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## A LEXICON

Abridged from

Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

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## ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation: when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as,  $\delta\pi\sigma$ - $\beta\delta\lambda\lambda\omega$ ,  $\delta\phi$ - $\delta\eta\mu\iota$ ,  $\delta$ - $\beta\alpha\tau\sigma$ s,  $\delta\phi$ -o $\delta\sigma$ s. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as  $\phi\iota\lambda\sigma$ - $\kappa\iota\sigma\sigma\sigma\phi\phi\rho\sigma$ s. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of  $\phi\iota\lambda\sigma$ - $\rho\sigma\sigma\sigma$ s. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

### For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used:-

Lat. = Latin = means equal or equivalent to lengthd. = lengthened absol. = absolute, absolutely acc. = accusative: acc. to = according to masc. = masculineMed. = medial or middle voice Act. = active voice act. = active signification med. = medial or middle signification Adj. = adjectivemetaph. = metaphoricallymetri grat. = metri gratia (for the sake of the metre) Adv. = adverbAcol = Acolic, in the Acolic dialect n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name) aor. = aorist tense N. T. = New Testament Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek negat. = negativum (negative)c = cum (with)neut. = neuter c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i e. with a  $nom_* = nominative$ Subst. which has the same or a similar signification opp. to = opposed toopt. or optat. = optative mood with the Verb orig. = originally c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae cf. = confer (compare) part. = participle collat. = collateral Pass. = passive voice Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek pass. = passive signification Compar. or Comp. = comparative pecul. = peculiar Conjunct. = conjunction perf. or pf. = perfect tense contr. = contracted, contraction pl. or plur. = plural plqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect) cp. = comparedat. = dativepoet. = poetically Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or Prep. = preposition Passive forms with Active sense pres. = present tense deriv. = derived, derivation priv. or privat. = privativum dissyll. = dissyllable q. v. = quod videDor. = in Doric Greek qq. v. quae vide e. g. = exemplı gratia radic. = radicalEp. = in Epic Greek regul. = regular, regularly esp. = especially shortd. = shortened etc. = et cetera signf. = signification f. or fut. = future tense sing. = singular fem. = feminine sq. = sequens (the following word) fin. = ad finem or fine sub. = subaudi, subaudito freq. = frequent, frequently subj. = subjunctive mood gen. or genit. = genitive Subst. = Substantive Hom. = Homer syll. = syllablei. e. = id estTrag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek imperat. or imper. = imperative mood trans. = transitive imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense trisyll. = trisyllable impers. = impersonal usu. = usuallyindic. = indicative mood v = videinf. = infinitive mood verb. Adj. = verbal adjective intr. or intrans. = intransitive voc. = voce, vocem Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect vocat. = vocative irreg. = irregular

### $\mathbf{A}$ — $\mathbf{a}\beta\lambda\eta\chi\eta s$ .

a, άλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr  $\mathbf{A}$ , alphabet. As numeral,  $\mathbf{a}' = \epsilon \mathbf{l} \mathbf{s}$ , and  $\pi p \hat{\omega} \tau o \mathbf{s}$ but ,a = 1000.

In Ion. Greek ā becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη In Dor. Greek ā is used instead of η, as, άδύs for ήδύs: but the verbal term. âτο is changed into ητο, as έκνυ(ατο into έκνυ(ητο.

a, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as σοφόs wise, ά-σοφος unwise. II. α copulativum, together, as in ά-τάλαντος, ά-κόλουθος. III. a intensivum, very much, as in α-τενήs, α-σπερχέs, though this is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as α-βληχρόs for βληχρόε, α-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, α-στεροπή for στεροπή. a, a or aa, exclamations used to express strong

emotion, like our ab!

& &, to express laughter, like our ba ba. å, Dor. for artic. ή. 2. &, Dor. for relat. pron. 3. d, Dor. for n, dat. of os.

a-aaτos, ov, (a privat., aaω) not to be burt, inviolable, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:-but

άεθλος à ά άτος a dangerous or difficult task. a-aγήs, έs, (a privat., άγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken, bard, strong.

a-aπτοs, ov, (a privat., aπτομαι) not to be touched: thing, silly, stupid. invincible.

αασα, αασάμην, αάσθην, v. 'AA'Ω.

**ἀ-άσχετος**, ον, lengthd. poet. for α-σχετος.

άστος, contr. άτος, ον, (a privat., άω, δσαι to satiate) insatiate, ατος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle.

'AA'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in aor. 1 act. άἄσα contr. ἀσα, med. ἀἄσάμην, contr. ἀσάμην, and pass.  $da\sigma\theta\eta\nu$ : the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., darai-all in Hom. :- to burt, damage, esp. to burt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., "Ατη ή πάντας ἀᾶται Il. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolisbly. [Hom. has άἄσαε, αἄσεν, αασαν: so too αἄσαμην, but ἄασάτο.] άάω, = ἄω, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. ἄαται.

**άβα**, Dor. for ήβη.

άβακέω, (άβακήs) to be speechless.

άβἄκής, ές, (α privat., βάζω) speecbless.

ά-βάκχευτος, ον, (a privat., βακχεύω) without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless.

ά-βάπτιστος, ον, (a privat., βαπτίζω) not to be dipped, that will not sink, Lat. immersabilis. unbaptized.

ά-βάρήs, és, (a privat., βάροs) not beavy: not burdensome.

ά-βασάνιστος, ον, (a privat., βασανίζω) not examined by torture, unquestioned. Adv. - Tos, without question or trial.

ά-βασίλευτος, ον, (a privat., βασιλεύω) not ruled by a king [t]

ά-βάσκαντος, ον, (a privat., βασκαίνω) unenvied. Adv. - Tws, without envy.

ά-βάτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., βαίνω) untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste.

a-βέβαιος, ον, (a privat., βέβαιος) unsteady, wavering, fickle.

ά-βέβηλος, ον, (a privat., βέβηλος) not profane, inviolable.

άβελτερία, ή, stupidity: from

ά-βέλτερος, ον, (α privat., βέλτερος) good-for-no-

ά-βίαστος, ον, (a privat., βιάζομαι) unforced.

d-Blos, ov, (a privat., Blos) not to be lived or sur-11. vived, intolerable, insupportable; βίος άβιος. without subsistence, poor.

ά-βίοτος, ον, (a privat., βίοτος) = άβιος.

ά-βίωτος, ον. (α privat., βιόω) =  $\mathring{a}βιοε$ .

άβλάβεια, ή, freedom from barm: security: from ά-βλάβήs, és, (a privat., βλάβη) without barm: pass. unbarmed, unburt. II. act. barmless, innocent: preventing barm:—Adv. -βωs, Ep. -βέωs, without barming, without infringement.

ά-βλαβία, ή, poet. for ά-βλάβεια.

ά-βλήε, ητος, δ, ή, (a privat., βάλλω) not thrown or sbot, of an arrow.

d-βλητος, ον, (a privat., βάλλω) not bit by a dart or arrow.

ά-βληχήs, έs, (a privat., βληχή) without bleatings.

ά-βληχρόs, ά, όν, (a euphon., βληχρόs) weak, feeble, | thomed: generally, unfathomable, enormous. defenceless: - of death, easy, light.

 $d\beta\lambda\eta\chi\rho\omega\delta\eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ , =  $d\beta\lambda\eta\chi\rho\delta s$ .

ά-βοατί, Dor. for ά-βοητί.

ά-βόατος, ov, Dor. for ά-βόητος.

ά-βοήθητος, ον, (α privat., βοηθέω) belpless.

ά-βοητί, Dor. - aτί, Adv. (a privat., βοάω) uncalled. without summons.

**ά-βόητος**, Dor. -**āτος**, ον, (a privat., βοάω) un-II. unmourned. called.

 $\mathbf{d} \mathbf{\beta} \mathbf{o} \lambda \mathbf{\hat{\epsilon}} \mathbf{\omega}_{i} = \mathbf{d} \nu \tau_{i} \beta_{0} \lambda \mathbf{\hat{\epsilon}} \mathbf{\omega}_{i}$  to met.

ά-βόσκητος, ον, (a privat., βόσκω) ungrazed.

ά-βουκόλητος, ον, (a privat., βουκολέω) untended, unbeeded.

**ἀ-βουλέω**, ήσω, = οὐ βούλομαι, to be unwilling.

ά-βούλητος, ον, (a privat., βούλομαι) unwilling, involuntary. Adv. -τωs.

d-βουλία, ή, ill counsel, thoughtlessness: from

a-βουλος, ον, (a privat., βουλή) inconsiderate, illadvised: --- Adv. -ωs, superl. άβουλότατα.

ά-βούτης, ου, ό, (a privat., βοῦς) without oxen: hence poor.

**α-βρέκτος**, ον, (a privat., βρέχω) unwetted.

ά-βριθής, ές, (a privat., βρίθω) without weight. άβρο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (άβρός, βαίνω) softly or deli-

cately stepping. [Ba] άβρό-γοος, ον, (άβρός, γόος) womanishly wailing.

άβρο-δίαιτος, ον, (άβρός, δίαιτα) living delicately or effeminately: τὸ άβροδίαιτον effeminacy.

άβρο-κόμης, ου, δ, (άβρός, κόμη) with delicate, luxuriant bair or leaves.

ά-βρόμιος, ον, (a privat., Βρόμιος) without Bacchus. **α-βρομος**, ον, (a copul., βρόμος) noisy, boisterous. άβρο-πέδιλος, ον, (άβρός, πέδιλον) soft-sandalled. άβρό-πλουτος, ον, (άβρός, πλοῦτος) richly luxu-

'ABPO'Σ, ά, όν, also όs, όν, delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious. (Akin to  $\eta \beta \eta$ .)

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ βροσύνη,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ βρότη $\mathbf{s}$ .

άβροτάζω, f. άξω, to miss, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from  $d\mu\beta\rho o\tau\epsilon \hat{v}$ , q. v.

άβρότης, ητος, ή, (άβρός) delicacy, luxuriousness. άβροτος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, ( $\alpha$  privat.,  $\beta$ ροτός) like  $d\mu$ -

βροτος, αμβρόσιος, immortal, divine, boly. άβρο-φυής, ές, (άβρός, φύω) tender of nature.

άβρο-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (άβρός, χαίτη) = άβρο-κόμης. άβρο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (άβρός, χιτών) softly clad: with soft coverings. [T]

**d-\beta \rho \circ \chi \circ s**, or, (a privat.,  $\beta \rho \in \chi \circ \chi$ ) unwetted, waterless. Adv. -χωε.

άβρύνω, f. ὄνῶ: aor. 1. ήβρῦνα: (άβρόε):—to make delicate, treat delicately: - Pass. to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs; άβρύνεσθαί τινι to pride oneself on a thing.

 $\hat{\mathbf{d}}$ - $\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}$  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}$ ,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}$ ,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}$ ,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$ ,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}$ 

**ά-βρωτος**, ον, (a privat., βιβρώσκω) not baving II. pass. not to be eaten, uneatable.

d-βυσσος, ον, (a privat., βύσσος) bottomless, unfa- hence.

as Subst. ή άβυσσος, the abyss, bottomless pit.

άγάασθαι, άγάασθε, v. sub άγαμαι.

άγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἄγω: ἄγαγον, Ep. for ήγαγον, aor. 2 in 1.

M.

άγάγωμι, Ep. for άγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἄγω. άγάζομαι, poet. form of άγαμαι, to admire.

άγαθο-ειδής, ές, (άγαθός, είδος) seeming good. άγαθοεργέω, contr. -ουργέω, to do good; and

άγαθοεργία, contr. - oupγία, ή, a good or noble deed: good service. From

άγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, όν, (άγαθύς, έργον) doing good: of 'Αγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldesi knights, who went on missions for the state.

 $\dot{a}$ γαθοποιέω, =  $\dot{a}$ γαθο-εργέω; and

dγαθοποιία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ γαθο-εργία. From

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γαθο-ποιός,  $\dot{\omega}$ ν,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ γαθός, ποιέω) =  $\dot{\alpha}$ γαθο-εργώς.

'AΓA-ΘΟ'Σ, ή, όν, good in its kind, opp. to κακός, I in Homer usu, of heroes, brave, noble: later in moral sense, good, virtuous. 2. of things, etc., good in their kind; neut. τὰ ἀγαθά the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties; τὸ ἀγαθόν, Lat. summum bonum.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίων, also αμείνων, κρείσσων, λωτων (λώων): Ερ. βέλτερος, λωίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, άριστος, κράτιστος, λώϊστος (λώστος): Ερ. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is ευ, well. άγαθουργέω, contr. form of άγαθοεργέω.

II. to άγαθύνω, (άγαθόs) to make good, exalt.

do good :- Pass. to be of good cheer.

άγαθωσύνη, ή, (άγαθός) goodness, kindness. άγαίομαι, (άγη) collat. form of άγαμαι, άγάομαι,

only in bad sense, to be angry at: to envj. άγα-κλεής, ές, (ἄγαν, κλέος) very glorious, famous, renowned: gen. άγακλησε; shortd. poet. forms, acc.

sing. ἀγακλέἄ, pl. ἀγακλέἄs, dat. sing. ἀγακλέϊ.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γα κλειτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ν, =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γακλε $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ ς. άγα-κλυτός, όν, (άγαν, κλυτός) like άγακλέης, Lat.

inclytus.

άγα-κτιμένη, (άγαν, κτίζω) a poët fem. = εὐκτιμένη,

well-built or placed. ά-γάλακτος, ον, (a privat., γάλα) without milk, II. getting none, weaned, Lat.

giving none. lacte depulsus.

άγαλλίασις, εως, ή, exceeding great joy. From άγαλλιάω, aor. ήγαλλίασα: also as Dep. άγαλλιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], strengthd. for dγάλλομαι:—to rejoice exceedingly

'AΓΑΛΛΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, a plant, the iris or flag.

 ${}^{\prime}$ ΑΓΑ ${}^{\prime}$ ΛΛ ${}^{\prime}$ Λ, f. ἀ ${}^{\prime}$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ : 201. ἤ ${}^{\prime}$ γηλα, inf. ἀ ${}^{\prime}$ ήλαι:= άγλαὸν ποιῶ, to make glorious, glorify, honour, esp. a god: also to deck, adorn: -- mostly in Pass. αγάλλομαι, to glory, delight, exult in a thing, c. dat. Hence

άγαλμα, ατος, τό, that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament: a pleasing gift, esp. for the gods: 2. a statue in honour of a god; the image of a god as an object of worship. 3. any statue or image.

άγαλματο-ποιός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἄγαλμα, ποιέω) a maker of

statues, a statuary, sculptor.

"ΑΓΑ ΜΑΙ, 2 pl. άγασθε Ερ. ἀγάασθε, inf. άγασθαι Ep. αγάασθαι: impf. ήγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ήγάασθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ἄ] Ep. ἀγάσσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ήγάσθην, but also Med. ήγασάμην (even ın Att.), Ερ. ήγασσάμην, ἀγασσάμην: Dep.: to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινά, but also τινί, Lat. admi-II. in bad sense, to envy, be angry at, τί, τινί, περί τινος.-Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ήγασάμην, and as pres. ἀγάομαι or ἀγαίομαι.

άγαμία, ή, celibacy. From

ά-γάμος, ον, (a privat., γάμος) unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs :- Tragic phrase, γάμος ά-γαμος a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal mar-

riage.

"ATAN, Adv. very, much, very much: the word gcnerally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverb μηδεν άγαν, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing. [αγαν, but later sometimes ăγăν.]

αγανακτέω, f. ήσω, (άγαν) to feel irritation: - to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing. Hence

άγανάκτησις, εως, ή, irritation, vexation.

άγανακτητικός, ή, όν, (άγανακτέω) irritable.

άγανακτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγανακτίω, irritating, vexatious.

άγανακτικός, ή, όν, irritable, = άγανακτητικός. Adv. −ĸῶs.

άγανησι, poët. for άγαναιs, dat. plur. fem. of άγανόs.

άγάν-νίφος, ον, (άγαν, νίφω) much snowed uton, snow-capt, 'Ολυμποs.

άγανόρειος, α, ον, Dor. for άγηνόρειος.

ά-γανός, ή, όν, (a copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) mild, gentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

άγανοφροσύνη, ή, gentleness, kindliness. From άγανό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (άγανός, φρήν) kindly disposed: benign.

άγανωπις, ιδος, ή, (άγανός, ώψ) mild-eyed.

άγ-άνωρ, οροε, ό, ή, Dor. for άγ-ήνωρ.

άγάομαι, Ep. form of άγαμαι, only found in part. άγωμενοs, in act. sense admiring.

άγαπάζω, f. άσω, see άγαπάω.

άγαπατός, όν, Dor. for άγαπητός. αγαπάω, f. ήσω: aor. ήγάπησα, Ep. αγάπησα: pf. ηγάπηκα: (ἄγαμαι, ἀγάζομαι):—of persons, to welcome, entertain, in which sense dyand(w and Dep. dyaπάζομαι are used by Homer:—also to take leave of: -generally, to be fond of, to love dearly. things, to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω. [ἄγα] Hence

άγαπεῦντες, Ion. for άγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl. άγάπη, ή, (άγαπάω) brotherly love: charity. [ἄγα] αγάπημα, τό, (άγαπάω) an object of love, Lat.

deliciae.  $\dot{a}$ γαπ-ήνωρ, ορος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ γαπ $\dot{a}$ ω,  $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{\eta}$ ρ) = iγορέην  $\dot{a}$ γα-

πῶν, loving manliness, manly. άγάπησις, εως, ή, (άγαπάω) the feeling of love, affection.

άγαπητέος, ον, verb. Adj. of άγαπάω, to be loved,

acquiesced in. άγαπητικός, ή, όν, (άγαπάω) disposed to love, affec-

tionate. Adv. -κω̂s. άγαπητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγαπάω, beloved, dearly beloved: wortby of love. 2. to be acquiesced in, as the least evil. II. Adv. άγαπητῶs, cheer-

fully, contentedly; άγαπητως έχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν. 2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλιs.

 $\dot{a}\gamma\dot{a}\rho$ - $\rho$ oos,  $o\nu$ , contr.  $\dot{a}\gamma\dot{a}\rho$   $\rho$ ous,  $o\nu\nu$ ,  $(\ddot{a}\gamma a\nu$ ,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ )

strong or swift-flowing. άγασθαι, pres. inf. of άγαμαι.

άγασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άγαμαι.

άγασμα, τό, (άγαμαι) that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

άγάσομαι [ă], poet. ἀγάσσομαι, fut. of άγαμαι.

άγάσσατο, poet. for ήγάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of

άγά-στονος, ον, (άγαν, στένω) much groaning, bowling, of the waves, loud-wailing.

άγαστός, ή, όν, (άγαμαι) admirable. Adv. -τως. άγατός, ή, ύν, poet. for άγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

άγαυός, ή, όν, (άγαμαι) illustrious, noble.

άγαυρός, ά, όν, akin to άγαυύς, stately, proud: sup. Αdv. άγαυρότατα.

άγά-φθεγκτος, ον, (άγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-sounding. άγγαρεύω, f. σω, (άγγαρος) to destatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courter.

άγγαρήτος, δ, Ion. form = άγγαρος: -τὸ ἀγγαρήιον

the business of an ayyapos.

αγγάρος, δ, Persian word, a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

άγγειον, Ion. - ήιον, τό, (άγγος) a vessel, pail: a

reservoir.

άγγελία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἄγγελος) a message, tidings, news, αγγελίη έμή a message concerning me; αγγελίηε έλθειν to come on account of a message. a proclamation: a command, order.

άγγελια-φόρος, Ion. άγγελιη-φόρος, δ, (άγγελία.

φέρω) a messenger.

άγγελιώτης, ου, ό, (άγγελία) a messenger.

άγγέλλω, f. άγγελῶ, Ερ. άγγελέω: 201. Ι ήγγειλα: pf. ήγγελκα, pass. ήγγελμαι: aor. I pass. ήγγέλθην: (άγω):-to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell: -- Med. to announce oneself: --Pass. to be reported of. Hence

άγγελμα, τό, a message, tidings, news.

άγγελος, δ, ή, (άγγελλω) a messenger, envoy.

a messenger from God, an angel. ἀγγήτον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγείον.

ATTOE, cos, to, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

άγδην, Adv. (άγω) by carrying.

dye, dyere, properly Imperat. of dyω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

άγείρω: aor. 1 ήγειρα: pf. άγήγερκα: (άγω):—
to bring together, gather together, collect. II. Pass.
άγείρομα: aor. 1 ήγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl. ήγερθεν: pf.
άγήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. άγηγέραται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.
άγηγέρατο:—to come together, assemble: in which
sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. άγέρεσθαι,
άγέροντο, partic. syncop. άγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled,
gathered together.

a-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γείτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

neighbour: solitary, desolate.

άγελαδόν, Dor. for άγεληδόν.

άγελάζομαι, Pass. (άγελη) to live in berds, to be gregarious.

άγελαῖος, α, ον, (άγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

άγελόρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἄρχω) the leader of a company.

ά-γελαστί, Adv. (a privat., γελάω) without laughter.

d-γέλαστος, ον, (a privat., γελάω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

άγέλη, ή, (άγω) a berd of oxen or kine, Lat. armenium, grex:—later any berd or company.

άγεληδόν, Adv. (άγέλη) in berds or companies. Also άγεληδά.

ἀγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a berd.

**ἀγέληφι**, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

αγεμόνευμα, αγεμονεύω, αγεμών, Dor. for ηγεμαγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἐάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἄγνυμ: [ἄ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ηγεν, impf. from άγω to lead.

ά-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (a privat., γενεαλογέω) without

pedigree, of unknown descent.

άγένεια, ή, (άγενή») low birth: meanness.

ά-γένειος, ον, (a privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish. ά-γενής, έs, (a privat., γένοε) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to άγαθός.

α-γένητος, ον, (α privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated.

II. not baving bappened, Lat. infectus:

hence false, groundless.

 $\hat{a}$ -yevv $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\epsilon}$ s,  $\Rightarrow$   $\hat{a}$  $\gamma$  $\epsilon$  $\nu$  $\hat{\eta}$ s II. Adv.  $-\nu\hat{\omega}$ s.

d-γέννητος, ον, (α privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like dγενήε 11, lowborn, mean.

άγέομαι, Dor. for ήγέυμαι.

**ά-γέραστος**, ov, (a privat., γέρας) without a gift of bonour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

άγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of άγείρω.

άγερθεν, Ep. for ἡγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

άγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of άγείρω.

 $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\rho\alpha\chi\alpha$ s,  $\alpha\nu$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\rho\omega\chi\alpha$ s.

άγερσις, εως, ή, (άγείρω) a gathering, mustering. άγερωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, bigh-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, baughty, fierce. Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄγεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἄγω. ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγω, στρατόε) leading the bost. ἁγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτηε.

α-γευστος, ον, (a privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

dyn [ă]  $\hat{\eta}$ , (dya $\mu$ a $\mu$ ) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, batred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἀγή [ā], ἡ, (ἄγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter. ἄγη, Ep. for ἐάγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἄγνυμ, to break.

άγηγέραται, άγηγέρατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass of ἀγείρω.

άγήγερκα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of άγείρω.

άγηλαι, aor. I inf. of άγάλλω.

άγ-ηλατέω, ήσω, (ἄγοι, ἐλαύνω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατέω.

αγημα, τό, (άγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

 $\dot{a}$ γ-ηνόρειος, Dor.  $\dot{a}$ γ $\ddot{a}$ νόρ-, a, ον, =  $\dot{a}$ γήνωρ.

άγ-ηνορία, ή, manliness, manbood, courage. άγ-ήνωρ, Dor. άγ-άνωρ, opos, ό, ή, (άγων, ἀνήρ) manly, beroic: also beadstrong, baughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

άγήοχα, pf. act. of άγω to lead.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -γήραντος,  $o\nu$ , = sq.

α-γήραος, ον, (a privat., γήρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying. Contr. άγήρως, ων: acc. sing. άγήρων οτ άγήρω: nom. dual άγήρω, nom. and acc. plur. άγήρως.

 $\dot{a}$ - $\gamma \eta \rho \ddot{a} \tau o s$ ,  $o \nu$ , =  $\dot{a} \gamma \eta \rho a o s$ .

ά-γήρωs, ων, contr. for άγήρασε.

άγησί-χορος, ον, (άγεομαι Dor. for ἡγεωμι χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

 $\dot{a}$ γητήρ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ροε, Dor. for  $\dot{\eta}$ γητήρ.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

άγητός, ή, όν, (ἄγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ἄ] ἀγιάζω, (ἄγιος) to ballow, consecrate.

άγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of ἀγιάζω. ἀγίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that which is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.

άγιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification. ἀγιαστήριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.

1 / C A ... ... ... ...

ἀγίζω, f. Att. τω, (άγιοε) to ballow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.

ἀγινέω, f. ήσω: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγινέμεναι: impf. ἡγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἀγω, to carry, bring: - Med. to bave brought one. to bear fruit.

άγιό-γράφος, ον, (άγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἀγιό-γράφα (sub. Βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

άγιος, α, ον, (άγος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., άγιον, τό, a sanctuary.

II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. άγνός is used instead. [άγ]

άγιότης, ητος, ή, (άγιος) sanctity, boliness.

άγιστεία, ή, mostly in pl. boly rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

άγιστεύω, f. εύσω, (άγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

 $\dot{a}$ γιωσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\ddot{a}$ γιοs) =  $\dot{a}$ γιότηs.

άγκ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e. g. ἀγκεῖσθαι for ἀνα-κεῖσθαι.

άγκάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.: (ἄγκαε, ἄγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

αγκάθεν, Adv. for αγκάs, on the arm, i.e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

άγ-καλέω, poët. for άνα-καλέω.

άγκάλη, ή, (άγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [κά]

ἀγκαλίζομαι, f. Att. τοῦμαι: 20τ.  $\mathbf{I}$  ἡγκαλισάμην: pf. ἡγκάλισμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκάλη):=ἀγκάζομαι, to take in the arms.

άγκάλίς, ίδος, ή, in plur. = άγκάλαι, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

άγκάλισμα, τό, (άγκαλίζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἄγκάλος, δ, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle.

άγκάs, Adv. (άγκή) into or in the arms.

**άγ-κειμαι**, poet. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

'ΑΓΚΗ', ή, = άγκος or άγκάλη, an arm.

άγ-κηρύσσω, poet. for άνα-κηρύσσω. άγκιστρεία, ή, (άγκιστρον) angling.

άγκιστρευτικός, ή, όν, (ἄγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ ἀγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

άγκίστριον, τό, Dim. of άγκιστρον, a small book. άγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (άγκιστρον, δέω) with a book bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

άγκιστρο-ειδής, έε, (άγκιστρον, είδος) book-sbaped. άγκιστρον, τό, (akin to άγκοε, άγκύλοε) a fish-book. άγ-κλίνω and άγ-κλιμα, τό, poet. for άνα-κλίνω, άνά-κλιμα.

άγκοίνη, ή, (άγκών) poët. for άγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms.

II. metaph. anything closely enfolding; cf. άγκάλη.

άγ-κομίζω, poët. for άνα-κομίζω.

άγ-κονίω, for άνα-κονίω, to basten.

"ATKOE, 608, 76, a bend or bollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

άγ-κρεμάσας, poët, for άνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of delight in it. Hence άνακρεμάννυμι. ἀγλάζομα, τό, an α

άγ-κρίσιε, poët. for ἀνά-κρισιε.

άγ-κρούομαι, poet. for άνα-κρούομαι.

άγκύλη [v], η, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself.

2. any thong or string, e. g. the leash of a hound, a how-string.

άγκυλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

άγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

άγκυλο-γλώχεν, ινοε, ό, (άγκύλοε, γλωχίε) with booked spurs, of a fighting cock.

άγκύλ-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (άγκύλος, όδούς) crook-

tootbed, barbed, of weapons.
ἀγκύλο-μήτης, ου, ό, ή, (ἀγκύλος, μῆτις) crooked

of counsel, wily. ἀγκυλό-πους, πουν, (ἀγκύλοε, πούε) with curved

feet, δίφρο**s άγκ.** the Roman sella curulis. ἀγκύλο**s**, η, ον, (ἄγκο**s**, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved,

of a bow: of the eagle's beak, booked. [v]
ἀγκυλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow.

άγκύλο-χείλης, ου, δ, (άγκύλος, χείλος) with booked beak.

άγκὕλο-χήλη**s**, ου, δ, (άγκύλοs, χηλή) with crooked claws.

ἀγκύλόω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. ἢγκύλωμαι: (ἀγκύλοs): to make crooked or booked. Hence

άγκυλωτός, ή, όν, of javelins, furnished with a thong, thonged.

άγκυρα, (άγκος, άγκων) ή, Lat. ancora, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εὐναί, i. e. stones used as anchors.

άγκυρίζω, f. Att. τω: 20τ. Ι ήγκύρτσα: (άγκυρα):— to book, catch as with a fish-book.

άγκύριον, τό, Dim. of άγκυρα, a small ancbor.

άγκυρ-ουχία, ή, (άγκυρα, έχω) a bolding by the ancbor; έν άγκυρουχίαιs when safe at anchor.

'AΓΚΩ'N, ωνος, δ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or bollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved borns of the lyre. Hence

άγκωνίσκος, δ. Dim. of άγκών.

άγλα-έθειρος, ον, (άγλαύς, έθειρα) bright-baired.

άγλατα, ή, (άγλαόε) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

άγλαιεῖσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαίζω, with pass. sense.

άγλάζω, f. Att. τω: aor. 1 ήγλάσα: (άγλαόε):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:

—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

άγλάζομα, τό, an ornament; cf. ἄγαλμα.

άγλαό-γυιος, ον, (άγλαός, γυῖον) with beautiful limbs. άγλαό-δενδρος, ον, (άγλαός, δένδρον) with beautiful

άγλαό-δωρος, ον, (άγλαός, δώρον) bestowing splendid gifts.

άγλαό-θρονος, ον, (άγλαός, θρόνος) with splendid tbrone.

άγλαό-καρπος, ον, (άγλαός, καρπός) bearing or bestowing goodly fruit.

άγλαό-κουρος, ον, (άγλαός, κούρος) rich in fair

voutbs.

**ἀγλᾶό-κωμος**, ον, (ἀγλαύ**ς**, κῶμος) gracing the feast. 'AΓΛΑΌ'Σ, ή, όν, also όs, όν, splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright: of men, famous, noble: c. dat. famous for a thing. Adv. - \hat{\omega}s. (Akin to allγλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

άγλαο-τριαίνης, ου, δ, acc. - άν, (άγλαός, τρίαινα)

the god of the bright trident.

**ἀγλα-ώψ**, ῶποs, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγλαόs, ὤψ) brigbt-eyed: ge-

nerally, flashing.

ά-γλευκήs, έs, (a privat., γλεῦκοs) not sweet: sour, barsb.

"ΑΓΛΓΣ, ἄγλ $\bar{\iota}\theta$ os, only used in plur. ἄγλ $\bar{\iota}\theta$ εs, abead of garlic, which is made up of several cloves.  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ - $\gamma\lambda\dot{\mathbf{v}}\kappa\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\mathbf{s}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ - $\gamma\lambda\boldsymbol{\epsilon}\boldsymbol{v}\kappa\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\mathbf{s}$ .

άγλωσσία, Att. άγλωττία, ή, dumbness. From **ἄ-γλωσσος,** Att. **ἄ-γλωττος**, ον, (α privat., γλῶσσα) without tongue : silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis. speaking a strange tongue, = βάρβαρος.

άγμα, τό, (άγνυμι) a fragment.

**ἀγμός, ὁ,** (ἄγνυμι) a breakage, fracture of a II. a broken cliff, precipice.

**ά-γναμπτος**, ον, (α privat., γνάμπτω) unbending.  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -YVATTOS,  $o\nu_1 = sq$ . II. also not cleansed.

**α-γνάφοs**, ον, (a privat., γνάπτω) of cloth, not carded, i. c. new.

ἀγνεία, ή, (άγνεύω) purity, chastity.

ἄγνευμα, τό, (άγνεύω) chastity.

άγνεύω, f. εύσω, (άγνόs) to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.:—also simply, to be pure or chaste: c. gen. to keep oneself pure from. ἀγνίζω, f. Att. τω: 20r. Ι ήγνισα: (άγνόs):--to

make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare. to offer, burn as a sacrifice.

aγνιοs, a, ον, (aγνοs) made of withy or agnus castus. άγνισμα, τό, (άγνίζω) a means of purification, atonement.

**ἀγνισμόs**, ο, (ἀγνίζω) purification, expiation.

 $\dot{a}$ γνίτη**s**, ου, ὁ, ( $\dot{a}$ γνίζω) a purifier. [ $\bar{i}$ ]

άγνοέω, Ερ. άγνοιέω: f. ήσω: 201. 1 ήγνύησα, Ep. ἀγνοίησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε: pf. ηγνόηκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ηγνοήθην: pf. ηγνόημαι: (as if from  $\tilde{a}-\gamma voos = \tilde{a}-voos$ ):—not to perceive or know, to be ignorant, Lat. ignorare: in Homer mostly, οὐκ dyvoinger be perceived or knew well:-Pass, not to II. absol. to mistake, be wrong: hence in part. ἀγνοῶν, by mistake. Hence

**αγνόημα, τό, a fault of ignorance, oversight;** and

άγνοητικός, ή, όν, apt to err from ignorance.

άγνοια, ή, (άγνοέω) want of perception, igno-II. = άγνόημα, a fault of ignorance. [poet. sometimes ayvoiā: cf. avoia.]

άγνοιέω, poet., esp. Ep., form for άγνοέω.

άγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of άγνοέω: but if written άγνοιῆσι, it is 3 sing. pres.

άγνοούντως, Adv., pres. act. part. of άγνοέω, igno-

rantly.

άγνό-ρῦτος, ον, (άγνός, ρέω) pure-flowing.

άγνός, ή, όν, pure, chaste, unsullied: boly, sa-II. c. gen. pure from a thing. Adv. cred.  $-\nu\hat{\omega}s$ . (Akin to  $\ddot{a}(\omega, \ddot{a}\gamma \cos, \ddot{a}\gamma \cos)$ 

"AΓΝΟΣ, ή, Att.  $\dot{o}_1 = \lambda \dot{v} \gamma o s$ , a tall tree like the

willow, the agnus castus.

άγνότης, ητος, ή, (άγνός) purity, chastity.

"ΑΓΝΥ ΜΙ, 3 dual ἄγνῦτον: fut. ἄξω: 201. 1 ἔαξα, Ep. ήξα, imperat. άξον, inf. άξαι, part. άξας: aor. 2 pass. ἐάγην |ā, v. sub fin.]: pf. ἔāγα, Ion. ἔηγα:—to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango:-Pass. with pf. act. ¿āya, to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces: of sound, to spread around: of a river, to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course. [ā in pf. έāγa, Ion. ἔηγα: but in aor. 2 pass. ἐάγην, ἄ in Hom., ā long in Att.; ν. κατάγνυμι.]

ἀγνωμονέω, f. ήσω, (ἀγνώμων) to act without judg-

ment, act ignorantly or unfairly.

άγνωμόνωs, Adv. of άγνώμων, senselessly.

άγνωμοσύνη, ή, want of sense or judgment; senselessness, ignorance. II. senseless pride, arrogance. III. unfairness, unkindness, Lat. iniquitas: in plur. misunderstandings. From

ά-γνώμων, ον, ονος, (a privat., γνώμη) wanting sense or judgment: senseless, thoughtless, headstrong.

unfeeling, unkind: unjust.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\gamma \mathbf{v} \dot{\omega} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \tau o \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\alpha$  privat.,  $\gamma \mathbf{v} \hat{\omega} \mathbf{v} \alpha \iota$ ) pass.  $u \mathbf{n}$ known: obscure. 2. obscure, ignoble. II. act. not knowing, ignorant of a thing.

άγνωs, Adv. of άγνόs.

άγνωσία, ή, (άγνώs) a not knowing, ignorance. 11. a being unknown, obscurity.

άγνώσσασκε or άγνώσασκε, Ion. and Ep. for ήγνόησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἀγνοέω.

άγνώσσω, pres. formed from foreg. = άγνοέω.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -γνωστος or  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -γνωτος, ον, (a privat., γιγνώσκω) unknown, ἄγνωστοι γλῶσσα an unknown tongue: unbeard of, forgotten. 2. not to be known. act. not knowing, ignorant of, Tivos.

**ἀγξηρᾶναι**, aor. I inf. of ἀναξηραίνω.

aγονία, ή, unfruitfulness. From

**α-γονοs**, ον, (α privat., γονή) pass. unborn. act. not producing, unfruitful, barren: c. gen. not productive of, destitute of; τόκος άγονος, fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is 2. left childless.

"
α-γοος, ον, (α privat., γόος) unmourned.

άγορά, âs, Ep. and Ion. άγορή, ηs, ή, (άγείρω) any

assembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the II. the place of Assembly, Council (βουλή). used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. forum:—especially, the market-III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. concio. IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. annona; αγοράν παρέχειν, to hold a market. V. as a mark of time, άγορα πλήθουσα, or άγορης πληθώρη, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to άγορης διάλυσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

άγοράασθε, Ep. for άγορᾶσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of

άγοράομαι. [ᾶγοραασθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. άσω: αοτ. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:— Pass., αοτ. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγόρασμα: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself. 3. of idle people, to baunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

άγοραῖος, or, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods. II. frequenting the market-place:—ol άγοραῖοι (with or without ἄν-ρρωποι):

1. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers.

2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. subrostrani, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a court-day.

άγορανομικός, ή, όν, of or for the άγορανόμος or bis office, Lat. Aedilicius.

άγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the άγορανόμος.

**ἀγορᾶ-νόμοs**, δ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. Aedilis.

άγοράομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορησάμην: Dep.: (ἀγορά):
—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak
in the Assembly, Lat. concionari.

άγοράσδω, Dor. for άγοράζω.

άγοράσις, εως, ή, (άγοράζω) buying, purchase.

άγορασμα, τό, (άγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστικός, ή, όν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ άγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade. ἀγορεύω, impf. ἡγόρευσν. Ερ. ἀγόρευσν: fut. ε-ένσω: αοτ. ἡγόρευσα, Ερ. ἀγ-: pf. ἡγόρευσα: Med., αοτ. ἡγορευσάμην: Pass., αοτ. ἡγορεύθην: pf ἡγόρευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. εἴρηκα, αοτ. εἶπον): (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακὸν οτ κακῶν ἀγορεύειν τινά to speak ill of one. 2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

άγορή, Ep. and Ion, for άγορά. Hence

άγορηθεν, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

άγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

άγορήσατο, Ep. for ήγορήσατο, 3 sing. 20r. I med. of άγοράομαι.

άγορητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

άγορητύς, ύος, ή, (άγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

άγορος, ό, poet, for άγορά.

äγos or άγos, εos, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence I. pollution, guilt, Lat. pia-culum: also the curse which follows it. 2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

άγόs, οῦ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

άγοστός, δ, the flat of the hand II. the bent arm, hke άγκων, άγκοίνη. (Akin to άγκων, άγνυμι.) [ἄ]

"AΓPA, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, bunting; ἄγραν ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching. II. that which is taken in bunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

άγραμματία, ή, want of learning: from

ά-γράμματος, ον, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. illiteratus, esp. unable to read or write.

II. = ἄγραφος, unwritten ἄ-γραπτος, ον, (a privat, γράφω) unwritten; ἄγρ

νόμιμα the unwritten moral law: cf. άγραφος.
άγραυλέω, f. ήσω, to be an άγραυλος, to dwell in

the fields, of shepherds.

άγρ-αυλος, ον, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields,

**άγρ-αυλοs**, ον, (άγρόs, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ά-γράφος, ον, = άγραπτος, unwritten; άγραφοι νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are I. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

αγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing, and plur, imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like αγε, αγετε, come! come on! quick!

άγρειος, α, ον, (άγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like άγροικος. Hence

άγρειοσύνη, ή, clownishness: the life of a clown or

'AΓΡΕΙ'ΦΝΑ, ης, ή, a barrow, rake.

άγρέμιος, ον, (άγρα) taken in bunting.

άγρεσία, ή, = άγρα, spoil taken in the chase.

άγρευμα, τό, (άγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

άγρεύς, έως, δ, (άγρεύω) a bunter.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γρευτήρ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ροs,  $\dot{\nu}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ γρευτήs.

άγρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a bunter, like άγρεύς. II. as Adj. used in bunting or fishing; άγρ. κύνες, bounds; άγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

άγρευτικός, ή, όν, fit for, skilled in bunting. From άγρεύω, f. εύσω, (άγρα) to bunt, take by bunting, catch: metaph. to bunt after, pursue eagerly.

άγρέω, Acol. form of άγρεύω, to bunt after, pursue eagerly:—see άγρει, άγρεῖτε.

άγρη, ή, Ion. for άγρα.

άγριαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: 20r. ἡγρίανα: (ἄγριος):-1. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry. angry, provoke.

άγρι-έλαιος, ον, (άγριος, έλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. άγριέλαιος, ή, a wild olive, oleaster.

άγριο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (άγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

άγριο-ποιός, όν, (άγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a

poet, writing wildly.

άγριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (άγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασόs, wild, savage, Lat. ferus; σῦs ἄγριος a wild boar. 3. of countries, wild, of trees, opp. to ημεροs, wild. II. of men and uncultivated, unreclaimed. I. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, animals, 2. in Att. also opp to doreios, Lat. ferus, ferox. (as Lat. rusticus to urbanus) boorisb, rude. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, fu-III. Adv. -ίωs, also neut. pl. ἄγρια, wildly, fiercely. Hence

άγριότης, ητος, ή, wildness, fierceness, Lat. feritas. άγριο-φωνος, ον, (άγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice,

like Βαρβαρό-φωνος.

άγριόω, f. ώσω: aor. ήγρίωσα:-Pass, aor. ήγριώθην: pf. ήγρίωμαι: (άγριος):—to make wild or sa-II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ηγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. efferari.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γρί $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ η,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γρε $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ φνα.  $[\bar{\imath}]$ 

άγρι-ώδης, εs, (άγριος, είδος) of a wild nature.

άγρι-ωπός, όν, (άγριος, ώψ) wild-looking.

άγρο-βότης, ου, δ, (άγρος, βόσκω) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

άγρο-γείτων, ονος, δ, (άγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

άγρο-δότης, ου, δ, (άγρα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

άγρόθεν, Adv. of άγρόs, from the country.

άγροικία, ή, (ἄγροικος) boorisbness, coarseness. country life, the country: pl. country bouses.

άγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep to be boorisb. From άγρ-οικος, ον, (άγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to 3 of fruits, grown in the coun'ry, comάστεῖος. mon, opp. to γενναίοs: but also 4 of land, rough, uncultivated, like aypios. Hence

άγροίκως, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

άγροιώτης, ου, δ, poët. for άγρότης, a countryman, II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρο·κόμος, δ, (ἀγρός, κομέω) a land-steward.

άγρόμενος, η, ον, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of  $\dot{a}\gamma\epsilon i\rho\omega$ , assembled.

άγρόνδε, Adv. of άγρίε, to the country.

άγρό-νομος, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (άγρός, νέμομαι) bunting the country, rural: also =  $\alpha$ γριο**s**, wild. 'AΓΡΟ'Σ, οῦ, δ, Lat. AGER, a field, land: also

the country, as opp. to the town.

άγρότερος, a, ον, (ἀγρός) poët, for ἄγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἄγρα) fond of the chase: hence i dyotépa, the buntress.

2. causal, to make | άγροτήρ, ηρος, δ, = άγρότης, a countryman: fem. άγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

> άγρότης, ου, δ, fem. άγρότις, ιδος, (άγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

άγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, (άγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: άγρυπνείν τινι or είς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. invigilare rei. Hence

άγρυπνία, ή, sleeplessness, waking, watching. αγρ·υπνος, ον, (αγρέω, ῦπνος) = αῦπνος, sleepless,

wakeful.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}_{\mathbf{Y}} \mathbf{p} \dot{\mathbf{\omega}} \mathbf{\sigma} \mathbf{\sigma} \mathbf{\omega}_{i} = \dot{\mathbf{a}}_{\mathbf{Y}} \mathbf{p} \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\omega}_{i}$  to catch.

dγρώστης, ου, δ, (dγρός) = dγρότης, α country-II. (άγρα) a bunter: fem. άγρωστις, ιδο**ς**, ή, a buntress.

αγρωστις, ιος and εως, ή, a grass that mules feed

dγρώτης, ov, d, = dγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

άγυιά, ή, (ἄγω) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town [αγυια] Hence άγυιάτης, ου, δ, = 'Αγυιεύς: νος 'Αγυιατα. [άγυια] άγυιατις, ιδος, ή, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. as Adj. 'Αγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

'Aγυιεύς, έως, δ, (άγυιά) name of Apollo as guar-

dian of the streets and public places.

άγυμνασία, ή, want of exercise or training. From ά-γύμναστος, ον, (α privat., γυμνάζω) without exercise, untrained; ἀγύμναστός τινος unpractised in a thing, also eis or πρόε τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed. II. Adv., ἀγυμνάστως ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἄγὕρις, ιος, ή, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering,

crowd, assembly. [ă]

ἀγυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάζω, (ἀγύρτηs) to collect by begging. [ἄ] άγύρτης, ου, δ, (άγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

άγυρτικός, ή, όν, like a mountebank.

άγύρτρια, ή, fem. of άγυρτήρ.

άγχέ-μαχος, ον, (άγχι, μάχομαι) fighting band to

band; άγχ. ὅπλα arms for close fight. "ATXI, Adv. of place, =  $\epsilon \gamma \gamma \psi s$ , near, nigh at hand,

close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἄγχιον and ἄσσον: Sup. άγχιστα, ἀγχοτάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἄγχιστοs. [٢]

ἀγχί-ἄλος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄγχι, ἄλε) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, seagirt, like ἀμφί-αλο».

άγχι-βαθής, έε, (ἄγχι, βαθύε) deep close to shore. άγχι γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

άγχι γυος, ον, (άγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring land. άγχι-θεος, ον, (άγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. c. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

άγχί-θύρος, ον, (ἄγχι, θύρα) near the door, neighbouring. [l]

 $d\gamma \chi_1 - \mu d\chi \eta \tau \dot{\eta} s$ , οῦ, δ,  $\Rightarrow d\gamma \chi \dot{\epsilon} \mu a \chi o s$ .

άγχι-μολος, ον, (ἄγχι, μολείν) coming near: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγχίμολον ἐλθεῖν or στῆναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγχιμόλοιο from nigh at

άγχι-νεφήs, έs, (ἄγχι, νέφοs) near the clouds.

άγχι-vola, ή, (άγχι, νοέω) a ready wit, shrewdness,

άγχί-νοος, ον, contr. άγχί-νους, συν, (ἄγχι, νοῦς) ready of mind, shrewd, Lat. sagax.

ἄγχιον, Comp. Adv. of ἄγχι, nearer.

άγχί-πλοος, ον, contr. άγχί-πλους, ουν, (άγχι, πλοῦε) near by sea; ἀγχ. πόροε a short voyage.

 $d\gamma\chi$ ί-πολις, poët.  $d\gamma\chi$ ί-πτολις, εως, δ, ή,  $(d\gamma\chi)$ ί, πόλιs) near the city, dwelling in the land.

άγχί-πορος, ον, (ἄγχι, πορεύομαι) passing near; κόλακες άγχίποροι flatterers at one's elbow.

άγχί-πτολις, poet. for άγχί-πολιε.

άγχιστα, ν. άγχιστος.

άγχιστεία, ή, (άγχιστεύω) nearness of kin. rights of kin, right of inheritance.

άγχιστεία, τά, = άγχιστεία.

άγχιστεύς, έως, δ, (ἄγχιστα) the next of kin: the beir at law.

αγχιστεύω, f. είσω, (άγχιστος) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be beir at law.

αγχιστήρ, ήρος, δ, poet. for αγχιστεύς, αγχιστήρ τοῦ πάθουs immediate author of the suffering.

άγχιστίνος, η, ον, poet. lengthd. form of ἄγχιστος,

close-packed, in a beap.

άγχιστος, ον, Sup. Adj. (άγχι) next or nearest: άγχιστος γένει nearest of kin: neut. άγχιστον, or ἄγχιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, ἄγχιστα ξοικας most nearly like; of άγχιστα the next of kin: freq. c. gen. as ἄγχιστά τινος, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

άγχί-στροφος, ον, (άγχι, στρέφω) turning near, quick-wheeling, of a bird. quick-changing, changeable, sudden: neut. pl. ἀγχίστροφα as Adv. suddenly.

άγχι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄγχι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

 $\dot{a}$ γχί-τοκος, ον,  $(\dot{a}$ γχι, τόκος) near the birth.

άγχόθεν, Adv. (άγχοῦ) from nigh at hand.  $\dot{a}$ γχόθι, Adv. =  $\dot{a}$ γχοῦ, nigh at band, c. gen.

άγχόνη, ή, (ἄγχω) throttling, strangling, banging: κρείσσον άγχόνης worse than banging; άγχύνης πέλαs as bad as banging; αγχόνη και λύπη anguisb 2. a rope for banging, balter. and grief.

άγχόνιος, a, ov, (άγχόνη) fit for strangling or

banging.

άγ-χορεύω, poët. for άνα-χορεύω.

άγχότατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (άγχι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. ἀγχοτάτω, like ἄγχιστα, c. gen.; οί άγχοτάτω προσήκοντες the nearest of kin.

άγχότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (άγχι) nearer.

'AΓXOΥ' = ἄγχι, near, nigh at hand: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. άγχι.

"ΑΓΧΩ, impf. ήγχον: f. άγξω: aor. ήγξα:-Lat. ANGO, to press tight, esp. the throat: to strangle, tbrottle, bang.

ἀγχ-ώμαλος, ον, (ἄγχι, δμαλός) nearly equal; ἀγχώμαλος μάχη a doubtful battle. Adv. άγχωμάλως, also άγχώμαλα, doubtfully, Lat. aequo Marte.

"AΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ηγον, Ep. άγον, Ion. άγεσκον: fut. άξω: aor. 2 ήγαγον, inf. άγαγείν; less freq. aor. 1 hfa, inf. afai Ep. aféner or aféμεναι: pf. ήχα, redupl. άγηοχα - Med., fut. άξομαι: aor. Ι ήξάμην, aor. 2 ήγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. άχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. αξομαι, with pass. signf.: aor. I pass. ήχθην: pf. ήγμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτέον:-I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; άγειν καὶ φέρειν to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: ἄγειν είε δίκην οτ δικαστήριον, οτ άγειν έπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, to carry before a court of justice, Lat. rapere in jus. to lead on, lead towards; άγεν θανάτοιο τέλοσδε led on to death; c. inf., αγει θανείν it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc. 3. to bring up, train, educate, kalûs ot kaκῶς ἡχθἦναι. 4. to draw out in length; τείχος aγειν, Lat. murum ducere, to build a wall. like Lat. agere, to bold, celebrate, ξορτήν, etc.: also to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάs, etc.: ἄγειν Blov, Lat. agere vitam, to lead a life, live. Lat. ducere, to bold, consider; έν τιμῆ ἄγειν οι ἄγε- $\sigma\theta\alpha$ , to bold in honour, etc. 7. like Exacto, to weigh so much. e. g. άγειν μναν, τριακοσίου δαρείkovs, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 daries, etc. Med. άγομαι, to lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσόν τε καὶ ἄργυρον οἵκαδ' ἄγεσθαι. 2. ἄγεσθαι yuvaîka, Lat. uxorem ducere, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἄγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son. 3. δια στόμα άγεσθαι μῦθον to let pass through the mouth, i. e. to utter. 4. ἄγεσθαί τι ές χείρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

άγωγαίοs, ον, (άγωγή) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

άγωγεύs, έωs, ὁ, (άγω to lead) a leader, one that draws or drags. II. that by which one leads, a rein, leasb.

άγωγή, ή, (ἄγω) a leading away, a carrying away or off: also in intrans. sense, a going away. bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly. a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading of an army, guiding a state. 4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἀγώγτμος, ον, (ἄγω) easy to be carried: τὰ ἀγώγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares. that may be carried away: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage. III. easily led, complaisant.

ἀγώγιον, τό, (ἄγω) the load of a wagon.

άγωγός, όν, (άγω) leading, guiding: as Subst., άγωγός, δ, a guide; άγωγοί an escort. III. drawing to oneself, eli-

leading towards. citing, c. gen.: attractive, τὸ ἀγωγόν, attractiveness.

'AΓΩ'N, ωνος, δ, an assembly, like άγορά: esp. an assembly met to see games. 2. a place of assembly: a place of contest, the arena or sta-II. the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games, as, άγὼν 'Ολυμπιάs, άγὼν 'Ολυμπικόs, etc.: hence the contest for a prize at 2. generally, any struggle or contheir games. 3. a battle. test, άγων περί της ψυχής. 4. an 5. metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγὼν action at law, trial. λόγων, μάχηs, etc., now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.

άγων-άρχης, ου, δ, (άγών, ἄρχω) a president or

judge of a contest.

**ἀγωνία, ἡ, a** struggle for victory. 2. gymnastic 3. of the mind, agony, exercise, wrestling.

anguisb.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γωνι $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ω: impf.  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ γωνίων: f.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ σω  $[\bar{a}]$ : aor. I  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ γωvíāσa: pf. ήγωνίāκa:—to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like άγωνίζομαι. II. to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.

**ἀγωνίδαται**, ν. ἀγωνίζομαι.

άγωνίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι, Att. ἴοῦμαι, 20r. 1 ήγωνισάμην:—for the pass. forms see signf. II. 2: (ἀγών): -to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; άγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; άγ. περί τινος to contend for a prize; άγ. τινι or πρός Tiva to contend with one. 2. to fight. contend for the prize on the stage, act. II. to contend against in a law-suit; α΄γ. δίκην, γραφήν, to fight a cause to the last; αγ. φόνον to fight against a 2. in Pass. to be won by a bard charge of murder. contest, but rarely save in pf., e. g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνίδἄται (Ion. for ήγωνισμένοι εἰσί), many battles bave been fought; so also in aor. I η γωνίσθην.

**ἀγώνιος**, ον, (ἀγών) presiding over the contest of the games, as an epithet of the gods: -σχολή άγώνιος

cessation from combat. [a]

άγωνίσις, ή, (άγωνίζομαι) a contending for a prize. άγωνισμα, τό, (άγωνίζομαι) a contest for a prize, generally, a contest: in plur. achievements, exploits. II. an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction. III. that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.

**ἀγωνισμός**, δ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) rivalry.

αγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of αγωνίζομαι, one must contend.

**ἀγωνιστήs**, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) a combatant, rival, esp. at the games: an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc. cbampion.

άγωνιστικός, ή, όν, (άγωνίζομαι) fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning:— ή ἀγονι-

Adv. -κωs, άγωνιστικωs έχειν to be disposed for combat.

άγωνοθετέω, f. ήσω, to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.

άγωνο-θέτης, ου, ό, (άγών, τίθημι) a president in the games : a judge.

άδαγμός, δ, Ion. for δδαγμός, an itching, sting.

άδαημονία οι άδαημοσύνη, ή, ignorance, unskilfulness in doing. From

ά-δάήμων, ον, (a privat., δαήναι) unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. μάχης άδαήμων: but, άδ. κακῶν beyond the knowledge, 1. e. reach of ill.

άδαήs, έs, (a privat., δαηναι) = foreg. unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing bow to. ά-δάητος, ον, (a privat., δαηναι) unknown.

ά-δάιος, ον, (α privat., δάιος) Dor. for άδηιος.

ά-δαιτος, ον, (a privat., δαίνυμαι) not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.

ά-δακρύς, v, gen. vos, (α privat., δάκρ<math>v) = ἀδάκρ<math>v-TOS 1. ΙΙ. = ἀδάκρυτος 11.

ά-δακρῦτί, Adv. without tears. From

ά-δάκρῦτος, ον, (a privat., δακρύω) without tears: I. act. not weeping, tearless. 11. hence pass. unwept.

ά-δαλής, ές, Dor. for ά-δήλητος.

ἀδαμάντινος, ον, (ἀδάμας) adamantine, of steel: hence, bard as adamant, stubborn. Adv. -vws.

άδαμαντό-δετος, ον, (άδάμας, δέω) iron-bound. ά-δάμας, αντος, ό, (a privat., δαμάω) unconquer-I. as Subst. adamant, i. e. the able: hence hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond. as Adı. inexorable.

ά-δάμαστος, ον, (a privat., δαμάζω) properly of horses, unbroken, untamable: - metaph. inexorable. ά-δάματος, ον, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, unwedded. [ἄδἄ-: but also āδ- as in ā-θάνα-Tos.]

ά-δάπανος, ον, (a privat., δαπάνη) without expense, costing nothing. Adv. -vws.

a-δασμος, ov, tribute-free.

ά-δαστος, ον, (α privat., δάσασθαι 201. Ι of δατέoμαι) undivided.

άδδεές, Ep. vocat. of άδεής.

άδδηκότες, poet. for άδηκότες, pf. part. of άδέω.

άδδην, poet, for άδην.

**ἀδδήσειε**, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

άδδη-φαγέω, etc., v. sub άδηφ-.

άδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. [ἄ]

άδέα, Dor. poet. for ήδεια, fem. of ήδύs: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ά-δεήs, Ep. ά-δειήs, έs, Ep. voc. άδδεέs, (a privat., ξέοε) fearless, sbameless. 2. fearless, secure: τὸ άδεέs, security: --- Adv. άδεωs, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly. II. causing no fear, not formidable.

άδεια, ή, (ἀδεήε) freedom from fear, safety, secuστική (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing. rity; άδειαν διδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an amnesty; ev doein elvat to feel secure; μετ' άδείαs with a promise of security.

ά-δειής, έε, Ep. for ά-δεήε.

ά-δείμαντος, ον, (α privat., δειμαίνω) undaunted: c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. -τως.

άδειν, aor. 2 inf. of άνδάνω.

**6-Seimvos**, ov, (a privat.,  $\delta \epsilon \hat{\iota} \pi \nu o \nu$ ) without food, unfed.

ά-δέκαστος, ον, (a privat., δεκάζω) unbribed. Adv.

TWS.

ά-δεκάτευτος, ον, (a privat., δεκάτεψω) not tithed. ά-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) not received or believed.

II. act. not receiving, not capable of, τινός.

άδελφεά, ή, Dor. for άδελφή.

άδελφεή, ή, Ion. for άδελφή.

άδελφειός, ό, Ep. for άδελφός.

άδελφεο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for άδελφο-κτύνος.

άδελφεός, δ, Ep. and Ion. for άδελφός.

άδελφή, ή, fem. of άδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφιδέος, ou, contr. ἀδελφιδούς, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδή, ή, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδέη, (ἀδελφόε) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφόs, a little brother. ἀδελφίζω, fut. Att. ιῶ, (ἀδελφόs) to adopt as brother

άδελφικός, ή, όν, brotherly. Adv. -κω̂ς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφεο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) murdering a brother or sister.

άδελφόs, (a copul., δελφύs):
 i. as Subst.
 άδελφόs, Ion. -φεόs, Ερ. -φειόs, δ, a brother; in pl.
 άδελφοί brothers and sisters.
 ii. as Adj. ἀδελφόs, ή, όν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat.
 geminus, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like
 it. Hence

άδελφότης, ητος, ή, brotherhood, brotherly kindness.
2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood. α-δενδροs, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) without trees.

α-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) awkward.

ά-δερκήs, έs, (a privat., δέρκομαι) unseen, invisible. ά-δερκτοs, ον, (a privat., δέρκομαι) not seeing, sightless, όμματα. Adv. -τωs, without looking.

**ἄ-δεσμος**, ον, (α privat., δεσμός) unfettered, unbound; ἄδεσμος φυλακή, Lat. libera custodia, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ά-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσπότης) without a master:—of writings, anonymous.

ά-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) unbound: free.

ά-δευκής, ές, (α privat., δεῦκος) not sweet, sour, bitter, Lat. acerbus.

ά-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) untanned.

\*'AΔΕ'Ω, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

\*'AΔΕ'Ω, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. I opt. άδδήσειε or άδησειε, may be be sated; and pf. part. άδδηκότες or άδηκότες, sated. Cf. ἄω, satio.

ά-δήϊοs, contr. ά-δήροs, Dor. ά-δάϊοs, ον, (a privat., δήϊοs) unassailed.

ά-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

άδηλέω, (άδηλος) to be at a loss about a thing. ά-δήλητος, ον. (α privat., δηλέομαι) unburt.

ά-δήλητος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) unburt. άδηλία, ή (άδηλος) uncertainty.

a-δηλος, ον, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown, unseen, secret; άδηλόν ἐστιν εἰ., or ὅτι., it is uncertain whether ... Adv. -λως, secretly: Sup. ἀδη-

λότατα. άδηλότης, ητος, ή, (ἄδηλος) uncertainty.

άδημονέω, f. ήσω, to be in great distress or anguish at a thing (Deriv. uncertain.)

άδημονία, ή, great distress or anguisb.

άδην, Ερ. άδδην, Att. άδην, Ādv. (\*ἀδέω) Lat. SATIS, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι άδδην to eat their fill, of horses; ἄδην πολέμοιο enough of war; άδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

d-δηρις, εως, ό, ή, (a privat., δηρις) without strife. d-δηρίτος, ον, (a privat., δηρίομαι) without strife or battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable.

αδης or "Aιδης, ou, δ, Att., but also 'Atδης [--], ao and  $\epsilon\omega$ :—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. Pluto:  $\epsilon i\nu$  and  $\epsilon is$  'Atčao, Atta  $\epsilon \nu$  and  $\epsilon is$  'Atčao (with or without  $\delta \delta \mu os$ ), in or into the house of Hades.

II. later, the grave, death.

άδήσειε, aor. I opt. of άδέω.

άδήσω, fut. of άνδάνω.

άδη-φάγος, ον, (ἄδην, φάγεῖν) eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous.

ά-δήωτος, ον, (a privat., δηόω) not wasted.

a-διάβατος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) not to be crossed, impassable.

ά-διάκριτος, ον, (α privat., διακρίνω) undistinguishable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

ά-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) unintermitting, unceasing. Adv. -ως.

ά-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., άδιαλλάκτως έχειν to be irreconcilable.

ά-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved: indissolvele. 2. irreconcilable. Adv., άδιαλύτως έχειν to be irreconcilable.

ά-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) incomprebensible. II. act. not understanding, silly.

d-δίαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) unwetted:—αδίαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's bair.

ά-διάπαυστος, ου, (a privat., διαπαύω) not to be stilled, incessant, violent.

ά-διά-πτωτος, ον, (α privat., διαπίπτω) not liable to error, infallible. Adv. -των.

ά-διάσπαστος, ον, (α privat., διασπάω) not torn asunder, unbroken. Adv. -τως.

ά-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat, διατρέπω) immovable, beadstrong. Adv. -τως. Hence

άδιατρεψία, ή, immovableness, obstinacy.

α-διάφθαρτος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible.

άδιαφθορία, ή, freedom from corruption. From ά-διάφθορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorrupt, incorruptible. II. imperisbable.

ά-διάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) not different: indifferent.

d-δίδακτος, ον, (a privat., δίδάσκω) of persons, untaught, unlearned, rude. II. of things, not learnt: also, learnt without teaching.

d-διεξέργαστος, ον, (α privat., διεξεργάζομαι) not to be wrought out or finished.

d-διέξοδος, ον, (α privat., διέξοδος) without outlet.

II. act. unable to get out.

ά-διέργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) not worked out, unfinished.

ά-διερεύνητος, ον, (α priv., διερευνάω) unexamined. ά-διήγητος, ον, (α privat., διηγέομαι) indescribable. ά-δίκαστος, ον, (α privat., δικάζω) without judgment given, undecided.

άδικειμένος, Bocot. for ήδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of άδικεω.

άδικέω: impf. ἠδίκεον, Ion. εῦν: f. ἡσω: aor. I ἠδίκησα: pf. ἠδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομα:: pf. ἠδίκημα: (ἄδικος):—to do wrong. II. trans. c. acc. pers. to do one wrong, to wrong, injure: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι to wrong one in a thing:—Pass. to be wronged or injured.

άδίκημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) a wrong done, a wrong, injury, Lat. injuria: c. gen., άδ. τινος a wrong done to one.

άδικητέον, verb. Adj. of άδικέω, one ought to do wrong.

άδικία, ή, (ἀδικέω) a wrong, offence, = ἀδίκημα. II. injustice.

άδίκιον, τό, = άδίκημα, an act of wrong.

α-δίκος, ον, (a privat, δίκη) of persons and things, doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust; άδικος είς τι unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person: άδικος λόγος a plea of injustice; άδίκος χειρῶν άρξαι to begin lawless acts of violence; άδικος πλοῦτος unrighteous gain.

II. wrong, improper, illmatched, as horses.

III. άδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἄνευ δικῶν, a day on which the courts were shut, Lat. dies nefastus. Hence

άδίκωs, Adv. without right or reason.

**ἀδίνόs**, ή, όν, (ἀδην) close, thick: hence 1. crowded or thronged, close-packed. 2. vebement, loud, esp. of sounds:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶs, also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, vebemently, loudly; Comp. ἀδινώτερον. [ἄ]

ά-διοίκητος, ον, (α privat., διοικέω) unarranged. άδιον, Dor. for ήδιον, neut. Comp. of ήδύε.

å-διόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθόω) not corrected: incorrigible.

ά-δίστακτος, ον, (a privat., διστάζω) without doubting. Adv. -τως.

**ἄ-διψος**, ον, (a privat., δίψα) without thirst, not thirsty.

 $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$ - $\mathbf{\delta}$ μής,  $\dot{\eta}$ τος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$  $\dot{\mu}$ ητος.

άδμητις, ιδος, acc. άδμητιν, fem. of άδμής.

ά-δμητος, η, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) poët. for ἀδάματος, untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried.

άδο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄδης, βαίνω) one who has gone to Hades.  $\lceil \beta \breve{\alpha} \rceil$ 

**ἄδοι**, 3 sing. **2** opt. of **ἀνδάνω**.

ά-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) unexpected. II. inglorious. Adv. -τως, also neut. άδύκητα as Adv. unexpectedly; so also, άπὸ τοῦ άδοκήτου.

ά-δοκίμαστος, ον, (α privat., δοκιμάζω) untried,

unproved. [1]

ά-δόκτμος, ον, (a privat., δόκιμος) unproved, spurious, base, mean.

11. rejected as spurious, reprobate

άδολεσχέω, fut. ήσω, to talk idly, to prate.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

άδο-λέσχης, ου, ό, also άδό-λεσχος, ου, (ἄδος, λέσχη) a prating fellow. II. in good sense, a keen, subtle reasoner.  $[\bar{a}]$  Hence

άδολεσχία, ή, prating, frivolity. II. keenness, subtlety. [ā] Hence

άδολεσχικόs, ή, όν, disposed to prate, frivolous. [ā] ά-δολος, ov, guileless, artless: in Att. esp. of treaties, without dishonest intent. II. of liquids, unmixed, pure. Adv. -λωs, without fraud.

άδον, Ep. for ξαδον, 20r. 2 of ανδάνω.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}\delta\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ , impf. of  $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}\delta\omega$ .

ά-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δονέω) not sbaken.

άδονίς, ίδος, ή, poet, for ἀηδονίς. [ā] ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (α privat., δοξάζω) unexpected.

not matter of opinion, i. c. certain.

άδοξέω, f. ήσω, (άδοξος) to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute.

II. trans. to bold in no esteem.

Hence

άδοξία, ή, ill repute, dishonour.

α-δσξος, ον, (α privat., δύξα) disreputable, disgraceful. 2. obscure, ignoble.

"AΔOΣ, εοε, τό, satiety, loathing.

άδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ήδος, joy.

ά-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) without gifts.

a-δουλος, ον, (a privat., δούλος) without slaves, unattended, deserted.

ά-δούλωτος, ον, (a privat., δουλόω) unenslaved.

ά-δούπητος, ον, (α privat., δουπέω) noiseless.

άδράνεια, Ερ. άδρανίη, ή, inactivity. From

ά-δρανής or ά-δρανεής, ές, (α privat., δραίνω) inactive, listless, feeble.

'Αδράστεια, Ion. 'Αδρήστεια, ή, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσιε, not to be escaped, as if from διδράσκω, cf. sq.

α-δραστος, Ion. α-δρηστος, ον, (α privat., διδράσκω) not running away, not inclined to run away.

ά-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) unplucked.

**ά-δρηστος**, ον, Ion. for ά-δραστος.

'Aδρίαs, ov, Ion. 'Αδρίηs, εω, δ, the Adriatic Sea. Hence

'Αδριατικός and 'Αδριηνός, ή, όν, of the Adriatic. α-δρίμυς, υ, (α privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent. αδρόσμαι, Pass. (άδρός) to grow ripe: to come to one's strength.

'AΔPO'Ž, ά, όν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

άδροσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = sq.

άδροτήs, ήτοs, ή, (άδρόs) stoutness: ripeness, fulness, esp. of the body.

II. abundance,

άδρύνω, (άδρόs) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe. άδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ήδύ-.

ά-δυναμία, ή, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength, weakness: poverty.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\delta \ddot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \ddot{\mathbf{a}} \sigma \dot{\mathbf{a}}, \dot{\eta}, = \dot{a} \delta v v a \mu i a.$ 

άδυνατέω, f. ήσω, (άδύνατος) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence

 $\dot{a}\delta\dot{v}v\dot{a}\tau\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}\delta vva\mu\dot{a}$ .

d-δύνὰτος, ov, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2. absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II. Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossi-

bility. III. Adv. - \taus, without power, feebly. [v]

άδύs, έα, ύ, Dor. for ήδύs.

**α-δύτοs**, ον, (α privat., δύω) not to be entered: hence as Subst. αδύτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or sbrine, Lat. adytum: also αδύτος, δ.

άδω, Att. contr. for ἀείδω, q. v.

άδών, όνος, η, Dor. for ἀηδών, the nightingale.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

'Αδώνια, τά, the mourning for Adonis. 'Αδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

'Αδωνιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, the mourning for Adonis.

"Aδωνις, ιδος, ό, Adonis. 2. 'Αδώνιδος κῆποι, pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [α]

α-δώρητος, ον, (α privat., δωρέομαι) = α-δωρος. α-δωροδόκητος, ον, (α privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq. Adv.  $-\tau \omega s$ .

α-δωροδόκος, ov, unbribed, incorruptible.

α-δωρος, ον, (a privat., δωρον) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—ἄδωρα δωρα gifts that are no gifts.

II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ά-δώτης, ου, δ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives

nothing.

άέ, Dor. for ἀεί. [ă]

ά-εδνος, ον, (a privat., εδνα) undowered.

ἀεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἀεθλέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον. ἀεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

άθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for δθλον: properly neut. from

άέθλιος, ον, also a, ον, (ἄεθλον) running for the prize; ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse; ἀέθλιος μῆλος the apple of discord.

αεθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for αθλον.

**deblos**,  $\delta$ , Ep. and Ion. for  $d\theta \lambda os$ .

ἀεθλο-φόρος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φόρος.

del, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' dei ever up to this time: also ele del or eleaci. With the Artic.

ὁ ἀεὶ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whosver is ruler; ὁ ἀεὶ βασιλεύs the reigning king. Besides ἀεί the Ion. and poet, forms alεί and alέν are very common: in Dor. also alέs, ἀέs, and ἀέ.

ἀεί-βολος, ον, (ἀεί, βάλλω) continually thrown. ἀει-γενέτης, poet. αἰει-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀεί, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰἐν ἐύντες, ενετ

existing, immortal.

άει-γενής, ές, Att. for άει-γενέτης.

aelde, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of acido. a-cideλos, ον, (a privat., \* cido) unseen, dark.

ἀ-ειδήs, έs, (a privat., \*εἴδω) unseen, without bodily form.
 II. (a privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure.
 ἀει-δίνητος, ον, (ἀεί, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῖ]

'AEI' ΔΩ, Att. contr. ἄδω: impí. ἡειδον, Ερ. ἄειδον, Att. ἡδον: fut. ἀείσομαι, Att. ἀσομαι, Dor. ἀσεῦμαι; rarely ἀείσω, Att. ἀσω, Dor. ἀσῶ: aor. 1 ἡεισα, Ερ. ἀεισα, Att. ἡσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡσθην: pf. ἢσμαι:—to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. Il. trans.:—1. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt, descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3. Pass. to resound with song.

άεί-ζωος, ον, Att. contr. άεί-ζως, ων, (άεί, ζωή)

everliving, everlasting.

ἀει-θαλής, έs, (ἀεί, θάλος) ever-green.

ά-εικείη or -ίη [ī], Att. contr. aiκία [ī], ή, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ά-εικέλιος, a,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , poet. form for sq.: contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. –ίως.

ά-εικήs, έs, Att. contr. aiκήs, és, (a privat., εἶκοs) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. ἀεικέs as Adv. in unseemly manner.

ά-εικίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = άεικείη. ἀεικίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att.  $-i\hat{\omega}$ : 20τ. I  $\dot{\eta}$ είκισα, Ερ. ἀείκισσα:—Ερ. 20τ. pass. inf. ἀεικισθήναι: (ἀεικήs):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

del-klyntos, ον, (del, κινέω) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [τ]

αεικισθήμεναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αεικίζω.

αείκισσα, αεικισσάμην, Ep. 20r. I act. and med. of αεικίζω.

ἀεικιῶ, Att. fut. of ἀεικίζω.

αεικώς, Ion. αεικέως, Adv. of αεικής, sbamefully.

ἀεί-λάλος, ον, (ἀεί, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

ἀειλογία, ή, as Att. law-term, την ἀειλογίαν παρέχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From ἀει-λόγος, ον, (ἀεί, λέγω) always talking.

del-μνηστος, ον, also η, ον, (del, μιμνήσκομαι) bad in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τωε.

del-vaos, ov, contr. del-vws, av, (del, vaw) = devaos,

ever-flowing.

del-vyorus, 100, 0, n, ever-fasting.

del-mλάνοs, ον, (del, πλανάομαι) ever-wandering. despa, Ep. for ήειρα, aor. 1 of delpa. despat, aor. 1 inf. of delpa.

del-poos, ov, contr. del-pous, ouv, = sq. del-ρύτος, ον, (dei, ρέω) ever-flowing.

'AEI'PΩ, Att.  $\alpha \tilde{i} \rho \omega$ : fut.  $\delta \rho \hat{\omega}$  [ $\tilde{a}$ ], contr. from deρω: aor. I act. ήειρα, Ep. άειρα. - Med., fut. ἀροῦμαι [ā], contr. from ἀεροῦμαι: aor. Ι ἡειράμην.... Pass., aor. I ήέρθην, Ep. ἀέρθην: pf. ήερμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plapf. αωρτο: for the Att. forms, v. αιρω:-to lift, beave, raise up, hence to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder: but also, to band, offer: - Med. to lift up for oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself :- Pass. to be bung up, to bang; μάχαιρα παρά ξίφεος κουλεόν αωρτο the dagger bung beside the sword sheath. to raise or stir up; αξίρασθαι τὰ Ιστία to boist sail: Pass. to raise up, arise.

deισα, Ep. aor. I of ἀείδω.

άεισαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of ἄημι.

**ἄεισι**, 3 pl. of ἄημι.

άεισμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ασμα, as αείδω for άδω. ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.

ἀει-φἄνής, ές, (ἀεί, φανηναι) ever-sbining or appearing.

ἀεί-φρουρος, ον, (ἀεί, φρουρά) ever-watched or everwatching, ever-wakeful.

dει-φυγία, ή, (dεί, φυγή) exile for life.

ἀει-χρόνιος, ον, (ἀεί, χρύνος) everlasting.

ἀεκαζόμενος, η, ον, (ἀέκων) unwilling, resisting; πόλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's multa reluctans.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\mathbf{\epsilon}\mathbf{\kappa}\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\boldsymbol{\lambda}\mathbf{los}$ , ov, for  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\epsilon}\iota\boldsymbol{\kappa}\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\boldsymbol{\lambda}\iota os$ .

άέκητι or άεκητί, (άέκων) Ep. Adv. against the will, often in Homer c. gen.; σεῦ ἀἐκητι, Lat. te invito; θεων άξκητι, Lat. Diis non propitiis.

ά-εκούσιος, ον, also a, ον, Att. contr. άκούσιος, ον, (a privat., ἐκούσιοε) against the will, forced, invo-

ά-έκων, Att. contr. ἄκων [ā], ουσα, ον, (a privat, έκων) against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose.

άέλιος, Dor. for ήέλιος, ήλιος.

ἄελλα, Ep. ἀέλλη, ηs, ή, (ἄω, ἄημι) a stormy wind, a wbirlwind. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion [ăe]

άελλαιοs, a, ον, (ἄελλα) stormy, swift as the storm.

 $\dot{a} \in \lambda \lambda \dot{a} s$ ,  $\dot{a} \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \dot{a} \in \lambda \lambda a \hat{i} o s$ . άελλής, ές, (ἄελλα) eddving.

άελλο-μάχος, ον, (ἄελλα, μάχομαι) struggling with tbe storm. [ă]

deλλό-πος, Homeric form of sq.

ἀελλό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τδ, gen. ποδος, (ἄελλα, πούε) storm-footed, swift as the storm, only found in Ep. form ἀελλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πουλύ-πος, etc.: dat. pl. deλλοπόδεσσιν.

ἀελπτέω, (ἄελπτος) to be without hope, to despair. ά-ελπτής, ές, (a privat., έλπομαι) unboped for, unexpected.

άελπτία, ή, an unlooked for event: ἐξ ἀελπτίης, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly. despair. From

**α-ελπτος**, ον, (a privat., ξλπομαι) unlooked for, un-

expected: to be despaired of: ἄελπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. unexpectedly. II. act. bopeless, desperate. άελπτωs, Adv. of άελπτήs, unexpectedly.

άέ-νἄος, ον, also Ep. ἀεί-ναος, contr. ἀεί-νως, ων, (ἀεί, νάω) ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, neverfailing. Adv. - aws.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}} \in \mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{\omega} \mathbf{v}$ , ovoa, ov,  $= \dot{\mathbf{a}} \dot{\mathbf{e}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ .

άέντες, part. pl. of άημι.

ἀεξί-γυιος, ον, (ἀέξω, γυιον) strengthening the limbs. άεξί-voos, ον, contr. άεξί-vous, ουν, (άέξω, νόοε) strengthening the mind.

ἀεξί-φυλλος, ον, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) making leaves

grow, leafy.

ἀεξί-φυτος, ον, (ἀέξω, φυτόν) making plants grow. 'AE'ΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for AY ΞΩ, αὐξάνω, Lat. AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres, and impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀεξήσω, aor. I ἡέξησα; fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, pf. pass. ἡέξημαι:-to make to grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to beighten, multiply :- Pass. and Med. to increase, wax great : prosper.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ εργείη or -iη [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], Ion, for  $\dot{\alpha}$ εργία.

 $\dot{a}$ - $\epsilon \rho \gamma \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $= \dot{a} - \epsilon \rho \gamma \dot{\sigma} s$ .

άεργία, Ion. -ίη [t], ή, a not working, idleness. 2. of a field, a lying fallow or waste. From ά-εργόs, contr. ἀργόs, όν, (α privat., \*έργω) not working, idle. Adv. -γω̂3.

άέρδην, contr. άρδην, Adv. (άείρω) lifting up.

άερθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀείρω.

αερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ή έρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἀείρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense

άέριος, ον, also α, ον, Ion. ήέριος, η, ον, (άήρ, ήρ, ηρι) in mist, or thick air: cloudy. II. in the air, bigb in air.

ά-ερκτος, ον, (a privat, έργω) unfenced, open. άεροβάτέω, f. ήσω, to tread in air, walk the air. From

άερο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀήρ, βαίνω) one who treads in air. άερο-δινής, Ion. ήερο-δινής, ές, (άήρ, δινέω) wheeling in air.

άερο-δόνητος, ον, (άήρ, δονέω) tossed in mid air, soaring.

άεροδρομέω, f. ήσω, to traverse air. From

άερο-δρόμος, ov, traversing air.

άερο-ειδής, έε, (άήρ, είδος) like the sky or air, misty: see ήεροειδήs.

άερο-κόραξ, ἄκος, δ, an air-raven.

άερο-κώνωψ, ωποs, δ, an air-gnat.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ερο-μ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χί $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$  $\dot{\eta}$ ρ, μ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χ $\eta$ ) a battle in the air.

**ἀερο-μετρέω**, f. ήσω, (ἀήρ, μετρέω) to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation.

depo-vηχήs, έε, (άήρ, νήχομαι) floating in air, of the clouds.

άέρρω, Aeol. for δείρω.

άερσι-κάρηνος, ον, (άείρω, κάρηνον) carrying the bead bigb. [Ka]

άερσι-πότης, ου, δ, and άερσι-πότητος, ον, (άείρω, ποτάομαι) bovering on bigb.

άερσί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άείρω, πούς) lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.

**ἀερτάζω**, poët. form of ἀείρω, to lift up: impf. ή έρταζον.

deρτάω, = deρτάζω: -aor. Ι ή έρτησα: pf. pass. ή έρ-

des, Dor. for dei. [a]

**ἄεσα,** I pl. ἀέσαμεν and ἄσαμεν, 3 pl. ἄεσαν, inf. άέσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root άέω, = εὕδω, to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄημι, ἰαύω, ἀωτέω.

άεσιφροσύνη, ή, silliness, folly, in plur. άεσιφροσύναι. From

άεσί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) injured in

mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [ă]

'AETO'Σ or alerós, also poët. alητόs, οῦ, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ā]

άετ-ώδης, εs, (άετύς, είδος) eagle-like. [ā]

\*'AΕ'Ω, to sleep, v. ἄεσα.

"AZA, \$\delta\$, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub ãζω.)

άζαλέος, α, ον, (άζω) pass. dry, parched: hence bar b, cruel. II. act. parching, scorching.

aζάνω, (άζω) to dry or parch up.

aζηλία, ή, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From ά-ζηλος, ον, like άζήλωτος, unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.

**ἀ-ζήλωτος**, ον, (α privat., ζηλόω) not to be envied. **ά-ζήμιος**, ον, (a privat., ζημία) without loss, scotfree: not deserving punishment: - Adv. -iws, with impunity. 2. not amounting to punishment, barmless.

άζηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of άζω.

ά-ζήτητος, ον, (a privat., ζητέω) unexamined.

άζηχής, έs, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv. άζηχέs, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. bard, rough. (Deriv. uncertain.)

a-Luyos, or, = a-(uf, ill-matched: unmarried.

ά-ζυμος, ον, (a privat., ζύμη) unleavened: τὰ άζυμα, the feast of unleavened bread.

ά-ζυξ, ϋγος, δ, ή, (a privat, ζυγήναι) unyoked, unpaired: unmarried, unwedded.

"AZΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched

up, pine away through grief.

AZΩ, mostly used as Dep. aζομαι, and only in pres. and impf. : to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of doing; or μή ..., to fear lest:-absol. to be awestruck.—Cf. σέβω.

**ἄ-ζωστος**, ον, (a privat., ζώννυμι) ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.

 $\tilde{a}$ η, 3 sing, impf. of  $\tilde{a}$ ημι.

ά-ηδήs, έs, (a privat., ήδοs) unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

aηδία, ή, (ἀηδήε) a being displeased, disgust, dislike. II. unpleasantness, odiousness.

anδονιδεύs, έωε, Ep. gen. η̂os, ό, a young nightingale.

aηδόνιος, ον, (aηδών) of or belonging to a nightingale. åηδονίς, ίδος, ή, = ἀηδών, a nightingale.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ ηδώ, οῦs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ ηδών, a nightingale. ἀηδών, ή, Att. δ, gen. ἀηδόνος οτ ἀηδοῦς, (ἀείδω)

a nightingale; properly the songstress.

ἀηδωs, Adv. of ἀηδήs, ἀηδωs έχειν to be unfriendly. άήθεια, Ion. ἀηθίη [ī], ή, (άήθηs) unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing:  $d\eta\theta$ . Tivos inexperience of a thing.

άηθέσσω, poet. for άηθέω, to be unaccustomed to a

thing, c. gen.: impf.  $d\dot{\eta}\theta\epsilon\sigma\sigma\sigma\nu$ .

a-ήθηs, εs, (a privat., ήθοs) unwonted, unusual, strange:—Adv. -θωs. 2. unused to a thing, c. II. without \$θos or character.

 $\dot{a}$ ηθίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ήθεια, q. v.

anθίζομαι, Dep. (ahθηs) to be unaccustomed.

άήθωs, Adv. of άήθηs, unexpectedly. άημα, τό, (άημι) a blast, wind.

άήμεναι, Ep. for άῆναι, inf. of ἄημι.

"AHMI, 3 sing. ἄησι, 3 dual ἄητον (not ἄετον), 3 pl. άεισι; imper. 3 sing. άήτω; inf. άῆναι, Ep. άήμεναι; part. deis: Ep. 3 sing. impf. aη, 3 pl. aεσαν:-Pass. άημαι, part. άήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. άητο:-to breathe bard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence to be spread abroad.

 $\hat{\mathbf{a}}\hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}\mathbf{val}$ , inf. of  $\tilde{a}\eta\mu\iota$ .

άήρ, άέρος, ή, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ἀήρ or ήήρ, i, έροs, ή:—in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp. to alθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. Il. 14. 288: hence misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air. (From \*άω, άημι.) [ā]

 $\tilde{a}$ ησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tilde{a}\eta \mu \iota) = \tilde{a}\eta \mu a$ , a blowing.  $[\tilde{a}]$ ά-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (a privat., ήσσάoμαι) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.

άήστιλος, for αΐσυλος, wicked.

άήσυρος, ον, (\*αω, αημι) light as air: little.

 $\dot{a}\dot{\eta}\tau\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \dot{a}\dot{\eta}\tau\eta s$ . άήτης, ου, ὁ, (άω, άημι) a blast, gale, wind.

άητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of άημι.

āητον, 3 dual pres. of áημι.

άητος, ον, an old word, only in Il. 21. 395, prob. from anu, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible; cp. αίητο**ε**.

άήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἄημι.

ά-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., θάλασσα) without sea, inland.

ά-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ον, (a privat., θαλασσόω) never baving been at sea.

ά-θαλήs, έs, (α privat., θάλοs) not verdant.

ά-θαλπής, ές, (a privat., θάλπος) without warmth.

ά-θαμβήs, és, (a privat., θάμβοs) fearless.

άθανασία, ή, (άθάνατος) immortality.

άθανατίζω, (άθάνατος) to make immortal:-Pass. to become or be immortal. II. to bold oneself immortal.

II.

d-Gavaros, ov, also n, ov, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to θνητός and βροτός: - hence άθάνατοι, oi, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

d-Carros, ον, (a privat., θάπτω) unburied.

unworthy of burial.

άθάρη, also άθήρη, ή, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [ăθă-]

a-θαρσής, έs, (a privat., θάρσος) discouraged.

**α-θαύμαστος**, ον, (α privat., θαυμάζω) not wondering at anything. Adv. -τωs. II. not admired. ά-θέατος, ον, (a privat., θεάομαι) unseen, invisible:

II. act. not seeing, blind to.

aθεεί, Adv. (αθεος) without the aid of God.

**ά-θείαστος**, ον, (a privat., θειάζω) uninspired. ά-θελκτος, ον, (α privat.,  $\theta$ έλ $\gamma$ ω) implacable.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -θεμις, ιτος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , lawless.

ά-θεμίστιος, ά-θέμιστος, and ά-θέμιτος, ον, (a privat., θέμιε) lawless, without law or government, godless, Lat. nefarius. Adv. -τωs.

d-0cos, ov, without God, denying the gods: generally, godless, ungodly. II. abandoned by the

gods. Hence.

ά-θεότης, ητος, ή, godlessness, ungodliness.

άθεραπευσία, ή, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

ά-θεράπευτος, ον, (α privat., θεράπεύω) not attended II. unbealed, incurable. to, neglected.

**α-θερίζω:** Ep. aor. I αθέριξα or -ισσα: (a privat., θέρω = θεραπεύω): -to slight, make light of, Lat. nibil curare, c. acc.

**ά-θέρμαντος**, ον, (a privat, θερμαίνω) unbeated: not excited by passion.

d-θερμος, or, without warm/b.

άθεσία, ή, (ἄθετος) unsteadiness, fickleness.

a-θεσμος, ov, lawless.

ά-θέσφάτοs, ov, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ά-θετέω, f. ήσω, (ἄθετος) to set aside, disregard. άθέτησις, εως, ή, (ἀθετέω) abolition, rejection.

**α-θετοs**, ov, (a privat., τίθημι) not placed, set aside, useless: - Adv. ἀθέτως = ἀθέσμως, lawlessly.

άθως, Adv. of άθεος, in a godless manner.

**d-θηλοs**,  $o\nu$ , (a privat.,  $\theta$ ηλή) unsuckled, weaned. **α-θήλυντος**, ον, (α privat., θηλύνω) not made womanisb: masculine.

'Aθηνά, âs, ή, contr. from 'Aθηνάα or 'Aθηναία, Ion. 'Αθήνη, 'Αθηναίη, Dor. 'Αθάνα, 'Αθαναία, Aeol. 'Αθηνάα, Athena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Abhvale, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

'Abnvai, wv, ai, the city of Athens, used in pl like Θηβαι, Μυκήναι, because it consisted of several parts. '**Αθηναῖον, τ**ό, ('Αθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena.

'Aθηναίοs, a, ov, ('Aθηνâ) Athenian, of or from Atbens.

'Αθήνηθεν or -θε, Adv. from Athens.

'Αθήνησι, Adv. at Athens.

άθηνιάω, to long to be at Athens.

'Αθήνοθεν, Adv. from Athens.

'AOH'P, épos, o, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. spica. point or barb of a weapon. [a]

ά-θήρατος, ον, (a privat., θηράω) not to be caught. ά-θήρευτος, ον, (a privat., θηρεύω) not bunted.

 $\dot{a}\theta\eta\rho\eta$ -λοιγόs,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\theta\dot{\eta}\rho,\lambda oi\gamma\dot{o}s)$  consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. αθηρό-βρωτος.

άθηρό-βρωτος, ον, (άθήρ, βιβρώσκω) devouring ears of corn: άθηρόβρωτον όργανον a winnowing fan.

a-θηρος, ον, (a privat., θήρ) without wild beasts or

ά-θησαύριστος, ον, (a privat., θησαυρίζω) not fit

for boarding up.

 $\dot{a}$ -θίγής, ές, (a privat.,  $\theta$ ιγε $\hat{i}$ ν) =  $\dot{a}\theta$ ικτος.

ά-θικτος, ον, (a privat., θιγγάνω) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; κερδών άθικτοι untainted by money; also c dat. νόσοις άθικτος. touched, boly, sacred. II. act. not touching.

 $\dot{a}\theta\lambda\epsilon\dot{\nu}\omega$ , contr. from Ep.  $\dot{a}\epsilon\theta\lambda\epsilon\dot{\nu}\omega$ : fut.  $\epsilon\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$ : ( $\dot{a}\theta\lambda\sigma\epsilon$ ): -to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle.

struggle, endure, suffer.

 $\mathring{a}θλεω$ , f.  $\mathring{η}σω$ : aor. I  $\mathring{η}θλησα$ : pf.  $\mathring{η}θληκα$ : ( $\mathring{a}θλοs$ ): -- to contend for a prize. 2. to endure, suffer. II. to be an athlete.

άθλημα, τό,  $(\dot{a}\theta\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a contest, struggle. II. an implement of labour.

άθλησις, εως, ή,  $(\dot{\alpha}\theta\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a contesting: a struggle, bard trial.

άθλητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\delta$ , older form of  $\hat{\alpha}\theta\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}$ s.

 $\dot{a}\theta\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}s$ , contr. from  $\dot{a}\epsilon\theta\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\theta\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  acombatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. athle-II. generally one practised or skilled in a ta. thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

άθλιος, a, ov, also os, ov, contr. from ἀέθλιος,  $(\mathring{a} \in \theta \lambda o \nu, \mathring{a} \theta \lambda o \nu)$  subject to the toils of conflict: hence

generally, wretched, Lat. miser. Hence

άθλιότης, ητος, ή, suffering, wretchedness.  $\dot{a}\theta\lambda o - \theta e \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ ,  $\dot{\eta} \rho o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\ddot{a}\theta\lambda o \nu$ ,  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu i) = \dot{a}\theta\lambda o \theta \dot{e}\tau \eta s$ .  $\dot{a}\theta\lambda o - \theta \dot{\epsilon}$ της, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\dot{a}\theta\lambda o\nu$ , τίθημι) one who awards

the prize, the judge in the games, also βραβεύs. 'AΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. άεθλον, the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence. II. in plur. also =  $\bar{a}\theta\lambda os$ , a contest, combat.

'AΘΛΟΣ, δ, contr. from Ep. åεθλοs, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

 $\dot{a}\theta\lambda o\sigma\dot{v}\gamma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\ddot{a}\theta\lambda os$ .

 $d\theta \lambda o - \phi \delta \rho o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(d\theta \lambda o \nu)$ ,  $\phi \delta \rho \omega$ ) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

a-θολος, ον, (a privat., θολός) not muddy, clear.

ά-θόλωτος, ον, (a privat., θολόω) not muddied, untroubled.

ά-θορύβητος, ον, (a privat., θορυβέω) undisturbed. ά-θόρυβος, ον, (a privat., θύρυβος) without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. -βωs.

ά-θραυστος, ον, (a privat., θραύω) unbroken.

'AΘΡΕ'Ω, Att. άθρέω: f. ήσω: 20τ. 2 ήθρησα:—
to look closely at, gaze at, observe. 2. later, of the
mind, to consider, think on, ponder:—esp. in pres.
and 20τ. 1 imperat. άθρει, άθρησον, see, look, consider.

άθρητέον, verb. Adj. of άθρέω, one must consider. άθροίζω or άθροίζω: f. σω: aor. I ήθροισα:—Pass.,

aupolsω or apolsω: f. σω: aor. I ήθροισα:—Pass., aor. I ήθροίσθην: pf. ήθροισμα: (άθρόοs):—to gather together, collect, esp. to levy forces; πνεῦμα άθροίζειν to collect one's breath:—Pass. to be gathered or crowded together: of armies, to muster: φόβοs ήθροισται fear bas gathered, 1. e. bas arisen.

αθροισις, εως, ή, (άθροίζω) a gathering, levying. αθροισμα, τό, (άθροίζω) that which is gathered, a gathering, collection.

άθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθροίζω, one must collect. ἀθρόος, α, ου, old Att. ἄθρους, ουν: Comp. ἀθρούτερος, later ἀθρούστερος: (ἄμα, θρόος) assembled in crowds, collected together: ἀθρόοι in crowds. II. all at once, once for all; τὸ ἀθρόον the whole body, the mass: collective; ἀθρόα πάντ ἀπέτισεν he paid the

mass: collective; άθροα πάντ ἀπέτισεν he paid the penalty of all at once:—Adv. ἀθρόον and ἀθρόωs, at once, suddenly.

III. immense, vast: also continuous, incessant.

**a-θρυπτοs**, ον, (a privat., θρύπτω) unbroken, imperishable. II. not enervated.

ἀθῦμέω, f. ήσω, (ἄθυμος) to be disheartened, to despond at or for a thing.

άθυμητέον, verb. Adj. of άθυμέω, one must lose beart.

άθυμία, ή, (ἄθυμος) want of beart, faintbeartedness, despondency.

**α-θυμος**, ov, without beart or spirit, spiritless, faint-bearted. Adv., ἀθύμως ἔχειν to be despondent.

άθυρμα, τό, (ἀθύρω) a plaything or toy: a delight. άθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foreg., a little toy, a pet. άθυρό-γλωτος, ον. (άθυρος, γλωττα) unable theep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer. άθυρος, ον, (α privat., θύρα) without a door.

άθυρό-στομος, ον, (ἄθυρος, στόμα) = ἀθυρόγλωττος, babbling, of Echo.

d-θυρσος, ον, (a privat., θύρσος) without thyrsus. 'ΑΘΥ'ΡΩ, to play, amuse oneself. II. c. acc. to

play at 2 thing, do it in play. [ἄθῦ]
ἀ-θύρωτος, ον, (a privat., θῦρόω) not closed by a

door.

d-θύτοs, ον, (a privat., θύω) not offered, not to be offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unballowed.

II. act. without sacrificing.

ά-θώοs, ον, (a privat, θψή) unpunished, scotfree. 2. c. gen. free from the penalty of, ἀθώοs πληγών. II. act. harmless.

a-θώπευτος, ον, (a privat., θωπεύω) without flattery: hence, rough, rude

ά-θωράκιστος, ον, (a privat., θωράκίζω) without breastplate.

"Aθωs, ω, Ep. 'Aθόωs, όω, δ, Mount Athos. al, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for el, if.

al, Exclam. of strong desire, O that! would that! Lat. utinam, in Hom. always al  $\gamma dp$ . See  $ai\theta \epsilon$ .

AI'A, ή, gen. alηs, poët. for γαία, γη, earth, land. αΐαγμα, τό, a wailing cry, lament. From

aláfu, f. fw, to cry alaî or ab! to wail, and c. acc. to bewail.

alaî, Exclam. alas! Lat. vae.

alaκτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of aláζω, lamentable. alāvήs, lon alηνήs, έε, prob. from alεί, and so properly, everlasting, never-ending: hence wearisome, irksome: then generally, dismal, borrible.

Alavτίδηs, ου, δ, (Alas, gen. -avτos) son of Ajax. II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe Alavτis, named after the Hero.

alavûs, Adv. (alavhs) for ever.

Alas, avros, o, Ep. voc. Alav, Ajax.

aißol, faugh! exclam. of disgust or astonishment.

αίγ-αγρος, δ, (αίξ, άγρός) a wild goat

Aiyaîos, a, ov, Aegaean: Aiyaîov πέλαγοs the Aegaean sea, also called Aiyalwv, ωνοs, δ.

aiγάνέη, ή, (αίξ) a bunting-spear, javelin. αίγειος, a Ion. η, ον, (αίξ) lengthd. for αίγειος, of a goat or goats, Lat. caprinus: as Subst. αἰγείη (sub.

δορά), ή, a goat's skin ΑΙΤΕΙΡΟΣ, ή, the black poplar, Lat. populus: cf. λεύκη.

αἰγ-ελάτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (αἴξ, ἐλαύνω) a goatherd. [ἄ] αἴγεος, α, ον, = αἴγειος.

aiγιαλίτης, ου, ό, fem. îτις, ιδος, on the shore. From aiγιαλός, ό, (ἀίσσω, άλς) the sea-shore, heach, strand. aiγι-βοσις, εως, ή, (αίξ, βύσκω) a goat-pasture. αίγι-βότης, ου, ό, (αίξ, βότης) feeding goats.

aiγί-βοτος, ον, (αίξ, βόσκω) browsed by goats. aiγί-θαλλος, δ, a bird, the tit, Lat. parus.

αίγί-κνημος, ον, (αίξ, κνήμη) goat-shanked. αίγί-κορεις, έων, οι, (αίξ, κορέννυμι) feeders of goats, goatherds.

aiγί-λιψ, ἴποs, ὁ, ἡ, (aἴξ, λιπεῖν) properly, deserted even by goats: hence steep, sheer [γῖ]

alγίλος, ή, (αίξ) an berb of which goats are fond. alγίλοψος, ον, (αίξ, νέμω) browsed by goats. 2 as Subst., alγινόμος, ό, a goatherd.

alγί-oxos, ον, (alγίs, έχω) aegis-bearing.

αἰγι-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (αἴξ, πούν) goat-footed. αἰγι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, = αἰγιπόδης. αἰγι-πύρος, ὁ, (αἴξ) a plant with a red flower, of

which goats were fond.

alγίs, ίδοs, ή, the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described in Il. 5. 738; (from ἀίσσω, to rush or move violently): hence 2. later a rushing storm, burricane, ternible as the shaken aegis.

II. from αίξ, a goatskin coat.

alylonos, d, Dim. of alf, a little goat.

aiγλάεις, Dor. for aiγλήεις.

αίγλας, αντος, contr. for αίγλάεις.

Al'TAH, \$\delta\$, the light of the sun, daylight: any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal.

2. metaph. splendour, glory. Hoose

aivanes, egga, ev, beaming, radiant. αίγλο-φανής, ές, (αίγλη, φανήναι) beaming: brilliant, lustrous. alyo-Bookos, όν, (alf, βόσκω) tending goats: as

Subst. a goatherd.

αίγό-κερως, ων, gen. ω, also αίγοκέρως, ωτος, δ. II. as Subst, αίγό-(αίξ, κέρα**s**) goat-borned. κερωs, δ, Capricorn in the Zodiac.

aiγο-νόμος, ό, = aiγινόμος, a goatherd. $\mathbf{aiy}$ - $\mathbf{ovu}\hat{\mathbf{f}}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{xos}$ ,  $\mathbf{o}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\mathbf{aif}$ ,  $\mathbf{ovu}\hat{\mathbf{f}}) = \mathbf{aiy}\hat{\mathbf{u}}\mathbf{vu}\hat{\mathbf{f}}$ .

aiγο-πόδηs, δ, = aiγιπόδηs.

αίγο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αίξ, πρίσωπον) goat-faced. αίγο-τριχέω, f. ήσω, (αίξ, θρίξ) to bave goat's bair. aiγυπιόs, δ, (γύψ) a vulture, Lat. vultur. Λίγυπτιάζω, f. άσω, to speak Egyptian.

Aiyuntioti, Adv. in the Egyptian tongue. like an Egyptian, craftily. Αίγυπτο-γενής, έε, (Αίγυπτος, γένος) of Egyptian

race.

Αίγυπτος, δ, the river Nile. ΙΙ. Αίγυπτος, ή, Egypt: as Adv., Αίγυπτόνδε, to Egypt. aiy-ωνυξ, ŭχοs, δ, ή, (αίξ, ὄνυξ) goat-boofed.

'Atoas, Dor. for 'Alons, "Alons.

aίδειο, Ep. for αίδεο, αίδου, pres. imperat. of αίδέ-

**ΑΙ'ΔΕ'ΟΜΑΙ**: fut. αἰδέσομαι, Ep. -έσσομαι: 201. I ηδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αἴδεσσαι; also in pass. form ηδέσθην, Ep. 3 pl αίδεσθεν: Dep.:-to feel shame, be asbamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:-c. inf. to be asbamed or afraid to do a thing. 2. as Att. law-term, to feel pity for, hence to pardon, esp. in aor. Ι αἰδέσασθαι.

αίδεσθεν, for αιδέσθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of αιδέομαι.

αίδέσθητι, 20r. I imper, of αίδέομαι.

αίδέσιμος, ον, (αίδέσμαι) venerable.

**αίδεσις, εωε, ή,** (αἰδέομαι) reverence, compassion. αίδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αίδέσμαι.

**ά-ίδηλος,** ον, (a privat., ίδειν) making unseen: hence annibilating, destroying. II. pass. unseen, unknown, obscure.

aiδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (aiδέομαι) bashful, modest: Sup. αίδημονέστερος. Adv. -μόνως.

ā-ιδήs, έs, (a privat., ίδειν) unseen: destroyed. 'Atons, εω, δ, Att. "Αιδης or αιδης, ου, (ἀιδής)

Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto. άτδιος, ον, (ἀεί) everlasting, for ἀείδιος.

**ἀ-ϊδνόs**, ή, όν, (a privat., ἰδεῖν) poët. for ἀ-ϊδήs, unseen, bidden, dark.

αίδοιέστερος, - έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of al-

alboîov, 76, mostly in plur. 7d alboîa, the genitals, pudenda: properly neut. from

alδοίοs, a, ov: Comp. alδοιότεροs and -έστεροs, Sup. -έστατος: (alδέομαι) regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent. act. bashful, modest. 2. reverent.

aibolus, Adv. of aibolos, reverently.

Al' ΔΟΜΑΙ, impf. alδόμην, Ep. for alδέομαι, ήδε-

'Aιδος, 'Aιδι, Ep. gen. and dat. of Aίδηs, from an obsol. nom. "Aïs: "Αϊδόσδε, and εἰε "Αϊδόσδε, to the dwelling of Hades: είν "Αϊδος (sc. οἴκφ), Att. έν αδου, in Hades. [αιδ-, but a sometimes.]

aiδό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (alδώς, φρήν) feeling respect in mind, compassionate.

ά-ιδρείη or -ίη [t], ή, Ep. and Ion. word (αιδριε) want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. ἀιδρείησι. a-ίδρις, ι, gen. ιος and εος, (a privat., ίδρις) unknowing, ignorant.

άϊδρο-δίκης, ου, Dor. -δίκας, α, δ, (ἄϊδρις, δίκη) unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage. [bǐ]

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -ίδρῦτος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\nu$ -ίδρυτος, unsettled, unsteady.

'Aιδωνεύς, δ, lengthd. Ep. form of 'Alδηs.

 $AI'\Delta\Omega'\Sigma$ , óos, contr. oûs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or bonour, alow θέσθ' ενί θυμφ: regard for others, respect, reve-II. that which causes shame or respect, rence. and so 1. a sbame, scandal; αίδώε, 'Αργείοι shame, ye Argives!  $2. = \tau \dot{a}$  albola. dignity, maiesty.

aiel, Ion. and poet. for ael.

alei-γενέτης, δ, poet. for dei-γενέτης, ever existing. (For compds. of alei here omitted, v. sub dei-.) αιέλ-ουρος, ό, ή, Ion. for αίλουρος.

 $alev_{i} = alei$ .

alév-υπνος, ον, (alév, υπνος) lulling in eternal sleep. alés. Dor. for dei, alei.

aleτόs, δ, lengthd. form of deτόs, an eagle.

aiζήϊοs, lengthd. form of aiζηόs.

aiζηόs, δ, an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man. (Deriv. uncertain.)

aίητος, hke άητος, terrible, mighty.

ainτόs, δ, Dor. of ἀετόs, αἰετόs, an eagle.

 $\mathbf{a}i\theta\dot{\mathbf{a}}\lambda\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\mathbf{a}i\theta\omega) = \mathbf{a}i\theta\mathbf{a}\lambda os$ , soot.  $[\theta\check{\mathbf{a}}]$ αἰθαλίων, ωνος, (αἴθαλος) swarthy, dusky.

αίθαλόεις, όεσσα, οεν, contr. αίθαλους, ούσσα, ούν, (αἴθαλοs) smoky, sooty, black. II. burning, blazing.

AΙ'ΘΑΛΟΣ, δ, like λιγνύε, a smoky flame, the tbick smoke of fire, soot. [θα] Hence

alθαλόω, f. ώσω, to burn to soot or asbes: - Pass. to lie in asbes.

aile, Dor. and Ep. for eile, O that! would that! Lat. utinam, αιθ' οφελεε O that thou hadst ..., c. inf. αίθερ-εμβάτέω, (αίθήρ, έμβατέω) to walk in ether.

aiθέριos, a, ov or os, ov, (alθήρ) of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to hépios, and so 2. etbereal, beavenly. bigh in air, on bigh.

αίθερο-βάτεω, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, το walk in etber.

αίθεροδρομέω, to skim the ether. From

aiθερο-δρόμος, ον, (aiθήρ, δραμείν) skimming the

αίθήρ, έρος, in Homer always ή, in Att. prose always δ, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἴθω): -ether, the upper, purer air, opp. to ἀήρ (the lower air or atmosphere):—hence the clear sky or heaven, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Aiθιοπήαs, irregular pl. acc. of Aiθίοψ.

Alθί-οψ, οπος, δ, fem. Alθιοπίς, ίδος, (αἴθω, ὄψ) an Etbiop, negro, properly Burnt-face.

allos, τό, and δ, (αίθω) burning beat, fire.

aiθόs, ή, όν, (αίθω) burnt:—fire-coloured, fiery.

alboura (sc.  $\sigma\tau o a$ ),  $\eta$ , (alba) the corridor or vestibule of a house; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

alθ-οψ, οποs, (alθόs, ὄψ) fiery-looking, of metal, flashing; of wine, sparkling. II. metaph. fiery, bot, keen.

aἴθρη, later aἴθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) clear sky, fair weather, Lat. sudum.

alθρη-γενέτης, ου,  $\delta_1 = ai\theta \rho \eta \gamma \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} s$ .

alθρη-γενής, ές, (αἴθρη, γενέσθαι) born from ether. alθρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = αἴθρη: used absol. in gen. alθρίας (sub. obons), in fine weather, Lat. per purum. II. the oben sky.

alθριάζω or -ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

αθριο-κοιτέω, f. ήσω, (αιθρία, κοίτη) to sleep in the open air.

alθριος, ον, (αίθρη) clear, bright, fair. II. in the open air: hence cold, chill.

alθροs, δ, = alθρη: esp. the clear chill air of morn.

AI'ΘΥΙΑ, ή, a sea-gull or diver, Lat. mergus.

alθυκτήρ, ηρος, δ, (αlθύσσω) one that darts rapidly. alθύσσω, f. ύξω, (αlθω) to put in rapid motion; to kindle:—Pass. to move rapidly, quiver.

AI'ΘΩ, only found in pres. and impf. ηθον, to light up, kindle:—Pass. to burn.

2. rarely intr. to burn or blaze.

alθων, ωνος, ό, (αίθω) properly fiery, burning. II. of metal, flasbing, glittering. III. of animals, fiery, fierce; or perh. of their colour, yellow, tawny, like Lat. fulvus, rufus.

alka, conj., Dor. for εί κε, ἐάν, with subj. if baply.

 $\hat{A}\hat{I}'KA'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , f. alk $\tilde{a}\lambda\hat{\omega}$ , properly of a dog, to wag the tail fawningly: to wheedle, fondle.

αίκε, αίκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for εάν.

aireia,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = airia, q. v.

 $aiké\lambda los, ov, = delké \lambda los.$ 

dική, ή, (diσσω) rapid motion, a rush, Lat. impetus. [1]

dikήs, έs, poët. for deικήs, contr. alkήs, unseemly. Adv. diκώs, in unseemly fasbion.

alkla [i], ή, Att. for the Ion. deικείη, injurious treatment, an outrage, insult, affront: oft. also in plur. blows, stripes.

alkίζω, (alkήs) to treat injuriously, to affront, outrage, esp. by blows, to plague, torment: mostly as Med. alkίζομαι: f. ίσομαι, Att. ιοῦμαι: aor. I ἡκισάμην: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ἡκισθην: pf. ἡκισμαι: to be tormented.

αίκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίζω) an outrage, torture.

d-ϊκτος, ον, (a privat., Ικνέομαι) unapproachable. al-λίνος, δ, a mournful dirge, (from al, Λίνον, ab me for Linus!)

2. also Adj. os, ον, plaintive, mournful.

αίλ-ουρος or alέλ-ουρος, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (alόλος, οὐρά) a cat, so called from the wavy motion of the tail.

AI'MA, ατος, τό, blood: in plur. streams of blood:
—also bloodsbed; είργασται μητρφον αίμα a mother's
blood has been shed; αίμα πράττειν to shed blood;
εφ' αίματι φεύγειν to be banished for bomicide. II.
like Lat. sanguis, blood-relationship, kin.

alμά-κορίαι or alμα-κουρίαι, ῶν, al, (alμα, κορέννυμι) offerings of blood, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

alμακτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of alμάσσω, stained with blood, bloody.

aiμαλέοs, a, ov, (alμα) bloody, blood-red.

alμάs, άδοs, ή, (alμa) a gusb or stream of blood. alμάσια, ή, a wall of dry stones, Lat. maceria: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αίμασι-ώδης, ες, (αίμασία, είδος) like a fence or bedge.

alμάσσω, Att. alμάττω: f. áξω: 201. I ήμαξα: (alμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αίματ-εκχύσία, ή, (αΐμα, ἐκχέω) shedding of blood. αἰματηρόs, ά, όν, (αΐμα) bloody, blood-stained, murderous.

II. consisting of blood.

alμάτη-φόρος, ον, (alμα, φέρω) bringing blood: murderous.

alμάτόεις, εσσα, εν, (alμa) bloody, covered with blood.

2. blood-red, or consisting of blood.
3. bloody, murderous.

alμάτο-λοιχός, όν, (alμa, λείχω) licking blood; έρως alμ. thirst for blood.

αίματο-πώτης, ου, ὁ, (αίμα, πίνω) a blood-drinker, blood-sucker.

αlμάτορ-ρόφος, ον, (αΐμα, ροφέω) blood-drinking. αlμάτόρ-ρύτος, ον, (αΐμα, ρέω) blood-streaming. αlμάτο-στάγής, ές, (αΐμα, στάζω) blood-dripping. αlμάτό-φυρτος, ον, (αΐμα, φύρω) blood-stained. αlμάτο-γάουμς. ου, δ. (αΐμα, γαίρω) delie bting is

αίματο-χάρμης, ου, ό, (αΐμα, χαίρω) delighting in blood.

alμάτοω, f. ώσω: aor. I ήμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ήμάτωμα: (alμa) to make bloody.

alματ-ώδης, εs, (alμα, εlδοs) looking like blood, blood-red.

αἰμᾶτ-ωπός, όν, and αἰματ-ώψ, ῶπος, ὁ, ϡ, (αἶμα, ώψ) bloody to bebold.

αϊμνιον, τό, (αἶμα) a basin for blood.

αίμο-βάφής, ές, (αίμα, βάπτω) bathed in blood. αίμο-βόρος, ον, (αίμα, βορά) greedy for blood.

αἰμό-διψος, ον, (αίμα, δίψα) bloodtbirsty.

alμορ-ράγης, ές (alμα, βαγήναι) bleeding violently. alμόρ-ραντος, ον, (alμα, βαίνω) blood-sprinkled. alμορροέω, f. ήσω, (alμόρροοε) to lose blood: to bave a discharge of blood. Hence alμόρροια, ή, a discharge of blood.

αίμόρ-ροος, ον, (αίμα, ρέω) streaming with blood. αίμόρ-ρύτος, poet. αίμό-ρύτος, ον, (αΐμα, ρέω) blood-streaming.

AI'MO∑, &, a thorn.

αίμο-σταγής,  $\epsilon$ s, = αίματο-σταγήs.

αίμο-φόρυκτος, ον, (αίμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

aiμδω, = aiματόω.

alμύλιοs, ov. (alμύλοs) flattering, winning, wily. [v] αίμύλο-μήτης, ου, ό, (αίμύλος, μητις) of winning wiles.

AI'MY'ΛΟΣ, η, ον, also os, ον, flattering, winning, wbeedling, wily. [vັ]

αίμων, ονος, ό, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skil-II. (alμa) bloody.

αίμ-ωπός, ύν, = αίματωπύς, bloody to behold.

alv-αρέτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνώς, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Aivelas, ov, δ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Aivelão or Aivelω. aiveous, εωs, ή, (aivέω) a praising, praise.

aiveτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From αἰνέω: impf. ηνεον, contr. ηνουν, Ion. αἴνεον: fut. -ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. ι ήνησα, Att. ήνέσα, Ion. αίνεσα: pf. Att. ήνεκα: - Mid., aor. ήνεσάμην: - Pass., 20r. I ηνέθην: pf. ηνημαι:—properly to tell or speak of (cf. alvos); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise, approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recom-3. like ἀγαπάω, to be content with, acquimend. 4. to decline courteously, like Lat. lauesce in. dare. II. to promise or vow.

AI'NH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = alvos, praise, fame.

αίνημι, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

aivnou, Ion. for aivais, dat. pl. of aivos.

αίνητός, ή, όν, poet. for αίνετός.

αίνιγμα, ατος, τό, (αινίσσομαι) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. δια or έξ αίνιγμάτων in riddles, darkly; also ἐν αἰνίγμασιν.

αίνιγματ-ώδης, εs, (αἴνιγμα, είδος) riddling, dark. αίνιγμός, δ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur, like αἴνιγμα.

aivijouai, Dep. =  $aiv \in \omega$ .

αίνικτήριος, ον, (αινίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ίως, riddlingly.

aivikτόs, ή, όν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from αίνίσσομαι, Att. αίνίττομαι, f. ίξομαι: aor. I ηνιfάμην: Dep.: (alvos):—to speak darkly or in riddles, to bint a thing, give to understand. in pass. sense, aor. I pass. ηνίχθην, pf. ηνιγμαι, to be spoken riddlingly.

aivo-βίas, Ion. aivo-βίης, ου, δ, (aivós, βία) fear-

fully strong.

αίνό-γάμος, ον, (αίνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded. aivóθεν, Adv. of aivós, = ἐξ aivoῦ, in the phrase alvόθεν alvωs, from borror to borror, very borribly. αίνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αίνός, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully enervated.

alvo-λαμπής, ές, (alvós, λάμπω) borrid-gleaming. αίνό-λεκτρος, ον, (αίνός, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

aivo-λέων, οντος, δ, (alvός, λέων) a dreadful lion. aivó-λίνος, ον, (aivós, λίνον) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

aivó-λύκος, ὁ, (aivós, λύκος) a borrible wolf.

aivó-μορος, ον, (aivós, μόρος) doomed to a sad end. aivo-παθής, έs, (aivós, παθείν) suffering dire ills. Aivó-παρις, δ, (aivós, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp. Δύσπαρις.

αίνο-πατήρ, έρος, δ, (αινός, πατήρ) unbappy father. AI'NOΣ, ό, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν alvov to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally, a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said to one's praise, praise.

**ΑΙΝΟ΄Σ**, ή, όν, Ep. word = δεινόs, dread, dire: of persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:-neut. pl. alvá as Adv. terribly; Sup. αινότατον, most terribly.

αίνο-τόκεια, ή, as fem. Adj. (αίνός, τόκος) unbappy in giving birth, unbappy in being a mother.

αίνο-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνόε, τύραννοε) dreadful tyrant. AI'NYMAI, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and impf. without augm., like αίρω, άρνυμαι, to take, lay bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

aivas. Adv. of aivos, terribly, i. e. very much, exceedingly; αίνως πικρός terribly bitter.

αίξ, αίγός, δ, ή, dat. pl. αίγεσιν, (άίσσω) a goat; αξε άγρία or ἄγριος, the chamois; αξε ξαλος άγρία, the ibex.

άίξασκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of άίσσω.

άξω, fut, of άίσσω.

Al'O' $\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to change in colour or bue; ὄμφακεε αἰόλλονται the grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

aioλο-βρόντης, ου, δ, (alόλος, βροντή) wielder of forked lightning.

aloλο-θώρηξ, ηκος, ό, (alόλος, θώρηζ) with gleaming breastolate.

aioλό-μητις, ιος, δ, ή, (αἰύλος, μῆτις) full of various wiles.

aioλο-μίτρης, ου, δ, (αίόλος, μίτρα) with gleaming belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. αἰολοθώρηξ. II. with variegated turban.

αίολό-πωλος, ον, (αίόλος, πῶλος) with quick-moving

AI'O' $\Lambda$ O $\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , quick-moving, rapid: of worms, wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, ma-II. changeful of bue, gleaming, nageable. glancing; αἰόλη νύξ spangled night; αἰόλη σάρξ flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Alohos, ov, o, Aeolus, the god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

aloλό-στομος, ον, (alόλος, στόμα) of various meaning, riddling.

αιολό-χρωε, χρωτοε, δ, ή, (αιόλοε, χρώε) with spangled skin.

aόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of hιών.

almetvos, ή, όν, (almús) bigh, lofty, of cities on heights: metaph. lofty, bigb-flown. 2. steep, bard to climb.

aiπήτις, εσσα, εν, poët, for aiπεινός.

aiπολέω, f. ήσω, (aiπόλοs) to be a goatherd:—Pass. to feed, browse.

alπολικόs, ή, όν, (alπόλοs) of or for goatherds. alπόλιον, τό, (alπόλοs) a herd of goats. II. a goat-pasture.

al-móλos, for alyo-móλos,  $\delta$ , (alf, πολέω) a goatherd. Al'ΠΟΣ, εοs, τό, a height, a steep; πρὸs alπos up-hill.

Al'ΠΟ'Σ, ή, όν, Ep. for almús, bigb, lofty, of cities: almà βέεθρα rapid torrents

αἰπὖ-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰπύς, μῆτις) with bigh thoughts.
αἰπύ-νωτος, ον, (αἰπύς, νῶτος) high-backed, on a

bigb ridge. [v]

AIHΥΣ, εία, ψ, bigb and steep, of cities on steep rocks; βρόχος alπύς a noose banging straight down.
2. beadlong; alπὺς ὅλεθρος sbeer, utter destruction; alπὺς χύλος towering wrath.
3. metaph. bard, difficult; alπύ οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be bard work for him.

αἰρέσιμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.

αιρέσιε, εωε, ή, (αίρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of a town. II. (αίρέομαι) a taking for oneself, choosing, choice; αίρεσιν διδόναι to give choice; αίρεσιν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan, purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3. a heresy.

alpeτέον, verb. Adj. of alpέω, one must take or eboose.

II. alpeτέοs, a, ov, desirable.

alperiζω, f. ίσω, (alpέω) to choose. II. to belong to a sect.

alpετικός, ή, όν, (alpέω) able to choose. 2. heretical.

alpeτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of alpéω, that may be taken or conquered.

II. (alpéoμαι) to be chosen, preferable, desirable.

2. chosen, elected.

ΑΙΡΕ΄Ω: impf. ηρεον, Ion. αῖρεον: fut. αἰρήσω: pf. ηρηκα, Ion. ἀραίρηκα: Ion. plqpf. ἀραιρήκεα.— Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: αοτ. Ι ηρησάμην.—Pass., fut. αἰρεθήσομαι, also ηρήσομαι: αοτ. Ι ηρέθην: pf. ηρημαι: plqpf. ηρήμην.—Also from the root \*ΕΛΩ, αοτ. α εἶλον, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλεσκε, inf. ἐλεῖν: fut. med. ἐλοῦμαι: αοτ. 2 εἰλόμην: Ερ. 3 sing. γέντο, for ἔλετο: rarely αοτ. 1 εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer, overpower, seize: to kill. 2. to catch, take: to win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. δ λόγοs alpεί, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III. to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. alpέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take to oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer one thing to another: also μάλλον alpείσθαι to choose in preference, Lat. potius malle.

2. to choose by vote, elect to an office.

"A-"pos, o, "Ipos "A-"pos, Irus unbappy Irus.

AI'PΩ, Att. for ἀείρω: f. ἀρῶ [ἄ]: aor. ἢρα, imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἀραι: pf. ἢρκα.—Med., impf. ἢρόμην: fut. ἀροῦμαι [ἄ]: aor. 1 ἢράμην: aor. 2 ἢρόμην, Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἤρθην: pf. ἢρμαι.

Act. to raise, raise of lift up, to carry; αἴρειν πόδα to walk; αἴρ. σημεῖον to boist a signal; αἰρειν ναῦε to get ships under way: hence 2. intrais. to get under way, start, set out; αἴρειν ταῖε νανσίν to set sail; αἴρειν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt, αἵρειν θυμόν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a beight, increase. III. to lyft and take away, to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to earry off, win, gain. 11. to take upon oneself, undergo, bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound, αίρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

Al ΣΑ, ή, as pr. n., like Moîpa, the goddess of fate, Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of a god; Διὸε alσa the fate decreed by Jove. 2. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακη αίση by ill luck:—one's sbare or lot in a thing; ληίδοε alσa one's sbare of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' alσαν, like κατὰ μοῦραν, fittingly, rightly.

aiσθάνομα, impf. ήσθανόμην: fut. aiσθήσομα: aor. 2 ήσθόμην, later aor. 1 ήσθησάμην: Dep.: (άτω, άίσθω):—to perceive or apprebend by the senses, and therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, sometimes to bear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

aισθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

αισθησις, εως, η, (αlσθάνομαι) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αίσθησιν έχειν to bave perception of a thing; αίσθησιν παρέχειν to give the means of perception.

II. in plur. the senses.

III. like αισθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense. αἰσθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives. αἰσθητικός, ή, όν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of perception, perceptive.

2. pass. perceptible.

aiσθητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of alσθάνομαι, perceived by the senses, sensible.

ἀτοθω, (\*ἄω, ἄημι) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro; θυμὸν ἄϊσθε he was giving up the ghost, was expiring. alouμla, ή, happiness. From

aισιμος, ον, 2150 η, ον, (alσa) Lat. fatalis, appointed by fate, fated, destined; αίσιμον ημαρ the fated day, i. e. the day of death.

II. agreeable to fate, meet, right; αίσιμα είδω knowing what is right and proper.

aloros, ov, also a, ov, (aloa) boding well, lucky, bappy: opportune.

d-tros, ov. (a privat., loos) = dv-100s, unlike, un-

equal.

AI'ΣΣΩ, Att. ἀσσω or ζττω: impſ. ἥισσον, Att. భξω: aor. ἤιξα, Att. ἦξαν: lon. ἀἰσσεσκον: fut. ἀἰξω, Att. ἤξω: aor. ἤιξα, Ion. ἀἰξασκον.—Med., aor. I ἢιξάμην.—Pass., aor. ἡιχθην, Ion. ἀἰχθην:—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Lat. ruere, impetu ferri:—so also in aor. I med. ἀἰξασθαι, and in aor. I pass. ἀχθῆναι.

2. later, to be eager after.

II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [ā in Homer: in Trag. ἀ when trisyll.]

d-to-ros, Att. αίστος, ον, (a privat., lδεûν) unseen, unknown, not to be seen and beard: hence vanished, destroyed: see ἀίδηλος.

II. act. not seeing or

knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

αιστόω, Att. αιστόω: f. ώσω: aor. 1 ήθστωσα, Att. ήστωσα. — Pass., aor. 1 ήθστώθην, Ion. ἀιστώθην ; (διστος):—to make unseen, to destroy: to slay, kill. αιστωρ, opos, δ, ή, (δ-σοs) unknowing, inexperienced.

άιστώσειαν, 3 pl. 20r. I opt. of ἀιστόω.

aιστλοs, ον, opp. to aισιμοs, unseemly, evil, impious. (Deriv. uncertain.)

alσυμνάω, f. ήσω, (alσά) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

alσυμνήτης, ov, δ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people: a president, manager.

aiσχίων, ον, gen. ονοs, and aἴσχιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of αἰσχρός, formed from αἶσχος.

AI ΣΧΟΣ, εοε, τό, shame, disgrace. II. ugli-

ness or deformity.

αἰσχρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αἶσχος) sbameful. αἰσχροκέρδεια, ἡ, sordid love of gain. From αἰσχρο-κερδής, ές, (αἰσχρός, κέρδος) sordidly greedy of gain, covetous. Adv. -δως.

alσχρολογία, ή, foul language, abuse. From alσχρο-λόγος, ον, (alσχρός, λέγω) foul-mouthed, abusive.

aiσχρό-μητιε, ιοε, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (alσχρόε, μ $\hat{\eta}$ τιε) forming base designs.

αίσχρο-ποιός, όν, (αἰσχρός, ποιέω) acting shamefully.

aloχρόs, ά, όν, also όε, όν, (aloχοε) in Homer causing shame, disgracing; aloχρά έπεα abusive words. II. opp. to καλόε: I. ugly, ill-favoured. 2. in moral sense, shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous; τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ aloχρόν, Lat. bonestum et turpe, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. aloχρότεροε, aloχρότατοε, the forms aloχίων, αlοχιστοε are used. Hence

αίσχρότης, ητος, ή, ugliness. 2. sbame, infamy. αίσχρουργία, ή, contr. for αίσχροεργία, (αίσχρός,

**έργον) lewd conduct.** 

αίσχρως, Adv. of αίσχρός, shamefully. αίσχυνθήναι, 201. 1 pass. inf. of αίσχύνω. aiσχύνη, ή, (alσχος) shame done one, disgrace, disbonour. II. shame for an ill deed, Lat. pudor: generally, shame, the sense of shame. [v̄]

alσχυντέον, verb. Adj. of alσχύνομαι, one must be asbamed.

alσχυντηλόs, ή, όν, (alσχύνομαι) bashful, modest.
alσχυντήρ, ηροε, δ, (alσχύνω) a dishonourer, a

αἰσχυντηρός, ά, όν, = αἰσχυντηλός, basbful.

aἰσχύνω: f. ὄνῶ, Ion. ὄνέω: aor. I ἤσχῦνα: pf. ἤσχῦνα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, alσχῦνοῦμαι; also alσχυνθήσομαι: aor. ήσχύνθην: pf. ήσχυμαι: (alσχοε):—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2. to disgrace, disbonour, tarnish, γένος alσχυνέμεν.

II. Pass. to be asbamed, feel sbame: but more freq. to be asbamed at a thing, c. acc. rei: also c. acc. pers. to feel sbame before one: c. part. to be asbamed at doing a thing: but c. inf. to be asbamed to do a thing.

AITE: Ω: impf. ήτεον, Ion. αἴτεον: fut. αἰτήσω: aor. I ήτησα; pf. ήτηκα:—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something; δδὸν αἰτεῖν to beg leave to depart: c. acc. pers. to ask a person; αἰτ. τινά τι to ask a person for a thing; c. inf. to ask on to do:—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. vindicare sibi:—Pass. to bave a thing begged of one.

αίτημα, ατος, τό, (αιτέω) that which is asked, a re-

quest, demand.

αίτημι, Acol. for αἰτέω.

άττης, ου, Dor. άττας, α or εω, ό, a favourite. αίτησυς, εως, ή, (αίτέω) a request, demand. αίτητέον, verb. Adj. of αίτέω, one must ask. αίτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αίτέω, asked for, verged.

begged.

AITI'A, ή, a cause, origin, ground, occasion; altían παρέχειν to give occasion.

II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault, Lat. crimen: remonstrance, expostulation with a friend; alτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. crimen babere, to be accused; alτίαν ὑπέχειν to lie under a charge; ἐν alτία ἔχειν to hold guilty; τὴν alτίαν ἐπιφέρειν τινί to impute the fault to one, ἀπολύειν τινὰ τῆς alτίαs to acquit of guilt.

αιτιάασθαι. Ep. pres. inf. of αιτιάομαι.

airiáζομαι, Pass. (alτία) to be charged or accused. airiāμα, ατος, τό, a charge, guilt imputed. From airiáoμαι, f. άσομαι [ā]: 20τ. Ι ήτιᾶσάμην, Ion. alτιησάμην: (alτία): I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion: esp. of a fault: to charge, accuse, blame; alτιᾶσθαί τινά τινος to accuse of a thing. II. as Pass. in fut. alτιᾶθήσομαι, 20τ. Ι ήτιάθην, perf. ήτίαμαι:—to be accused. Hence

alτίδισις, εωε, ή, a complaint, accusation.

airiārēov, verb. Adj. of alriáoμai, one must accuse. alriζω, (alréω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei: c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

altiov, to, neut. of altios, = altia, a cause.

altios, a, ov, more rarely os, ov, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—\delta alticos, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—\tau\delta altico the cause of a thing.

αίτιόωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αlτιάομαι.

αἰτιόφο, αἰτιόφτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing pres. opt. of αἰτιάομαι.

αίτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of αlτίζω.

Airvaîos, a, ov, of or belonging to Etna: of a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

ΑΙ'ΦΝΗΣ, Adv. = ἄφνω, ἄφνωs, on a sudden.

Hence alφνίδιος, ov, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. -δίως,

2lso -διον, suddenly.

άῖχθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of  $\dot{a}$ lσσω.

ἀιχθήτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of άlσσω.

alχμάζω, f. άσω: 201. 1 ήχμασα: (alχμή):-to throw the spear, to fight with the spear.

II. to arm with the spear.

αἰχμαλωσία, ἡ, (αἰχμάλωτος) captivity.
a body of captives.

αλχμάλωτεύω, f. εύσω, (αλχμάλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμάλωτίζω, f. ίσω, = αἰχμαλωτεύω: — also Dep. αἰχμάλωτίζομαι in same sense: fut. ίσομαι: aor. I ηχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ηχμαλώτισμαι.

αίχμαλωτικός, ή, όν, (αίχμάλωτος) befitting a prisoner

αίχμαλωτίς, ίδος, ή, a captive woman. From

αίχμαλωτις, 1005, η, a capitie woman. From aiχμαλωτος, ον, (aίχμή, άλωτός) taken by the spear or in war; of aίχμάλωτοι prisoners of war; τα αίχμάλωτα booty.

alχμή, ή, (ἀΐσσω) the point of a spear, l.at. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2. as collective noun a body of spearmen, as ἀσπίs a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

alχμήεις, εσσα, εν, (alχμή) armed with the spear. alχμητά, δ, Ep. for alχμητής.

αίχμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (αἰχμή) a spearman, warrior.

as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem alχμητις, ιδος.
αίχμο-φόρος, ον, (αίχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

ATYA, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αίψηρο-κέλευθος, ον, (αίψηρός, κέλευθος) swiftspeeding.

aiψηρόs, ά, όν, (alψa) quick, speedy, sudden.

'AI'  $\Omega$ , used only in pres. and impf.  $\tilde{\alpha}iov$ , to perceive, become aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

'AI' $\Omega$  [ā'], used only in impf.  $\tilde{\alpha}$ iov [ā], =  $\tilde{\alpha}\eta\mu$ , to breathe. 2. =  $\tilde{\alpha}$ io $\theta\omega$ , to breathe out, expire;  $\phi$ iλον  $\tilde{\alpha}$ iov  $\tilde{\eta}$ τορ I breathed out my life.

άιων, όνος, ή, Dor. for ζιών. [at]

AIΩN, ωνος, δ, also ή, sometimes with shortened with the acc. alω:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of άκαμα time, a lifetime, life.

2. of longer periods, an in fight.

age, generation, period.

space of time, eternity.

3. an infinitely long
II. one's age or time
of life.

aίωνιος, ον, also a, ον, lasting, eternal.

alώpa, ή, (ἀείρω) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs.

II. a bovering in air, oscillation.

alwpéw, f. ήσω, (ἀείρω) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving.

II. more freq. in Pass. alwpéoμau, aor. I ἡωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, bover or flit about.

2. metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but alwpείσθαι ἔν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo; alwpείσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

alώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is hung up: a hanging cord or halter.

II. a heing hung up, hover-

ing: a hanging.

αίώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αίωρεω, bovering.

ἀκᾶ, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκήν, softly, gently.

'Ακαδήμεια, ή, also written 'Ακαδημία [i], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

άκαθαρσία, ή, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

άκαθάρτης, ητοs,  $\dot{η}$ , = foreg.

ά-κάθαρτος, ον, (a privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, (ἄκαιρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

άκαιρία, ή, (ἄκαιρος) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness.

II. importunity.

ά-καιρος, ov, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed; ès ἄκαιρα πονεῖν, Lat. operam perdere: — Adv. -pas. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus: ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ά-κάκης, εs, poet. for ἄκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἄκακος, benignant, gracious.

aκaκία, ή, guilelessness. From

ű-κάκος, ον, without eul, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κως.

άκαλανθίς, ίδος, ή, the goldfinch.

ἀκάλορ-ρείτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing.
'ΑΚΑΛΗ'ΦΗ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as
of a nettle, [ἄκἄ]

ά-καλλήs, έs, gen. έοs, (a privat., κάλλοs) without charms.

coarms. ἀ-καλλιέρητο**s**, ον, (α privat., καλλιερέω) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ά-καλλώπιστος, ον, (a privat., καλλωπίζω) unadorned.

ά-κάλυπτος, ον, (a privat., καλύπτω) uncovered. ά-κάλυφής, έε, = ἀκάλυπτοε.

άκαμαντο-λόγχης, ου, δ, (άκάμας, λόγχη) unwearied with the spear.

ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, ου, δ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearied in fight.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, | πούε) untiring of foot.

άκαμαντο-χάρμας, δ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ά-κάμας, αντος, δ, (a privat., καμείν) untiring, unresting. [Ka]

ά-κάματος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting :- neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

**α-καμπτος**, ον, (α privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:-II. unbending, from which none can return. inexorable.

άκανθα, ης, ή, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickle: hence ı. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree. the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a

 $\dot{a}$   $\dot{a}$   $\dot{v}$   $\dot{\theta}$   $\dot{v}$   $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot$ 

thorny or difficult question. of the thorn-tree (ἄκανθα).

άκανθίς, ίδος, ή, (άκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. fringilla spinus. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

άκανθο-βάτης, ου,  $\delta$ , fem. -βάτις,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἄκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

ἀκανθο-λόγος, ον, (ἄκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out tborny questions, wrangling.

"AKANΘΟΣ, ή, Lat. acanthus, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκανθ-ώδης, εε, gen. εος, (ἄκανθα, είδος) full of tborns, tborny.

ά-κάπνιστος, ον, (a privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked. **α-καπνος**, ον, (α privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ά-κάρδιος, ον, (a privat., καρδία) wanting the beart: metaph. beartless, Lat. excors.

ά-κάρηνος, ον, (a privat., κάρηνον) beadless.

ά-καρήs, έs, (a privat., καρηναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, ακαρές a moment, εν ακαρεί χρύνου in a moment of time; ἀκαρῆ διαλιπών (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; où d' drapfi not a bit: - but also of things, akapés a morsel.

a-καριαίος, α, ον, (άκαρής) momentary, brief. άκαρπία, ή, (άκαρπος) unfruitfulness.

ά-κάρπιστος, ον, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκάρπω-Tos, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

a-καρπος, ov, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πωs.

ά-κάρπωτος, ον, (a privat., καρπόω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled. ακασκα, (dκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

άκασκαῖος, a, ov, gentle, delicate.

ά-κατάβλητος, ον, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ά-κατάγνωστος, ον, (a privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ά-κατακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ά-κατάκρίτος, ον, (a privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

ά-κατάληκτος, ον, (a privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ά-κατάληπτος, ον, (a privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ά-κατάλλακτος, ον, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τωs.

ά-κατάλυτος, ον, (a privat., καταλύω) indissoluble. ά-καταμάχητος, ον, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ά-κατανόητος, ον, (a privat., κατανοέω) inconceiv-

able.

ά-κατάπαυστος, ον, (a privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing. άκαταστάσία, ή, a state of disorder, anarchy, con-II. fusion. From

ά-κατάστάτος, ον, (a privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle: - Adv., ἀκαταστάτωs έχειν to be unstable.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κατάσχετος,  $o\nu$ , (a privat.,  $\kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ ) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τωs.

ά-καταφρόνητος, ον, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. haud spernendus.

άκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἄκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. actuaria. II. a small sail.

"AKATO∑, ħ, a light vessel, Lat. actuaria: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [ăkă]

ά-καυστος, ον, (a privat., καίω) unburnt. άκαχείατο or -ήατο, Ep. for ήκάχηντο, 3 pl. plqpf.

pass. of dx \( \epsilon \). ἀκαχήσω, redupl. fut. of ἀχίω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. ι of ἀχέω. άκαχησθαι, άκαχήμενος. Ep. for ήκαχησθαι, ήκαχημένοs, inf. and part. of ήκάχημαι, redupl pr. pass.

άκάχηται, redupl. 2 or. 2 med. subj. of  $\dot{a}\chi\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,

άκαχίζω, redupl. from άχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

άκαχμένος, η, ον, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from \*ano to sharpen, but with no verb

άκάχοιτο, redupl. 2 or. 2 med. opt. of  $\dot{a}\chi\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ . άκάχοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχοντο, 1edupl. 20r. 2 med. of dyéw.

άκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

άκειρε-κόμας, ου, ό, = άκερσεκόμης.

ing no spur.

ά-κέλευστος, ον, (a privat., κελεύω) unbidden. ά-κέντητος, ον, (a privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, need-

ά-κεντρος, ον, (a privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ακέσμαι: Ep impf. ακεόμην: f. ακέσομαι, Ep. ακέσσομαι, Att. ἀκοθμαι: 201. ι ήκεσάμην, Ep. imper. ἄκεσσαι: Dep.: (ἄκοι):—to beal, cure 3. generally, to amend, stanch, quench, δίψαν. repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ά-κέραιος, ον, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat, integer. II. unbarmed, unravaged, of countries: generally, unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.

**ά-κέραστος**, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed.

pure from a thing.

ά-κέρατος, ον, (a privat., κέρας) without borns.

ά-κεραύνωτος, ον, (α privat., κεραυνόω) not struck by lightning.

άκερδεια, ή, (ἀκερδήs) want of gain, loss. From ά-κερδήs, és, (a privat., κέρδοs) without gain, bringing loss. Adv. -δωs, gratis.

άκέρκιστος, ον, (a privat., κερκίζω) unwoven.

ά-κερσε-κόμης, ου, ό, (α privat., κείρω, κόμη) with unsborn bair, epith. of Apollo: also ever-young, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ά-κερωs, ων, gen. ω, and ά-κέρωτος, ον, = ἀκέρατος. άκέσασθε, aor. I imperat. of ἀκέομαι.

άκεσί-νοσος, Ερ. άκεσσί-, ον, (άκέομαι, νόσος) bealing disease.

άκεσις, εως, ή, (ἀκέομαι) a bealing, cure, remedy. ἄκεσμα, τό, (ἀκέομαι) a remedy, cure.

άκέσομαι, fut. of άκέομαι.

άκεσσ-, for words so beginning, v. sub άκεσ-.

άκεστήρ, ήρος, δ, (ἀκέομαι) a healer, restorer, physician; ἀκεστήρ χαλινός the rein that tames the steed. άκεστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\dot{a}$ κεστήρ: a mender of torn clothes. άκεστορία, ή, (ἀκέστωρ) the healing art.

άκεστός, ή, όν, (ἀκέομαι) curable: easy to be cheered or revived.

ἄκεστρα, ή, (ἀκέομαι) a darning-needle.

άκέστρια, ή, fem. of άκεστής, a sempstress. άκεστρον, τό, (ἀκέομαι) a remedy.

άκεστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for άκεσις.

άκέστωρ, opos, δ, (ἀκέομαι) a bealer, saviour. άκεσ-φόρος, ον, (άκος, φέρω) bringing a cure,

άκεσ-ώδυνος, ον, (άκεομαι, όδύνη) allaying pain. ά-κέφαλος, ον, (a privat., κεφαλή) without a bead:

without beginning.

ἀκέων, ἀκέουσα, (ἀκήν) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. stilly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκέων δαίνυσθε feast ye in silence:—the dual ἀκέοντε occurs once, the plur, form never. Although fem. ἀκέουσα is found, yet  $d\kappa \ell \omega \nu$  stands also with the fem., as  $A\theta \eta$ ναίη ακέων ήν.

'AKH', n, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: point, edge, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωκή, ἀκμή, αἰχμή, ἀκόνη, акроs, and Lat. acies, acuo). 2. silence, (whence άκήν, άκέων, άκᾶ, ἄκασκα). 3. bealing, (whence

ἀκέομαι).

ά-κήδεστος, ον, (a privat., κηδέω) uncared for, unbeeded: without funeral rites, unburied. Hence

άκηδέστως, Adv. of ἀκήδεστος, but in act. sense, without beed for any one, remorselessly.

ακηδέω, f. ήσω: 20τ. ι ήκήδησα, Ep. ακήδεσα:--to neglect, slight, c. gen. From

ά-κηδής, ές, (α privat., κήδος) pass, uncared for: the stings of desires. [4]

unburied. II. act. without care or sorrow, Lat. securus. 2. beedless, careless. ἀκήκοα, pf. med. of ἀκούω.

ά-κήλητος, ον, (α privat., κηλέω) to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.

ακημα,  $\tau \delta$ , = ακεσμα, α cure, remedy.

άκήν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. stilly, softly, silently.

ά-κηράσιος, ον, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure,

ά-κήρ**ἄτος**, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:-c. gen. pure from, free from taint of-II. unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.

ά-κήριοs, ον, (a privat., κήρ) unbarmed by the fates, uninjured. II. act. unbarming, barmless.

ά-κήριος, ον, (a privat., κήρ) without beart or soul, II. without beart or courage, beartless, lifeless spiritless, Lat. vecors.

άκηρότατος, Ep. for άκηρατώτατος, Sup. of άκηρατος. άκηρυκτεί and άκηρυκτί, Adv. without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce. From

ά-κήρυκτος, ον, (a privat., κηρύσσω) unannounced: unproclaimed; ἀκήρυκτος πύλεμος a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable. 2. inglorious, unknown. unbeard of, sending no tidings. Hence

άκηρύκτως, Adv = άκηρυκτί.

ά-κήρωτος, ον, (a privat., κηρόω) not covered with wax, unwaxed.

άκηχέδαται or άκηχέαται, Ep. for ήκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl, pf. pass, of ἀχέω.

άκηχέμενος. Ep. for άκαχημένος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ά-κίβδηλος, ον, (a privat., κίβδηλος) unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, bonest.

ακιδνος, η, ον, weak, feeble, faint, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνότερος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ά-κίθαρις, ι, gen. ιος, (α privat., κιθάρα) without the barp.

άκικυς, vos, ό, ή, (a privat., κίκυς) powerless, feeble. άκινάκης, ου, or εος, δ, Lat. acinăces, a Persian word, a sbort sword.

ά-κίνδυνοs, ov, without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly. Adv. -vos.

ά-κίνητος, ον, rarely η, ον, (α privat., κινέω) unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggisb. 2. unal-II. immovable, bard to tered, settled, steady. 2. not to be stirred or touched, inviolable, like Lat, non movendus: not to be divulged. [1]

d-klos, ov, (a privat., kis) without worms, not wormeaten, sound: Sup. ariwtatos.

 $\dot{\alpha}$   $\kappa$   $\dot{\alpha}$   $\dot{\alpha$ 

άκίς, ίδος, ή, (ἀκή, Lat. acies) a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting; πόθων ακίδες

**ά-κίχητος**, ον, (a privat., κιχάνω) not to be reached, unattainable: of persons, not to be reached by prayer, inexorable.

άκκίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκκώ) to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness: generally, to dissemble.

άκκώ, ή, a bugbear: acc. to others a vain woman. άκλάρωτος. Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

**α-κλαστος**, ον, (α privat., κλάω) unbroken.

**ἄ-κλαυστος** or **ἄ-κλαυτος**, ον, (α privat., κλαίω) pass. unwept: without lamentation. II. act. unweeping, tearless.

ά-κλεής, ές, gen. έος: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῆ, poët. ἀκλέα: (a privat., κλέος): - without fame, inglorious, ignoble: neut. ἀκλεέs as Adv. ingloriously.

ά-κλεία, ή, (ά-κλεήs) ingloriousness.

ά-κλειής, ές, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειως. **ἄ-κλειστος,** ον, Ιοη. **ἀ-κλήϊστος**, Att. contr. **ἄ-κλη**στος, (a privat., κλείω): not sbut, not bolted or fas-

tened. άκλεως, Adv. of ἀκλεής, ingloriously.

ά-κληής, έs, poet, for ἀκλεής

άκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἄκλειστος.

**ἄ-κληρος, ον, without lot or portion, poor, needy.** without lot or share in a thing, c. gen. II. unallotted, without an owner.

ά-κλήρωτος, ον, (a privat., κληρόω) without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.

άκληστος, ον. Att. for άκλειστος.

α-κλητος, ον, (a privat., καλέω) uncalled, unbidden. ά-κλίνής, ές, (a privat., κλϊνήναι) bending to neither side: unswerving, stedfast.

**α-κλυστος**, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κλύζω) unwashed by waves.

άκμάζω, f. άσω, (άκμή) to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection: hence to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτω, etc.: c. inf. to be strong enough to do; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., it is high time to do.

άκμαῖος, a, ον, (ἀκμή) in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous; ἀκμαῖοι φύσιν in the prime of strength. II. in time, in season, Lat. opportunus. ἀκμή, ή, (ἀκή, Lat. acies) a point, edge; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆs on the rasor's edge, i. e. at the critical moment; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί. 2. the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime, esp. of man's age, άκμη ήβηs, Lat. flos aetatis; άκμη θέρουs mid-summer :- generally, strength, vigour. 3. like καιρύε, the time, i.e. the best, most fitting time; ἀκμή [ἐστι], c. inf., 'tis bigh time to do; ἐπ' ἀκμῆε είναι, c. inf., to be on the point of doing.

άκμήν, properly acc. of άκμή, but used as Adv. in a moment, directly: even now, still, like Eti.

άκμηνός, ή, όν, (ἀκμή) full-grown, in full vigour. άκμηνος, ον, fasting from food. (Deriv. uncertain.)  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κμής,  $\dot{\eta}$ τος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat., κάμνω) =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ κάμας,  $\mathbf{u}$ ηtiring, fresb.

**α-κμητος**, ον, (a privat., κάμνω) unwearied, untiring.

άκμό-θετον, τό, (άκμων, τίθημι) the anvil-block. "AKMΩN, ovos, o, an anvil, Lat. incus.

α-κνισσος or rather α-κνίσος, ον, (α privat., κνίσα) without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice.

άκοή, Ερ. άκουή, ή, (ἀκούω) bearing: sense of bearing: the ear; esp. in plur., akoaîs déχεσθαι to hear, etc. II. a bearing, listening to; ἀκοῆs ἄξιος worth bearing. III. the thing beard, a report, saying, fame; akon elbévai ti to know a thing by bearsay.

ά-κοίμητος, ον, (α privat., κοιμάομαι) sleepless.

ά-κοινώνητος, ον, (a privat., κοινωνέω) not shared in common. II. act. not sharing in, not partaking of: hence unsocial.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κοίτης, ου,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , ( $\mathbf{a} = \ddot{\mathbf{a}}\mu\mathbf{a}$ , κοίτη) a bedfellow, spouse, busband: fem. α-κοιτις, ιος, ή, a wife.

ά-κολάκευτος, ον, (α privat., κολακεύω) not flattered, not won by flattery.

ἀκολάσία, ή, (ἀκόλαστοι) licentiousness, intemperance: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη. άκολασταίνω, (άκύλαστος) to be licentious, de-

bauched, intemperate: to live a riotous life. ά-κόλαστος, ον, (a privat., κολά(ω) Lat. non castigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled · also uneducated. 2. intemperate, opp. to σώφρων.

Hence

ἀκολάστως, Adv. intemperately: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως έχειν πρός τι to be too intemperate in a thing. ā-κολος, ου, ὁ, (a privat., κόλον) a bit, morsel. ἀκολουθέω, f. ήσω, (ἀκύλουθος) to follow, go after or with. II. metaph. to follow or obey one in a

thing. Hence άκολούθησις, εως, ή, a following, sequence.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθέω, one must follow.

ἀκολουθία, ή, (ἀκολουθέω) a following, attendance, train. II. agreement or conformity with.

ά-κόλουθος, ον, (a copul., κέλευθος) following, attending on:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, δ, a follower, attendant; of ἀκόλουθοι the camp followers. following after; agreeing with, suitable to, like, c. gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. -θωs, in accordance with, c. dat.

ά-κόλυμβοs, ov, unable to swim.

ά-κομιστία, Ep. -ίη [ī], ή, want of tending. From ά-κόμιστος, ον, (a privat., κομίζω) untended.

ά-κομος, ον, (a privat., κόμη) without bair, bald: of trees, leafless.

ά-κόμπαστος, ον, (a privat., κομπάζω) unboastful. a-κομπος, ov, without boast, unboasting.

а-конфоs, ov, unadorned, simple, plain, Lat. simplex. II. rude in speech.

ἀκονάω, f. ήσω, (ἀκονή) to sbarpen, whet.

ά-κόνδύλος, ον, (a privat., κονδύλη) without blows. άκονη, ή, (ἀκή) a whetstone, hone, Lat. cos.

ά-κονίτί, Adv. of ἀκόνιτος, (α privat., κονίω) without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil, or effort, Lat. sine pulvere.

άκόνιτον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monksbood. άκοντι, later form for άξκοντι.

άκοντίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιω: 201. Ι ήκύντισα, Εp. ἀκόντισα: (ἄκων).—to burl a javelin: also to tbrow, fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc. pers. to bit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and Pass, to be so bit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or pierce.

άκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἄκων, a dart, javelin.

ἀκόντζοις, ή, (ἀκοντίζω) the throwing a javelin. άκόντισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίζω) that which is darted, a javelin; έντος ἀκοντίσματος within a dart's throw.

άκοντιστήρ, ηρος, δ, and άκοντιστής, οῦ, δ, (άκοντίζω) a darter, burler of javelins.

άκοντιστικός, ή, όν, (άκοντίζω) skilled in throwing the dart.

άκοντιστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for ἀκόντισις, the game of the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

άκοντο-δόκος, ον, (άκων, δέχομαι) watching the dart, i. e. sbunning it.

a-κοπος, ov, without weariness: I. pass. unwearied, untiring. II. act. not wearying, easv. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.

άκορέστατος, most shameless, a Sup. either from  $\dot{a}$ -κορή $s = \dot{a}$ κόρεστοs; or shortened for  $\dot{a}$ κορεστότατος, Sup. of ἀκόρεστος, like μέσσατος, νέατος.

ά-κόρεστος, ον, (α privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, unceasing: c. gen. insattate of, unsated with. act. not satiating: not disgusting.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\mathbf{\kappa}\dot{\mathbf{o}}\rho$ e $\mathbf{r}$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $=\dot{\mathbf{a}}\kappa\dot{\mathbf{o}}\rho$ e $\sigma$  $\mathbf{r}$ os.

ά-κόρητος, ον, (α privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c. gen. unsated with, ακ. πολέμου, απειλών. 2. (a privat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.

**α-κορος**, ον, = ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-

less, Lat. improbus.

"AKOΣ, εοs, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, belp, resource for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἄκος τέμνειν to prepare a remedy.

άκοσμέω, f. ήσω, (ἄκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-

ruly: to be out of order, to offend. ά-κόσμητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,

disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished. άκοσμία, ή, disorder: ex!ravagance: unruliness,

offence. From **α-κοσμος**, ov, without order, disorderly: in moral sense, unruly, rebellious: -Adv. - \u00e40s, without order. II. κόσμος ἄκοσμος a world that is no

world, like γάμος ἄγαμος, etc. άκοστάω or άκοστέω, only used in 20r. I part. άκοστήσαs, well-fed, over-fed. From

'AKOΣTH', ή, barley.

άκουάζομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to bearken to, c. to be called, bidden; δαιτός ἀκουάζεσθον ye are bidden to the feast, like καλείσθαι, Lat.

άκουή, ή, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατρόε ἀκουή tidings of his father:—a sound.

ά-κουρος, ον, (a privat., κοῦρος) childless, without male beir. II. (α privat., κουρά) unsborn.

άκούσειαν, Aeol. form of άκούσαιεν, 3 pl. 20r. I opt. of ακούω.

ἀκουσείω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to bear. άκουσί-θεος, ον, (ἀκούω, θεόε) beard of God. άκούσιμος, η, ον, (άκούω) audible.

άκούσιος, ον, Att. contr. for άεκούσιος, unwilling, under constraint: -Adv. -iws, unwillingly, or in an unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most unwillingly.

άκουσμα, τό, (ἀκοίω) a thing beard, a sound, strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [a] Hence

άκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

άκουστέον, also άκουστέα, verb. Adj. of άκούω, one must bear or bearken to, c. gen.

άκουστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

άκουστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, beard, audible: that should be beard.

'ΑΚΟΥ'Ω, f. ἀκούσομαι: aor. I ήκουσα: pf. Att. ἀκήκοα, Dor. ἄκουκα: plapf. ἀκηκόειν, Att. ἀκηκόη: -Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: 20r. 1 ἡκούσθην: pf. ήκουσμαι:—to bear, used both with gen. and acc. 2. absol. to bear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεφ bear, O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c. gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj. or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. malus audire; or with an Adv. εὖ, κακῶs ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire. ακρα, Ion. ακρη, ή, (properly fem. of άκρος) the end, point, esp. the highest point, the top of the bill, peak, beadland: a citadel, Lat. arx:-κατ' ἄκρης πέρθειν, Att. κατ' ἄκραs, to destroy from top to bottom, i.e.

utterly. Lat. funditus evertere. άκράαντος, ον, = ἄκραντος, without result, unfulfilled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.

ά-κράγής, ές, (a privat., κραγείν) not barking.

ἀκραῆ, contr. form of ἀκραέα, acc. masc. of ἀκραήs. άκρ-āήs, έs, (άκροs, ἄημι) of certain winds, blowing strongly, fresb-blowing.

άκραιφνής, ές, contr. from άκεραιο-φανής, (άκέpaios, φανήναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence unbarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing. ά-κραντος, ον, (a privat., κραίνω) unaccomplished, unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

άκρασία, ή, (ἀκρατήs) the character of an ἀκρατήs, incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to έγκράτεια.

ά-κράτεια, ή, earlier form of foreg. [ă] άκρατέστερος, irreg. Comp. of άκρατος.

ά-κράτής, ές, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not baving power or command over a thing; akparns όργηs, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense, without power or command over oneself, incontinent, Lat. impotens sui.

ά-κρατίζομαι, fut. Att. Ιουμαι, Dep. to drink pure wine (акратов, merum). II. to breakfast, because this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence άκράτιστος, ον, baving breakfasted. κρά]

άκρατοποσία, Ion. άκρητοποσίη, ή, a drinking of | fused, disorderly: countless. unmixed wine. From

άκρατο-πότης, ου, Ion. άκρητο-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ά-

κράτος, πίνω) a drinker of unmixed wine.

а-кратов, Ion. а-крутов, оу: Comp. and Sup. dкраτέστερος, -έστατος: (α privat., κεράννυμι):--unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate: esp. of wine, akparos (sub. olvos), &, wine without water, sheer wine, Lat. merum; metaph., akparos vovs pure intel-2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive: intemperate, violent.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κράτωρ, opos,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}_{i} = \dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κρατήs, without control. [κρά] ἀκράτως, Adv. of ἀκρατής, without control; ἀκρατώς

Exelv to be incontinent.

άκραχολέω, f. ήσω, to be passionate. From

άκρά-χολος, Jon. άκρή-χολος, ον, (άκρος, χόλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate; κύων ἀκράχολοs an ill-tempered dog. [κρά]

άκρέμων, ονος, δ, (ἄκρος) the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig.

άκρ-έσπερος, ον, (άκρος, έσπέρα) at the beginning of evening, at eventide.

άκρ-ήβης, ες, and άκρ-ηβος, ον, (άκρος, ήβη) in earliest youth, very young.

**α-κρητος**, ον, Ion. for ακρατος, unmixed, pure.

άκρη-χολία, άκρή-χολος, Ion. for άκραχολία, etc. arpus, acc. pl. of arpus.

άκρίβεια, ή, exactness, accuracy, precision: perfection. II. strictness, severity: parsimony, frugality. From

άκριβήs, έs, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous:-also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (άκριβολόγος) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh

accurately. Hence

ακριβολογία, ή, precision of language.

άκριβο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) exact in language.

ἀκριβόω, f. ώσω, (ἀκριβή) to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:-Pass. to be made exact or perfect.

άκριβώs, Adv. of άκριβήs, exactly, accurately, precisely. II. sparingly; ἀκριβῶε καὶ μόλιε, Lat.

vix et ne vix quidem.

dκρίδο-θήκη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{d}$ κρί $\dot{s}$ ,  $\tau$ ίθημι) a locust-cage.

ακρις, ιος, ή, Ion. for ακρα, a bill-top, peak; mostly in pl.. ακριες ήνεμόεσσαι the windy mountain-tops. 'AKPI'Σ, ίδος, ή, a locust, Lat. gryllus.

άκρίσια, ή, (ἄκριτοι) want of distinctness and order, confusion. II. want of judgment.

άκριτό-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἄκριτος, δάκρυ) shedding floods of tears.

άκριτό-μύθος, ον, (άκριτος, μύθος) talking recklessly. II. bard to interpret.

2. lasting, unceasing: of mountains, continuous. undecided, doubtful. 2. unjudged, untried, of persons and things; ἄκριτόν τινα κτείνειν, to put to death without trial, Lat. indicta causa:—also not subject to III. act. not giving judgment. exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

άκριτό-φυλλος, ον, (ἄκριτος, φύλλον) of blended foliage.

ἀκριτό-φυρτος, ον, (ἄκριτος, φύρω) undistinguishably mixed.

άκροάζομαι, Dep. = άκροάομαι.

άκρό αμα, τό, (άκρο άομαι) Lat. acroama, anything heard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or sung: a play or musical piece.

'AKPOA'OMAI: impf. ἡκροώμην: fut. άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ : aor. 1  $\eta$ κρο $\bar{a}\sigma\dot{a}\mu\eta\nu$ : pf.  $\dot{\eta}$ κρό $\bar{a}\mu a\iota$ : Dep.:—to bearken or listen to, esp to bear or attend lectures; ὁ ἀκροώμενος a bearer, student. II. to obey.

άκρόδοις, εως, ή, (ἀκροάομαι) a bearkening or lis-2. obedience. tening to.

άκροατέον, verb. Adj. of ακροάομαι, one must listen to.

ἀκροατήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) a place of audience: lecture-room. II. an audience.

άκροāτής, οῦ, δ, (ἀκροάομαι) a hearer: a pupil. άκροāτικός, ή, όν, (άκροάομαι) proper for bearing οτ attending lectures; μισθός ακροατικός, Lat.bonorarium, a pupil's fee.

άκρο-βάτέω, (ἄκροε, βαίνω) to walk on tiptoe or erect. άκρο-βάφής, έs, (άκρος, βάφηναι) wetted at the II. tinged at the point, or slightly.

άκρο-βελής, έs, (άκρος, βέλος) with a point at the

άκροβολέω, (ἀκροβόλος) to be a slinger, to skirmish. άκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. to throw or strike from afar: to skirmish. Hence

 $\dot{a}$ κροβόλζσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a skirmishing. άκροβολισμός, οῦ, ὁ, = ἀκροβύλισιε. dκροβολιστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , = dκροβ $\delta$ λος.

άκρο-βόλος, ό, (ἄκρος, βαλείν) as Subst. one that throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher: but as Adj. proparox. ἀκρό-βολοs, ον, struck from afar.

άκροβυστία, ή, (άκρόβυστος) uncircumcision. άκρό-βυστος, ον, (άκρος, βύω) uncircumcised.

άκρο-γωνιαίος, ον, (άκρος, γωνία) at the extreme angle; άκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.

άκρό-δετος, ον, (άκρος, δέω) bound at the end or top. ἀκρόδουα, τά, (ἄκρος, δρῦς) fruit-trees. fruits, esp. bard-shelled fruits.

άκρο-έλικτος, ον, (άκρος, έλίσσω) twisted at the end. άκρο-θίγής, ές, (άκρος, θιγείν) touching on the surface or lightly.

άκρό-θίνα, τά, ν. άκρο-θίνιον.

άκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (άκροθίνιον) to take of the best, pick out for oneself.

άκρο-θίνιον, τό, (άκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. άκροd-κρίτος, ον, (a privat., κρίνω) unarranged, con- θίνια, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, the top of the heap, the best or choice parts: hence the first-fruits of the field, | good, excellent; ἄκροι Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί:—properly a neut. Adj. from ακροθίνιος, whence θύη ακροθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θι]

άκρο-κελαινιάω, (άκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part, ακροκελαινιόων, growing black on the surface.

άκρο-κνέφαιος, ον, and άκρο-κνεφής, ές, (άκρος, κνέφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight. άκρό-κομος, ον, (ἄκρος, κόμη) with hair on the II, with leaves at the top. crown.

άκρο-κόρινθος, δ, the citadel of Corinth.

άκρο-κυματόω, f. ώσω, (άκρος, κυμα) to float on the topmost waves.

άκρό-λιθος, ον, (άκρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith, of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

 $\dot{a}$ κρο-λίνιον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{a}$ κρος,  $\lambda \dot{i}$ νον) the edge of a net. άκρο-λογέω, (άκρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

άκρολοφίτης, [i], ov, δ, (ἄκρος, λόφος) a moun-

άκρό-λοφος, δ, (ἄκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge. άκρο-λυτέω, (ἄκρος, λύω) to untre only at the end. άκρο-μάνής, ές, (ἄκρος, μάνηναι) at the height of madness, raving mad.

άκρο-μόλιβδος, ον, (άκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

aκρον, ου, τό, neut. of aκροs, the highest or topmost I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph. the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl. акра, of persons, the chiefs.

άκρ-ονυχί, Adv. (άκρος, όνυξ) with the edge of the

 $\dot{\alpha}\kappa\rho$ - $\dot{\alpha}\nu\dot{\nu}\chi os$ , ov,  $(\ddot{\alpha}\kappa\rho os$ ,  $\ddot{o}\nu v\dot{\xi}) = \dot{\alpha}\kappa\rho\dot{\omega}\nu\nu\chi os$ .

άκρό-νὕχος, ον, (άκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

άκρο-πενθής, ές, (άκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

άκρο-ποδητί, Adv. (ἄκρος, πούς) on tiptoe, stealthily. ἀκρό-πολις, εως, ή, (ἄκρος, πύλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle: in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury. II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

άκρο-πόλος, ον, (ἄκρος, πο\έω) high-ranging: generally, high.

άκρο-πόρος, ον, (άκρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

άκρό-πτερον, τό, (άκρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing. άκρό-πτολις, ή, poet. for άκρόπολις.

άκρος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\kappa\dot{\eta})$  at the end, i.e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus; ἄκρα χείρ, ἄκροι πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc.;  $\pi$ όλις ἄκρη = dκρό $\pi$ ολις, the citadel; ὕδωρ ἄκρον the surface of the water; so also, ἐπ' ἄκροις (sc. δακτύλοις) on tiptoe; οὐκ ἀπ' ἄκρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i. e. from the inmost heart; ἄκροισι λαίφους κρασπέδοις with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time, ακρα έσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III. of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding, βλητες jutting cliffs.

among the Greeks, the poets; ψυχην οὐκ ἄκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. akpov and akpa, as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly: v. άκρωs.

άκρο-σίδηρος, ον, (άκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod

with iron. άκρό-σοφος, ον, (ἄκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

άκρο-στόλιον, τό, (άκρος, στολή) the gunwale of

άκρο-σφάλής, ές, (άκρος, σφάληναι) apt to stumble. άκροτάτη, fem. Sup. of ἄκρος.

άκρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἄκρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

άκρότης, ητος, ή, (ἄκρος) a summit, height.

άκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From άκρό-τομος, ον, (ἄκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge. άκρ-ουχέω, (άκρον, έχω) to inhabit the heights. άκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἄκρος, φθσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

άκρο-χάνής, ές, (άκρος, χάνειν) wide-yawning.

άκρο-χειρίζομαι, Dep. (άκρος, χείρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

α-κρυπτος, ον, (a privat., κρύπτω) unhidden. ά-κρύσταλλος, ov, without ice, unfrozen.

άκρ-ωλένιον, τό, (άκρος, ωλένη) the point of the elbow.

άκρ-ωνύχία, ή, (άκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail: hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

άκρ-ώνυχος, ον, (άκρος, όνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs. ἀκρ-ώρεια, ή, (ἄκρος, ὅρος) a mountain-ridge.

ακρως, regul. Adv. of ακρος, very, exceedingly.

άκρωτηριάζω, f. σω: aor. Ι ήκρωτηρίασα: pf. pass. ήκρωτηρίασμαι:-to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From

άκρωτήριον, τό, (άκρος) any topmost or prominent part; ἀκρ. οῦρεος a mountain-peak; ἀκρ. νηός a ship's I. in plur. the extremities of the beak, Lat. rostra. body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{k}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{v}\dot{\mathbf{o}}\mathbf{\omega}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{k}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\omega}$ .

άκταίνω, seems to be a strengthd. form of άγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

άκταῖοs, a, ον, (ἀκτή) on the shore of coast. 'Ακταία (sc.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ )  $\hat{\eta}$ , Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also 'Ακτή.

'AKTE'A, n, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ά-κτέανος, ον, (a privat., κτέανον) without property. ά-κτένιστος, ον, (a privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, un-

άκτέον, verb. Adj. of άγω, one must lead: εlρήνην II. intr. one must aktéov one must keep peace. go or march.

ά-κτερέιστος or ά-κτέριστος, ον, (α privat., κτερείζω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

άκτή, ή, (άγνυμι) the place where the waves break, i. e. the beach, sea-shore, strand; in plur., deral upo-2. a tract by the sea.

generally, any raised place or edge, like the sea- δρόμου, the bounding race; by others from αλε, δρόcoast, Lat. ora.

άκτή, ή, (ἄγνυμι) properly fem. of ἀκτόε (broken. bruised), bruised corn, Lat. mola: groats, meal, bread

ά-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κτ $\hat{\eta}$ μα) without property, c. gen., ἀκτήμων χρυσοίο poor in gold.

**δ-κτητος**, ον, (a privat., κτάομαι) not worth getting. ακτίνεσσιν, Ep for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl of ἀκτίε.

άκτινηδόν, (ἀκτίε) Adv. like a ray.

άκτιος, ον, (ἀκτή) of or inhabiting the sea-shore. άκτίς, ενος, ή, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα άκτίε midday: also the flash of fire and lightning: metaph. brightness, splendour. II. like Lat. radius, the spoke of a wheel.

άκτίτης, ου, δ, (άκτή) a dweller on the coast. [t] d-κτίτος, ον, (a privat., κτίζω) uncultivated.

άκτωρ, opos, δ, (άγω) a leader, chief.

ά-κυβέρνητος, ον, (a privat., κυβερνάω) without

pilot, not steered.

'AKΥ'ΛΟΣ, ή, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex. **ἀ-κύμαντος**, ον, (α privat., κῦμαίνω) not washed by the waves, waveless, calm.

 $\mathbf{d}$ -κ $\mathbf{v}$ μος,  $\mathbf{v}$ , =  $\mathbf{d}$ κ $\mathbf{v}$ μαντος: metaph. calm, serene.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat., κῦμ $\mathbf{a}$ ) =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ κύμ $\mathbf{a}$ ν-708. [Ū]

ά-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κυέω) without

fruit or offspring, barren. [v]

d-κυρος, ον, (a privat., κυρος) without author-I. of laws, sentences, etc., no longer in ity. force, cancelled, annulled, set aside; ἄκυρο**s** γίγνε- $\sigma\theta$ au,  $\epsilon l\nu$ au to have no force, be set aside. persons, baving no right or power, c. gen. Hence

άκυρόω, f. ώσω, to cancel, set aside.

ά-κύρωτος, ον, verb. Adj. unratified.

ά-κωδώνιστος, ον, (a privat., κωδωνίζω) untried, unexamined.

άκωκή, ή, (ἀκή) a point, edge, Lat. acies.

**ἀ-κώλῦτος**, ον, (α privat., κωλύω) unbindered. Adv. -Tos. without bindrance.

ά-κωμφδητος, ον, (a privat., κωμφδέω) not made the subject of comedy: generally, not ridiculed.

άκων, οντοε, δ, (ἀκή) a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than  $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma\chi os$ .

άκων, άκουσα, άκον, gen. -οντος, Att. contr. for άέκων, against one's will, perforce. = ἀκούσιοs, involuntary. [ā]

**α-κωπος,** ον, (α privat., κώπη) without oars.

**ἀλαβαστο-θήκη, ἡ,** (ἀλάβαστο**s**, θήκη) a case for alabaster ornaments.

ἀλάβαστος,  $\delta$ , ἀλαβαστίτης,  $\delta$ , ἀλαβάστιον,  $\tau \delta$ , Att. for ἀλάβαστροε.

άλάβαστρον, τό, and άλάβαστρος, ό, also ή, a calcareous spar, alabaster. II. that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster.

άλαδε, Adv. (άλε) to or into the sea: in Homer also eis ἄλαδε.

μοs, a race over the sea.

άλαζονεία, ή, (ἀλαζών) the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, imposture.

άλαζόνευμα, τό, an imposture. From

άλαζονεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Dep. to swagger, use false pretensions. From

άλαζών, όνος, δ, ή, (ἄλη) a wanderer about the country, vagabond :- hence, a false pretender, an impostor. II. as Adj. making false pretences, swaggering, braggart, Lat. gloriosus:-Sup. αλαζονέστατος οι -ίστατος.

άλάθεια, άλαθής, Dor. for άλήθεια, άληθής.

ἀλαθείς, Dor. 20r. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

**ἀλαίνω**, = ἀλάομαι, to wander about. άλακάτα, ή, Dor. for ήλακάτη.

άλαλά, Dor. for άλαλή.

ἀλαλαγή, ή, (ἀλαλάζω) a shouting.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\dot{a}\lambda\alpha\gamma\mu\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $=\dot{a}\lambda\alpha\lambda\alpha\gamma\dot{\eta}$ .

άλαλάζω, f. άξομαι: aor. I ήλαλαξα, poet. άλάλαξα: (ἀλαλή):—to raise the war-cry: generally to shout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην αλαλάζειν to shout the shout of victory.

άλαλή, Dor. άλαλά, ή, alala! a loud cry: the battle-sbout, war-cry.

άλάλημαι, a pf. form of άλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, to wander or roam about, like a beggar.

ά-λάλητος, ον. (a privat., λαλέω) unspeakable.

άλαλητός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) the war-cry, shout of victory: also a cry of woe, wailing.

 $\dot{a}$ λαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\dot{a}$ λέξω.

άλαλκέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

'Αλαλκο-μενηίς, ίδος, ή, (άλαλκεῖν, μένος) the guardian goddess, name of Minerva.

**α-λάλος**, ον, (α privat., λάλος) speechless, dumb. άλαλύκτημαι, a pf. form as if from άλυκτέω (άλύω), but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, to wander about in anguish; to wander in mind from grief.

ά-λάμπετος, ον, (a privat., λάμπω) without light, darksome.

ά-λαμπής, ές, = άλάμπετος; άλαμπής ήλίου without the light of the sun.

άλάομαι, impf. ηλώμην: aor. I ηλήθην, Ep. αλήθην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—to wander, stray, or roam about: sometimes c. acc., άλασθαι γην to wander through or over the land: also to wander from bome, be banished. II. metaph. to wander in mind, be distraught.

άλαόs, όν, not seeing, blind; άλαοί, as opp. to δεδορκότες, the dead; άλαὸν ξλκος όμμάτων a wound that brings blindness. II. dark, obscure.

άλδο-σκοπιή, ή, (άλαύε, σκοπέω) a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch.

άλδόω, f. ώσω: 20r. I inf. ἀλαῶσαι: (ἀλαός):--to make blind.

άλαπαδνός, ή, όν, (άλαπάζω) easily mastered, weakened: powerless, feeble.

ἀλά-δρομος, ου, ό, by some derived from ἄλλομαι, | ἀ-λᾶπάζω, Ερ. impf. ἀλάπαζον: f. ἀλαπάζω: Ερ

aor. αλάπαξα: (a euphon., λαπάζω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

άλας, ἄτος, τό, =  $\ddot{a}$ λς, salt.

άλαστέω, (άλαστοι) to be wrathful, bear hate.

άλάστορος, ον, (άλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

**ά-λαστος**, ον, (a privat., λανθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

**ἀ-λάστωρ,** ορο**ε**, ὁ, (α privat., λανθάνομαι) be who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; βουκύλων άλάστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accuraed and polluted man.

άλάτας, δ, Dor. for άλήτης. άλūτεία, ή, Dor. for άλητεία.

άλατο, 3 sing. Ep impf. of άλάομαι.

άλαωτύς, ύος, ή, (άλαύω) a making blind, blinding. άλγεινός, ή, όν, (ἄλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous :—Adv.  $-\nu \hat{\omega}$ s. II. act. feeling pain, suffering. For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίων.

άλγεσί-δωρος, ον, (ἄλγος, δῶρον) bringing pain. άλγέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήλγησα: (άλγος):—to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer tain at or about a thing.

 $\dot{a}$ λγηδών, όνος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ λγέω) a sense of pain, pain,

grief, of body or mind.

άλγημα, ατος, τό, (άλγέω) pain felt or caused.

 $\vec{a}$ λγησι**s**, εω**s**,  $\vec{\eta}$ ,  $(\vec{a}$ λγέω) sense of pain. άλγινόεις, εσσα, εν, (άλγος) painful, grievous.

άλγίων, ον, gen. ovos, and άλγιστος, η, ον, irreg Comp. and Sup. of ἀλγεινόs, formed from Subst. άλγος (as καλλίων, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [Υ Ep, but i Att.

"ΑΛΓΟΣ, εοs, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later,

anything that causes pain. Hence

άλγύνω, f. ὔνω: 20τ. Ι ήλγῦνα.—Pass. with f. med. άλγυνοθμαι: aor. I ήλγύνθην: - to pain, grieve, distress:-Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

άλδαίνω, 201. 2 ήλδανον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ήλδανε μέλεα she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From \*aλω, Lat. alo.)

άλδήσκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. = άλδαίνω. (From Root 'AA-, as in Lat. alere.)

άλέα, Ion. άλέη, ή, (ἄλη, άλεύω) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

'AAE'A, Ion.  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}i\lambda\eta$ , beat or warmtb, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

alealvo, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

άλέασθαι, άλέασθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of **άλ**έομαι.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$ , cf.  $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu\delta s$ ) painful. grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι άλεγεινοὶ δαμήμεναι horses bard to break.

άλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. αλέγιζον:  $(\partial \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega)$ :—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care

for, mind, beed, c. gen. rei.

άλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (άλέγω):in Odyssey with δαίτα and δαίταs, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ά-λέγω, (a copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, bave a care, mind, beed; mostly with the negat, οὐκ ἀλέγειν to bave no care, beed not; rarely without negat., Λιταὶ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαι they are beedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι έν τισι, to be regarded or counted among.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\epsilon\iota v \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}v$ ,  $(\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}a$ ,  $\ddot{a}\lambda\omega)$  bot, warm.

άλεείνω, only used in pres. and impf. = άλέομαι, άλεύομαι, (άλέα, άλη) to sbun, avoid.

άλέη, ή, Ion. for άλέα.

άλειαρ, άτος, τό, (άλέω) wheaten flour.

ἄλειμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

άλείπτης, ου, ό, (άλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

άλείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of είλω.

a-λεισον, τό, (a privat., λείοs) an embossed cup, generally =  $\delta \epsilon \pi \alpha s$ .

άλείτης, ου, ό, (άλη) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ λειφα,  $\mathbf{\tau}$  $\delta$ , =  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ λειφαρ.

άλειφαρ, άτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for smearing with, pitch, resin.

'ΑΛΕΙ'ΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 ήλειψα, Ep. άλ-: pf. ἀλήλἴφα:---Pass., aor. Ι ήλείφθην, also aor. 2 ήλίφην [ἴ] : pf. ἀλήλιμμαι:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins άλείψαι οτ άλείψασθαι λίπ' έλαίφ to anoint with oil (see  $\lambda i\pi a$ ); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; οἱ ἀλειφόμενοι the athletes. like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; ούατα άλεθβαι to stop up the ears. Hence

άλειψις, εωε, ή, an anointing, dyeing.

άλεκτοριδεύς, έως, ὁ, (άλέκτωρ) a chicken.

άλεκτορίς, ίδος, ή, (άλέκτωρ) a ben.

άλεκτορίσκος, ό, Dim. of άλέκτωρ, a cockerel. άλεκτορο-φωνία, ή, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ά-λεκτρος, ον, (a privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; άλεκτρα γάμων άμιλλήματα an unlawful contest of marriage: άλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

άλεκτρύαινα, ή, a ben, comic fem. of άλεκτρύων, by analogy of Aéaiva to Aéav.

άλεκτρυών, όνος, ό, ή, (άλέκτωρ) a cock or ben.

'AΛE'KTΩP, opos, ô, a cock, Lat. gallus.

'AΛΕ'ΚΩ, less common form for αλέξω, to ward off, avert, Tivi Ti.

άλέματος, Dor. for ήλέματος.

άλεν. Dor. and Ep. for ἐάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of είλω:-but άλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. άλείε.

άλέξ-ανδρος, ον, (άλέξω, άνήρ) defending men. the usual name of Paris in the Iliad.

άλεξ-άνεμος, ον, (άλέξω, ἄνεμος) keeping off the wind.

άλέξασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of άλέξω. άλεξέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of άλέξω.

άλέξημα, τό, (άλέξω) a defence, guard, belp.

άλεξήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀλέξω.

άλέξησις, εωε, ή, (άλέξω) a keeping off, resistance.  $\dot{a}\lambda \epsilon \dot{\xi} \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , fut. of  $\dot{a}\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \omega$ .

 $d\lambda \epsilon \xi \dot{\eta} \tau \epsilon \iota \rho a$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem. of  $d\lambda \epsilon \xi \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

άλεξητήρ, ηρος, δ, (άλέξω) one who keeps off, a belper, guardian; ἀλεξητηρ μάχης one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion. Hence

άλεξητήριος, a, ov, able to keep off, defend or belp, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. Averrunci.

άλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, a remedy, protection.  $\dot{a}\lambda \epsilon \dot{\xi} \dot{\eta} \tau \omega \rho$ , opos,  $\dot{b}$ , =  $\dot{a}\lambda \epsilon \dot{\xi} \dot{\eta} \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

άλεξι-άρη, ή, (ἀλέξω, ἀρά) she that keeps off a curse; or (from αλέξω, "Apns) she that guards from death and ruin. [ap]

άλεξι-βέλεμνος, ον, (άλέξω, βέλεμνον) keeping off

arrows or darts.

**ἀλεξί-κἄκος**, ον, (ἀλέξω, κακόν) keeping off evil. άλεξίμ-βροτος,ον,(άλέξω,βροτός) protecting mortals. άλεξί-μορος, ον, (άλέξω, μόρος) warding off death. άλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, a means of keeping off poison,

an antidote.

'AΛE'ΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from άλεξέω, partly from άλέκω:—fut. άλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. I act. opt. ἀλεξήσειε; fut. med. ἀλεξήσομαι:but also fut. ἀλέξω; aor. I ήλεξα; fut. med. ἀλέξομαι; aor. I ἡλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from  $*\tilde{a}\lambda\kappa\omega$ )  $\tilde{a}\lambda a\lambda\kappa o\nu$ , inf.  $\hat{a}\lambda a\lambda\kappa \epsilon \hat{i}\nu$ , -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἀλαλκών; whence again is formed a fut. ἀλαλκήσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid: -Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, dλέξειν τινί to belp one; Ζευς τόγ' αλεξήσειε may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, alefeir Davaois κακὸν ημαρ to avert the day of evil from the Danai: cf. άλαλκε: - Med., ἀλέξεσθαί τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol. to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

άλέομαι, contr. άλεθμαι, also άλεύομαι: 3 sing opt. ἀλέοιτο: part. ἀλεύμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. Ι ήλεύατο or άλεύατο; imper. άλεύαι, άλέασθε; subj. άλέηται or άλεύεται; opt. άλέαιτο; inf. άλέασθαι, άλεύασθαι; part. άλευάμενος: Dep.: (ἀλεύω):—to avoid, sbun, usu. c. acc. rei, άλ. βέλοs, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape,

flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. άλεῦ.

άλεσσαν, Ep. for ήλεσαν, 3 plur. 201. I of άλέω. άλεται, Ep. for άληται, 3 sing. 201.2 subj. of άλλομαι, to leap.

άλέτης, ου, δ, (άλέω) a grinder; άλέτης ύνος 2 mill-stone.

άλετός, δ, (άλέω) a grinding.

άλετρεύω, f. εύσω, longer form of άλέω, to grind. [α] άλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (άλέω, τρίβω) that which grinds or pounds, a pestle.

άλετρίς, ίδος, ή, (άλέω) a female slave who grinds corn, Lat. molitrix. [ă]

άλευ or άλευ, prob. shortened for άλέου, imper. of ἀλέομαι, avoid! cease!

άλευάμην, aor. Ι of άλέομαι.

άλευρον, τό, (ἀλέω) wheaten flour, fine meal, mostly in plur. άλευρα, distinguished from άλφιτα (barley-

άλεύω, f. άλεύσω, aor. I ήλευσα, used as Act. to άλέομαι or άλεύομαι (v. άλέομαι):-to remove, keep far away.

 ${}^{\prime}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{E}'\Omega$ , impf.  $\tilde{\eta}\lambda o v v$ : fut.  $d\lambda \epsilon \sigma \omega$ : 20r. I  $\tilde{\eta}\lambda \epsilon \sigma \alpha$ , Ep. ἄλεσσα: pf. ἀλήλεκα, pass. ἀλήλεσμαι or ἀλήλεμαι:-to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. molère.

άλεωρή, Att. άλεωρά, ή, (άλέομαι) an avoiding, 2. a means of escape from, sbunning, escaping. a defence against a person or thing, δηίων ανδρών  $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\omega\rho\dot{\eta}:$ —absol. belp, succour.

"ΑΛΗ, ή, (ἀλάομαι) ceaseless wandering or roam-2. metaph. a wandering of mind, distracing. tion, madness, Lat. error mentis.

άλήθεια, poët. άληθεία, ή, (άληθήs) truth. the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

άληθέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of άληθως. άληθεύω, f. εύσω, (άληθήs) of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful; of things, to be true; of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled: - άλήθευσον πάντα speak truth in all things.

ά-ληθήs, és, (a privat, λήθω) without reserve:of persons, true, sincere; trutbful, frank, bonest: of 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical things, real, actual. signf.; proparox. άληθες; itane? indeed? in sooth? but τὸ ἀληθέs, in very truth, really and truly, Lat.

 $\dot{a}$ ληθίζομαι, Dep. =  $\dot{a}$ ληθεύω.

άληθινός, ή, όν, (άληθής) agreeable to truth:—of persons, truthful, bonest: of things, real, actual, genuine. Adv. -vŵs.

άληθό-μαντις, εως, δ, ή, (άληθής, μάντις) propbet of truth.

άληθοσύνη, ή, poët. for άλήθεια.

 $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\eta}\theta\omega$ , fut.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to grind.

άληθωs, Ion. - έωs, Adv. of άληθήs, really, truly; also ώs άληθως:--Comp. άληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. άληθέστατα, most truly.

'Aλήιον πεδίον, τό, (άλη) land of wandering, in

Lycia or Cilicia.

ά-λήϊος, ον, (a privat., λήϊον) without corn-land, poor. ά-ληκτος, Ερ. άλληκτος, ον, (a privat., λήγω) unceasing, incessant; άλληκτος θυμός implacable anger; άλληκτοι γόλου abating not from wrath.

άλήλεκα, άλήλεσμαι or -εμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of allow, to grind.

ἀλήλζφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of άλείφω.

άλημα, τό, (άλέω) properly that which is ground, fine flour: metaph. a wily knave.

άλήμεναι, Ep. for άληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of είλω. άλήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (ἀλάομαι) a wanderer, rover. άληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of  $\epsilon \tilde{\imath} \lambda \omega$ .

**α-ληπτος**, ον, (α privat., λαμβάνω) not to be laid bold of, bard to catch: Comp. ἀληπτότεροs, less amenable. 2. incomprehensible.

'AΛΗ'Σ or ἀλής, έs, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀθρύος, thronged, in a mass, Lat. confertus. [a]

άληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of άλλομαι.

άλητεία, Dor. άλατεία, ή, a wandering, roaming. From

άλητεύω, f. εύσω, (άλήτηs) to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life.

άλήτης, ου, δ, (άλάομαι) a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond, 2. as Adj. vagrant, roving.

άλητός, δ, (άλξω) a grinding in the mill.

"ΑΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. ἀλθύμην: fut. ἀλθήσομαι: -to become whole or sound; ἄλθετο χείρ.

άλία, Ion. άλίη, ή, (άλήs) an assembly, gathering of the people, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic inκλησία.

άλιά, ή, (ἄλs) a salt-cellar.

åλιάδαι, ων, oi, (αλs) seamen.

άλι-άετος, poët. άλιαίετος, ό, (ἄλς, ἀετός) the seaeagle, osprey.

άλι-ūήs, έs, (ἄλs, ἄημι) blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward.

άλι-ανθής, ές, (άλς, άνθος) sea-blooming, i.e. purple. ά-λίαστος, ον, (a privat., λιάζομαι) unyielding, unabating: neut. ἀλίαστον as Adv, incessantly.

άλί-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ήλίβατος.

άλί-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλε, βρέχω) washed by the sea. άλίγκιος, a, ov, resembling, like. (Deriv. uncer-

 $\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\iota}$ - $\delta ovos$ , ov,  $(\ddot{a}\lambda s$ ,  $\delta ov\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  sea-tossed.

άλι-ερκήs, έs, (άλs, έρκοs) sea-girt, surrounded by tbe sea.

άλιεύς, gen. έως, Ιοη. η̂ος, δ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) one who bas to do with the sea, and so I. a fisher. a seaman, sailor: with another Subst. ἐρέτας άλιῆας rowers on the sea.

άλιευτικός, ή, όν, (άλιεύω) of or for fishing. άλιεύω, f. σω, (άλιεύε) to be a fisher, to fish.

**ἀλίζω**, f. ίσω: aor. ήλίσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ήλίσθην: pf. ήλισμαι, Ion. άλισμαι: (άλήs):—to gather together, assemble: - Pass. to assemble, meet together. [a]

άλίζω, f. ίσω, (άλs) to salt. [ă]

**ἀλί-ζωνος**, ον, (ἄλς, ζώνη) sea-girt.

άλίη, ή, Ion. for άλία.

άλι-ήρης, ες, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) sweeping the sea.

άλίησι, Ep. dat. plur. of άλίη.

άλιήτωρ, opos, δ, poët, for άλιείς

άλίθιος, Dor. for ηλίθιος.

a-λίθοs, ov. without stones, not stony.

άλικία, ή, Dor. for ήλικία.

άλί-κλυστος, ον, (ἄλε, κλύζω) sea-beaten.

άλί-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κάμνω) wearied by the sea.

άλίκος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκοε.

άλί-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships. II. act, roaring over the sea, of waves.

άλι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αλς, κυμα) surrounded

by waves. [v]

άλι-μέδων, οντος, δ, (ἄλς, μέδων) lord of the sea.

ά-λίμενος, ον, (a privat., λιμήν) without barbour, Lat. importuosus: generally, giving no shelter, inhospitable. Hence

ά-λιμενότης, ή, the being without barbours.

άλι-μυρήεις, εσσα, εν, (άλς, μύρω) flowing into the sea, of rivers.

άλινδήθρα, ή, a place for borses to roll in, Lat. volutabrum.

άλίνδω, aor. Ι ήλισα, inf. άλισαι: pf. ήλικα:—to make a horse roll:—Pass. άλινδέομαι or άλίνδομαι, to roll like a horse; also to wander up and down, roam about.

άλι-νήκτειρα, ή, fem. noun, as if from άλι-νηκτήρ (αλs, νήχω) swimming in the sea.

άλι-νηχής, ές, (άλς, νήχομαι) swimming in the sea. **ἄλἴνος**, η, ον, (ἄλε) made of or from salt.

a-λίνος, ον, (a privat., λίνον) without a net, without bunting toils.

åλιξ, Dor. for ħλιξ.

άλί-ξαντος, ον, (άλε, ξαίνω) worn by the sea.

aλιοs, δ, Dor. for ηλιοs, the sun. [a]

αλιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (αλs) of, from, or belonging to the sea, Lat. marinus. [a]

erring: also in neut. as Adv. in vain. [d] (Denv. uncertain.)

άλιο-τρεφής, ές, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) sea-nurtured.

άλιόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ήλίωσα, Ερ. άλίωσα: (άλιος 11): -to make fruitless, disappoint.

a-λιπαρήs, és, not fit for a suppliant.

άλίπεδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδίον) a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeeus.

άλί-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλε, πλάζω) roaming in or by the sea.

άλίπλακτος, Dor. for άλίπληκτος.

άλι-πλάνής, ές, (άλς, πλάνη) sea-wandering, wandering over the sea. Hence

aλιπλάνία, ή, a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage.

άλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλs, πλήσσω) sea-beaten, lashed by the sea.

 $\dot{a}\lambda(-\pi\lambda\cos, o\nu, contr. \dot{a}\lambda(-\pi\lambda\cos, o\nu\nu, (\ddot{a}\lambda s, \pi\lambda\epsilon\omega))$ merged in the sea, covered with water.

άλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) ploughing the sea. άλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (άλς, πορφύρα) of sea-purple, of deep purple dye.

άλιρ-ράγης, ές, (άλε, ράγηναι) breaking the waves, | against which the tide breaks.

ἀλίρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλε, ῥαίνω) sea-surging.

 $\dot{a}$ λίρ-ρηκτος, ον, =  $\dot{a}$ λιρραγής.

άλιρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (άλε, ρόθος) roaring with waves, sea-beaten.

 $\dot{a}\lambda(\rho-\rho o\theta os, ov, = \dot{a}\lambda ιρρόθιοs.$ 

άλίρ-ρύτος, ον, (αλε, ρέω) washed by the sea.

"AΛΙΣ, Adv. (άλήs) in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough, Lat. satis: also c. gen., αλιε άργύρου silver enough, Lat. sat argenti; άλιε έχω τινός Ι have enough of a thing: rarely just enough, = μετρίωs. **ἀλίσαι**, 20r. I inf. of ἀλίνδω.

'AΛΙΣΓΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to pollute. Hence

άλίσγημα, aros, τό, a pollution.

άλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἡλισκόμην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ήλων, Att. also ἐάλων [ ; subj. ἀλω, Ep. ἀλώω; opt. ἀλοίην, Ep. ἀλφήν; inf. ἀλώναι [α]; part. άλούs: pf. ήλωκα, Att. also ἐάλωκα [ἄ]: plqpf. ήλώκειν:-to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's 2. to be caught, seized. taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be over-4. rarely in good sense, to be won, powered. acbieved. II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; άλωναι κλοπήs to be convicted of theft.

 $\dot{a}$ λι-στέφανος,  $o\nu$ , = sq.

άλι-στεφής, ές, (άλς, στέφω) sea-girt.

άλί-στονος, ον, (άλς, στένω) sea-resounding.

άλιστός, ή, όν, (άλίζω) salted, pickled.

άλί-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.

**ἀλϊταίνω**, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἥλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. 1 ἡλίτησα. — Med., aor. 2 ἡλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. αλίτοντο, inf. αλιτέσθαι: see αλιτήμενος: (ἄλη):—to sin or offend against, to transgress, err. ά-λιτάνευτος, ον, (a privat., λιτανεύω) not to be moved by prayer.

άλιτειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of άλιταίνω.

άλι-τενής, ές, (άλς, τείνω) stretching along the sea. and so level, flat.

άλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ovos, (άλε, τέρμα) bounded by the sea, bordering on it.

άλίτημα, ατος, τό, (άλιτειν) a sin, offence.

άλιτήμενος, a part. med. of άλιταίνω, with accent and signf. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλίτημι. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

άλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (άλιτειν, ήμέρα) missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.

άλιτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (άλιτεῖν) sinful, wicked. άλιτήριος, ον, (άλιτειν) sinful, laden with guilt: άλιτηριός τινος sinning against him.

άλίτοντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλἴταίνω.

άλιτό-ξενος, ον, (άλιτειν, ξένος) sinning against a guest.

άλιτραίνω, = άλιταίνω.

άλιτρία, ή, (άλιτρός) sinfulness, wickedness, mischief. άλιτρό-voos, ον, (άλιτρόs, νόοs) wicked-minded.

άλιτρός, όν, syncop. for άλιτηρός, (άλιτεῖν) sinful, sinning: as Subst., άλιτρός, δ, a sinner, a knave.

άλί-τρῦτος, ον, also η, ον, (αλς, τρύω) sea-beaten, sea-worn.

άλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) sea-beaten, sea-tossed: as Subst., ἀλίτυπος, ὁ, α seaman.

άλί-τῦρος, ὁ, (ἄλε, τυρόε) a salt cheese.

άλτφηναι, aor. 2 pass, inf. of άλείφω.

άλιφθορία, ή, shipwreck. From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλε, φθείρω) destroying on the sea : as Subst. ἀλιφθόρο**s**, δ, a pirate.

άλίωs, Adv. of ακιοs, in vain.

άλκαῖος, a, ov, (ἀλκή) strong, mighty.

άλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) a safeguard, bulwark, defence.

άλκαs, αντος, ό, ή, Dor. contr. from άλκάεις, = άλ-

κήεις.

άλκή, ή, (άλαλκείν) bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur. αλκαί, feats of strength. spirit, courage. III. a safeguard, defence; and so belp, succour. IV. battle, fight.

άλκήεις, εσσα, εν: Dor. άλκάεις contr. άλκας, gen.

άλκᾶντος: (άλκή) valiant, mighty.

άλκί, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ãλ£.

άλκί-μαχος, ον, (άλκή, μάχομαι) bravely-fighting. άλκιμος, ον, also η, ον, (άλκή) strong, stout, brave. άλκί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (άλκή, φρήν) stout-hearted. άλκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (άλαλκε $\hat{\iota}\nu$ ) one who wards off, a protector.

άλκυονίδες, αί, with or without ἡμέραι, (άλκυών) balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.

'AΛΚΥ'Ω'N, όνοs, ή, the kingfisher, halcyon.

'AΛΛΑ', Conjunct., neut. pl. of άλλοs, but with a change of accent :- in another way, otherwise : to oppose single clauses, but, Lat. autem. oppose whole sentences, but, yet, Lat. at:-it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem; ἀλλ' ἴθι, ἀλλ' ἄγε, well come, come now. III. joined with other Particles: άλλ' οὖν, but then, however. 2. άλλὰ γάρ, Lat. enimvero, but really, certainly.

άλλαγή, ή, (άλλάσσω) a change: exchange, barter. άλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.

άλλαντοπωλέω, to sell sausages. From

άλλαντο-πώλης, ου, δ, (άλλ $\hat{a}$ s, πωλέω) a sausageseller.

άλλάξαι, άλλάξασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἀλλάσσω.

άλλαξις, εως, ή, (ἀλλάσσω) a changing, interchange. 'AΛΛΑ´Σ, αντοε, δ, a sausage.

άλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. άξω: aor. I ήλλαξα: pf. **ἀλίτο-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀ**λιτεῖν, φρήν) a wicked mind. | ἡλλαχα:—Pass., ſut. 1 ἀλλαχθήσομαι, ſut. 2 ἀλλαγήσομαι: 20τ. Ι ήλλάχθην, 20τ. 2 ήλλάγην: pf. ήλλαγμαι: (άλλοε):—to make other than it is, to change, alter. II. to give in exchange, to requite, re-

pay. 2. to change, and so leave, quit. to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος οτ αντί τινος one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, IV. Med. to change or alter like Lat. mutare. one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange: hence to barter, traffic:-and

άλλαχη, Adv. (άλλος) elsewbere, in another place, Lat. alibi;  $\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda o\tau\epsilon \, \tilde{a}\lambda\lambda a\chi\hat{\eta}$  at one time in one place,

2. to sell.

I. to buy, or

at another in another.

άλλαχόθεν, Adv. (άλλοε) from another place: by another way.

άλλαχόθι, Adv. (άλλοs) elsewbere, somewbere else. άλλαχόσε, Adv elsewbither, to another place.

άλλαχοῦ, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. alibi. **ἄλλεγον, ἀλλέξαι,** Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, ν. άναλέγω.

so, either

άλλη, Adv. properly dat. fem. of άλλος,

Adv. of Place: 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. alıbi. 2. to another place, elsewhither, Lat. alior-II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. alias.

**ἀλλ' ή**, i. e. ἄλλο ή, except.

άλλ-ηγορέω, (άλλος, άγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

άλ-ληκτος, ον, poët. for ά-ληκτος.

άλληλοφάγία, ή, an eating one another. From  $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\eta\lambda o - \dot{\phi}\dot{a}\gamma o s$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda o \nu$ ,  $\phi \check{a}\gamma \epsilon \hat{\iota}\nu$ ) eating one another.

άλληλοφθορία, ή, mutual destruction. From άλληλο-φθόρος, ον, (άλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

άλληλοφονία, ή, mutual slaughter. From

άλληλο-φόνος, ον, (άλλήλων, \*φένω) murdering one another.

άλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom.: dat. dλ- $\lambda \dot{\eta} \lambda o i s$ , a i s, o i s: a c c.  $a \dot{\lambda} \lambda \dot{\eta} \lambda o v s$ , a s, a:  $(\ddot{a} \lambda \lambda o s)$ :—o fone another, to one another, one another. Hence

άλλήλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually. άλ-λιστος, ον, poet. for ά-λιστος, (a privat., λίσ-

σομαι) inexorable. άλ-λιτάνευτος, ον, poet. for ά-λιτάνευτος, (a

privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable. άλλο-γενής, ές, (άλλος, γένος) of another race: a

foreigner. άλλό-γλωσσος, ον, (ἄλλος, γλώσσα) of a strange

tongue, foreign. άλλο-γνοέω, Ion. aor. I part. άλλογνώσας, (άλλος,

voέω) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake, άλλό-γνωτος, ον, (άλλος, γιγνώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

άλλο-δάπός, ή, όν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land:  $d\lambda\lambda\delta\sigma\pi\hat{\eta}$  (sc.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

άλλοδοξέω, f. ήσω, (άλλόδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

άλλοδοξία, ή, a mistaking one thing for another.

άλλό-δοξος, ον, (άλλος, δόξα) bolding another opinion. άλλο-ειδής, έs, (ἄλλος, είδος) of different form, looking differently.

άλλοθ', Ep. elision for άλλοθι.

άλλοθεν, Adv. (άλλος) from another place, Lat. aliunde.

άλλοθι, Adv. (άλλοε) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi. II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. alias.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\delta$ -θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, ( $\ddot{a}\lambda\lambda$ ος, θρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

άλλοιοs, a, ov, (άλλοs) of another sort or kind, different, other:—Comp. ἀλλοιότεροs, different.

άλλοιόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ήλλοίωσα:—Pass., pf. ήλλοίωμαι: (ἀλλοῖοε):—to make different, to change, alter :- Pass. to become different, be changed: esp. to be changed for the worse.

άλλοίως, Adv. of άλλοῖος, otherwise.

άλλοκα, Acol. for άλλοτε.

άλλόκοτος, ον, (άλλοε) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous: also utterly changed. Adv - Tws.

"ΑΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. SAL-IO: fut. ἀλοῦμαι: aor. I ήλάμην, inf. άλασθαι: 20r. 2 ήλόμην; Ep. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) αλσο, αλτο; 3 subj. άληται, Ερ. άλεται; inf. άλέσθαι; part. άλόμενος, Ερ. άλμενοs: Dep.:—to spring, leap, bound.

άλλο-πρόσ-αλλος, δ, i.e. άλλοτε πρὸς άλλον, οπε who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

"AAAO $\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , o, Lat. ALIUS, another, other: άλλος τις, οι τὶς άλλος, any other, some other: εί τις άλλοs, Lat. si quis alius, whoever else. is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says 3. joined with the Art.. one thing, one another. ὁ άλλοs, the other, the rest; in plur. of άλλοι, all the otbers, the rest, all besides, Lat. ceteri; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. cetera, reliqua, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides: οι τε άλλοι καί. all others and especially : so also ἄλλω**s τε καί . , both otberwise a**nd . , i. e. especially. 4. άλλοs is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, furtber, etc.; πέμπτος ποταμός II. more rarely like άλλοs, yet a fifth river. άλλοιοs, of other sort, different: hence I. other 2. other tban wbat is common, strange, foreign. tban wbat is, untrue, unreal.

άλλοσε, Adv. (άλλος) to another place, elsewhither,

to foreign lands, Lat. aliorsum.

άλλοτε, Adv. (άλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times;  $\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda o\tau\epsilon$ .,  $\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda o\tau\epsilon$ .., at one time, at another. άλλο τι; Adv. (άλλος, τις) anything else? Lat. numquid aliud? when followed by #, the sentence is elliptic, e.g. άλλο τι ή πεινήσουσι; i.e. άλλο τι πείσονται, ή πεινήσουσι; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger? but η is sometimes omitted.

άλλοτριάζω, (άλλότριοε) to be estranged.

άλλοτριο-επίσκοπος, ου, (ἀλλότριος, ἐπίσκοπος) α busy-body in other men's matters.

άλλοτριο-πραγέω, (ἀλλότριος, πράσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence

άλλοτριοπραγία, ή, meddlesomeness.

ἀλλότριος, a, ον, (ἄλλος) of or belonging to another, Lat. alienus, opp. to ίδιος; άλλοτρίων χαρίσασθαι to be bountiful of what is another's; άλλοτρίοιs γναθμοίε γελαν to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's ridere malis alienis. II. foreign, Lat. peregrinus: hence strange, alien: also estranged, bostile.

άλλοτριότης, ητος, ή, (άλλότριος) estrangement.

**ἀλλοτριό-χρως,** χρωτο**ς, δ, ή, (ἀλλότριος, χρώ**ς)

of divers colours.

άλλοτριόω, f. ώσω, to make strange, estrange, make bostile or ill-disposed :- Pass. to become estranged, be II. to bring into another's bands: made an enemy. -Pass. to fall into strangers' bands. Hence

άλλοτρίως, Adv. of άλλότριος, strangely; άλλοτρίως έχειν to be estranged.

άλλοτρίωσις, εως, ή, estrangement.

άλλου, Adv. elsewbere, in another place, Lat. alibi.

άλ-λοφος, ον, Ep. for ά-λοφος.

άλλο-φρονέω, f. ήσω, (άλλος, φρονέω) to be of another mind: to give no heed to a thing. II. to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrong-2. to be absent or unbeeding: also to be senseless, lose one's wits.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\dot{b}$ - $\dot{\phi}\bar{\nu}\lambda os$ , ov,  $(\ddot{a}\lambda\lambda os$ ,  $\phi v\lambda\dot{\eta})$  of another tribe, foreign, strange.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\dot{o}$ -xpoos, ov, contr. -xpous, ouv, ( $\ddot{a}\lambda\lambda os$ , xpo $\dot{a}$ ) of another colour, changeful of hue.

άλλό-χρως, ωτος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = άλλόχροος, foreign.

άλλυδις, Adv. (άλλος) = άλλοσε, elsewhither: Hom. has it only with άλλοs, e. g. άλλυδιε άλλοs one bither another thither.

άλλύεσκε, άλλύουσα [v], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα : see ἀναλύω.

άλλωs, Adv. of άλλοs, in another way or manner, otherwise; άλλως πως in some other way; άλλως τε rai.. both otherwise and ., i. e. especially, above II. otherwise than , differently: hence in good sense, better. 2. otherwise than as should be: beedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like προίκα, Lat. gratis: hence  $= \mu \delta v \circ v$ , only, merely.

άλμα, τό, (άλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.

αλμη, ή, (αλs) sea-water that has dried: also the 2. salt-water, brine. II. saltness.

άλμήεις, εοσα, εν, (ἄλμη) salt, briny.

**ἀλμυρός**, ά, όν, (ἄλμη) salt, briny. 2. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. amarus.

'AΛΟΑ'Ω, poët. ἀλοιάω: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἀλοία: fut. άλοήσω: aor. 1 ήλόησα, Ep. ήλοίησα: - Pass., 201. Ι ήλοήθην: pf. ήλόημαι:— to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel.

a-λοβos, ov, with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims.

άλογέω, f. ήσω, (ἄλογος) to pay no regard to a thing, take no beed of it, Lat. rationem rei non babere. to be out of one's senses. Hence

II. άλογία, ή, want of regard or esteem, contempt.

want of reason, senselessness, folly.

ά-λόγιστος, ον, (a privat., λογίζομαι) unreasoning, thoughtless, silly. II. not to be reckoned. not to be beeded, vile.

ď-λογos. ον. I. without speech, speechless. unspoken, i. c. unutterable, Lat. infandus. II. without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. 3. not reckoned upon, unexpected.

'AΛO'H, ή, the aloe, a plant.

άλοητός, δ, (άλοάω) threshing or threshing-time.

άλόθεν, Adv. (άλε) from or out of the sea.

άλοία, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of άλοιάω.

άλοιάω, poët. for άλοάω.

άλοίην, aor. 2 opt. of άλίσκομαι.

ά-λοιδόρητος, ον, (a privat., λοιδορέω) unreviled: not to be reviled.

à-λοίδοροs, ov, not reviling.

άλοιφή, ή, (άλείφω) anything for smearing: bog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.

άλοκίζω, f. σω, (άλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw. άλόντε [ă], dual aor. 2 part. of άλίσκομαι.

"AΛΟΞ, οκος, ή, a poet, form of αδλαξ, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land. 2. in the skin, a gash, wound.

'Αλοσ-ύδνη, ή, (αλε, ύδνηε) the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ λό-τριψ, ἴβος, δ, ( $\ddot{\alpha}$ λς, τρίβω) a pestle for pounding salt.

άλ-ουργήs, see άλουργόs.

άλ-ουργίς, ίδος, ή, (άλουργός) a purple robe.

 $\delta\lambda$ -oupyos,  $\delta\nu$ , and  $\delta\lambda$ -oupyos,  $\epsilon s$ , ( $\delta\lambda s$ , \* $\epsilon p\gamma\omega$ ) purple-wrought, i.e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple: in pl., τὰ άλουργη purple robes.

άλούς, άλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of άλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

άλουσία, ή, want of the bath. From **α-λουτος**, (a privat., λούω) unwashen.

a-λοφος, Ep. aλ-λοφος, ov, without a crest.

a-λοχοs, ov, ή, (a copul., λέχοs) the partner of one's bed, a wife.

άλόω, Ep. for άλάου, pres. imperat. of άλάομαι.

άλπνιστος, η, ον, Sup. of obsol. άλπνος, sweetest, loveliest.

"AΛΣ, άλός, δ, Lat. SAL, Engl. SALT: in sing. a grain or lump of salt; in plur. salt as prepared for use. "ΑΛΣ, ἀλός, ή, the sea.

άλσο, άλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of άλλομαι. "AAZOZ, cos, 76, a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade.

άλσ-ώδης, εs, (άλσος, είδος) like a grove, woodland άλτικός, ή, όν, (ἄλλομαι) good at leaping, nimble. **ἀλυκός**, ή, όν, (ἄλε) salt.

άλυκτάζω, f. άσω, (ἀλύω) to be in trouble or dis-

tress: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτημαι, as if from a pres. άλυκτέω.

άλυκτο-πέδη, ή, (ἄλυκτος 11, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

άλυκτος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled. II. (a privat.,  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \omega) = \ddot{a} \lambda \nu \tau o s$ , indissoluble.

ά**λύξαι, 2**0r. I inf. of άλύσκω.

άλυξις, εως, ή, (ἀλύσκω) an escaping, avoiding.

ά-λύπητος, ον, (a privat., λυπέω) not pained or II. act. not paining or distressing.

ά-λυπος, ον, (a privat., λύπη) without pain or grief. unpained. II. act. not paining, causing no pain or grief, barmless.

ά-λύροs, ον, (a privat., λύρα) without the lyre, un-

accompanied by it: hence mournful.

άλυσις, εως, ή, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.) ά-λυσιτελής, έs, useless, unprofitable: hence burtful. Adv.-λω̂s.

άλυσκάζω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκω, used only in pres.

and impf.

άλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκω.

άλύσκω, fut, άλύξω and άλύξομαι: aor. I ήλυξα, Ep. ἄλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake. άλύσσω, f. ύξω, (άλύω) to be uneasy, bave no rest. **α-λύτοs**, ον, (α privat., λύω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

a-λυχνοs, ov, without lamp or light.

'AΛΥ'Ω, Att. άλύω, used only in pres. and impf.: (αλη, άλάομαι):-to wander, of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like άπορέω: more rarely to be beside oneself for 10y. in Hom., v in Att.]

'AΛΦΑ'NΩ; aor. 2 ήλφον, 3 sing. opt. άλφοι: to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον

άλφάνειν to incur envy. dλφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of dλφάνω.

άλφεσί-βοιος, a, ov, (άλφείν, βούς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

άλφηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλφείν) always in phrase ἄνδρες άλφησταί, gain-seeking, enterprizing, industrious men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

άλφιτ-αμοιβός, δ, (άλφιτον, αμείβω) a dealer in

barley-meal.

"AATITON [t], \( \tau \), peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. polenta: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτου ἀκτή, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιτα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it. 2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: πατρφαάλφιτα one's patrimony.

άλφιτοποιία, ή, a preparing of barley-meal. From άλφιτο-ποιός, δ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\phi$ iτο-σϊτέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , ( $\ddot{\alpha}\lambda\phi$ ιτον,  $\sigma$ ιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

άλφοι, 3 sing aor. 2 opt. of άλφάνω.

**ἄλω,** acc. of αλω.

άλω, aor. 2 subj. of άλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

άλωεινός, ή, όν, (άλως) used on a threshing-floor. άλωεύς, έως, Ερ. η̂ος, ὁ, (ἀλωή) a thresher, vine-dresser.

άλωή, Dor. άλωά, poët. for Att. άλω: I. a threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

άλώη, Ep. for άλφ, 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of άλίσκο-άλψη, Ερ. for άλοίη, 3 sing. 20r. 2 opt.

of same verb.

άλωΐτης, ου, ό, (άλωή) a busbandman, gardener. [d] άλωμέναι, Ep. for άλωναι, aor. 2 inf. of άλίσκο μαι. [ἄ]

άλώμενος, η, ον, part. of άλάομαι.

 $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ λων, ωνος,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\ddot{a}$ λως.

άλωναι, aor. 2 inf. of άλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

άλωπεκή, ή, Att. contr. from Ion. άλωπεκεή (sub. δορά): (ἀλώπηξ) a foxskin.

άλωπεκίας, ου, ό, (άλώπηξ) branded with a for.

άλωπεκιδεύς, έως, δ, (άλώπηξ) a fox's cub.

άλωπεκίζω, f. ίσω, (άλώπηξ) to play the fox, Lat. vulpinari.

άλωπέκιον, τό, Dim. of άλώπηξ, a little fox.

άλωπεκίς, ίδος, ή, (άλωπηξ) a mongrel between fox II. a fox-skin cap.

'AΛΩ'ΠΗΞ, εκος, ή, a fox, Lat. vulpes: metaph. of men.

"ΑΛΩΣ, ω, ή: gen. άλω or άλωος: acc. άλω, άλων or ἄλωα: pl. n. ἄλω:—a threshing-floor. disk of the sun or moon.

άλώστμος, ον, (άλωναι) easy to take, catch, win, or 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. (αλωσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἄλωσις, εως, ή, (άλῶναι) a taking, capture, conquest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction. άλώσομαι, fut. of άλίσκομαι.

άλωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άλωναι, to be taken. caught or conquered: to be acquired.

άλώω, Ep. for άλω, 2 or. 2 subj. of άλίσκομαι. ἀμ, for ἀνά:—but ἀμ, for ἄμα.

"ÀMA, I. Adv. at once, Lat. simul, 11. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

åμα, Dor. for άμα.

'Aμαζών, όνος, ή, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also 'Αμαζονίδεε.

άμαθαίνω, (άμαθήs) to be ignorant, stupid.

ά-μαθής, ές, (a privat., μαθείν) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing. II. pass. not learnt, unknown. Hence

άμαθία, ή, want of knowledge, ignorance.

άμαθόεις, δεσσα, δεν, contr. άμαθούς, ούσσα, ούν,  $(\ddot{a}\mu a\theta os) = \text{Ep. } \dot{\eta}\mu a\theta \delta \epsilon is, sandy.$ 

'AMAΘΟΣ, ή, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil; see ψάμμος, [ἄμἄ--]

άμαθύνω, (άμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.

άμαθως. Adv. of άμαθής, ignorantly; άμαθως έχειν to be ignorant.

ά-μαιμάκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχος, irresistible, buge, enormous.

ἀμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλόε) properly to

soften: hence to crush, destroy, ruin. 2. metaph. to bide, disguise.

ά-μάλθακτος, ον, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) unsoftened. αμαλλα, ή, (ἀμάω) a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf. άμαλλο-δετήρ, ήρος, and άμαλλο-δετής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἄμαλλα, δέω) a binder of sbeaves.

 $\dot{a}$ μαλός, Att.  $\dot{a}$ μαλός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}$ παλός, soft, light, 2. weak, feeble. Lat. tener.

άμαξα, Att. άμαξα, ή, (άγω) a carriage, a wagon 2. the carriage of the plough, Lat. curor wain. rus. 3. Charles' wain in the heavens, the great 4. a carriage-road. Hence

άμαξεύομαι, Pass. to be traversed by wagons, to bave wagon-roads through it.

ἀμαξεύς, έως, δ, (ἄμαξα) a wagoner.

άμαξ-ήλατος, ον, (αμαξα, έλαύνω) traversed by wagons.

άμαξ-ήρης, εε, (άμαξα, \*άρω, Root of άρπρίσκω) attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage.

άμαξιαῖος, a, ov, (ἄμαξα) fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones.

άμαξίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of άμαξα, a little wagon, Lat. plostellum: a go-cart.

άμαξίτης, ου, δ, (ἄμαξα) of or belonging to a wagon. [ī]

**ἀμαξ-ἴτός**, όν, (ἄμαξα, εἶμι) traversed by wagons: as Subst. ἀμαξιτύs (sub. ὁδύs), ἡ, a high-road for wagons. άμαξο-πληθής, ές, (ἄμαξα, πληθος) large enough to fill a wagon.

**ἀμαξ-ουργόs**, όν, (ἄμαξα, \*ἔργω) making wagons or carriages.

**ἄμαρ**, ατο**ε**, τό, Dor. for ἢμαρ.

'ÀMA'PA, ή, a trench, conduit, water-course. [ἄμἄρᾶ] άμαράντινος, η, ον, = ἀμάραντος.

ά-μάραντος, ον, (a privat., μαραίνω) unfading.

'AMAPTA'NΩ, fut. άμαρτήσομαι, later -ήσω: 201. Ι ήμάρτησα: 201. 2 ήμαρτον, inf. άμαρτείν, Ep. by metath. (with β inserted) ήμβροτον: pf. ἡμάρτηκα: Pass., aor. ι ήμαρτήθην: pf. ήμάρτημαι:—to miss, miss the mark, c. gen.: hence 2. generally, to fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong: to be deprived of a thing, lose it. II. to fail, do wrong, err, sin.

**ἄμαρτον,** Ep. aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

άμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of άμαρτάνω.

άμαρτή, or άμαρτή, Adv. (άμα) together, at the same time, at once. [ăµ-]

άμάρτημα, τό, (άμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin.

**ἀμαρτήσομαι**, fut. of ἀμαρτάνω. **ἀμαρτητικός**, ή, όν, (ἀμαρτεῖν) prone to fail ot err.

άμαρτία, ή, (άμαρτείν) a failure, error, sin. άμαρτί-voos, ον, (άμαρτείν, νόοs) erring in mind,

distraught.

**ἀμάρτιον, τό, = ἀ**μάρτημα.

άμαρτο-επής, ές, (άμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) failing in words, speaking at random or idly.

ά-μαρτύρητος, ον, (a privat., μαρτυρέω) without witness.

ά-μάρτυρος, ον, (a privat., μάρτυε) without witness, unattested.

άμαρτωλός, όν, (άμαρτάνω) sinful, bardened in sin.  $\dot{a}$ μαρυγή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = μαρμαρυγή,  $\dot{a}$  sparkling, twinkling, glancing, of objects in motion. [v, but in Ep. v.]

άμάρυγμα, τό, a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion. From 'AMAPY'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to sparkle, twinkle, glance.

άμας, Dor. for ήμας.

άμα-τροχάω, only used in Ep. part. άματροχύων, (αμα, τρέχω) to run together, run along with. Hence άματροχιά, ή, a running together or clashing of wheels. άμαυρός, ά, όν, dark, dim, faint, obscure. baving no light: hence blind, sightless, dusky, gloomy. II. metaph. dim, uncertain. scure, unknown. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

άμαυρόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ήμαύρωσα: pf. ήμαύρωκα: to make dark or dim: - mostly in Pass. to become dark or dim; also to come to nothing. taph, to eclipse: to weaken, impair.

άμαχεί, Adv. of αμαχος, without resistance.

ά-μάχετος, ον, poet. for άμάχητος.

άμαχητί, Adv. of άμάχητος, without fighting.

ά-μάχητος, ον, (a privat., μάχομαι) not to be fought with, unconquerable. II. never baving fought.  $\dot{a}\mu \dot{a}\chi \dot{i}$ , Adv. of  $\ddot{a}\mu a\chi os$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu a\chi \epsilon i$ .

**α-μαχοs**, ον, (a privat., μάχη) without battle, and I. with whom no one fights, unconquered . unconquerable, of persons: of places, impregna-II. act. not baving fought.

clined to fight.

ble.

'AMA'Ω: contr. impf. ήμων: f. ἀμήσω: aor. 1 ήμησα:--Pass., aor. 1 ήμήθην: pf. ήμημαι:- to reap, to mow: also to gather in, as a reaper does corn, to collect. [generally, ā Ep.: ă Att.]

2. disin-

 $d\mu\beta$ -, for  $d\nu\alpha\beta$ -, at the beginning of words.

άμβαίη, Ep. for ἀναβαίη, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνω. άμβαλλώμεθα, Ion. and Ep. for ἀναβαλλ-.

άμβάσις, ή, poet, for ἀνά-βασις.

άμβλίσκω and άμβλόω, f. άμβλώσω: aor. I ήμβλωσα: pf ήμβλωκα: (ἀμβλόε):—to bave an abortion, miscarry.

άμβλύνω [v], f. υνω: aor, I ήμβλυνα:-Pass., fut. ἀμβλυνθήσομαι: 201. Ι ήμβλύνθην: pf. ήμβλυμμαι: (dμβλύs):-to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat. bebetare :- Pass, to become blunt or dull, lose the edge.

'AMBAY'Σ, εîa, ύ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off, Lat. bebes: metaph. dull, faint, feeble: of persons, spiritless, sluggish. Hence

άμβλύτης [v], ητος, ή, dulness: sluggisbness.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μβλύ-ωπος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ μβλωπος.

άμβλυώσσω, Att. -ττω, (άμβλύε) to be dim-sighted

άμβλ-ωπός,  $\dot{o}_{\nu}$ , and  $\dot{a}_{\mu}$ βλ-ώψ,  $\hat{\omega}$ πος,  $\dot{o}_{\nu}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}_{\mu}$ βλ $\dot{\nu}$ ς, ώψ) dim-looking, dark, obscure.

άμ-βολάδην, Adv., poët. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀναβάλλω) bubbling up. II. (ἀναβολή) like a prelude. **ἀμ-βολάs**, for **ἀνα-βολ**άs, άδοs,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ἀναβάλλω)  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  |  $\hat{\eta}$  |

ἀμβολι-εργόε, όν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) poet. for ἀναβολ., putting off work, lazy.

άμβροσία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (properly fem. of άμβρόσιος) ambrosia, the food of the gods.

άμ-βρόσιος, a, or, lengthd. form of άμ-βροτος, immortal, divine, of divine nature. II. of things belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair.

άμβροτείν, Ερ for άμαρτείν, 20τ. 2 inf. of άμαρτάνω. άμβροτος, ου, (α privat., βροτός) immortal, divine. άμβώσας, Ion. for ἀναβοήσας, 20τ. 1 part. of ἀναβοάω.

ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμᾶs.

ά-μέγαρτος, ον, (α privat., μεγαίρω) unenvied, unenviable, unhappy: as a reproach, wretched, miserable: also borrible.

άμεθύστινος, η, ον, of amethyst. From

α-μέθυστος, ον, (α privat., μεθύω) not drunken. II. as Subst. ἀμέθυστος, ή, οτ ἀμέθυστον, τό, α remedy against drunkenness: 1. a kind of berb. 2.

the precious stone, amethyst.

'AMEI'BΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμειβον: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. I ημειψα: I. Act. to change, exchange; χάλκεα χρυσείων τεύχεα ἀμείβειν to exchange golden arms for brasen: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass, cross: like Lat. muto, either to quit a place, or to go to it. II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι = ἀμοιβαδίs, in exchange: ἀμείβοντες ol, rafters that cross each other. III. Med. to change one with another, do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply to. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act. to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in: metaph. to surpass.

d-μείδητος, ον, (a privat, μειδάω) not smiling, gloomy.
d-μείλικτος, ον, (a privat., μειλίσσω) unsoothed:
barsh, cruel.

ά-μείλιχος, ον, = foreg. barsh, severe: relentless, unassuaged.

άμείνων, ov, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of άγαθόs, better: of persons, abler, stronger, braver.

'AMEI'P $\Omega$ , =  $d\mu\epsilon\rho\delta\omega$ .

ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμείψασθαι, 20τ. I med. of ἀμείβω. ἄμειψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) exchange: succession.

'AME' ΛΓΩ, i. εω, to MILK, Lat. MULGERE. II. to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exbaust. III. to sip, drink.

άμέλει, imperat. of ἀμελέω, never mind. Hence as Adv. by all means, of course.

άμέλεια, ή, (άμελή) beedlessness, indifference.

άμελετησία, ή, want of practice or attention. From ά-μελέτητος, ον, (a privat., μελετάω) unpractised, unprepared

άμελέω, f. ήσω: aot. I ἠμέλησα, Ep. άμ-: pf. ἡμέληκα: (ἀμελήs):— to be careless, beedless, negligest. 2. to neglect, bave no care for, slight. 3 to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to do:—Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ά-μελής, έε, (a privat., μέλει) careless, beedless, negligent.

II. pass. uncared for, unbeeded.

αμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, one must neglect. ἀμέλητος, ov, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελής, not cared for: unworthy of care.

άμελία, ή, poet. for άμέλεια, beedlessness.

ά-μέλλητος, ον, (a privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not to be delayed.

αμελξις, εως, <math>
η, (αμέλγω) a milking.

ἀμελῶs, Adv. of ἀμελήs, carelessly: ἀμελῶs ἔχειν to be careless.

α-μεμπτος, ον, (α privat., μέμφομαι) not to be blamed, blameless: of things, perfect:—Adv. -τωε, so as to merit no blame.

II. act. not blaming, finding no fault, well content.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -μεμφής, ές, =  $\ddot{a}$ μεμπτος II.

άμεμφία, ή, (άμεμφήs) blamelessness, freedom from blame.

αμέναι, for αξμέναι, Ep. inf. of αω, to satisfy.

άμενηνός, όν, (α privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly or sickly. Hence

ά-μενηνόω, Ep. 201. Ι άμενήνωσα, to make weak, deaden the force of.

άμέρα, Dor. for ήμέρα.

'AME'PΓΩ, f. ξω, to pluck or pull, Lat. decerpere. ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ήμερσα, Ep. άμ-: aor. I pass. ἡμέρθην: (prob. from a privat., μέροs):—to deprive of one's share, bereave one of:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing, lose it.

ά-μέριμνος, ον, (α privat., μέριμνα) free from care, unconcerned. II. pass. uncared for, unbeeded. III. driving away care.

άμέριος, Dor. for ημέριος.

ά-μέριστος, ον, (α privat., μερίζω) undivided.

άμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ήμερό-κοιτος.

ἄμερος, Dor. for ήμερος. ἄμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. 1 of ἀμέρδω. ἀμές or ἀμές, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.

ά-μετάθετος, ον, (a privat., μετατίθημι) unchangeable: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness.

ά-μετακίνητος, ον, (α privat., μετακινέω) immovable. ά-μετάκλαστος, ον, (α privat., μετακλάω) not to be

broken: unalterable. ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ον, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unrepented of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.

pented of. II. act. not repenting, uncounging.

α-μετανόητος, ον, (α privat., μετανοέω) = unrepented of.

II. act. unrepentant.

a-μετάπειστος, ον, (a privat., μεταπείθω) unpersuadable.

ά-μετάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., μεταπίπτω) unchangeable.

ά-μετάστατος, ον, (α privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable. ά-μεταστεπτεί, Adv. (α privat., μεταστρέφω) without turning about.

ά-μετάστροφος, ον, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) unalterable.

ά-μετάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., μετατρέπω) unalterable.

άμέτερος, Dor. for ήμέτερος.

ά-μέτρητος, ον, (α privat., μετρέω) immeasurable, immense, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless. άμετρ6-βιος, ον, (ἄμετρος, βίος) of an immeasurable

1; fo

άμετρο-επής, ές, (άμετρος, έπος) immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.

άμετρο-πότης, ου, δ, (άμετρος, πότης) drinking to

**ἄ-μετρος, ον**, (α privat., μέτρον) without measure, immense, boundless, incessant. 2 immoderate. **ἀ-μέτρως**, Adv. of ἄμετρος, infinitely.

άμευσί-πορος, ον, (άμεύω, πόρος) = τρίοδος, Lat.

trivium, where three paths cross.

άμείω, Aeol. for  $\hat{a}$ μεί $\beta \omega$ : aor. 1 med. inf.  $\hat{a}$ μείσσασθα: —to surpass, excel, conquer.

"AMH, \$\delta\$, a shovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. hama. 3. a harrow, rake.

ἀμῆ, Att. ἀμῆ, Adv., properly for ἀμῆ, dat. fem. of ἀμόs = τls, in a certain way: ἀμηγέπη, in some way, somebow or other. [ἄ]

**ἀμήν**, Hebr. Adv. verily, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.

ά-μήνῖτος, ον, (a privat., μηνίω) not wrathful.

\*AMHE, nros, o, a kind of milk cake.

άμησάμενος, 20r. I med. part. of άμάω.

άμητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , ( $\hat{\alpha}$ μάω) a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer.  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ 

άμητος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaping, barvesting: also barvest, barvest-time.

II. a barvest or crop.

**ἀ-μήτωρ,** opos, δ, ή, (α privat, μήτηρ) without mother, motherless.

II. unlike a mother.

άμηχανέω, impf. ημηχάνουν: fut. ήσω: (άμηχανου):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

άμηχανία, Ion. -ίη, ή, want of means, belplessness, distress.

II. bardship, trouble.

**ἀ-μήχἄνος**, ον, (a privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, helpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

άμηχανόωσι, άμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from άμηχανάω.

ά-μίαντος, ον, (α privat., μιαίνω) undefiled, pure. άμί-θεος, Dor. for  $\eta \mu i$ -θεος.

**δ-μικτοs**, ον, (a privat., μίγνυμ) unmixed, pure. II not mingling with others, unsociable, savage. III. not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμίκτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.

\*AMIAAA, ηs, ή, a contest for superiority, rivalry;

generally, a struggle, conflict. [ἄ] Hence ἀμιλλάομαι, fut. ήσομαι: aor. 1 med. ἡμιλλησάμην and pass. ἡμιλλήθην: pt. ἡμίλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari. II.

generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence ἀμιλλητέον, verb. Adj. one must compete.

**ἀμίλλημα, τό,** (ἀμιλλάομαι) a contest, conflict. ἀμιλλητήρ, ῆρος, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival. ἀμιμητό-βιος, ον, (ἀμίμητος, βίος) inimitable in qne's life.

ά-μίμητος, ον, (a privat., μιμέομαι) inimitable. ἀμιξία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἄμικτος) a being unmixed, purity. 2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.

αμ-ιππος, ον, (αμα, ιππος) along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse.

2. αμιπποι, οί, infantry mixed with cavalry.

'AMI'Σ, ίδος, ή, a chamber-pot.

άμισής, ές, (a privat., μισος) without batred, not bateful: Comp. ἀμισέστερος.

άμισθί, Adv. of άμισθοs, without reward.

ā-μισθος, ον, (a privat., μισθός) without pay or reward. ά-μίσθωτος, ον, (a privat., μισθόω) not let out on bire, not leased.

ά-μῖτρο-χίτωνες, οἱ, (a privat., μίτρα, χιτών) wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ά-μιχθάλόεις, εσσα, εν, lengthd. form of άμικτος, inaccessible, inbospitable.

 $\dot{a}$ μμ-, poet. for  $\dot{a}$ ναμ-. For words omitted under  $\dot{a}$ μμ-, see under  $\dot{a}$ ναμ-.

αμμα, ατος, τό, (απτω) anything tied or made to tie: 1. a knot. 2. a noose, halter. 3. a cord, band.

ἄμμε, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμᾶς. ἀμ-μένω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω ἄμμες, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμεῖς.

άμ-μέσον, poet. for άνα μέσον. άμμέων, Aeol. for ήμων.

άμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῦν.

άμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνά-μιγα.

άμμίξας, Εp. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι. άμμνάσει, ἀμμνάσειεν, Dor. for ἀναμνήσει, ἀνα-

αμμνάσει, αμμνασειεν, Dor. for αναμνήσει, αναμνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of αναμιμνήσκω.

άμμο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄμμος, δύω) sand-burrower,  $\mathbf{a}$  kind of snake.

άμμορία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (άμμορος) ill fortune.

αμμοροs, ον, poet. for α-μοροs, without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unhappy.

"AMMOΣ or αμμος, ή, sand: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος.

άμμό-τροφος, ον, (άμμος, τρέφω) growing in sand. άμμ-ώδης, ες, (άμμος, είδος) sandy.

'Aμμωνιάs, άδοs, or 'Αμμωνίs, ίδοs, η, ('Αμμων') of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African.

ἀμνάμων [ā], Dor. for ἀμνήμων.

άμναστέω, άμναστος, Dor. for άμνηστ -.

άμνεῖος, α, ον, (άμνός) of a lamb.

άμνή, ή, fem. of άμνύς, a ewe-lamb.

ά-μνημόνευτος, ον, (α privat., μνημονεύω) unmentioned, unbeeded.

άμνημονέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήμνημόνησα:—to be άμνήμων, be unmindful: to make no mention of, pass over.

άμνημοσύνη, ή, forgetfulness. From

å-μνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μνήμη) unmindful, forgetful. 2. pass. forgotten, not mentioned.

ἀ-μνήστευτος, ή, (a privat., μνηστεύω) unwooed, not sought in marriage.

II.

άμνηστέω, (ἄμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget:

—Pass. to be forgotten.

άμνηστία, ή, forgetfulness: an amnesty. From ἄ-μνηστος, ον, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

άμνήσω, poet. fut. of άναμιμνήσκω.

ἀμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

 $\dot{a}\mu\nu$ is,  $\dot{i}\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\nu\dot{\eta}$ .

άμνο-κῶν, οῦντος, δ, (ἀμνός, κοέω) sheep-minded, i. c. simple.

'AMNO'Σ, δ and ἡ, a lamb: declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἄρνα, ἄρνες, etc., as if from a nom. \* ἄρς.

άμνο-φόρος should be μαννο-φόρος.

άμογητί, Adv. without toil or effort. From

ά-μόγητος, ον, (α privat., μογέω) without toll, unwearied, untiring.

ἀμόθεν, Att. ἁμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμόs) from some place or other.

άμόθι or άμοθεί, Adv. (άμός) somewhere.

άμοῖ, Adv. (ἀμόs) somewhither.

άμοιβάδιος, a,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu o\iota \beta a \hat{i} o s$ .

ἀμοιβάδίs, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Lat. alternatim. ἀμοιβαΐοs, ον, also η, οτ α, ον, (ἀμοιβή) interebanging, alternate: of verses, amoebaean, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive:— Adv. -ωs, in requital.

άμοιβάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of άμοιβαίος; χλαίνα

άμοιβάs a cloak for a change.

άμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return: hence repayment, atonement: revenge. 2. an answer. II. change, exchange, barter.

άμοιβηδίς, Adv. (άμοιβή) alternately.

άμοιβός, δ, (άμείβω) a successor, follower.

**ἄ-μοιρος**, ον, (a privat., μοίρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it.

II. absol. unfortunate.

άμολγαίοs, α, ον, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk. άμολγεύς, έως, δ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra. ἀμολγός, δ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i.e. morning and evening twilight; the four bours either before daybreak or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

α-μομφος, ον, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

άμορβόs, οῦ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

άμόργινοs, ov, made of fine flam. From

άμοργίς, ίδος, ή, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos, ά-μορος, ον, (a privat., μόρος) without share of, destitute of.

II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

άμορφία, ή, ill shape, deformity. From

α-μορφος, ον, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, missbapen, unsbapely, unseemly: Comp. αμορφέστερος.

άμός or άμός, ή, όν, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμός, ήμέτερος.

άμός, in Att. Poets for έμός.

άμός, Att. άμός, an old form for εἶς, and so = τἰς, but only used in the Adv. forms άμη, άμόθεν, άμοῦ, άμῶς.

aμos, Dor. for ημοs, as, when.

άμοτος, ov, insatiate, ravening, savage: neut. άμοτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain). άμοθ. Att. άμοθ. Adv. of άμόε, samewhere.

dμουσία, ή, want of harmony: rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

a-μουσος, ον, (a privat., Moῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish: of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

άμοχθεί, Adv. of ἄμοχθος, without toil or trauble. ά-μόχθητος, ον, (α privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τως. ά-μοχθος, ον, (α privat., μόχθος) without toil or

trouble. II. not weary.
ἀμπ-, poét. abbrev. for ἀναπ-, under which will be

found many words beginning with άμπ-.

ἀμ-πεδίον, ἀμ-πεδιήρεις, ἀμ-πέλαγος, should be written ἄμ πεδίον, i. e. ἀνὰ πεδίον, etc.

άμπείραντες, Ep. 201. I part. of άναπείρω.

άμ-πέλαγος, for άνα πέλαγος.

άμπελεών, ῶνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελών, α vineyard. ἀμπέλίνος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄμπελος) of the vine.

άμπέλιον, τό, Dim. of άμπελος.

άμπελίς, ίδος, ή, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a kind of bird.

άμπελόως, εσσα, εν, (άμπελος) ricb in vines, vineclad.

άμπελο-εργός, όν, = contr. άμπελουργός, q. v. άμπελο-μιξία, ή, (άμπελος, μίξις) an intermixture

of vines.

"ΑΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ή, a vine, Lat. vitis.
άμπελουργέω, to dress or prune vines. From

άμπελ-ουργός, δ, (άμπελος, έργον) a vinedresser. άμπελο-φύτωρ, ορος, δ, (άμπελος, φύω) producer of the vine, 2 name of Bacchus.

άμπελών, ωνος, ό, (άμπελος) a vineyard.

άμ-πεπαλών, Ερ. for ἀναπεπαλών, redupl. 201. 2 part. of ἀναπάλλω.

άμπερέs, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερέs, resolved, as, διά δ' άμπερέs, for διαμπερέs δέ.

άμπετάσον, άμπετάσας, poet. 201. 1 imper. 2nd part. of άναπετάννυμι.

dμπεχόνη, η, (dμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω: Ep. impf. ἄμπεχον: fut. ἀμφέξω: aor. 2 ήμπισχον, inf. ἀμπισχείν, part. ἀμπισχών:—Med. ἀμπέχομαι and ἀμπίσχομαι: impf. ήμπειχόμην: fut. ἀμφέξομαι: aor. 2 ήμπεσχόμην. part. ἀμπισχόμενοs: (ἀμφί, ἔχω):—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere.

II. to put round or over, Lat. circumdare. See ἀμπισχνέομαι.

άμπήδησε, for ανεπήδησε.

άμ-πίπλημι, for ανα-πίμπλημι.

άμπισχείν, aor. 2 inf. of dμπ-έχω.

άμπισχνέομαι, = άμπέχομαι, to put on, Lat. circuminduor.

άμπίσχω, v. sub άμπέχω.

άμπλακείν, aor. 2 inf. of άμπλακίσκω.

άμπλάκτημα, ατος, τό, (άμπλακεῖν) an error, offence. άμπλάκητος, ον, (άμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with guilt. ἀμπλακία, ή, = ἀμπλάκημα.

άμπλάκιον, τό, = άμπλάκημα.

άμπλακίσκω, fut. άμπλακήσω: pf. ήμπλάκηκα: 20r. 2 ήμπλάκον:—Pass., pf. ήμπλάκημαι:—like άμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall sbort of, c. gen.

άμ-πνευμα, άμπνεύσαι, etc., poet. for άναπν-. άμπνϋε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of άναπνέω. άμπνύνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of άναπνέω.

άμπνῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of άμπνέω.

άμ-πόνον, for ανα πόνον.

άμπτάμενος, άμπταίην, ν. άναπέτομαι.

άμπυκάζω: aor. 1 pass. ἡμπυκάσθην: (ἄμπυξ):—to bind the bair with a band: generally, to bind, wreathe. άμπυκτήρ, ῆροs, δ, = (ἄμπυξ) a band, fillet: also a borse's bridle. Hence

άμπυκτήριος,  $\alpha$ , ov, of a borse's bridle or frontlet. άμπυξ,  $\check{v}$ κος,  $\dot{o}$  or  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\mu\dot{m}(\chi\omega)$  a band or fillet for binding the hair, a bead-band, snood.

II. the bead-band of borses: also a bridle.

III. anything rounded, a wheel.

αμπωτις, ή, gen. εως Ion. ιος, shortened from ανάπωτις (αναπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the

ebb-tide

άμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλή, ή, the almond-tree. 'ΑΜΥΓΔΑ'ΛΗ, ή, an almond. [δα] Hence

άμυγδάλινος, η, ον, of almonds.

άμυγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending: a scar.

άμυγμός, δ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling. άμυδις, Adv. = άμα, of Time, together, at the same

time: oftener of Place, together.

'AΜΥΔΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, akin to ἀμαυρόs, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρωs: also neut. ἀμυδρόν as Adv. ἀ-μύητος, ον, (α privat., μυθω) uninitiated, profane. ἀ-μύθητος, ον, (α privat., μῦθέομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.

ά-μύκητος, ον, (α privat., μυκάομαι) without lowing or bellowing: of places, where no herds low.

Auurhatio, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).

**d-μύλοs**, δ, (a privat.,  $\mu$ ύλη) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.

ā-μύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ἄμῦ]

άμυναθειν, 3 sing. and inf. poët. 201. 2 of

**ἀμυνάθοῦ, 2** sing. poët. **2** aor. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.

άμθναι, άμύνασθαι, aor. 1 act, and med. inf. of άμύνω. 'Αμυνίαs, ov, δ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (άμύνω) on its guard.

άμυνον, aor. I imper. of ἀμύνω.

άμυντέον, verb. Adj. of άμύνω, one must assist; so too άμυντέα.

II. one must repel.

άμυντήρ, ήροε, δ, (άμύνω) a defender.

ἀμυντήριος, ον, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive; ἀμυντήρια ὅπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυντήριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

άμυντικόs, ή, όν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge. ἀμύντωρ, opos, ὁ, = ἀμυντήρ, a belper: an avenger. 'ΑΜΥΝΩ [v], Ep. impf. ἀμυνο: fut. ἀμῦνῶ, ion ἀμῦνὰ: αοτ. 1 ἡμῦνα, Ep. ἀμῦνα: poèt. 20τ. 2 ἡμῦν νἄθον:—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to defend, fight for, aid: rarely to requite, repay.

II. Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2 to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.

ἄμυξις, εως, ή, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.

'AΜΥ ΣΣΩ, Att. -ττω: Ep. impf. ἄμυσσον: fut. ἀμύξω. 201. Ι ήμυξα:—to tear, scratch, wound: to tear in pieces.

II. mctaph., θυμὸν ἀμύξεις χωύμενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ἄ]

ά-μυστί, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly without closing the mouth, i.e. at one draught. Hence άμυστίζω, f. σω: pf. ήμύστικα: to drink deep,

tipple. From

ά-μυστις, ιος and ιδος, ή, a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians. ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἄμυξις.

άμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ-; cf. ἀμπ-, ἀμφ-ἄγαπάζω, only used in pres. and impf. (άμφὶ, ἀγαπάζω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet warmly.

 $\dot{a}\mu\phi$ - $\ddot{a}\gamma\ddot{a}\pi\dot{a}\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\dot{a}\zeta\omega$ .

ἀμφ-ἄγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερύμην: (ἀμφί, ἀγείρω):—to collect around:—Med. to gather around. ἀμφ-ἄγερέθομαι and -αγέρομαι, poet. for -αγείρομαι. ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμφαδύν.

ἀμφάδιος, α, ον, (ἀμφαδός) public, known: ἀμφαδίην as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.

άμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise.

 $\dot{\alpha}\mu$ -φαδόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\nu\alpha$ -φαίνω) public, notorious.  $\dot{\alpha}\mu$ -φαίνω, poet. for  $\dot{\alpha}\nu\alpha$ -φαίνω.

ἀμφ-αίσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, ἀlσσω) to rusb on from all sides, flutter or float around.

άμφάκης, Dor. for άμφήκης.

άμ-φανδόν, Adv. poet, for άνα-φανδόν.

ἀμφᾶνέειν, poet, for ἀναφανεῖν, fut, inf. of ἀναφαίνω. ἀμφ-ᾶρᾶβέω, f. ήσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring ibout.

 $\dot{a}\mu\phi$ -aρaβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi$ -apaβίω.

 $\dot{a}\mu$ -φασίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poët. for  $\dot{a}$ -φασία (with  $\mu$  inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.

ἀμφαφάασθαι, Ep. for ἀμφαφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf. of ἀμφαφάω.

άμφ-ἄφάω, and Med. ἀμφ-αφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ἀφάω) to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to bandle. ἀμφάφόων, -όωσα, Ερ. for ἀμφαφῶν, ῶσα, pres. part. of ἀμφαφάω.

άμφαφόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of άμφαφάω.

άμφέθετο, aor. 2 med. of άμφιτίθημι.

άμφ-ελικτόs, όν, poët. for άμφιελ-, coiled round. άμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. lξω, poët. for άμφιελίσσω, to wrap, fold, or twine round.

άμφ-έπω, poët, for άμφι-έπω. άμφ-ερέφω, f. ψω, (άμφί, ερέφω) to cover around. άμφ-έρχομαι, 2οτ. 2 άμφήλυθον οτ άμφήλθον: Dep.: (άμφί, ἔρχομαι):—to come round one, surround.  $\dot{\alpha}\mu$ - $\dot{\phi}\dot{\epsilon}\rho\omega$ , poet. for  $\dot{\alpha}\nu\alpha\phi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\omega$ . άμφέσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of άμφίστημι. άμφεστάσι for άμφεστήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of άμφίστημι. άμ-φεύγω, poët. for άναφεύγω. άμφέχανον, 20r. 2 of άμφιχαίνω. άμφεχύθην  $[\breve{v}]$ , aor. I pass. of άμφιχέω. άμφέχὕτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of άμφιχέω. άμφ-ήκης, εs, (άμφί, άκή) two-edged, double-biting: of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous. άμφήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of άμφέρχομαι. άμφ-ηρεφής, ές, (άμφί, ερέφω) covered all round, close-covered. άμφ-ήρης, εs. (άμφί, έρέσσω) baving oars on both 2. (\*apw) fitted or joined on all sides, wellfitted. Hence άμφ-ηρικός, ή, όν, worked by sculls, of a boat. άμφ-ήριστος, ον, (άμφί, έρίζω) contested on both sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.

'AMΦI'. Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signf. on both sides, around. I. c. gen. about, for, for the sake of a thing: -about, concerning a thing, of 2. rarely of Place, about, around. 1. of Place, about, around, round about: -at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concern-3. by means of. III. c. Acc., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:-mostly with motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides. V. In Compos. about, on all sides, on both sides.

άμφί-άλος, ον, (άμφί, άλς) sea-girt, esp. baving the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.

ἀμφ-ιάχω, (ἀμφί, ἰάχω) to sound on all sides: to fly about sbrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφίαχώς, υῖα. ἀμφι-βαίνω, fι. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: --to go about or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, protect.

II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.

άμφι-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: pf. -βέβληκα: Med., Ion. fut. -βαλεῦμαι: αοτ. 2 inf. -βαλέσθαι:—to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi.

2. esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp.

3. to surround, encompass: but also to strike on all sides.

III. intr. to go to another blace: so also in Med.

intr. to go to another place; so also in Med. αμφιβάς, 201. 2 part. of ἀμφι-βαίνω.

άμφιβασία, ή, ν. άμφισβασία.

άμφίβασις, εως, ή, (άμφιβαίνω) a going round, encompassing.

ἀμφίβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown round, an enclosure. II. a garment.

round: 1. a large fishing-net. 2. a garment. 3. a fetter, bond.

ἀμφίβλητος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round. ἀμφι-βόητος, ον, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, farfamed.

άμφιβολία, ή, the state of being attacked on both sides.

II. uncertainty, doubt. From

άμφίβολος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence, τὸ ἀμφίβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on both or all sides.

2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful. ἀμφί-βουλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βουλή) double-minded, doubting.

άμφί-βροτος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (άμφί, βροτός)

covering the whole man, of a large shield.

ἀμφί-βροχος, ον, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked. ἀμφι-βώμιος, ον, (ἀμφί, βωμός) round the altar. ἀμφι-γηθέω, to rejoice around or exceedingly.

ἀμφι-γνοέω, impf. ἡμφεγνόουν: f. ἀμφιγνοήσω: aor. I ἡμφεγνόησα:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀμφιγνοηθείε: (ἀμφί, γνοέω Aeol. for νοέω):—to be doubiful about a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be unknown.

άμφι-γόητος, ον, (άμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round. 'Αμφι-γύήτις, ὁ, (άμφί, γυιός) be that balts in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.

άμφί-γτος, ον, (άμφί, γυῖον) properly baving limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practised.

ἀμφι-δαίω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf. ἀμφι-δέδηα, plqpf. –δεδήειν, to burn around.

άμφι-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite all round.

άμφι-δάκρῦτος, ον, (άμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful.

ἀμφί-δἄσυς, εια, υ, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round. ἀμφι-δέαι, αἰ, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets.

άμφιδέδηα, -δεδήειν, pf. and plqpf. of άμφιδαίω.

άμφι-δέξιος, ov, with two right bands, very destrous, Lat. ambidester. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: twoedged. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμφότερος, ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί both hands.

άμφι-δέρκομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. to look round about one.

άμφί-δετος, ον, (άμφί, δέω) bound all round.

ἀμφι-δήριτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) disputed, doubtful. άμφι-διαίνω, to water around.

άμφι-δινέω, f. ήσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνημαι, to be fitted close.

άμφι-δοκεύω, f. εύσω, to lie in wait for.

άμφι-δονέω, f. ήσω, to whirl round, agitate violently. άμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed.

άμφί-δοξος, ον, (άμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful. άμφί-δορος, ον, (άμφί, δέρω) skinned all round, quite flayed.

ound, an enclosure. II. a garment. ἀμφί-δοχμος, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχμή) as large as can be ἀμφίβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown grasped.

άμφι-δρομος, ον, (άμφι, δραμείν) running round: encompassing.

 $\dot{a}\mu\dot{\phi}\dot{l}$ - $\delta\rho\nu\pi\tau\sigma s$ ,  $\sigma\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\dot{\epsilon}\delta\rho\nu\phi\sigma s$ .

ἀμφι-δρυφής, έs, (ἀμφί, δρυφηναι) tearing both cheeks. άμφί-δρύφος, ον, (άμφί, δρύφηναι) torn on both sides. άμφί-δύμος, ον, (άμφί, δύομαι) approachable on both

άμφι-δύω, f. δύσω [v], to put round or on:-Med.

to but on oneself.

άμφιελικτός, όν, (άμφιελίσσω) turned round and round, circling, revolving.

άμφιέλισσα, fem. Adj. rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking. From

άμφι-ελίσσω, f. ίξω, to wind round.

άμφι-έννυμι and άμφι-εννύω: fut. άμφιέσω, Att. άμφιω: 20r. Ι ήμφίεσα, Ερ άμφίεσα:-Pass., 20r. Ι ημφιέσθην: pf. ημφίεσμαι, poet. αμφιείμαι:-- to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere:-Pass, to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf. Med. αμφιέννυμαι: 201. Ι ήμφιεσάμην, 3 pl. αμφιέσ-

σαντο, imperat. άμφιέσασθε: - to put on oneself, dress

oneself in.

άμφι-έπω, poët. also άμφ-έπω: aor. 2 άμφίεπον and ἄμφεπον: (ἀμφί, ἔπω):—to go about, encompass. to be busy about, take care of: to do bonour to: esp. to tend, protect. III. Med. to follow and crowd round.

άμφίεσαν, άμφιέσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of άμφιέννυμι.

 $\dot{a}\mu\dot{\phi}$ - $\dot{c}\dot{a}v\omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}\mu\phi\dot{\epsilon},\ \dot{\epsilon}\dot{a}v\omega)$  to sit around or on a

thing, settle upon it, as dust does. [ă] άμφι-ζευκτος, ον, (άμφι, ζεύγνυμι) joined from both

άμφι-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (άμφί, θάλασσα) sea-girt: near the sea.

άμφιθαλής, έε, blooming on both sides: hence flourishing, rich. From

άμφι-θάλλω, pf. άμφιτέθηλα, to bloom all round, to be in full bloom.

άμφι-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly.

άμφι-θέατρον, τό, (άμφί, θέατρον) a double theatre, amphitheatre.

άμφίθετος, ον, (άμφιτίθημι) of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides.

άμφι-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run round about.

 $d\mu$ φι-θηγήs,  $\epsilon s$ , = sq.

**άμφί-θηκτος**, ον, (άμφί, θήγω) sbarpened on both sides, two-edged.

**άμφί-θρεπτος,** ον, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) clotted around, congealed, of blood.

άμφί-θύρος, or, (άμφί, θύρα) with a door or opening on both sides: as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a ball.

άμφι-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover all round, enfold, sbroud. II. to put a thing round as a veil or sbelter, to envelope in.

άμφι-κεάζω: Ep. 201. I part. αμφικεάσσα: -- to cleave asunder.

άμφί-κειμαι, used as Pass. of άμφιτίθημι, to lie close upon: to lean on.

`άμφι-κείρω, f. κερῶ, to shear or clip all round.

άμφικέφαλος, Ερ. -κέφαλλος, ον, (άμφί, κεφαλή) double-beaded.

άμφι-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, (άμφί, κίων) with pillars all round. [ki]

άμφί-κλαστος, ον, (άμφί, κλάω) broken all round. ἀμφί-κλυστος, ον, (ἀμφί, κλύζω) flooded around.

άμφι-κομέω, f. ήσω, to tend on all sides or carefully. άμφί-κομος, ον, (άμφί, κόμη) with hair all round, thick-baired: of trees, thick-leafed.

 $\dot{a}$ μφίκρ $\dot{a}$ νος, oν,  $(\dot{a}$ μφί, κ $\dot{a}$ ρa) =  $\dot{a}$ μφικ $\dot{\epsilon}$ φαλος.

άμφι-κρέμαμαι, Pass. declined like δύναμαι: (άμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—to bover or flutter round. Hence

άμφι-κρεμής, és, banging round one: banging round the shoulder.

άμφίκρημνος, ον, (άμφί, κρημνός) with cliffs all

άμφίκρηνος, ον, Ion. for άμφίκρανος, surrounding the head.

άμφι-κτίονες, ων, οί, (άμφί, κτίζω) they that dwell round or near. Hence

'Aμφι-κτύονες, ων, oi, the Amphictyons, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece. II. the presidents of the Pythian games.

'Aμφικτυονία, ή, the Amphictyonic League or Council, 'Αμφικτυονικός, ή, όν, of or for the Amphictyons or their League.

'Αμφικτυονίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of 'Αμφικτυονικός: (sub. πόλιε), a city or state in the Amphictyonic League. II. a name of Artemis at Anthēla, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council.

άμφι-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω [i], to roll about or upon. άμφι-κύπελλος, ον, (άμφί, κύπελλον) in Homer always with δέπαs, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετοs. [v] ἀμφί-λάλος, ον, (ἀμφί, λάλος) chattering everywhere. ἀμφι-λαφής, ές, (ἀμφί, λαβείν) far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent. άμφι-λάχαίνω, to dig or boe round.

άμφι-λέγω, f. fw, to speak on both sides, dispute. Hence

άμφίλεκτος, ov. discussed on all bands, doubt-II. act. disputing, captious.

άμφιλογία, ή, dispute, doubt. From

άμφί-λογος, ον, (άμφί, λέγω) disputed, questionable, doubtful. II. act. disputatious, contentious.

άμφί-λοφος, ον, (άμφί, λόφος) encompassing the neck. άμφι-λύκη νύξ, ή, (άμφί, λύκη, Lat. lux) the morning-twilight, gray of morning. [v]

\*άμφι-μάομαι, (άμφί, μάω) pres. of Ep. 201. I άμφιμασάμην, to wipe or rub all round.

άμφι-μάσχαλος, ον, (άμφί, μασχάλη) covering both sboulders, two-sleeved.

άμφι-μάτορες, Dor. for άμφι-μήτορες.

άμφιμάχητος, ov, contended for, contested on both bands. [a] From

άμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχούμαι: Dep.:—to fight | (άμφί, πονέω):—to bestow labour about, attend to, round: I. to attack. 2. to fight for. [a]

άμφι-μέλαs, αινα, αν, black all round, wrapt in darkness.

άμφιμέμῦκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of άμφι-μυκάομαι.

άμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted. ἀμφι-μήτορες, οί, αί, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters by different mothers.

άμφι-μῦκάομαι, pf. act. μέμῦκα: Dep.:—to low or bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον άμφιμέ-

μυκε the floor echoed all around. άμφι-νεικής, έs, (άμφί, νείκος) made an object of

contest, eagerly wooed.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μφι-νείκητος, ον,  $(\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μφί, νεικέω) =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μφίνεικος.

άμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, inbabit.

άμφι-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think both ways, doubt.

άμφι-ξέω, f. έσω, to smooth or polish all round. άμφίξοος, ον, contr. άμφίξους, ουν, (dμφιξέω)

polishing all round.

άμφί-παλτος, ον, (άμφί, πάλλω) reechoing.

άμφι-πατάσσω, f. fw, to strike on or from all sides.  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\dot{b}$ -πεδος, ον,  $(\dot{a}\mu\phi\dot{b},\pi\dot{e}\delta\sigma\nu)$  surrounded by a plain. άμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, bover around. άμφι-πένομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of, pay beed to.

άμφι-περικτίονες, ων, the dwellers round about. άμφι-περιπλέγδην, Adv. (άμφί, περιπλέκω) twined round about.

άμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.

άμφι-περιστρωφάω, to keep turning round about or in every direction.

άμφι-περιτρύζω, to chirp or twitter all round.

άμφι-περι-φθινύθω, (άμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [v]

άμφιπεσών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part, of άμφιπίπτω. άμφι-πιάζω, f. άξω, to press all round.

άμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.

 $\dot{a}\mu\dot{\phi}\iota$ - $\pi\dot{\iota}\tau\nu\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\dot{\phi}\iota$ - $\pi\dot{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ .

άμφί-πλεκτος, ον, (άμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwining.

άμφί-πληκτος, ον, (άμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dashing on all sides.

 $\mathring{a}$ μφι-πλήξ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ γος,  $\mathring{o}$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ ,  $(\mathring{a}$ μφί, πλήσσω) striking with both sides, double-biting.

άμφιπολεύω, (άμφίπολος) to be an attendant: be busied about, take charge of: of slaves, to serve, to minister to.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μ $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ιπολ $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ ίω.

άμφι-πολις, poet. άμφι-πτολις, δ, ή, (άμφι, πόλις) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.

άμφί-πολος, ον, (άμφί, πέλω) properly being about, busied about: generally as fem. Subst. a bandmaid, waiting-woman: as masc. an attendant, follower. II. as Adj. much frequented.

άμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with 20r. I pass, αμφεπονήθην:

provide for.

άμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around. άμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (άμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced, Lat. bifrons.

άμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence

άμφιπτυχή, ή, a clasping round, embrace. άμφί-πύλος, ον, (άμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.

άμφί-πύρος, ον, (άμφί, πυρ) surrounded by fire, with fire all round.

άμφί-ρύτος, η, ον, poët. for άμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (άμφί,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) flowed around, sea-girt.

'AMΦI'Σ, as Adv. I. on or at both sides: henc**e** 2. apart, asunder; γαίαν και οὐρανον ἀμφίς έχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. rally, around, round about. II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around: apart from, far from. rarely c. dat. like àu¢i, round about. 3. c. acc. about, around, when it always follows its case.

άμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship

άμφίσ-βαινα, ης, ή, (άμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward. άμφισ-βάσίη, ή, Ion. for άμφισ-βήτησιε.

άμφισ-βητέω: impf. ημφισβήτουν, or with double augm. ημφεσβήτουν: so, aor. ι ημφισβήτησα or ημφεσβήτησα:-Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβητήσομαι: -- 201. 1 ημφισβητήθην οι ημφεσβ -- : (άμφίς, βηναι 201. 2 of βαίνω):—to stand apart, and so to

dispute, differ, argue :- Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence

άμφισβήτημα, ατος, τό, a point in dispute. And άμφισβητήσίμος, ov, debatable, doubtful.

άμφισβήτησις, εως, ή, (άμφισβητέω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.

άμφισβήτητος, ov, disputed, debatable.

άμφ-ίσταμαι, ν. άμφίστημι.

άμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another:--Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.

άμφι-στεφανόομαι, Pass. (άμφί, στέφανος) to stand round like a crown.

άμφι-στεφήs, έs, (άμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.

άμφ-ίστημι, to place round:---Pass. άμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφέστηκα:—to stand around.

άμφί-στομος, ον, (άμφί, στόμα) with double mouth or opening: double.

άμφι-στρατάομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. άμφεστρατόωντο: Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός):—to beleaguer, besiege.

άμφι-στρεφής, ές, (άμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.

ἀμφιταθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.

άμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for άμφι-τέμνω.

 $\dot{a}\mu\phi\iota$ - $\tau \dot{a}\nu\dot{\nu}\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\iota$ - $\tau\epsilon\dot{\nu}\omega$ .

άμφι-ταράσσω, to trouble all round. άμφιτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άμφιτίθημι. άμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

άμφι-τειχής, ές, (άμφί, τείχος) encompassing the | "ΑΜΦΩ, τώ, τά, τώ, also oi, αi, τά, Gen. and Dat. walls.

άμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

άμφι-τίθημι, imperat.  $-\tau i\theta \epsilon i$ : f.- $\theta \eta \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $\epsilon \theta \eta \kappa \alpha$ : aor. 2 αμφέθην: aor. I pass. αμφετέθην:--to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

άμφι-τινάσσω, f. άξω, to shake around.

άμφι-τιττυβίζω, to twitter around.

αμφι-τόμος, ον, (άμφί, ταμείν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

άμφί-τορνος, ον, (ἀμφί, τορνόω) well-rounded.

άμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

άμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

άμφι-τρής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ μφίτρητος.

άμφί-τρητος, ον, (άμφί, \*τράω Root of τετραίνω) bored through, with double entrance.

άμφι-τρομέω, f. ήσω, (άμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for. άμφι-φαείνω, (άμφί, φάω) to shine around.

άμφι-φάλος, ον, with φάλοι all round; see φάλος. άμφι-φάνής, ές, (άμφί, φανηναι) visible all round. άμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (άμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

άμφι-φορεύς, gen. έως Εp. η̂ος, δ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) α large jar or pitcher with two handles.

άμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

άμφι-χαίνω, 201. 2 άμφ-έχανον:—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

άμφι-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I άμφέχεα:--Pass. aor. I άμφεχύθην [ŭ]: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. άμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

άμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

άμφί-χρῦσος, ον, (άμφί, χρυσός) gilded all over.

άμφιχτθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άμφι-χέω. άμφίχυτος, ον, (άμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

άμφί-χωλος, ov, lame in both feet.

 $\ddot{a}\mu\dot{\phi}$ -οδον, τό,  $(\dot{a}\mu\phi\dot{\epsilon}, \dot{\delta}\delta\dot{\delta}s)$  part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

dμφ-οδοs,  $\dot{η}$ ,  $(dμφί, \dot{ο}δόs)$  a road round, a street. άμ-φορεύς, έως, δ, shortened form of άμφι-φορεύς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, =  $I_{0}^{1}$ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.

άμφοτέρη, as Adv. (άμφότερος) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.

άμφότερος, a, ov, (ἄμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' άμφότερα on both sides, Lat. utringue; ἐπ' άμφότερα towards both sides. Hence

άμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.

άμφοτέρωθι. Adv. on both sides.

άμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And

άμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

άμφ-ουδίς, Adv. (άμφίς, ούδας) from the ground. άμφράσσαιτο, poët. for αναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. 20r.

1 opt. of ἀναφράζομαι. άμ-φύω, poët. ἀναφύω, άμφοιν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.) άμφώβολος, δ, (άμφί, δβολός) a double spit.

ἀμφ-ώης, ες, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-bandled.

άμφ-ωτις, ιδος, ή, (άμφί, οὖς) a two-bandled pail. αμφ-ωτος, ov, = foreg., two-eared, two-bandled.

ἀμῶεν, for ἀμάοιεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω. ά-μώμητος, ον, (a privat., μωμέομαι) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τωs, blamelessly.

άμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice.

a-μωμος, ον, (a privat., μωμος) without blame. blameless.

άμῶs, Att. άμῶs, Adv. from the absol. dμόs = τis, esp. in compd. άμωσ-γέ-πωs, in a certain manner.

AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr. particle ke, kev.

A. WITH INDICAT. av makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence av cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or bas been, cannot be made so dependent. WITH INDIC.:-with fut. (only in Ep. poets) av expresses that which certainly will bappen, if something else bappens first:—with imperf. av expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always happen; έλεγεν αν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαίεσκεν αν he would keep on weeping:—with a orists αν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν αν be would bave said. OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. with subjunct. av belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb it-IV. WITH INFINIT. av is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it. av never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signf. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, av may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as  $\pi \rho \phi \alpha \sigma \iota \nu \ \hat{\alpha} \nu \epsilon \bar{\iota} \chi o \nu = \epsilon \bar{\iota} \chi o \nu \ \hat{\alpha} \nu$ πρόφασιν.

 $\tilde{a}v$ , Conj. =  $\hat{\epsilon}\hat{a}v$ , with subjunctive.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

av or av, shortd. Ep. form of avá. [a] av, shortened from aνa, for ανέστη (like ενι for ένεστι), be stood up, arose.

av-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms άν-, άγ-, άμ-: in general signf. opp. to κατά. c. GEN. on board; ἀνὰ νηός on board ship. C. DAT. on, upon. III. c. Acc. the common usage, implying motion upwards, I. of Place, up: 2. of Time, throughout. -tbrougbout. numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e. g. avà πασαν ήμέραν day by day: for ανα κράτος, v. sub κράτος. IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: throughout, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to kará: hence with a sense of strengthening. Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ava]

ανα, for ἀνάστηθι, up! arise!

άνα, vocat. of ἀναξ, king, only addressed to gods. ἀνάβα, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω. ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) going up, mounting: being up on bigh, aloft; opp. to κατα-βάδην. [βα] ἀναβαθμός, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) a means of going up, a flight of steps, stair.

άνα-βάθρα, ή, (ἀνά, βάθρον) a ladder.

άνα-βαίνω, f. - βήσομαι: αοτ. 2 ἀνέβην; also aoτ. 1 med. ἀνεβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο: pf. ἀνα-βέβηκα: I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on sbip-board, put to sea. II. in aoτ. 1 ἀνέβησα, Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board sbip, make to mount:—Pass., aoτ. 1 part ἀναβαθείς, mounted: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.

ἀνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάχκος) to rouse to Bacchic frenzy.

2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy.

άνα-βακχιόω, = άναβακχεύω.

ἀνα-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw or toss up. II. to put back, put off:—Med. to lift up one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III. to put off, delay: in Act. and Med. IV. in Med. to throw one's cloak around one.

 $\dot{a}$ να-βαπτίζω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to dip repeatedly.

άναβάς, ασα, άν, 2 or. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.

dvaβaors, εωs, ἡ, (ἀναβαίνω) a going up, mounting.

2. an expedition up from the coast, esp. into central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus.

3 the rising of a river.

II. a way up, the ascent of a mountain, etc.

άναβάτης, poet. άμβάτης, ου, ό, (ἀναβαίνω) one

who is mounted, a horseman. [ă]

ἀναβάτικός, ή, όν, (ἀναβαίνω) skilled in mounting. ἀναβάτός, poet. ἀμβατός, όν, (ἀνα-βαίνω) that may be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.

άναβέβηκα, pf. of άναβαίνω.

ἀναβέβρυχεν, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύζω, to boil or bubble up.

ἀνάβηθι, ἀναβήναι, 201. 2 imper. 2 and inf. of ἀναβαίνω. ἀνα-βιβάζω, fut. med. -βιβάσομαι, Att. -βιβώμαι: 201. Ι ἀνεβίβάσα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀνα-

ave. I ανεβίβάσα, med. - σσάμην: — Causal of ἀναβαίνω, to make go up: I. to mount one on horseback. 2. to draw a ship up. 3. in Med. to put on board ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court of justice. Hence

άναβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. one must set on.

ἀνα-βίοω, f. ἀναβιώσομαι: 201. 2 ἀνεβίων, inf. ἀναβιῶναι, rarely 201. 1 ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):—to come to life again, return to life.

ἀναβίωσις, εως, ή, (ἀναβιίω) recovery of life.

άναβιώσκομαι, αοτ. Ι ένεβιωσάμην, Dep. to bring back to life.

άνα-βλαστάνω, f.-βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:

-to shoot or grow up again.

ἀνάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a look cast upwards. From ἀνα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look up. 2. to look back upon, Lat. respicere. II. to see again, recover one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ή, (ἀναβλέπω) a seeing again, recovery of sight.

ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀναβάλλομαι) boiling up:—with sudden bursts.

ἀνάβλησις, εως, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) a putting off, delay. ἀνα-βλύζω, f. ύσω: 20τ. 1 ἀνέβλυσα:—to gusb forth; ἀναβλύζειν έλαιον to gusb out with oil.

ἀνα-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go up or back.

ἀνα-βοάω, fut. ήσομαι: αοτ. 1 ἀνεβόησα, Ion. inf. άμβωσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—to cry or sbout aloud, utter a loud cry: to cry out something. II. to call on.

ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) bubbling up. II. as a prelude or beginning of song.

ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, άδος, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) thrown up, of earth.

ἀνα-βολή, poët. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) that which is thrown up, a mound of earth.

2. that which is thrown around one, a cloak.

II. a lifting up of the voice, a prelude.

2. a putting off, delaying.

ἀναβολία, poet. ἐμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) delay. ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -ττω: Pass., aor. Ι ἀνεβράσθην: —to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence.

åνά-βραστος, ον, boiled.

\*ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. 2 οτ. 2 ἀνέβραχεν,

q. v. \*ἀνα-βρόχω, 20τ. Ι ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεια, pf. ἀναβέβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also 20τ. 2 pass. part. ἀνα-βροχείε, είσα, έν, swallowed back, swallowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω

άνα-βρυάζω, 201. I - εβρύαξα, to shout aloud for joy.

áva-βρῦχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.

ἀναβῶσαι, İon. for ἀναβοῆσαι, 20r. I inf. of ἀναβοάω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ - $\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ ,  $= \dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}\dot{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$ - $\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ .

dv-aγγέλλω, for the tenses see dγγέλλω:—to carry back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.

ἀνα-γελάω, f. άσομαι [a]: aor. I -εγέλασα: to laugh aloud.

άνα-γεννάω, f. ήσω, to beget anew, regenerate.

άν-αγένναω, 1. ησω, 10 beget anew, regeneral άν-αγέσμαι, Dor. for άν-ηγέσμαι.

άνα-γεύω, f. σω: 20τ. I ἀνέγευσα: to give to taste. άνα-γιγνώσκω, later ἀναγῖνώσκω: f. ἀναγνώσομαι, 20τ. 2 ἀνέγνων: ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. 2. to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. 3. to distinguish, discern: hence to read. II. in Ion. Greek the 20τ. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense to persuade; and 20τ. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέγνωσμαι, to be persuaded.

ἀναγκάζω, f. άσω: pf. ἡνάγκακα: (ἀνάγκη):—to force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also to force by torture, and so to barass, annoy.

2. to prove of necessity, to demonstrate.

3. with double

acc. to force a person to do a thing.

άναγκαίη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη. ἀναγκαίος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (ἀνάγκη) of or with force: I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: ἡμαρ ἀναγκαίον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery. 2. forcible, convincing. II. pass. forced: hence painful. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessaries: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

avaykalws, Adv. of avaykalos, of necessity, perforce; ἀναγκαίως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαιότατα.

αναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of αναγκάζω, one must compel.

άναγκαστικός, ή, όν, (άναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀναγκαστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

'ANATKH, Ion. and Ep. ἀναγκαίη, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. dvάγκη as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as force. hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

άνα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάμφθην:to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

άναγνοίην, άναγνωναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of άναγιγνώσκω.

av-ayvos, ov, (a privat., dyvos) impure, unchaste, generally unboly, guilty.

ava-γνωρίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγνώρζοις, εως, ή, recognition.

ανάγνωσις, εως, ή, (ἀναγνωναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ανάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (άναγνωναι, 201. 2 of άναγιγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ή, a crying aloud, proclamation.

αν-άγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ανερώ, aor. 2 ανείπον: -to cry aloud, proclaim publicly: -Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ανάγραπτος, ον, (αναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγραφεύς, έως, δ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary. άναγράφή, ή, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ να-γράφω, f. ψω: aor.  $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. to describe. [γρα]

άνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

ἀν-άγω, f. ἀνάξω: aor. 2 ἀνήγἄγον: (ἀνά, ἄγω): to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer =  $\tilde{a}\gamma\omega$ , to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ανάγειν or ανάγε- $\sigma\theta\alpha$ , absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the 4. to lead up, raise up, coninterior of a country. duct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, edu-II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. eauróv) to withdraw, retreat.

3. of things, requiring to be | up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein. thong, etc.

> άναγωγή, ή, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to 2. a leading back, referring.

> άν-άγωγος, ον, (a privat., άγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken. άν-ἄγώνιστος, ον, (α privat., άγωνίζομαι) without contest, never baving contended for a prize.

> ava-δaίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

 $\dot{a}$ va-δαίω, poet.  $\dot{a}$ v-δαίω, =  $\dot{a}$ vaκαίω, to light up.

άνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of άναδατέομαι. ἀναδασμός, δ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: ge-

nerally a distribution, division. ἀνάδαστος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redis-

tributed: generally, distributed. άνα-δατέομαι, f. - δάσομαι: 201. Ι άνεδασάμην:—to

divide again, re-distribute.

**ἀναδέδρομα,** pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

άνα-δείκνυμι and άνα-δεικνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion.  $-\delta \acute{\epsilon} \acute{\epsilon} \omega :$ —to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ή, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

άνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for άνα-δέχομαι.

άν-άδελφος, ον, (a privat., άδελφός) without brother or sister.

ανάδεμα, poet, ανδεμα, ατος, τό, (αναδέω) a beadband.

άνα-δέξαι, Ion. for άναδείξαι, 20r. I inf. of άναδείκνυμι.

άνα-δέρκομαι, 201. 2 άν-έδρακον:---to look up, to open the eyes again.

ava-δέρω, f. δερω: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

άνάδεσις, εωε, ή, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

αναδέσμη, ή, and ανάδεσμος, ό, (άναδέω) a band or fillet for women's bair, a beadband.

άνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

άνα-δεύω, to dye, imbue.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ να-δέχομαι, fut, med. -δέξομαι: aor.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νεδεξάμην: -but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγμην: pf. ἀναδέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ να-δέω, poet,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. -δέδεμαι:-to bind up, bind round; αναδείν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. ἀναδησαι ξαυτοὺς ἔς τινα to trace up one's family to a III. Med. to fasten with a rope to onefounder. self; ἀναδούμενος έλκειν (sc. ναθε), to take a ship in

ανάδημα, poët. ανδημα, ατος, τό, (αναδέω) a beadband.

άναγωγεύς, έως, δ. (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads | ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. dedocere: also simply = διδάσκω, to teach:—Pass. to learn better. II. to expound, interpret.

' ἀνα-δίδωμι, poët. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δώσω:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth. II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

άνά-δίκος, ον, (ἀνά, δίκη) tried over again.

άνα-διπλόω, f. ώσω, (ἀνά, διπλοῦs) to make double. ἀνάδοτος, ον, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up. ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδούς, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 mf. and part. of ἀναδιδωμι.

άναδοῦνται, ἀναδούμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ή, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχή πύνων the undertaking of labours.

αναδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of ανατρέχω.

ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

άναδῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.

ava-δύνω, to come to the top of the water.

άνα-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέδῦν, pf. ἀναδέδῦκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gusb fortb. 2. to draw back, retire: c. acc. to sbun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing. ἀναδών, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

av-áεδvos, ή, (a privat., εδνον) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

άναειραι, aor. I inf. of άναείρω.

αν-αείρω, (ανά, αείρω) to lift or raise up.

åv-άελπτος, ον, (a privat., ξλπομαι) unboped, unlooked for.

άν-αερτάω, lengthd. for άν-αείρω.

ἀνα-ζάω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζήσω: to return to life. ἀνα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or barness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, νῆαs ἀν. to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.)

to march off. Hence avages, εως, ή, a marching away.

ava-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.

ava-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. anquirere: to search out, discover. Hence

άναζήτησις, εως, ή, investigation.

άνα-ζωγρέω, to recal to life.

ἀνα-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, to gird up.

ανα-ζωπυρέω, to light up again:-Pass. to gain fresh life.

åva-θάλπω, to warm again.

ἀνα-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρρέω, to regain one's courage. ἀνα-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρρύνω, to fill with fresh courage. II. intr. = ἀναθαρσέω.

dva-θείναι, dva-θείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of dvarlθημι. dvdθεμα, ατοε, τό, (dvaτίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ἀνα-θεμάτίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse. ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or beat again.

avaθετέον, verb. Adj. of avaτίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσοῦμαι, to run up or back, return.

άνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully; to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θῆλυε) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresb.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. ἄγαλμα.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press bard. ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 mf. of ἀναθρώσκω.

άνα-θορυβέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause.

ανάθρεμμα, ατος, τό, (ανατρέφω) a nursling.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, ἀθρέω) to look up at: observe closely. ἀνα-θρώσκω, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρώσκω: fut. ἀναθοροῦμαι: αοτ. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῦν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

avalδεια, Ep. and Ion. avaιδείη, ή, (avaιδήs) sbamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

άναιδεύομαι, Dep. (ἀναιδήs) to behave impudently. ἀν-αιδήs, έs, (α privat., αἰδέομαι) shameless, unabashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called λᾶαs ἀναιδήs, reckless, rutbless.

αν-αιθύσσω, to fan the flame.

av-aίθω, (ἀνά, αἴθω) to set on fire, to inflame.

aν-αιμακτί, Adv. of sq., without bloodsbed.

av-alμaκτos, ον, (a privat., alμάσσω) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. incruentus.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}$ - $\mathbf{a}(\mathbf{\mu}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}) = \ddot{a}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}(\mathbf{\mu}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{v})$ 

αν-αιμος, ον, and αν-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., αίμα) without blood, bloodless.

άν-αιμωτί, Adv. like άν-αιμακτί. [τι]

avalvoμai, impf. ἡναινόμην, Ep. ἀναινόμην: fut. ἀνὰνοῦμαι (not in use): 201. I ἡνηνάμην, inf. ἀνήνασθαι, subj. ἀνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn: c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disoun: to repent, be asbamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

avaiξas, aor. I part. of avaiσσω.

άναιρεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of άναιρέω.

dvalpeoris, εωs, ή, a taking up of dead bodies: burial.

2. a taking upon oneself, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From

άν-αιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. άνήρηκα, pass. άνήρημαι: (v. aiρέω):—to take up, Lat. tollere, and so I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift. II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolisb. III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer; but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact.

2. to take up dead bodies for burial.

3. to take up newborn children, Lat. tollere, suscipere liberos.

4. to conceive.

5. to take up noney at interest.

III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

av-alpω, f. aναρω, to raise up.

άναισθησία, ή, want of perception, insensibility. From άν-αίσθητος, ον, (a privat., αίσθέσθαι 201. 2 of alσθάνομαι) unfeeling, without feeling. 2. without common sense, senseless. II. pass. unfelt.

**ἀν-αισϊμόω**, impf. ἀναισίμουν: aor. I ἀναισίμωσα:
—Pass., aor. I ἀναισιμώθην: pf. ἀναισίμωμαι: (α priv., aἴσιμος,—the simple αἰσιμόω being never used):—an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

άναισίμωμα, ατος, τύ, that which is used up, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αίσσω, Att. ἀν-άσσω, ἀν-άττω (ἀνά, ἀlσσω):—
to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c.
acc. to leap upon. [ἀνα-]

άναισχυντέω, (άναίσχυντος) to be shameless, behave

impudently.

αναισχυντία, ή, sbamelessness. From

άν-αίσχυντος, ον, (a privat., αίσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable.

**ἀν-αίτητος**, η, ον, (α privat., αἰτέω) unasked.

dv-alτιος, ον, (a privat., alτία) without cause, groundless.

II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become quite clear.

άνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright:— Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

άνα-καινίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιω, to renew.

άνα-καινουργέω, to restore anew.

άνα-καινόω, (ἀνά, καινύs) to renew, restore. Hence άνακαίνωσις, εως, ή, renewal, restoration.

**ἀνακαῖον**, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκαυσα, to kindle, light up:— Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

dva-κάλέω, poet. ἀγ-καλέω: fut. έσω:—to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

åva-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. I intr. to unveil.

άνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. intrans. (sub. ξαυτόν) to bend back, return.

åν-άκανθος, ον, (a privat., ἄκανθα) without thorns or bones: without a spine.

άνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down. ἀνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of

άνα-κειμαι, poet. άγ-κειμαι: f. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue.

II. to be referred to, depend upon.

'Aνάκειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From "Aνακες, οί, old form of ἄνακτες, the Kings, i.e. Castor and Pollux.

άνα-κέκλομαι, poët. for άνα-καλέω, to call out. άνα-κέλάδος, δ, (άνά, κέλομαι) a loud sbout.

άνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ανά-κειμαι.

άνα-κεράννῦμι and -ύω: f. κεράσω [ă]:-to mix again: generally, to mix up, mix well.

ανα-κεφαλαιόω, t. ώσω, (ανά, κεφαλή) to comprebend in a summary, sum up.

dva-κηκίω, to spout up, gush forth: also, to throb violently. [t Ep.]

άνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ύξω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of berald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κ $\hat{\eta}$ ρυξ.

άνα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to

run a fresb risk.

dva-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2 to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

avaκίνησις, εως, ή, a swinging to and fro. 2.

excitement, emotion. [κι]

άνα-κίρναμαι, Dep. = άνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω: 201. 2 ἀνέκλάγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ἄ]: 201. 1 ἀνέκλἄσα:—10 break upwards of back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ή, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ανακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ανακλίνω.

άνακλινθείς, later άνακλιθείς, poet. 201. I pass. of άνα-κλίνω, poet. άγ-κλίνω [ι]: fut. -κλίνω: 201. I άνέκλινα:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back.

Il. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλἴτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back. ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and

counterfeit a seal.

άνα-κοινόω, f. ώσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

άνα-κοιράνέω, to rule in or over.

άνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κύλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

άνακομιδή, ή, recovery of a thing or from an illness.

2.

άνα-κομίζω, poèt. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. iσω Att. ιῶ: aot. I ἀνεκόμισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

αν-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to dart or fling up. II.

intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.
ἀνακοπή, ή, a beating back: a recoil. From

άνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:— Pass. to stop sbort.

ava-κουφίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιῶ, to lift or raise up:— Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφζοις, εως, ή, a lifting up, lightening: relief | ἀναλαβεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω. from a thing.

άνα-κράζω, f. άξομαι: 201. 2 ἀνέκρἄγον:—to cry out, lift up the voice.

**ἀνα-κρūθείς, a**or. I pass. part. of ἀνακεράννυμι.

ἀνάκρāσις, εως, ή, (ἀνακεράννυμι) a mixing up. άνα-κρέκομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to tune its voice.

ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. I ἀνεκρέμασα:—to bang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be banging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse.

άνα-κρίνω  $[\bar{i}]$ : (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine beforeband: - Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρός ξαυτούς, to question one with another. Hence

άνάκρζοις, poet. άγκρισις, εως, ή, an examination, inquiry.

άνα-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to lift up and strike together:

absol. to clap with uplifted bands, applaud vehemently. ανάκρουσις, εως, ή, (ανακρούω) a pushing back, checking, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

άνακρουστέον, verb. Adj. of άνακρούω, one must check. άνα-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνην to put ber back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like avaβάλλεσθαι.

άνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. άνέκτημαι: Dep.:to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to

win a person over, gain his favour.

άνάκτεσι, Ep. for ἄναξι, dat. pl. of ἄναξ.

άνακτόριος, a, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or king, royal: dvaktópiov,  $\tau \acute{o}$ , = sq. a temple.

ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

ἀνάκτωρ, οροs, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

ava-κυκάω, f. ήσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse. ava-κυκλέω, to turn round again: -Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

άνακύκλησις, εως, ή, a coming round again, a cirsuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κυμβάλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δίφροι ἀνεκυμβαλίαζον the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

άνα-κύπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύψομαι: aor. I άνέκυψα: pf. ανακέκυφα:—to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

άνα-κωκύω, f. ύσω, to wail aloud. [v]

 $\dot{\alpha} v \ddot{\alpha} \kappa \hat{\omega} s$ . Adv. =  $\dot{\epsilon} \pi \iota \mu \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega} s$ , carefully,  $\dot{\alpha} v \alpha \kappa \hat{\omega} s$   $\dot{\epsilon} \chi \epsilon \iota v$ τινόε to look well to a thing. (From ανακοε, Adj. of άναξ, a manager.)

άνακωχεύω, f. σω, to bold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but αν. τον τόνον των δπλων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taugbt. 2. intr. (sub. ξαυτόν) to keep still. From ανακωχή, ή, incorrect form of ανοκωχή.

άνα-λάζομαι, Dep. to take again.

άν-ἄλαλάζω, 201. Ι άνηλάλαξα: to raise a war-cry: to cry aloud.

άνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: 2 οτ. 2 άν έλαβον: pf. ἀνείληφα:—to take up, take into one's bands: gene-2. to take into one's serrally, to take with one. 3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon vice, to adopt. one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβέσθαι πόλεμον. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λό-II. to take back, regain, retrieve, reγον. pair. III. to pull short up, of a horse. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

åva-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

avaλγησία, ή, insensibility, want of feeling. From άν-άλγητος, ον, (a privat., άλγέω) without pain: of persons, unfeeling, bard-bearted, rutbless: -Adv. -τωs, unfeelingly. II. of things, I not painful. 2. very painful, cruel.

άν-αλδής, έε, (α priv., άλδαίνω) not thriving, feeble.  $\dot{a}$ να-λέγω, Ep. impf.  $\ddot{a}$ λλεγον: fut.  $\dot{a}$ ναλέξω: 20τ. I ανέλεξα, Ep. inf. αλλέξαι:-to pick up, gather up:-Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount. to read aloud.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ να-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ή, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II, a being taken up: the Ascension.

άν-αλθής, ές, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not bealing. ἀνάλιπος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπος, barefoot.

ἀν-αλίσκω, f. ἀναλώσω: 20r. Ι ἀνήλωσα οτ ἀνάλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀναλωθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι ἀνηλώθην οτ ἀναλώθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνάλωμαι; the pres. ἀν-αλόω, impf. ἀνάλουν are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:—metaph., αν. υπνον to use to the full, i. c. II. of persons, to kill, destroy. enjoy, sleep.

avaλκεια, ή, want of strength. From

αν-αλκις, ιδος, ό, ή, acc. -ιδα or -ιν, (α priv., άλκή) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

άν-άλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

αν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., αλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγοι) proportion, analogy. ava-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think over, calculate, consider. Hence

avaλογισμός, δ, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

άν-αλος, ον, (a privat., άλε) not salt, without salt.

άν-αλόω, a rare form of άν-αλίσκω.

av-aλτos, ov, (a privat., άλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. inexplebilis.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ή, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, deatb.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἀλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [v]: pf. -λέλϋκα, pass. -λέλϋμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

άνάλωκα, -ωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνᾶλίσκω. ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναλόω) that which is used or spent: expense, cost, outlay: in plur. expenses.

άνάλωσα, άναλώσαι, aor. I of άναλίσκω.

ἀνάλωσις, εως, ή, (ἀναλόω) expenditure. [ἄνᾶ] άν-άλωτος, ον, (a privat., άλωναι) not taken, not to

άνα-μαιμάω, to rage through or throughout.

be taken, impregnable.

άνα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.

αν-αμάξευτος, ον, (α privat., άμαξεύω) impassable for wagons.

άν-ἄμάρτητος, ον, (a privat., άμαρτείν) without missing or failing, unfailing: in a moral sense, faultless. Adv. - \tau \ost s, without fail.

άνα-μάσάομαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. ruminarı.

ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: aor. t ἀνέμαξα:--to wipe up, wipe off; έργον, δ ση κεφαλή αναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to knead one's bread.

άνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσομαι or -ήσομαι: Dep.:--to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.

άν-άμβάτος, ον, poet. for άν-ανάβατος, (a privat., άνα-Bairw) of a horse, not to be mounted unmanageable. ava-μέλπω, f. ψω, to begin to sing

άνα-μένω, poet. άμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα: -to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 3. to put off, delay. await, endure.

ava-μεσος, ov, in the middle.

άνά-μεστος, ον, filled full. Hence

avaμεστόω, f. ωσω, to fill up, fill full.

άνα-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence

άναμέτρησις, εως, ή, a measuring out, admeasurement. άνά-μίγα, poet. άμμίγα, also άνά-μιγδα, Adv. promiscuously.

άνα-μίγνυμι and -ύω, κ -μίξω: aor. I άνέμιξα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to bave social intercourse, join company.

άνα-μιμνήσκω, f. άναμνήσω, poët. άμμνήσω: aor. I ανέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recal to memory, make mention of:-Pass. to remember.

άνα-μίμνω, poet. for άνα-μένω.

**ἀνα-μίξ**, (ἀναμίγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell. ανάμιξις, εως, ή, (άναμίγνυμι) social intercourse. ανα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for αναμίγνυμι.

αναμνησθείς, part. aor. I pass. of αναμιμνήσκω. άνά-μνησις, εως, ή, (ἀναμιμνήσκω) a calling to mind. recollection.

άνα-μολείν, inf. 20r. 2 of άναβλώσκω.

άνα-μορμύρω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [v] ava-μοχλεύω, (άνά, μοχλόε) to lift with a lever: to force open.

αν-αμπλάκητος, ον, (α privat., άμπλάκητος) unerring, without wandering.

άνα-μυχθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.

αν-αμφίλογος, ον, (a privat., αμφίλογος) undisputed, undoubted

άν-αμφισβήτητος, ον, (α privat., άμφισβήτητος) undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dis-II. act. without dispute or controversy.

avavδρία, ή, unmanliness, cowardice. From αν-ανδρος, ον, (α privat., ανήρ), Ι. = ἄνευ ἀνδρύε, without a husband: without men, desolate.

unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man. άν-ανδρόω, f. ώσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence άνάνδρωτος, ov, widowed.

άνα-νεάζω, f. άσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again άνα-νέμω, poet. άννέμω, to divide or distribute II. Med. to count up, recount: to rehearse. άνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise. άνα-νεόομαι, f. ώσομαι: aor. I ἀνενεωσάμην, poet. inf. ἀννεώσασθαι: Dep. -to renew, revive.

ava-νεύω, f. σω, properly to throw the head back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.

άνανέωσις, εως, ή, (άνανεόομαι) a renewal, revival. άνα-νήφω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's 2. trans. to make sober again.

**ἄν-αντα**, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, upbill, opp. to κάταντα. άν-αντάγώνιστος, ον, (α privat., άνταγωνίζομαι) without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed.

ἀν-άντης, ες, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-bill, steep, opp. to κατάντης: hence like Lat. arduus, difficult.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}$ - $\mathbf{a}\mathbf{v}$ - $\mathbf{t}(\mathbf{p}\mathbf{n})$ )  $\mathbf{v}$ - $\mathbf{v}$ gainsaid. Adv. -ws, without contradiction.

'ANAΞ, ἄνακτος, δ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so 100 the master of the house, Lat. berus. 3. generally, one who is lord or master over anything, as κώπης ἄνακτες: cf. χειρ-ῶναξ.

ava-ξαίνω, to rub or irritate afresh.

άνάξασθαι, 20r. I med. inf. of άνάσσω.

 $\dot{a}$ να-ξηραίνω, f.  $\check{a}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I -εξήρ $\bar{a}$ να, poët. inf.  $\dot{a}$ γξηρᾶναι:--to dry up.

άν-άξιος, ον, also α, ον, (α privat., ἄξιος) unworthy, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless. undeserving of evil.

ἀναξι-φόρμιγξ, ιγγοε, ὑ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμιγξ) lord of the lyre.

avaξίωs, Adv. of aváξιοs, unwortbily.

 $\dot{a}va-\xi \bar{v}v \dot{o}\omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}v \dot{a}, \xi v v \dot{o}s) = \dot{a}va-\kappa o v \dot{o}\omega$ .

avaξυρίδεs, ίδων, al, the trowsers worn by eastern nations. (Persian word.)

άνα-ξύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην: — to scrape off.

ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.

aν-aolyw, f. εω, poët. for aν-οίγω. άνα-παιδεύω, to educate afresh.

avaπαιστος, ον, (avaπalw) struck back, rebounding:

as Subst. ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an anapaest, i. e. | a dactyl reversed.

ava-παίω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

άνά-πάλιν, Adv. back again. II. over a-III. reversely

άνα-πάλλω, poet. άμπάλλω: fut. άναπαλω: 201. I άνέπηλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. άμπεπαλών: -to swing to and fro, to put in motion: - Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 dvέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ava-πάσσω, f. άσω, to scatter upon.

άνάπαυλα, ης, ή, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηρῆσθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἄμπαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation

άναπαυστήριος, Ion. άμπ-, ον, (άναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. αναπαυστήριον or άναπαυτήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or bour of rest: also (sub.  $\sigma\eta\mu\epsilon\hat{i}o\nu$ ), the sound of trumpet for

all to go to rest.

**ἀνα-παύω**, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, ν. παύω): -to make cease, stop from a thing later to give rest or relieve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep. also to die. 2. to stop, balt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

άνα-πείθω, f.-πείσω: aor. I άνέπεισα:-to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ava-πειράομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ανα-πείρω, f. -περω: aor. 1 ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. άμπείρας: Pass., aor. 2 ανεπάρην [α]: pf. αναπέπαρμαι. poet. αμπέπαρμαι:- to pierce through, spit.

άναπειστήριος, a, ον, (άναπείθω) persuasive.

ανα-πεμπάζω and -άζομαι, to count over again. άναπέμπω, poët. άμπέμπω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , (for the tenses, v. πέμπω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

άναπεπταμένος, pf. pass. part. of άναπετάννυμι. άναπεσεῖν, άναπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of άνα-

άνα-πετάννυμι and άνα-πεταννύω, also άνα-πετάω: fut.  $-\pi\epsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\omega$ , Att.  $-\pi\epsilon\tau\dot{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\dot{\alpha}\nu\epsilon\pi\dot{\epsilon}\tau\alpha\sigma\alpha$ , poet. imper. and part. αμπέτασον, αμπετάσαs:-to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:-pf. pass. part. dvaπεπταμένος, η, ον, outspread, open.

άνα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 άνεπτόμην or άνεπτάμην, poet. part. άμπτάμενος; and in act. form  $d\nu \epsilon \pi \tau \eta \nu$ , poët. opt.  $d\mu \pi \tau a \ell \eta \nu$ : (v.  $\pi \epsilon \tau o \mu a \ell$ ):—to fly up, fly up and away.

άναπέφηνα, pf. of άναφαίνω.

ανα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

άνα-πηδάω, poët. άμπηδάω: f. ήσομαι: (v. πηδάω): -to leap, spring up or forth, start up; αν. έπ' έργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. to spring back.

åνά-πηρος, ον, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, balt. åva-πιδύω, f. ύσω, to make to spring up.

άνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: 201. Ι άνέπλησα:-- to fill up, Lat. explere: - to fulfil, accomplish. to fill up, appease. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

άνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: 201. 2 ανέπεσον: pf. αναπέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose beart, Lat. concidere

animo.

άνα-πίτνημι, poet. for άνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ἄ] : aor. I ἀνέπλἄσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ava-πλέκω, f. ξω, to braid up, entwine, wreath

άνα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι οτ -πλευσοῦμαι: 201. Ι ἀνέπλευσα: Ion pres. ἀνα-πλώω: -to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

άνά-πλεωs, ων, gen. ω: also fem. άναπλέα:-Ion. and Att. for  $d\nu d\pi \lambda \epsilon os$ :  $(d\nu d, \pi \lambda \epsilon \omega s = \pi \lambda \epsilon os)$ :—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

άνα-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill up, fill full. fill up again: - Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

άναπλησαι, άναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπίμπλημι.

άνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, δ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

av-aπλόω, f. ώσω, to unfold, open. άνα-πλώω, Ion. for άναπλέω.

άνα-πνείω, Ιοη. άμπνείω, Ερ. for άναπνέω.

αναπνεύσειε, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of αναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευσις, εως, ή, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breatb. άνάπνευστος, ον, poet. for ἄπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

άνα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι: 201. Ι άνέπνευσα: -- to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms  $\tilde{a}\mu\pi\nu\nu\epsilon$ ,  $\tilde{a}\mu\pi\nu\bar{\nu}\tau$ o,  $\tilde{a}\mu\pi\nu\dot{\nu}\nu\theta\eta$ v. sub vocc.). II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respiro. III. to breathe forth, send forth.

αναπνοή, poët. αμπνοή, ή, (αναπνέω) recovery of II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio. breath, rest.

άνάπνυε, poët. pres. imperat. of άναπνέω.

aν-απόδεικτος, ov, undemonstrated, indemonstrable. άνα-ποδίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: aor. I ανεπόδισα: (dvá, noús):-to make to step back, call back and question; αναποδίζειν ξαυτόν to correct oneself. intrans. to step back.

åv-άποινος, ον, (a privat., ἄποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποινον, Adv. without recompense. άνα-πολέω, poët. άμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

sputter.

άν-απολόγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀπολογέομαι) in-|countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking defensible, inexcusable. 2. act. unable to defend oneself, without excuse.

άναπομπή, ή, (άναπέμπω) a sending up; θησαυρών

dv. a digging up of treasures.

άναπομπός, δ, (ἀναπέμπω) one that sends up or back. άν-απόνιπτος, ον, (a privat., ἀπονίζω) unwasben. άνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = άναπέτομαι.

άνα-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. -πράξω, to exact, levy; αν. υπόσχεσιν to exact the fulfilment of a promise. άνα-πρήθω, f. σω, properly to set on fire, light up:

δάκρυ' αναπρήσαs letting tears burst forth.

άνα-πτερόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι άν-επτέρωσα: pf. -επτέpara:-to furnish with wings or to raise the wings 2. of the for flight: generally, to raise, set up. mind, to set on the wing, excite vehemently:-Pass. to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement. to furnish with new wings: - Pass. to get new wings. άναπτηναι, άναπτάσθαι, άναπτέσθαι, inf. of άνέπτην, ανεπτάμην, ανεπτόμην, 201. 2 of αναπέτομαι. άνα-πτύσσω, fut. ύξω:--Pass., aor. Ι άνεπτύχθην, 201. 2 ἀνεπτύγην [τ]: (v. πτύσσω): ... to unfold, undo, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat evolvere, to unrol for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light, Lat. explicare. II. as military term, την φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν to fold back the phalanx, 1. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, το κέρας αναπτύσσειν to open out the wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. explicare. Hence avaπτύχή, ή, an opening, unfolding: an expanse. άνα-πτύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to spit up or out: absol. to

 $\dot{a}v - \dot{a}\pi \tau \omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ : 201. I  $\dot{a}v \hat{\eta} \psi a := to bang up to.$ fasten on or to a thing; αγάλματα ανάπτειν, = ἀνατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one: - Med. to fasten for oneself; ἀνάπτεσθαι ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away:-Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself II. to light up, light, kindle: meon, cling to. taph. to inflame.

**ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι**, f. –πεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπὔθόμην: Dep.:-to search out, inquire into: also to learn by inquiry. Hence

άνάπυστος, ov, searched out, ascertained, notorious. άνάπωτις, shortened άμπωτις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (dvaπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide. returning of the waters.

avap-, in compds. of aνά with words beginning with p the ρ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-ραίζω, etc., though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single. αναραιρηκώς, Ion. for ανηρηκώς, pf. part. of αναιρέω. **άν-άργύρος**, ον, (α privat., άργυρος) without silver: without money.

av-apθροs, ov, (a privat., aρθρον) without joints: disjointed, nerveless. 2. of sounds, inarticulate.

αν-αριθμέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, to count up, enumerate. dv-dρiθμητοs, ον, (a privat., dρiθμητόs) = sq.

αν-αριθμος, ον, (a privat., αριθμός) without number,

no account of a thing.

av-apκτos, ov, (a privat., apχω) not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed.

άναρμοστία, ή, unsuitableness: discord. From

άν-άρμοστος, ον, (a privat., άρμόζω) unfit, incongruous: of sound, inbarmonious: of persons, ab-2. unfitted, unprepared.

άναρπαγή, ή, recapture. From

ἀν-αρπάζω, fut. άξω, Att. άσω οτ άσομαι [ἄ]: 201. I ανήρπασα:-to tear up, snatch up. II. to burry along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a magistrate, Lat. rapere in jus. III. to take by storm; and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence. Hence

αναρπαστός, όν, also ή, όν, torn away, carried off. esp. into Persia, treated with violence.

ἀναρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, βέω) to flow back or to the source.

άναρ-ρήγνϋμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I άνέρρηξα: -to break up, break through or open.

make break forth; αναρρήξαι έπη, like Lat. rumpere voces:—Pass. to burst forth. III. intr., like Pass. to burst fortb.

άναρ-ρηθήναι, aor. 1 pass. of aor. 2 act. άνειπείν. άναρρήξας, aor. I part. of άναρρήγνυμι.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ναρ-ρίπτω or  $-\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ ω, f.  $-\rho$ ίψω; aor. I  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νέρριψα: to throw up; ἀναρριπτεῖν ἄλα πηδῷ to throw up the sea with the oar. II. ἀναρρίπτειν κίνδυνον to run the bazard of a thing, run a risk: also without κίνδυνον, είς άπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρρίπτειν to throw for one's all, stake one's all.

αν-αρρίχαομαι, impf. ανερριχώμην: fut. αναρρίχήσομαι: aor. I ἀνερρῖχησάμην: Dep.: -- to clamber up with the bands and feet, to scramble up.

άνάρροια, ή, (ἀναρρέω) a flowing back, reflux, ebb. άναρ-ροιβδέω, to swallow back, gulp down again. ἀνάρ-ρὔσις, εως, ή, (ἀνά, ρύω = ἐρύω) a snatching away, rescuing. 2. the second day of the festival Απατούρια.

ἀναρ-ρώννῦμι and -ὑω, fut. ρώσω: aor. I ἀνέρρωσα: - to strengthen again: - Pass. to regain strength

άν-άρσιος, ον, also a, ον, (a privat., άρσιος) not fitting together: hence bostile, unpropitious, implacable: of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.

άν-αρτάω, f. ήσω: 20τ. άνήρτησα:—to bang up or upon, to attach to, make dependent upon.—Med. with pf. pass. ανήρτημαι, to attach to oneself: also to subdue:-Pass. also with pf. ανήρτημαι, to be dependent upon; δτο πάντα είε ξαυτόν άνηρτηται who bas everything dependent on himself; but ανήρτηται, c. inf. to be prepared to do.

άν-άρτιος, ον, (a privat., άρτιος) uneven, odd; cf. άρτιος.

aν-aρχatζω, f. σω, to make old again.

avaρχία, ή, the state of a people without government, anarchy. From

άν-αρχος, ον, (a privat., ἀρχή) without bead or | chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, f. άσω, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

άνα-σείω, poet. άνασσείω, f. σείσω, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασεσυρμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασύρω.

άνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 άνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ανέσσϋτο, to spring up or forth.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ν $\mathbf{a}$ -σκ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ πτ $\mathbf{w}$ , f.  $\psi$  $\mathbf{w}$ , to dig up.

άνα-σκέπτομαι, see άνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, f. άσω: pf. ἀνεσκεύακα:---Pass., aor. I ανεσκευάσθην: pf. ανεσκεύασμαι: -- opp. to κατασκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), Lat. vasa colligere: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to disfurnish, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's 4. in Pass. to 3. to waste, ravage. be bankrupt; ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

άν-άσκητος, ον, (a privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, un-

άνα-σκολοπίζω, f. ίσω, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut, med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιείσθαι occurs in pass, sense.

άνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέψομαι: aor. άνεσκεψάμην:--to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

άνα-σπαράσσω, f. ξω, to tear up.

avaσπαστος, ov, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn back, i. e. opened. From

άνα-σπάω, poet. άνσπάω: f.  $-\sigmaπάσω$  [ă]: aor. I ανέσπασα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. up. ταs όφρῦς ἀνασπαν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λόγους ανασπάν to utter boastful words.

avaσσa, ή, fem. of avaξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

αν-άσσατος, Dor. for αν-ήσσητος.

άνασσείασκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ανέσειε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνασείω.

ἀνάσσω, impf. ήνασσον, Ep. άνασσον: fut. ἀνάξω: aor. I ήναξα, Ep. αναξα: (αναξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over: - Med, τρὶs ἀνάξασθαι γένεα ἀνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations:— Pass. to be ruled.

άν-άσσω, Att. for άναίσσω.

άνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστάδόν, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

άναστάς, άναστηναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of άνίστημι. άνάστασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή: I. causal (ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a re-II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or building. rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασιε ἐξ υπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

αναστατήρ, ηροε, δ, (ανίστημι) a destroyer.

 $\dot{a}va\sigma \tau \dot{a}\tau \eta s$ , ov,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}va\sigma \tau a \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

άνάστάτος, ον, (άνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's bouse and bome: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

αναστατόω, f. ώσω, to ruin, put in confusion.

άνα-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to impale or crucify, like άνα-II. to crucify afresb. σκολοπίζω.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ να-στέλλω, f. -στελ $\hat{\omega}$  (for the tenses, v. στέλλω): to send up, raise: - Med. to gird up one's clothes. 2. to keep back, check :- Pass. to go back, retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. ξαυτόν), to withdraw.

ἀνα-στενάζω, f. άξω, = ἀναστένω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}$ - $\sigma\mathbf{\tau}$ \bullet  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}$ \bul

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ va-στεν $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud.  $[\ddot{\mathbf{a}}\chi]$ άνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud. άνα-στέφω, f. ψω, to crown, wreath: - Pass., pf. ανέστεμμαι κάρα I bave my head wreathed.

ava-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix on a firm base.

αναστησείω, Desiderative from αναστήσω (fut. of ανίστημι), I desire to set up.

αναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ανίστημι. αναστολή, ή, (άναστέλλω) a putting back.

άνα-στομόω, f ώσω, to furnish with a mouth; άναστομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

άνα-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ανέστραμμαι:--to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around ot about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: 2. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to turn back, reto rally. III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. versari; γαιαν άναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a 2. to be busied in a thing. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

άναστροφή, ή, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

ανα-στρωφάω, poet. for ανα-στρέφω, to turn every

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ να-σύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. -σ $\check{v}$ ρ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ν  $\dot{\epsilon}$ σ $\ddot{v}$ ρ $\mathbf{a}$ :—to draw or pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, f. -σφαλῶ: 201. I ἀνέσφηλα:—to recover from a fall, recover.

ἀνασχεθέειν, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

άνασχεῖν, ἀνασχέσθαι, 20r. 2 act. and med. inf. of

άνασχετός, poet. άνσχετός, ύν, (άνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ava-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to split up, rip up.

avaσχών, aor. 2 part. of aνέχω.

άνα-σώζω, f. –σώσω: 201. Ι ἀνέσωσα:—to recover what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore :- Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

άνα-ταράσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: pf. pass. part. ανατεταραγμένοs, in confusion.

άνα-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -τάξω: to set in order again: -- Med. to go regularly through again.

ανατέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of ανατρέφω.

ἀνᾶτεί or ἀνατί, Adv. of ἄνατοε, with impunity. ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντείνω: f. - τενῶ: aor. 1 ἀνέτεινα: —to stretch up or forth; χείρα ἀνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένος baving his sword stretched fortb. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

άνα-τειχίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

avaτειχισμός, δ, building of new walls.

άνα-τέλλω, poet. άν-τέλλω: f. -τελω: aor. I άνέτειλα:-to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. έαυτόν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλὸξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing fortb: to grow.

άνα-τέμνω, f. τεμω: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):-

to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

 $\dot{a}v\bar{a}\tau i$ ,  $Adv. = \dot{a}va\tau \epsilon i$ .

ανα-τίθημι, f. αναθήσω: (for the tenses, v.  $\tau$ ίθημι): -to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα. III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθείσα κάναθείσα τοῦ γε κατθαveiv adding to or taking away from the necessity of IV. Med. to take upon oneself, underdeath. go. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

άνα-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to raise in price.

ava-τίνασσω, f. εω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

άνατλάς, part. of sq.

ava-τληναι, inf. of aor. 2 αν-έτλην, with no pres. ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμάω being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

**ἀνατολή**, poet. ἀντολή, ή, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

άνα-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to regain courage.

av-aτos, ov, (a privat., aτη) without barm, unpunisbed. II. act. not barming, barmless.

άνα-τρέπω, poet. άντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I άνέτρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overtbrow, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. - Tpé-Ψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

άνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: 201. 1 άνέθρεψα:--to bring

up, nourisb, educate.

άνα-τρέχω, fut. άναθρέξομαι and άναδραμουμαι: 2 οτ. 2 ἀνέδραμον:-to run back. up. 3. to go straight up; αναδέδρομε πέτρη (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ανά-τρησις, εως, ή, (ανά, τετραίνω) a boring through. ava-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. rub in pieces: Pass, to be worn away. [1]

ανατροπή, ή, (ανατρέπω) an overturning, upset. άνα-τυρβάζω, f. άσω, to stir up and confound.

άν-αύγητος, ον, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

άν-αύδητος, Dor. - āτος, ον, (α privat., αὐδάω) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

av-auδos, ov, (a privat., aὐδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

av-auλos, ov, (a privat., auλos) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

\*α-vaus, gen. αναος, ύ, ή, (α privat., ναῦς) without ships; vaes avaes ships that are ships no more, Lat. naves nenaves.

άνα-φαίνω, poet. άμφαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -έφανα:—to make shine: to bring to light, shew forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med. ἀναφἄνήσομαι, pt. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shewn forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shewn to be, hence to be accounted.

άναφάνας, aor. I part. of άναφαίνω, having made to appear, baving come in sight of  $\{\phi\bar{a}\}$ 

άναφανδά, Adv. (ἀναφαίνω) visibly, openly.

 $\dot{a}va\phi av\delta \dot{o}v$ , Adv. = foreg.

άναφανείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of άναφαίνω.

άνα-φέρω, poet. άμφέρω: f. ἀνοίσω: aor. I ἀνήνεγκα, Ion. ἀνήνεικα, also ἄνφσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia: - Pass, to rise up: - Med. to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀνανείκασθαι, absol. to beave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, 3. to uphold, take upon one. III. to bring or carry to rise, as the stars. I. to bring back tidings. back: 2. to bring 3. to throw back upon another, back from exile. refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: intrans, and in Pass, to refresh oneself, recover.

άνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

άναφηναι, aor. I inf of άναφαίνω.

αν-αφής, έs, (α privat., άφή) untouched, not to be touched.

άνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

άνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly. ava-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{\phi}}\lambda\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}(\zeta\mathbf{\omega}, \mathbf{f}, \sigma\mathbf{\omega}) = \dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{\phi}\lambda\dot{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\omega}.$ 

άνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ava-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten away.

άναφορά, âs, ή, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, rais-2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying ing. 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving back: way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a} - \dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{p} \in \mathbf{\omega}$ ,  $= \dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{p} \in \mathbf{p}\mathbf{\omega}$ .

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

άνα-φράζομαι, f. άσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

αν-αφρόδιτος, ον, (a privat., 'Αφροδίτη) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.

åva-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to come back to one's senses, some to oneself.

ἀναφτηή, ή, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, re-II. a retreat. lease from.

άνα-φύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , pf. pass. –πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

ava-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

άνα-φυσιάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ava-φύω, f. ύσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

άνα-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

ava-χάζω, f. άσω, to make give way, drive back:mostly used as Dep. ανα-χάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Ep. 201. Ι ανεχασσάμην, to draw back, retire.

άνα-χαίνω, 201. 2 ανέχανον, pf. ανακέχηνα:--to open

the mouth wide, gape wide.

ava-χαιτίζω, f. ίσω, (ava, χαίτη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up: -c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider: hence to overtbrow, upset.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{v}\dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{\sigma}\mathbf{\kappa}\mathbf{\omega}_{1} = \dot{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\hat{\mathbf{i}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\omega}_{2}$ 

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}-\mathbf{x}\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ , f.  $-\mathbf{x}\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\hat{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$ , to pour over.

άνα-χνοαίνομαι, (άνά, χνόος) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ava-χορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

άνάχὕσις, εως, η, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

άνα-χώννυμι, f. χώσω, to beap up.

άνα-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner.

άναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ή, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ava-χωρίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιω, to make to go back or

 $\dot{a}va-\psi\eta\phi\dot{l}\dot{l}\omega$ , fut.  $i\sigma\omega$ , Att.  $i\hat{\omega}$ :  $(\dot{a}v\dot{a},\psi\hat{\eta}\phi\circ s)$  to put to the vote again. Hence

αναψήφίσις, εως, ή, a putting to the vote again. ἀνάψυξις, εως, ή, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery ἀναψὕχή, ή, a cooling, refresbing.

from a thing: rest. From **ἀνα-ψύχω**, fut. -ψύξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀνεψύχθην: aor. 2  $dv \in \psi \dot{v} \chi \eta v \ [\ddot{v}]$ :  $(dv \dot{a}, \psi \hat{v} \chi os)$ :—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: vaûs

ἀναψύχειν to overbaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive.  $[\bar{v}]$ ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.

άνδάνω, impf. ήνδανον, Ep. ξήνδανον, Ion. ξάνδανον: fut. άδήσω: aor. 2 ἔάδον, Ep. εὕάδον and ἄδον [ă]: pf. ἄδηκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'AΔ-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):-to please, delight, like ήδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ανδάνει μοι: impers., ανδάνει μοι ποιείν, like Lat. placet.

αν-δεμα, poët, for ανά-δεμα.

ανδηρον, τό, mostly in plur. ανδηρα, quasi ανθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dur or thrown up.

άνδησάμενος, poët. part. 20r. 1 of άναδέω.

dv-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθέω, f. ήσω, (ἀνήρ, ἀγαθύε) to be or bebave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδράγαθία, ή, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδράγαθίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Att. ἴοῦμαι: Dep.:---/o act bravely, bonestly, play the honest man.

άνδρ-άγρια, ων, τά, (ἀνήρ, ἄγρα) the spoils of a slain enemy.

άνδρακάς, Adv. (ἀνήρ) man by man, like κατ' ἄνδραs, Lat. viritim: generally, separately, apart. άνδραπόδεσσι, heterocl. dat. of άνδράποδον, for

ἀνδραπόδοις, as if from ἀνδράπους.

ανδραποδίζομαι, Dep = ανδραποδίζω. ανδραποδίζω, fut. ίσω, Att τω: 201. 1 ήνδραπόδισα:-Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδιοῦμαι: 20τ. ι ήνδραποδίσθην: pf. ήνδραπόδισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω,) Lat. vendere sub corona: - Pass. to be sold into slavery. άνδραπόδισις, εως, ή, and άνδραποδισμός, ό, (άνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery,

enslaving: kidnapping. άνδραποδιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-

dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them. άνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ανδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπου**s**. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδραποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδον, είδος) slavisb, ser-

vile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθεροs. ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin. [ἄρ]

άνδράσι, dat. plur. of άνήρ.

άνδρ-αχθής, ές, (ἀνήρ, ἄχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry

άνδρεία, Ion. –ητη, ή, (ανήρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

ἀνδρ-είκελον, τό, (ἀνήρ, εἵκελοε) an image of a man, II. a flesh-coloured paint. a statue.

 $\dot{a}$ νδρείος, a,  $o\nu$ , Ion.  $\dot{a}$ νδρήϊος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{\eta}$ ρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. To dvδρείον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεῖα, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδίτια. Hence

 $\dot{a}$ νδρειότης,  $\eta$ τος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ νδρεία.

ἀνδρει-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνήρ, \*φένω) man-slaying. άνδρειών, ώνος, δ, poet, for άνδρεών: see άνδρών.

**ἄνδρεσσι**, Ερ for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνήρ.

ανδρεύμενος, Ion. for ανδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδοόω.

ανδρεύομαι, Dep. = ανδρίζομαι.

άνδρεών, ῶνος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀνδρών. άνδρητη, Ion. for άνδρεία.

ανδρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ανδρείοε.

ἀνδρηλάτίω, f. ήσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (ἀνήρ, ἐλαύνω) he that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [ă]

aνδρία, late form of ανδρεία.

άνδριαντοποιέω, (άνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary.

άνδριαντοποιία, ή, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντο-ποιός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνδριάς, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

άνδριάς, άντος, δ, (άνήρ) the image of a man, a statue.

aνδρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνήρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

άνδρικός, ή, όν, (ἀνήρ) of ot for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα.

II. composed of men.

άνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin.

ανδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ανδρίζω, one must play

άνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, βιβρώσκω) maneating, cannibal.

άνδρο-γόνος, ον, (ἀνήρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men. ἀνδρό-γύνος, ον, (ἀνήρ, γυνή) a man-woman, bermapbrodite:—a weak effeminate person.

II.

as Adi., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δάϊκτος, ον, (ἀνήρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murderous.

άνδρο-δάμας, αντος, ό, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, δαμάω) mantaming: man-slaying. [ἄ]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ον, (ἀνήρ, δέχομαι) receiving men. ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ανιτίνα. ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνήρ) from a man, from men. ἀνδρο-κμής, ῆτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, κάμνω) man-weary-

ing:—man-slaying, murderous. ἀνδρό-κμητος, ον, (ἀνήρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's

ἀνδρο-κτάσία, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men. ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ήσω, (ἀνδροκτόνοs) to slay men.

άνδροκτονία, ή, = άνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀνήρ, κτείνω) man-slaying. ἀνδρ-ολέτειρα, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, ὅλλυμι) a murderess.

aνδρο-μάχος, η, ον, (ἀνήρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromaché. [α]

άνδρόμεος, α, ον, (ἀνήρ) of man or men, human. άνδρο-μήκης, εε, (ἀνήρ, μῆκοε) of a man's height. ἀνδρό-παις, ό, (ἀνήρ, παῖε) a youth near manhood. ἀνδρό-πλιήθεια, ή, (ἀνήρ, πλῆθοε) a multitude of men. ἀνδρό-σζινις, ιδοε, ή, (ἀνήρ, σίνομαι) burtful to men. ἀνδρό-σφιγέ, ό, (ἀνήρ, Σφίγέ) a man-sphinx. ἀνδρότης, ητοε, ή, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

**ανοροτης, ητος, η, = ανορεία, manbooa. ἀνδρο-τύχής, ές,** (ἀνήρ, τύχείν) getting a man or

busband, ἀνδρ. βίοτοs wedded life.

ἀνδροφαγίω, f. ήσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ον, (ἀνήρ, φάγεῖν) eating men: of 'Ανδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus. ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ον, (ἀνήρ, φθείρω) man-destroy-

ing. II. pass. ἀνδρόφθοροs, ον: hence αἶμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ον, (ἀνήρ, \*φένω) man-slaying: fem. ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of ber busband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου,  $\delta$ , = ἀνδρει-φόντης,  $\alpha$  man-slayer, bomicide.

ἀνδρόω, f. ώσω, (ἀνήρ) to rear up to manbood:— Pass. to become a man, reach manbood.

ἀνδρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνήρ, είδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. -δως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα. ἀνδρωθείς, 201. I pass. part. of ἀνδρύω.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρεών, ῶνος, ὁ, (ἀνήρ) a man's apartment.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νδρωνίτις, ιδος,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νδρών.

**ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.** ἄνδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, 201. 1 of ἀναδίδωμι.

άν-έβην, 20τ. 2 of άναβαίνω.

άν-εβήσετο, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 1 med. of ἀναβαίνω.

άνεβιωσάμην, 201. Ι of άναβιώσκομαι.

dv-έβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clash, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ανέβωσε, Ion. for ανεβόησε, 201. 1 of αναβοάω.

άν-έγγυος, ον, (a privat., έγγύη) not vouched for: unwedded.

αν-εγείρω, f. -εγερω: aor. I ανέγειρα:—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:
—Pass. to be awaked, wake up. Hence

άνεγέρμων, ον, gen. ovos, waked up, wakeful.

άν-έγκλητος, ον, (a privat., έγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνέγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνέγνωκα, ἀνέγνων, pf. and 20r. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω. ἀνεδέγμεθα, 1 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι. ἀνέδειξα, 20r. 1 of ἀναδείκνυμι.

dv-ίδην, Adv. (ἀνίημι) let loose, without restraint: carelessly.

II. without more ado, simply.

άνέδρακεν, 3 sing. 201. 2 of άναδέρκομαι.

ανέδραμον, irreg. 201. 2 of ανατρέχω.

άνεδύσετο, Ερ. 3 sing. 20τ. 1 of ἀναδύομαι. ἀνεέρνω, impf. ἀνέεργον, old Ερ. form of ἀνέρ

ανεέργω, impf. ανέεργον, old Ep. form of ανέργω, ανείργω.

ἀνέζησα, aor. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-εθέλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐθέλω) unwished for: melancholy.

dv-iθην, 20τ. 1 pass. of dvίημι. 2. 20τ. 2 act. of dvατίθημι.

ανείην, opt. 2 or. 2 act. of ανίημι.

αν-ειλείθυια, ή, (a privat., Είλείθυια) without the aid of Eileithyia.

αν-ειλέω, f. ήσω, (v. είλω) to wind up or roll together:
—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνείληφα, ἀνείλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

dveiλov, -6μην, 201. 2 act. and med. of ἀναιρέω. άνειμένως, Adv. of ἀνειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀνί-ημι, let loose, carelessly: without restraint.

άν-ειμι, (ἀνά, εἶμι ibo) to go up: to sail out to sea: but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a suppliant. III. to go back, go bome, return.

άν-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., είμα) without

clothing, unclad.

ἀν-ειπεῖν, (ἀνά, εἰπεῖν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use: aor. I pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-ρέω): pf. ἀνείρημαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.

αν-είργω, f. ξω, to keep back, ward off, in poët.

άνείρημαι, pf. pass., v. ανειπείν.

άν-είρομαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἴρομαι, ἔρομαι):—to inquire of, inquire about.

αν-ειρύω, f. ύσω [v], poët. and Ion. for αν-ερύω, to draw back.

 $\dot{a}v$ -είρω, (for the tenses, v. είρω) to fasten on or to: to wreathe together.

dvels, part. aor. 2 of dνίημι.

άν-έκἄθεν, (ἄνω, ἐκάs) Adv. of Place, from above: cf. ἄγκαθεν.

II. of Time, from the first.

άν-εκάs, Adv. (ἄνω, ἐκάs) upwards, on bigb, Lat. sursum.

ἀν-έκβἄτος, ον, (α privat., ἐκβαίνω) without outlet. ἀν-εκδιήγητος, ον, (α privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) indescribable, extraordinary.

ἀν-έκδρομος, ον, (a privat., ἐκδραμεῖν) without escape, inevitable.

άν-εκλάλητος, ον, (a privat., ἐκλαλέω) unspeakable. ἀν-έκλευπτος, ον, (a privat., ἐκλείπω) unfailing.

άνεκλίθην [τ], aor. I pass. of άνακλίνω.

άνέκλτνα, aor. I act. of ἀνακλίνω. ἀν-εκπίμπλημι, fut. -εκπλήσω, to fill up or again. ἀν-έκπληκτοs, ον, (α privat., ἐκπλήσσω) undaunted: τὸ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.

ανέκραγον, 20r. 2 of ανακράζω.

άν-εκτέος, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne. ἀνεκτός, όν, later ή, όν, (ἀνέχομαι) bearable, tolerable:—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, so as to be borne.

ἀν-έκφραστος, ον, (a privat., ἐκφράζω) unutterable, indescribable.

αν-έλεγκτος, ον, (a privat., ελέγχω) safe from being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.

αν-ελεήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (α privat., ελεήμων) unmerciful.

άνελεῖν, ἀνελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναιρέω. ἀν-έλεος, ον, (α privat., ἔλεος) unmerciful.

ανελευθερία, ή, (ανελεύθερος) illiberality.

άνελευθεριότης, ητος, ή, = ἀνελευθερία. From άν-ελεύθερος, ον, illiberal, slavish, Lat. illiberalis: in money matters, niggardly.

ἀνελήφθην, 201. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

dv-eλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. fω, to unroll, like Lat. evolvere, of books in rolls, and so read and explain. 2. metaph. dveλίσσειν βίον to pass one's life.

άν-έλκω, f. dνέλξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύσω [v], with aor. I ἀνείλκύσα, pf. pass. ἀνείλκυσμαι (as if from wp, to bold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναῦε to baul up ships bigb and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:—Med. to draw to oneself; ἀνέλκεσθαι τρίχας to tear one's own hair. II. to draw back. ἄν-ελπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (α privat., ἐλπίς) without bope.

αν-έλπιστος, ους, (α privat., ελπίζω) unboped for, unlooked for.

II. act. of persons, baving no bope, bopeless.

2. of things, leaving no bope, bopeless.

III. Adv. –τως, bopelessly; ἀνελπίστως έχειν to be in despair.

εχειν to be in despair. ἀν-έμ**βἄτος**, ον, (α privat., ἐμβαίνω) inacces

sible. II. act. not going to or into.

ά-νεμέσητος, ον, (α privat., νεμεσάω) free from blame, without offence.

d-νέμητος, ον, (a privat., νέμω) not distributed. II. baving no sbare.

άνεμιαίος, α, ον, (άνεμος) full of wind, windy. ἀνεμίζομαι, (άνεμος) Pass, to be driven with the wind. ἀνεμνήσθην, 201. 1 pass. of ἀναμμνήσκω.

ἀνεμο-δρόμος, ον, (ἄνεμος, δραμεῖν) swift as the wind. ἀνεμόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄνεμος) windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy, [ā]

ANEMOΣ, δ, a wind, Lat. ventus; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο a wbirlwind; ἄνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἐστηκώς the wind being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [α]

ανεμο-σκεπής, έs, (ανεμος, σκέπη) sheltering from

the wind.

άνεμο-τρεφής, ές, (ἄνεμος, τρέφω) fed by the wind, of a wave; ἔγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.

ἀνεμόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ηνέμωμαι: (ἄνεμοs):—to expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by the wind.

άν-εμποδίστος, ον, (a privat., ἐμποδίζω) unbindered. ἀνεμ-ώκης, ες, (ἄνεμος, ὡκύς) swift as the wind. ἀνεμώλιος, ον, (ἄνεμος) windy, i. e. vain, fruitless. ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἄνεμος) the wind-flower, anemoné.

av-evbens, és, not in want.

άν-ένδεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐνδέχομαι) inadmissible. άνένεικα, poet. for ἀνήνεικα, 201. I 2ct. of ἀναφέρω: ἀνενείκατο, 201. I med., ἀνενειχθείς 201. I pass. part. ἀνενήνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.

άνέντες, 20r. 2 part. pl. of άν-ίημι.

άν-εξάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., ξεαλείφω) indelible. άν-εξέλεγκτος, ον, (a privat., ξεελέγχω) not put to the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irreproachable.

άν-εξερεύνητος, ον, (a privat., εξερευνάω) not to be searched out, unsearchable.

αν-εξέταστος, ον, (α privat., ξξετάζω) not searched out, not inquired into.

11. βίος ανεξέταστος 2 life without inquiry.

**αν-εξεύρετος**, ον, (α privat., εξευρίσκω) not to be found out.

avefi-κακος, ον, (ἀνέχω, κακύν) enduring evil: forbearing.

αν-εξιχνίαστος, ον, (α privat., έξιχνιάζω) not to be traced out.

av-ifodos, ov, (a privat., ifodos) with no outlet, without return, Lat. irremeabilis.

άνεοι or άνεοί, v. sub άνεωε.

άνέονται, see ἀνέωνται.

άν-έορτος, ον, (a privat., ξορτή) without festival; άν-έορτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites.

άν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (a privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) baving no cause for shame.

αν-έπαλτο, Ερ. for αν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from αναπάλλω with pass. sense, be was thrown up, rusbed up.

άνέπαυσα, 20r. I of άναπαύω.

άν-επαχθής, ές, (a privat., ἐπαχθής) not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.

ανέπεσον, 2 of ανα-πίπτω.

άν-επιβούλευτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against. άν-επίδικος, ον, (α privat., ἐπίδικος) undisputed: of an heiress, about whose marriage there is no dispute. άν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδοκέω) unexpected,

aveπιείκειa, ή, unfairness. From

unforeseen.

dv-επιεικήs, έs, (a privat., ἐπιεικήs) unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κω̂s.

**ἀν-επίκλητος**, ον, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.

dv-επίληπτος, ον, (a privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) not to be laid bold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τωs. dv-επίξεστος, ον, (a privat., ἐπιξέω) not polisbed over, not finished off.

αν-επίπληκτος, ον, (a privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.

 $\overline{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}$ -επίρρεκτος,  $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ , (α privat.,  $\mathbf{e}$ πιρρέ $\mathbf{f}$ ω) not used for sacrifices.

άν-επίσκεπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered. άνεπιστημοσύνη, ἡ, ignorance, inexperience: want

of skill or science. From ἀν-επιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing bow to do a thing. Adv. -μόνως.

άν-επίτακτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τως.

άν-επιτήδειος, ον, lon. άν-επιτήδεος, η, ον, (a privat., ἐπιτήδειος) unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, burtful.

2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriently.

αν-επιτίμητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) not to be censured.

av-επίφθονος, ον, (a privat, ἐπίφθονος) without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -νως.

άνέπνευσα, aor. I of άναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνέπτην, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνίπταμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, 20τ. ι ἀνηράσθην, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) to love again.

αν-έραστος, ον, (α privat., ἐράω) not worthy of love.

II. act, not loving.

αν-εργοs, ον, (a privat., ἔργον) not done; ἔργα ανεργα, Lat. facta infecta.

 $\dot{a}v - \dot{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\omega$ , old form of  $\dot{a}v - \dot{\epsilon}\dot{i}\rho\gamma\omega$ .

άν-ερεθίζω, f. ίσω, to provoke again.

\*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. 1 ἀνηρείψαντο: to snatch up and carry off.

άν-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out.

αν-ερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., ερευνάω) not searched out: not to be searched out.

αν-έρομαι, Ερ. ανείρομαι: αοτ. ανηρόμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι). to question, ask.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-έρπω, aor. I  $\dot{a}$ νείρπὕσα (as if from  $\dot{a}$ νερπύζω):— to creep up.

ἀν-έρρω, aor. I ἀνήρρησα:—to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἄνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-ερυθρι $\dot{a}$ ω, f.  $\dot{a}$ σω [ $\bar{a}$ ]: to begin to blush.

αν-ερύω, Ion. αν-ειρύω: f ύσω [v]: to draw up. αν-έρχομαι, fut. ανελεύσομαι: αοτ. 2 ανήλυθον οτ ανήλουν: pf. ανελήλυθα:—to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up.

II. to go or come back, return: recur to a thing.

είς τινα ανέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

άν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask again or repeatedly.

άνέσαιμι, Ep. aor. I opt. of άνίημι.

ανεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ανίημι.

ἀνέσαντες, part. of ἀνεῖσα, 201. I of ἀνίζω. ἀνέσει, Ep. for ἀνήσει, 3 sing. fut, of ἀνίημι.

ανέσις, εως, Ion. ιος, ή, (ἀνίημι) a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ανέσις κακῶν an abating of evils.

2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.

ἀνέσσϋτο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

άνέστην, aor. 2 of ανίστημι.

αν-έστιος, ον, (α privat., έστία) without bearth or

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχέθομεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

αν-ετάζω, f. σω, to search thoroughly.

ανέτειλε, 3 sing. aor. I of ανα-τέλλω.

ανέτλην, aor. 2 of \*ανάτλημι.

αν-ετος, ον, (ἀνίημι) relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.

άνετράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

avev, Prep. with gen. without; avev θεων, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; avev τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. injussu regis.

2. away from, far from.
3. in prose, except, besides.

av-ευάζω, to bonour with cries of evae!

ανευθε, before a vowel ανευθεν, (ανευ): I. Prep. with gen. without. 2. apart from, far from. Adv. far away, distant: out of the way.

άν-εύθετος, ον, (a privat., εύθετος) not well placed, inconvenient.

άν-εύθυνος, ον, (a privat., εὐθύνη) not having to render an account, irresponsible: hence guiltless.

αν-ευκτος, ον, (α privat., εύχομαι) not wished II. act. not wishing or praying for.

άνευρείν, aor. 2 inf. of άνευρίσκω.

ανεύρεσις, εως, ή, (ανευρίσκω) a finding out.

αν-εύρετος, ον, (a privat., εύρίσκω) not found out, not to be found out.

αν-ευρίσκω, f. ανευρήσω: aor. 2 ανεύρον: un-Att. aor. I med.  $d\nu \epsilon \nu \rho \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ : aor. I pass.  $d\nu \epsilon \nu \rho \dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \nu$ :—to find out, discover:-Pass. to be found out or discovered to be.

 $\dot{a}v$ -ευφημέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε: to shout aloud with joy.

άν-εύχομαι, Dep. to recall a prayer.

ά-νέφελος, Εp. άννέφελος, ον, (a privat., νεφέλη) cloudless: unveiled.

αν-εχέγγυος, ον, (a privat., έχέγγυος) unwarranted.

άν-έχησι, v. sub sq.

 $dv-\epsilon\chi\omega$ , impf.  $dv\epsilon\hat{i}\chi o\nu$ : also  $dv-\epsilon\chi\omega$ ,  $d\nu l\sigma\chi o\nu$ : f ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέσχον, poet. ἀνέσχεθον: pf. ἀνέσχηκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ἀνεσχέθην: pf. ανέσχημαι:—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ανέχησι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχημι: (ἀνά, ἔχω):—to bold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle: to bold up and sbew to one; ἀνέχειν φάοs, to bold up a light; esp. in phrase ἄνεχε, πάρεχε φῶs, or simply ἄνεχε, πάρεχε, bold up and shew the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on. 2. to exalt, extol. of land, ἀνέχειν την ἄκρην to put forth a head-4. to uphold, support: to continue to do; c. part., στέρξας ἀνέχει continues to love: of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσύν to keep constant to the II. to hold in, keep in; Zεùs ἀνέχων, opp. to vow, bolding up, stopping the rain. III. ıntrans. to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχω, of the sun: of events, to bappen: c. gen. to rise from, recover 2. to come forth, project: esp. of a headland, 3. to bold on, keep doing. to jut out into the sea.

B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι: f. ἀνέξομαι or ἀνασχήσομαι: Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ήνειχόμην, ήνεσχόμην: - properly to bold oneself up, and so to bold up against a thing, endure, allow, bold out, last: so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they bear with pa-2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνουs to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them. II. to bold up what is one's own; ἀνέχεσθαι χείραs to hold up one's hands to fight. III. rarely, to bold on by one

another.

ἀνεψιά, ή, fem. of ἀνεψιός, a female cousin. ανεψιαδούs, οῦ, ὁ, a first-cousin's son. From 'ANEΨΙΟ'Σ, δ, a first cousin, a cousin. Hence άνεψιότης, ητος, ή, cousinsbip.

ανέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ανα-ψύχω.

ανεφ or ανεω, see ανεω.

ἀνέφγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεφγώs, always intr. ανέφγον, impf. of ανοίγω.

ανέφξα, aor. I of ανοίγω.

ανέωνται (not ανέονται), for ανείνται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ανίημι (as if from αν-εύω), they have been given up or devoted.

ανέωs, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ãvavos, ãvaos (a privat., aνω to cry), without a voice, mute: ἄνεφ nom. plur.

ανεώχθην, aor. I pass. of ανοίγω.

ανη, ή, (ανω) fulfilment.

av-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to grow young again, Lat. repuerascere. Hence

άνηβητήριος, a, ov, making young again.

αν-ηβοs, ον, (a privat., ηβη) not arrived at man's estate.

ανήγαγον, aor. 2 of ανάγω.

άν-ηγεμόνευτος, ον, (α privat., ήγεμονεύω) without a leader.

av-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to tell as in a narrative, relate.

αν-ήδυντος, ον, (α privat., ήδύνω) not sweetened or seasoned.

ανήη, Ep. for ανή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ανίημι.

 $\dot{a}v\dot{\eta}\theta \dot{v}os$ ,  $\eta$ , ov,  $(\ddot{a}v\eta\theta ov)$  made of dill.

'ANHOON, τό, dill, anise, Lat. anethum: also αν- $\nu\eta\theta$ ov; lon.  $\check{a}\nu\nu\eta\sigma$ ov or  $\check{a}\nu\eta\sigma$ ov; poet.  $\check{a}\nu\nu\eta\tau$ ov or

ἀνήϊξα, aor. I of ἀναίσσω.

ἀνήϊον, Ep. for ἀνήειν, impf. of ἄνειμι.

 $\dot{a}$ νηκ $\dot{a}$ , aor. I of  $\dot{a}$ ν-ίημι.

åν-ήκεστος, ον, (a privat., ἀκέομαι) not to be bealed, incurable : ἀνήκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one ırremediable hurt: ἀνήκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same. act. damaging beyond remedy, deadly:-Adv., άνηκέστως διατιθέναι to treat with shocking cruelty.

αν-ήκοος, ον, (α privat., ακοή) without bearing: never baving beard a thing, ignorant of it. 2. not willing to bear, disobedient.

ανηκουστέω, f. ήσω, to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient. From

άν-ήκουστος, ον. (a privat., ἀκούω) unbeard of. act. unwilling to bear, disobedient.

άν-ήκω, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ήκω) to reach up to. bave come up to a point, ès τὰ μέγιστα ἀνήκειν: to refer or pertain to a person or thing.

άνηλάλαζον, άνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of άνα-

λαλάζω. άνήλατο, 3 sing. 20r. 1 of ἀνάλλομαι.

αν-ήλικος, ον, (α privat., ήλιξ) not yet arrived at man's estate.

άν-ήλιος, ον, (a privat., ήλιος) sunless, gloomy. ἀνήλιπος, Dor. ἀνάλιπος, ον, (α privat., ήλιψ a kind of shoe) unsbod, barefoot.

ανήλύσις, εως, ή, (ανέρχομαι) a going up. a coming back.

άνηλωσα, aor. I of άναλίσκω.

άν-ήμελκτος, ον, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) unmilked. άν-ήμερος, ον, (a privat., ήμερος) not tame, wild,

savage: of plants, wild.

ανήνασθαι, 20r. I inf. of αναίνομαι, of which tense ανήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ανήνηται 3 sing. subj.

aνηνεμία, ή, a calm. From

άν-ήνεμος, ον, (a privat., άνεμος) without wind, calm: ανήνεμος χειμώνων for ανευ ανέμου χειμώνων, without the blast of storms.

ανήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signf.: Homer has it twice, αίμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ἀτειλη̂s blood gusbed from forth the wound; κνίση ἀνήνοθεν steam mounted up. (Formed as if from a Verb \*ανέθω.)

**ἀν-ήνυστος** and **ἀν-ήνϋτος**, ον, (a privat., ἀνύω) not flowers.

to be accomplished, endless, aimless.

άν-ήνωρ, οροs, δ, (a privat., άνήρ) unmanly, dastardly, like ἄνανδρος.

ανήπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ανάπτω.

aν-ηπύω, f. σω, to cry aloud.

'ANH'P, ὁ, gen. ἀνδρόs, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἄνδρα, voc. άνερ: plur. άνδρες, -δρών, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. άνέρος, etc., dat. pl. άνδρεσσι:—a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. vir (not bomo). II. a man, as opp. to God, πατηρ ανδρών τε θεών τε. III. a man, as opp. to a youth. IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to ἄνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἄνθρωποι, ολίγοι δè ἄνδρεs. V. a busband; αἰγῶν ἀνήρ, Virgil's vir gregis.

άνήρ, Att. crasis for δ άνήρ.

άνηρέθην, aor. I pass. of άναιρέω.

άν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for άν-άριθμος.

άνηρόμην, aor 2 of άνέρομαι.

άν-ήροτος, ον, (a privat., ἀρόω) unploughed.

άνήρτησα, άνήρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of gathering flowers. From

 $\overline{a}$ νησον or  $\overline{a}$ ννητον, τό, Ion. for  $\overline{a}$ νηθον.

άν-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (α privat., ήσσάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

**ἀνήτζνος**, η, ον, Dor. for ἀνήθινος.

άνητον or άννητον, τό, Dor. and Acol. for άνηθον. **ἀν-ήττητος,** ον, Att. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

άν-ήφαιστος, ον, (a privat., "Ηφαιστος) without real fire; πῦρ ἀνήφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.

άνήφθην, aor. I pass. of άνάπτω.

άνήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνήχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνῆψα, 20r. Ι of ἀνάπτω.

άνθ-αιρέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead. II. to dispute, lay claim to.

άνθ-αλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.

άνθαμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

ἀνθ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄμιλλα) rivalling.

άνθ-άπτομαι, Ion. άντ-άπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in. 2. to lay

bold of, seize, attack. turn.

II. to lay bold of in re-

ἄνθειον, τό, (άνθοs) a blossom.

άνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of άντέχω, one must bold to. cleave to: so also plur. ανθεκτέα.

ανθ-έλκω, f. ξω, to draw or pull against.

άνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ νθέμιον,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , =  $\ddot{\alpha}$ νθος:  $\dot{\alpha}$ νθέμιον έστιγμένος tattooed with flowers.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νθεμίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\ddot{a}$ νθος.

άνθεμόεις, εσσα, εν, also εις in fem., flowery, flowered: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From

ανθεμον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ανθος, a flower.

άνθεμόρ-ρύτος, ον, (άνθεμον, βέω) flowing from

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νθεμ-ουργός,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ν,  $(\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ νθεμον, \*έργω) working in flowers. άνθεμ-ώδης, ες, contr. for άνθεμο-ειδής, (άνθεμον,  $\epsilon l \delta o s$ ) flowery, blooming.

ανθέξομαι, fut. med. of αντέχω.

ἄνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθημι.  $\dot{\alpha}\nu\theta\epsilon\rho\epsilon\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $\hat{\omega}\nu\sigma$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\nu\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  the chin, Lat. mentum.

 $\dot{a}$ νθερίκη, ή, and  $\dot{a}$ νθέρικος,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ νθέριξ, a stalk. ανθέριξ, ικος, δ, (άθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear. 2. a stalk.

ανθεσαν, Ep. for ανέθεσαν, 3 plur. 201. 2 of ανατίθημι. άνθ-εστιάω, to feast in return.

'Aνθεστήρια, ων, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

'Ανθεστηριών, ωνος, δ, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

'Ανθεσφόρια, ων, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while

 $\mathring{a}$ νθεσ-φόρος, ον, ( $\mathring{a}$ νθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.

ανθετο, Ep. for ανέθετο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of ανα-

ανθέω, f. ήσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ανθείν νεκροίs to be overspread with corpses: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish, ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the height, as a disease.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ νθη,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ νθος,  $\boldsymbol{a}$  blossom.

 $\dot{a}$ νθηρός,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ν,  $(\dot{a}$ νθέω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young:-metaph. in full force, in perfec-3. of style, florid. 2. bright-coloured.

ανθ-ησσάομαι, pf. ανθήσσημαι: Pass.:—to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.

 $\dot{a}v\theta\eta$ - $\phi\dot{o}\rho os$ , ov, =  $\dot{a}v\theta\epsilon\sigma\phi\dot{o}\rho os$ , flower-bringing.

avθίζω, f. ίσω, (άνθος) to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours: - Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ήνθισμένοs, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.

äνθινος, η, ον, (äνθος) of flowers, blooming, fresh. άνθ-ιππάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to ride against. Hence avθιππασία, ή, a sham-fight of horse.

άνθ-ιππεύω, - ωνθιππάζομαι.

άνθ-ίστημι, (άντί, ίστημι). I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut, αναστήσω and aor, I ανέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. componere. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, acr. 2 ἀντέστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

άνθοβολέω, f. ήσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to bave flowers showered upon one. From

άνθό-βολος, ον, (ἄνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with

flowers.

άνθο-δίαιτος, ον, (άνθος, δίαιτα) living on flowers. άνθο-δόκος, ον, (άνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers. ανθοκομέω, f. ήσω, to produce flowers. From άνθο-κόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers.

άνθο-κρόκος, ον, (άνθος, κρέκω) woven or worked

with flowers, partly-coloured.

ανθολογέω, f. ήσω, (ανθολύγος) to gather flowers. Hence

ανθολογία, ή, a flower-gathering: 'Ανθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

άνθο-λόγος, ον, (άνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers. άνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ανθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From

**ἀνθο-νόμος**, ον, (ἄνθο**ς**, νέμομαι) feeding on flowers. άνθ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω, to arm against:-Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

ανθορε, poët, for ανέθορε, 3 sing, 201, 2 of αναθρώσκω. avθ-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to lie at anchor, be moored oppo-

site one another.

"ANΘOΣ, εos, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ανθος οίνου, Lat. flos vini, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ήβηs ανθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, bonour: also the beight of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

**ἀνθ-οσμίαs**, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμή) redolent of flowers:

generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

άνθοσύνη, ή, (ἄνθος) a flowering, bloom. ανθοφορέω, f. ήσω, (ανθοφόρος) to bear flowers.

άνθοφορία, τά, = 'Ανθεσφύρια. From άνθο-φόρος, ον, (άνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers,

flowery: blooming.

άνθο-φύής, ές, (ανθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθρακεύς, έως, ή, (ἄνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ανθρακεύω, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn

 $\dot{a}$ νθρακι $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{a}$ s, Ep.  $\dot{a}$ νθρακι $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ s,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ νθρα $\dot{\xi}$ ) a beap of coal or charcoal, bot coals. 2. blackness as of coals. ανθρακόομαι, pf. ηνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (άνθραξ):-- to be burnt to cinders.

"ANOPAE, akos, o, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. άνθρηδών, όνος, ή, a wasp or bornet.

'ANOPH'NH, h, a wild bee : a bee or wasp. Hence ανθρήνιον, τό, the boneycomb of a wild oee: a wasps'

ανθρωπ-άρεσκος, ου, ό, (άνθρωπος, άρέσκω) a manpleaser.

άνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of άνθρωπος, a manikin. ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's

άνθρώπειος, α, ον, Ion, άνθρωπήϊος, η, ον, (άνθρω- $\pi os$ ) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, buman: Adv. -ws, by buman means, in all buman probability.

 $\dot{a}$ νθρωπήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for  $\dot{a}$ νθρώπειος.

άνθρωπίζω, f. ίσω, (άνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ανθρωπικός, ή, όν, of or for a man, buman.

ανθρώπινος, η, ον, (άνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, buman; παν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τα ανθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ανθρωπίνως άμαρτάνειν to commit buman, i.e. venial, errors. ανθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ανθρωπος.

ανθρωπίσκος, δ. Dim. of άνθρωπος, a little man. manikin, Lat. bomuncio.

άνθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, δ, ή, (άνθρωπος, δαίμων) α man-god, i.e. a deified man, bero.

ανθρωπο-ειδής, ές, (ἄνθρωπος, είδος) in the shape of

a man. ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, bomicidal. ΙΙ. proparox. ανθρωπό-κτονος, murdered by men; βορά άνθρ, a feeding on slaughtered men.

ανθρωποποιία, ή, a making of man. From

ανθρωπο-ποιός, όν, (ανθρωπος, ποιέω) making man. "ANΘΡΩΠΟΣ, δ, man, Lat. bomo (not vir): plur. οί ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα οτ ήκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ανήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ανθρωπος δδίτης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. bomo opp. to vir: used in addressing slaves, ω ανθρωπε. The fem. ανθρωποs, ή, (like bomo fem. in Lat.) a woman.

άνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ άνθρωπος.

άνθρωπο-σφάγέω, f. ήσω, (άνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men

άνθρωποφάγέω, f. ήσω, (άνθρωποφάγος) to cat men or man's flesh. Hence

ανθρωποφαγία, ή, an eating of men.

άνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (άνθρωπος, φάγειν) eating men, cannıbal.

άνθρωπο-φτής, ές, (άνθρωπος, φυή) of man's nature. ἀν-θρώσκω, poët, and Ion. for ἀνα-θρώσκω.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω, to abuse one ano ber, abuse in

åνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

άνθυπατεύω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And

ανθυπατικός, ή, όν, proconsular. From

άνθ-ύπάτος, δ, a proconsul, for άντὶ ὑπάτου, Lat. pro consule.

Hence

ανθύπειξις, εως, ή, a mutual yielding.

άνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρίνουμαι: Dep.: (άντί, ύποκρίνομαι):-to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [tv]

άνθ-υπόμνυμί, f. -ομόσω, (άντί, υπόμνυμι) to make

a counter-affidavit.

άνθ-υποπτεύω, (άντί, ὑποπτεύω) to suspect mutually. ανθ-υπουργέω, (αντί, υπουργέω) to return a kind-Hence ness.

ανθυπούργημα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return. άνθ-υφαιρέω, (άντί, ὑφαιρέω) to take away in return. **ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι**, fut. -υποστήσομαι: aor. 2 -υπέστην: (ἀντί, ὑφίστημι):—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

 $dv\theta\omega\pi\lambda\iota\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ , pf pass. of  $dv\theta\sigma\pi\lambda\iota\zeta\omega$ .

'ANI'A, Ion. ἀνίη, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble: Homer uses it act. of a person, δαιτός ανίη the annoyance of our feast. [avin in Hom., later avia or sometimes avia. Hence

avialω, 201. I ήνίασα, to grieve, distress. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [7]

åv-tåoμαι, fut. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to cure again, restore. **ἀνῖαρόs**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , Ion. and Ep ἀνιηρόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing: 11reg. Comp. ἀντηρέστερος. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ρωs. [In Homer ἀντηρόs, later also dvi-.]

av-laτos, ον, (a privat., laoμαι) incurable: of men,

incorrigible.

άνιάω, fut. άσω [ā], Ion. ήσω: aor. Ι ήνίασα, Dor. ἀνίασα: pf. ἡνίᾶκα:—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνίᾶσομαι: 20τ. Ι ήνιάθην: pf. ήνίαμαι: (ἀνία):—to grieve, distress:-Pass. to be grieved, etc.; ανιασθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this: Homer has Ion aor. I pass. part. άνιηθείs, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [t in Homer always, later also i.

άνιδειν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. \*άν-είδω, to look up. av-ίδρυτος, ον, (a privat., ίδρύω) unsettled, restless:

esp. baving no fixed home, vagabond. άν-ιδρωτί, Adv. of ανίδρωτος, without sweat: hence lazily, slowly.

άν-ίδρωτος, ον, (a privat., ίδρόω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

aviers, avier, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of aviημι.

avieis, 2 sing. pres. of dvinu.

aνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ανίημι.

aviévai, pres. inf. of aν-ίημι, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of ἄν-ειμι (εἶμι ibo) to go up.

av-lepos, ον, (a privat., lepos) unboly, impious. [1] avicoκe, Ion. impf. of ανίημι.

dv-iζω, aor. I  $dv \in iσα$ ,  $(dv \acute{a}, iζω)$  to set up.

άνιηθείs, Ion. for ἀνιαθείε, 201. I pass. part. of ἀνιάω. av-ίημι, impf. ανίην; also 2 sing. pres. ανιείε, 2 and 3 sing. impf. dvícis, ei; Ion. 3 sing. dvícoke (as if from ανιέω): fut. ανήσω, also ανέσω: aor. I ανήκα, Ion. for war. ανέηκα, Ep. also ανέσα: 201. 2 not used in sing. ind., σασθαι πόλιν to raise 2 city for oneself.

ανθ-ϋπείκω, f. εω, (αντί, ὑπείκω) to yield in turn. | but in Ep. subj. ἀνήη for ἀνή, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέντες:-Pass. ἀνίεμαι: aor. I ἀνέθην: pf. ἀνείμαι: (ἀνά, ἴημι):-to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth: esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. 2. ανιέναι τινί to let loose against one, set go. upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui: hence generally, 3. to let alone, let :- Med. avíe μαι, to loosen, undo:-Pass. to be let go, go free; part. pf. pass. avei µévos going free, left to one's will and pleasure; ἀνειμένος είς τι wholly engaged in a thing: IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring: hence to neglect, give over, remit :- Pass. to be slack or unstrung. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ανιηρός, ή, όν, Ιοπ. for ανιαρός.

aviκa, Dor. for ηνίκα. [t]

av-ίκανος, ον, (a privat., ίκανος) insufficient.

αν-ικέτευτος, ον, (a privat., ίκετεύω) not entreated: act. not entreating.

a-νίκητος, ον, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

av-ίλεωs, ων, gen ω, Att. for aν-ίλαος, (a privat., ἵλεωs) unmerciful. [ī]

αν-ζμάω, f. ήσομαι: (ανά, įμάs):-to draw up water by leather straps: generally to draw or baul up:-Pass. to get up, mount up; so also intr. (sub. ξαυτύν), to mount up.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ vios,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\hat{\mathbf{a}}\nu i\mathbf{a}) = \hat{\mathbf{a}}\nu i\mathbf{a}\rho\delta s$ .

av-louλos, ov, (a privat., louλos) beardless.

άν-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride on high.

aν-ιππος, ον, (a privat., ιππος) without a borse, not serving on borseback: of countries, unsuited for borses. άν-ίπταμαι, Dep, = άνα-πέτομαι.

άνιπτό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άνιπτος, πούs) with unwashen feet.

a-νιπτος, ον, (a privat., νίζω) unwashen. 2. not to be washed out.

avis, Boeot for ανευ, also Megarean.

av-ισοs, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., loos) unequal, uneven: metaph. unfair. [I Ep., I Att.] Hence

άνισόω, f. ώσω, to make equal, equalise: — Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

avlota and avlotη, for avlotηθι, imperat. of avίστημι.

άν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

άν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἴστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up: to raise from sleep, Lat. excito, and from the dead: later, to set up, build: also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action: to 3. to make people rise to leave stir up to rebellion. their bomes: transplant them; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste; χώρα ἀνεστηκυία a wasted land: also to make suppliants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise men II. in aor. I med. also trans., ἀναστή-III.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plapf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, dv. rivi to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

άν-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to make inquiry, ask. άν-ίστω, for ανίστασο, imperat. of αν-ίσταμαι.  $dv - i\sigma \chi \omega = dv - i \chi \omega$ , to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνί-

σχει ήλιοs the sun rises.

άνίσωs, Adv. of ανίσοs, unequally. ἀνίσωσις, εως, ή, (ἀνισόω) an equalising.

av-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.

άνιώατο, Ion. for άνιάοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of άνιάομαι.

av-veiμη, poet. aor. I subj. of aνανέμω.

άννείται, poet. for ανανείται, 3 sing. of ανανέσμαι. άννέφελος, Ep. for ἀνέφελος.

άννεώσασθαι, poet. inf. 20r. 1 of άνανεύομαι.

αν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ανα-ξηραίνω.

αν-οδηγέω, f. ήσω, (ανά, όδηγέω) to guide back. av-oδos, ov, (a privat., δδόs) having no road, impassable.

dv-oδos, ή, (dvá, δδόs) a way up: esp. into central Asıa. II. a way back.

åν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v]

ά-νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless **α-νόητος**, ον, (α privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding. foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens

avoia, Ep. avolη, ή, (avoos) want of understanding,

άν-οίγνυμι and άν-οίγω, Ερ. άνα-οίγω: f. άνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέφγον, Ion. ἀναοίγεσκον: aor. Ι ἀνέφξα, Att. ήνοιξα, Ion. άνοιξα οτ άνφξα pf. I ἀνέφχα, pf. 2 ἀνέφγα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. άνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 άνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 άνεφεομαι: aor. Ι ἀνεφχθην, inf. ἀνοιχθηναι: (ἀνά, οίγω): I. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea :-Pass. to be open.

 $\Delta v - o(\gamma \omega)$ , f.  $\xi \omega$ , v. foreg.

αν-οιδαίνω, (ανά, οιδαίνω): fut. ανοιδήσω: pf. ανώбука:-to swell up: to swell with passion.

dv-οικίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. τω, to rebuild. make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from bis abode: - Pass. and Med. to migrate. ανοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeople a city. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

άν-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, (άνά, οἰκοδομέω) to build II. to rebuild. III. to wall up. иp.

dv-oikos, ov, (a privat., olkos) bouseless, bomeless. av-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of av-οίγω, one must open. άν-οικτίρμων, ονος, (a privat., οἰκτίρμων) unpitying, merciless.

dv-olktiotos, ov, (a privat., olkτίζω) unpitied. άνοικτός, ή, όν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened. dv-ourtos, ov, (a privat., olktos) pitiless, ruthless. άν-οιμώζω, fut. ώξομαι, to wail aloud.

άν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ανοίμωκτος, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [1] αν-οίμωκτος, ον, (a privat., οίμωζω) unmourned. avoîξαι, 20r. I inf. of ανοίγνυμι.

άνοιξις, εως, ή, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.

avoloτέον, verb. Adj. of avaφέρω, one must report. άνοιστός, Ion. άνώιστος, ή, όν, (άναφέρω) reported, referred for decision.

αν-οιστρέω, f ήσω, (ανά, οἶστρος) to goad to madness.

**ἀνοίσω**, fut. of ἀναφέρω,

ανοιτο, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ανω.

άνοιχθώσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ανοίγνυμι. ἀνοκωχή, ή, (ἀν-όκωχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a bindrance.

avoλβία, ή, the state of an ανολβοε, misery.  $dv-6\lambda\beta los$ , ov, =  $dvo\lambda\beta os$ .

tercourse with others, unsociable.

αν-ολβος, ον, (α privat., όλβος) unblest, wretched. άν-όλεθρος, ον, (a privat., ὅλεθρος) not ruined.

avoλκή, ή, (avέλκω) a drawing up.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-ολολύζω, f.  $\dot{v}$ ξω,  $(\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ λολύζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. Causal, to make one shout.

άν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v]

av-ομβρος, ον, (a privat., δμβρος) without rain. ἀνομέω, f. ήσω, (ἄνομος) to act lawlessly. ανομία, Ion ανομίη, ή, (ανομος) lawlessness. άν-ομίλητος, ον, (α privat., όμιλέω) baving no in-

άν-όμματος, ον, (a privat., όμμα) without eyes. άν-όμοιος, ον, also a, ον, (a privat., δμοιος) unlike. άνομοιότης, τητος, ή, (άνόμοιος) unlikeness. ἀνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so. άνομοίωσις, εως, ή, a making unlike: unlikeness. άν-ομολογέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. ανωμολόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀνά, ὁμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.

ανομολογούμενος, η, ον, (α privat., δμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted. d-voμos, ov, (a privat., νύμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. - \u03c4ws, without law. ΙΙ. (νόμοε 11)

unmusica**l**. άν-όνητος, Dor. άν-όνατος, ον, (α privat., δνίνημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

d-voos, ov, contr. avous, ouv, (a privat., voos) without understanding, foolisb

avoπaîa, Adv., either (from a privat., δψομαι, fut. of δράω), unnoticed; or (from ανω) upwards, up in the air. av-oπλos, ov, (a privat., δπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not beauyarmed: generally, unarmed.

αν-οπτος, ον, (α privat., όψομαι) unseen.

άν-όρατος, ον, also ά-όρατος, (a privat., ὁράω) = foreg.

άν-όργανος, ον, (α privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

άν-οργίαστος, ον, (a privat., δργιάζω) attended by II. in whose bonour no orgies are beld. άνορέα, Ιοπ. ήνορέη, ή. (ἀνήρ) manbood, courage. [ā] ἀνόρεος, α, ον, (ἀνήρ) manly, courageous, like ἀνδρεῖος. [ā]

άν-ορθόω, f. ωσω: with double augm., impf., ήνωρθουν, 201. I ήνωρθωσα:—to set upright again, restore: to set straight again, set right.

av-opμos, ov, (a privat., δρμοs) without barbour, inbospitable.

åν-ορούω, f. ούσω: 201. I ἀνόρουσα:—to start up, leap up: to mount swiftly.

άν-όροφος, ον, (a privat., ὅροφος) roofless.

άν-ορταλίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) to flap the wings and crow, to strut.

ἀν-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: (ἀνά, ὀρύσσω):—
to dig up what has been buried; ἀν. τάφον to break
open a grave.

**ἀν-ορχέομαι**, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance about.

dv-6σιος, ov, or a, ov, (a privat., δσιος) unboly, wicked, Lat. profanus: dvόσιος νέκυς a corpse with all the rites unpaid. Hence

άνοσιότης, ητος, ή, unboliness.

**α-voσos**, Ion. **α-vouσos**, ov, (a privat., νόσοs) without sickness, bealthy, sound: of things, free from all defect, bealthy; ανοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

άν-όστεος, ον, (a privat., ὅστεον) without bones. ἀ-νόστιμος, ον, (a privat., νόστιμος) not returning. II. not to be retraced.

ά-νοστος, ον, (a privat., νόστος) without return. ἀν-οτοτύζω, (ἀνά, ὀτοτοῖ) to break out into wailing. ἀν-ούἄτος, ον, (a privat., οὖς) without ear: without bandle.

a-vous, contr. for a-voos.

a-vouσos, ov. Ion. for a-voσos.

άν-ούτάτος, ον, (a privat., οὐτάω) unwounded. άν-ουτητί, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [τ]

**ἀνοχή, ἡ,** (ἀνέχω) a bolding back, stopping, esp. of hostilities, an armistice.

II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-suffering, forbearance.

åν-οχμάζω, f. άσω, to bold up, lift up.

άνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι. ἀνστάς, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι: aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ανστήσω, Ερ. for αναστήσω, fut. of ανίστημι.

άνστήτην, Ep. for άνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of άνίστημι.

άνστρέψειαν, for άναστρέψειαν.

ἀνσχεθέειν, ἀνσχεο, Ερ. for ἀνασχεθεῖν, ἀνάσχου, aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

αν-σχετός, Ep. for ανα-σχετός.

dντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face, Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against; άντα παρειάων before the cheeks, of a veil: confronted with: most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἄντα Διδε πολεμίζειν.

άντ-ἄγοράζω, f. άσω, to buy in return.

άντ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω, to speak against, reply: to contradict.

άντ-δγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Art. τοθμαι: Dep.:—to struggle against, vie with, esp. in war: to dispute with: as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ανταγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, an adversary, rival.

αντ-αδικέω, f. ήσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αείρω, = ἀντ-αίρω: - Med., ἀνταείρεσθαι χειράν τινι to raise one's hands against one.

αντ-αθλος, ον, (ἀντί, αθλος) struggling against, rivalling.

ἀντ-αιδέομαι, f. έσομαι, Mcd. to respect one another. ἀνταΐος, a, ον, (ἀντα) set over against, right opposite: ἀνταία (sub. πληγή), a wound in front. 2. bostile. II. besought with prayers; τὰ ἀνταῖα θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντάρω : aor. I ἀντῆρα :—to raise against.

II. seemingly intr. (sub. χείραs), to rest with trand

sist, withstand.

άντ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand in return.

'ANTAKAI OΣ, δ, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἄκούω, f. ούσομαι, to bear in turn: to listen in return.

αντ-ακροάομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. = αντακούω.

ἀντ-ἄλἄλάζω, f. άξω, to return a shout.

aντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I -ήλλαξα; —to give or take in exchange:—Med. to take one thing in exchange for another

åντ-ἄμείβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in exchange, to exchange.

2. to give punishment in exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish.

3. to give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντάμειψις, εως, ή, an exchanging.

άντ-ἄμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against another, resist. 2. to requite.

ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

αντ-ανάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out to sea against: generally to attack.

2. to bring up instead.

ἀντ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to destroy in return. ἀντ-αναμένω, to wait instead.

άντ-αναπίμπλημι, to fill in turn or in opposition.

άντ-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to platt in rivalry with. άντ-αναπληρόω, f. ώσω, to put in as a complement.

ἀντ-άνειμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἶμι ibo) to go up against. ἀντ-ανίστημι, Ι. Causal in pres. and impf.,

fut. and aor. 1, to set up against or instead of. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up against.

aντ-άξιος, a, ov, worth just as much as, equivalent to. Hence

ἀνταξιόω, f. ώσω, to demand as an equivalent or in turn.

άντ-απαιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand in return.

αντ-απαμείβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.

άντ-απερύκω, to keep off in turn. άντ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or answer. dντ-αποδίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so. III. intr. to answer, correspond untb. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ή, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward. ἀνταποδίδουμα, aor. a int of ἀνταποδίδουμα.

ἀνταποδοῦναι, 20r. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι. ἀντ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.

άντ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτεν $\hat{\omega}$ , to kill in return.

άντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to receive in return άντ-απόλλυμι, to destroy in return: — Pass, and Med., with perf. 2 act -όλωλα, to perish in turn.

άντ-αποτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.

ἀντ-αποφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand. ἀντ-άπτομαι. Ion. for ἀνθ-άπτομαι.

ἀντ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to bold out against: to bold out. ἀντ-ασπάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn to receive kindly.

ἀντουγίω, f ήσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From ἀντ-αυγήs, έs, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light. ἀντ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak against, answer.

ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f ήσω: aor. I ήντησα: (ἄντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντῆσαι μάχης, δαιτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.

ἀντεβόλησα, 201. Ι ος ἀντιβολέω.

αντ-εγκαλέω, f. έσω, to accuse in turn.

ἀντ-εικάζω, f. άσομαι: 201. Ι -ήκασα:—to compare in return.

άν-τείνω, poët. for άνα-τείνω.

**ἀντ-ε**ιπον, aor. 2 without any pres in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερω.

άντ-είρομαι, Ion. for άντ-έρομαι.

άντ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute. άντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.

ἀντ-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return. ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.

άντ-εκπέμπω, f ψω, to send out in return.

ἀντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against. ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενω, to stretch out against: hence

to compare one with another. ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμοῦμαι, to sally out against. ἀντελαβόμην, 201. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.

άντέλλοισα, Dor. for άντέλλουσα, part. fem. of άνατέλλω.

ἀντέλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. ίω, to bope instead. ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλω, intt. to make an inroad

in turn.

αντ-εμβιβάζω, f. άσω, to put on board instead.
αντεμπάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.
αντ-εμπήγνυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.
αντ-εμπίπρημι, f. -εμπρήσω, to set on fire in return.
αντ-ενδίωμι, f. -ενδώσω, to give way in turn.
αντ-εκδίω, f. άξω, to export instead.

άντ-εξαιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand in return. άντ-έξειμι, (είμι ibo) to march out against.

άντ-εξέρχομαι, Dep. = άντέξειμι.

aντ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another: — Med. to measure oneself against another.

άντ-εξιππεύω, f. σω, to ride out against.

ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ή, (ἀντί, ἐξορμάω) a sailing out against.

άντ-επάγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr ) to advance against. άντ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise in return.

άντ-επανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.

αντ-έπειμι, to rush upon, attack.

ἀντ-επεξάγω, f ξω, to lead or march out against. ἀντ-επέξειμι, (είμι ibo) to march out against.

ἀντ-επεξελαύνω, f. Att. -εξελώ, to march out against. ἀντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξειμι.

άντ-επεξερχομαι, Dep. = άντεπέξειμι. άντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.

άντ-επιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.
άντ-επιθυμέω, f ήσω, to desire in turn:—Pass, άντεπιθυμείση ή τινος to have a thing desired from one

επιθυμείσθαί τινοι to bave a thing desired from one. αντ-επικουρέω, f. ήσω, to belp in return.

άντ-επιμελέομαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: 20r. I pass.
-επεμελήθην: Dep.:—to give beed in turn.

ἀντ-επιστράτεύω, f. σω, to take the field against. ἀντ-επιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.

άντ-επιτειχίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι, Att. ιοῦμαι: pf. pass. -τετείχισμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation

άντ-επιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer. άντ-ερανίζω, f. ίσω, (άντί, ξρανος) to contribute one's

sbare in turn:—Pass to be repaid.
ἀντεραστής, οῦ, ὁ, a rival in love. From

aντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love. aντ-ερείδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against. Hence

αντέρεισις, εως, ή, obstinate resistance.

άντ-έρομαι, Ιοπ. -είρομαι: 20τ. 2 -ηρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.

άντ-ερύομαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [v]

άντ-ερῶ, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντείρηκα: (cf. ἀντείπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—
fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντειρήσεται no denial shall be
given.

άντ-έρως, ωτος, δ, return-love, love-for-love.

άντ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask in turn.

άντ-έστην, aor. 2 ind. of άνθίστημι.

άντ-ευεργετέω, f. ήσω, to return a kindness.

άντ-ευνοέω, f. ήσω, to wish well in return.

άντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or ἴσχω):—to bold against; χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to bold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II. intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to bold on by, bold to, cleave to.

αντ-ήλιος, ον, (αντί, ήλιος) opposite the sun: i.e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες αντήλιοι, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

dvrnv, Adv. (dvri) against, face to face. 2. face 3. ἄντην ἔρχεσθαι to to face, openly, before all. go straight forward; ἄντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

 $\dot{a}$ ντ-ήνωρ, opos,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ ντ $\dot{l}$ ,  $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{\eta}$ ρ) instead of a man. άντ-ηρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ἐρέτης) one who rows against another: generally, a rival.

αντ-ήρης, εs, (αντί) set over against, opposite; πληγαὶ στέρνων ἀντήρειε blows aimed straight at the breast.

άντηρίς, ίδος, ή, (ἀντερείδω) a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

αντήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of αντάω.

άντ-ηχέω, Dor. - αχέω, f. ήσω, to re-echo.

'ANTI', Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντὶ πολλῶν λαῶν ἐστι, he is worth many people: hence 3. instead in return for. 2. for the sake of. 4. to mark comparison; ξν ανθ' ξνός one of, for. set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρόs with gen., by, Lat. per.

1. over against, as in In Compos. it signifies άντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in αντι-πολε-3. one against another, mutually, as in arti-4. in return, as in ἀντι-βοηθέω. δεξιόομαι. instead, as in αντ-ήνωρ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντί-θεος. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντί-μορφοs.  $\dot{a}$ ντία, Adv. =  $\ddot{a}$ ντην, properly neut. pl. of  $\dot{a}$ ντίοs.

**αντιάαν**, Ep. pres. inf. of αντιάω.

αντιάασθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of άντιάω.

ἀντιάζω, f. άσω, Dor. άξω: 201. Ι ήντίασα: (ἀντί): -to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-άνειρα, ή, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

άντιάω, f. άσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιόω, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιοώντων, part. ἀντιόων, όωσα, όωντεε, mf. ἀντιάαν, med. ἀντιάασθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος):—to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to bit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. c. dat. to meet with, light upon. III. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιόωσα.

άντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 αντέβην: -to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβάs έλᾶν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back

άντι-βάλλω, f. -βἄλω, to throw against or in turn. αντίβασις, εως, ή, (αντιβαίνω) resistance. άντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

άντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

avti-βιος, a, ov, also or, ov, (avti, βia) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίοιε ἐπέεσσι with wrangling words: neut.  $d\nu \tau i\beta io\nu$ , as  $Adv = d\nu \tau i\beta i\eta \nu$ .

άντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. aντίβλεψις, εως, ή, a looking in the face.

αντι-βοηθέω, f. ήσω, to belp in turn or mutually.

ἀντιβολέω, f. ήσω: aor. with double augm. ήντεβόλησα, Ερ. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω):—to meet by chance, bit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c gen. rei. III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

αντιβόλησις, εως, ή, and αντιβολία, ή, an entreaty,

prayer.

αντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry. άντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ήσω, to rival in pedigres.

αντιγνωμονέω, to be of a different opinion. From άντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (άντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

αντιγραφεύς, έως, δ, (αντιγράφω) one who keeps a

counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγραφή, ή, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment. ἀντίγραφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντίγραφα,

τά, copies. From

άντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back:-Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγέγραμμαι, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγραφή. αντι-δάκνω, f. -δηξομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαι:—to

bite at or in turn.

άντι-δεξιόομαι, Med. to give one another the right

band, to greet in return.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ντι-δέρκομαι, Dep. =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ντιβλέπω.

άντι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

άντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ήσω, to rival as a demagogue. αντι-διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

αντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn:-Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

άντι-διδάσκάλος, δ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

άντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against; of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. άντίδοσιε.

άντι-διέξειμι, (είμι ibo) to go through again.

άντιδικέω, f. ήσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ήντιδίκουν, aor. Ι ήντιδίκησα, or with double augm., ήντεδίκουν, ήντεδίκησα:—to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

άντί-δίκος, ου, (άντί, δίκη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: of arti-

δικοι the two parties in a suit.

άντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

avτί-δορος, ον, (ἀντί, δορά) clothed with something instead of a skin.

dvriboois, εωs, ή, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment. 2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge bimself.

ἀντίδοτος, ον, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

άντι-δουλεύω, f. σω, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

avti-Soudos, ov, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

άντί-δουπος, ov, resounding.

άντι-δράω, f. άσω, to do in return, retaliate, requite. άντι-δωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

άντι-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek in return.

άντι-ζωγρέω, f. ήσω, to save alive in turn.

αντι-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury opposite.

avri-θeos, η, ov, godlike, equal to the gods.

άντι-θεράπεύω, f. σω, to take care of in return. άντίθεσις, εως ή, (άντιτίθημι) opposition, antitbesis. άντι-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντί-θύρος, ον, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

άντι-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδοῦμαι: 201. 2 -καθεζύμην: Med.:—to sit over against.

άντι-καθεύδω, f. ευδήσω, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτημαι, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι. ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι: f. -καταστήσω:

I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede.

2. to resist.

άντι-κακουργέω, to injure in turn.

άντι-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call or invite in turn.

άντι-καταθνήσκω, aor. 2 -έθανον, to die in turn. άντι-καταλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάτημαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, Ιου, for ἀντι-κάθ--

Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ -.
ἀντί-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι,

to lie opposite to. ἀντι-κελεύω, f. σω, to command in turn.

ἀντί-κεντρος, ον, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sbarp as a goad. ἀντι-κηδεύω, f. σω, to take care of instead.

άντι-κηρύσσω, f. ύξω, to proclaim in answer to. άντι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to sound in answer:—to

sound by striking against, τινί.
ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

άντι-κολακεύω, f. σω, to flatter in turn.

άντι-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to bring back in reply. άντι-κόπτω, f. ψω, intr. to resist, oppose.

αντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

άντι-κρατέω, f. ήσω, to bold instead.

αντίκρουσις, εω, ή, a striking against: hence, a bindrance, sudden check. From

άντι-κρούω, f. σω, to strike or push back, stop, binder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.
ἀντῖκρύ and ἄντῖκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἄντην) have
generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντῖκρύ, over
against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἄντῖκρυς, straight on, outright, entirely.

II. ἀντῖκρυς

(never in Homer), straight, right.

thoroughly, without disguise or reserve.

3. of Time.

straightway.
ἀντι-κτόνος, ον, (ἀντί, κτείνω) killing in return.

ἀντι-κτυπέω, f. ήσω, to clash against, re-echo. ἀντι-κύρω [ū], f. κύρσω, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμφδέω, f. ήσω, to ridicule in turn. ἀντιλαβή, ή, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a bandle, Lat. ansa.

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, fut. -λήξομαι: pf. ἀντείληχα: — to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to bold fast by: to take a sbare of. ἀντι-λακτίζω, f. ίσω, to kick against.

άντι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to light up in turn. II.

intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, f. λέξω, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and ἀντίλεκτος, ον, questionable, to be disputed.

άντι-λέων, οντος, δ, (άντί, λέων) lion-like. άντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of άντιλαμβάνομαι, one

must assist or take part in. II. one must check. dvriληψιs, εωs, ή, (dνriλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying hold of, seizure hence a claim to a thing. 2. a hold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

άντιλογία, ή, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance. άντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand.

ἀντιλογικός, ή, όν, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputatious.

ἀντίλογος, ον, (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory.

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, f. ήσω, to rail at or abuse in turn. ἀντίλυρος, ον, (ἀντί, λύρα) in barmony with the lyre. ἀντίλυτρον, ου, τό, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

άντι-μαίνομαι, f. -μάνήσομαι, Pass. to rave against. άντι-μανθάνω, f. -μάθήσομαι, to learn instead. άντι-μάχομαι, f -μάχήσομαι, Dep. to fight against.

in turn.

outflank.

trariwise.

the contrary.

other side.

against.

pare closely.

άντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ελω, to countermand, to order

αντι-παραθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run past against: to

άντι-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to summon in turn or con-

άντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to

άντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the

άντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepare

άντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω:-to draw out

αντι-παρατίθημι, to set side by side against, com-

avri-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to avri-

against, in order of battle:-Pass. to stand in array

άντι-παραλυπέω, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn.

oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence

άντι-πάρειμι, (είμι ibo) to march parallel to.

αντι-παρασκευή, ή, bostile preparation.

άντι-παρέρχομαι, = άντιπάρειμι.

άντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.

avri-παράγω, f. ξω, to lead on against.

to advance against or parallel with.

Il. to compete for a public office.

II. intr.

ing.

pare closely.

αντι-μεθέλκω, to drag to the opposite side. αντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -στήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one II. intr. in side to the other: to revolutionise. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way. άντι-μελίζω, to rival in music. άντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against. αντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon. άντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn. αντι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn. άντι-μέτωπος, ον, (άντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face. άντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract. άντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μί] άντί-μιμος, ον, (άντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after. **ἀντι-μῖσέω,** f. ήσω, to bate in return. aντιμισθία, ή, a reward, requital. From avti-μισθος, ov, for or instead of a reward. άντι-μοιρία, as, ή, (άντί, μοίρα) a compensation. ἀντί-μολπος, ον, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντίμολπον ἄκος ὕπνου song, sleep's substitute. αντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against. άντι-νικάω, f ήσω, to conquer in turn. άντιξοέω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From avti-ξoos, ov. Ion. avti-ξous, ουν, (αντί, ξέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, bostile: τδ άντίξοον opposition. αντίον, Adv. of αντίος; see αντίος. **ἀντίον**, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom. **ἀντιόομαι,** fut. med. ώσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡντιώθην: Dep.: \_\_to meet in battle, to resist, oppose. aντίοs, a, ov, (αντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., avria and avτίον, like ἄντην and ἄντα, opposite: against, straight against one's will.

αντι-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:--to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation. αντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against. άντι-πέμπω, f ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. send instead. άντι-περαίνω, f. -περανώ, to pierce through in turn. avτι-πέραιοs, a, ov, lying over against, esp. beyond άντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = άντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase 'Ασιάδ' ἀντιπέρην τε Asia and the opposite coast. άντι-πέραs or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence άντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side. άντι-πέρην, Ion. for άντιπέραν. άντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in turn. άντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against. άντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against. avtl-πετρος, ov, (avti, πέτρα) bard as stone, άντιο-στάτέω, poët. for άνθίσταμαι, to oppose. rocky άντιδω, άντιδων, -δωσα, άντιοώντων, see άντιάω. άντί-πηξ, ηγος, ή, (άντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark. άντι-πάθής, έs, (ἀντί, πάθεῖν) in return for sufferάντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall against. 2. to II. of opposite feelings or passions. strive against, resist. avri-παίζω, to play one with another. άντι-πλίω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against. avri-mais, παιδος, ό, ή, like a child, no better than a ἀντι-πλήξ, ῆγοε, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the child. storm. ἀντίπάλος, ον, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling άντι-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to man ships against. against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against to fill up by new members. each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. άντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., dvtíaντίπνους, ον, contr. aντίπνους, ουν, blowing παλοε, δ, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion. against, caused by adverse winds. άντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, to bold side by side, comάντι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn.

wάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, ον, (ἀντί, ποινή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἄποινα, requital, retribution.

άντι-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to wage war against one.

 $\dot{a}$ ντι-πολέμιος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ντιπόλεμος.

άντι-πόλεμος, ον, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.

άντι-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to besiege in turn.

άντι-πορεύομαι, Pass., with f. med. -εύσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀντεπορεύθην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

άντι-πορθέω, f. ήσω, to lay waste in return.

άντί-πορθμος, ov, on the opposite side of the straits. άντί-πορος, ov, on the opposite coast, over against. άντι-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, Ion. -πρήσσω: fut. ξω: to act against, oppose.

αντι-πρεσβεύομαι, Med. to send counter-ambas-

sadors.

άντι-πρήσσω, Ion. for άντι-πράσσω.

άντι-πρόειμι, (είμι ibo) to come forward against. άντί-προικα, Adv. for next to nothing, cheap.

άντι-προκαλέομαι, Med. to challenge in return.

άντι-προσقμάομαι, Med. to beap in turn.

άντι-πρόσειμι, (είμι ibo) to go against. άντι-προσείπου, 201. 2 without pres. in use.

**ἀντι-προσείπον**, 201. 2 without pres. in use, to address in turn: 201. pass. ἀντιπροσερρήθην.

άντι-προσκαλέομαι, Med. to summon in turn. άντι-προσφέρω, f. -προσοίσω, to bring in turn.

άντι-πρόσωπος, ον, (άντί, πρόσωποι) with the face towards, face to face.

άντι-προτείνω, f. -τενω, to bold out in turn.

ἀντί-πρωρος, ον, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντί-πύλος, ον, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate. ἀντί-πυργος, ον, like a tower.

αντι-πυργόω, ε. ωσω, to build a tower over against:
dντι-πύργόω, ε. ωσω, to build a tower over against:
dντ. πόλιν to build up a city as a rival.

άντιρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to counterpoise. Hence

avrippenm, i. φω, to counterpoise. In avrippomos, ov, counterpoising.

**ἀντι-σηκόω**, f. ώσω, to weigh against, to compensate.
2. intr. to be equal in weight, to counterpoise; δls ἀντισηκῶσαι ροπῆ to weigh twice as heavy. Hence

άντισήκωσις, εως Ion. 10s, ή, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

άντι-σιωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to be silent in turn.

άντι-σκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. (άντί, σκευάζω) to arrange in turn.

άντ-ζοδομαι, Pass. (άντί, Ισύω) to stand against one on equal terms.

άντισπασμός, δ, (άντισπάω) a convulsion.

direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. direction: naaros, δ, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as 'Αλέξανδρου. From

åντι-σπάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

άντί-σταθμος, ον, (άντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-στασιάζω, f. άσω, to form a party against. ἀντίστασις, εως, ή, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction. ἀντι-στασιώτης, ου, ὑ, one of the opposite faction.

οντιστάτίω, f. ήσω, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, ου, ό, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ἄ] ἀντ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀνθίστημι.

åντιστοιχέω, f. ήσω, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

åντί-στοιχος, ον, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στρατεύομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

άντι-στράτηγος, δ, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Propraetor or Proconsul.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατύπεδον) to encamp over against. ἀντι-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀντέστροφα:— to turn to the

II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν, etc.),

otber side: to retort. to turn about, face about.

αντιστροφή, ή, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophé or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, ον, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. Adv. -φως, contrariwise to.

αντι-συναντάω, f. ήσω, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαιρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: (ἀντί, σφαίρα):—to play at ball against.

άντισχειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of άντέχω.

ἀντίσχεσθε, 2 pl. 20r. 2 med. imperat. of ἀντέχω. ἀντ-ισχυρίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to strengthen against: Med. to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντ-ίσχω, collat. form of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, f. εύσω, = ἀντισηκόω, ἀντι-τάμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀντιτέμνω.

άντίταξις, εως, ή, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From άντι-τάσσω, Att. -τάττω, fut. τάξω, to range in battle against another:—Pass. to be ranged against.

αντι-τείνω, f. -τενω, to offer in return, repay. Il intr. and Med. to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τειχίζω, to build a fort against. Hence ἀντιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a counter-fortification. ἀντι-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: αοτ. 2 ἀντέταμον:—to cut

against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to form a counter-plan. ἀντιτέχνησις, εως, ή, counter-manœuvring.

aντί-τεχνος, ον, (αντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

åντι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—Pass. to be compared or matched one against another.

II. to place in return: give one thing for another.

άντι-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to do bonour to in return:-Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

άντιτίμησις, εως, ή, as Att. law-term, a counterestimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the Tiungus of the plaintiff.

άντι-τιμωρέω, f. ήσω, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

αντι-τίνω, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

άντι-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to dare to stand against an-

άντί-τολμος, ον, (άντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ον, (ἀντιταμείν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. αντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

αντίτονος, ον, (αντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

άντι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

άντι-τορέω, f. ήσω, to bore right through.

avtitos, or, for ava-titos, (avativo) requited, revenged; αντιτα έργα works of revenge.

άντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$   $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$ meet with in return.

αντί-τύπος, ον, (αντί, τύπηναι) struck back, echoed; τύπος αντίτυπος blow against blow -- answering to, correspondent:—as Subst., αντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος Διόs the adversary of Jupiter.

άντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

αντιφερίζω, (αντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

αντί-φερνος, ον, (αντί, φερνή) instead of a dower. άντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίσω, to set against: — Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

άντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee in turn.

άντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, to return a sound, re-ecbo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντίφθογγος, ον, echoing, imitating.

avri-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love or kiss in turn.

άντι-φιλονεικέω, to strive zealously against.

άντι-φιλοτιμέσμαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

άντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn. αντι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet. aντί-φονος, ov, in return for slaughter.

θάνατοι αντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

άντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. (άντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

άντι-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to block up.

άντι-φυλακή, ή, a watching against one.

άντι-φύλαξ, ακοε, δ, a watch posted to observe another. [ថ]

άντι-φυλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch in turn: -Med. to be on one's guard against.

αντιφωνέω, f. how, to sound in answer, reply. From orbit of the planets.

avti-φωνοs, ov, (avti, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with. άντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

άντι-χαρίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ζουμαι, Dep. to shew kindness to in turn.

άντι-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote against.

αντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choragus. From άντι-χόρηγος, ό, a rival choragus.

αντι-χράω, 201. Ι αντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

dvtl-xplotos, &, antichrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψάλω, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντίψαλμος, ον, responsive.

άντί-ψηφος, ov, voting against.

ἀντί-ψῦχος, ον, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ήσω, (ἄντλος) properly, to bale out bilgewater, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exantlare, exbaurire: but also to squander.

αντλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water

αντλία, ή, (αντλοε) the hold of a ship. II. bilgewater, filtb.

ἀντλίον, τό, (ἄντλος) a bucket.

"ANTΛOΣ, δ, the hold of a ship where the bilgewater settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilge-water itself; ἄντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἄντλον είργειν, Lat. sentinam exhaurire, to pump it out:poet. the sea, sea-water.

άντ-οικτείρω, to pity in return.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$   $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{r}$  -  $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$  -  $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$  -  $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$  -  $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$  -  $\mathbf$ 

ἀντολή, ή, poet. contr. for ἀνατολή.

а́vтоµа, Dep. only used in pres. and impf: (а́vта, άντί):—to meet or light upon. ΙΙ. = ἀντιάζω, το approach with prayers, entreat.

άντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομόσω and -ομοῦμαι: 20τ. Ι άντώμοσα:-to swear in turn. Ii. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an άντωμοσία.

άντ-ονομάζω, f άσω, to call by a new name. to speak in tropes.

άντ-ορύσσω, f. ύξω, to dig against, dig a countermine. άντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn αντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ήσω, (αντί, όφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

άν-τρέπω, poët. for άνα-τρέπω.

aντριάs, άδοs, ή, (αντρον) of or belonging to a cave; Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες grot-Nymphs.

avrpole, Adv. from a cave. From

"ANTPON, 76, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern. "ANTΥΕ, υγος, ή, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, I. the rim of the round shield. the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:-after Hom., in plur., the cbariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre.

dντ-υποκρίνομαι, άντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for άνθ-υπάντ-φδός, όν, (άντί, ἀοιδόε) singing in answer to, responsive.

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ή, (ἀντ-όμνυμι) an oath taken by one against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by the defendant.

άντ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against. άντ-ωπός, όν, (άντί, ὤψ) looking straight at, facing, fronting, straight opposite.

άντ-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to derive benefit in turn.

άν-ύβριστος, ον, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted. I not insolent, decorous.

aνυδρίa, ή, want of water, drought. From

**ἄν-υδρος**, ον, (a privat, ὕδωρ) wanting water:  $\hat{\eta}$  ἄνυδρος (sub.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ), οι τὸ ἄνυδρον (sub. χωρίον), the region without water.

dv-τμέναιοs, ον, (a privat., υμεναίοs) without the nuptial song, unwedded.

ανύμες, Dor. for ήνυμεν, 1 pl. impf. of άνυμι.

ανυμι, = ἀνύω: - Pass. ἄνυμαι, impf. ἤνυτο ἔργον the work was finished.

ἀν-υμνέω, f. ήσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song. ἀ-νύμφευτος, ον, (α privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded; ἀνύμφευτον γονήν ἔχειν to be born of an ill mar-

riage. ἀ-νυμφος, ον, (α privat., νύμφη) not bridal, un-

wedded; ἄνυμφα γάμων άμιλλήματα unballowed embraces. II. without bride or mistress.

άν-υπέρβλητος, ον, ( $\alpha$  privat., ὑπερβάλλω) not to be surpassed or outdone.

dv-υπεύθυνος, ον, (α privat., ὑπεύθυνος) not liable to account, irresponsible, absolute.

ἀν-υποδεσία, ή, ἀνυποδετέω, ἀνυπόδετος, ον, are later forms of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

άνυποδησία, ή, a going barefoot. From

άνυποδητέω, f. ήσω, to go barefoot. From

åv-υπόδητος, ον, (a privat, ὑποδέω) unsbod, barefoot: also with old shoes, ill-shod.

åν-υπόδικος, ον, (α privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to action.

ἀν-υπόκρίτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undisguised, without dissimulation.

άν-υπονόητος, ον, (α privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected: unexpected. II. act. unsuspecting.

άν-ὑποπτος, ον, (a privat., υποπτος) without suspicion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. unsuspecting.

άν-υπόστατος, ον, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation. άν-υπότακτος, ον. (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made

άν-υπότακτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made subject, unruly.

άνύσειε, 3 sing. 20r. I opt. of άνύω. ἀνύστ-εργόε, όν, (άνύω, ἔργον) industrious. ἀνύστμος, ον, (ἀνύω) efficacious, effectual. ἄνθστε, εωε, ἡ, (ἀνύω) accomplishment, end. ἄνυσσα, Ερ. for ἡνυσα, 20r. 1 of ἀνύω. άνυστός, όν, (άνύω) to be accomplished, possible; σιγη ως άνυστόν as silently as possible.

 $\dot{a}$ νυτίκός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ν, =  $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{v}$ σι $\mu$ οε,

ανύτο, Dor. for ήνϋτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνυμ. ἀνύτω or ἀνύτω [τ], Att. form of ἀνύω, only used in pres. and impf.

αν-υφαίνω, (ανά, υφαίνω) to weave anew.

αν-υψόω, f. ώσω, to raise up on high.

άνύω, Att. άνύτω or better άνύτω [τ], poet. άντιι: f. ἀνύσω [ŭ]: aor. Ι ήνϋσα, Ερ. άνυσσα: pf. ήνϋκα: --Pass., aor. Ι ἡνύσθην: pf. ἥνυσμαι: (ἄνω):--to accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὶν ήνυε be did no good:-Med. to accomplish for one's own advantage: - Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύτειν είε... for ἀνύτειν ὁδὸν είs, to make one's way to a place; also, ανύτειν θάλαμον for ανύτειν είε θάλαμον, to arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, pro-II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνύω φθονέουσα Ι cure. gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\nu\omega$ , in the sense of doing a thing speedily; ανυς πράττων make baste about it; but more freq. avvoas, with imperat., make baste and.., as ἀνύσας ἄνοιγε make baste and open, etc.: also avve alone, make baste! dispatch! III. less freq. with inf., στρατός ήνυσε  $\pi\epsilon\rho\hat{a}\nu$  the army succeeded in crossing.

"ANΩ, impf. ηνον, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time, νὺξ ἄνεται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον the waning year. [ā]

άνω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen., alθέρος ἄνω up to ether: absol. above, on bigb, Lat. supra.

2. of the quarters of the heaven, northwards, opp. to κάτω, southwards.

3. of countries, neland, up from the coast.

4 of time, formerly; els τὸ ἀνω reckoning upwards; ol ἀνω θεοί the gods above, Lat. superi; ol ἀνω the living, opp. to ol κάτω the dead; ἄνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topsy-turvy, also up and down, to and fro, always in the same place.

II. as Prep. with gen. above.

III. Comp. ἀνωτέρω bigber up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, bigbest up.

ανώ, aor. 2 subj. of ανίημι. [α]

ανωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command, bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to do From άνωγα we have I plur. ind. άνωγμεν imperat. άνωγε and άνωχθι, 3 sing. άνωγέτω and ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνωχθε; inf. ἀνωγέμεν: plapf. ἡνώγειν, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα. There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω); whence we have an impf. ἄνωγον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I ἡνωξα.

ανώ-γαιον, τό, (άνω, γαῖα) properly anything aboue ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a bouse: used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἀνψηνεν, Ερ. for ἀνέφηνεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνοίγνυμι: but ἄνωγεν 3 sing. of ἀνωνα.  $\dot{\alpha}$ νώ-γεων, ω, τό, and  $\dot{\alpha}$ νώ-γεως, ω, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ νώγαιον. ανωγμεν, Ep. ι plur. ind. of άνωγα.

άνώγω, see άνωγα.

αν-ώδυνος, ον, (a privat., όδύνη) free from pain. act. allaying pain.

ανωθεν, Dor. ανωθα, Adv. (ανω) of place, from 2. above, on high, and so of above, from beaven. άνωθεν, the living, opp. to of κάτω: c. gen., άνωθε γη̂s above ground. II, of time, from the beginning. άν-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ανώσαντες πλέον (sc. την ναθν) they pushed off and sailed :- Med. to put away from oneself.

άνωϊστί, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τί]

άν-ώϊστος, ον, (a privat., οίομαι) unlooked for, un-II. Ion. for αν οιστός, (αναφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

άν-ώλεθρος, ον, (a privat., όλεθρος) indestructible. άν-ώμαλος, ον, (a privat., δμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: 70 av. unevenness of ground.

αν-ωμοτί, Adv. of ανώμοτος, without oath.

άν-ώμοτος, ον, (a privat., όμνυμι) unsworn, not bound by oa'b. II. not sworn to.

άν-ωνόμαστος, ον, (α privat., ονομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

άν-ωνυμεί and άνωνυμί, Adv. of άνώνυμος.

άν-ώνυμος, ον, (a privat., όνυμα Aeol. for όνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious. ἀνῶξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγω: see ἄνωγα.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνώγω: see άνωγα.

άνωρία, ή, untimeliness; άνωρία τοῦ έτουs the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

av-ωρος, ον, (a privat., ωρα) like a-ωρος, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

άν-ωρύομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ἀρύομαι) to bowl aloud. **ἀνώσαι**, Ion. for ἀνοίσαι = Att. ἀνενέγκαι, aor. ι act. inf. of αναφέρω.

 $\dot{a}$ νώσας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of  $\dot{a}$ νωθέω.

άνώτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from άνω, topmost.

άνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of άνω, bighest up, at top. άνωτερικός, ή, όν, (άνωτέρω) upper or higher.

ανώτερον, Comp. Adv. (ανω) bigher up: above.

άνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of άνω, higher up, above. άν-ωφελής, ές, (α privat., ώφελέω) useless: also burtful, like Lat inutilis.

άν-ωφέλητος, ον, (α privat., ἀφελέω) fruitless, un-2. worthless. profitable.

ἄνωχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of άνωγα: άνωχθε, 2 plur. of same.

aξαι, aor. I inf. of aγνυμι, to break; aξαντο, 3 pl.

aξασθε, aor. 1 imperat med. of άγω, to lead.

a-fervos, ov, Ion. for afevos. II. "Afeivos (sc. πύντοs), δ, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Eugenos, the Eugine.

άξέμεναι, άξέμεν, Ep. for άξειν, fut. inf. act. of άγω. a-fevos, Ion. a-feivos, ov, (a privat., févos) inbospitable: uninbabitable.

**ά-ξεστος**, ον, (a privat., ξέω) unbewn, unwrought.

άξη, aor. I subj. of άγνυμι.

άξία, ή, properly fem. of άξιος, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' ἀξίαν according to bis desert, ὑπέρ or παρ' άξίαν contrary to bis desert.

άξι-άγαστος, ον, (άξιος, άγαμαι) worth admiring, admirable. [ay]

άξι-άκουστος, ον, (άξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing.

άξι-ακρόατος, ον, (άξιος, άκροάομαι) worth listening to.

άξι-αφήγητος, Ion. άξιαπήγ-, ον, (άξιος, άφηγέομαι) worth telling.

άξι-έπαινος, ον, (άξιος ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy. άξι έραστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ξραμαι) worthy of love. άξίνη, ή, (άγνυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood:

a battle-axe. [i]

άξιο-βίωτος, ον, (άξιος, βιόω) worth living for. άξιο-εργός, όν, (ἄξιος, ἔργον) capable of work.

άξιο-θαύμαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

άξιο-θέατος, Ion. -ητος, ον, (άξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

άξιο-θρηνος, ον, (άξιος, θρηνος) worthy of lamentation.

άξιό-κτητος, ον, (ἄξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting. άξιό-λογος, ον, (άξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γωs.

άξιο-μακάριστος, ον, (άξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed bappy.

άξιό μάχος, ον, (άξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

άξιο-μισής, ές, (άξιος, μίσος) worthy of batred. bateful.

άξιο-μνημόνευτος, ον, (άξιος, μνημονείω) worthy of mention.

άξιό-νικος, ον, (άξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

άξιο-πενθής, ές, (άξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

άξιό-πιστος, ον, (άξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

άξιο-πρεπής, ές, (άξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.

άξι-όρατος, ον, (άξιος, ὑράω) worth seeing. aξιος, a, ov, (aγω IV, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοὸς ἄξιος worth an οχ; πολλοῦ aξιον worth much: also c. inf., aξιος θανείν worthy of 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of bigh price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap. worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιόs είμι I deserve to be, as αξιός είμι οἰκτείρεσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

άξιό-σκεπτος, ον, (άξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

άξιο-σπούδαστος, ον, (άξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

άξιο-στράτηγος, ον, (άξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

άξιο-τέκμαρτος, ον, (άξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.

άξιο-φίλητος, ον, (άξιος, φίλέω) worth loving.

άξιό-χρεος, ον, Ion. for sq.

pl. ἀξιόχρεα: (ἄξιος, χρέος) worthy of a thing, and so worth considering, considerable, remarkable. serviceable, sufficient. II. with inf. able, suffi-III. like afios, with gen., worthy of cient to do. a thing.

άξιόω, f. ώσω: pf. ήξίωκα:--Pass., fut. άξιωθήσομαι, but also in med. form ἀξιώσομαι: pf. ἡξίωμαι: (afios):-to think or deem worthy of a thing: of things, to value at a certain rate: also absol. to esteem, bonour. II. but mostly with inf. to think one worthy to do or be: hence 1. of others, to think fit, expect, require, Lat. postulare; αξιω κομίζεσθαι I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make a claim. 2. of oneself, to think fit to do or be; άξιῶ θανεῖν I consent to die; άξιῶ πράσσειν I dare, determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so in Med., άξιοῦσθαι μέλειν to deign to care for. to think, suppose; to lay down, maintain. Hence

ἀξίωμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is thought worthy, and so, esteem, reputation, rank, Lat. dignitas. that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. in philosophy, a self-evident proposition, an axiom.

άξίως, Adv. of άξιος, worthily, as becomes ἀξίωσις, εως, Ion. ιος, ή, (ἀξιόω) a being thought worthy: estimation, reputation, character. (from Med.) a thinking oneself worthy, a demand, III. a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim. claim.

άξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of άγω. åξόνιος, a, ον, (ἄξων) belonging to the axle-

**άξος**, δ, Cretan word for dγμός.

ά-ξυγκρότητος, ον, for άσυγκ., (a privat, συγκρο- $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) not welded together by the hammer: of towers, not rowing in time.

άξυλία, ή, (άξυλοs) want of wood.

a-ξύλος, ον, (a privat., ξύλον) unfelled, untbinned, hence thickly wooded. II. without wood, ill-wooded. **ἀ-ξυμ-, ἀ-ξυν-, ν.** ἀσυμ-, ἀσυν-.

**ἀ-ξύστἄτος**, ον, ν. ἀσύστ-.

άξων, ονος, ό, (άγω) an axle, Lat. axis: also the whole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens, II. oi afoves, the wooden tablets of the laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis.

αοζος, δ, an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a

temple. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀοιδή, contr. ψδή, ή, (ἀείδω) song, a singing: also the subject of song: hence a legend, tale.

ἀοιδιάω, poët, for ἀείδω.

dolδίμοs, ov, (dείδω) sung of, famous in song: in bad sense, notorious.

**ἀοιδο-θέτης**, ου, ὁ, (ἀοιδή, τίθημι) a lyric poet. ἀοιδο-πόλος, δ, (ἀοιδή, πολέω) one busied with song, a poet.

ἀοιδόs, δ, (ἀείδω) a singer, minstrel, bard, Lat. II. as vates: fem. a songstress, of the Sphinx. Adj. doibos, ov, tuneful, musical.

doιδο-τόκος, ov, inspiring song.

ά-οίκητος, ον, (a privat., οἰκέω) uninbabited: bouseless, without a bome.

a-oικos, ov, (a privat., olκos) bouseless, without bome or country.

a-ouvos, ov, (a privat., olvos) without wine: not worshipped with oblations of wine: of men, drinking no wine, sober: of a place, baving none.

dolos, a, ov, Aeol. and Dor. for nolos.

a-okvos, ov, (a privat., окvos) without fear or besitation, untiring, restless. Adv. -vws.

άολλέα, άολλέας, acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλής.

**ἀολλήδην,** Adv. of ἀολλήs, in a body, together. ἀολλής, εs, (a copul., είλω) all together, in throngs, sboals or crowds. Hence

ἀολλίζω, f. ίσω, to gather together:— Pass. to come togetber, assemble.

**α-οπλος**, ον, (α privat, ὅπλον) without armour, un-

αορ and δορ, αορος, τό, (ἀείρω) a sword, properly a banger: later, any weapon.

**ἄορϪs**, acc. pl. for ἄορα, from ἄορ, τύ, a sword.

**ά-όρατος**, ον, (a privat, ὁράω) unseen, invisible. ά-όριστος, ον, (a privat., ὑρίζω) without boundaries: indefinite, indeterminate. ΙΙ. δ ἀόριστος (sub.

χρόνοs), the aorist tense. a-opvos, ov, (a privat., δρνις) without birds.

άορτή, ή, (ἀείρω) a knapsack. II. the aorta or great artery.

**ἀορτήρ,** ηρο**s**, δ, (ἀείρω) a strap over the shoulder to bang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt; but also a knapsack-strap.

αορτο, Ion. for ήορτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of ἀείρω;

cf. ἄωρτο.

άοσσέω, f. ήσω, (ἄοζος) to belp, aid. Hence

ἀοσσητήρ, ηρος, δ, a belper, aider. a-outos, ον, (a privat., οὐτάω) not wounded, unburt.

άπαγγείλαι, άπαγγείλας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of ἀπαγγέλλω.

aπαγγελία, ή, a report given in: a narrative, recital. From

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $a\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon\lambda\hat{\omega}$ , Ion.  $-\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\omega$ : 201. I  $-\eta\gamma\gamma\epsilon\iota\lambda\alpha$ : -Pass., aor. 1 -ηγγέλθην, aor. 2 -ηγγέλην: pf. -ήγγελμαι:-to bring tidings, report, announce: to relate, tell: - Med., πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring back tidings. Hence

ἀπαγγελτήρ, ήροs, δ, a messenger.

aπ-aγe, Adv. away! be gone! Lat. apage! properly imperat. of ἀπάγω (sub. σεαυτόν).

a-παγής, έs, (a privat., παγηναι) not firmly fixed: of loose texture.

άπ-ἄγινέω, Ion. for ἀπ-άγω, esp. of paying tribute. an-ayλatζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to deprive of orna-

άπ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω, (the Att. fut. is ἀπειρῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα, 201. ἀπείπον):—to forbid: absol. to dissuade. intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: c. part. to give up doing: also to grow weary of.

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα things worn out.

άπ-αγριόομαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριοε) to become wild or savage.

 $\hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\pi}$ - $\mathbf{a}_{\gamma}\chi$ oviζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$  Att.  $i\hat{\omega}_{\gamma} = \hat{a}_{\pi}\hat{a}_{\gamma}\chi\omega$ .

άπ-άγχω, f. -άγξω, to strangle, throttle: - Med. to

bang oneself; to be ready to choke.

άπ-άγω, f. άξω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—to lead away, carry off: — Med. to take away for one-self. II. to take bome. III. to return what one owes, pay. IV. as Att. law-term, to bring before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex: to divert from a thing. VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to make off, go away, esp. in imperat, ἄπαγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπάγωγή, ή, a leading or dragging away.

a taking bome.

III. payment of tribute.

IV.

as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate.

ἀπάδειν, -έειν, Ion, for ἀφαδ-, aor. 2 inf. of

άφανδάνω.

άπ-q8ω, f. -άσομαι, to sing out of tune: metaph. to dissent from: to wander away from.

άπ-αείρομαι, Pass. to depart from.

άπ-αθανατίζω, to aim at immortality.

ἀπάθεια, η, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ἀ-πάθης, ές, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not baving suffered, unbarmed.

åπαθώs, Adv. of åπαθήs, without passion.

**ἀπαί**, poet. for ἀπό.

åπαιδευσία, δ, want of education, ignorance coarseness. II. want of control over a thing. From ά-παίδευτος, ον, (α privat., παιδεύω) uneducated, ignorant, boorisb. Adv. ἀπαιδεύτως ἔχειν to be boorisb.

άπαιδία, ή, (ἄπαις) childlessness.

άπ-αιθριάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό, αἰθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

άπ-αίνυμαι, Ερ. ἀπο-αίνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἴνυμαι):
—to take away, withdraw: pluck off.

άπαίνὕτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαιολάω, to cheat: to perplex, confound. From ἀπ-αιόλη, ἡ, (ἀπό, alόλοs) cheating, duping, any means of cheating.

άπαιόλημα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick.

άπαιρεθέω, Ion. for ἀφαιρεθῶ, 20τ. I subj. pass. of ἀφαιρέω.

άπ-αιρέω, Ion. for άφ-αιρέω.

άπ-αίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπ-αείρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκου: fut. ἀπὰρῶ: aor. I ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρκα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away.

II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονὸε to depart from the land.

**α-παις**, ἄπαιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) childless: c. gen., ἄπαις ἔρσενος γόνου without male heirs.

άπ-αΐσσω, Att. -dσσω, f. fω: Att. aor. I dπifa:
—to rush down: generally, to dart away.

άπ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand back, or simply to demand of one:—Pass. to bave a thing demanded of one. Hence

άπαίτησις, εως, ή, a demanding back, demand. άπ-αιτίζω, f. ίσω, = ἀπαιτέω, to demand back.

άπ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to make to bang down, suspend:
—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to bang down from, bover about.

ἀπ-ακριβόομαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβήs):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκριβωμένος, highly wrought or finished.

ά-πάλαιστος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίω) not thrown in

wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

å-πάλαιστρος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίστρα) not trained in the palaestra, awkward.

II. not customary on the palaestra.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. 2 ind. 
**ἀ-πάλαμνοs**, ον, = ἀπάλαμοs, belpless, silly.

unmanageable, lawless.

d-πάλάμος, ον, (a privat., πάλάμη) without hands or without the use of them: helpless, lazy.

Which cannot be helped, unmanageable.

άπ-ἄλάομαι, Pass. to go astray, wander.

 $\delta\pi$ - $\alpha\lambda\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\eta\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\delta\pi\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\delta\lambda\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\pi$ - $\ddot{\mathbf{d}}\lambda$ εί $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\psi}\omega$ : pf.  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\pi$ - $\mathbf{d}\lambda\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\lambda$ Ι $\dot{\mathbf{q}}\alpha$ :—to wipe off,

expunge, esp. from a register.

ἀπ-αλέξω, fut -αλεξήσω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers; ἀπαλέξειν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers et gen. rei, to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινὰ κακύτητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. to defend oneself against.

ἀπ-αληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth. ἀπ-αλθέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) to heal

thoroughly.

ἀπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

άπαλλάγη, ή, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, release, riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a divorce. III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape departure

ἀπ-αλλαξείω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, to wish to be rid of.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ή, = ἀπαλλαγή.

άπ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I - ήλλαξα· pf. - ήλλάχα:—to set free, release, rid of a thing. 2 to put away from, remove from: also to get rid of. II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e g. εὖ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν: to go away, depart.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάτομαι, ἀπηλλατάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀπήλ-

λαγμαι:-to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλώε, άζημιος άπαλλαχθηναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι, like Lat. e pueris excedere, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπ-αλλοτριόω, f. ώσω: pf. -ηλλοτρίωκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριος):--to estrange.

άπ-ἄλοάω, poet. -αλοιάω, f. ήσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

åπāλό-θριξ, τρῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (åπαλύς, θρίξ) with soft bair.'AΠΑΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate Hence

ἀπαλότης, ητος, ή, softness, tenderness.

ἀπάλο-τρεφής, ές, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump. ἀπαλό-φρων, ον, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-learted.

ἀπαλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, -χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χροόs) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., άπαλόχροοs, dat. -χροϊ, etc.

άπαλύνω, f. ὕνῶ, (ἀπαλόs) to soften.

ἀπ-αμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

åπ-αμάω, f. ήσω, to cut off.

άπ-αμβλύνω, f. υνω:-Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμμαι. Το blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

άπαμβροτείν, inf. aor. 2 of άφαμαρτάνω.

άπ-ἄμείβομαι, f. -αμείψομαι: 201. Ι -ημείφθην: Dep.:  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{o}, \dot{a}\mu\epsilon\dot{i}\beta\omega)$  — to reply to, answer.

άπ-αμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

άπ-αμελέω, f. ήσω, to neglect utterly.

άπαμμένος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀφημμένος, pf. pass. part. ος ἀφάπτω.

άπ-αμπλακίσκω, f. ήσω: 20τ. 2 άπημπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακείν : = ἀφαμαρτάνω.

άπ-αμύνω, fut. υνω, to keep off, ward off, to repulse: -Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, re-2. to defend oneself. pel.

άπ-αναίνομαι, 201. Ι άπηνηνάμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

άπ-avaισχυντίω, f. ήσω, to be utterly shameless: to be shameless enough to do or say.

άπ-ανάλίσκω, fut. -ανάλώσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:---to utterly consume or expend.

άπανάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

άπ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρόs father or ancestors. gen. of ἀνήρ):—to become a man.

άπ-άνευθε and -θεν, strengthd. for άνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

άπ-ανήνασθαι, 201. 1 med. inf. of άπαναίνομαι. **ἀπ-ανθέω,** f. ήσω: pf. ἀπήνθηκα: — to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

άπάνθησις, εως, ή, a fading, withering.

ἀπ-ανθίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθοε) to pluck off flowers. metaph., ματαίαν γλώσσαν άπανθίζειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please. άπ-ανθρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπ-ανθρακίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for II. a cake baked on coals.

άπ-ανθρακόω, f. ώσω, to burn to a cinder.

άπανθρωπία, ή, inhumanity. From

άπ-άνθρωπος, ον, far from man, inbuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninbabited. I. Causal in pres. **ἀπ-ανίστημι**, fut. -αναστήσω:

and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

 $\dot{a}\pi a \nu \tau \ddot{a} \chi \dot{o}\theta_i$ ,  $Adv. = \dot{a}\pi a \nu \tau a \chi o \hat{v}$ .

άπαντάχοῦ, Adv. (ἄπαs) everywhere.

άπ-αντάω, Att. impf. ἀπήντων: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. I ἀπήντησα: pf. ἀπήντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. of things, to bappen, come upon one; also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to bave recourse to a thing.

άπάντη, Adv. (ἄπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

άπ-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ή, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

άπ-αντικρύ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντικρύ) right opposite.

άπ-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

άπ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi - \dot{\mathbf{a}}\nu \tau \mathbf{o} \mu \mathbf{a} \iota$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi - \mathbf{a}\nu \tau \dot{\mathbf{a}}\omega$ .

ἀπ-ανύω, f. ύσω [ŭ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανύειν [sub. ὁδύν] to finish a journey.

"AHAE, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. semel.II. without any notion of number, after ἐπεί, ώs, etc., like Lat. ut semel; ώs ἄπαξ ἥρξατο when once he began.

άπαξ-άπας, ασα, αν, mostly in plur, all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

aπaξ-aπλωs, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

άπ-αξία, ή, (ἀπό, ἄξιος) unworthiness.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\dot{a}\xi$ ios,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{o}$ ,  $\tilde{a}\xi$ ios) =  $\dot{a}\nu\dot{a}\xi$ ios, unworthy of. άπ-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. dedignari.

ἀπάορος, ον, Dor. for ἀπήορος.

a-παππος, ον, (a privat., πάππος) with no grand-

άπ-άπτω. Ion, for άφ-άπτω.

ά-παράβάτος, ον, (a privat., παραβαίνω) not trans-II. act. not passing over to another not passing away, unchangeable.

άπ-ἄραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of άφ-αιρέω. ά-παραίτητος, ον, (a privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers : not to be begged off, inevitable. orable: Adv. - Tws, inexorably.

ά-παρακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., παρακαλύπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τωs, undisguisedly. [κά]

**ἀ-παράκλητος**, ον, (α privat., παρακαλέω) unsummoned, without being called upon.

**ά-παράλλακτος,** ον, (α privat., παραλλάσσω) unchangeable.

ά-παραλόγιστος, ον, (α privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ά-παραμύθητος, ον, (α privat., παραμυθέομαι) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also inconsolable. II. not to be entreated, inexorable.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -παράμῦθος, ον, =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ παραμύθητος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. āπαρα-, like αθά-

 $d\pi\hat{q}\rho dt$ , aor. I inf. of  $d\pi ai\rho \omega$ .

**ἀπάραξα,** Ep. 201. 1 of ἀπαράσσω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -παρασκεύαστος, ον, ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat., παρασκευά $(\mathbf{\omega})$  = sq. **ἀ-παράσκευος, ον, (a** privat., παρασκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

**ἀπ-ἄράσσω**, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: 20r. 1 ἀπήραξα: to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

**ἄπ-αργμα**, ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

ἀπ-ἄρέσκω, f. -αρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable 2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νεμεσητὸν βασιto. ληα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

άπαρέσσασθαι, Ep. aor. 1 med. inf. of άπαρέσκω. ἀ-παρθένευτος, ον, (a privat., παρθενεύω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

**ἀ-πάρθενος**, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid; νύμφην ἄνυμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπάρθενον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

 $\delta \pi - \delta \rho = 0$   $\epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\delta \sigma \omega$ , to count over: to reckon II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπαρίθμησις, εως, ή, a counting over.

άπ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to suffice, be sufficient.

intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

άπ-αρνέομαι, fut. med. ήσομαι : 201. I pass. άπηρνήθην: Dep.:-to deny utterly, deny:-fut. ἀπαρνηθήσεται in pass, sense, it shall be denied.

ἄπ-apvos, ov, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; ἄπαρνόε έστι μη νοσέειν be denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἄπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. pass. denied, refused.

άπ-αρτάω, f. ήσω: Pass., pf. -ήρτημαι:-properly, to bang from: to bang, strangle. II. to take away and bang up :- Pass. to be in suspense. to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. ξαυτόν), to remove oneself, go away.

άπ-αρτί, (ἀπό, άρτιο:) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the contrary. III. of time, =  $d\pi \partial$  dori, for  $d\pi \partial$   $\tau o\hat{v}$ νῦν, from now, from this time: - just now, even

άπ-αρτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to get ready, complete:-Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

II. of persons, not to be entreated, inex- | ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.

άπαρτισμός, δ, (ἀπαρτίζω) completion.

άπ-ἄρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. άπ-ἄρύω, f. ύσω [v], to draw off, skim off.

άπ-αρχή, ή, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

άπ-άρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

άπ-άρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way. α-παs, άπασα, άπαν, (άμα, παs) strengthd. for παs, quite all, all together: έν απασι and els απαντα, entirely:-in Att. also like mas in the sense of every

one, Lat unusquisque. άπ-ασπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

άπαστία, ή, a fasting, fast. From

ä-παστος, ον, (a privat., πάομαι) not having tasted. aπ-aσχολέομαι, Dep. to bave no leisure.

ἀπάτάω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήπάτησα, Ep. άπ-: pf. ήπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time: - Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\dot{a}\tau\epsilon\rho\theta\epsilon$  and  $-\theta\epsilon\nu$ , Adv.  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{o}, \dot{a}\tau\epsilon\rho\theta\epsilon)$  far apart, II. Prep. with gen. far from, aloof, all alone. away from.

ἀπατέω, Ion, for ἀπατάω,

ἀπάτεών, ωνος, ό, a cheat, rogue. From

'AΠA'TH, ή, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in Hence war.

ἀπατήλιος, ov. deceitful, wily.

 $\dot{a}\pi \ddot{a}\tau \eta \lambda \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi a\tau \dot{\eta}\lambda \iota os$ .

ἀπάτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ή, όν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

ά-πάτητος, ον, (a privat., πάτ έω) untrodden.

ἀπ-ατιμάω, f. ήσω, strengthd, for ἀτιμάω, to disbonour greatly.

II.

'Απατούρια, ων, τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φρατρία, with a cuphon.)

ά-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (a privat., πάτηρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.

άπ-αυγάζω, f. σω, to beam with light. Hence άπαύγασμα, ατος, τό, a reflection.

άπ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπαυδω τινα μή ποιείν I forbid his doing. III. to decline, renounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting

sink; ἀπαυδαν κόπφ to faint with toil.

άπ-αυθαδίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: Dep. to speak or act

boldly, speak out.

ἀπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ζω, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

άπ-αυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, άπηύρων, ἀπηύραs, ἀπηύρα, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med.,  $\delta\pi\sigma\nu\rho\sigma$ ,  $\delta\pi\sigma\nu\rho\delta\mu\epsilon$ νος: (αὐράω the simple verb is not found).—to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι. II. to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπηύρα, etc., should be altered into ἐπαυρεῖ, etc.)

**α-παυστος**, ον, (α privat., παύω) not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never ceasing from.

άπ-αύτικα, Adv. forthwith, on the spot.

άπ-αυτομολέω, f. ήσω, to go of one's own accord,

άπαφίσκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part άπαφών: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense: -like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile.

άπ-άχθομαι, Dep. to be bateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and 1 of ἀποβαίνω.

άπέβλϊσα, aor. 1 of άποβλίττω.

ἀπεδανός, όν, Dor. for ήπεδανός.

ά-πέδιλος, ον, (α privat., πέδιλον) unshod, barefoot.  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -πεδος, ον, (a copul., πέδον) even, level, flat.

άπεδρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύπτω.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\delta\omega$ , see  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

ἀπέησιν, Ep. for ἀπη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἄπειμι (εlμί sum).

άπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπειπον.

άπέεργε, 3 sing, imperf. of άποέργω.

άπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπ-είδον, inf. ἀπίδείν, 201. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. to ἀφοράω:—to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at.

 $\dot{a}$ πείθεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ πειθ $\dot{\eta}$ s) disobedience.

άπειθέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπειθήs) to refuse compliance, to be disobedient.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\epsilon l\theta \eta$ ,  $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\epsilon l\theta \eta \sigma a \nu$ , Ion. for  $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\epsilon i\theta \eta$ ,  $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\epsilon i\theta \eta \sigma a \nu$ , 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφίημι.

**α-πειθήs, έs, (α** privat., πείθομαι) disobedient: of ships, unmanageable. II.  $(\pi \epsilon i\theta \omega)$  act. not persuading.

ἀπ-εικάζω, f. άσω, to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to. ώs ἀπεικάσαι, to conjecture, Lat. ut licet conjicere.

άπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκών) to represent or portray in a statue.

ἀπεικότως, ἀπ-εικώς, see ἀπεοικώς.

άπειλείω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, to threaten.

άπ-ειλέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, είλέω) to press bard: Pass., | ἄπειροε.

towards: ἀπαυδαν φίλω, to fail a friend: also to faint, | ἀπειληθείε έε ἀπορίην, έε ἀναγκαίην driven into great straits.

> ἀπειλέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπειλή) to threaten, Lat. minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari. III. to assure, promise, vow:-Pass. to be terrified by threats.

> άπειλή, ή, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, threats; also boasts, braggart words: in sing. a threatening. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ă]

άπ-ειληθείs, aor. I pass. part. of άπ-ειλέω (άπό, εἰλέω).

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\mu a$ ,  $a\tau os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $= \dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\dot{\eta}$ .

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -ειλημένος, pf. part. pass. of  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -ειλέω ( $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\phi}$ , εἰλέω). άπ-είλημμαι, perf. pass. of άπολαμβάνω.

άπειλήτην, Ep. for  $i_1$ πειλείτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

 $\dot{a}$ πειλητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ πειλέω) a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλητήριος, a, ov, threatening, menacing.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi\epsilon \mathbf{i}\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}\mathbf{s},\ o\hat{\mathbf{v}},\ \dot{\mathbf{v}},=\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi\epsilon \mathbf{i}\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}\rho.$ 

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi\epsilon i \lambda \eta \tau i \kappa \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{s}, \dot{\mathbf{n}}, \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{v}, = \dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi\epsilon i \lambda \eta \tau \dot{\mathbf{n}} \rho i o \mathbf{s}.$ 

άπείληφα, perf. act. of άπολαμβάνω.

άπ-ειμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμί sum) to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπην, Ep. ἀπέην, 3 pl. ἄπεσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσσομαι.

απ-ειμι, (ἀπό, εἶμι ibo) to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἄπιθι, part. ἀπιών.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\iota\pi\dot{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon v$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\iota\pi\dot{\epsilon}\iota v$ , v. sq.

ἀπ-ειπον, inf. ἀπειπειν, Ερ. ἀποειπειν: also aor. 1 άπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφημι, ἀπαγορεύω:—to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid, foll. by μή with inf.; ἀπείπον αὐτὸν μή ποιείν Ι forbade him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a forbidden III. to renounce, disown, give up; ἀπείπασθαι τὸν υἱόν to disown his son; ἀπειπεῖν ὅψιν to avert a vision by offerings. IV. to deny, refuse. intrans. to give up, be worn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοιs to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι to be bankrupt: -c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενοs to be tired of sitting.

ά-πείραντος, ον, (a privat., πέρας) endless, boundless. ά-πείραστος, ον, (a privat., πειράζω) inexperienced. ά-πείρατος, ον, (α privat., πειράσμαι) Dor. for άπείρητοs, untried.

ἀπ-είργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-έργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπείργω.

άπ-είργω, in Herodotus mostly άπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-έργω: f. ξω; aor. I ἀπεῖρξα: poet. aor. a ἀπείργαθον, Εp. ἀποέργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. άπέργμαι:—to keep away or sbut out from: pari from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, ἀπεργμένοs, shut out from its old course. part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc. III. to sbut up, confine.

a-πειρέσιοs, a, ov, and os, ov, lengthd. form for II. boundless, endless, countless.

άπ-είρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπείπον.

άπ-είρημαι, perf. pass. of άπειπον.

ά-πείρητος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. pass, untried, unattempted.

**ἀπειρία**, ή, (ἄπειρο**ς** 1, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. ΙΙ. (ἄπειρο: 11, πέρα:)

infinity.

**α-πείριτος**, ον, Ερ. for απειρέσιος.

άπειρό-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἄπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

άπειρό-δροσος, ον, (ἄπειρος, δρύσος) unbedewed. άπειρό-κάκος, ον, (ἄπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

άπειροκάλία, ή, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρό-κάλος, ον, (ἄπειρος, καλός) without taste,

coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λωs.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi\epsilon\iota\rho o-\lambda\epsilon\chi\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ ,  $(\ddot{\alpha}\pi\epsilon\iota\rho os, \lambda\dot{\epsilon}\chi os)$  unmarried. άπειρο-μάχης, ου, Dor. -μάχας, α, ύ, (άπειρος, μάχη)

untried in battle. [ă] ά-πειρος, ον, Ι. (α privat., πείρα, πειράσμαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it:

ignorant of: hence absol.inexperienced, ignorant (a privat., πειρας, πέρας) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\pi \epsilon \iota \rho o \sigma \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $= \dot{\mathbf{a}} \pi \epsilon \iota \rho \iota \mathbf{a}$ , in experience.

ἀπειρό-τοκος, ον, (ἄπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ά-πείρων, ον, gen. ovos, (a privat., πείραρ, Ep. for πέραs) = ἄπειροs 11, boundless, endless, countless. (a privat.,  $\pi \in \hat{p}a$ ) =  $\tilde{a}\pi \in pos 1$ , inexperienced.

aπ-είs, Ion. for aφ-είs, aor. 2 part. of aφ-ίημι. άπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

άπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, Dep. to expect.

άπ-εκδύνω or -δύω, f. δύσω [v], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. 2 act. ἀπεξέδῦν, perf. ἀπεκδέδῦκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

άπέκδυσις, εως, ή, a putting off the clothes.

άπέκιξε, a Dor. aor. I (as if from \*ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέ- $\beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ , be lost.

άπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλελάθεσθε θάμβεοs forget entirely your surprise.

άπεκλελάθεσθε, v. foreg.

άπ-εκρέμασα, 201. 1 ος άποκρεμάννυμι.

άπ-έκτανον, 20r. 2 of άποκτείνω

άπ-έκτάτο, pf. pass. plapf. of άποκτείνω.

ά-πέκτητος, ον, (α privat., πεκτέω) uncombed, un-

άπ-ελαύνω, fut. άπελάσω, Att. άπελω: pf. άπελήλακα:--Pass., aor. Ι άπηλάθην [ἄ]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -ăμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. **Δπελάω:** Dor. 2 οπήλαον: — to drive away,

expel. II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing; generally to be far from.

 $d\pi - \epsilon \lambda d\omega$ , =  $d\pi \epsilon \lambda \alpha \dot{\nu} \omega$ .

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. From  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -ελέγχω, f. έγξω, to refute thoroughly.

ά-πέλεθρος, ον, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

απέλειψα, aor. 1 of απολείβω, not of απολείπω. άπελέσθαι, άπελόμενος, lon. for άφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of dφαιρέω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθεροs) the enfranchisement

of a slave. άπελευθερικός, ή, όν, in the condition of a freedman.

άπ-ελεύθερος, δ, an emancipated slave, a freedman,

Lat. libertus, libertunus. Hence άπ-ελευθερόω, f. ώσω, to set free, emancipate.

απελήλακα, pf. of απελαύνω.

άπελήλϋθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\hat{i}\nu$ , aor. 2 act. inf. of  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\rho\chi\rho\mu\alpha\iota$ .

ἀπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλκω

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to drive to despair. = έλπίζειν ἀπό τινος to hope from one.

ἀπέλου, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολούω (formed from dπολύω).

åπ-εμέω, f. έσω, to spit up, throw out.

άπεμνήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I med. of άπομιμνήσκω. άπεμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of άπομύργνυμι.

άπ-εμπολάω, f. ήσω, to dispose of by sale or bar-2. to buy and sell, betray. ter.

άπ-έναντι, Adv. (άπό, έναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

 $d\pi$ -evartion, Adv. =  $d\pi \dot{\epsilon} \nu a \nu \tau i$ .

άπ-εναρίζω, f. ίξω, to despoil one of his arms.

άπενάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of άποναίω. άπενέγκασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρω.

άπένεικα, Ep. for άπηνεικα or άπηνεγκα, 201. I οί  $d\pi o - \phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ : aor. I pass. inf.  $d\pi \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \chi \theta \hat{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota$ .

άπ-ενέπω, ν. άπ-εννέπω.

ά-πενθής, ές, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief. ά-πένθητος, ον, (α privat., πενθέω) not subject to grief. άπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ήσω, or άπ-ενιαυτίζω, f. ίσω, (άπό, ένιαυτόs) to go into banishment for a year.

άπ-εννέπω, to forbid; άπεννέπω σε μή ποιείν I forbid thee to do. II. to order away from; ἀπεννέπειν τινά θαλάμων.

 $d\pi$ - $\xi\xi$ , v.  $d\pi \xi\kappa$ .

ἀπεοικώς, Att. ἀπεικώς, υῖα, όε, perf. part. of ἀπέοικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικότω.

d-πέπειρος, ον, (a privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.

ἀπεπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω. άπέπλευσα, 201. I of άποπλέω.

α-πεπλος, ον, (a privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

ἀπ-έπλω, shortd. for ἀπ-έπλωσε, which is Ion. for pf. -ελήλυθα: - to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι  $d\pi$ - $\epsilon\pi\lambda\epsilon\nu\sigma\epsilon$ , 3 sing. 201. I act. of  $d\pi\sigma\lambda\epsilon\omega$ .

απέπνευσα, aor. I of απο-πνέω.

άπεπτάμην, aor. 2 of άποπέτομαι.

 $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πεπτος,  $o\nu$ , (a privat.,  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \sigma \omega$ , f.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \psi \omega$ ) uncooked, undigested.

 $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ περ, neut. pl. of  $\ddot{o}$ σπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. =  $\tilde{\omega}\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$ , as, so as.

ά-πέραντος, ον, (a privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.

άπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. ἀπείργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:-to work off, finish off; pf. part. ἀπειργασμένοs, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence

άπεργάσία, ή, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.

 $\delta \pi - \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega$ , Ion. for  $\delta \pi \epsilon i \rho \gamma \omega$ .

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\epsilon\rho\delta\omega$ ,  $f \xi\omega$ , to bring to an end, finish.

άπερ-εί, Adv. =  $\dot{\omega}$ σπερεί, from  $\ddot{\alpha}$ περ.

άπ-ερείδω, to fix firmly: -- Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. απερεισάμην, but pf. pass. απερήρεισμαι:-to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon p\epsilon i\sigma \cos$ , ov, poet., =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\rho \epsilon \sigma \cos$ : in phrase  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon$ ρείσια ἄποινα, a countless ransom.

ἀπ-ερημόω, f. ώσω, to make utterly desolate.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -περιλάλητος, ον, (a privat., περιλαλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [a]

ά-περίληπτος, ον, (α privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.

ά-περιμέριμνος, ον, (α privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -vws, carelessly

ά-περίοπτος, ον, (a privat., περιόψομαι) unregarding, reckless of.

**ά-περίσκεπτος, ον, (α** privat., περισκέπτομαι) inconsiderate, thoughtless, beedless. Adv. -τωs.

ά-περίσπαστος, ον, (α privat., περισπάω) undistracted. Adv. - tos, without distraction.

ά-πέρισσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., περισσός) without superfluity, simple

ά-περίστατος, ον. (α privat., περιίσταμαι) defenceless. ά-περίτμητος, ον, (a privat., περιτέμνω) uncircumcised.

ά-περίτροπος, ον, (a privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not beeding.

άπερρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπερῶ.

άπερρίγασι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of άπορριγέω. [1]

άπ-έρρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. απερρε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malam rem.

άπ-ερυθριάω, fut. άσω [ā], to put away blushes, be past blushing.

ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away: - Med. to abstain, desist. [0]

aπ-ερύω, f. ύσω [v], to tear off from.

άπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 - ήλυθον, - ήλθον: like δι' δργής έλθειν. etc.

els.., to go from one place to another.

άπ-ερώ, Ion. ἀπερέω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπείρηκα: fut. med. ἀπεροῦμαι: aor. τ pass. ἀπερρή- $\theta \eta \nu$ : (see  $d\pi \epsilon i \pi o \nu$ ):—to speak plainly out. to forbid; ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν I forbid thee to III. to renounce, disown.

IV. to deny, refuse. V. intr. to give up, sink, fail: see in ἀπείπον.

άπερωεύς, έως, δ, one who thwarts. From

άπ-ερωέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from.

άπ-ερωή, ή, a drawing back. II. a bindrance. άπερωήσειας, 2 sing, aor, I opt, of άπερωέω,

άπ-έρωτος, ον, (ἀπό, έρως) unloving.

άπες, Ion. for άφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίημι. ἀπ-εσθίω, f. ἀπέδομαι: pf. ἀπεδήδοκα: aor. 1 pass.

ἀπηδέσθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.

άπ-εσκέδασα, aor. 1 of άποσκεδάννυμι. άπ-εσσείται, for άπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of άπειμι. άπ-έσσουα, Lacon. for ἀπεσσύη, aor. 2 pass of ἀποσεύω, be is gone, i. e. is dead.

άπ-εσσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of άποσεύω.

άπ-έστην, aor. 2 of αφίστημι.

άπεστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of άποστρέφω. άπ-εστώ, οῦς, ἡ, (ἄπειμι abibo) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὐεστώ.

ά-πέτηλος, ον, (α privat., πέτηλον) leafless.

άπέτραπον, aor. 2 of άποτρέπω.

ά-πευθής, ές, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. Il act, not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.

άπ-ευθύνω [v], f. ŭνω, to make straight again: 10 set up again: metaph. to restore: to guide, rule. χέρας δεσμοίς απευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.

ἀπευκτός, όν, (ἀπεύχομαι) to be deprecated, abu

άπ-ευνάζω, f. άσω, to lull to sleep.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\dot{v}\chi\epsilon\tau\sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v_{,}=\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\upsilon\kappa\tau\dot{\sigma}s$ . From

άπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.

άπ-έφθίθον, Ep. aor. 2 of άποφθίνω.

ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.

απ-εφθος, ον, for αφεφθος, (άφ-έψω) boiled down, refined; aπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum recoctum.

 $d\pi$ -ex $\theta$ aíp $\omega$ , f. -dp $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 1  $d\pi$  $\eta$  $\chi$  $\theta$  $\eta$ pa:—to bate II. to make utterly bateful. utterly.

ἀπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 άπηχθόμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be bated: to incur batred or odium, also to be roused to batred; ούτε τί μοι παι δήμοι απεχθόμενοι χαλεπαίνει ποι does all the people being roused to bate against me distress me. II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause batred; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that cause batred:

c. dat. pers. to be or become bateful to one.  $d\pi e \chi \theta e a$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $(d\pi e \chi \theta \eta s)$  enmity, batred; in plut. enmities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὶ ἐλθείν to be hated by him,

ἀπ-ίημι, Ion. for ἀφίημι.

a-πίθανος, ov, not winning belief, incredible, un-

II. not persuasive. [t]

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) that which is bated, the object of bate.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -έχθομαι, like  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -εχθάνομαι: Pass.: ( $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{o}$ , έχθος): -to be bated or bateful.  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\chi\theta\hat{\omega}s$ , Adv. of  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\chi\theta\dot{\eta}s$ ;  $\dot{a}\pi$ .  $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon\iota\nu$  to be at enmity.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\pi}$ - $\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\boldsymbol{\chi}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ , f.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\phi}$   $\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\boldsymbol{\xi}\boldsymbol{\omega}$  and  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\pi}\boldsymbol{\sigma}\boldsymbol{\sigma}\boldsymbol{\chi}\boldsymbol{\eta}\boldsymbol{\sigma}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ :  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ :  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ -to bold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχεσθαι χειράς τινος to bold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to bold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from. II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci: τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν άπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing. III. to bave in full; ἀπέχειν μισθύν to bave a full reward.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\psi\omega$ , Ion. for  $\dot{\alpha}\phi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\psi\omega$ . ἀπέωσα, aor. I of ἀπωθέω.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ π-ηγέομαι,  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ π-ήγημα,  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ π-ήγησις, Ion. for  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ φ-ηγ-. άπ-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain off, filter. **ἀπηλάθην**, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαύνω. άπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from \*άπηλεγής, ές, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον άπηλεγέωε άποειπείν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly. άπηλθον, aor. 2 of άπέρχομαι. ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἡλιαία) one who keeps away from the Ἡλιαία, 1. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ηλιοs, not fond of basking in the sun.  $\dot{a}\pi - \hat{\eta}\lambda \iota \xi$ , Ion. for  $\dot{a}\phi - \hat{\eta}\lambda \iota \xi$ .  $\dot{a}\pi$ -ηλιώτης (sub.  $\dot{a}\nu$ εμος), ου,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\dot{a}\pi\dot{o}$ ,  $\ddot{\eta}$ λιος) the east wind, Lat. subsolanus. ά-πήμαντος, ον, (a privat., πημαίνω) unbarmed, without misery. άπ-ήμβροτον, Ep. for άφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of άφαμαρτάνω.  $\dot{a}\pi$ -ημεν, I pl. impf. of  $\ddot{a}\pi$ ειμι (εἰμί, sum). ἀπημοσύνη, ή, (ἀπήμων) freedom from barm, safety.  $\dot{a}$ πημπόλα, 3 sing. impf. of  $\dot{a}$ πεμπολάω.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat.,  $\pi \hat{\eta} \mu \mathbf{a}$ ) unbarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing no barm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious. ἀπήνεια, ή, (ἀπηνήε) barsbness, roughness. άπήνη, ή, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like ζεῦγοs, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.) άπηνήναντο, 3 pl. 20r. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι. **ἀπ-ηνήs**, έs, barsb, rougb. See προσ-ηνήs. άπηνθον, Dor. for ἀπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι άπ-ήορος, Dor. and Att. άπ-άορος, Ep. άπ-ήωρος, ον, (ἀπό, ἀείρω) bovering on bigb, Lat. suspensus.

**α-πηρος**, ον, (a privat., πήρα) without a scrip.

άπ-ηχής, ές, (ἀπό, ήχος) discordant, noisy. ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

άπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

άπηύρων, -ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

(a privat., πηρόε) unmaimed.

άπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήορος.

άπία γη, ν. άπιοε.

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, poet, for ἀπειθέω. From  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πτθής, ές, poet. for  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πειθής. ἀπιθυντήρ, ήρος, δ, a restorer. From άπ-ϊθύνω, = ἀπ-ευθύνω. **ἀπ-ικνέομαι, ἀπ-ικόμην,** Ion. for ἀφικ-. ά-πινύσσω, (a privat., πινυτός) to be without one's wits, to be senseless. ἄπιξις, Ion. for ἄφιξις. άπιον, τό, (άπιος) a pear, Lat. pirum. "AΠΙΟΣ, ή, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus. άπιος, η, ον, (ἀπό) far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἀπίης II. "Aπιος, a, ov, Apian, i. e. Peloγαίη**s** Hom. ponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence 'Aπία γη, or 'Aπία alone, the Peloponnese: also 'Aπίs, ίδοs, ή. [The former sense has a, the latter a. åπ-ιπόω, f. ώσω, to squeeze out. άπ-ἴσόω, f. ώσω, to make equal or even. ἀπιστέω, f. ήσω. pf. ηπίστηκα: (ἄπιστος):-to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be dis-II. =  $d\pi \epsilon i \theta \epsilon \omega$ , to disobey. άπ-ίστημι, Ion. for άφ-ίστημι. άπιστία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἀπιστέω) disbelief, distrust; πολλάs ἀπιστίαs έχει the thing admits of many II. want of faith, unbelief: faitblessness. doubts. **α-πιστος**, ον, (α privat., πιστός): I. pass. not 1. of persons, faitbless. to be trusted, and so, of things, not credible, beyond belief. II. act. not believing of trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeving.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi \mathbf{i}\sigma \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{o}\sigma \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi \mathbf{i}\sigma \mathbf{\tau} \dot{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{a}$ . **ἀπίστως**, Adv. of ἄπιστος: I. act. suspi-II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly. ciously. άπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. τουμαι: Dep.:—to oppose or resist stoutly. άπ-ίσχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away. άπ-ἴτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄπειμι, one must go away. ἀπλακέω, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακέω, etc. ά-πλανής, ές, (a privat., πλανάομαι) not wandering: fixed. **ἄ-πλαστος**, ον, (a privat., πλάσσω) not moulded: hence genuine, sincere. (α privat., πελάζω) shortened for ἀπελάστοs, unapproachable, terrible. ά-πλατος, Ion. ά-πλητος, ον, (a privat., πελάω, poet, for  $\pi \in \lambda \dot{\alpha}(\omega)$  shortened for  $\dot{\alpha}\pi \dot{\epsilon}\lambda \ddot{\alpha}\tau os$ , unapproacbable, terrible. ά-πλεκτος, ον, (a privat., πλέκω) unplaited. **α-πλετος**, ον, collat. form of απλατος or of απληστοs, only used in the sense of immense, extraordi**ά-πλευστος**, ον, (α privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) not navigable, not navigated. ά-πληκτος, ον, (a privat., πλήσσω) unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.

άπληστία, ή, insatiate desire. From

**ἄ-πληστος**, ον, (α privat., πίμπλημι) not to be filled, insatiate: c. gen., ἄπλ. αίματος insatiate of blood.

ἄπλοια, Ion. ἀπλοίη, ἡ, (ἄπλουs) difficulty of sailing, from stress of weather,

āπλοίζομαι, Dep. (ἀπλόοs) to deal openly or frankly. ἀπλοίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ἀπλόοs) a single garment.

åπλόος, όη, όον, contr. ἀπλοῦς, ἢ, οῦν, Lat. simplex, onefold, (opp. to διπλόος, Lat. duplex, twofold), single. II. single-minded, simple, and that either (in good sense) frank, open, sincere; or (in basense) silly. III. simple, opp. to compound: hence, absolute, sbeer. (Derived from ἄμα, all in one way, as is Lat. simplex from simul.)

**α-πλοοs**, ov, contr. **α-πλουs**, ovv, (α privat.,  $\pi\lambda \epsilon\omega$ ) not sailing: 1. of ships, unfit for sea, not seaworthy. 2. of men, never baving been at sea. II. pass., of the sea, closed to navigation.

άπλός, ή, όν, poet. for άπλόος, άπλοῦς.

åπλότης, ητος, ή, (άπλόος) like Lat. simplicitas, simplicity, plainness, frankness.

 $\hat{\mathbf{a}}\hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}}\boldsymbol{\lambda}\hat{\mathbf{o}}\hat{\mathbf{o}}\hat{\mathbf{s}},\ \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}},\ \hat{o}\hat{\boldsymbol{v}}\boldsymbol{\nu},\ \text{contr. for }\hat{\boldsymbol{a}}\boldsymbol{\pi}\boldsymbol{\lambda}\hat{\boldsymbol{o}}\hat{\boldsymbol{o}}\hat{\boldsymbol{s}}.$ 

a-πλους, ουν, contr. for a-πλοος.

d-πλουτος, ον, (α privat., πλοῦτος) without riches. ἀπλῶς, Adv. of ἀπλοῦς, Lat. simpliciter, simply, plainly: absolutely. II. in a word, Lat. denique. d-πνευστος, ον, (α privat., πνεύσομαι fut. of πνέω) without breath, breathless: hence lifeless.

ã-πνοος, ον, contr. ἄ-πνους, ουν, (a privat., πνέω) without wind, calm.

II. without breath, lifeless.

'A $\Pi$ O', Prep. with Gen. only, = Lat. AB, ABS, whether place, time, or any object be denoted: of Place, implying motion from, away from: also down from. 2. without motion implied, far from, at a distance from. II. later of Time, from, after, since; ἀπὸ δείπνου γενέσθαι to have done supper. III. of Origin of all kinds, as, of descent, birth; οὐκ ἀπὸ δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπὸ πέτρης not sprung from oak or rock; ἀπὸ Σπάρτης of Sparta by 2. of the means or instrument; ἀπὸ βιοίο  $\pi \epsilon \phi \nu \epsilon \nu$  with arrow from his bow. 3. of the cause or occasion; ἀπὸ δικαιοσύνης by reason of. the material of which a thing is made; ἀπὸ ξύλου πεποιημένα made of wood.

As Adverb, without case, far away: but almost always with verbs in tmesi.

In Compos., 1. from, asunder, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence away from, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. ceasing from, as in ἀπαλγέω: and hence, finishing, completing, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. back again, as in ἀποδίδωμι. 4. by way of abuse, as in ἀποκαλέω. 5. almost = a priv., as in ἀπουδάω, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόσιτος.

άπο, anastroph. for ἀπό, when it follows its noun. ἀπο-αίντμαι, poet. for ἀπ-αίντμαι, to take away. ἀπο-αιρέομαι, poët. for ἀφ-αιρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, Att. for ἀπόβηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀποβάθρα, ή, steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway. From

 $\dot{a}$ πο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: Ep. 3 sing, aor. I  $\dot{a}$ πεβήσετο: 201. 2 ἀπέβην: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from. 2. to go away, depart. II. of events, to issue or result from: absol. to turn out, end or issue in a certain way, Lat. evenire; τὸ ἀπόβαινον the issue, event; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα the results: τὰ ἀποβησόμενα the probable results: also ἀποβαίνειν alone, to turn out well, succeed. 2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., to turn out, prove or be so and so, Lat. evadere; ἀποβαίνειν κοινοί to prove impartial. conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν είs τι to come at last to, end in.

B. Causal, only in aor. I  $\delta \pi \epsilon \beta \eta \sigma \alpha$ , to make to dismount, disembark, land.

άπο-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ: 2 οτ. 2 ἀπέβἄλον: pf. ἀποβέβληκα:—to tbrow off from: c. 2cc. only, to tbrow away. 2. to tbrow away, reject: also to tbrow away, sell too cheap. 3. to lose.

άπο-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip entirely.

ἀποβάς, βᾶσα, βάν, 201. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω.

ἀπόβὰσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) a stepping off, dismounting: a disembarking, landing: also a landing-place.

ἀποβηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπο-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to force away: 201. I pass. ἀποβιασθήναι in pass. sense, to be forced away. ἀπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of ἀπο-βαίνω, to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, 201. I pass. ἀπεβρώθην:—to eat off. ἀπο-βλάπτω, f. ψω, to ruin utterly:—201. I pass. ἀποβλαφθῆναι, to be robbed of.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, f. - βλαστήσω: 201. 2 ἀπέβλαστον: --to shoot forth from, spring from.

ἀπόβλεπτος, ov, looked al, gazed on by all, hence admired. From

άπο-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon.

ἀπόβλητος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) to be thrown away as worthless.

άπο-βλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ίσω: 201. I ἀπέβλίσα:—
to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey:
metaph. to steal.

ἀπο-βλύζω, f. σω, to spirt out; ἀποβλύζειν οίνου to spirt or slobber out some wine.

ἀποβολή, η̂s, ή, (ἀποβάλλω) a throwing away, losing, loss.

άποβολιμαῖος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) apt to throw away.

II. pass. apt to be thrown aside.

άπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. to eat up.

άπο-βουκολέω, f. ήσω, to let cattle stray: hence to make to lose.

2. to sootbe, beguile.

άπο-βρίζω, f. ξω, to sleep without waking, go sound asleep.

aπo-βρύχω, to bite off from.

άπο-βώμιος, ον, (ἀπό, βωμός) far from an altar, law. godless.

άπό-γαιος or άπό-γειος, ον, (άπό,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) from land,

coming off land.

άπο-γεισόω, to make jut out like a coping or cornice. άπο-γεύω, f. σω, to make another taste of a thing:— Med, to taste of it oneself.

άπο-γεφθρόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.

άπο-γηράσκω, f. άσομαι, to grow old.

άπο-γίγνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 άπεγενόμην: pf άπογεγένημα: ... to be away from, bave no part in. II. absol. to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: ol ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.

ἀπο-γιγνώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομα: aor. 2 ἀπέγνων: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not.

2. to despair. II. c. acc. to give up as useless. III. as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.

ἀπόγνοια, ή, (ἀπογιγνώσκω) despair.

ἀπόγονος, ον, (ἀπογίγνομαι) descended or sprung

from: in plur. descendants.

ἀπογράφή, ή, (ἀπογράφω) a copy of an indictment (γραφή), a deposition. II. a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

άπο-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register: — Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use.

Il. Att law-term,

I. ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.

άπο-γυιόω, to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to

enfeable, unnerve.

άπο-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to bring into bard exercise, to ply bard.

ἀπο-γυμνόω, f. ωσω, to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stript bare:—Med. to strip oneself.

άπο-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.

άπο-δακρύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to weep much; c. acc. to weep much for, lament.

άποδάσμιος, ov, parted off or from. From

άποδασμός, ό, a division, part of a whole. From ἀπο-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι [ā], Ερ. -δάσσομαι: 20τ. ἐ ἀπεδασάμην, Ερ. inf. ἀποδάσσασθαι:—to portion out, apportion. II. to part off; separate.

άπο-δεῖ, Ion. ἀπο-δέει, impers. of ἀποδέω.

ano-Seidlogoman, Dep. to frighten away.

άπο-δείκνυμι and νύω: f. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:— Pass., aor. I ἀπεδείχθην: pf. ἀποδέδειγμαι, Ion. -δέδεγμαι: I. to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, 1. to bring forward, shew, produce, publish 25 2

law. 2. to appoint or assign; χῶρος ἀποδεδεγμένος an appointed place. 3. to shew by argument, prove.

Il. to shew forth a person or thing as so and so, hence,
to make, render.
3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is.
5. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be:
—Med. to shew forth something of one's own; ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion; ἀποδείξασθαι δρετάς to display high qualities.

ἀπο-δειλιάω, f. ἀσω [ā], to be a coward, sbrink from

danger.

ἀπόδειξιε, Ion. -δεξιε, εωε, ή, (ἀποδείκνυμι) a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration. II. (from Med.) a display, achievement, performance.

άπο-δειπνίδιος, ον, (ἀπό, δείπνον) without supper. άπο-δειροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by the neck, be-

άπο-δείρω, Ion. for άπο-δέρω

άπο-δεκἄτόω, f. ώσω, to pay ti'be of. II. to take tithe from, τινά.

άπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for άπο-δέχομαι.

ἀποδεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, one must receive or accept.
ἀποδεκτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a taker from, re-

ceiver.

άποδεκτός, όν, (ἀποδέχομαι) acceptable. άποδέξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion.

for αποδείξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of αποδείκνυμι.

άπόδεξις, εως, ή, Ion. for ἀπόδειξις ἀπόδερμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποδέρω) a bide stripped off. ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερῶ: 201. I ἀπέδειρα: to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλήν to scalp. II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flog-

ging.

ἀποδεχθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀπεδεξάμην: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to accept in full,
accept gladly, be content with.
2. to accept as a
proof: to admit, allow, approve.
3. to accept as
a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another,
agree with him.
4. to take or understand in a certil. to receive back, recover.

άπο-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast.

ἀπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δεήσω:—to be wanting, to lack:
—impers. ἀπο-δεί, there lacks.

ἀποδημέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπόδημοε) to be away from bome, to go abroad, ἀποδημείν είε Θετταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly. Hence

άποδημητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who is abroad.

amoδημία, ή, a being from bome, a going or being abroad. From

aπό-δημος, ov, away from bome, abroad.

άπο-διουτάω, f. ήσω, to decide for a person in an arbitration.

άπο-διδάσκω, f.-διδάξω, to teach not to do, Lat. de-docere.

άπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράs:—to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealtb. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee; sbun.

ἀπο-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due.

2. to render, yield, of land.
3. to grant, allow.
4 to render or make so and so.
5. to deliver over, give up, e. g as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. reddere.
II. intr., εί τὸ ὅμοιον ἀποδιδοῦ ἐε αῦξησιν [sc. ἡ Αἴγυπτος], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι:— Med. to give away of one's own, sell: also to let out for bire.

άπο-δίκάζω, f. άσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω. άποδίκεῖν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poét. 201. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δίκέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

άπο-δινέω, f. ήσω, to turn or whirl violently about. άπο-δίομαι, Dep. (άπό, δίω) poet. for ἀποδιώκω. άπο-διορίζω, f. ίσω. to mark off, distinguish.

άπο-διώκω, fut.-διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μη and inf , ἀπέδοξέ σφι μη) πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do: absol., ών σφι ἀπέδοξε when they resolved.

άπο-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

άπ-οδος, Ion. for άφ-οδος.

άποδόσιμος, ον, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored. ἀπόδοσις,  $\epsilon \omega$ ς,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

άποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

άποδοῦναι, acr. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ή, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσιε: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμόω, f. ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways. ἀποδράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδαρθάνω.

άποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπόδρασις, Ιοπ. ἀπόδρησις, εως, ή, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

άπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

άπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρήναι, Ion. for -δράναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

άπο-δρύπτω, f. ψω: 201. 1 ἀπέδρυψα: 201. 2 ἀπέδρύφον: 201. 1 pass. ἀπεδρύφθην:—ta scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρύφοι, 3 sing. 20τ. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω. ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off; v. ἀποδύω.  $[\bar{v}]$  ἀπ-οδύρομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. -οδύροθμαι, to lament bitterly. ἀποδύς, 20τ. 2 part. of ἀποδύω.

άποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. I ἀπέδυσα, to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc. II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. dπέδυν (formed as if from dπόδυμι), and pf. dποδέδυκα:—to strip oneself, undress: dποδύεσθαι πρόε τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for.

2. metaph. to put away.

άπο-είκω, f. ξω, to withdraw from.

άπό-ειπον, εs, ε, Ep. for ἀπείπον, 2 without pres. in use.

άπο-έργαθε, 3 sing. poet aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀποέργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω: partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργομένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep aor. I only found in 3 pers., to burry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀποέρση, opt ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άπο-ζάω, f. ζήσω, to live off; ὅσον ἀποζῆν enough to live off.

άπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:—to unyoke, part:
—Pass. to be parted from, τινόε: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπεζύγην πόδας on foot did I start and come hither.

άπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting.

άπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. II
mpers., ἀπόζει τῆs 'Αραβίηs there comes a scent from
Arabia.

ἀπο θάλλω, f. -θἄλω, to leave off blooming.

άποθάνειν, 201. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω

άποθανουμαι, fut. of άποθνήσκω.

άπο-θαρρέω and άπο-θαρσέω, f ήσω, to take courage, bave full confidence.

άπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θωμάζω, f. άσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θείομαι, Ερ. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθώμαι, 20τ. 2 med. subj. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπο-θειόω, f. ώσω, poet. for ἀποθεύω.

αποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar. II. afar off. ἀπό-θεος, ον, far from the gods: hence godless. ἀπο-θεόω, ſ. ώσω, to deify.

άπο-θερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to cut off like ears of corn.

 $\dot{a}\pi o\theta \dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta a\iota$ , aor. 2 med. inf. of  $\dot{a}\pi o\tau i\theta \eta\mu\iota$ .

άπόθεσις, εως, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away:

—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.

άπόθεστος, ον, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abborred. άποθέται, ων, ai, a place in Lacedæmon, into which all missbapen children were thrown on birth. From

ἀπόθετος, ον, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away.

άποθήκη, ή, (άποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse. If anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιείσθαι είν τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

άπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, to treasure or board up. ἀπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press bard, crowd upon. [i] ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θάνοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:---to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτέινω.

ἀποθορείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθρώσκω.

άπο-θρασύνομαι [v], f. υνουμαι, to be very bold.

**ἀπο-θραύω**, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀποθραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i.e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θριάζω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

αποθρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

άπο-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: 20τ. 2 ἀπέθορον: -to spring or leap off from.

II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

άπο-θύμιος, ον, (ἀπό, θῦμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, bateful.

άπο-θύω, f. ύσω, to offer up.

ά-ποίητος, ον, (a privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἄποικοs) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ἡ Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀπφκεῖτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth.

acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

άποικία, ή, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

άπ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: Pass., aor. 1 ἀπφκίσθην: pf. -φκισμαι: — to send away from bome, transplant: generally, to send or carry away: — Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate.

II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ἄποικος:—ή ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

άπ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

άπ-οικος, ον, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from bome, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἄποικος (sub. πόλις), ἡ, a colony.

άπ-οικτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.: -- to complain loudly.

ά-ποίμαντος, ον, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπ-οιμώζω, fut. -οιμώξομαι, to bewail loudly.

αποινα, ων, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence αποινάω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to bold to ransom.

άποινό-δίκος, ον, (ἄποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

άπ-οιστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

**ἀποίσω**, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

άπ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -ψχημαι: Dep.:to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to
bave departed: hence to be dead and gone.

II.
more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

άπο-καθαίρω, fut. -ἄρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

άποκάθαρσις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

άπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

άπο-καθίζω, fut. low, to set down:—Med. to sit down. άπο-καθιστάνω and άπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I. to re-establish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

άπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

 $\dot{a}\pi o$ -καίνυμαι, Fass. to surpass, excel  $\dot{a}\pi o$ -καίριος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\ddot{a}$ καιρος.

άπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense cold, to freeze off.

άπο-κάλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off:

άποκάλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

ἀπο-κάμνω, f. -κάμοῦμαι: (for the tenses, v. κάμνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to flinch from toil.

άπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπύω, Ep. aor. I - εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—
to breathe out; ἀποκαπύειν ψυχήν to give up the ghost.

άπο-καραδοκίω, to expect earnestly. Hence άποκαραδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

άπο-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again. ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, re-establishment.

άπο-κάτημαι, Ion. for άπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω (ἀπό, καυλόε) to break sbort off.

ἀπόκαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be land up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀπόκειταί τινι it is in store for one.

άπο-κέιρω, fut. -κέρῶ, Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

άπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδανω: -to bave benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

άπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate. άπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἀπό, κεφαλή) to

άπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

bebead.

 $\dot{a}$ πο-κηδέω, fut.  $\dot{η}$ σω, =  $\dot{a}$ κηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

άπο-κηρύσσω, Att.-ττω, fut. ξω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

άποκινδύνευσις, εως, ή, the making a venturous attempt. [v] From

ἀποκινδύνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:-Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost bazard.

**ἀπό-κῖνος, ὁ,** (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εύρέ find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to ring or shout forth.

άπ-οκλάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό, ὀκλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γύνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [āω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:-to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλάξω, ἀποκλάξον, Dor. fut. and aor. 1 imperat. οί ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλάρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

άπο-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], to break off.

άπο-κλάω, Att. for άπο-κλαίω. [ā]

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$  $\mathbf{m}$  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$  $\mathbf{k}$  $\lambda$  $\mathbf{e}$  $\mathbf{i}$  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf$ shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ov, sbut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f.-κλείσω: Ιοπ. -κληΐω, f. -κληίσω: Att. -κλήω, f. -κλήσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to shut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or binder from a thing: -Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. II. c. acc only, to shut up, close: to cut off, prevent, binder.

άπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

άπο-κληΐω, f. -κληίξω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f -κλείσω. ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλαρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

άπο-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

άποκλινθείς, later άποκλζθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

**ἀπο-κλίνω** [ῖ], fut. -κλἴνῶ: 20r. 1 ἀπέκλῖνα: pf. -κέκλϊκα, pass. -κέκλϊμαι :—to turn off or aside : to turn II. intr. to turn aside: metaph, to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

άπόκλζοις, εως, ή, a turning away: of the sun, sinking. άπο-κλύζω, fut. ύσω [τ], to wash away, avert by

purifications.

**ἀπο-κναίω**, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνην τινα to wear one out, weary to death: -Med. to wear away, diminisb.

άπ-οκνέω, f. ήσω, to sbrink from, besitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, besitate. Hence απόκνησις, εως, ή, a shrinking from.

άπο-κνίζω, f. ίσω, to nip off. Hence

άπόκνισμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit.

άπο-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from bome. 2. to get a little sleep.

άποκοιτέω, f. ήσω, to sleep away from one's post.

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοιτος) sleeping away from. άπο-κολυμβάω, f. ήσω, to dive and swim away. ἀπο-κομιδή, ή, a carrying away. II. (from

Med.) a getting away or back. From

άπο-κομίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to carry or conduct away:-Med. to carry off with one:-Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

άπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (άποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, shred.

άπο-κομπάζω, f. άσω, to break with a snap. ἀποκοπή, ή, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off:

άποκοπη χρεών = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

άπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, bew off, knock off. to beat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

άπο-κορυφόω, f. ώσω, to sum up briefly.

άπο-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to clear away so as to restore

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

άπο-κουφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to relieve or set free

άπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κρανίζω, f. ίσω, to strike from the bead.

άπο-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to overcome, surpass.

άπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ], Att. -κρεμω: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing bang down, II. to bang up.

ἀπό-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκρζμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

άπο-κρινθείς, άποκριθείς, aor. I pass. part. of sq. άπο-κρίνω [τ], fut. -κρϊνω: Pass., aor. Ι ἀπεκρίθην [t]: pf. -κέκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:— Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκεκρίσθαι εἰς ξν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. Med. to give answer or reply to a question; esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαί τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρἴσις, εως, ή, a separating. II. (from

Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must sepa-II. (from Med.) one must answer.

άπό-κροτος, ov, beaten or trodden bard, esp. of earth. άπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.: -Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:-Pass. to be beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσκιον το χείλος αποκεκρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

άποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of άποκρύπτω.

άπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide from, keep bidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά τι, like Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to bide or keep back from 2. to bide close: to obscure. Il. to lose from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γην to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Phaacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρύφος, ον, bidden; έν ἀποκρύφφ in secret. obscure, bard to understand.

άπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτάνειν, 201. 2 inf. of αποκτείνω.

άποκτάμενος. Ep. 20r. 2 pass, part, of άποκτείνω. ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενω: 201. I ἀπέκτεινα: 201. 2 ἀπέκτανον, poet, ἀπέκταν, as, a; Ep. also in pass. form άπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτύνηκα, ἀπέκτακα, and ἀπέκταγκα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνάειν, to weary to death, Lat. enecare.

άποκτέννω, later form of άποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κὕέω, f. ήσω, to bear young, bring forth.

άπο-κυλίνδω, f.-κυλίσω  $[\bar{t}]$ , to roll away.

άπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκθφα: to stoop away from. άπο-κωκύω, f. ύσω [v], to mourn loudly over.

άποκώλυσις, εως, ή, a bindrance. From

άπο-κωλύω, f. ύσω [v], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

άπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. forsaking.

of ἀπολαμβάνω.

 $d\pi o-\lambda a \gamma \chi \dot{a} v \omega$ , f.  $-\lambda \dot{\eta} \xi o \mu a \iota$ : aor. 2  $d\pi \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \ddot{a} \chi o \nu := to$ obtain a portion of a thing by lot; απολαχείν μέρος τινόs: generally, to obtain.

άπο-λάζυμαι, Dep., poet. for άπο-λαμβάνω.

άπο-λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to kick off or away, sbake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, δ, a kicking away.

ἀπολαλέω, f. ήσω, to chatter much.

άπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμψομαι: pf. ἀπείληφα, pass. ἀπείλημμαι: for the agrist, we have in act. only aor. 2  $d\pi \in \lambda \check{\alpha} \beta o \nu$ , in pass. only aor. 1  $d\pi \in \lambda \eta \phi \theta \eta \nu$  Ion.  $d\pi \in \lambda d\mu \phi \theta \eta \nu$ . To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. accito carry off. II. to take back, regain, recover. pio. to bave a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. deprehendere, esp. of contrary winds.

άπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so. άπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flasb; alχμηs ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φωs) light beamed from the spear-head.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \lambda \dot{a}\pi \tau \omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ , to lap up like a dog.

**ἀπόλαυσις**, εωε, ή, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

απολαυστικός, ή, όν, of or for enjoyment. From **ἀπο-λαύω**, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀπέλαυον, aor. 1  $d\pi \epsilon \lambda a v \sigma a$ , sometimes written  $d\pi \eta \lambda a v \sigma v$ ,  $d\pi \eta \lambda a v \sigma a$ : -to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. άγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get barm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e.  $\lambda \alpha F$ -,  $\lambda \alpha \beta$ -, which is also the Root of  $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .)

άπολάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

άπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέλεγμαι or ἀπείλεγμαι:--to pick out from among, choose:--Med. to pick out for oneself :- Pass., ἀπολελεγμένοι picked men. dπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. I dπέλειψα:—to let drop off,

pour a libation :- Pass. to drop or run down from. άπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλζπον:—to leave over or bebind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to sur-III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of pass. things, to leave alone, leave undone. IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, 2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρεις δακτύλους wanting three 3. with part. to leave off fingers of four cubits. doing. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀληθηίης ἀπολελειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

άπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπόλειψις, εως, ή, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving bebind, II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπόλεκτος, ον, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ά-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ov, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, in-III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is vincible. no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

άπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολελεμμένος.

άπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

άπολέσκετο, Ep. for άπώλετο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of απόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

άπο-ληρέω, f. ήσω, to chatter at random.

άπόληψις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή, (ἀπολαμβάνω) α taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

άπο-λίγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion for ἀπο-λείπω.

ű-πολιs, neut. ι: gen. ιδος, also εως, Ion ιος: dat. åπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an outlaw. II. πόλις ἄπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

άπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. I -ωλίσθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λιταργίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to slip off, pack off.  $\dot{a}\pi o$ - $\lambda_i \chi \mu \dot{a}o \mu a_i$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma o \mu a_i$ ,  $Dep. = \dot{a}\pi o \lambda \epsilon i \chi \omega$ , to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-ολλύω: impf. ἀπώλλυν or ἀπώλλυον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολω, Ion. ἀπολέω: aor. ι ἀπώλεσα, Ερ. ἀπύλεσσα: pf. ἀπώλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: cf things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολοῦμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι: aor. 2 ἀπωλόμην: perf. ἀπόλωλα: plqpf. ἀπολώλειν or ἀπωλώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall away, fail. III. to be wretched or miserable.

'Απόλλων, ωνος, δ: acc. ωνα or ω: voc. ''Απολλον:

-Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.

'Απολλώνειον and 'Απολλώνιον, τό, a temple of part. Apollo.

άπο-λογέομαι, fut. ήσομαι: 20r. 1 med. ἀπελογησάμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀπολελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγοs):-to speak in defence: also to speak in 2. ἀπολογείσθαί τι to defend defence of a fact. oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογείσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence. ἀπολογία, ή, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence

**ἀπο-λογίζομαι,** f. ίσομαι Att. ἴοῦμαι : 20r. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give 2. to calculate or a full account of, recount fully. consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, δ, a giving an account, a statement

of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, δ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος 'Αλκίνου proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Alcinous in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those of Aesop, an apologue.

άπολοίατο, Ion. for ἀπόλοιντο, 3 plur. 20r. 2 opt. med, of απόλλυμι.

άπ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.

**ἀπολόμενος, aor. 2** med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

**ἀπολοῦμαι,** fut. med. of **ἀπ**όλλυμι.

άπόλουσις, εως, ή, a washing off, ablution.

**ἀπο-λούω**, f. -λούσω, to wash off: — Med., ἄλμην ώμοιν ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

άπ-ολοφύρομαι, f. -ὔροῦμαι, to bewail loudly. to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λυμαίνομαι, f. -μανούμαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λύμα): -to cleanse oneself by bathing.

**ἀπολυμαντήρ**, ήρο**ς**, δ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύστμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ή, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατά τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ή, όν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶs ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

άπο-λυτρόω, f. ώσω, to release on payment of ransom :- Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολύτρωσις, εως, ή, a releasing, redemption.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\sigma$ - $\lambda\dot{\nu}\omega$ , f. - $\lambda\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{\nu}$ ]: aor. I  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\bar{\nu}\sigma\alpha$ : pf.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\sigma\lambda\dot{\epsilon}$ λύκα:-to loose from: to set free or release from; ἀπολύειν αιτίης to acquit of a charge: absol. to in II. always = ἀπολυτρόω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him, χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself, 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence absol. to defend oneself.

III. Pass, to be released, let free from. to get clear: to depart, go away.

άπο-λωβάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass, sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \lambda \omega \tau i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $(i\sigma \omega, (\dot{a}\pi \dot{o}, \lambda \omega \tau \dot{o}s) = \dot{a}\pi a \nu \theta i \zeta \omega$ , to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδαλία, ή, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

άπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μανήσομαι: pf άπομέμηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι, to unlearn, Lat. dediscere.

άπο-μαντεύομαι, f σομαι, Dep to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

άπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

άπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [v]

άπο-μάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe clean :- Med. to wipe one's bands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεάν ἀπομάξαι (sc. χοίνικα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an impression of:-Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστῖγόω, f. ώσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to bebave idly or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοῦμαι: to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ίκανα άπομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. ΙΙ. ἀπομάχεσθαί τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. anoμάχεσθαί τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μ**ἄχος**, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

άπο-μείρομαι, f -μεροθμαι, Dep. to distribute. Pass. to be parted from another.

άπο-μερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to give a share of, dis-II. to distinguish from a number.

άπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ίσω and ίξω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστόω, f. ώσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρέω, f ήσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μηκύνω [θ], f. ὄνῶ, to prolong, draw out.

 $d\pi o$ - $\mu \eta v l\omega$ , f  $i\sigma \omega$  [I], to be very wroth. άπο-μιμέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to re-

present faithfully. άπο-μιμνήσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι,

aor. I απεμνησάμην: pf. απομέμνημαι:-to recollect, remember.

άπό-μισθος, ον, like άμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, 1. e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

άπο-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for bire, let: c. inf., άπομισθούν ποιείν τι to contract for the doing of a 3. to get free, de- thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

άπο-μνάομαι, Ion. for απο-μιμνήσκομαι.

άπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

άπο-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.
2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

άπο-μνησικάκέω, f. ήσω, to bear a grudge against. ἀπ-όμνθμι or ἀπομνύω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπώμνυ: fut. ἀπομοθμαι: (v. ὅμνυμι:)—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do. 2. to swear one bas not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath. II. strengthd. for ὅμνυμι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπο-μονόω, f. ώσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μόργνῦμι οι ἀπ-ομόργνυμι, also ἀπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομορξάμην:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀπομορχθείε: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι οι ὀμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρειάε to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of foreg. ἀπομόσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπό-μουσος, ον, like ἄμουσος, (ἀπό, Μοῦσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομούσως γράφεσθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μῦθόρμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade. ἀπο-μῦκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud ἀπο-μυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

άπο-μύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sbarpen his wits; comp. Horace's vir emunctae naris:—Med to blow one's nose.

άπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίνημι: and ἀποναίατο, 3 pl., for ἀπόναιντο.

\*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπένὰσα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. I ἀπενάσατο, Ep. ἀπενάσσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. I pass. ἀπονασθηναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

άπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: 201. I ἀπενεμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take. 2. to feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

άπονενοημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of άπονοέομαι, desperately.

desperately.

dπο-νέομαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return,
Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

άπονέστερος, τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἄπονος. άπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω.

II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. abnuere.

dπo-νέω, f.-νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, 2 or. 2 med. part. of ἀπονίνημι. ἀπονητί, Adv. of ἀπόνητος, without fatigue.

άπ-όνητο, Ion. for άπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of άπονίνημι.

d-πόνητος, ον, (a privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought. II. without trouble, easy: Sup. απονητότατα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

άπονία, ή, (άπονος) freedom from toil, laziness. ἀπο-νίζω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself.

2. ta wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

άπ-ονίνημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment. II. mostly in Med., ἀπ-ονίνᾶμαι: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπωνήμην, Ερ. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπώναιο, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to bave the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ' ἀπόναιο mayest thou have joy of these things.

άπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.:

άπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίζω.

άπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονενόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to bave lost all sense.

1. of fcar, to be desperate; ἄνθρωποι ἀπονενοημένοι, Lat. perdit, desperate men.

2. of shame, ὁ ἀπονενοημένοs an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνοια, ή, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

α-πονος, ον, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

άπο-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to return bome. Hence

άπονόστησις, εως, ή, a return bome. άπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case

ἀπο-νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, sbun. άπ-ονῦχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: Pass., aor. ἀπωνυχίσθην: pf. ἀπωνύχισμαι: (ἀπό, ὁνυχίζω):—to pare the

nails. II. to tear with the nails. III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀπωνυχισμένος, Horace's ad unguem factus, closely tried by the nail.

άπο-νωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

åπό-ξενος, ον, like ἄξενος, inhospitable. 2. ἀπόξενος γης far from a country.

ἀπο-ξενόω, f. ωσω, to drive from bouse and home, generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

aπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

άπο-ξηροίνω, f. άνω, to dry up, drain off a river:— Pass, to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος. άπο-ξυράω, Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, to shave clean.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \dot{\xi}\dot{v}\rho\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi o \dot{\xi}v\rho \dot{a}\omega$ :—Med. to be clean shaved. [ $\check{v}$ ] άποξύω, f. ύσω [v], to shave or scrape off: hence to strip off like skin.

άπο-παπταίνω, f. -παπτἄνῶ, Ion. -έω: aor. I part. άποπαπτήναs: -to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπάτέω, f. ήσω οι ήσομαι, to retire from the way. From

 $\dot{a}\pi \dot{b}$ - $\pi \ddot{a}\tau os$ ,  $\dot{b}$  or  $\dot{\eta}$ , a going out of the way:  $\epsilon \dot{l}s \dot{a}\pi \dot{b}$ πατον to ease himself.

ἀπόπαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binderance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

άπο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing ἀπό-πειρα, ή, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

άπο-πειράζω, f. άσω [a], rarer form of sq.

άπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ : aor. I pass. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:--to make trial, essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act., άποπειράσαι του Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an attempt on the Peiræeus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ήσω, to bew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss; also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of things, to give back: -Med. to remove from oneself, get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

άπόπεμψις, εως, ή, a sending away: a dismissal, divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. άσω Ion. ήσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over. άπο-πέρδομαι, fut. -παρδήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. - έπαρδον:-to break wind, Lat. pedo.

άποπέσησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω. **ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut.-π**τήσομαι : aor. 2 ἀπεπτάμην, part. άποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away. άπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle: -Pass., fut. -πάγήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of blood, to curdle.

άπο-πηδάω, f. ήσω and ήσομαι, to leap off from: to turn away from.

άπο-πίμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι, -πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up, fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy, fulfil: to appease, Lat. explere.

άπο-πίνω [t], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off. άπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: 20r. 2 ἀπέπεσον:--to fall off from.

ἀποπλαγχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάγξω, to lead astray, lead away from: -Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be deprived off; τρυφάλεια άποπλαγχθείσα a helm struck

άπο-πλανάω, f. ήσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go astrav.

**ἀπο-πλάσσομαι**, f. -πλάσομαι [ἄ], to copy. άπο-πλέω, Ερ. -πλείω, Ιου. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο- from the chine.

ἀπ-οξύνω [v], f. ὄνῶ, to bring to a point, make taper. | μαι οι -πλευσοῦμαι: 201. Ι ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, ον, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled by a stroke, 1. in mind, dumb, astounded. in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

άποπληξία, ή, a stroke of apoplexy.

άπο-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat. explere. II. to fulfil.

άπο-πλήσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ξω:-Pass., aor. 1  $-\epsilon \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \gamma \eta \nu$ : pf.  $-\pi \dot{\epsilon} \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ :—to strike to earth, disable in body or mind :- Pass. to lose one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

άπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, δ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing away: an outward-bound voyage.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ πο-πλύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\dot{v}$ νω, to wash off or away: Ion. impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

άπο-πνέω, Ερ. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I άπέπνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμόν οι ψυχήν ἀποπνείν to give up the ghost, Lat. expirare animam. blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle: —Pass, f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 - επνίγην [t]: pf. -π έπνιγμαι:-to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked with rage

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to fight off or from.

άπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πτολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως, far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ή, (ἀποπέμπω) a sending away, getting rid of.

άπο-πονέω, f. ήσω, to finish a work: stop working. άπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

άπο-πραΰνω, f. ὔνῶ, to soften down.

άπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of άπ-ωνέομαι, with no pres. ἀπο-πρίαμαι in use.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi o - \pi \rho (\zeta \omega, f. i\sigma \omega [i]) = \dot{\alpha}\pi o \pi \rho (\omega, fo saw off)$ 

άπο-πρίω, f. ίσω, to saw through, file off. [1] åπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

άπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part., σίτου ἀποπροελών baving taken some of the bread.

άποπροέηκα, Ion. 20r. 1 of άποπροίημι.

άποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of άποπροαιρέω.

άπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from afar: far off, far away.

άπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

άποπροζείς, part. pres. of

άπο-προίημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προέηκα:--to 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall. tbrow away. άπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to remove afar

off, carry far away.

άπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμω: aor. 2 -έταμον:--to cut off from; νώτου ἀποπροταμών baving cut off a slice

άπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away. άποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of άποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπταμαι.

αποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of αποπέτομαι, as if from άφίπτημι.

ἀπό-πτολιε, poet. for ἀπόπολιε.

**άποπτος**, ον, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύ- $\theta \epsilon \nu$ : hence II. dimly seen.

άπόπτυστος, ον, spat out; loathed, detested. From άπο-πτύω, f. ύσω [v], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει άλὸε ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

**άπο-πυνθάνομαι**, f. –πεύσομαι: Dep. to inquire or

άπ-οράω and άπ-ορέω, Ion. for άφοράω.

άπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

sacked or taken.

άπορέω, f. ήσω, (άπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, απορείν όπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss bow to do: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν to bave no doubt. Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e.g. τροφη̂s. 3. but, amopeiv tivi to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence άπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point. ἀπορητικός, ή, όν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt. ά-πόρθητος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., πορθέω) not

άπ-ορθόω, f. ώσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

απόρθωσις, εως, ή, a setting upright, restoring.

άπορία, ή, (ἄποροε) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty. II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with or finding out. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, besitation. 3. amopla Tivos want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

άπ-όρνυμαι, (ἀπό, ὅρνυμι) Pass. to start from a place. d-mopos, ov, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, bard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, έν απόροιε είναι to be in great straits. get, scarce. II. of persons, bard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable : c. inf., άπορος προσφέρε-2. without means or σθαι impossible to deal with. resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

άπ-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

άπορρ-, p is doubled in Att. in all compds. after dπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

άπορ-ρφθυμέω, f. ήσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

dπορ-ραίνω, f. -ρανώ, to spirt or shed about.

άπορ-ραίω, f. σω, to bereave of; ήτορ απορραίειν Tivá to deprive one of life.

απορραντήριον, τό, (άπορραίνω) a vessel for boly water.

άπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

άπορ-ραψωδέω, s. ήσω, to utter like a ραψωδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

άπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρυήσομαι: aor 2 pass. άπερρύην:—to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, 3. to melt away.

άπορ-ρήγνυμι or άπορ-ρηγνύω: f. -ρήξω:--to break off, snap asunder: - Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγην [α], to be broken off or severed.

άπορρηθέν and άπορρηθήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of dπερω.

άπόρρησις, εως, ή, (ἀπ-ερῶ) a probibition. refusal: renunciation.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-ερω) forbidden; τὰ ἀπόρρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπόρρητον ποιείσθαι to keep secret. τὰ ἀπόρρητα things unfit to be spoken.

άπορ-ριγέω, f. ήσω; pf. ἀπέρριγα:—to shrink shiver-

ing from a thing, shrink from doing it.

άπορ-ρίπτω, poet. άπορίπτω, later also άπορριπτέω: fut. απορρίψω: aor. 1 απέρριψα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. to cast forth, e.g. from one's country: to reject, re-III. to shoot forth bold words, έs τινα nounce. at one.

άπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ή, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off. stream. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ήσω, to sbriek forth.

ἀπορροφάω or - έω, f. ήσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

άπορ-ρυήναι, aot. 2 p. inf., with act. sense, of άπορρέω άπορ-ρυήσομαι, fut. of άπορ-ρέω.

 $\dot{a}\pi \dot{o}\rho\rho \ddot{v}\tau os, o\nu, = \dot{a}\pi \dot{o}\rho\rho oos, flowing from; \dot{a}\pi \dot{o}\rho\rho \nu \tau a$ σταθμά stables with drains.

ἀπορρώξ,  $\hat{\omega}$ γος, δ, ή, (ἀπορρήγνυμι) broken off, abrupt, steep. II. as Subst fem. a piece broken off or divided from anything; Στυγος ύδατος απορρώξ an off-stream of the Styx.

άπ-ορφανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

άπ-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

 $\delta \pi o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau o$ , =  $\kappa \dot{a} \mu a \tau o s$ , we ariness.

άπο-σάλεύω, f. εύσω, to lie to in the open sea or offing :- metaph. to keep aloof from.

ἀπο-σαφέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, σαφή) to make clear.

άπο-σβέννυμι or -σβεννύω: f. -σβέσω:--to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:-Pass. with fut. med.  $-\sigma\beta\eta\sigma\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ ; intr. 201. 2 act.  $d\pi\epsilon\sigma\beta\eta\nu$ , pf. act. άπέσβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

aπo-σείω, f. σω, to shake off:-Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

άπο-σεμνύνω, to extol pompously:-Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνϋνοῦμαι, to give oneself airs.

άπο-σεύω, to chase away:--Pass. to dart away, aor. 1 ἀπεσσύθην [v]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο.

άπο-σημαίνω, f. ανω, to announce by signs, to give shred. From notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign. II. αποσημαίνειν είς τινα to allude to hım. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscribe.

άπο-σήπω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:-Pass., fut.  $-\sigma \tilde{\alpha} \pi \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ , aor. 2  $\dot{\alpha} \pi \epsilon \sigma \dot{\alpha} \pi \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσέσηπα: to rot off, lose by mortification.

ἀπο-σιμόω, f. ώσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be to dissuade earnestly. ἀποσιμοῦν τὰs ναῦs to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sidewards, so as to avoid the direct shock

άπ-οσιόομαι, Ion. for άφ-οσιόομαι.

άπο-σζωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent. II. trans. to keep secret. Hence

άποσιώπησις, εως, ή, a becoming silent. rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as

in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. 1. 139.

άπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches. ἀπο-σκεδάννῦμι, f. –σκεδάσω [ἄ] contr. –σκεδῶ. -to scatter abroad :- Pass. to be scattered, straggle

ἀπο-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to pack and carry away:— Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey. **ἀποσκέψομαι,** fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

άποσκηνέω, f. ήσω, to encamp apart from. From άπό-σκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσσιτος.

άπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the differ from: to fall off or revolt from. gods, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα ές τι to burl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or

break forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαῦρον to rebel. Hence come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

άπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence ἀποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, a shade, shadow: an adumbration.

άπο-σκίδναμαι, Pass., = άποσκεδάννυμαι, to be scat-

ἀπο-σκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see σκέλλω) to be dried up, withered.

άπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρόε τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark. άπο-σκυδμαίνω, to be enraged with.

άπο-σκύθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare. άπο-σκυλεύω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off.

άπο-σκώπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

άπο-σμύττω, f. ξω, to deceive: -- aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσμυγέντες, being deceived.

άπο-σοβέω, f. ήσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a burry, in phrase ούκ αποσοβήσεις; be off!

άπο-σπαράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear off. ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is torn off, a

ἀπο-σπάω, f. –σπάσω [ἄ], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; αποσπάν πύλαs to tear off the gates; απ. το στρατόπεδον to draw off the army:-Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

άπο-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out wine as a

drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to be eager in preventing,

άπο-σποδέω, f. ήσω, to rub off, knock off.

άποσ-σεύω, poet. for άπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστα, for ἀπόστηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι. ἀπο-στάδον, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off. ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. intr. to fall in drops; μανίαι δεινόν αποστάζει μένοι the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away.

άποστάς, άποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of

ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ή, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀπόστασιε, defection, revolt, apostasy.

άποστάσιον, τό, (ἀφίσταμαι) a divorce; άποστάσίου βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom, is not found in good authors

ἀπόστασις, εως, ή, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away 1. a defection, revolt. from, and so 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

άποστατέω, f. ήσω, to stand off or aloof from: to to stand aloof, be absent. From

άποστατής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter,

άποστατικός, ή, όν, rebellious: Adv., άποστατικώς έχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

άπο-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fence off with pales.

άπο-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to uncover, unroof.

άπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to shelter from:—to shelter, keep II. to keep off water, and generally to keep safe. off, as, όχλον πύργος αποστέγει.

άπο-στεινόω, poet. for άπο-στενόω.

άπο-στείχω, f. ξω: 201. 2 ἀπέστιχον:--- to go away, esp. to go back.

άπο-στέλλω, f. -στελώ: aor. I απέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:--Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ἄ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:-to send away from: absol. to send away, ba-II. to send off, dispatch, on some ser-III. to drive back :- Pass. to be sent off: vice. IV. intr. to go back. also, to go away.

άπο-στενόω, poet. -στεινόω: f. ώσω: to straiten:

άπεστείνωντο 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

άπο-στέργω, f. εω, to love no more:—to deprecate. άπο-στερέω, fut. ήσω, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing; c. acc. rei only, to take away, withbold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι

and -στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of.

II. impers., ἀποστερεῖ με there fails me, I lack.

Hence

άποστέρησις, εως, ή, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποστερητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητίς οι -τρίς, ίδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ή, όν, (ἀποστερέω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη ἀποστερητική τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

άποστερητρίς, ίδος, ή, v. sub. άποστερητής.

άπο-στερίσκω, = άποστερέω.

άπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀπο-στιλβόω, f. ώσω, to make to shine.

 $\dot{a}$ πο-στίλ $\beta \omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ , to be bright with.

άπο-στλέγγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεστλεγγισμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti. ἀποστολεύς, έως, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἄποστολή, ή, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition. III. the office of an apostle, apostleship.

άπόστολος, δ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador.
2. an apostle.
11. = στόλος, a naval

expedition.

ἀπο-στοματίζω, f. ίσω Att.  $i\hat{\omega}_{\nu} = \hat{\alpha}\pi\hat{\sigma}$  στόματος είπε $\hat{\nu}$ , to speak from memory or off-band. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀπ-οστράκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to banish by ostracism. ἀπο-στράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρσω to encamp at a distance.

άποστραφῶ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor. 2 pass. subj. of

άπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. I άποστρέψασκε:-Pass, 2οτ. 2 άπεστράφην: pf. απέστραμ-To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας καὶ χείρας ἀποστρέ- $\phi \in \mathcal{V}$ , to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:-Pass., with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺs έμβόλουs, of ships, to bave their beaks bent back. to turn oneself from or away, abbor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή μ' ἀποστραφη̂s do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι bostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

άποστροφή, ή, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὕδατοι ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

άπό-στροφος, ον, (άποστρέφω) turned away, averted. ἀπο-στύγέω, f. –στύξω: 20τ. I –εστύγησα and –έστυξα: 20τ. 2 –έστύγον: perf. –εστύγηκα:—to bate utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφελίζω, f. ξω, to chase away by force. ἀπο-συκάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό, σῦκον) to squeeze figs, to

try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-συλάω, f. ήσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

άπο-συνάγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of

the synagogue.

ἀπο-συρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of

thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [v], f. - συρω, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

άπο-σφάζω, Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινὰ ἐs ἀγγοs, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

άπο-σφακελίζω, f. ίσω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλλώ, f. -σφάλῶ: 201. I -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τινὰ πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in 201. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [ἄ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it. ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφήλειε, ἀποσφήλωσιν, aor. 1 opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφρᾶγίζω, Ιοη. σφρηγ -, f. ίσω Att. τω: to seal up, shut up

άπ-οσφραίνω, f. -οσφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχαλίδόω, f. ώσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχαλίδωμα, ατοs, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping bunting-nets.

άποσχήσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ πο-σχέιν, -σχέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of  $\dot{\alpha}$ πέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the man stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οίκαδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθήναι ἐs... to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, όν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

άπο-τάμνω, Ion. for άπο-τέμνω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. έω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο προς τὸ δεξιόν be bad been stationed on the right.

II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαί τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα ἀποταυροῦσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

άπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench. ἀποτέθνασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνειώς, for ἀποτεθνεώς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

άπο-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—
to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:
—Med. to exert oneself.
2. intr., like Lat. contendere, to basten onwards.

άπο-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to wall off, I. so as 2. so as to blockade. Hence to fortify.

άποτείχισις, εως, ή, the walling of a town, block-

άποτείχισμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring quite to an end. intr. to come to an end, cease, els Ti in a thing.

**ἀπο-τελέω,** f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ: pf. -τετέλεκα: ---Pass., aor. 1 -ετελέσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένοs, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; την πόλιν ἀποτελείν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

άπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέτμηκα:--to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινόs to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from :- Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with

view of appropriating.

άπο-τήκω, f. ξω, to make to melt away:-Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπετάκην [α], to melt away.

άπο-τηλοῦ, Adv. far away.

ά-ποτίβάτος, ον, Dor. and poet. for ά-πρόσβατος. άπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:— Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰs put by for oneself, stow away. avθis to put aside for another time.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi o - \tau i \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\tau i \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $- \dot{\epsilon} \tau \bar{\iota} \lambda \alpha$ : to pluck out. Hence

άπότιλμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a shred. ἀπο-τιμάω, f. ήσω, not to bonour, to slight. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως άποτιμησάμενοι baving fixed their price at two minae: III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation: -Med. to lend on mortgage:-Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

άποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\alpha}-\tau\bar{\iota}\mu\sigma$ , ov,  $(\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\alpha}, \tau\iota\mu\dot{\eta})=\ddot{\alpha}\tau\iota\mu\sigma$ , disbonoured. άπο-τίνάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. εω, to shake off. άπο-τίνυμαι, Dep., poet. for άπο-τίνομαι.

άπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [i], to pay back, repay what is owing: - Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαί τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

άπο-τμήγω, f. ξω, Ep. for άπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτῦς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills. ἀποτμήξειε, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

**ἄ-ποτμος**, ον, unbappy, ill-starred.

άπο-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to make a bold venture. absol. to be fearless, bold.

άποτομή, ή, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off. αποτομία, ή, steepness, severity. From ἀπότομος, ον, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipi-2. metaph. barsh, rough: - Adv. - \( \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{bar}}}} b, rough: - Adv. - \( \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{adv.}}}}}} \), sharply. άπο-τοξεύω, f. σω, to sboot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

α-ποτος, ον, (α privat., ποτόε) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink. άποτράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of άποτρώγω.

άπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from.

2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

άπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοθμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρἄμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away. άπο-τρίβω [τ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; αποτρί-

 $\beta \epsilon i \nu \ \tilde{i} \pi \pi o \nu \ to \ rub \ down \ a \ horse.$ II. to rub off: Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

άποτρόπαιος, ον, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Dit averrunci. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

άποτροπή, ή, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binder-III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party. ıng. άπότροπος, ον, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banisb-2. from which one turns away. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ον, (ἀπό, τροφή) reared away from one's parents.

άπ-οτρύνω, f. -οτρὔνῶ, to excite.

ἀπο-τρύω, f. ύσω [v], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, barass; so in Med., ἀποτρύεσθαι γην to vex the earth.

άπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 20r. 2 άπέτραγον:—to bite or nibble off.

άπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of άποτρέπω.

άπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in bitting, miss, lose. II absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to beat or cudgel se-1 erely.

άπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating: -- Med. to cease

II.

beating oneself in sign of mourning. άπούραs, Ep. aor. 1 act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take

away: part. aor. 1 med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γάρ οἱ ἀπουρίσσουσιν ἀρούρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from \*ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

 $\tilde{a}\pi$ -oupos,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\tilde{a}\pi\delta$ ,  $\tilde{o}\nu$ pos Ion. for  $\delta pos$ ) far from the boundaries; ἄπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ā-πους, δ, ή, ἄπουν, τό, gen. ἄποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot. aπουσία, ή, (aπείναι) a being away, absence. deficiency, want.

 $\dot{a}\pi o \phi \dot{a}\gamma \epsilon i v$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\dot{a}\pi \epsilon \sigma \theta i \omega$ , to eat up. ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [v̄], f. ŏνῶ, to make quite bright. ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φἄνῶ: 20r. I ἀπέφηνα:—to sbew forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. to shew by reasoning, shew, prove. II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to shew, and so to make or render :- Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφασις, εως, ή, (ἀπόφημι) a denial, negation.  $\dot{a}\pi\dot{b}\phi\ddot{a}\sigma is$ ,  $\epsilon\omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{b}\phi\alpha\dot{b}\omega) = \dot{a}\pi\dot{b}\phi\alpha\dot{b}\sigma is$ , a sentence, decision.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \dot{\phi}\dot{a}\sigma \kappa \omega_{\star} = \dot{a}\pi \dot{\phi}\phi \eta \mu_{\star}$ , to deny.

ἀπο-φάτικός, ή, όν, (ἀπόφημι) denying, negative.

άπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

άπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: 20τ. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα: (v. φέρω):—to carry off or away. II. to carry or bring back: hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III. IV. intr. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. in imperat., like απαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:-Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

**ἀποφεύγω**, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον — to flee II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς from, escape. διώκοντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to άλίσκομαι. Hence

άποφευκτικός, ή, όν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And

άπόφευξις, εως, ή, an escaping, getting off.

άπό-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

άπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

 $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$   $\mathbf{q}$   $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{q}$   $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{q}$   $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ 

άπόφθεγμα, ατο: τό, (άποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an

apophthegm.

 $\dot{a}$ πο- $\dot{\phi}$ θείρω, f. - $\dot{\phi}$ θερ $\dot{\omega}$ : pf.  $\dot{a}$ πέ $\dot{\phi}$ θαρκα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:-Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθερουμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ είς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ μου; wilt not be gone with a murrain? Lat, abi in malam rem ἀπο-φθινύθω [v], to perisb. II. trans, άποφθινύθειν θυμόν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίνω: Ep. 201. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [τ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:to perish utterly, to die away. II. Causal in fut. ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθζσα, to make to perish, to destroy. άποφθίσθω, 3 sing, Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg. ἀποφθορά, ή, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

άπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to treat very slightingly, make no account of.

άπο-φλοιόω, f. ώσω, (άπό, φλοιόε) to strip off the rind. άπο-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

dπ6-φονος, ov, murderous.

a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

άπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

άπο-φράγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

aπόφραξις, εως, ή, a fencing off, blocking up.  $\dot{\alpha}$ πο-φράς,  $\dot{\alpha}$ δος,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ πό, φρά $(\omega)$  properly not to be spoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous: ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαραί ήμέραι.

άπο-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγνυμι.

ἀπο-φυάς, άδος, ή, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offshoot.

ἀποφυγή, ή, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

**ἀπό-φυξις**, v. sub ἀπόφευξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf. ἀποπέφυκα, to grow out like a shoot.

άπ-οφώλιος, ον, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. irritus.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from. ἀποχάλασμός, δ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χαλάω, f. άσω [ă], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χαλινόω, f. ώσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f σω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. σω, to strip of brass.

 $\dot{a}\pi o$ - $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho o$ - $\beta \iota \omega \tau o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\pi o, \chi \epsilon i \rho, \beta \iota o \omega)$  living by one's bands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote a charge away from one, acquit bim. II. of persons, to reject, to super-2. of things, to reject, vote against: sede, depose. to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εωε, ή, rejection by show of hands. άπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to draw off water by a canal. άπο-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. I ἀπε-

χύθην [v]: pf. ἀποκέχυμαι:—to pour out, spill, shed.

aπo-χραίνω, to soften off the colour, shade off. άπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρήν, Ion. -χράν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. Ι ἀπέχρησα:--to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, εκατον νέεε άπο-2. with dat., ποταμό ε οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῆ στρατιή was not enough for the army: with infin., ἀποχρά μοι ποιείν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med.  $d\pi \epsilon \chi \rho \epsilon \epsilon \tau o = d\pi \epsilon \chi \rho \eta$ . 3. Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένων τούτοις των Mυσων the Mysians being satisfied therewith. Med. to use to the full. 2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. abuti.

άπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω.

 $\dot{a}\pi\dot{b}$ - $\chi\rho\eta$ , impers, v.  $\dot{a}\pi o\chi\rho\dot{a}\omega$ .

άπο-χρήματος, ον, (ἀπό, χρημα) not to be paid in

ἀπόχρησις, εως, ή, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρώντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

άποχύθείς, aor, 1 pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

άπο-χωλόω, (ἀπό, χωλόε) to make quite lame.

άπο-χώννυμι, f. --χώσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

δ.πο-χωρέω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat. 3. ἀποχωρεῦ ἐκ , to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body.

άπο-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to part or separate from: to set apart

άπο-ψάω, mf. ἀποψήν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off.
2. to wipe clean:— Med. to wipe off from oneself.
3. to wipe one's nose.

άπο-ψηφίζομα, fut. ίσομαι Att. τούμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψήφισμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected.

c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νύμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαί τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal.

III. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence

άποψήφισις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλόω, f. ώσω, to strip of bair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

αποψις, εως, ή, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect

ἀπ-όψομαι, fut from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-όπτομαι, used as fut, of ἀφοράω,

ἀπο-ψύχω  $[\bar{v}]$ ,  $f \notin \omega$ : pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon 2 c. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχήν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. II. (ἀπό, ψῦχοs) to cool, refresh:—Pass to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off. III impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

άπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψει.

άπραγμόνως, Adv of άπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ή, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium. 2 easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) wibout business, free from business, state-affairs or lawsuts (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife.

2. of things, not troublesome or pauful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτέω, f. ήσω, to do nothing, to be idle.
to gain nothing. From

ά-πρακτος, Ion. ά-πρηκτος, ον: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἄπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable. 2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαντικής ἄπρακτος ὑμῦν unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

åπραξία, ή, inaction: ill-success. II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, belplessness.

α-πρατος, ον, (a privat, πέπραται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πιπράσκω) unsold, unsaleable

ά-πράυντος, Ιου. ἀπρήυντος, ον, (α privat., πραύνω) implacable.

ά-πρεπής, ές (a privat , πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming. άπρεπία, ή, poet, for ἀπρέπεια, unseemliness.

ά-πρηκτος, Ion. for άπρακτος. ἀπρίατην, Adv. without price or ransom. [άτ] From ά-πρίατος, η, ον, (α privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ά-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ. ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ον, (ἀπρίξ, πλήσσω) struck un-

ceasingly.

d-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πρίω) properly with closed teeth, like δδάξ, Lat. mordicus: metaph importunately, ceaselessly

ά-πρόβουλοs, ov, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv -λωs, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ά-πρόθυμος, ον, not ready, disinclined, backward. ά-προϊδής, ές, (a privat, προιδείν) unforeseen. ά-προμήθητος, ον, unforeseen.

ά-προυήτως, Adv. of ἀπρουόητος, (α privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ά-πρόξενος, ον, without a πρόξενος.

ά-πρόοπτος, ον, unforeseen. ά-πρόοβάτος, Dor. ἀποτβατος, ον, inaccessible: of disease, not to be bealed.

ά-προσδόκητος, ον, unexpected, unlooked for:— Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting

ά-προσήγορος, ον, (a privat, προσήγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage.

II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ά-πρόσικτος, ον, (α privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ πρόσϊτος, ον, (α privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable. ἀ-πρόσκεπτος, ον, (α privat., προσκέψομαι, fut. of προσκοπέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ά-πρόσκλητος, ον, (α privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ά-πρόσκοπος, ον, (α privat., προσκόπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ά-πρόσμαχος, ον, (α privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ά-πρόσμικτος, ον, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) bolding no intercourse or commerce with others.

**ά-πρόσοιστος,** ον, (α privat., προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ά-προσόμιλος, ov, unsociable.

ά-προστάσίου γραφή, ή, (a privat., προστάτης) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not baving chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ά-πρόσφορος, ον, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ά-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ά-προτίμαστος, ον , Dor. for d-πρόσμαστος, (α privat... προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ά-προφάσιστος, ον, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

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ing no excuse, ready. Adv. - Two, without evasion, bonestly.

ά-πρόσφάτος, ον, (α privat., πρόφημι) unforetold. **ἀ-προφύλακτος,** ον, (α privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

ά-πταιστος, ον, (a privat., πταίω) not stumbling; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον to make the horse less apt to stumble.

ά-πτερος, ον, (a privat., πτερόν) without wings, unwinged: in Homer, τη δ' ἄπτερος ἔπλετο μῦθος the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; άπτερα πωτήματα wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfledged, callow; ἄπτερος φάτις an unfledged, 1. e unconfirmed, report.

ά-πτήν, gen. ἀπτηνος, ὁ, ἡ: dat. pl. ἀπτησι: (a privat., πτηνός) unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged. ά-πτο-επής, ές, (a privat., πτοέω, έπος) undaunted in speech.

**ἀ-πτόλεμος**, ον, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

**ἀπτόs**, ή, ών, (ἄπτω) touched, handled: to be touched,

subject to the sense of touch.

"AΠΤΩ, f. άψω: aor. 1 ήψα:—Pass, aor. 1 ήφθην, Ep. ἐάφθην: pf. ημμαι, Ion. αμμαι. To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing; ἐπὶ δ' ἀσπὶς ἐάφθη his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him :--more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. 1 ἡψάμην: -to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, bang on by, grasp, αψασθαι γούνων to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, attack. 3. to touch, affect. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive. 5 to reach, overtake: to gain. II to kindle, set on fire:—Pass, to take fire: to be set on fire.

ά-πτώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πίπτω) not falling or

failing, unfailing.

ά-πύλωτος, ον, (a privat., πυλόω) not closed by a gate. a-πυργος, ov, without tower and wall, unfortified. ά-πύργωτος, ον, (a privat., πυργόω) not girt with towers.

ά-πύρος, ον, (a privat., πῦρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i.e. new; απυρος οίκος a cold, cheerless house; χρυσός ἄπυρος unrefined, opp. to ἄπεφθος; ίερα ἄπυρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = αθυτα, unoffered: απ. αρδιε a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -pws.

ά-πύρωτος, ον, (a privat., πυρόω) not yet exposed to

fire.

**ἄ-πυστος**, ον, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) of which nothing bas been learnt, unknown. II. act. baving learnt nothing, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

άπύτης, ό, Dor. for ήπύτης. [απυ-]

**ἀπύω**, Dor. for ἡπύω.

'AΠΦΥ'Σ or ἀπφῦs, gen. ύοι, δ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, papa, Hebr. Abba.

άπ-φδός, όν, (ἀπό, ψδή) discordant, out of tune.

δπωθεν, Adv. = δποθεν, from afar.

ἀπ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω; aor. Ι ἀπέωσα or απωσα:-to thrust off, drive away: of the wind, to beat off, beat from one's course: later, to drive away from the land, banish. 2. to repel, drive back. Med. to reject, disdain. Hence

άπώθητος, ov, thrust or driven away, rejected.

ἀπώλεια, ή, (ἀπόλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

άπώλεσα, aor. I of ἀπόλλυμι.

άπωλόμην, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι. ά-πώμαστος, ον, (a privat., πῶμα) without a lid. άπώμοσα, aor. I of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀπόμνυμι) a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to έξωμοσία.

άπώμοτος, ον, (ἀπόμνυμι) forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat, abjurandus: Booτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything. II. act. under oath not to do a thing.

 $d\pi\hat{\omega}\sigma\alpha$ , aor. I inf. of  $d\pi\omega\theta\epsilon\omega$ .

άπωσάμην, -σασθαι, aor. I med. ind. and inf. of άπωθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, ον, (ἀπωθέω, κῦμα) repelling waves.  $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ πωσις,  $\epsilon \omega \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ πωθ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a thrusting or driving away. άπωστός, ή, όν, (ἀπωθέω) thrust or driven away from. II. that can be driven away.

ἀπώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:— Sup. ἀπώτατος, η, ον, furthest off.

ἀπωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

αρ, Ep. before a consonant for αρα.

"APA, Ep. pá (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ap: I. EPIC USAGE: I. then, straightway; ω̂s φάτω, βη δ' ἄρ' ὄνειροs thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:—then, next in order, of δ' ἄρ '**Αθήνας ε**ἶχον. 2. explanation of a thing going before; φη δ' ἀέκητι θεων φυγέειν for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron. apa makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, δν ἄρ' ἤθελον αὐτοί just the one, the very one, which they wished. ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like our, then, therefore, so then; κάλλιστον ἄρα ἡ ἀρετή therefore you must allow virtue is best; μάτην άρ', ώς ἔοικεν, ήκομεν so it seems then we are come in vain:—in questions, τίε άρα δύσεται; who then is there to save?—"Αρα cannot begin a sentence.

άρα, interrog. particle, a stronger form of άρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? an affirmative answer is expected, doa où is used, = Lat. nonne 🕈 3. dpa is also used in exclamations; δδυνηρώς δρ' δ πλοῦτος! grievous then is wealth! - In prose apa always stands first in the sentence.

'APA', Ion. 'APH', h, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin. II. 'Apá personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. Dira.

άραβέω, f. ήσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of armour. From

"APABOΣ, δ, a rattling; αραβοι δδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ζραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) a clasbing, rattling; άραγμὸς στέρνων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. planetus.

άραι, aor. I inf. of αίρω.

'APAIO'Σ, Att. apaios, a, ov, also os, ov, thin, narrow, weak, slight.

aρaîos, a, ov, also os, ov, (άρά) prayed to or entreated; Ζεὺs ἀραῖος, = ἰκέσιος. 2. prayed against, accursed. II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [ă]

**ἀραίρηκα**, ἀραιρηκώς, ἀραιρημένος, ἀραίρητο, Ιοη. redupl. for ηρηκα, ηρηκώς, ηρημένος, ήρητο, pf. and plpqf. redupl. forms from αἰρέω.

άράμενος, aor. 1 med. part. of αίρω.

**ἀράομαι,** f. άσομαι [ā], Ion. ήσομαι: pf. ήρāμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., άρας αρασθαί τινι to imprecate curses upon one.

ἄρᾶρε, Dor. for ἄρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, ΙΙ. ἄρἄρε, Ep. for ήραρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

άραρείν, aor. 2 inf. of άραρίσκω.

άραρίσκω, redupl. pres from the Root \*άρω: trans. in pres. and 1mpf., in f. ἀρῶ Ion. ἄρσω: aor. 1 ήρσα Ion. άρσα: aor. 2 ήραρον Ep. άραρον: -to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. άρηρα Att. άραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀρἄρυῖα: plopf. ἡράρειν [ā]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρηρεμένος, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. άρμενος: - to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

**ἄρἄρον**, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀρἄρών.

άραρώς, ἀραρυία Ερ. ἄραρυία, ἀραρός, perf. part. of

άραρίσκω, fitted, fitting : - Adv. - ότωs.

άράσσω, Att. -ττω: f ἀράξω Dor. -αξῶ: aor. ήραξα Ερ. άραξα:--Pass., aor. Ι ήράχθην: (a euphon., ράσσω):-to strike bard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλαs άράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph, αράσσειν δνείδεσι to strike with reproaches:-Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle. [a] άρατός, Ion. άρητός, ή, όν, (άράομαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, unblest.

άράχνειος, a, ov, of or belonging to a spider. From 'APA'XNH,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = d\rho \dot{\alpha} \chi \nu \eta s$ . II. a spider's web,

cobweb, Lat. aranea.

'APA'XNH∑, ò, a spider, Lat. araneus. Hence

άράχνιον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

"Aραψ, αβοε, δ, an Arab: also "Aραβος, ου, δ. 'APBY'AH, h, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a balf-boot. [v] doβυλίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = doβύλη,

άργαείς, Dor. for άργηείε.

άργαλέος, α, ον, (άλγος, as if άλγαλέος) bard, painful, grievous, Lat. gravis: also of persons, troublesome.

άργας, contr. for άργαείε.

'Αργει-φόντης, ου, δ, for 'Αργο-φονευτής, ("Αργος, φονεύω) slayer of Argus.

άργέλοφοι, ων, οί, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, offal, refuse. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άργεννός, ή, όν, Aeol. and Dor. for άργός, white,

mostly of sheep.

άργεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀργός) white. II. paroxytone, ἀργέστης, ου, δ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's Notus albus, detergens 2. later, from being the epithet of nubila caelo. Zέφυροs, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian Σκίρων.

άργέτι, άργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for άργητι, άρ-

γῆτα, from ἀργή**ε**, white.

 $\dot{a}\rho\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $f\dot{\gamma}\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}\rho\gamma\dot{o}s=\dot{a}\epsilon\rho\gamma\dot{o}s)$  to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone: - Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

άργηείς Dor. άργαείς, εσσα, εν, contr. άργας, gen.

 $d\rho \gamma \hat{a} \nu \tau o s$ , =  $d\rho \gamma \dot{\eta} s$ .

 $\mathring{a}$ ργής,  $\mathring{\eta}$ τος,  $\mathring{o}$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ , also with poet. dat. and acc. άργέτι, άργέτα: (άργόs):-white, bright, vivid.

dργηστής, οῦ, δ, = dργής, white, glancing. ἀργία, ή, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) idleness, lazi-

ness: in good sense, leisure.

άργι-κέραυνος, ον, (άργής, κεραυνός) with white, vivid lightning.

άργιλλος or άργιλος, ή, (ἀργός) white clay, potter's earth, Lat. argilla.

άργιλλ-ώδης οτ άργιλ-ώδης, ες, (ἄργιλλος, είδος) like clay, clayey.

άργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = άργός, white, shining.

άργι-όδους, όδοντος, ό, ή, (άργός, όδούς) whitetoothed, white-tusked.

άργί-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άργός, πούs) swift-footed or white-footed.

αργμα, τό, (αρχω) only used in plur. αργματα =άπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

'Aργολίζω, f. ίσω, to take the part of Argos. From 'Aργολίs, ίδοs, ή, Argolis, a district in Pelopon-2. as Adj. δ, ή, of Argolis, Argolic.

"Apyos, cos, 76, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

'APΓO'Σ, ή, όν, shining, bright, glistening; πόδαs άργοί as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

άργός, όν, contr. from άεργός, (a privat., έργον) not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, ἀργόε πόνων: of land, lying fallow. pass. not done, Lat. infectus: unattempted.

άργυρ-άγχη, ἡ, (ἄργυρος, ἄγχω) silver-quinsy, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed. ἀργῦρ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, ἀμείβω) a money-

changer.

ἀργυρείον, τύ, a silver-mine. Properly neut. from ἀργυρείος οτ ἀργυρείος, ον, = ἀργυρείος, ἀργυρεία μέταλλα silver-mines.

άργύρεος οτ άργυρέος, a,  $o\nu$ , contr. άργυρους,  $\hat{a}$ ,  $o\hat{\nu}\nu$ , (apγυροs) silver, of silver.

ἀργύρ-ήλατος, ον, (ἄργυρος, ἐλαύνω) wrought of silver.

άργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of άργύριον.

άργύριον, τό, (ἄργϋρος) a piece of silver: hence 'silver,' 1 e. money, casb.

άργυρίς, ίδος, ή, (άργυρος) a silver vessel

άργυρίτης [i], fem. άργυρίτις, ιδος,  $\eta$ , (άργυρος) of or belonging to silver: as Subst. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), silver-ore. άργυρο-δίνης, ου,  $\delta$ , (άργυρος, δίνη) running in silver eddies, epith. of rivers. [i]

άργυρο-ειδής, ές, (ἄργυρος, είδος) like silver.

ἀργὕρό-ηλος, ον, (ἄργυρος, ήλος) silver-studded. ἀργύρο-κόπος, ὁ, (ἄργυρος, κόπτω) a worker in silver, silversmith.

άργὕρολογέω, (ἀργυρολόγοs) to levy moncy: c. acc. to lay a country under contribution. Hence

άργυρολογία, ή, a levying of money.

ἀργύρο-λόγος, ον, (ἄργυρος, λέγω) levying money. ἀργύρό-πέζα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἄργυρος, πέζα) silver-footed: also ἀργυρό-πέζος, ον.

άργυρο-ποιός,  $\delta$ , (ἄργυρος, ποιέω) a worker in silver. άργορό-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , gen.-ποδος, (ἄργυρος, πούς) with silver feet.

άργυρορ-ρύτης, ου, ό, (άργυρος, ρέω) silver-flow-

ing. [pv]

αργ-τρος, δ, (ἀργός, white) like Lat. arg-entum, the white metal, i. e. silver, first in Homer.

2. silver-money, money.

ἀργὕρό-τοξος, ον, (άργυρος, τόξον) with silver bow, epith. of Apollo

άργυρο-φεγγής, ές, (άργυρος, φέγγος) silver-sbining. άργυρόω, f. ώσω, (άργυρος) to turn into silver. 2 to reward with silver:—Pass. to be so rewarded.

άργυρ-ώδης, ες, = άργυροειδής. 2 rich in silver. άργυρωμα, ματος, τό, (ἀργυρόω) silver-plate.

άργυρ-ώνητος, ον, (ἄργυρος, ἀνέομαι) bought with silver.

άργύφεος, α, ον, (ἄργυρος) silver-white. [v] άργύφος, ον, = ἀργύφεος, epith. of sheep.

'Αργώ, όοε, contr. ουε, δ, (ἀργόε, swift) the Argo or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

άρδεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , = ἄρδω, to water, Lat. irrigare. ἀρδην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἴρω) lifted up, raised on bigb. II. utterly, Lat. penitus.

APAIΣ, εως, ή, the point of anything, an arrowbead: a sting.

άρδμός, δ, a watering: a watering-place. From

"APΔΩ, f. άρσω: aor. I hpσa:—to water cattle, give them to drink:—Pass. to drink. 2. of rivers, to water land, Lat. irrigare. II. metaph. to refresh, foster.

'Αρέθουσα, ή, name of several fountains, perhaps for 'Αρδουσα, waterer: the most famous was at Syracuse. ἀρειά, Ion. ἀρειή, ή, (ἀρά) cursing, threatening lan-

guage.

"Aρειος, ον also α, ον, Ιοη 'Αρήιος, η, ον, ('Αρης) warlike, martial, Lat. Mavortius: Comp. 'Αρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

"Apeιos πάγος, δ, bill of Ares, Mars' Hill, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: capital crimes came specially under its jurisdiction.

 $\dot{a}$ ρειότερος, a,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ρεί $\omega\nu$ .

'Αρεί-τολμος, ον, ('Αρης, τόλμα) full of martial boldness.

'Aρεί-φάτος, Ep. 'Aρηΐφατος, ον, ("Aρης, πέφαται 3 sing.pf. pass. of \*φένω) slain by Ares, i. e. slain in war.

2. later generally = 'Αρείος, martial.

ἀρείων,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -oν,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , gen. ovos, better, stronger, braver: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθύs. (On the deriv., see "Aons.)

α-ρεκτος, ον, poet. for αρρεκτος, undone.

άρέομαι, Ion. for άράομαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. 1 mf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρεσάσθω, Ερ. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. imperat. of ἀρέσκω.

άρέσθαι, aor. 2 med inf. of αίρω.

åρεσκεία, ή, (ἀρέσκω) a desire to please, complaisance: in bad sense, obsequiousness, flattery.

άρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of άρεσκω, agreeably. άρεσκος, η, ον, desirous to please, complaisant: in

bad sense, obsequious, flattering. From

ἀρέσκω, fut. ἀρέσω αστ. Ι ήρεσα, ιιιf. ἀρέσαι: pf ἀρήρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ερ. ἀρέσσομαι: αστ 1 ήρεσάμην, Ερ. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., αστ. Ι ήρεσάμην: ('ἄρω, ἀρσω):—to make good, make it up, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we make up among ourselves; ὰψ ἀρέσαι to make amends: c. acc. pers to conciliate, propitiate, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν: c gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φρέναs αἴματος ἐπέεσσιν: c gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φρέναs αἴματος they sated their heart with blood:—Pass. to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter, ταῦτα ἀρέσκει μοι: ἀρέσκει τροίς τενός to conform to his ways:—impers., ἤρεσέσμι ταῦτα ποιεῦν it pleased them to do so

άρεστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκω, pleasing, grateful: acceptable, approved. Adv. -τωs.

άρετάω, f. ήσω, (άρετή) to be fit or proper, to thrive,

prosper.

άρετή, ή, goodness, excellence, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. virtus (from vir), manbood, prowess, valour: also manly beauty, dignity, etc. 2. in Prose, of the virtues of land, fountains, etc. 3. excellence in art or workmanship, skill. II. in motal sense, goodness, virtue:-also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see 'Aρηs.)

άρή, ή, Ion. and Hom. for άρά.

άρηαι, Ep. for άρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αίρω.

άρηγοσύνη, ή, = άρηξιε.

'APH'ΓΩ, f. ξω, to belp, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγαν άρηγει it II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, is meet to be silent. prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν: also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοιs άρήγειν. (Same Root as άρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

άρηγών, όνος, δ, ή, a belper, aid.

'Aρητ-θοος, ον, ('Aρης, θοός) swift as Ares, swift in

'Αρηϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, ('Αρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.

'Αρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for 'Αρειος.

'Αρηί-φάτος, ον, Ion. for 'Αρεί-φατος.

'Aρηί-φίλοs, ὁ, ἡ, also η, ον, ('Aρηs, φίλοs) dear to

άρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for άρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀρᾶσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

άρημένος, η, ον, distressed, barassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain)

άρηξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\rho\dot{\eta}\gamma\omega)$  belp, succour. II. c. gen rei, belp against a thing, means of averting it. **ἄρηρα**, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: plopf. ἀρήρειν. άρηρεμένος, pf. pass part. of άραρίσκω.

άρήροκα, άρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of άρόω.

άρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρόω.

'APHΣ, δ: gen. 'Aρεοs or 'Aρεωs (never 'Aρουs): dat. 'Αρεί, Att. contr. 'Αρεί, poet 'Αρη: acc 'Αρη, also 'Aρην and 'Aρεα: voc. 'Aρεs: Ion. and Ep. declension Appos, ni, na. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἄρρην. αρσην, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come αρετή, αρι-, αρείων, αριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manbood, bravery in war: cf Lat. virtus.)

άρητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ : fem. άρήτειρα, (άράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā] άρητός, Ion. for άρατός.

 $\dot{\alpha}\rho\theta\epsilon(s, a)$  or. I pass, part, of  $\alpha\ell\rho\omega$ .

αρθεν, Aeol. for ήρθησαν, 3 pl. 20r. I pass. of αίρω. άρθμέω, f. ήσω, (άρθμός) to be joined together.

aρθμιοs, a, ov, joined, united: at peace with another: -as Subst. ἄρθμια, ων, τά, peaceful relations, concord. c ρθμός, δ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.

αρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἄρθρα ποδοῖν the ankles; ἄρθρα τῶν κύκλων the eyes; ἄρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence άρθρόω, f. ώσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

άρθρ-ώδης, εs. (ἄρθρον, είδος) well-jointed.

'API'-, insep. Prefix, like epi-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with άρη**s, ἀρείων, άριστοs**.

 $\dot{a}$ ρι-γνώς,  $\hat{\omega}$ τος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ρίγνωτος.

άρί-γνωτος, η, ον, also os, ον, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous. άρί-δακρύς, v, gen. vos, (άρι-, δάκρυ) much weep-

ing, very tearful.

άρί-δαλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηλος.

άρι-δείκετος, ον, (άρι-, δείκνυμι) much shewn: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος άνδρων most renowned of men.

άρί-δηλος, ov, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen,

of mountains: manifest, much known.

άρί-ζηλος, ον, also η, ον, Ep. form of ἀρίδηλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. -λωs.

άρι-ζήλωτος, ov, very enviable.

άριθματός, όν, Dor. for άριθμητός.

άριθμεθντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοθσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω. ἀριθμέω, f. ήσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up. to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

άριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for άριθμηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ρίθμημα,  $\mathbf{a}$ τος,  $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ ος,  $(\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ριθμ $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ ω)  $\mathbf{a}$  number.

άρίθμησις, εως, ή, a counting or reckoning up. άριθμητικός, ή, ών, of or for numbering or rec-

koning, skilled therein: ἡ -κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}$ s, arithmetically.

άριθμητός, ή, όν, easily numbered, few in number: ούκ άριθμητόs not counted, beld of no account, Lat. nullo in numero babitus.

άριθμός, δ, number, a number, Lat numerus. amount, size, etc; πολύς ἀριθμός χρύνου ber, as a mark of worth, rank, etc; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἵζεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ elvai, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no ac-4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality count. or worth; λόγων ἀριθμύς a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς άλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's II. a numbering, counting; nos numerus sumus.  $d\rho_i\theta_\mu\partial_\nu$  ποιείσθαι της στρατιής to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\rho \mathbf{i} \mathbf{v}_{\bullet} = \tilde{\mathbf{a}} \rho \rho \iota \mathbf{s}$ .

"Apιos, a, ov, old word for Μηδικόs, Median.

άρι-πρεπής, ές, (άρι-, πρέπω) very stately ot showy, very splendid.

α-ρīs, = άρριs.

άρί-σημος, ον, (άρι-, σημα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

άρίστ-αθλος, ον, (άριστος, άθλον) victorious in the contest.

άρίστ-αρχος, ον, (ἄριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.

άρι-στάφυλος, ον, (άρι-, στάφυλή) rich in grapes. άριστάω, f. ήσω: pf. ήρίστηκα, syncop. I pl. ήρίσταμεν, syncop. inf. ήριστάναι: (ἄριστον):-to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἄριστον.

άριστεία, ή, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the bero that

won the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεῖα), any great, beroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e. g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

άριστεία, τά, always in plur., (άριστεύω) the prize

of the bravest, meed of valour.

άριστερόs, ά, όν, left, on the left; ἐπ' ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χείρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-banded, clumsy, like French gauche. (Deriv. uncertain.)

**ἀριστεύs**, έωs, ὁ, (ἄριστοs) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστῆες, Lat. optimates, the noblest

chiefs, princes.

άριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. άριστεύεσκε: f. εύσω: (άριστος):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων άριστεύεσκε be was the best of the Trojans; άριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., άριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι be was best at fighting.

άριστήϊον, Ion. for άριστείον.

άριστίζω, f. ίσω, (άριστον) to give one breakfast:— Med. to breakfast.

άριστίνδην, Adv. (ἄριστος) according to rank or merit.

άριστο-κρατία, ή, (ἄριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

άριστοκρατικός, ή, όν, aristocratical.

άριστό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (ἄριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

αριστο-μάχος, ον, (άριστος, μάχη) fighting best.
"APIETON, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman prandium.

άριστό-voos, ον, (άριστος, νύος) of the best dis-

position.

άριστο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (άριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

άριστος, η, ον, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός: of persons, best, i.e. bravest or noblest: c inf., ἄριστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἄριστος ἀπατᾶσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i. e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἄριστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ἄριστος Hom., ἄριστος, Att., ἄριστος Dor. (On deriv., see "Αρης.)

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ριστοτόκεια,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , poet. fem. of

άριστο-τόκος, ον, (άριστος, τεκείν) bearing the best children.

**ἀριστό-χειρ**, ειρο**s**, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἄριστο**s**, χείρ) with the best band; ἀγὼν ἀριστόχειρ a contest won by the stoutest band.

άριστ-ώδιν, Ινος, δ, ή, (ἄριστος, ἀδίς) bearing the best children.

άρι-σφάλής,  $\epsilon$ , ( $\delta$ ρι-, σφάλ $\epsilon$  $\hat{i}$ ν) very slippery or treacherous.

άρι-φράδής, έε, (άρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very chariots, charioteer.

| manifest : clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέωs, very | plainly.

άρκειος, a, oν, = άρκτειος, of a bear.

άρκεόντως, Att. contr. άρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of άρκεω, enough; άρκούντως έχει it is enough.

άρκεσις, εως, ή, (ἀρκέω) belp, aid, service.

άρκετός, ή, όν, (ἀρκέω) sufficient. Adv.  $-\tau \hat{\omega}s$ . ἀρκεῦν, Ion. for ἀρκοῦν, pres. part. neut. of

'APKÉ'Ω, f. έσω: aor. I ήρκεσα:—pf. pass. ήρκεσμα:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid.

II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough.

2. impers., dρκεῖ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; dρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good.

III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of dρήγω.)

άρκιος, α, ον, also os, ον, safe, sure; νῦν ἄρκιον ἡ ἀπολέσθαι ἡὲ σαωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἄρκιος μισθός a sure reward.

enough, sufficient.

άρκούντως, contr. for άρκεύντως.

αρκτειος, α, ον, (άρκτος) of a bear.

άρκτέον, verb. Adj. of άρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from άρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. e. one must obey.

"APKTOΣ, δ and ħ, a bear. 2. "Αρκτος, ħ, the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere αμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

'Αρκτ-οῦρος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, οῦρος) Arcturus or Bearguard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Bootes. Il. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

'Αρκτο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (ἄρκτος, φύλαξ) = 'Αρκτοῦ-

pos, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

"APKΥΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, νος, ἡ, a net, bunter's net, Lat cassis; ἄρκυς ξίφους the toils, i. e. perils, of the sword.

άρκυ-στάσία, ή, or

άρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (άρκυς, ίστημι) a line of nets.

ἀρκύ-στάτος, η, ον, οι ος, ον, (άρκυς, ἵστημι) surrounded with nets; ἀρκυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἀρκύστατον, τό, a net or place beset with

άρκυ-ωρός, δ, (ἄρκυς, οὖρος) a watcher of nets.

αρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as άρμός, άρμόςω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

άρμαλία, ή, (άρμόζω)-sustenance allotted, food.

άρμ-άμαξα, ης, ή, (άρμα, άμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

άρμάτειος, α, ον, (ἄρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast. άρματεύω, f. σω, (ἄρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

άρματηλάσία, ή, chariot-driving. From άρματηλατέω, f. ήσω, to drive a chariot. From

άρματ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (άρμα, ελαύνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.

άρματό-κτύπος, ον, (άρμα, κτυπέω) rattling with chariots.

άρματο-πηγός, όν, (άρμα, πήγνυμι) making chariots; άρματοπηγός, δ, a wheelwright, chariot-maker.

άρματο-τροφέω, f. ήσω, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) to keep chariot borses, esp. for racing. Hence

άρματοτροφία, ή, a keeping of chariot borses.

άρματο-τροχιά, lon. -ιή, ή, (ἄρμα, τροχύε) the course of a chariot, wheel-track.

άρματωλία, ή, = άρματηλασία.

**ἄρμενα**, τά, the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like ὅπλα. (From same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόςω.)

**ἄρμενος**, η, ον, Εp. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω **ἀρμόδιος**, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἀρμόζω) fitting together:

hence well-fitting, agreeable.

άρμόζω, Att. άρμόττω, Dor. άρμόσδω: f. άρμόσω: aor. Ι ήρμοσα: pf. ήρμοκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ήρμόσθην: pf. ήρμοσμαι: (ἀρμόs, ἄρω):—to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work :- Med. to join for oneself, put together: to prepare, make ready. 2. of marriage. to give in marriage: - Med. to marry, take to wife: -Pass. to be married to. 3. to bind fast. to set in order, arrange, govern. II. intrans. to fit, fit well: to be adapted, fit for. II!. impers., άρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. decet, c. inf.; σιγαν αν άρμόζοι. **ἀρμοῖ**, Adv., = ἄρτι, just, newly, lately. (Properly an old dat, of ἁρμύs.)

άρμο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (άρμός, λέγω) to join together. άρμονία, ή, (άρμόζω) a fitting together: a joint. II. a union between persons, covenant. III. an ordinance, decree; hence fate. IV. as a term in music, harmony, concord. 2. in Rhet. the intonation of the voice. 3. generally, harmony, agreement, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικών άρμονία woman's perverse temper.

άρμονικός, ή, όν, (άρμόζω) skilled in music: τὰ

άρμονικά the theory of music.

άρμός, ὁ, (ἀ for ἄμα, ἄρω) a joining, a joint; ἀρμὸς χώματος λιθοσπαδής a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones.

άρμόσδω, Dor. for άρμύζω.

άρμοσμα, ατος, τό, (άρμόζω) joined work.

άρμοστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = sq. : poet., also άρμόστωρ, a commander.

άρμοστήs, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀρμόζω) one who arranges or governs, a governor: esp. a harmost, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also the governor of a dependent colony.

άρμόττω, Att. for άρμόζω, q. v.

άρνα, acc. with no nom. in use, dual άρνε, plur. άρνες, etc.; v. sub άρνός.

άρνακίς, ίδος, ή, (άρνός) a sheep's skin.

αρνειος, α, ον, (ἀρνός) of a lamb or sbeep; αρνειος φόνος slaughtered sheep.

apveios, δ, (apros) a young ram: but as Adj., apreids öïs a male sheep.

άρνεο-θοίνης, ου, ὁ, (ἀρνός, θοινάω) feasting on sheep. 'APNE'OMAI, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡρνήθην, but also aor. med. I ἡρνησάμην: Dep.:—opp. to εἰπεῖν, to deny: opp. to δοῦναι, to refuse: absol. to say no, decline: c. inf. to refuse to do.

άρνευτήρ, η̂ροs, δ, (ἀρνείω) a tumbler: also a diver. ἀρνεύω, f. σω, (ἀρνόs) to frisk like a lamb, tumble.

άρνήσιμος, η, ον, (άρνέομαι) to be denied.

άρνησις, εως, ή, (άρνέομαι) denial.

aρνίον, τό, Dim. of αρνός, a young lamb, lambkin.

'APNO'Σ, τοῦ, τῆs, gen. of an obsol. nom. \*ắρs, the nom. in use being ἀμνόs: dat. ἀρνί, acc. ἄρνα; du. ἄρνε; pl. ἄρνεs, gen. ἀρνῶν, dat. ἄρνασι (Ερ. ἄρνεσσι), acc. ἄρναs:—a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna: also a sbeep.

ἄρνῦμαι, defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., lengthd. form of αἴρομαι, to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize.

άρξεθμαι, Dor. for άρξομαι, fut. of άρχομαι.

αρόμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of αίρω.

 $\delta \rho o v$ , - $\delta \tau \omega$ , aor. I imperat. of  $\delta \rho \omega$ .

ἀρόσιμος, ον, (ἀρόω) arable, fruitful: metaph. fit for engendering children.

**ἄροσις**, εως, ἡ, (ἀρόω) a ploughing, tillage. II. arable land, corn-land, Lat. arvum.

ἀροτήρ, ῆρος, δ, (ἀρόω) a ploughman, busbandman; βοῦς ἀροτήρ a steet for ploughing.

II. metaph. a father.

άρότης, ου, ό, = ἀροτήρ, a ploughman; Πιερίδων ἀρόται labourers of the Muses, ι. e. poets.

άροτος, ό, (ἀρόω) tillage, ploughing, husbandry; ζην άπ' ἀρότου to live by husbandry.

2. the crop, fruit of the field: also a field.

II. the season of tillage, seed-time.

άροτραιοs, a, ον, (άροτρον) of corn-land.

 $\dot{a}$ ροτρεύς,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ s,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ροτήρ. Hence

άροτρεύω, f. σω, = ἀρύω, to plough.

άροτρητής, οῦ, ὁ, of or for the plough. ἀροτριάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ , = ἀρόω, to plough.

άροτρο-δίαυλος, δ, (ἄροτρον, δίαυλος) one who ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the δίαυλος.

ἄροτρον, τό, (ἀρύω) a plough, Lat. aratrum.

άροτρο-πόνος, ον, (άροτρον, πόνος) labouring at the plough.

άροτρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (άροτρον, φέρω) to draw the plough.

 $\dot{a}$ ροῦμαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , fut. med. of  $\dot{a}$ είρω: but  $\dot{a}$ ροῦμαι  $[\check{a}]$  of  $\dot{a}$ ερω.

αρουρα, ή, (ἀρόω) tilled or arable land, seed-land, cern-lanl, Lat. arvum: also generally, soil, land; πατρὶε άρουρα father-land:—metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children. Hence

άρουραίοs, a, ov, belonging to corn-land, rustic; μῦs ἀρουραίοs a field-mouse.

άρούριον, τό, Dim. of άρουρα.

άρουρό-πονος, ον, (ἄρουρα, πόνος) working in the field.

'APO'Ω, f. όσω, poët. όσσω: aor 1 ήροσα: pf.

Π.

άρήροκα:---Pass., aor. Ι ήρδθην: pf. άρήρομαι:---to | plough, till, Lat. arare. II. to sow, apoûv els κήπουs. 2 metaph. of the husband, to beget: Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

άρδωσι, Ep. for ἀροῦσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρύω.

ἀρπαγή, ή, (ἀρπάζω) seizure, robbery, rape. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity.

άρπάγη, ή, (άρπάζω) a book for drawing up a 2. a rake, Lat. barpago.

ἄρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀρπάζω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

άρπαγμός, ὁ, (ἀρπάζω) robbery. 2. anything that

is seized, plunder.

'APΠΑ ΖΩ, fut. άρπάξω, Att. άρπάσω or άρπάσομαι: aor. Ι ήρπαξα, Att. ήρπασα: pf ήρπακα:--Pass., aor. Ι ήρπάχθην or ήρτάσθην: aor. 2 ήρπάγην [ἄ] pf. ήρπαγμαι οτ ήρπασμαι:—to ravish away, to carry off; in part., άρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. to grasp bastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

άρπακτήρ, ό, a robber.—Fem. άρπάκτειρα. **άρπακτός**, ή, όν, (άρπά(ω)) seized in baste.

**ἀρπάλέοs**, α, ον, and os, ον, (ἀρπάζω) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έωs, eagerly. Hence

άρπαλίζω, f. ίσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive. **ἄρπαξ, αγος, ὑ, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) robbing, rapacious, Lat.** rabax. II. as Subst. ἄρπαξ, δ, a robber, plunderer. ἄρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

 $\dot{a}$ ρπεδόνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ ρπάζω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

**ἄρπη**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἀρπάζω) a bird of prey, a kind of ful-II. a sickle: a scimitar.

**ἄρπυιαι, ai**, (ἀρπάζω) the snatchers, i. e whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

'APPA'BΩ'N, ωνοs, o, earnest-money, cautionmoney: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrhabo, arrha.

αρ-ραφος, ον, (a privat., βαφηναι) unsewed, without seam or suture.

αρ-ρεκτος, poet. α-ρεκτος, ον, (a privat., ρϵ(ω)undone: unfinished.

άρρενικός, ή, όν, (άρρην) masculine, male.

άρρενό-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (ἄρρην, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy.

άρρεν-ωπος, ον, (άρρην, ώψ) masculine-looking, masculine.

άρ-ρηκτος, ον, (a privat., ρήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. -τωs. "APPHN, δ, ή, ἄρρεν, τό, gen. ενος: old Att. αρσην: Ion. έρσην: -male, opp. to θηλυς: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst, appny, & the male. άρρηνής, έε, (ἄρρην) fierce, savage.

άρ-ρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., ρηθηναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught. be told, secret, mysterious; διδακτά τ' άρρητά τε things | aliquo.

that may be published and must not be told. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; ἄρρητ' ἀρρήτων things most borrible. ful to be spoken; ρητά και άρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda.

άρρηφορέω, f. ήσω, (άρρηφύρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

aρρηφορία, ή, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

'Αρρη-φόροι, αί, (ἄρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (άρpnra) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

άρ-ρίγητος, ον, (a privat., ρίγεω) not shivering from

cold or fear.

αρ-ριζος, ον, (a privat., βίζα) not rooted.

αρ-ρις, ινος, ό, ή, (a privat., bis) without nose, without smell.

"APPIXOΣ, δ, Att. ή, a basket. [t]

άρ-ρυθμος, ον, (a privat., δυθμώς) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. - \u03e9\u03e4s, out of time

άρ-ρυτίδωτος, ον, (a privat., ρυτίς) unwrinkled.  $\dot{\alpha}\rho$ - $\rho\dot{\omega}\xi$ ,  $\hat{\omega}\gamma os$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (a privat.,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\omega}\xi$ ) without cleft, unbroken

άρρωστέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (άρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

άρρώστημα, ματοε, τό, a sickness.

άρρωστία, ή, (άρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill bealth, ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεύειν inability to serve from ill health

ἄρ-ρωστος, ον, (α privat., δώννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

άρσαι, άρσον, άρσαντες, and άρσάμενος, aor. I act and med, of ἀραρίσκω.

άρσε, Ep. for ήρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of αραρίσκω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ ρσενικός,  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ ν,  $= \dot{\mathbf{q}}$ ρρενικός.

 $d\rho\sigma$ ενο-κοίτης, ου,  $\delta$ , ( $d\rho\sigma\eta\nu$ , κοίτη) one guilty of unnatural offences.

"APΣHN, εν, Ion. and Att. for later αρρην.

άρσιος, ον, (άρω) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

 $d\rho\sigma$  (-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , πουν,  $\tau\delta$ , gen. ποδοε, contr. for άερσίπους (αίρω, πούς) lifting the feet.

**ἄρσις**, εω**ε, ή**, (αἴρω) a raising or lifting. prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to  $\theta \in \sigma$  the letting it sink.

ἄρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀραρίσκω.

άρτάβη, ή, a Persian measure, artaba, = I medimnus + 2 choenices.

άρταμέω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

"APTA MOΣ, δ, a butcher, cook. άρτάνη [ă], ή, (ἀρτάω) that by which something is

bung up, a rope, balter.

άρτάω, Ion. άρτέω: f. ήσω: pf. ήρτηκα:-Pass., aor. Ι ήρτήθην; pf. ήρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέαται: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω):—to fasten to, bang one thing upon another: - Pass. to be bung upon, bang upon, έκ τινος: hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

άρτέαται, Ion. for ήρτηνται or ήρτημένοι είσί, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

άρτεμής, έs, (άρτιος) safe and sound. Hence

άρτεμία, ή, safety, soundness.

"APTEMIX, gen. idos, acc. iv or ida, n, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ayava Béhea, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

'Αρτεμίσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

'Aρτεμίσιος, δ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

άρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, suppărum.

**ἀρτέω**, Ιοπ. for ἀρτάω.

άρτημα, τό, (άρτάω) that which hangs down, a banging ornament, pendant.

άρτηρία, ή, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

APTI, Adv just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

άρτιάζω, f. άσω, (ἄρτιος) to play at odd and even, II. to count. Lat. par impar ludere.

άρτιάκις, Adv. (άρτιος) an even number of times.

άρτι-βρεχής, ές, (άρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

άρτί-γάμος, ον, (άρτι, γάμος) just married.

άρτι-γένειος, ον, (άρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing

άρτι-γέννητος, ον, new-born.

άρτι-γλυφής, ές, (ἄρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

άρτί-γονος, ov, just born.

άρτι-δαής, ές, (ἄρτι, δαηναι) just taught.

άρτί-δακρυς, υ, (άρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to

άρτί-δορος, ον, (ἄρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

άρτιέπεια, ή, pecul. fem. of

άρτι-επής, ές, (ἄρτιος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib. άρτι-ζυγία, ή, (ἄρτι, ζυγόs) a late union, ἀνδρών ἀρτιζυγία newly-married husbands.

άρτίζω, f. ίσω, (άρτιος) to get ready, perform.

άρτι-θάλής, ές, (άρτι, θάλεῖν) just blooming.

άρτι-θανής, ές, (άρτι, θανείν) just dead. άρτί-κολλος, ον, (άρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together;

εis αρτίκολλον in the nick of time, opportunely. άρτι-κόμης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρτι, κομάω) just baving got bair or leaves.

**ἀρτι-λόγος**, ον, (ἄρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

άρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (άρτι, λοχεύω) just born.

άρτι-μαθής, ές, (άρτι, μαθείν) having just learnt.

άρτιος, α, ον, (ἀραρίσκω, άρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; αρτια βάζειν to speak to the purpose; ἄρτια ήδη thought things fitting or agree-2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. numbers, even, opp. to περισσόs, odd.

άρτι-πάγής, έε, (άρτι, πάγηναι aor. 2 pass. of πήγ- | άρυσάμενος, aor. 1 med. part. of άρύω.

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. recens coactus.

άρτί-πλουτος, ov, newly gotten, epith. of money. apτί-πος, Ep. for apτί-πους.

άρτί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἄρτιος, πούς) cound or swift of foot, opp. to χωλόs. II. coming just in time.

**ἄρτίσις**, εως, ή, (ἀρτίζω) a preparing, adorning. άρτί-σκαπτος, ον, (άρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

άρτί-στομος, ον, (άρτι, στόμα) speaking readily. άρτί-τοκος, ον, (άρτι, τεκείν) just born.

paroxyt. ἀρτιτόκοs, ον, act. baving just given birth.

άρτι-φανήs, έs, (άρτι, φανηναι) just become visible.

 $\mathring{\mathbf{a}}$ ρτί- $\mathring{\mathbf{p}}$ ρων, ον, gen. ονος, ( $\mathring{\mathbf{a}}$ ρτιος,  $\mathring{\mathbf{p}}$ ρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

άρτι-φυής, ές, and άρτίφυτος, ον, (άρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

άρτι-χανής, ές, (άρτι, χανείν) just yawning or opening.

άρτί-χνους, ουν, (ἄρτι, χνόος contr. χνοῦς) with the down just growing.

άρτί-χριστος, ον, (άρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

άρτίως, Adv. of άρτιος, like άρτι, just, exactly.

άρτο-κόπος, ον, (άρτος, κύπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst, a baker.

άρτο-λάγυνος, ον, (άρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet

άρτο-ποιός, όν, (άρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

άρτο-πώλης, ου, ό, (άρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

άρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

άρτο-πώλις, ιδος, ή, fem. of άρτοπώλης, a breadwoman.

"APTO∑, &, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα; when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

άρτο-σιτέω, f. ήσω, (άρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat wheaten bread, opp. to άλφιτοσιτέω to eat barley-bread.

άρτοφαγέω, to eat bread. From

άρτο-φάγος, ου, δ, (άρτος, φαγείν) bread-eater.

άρτυμα, τό, (ἀρτύνω) seasoning, spice.

άρτύνας, δ, (ἀρτύνω) a magistrate at Argos and

Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστήs

ἀρτύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , fut. ἀρτ $\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ , Ep. ἀρτ $\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\epsilon}\omega$ : aor. I ήρτῦνα: aor. I pass. ἦρτύνθην:—also ἀρτύω: fut. ἀρτύσω [ū]: aor. Ι ήρτυσα: pf. ήρτυκα, pass. ήρτυμαι: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω.) Το arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον άρτύνειν, Lat. insidias struere, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready: -- Med. to prepare, make ready.

αρύβαλλος, δ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρύταινα.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.

άρυστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\dot{o}_{i} = \dot{a}\rho v \tau \dot{\eta}\rho$ .

ἀρύστιχος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀρυτήρ, a small ladle.

ἀρύταινα, ηs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ἀρυτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλοs. ἀρύτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.

αρυτήσιμος, ον, (άρίω) fit to drink.

'APΥ'Ω, Att. ἀρύτω [τ]: f. ύσω [τ]: aor. 1 ἤρτσα:
—Pass., aor. I ἤρτθην [τ] or ἤρτσθην: cf ἀντω, ἀνύτω.
Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med
to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύτεσθαι Νείλου το
τον to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph.
to win, gain.

ἀρχ-άγγελος, δ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel. ἀρχαϊκός, ή, όν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.

άρχαιό-γονος, ον, (άρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race. άρχαιολογέω, f. ήσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From

άρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (άρχαιος, λέγω) one who writes ancient bistory.

άρχαιο-μελη-σίδωνο-φρῖνιχ-ήρἄτος, ον, (άρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, έρατός) μέλη άρχ. dear old songs from Phrynichus' Phoenissae.

άρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of άρχαῖον, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

άρχαιό-πλουτος, ον, (άρχαιος, πλοῦτος) rich from olden time.

άρχαιο-πρεπής, ές, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-bonoured.

άρχαῖοs, a, ov, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-bonoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαϊκόs, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly.

2. ancient, former.

άρχαιό-τροπος, ον, (άρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned. άρχ-αιρεσία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (άρχ $\hat{\eta}$ , αἵρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence

άρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to bold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.

άρχαίωs, Adv. of άρχαῖοs, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

 $\mathring{a}$ ρχε-, insep. Prefix from  $\mathring{a}$ ρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.

ἀρχεῖον, Îon. ἀρχήϊον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj ἀρχεῖον, α, ον: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-ball, senate-bouse, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.

άρχέ-κάκοs, ον, (άρχε-, κακύs) beginner of ill.
άρχέ-λάοs, ον, Att. άρχέ-λεωs, ων, (άρχε-, λαόs)
leading the people, a chief, contr. άρχέ-λάs.

άρχεμεναι, Ep. inf. of άρχω.

dρχέ-πλουτος, ον, (dρχε-, πλοῦτος) enjoying ancient wealth.

άρχέτας, δ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἄρχω) a leader, prince.

II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.

άρχέ-τυπον, τό, (άρχε-, τύποε) an archetype, pattern, model.

άρχεύω, f. σω, (άρχω) to command, lead.

dρχέ-χοροs, ον, (dρχε-, χορόs) leading the chorus or dance.

'APXH', η, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' dρχάs in the beginning, at first; \(\xi\) \(\xi\) dρχηs from the first; absol., \(\alpha\gamma\gamma\psi\) at first; où κ \(\alpha\gamma\gamma\psi\) not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2 a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = \(\alpha\psi\) ampaga, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereignty, dominion, \(\Delta\) is \(\alpha\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma\), \(\alpha\fi\) is \(\alpha\tilde\alpha\gamma\g

άρχη-γενής, ές, (ἄρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first

beginning of a thing.

άρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and άρχηγετεω, f. ήσω, to make a beginning. From άρχηγετις, ου, δ: fem. άρχηγετις, ιδοs, but dat. άρχηγετι: Dor. άρχ $\alpha$ γετης: ( $\alpha$ γς $\alpha$ γ,  $\alpha$ γερμαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a

άρχηθεν, Adv. (άρχή) from the beginning.

άρχήϊον, τό, Ion. for άρχειον.

ἀρχήν, Adv., ν. ἀρχή Ι.

'APXI-, insep. Prefix from ἄρχω, like ἀρχε-.

άρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of άρχη, a little office.

ἀρχιερατικός, ή, όν, (ἀρχιερεύε) belonging to the Chief Priest.
ἀρχ-ιερεύς, έωε, ό: Ion. nom. ἀρχιέρεως, εω; also

άρχιρεύs, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιρέαs: (ἄρχω, ἱερεύs) a chief priest, high priest.

ἀρχι-θάλασσος, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.

ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ήσω, to be ἀρχιθέωροε. From ἀρχι-θέωρος, δ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρύε) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.

ἀρχί-κλωψ, ωπος, δ, a chief of robbers.

dρχικόs,  $\dot{η}$ ,  $\dot{ο}v$ ,  $(\dot{ο}ρχ\dot{η})$  royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.

άρχι-κυβερνήτης, ου, δ, a chief pilot.

άρχί-μιμος, δ, a chief comedian.

άρχι-οινόχοος, ὁ, a chief cuphearer.

άρχι-πειρατής, οῦ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

άρχι-ποίμην, gen. ενοι, δ, (ἀρχί-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.

άρχ-ιρεύς, δ, Ion. for άρχιερεύε.

άρχι-συνάγωγος, δ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.

άρχιτεκτονέω, f. ήσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From άρχι-τέκτων, ονοε, ό, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

άρχι-τελώνης, ου, δ, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.

άρχι-τρίκλινος, δ, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

άρχός, δ, a leader, chief, commander. From

 $^{\prime}$ **APX**Ω, f. ἀρξω: aor. 1 ἢρξα: pf. ἢρχα:—more commonly in Med. apxouat: fut. apfouat: aor. I ήρξάμην: pf. ήργμαι:—Pass., fut. ἀρχθήσομαι: aor. I ήρχθην. I. of Time, to begin: c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, άρχειν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἄρχεσθαι οἰκοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχή άρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink. to begin from or with; ἄρχεσθαι Διός to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium. 3. c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἄρχειν θεοίε δαιτόε to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἄρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs. 4. c. acc., ἄρχειν ὑδύν τινι to shew him the way:—imperat., ἄρχε begin! part. ἀρχόμενοs, at first. II. of Place and Station, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:-more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιν ἄρχειν:—c. acc. cognato, ἄρχειν ἀρχήν to bold an office. 2. Pass. to be ruled or governed: of ἀρχόμενοι subjects.

 $\mathring{a}$ ρχων, οντος,  $\mathring{o}$ , (properly part. of  $\mathring{a}$ ρχω) a ruler, captain, chief, king. 2. of 'Aρχοντεs, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Αρχων οτ Αρχων ἐπώνυμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεύs, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχοs, the

remaining six οἱ Θεσμοθέται.

\*'APΩ, a form assumed as the Root of ἀραρίσκω.  $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ ρ $\hat{\mathbf{o}}$   $[\bar{\mathbf{a}}]$ , fut. of  $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ είρω: but  $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ ρ $\hat{\mathbf{o}}$   $[\bar{\mathbf{a}}]$ , of  $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ ρω.

άρωγή, ή, (άρήγω) help, succour, protection; όρωγή νόσου belp against disease.

άρωγο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (άρωγός, ναύτης) belper of sailors.

**ἀρωγός**, όν, (ἀρήγω) belping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing. II. as Subst. ἀρωγός, ὁ, a belper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

"APΩMA, τό, any seasoning, spice.

**ἄρωμα**, τό, (ἀρόω) corn-land, Lat. arvum. αρώμεναι, Ep. for άροῦν, contr. from άροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρύω.

άρωραίος, Dor. for άρουραίος.

as, as or as, Acol. and Dor. for ews, till, until. as, Dor. gen. for \$\frac{1}{2}s\$, from \$\delta s\$, \$\tilde{\eta}\$, \$\delta s\$.

**ἀσαι**, contr. for ἀασαι, aor. 1 mf. of ἀάω, to burt.

arai, aor. 1 inf. of aw, to satiate.

ασαι, contr. for ἀείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀείδω.

άσαιμι, aor. I opt. of αω, to satiate.

ά-σακτος, ον, (α privat., σακτός) not trodden down. ά-σάλαμίνιος, ον, (a privat., Σαλαμίς) not baving been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μι]

ά-σάλευτος, ον, (a privat., σαλευτός) unsbaken, calm. aσαμεν, I plur. 20r. 2 of aω, to sleep.

ἀσάμινθος, ή, a batking-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.) 'Ασάνα, 'Ασάναι, 'Ασάναιος, Lacon. for 'Αθήνη, 'Αθήναι, 'Αθηναῖο**s**.

ά-σάνδαλος, ον, (a priv., σάνδαλον) without sandals. α-σαντος, ον, (a privat., σαίνω) not to be flattered, barsh, morose.

ά-σαρκος, ον, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean. άσατο, contr. for ἀάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀάω, to burt.

ασασθαι, aor. I med.mf of αω, to satiate.

άσάφεια, ή, indistinctness. From

ά-σἄφήs, és, (a privat., σαφήs) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φωs, indistinctly.

ἀσάω, f. ήσω, (ἄση) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:—Pass. ἀσάομαι, with aor. I pass. ἀσήθην, and med. ἀσάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.

ά-σβεστος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, cease-II. as Subst., ασβεστος (sub. τίτανος), ή, unslaked lime. 2. asbestus, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

"AΣBOΛΟΣ, ή, rarely ό, also ἀσβόλη, ή, soot.

åσε, for άἄσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἀάω, to burt.

ἀσέβεια, ή, (ἀσεβήs) impiety, profaneness. άσεβέω, f. ήσω, (ἀσεβήs) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods Hence

ἀσέβημα, ατος, τό, an impious act, a sin.

ά-σεβήs, és, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\mathbf{\epsilon}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{v}$ , fut. inf. of  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}\omega$ , to satisfie.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

ά-σείρωτος, ον. (a privat., σειρύω) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφόροι.

ά-σέλαστος, ον, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.

ἀσελγαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: pf. pass. ἢσέλγημαι: (ἀσελ- $\gamma \dot{\eta} s$ ):—to behave licentiquely.

ἀσέλγεια, ή, (ἀσελγήs) licentiousness.

ά-σελγής, ές, (a privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal. Adv.  $-\hat{\omega}s$ , extravagantly.

ά-σέληνος, ον, (α privat., σελήνη) without moon.

 $\dot{a}\sigma\epsilon\pi\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\sigma\epsilon\beta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to act impiously. From  $\mathring{\mathbf{a}}$ -σεπτος, ον, ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat.,  $\mathbf{\sigma} \dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}} \boldsymbol{\beta} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ ) not to be reverenced, unboly.

ασεσθε, 2 pl. fut. med. of αω, to satiate.

ἀσεῦμαι, Dor. for ἀείσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω αση, ή, (αω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. generally, anguish, distress.

ἀσηθῆs, ἀσηθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. subj. and inf. of ἀσάω. ά-σήμαντος, ον, (α privat., σημαίνω) without leader, untended. unsealed, unmarked.

 $\mathring{\mathbf{d}}$ -σημος, ον, (a privat.,  $\sigma \hat{\eta} \mu a$ ) without sign or mark; άσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; άσημα δπλα arms without device. II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure. III. indistinct, unseen, unbeard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.

δ-σήμων, ον, gen. ονος, = δσημος.

doθένεια, ή, (doθενήs) want of strength, weakness, sickliness. 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, f. ήσω, (ἀσθενήs) to be weak, feeble, sickly. ἀσθένημα, ατος, τό, (ἀσθενέω) an infirmity.

å-σθενης, ές, (a privat., σθένος) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor; of ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\delta\omega$ ,  $\mathbf{f}$ .  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\dot{\eta}s)$  to weaken.

ἀσθενῶς, Adv. of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly. ἀσθμα, ατος, τό, (ἄω, to blow) hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing.

άσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath 'Ασι-άρχης, ου, ὁ, ('Ασία, ἄρχω) an Assarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the

province of Asia.

'Aσιάs, άδοs, ἡ, ('Aσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ 'Aσιάs (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.

'Aσιατο-γενής, ές, ('Aσία, γένος) of Asiatic descent. α-σίδηρος, ον, (α privat., σίδηρος) not of iron. 2. without sword.

å-σινής, ές, (a privat., σίνομαι) of persons, unburt, unbarmed: of things, undamaged. II. act. not barming, doing no barm: innocent. 2. protecting from barm. Hence

ά-σινώς, Adv. innocently: Sup. άσινέστατα.

aσιος, a, ον, (ἄσις) slimy, miry.

"AZIZ, ews, h, slime, mud.

άσιτέω, f. ήσω, (ἄσιτος) to go without food, to fast. άσιτία, ή, want of food, fasting. From

άστιος, ον, (a privat., στος) without eating, fasting. ἀσκάλαβος οι ἀσκαλαβώτης, ό, a kind of lizard. ἀσκάλος, ον, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug. ἀσκάντης, ου, ό, a mean bed. 11. a bier.

ά-σκαρδαμυκτεί and -κτί, Adv. of ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, without winking, without unchanged look.

ά-σκαρδάμυκτος, ον, (a privat, σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

d-σκελής, εs, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, withered. 2. neut. ἀσκελές, 2s Adv., also ἀσκελέως, obstinately, stubbornly.

ά-σκέπαρνος, ον, (α privat., σκέπαρνον) unbewn ά-σκεπτος, ον, (α privat., σκέψομα fut. οf σκοπέω) inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately.

II. unconsidered, unobserved.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\sigma \kappa \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{s}$ , =  $\ddot{a} \sigma \kappa \epsilon \nu o \mathbf{s}$ .

α-σκευος, ον, (a privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with ..., άσκευοε ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατοῦ. 'ΑΣΚΕ'Ω, f. ήσω: pf. ήσκηκα, pass. ήσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to bonour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, dσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, dσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 2. c. inf., dσκῶ τοιαύτη μένειν I prac-

tise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. to practise, train,

ἀσκηθής, ές, unburt, unbarmed: unscathed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άσκημα, ατος, τό, (ἀσκέω) an exercise.

a-σκηνος, ον, (a privat., σκηνή) without tents.

ασκησις, εως, ή, (ἀσκέω) exercise, training; ασκησίς τινος practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

ἀσκητέοs, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀσκέω, to be practised. ἀσκητήs, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ἰδιώτηs: an athlete. Hence

άσκητικός, ή, όν, industrious: athletic.

άσκητός, ή, όν, (ἀσκέω) curiously wrought. 2. exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτύς.

ά-σκιος, α, ον, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

ά-σκίπων, ονος, δ, ή, (a privat., σκίπων) without a staff. []

'Āσκληπιεῖον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From 'Ασκληπιός, ό, Ascleptos, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

**ἄ-σκοπος**, ον, (α privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός. II. pass. unseen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

'AΣΚΟ'Σ, δ, a leathern bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, an animal's bide — proverb., ἀσκὸν δέρειν τινά to flay one alive; ἀσκὸς δεδάρθαι to be flayed alive ἀσκώλια, τά, (ἀσκός) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence

'Ασκωλιάζω, f σω, to dance as at the Ascolia.

ἄσκωμα, ατος, τύ, (ἀσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

ασμα, τό, (αδω) a song, lay.

 $\vec{q}$ σμάτο-κάμπτης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\vec{q}$ σμα, κάμπτης) twister of song.

ασμένος, η, ον, as if for ἡσμένος, perf. pass part of ἡδομαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ἀσμένφ μοι ὰν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ἀσμενώτερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος. Adv. -νως, gladly, readily.

ασομαι, contr. for ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω, to sing. ά-σοφος, ον, (α privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.

'AΣΠΑ'ZOMAI, fut. άσομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave.

2. to embrace, kiss, caress.
3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master.

4. ἀσπάζεσθαι ὅτι to be glad that

ά-σπαίρω, Ion. impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον, (α euphon., σπαίρω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.

άσπάλαθος, δ, a sweet-scented shrub.

ἀσπάραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, δ. asparagus.

ā-σπάρτος, ον, (α privat., σπέρω) of land, unsown, untilled: of plants, not sown, growing wild.

άσπάσιος, α, ον, also οι, ον, (άσπάζομαι) welcome, well-pleasing. II. well-pleased, glad. Hence άσπασίως, Adv. readily, gladly.

ασπασμα, ατος, τύ, (ἀσπάζομαι) a welcome, greeting: in plus. embraces.

άσπασμός, δ, (ἀσπάζομαι) an embrace: affection. ἀσπαστός, ή, όν, – ἀσπάσιος, welcome.

α-σπειστος, ον, (a privat., σπένδομαι) to be appeased by no libations, implacable.

ά-σπερμος, ον, (a privat., σπέρμα) without seed, i.e. without posterity.

 $\dot{a}$ -σπερχές, Adv., ( $\alpha$  euphon, σπέρχω) hastily, hotly, unceasingly.

α-σπετος, ον, (a privat, εἰπεῖν) unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., unspeakably:—but, φωνή ἄσπετος an indistinct voice.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ῆτος, ὁ, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward.

ἀσπίδη-στρόφος, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) wielding a shield.

άσπιδη-φόρος, ον, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) shield-bearing: as Subst. a shield-bearer, warrior.

άσπιδιώτης, δ, (ἀσπίς) shield-bearing, a warrior. ἀσπιδ-οῦχος, δ, (ἀσπίς, ἔχω) a shield-bearer.

ἀσπιδοπηγεῖον, τό, an armourer's shop. From ἀσπιδοπηγός, ὁ, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) a shield-maker.

ασπιδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) living by the shield, a warrior.

α-σπίλος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (a privat.,  $\sigma\pi$ ίλος) without stain, spotless, pure.

\*AΣΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, a round shield, Lat. clipeus, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (δμφαλόs) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was ὅπλον, Lat sculum.

2. in common language used for a body of men-at-arms (ὁπλῖται), ὁκτακισχιλίη ἀσπίδ 8000 heavy-armed men; ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ είκοσι τάξασθαι to draw men up twenty-five deep; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα on or to the left, right shoulders forward, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to ἐπὶ δύρυ.

II. an asp, a kind of snake.

ἀσπιστήρ, ηρος, δ, and ἀσπιστής, οῦ, δ, (ἀσπίς) one armed with a shield, a warrior: also ἀσπίστωρ, as Adj., κλόνοι ἀσπίστορες din of shielded warriors. ά-σπλαγχνος, ον, (α privat, σπλάγχνα) without

bowels: metaph. beartless or merciless.

ἀσπονδεί, Adv. implacably. From

d-σπονδος, ον, (α privat., σπονδή) without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured. II. without regular truce (which was ratified by σπονδαί): τὸ ἀσπονδον a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others. III. admitting of no truce, implacable; ἀσπονδος ἀρά a deadly curse.

ά-σπούδαστος, ον, (a privat., σπουδά(ω) not zealously pursued. II. not worth zeal, mischievous. ά-σπουδεί and ά-σπουδί, Adv. (a privat., σπουδή) without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly.

άσσα, Att. άττα, Ion. for άτινα, neut. pl. of δστιε, which, whichsoever, what, whatever.

άσσα, Att. άττα, Ion. for τινά, something, some. άσσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. as, a farthing.

&σσον, Adv., Comp. of ἄγχι, nearer: sometimes c. gen, ἀσσον ἐμεῖο nearer to me:—also Adv. ἀσσοτέρω, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἀσσότερος, Sup. ἀσσότατος, Adv. ἀσσοτάτω.

άσσω, Att. contr. for άΙσσω.

ά-σταθής, ές, (α privat., ἴσταμαι) unsteady, unstable. ά-στάθμητος, ον, (α privat, σταθμάομαι) unsteady, unstable: of things, uncertain.

α-στακτος, ον, (a privat, στάζω) not trickling, i. e. gushing in streams:—Adv. αστακτί, in floods.

d-στάσίαστος, ον, (a privat., στασιάζω) without party-spirit, quiet. Adv. -τως.

άστατέω, f. ήσω, to be unstable: be a wanderer. From ἄ-στατος, ον, (a privat., ἴσταμαι) not steadfast, uncertain, unstable.

άσταφίδίτις, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem. Adj. consisting of raisins. [δί] From

ά-σταφίς, ίδος, ή, (a euphon., σταφίς) a raisin.

άσταχύεσσιν, dat. pl. of

ά-στάχυς, νος, ό, (a euphon., στάχυς) an ear of corn. ά-στέγαστος, ον, (a privat., στεγάζω) uncovered, of a ship, undecked; διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον from their baving no shelter.

άστείζομαι, Dep. to be witty. From

άστεῖος, ον, also a, ον, (ἄστυ) of the town; then, like Lat. urbanus, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty; opp. to ἄγροικος.

ά-στειπτος, ον, (a privat., στείβω) untrodden.

d-στεμφής, ές, (a privat., στέμβω) unmoved, unsbaken: Adv., ἀστεμφέως έχειν τινά to hold one fast. 2 of persons, inexorable.

**ἀ-στένακτος**, ον, (α privat., στενάζω) without sigh or groan: without need for groans.

αστέον, verb. Adj. of άδω, one must sing.

α-στεπτος, ον, (α privat., στέφω) uncrowned: hence, unbonoured.

ἀστεργ-άνωρ, opos, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ἀστεργ $\hat{\eta}$ s, ἀν $\hat{\eta}$ ρ) without love of man, bating wedlock. [ $\gamma$ ā]

ά-στεργής, ές, (α privat., στέργω) without love, unkind, bateful.

άστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἀστήρ, είδος) starry.

ἀστερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀστήρ) starry: sparkling, glittering.

αστεροπή, ή, poet. for αστραπή, lightning. Hence αστεροπητής, οῦ, ὁ, the lightener.

ἀστερ-ωπό**s**, όν, (ἀστήρ, ὤψ) starry: star-like, bright. ἀ-στέφἄνοs, ον, (α privat., στέφανοs) without crown, ungarlanded.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ -στεφάνωτος,  $o\mathbf{v}$ , ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat.,  $\sigma\tau\epsilon\phi\mathbf{a}\nu\delta\omega$ ) not crowned.  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\sigma\tau\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , fem. of  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\sigma\tau\delta\mathbf{s}$ , a female citizen.

α-στηλος, ον, (a privat., στήλη) without tombstone. 'AΣΤΗ'P, δ, gen. έρος: dat. pl. αστρασι, Lat. ASTRUM, a star. 2. any luminous body, a meteor.

**ά-στήρικτος**, ον, (α privat., στηρίζω) not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.

ά-στιβής, ές, (a privat., στείβω) not to be trodden,

untrodden, solitary.

**ἀστικόs**, ή, όν, (ἄστυ) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικὰ Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also native, opp. to fevikús foreign. II. =  $\dot{a}\sigma\tau\epsilon\hat{\iota}os$ , neat, pretty.

**α-στικτος**, ον, (a privat., στίζω) not branded, not

marked with spots.

**d-στλίγγιστος**, ον, (a privat., στλεγγίζω) not soraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.

**α-στολος**, ον, (α privat., στολή) without the stole. **α-στομος,** ον, (α privat., στόμα) speechless. of horses, bard-mouthed, unmanageable. dogs, bad-mouthed, unable to bite. IV. of a sword, without edge.

άστό-ξενος, δ, ή, (ἄστυ, ξένος) the public guest of a city.

ά-στοργος, ον, (a privat., στέργω) without natural affection, beartless, barbarous.

**ἀστός**, δ, (ἄστυ) a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen,

opp. to Eévos.

άστοχέω, f. ήσω, to miss the mark: to fail. From **d-στοχος**,  $o\nu$ , (a privat.,  $\sigma\tau\delta\chi os$ ) missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.

ά-στράβη, ή, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ά-στραβήs, έs, (a privat., στραφηναι) untwisted. straight.

άστραγάλη, ή, Ion. for ἀστράγαλος III.

άστράγαλος, ό, one of the vertebrae of the neck. the ankle bone, Lat. talus. III. mostly in plur. άστράγαλοι, oi, dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. tal: hence the game of dice. They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, 'Αφροδίτη, Lat. jactus Veneris; the worst, when all came alike, κύων, Lat. canis.

'AΣTPAΠH', ή, a flash of lightning, lightning. [ăπ] άστραπηφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry lightnings. From άστραπη-φόρος, ον, (άστραπή, φέρω) lightningbearing, flashing.

άστράπτω, f. ψω, (ἀστραπή) to lighten: impers. άστράπτει it lightens : trans. to flash forth. intr. to flash or glance like lightning.

αστράσι, dat. pl. of αστήρ.

ά-στράτεία, ή, (a privat., στρατεύω) exemption from 2. a sbunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν αστρατείαs to be indicted for it; ἀστρατείας άλῶναι to be convicted

ά-στράτευτος, ον, (a privat., στράτεύω) exempt from 2. never baving served.

**α-στρεπτος**, ον, (a privat., στρέφω) not to be bent: of persons, unbending.

αστρο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (άστρον, γείτων) near the stars.

άστρολογία, ή, astrology. From

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ στρο- $\dot{\mathbf{\lambda}}$ όγος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , ( $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ στρον,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ εγω) an astronomer: later, an astrologer.

"AΣΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation. άστρονομέω, f. ήσω, and άστρονομίζω, f. ίσω, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and

άστρονομία, ή, astronomy. From

άστρο-νόμος, ον, (άστρον, νέμω) classing the stars: as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, δ, an astronomer.

ά-στροφος, ον, (a privat., στρέφω) without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἄστροφος έλθειν to go without turning the back.

άστρώος, a, ov, (ἄστρον) of the stars, starry.

 $d\sigma \tau \rho$ - $\omega \pi \delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , =  $d\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \omega \pi \delta s$ .

ά-στρωτος, ον, (a privat., στρώννυμι) without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.

"AETY, 76: gen. cos, contr. ous, also cos:—a city, town: the Athenians called their own city "Actu, as the Romans called theirs Urbs; though ἄστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræeus.

ἀστυ-άναξ, ακτος, δ, (ἄστυ, ἄναξ) lord of the city. άστυ-βοώτης, ου, ό, (ἄστυ, βοάω) crying through the city, epith. of a herald.

άστυ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (άστυ, γείτων) near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.

ἄστυδε, Adv. (ἄστυ) into, to, or towards the city.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\tau\upsilon\kappa\dot{\mathbf{o}}\mathbf{s},\ \dot{\eta},\ \dot{o}\nu,=\dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\tau\iota\kappa\dot{\mathbf{o}}\mathbf{s}.$ 

α-στυλος, ον, (α priv., στυλος) without pillar or prop.

ἀστύ-νικος, (ἄστυ, νίκη) victorious. άστυνομέω, to be an άστυνόμος. From

ἀστυ-νόμος, δ, (ἄστυ, νέμω) a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræeus. II. as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; όργαὶ ἀστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.

άστυ-όχος, ον, (άστυ, έχω) keeping the city.

ά-στυφέλικτος, ον, (a privat., στυφελίζω) unshaken. ά-στύφελος, ον, (a privat., στυφελός) not rocky.

ά-συγγνώμων, ον, (a privat., συγγνώμων) without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.

ά-συγκέραστος, ον, (a privat., συγκέραστος) not to be mixed.

ά-συγκόμιστος, ον, (α privat., συγκομίστος) not gathered together, unreaped.

ά-σύγκριτος, ον, (a privat., σύγκριτος) not to be mixed, unsocial.

ά-συγκρότητος, ον, see άξυγκρότητος.

ά-συκοφάντητος, ον, (a privat., συκοφαντέω) not calumniated.

ἀσυλαίοs, a, ov, (ἄ-σῦλον) of an asylum.

ά-σύλητος, ον, (a privat., συλάω) inviolable.

άσυλία, ή, (ἄσυλος) inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.

ά-συλλόγιστος, ον, (a privat., συλλογίζομαι) unable to reason: - Adv., ασυλλογίστως έχειν to be unable to reason.

**α-συλος**, ον, (α privat., σύλη) free from plunder:

unbarmed, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμων ἄσυλο**s** safe from marriage.

ά-σύμβάτος, ον, (α privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.

ά-σύμβλητος, ον, (α privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

**ά-σύμβολοs**, ον, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

**ἀ-σύμμετροs**, ον, (α privat., σύμμετρο**s**) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.

ά-συμπαθήs, έs, (a privat., συμπαθήs) without sympathy.

ά-σύμφορος, ον, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. - ρως.

ἀ-σύμφωνος, ον, (α privat., σύμφωνοι) not accordant. ά-σύνδετος, ον, (α privat., συνδέω) unconnected άσυνεσία, ή, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or

apprehension, stupidity.

ά-σύνετος, Att. ά-ξύνετος, ον, (a privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid.

II. unintelligible.

Adv. -τως. [τ]

ά-σὔνήμων, Âtt. ά-ξυνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., συνίημι) without understanding.

ἀ-σύνθετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνθετος, ον, (a privat., συντίθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faitbless. Adv.  $-\tau \omega s$ .

ά-σύντακτος, Att. ά-ξύντακτος, ον, (a privat., συντάσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly.

Social. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

**ἀ-σύντονος**, ον, (a privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -νως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ά-συσκεύαστος, ον, (α privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ά-σύστατος, Att. ἀξύστατος, ον, (α privat., συνίσταμαι) not bolding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἀσύφηλος, ον, vile, disbonoured: also disbonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

άσυχία, άσύχιμος, άσυχος, Dor. for ήσυχ -.

å-σφάδαστος, ον, (α privat., σφαδάζω) without convulsion or struggle.

α-σφακτος, ον, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered. ἀσφάλεια, ἡ, (ἀσφαλήε) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

άσφάλειος, ον, of Neptune, the Securer. From ἀ-σφάλής, έε, (α privat., σφάλεῦν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unfailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3 safe, secure; ἐν ἀσφαλεῖ or ἐξ ἀσφαλοῦε in safety, τὸ ἀσφαλέε safety. Hence

ἀσφαλίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to secure, guarantee. ἀσφαλισθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.

ασφαλτίτης, ου, ό, fem. - τις, ή, of aspbalt, bituminous: λίμνη 'Ασφαλτίτις, Lat. Lacus Aspbaltites, the Dead Sea. [1] From

ασφαλτος, ov, η, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἀσφαλῶs, Ion. -έωs, Adv. of ἀσφαλήs, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ά-σφαραγέω, (a euphon., σφαραγέω) to ring, resound. άσφαραγος, δ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the throat, gullet.

άσφι, άσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφόδελος, ό, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. as Adj., ἀσφοδελὸς λειμών the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

άσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Èp. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάα, 3 plur. ἀσχαλόωσι, inf. ἀσχαλάαν, part. ἀσχαλόων.—another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάαν μένων to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλῶν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχάλλειν θάνατον to feel a borror of death. (Deriv uncertain.)

 $\tilde{a}$ - $\sigma_{\chi \in \tau o s}$ ,  $o_{\chi}$ , (a privat,  $\sigma_{\chi \in \hat{v}}$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}_{\chi \omega}$ ) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.

ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἀσχημοσύνη, ή, deformity, indecency. From ἀ-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., σχήμα) sbapeless: unseemly, sbameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἀσχολία, ή, occupation, industry, business. II. want of leisure: a bindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχειν τινί to be a bindrance to one. From ἄ-σχολος, ον, (α privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -λωs.

ἀσχολόων, ἀσχολόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

 $\dot{a}$ -σώμ $\ddot{a}$ τος, ον, (a privat., σ $\hat{\omega}$ μa) without body, incorporeal.

άσωτία, ή, prodigality, dissoluteness. From

ā-σωτος, ου, (a privat., σώζω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

άτακτέω, f. ήσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

a-τακτος, ον, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.

ά-τάλαίπωρος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπωρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ά-τάλαντος, ον, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἀταλά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tenderminded.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλόs) to gambol, sport about.

II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster:—Pass. to grow up, wax.

άταλόs, ή, όν, (akin to άπαλόs) tender, delicate. ἀταλό-ψύχοs, ον, (ἀταλόs, ψυχή) soft-bearted. ἀταξία, ή, (ἄτακτοs) a want of discipline.

disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ATA'P, Ep. aurap, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτάρ που ἔφηs still thou didst 'straightforward. say: it often stands for δέ after μέν. Adv. ἀτενῶs, or o

ά-τάρακτος, ον, (a privat., τἄράσσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ή, freedom from passion, calmness.

ά-ταρβής, ές, (a privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβής τῆς θέας baving no fear about the sight.

ά-τάρβητος, ον, (α privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

αταρπιτός, ή, Ion. for ατραπιτός.

ἀταρπός, ή, Ion. for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρτηρόs, όν, Ep. for ἀτηρόs, mischievous, baneful. ἀτασθάλία, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλοs) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

άτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From

ἀτάσθαλος, ον, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless. ἀ-ταύρωτος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., ταῦρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ά-τάφος, ον, (a privat., τάφηναι) unburied.

ἀτάω, f. ήσω, (ἄτη) to burt, barm. Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as.

II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. guippe, utpote.

a-τεγκτος, ον, (a privat., τέγγω) unweited, not softened: bard-bearted, relentless.

**ἀ-τειρήs, és,** (a privat., τείρω) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ά-τείχιστος, ον, (a privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified.

II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ά-τέκμαρτος, ον, (a privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., άτεκμάρτως έχειν to be in the dark.

άτεκνία, ή, childlessness. From

α-τεκνος, ον, (a privat., τέκνον) childless.

**ἀτέλεια**, ή, (ἀτελήs) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas.

**ἀ-τέλεστος,** ον, (α privat, τελέω) without end or effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., in vain.

II. uninitiated in.

**ἀ-τελεύτητοs**, ον, (a privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished.

II. endless, unpracticable.

ά-τέλευτος, ον, (a privat., τελευτή) endless.

d-τελής, ές, (a privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished.
2. ineffectual, Lat. irritus.
3. imperfect, unripe,
II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing.
III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunis.
IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

άτελίη, ή, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμβω, only used in pres. to bring to barm, to maltreat, confound:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμβονται νεότητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]

ά-τενής, έs, (a copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. Adv. ἀτενῶs, οτ ἀτενέs, exceedingly. Hence ἀτενίζω, f. ίσω, to look at intently, gaze at.

"ATEP, Prep. with gen. without, except, besides. II. aloof, apart, away from.

11.

ά-τέραμνος, ον, (a privat., τέραμνος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ά-τεράμων [ă], ov, gen. ovos, Att. for ἀτέραμνος.

ατερθε, before a vowel ατερθεν, = ατερ.

**ἀ-τέρμων**, ον, gen. ovos, (α privat., τέρμα) without bounds: baving no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος  $[\tilde{a}]$ , ον, Dor for ἕτερος, ον. 2 ἄτερος  $[\tilde{a}]$ , Att. contr. for ὁ ἕτερος, gen. θᾶτέρου, dat. θᾶτέρφ, θατέρφ etc., or with mark of crasis, θἀτέρου, etc.

ά-τερπής, ές, (a privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, ad.

II. not enjoying a thing, τινύς.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -τερπος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ τερπής.

ά-τευχής, ές, and ά-τεύχητος, ον, (α privat., τεῦχος)
unarmed

ā-τεχνος, ον, or à-τεχνής, ές, (a privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial.

II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνῶς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἄτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. plané, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνῶς; as ἀτεχνῶς ξένως ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἀτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-bardy, reckless. From

ατη, ή, (dáω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. Ατη personified, the goddess of mischief: the Λιταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. ll. 9 500. [ā]

ά-τηκτος, ον, (α privat., τήκω) unmelted. άτημελέω, f. ήσω, to be careless. From ά-τημελής, ές (α privat., τημελής) careless.

άτημέλητος, ον, (άτημελέω) unbeeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. II. act. taking no beed: Adv., άτημελήτως έχειν τινός to take no beed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, ά, όν, (άτη) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρω̂s.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

'Aτθίς, ίδος, ή, Attic; cf. 'Αττικός. II. as Subst. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), Attica. 2. (sub.  $\gamma \lambda \hat{\omega} \tau \tau \alpha$ ), the Attic dialect.

ά-τίετος, ον, (α privat., τίω) unbonoured.

act. not bonouring.

ά-τίζω, f. ίσω, (a privat., τίζω=τίω) not to bonour: absol. in part., ἀτίζων unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ά-τιθάσευτος, ον, (a privat., τιθασεύω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

άτιμ-αγέλης, ου, δ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the berd, feeding alone.

ά-πιμάζω, f. άσω: aor. 1 ητίμάσα: pf. ητίμακα: rained tight: hence 2. straight, direct: τιμάω). Το esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—Pass. to suffer disbonour or insult. II. = ἀτιμόω in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights.

ἀτῖμαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάζω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must disbonour.

ἀτῖμαστήρ, ῆρο**s**, ὑ, (ἀτιμάζω) a disbonourer.

ἀτίμαστος, ον, (ἀτιμάζω) disbonoured, despised.

ά-τιμάω, f. ήσω: aor. Ι ἢτίμησα: pf. ἢτίμηκα:-Pass, aor. Ι ἢτιμήθην: (α privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ατίμητος, ov, unbonoured, despised. legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed

by law.

ἀτιμία, ή, (ἄτιμος) disbonour, disgrace. Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. demunitio capitis. ά-τιμος, ον, (a privat, τιμή 1) unbonoured, disbonoured: c. gen. without the bonour of. Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. capite deminutus, opp. to ἐπίτιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή II) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence

άτιμόω, f. ώσω, to disbonour: - Pass. to suffer dis-2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of justice, uprightness. From civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat aerarium facere.

ἀτίμων, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω.

ά-τιμωρητεί, and ά-τιμωρητί, Adv. of

ά-τιμώρητος, ον, (a privat, τιμωρέσμαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.

ἀτίμως, Adv. of ἄτιμος, disgracefully.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -τίμωσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ τιμόω)  $\mathbf{a}$  dishonouring.  $[\tau i]$ ἀτϊτάλλω, aor. 1 Ιου. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλόs):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

a-τίτοs, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., τίω) unbonoured, disbonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

ά-τίω, (a privat., τίω) not to bonour, not to revenge. [t]

'Ατλα-γενής, έs, ('Ατλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas. 'Aτλαντίς, ίδος, ή, daughter of Atlas. From

"A-τλαs, αντος, δ, (a euphon., τληναι) Atlas, one of ferent. the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

άτλητέω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From ά-τλητος, Dor. ά-τλατος, ον, (a privat., τληναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.  $\dot{\alpha}$ τμή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ τμός, smoke, beat.

ά-τμητος, ον, (a privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

άτμίζω, f. ίσω, (άτμόs) to smoke: of water, to steam. άτμίς, ίδος, ή, (ἄω, ἄημι) steam, vapour. [τ]

άτμός, δ, (ἄω, ἄημι) smoke, Lat. vapor. **d-τοιχοs**, ον, (a privat., τοιχος) unwalled.

a-τοκοs, ον, (a privat., τεκείν) never baving bad a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ά-τόλμητος, ον, (a privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

άτολμία, ή, want of daring, cowardice From ά-τολμος, ον, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ά-τομος, ον, (a privat., τομή) uncut: unmown. 11. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμφ in a moment of time.

a-τονος, ον, (a privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus. II. (τόνοε) without accent.

α-τοξος, ον, (a privat., τόξον) without how or arrow. άτοπία, ή, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

a-τοπος, ον, (a privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence 2. at ineptus.

άτόπωs, Adv absurdly.

atos, oν, contr. for aatos, insatiate, c. gen.

άτρακτος, ό, and ή, a spindle. II. also an arrow, cf. ηλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ά-τραπίτός, Ep. άτάρπιτος, ή, a path.

ά-τραπός, Ερ. ά-ταρπός, ή, (α euphon., τρέπω) α path that does not turn, a path, way, road. 11.

άτρέκεια, ή, reality, strict truth, accuracy.

'ATPEKH'S, és, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ά-τρέμα, and before a vowel ά-τρέμας, Adv., (a privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ά-τρεμαίος, α, ον, poet. for άτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαία βοά a whisper.

άτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

ά-τρεμής, ές, (a privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμί, quietly.

άτρεμία, ή, (άτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness. ἀτρεμίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίζειν to be restless or unquiet.

ά-τρεπτος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indif-

ά-τρεστος, ον, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless. ά-τρίακτος, ον, (a privat., τριάζω) unconquered.

ά-τρίβαστος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed ά-τριβής, ές, (α privat., τριβείν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. used.integer.

άτριον, τό, Dor. for ήτριον.

ά-τριπτος, ον, (a privat, τρίβω) not worn Lard by 3. ἄτριπτοι 2. of corn, not threshed. åκανθαι thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ά-τρόμητος, ον, (a privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless. α-τρομος, ον, (α privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. intrepidus.

άτροπία, ή, obstinacy. From

a-τροπος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) not turning, uncbangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ή Ατροποε, name of one of the Moipai or Parcæ.

άτροφέω, f. ήσω, to pine away. From

**ἄ-τροφοs**, ον, (a privat., τρέφω) taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.

ά-τρύγετος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., τρύγάω) unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.

ά-τρυγής, ές, (a privat., τρύγη) not gathered.

ά-τρύμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἄτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρύμων κακῶν not worn out by ills. [v]

α-τρῦτος, ον, (α privat., τρύω) not worn down, unabating: of a road, wearisome.

'A-τρῦτώνη, the Unwearied. (Lengthd. form from ἀτρύτη, as 'Αιδωνεύs from Αΐδηs.)

ά-τρωτος, ον, (α privat., τιτρώσκω) unwounded. άττα, Att. for τινά, άττα for άτινα, ν. άσσα, άσσα. "ATTA, a salutation used to elders, father; cf. άππα,

άπφα, πάππα. [τὰ]

άττἄγθs, â, δ, Lat. attagen, prob. the godunt. ἀτταταῖ, a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταταῖ, etc.: also used ironically.

ἀττέλαβος, Ion. ἀττέλεβος, δ, a kind of locust

without wings.

'Αττικίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, ('Αττικόs) to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic. Hence

'Aττικό μός, δ, a siding with Athens, attachment to ber. II. an Attic expression, Atticism.

'ATTIKLOV, Dim. of 'ATTIKLOV, a little sm.

'Αττικός, ή, όν, (ἀκτή) Attic, Atbenian: ή 'Αττική (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) = 'Ατθίς, Attica.

'Αττικωνϊκόs, ή, όν, a comic alteration of 'Αττικόs, imitated from the form of Λακωνικόs.

åττον, Att. for ασσον, nearer.

**ἄττω**, Att. for ἄσσω, ἀίσσω, q. v.

ἀτύζομαι, aor. i part. ἀτυχθείs: Pass.: (ἀτάω):—to be distraught from fear, amazed, hewildered; ἀτυζόμενος πεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing.

II. rarely in Act. ἀτύζω, f. ύξω, to strike with terror.

**ἀ-τὐράννευτοs**, ov, (a privat., τυραννεύω) not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.

**α-τυφοs**, ον, (α privat., τύφω) not puffed up.

ἀτυχέω, f. ήσω, (ἀτυχής) to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen to fail in getting or gaining a thing.

2. ἀτυχεῖν πρός τινα to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request. Hence

ἀτύχημα, ατος, τό, a misfortune, mishap.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -τυχήs, έs, (a privat., τυχε $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ ν) luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful. Adv.  $-\chi\hat{\omega}$ s.

ἀτυχία, ἡ, (ἀτυχέω) ill luck, bad fortune. II. a miscarriage, mishap.

AΥ, Adv. of Place, back, backwards, Lat. retro.

II. of Time, again, anew, afresh, once more, Lat. denuo.

III. further, moreover, besides, Lat. porro.

2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. vicissim.
avalva, impf. avauvov: f. avava: 2 or. 1 pass. avavave, impf. avauvov: f. avavave; aor. 1 pass. avavave bliv avave fit. med. avavovµai in pass. sense, I shall wither away.

aidhéos, a, ov, (alos) dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.

Aŭaous,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Oaous, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αὐάτα, Ácol. for ἄτη, calamity, mischief; to be pronounced ἀΓάτα.

aὐγάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ηὕγασα: (αὐγή):—to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med. II. intr. to shine.

AT'IH', η, a bright light, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. the rays, beams of the sun; ὑπ' αὐγὰς ἡ ελίοιο under the light of the sun, i.e. still alwe; αὐγὰς λεύσσειν to behold the light, i.e. to be alwe; κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγάς to rise surging towards heaven. 2 any light, esp. of the eyes; ὀμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. lumina, the eyes. 3. any gleam on the surface of bright objects, sheen.

αὐδάζομαι, f. άξομαι: aor. I ηὐδαξάμην: Dep.:

(αὐδή):—to cry out, speak.

αὐδάω, impf. ηὕδων: f. ήσω Att. āσω: aor. I ηὕδησα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ηὕδηκα:—also αὐδάομαι, as Dep.:—to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim. 2. to speak, to address. 3. c. inf. to tell, bid, order to do. 4. to call by name; αὐδῶμαι παῖε ἀχιλλέως I am called Achilles' son. 5. like λέγειν, Lat. dicere, to mean. From

AΥ ΔH', ή, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e.g. the twang of the bowstring. 2. a report, account. Hence

αὐδήεις, εσσα, εν, speaking with human voice.

αὐ-ερύω (i. e. αὖ ἐρύω), aor. I αὐέρὔσα:—to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.

αὐθάδεια, poot. αὐθάδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption. From

aὐθ-άδης [ā], ες, (αὐτός, ήδομαι) self-willed, wilful stubborn, beadstrong: also unfeeling. Adv. -δως.

αὐθ-ᾶδία, ή, poët. for αὐθάδεια.

aὐθāδίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: (αὐθάδηε): Dep.:—to be self-willed or stubborn.

αὐθάδικός, ή, όν, (αὐθάδης) disposed to be self-willed. αὐθάδισμα, ατος, τό, (αὐθάδης) an act of self-will, wilfulness.

αὐθάδό-στομος, ον, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) wilful or proud of speech.

aὐθ-aἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, aἰμα) of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.

αὐθ-αίρετος, ον, (αὐτός, αἰρέω) self-chosen, selfelected. II. taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional. Adv. -τως.

aύθεντέω, f. ήσω, to bave power over. From aύθ-έντης, ου, δ, contr. for aὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, ἔντεα) an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide.

2. an absolute master or ruler.

11. as Adj., αὐθέντης φόνος death by murder.

αὐθ-ήμερος, ου, (αὐτός, ἡμέρα) made or bappening

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτημερόν, on the very day.

avol., Adv. shortd. for avτίθι, of Place, on the spot, bere, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

aύθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτίγ-, έε, (αὖθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigéna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθιγενὲς ὕδωρ spring water.

2. genuine, sincere.

adois, Ion. adris, Adv., a lengthd. form of ad: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also bereafter. III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other band.

αὐθ-όμαιμος, (αὐτός, ὅμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

aὐ-taχos,  $o\nu$ , (a copul.,  $la\chi\eta$ ) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὖλαξ, ἄκος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ἄλοξ, a furrow: also ὧλαξ, for which Homer used ὧλξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αύλειοs, a, ov, sometimes also os, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείησι θύρησι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, bousedoor.

αὐλέω, f. ήσω, (αὐλόs) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλέῖται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ή, (\*ἄω, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with outbuildings, the altar of Zeùs Epkeios being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αύλειος), and one leading through the αίθουσα into the πρόδομος. II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments: opposite the house door (cf. αυλειος) was the inner court (μέσαυλος or μέταυλος), leading into the women's part of the house III. generally, any IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber. court or hall. αύλημα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεῦντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω. αὐλητήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, and αὐλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (αὐλέω) α flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ή, όν, of or for a flute-player; ἡ αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

αὐλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl. αὐλιάς, άδος, ή, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Numbh

of a Nymph. **αὐλίζομαι**, fut. med. αὐλίσομαι: aor. Ι ηὐλισάμην:
aor. Ι pass. ηὐλίσθην: pf. ηὕλισμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή):

aor. I pass. ηὐλίσθην: pf. ηὕλισμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή):
—to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night:
generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a
military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὕλιον, τό, (αὐλή) any country bouse, a cottage: a fold. II. a chamber, cave.

αύλιος, a, or, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὖλις, ιδος, ἡ, (αὐλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὖλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αὐλίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe. αὐλιστρίς, ίδος, ἡ, (αὐλίζομαι) a female inmate in a house

αὐλο-δόκη, ή, (αὐλόε, δέχομαι) a flute-case. αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλόε, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes. αὐλο-ποιόε, ὁ, (αὐλόε, ποιέω) a flute-maker.

aὐλόs, ὁ, (\*aὕω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐλοὶ ἀνδρήτοι καὶ γυναικήτοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλὸς Ἐνυαλίου the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet.

2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὐλών, ῶνος, δ, poet. also ἡ, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὐλῶνες πύντιοι the sea-straits, i.e. the Archipelago. αὐλ-ῶπις, ιδος, ἡ, (αὐλός, ἄψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

AΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, poet. ἀξξω: f. αὐξήσω: sor. I ηὐξησα: pf. ηύξηκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to bonour, exalt, extol. II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξηθήσομαι: aor. I ηὐξήθην: pf. ηὐξημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ηὐξανύμην ἀκούων I grew taller as I heard. III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence αὐξη, ή, growth, increase.

αύξηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Aυξησία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (αυξω) the goddess of growth. αυξησις, εωs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (αυξω) growth, increase.

αύξίμος, ον, (αύξω) promoting growth.
αὐξο-σέληνον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.
αὐξώ, οῦς, ἡ, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αύξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αὐονή, ή, (αὖος) dryness, withering.

αιος, η, ον, (αιω) dry, dried, of fruit; αιον ἀντείν to ring dry and barsh, of metal. 2. withered, parched. 3. drained dry, exhausted.

άϋπνία, ή, sleeplessness. From

αν-πνος, ον, (α privat., υπνος) sleepless, wakeful; υπνος αυπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αύρα, Ion. αύρη, ή, (\*ἄω, ἄημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

aŭριον, (from aὐώs, Aeol. for ἡώs) Adv. to-morrow; ἐε αὕριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ἡ αὕριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἡ ἐε αὕριον ἡμέρα, ὁ αὕριον γρόνος.

άθσαι, aor. I inf. of αύω to shout.

αύσιος, Dor. for τηθσιος.

αὖσταλέος, poet. ἀΰσταλέος, α, ον, (αὖοε) sunburnt, sbrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὐστηρόs, ά, όν, (\*ἄω, αὕω, άζω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barsh, austere. Hence

αύστηρότης, ητος, ή, roughness, rough flavour. 2. metaph. barshness, sternness, austerity.

air-άγγελος, ον, (air ús, άγγελλω) carrying one's own message: bringing news of what one has seen.
air-άγρετος, ον, (air ús, άγρεω) self-chosen, left to one's choice.

II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-άδελφος, ον, (αὐτύς, ἀδελφύς) related as brother or sister: one's own brother or sister.

**αυτ-ανδροs**, ον, (αὐτόs, ἀνήρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

aὐτ-ἄνέψιος, α, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) an own cousin, cousin-german.

**αὐτάρ**, Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, bowever, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, ή, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-άρκης, ες, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀγαγκάζειν fully able to compel.

aore, Adv, I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, ατος, τό, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-εξούσιος, ον, (αὐτός, εξουσία) in one's own power: τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.

αὐτ-επάγγελτος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-επώνυμος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ερέτης, ου, δ, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

duréw, Ep. impf. dύτευν, only used in pres. and impf., to ery, shout: also in Act., to call.  $[\bar{v}]$  From durf,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(a\bar{v}\omega)$  a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

αὖτ-ἡκοος, ον, (αὖτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-η̂μαρ, Adv., = αὐθημερόν, on the selfsame day. αὐτι-γενής, έs, Ion. for αὐθιγενής.

aὐτίκα [i], Adv. (αὐτόs) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter: presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example, just to give an example; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τίν' ὁ Zεύs; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?

αὖτις, Ion. and Dor. for αὖθιε.

ἀῦτμή, (\*ấω, αἴω, to blow) breath: the blast of a bellows.

II. a scent, odour.

 $\mathring{\mathbf{a}}\ddot{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{\mu}\mathring{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{\mu}\acute{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{v}$ os,  $\mathring{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\mathbf{=}\mathring{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{\mu}\mathring{\mathbf{\eta}}$ .

αὐτο-βοεί, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοεί ελεῖν to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, ον, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, ον, (αὐτός, γεννάω):—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a nother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογνωμονέω, f. ήσω, to act of one's own will or judgment. From

αὐτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. -μόνως.

αὐτό-γνωτος, ον, (αὐτός, γιγνώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γύος, ον, (αὐτός, γύης): — ἄροτρον αὐτόγυον a plough in which the γύης is of one piece with the έλυμα and Ιστοβοεύς.

αὐτο-δαής, ές, (αὐτός, δαῆναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτο-δάϊκτος, ον, (αὐτός, δαίζω) self-slain or mutually slain

αὐτ-οδάξ, Adv. (αὐτός, ἀδάξ) with clenched tech: hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten

αὐτό-δηλος, ον, (αὐτός, δηλος) self-cuident.

αὐτο-δίδακτος, ον, (αὐτύς, διδάσκω) self-taught αὐτό-δίκος, ον, (αὐτύς, δίκη) with one's own law-courts: conducting one's own suit at bome.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-έλικτος, ον, (αὐτός, έλίσσω) curling naturally. αὐτο-έντης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , = αὐθέντης, α murderer.

αὐτο-ετής, ές, (αὐτός, έτος) in or of the same year: Adv. αὐτόετες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεί, Adv of αὐτοθελήs, voluntarily

aὐτο-θελής, ές, (αὐτύς, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

aὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat illinc of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθζ, Adv for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.
αὐτο-κασίγνητος, ὁ, and -τη, ἡ, (αὐτός, κασίγνητος) an own brother or sister

αὐτο-κατάκρῖτος, ον, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κέλευθος, ον, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, ον, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, cf one's own accord

αὐτο-κελής, ές, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foreg.

αὐτό-κλητος, ον, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i.e. un-called, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, ον, (αὐτός, κόμη) with natural hair, shaggy.

II. hair and all.

aὐτο-κράτής, ές, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, baving full power, absolute: τὸ αὐτοκρατές free will. αὐτο-κράτωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master: I. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris.

2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers.

3. of rulers, absolute: peremptory.

αυτό-κτίτος, ον, (αὐτύς, κτίζω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, ον, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κύβερνήτης, ου, δ, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.

αὐτό-κωπος, ον, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the

bandle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a handle, i e. of oneself, of one's own accord.

swords.

= μόνος: αὐτοί ἐσμεν we are by

αὐτο-μάθήs, έs, (αὐτόs, μαθεῖν) self-taught, τινόs in a thing.

αὐτό-μαρτύε, ὕρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτόε, μάρτυε) oneself the witness, i. c. an eyewitness.

aὐτομάτίζω, f. ίσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

aὐτό-μάτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (αὐτός, μέμαα, pf of \*μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. self-moving; τὰ αὐτόματα self-moving machines, automatons.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous.

3. of events, bappening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. ultro, sponte sua.

αὐτομολέω, f. ήσω, (αὐτόμολοs) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλησις, εως, ή, and αὐτομολία, ή, devertion. αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομέσμαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ή, independence. From

αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμομαι) feeding at will αὐτο-ντχί, Adv (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

aὐτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παι̂ς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πημα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(αὐτ \delta s$ , ποιέω) self-produced.

**αὐτό-πολιs**, εωs, ὑ, (αὐτύs, πύλιs) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ου, ό, a citizen of a free state.  $[\bar{\imath}]$  αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμνος, ου, (αὐτός, πρέμνου) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμνος ὅλλυσθαι to perish root and branch

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτ-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὁράω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling oze's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζοs, poët. αὐτόριζοs, ον, (αὐτός, βίζα) self-rooted. Il with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρῦτος, poet. αὐτό-ρυτος, ον, (αὐτός,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) self-flowing.

ΑΥΤΟΣ, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self, Lat. ipse: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., bim, ber, it: with artic. δ αὐτός, ή αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself:

1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag, phrase Abros épa, Lat. Ipse dixii.

2.

by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοί ἐσμεν we are by ourselves. dat. with a Subst., together with; ανόρουσεν αὐτη σὺν φόρμιγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σύν, ιππουε αὐτοισιν οχεσφιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι alhes and all; αὐτοῖε τοῖε ἵπποιε horses and all. added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτύς bimself the fifth, i. e. bimself with four others, avros being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., έγω αὐτόε, σε αὐτόν, etc., always divisim in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: agam αὐτόs is joined with the reflexive ἐαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc , to give greater force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὑτοῦ. 7. Comp. αὐτύτεροs, more bimself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. ipsissimus, bis very self.

11. He, be, it, Lat ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτύν, and the reflex. Pron αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτύν, v sub ἐαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, δ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. ἀὐτός, ἀὐτή, ταὐτό and ταὐτόν; gen. ταὐτοῦ, etc.; Ion. ἀὐτός, τωὐτό:—the same, Lat. idem. It freq. takes a dat, like ὅμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθφ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν οι πάσχειν τινί to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατὰ ταὐτό, ὑπὸ ταὐτό, at, about the same time, Lat. sub idem tempus: εἰς ταὐτό, ἐν ταὐτῷ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i e natural, native, as m αὐτόκτιτος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, 3. of oneself, as in αὐτοδίas in αὐτόξυλος 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, δακτος. 5. just, exactly, as in autoαὐτοάνθρωπο**s**, etc. 6. rarely, with reflex, sense of αὐτοῦ and άλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. togetber 8. alone, by with, as in αὐτότοκος young and all. oneself, as in αὐτόσκηνος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc. αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron. αὐτόσ-σύτος, ον, (αὐτός, σεύομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-στάδία, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἴσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφαγής, ές, (αὐτύς, σφαγήναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδά, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

aὐrοσχεδιάζω, f. άσω, (αὐτοσχέδιοs) to act or speak off-band: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially.

2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-band. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-band, an impromptu: and

αὐτοσγεδιαστης, οῦ, ὁ, one who acts or speaks offband: a novice, Lat. tiro.

αὐτο-σχέδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, σχέδιος) band to band:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδίη, (sc. μάχη) ή, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδίην as II. off-band, on the spur of Adv. close at band. the moment.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) near at band, band to band, Lat. cominus.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τέλεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) self-accomplished. αὐτο-τελής, ές, (αὐτός, τέλος) complete in itself, sufficient: - Adv. αὐτοτελωs, absolutely, arbitrari-II. taxing oneself.

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) young and all. αὐτο-τραγικός, ή, όν, (αὐτός, τραγικός) arrant tragic. αὐτο-τροπήσας, aor. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπάω, (αὐτόs, τρέπω) to turn straightway.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτόε, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. illico.

αύτοῦ, Att. contr. for ξαυτοῦ.

αὐτουργία, ή, a working with one's own hand, aùτουργία φόνου self-inflicted murder. From

αὐτ-ουργός,  $\dot{o}$ ν,  $(αὐτ\dot{o}s, \tilde{\epsilon}ργον)$  self-working. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, II. pass. self-wrought, extemporary αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτό: ἐπ' αὐτόφι οι παρ' αὐτόφι on the very spot; ἀπ' αὐτόφι from the very spot.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) bark and all. αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, \*φένω) self-murdering, murdering one's own kin.

αὐτο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, \*φένω) a murderer. αὐτό-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φόρτος) bearing one's own baggage.

αὐτο-φτής, ές, (αὐτός, φύω) self-growing, self-exist-2. of bome growth or production. tural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυείε λύφοι hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined. Hence

αὐτοφυῶs, Adv. naturally.

αὐτό-φὕτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) self-caused.

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φώρ) caught in the act of theft; επ' αὐτοφώρφ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρφ ἁλῶναι to be caught in the very act.

 $\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \dot{\sigma} - \chi \epsilon \iota \rho$ ,  $\rho \circ s$ ,  $\dot{\sigma}$ ,  $\dot{\sigma}$ ,  $(\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \dot{\sigma} s$ ,  $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho$ ) working with one's own band: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing. II. absol. one who kills himself or one of bis kin: a murderer, bomicide. III. as Adı. murderous. Hence

αὐτοχειρί, Adv. with one's own hand.

αὐτοχειρία, ή, (αὐτόχειρ) a doing with one's own bands; dat. αὐτοχειρία with one's own band.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) country and all. αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) of the land itself, Lat. terrigena: αὐτόχθονες, οί, like Lat. Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers. αύτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολόω) angry at oneself.

| αὐτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόανος, (αὐτός, χοάνη) rudely cast, shapeless, of a quoit.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτόε, χρημα) indeed, really:

at once, plainly.

αυτως, Adv. of αυτός with Acol. accent, even so, just so, as it is; γυμνόν ἐύντα, αὕτως, being unarmed, 2. just so, no better; often joined just as 1 am. with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αύτως a mere child. Il. just as before, as it was; λευκόν έτ' αΰτωs still white as when new.

αὐχενίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (αὐχήν) to cut the throat of, bebead.

aὐχένιος, a, ον, (αὐχήν) belonging to the neck; aὐχένιοι τένοντε the sinews of the neck.

αὐχέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ηὕχησα:—like καυχάομαι, to boast, pride oneself: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

AΥ'XH', ή, boasting, pride.

αύχημα, ατος, τό, (αὐχέω) a thing boasted of, the pride, boast. II. a boast: also =  $a \dot{v} \chi \dot{\eta}$ , boasting. AΥ'XH'N, ένος, δ, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αὕχησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(αὐχ \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  boasting, exultation. αὐχμέω, f. ήσω, (αὐχμώς) to be squalid, Lat. squalere. 

αὐχμηρός, ά, όν, (αὐχμέω) dry, parched, dusty, squalid, Lat. squalidus. 2. impoverished, needy. αὐχμός, ὁ, (ἄω, αὕω, αὖος) drought: dearth.

αύχμ-ώδης, εε, (αὐχμός, είδος) looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμῶδες drought.

AΥ Ω, Att. αυω, to dry, wither: also to singe, set on fire.

AΥ'Ω, f. ἀΰσω: aor. ήυσα:—to shout out, shout, call aloud: also of things, to sound, echo: c. acc. pers. to call upon.

αύως, ή, Aeol. for dώs, ήώς, morning.

άφ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to purify:-Med. to devote oneself with purifying offerings.

άφ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. άφήρηκα: Pass., aor. ι ἀφηρέθην: pf. ἀφήρημαι:—from the Root ΈΛ- we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελοῦμαι: (ἀπό, αίρέω). To take from, take away from another; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρείν τινά τι to rob of a thing; ἀφαι- $\rho \in \hat{l} \vee \tau : vos \ to \ take \ from \ a \ thing, hence \ to \ diminish: to$ let off, pardon. II. Med. more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off: ἀφαιρεῖσθαί τινά τι to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself. 2. followed by μή and inf., to prevent, binder from doing. Pass. to be robbed or deprived of a thing.

άφαιστος, Dor. for "Ηφαιστος.

άφ-άλλομαι, f. άφαλοῦμαι: 201. Ι άφηλάμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—to spring off or down from: to jump off.

a-φaλos, ov, without the φάλοs or metal boss in which the plume was fixed.

άφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: 201. 2 άφήμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—to | ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., οί Adv. miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

άφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor 2 of foreg.

άφαμαρτο-επής, έν, (άφαμαρτεῖν, ἔπον) missing the point, talking at random.

άφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδήσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω):—to displease, fail to please.

ά-φάνεια, ή, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

ά-φανής, ές, (a privat., φανήναι) unseen, invisible: 2. vanished: bidden, secret: hence inscrutable. unknown: τὸ ἀφανέε uncertainty. ἀφανήε οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence

ἀφανίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: pf. ήφάνικα:—to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. rase to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate footsteps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. 10 darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be beard of no more, vanish: esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live retired. Hence

άφάνζοις, εως, ή, a making away with. vanishing, disappearance.

 $\dot{a}\phi a v \sigma \mu \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}\phi \dot{a}v \iota \sigma \iota s$ .

**ἄ-φαντος**, ον, (a privat., φαίνομαι) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

ἀφ-άπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἄφημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω): —to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:—Pass. to be bung on, bang on; ἀπαμμένος Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφημμένος.

άφαρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. III. continuously, without intermission.

ά-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for άφρακτος.

άφ-αρπάζω, f. άξω, Att. άσω or rather άσομαι:---Pass., aor. I –ηρπάσθην: pf. –ήρπασμαι:—to tear off or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.

άφάρτερος, a, ov, Comp. Adj. from άφαρ, bastier. ά-φασία, ή, (ἄφατος) speechlessness.

άφάσσω, f. άφάσω: aor. I ήφασα, imperat. άφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφάω):—to take bold of, bandle, feel, touch.

**ἄ-φἄτος**, ον, (a privat., φατός) not named, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; ἄφατα χρήματα untold sums; άφατον ώs . . there's no saying how. unutterable: buge, monstrous.

 $\dot{a}\phi$ -avalvω, fut. pass.  $a\dot{v}av\theta\dot{\eta}\sigma\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ , =  $\dot{a}\phi a\dot{v}\omega$ .

άφαυρόs, ά, όν, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.) άφ-αύω, (ἀπό, αὕω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:

-Pass. to become parched, to pine away.

ἀφάω or ἀφάω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) to bandle, feel. ά-φεγγήs, έs, (α privat., φέγγοs) without light, dark:

metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

 $d\phi$ -εδρών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος,  $\delta$ ,  $(d\pi\delta$ , ξδρα) the draught: a privy.

 $dφ \epsilon_0$ , Ep. for  $dφ \hat{\eta}$ , 3 sing. 20τ. 2 subj. of  $dφ \epsilon_0 \mu$ . άφέηκα, Ep. for άφηκα, aor. I of άφίημι. άφεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of αφίημι.

ἀφ∈ιδῶε.

άφειδέω, f. ήσω, to be unsparing or lavisb of; άφει- $\delta \epsilon \hat{i} \nu \pi \delta \nu o \nu to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil:$ absol., ἀφειδήσαντες recklessly. From

**ἀ-φειδής, ές**, (α privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavisb· 2. unsparing, cruel, barsb. Hence bountiful.

ἀφειδία, ή, profuseness. 2. barsbness, severity άφειδώς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of άφειδής, lavisbly.

άφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφίημι.

άφειλον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of άφαιρέω άφειμαι, pf. pass. of άφίημι.

**ἀφεῖμεν**, 1 pl. aor. 2 of ἀφίημι.

**ἀφείς, ε**ῖσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφίημι.

άφεκτέον, verb. Adj of ἀπέχω, one must abstain.

άφέλεια, ή (άφελήs) simplicity, plainness. From άφελεῖν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω

ά-φελής, έs, (a privat., φελλεύς) without a stone, level, smoo'b. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}} \mathbf{\phi} - \dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}} \lambda \kappa \boldsymbol{\omega}$ , f.  $-\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}} \lambda \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ ; but the usu. fut. is  $\dot{\mathbf{d}} \boldsymbol{\phi} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \lambda \kappa \dot{\boldsymbol{\upsilon}} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \boldsymbol{\omega} \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{v} \end{bmatrix}$ . aor. Ι ἀφείλκυσα (as if from ἀφελκύω):—to drag away, draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

 $\dot{a}$ φελότης, ητος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ φελής) smoothness, evenness: hence simplicity, sincerity

άφελών, aor. 2 part. of άφαιρέω.

άφελωs, Adv. of άφελήs, rudely, coarsely.

άφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.

 $\mathbf{d}\mathbf{\phi}$ - $\mathbf{\epsilon}\mathbf{\rho}\mathbf{\kappa}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\mathbf{d}\pi\mathbf{\epsilon}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{\rho}\gamma\mathbf{\omega})$  sbut out from. άφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. I άφείρπυσα (as if from

dφερπύ(ω):—to creep off, steal away. **d**-φερτος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.

άφες, 2 imperat. 2 of ἀφίημι.

'Αφέσιος, δ, (ἀφίημι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus. άφεσις, εως, ή, (ἀφίημι) a letting go, setting free. a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.

άφεσταίη, shortened for άφέστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

άφετός, όν, (άφίημι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence dedicated to some god.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{d}}$ - $\phi$ euktos,  $o\nu$ , =  $\check{a}\phi\nu\kappa\tau os$ , q.v.

άφ-εύω, aor. I άφευσα (without augm.): pf. pass. 2. to toast, roast. ήφευμαι:—to singe off.

 $\dot{a}$ φ-έψω, Ion.  $\dot{a}$ πέψω: fut.  $\dot{a}$ φεψήσω:—to boil off, boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine, purify: to boil young again.

άφέωκα, Dor. for άφεικα, pf. act., and άφέωνται, Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur. pf. pass. of ἀφίημι.

άφη, ή, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint: II. (απτομαι) a touching, bandling: kindling.

the sense of touch.

άφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγήσομαι, to lead away, lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first. III. the perf. αφήγημαι is used relat**e, ex**plain. in pass. sense. Hence

άφήγημα Ion. άπήγημα, ατος, τό, a tale, narrative: and

άφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, εως, ή, a telling, narrating: ἄξιον ἀπηγήσιος worth the telling.

άφηκα, aor. I of άφίημι.

ἀφ-ῆλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ῆλιξ, ικος, ὁ, ἡ, beyond youth, elderly: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφηλικέστερος, -έστατος.

άφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

άφήρηκα, pf. of άφαιρέω.

άφ-ήτωρ, opos, δ, (άφίημι) the archer.

άφθαρσία, ή, incorruption, immortality. From

 $\mathbf{d}$ - $\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\theta}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{p}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{o}\nu$ , (a privat.,  $\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\theta}$ είρω) uncorrupted, incorruptible.

**α-φθεγκτοs**, oν, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) speechless: not to be spoken of; ἐν ἀφθέγκτφ νάπει τη a giove where none may speak.

 $\mathring{\mathbf{a}} \phi \mathbf{\theta} \mathbf{\eta}$ , Ion. and Dor. for  $\mathring{\eta} \phi \theta \mathbf{\eta}$ , 3 sing. aor. I pass. of  $\mathring{\mathbf{a}} \pi \tau \omega$ .

 $\tilde{a}$ - $\phi\theta$ iτοs, ον, later also  $\eta$ , ον, (a privat.,  $\phi\theta$ ίνω) undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.

ά-φθογγος, ον, (α privat., φθέγγομαι) voiceless. άφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of

άφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of άφθονος.

**ά-φθόνητος, ον**, (a privat., φθονέω) unenvied.

άφθονία, ή, freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

d-φθονος, ον, act. free from envy: ungrudging, bounteous.

II. pass. not grudged, bounteously given, plentiful.

2. = ἀνεπίφθονος, unenvied, provoking no envy.

III. Adv. -νως, ἀφθόνως ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

**ἀφθορία, ή,** incorruption, purity. From

α-φθορος, ον, (α privat., φθείρω) uncorrupt, chaste. ἀφ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v]:—Pass., aor. I -ύθην [v] or -ύνθην: pf. ἀφίδρυμαι:—to place elsewhere, to remove. ἀφ-ιερόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:—to purify, ballow.

άφ-ίημι: impf. (as if from ἀφιέω) ἡφίουν, 3 sing ήφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ήφίουν, ήφίεσαν: fut. ἀφήσω: aor. I ἀφῆκα: pf. ἀφεῖκα Dor. ἀφέωκα:—Pass., fut. άφεθήσομαι: aor. ι άφείθην: pf. άφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφέωνται with pres. sense:-to send forth, discharge, Lat. emittere, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. send away, let go, Lat. dimittere: hence to throw 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation. etc.: to remit: absol., apiévai rivá to acquit. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, di-5. αφιέναι πλοίον els.. to loose ship for vorce. a place. III. to give up: hence to leave off, let alone; to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, vaûs, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth.

2. to loose aneself from: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφοῦ τέκνων let go the children.

 $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\ddot{a}$ -

άφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of άφικνέομαι.

άφίκεο, Dor. for άφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

άφ-ικνέομαι, f. ἀφίξομαι: aor. ἀφῖκόμην: pf. pass. ἀφῖγμαι: Dep.:—to arrive at, to come to, to reach; ἀφικέσθαι ἐπί οτ εἰε πάντα to try every means; ἀφικέσθαι ἐπ τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρις ἀφικέσθαι τινί to come to battle, or into enmity with one.

II. to come back, return.

άφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of άφικνέομαι.

**ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος**, ον, (α privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) unfriendly to good men.

ά-φίλ-άργυρος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, άργυρος) not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.

ά-φίλητος, ον, (α privat., φιλέω) unloved. ἀφίλοδοξία, ή, want of ambition. From

ά-φτλόδοξος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) not ambitious. ά-φτλόδος, ον, of persons, friendless. 2. of persons and things, unfriendly, disagreeable, bateful:—Adv. -λως. άφτξις, Ion. ἄπιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) an arrival. II. a going bome again, departure.

άφιππεύω, f. εύσω, (ἄφιππος) to ride off, away, or back.

άφιππία, ή, bad riding. From

aφιππος, ov, unsuited for riding or for cavalry. II.

riding badly.

άφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: 20r. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστησάμην;— in which tenses it is causal:—to put away, remove, separate: hence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make re-2. to weigh out; μη χρείος ἀποστήσωνται volt. lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀφέστηκα: plqpf ἀφεστήκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:-to stand off, away, or aloof from; αποστηναι πραγμάτων, etc., to withdraw from business; άποστηναι άπό τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., ἀποστήναι έρωτήσαι to give over asking. 2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off. άφιχθαι, pf. inf. of άφικνέομαι.

αφλαστον, τό, Lat. aplustre, the curved stern of a hip with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

άφλοισμόs, ό, a foaming or gnashing of teeth. (Prob. like φλοΐσβοs, formed from the sound.) άφνειόs, όν, also ή, όν, (ἄφενοs) rich, wealthy: also

rich in a thing, c. gen.
ἀφνεός, ά, όν, collat. form of ἀφνειός.

"AΦΝΩ, Adv. unawares, of a sudden: also άφνωs. ά-φόβητος, ον, (a privat., φοβέομαι) fearless, without fear of, c. gen.

a-φoβos, ov, (a privat., φόβos) fearless. causing no fear, not to be feared.

άφοβό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (άφοβος, σπλάγχνον) fear-

less of beart, stout-bearted.
ἀφόβωs, Adv. of ἄφοβοs, without fear, securely.

άφ-οδος, ή, (ἀπό, ὁδός) a going away, departure: also a going back.

II. = ἀπόπατος.

ά-φοίβαντος, ον, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) uncleansed.

άφ-ομοιόω, f. ώσω, to liken, make like. compare. III. to portray, copy.

άφ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω, to disarm, strip of arms:-Med.,

άφοπλίζεσθαι έντεα to put off one's armour.

άφ-οράω, impf. ἀφεώρων : pf. ἀφείρακα : with borrowed fut ἀπόψομαι (as if from ἀπ-όπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπείδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere: -to see clearly, have in full view. look from a place. III. rarely, to look away, bave the back turned.

ά-φόρητος, ον, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, in-

sufferable.

άφορία, ή, (άφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a II. barrenness. thing.

άφοριεί, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing fut. med. of άφ-ορίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass άφωρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off determine, define .- Med. to mark off for oneself, II. to set apart, ordain: also to appropriate. reject, banish.

άφ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to make to start from a place. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go

forth, start, depart.

άφ-ορμή, ή, (ἀπό, ὁρμή) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3 means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus. II. a making a start, undertaking.

άφορμηθείεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. opt. of άφορμάω άφ-ορμίζομαι, Med to unmoor ships from barbour α-φόρμικτος, ον. (α privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre. άφ-ορμος, ον, (άπό, ύρμος) without barbour in a

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -φορος, ον, (a privat.,  $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ ) not bearing, barren. ά-φόρυκτος, ον, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.

άφ-οσιόω, fut. ώσω, (ἀπό, ὅσιοε) to purify or liberate from guilt:-Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory II. Med. also to acquit offerings to the god. oneself of service due; άφοσιοῦσθαι ἐξόρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

άφοῦ, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.

άφόωντα, Ep. for άφῶντα, pres. act. part. acc. of άφάω.

άφραδέω, f. ήσω, to act without sense. From ά-φράδήs, és, (α privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. αφραδέως, foolisbly, senselessly. Hence

άφραδία, ή, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.

ά-φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, = άφραδής, thoughtless.

άφραίνω, (ά-φρων) to be silly.

а-фрактоs, old Att. а-фарктоs, ov, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard. ά-φράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφράδμων.

II. to | α-φραστος, ον, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., strange. φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence άφράστως, Adv. unexpectedly.

 $\mathring{a}$ φρέω, f.  $\mathring{\eta}$ σω,  $(\mathring{a}$ φρόε) to foam: c. acc. to cover

with foam.

 $\dot{a}\phi\rho\eta$ - $\lambda\dot{o}\gamma os$ , ov,  $(\dot{a}\phi\rho\dot{o}s$ ,  $\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$ ) gathering froth. skimming.

άφρηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.

ἀφρήτωρ, οροε, δ, Ιοιι. for ἀφράτωρ, (α privat., φράτρα) wibout brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

 $\dot{a}$ φρίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}$ φρέω, to foam. ἀφριόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.

άφρογένεια, ή, the foam-born. From

άφρο-γενής, ές, (άφρύς, γενέσθαι) foam-born. 'Aφροδισιάs, άδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

'Aφροδίσιος, a, ov, also os, ov, belonging to II. 'Αφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus Venus.

'Αφροδίσια, τά, ber festival. From

'Αφροδίτη [ī], ἡ, (ἀφρόs) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus the goddess of love and beauty, born from the seafoam. II. as appellat. love, desire: -- also beauty. άφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἄφρων. άφρονέω, f. ήσω, (άφρων) to be silly, to act foolisbly ἀφροντιστέω, f. ήσω, to be beedless: to bave no care

of a thing. From ά-φρόντιστος, ον, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστω**s ἔ**χειν to be thought-II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

**α-φρόνως**, Adv. of αφρων, foolisbly.

'AΦPO'Σ, δ, foam, froth.

άφροσύνη, ή, (ἄφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

α-φρουρος, ον, (α privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

άφρο-φυής, ές, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky. α-φρων, ον, gen. ovos, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp. and Sup., ἀφρονέστερο**s**, –έστατοs.

άφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to

wasb oneself, bathe.

άφύη, ή, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ά-φυήs, és, (α privat., φυή) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

α-φυκτος, ον, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφυλακτέω, f. ήσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ά-φύλακτος, ον, (α privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded. II. of persons, unguarded, unbeeding; άφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off bis guard. Adv. 70s. Hence

άφυλαξία, ή, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ φ-υλίζω, f. ίσω, ( $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ πό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

**ἄ-φυλλος**, ον, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἄφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύξειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

άφ-υπνίζω, f. ίσω, (άπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep. άφ-υπνόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι άφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὑπνόω): —to wake 0τ rouse from sleep.

II. to fall asleep.

άφυσγετός, δ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a

stream carries with it, rubbisb.

'ΑΦΥ'ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύξω Dor. -ξω: aor. ι ἤφύσα Ep. ἄφυσσα: aor. ι med. ἡφύσάμην Ep. ἀφυσσάμην: —to draw liquids; πίθων ἡφύσσετο olvos wine was drawn from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to drink, quaff.

2. to pour in a beap, to file up, πλοῦτον ἀφύξειν:—Med., φύλλα ἡφυσάμην I beaped me up a pile of leaves.

ά-φύτευτος, ον, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.

άφυωs, Adv. of ἀφυήε: ἀφυῶς ἔχειν to have no natural talent.

**ἀ-φώνητοs**, ον, (α privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, unuterable.

II. voiceless, speechless.

άφωνία, ή, speechlessness. From

ā-φωνοs, ον, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless, dumb: inarticulate. Adv. -νωs.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$  [ $\bar{a}$ ], Dor. tor  $\dot{\eta}$ χ $\dot{\eta}$ .

'Axala, Ion. 'Axalin, ή, (άχος) epith. of Demeter in Attica.

άχαΐνης, δ, (ἀκίs) with single points to his horns, epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαΐνη, ή, a deer.

'Axaıts, Att. 'Axats, 180s, ή, the Achaian land, with or without γαία. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaian woman: so also 'Axaιτάs, άδοs, ή.

'Aχαιόs, ά, όν, Achaian, Lat. Achivus. II. as Subst., I. 'Αχαιοί, οί, the Achaians, in Homer the Greeks generally. 2. 'Αχαία, ἡ, Achaia, in Peloponnesus.

**ά-χάλινος**, ον, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ά-χάλίνωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλινόω) unbridled. ά-χάλκεος, ον, (a privat., χαλκοῦε) without a farthing. Hence

άχαλκέω, to be without a farthing.

ά-χάλκευτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of metal.

ά-χαλκος, ον, without brass, esp. without brasen arms; ἄχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἄνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -χάλκωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκόω) =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χάλκεντος.  $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$ χάνη [ $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ χ $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ -],  $\dot{\eta}$ , a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμνοι.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -χάνής, έs, (a privat., χανείν) not opening the mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ά-χἄράκωτος, ον, (α privat., χαρακόω) not palisaded. ά-χἄρις, ὁ, ἡ, ἄχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (α privat., χάριε) without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II. ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

ἀχαριστέω, f. ήσω, (ἀχάριστος) to be ungrateful. ἀχαριστία, ή, ingratitude, ungraciousness.

άχάριστος, Ion. and poet. ά-χάριστος, ον. (a privat., χαρίζομα) unpleasing: without grace. II. ungracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. unthanked: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαρίστων ἔχειν τινί thanks are not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence in Adv., ἀχαρίστων ἔπεσθαι to follow with a bad grace.

ἀχεδών, ύνος, Dor. for ήχεδών.

ζ-χείμαντος, ον, (a privat., χειμαίνω) not vexed with storms.

 $\mathring{a}$ -χειρ, ροs,  $\mathring{o}$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ , (a privat., χείρ) without hands: without dexterity, awkward.

ά-χειρής, έs, without bands.

ά-χειροποίητος, ov, not made by bands.

 $\vec{a}$ -xerpos,  $o\nu$ , =  $\vec{a}\chi\epsilon\iota\rho$ :  $\tau \vec{a}$   $\vec{a}\chi\epsilon\iota\rho a$  the binder parts of the body.

**ἀ-χείρωτοs**, ον, (α privat., χειρόω) not trained by the band. II. unconquered.

'Aχελφος, poet. 'Αχελώϊος, δ, Achelous, name of several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia and Acarnania.

II. as appellat. any running water, as in Virgil, Achelous pocula.

"AXEPΔOΣ, ή, more rarely ό, a wild prickly shrub,

used for hedges: the wild pear.

'Αχερόντιοs and 'Αχερούσιοs, a, ov, of or belonging to Acberon: fem. - ids, άδοs.

άχερωίs, iδos, the white poplar, supposed to have been brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheron.

'Αχέρων, ουτος, ό, Acheron, a river in Hades. (Derived from ἄχος, as Κωκυτός from κωκύω.)

άχέτας, ου, ό, Dor. for ἠχέτης, (ἀχέω) sounding : esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

άχεύω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one.

ἀχέω, (ἀχοs) to mourn, be sad, only used in part., κῆρ ἀχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the same Root 'AX-, came I. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἤκῶτχον, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress: so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχήσω, aor. 1 ἀκάχησα (as if from ἀχέω).

2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj. ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—pf. pass., ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέδαται οτ ἀκηχέαται (for ἀκήχηνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέιατο (for ἀκήχηντοι); inf. ἀκάχησθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενοs, Ep. also ἀκηχέμενοs.

 $\dot{a}$ χέω [ $\bar{a}$ ], Dor. and poet. form for  $\dot{\eta}$ χέω.

άχημα, Dor. for ήχημα.

'AXH'N, ένος, ό, ή, poor, needy. [ā] Hence ἀχηνία, ή, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes' blank gaze.

ἀχθεινός, ή, όν, (ἄχθος) burdensome, oppressive. Adv. -νως, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

άχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άγω.

άχθηδών, όνος, ή, (ἄχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

άχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of άγω.

**ἄχθομαί**, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass. ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθην: pf. ἡχθημαι: (ἄχθοε):—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down, discontented, vexed, disgusted.

"AXΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος άρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

άχθοφορίω, f. ήσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a burden. From

άχθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄχθος, φέρω) bearing burdens. 'Αχίλλειος, a, ov, of or belonging to Achilles:

'Αχίλλειαι μαζαι, cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food. From

'Αχιλλεύς, έως, Ερ. η̂ος, δ: Ερ. also 'Αχιλεύς: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ά-χίτων, ον, gen. ovos, without tunic, thinly clad.

άχλαινία, ή, want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing. From

d-χλαινος, ον, (a privat., χλαῖνα) without cloak. d-χλοος, ον, contr. d-χλους, ουν, (a privat., χλόα) without herbage.

άχλυόεις, εσσα, εν, (άχλύε) murky, gloomy.

'AXAY'Z, vos, η, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. caligo: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble. Hence αχλύω, f. νσω [υ]: aor. I ήχλυσα: to be or grow dark.

"AXNH, Dor. ἄχνα, ἡ, anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἄχνη οὐρανία the dew of heaven; δακρύων ἄχνη dewy tears. II. of solids, chaff: the down on fruit. ἄχνην in acc. as Adv., a morsel, a little bit.

άχνυμαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (άχοι):

to trouble oneself, grieve.

a-χολοs, ον, (a privat., χολή) lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle.

II. allaying bile or anger

άχομαι, Dep. (άχοs) to mourn, bewail oneself. ἀ-χόρευτος, ον, (α privat., χορεύω) like άχορος, not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.

a-χοροs, ov, without the dance: mournful, sad.

"AXOΣ, εος, τό, an ACHE, pain, distress, in Homer only of the mind.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\mathbf{\chi}\rho\alpha\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\mathbf{s}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\chi\rho\alpha\nu\boldsymbol{\tau}o\mathbf{s}$ .

α-χραντος, ον, (a privat., χραίνω) undefiled.

άχράς, άδος, ή, a kind of wild pear.

άχρείοs, ον, rarely a, ον, Ion. α-χρήϊοs, (a privat, χρεία) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war. II. neut. ἀχρείον as Adv, ἀχρείον ιδών giving a belpless look, looking foolish; ἀχρείον γελῶν to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; ἀχρείον κλάζειν to bark without cause, of dogs Hence

άχρειόω, f. ώσω, to make useless, disable.

ά-χρήϊος, ον, Ion. for άχρεῖος.

άχρηματία, ή, want of money. From

**α-χρήματος**, ον, (α privat., χρήμα) without money or means: ol άχρήματοι the poor.

άχρημοσύνη, ή, want of money. From

 $\dot{a}$ -χρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., χρ $\hat{\eta}$ μα) =  $\dot{a}$ χρήματος, poor, needy. [ $\dot{a}$ ]

άχρηστία, ή, uselessness, unfitness. From

d-χρηστος, ον, (α privat., χρηστός) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἄχρηστος ἔς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus. II. unkind, cruel. III. act. making no use of, c. dat.

ἄχρι, and before a vowel ἄχρις, (ἄκρος) Prep. with gen. until, Lat. usque ad; ἄχρι μάλα κνέφαος until deep in the night:—as far as, ἄχρι τῆς καρδίας. II. Conj. until, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also ἄχρι

ov. III. Adv. of manner, to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.

ά-χρώμἄτος, ον, (α privat., χρώμα) without colour. ά-χρωστος, ον, (α privat., χρώζω) uncoloured: untouched.

άχυροτις, ιδος, (άχυρον) fem. Adj. of chaff. άχυρμία, ή, (άχυρον) a heap of chaff.

άχυρο-δόκη, η, (άχυρον, δέχομαι) a chaff-bolder. "AXY PON, τό, mostly in plur. chaff, bran, busks.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ χῦρό-τριψ, τρὶβοs,  $\dot{\alpha}$ , ( $\ddot{\alpha}$ χυρον, τρίβω) threshing out the busks.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χώ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , Dor. for  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ χώ.

ά-χώριστος, ον, (a privat., χωριστός) not parted II. (a privat., χώρος) without a place assigned one "AΨ, Adv. of Place, backwards, back, away from,

way. 2. of actions, again, over again ἀψάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἄπτομαι.

a-ψαυστος, ον, (α privat., ψαύω) untouched. II. act. without touching.

ά-ψεγής, έs, (a privat., ψέγω) unblamed, blameless. ά-ψεκτος, ον, = άψεγής.

άψεύδεια, ή, trutbfulness; and

άψευδέω, f. ήσω, not to lie, to speak truth From ά-ψευδής, ές, (α privat., ψεύδος) without falsebood,

truthful: of things, genuine, pure. Hence ἀψευδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. really and truly. ἄ-ψευστος, ον, (α privat., ψεύδομαι) unfergned. ἄ-ψηκτος, ον, (α privat., ψήχω) not rubbed off. ά-ψήφιστος, ον, (α privat., ψηφίζομαι) not baving voted.

άψιδόομαι, pf ἡψίδωμαι: Pass.: (ἀψίs):—to be tied in a circle or curve.

άψί-κορος, ον, (άπτομαι, κόρος) satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.

άψτμαχία, ή, a skirmisbing. From

άψί-μαχος, ον, (άπτομαι, μάχη) skirmisbing.

ἀψίνθιον, τό, Lat. absintbium, wormwood. From "AΨΙΝΘΟΣ, ή, wormwood.

άψίς, Ion. άψίς, ίδος, ή, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a loop, knot; ἀψίδες λίνου the meshes of a net. 2. the felloe or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος άψίδος the potter's wheel. 3. an arch or vault.

άψισι, dat. pl. of άψις. άψορ-poos, ον, contr. άψορρους, ουν, (άψ, ρέω) back-flowing, flowing back into itself.

άψορ-ρος, ov, shortd. form of foreg. moving backwards, going back:—neut. άψορρον as Adv., backward, back again.

άψος, εοε, τό, (άπτω) a juncture: a joint.

ά-ψόφητος, ον, (α privat., ψοφέω) without noise; c. gen., ἀψόφητος κωκυμάτων without cry of wailing.

II.

**ἄ-ψοφος**, ον, (a privat., ψόφος) = ἀψόφητος. **ἄ-ψυκτος**, ον, (a privat., ψύχω) uncooled, warm. ἀψῦχία, ἡ, cowardice. From

d-ψ0χos, ov, (a privat., ψυχή) lifeless. spiritless, fainthearted.

\*"AΩ, root of anμ, to blow; cf. aζω, aνω.

\*"ΑΩ, root of laúω, dωτέω, to sleep: aor. 1 ἄεσα, Ερ. ἄεσσα, contr. ἆσα.

\* AΩ, to burt, contr. from aaω, q. v.

\*\*ΑΩ, to satiate, inf. ἄμεναι [ā], contr. for ἀέμεναι, Ep. for ἄειν: aor. I ἀσα: verb. Adj. ἀτόs [ŭ]; but with a privat., ἄατος [ἄἄ], contr. ἆτος.

άωθεν, Adv. Dor. for ηωθεν.

αών, φύνος, ή, Dor. for ἡιών.

å-ωρί, Adv. of αωροs, at an untimely bour.

ά-ωρία, ἡ, (ἄωρος) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., ἀωρίαν ἥκειν to have come too late. [ἄ]

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\dot{\omega}$ pros,  $o\nu$ , =  $\tilde{a}\omega$ pos.

άωρό-νυκτος, ον, (ἄωρος, νύξ) at midnight, Lat. intempesta nocte.

**ἄ-ωροs**, ον, (α privat., ὥρα) untimely, unseasonable, χειμών, θάνατοs. II. before the time, unripe. III. missbapen, ugly. [ἄ]

άωρτο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω.

'Aws, n, Dor for Hws, "Ews. Hence

'Αωσ-φόρος, ό, = Έωσφόρος, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.

άωτέω, f. ήσω, (αω) to sleep soundly. From

αωτον, τό, and αωτος, δ, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, οἰὸς ἀωτον; also of the finest linen, λίνοιο λεπτὸν ἄωτον.

## B

**B**, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral,  $\beta' = \delta \acute{\nu}o$  and  $\delta \epsilon \acute{\nu} \tau \epsilon \rho os$ , but  $\beta = 2000$ .

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before  $\rho$ , as βρόδον βράκοs, for βόδον βάκοs. It was often inserted between  $\mu\lambda$  and  $\mu\rho$  to give a fuller sound, as in  $\mu\epsilon\eta\eta\mu\beta\rho\delta\alpha$ ,  $\gamma\alpha\mu\beta\rho\delta\phi$ , cf.  $\delta\mu\beta\rho\rho\sigma\tau\sigma$ s.

The change of β into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into π, e. g. βατεῖν for πατεῖν. II. Arcad., into ζ, as ζέρεθρον for βέρεθρον, βάραθρον. III. into γ, as γλήγων for βλήγων.

βa, shortd. form of βασιλεῦ, Ο King!

βαβάζω, redupl. for βάζω, to chatter.

βαβαί, βαβαιάξ, Lat. papae, exclamation of surprise, bless me! dear me!

βάβαξ, ὁ, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, ή, Lacon. for γέφυρα, a bridge.

βάγμα, ατος, τό, (βάζω) a speech.

βάδην, Adv. (βαίνω) step by step, pacing, Lat. pedetentim, opp. to quick running. II. marching on foot, opp. to riding. III. gradually, Lat. gradatim.

βάδίζω, fut. Att. ιοῦμαι, later ιῶ: aor. I ἐβάδισα: pf. βεβάδικα: (βάδος, βαίνω):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

βάδισις, εως, ή, a walking, going.

βαδιστέον, verb. Adj. of βαδίζω, one must go. βαδιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (βαδίζω) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; ταχὺι βαδιστής a quick goer.

βάδιστικός, ή, ών, (βαδίζω) good at walking.

βάδος, δ, (βαίνω) a walk.

BA'ZΩ, f. βάξω, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., επος βέβακται a word bas been spoken.

βάθέα, Ion. for βαθεία, fem. of βαθύς.

βαθέως, Adv. of βαθύς, deeply.

βάθιστος, η, ον, Sup. of βαθύς.

βαθμίς, ίδος and ίδος, ή, a step. From

βαθμός, ὁ, (βαίνω) a step, stair. Il metaph. a step, degree, rank, Lat. gradus.

βάθος, εος, τό, (βαθύς) depth or beight, Lat. al'itudo; επὶ βάθος in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεία, ή, = βάθρον.

βάθρον, τό, (βαίνω) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation.

2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders.

3. a threshold: metaph. an edge, verge.

4. a bench, seat.

βαθυ-αγκής, ές, (βαθύς, άγκος) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, ον, (βαθύς, βουλή) deep-counselling. βαθύ-γειος, Ion. βαθύγεος, ον, Att. βαθύγεως, ων, (βαθύς, γῆ) with deep soil, fruitful. βαθυ-γήρως, ων, (βαθύς, γῆρας) in great old age,

decrepit.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, ον, (βαθύς, γλύπτω) deep-carved. βαθυ-δινήεις, εσσα, εν. (βαθύς, δινάω) deep-eddying. βαθυ-δίνης, ου, δ, (βαθύς, δίνη) deep-eddying. [ι] βαθύ-δοξος, ον, (βαθύς, δύξα) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωνος, ον, (βαθύs, ζώνη) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. βαθύκολποs.

**βαθύ-θριξ**, τρἴχο**s**, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βαθύ**s**, θρίξ) with thick hair: of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπής, ές, (βαθύς, κάμπτω) strongly curved. βαθυ-κήτης, ες, (βαθύς, κήτος) very deep.

βαθυ-κλέης, εε, (βαθύε, κλέοε) far-famed. βαθύ-κολπος, ον, (βαθύε, κόλποε) deep-bosomed, with the dress in deep, full folds, like βαθύζονος. 2. with swelling breasts. II. of the earth, with deep valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ον, (βαθύς, κρημνός) with high cliffs. βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ον, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτέανος, ον, (βαθύς, κτέανον) with great possessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, ον, and βαθυ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, λειμών) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήϊος, ον, (βαθύς, λήϊον) with deep, thick crops. βαθύ-μαλλος, ον, (βαθύς, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, ου, ό, also βαθυμήτα, (βαθύε, μητιε) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-νους, ον, contr. βαθύ-νους, ουν, (βαθύς, νόος) profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [v], fut. βαθύνω: pf. βεβάθυγκα: (βαθύν):
—to deepen, bollow out, excavate; βαθύνειν την φά-

II.

λαγγα to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, ον, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood. βαθύ-πεδος, ον, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale. βαθύ-πελιμος, ον, (βαθύς, πέλιμα) thick-soled. βαθύ-πλουτος, ον, (βαθύς, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich. βαθυ-πόλεμος, ον, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war. βαθυρ-ρείτης, ου, δ, (βέω) = βαθύρροος. βαθύρ-ρηγος, ον, (βαθύς, βήν) with thick wool.

βαθύρ-ριζος, ον, (βαθύς, ρίζα) deep-rooted.

βαθύρ-ρους, ον, contr βαθύρ-ρους, ονν, (βαθύς, ρέω) deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

BA ΘΥ Ξ, βαθεῖα, Ιοπ. βαθέα, βαθύ: Comp. βαθύτερος, poet. βαθίων, Dor. βάσσων: Sup. βαθύτατος, poet. βάθιστος. Deep or high, Lat. altus. 2 deep, thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep—then in various senses, of time, age, etc; βαθὺς ὕρθρος morning-prime; βαθὺ γῆρας great old age; βαθεῖα φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκάφής, ές, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug. βαθύ-σκίος, ον, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded. βαθύ-σπορος, ον, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruit-

ful. βαθύ-στερνος, ον, (βαθύς, στέρνον) deep-chested; βαθύστερνος αια deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμος, ον, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, ον, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed

βαθύ-σχοινος, ον, (βαθύς, σχοινος) deep grown with rusbes.

βαθύ-φρων, ον, gen. ονοs, (βαθύs, φρήν) deep-counselling.

βαθὖ-φυλλος, ον, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leafed.
βαθυ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, also βαθυχαιτήεις, ήεσσα, ῆεν, βασερικό, χαίτη) with deep thick bair, with thick mane.
βαθύ-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep soil, fertile.
Βάκχει Βακχει

βαίην, ηs, η, 20r. 2 opt. of βαίνω.

**BAΙ΄Ν**Ω, formed from the Root \*βάω: fut. βήσομαι, Ερ. βέομαι and βείομαι, Dor. βασεθμαι:--pf. βέβηκα, Ερ 3 pl. βεβάασι, βεβᾶσι; inf. βεβάμεν, part. βεβάώs, βεβάυία, contr. βεβώs, βεβωσα, βεβώs: —aor. 2  $\tilde{\epsilon}\beta\eta\nu$ , Ep. 3 sing.  $\beta\hat{\eta}$ , Ep. 3 dual  $\beta\acute{a}\tau\eta\nu$  [ $\check{a}$ ]; imperat.  $\beta \hat{\eta} \theta \iota$ , in compds  $\beta \bar{a}$  (as  $\kappa a \tau \dot{a} \beta a$ ); subj.  $\beta \hat{\omega}$ , Ep.  $\beta \epsilon i \omega$ , Ep. 3 sing.  $\beta \dot{\eta} \eta$ ; opt.  $\beta a i \eta \nu$ ; inf.  $\beta \dot{\eta} \nu a \iota$ , Ep. βήμεναι; part. βάs, βασα, βάν. Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. Ι ἐβήσετο, for ἐβήσατο:—Pass., aor. Ι ἐβάθην [ă] in compds. as συνεβάθην: pf. βέβἄμαι in compds. ας παραβέβαμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. Ep. with inf., βη δ' ίμεν, βαν δ' ίέναι he, they set out to go;  $\beta \hat{\eta} \delta \hat{\epsilon} \theta \hat{\epsilon} \epsilon i \nu$  he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετά τι to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδοs, etc., to procced upon hope, 1 e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the pf. Bέβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being settled; εὖ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβῶ-Tes they who are in office.

έννέα ένιαυτοὶ βεβάασι nine years bave come and gone. 6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to cover; ἴπποι βαινόμεναι brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., βαίνειν κέλευθον to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα disgust comes after praise; χρέος έβα με debts came on me.

II. Causal in fut. act. βήσω; acr. I ἔβησα (answering to pres.  $β_iβάζω$ ):—to make to go; φῶταs βησεν ἀφ' ἵππων be made the men dismount from the chariot.

βάιον, τό, (βάις) a palm-branch.

BAIO'Σ, ά, όν, little, slight, short, small, humble; εχώρει βαιός he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ βαιής (sub. ἡλικίας) from childhood; βαιόν, as Adv a little.

BA'IΣ, ή, a palm-branch.

BAI'TH, h, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακέλαs, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé.

Βἄκίζω, f. ίσω, (Βακίs) to prophesy like Bacis. βάκκὰρις, ιδος οτ εως, ή, baccar, an atomatic plant βακτηρία, ή, = βάκτρον

βακτήριον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρευμα, ατος, τό, a staff, sufport. From βακτρεύω, f. σω, to lean on a staff. From βάκτρον, τό, (\*βάω, βιβάζω) Lat. baculus, a staff. βακτρο-προσαίτης, ου δ. (Κάκτρον, προσαίτης) ου

βακτρο-προσαίτης, ου, ό, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one who begs leaning on a staff.

Baκχάω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy. Βακχέ-βακχον ἀσαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε, Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Baκχεία, ή, (Βάκχοε) Bacchic revelry. Baκχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus.

= Βακχεία, ή. Βάκχειος, α, ον, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired,

Βάκχευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry. Βακχεύς, έως, ό, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύστμος, ον, Bacchanalian, frenzied

Bάκχευσις, εως, ἡ, (Βακχεύω) Baccbic revelry
Βακχεύω, f. εύσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of
Baccbus.
2. to speak or act like one frantic, Lat.
baccbari.
II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Bάκχη, ή, (Βάκχοι) a Baccbanté. II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω

Βάκχιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and Βακχικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta\nu$ , = Βάκχειος, Baccbanalian: generally, inspired, raving. It. as Subst.,  $\delta$  Βάκχιος (sub.  $\theta$ εός), the Bacchic god, i.e. Bacchus.

Barxis, idos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Bár $\chi\eta$ .

Βακχιώτης, ου, δ, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

βάλαν-άγρα, ή, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a book to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βάλανεῖον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room. ΒΑ ΛΑ ΝΕΥ Σ, έως, δ, the bath-man, Lat. balneātor. Hence

βάλανεύω, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βάλανη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεΐν) acorn-eating. βάλανη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns

βαλάνίζω, (βάλανος) to sbake acorns from a tree. βαλάνισσα, ή, fem. of βαλανεύς.

βάλάνισσα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem. of βαλανεύs. **BA'ΛΑΝΟΣ**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date;  $\Delta \iota \delta s$  βάλανου the sweet chestnut. II. an tron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bat into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook  $(\beta a\lambda a \nu \acute{\alpha} \gamma \rho a)$  when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βάλανοω, f. ώσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντιη-τόμος, δ, (βαλάντιον, τεμείν) a cutpurse. ΒΑΛΑ'ΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντιοτομέω, to cut purses.

BAABI'Σ, ίδοs, ή, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carceres, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point.

II. any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term. βάλε, for έβαλε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλήν, also βαλλήν, ηνος, δ, a king, akın to Hebr.

Bel or Baal, Lord.

βάλιός, ά, ύν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

**βαλλάντιον**, τό, = βαλάντιον.

**βαλλήναδε** βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

**ΒΑ΄ΛΛΩ**, fut.  $\beta$ **ἄ**λ $\hat{\omega}$ , Ion.  $\beta$ **ἄ**λ $\acute{\epsilon}\omega$ , rarely  $\beta$ **α**λλ $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : —aor. 2 έβάλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα: plqpf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\beta\epsilon\beta\lambda\eta\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ , Ep.  $\beta\epsilon\beta\lambda\eta\kappa\epsilon\iota\nu$ .—Med., Ion. impf. βαλλέσκετο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἐβἄλόμην, Ion. imperat. βάλεῦ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλησομαι: aor. 1 ἐβληθην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ βλητο, subj. βλήεται, opt. 2 sing. βλε $\hat{\epsilon}$ ο, inf. βλ $\hat{\eta}$ σθαι, part.  $\beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon \nu o s :$  —pf.  $\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \iota$ , Ion. 3 pl  $\beta \epsilon$ - $\beta\lambda\eta$ aται: plapf.  $\xi\beta\epsilon\beta\lambda\eta$ μην. I. Act. to throw, cast, burl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking, to bit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος ούατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put on or over, κύκλα άμφὶ ὀχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμός είς ἄλα βάλλων. II. Med. to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. throw around oneself; ξίφος άμφ' ώμοις βάλλεσθαι to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation, βάλλεσθαι άστυ to found a city.

βαλοΐσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, 201. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

**βαλός**,  $ο\hat{v}$ , δ, Dor. for βηλόε.

βαλώ, fut. ind. and βάλω, aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βάμα, τό, Dor. for βημα.

βαμβαίνω, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer. (Formed from the sound.)

βâμες, Dor. for βῶμεν, I pl. 20r. 2 subj. of βαίνω. βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βάν, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω. βἄναυσία, ἡ, (βάναυσος) bandicraft, the life and

babits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

βάναυσικός, ή, όν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βαναυσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βάν-αυσος, ον, (for βαύναυσος, from βαῦνος, αὕω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βαναυσ-ουργία,  $\eta$ , (βάναυσος, \*έργω) bandicraft. βάξις, εως,  $\eta$ , (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτιζω, fut. Att. βαπτιῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. II. = βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, δ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ή, όν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II. drawn like water. From

BA'ΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω —Pass., aor. ἐβάφθην, aor. 2 ἐβάφην [ά]: pf. βέβαμμαι.

I. transit. to dip, dip under, Lat. immergere.
2. to dye, colour, steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινὰ βάμμα Σαρδιανικύν to steep one in Sardian dye, give him a bloody coxcomb.
3. to fill by dipping in, draw.

II. intrans. to dip, sink; ναῦς ἔβαψεν the ship sank.

βάραθρον. Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βόθρον) a gulf, cleft, put: at Athens a cleft behind the Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κεάδαι: hence,

II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape foreigners.

II. to hold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίζω.

Βαρβάρικός, ή, όν, barbaric, foreign, like aforeigner, opp. to Έλληνικός. Adv. -κω̂ς, in a foreign tongue, i. e. Persian. From

BA'PBA POΣ, ov, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, ol, all that were not Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves. II. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still affected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβάρδ-φωνός, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρόω, f. ώσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

**BA'PBI'TON**, τό, and βάρβίτο**s**, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιστος, η, ον, by poet metath for βράδιστος, Sup. of βραδύε: so Comp. βορδύτερος for βραδύτερος. βάρεω, (βάρος) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρηώς, weighed down, overcome, οίνω βεβαρηύτες.

βαρέως, Adv. of βαρύς, heavily, grievously; βαρέως φέρειν, Lat. aegre ferre, to take a thing ill; βαρέως

ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βâpis, ιδος, Ion. ιος, ή, Ion. plur. βάρῖς, al, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. ratis.

BA'POΣ, εos, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, ές, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βἄρὕ-άλγητος, ον, (βαρύς, ἀλγέω) very grievous. βαρυ-ἄχής, ές, (βαρύς, ἄχος) groaning beautly. βαρυ-ᾶχής, ές, Dor for βαρυηχής

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , and -ετήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , fem. -έτειρα,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, ου, δ, (βαρύς, βρομέω) loud-roaring. βαρύ-βρομος, ου, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-roaring. βαρυ-βρώς, ῶτος, δ, ἡ, (βαρύς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating. gnawing, corroding.

βαρύ-γδουπος, ον, (βαρύς, δοῦπος) beavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and βαρύ-γουνος, ον, (βαρύς, γόνυ) with beavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρύ-γυιος, ον, (βαρύς, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαιμονίω, f. ήσω, (βαρυδαίμων) to be fossessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence βαρυδαιμονία, ή, a beauy fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βαρύς, δαίμων) pressed

by a beavy fate, unlucky.

βαρύ-δακρυς, υ, (βαρύς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously. βαρύ-δικος, ον, (βαρύς, δίκη) laking beavy vengeance. βαρυ-δότειρα, ή, (βαρύς, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts. βαρύ-δουπος, ον, = βαρύγδουπος.

βαρύ-ζηλος, ον, (βαρύς, ζῆλος) exceedingly jealous. βαρυ-ηχής, ές, (βαρύς, ῆχος) beauy-sounding.

βαρυθυμία, ή, sullenness. From

βαρύ-θυμος, ον, (βαρύς, θυμός) beavy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

βαρύθω, (βαρύs) to be weighed down: to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [v]

βαρύ-κομπος, ον, (βαρύς, κομπέω) loud-roaring. βαρύ-κοτος, ον, (βαρύς, κοτέω) grievous in wrath. βαρύ-κτύπος, ον, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) beavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, απος, δ, ή, (βαρύς, λαίλαψ) loud-

storming.

βαρύ-λογος, ον, (βαρύς, λόγος) vexatious of speech; βαρύλογα έχθεα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, ον, and βαρύμηνις, ι, gen. ιος, (βαρύς, μηνις) exceeding wrathful.

βαρύ-μισθος, ον, (βαρύε, μισθόε) exacting beavy

sums. βαρύ-μοχθος, ον, (βαρύε, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βάρυνθεν, Ep. and Aeol. for εβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. aor.

I pass, of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\check{v}v\hat{\omega}$ , (βαρύs) to load heavily, to burden: to torment —Pass. to be weary, oppressed; βαρύνεσθαι χείρα to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, l.at. gravari.

βαρυ-όπης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\bar{\beta}$ αρύς,  $\ddot{o}\psi)$  loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, ον, (βορύς, έργή) exceeding angry. βαρυ-πάλαμος, ον, (βαρύς, παλάμη) beauy-banded. βαρυ-πενθής, ές, (βαρύς, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, ον, (βαρύς, πενθέω) mourning beautly.

βαρυ-πεσής, ές, (βαρύς, πεσεῖν) beavy-falling. βαρύ-ποτμος, ον, (βαρύς, πότμος) with beavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρύ-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, πούς) beavy-footed: beavy at the end.

BA PY Σ, εîa, ψ: Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύταros: beavy, Lat. gravis: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good
sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavyarmed. III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp.
to δεύs.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, ον, (βαρύς, σίδηρος) beavy with iron. βαρύ-σταθμος, ον, (βαρύς, σταθμός) weighing henvy. βαρυ-στενάχων, ουσα, ον, (βαρύς, στενάχω) sobbing beavily.

βαρύ-στονος, ον, (βαρύς, στένω) groaning heavily. βαρυ-σύμφορος, ον, (βαρύς, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, ον, (βαρύς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρύτης, ητος, ή, (βαρύς) weight, heaviness: importunity: harshness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ $\vec{v}$ ] βαρύ-τῖμος, ον, (βαρύς, τιμή) of great worth. venerable, costly.

βαρύ-τλητος, ον, (βαρύς, τληναι 2 of \*τλάω) beavy to bear.

βαρύ-φθογγος, ον, (βαρύς, φθογγή) beavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

**β**αρύ-φρων, φρονος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βαρύς, φρ $\dot{\eta}$ ν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρύ-χειλος, ον, (βαρύς, χείλος) thick-lipped.

βαρύ-χορδος, ον, (βαρύς, χορδή) deep-toned

βαρύ-ψύχος, ον, (βαρίς, ψυχή) beauy of soul, meanspirited, dejected.

βάs, βασα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαίνω.

βασανίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture. βασανίσμος, δ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture. βασανίστης, οθ, δ, pecul. fem. βασανίστρια,  $\eta$ , (βασανίζω):—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

BA ΣΑΝΟΣ, η, the touch stone, Lat. lapis Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατρίβω. II. metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not.

III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question.

2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασεῦμαι, βασεῦνται, Dor. for βήσομαι, βήσονται, fut. of βαίνω.

βασίλεια, ή, (βασιλεύs) a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.

βασιλεία, ή, (βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion: bereditary monarchy, opp. to τυραννίς.

βασίλειον, τό, mostly in plur., a palace: also the royal treasury or tent Strictly neut. from

βασίλειος, ον, and a, ον, Ion. βασιλήϊος, η, ον, kingly, royal. From

BAΣΓΛΕΥΣ, έως Ion. η̂os, δ, acc. βασιλέα, contr. βασιλη̂: pl, nom. βασιλει̂s, old Att. -η̂s, Ion. -η̂es:— a king, prince, of gods and men:—hence are formed the Comp. βασιλεύτερος, α, ov, more kingly. Sup. βασιλεύτατος, η, ov, most kingly. If. the second of the nine Archons at Athens was called βασιλεύς: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes. III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called βασιλεύς (without the Art.), or δ μέγας βασιλεύς. Hence βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king, to rule: in aot. I βασι-

λεθσαι, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under a king.

βαστλητη, ή, Ion. for βασιλεία.

βάσιλήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for βασίλειος

βασίληις, ίδος, ή, pecul. fem. of βασίλειος, royal. βασιλίζω, f. σω, (βασιλεύς) to be of the king's party.

βάστλικός, ή, όν, like βασίλειος, royal, of a king. 2. of or for a king, princely. II. as Subst, βασιλικός, ό, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλίναῦ, barbaric form of βασίλιννα, βασίλισσα. βασίλιννα and βασίλισσα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = βασίλειἄ, a queen. βασίλίε, ίδος,  $\eta$ , = βασίλειἄ, a queen, princess. 2. as Adj. = βασιληίε, royal.

βάσιμος, ον, (βαίνω) passable: accessible. βάσις, εως, ή, (βαίνω) a stepping: a step, walk. that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐβάσκηνα: aor. I pass. ἐβασκάνθην: (βάσκω):—to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage.

Il. to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.

βασκανία, ἡ, (βάσκανος) slander, envy, malice. βάσκανος, ον, (βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, malignant. 2. a sorcerer.

βασκάs, άδοε, ή, a kind of duck.

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb βάσκω, another form of βαίνω, as χάσκω of χαίνω; βάσκ 'ίθι, speed thee! αway! βάσκετε αway!

βασμός, Ion. for βαθμός.

βâσσα, Dor. for βησσα.

βασσάρα, ή, = ἀλώπηξ, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.) βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of βασσάρα.

βάσσων, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of βαθύς. βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a bur-

den. II. that which bears, a staff. From BAΣΤΑ'ΖΩ, f. άσω: αοτ. I ἐβάστασα, later ἐβάσταξα: αοτ. I pass. ἐβαστάχθην:—to lift, lift up, raise: metaph. to extol, exalt. II. to bear, support, hold upright: to bear in mind, consider. III.

to carry off. IV. to handle, touch. Hence βαστακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βάταλος, δ, a lisper.

βἄτέω, f. ήσω, (βαίνω) to mount, cover, of animals. βάτην, Ερ for ἐβήτην, 3 dual acr. 2 of βαίνω.

βάτηρίς, ίδος, ή, (βατέω) fem. Adj for mounting. βατία, ή, = βάτος, a bush, thicket

βατιδο-σκόπος, ον, (βάτις, σκοπέω) looking after roaches or skaits, greedy for them.

βἄτίς, ίδος, ή, (βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.
βἄτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off

BA TOΣ, η, a bramble or any prickly bush.

βάτος, δ, the Hebrew liquid measure bath.

βάτός, ή, ύν, (βαίνω) passable

βατράχειος, ον, (βάτραχως) of or belonging to a frog: βατράχειον (sub. χρωμα), frog-colour, pale green.

βατρἄχίς, ίδος, and ίδος, ή, a frog-green coat. From BA'TPAXOΣ, ὁ, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog of a horse's hoof. [ă]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. τω, (Βάττος) to stammer.

βαττο-λογέω, = βατταρίζω, (Βάττος, λόγος) to babble, use vain repetitions.

**Βάττος**, δ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound)

βαύζω, Dor. βαύσδω: fut. βαύζω:—to cry βαῦ, βαῦ, to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach.

II. transit, to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ίδος, ή, a wine-cooler.

βαῦνος or βαυνός, δ, (αὕω) a furnace, forge.

 $\beta$ αΰσδω, Dor. for  $\beta$ αΰζω.

βαφή, ή, (βάπτω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in II. cold water. II. a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing: also the dye itself.

βάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of βάπτω.

βάψις, εως, ή, (βάπτω) a dipping, dyeing.

BΔE'ΛΛΑ', ή, a leech, Lat. hirūdo.

βδέλυγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp. of idols.

βδελυκτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (βδελύσσω) disgusting, abominable. βδελύκ-τροπος,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (βδελυκτύς, τρόπος) = foreg. ΒΛΕΛΥΡΟΣ  $\dot{\phi}$  ( $\dot{\phi}$ ) abominable disgusting. Hence

ΒΔΕΛΥΡΟ΄ Σ, ά, όν, abominable, disgusting. Hence βδελύσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: to cause to stink, make loatbsome.

II. mostly used as Dep. βδελύττομαι, with fut. med. and pass. βδελύξομαι, βδελυχθήσομαι, aor. I med. and pass. ἐβδελυξάμην, ἐβδελυζόμην:—to feel disgust at, to detest, bave a

cough.

borror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέλυγμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.  $\mathbf{B}\Delta\mathbf{E}'\Omega$ , f.  $\beta\delta\epsilon\sigma\omega$ , to break wind: to stink. βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of. βεβάδσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω. βέβαιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (βαίνω) firm, steady: steadfast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βέβαιον certainty. Hence βεβαιότης, ητος, ή, firmness, steadfastness, safety. βεβαιόω, f. ώσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to establish for oneself, to confirm, secure. **βεβαίωs**, Adv. of βέβαιοs, steadfastly, firmly. βεβαίωσις, εως, ή, a making fast or sure, establishing. βεβάμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι, inf. of βαίνω. [ă] βέβαμμαι, pf pass. of βάπτω. βεβάρηώs, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω. βέβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plapf. of βαίνω. βεβασι, Att. contr. from βεβάασι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω. **βεβαώς, βεβαυία**, Ep. for βεβηκώς, pf. part. of βαίνω. βέβηκα, pf. of βαίνω. βεβήκειν, Ion. for εβεβήκειν, plapf. of βαίνω.  $\beta \in \beta \eta \lambda os$ , ov, ( $\beta a i v \omega$ ,  $\beta \eta \lambda \delta s$ ) allowable to tread, permitted to buman use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboly. Hence βεβηλόω, f. ώσω, to profane, to pollute. βεβίασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω. **βεβίηκα,** pf. of βιάω. **βεβλάστηκα**, pf. of βλαστάνω. βέβλαφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω. **βεβλάψομαι**, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω. βέβλεφα, βέβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω. βέβληαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω. βεβλήαται, βεβλήατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plapf pass. of βάλλω. βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω. βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep plapf. act. and pass. of βάλλω. βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plapf pass. of βάλλω. βέβλικα, pf. of βλίττω. βεβολήατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος, pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω. **βεβούλημαι,** pf. of βούλομαι. βεβούλευκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of Βουλεύω. βέβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω. βέβρτθα, pf. of βρίθω.βεβροτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βροτόω. βέβρυχε, ν. βρυχάομαι. βεβρώθω, poet. form of βιβρώσκω, to eat up. βίβρωκα, βίβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω. Βεβρώς, syncop, for βεβρωκώς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω. **Βεβρώσομαι,** fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βίβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

of βαίνω.

Βεβώς, Βεβώσα, Att. contr. of βεβαώς, Ep. pf. part.

βέη, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω. βείομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, I will walk or live. βείω, Ep. for βω, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω. βεκκε-σέληνος, ον, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fasbioned, out of date, dotard: simple, silly. **βεκόs**, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word. βέλεμνον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin. βελόνη, ή, (βέλος) an arrow-bead: point of a spear: a needle. **βελονο-πώλης,** ου, δ, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needleseller. βέλος, εος, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. metaph., ἀγανὰ βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used of sudden, easy death, δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of the storm; δμμάτων βέλοs glances shot from the eye βέλτερος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\beta$ ελτίων, poet. Comp. of  $\dot{\alpha}$ γαθός, better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ον. **βέλτιστος**, η, ον, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best. βελτίων, ον, gen. ovos, Comp of άγαθός, better. βεμβικιάω, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top. βεμβικίζω, f ίσω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a top, to set a going. BE'MBIΞ, īκοs, ή, Lat. turbo, a top. **βενδίδειον**, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana). BE'NΘΟΣ, εος, τό, (poet. for βάθος, as πένθος for πάθοs) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε to the bottom; βένθεα ύλης the depths of the wood. **βέντιστος**, α, ον, Dor. for βέλτιστος. **βέομαι,** Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω. βέρεθρον, τό, Ep and Ion for βάραθρον. βερέσχεθος, δ, a booby. $\beta\hat{\eta}$ , poet, for  $\xi\beta\eta$ , 3 sing. 2 or 2 of  $\beta\alpha\nu\omega$ . βηθι, βηναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω. βηλός, δ, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. limen. βημα, ατος, τύ, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat. rostra, suggestum or -us. βημεν, Ep. for ξβημεν, I plur. 201. 2 of βαίνω. βήμεναι, Ep. for βηναι, 20r. 2 mf. of βαίνω.  $\beta \hat{\eta} \mathbf{v}$ , Ep. for  $\xi \beta \eta \mathbf{v}$ , agr. 2 of  $\beta a i \mathbf{v} \mathbf{w}$ . **B** $\hat{\eta}$ val, aor. 2 inf. of  $\beta a \hat{i} \nu \omega$ . βήξ, βηχός, ή, or δ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis. βήρυλλος, ή, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl. βήσα, Ep. for έβησα, aor. 1 act. of βαίνω. βήσεο, Ep. for βήσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βαίνω. βήσετο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, sing. aor. I med. of βαίνω. βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω. βήσσα, Dor. βάσσα, ή, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a wooded valley or glen; ούρεος έν βήσσησι in the mountain glens. Hence Byooneus,  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma a$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ , woody. BH ΣΣΩ, Att. βήττω, f. βήξω: 20τ.  $1 \in \beta \eta f \alpha := t\alpha$ 

βήτ-αρμων, ονος, δ, (βαίνω, άρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for εβήτην, 3 dual 2 or. 2 of βαίνω.

BI'A, Ion. βίη, ἡ, bodily strength, force, might, Lat. vis: often periphr. with a gen. of the person, βίη Ἡρακλῆος the strong Hercules. II. force, an act of violence; βία τινός against one's will. [t] Hence βιάζω, f. άσω, to force, constrain: Pass, aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. βεβίασμαι:—to bave violence done one, to suffer violence; βιάζομαι τάδε I am wronged herein. II. Dep, with aor. I med. ἐβιασάμην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβίασμαι:—to force a man, constrain, overpower; βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault: absol. to use force, force one's way

βίαιο-μάχας, α, δ, (βίαιος, μάχη) fighting violently. βίαιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βία) forcible, violent: acting with violence;  $\pi \rho \circ \tau \circ \beta$  βίαιον by force. 2. pass. forced: compulsory. Hence

βίαιότης, ητος, ή, violence.

Bialws, Adv. of Biaios, by force, perforce.

βι-αρκής, ές, (βίος, ἀρκέω) supplying the necessaries of life.

βιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (βιάζω) one who uses force, a violent man.

**β**(ατήs, οῦ, ὁ, =  $\beta$ ιαστήs.

βίω: perf. βεβίηκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, to force, constrain:—Med., βιάομαι, f. ήσομαι, to force, treat with violence: also to overreach, defraud, νων μαθὸν βιήσατο he cheated us of our pay:—Pass, aor. I ἐβιήθην, to be constrained or overpowered.

βιβάζω, f. άσω Att. βιβώ, Causal of βαίνω, to make to go up, lift up, exalt.

**βιβάs**,  $\hat{a}\sigma a$ ,  $\hat{a}\nu$ , part. pres. formed as if from a verb  $\beta i\beta \eta \mu_{i} = \beta a i \nu \omega$ .

βιβάσθω, ουσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb βιβάσθω, = βαίνω, to stride; μακρὰ βιβάσθων long-striding. βιβάω, poet. collat. form of βαίνω, to stride; πέλωρα βιβάν to take huge strides; part. βιβῶν, βιβῶσα.

**βιβλάριον**,  $\tau \delta$ , Dim. of  $\hat{\beta} i\beta \lambda os$ , a little book or scroll:—so also **βιβλαρίδιον**,  $\tau \delta$ .

**Βίβλινος** olvos, o, Biblian wine, from Biblis, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ή, (βιβλίον, θήκη) a book-case: library. βιβλίον, τό, Dim. of βίβλος, a paper, scroll.

**βιβλιο-πώλης**, ου, δ, (βιβλίον, πωλέω) a bookseller. **ΒΙ'ΒΛΟΣ**, η, the inner bark of the papyrus. II.

the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book. **ΒΙΒΡΩ΄ ΣΚΩ**, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. I ἔβρωσα: aor. 2 ἔβρων: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncop. βεβρών.—Pass., fut. βρωθήσομαι: fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume: c. gen. to eat of a thing.

**βιβώ, Att.** fut. of βιβάζω.

βιβῶν, contr. from βιβάων, part. of βιβάω. βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of βιάω.

BI KOΣ, δ, an earthen wine-vessel.

BINE'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to ὁπνίω. βιο-δότης, δ, (βίος, δίδωμι) the giver of life or food. βιό-δωρος, ον, (βίος, δώρον) life-giving, bounteous. βιο-δώτης, δ, poët. for βιοδύτης.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) lively, strong, bale. βιο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) supporting life.

BI'OΣ, δ, life, the course of life: lifetime. II manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood. BIO'Σ, δ, a how.

βιο-στερής, ές, (βίος, στερέω) robbing of life or weaks

means. II. pass. in want of means. βιοτεία, ἡ, (βιοτεύω) a way of life, livelihood. βιοτεύω, f. σω, (βιόω) to live, subsist; βιοτεύειν

ἀπό τινος to live by a thing.

βιοτή, ή, Lat. vita, = βίοτος.

βιότης, ητος, η, = βίοτος.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίστος, a scant living.

βίοτος,  $\delta$ , ( $\beta$ ιόω) life: means of life. βιούς, aor. 2 part. of  $\beta$ ιόω.

βιο-φειδής, ές, (βίος, φείδομαι) stingy, sparing.

βιόω, f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. 1 ἐβίωσα: aor. 2 ἐβίων (as if from a verb βίωμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιῶ; opt. βιώγι; inf. βιῶναι; part. βιούs: (βίοs, Lat. vivo):—to live, esp. to live bappily:—Pass., βιούται one lives, Lat. vivitur.

**βιόωνται, βιόωντο,** Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of βιάω.

βιῷατο, for βιῷντο, 3 pl. pres med opt. of βιάω. βιψην, 20τ. 2 med. opt. of βιίω.

βιώναι, inf. of βιύω.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βιόω) to be lived, worth living, possible to live.

βίωσις, εως, ή, (βιόω) a living, manner of life βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βιόω, to quicken, make

alive: 2 sing. Ep. 201 Ι ἐβιώσαο. βιωτικός, ἡ, όν, (βιόω) fit for life, lively. II.

of or pertaining to life.  $\beta$ Lw $\tau$ 6s,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , =  $(\beta\iota\dot{\omega}\omega)$  to be lived, worth living for.

βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. 201. 2 of βιόω. βλάβεν, Ep. for ϵβλάβησαν, 3 pl. 201. 2 pass. of

βλάπτω.

βλάβερός, ά, όν, (βλάπτω) burtful, noxious βλάβη, ή, (βλάπτω) burt, barm, damage: βλάβης

δίκη an action for damage done.
βλάβηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf of βλάπτω.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, =  $\beta$ λάπτομαι, only in 3 sing.  $\beta$ λάβεται.

βλάβοs, εος contr. ovs,  $\tau \dot{\nu}$ , = βλάβη, burt, damage. ΒΛΑΙΣΟ'Σ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ , baving the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked

βλακεία, ή, (βλακεύω) slackness, sloth, stupidity βλακεύω, (βλάξ) to be slack, lazy, indolent.

βλακικός, ή, όν, (βλάξ) indolent, stupid. Adv. -κω̂s. βλακώδης, ες, (βλάξ, είδος) lazy, sluggish.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, βλακόε, δ, ή, (akin to μαλακόε) lazy, inactive, sluggisb. Irreg Comp. βλακίστεροε or βλακώτεροε

**ΒΛΑ΄ ΠΤΩ**, fut. βλάψω: Ep. 201. τ βλάψα: pf. βϵβλάφα or ϵβλάφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλάβησομαι, fut. 3 βϵβλάψομαι; fut. med. βλάψομαι, used as pass.: 201. 1 ϵβλάφθην, more usu. 201. 2 ϵβλάβην [α]: pf.

H

βέβλαμμαι:-to binder, weaken, stop; c. gen. to binder from; βλαβέντα λοισθίων δρόμων arrested in its last course; βλαφθείε έν όζω caught in the branches. 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mis-3. to barm, damage, burt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 έβλαστον; later aor. Ι έβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα οτ έβλάστηκα: (βλαστέω): -to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

βλάστη, ή, = βλαστόs, a bud, sprout, leaf.increase, growth.

βλάστημα, ατος, τό, and βλαστημός,  $\delta_1 = \beta \lambda \alpha \sigma \tau \eta$ BΛΑΣΤΟ'Σ, δ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen βλασφημέω, f. ήσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος): — to drop profane words, speak profanely.

2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame: to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ή, profane language. 2. evil-speak-

ing, blasphemy.

**βλάσφημος**, ον, ( $\beta$ λάξ, φήμη) speaking pro-2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΥ'ΤΗ, ή, mostly in plur. βλαῦται, ῶν, αί, α kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleae.

**βλαυτίον**, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

**βλαφθείς**, aor. I pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βληχή.

**βλάψα**, Ep. for ἔβλαψα, aor. 1 of βλάπτω.

βλάψιs, εωs, η, (βλάπτω) a barming, burting. βλαψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) maddening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαψιφρόνωs, madly.

βλειο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω. βλεμεαίνω, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμεαίνων exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye.

βλέποισα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτέον, verb. Adj of βλέπω, one must look. **βλεπτικόs**, ή, όν, (βλέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτόs, ή, όν, seen, worth seeing. From

**ΒΛΕ'ΠΩ**, f.  $\psi\omega$ ; aor. 1  $\tilde{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\epsilon\psi\alpha$ : pf.  $\beta\epsilon\beta\lambda\epsilon\phi\alpha$ :— Pass., aor. I  $\hat{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\phi\theta\eta\nu$ : pf.  $\beta\hat{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\mu\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., "Αρη, φόβον βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, ναπη βλέπειν to look cress, mustard, i. e. to bave a sour or bitter look. II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οἰκία πρὸs μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the III. to see the light, with or without φάοs, hence, to live. IV. to look and long after 2. to take care of, look to or to a thing, c. inf. beware of a thing.

βλεφαρίς, ίδος, ή, an eyelasb. From

βλέφαρον, τό, (βλέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur. the eyes: ἀμέρας βλέφαρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun; νυκτός βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon.

**βλήεται** for βλήηται, βλήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω.

βληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. sbot, wound. 3. a coverlet.

βλήμενος, η, ον, Ep. 201. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω. **βληναι**, aor. 2 mf. of βάλλω.

**βλησθαι,** Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. βλητέον, one must throw.

**βλήτο**, 3 sing, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ή, όν, (βάλλω) burled, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ήσομαι: Dep.: (βληχή):-to bleat, of sheep and goats.

BΛHXH', η, a bleating: generally, the wailing of children, Lat. vagitus.

βληχρόs, ά, όν, weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a euphon.,  $d\beta\lambda\eta\chi\rho\dot{o}s$ . Adv.  $-\rho\hat{\omega}s$ , slightly.

**BΛH'XΩN**, whos,  $\dot{\eta}$ : acc.  $\beta\lambda\dot{\eta}\chi\omega$ : Ion.  $\gamma\lambda\dot{\eta}\chi\omega$ , Dor. γλάκων:—pennyroyal. Hence

βληχωνίαs, ou, o, prepared with pennyroyal.

ΒΛΙ ΤΤΩ, Ιου. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aor έβλισα: -to cut out the comb of bees, to take the boney. (From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.) BΛΟΣΥ PO'Σ, ά, όν, grim, stern: also burly,

manly, valiant, or coarse, rough. βλοσύρ-ῶπις, ιδος, ή, (βλοσυρός, ώψ) grim-looking.  $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Upsilon}'\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , f.  $\mathbf{\beta}\lambda$ ύσω [τ]: aor. 1 ϵ $\mathbf{\beta}\lambda$ τύσα, =  $\mathbf{\beta}\lambda$ ύω.

Hence

βλύσις, εως, ή, and βλυσμός, δ, a bubbling up. βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. I of βλύζω.

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Upsilon}'\mathbf{\Omega}$ , f. βλύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to bubble, spout, or gusb forth: hence to be full, to be baughty.

βλωμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωθρός, ά, όν, (βλώσκω) shooting up, high growing, of trees.

βλώσκω: (tenses formed from Root MO'ΛΩ), f. μολοῦμαι, aor. 2 ἔμολον (cf. θρώσκω, θοροῦμαι, ἔθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμόλωκα). — to come

or go.

βοάγριον, τό, a shield of wild bull's bide. From

βό-αγρος, ή, (βοῦς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

**βοα-θόος**, Dor. for βοηθύος.

βόāμα, ατος, τό, (βοάω) a sbriek, cry: a loud strain. βοάτης, ου, ό, fem. βοᾶτις, ιδος, ή, (βοάω) crying,

screaming. [ā]

βό-auλοs, δ, βό-auλον, τό, (βοῦs, αὐλή) an ox-stall. βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάφ, 3 pl. βοόωσιν, part. βοόων: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι: aor. ι έβόησα, Ion. έβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα:-- Med., aor. Ι έβοησάμην Ιοη. έβωσάμην:- Pass., aor. Ι έβοήθην Ιοη. έβώσθην: pf. βεβόημαι Ιοη. βέβωμαι:  $(\beta \circ \eta)$ :—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout: of things, to thunder, roar, bowl: to ecbo. trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to 3. to noise 2. to demand in a loud voice. abroad, proclaim.

Βοεικός, ή, όν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

Boelos or Boeos, a, ov, (Boûs) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-bide: ή βοεία or βοέα, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an ox-hide, a shield of ox-hide.

Boeús, έωs, δ, (βοῦs) a thong or cord of ox-leather. βοή, ή, contr. from βοέη, ν. βύειο.

BOH', h, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοην ἀγαθύs good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. = βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ές, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox. βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on bearing a cry,

baste to belp, succour.

Boη-δρομιών, ωνος, ό, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

**βοη-δρόμος**, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a belper.

**βοήθεια**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (βοηθό**s**) belp, aid, rescue, support. an auxiliary force.

βοηθέω, Ιοη. βωθέω, f. ήσω, (βοηθός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

**βοηθητικός**, ή, όν, (βοηθέω) ready or able to help. **\betaon-\thetaóos**,  $o\nu$ , ( $\beta$ o $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\theta$  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) basting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοηθόον ἄρμα a chariot basting to the battle. βοηθός, όν, contr. from βοηθύος: as Subst., βοηθύς, b, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλάσία, ή, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattlestealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture. From

βο-ηλάτης, ου, δ, fem. βοηλάτις, ιδος, ή, (βοῦς, ¿λαύνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-steal-II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = βουνόμος.

**βόης,** ου, δ, (βοάω) a crier.

**βόησις**, εως, Ιοπ. **βοητύς**, ύος, ή, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

BO'ΘPOΣ, δ, a pit or bole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

 $\beta \delta \theta \bar{v} vos$ ,  $\delta_{r} = \beta \delta \theta \rho os$ .

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βουs.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦs, a young cow or ox.

**Βοιωταρχέω**, f. ήσω, to be a Boeotarch. From Βοιωτ-άρχης, ου, δ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch,

one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence **Βοιωτ-αρχία**, ή, the office of Boeotarch.

Bοιωτία, ή, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattlepastures. Hence

Βοιωτιάζω and Βοιωτίζω, to be like a Boeotian: to be beavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian. Bοιωτι-ουργής, ές, (Βοιωτία, έργον) of Boeotian work. Βοιωτός, οῦ, ὁ, a Boeotian.

βολή, ή, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile: -metaph. a glance: -βολαὶ ήλίου sun-beams.

βολίζω, f. σω, (βολίs) to beave the lead, sound. **βολίς**, ίδος, ή, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βόλιτον, βόλιτος, (βόλος) cow-dung. βόλλομαι and βόλομαι, Aeol. for Βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ή, (βύλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the

**βόλος**, δ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βύλος ιχθύων a draught of fishes. II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αύλιος, δ, (βόμβος, αὐλός) a bagpiper. βομβεῦντι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω. βομβέω, f. ήσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise,

to sound deep or bollow: to hum, buzz. βομβήτις, τσσα, τν, (βομβέω) buzzing, bumming.

βομβητής, οῦ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, bummer. BOMBOΣ, δ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep bollow sound, bumming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.) βομβυλιός, οῦ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or bumming insect, a bumble bee.

βόμβυξ, υκος, δ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτηs, ου, δ, = βουθύτηs.

**βοο-κτάσία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, βοο-σφαγία, etc., = βου-. **βοο-σφάγία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βού**s**, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

**βοόω**, Ep. for βοάω.

BOPA', h, food, meat.

βορβορό-θυμος, ον,(βύρβορος, θυμύς) muddy-minded. BO'PBOPOΣ, ò, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum. βορβορο-τάραξις, δ, (βύρβορος, ταράσσω) a mud-<tirrer, mud-lark.</pre>

βορβορ-ώδης, εs, (βύρβοροs, είδοs) miry, slimy. ΒΟΡΕ'ΑΣ, ου, ό; Ιοη. Βορέης, contr Βορής, έω; Att. Boppas, a: -the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρόs βορην ανεμον towards the North; πρώε βορέαν τινύε northward of a place.

Bopeás, άδος, ή, Ion. Bopeiás, poet. Bopeiás, Boonis, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem. Adj. northern.

Bόρειος, a, ov, also os, ov, (Boρέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

**B**ορεώτις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Bορεάς.

**Βορήϊος**, η, ον, Ion. for Βόρειοε.

Boρηΐs,  $l\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Boρεάs.

βορόs, ά, όν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Boppaios, a,  $o\nu$ , or os,  $o\nu$ ,  $= B\delta\rho\epsilon\iota os$ .

Boppas, â, δ, Att. for Bopéas. Booues, of, unknown Libyan animals.

**βόσιε,**  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βόσκω) food, fodder.

βόσκε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βόσκω.

βοσκή or βόσκη, ή, (βόσκω) food, fodder. βόσκημα, ατος, τό, (βόσκω) that which is fed or fatted, cattle: a berd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

BOABO'Σ, δ. Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root. | βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βόσκω, one must feed.

βοσκός, δ, the feeder or berd of the cattle. From BO'ΣΚΩ, fut. βοσκήσω, as if from obsol. βοσκέω:
—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. pascere, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. pasci, to feed, graze.

Bοσπόριοs, a, ov, of the Bosphorus.

**Βόσ-ποροs**, δ, (βοῦs, πόροs) Bosphorus, i. e. ox-ford, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Commercian.

βόστρυξ,  $\ddot{\upsilon}$ χοε,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\beta \dot{\upsilon}$ στρ $\ddot{\upsilon}$ χοε,

βοστρύχιον, τό, Dim. of βόστρυχος.

BOΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, δ, in plur. also βόστρυχα, τά, a curl or lock of hair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine. βοτάμια, ων, τά, (βόσκω) pastures.

βοτάνη, ή, (βόσκω) pasture, grass, fodder.

βοτήρ, ηρος, δ, (βόσκω) a berdsman, berd; ολωνων βοτήρ a watcher of birds, a soothsayer: κύων βοτήρ a berdsman's dog.

a berasman's aog. βοτηρικόs, ή, όν, (βοτήρ) of or for a berdsman. βοτόν, τό, (βόσκω) anything that is fed, a beast. βοτρυδόν, Adv. (βότρυs) like a hunch of grapes, in clusters.

βοτρύϊοs, a, ov, (βύτρυs) of grapes.

βοτρυό-δωρος, ον, (βότρυς, δῶρον) grape-producing. βοτρυόεις, εσσα, εν, (βότρυς) clustering.

**βοτρυό-παις**, παιδο**ς**, δ, ή, (βότρυς, παῖς) child of the grape.

βοτρυο-χαίτης, ου, δ, (βότρυς, χαίτη) with clustering bair; or with grapes in one's bair.

BOTPΥΣ, vos, δ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. racemus. II. =  $\beta$ ότρυχοs,  $\beta$ όστρυχοs, a curl. **β**ότρῦχο**s**, δ, =  $\beta$ όστρυχοs.

βοτρυχ-ώδης, εs, (βότρυχος, είδος) like curls, curly. βοτρυ-ώδης, εs, (βότρυς, είδος) like a cluster of grapes.

βου-, a form of βοῦs used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. βού-παιε, βου-φάγοε; as we say borse-chestnut, borse-radish, etc.

BOΥ BA ΛΙΣ, ιος, ή, an antelope.

BOΥ BA ΛΟΣ, δ, Lat. bubălus, a buffalo.

**βου-βότης,** ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκω) feeding cattle: 2s Subst., βουβότης, ὁ, a cowberd.

βου-βότος, ον, (βοῦς, βόσκομαι) grazed by cattle. βού-βρωστις, εως, ή, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous unnatural appetite: metaph. grinding poverty or misery.

BOΥΒΩ'N, ŵνος, δ, the groin, Lat. inguen. Hence βουβωνιάω, to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γάιοs,  $\delta$ , (βου-, γαίω) a braggart, bully.  $[\bar{a}]$  βου-δόροs, ον, (βοῦs, δέρω) flaying oxen: galling.

II. as Subst. a knife for flaying.

βου-θερήs, έs, (βοῦs, θέρω) giving summer pasture: summer-feeding.

βου-θοίνης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, θοινάω) beef-eater. βουθύσία, ἡ, a sacrifice of oxen. From

βουθύτέω, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

βού-θύτος, ον, (βοῦς, θύω) of or belonging to sacrifices: sacrificial.

βουκαΐος, δ, (βοῦκος) one who ploughs with oxen. βού-κερως, αν, gen. Βούκερω, acc. pl. βούκερως, (βοῦς, κέρας) horned like an ox:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, ον, (κεφαλή) bull-beaded: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's bead: Maced. Βουκεφάλας, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολέω, f.  $\eta$ σω, (βουκόλοs) to tend cattle: — Med. to graze, range over the pasture. II. metaph. to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπίδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ή, (βουκόλοε) a berd of cattle. II.

a byre, ox-stall. Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. άξομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.

βουκολικός, ή, όν, Dot. βωκολικός, ά, όν, (βουκόλος) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα) pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, a berd of cattle. From

βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, δ, (βοῦς, and obsol. κολέω = Lat. colo) a cowberd: berdsman.

βοῦκος, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = βουκαίος. βουλαίος, α, ον, (βουλή) of or in the Council. βουλ-άρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) the adviser of a plan,

Lat. auctor consilii. βουλεία, ή, (βουλεύω) the office of counsellor. βούλευμα, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) a decree of the Coun-

cil: generally, a resolution, plan, design. βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of βούλευμα.

βούλευσις, εως, ή, (βουλείω) deliberation. βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of βουλείω, one must take counsel.

βουλευτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , = βουλευτής. Hence βουλευτήριος, ον, fit for counsel. II. as Subst. βουλευτήριον, τό, a Council-chamber, court-bouse.

βουλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) a councillor, one who sits in Council.

II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence βουλευτικός, ἡ, όν, of or for the Council or a Councillor; δρκος βουλευτικός the coath taken by the councillors.

2. as Subst, τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500.

II. of or for a counsellor,

βουλευτός, ή, όν, devised, plotted. From

able to advise.

βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. βεβούλευκα:—Med., fut. -εύσομα: aor. I ἐβουλευσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβουλεύθην: pf. βεβούλευμα: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή).—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to bave considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing. Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II. to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

186 thunders, Lat. tonat. From II. the state of one struck BPONTH', h, thunder. with thunder, astonishment. βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap. Bρόντης, ou, δ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus. βροντησι-κέραυνος, ον, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning. βροντ-ώδης, εs, (βροντή, είδος) thundering. βρότειος, ον, also α, ον, Ερ. βρότεος, η, ον, (βροτός) mortal, buman.—So also βροτήσιος, α, ον. βροτο-βάμων, ον, (βροτός, βημα) trampling on men. βροτό-γηρυς, υ, gen. υος, (βροτός, γήρυς) with buman voice, of a parrot. **Brotóeis**,  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma a$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ ,  $(\beta \rho \delta \tau o s)$  bloody, gory. βροτοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder men. From βροτο-κτόνος, ον, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying. βροτο-λοιγός, όν, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men. BPOTO'Σ, δ, a mortal, man, opp. to αθάνατος or  $\theta \in \delta s$ : as Adj. mortal. BPO'TO∑, &, blood from a wound, gore. βροτο-σκόπος, ον, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men. βροτο-στυγής, ές, (βροτός, στυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men. βροτο-φεγγής, ές, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men. **βροτο-φθόρος**, ον, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying. βροτόω, (βρότος) to stain with gore. **βροχετός,** δ, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain. **βροχέως**, Aeol. for βραχέως. BPO'XΘΟΣ, &, the throat. **βροχίs**, ή, (βρέχω) an ink-horn. **BPOXOΣ**, ό, a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net. \*BPOXΩ, acr. 1 έβροξα, to gulp down: cp. avaβρόχω, καταβρόχω. βρυάζω, (βρύω) to teem with plenty, overflow. βρύγδην, Adv. (βρύκω) snarling or with clenched **βρυγμός**, δ, (βρύχω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth. BPΥ'KΩ, f. ξω: aor. I έβρυξα: to bite, devour. βρύχω. [ῦ]  $\mathbf{BP\Upsilon}'\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Lambda}\Omega$ , =  $\mathbf{\beta}\rho\hat{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{v}$  ε $\mathbf{i}\pi\epsilon\hat{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ . sq. βρθν, βρθν εlπείν to cry for drink. βρύξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea. βρυχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. I pass. έβρυχήθην: Ep. pf. βέβρῦχα (so μέμηκα, μέμυκα from μηκάομαι, μυκάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω): — to roar, bowl, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence βρύχημα, ατοε, τό, a roaring: and βρ**ϋχητήs**, οῦ, ὁ, a bellower, bowler. βρύχιος, ον, also a, ον, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ήχώ an echo from the deep. [v] **ΒΡΥ΄ΧΩ**, fut. βρύξω: 201. 2 ξβρύχον:—Pass., 201.

I  $\delta \beta \rho \dot{\nu} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ :—the same as  $\beta \rho \dot{\nu} \kappa \omega$ .  $[\bar{v}]$ 

**βροντάω**, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to thunder: βροντ $\hat{q}$ , impers.,  $it \mid \mathbf{BPY'}\Omega$ , mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύσω: - to be full of anything, swell or teem with. II. trans. to cause to burst forth. βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food. βρωμάομαι, 201. Ι έβρωμησάμην: Dep.: (βρέμω): to bray like an ass, Lat. ruděre. βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) = βρωμα, food.βρώστμος, ον, (βρωσις) eatable, solid. βρώσις, εως, ή, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to πόσις II. an eating into, corrosion, rust. βρωτήρ, ήρος, δ, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer. βρωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:βρωτόν, τό, = βρῶσιε. βρωτύς, ύος, ή, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρῶσις. βύβλινος, η, ον, (βύβλος) made of byblus. BΥ BΛΟΣ, ή, the Egyptian papyrus. coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, al, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl. **τὰ βύβλα. [ĕ**] βύζην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly. βύθίζω, f. ίσω, (βυθόs) to sink in the deep, immerse. βύθιος, a, ov, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. of the deep; βύθια (sub. (φα) water-animals. [v] βυθίτης, ου, δ, βυθιτις, ιδος, η, = βύθιος. BΥΘΟ'Σ, δ, the depth, the deeps of the sea. βύκτης, ου, ὁ, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτάων. βūνέω, Att. for βύω. BΥΡΣΑ ή, the skin stripped off, a hide. βυρσ-αίετος, δ, (βύρσα, αἰετός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner. βυρσεύς, έως, δ, a tanner. From **βυρσεύω**, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress bides, tan. βυρσίνη, ή, a leathern thong. [t] Fem. from βύρσινος, η, ον, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather. βυρσοδεψέω, f. ήσω, to dress bides, be a tanner. From **βυρσο-δέψης**, ου, δ, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner. βυρσο-παφλαγών, ύνος, δ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Paphlagonian, nickname of Cleon. **βυρσο-πώλης**, ου, δ, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller. βυρσο-τενής, ές, and βυρσό-τονος, ον, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over. βύσστνος, η, ον, (βύσσος) made of fine linen. βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply. βυσσόθεν, Adv. (βυσσόε) from the bottom. βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, δ, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps. **Buggés,**  $\delta_s = \beta v \theta \dot{v} s$ , the depth or bottom of the sea. BΥ ΣΣΟΣ, ή, fine flax : fine linen. βυσσό-φρων, ον, (βυσσόε, φρήν) deep-thinking. **ΒΥ΄Ω**, f. βύσω [v]: aor. I έβυσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίφ βεβυσμένοs bunged up with sponge. βω, 20r. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω. βωθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω.

Βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.

**βωκόλος, βωκολικός,** Dor. for *βουκ*-. Bûkos, 6, Dor. for Boûkos.

**βωλάκιος**, a, ov, (βῶλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam.  $β \hat{\omega} \lambda \alpha \xi$ ,  $\check{\alpha} \kappa o s$ ,  $\check{\eta}$ , =  $β \hat{\omega} \lambda o s$ , a clod of earth.

βώλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλοs, a clod.

BΩ^ΛΟΣ, ή, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.

βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βώλος, τεμείν) clod-breaking. βώμιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (βωμός) on or at the altar.

**βωμίς**, ίδος, ή, Dim. of  $\beta \omega \mu \dot{\omega} s$ : a step. βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From

βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery,

indulge in ribald jests. From

βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.

βωμός, δ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat, tumulus. βῶν, Ep. for βοῦν, acc. of βοῦς: also contr. gen. plur.

βώσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. I part. of βοάω.

βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βωστρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.

βώτας, Dor. for βούτης.

βωτι-άνειρα, ή, (βύσκω, ἀνήρ) man-feeding, nurse of beroes. [a]

βώτωρ, opos, δ, = βοτής, a berdsman.

## Г

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral  $\gamma'$ , = three, third: but  $\gamma = 3000$ .—Before the palatals  $\gamma \kappa \chi$  and before  $\xi$ ,  $\gamma$  is pronounced like n in ng, as άγγος άγκος άγχι άγξω.

For the digamma, v. sub  $\sigma$ .

Homer uses  $\gamma$  as an aspirate before some words, as ala γαια, δοῦπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δα δνόφος for  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$   $\gamma \nu \delta \phi os$ : also  $\gamma$  for  $\beta$ ,  $\beta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \phi a \rho o \nu$   $\gamma \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \phi a \rho o \nu$ ; but in Att.,  $\beta$  for  $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma \lambda \eta \chi \omega \nu$   $\beta \lambda \eta \chi \omega \nu$ ; also for  $\kappa$ , γνάπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γήἰον λήἰον.

 $\gamma \vec{a}$ , Dor. for  $\gamma \epsilon$ .

ya, Dor. and Aeol. for yn, earth.

γαγγάμη, ή, or γάγγαμον, τό, a small round net. γάγγραινα, ή, (γράω, γραίνω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάζα, ή, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.) γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλακή) a treasury, Lat. aerarium.

γαθέω, Dor. for γηθέω.

yaîa, h, gen. yalas, Ep. yalns (but not yaln in nom., | give berself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere.

except in late Poets), like ala, poet. for γη, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

yaidoxos, ov, Dor. for yaihoxos. γαιηγενής, ές, poet. for γηγενής.

γαιήϊος, η, ον, (γαία) sprung from Earth.

γαιή-oxos, ον, (γαία, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχοs, earthupholding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

yaïos, ov, Dor. for yhios, on land.

**ΓΑΙ'**Ω, only used in partic., κύδει γαίων exulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΛΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τοs).

γαλάθηνός, όν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γαλάκτίνος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πάγής, έs, (γάλα, παγηναι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ου, δ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of  $\pi(i\nu\omega)$  a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός. ΓΑΛΕΉ, έηs, contr. γαλή, ηs, ή, the marten cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερόs, ά, ύν, cheerful. Adv. -pωs.

γαλεώτης, ου, ό, (γαλέη) a kind of spotted lizard. γαλη, ή, contr. for γαλέη.

 $\gamma \bar{a} \lambda \eta \nu a \hat{i} o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \gamma a \lambda \eta \nu \dot{o} s$ .

γάλήνεια, Dor. γαλάνεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = sq.

ΓΑΛΗ'NH, ή, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην έλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνιάω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνιόωσα, to be calm. γάληνός, όν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' δρω I see a calm.

Γάλλος, δ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γἄλ-ουργέω, –ουργός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλα*κτ-*. ΓΑ'ΛΟΩΣ, ή, gen. γάλοω, nom. pl. γαλόφ: Att. γάλωs, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δαήρ. [ă]

γάμαι, Dor. for γήμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω.  $\gamma$ αμβρόs, δ, ( $\gamma$ αμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: a son-in-law. 2. a brotherin-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and

γάμεν, Dor. for έγημεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of γαμέω.

γάμετή, ή, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife. γάμέτης, ov, Dor. gen. γαμέτα, δ, a busband. spouse: and

Aeol. a bridegroom.

γάμέτις, ιδος, ή, a wife. From γαμέω, fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: aor. 1 έγημα; later έγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. Ι έγημάμην.—Pass., aor. Ι έγαμήθην, poët. part. γαμεθείε: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμοε). marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ H. dγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. Med. to give in marriage, 1. of the woman, to of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter.

III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, =  $\gamma$ άμος.

γαμήλιος, a, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuplialis:

γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ἡ, a marriage-feast. Γαμηλιών, ῶνοs, ὁ, the seventh month of the Attic

Taμηλιων, ωνος, ο, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Αηναιών

γαμίζω, f. ίσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γόμικός, ή, όν, (γάμος) bridal; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. --κως, as at a wedding.
γόμισκω, =-γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as Subst. an adulterer.

γα-μόρος, δ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑΜΟΣ, δ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.
γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing mar-

riage.
γαμφηλαί, ῶν, αἰ, (γαμψόs, γναμπτόs) the jaws of ὁ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.
a beast; the heak of a bird.
γαυριάω, only used in pres. to hear on

γανάω, (γάνος) to sbine, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑ'ΝΟΣ, cos, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [a] Hence

γάνόω, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part. γεγανωμένος, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γανόων, όωσα, Ερ. part. of γανάω. γάντμαι, Ερ. fut. γανύσσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—to

brighten up, he delighted at a thing. Hence γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

**γά-πεδον**, τό, Dor. for  $\gamma \eta \pi \epsilon \delta o \nu$ .  $[\bar{a}]$ 

 $\gamma \bar{a}$ - $\pi \epsilon \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\gamma \bar{a}$ - $\pi \dot{o} v o s$ ,  $\gamma \dot{a}$ - $\pi o \tau o s$ , Dor. for  $\gamma \eta \pi - c$ TA'P, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief I. to introduce the reason: when the usages are reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as; 'Ατρείδη, πολλοί γάρ τεθνᾶσιν 'Αχαιοί since many Achaeans are dead, etc.; so in parenthesis, as καί, ἦν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθὼν ἐπιτηδεώτατον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen 1. a question, like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίε γάρ σε ήκεν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, κακώε γάρ ἐξόλοιο O that you might perish! in Homer usu. aî γάρ, Att. εl or είθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πωs yáp would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρῶ, (γάργἄρα) to swarm with. γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαγγαλίζω, (γάργαλος) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, οῦ, ὁ, α tickling. ΓΑΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, α tickling, itching. [α] ΓΑ'ΡΓΑΥΡΑ, τά, beaps, lots, plenty. γαρύω, Dor. for γηρίω.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέροε syncop. γαστρόε, dat. plur. γαστράσι [α], ή:—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γαστήρ άσπίδοε the bollow of a shield.
2. the womb, εν γαστρὶ φέριν οτ έχειν to be with child.
3. metaph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γάστρα, Ion γάστρη, ή, the belly of a jar, etc. γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίζω, f ίσω, (γάστρις) to fill one's belly.

to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

II.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γάστρις, 10s, ό, ή, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton. γαστηο-βάρής, έε, (γαστήρ, βαρύs) beavy with child. γαστρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, ες, (γαστήρ, είδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικόs, ή, όν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλιτικός, ή, όν, = γαυλικός.

**ΓΑΥΛΟΣ, δ, a milk-pail:** a water-bucket: any round vessel, e. g. a bee-bive: hence II. γαῦλος, δ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυριάω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly, pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, (γαίω) exulting in a thing: baughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be baughty, disdainful. Hence

γαύρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΤΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate; δ γ' ἐνθάδε λεώς at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, ἔγωγε, σύγε, δγε. 2 well then, then, implying unwillingness, είμί γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλῶς γε ποιῶν and quite right too! 4. to strengthen oaths, νὴ Δία. γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers.

II. even; ἢλθον ᾿Αμφιάρεώ γε πρὸς βίαν against even Amphiaraus' will.

γεά-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήοχος.

γέγδα, Ερ. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to bave been born, to be, live: pl. γέγάμεν, γεγάπετ, γεγάσι: but γεγάμεν [α] inf., for γεγαέναι, Dor. γεγάκειν  $[\bar{a}]$ : part. γεγαώς, -άωσα, Att. contr. γεγώς, -ῶσα, like βεβαώς, βεβώς.

γέγαθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθέω

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγαα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, sec γέγαα. γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμέω.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι. γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθειν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθέω.

γεγήρωκα, pf. of γηράσκω. γέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

γεγλυμμαι, pt. pass. of γλυφω. γεγόμφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφόω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω. γεγράψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γυμνάζω.

ΓΕ'ΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνώς, plapf. εγεγώνειν with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω, -inf. γεγωνείν, Ep. γεγωνέμεν; impf. έγεγώνευν οτ γεγώνευν for έγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also έγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσαι: verb. Adj. γεγωνητέον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήoas as far as be could make bimself beard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim. γεγωνός, όν, Adj. from part. γεγωνώς, (like άραρός, όν, from άραρώs), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ωσα, ώς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γε-

γονώε, γεγαώε, see γέγαα.

Γείννα, ή, Heb. Gehenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt :- hence as a name for bell-fire, bell.  $\gamma$ εη-πόνος, etc., v.  $\gamma$ εωπ-.

γει-αροτής, οῦ, ὁ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \dot{\alpha} \rho \delta \omega)$  a plougher of earth. γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of γείνομαι.

yelvear, Ep. for yelvyar, 2 sing aor. I med subj of γείνομαι.

γείνομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the aor. Ι ἐγεινάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; of γεινάμενοι the parents.  $\gamma$ ειο-μόρος, etc., =  $\gamma$ εωμόρος.

γειο-φόρος, ον, (γη, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΥΕΙ ΣΟΝ or γείσσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the bem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γειτνίασις, εως, ή, neighbourhood: the neighbours. From

γειτνιάω, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on. γειτονεύω and γειτονέω, = γειτνιάω.

γειτόσυνος, ον, neigbbouring, near. From reighbour. II. as Adj.

neighbouring, bordering: -- metaph. akin to, like. γελαίσας, Aeol. for γελάσας.

γελάξας, Dor. for γελάσας.

**γελανήs, έs**, (γελάω) laughing, cheerful. γελάντι, Dor. for γελώντι, dat. part. of γελάω.

γελάοισα and γελεύσα, Dor. for γελάουσα. γελάσα, Dor. for γελώσα, fem. nom. part. of γελάω.

γελασείω, Desiderat. of γελάω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ανήριθμον γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of

γελαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γελάω) a laugher, sneerer. γελαστός, ή, όν, laughable, laughed at. From ΓΕΛΑ'Ω, Ερ. γελόω, Ερ. part. pl. γελόωντες, γελώοντεε, οτ γελοίωντεε: Ερ. impf. γελοίων οι -ώων: | γενειάω, f. ήσω, = γενειάζω, to get a beard.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of | fut. γελάσομαι : aor. I έγέλασα, Ερ. έγέλασσα, Dor. ἐγέλαξα.—Pass, aor. Ι ἐγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι: -to laugh, Lat. rideo; έγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

 $\Gamma E' \Lambda \Gamma I \Sigma$ ,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ; pl.  $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \iota \delta \epsilon s$  or  $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \iota s$ ; =  $\dot{a} \gamma \lambda \dot{\iota} s$ , a bead, clove of garlic, Lat. spica allii.

γελοίιος, Ep. for  $\gamma$  έλοιος.

γέλοιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (γελάω) laughable, ab-II. bumorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελοίων, Ep. impf. of γελάω.

γελοίωντες, part. pres. of γελοιάω.

γελόω, γελόωντες, Ερ. for γελάω, γελάοντες. γελώντι, Dor. for γελώσι.

γελώοντες, poet. for γελύωντες.

γέλως, δ: gen. ωτος Att. ω: dat. γέλωτι Ep. γέλω: acc. γέλωτα Ερ. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλων: (γελάω): laughter, Lat. risus; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughter's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughter, Lat. ludibrium; γέλωτα ποιείσθαί τι to make a joke

γελωτοποιία, ή, buffoonery. From

γελωτο-ποιός, όν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laughter: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οῦ, ὁ, a jester.

γελώων, Εp. impf., γελώωντες, Εp. part. of γελάω. γεμίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιω, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing :- Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, - γόμος, a freight. From

 $\Gamma E'M\Omega$ , used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, âs, Ion. γενεή, η̂s, ή, (\*γένω) birtb; δπλότερος γενεή younger by birth; ἐκ γενεής from II. birth, race, descent; γενεή ὑπέρτεροι higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. saeculum; δίω γενεαὶ μερόπων άνθρώ-IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεαλογέω, f. ήσω, (γενεαλόγοs) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογείν τινα to trace his pedigree:-Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεάλογία, ή, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεα-λόγος, δ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist. γενεή, η̂s, ή, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεήφι.

γενέθλη, ή, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; άργύρου γενέθλη a mine of silver.

 $\gamma$ ενεθλίδιος, ον, =  $\gamma$ ενέθλιοε.

γενέθλιος, ov, belonging to one's birth, Lat. natalis; γενέθλιον ήμαρ one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birthday feast; γενέθλιοι θεοί the gods of one's race; γενέθλιον alua kindred blood.

 $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \nu \epsilon \theta \lambda o \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}_{,} = \gamma \epsilon \nu \dot{\epsilon} \theta \lambda \eta$ , descent. 2 offspring. γενειάζω Dor. -άσδω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

2. in plur. γενειάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (γένειον) a beard. the cheeks.

γενειάσκω, =  $\gamma$ ενειάζω, to get a beard.

γενειάτης, Ion. γενειήτης, δ: fem γενειατις or -εûτις, ιδος, (γενειάς) bearded.

yévelov, τό, (γένυε) the part covered by the beard, | the lower part of the face, the chin.

γένεο, Ep. for εγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

 $\gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \cos , o \nu = \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \theta \lambda \cos .$ ΙΙ, τὰ γενέσια α birth-day feast:-also, a day kept in memory of the

γένεσις, εως, ή, (\*γένω) an origin, source: birth,

race, descent.

γενέσκετο, Ion. for εγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι. γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (\*γένω) she that gives II, she that is born, a daughter. birth, a mother.  $\gamma$ ενετή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\gamma$ ενεή, birtb.

**γενετήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , =  $\gamma$ ενέτηs.

γενέτης, ου, δ, (\*γένω) the begetter, a father, an-II. as Adj., = cestor. 2. the begotten, son. γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ίδος, ή, (\*γένω) goddess of one's birth

γενέτωρ, opos,  $\delta$ , =  $\gamma$ ενέτης, a father.

γένευ, Ion. for εγένου, 2 sing. 201. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι. γενηίς, ή: gen. γενήιδος, contr. γενήδος: = γένυς, the edge of an axe: an axe, pickaxe, mattock

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννα, ή, poët for γένος, descent, offspring.

γεννάδας [ă], ου, ό, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.

γενναιο-πρεπής, ές, (γενναίος, πρέπω) befitting a noble. Adv. -πω̂s.

yevvaîos, a, ov, also os, ov, (yévva) suitable to one's birth or descent; ou moi yevvalor it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, bigb-born, bigb-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δύη genuine, intense misery. Hence

γενναιότης, ητος, ή, nobility, nobleness of character:

of land, fertility.

γενναίως, Adv. of γενναίος, nobly: Sup. γενναιότατα. γεννάω, f. ήσω, (γέννα) to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; of γεννήσαντες the II. to generate, produce. Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, that which is produced, a child: II. one's nature. III. a begetting. any product. γέννησις, εως, ή, a begetting, producing.

γεννήτης, ου, δ, (γεννάω) a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.

γεννητός, ή, όν, (γεννάω) begotten or born.

**γεννήτωρ**, opos,  $\delta$ , =  $\gamma$ ενέτωρ.

**γεννικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , = γενναίοs, brave, spirited. Adv.  $-\hat{\omega}$ s. γενοίατο, Ep. and Ion. for γένοιντο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εος, τό, (\*γένω) race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as εξ Ιθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birtb. II. a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus. III. a race in regard to number, a nation. 2. a race in regard to time, an age, gene- taste of a thing.

IV. sex: gender. ration. V. kind, genus, opp. to elbos, species.

γέντο, be grasped, = έλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for έλετο,--γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΥΣ, ή, gen. γένυος; dat. γέννι: plur., dat. γένυσι, Ερ. γένυσσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένυς. The under jaw; yévves, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin. II. the edge of an axe, a biting axe.

\*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραιός, ά, όν, (γέρων, γηραιός) old: venerable. Comp. γεραίτερος; οι γεραίτεροι the elders, Lat. senatores. Sup. γεραίτατος.

γεραιό-φλοιος, ον, (γεραιός, φλοιός) with wrinkled skın.

γεραίρω, f. γεράρω: aor. I έγέρηρα, inf. γεράραι: 201. 2 ἐγέρἄρον: (γέρας):—to bonour or reward with a gift: generally, to bonour.

γεραίτερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραιός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ή, Lat. GRUS, a crane.

 $\gamma \in \rho \check{a} \acute{o} s$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{o} \nu$ ,  $= \gamma \in \rho \alpha i \acute{o} s$ .

γεράρός, ά, όν, (γεραίρω) reverend, stately; γεραροί priests, γεραραί priestesses.

 $\Gamma$ E'PAΣ, aos, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion. γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα:—a gift of bonour, prize, generally, a gift, bonour; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last bonour of the dead. II. a privilege, prerogative. Hence γεράσμιος, ον, bonouring. II. bonoured.

Γεράστιος, a Spartan month.

γερασ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) winning bonour.

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to guide an old man. From γεροντ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (γέρων, ἄγω) guiding an old man. γεροντία, ή, Lacon. for γερουσία

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρων, a little old man.

γερουσία, ή, (γέρων) a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28. embassy.

γερούσιος, a, or, (γέρων) belonging to the elders or chiefs; olvos γερούσιοs wine reserved for them.

γέρρον, τό, (είρω) Lat. gerra, anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Per-2. a wattled but. sians wore.

**γερρο-φόροι**, οἱ, (γέρρον, φέρω) troops that wore

wicker shields: v. foreg.

**ΓΕ'PΩN**, ovτos, δ, an old man, Lat. senex: of γέportes the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number. II. as Adj. γέρων, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρων λύγος: γέρον σάκος however occurs in Homer.

γεθμα, ατοε, τό, (γεύω) a taste of a thing.

**γεύσασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of γεύω.** 

ΓΕΥ'Ω, f. γεύσω: 20τ. Ι έγευσα:—to give one a ΙΙ. Med. γεύομαι, fut, γεύσομαι: aor. I ἐγετσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμα: —to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐγέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δουρδε γεύσασθαι to taste, 1. e. feel, the spear:

**ΓΕ'ΦΥ'PA**, η, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύναι οτ γεφύρα ζευγνύναι ποταμόν to build a bridge over a river,

Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

γεφυρόω, f. ωσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the τινει; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass, εγεφυρώθη ὁ πόροs the strait bad a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ή, geography. From

γεω-γράφος, ον, (γη, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, ου, δ, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, δ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \lambda \delta \phi os)$  α bill, billock: also γεώ-λοφον, τδ, and γεωλοφία,  $\hat{\eta}$ .

γεωμετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure land, to measure. From γεωμετρής, ου, δ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer,

geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ή, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ή, όν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ή γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οῦ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. –κῶς.

γεωμορία, η, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόροs, also γη-μόροs, γα-μόροs, and γεω-μόροs, δ, η, (γη, μείρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: of γεωμόροι the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. optimates.

γεώ-πεδον οι γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γήπεδον. γεω-πείνης, ου, δ, (γη, πένομαι) poor in land.

 $\gamma \epsilon \omega \pi \acute{o} vos, \acute{o}, (\gamma \hat{\eta}, \pi o v \acute{e} \omega)$  a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωργέω, f. ήσω, (γεωργόs) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing. γεωργία, ή, (γεωργόs) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur, tilled lands.

γεωργικόs, ή, όν, (γεωργόs) of or for tillage, rustic.

II. skilled in farming.

TH, η, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γην καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γην on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γηs, which means beneath the earth: ποῦ γηs; Lat. ubi terrarum? where on the earth?

γη-γενής, ές, (γη, \*γένω) eartbborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γηγενής, οῦ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γήθεν, Adv. of γή, out of or from the earth. γηθέω, f. ήσω: 201. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέ-

γαθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγεγήθειν: (γαίω):
—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθοσύνη, ή, (γηθέω) joy, delight.

γηθόσϋνος, η, ον, (γηθέω) joyful, glad.

ΓΗ'ΘΥΟΝ, τό, Lat. getbyum, a kind of leek.

γήϊνοs, ον, and γήϊοs, ον, (γη̂) of earth or clay. γηΐτηs, contr. γήτηs, ου, ό, (γη̂) a bushandman.

 $\gamma$ ή-λοφος,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\gamma \epsilon \dot{\omega}$ λοφος, a bill.

γήμαι, γήμας, γήμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of  $\gamma \alpha \mu \epsilon \omega$ .

 $\gamma$ η-μόρος,  $\delta$ , =  $\gamma \epsilon \omega \mu \delta \rho \sigma s$ .

 $\gamma$ η-οχέω,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega)$  to possess land.

γη-πετής, ές,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \pi \epsilon \sigma \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu)$  falling to earth. γήπονος,  $\delta, = \gamma \epsilon \hat{\omega} \pi o \nu o s$ .

γηραιός, ά, όν,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta} \rho as)$  old, aged.

γηράλέος and γηράλιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = γηραιός.

γηράναι, 201. 2 mf., or γηράναι, 201. 1 inf., of γηράσκω. γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γήρασι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part. 2 of γηράσκω.

γηραός, ά, όν, poet. for γηραιός.

**γηράs**, aor. 2 part. of *γηράσκω* 

ΓΗ ΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γήραος, Att. contr. γήρως: dat. γήραϊ, Att. contr. γήρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence γηράσκω or γηράω: fut. άσω Att. άσωμαι [ $\bar{\alpha}$ ]: aor. 1 ἐγήρασς ac. 2 ἐγήραν, mf. γηράναι [ $\bar{\alpha}$ ], part. γηράς (as if from a verb in  $-\mu$ ). pf. γεγήρακα: -to grow aged, become old and infirm.

It in aor. 1 ἐγήρασα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ήσω, to feed and cherish in old age:

Pass, to be cherished in old age. From

-Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, όν, (γῆρας, βύσκω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old. γήρυμα, ατος, τό, (γηρύω) a voice, sound, tone

same sense pass. ἐγηρύθην [v̄] .—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrire.
γήρωs, contr. for γήραοs, gen. of γῆραs.

γήτειον, τό, Att. for γήθυον, a leek.

γήτηs, δ, contr. for γηίτηs.

γη-τόμος, ον, (γη, τεμεῖν) ploughing the earth. γιγαντ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (γίγας, ὅλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, \*φένω) giant-killing. ΓΙΤΑΡΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [τ]

**ΓΙΤΑΣ**, αυτος, νος. γίγαν, δ, (γῆ or γαῖα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root \*ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. γενήσομαι: aor. 2 έγενόμην: perf. γεγένημαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late authors) έγενήθην: for the Ep. pf. γέγαα, see γέγαα: — to become, to bappen: to be born: to be; in perf. yeyova to be by birth, or to bave become so. 2. of events, to occur, II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to bappen. be at, as εγίγνετο εs Λακεδαίμονα. 2. πάντα, παντοίος, παντοδαπός γίγνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ξαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; έντὸς ξαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. τί γένωμαι; more rarely τίς γένωμαι; what is to become of me? 4. γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργής, διά λόγων, periphras. for δργαν, λέγειν, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii. to cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol. γι-γνώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root \*ΓΝΟΕ'Ω, ΓΝΩ NAI, Lat. NOSCO: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἔγνων, imperat. γνωθι, opt. γνοίην, inf. γνωναι, part. γνούς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωσμαι: aor. I pass. ἐγνώσθην.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of.., γνῶ χωομένου be knew that be was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνων ἡττημένος I perceived that I was beaten. II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνῶναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι. γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γιγνώσκω.

γλαγάω, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy

γλαγαώ, (γλάγοε) full of milk, milky γλαγερόε, ά, όν, (γλάγοε) full of milk, milky γλαγόειε, εσσα, εν, (γλάγοε) full of milk, milky. γλάγο-πήξ, ῆγοε, ό, ἡ, (γλάγοε, πήγνυμι) of or for

curdling milk. ΓΛΑ ΓΟΣ, εος, τό, poët. for γάλα, milk. γλακτο-φάγος, ον, (γάλα, φάγείν) contr. for γα-

λακτοφάγοs living on milk.

ΓΛΑ'ΜΗ, ἡ, = λήμη, bumour in the eyes. γλάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [ἄ] γλαυκιάω, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυ-

κιύων, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ή, όν, Aeol. γλαῦκος, a, ον, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine. III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. caesius: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκό-χροος, ό, ή, acc. γλαυκόχροα, (γλαυκός,

χροός) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ῶπις, ιδος, ή: acc. ιδα, but also ιν: (γλαυκός, ἄψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

 $\gamma$ λαυκ-ώψ,  $\hat{\omega}$ πος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\gamma$ λαυκ $\hat{\omega}$ πις.

γλαύξ, Att. γλαῦξ, κόε, ή, (γλαυκόε) the owl, Eat. noctua, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαῦκ' ᾿Αθήναξε, γλαῦκ' εἰε ᾿Αθήναε, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle:' Athenian coins were called γλαῦκε Λαυμωτικαί from the stamp of the owl on them. γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a bollow, cavern. [δ]

γλαφυ, το, (γλαφω) a pollow, cavern. [1] γλαφυρία, ή, smoothness, polish. From γλάφυρόs, ά, όν, (γλάφω) bollow, bollowed: hence γλ. λιμήν a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv.  $-\rho \hat{\omega} s$ , smoothly, nicely, prettily.

 $\Gamma\Lambda\Lambda'\Phi\Omega$ , to bew, carve: of a lion, to tear the

ground with his feet.

 $\gamma$ λάχων [ $\bar{a}$ ], Dor. for  $\gamma$ λήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (γλεῦκος, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine.

γλεῦκος, εος, τό, (γλυκύς) Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

**ΓΛΗ'NH**, ή, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a pupper, esp. a girl, cf κόρη, Lat. pupilla: as a taunt, έρρε κακή γλήνη away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗ ΝΟΣ,  $τ\dot{o}$ , in plur. things to stare at, wonders. ΓΛΗ ΧΩΝ, ωνος,  $\dot{\eta}$ : acc.  $\gamma\lambda\dot{\eta}\chi\omega\nu\alpha$ , by apocop.

 $\gamma$ λήχω: - pennyroyal, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπτος, ον, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (γλίσχρος, ἀντιλογία, έξεπίτριπτος)

FAI ΣΧΡΟΣ, a, ov, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate. 2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty. γλίσχρων, ονος, ὁ, (γλίσχρον) a niggard.

γλίσχρωs, Adv. of γλίσχροs, importunately: scan-

tily: also pettily.

**ΓΑΙ'ΧΟΜΑΙ** [τ], Dep, only used in pres. and impr., to strive after a thing, stringgle for it, c. gen. 2. γλίχεσθαι περί τινοs to be eager about or for a thing. **ΓΛΟΓΑ** or γλοιά, η, glue. Hence

γλοιόs, δ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt.

II. as Adj. γλοιόs, ά, όν, slippery, knavisb.

ΓΛΟΥΤΟ'Σ, δ, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλύκερός, ά, όν, = γλυκύς, sweet

γλυκερό-χρωs, ωτοs, ό, ή, (γλυκερόs, χρωs) with sweet, fair skin.

 $\gamma$ λύκιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\gamma$ λυκύς.  $[\breve{\nu}]$ 

γλύκύ-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (γλυκύς, δάκρυ) causing weet tears.

γλυκύ-δωρος, ον, (γλυκύς, δῶρον) with sweet gifts. γλυκυ-ηχής, ές, (γλυκύς, ἢχέω) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυθυμία, ή, benevolence. From

γλυκύ-θυμος, ον, (γλυκύς, θυμός) sweet-minded. 11. act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μαλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μείλιχος, ον, (γλυκύς, μείλιχος) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μυλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκύs μῆλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμτθέω, f. ήσω, to speak sweetly. From γλυκύ-μτθος, (γλυκύς, μῦθος) sweet-speaking.

γλυκύ-μυσος, (γλυκύς, μυσος) sweet-speaking.
γλυκύ-παις, αιδος, δ, ή, (γλυκύς, παις) baving a
fair offspring.

γλυκυ-πάρθενος, ή, (γλυκύς, παρθένος) a sweet maid. γλυκύ-πικρος, ον, (γλυκύς, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

ΓΛΥΚΥΣ, εία, ύ, sweet to the taste, sweet: metaph. sweet, delightful: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίωτ [τ], γλύκιστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος.

γλύκύτης [κτ], ητος, ή, (γλυκύς) sweetness. γλυπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\delta$ , and γλύπτης,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ 

carver, a sculptor.

γλυπτόs, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, fit for carving, carved.

γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) a knife or chisel for carving. γλυφίς, ίδος, ή mostly in plur., γλυφίδες the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string: later, the arrow II. =  $\gamma \lambda \dot{\nu} \phi \alpha \nu o \nu$ , a knife. From

 $\Gamma$ ΛΥ' $\Phi$ Ω, f.  $\psi$ ω: aor. I ἔγλυ $\psi$ α:—Pass, aor. I ἔγ- $\lambda \dot{\nu} \phi \theta \eta \nu$ , aor. 2 έγλύφην [ $\ddot{\nu}$ ]: pf. γέγλυμμαι and έγλυμμαι: — to bollow out: esp. to engrave or carve. II. to write on a tablet.

 $\Gamma\Lambda\Omega'\Xi$ ,  $\omega\chi$  os,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the beard of corn, only in plur. **ΓΛΩΣΣΑ**, Att. γλώττα, ηs, ή, the tongue, Lat. lingua; ἀπὸ γλώσσης by word of mouth, οὐκ ἀπὸ γλώσσηs not from another's tongue, not from bearsay; γλῶσσαν ίέναι to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. a tongue, language; γλώσσαν νομί-Gen to use a language or dialect.

γλωσσαλγία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ή, endless talking,

wordiness. From

γλώσσ-αλγος, Att. γλώσσ-αργος, ον, (γλῶσσα, äλγos) talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative. γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλῶσσα, κομέω) properly a case for the mouthpiece of a flute: a case or bag for money.

γλώττα, ή, Att. for γλώσσα.

γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ήσω, (γλῶττα, στρέφω) to ply the tongue.

ΓΛΩΧΙ'N or γλωχίς, gen. îvos, ή, any projecting point: the end of the yoke-strap 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself.

γναθμός, δ, the jaw, poet, form of γνάθος.

 $\Gamma NA'\Theta O \Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the jaw, mouth: properly the lower II. like yévus, the point or edge of a weapon. [a]

γναμπτός, ή, όν, curved, bent · supple, pliant: metaph. bending, yielding. From

ΓΝΑ ΜΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 έγναμψα:—to crook, familiaris.

γναπτός, ή, όν, (γνάπτω) carded, fulled.

ΓΝΑ ΠΤΩ, γνάπτωρ: γναφείον, -φεύς, -φευτικός, -φεύω, φικός: γνάφος. -ψις, v. sub κνάπτω, (tc. friendly terms with him. γνήσιος, a, ov, syncop. for γενέσιος, belonging to the true race, legitimate, opp. to νόθος: genuine, true; γνήσιαι γυναικες lawful wives, opp. to παλλακίδες; γνήσιοι "Ελληνες true Greeks; φρονείν γνήσια to have a *noble* mind.

γνησίωs, Adv. of γνήσιοs, lawfully, really, truly. γνοίην, ηs, η, aor. 2 opt. of γιγνώσκω.

γνοιμέν, Ep. for γνοίημέν, I pl. aor. 2 opt. of γιγνώσκω.

**γνούs**, aor. 2 part. of γιγνώσκω. ΓΝΟ ΦΟΣ,  $\delta_{\nu} = \delta \nu \delta \phi \phi s$ , darkness.

γνοφ-ώδης, εs, (γνόφος, είδος) darksome, dark. γνύξ, Adv. (γόνυ) with bent knee; γνὺξ ἐριπεῖν to fall on the knee.

γνῶ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

γνῶ, ῷs, ῷ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω.

 $\gamma$ νῶθι,  $\gamma$ νῶτω, aor. 2 imperat. of  $\gamma$ ι $\gamma$ νώσκω.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώναι) that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων. II. judgment. γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώμη, ή, (γνωναι) a means of knowing, a mark, II. the mind, the judgment; γνώμη τη token. αρίστη to the best of one's judgment. 2. will, purpose; ἀφ' ξαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own accord. judgment, opinion; γνώμην ἀποφαίνεσθαι to deliver an opinion; also a mistaken judgment, fancy; γνωμαι

the opinions of wise men, maxims. 4. a purpose, intention, resolution: a vote, decree.

γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, a fancy.

γνωμο-λογία, ή, (γνώμη, λέγω) a collection of maxims.

γνωμονικός, ή, όν, (γνώμων) fit to give judgment: experienced or skilled in a thing. II. of or for sun-dials.

γνωμοσύνη, ή, (γνώμων) prudence, judgment.

γνωμοτύπέω, to coin maxims: and

γνωμοτϋπικός, ή, όν, clever at coining maxims. From γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τὔπεῖν) maxim-coining, sententious.

γνώμων, ovos, δ, (γνωναι) one that knows, a judge, II. the gnomon or index of the suninterpreter. III. οἱ γνώμονες the teeth that mark a dial. horse's age. IV. a carpenter's rule, Lat. norma: hence a rule or guide of life.

γνών, Ep. for έγνων, 201. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

γνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώομεν, Ep. for γνωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω.

γνωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: pf. εγνώρικα:—to make known, declare. 2. to discover, detect: to acknowledge, recognise. 3. to be acquainted with. From γνώρτμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωτός) well-known:

as Subst., γνώριμο**s, δ, an** acquaintance, a friend, Lat. II. οἱ γνώριμοι the notables, Lat. optimates.

γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; γνωρίμως έχειν τινί to be on

γνώρζοις, εως, ή, (γνωρίζω) acquaintance: knowledge.

γνώρισμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) a making known. γνωριστικός, ή, όν, (γνωρίζω) capable of making

known. γνώς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνωσι-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (γνωσιε, μάχομαι) to dispute one's own opinion, i.e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχεῖν μη εἶναι δμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, εως, ή, (γνώναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. II. knowledge: wisdom.

2. acquaintance with a person.

3. a recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. of γιγνώσκω.

γνωστήρ, ηρος, δ, (γιγνώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

 $\gamma \nu \omega \sigma \tau \eta s$ , o v,  $\delta$ ,  $= \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

γνωστός, ή, όν, collat form of γνωτός, known: as Subst. a friend.

II. to be known.

**γνῶτε,** 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκω:—γνῶτον, γνώτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (γνῶναι) known, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοί τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ερ. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνώωσι, Ερ. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω. γοάασκεν, Ιοπ. for ἐγόα, 3 sing. impf. of γοάω.

γοάσειν or γοάφεν, 3 pl. opt. of γοάω. γοάοντι, Dor. for γοάουσι, 3 pl. of γοάω.

ΤΟΑ Ω, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοόων, όωσα: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, also γοάασκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. 1 ἔγόησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἔγοήθην: (γόοs):—to wail, groan, weep.

II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weet for.

 $\hat{\Gamma}\hat{\Omega}\hat{\Gamma}\Gamma\Upsilon^{\prime}Z\Omega$ , f  $\sigma\omega$ , to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ή, and γογγυλίς, ίδος, ή, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From  $\Gamma O\Gamma \Gamma \Upsilon \Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also γογγύλιοs,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\sigma \tau o\gamma \gamma \psi \lambda os$ , round, spherical. [b]

γογγυσμός, δ, (γογγύζω) a muttering. γογγυστής, οῦ, δ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

**γοεδνόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , =  $\dot{\gamma}$ ο ερώs.

**γοερόs**, ά, όν, (γοάω) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

 $\Gamma$ O'H, ἡ, = γόοs, καταείδοντες γύησι τῷ ἀνέμφ charming the wind with bowls.

γοήμεναι, Εp. for γοάν, pres. inf. of γοάω.

**γοήμων,** ον, gen. ον os, = γ οε ρ οs.

γόης, ητος, δ: dat. pl. γόησι: (γοάω) one who howls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a uggler, cheat. γοήσομαι, fut. of γοάω.

γοητεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft. γοητεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (γόηs) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ου, δ, (γοάω) a wailer. γοήτις, ιδος, ή, pecul. fem. of γόης, a witch.

γόμος, δ,  $(\gamma \epsilon \mu \omega)$  a ship's cargo, a freight, load. γομφιό-δουπος, ον,  $(\gamma \epsilon \mu \phi i \omega)$ , δοῦπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γόμφοε) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίοε. II. the tooth of a key. γομφό-δετος, ον, (γόμφοε, δέω) nail-bound.

γομφο-δετος, ον, (γόμφος, δέω) nail-bound. γομφο-πάγής, έε, (γόμφος, παγηναι) nail-fastened. **ΓΟ'ΜΦΟΣ**, δ, a large wedge-shaped tolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γόμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφόω, f. ώσω, to fasten with bolts or nails: γεγόμφωται σκάφοs the ship's hull is ready fuilt. Hence

γόμφωμα, ματος, τό, framework.

**γομφωτήρ, ηροs, δ, (γομφόω) one that fastens with** bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, έως, δ, (\*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ή, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ον, also η, ον, (γύνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γύνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genune, true.

yóvos, ὁ or ἡ, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything.

II. race, birth, descent.

III. a begetting.

ΤΟ'ΝΥ', τό, gen. γύνατος, dat. pl. γόνασι: Ion. γόνυ, γούνατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γουνός, γουνί, pl. γοῦνα, γούνων, γούνεσσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἄψασθαι γούνων to clasp the knees as suppliant; ἄντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαί τινα πρὸς γονάτων to entreat one by clasping bis knees; γύνυ κάμπτειν to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τὰ γύνατα το kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κεῖται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γύνυ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, βίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ον, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετείν τινι οτ τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ές, (γόνυ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; εδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γόον, Ερ. for ἐγόαον, 3 pl. impf. of γοάω.

ΓΟ'ΟΣ, o, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοόων, όωσα, Ep. part. of γοάω.

Γοργείοs, Att. Γόργειοs,  $\alpha$ , ον, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφας, ου, ὁ, (Γοργώ, λύφος) be of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ης, ή.

**Γοργόνειος**, ον, = Γοργείος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ον, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From ΓΟΡΓΟ'Σ, ή, όν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργόν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργός είσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, bot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ον, (Γοργώ, \*φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟ ΡΓΥΡΑ, ή, an underground dungeon. Γοργώ, όοε, contr. οῦε, ή; later decl. Γοργώ, όνοε,

II. =

and in pl. Γοργόνες: (γοργός):—the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

**γοργ-ώπις**,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of  $\gamma o \rho \gamma \dot{\omega} \psi$ .

γοργ-ωπός, όν, (γοργός, ώψ) fierce-eyed, terrible.

 $\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ -ώ $\psi$ ,  $\hat{\omega}$ ποs,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ ωπόs.

γοῦν, Ion. γῶν, (γε οὖν) restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers. γοῦνα, γούνων, Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάζεο, Ep. imperat. of γουνάζομαι.

γουνάζομαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ):—to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; ὑπέρ τινος and τινός in behalf of another: but also γουνάζεσθαί τινος and πρός τινος to entreat by such and such things.

γούνατος, γούνατι, γούνατα, γούνασι, Ion. and poet.

decl. of γύνυ.

γουνόομαι, Dep, = γουνάζομαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην. γουνο-παγής, ές, (γύνυ, πήγνυμι) cramping the knees. γουνο-πάχής, ές, (γουνός, poet. gen. of γύνυ, παχύς) tbick-kneed.

γουνός, poet. gen. of γύνυ.

γουνός, δ, (γύνος, γονή) corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. uber; γουνὸς ἀλωῆς a fruitful vineyard.

γράδιον, τό, contr. for γραίδιον.

γράεs and γρήεs, pl. n. from γραθε and γρηθε.

γραΐα, Ep. γραίη, ή, special fem. of γραΐοs, an old II. as fem. Adj. old, γραΐαι δαίμονες, γραία χερί, etc.

γραίδιον, τό, Dim of γραίs, γραθε, an old bag. ypaioquai, Pass to become an old woman. From γραίος, γραία, γραίον, (syncop for γεραιός) old, aged, gray; γραίη σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. litera: in plur 2. a note in music. letters, the alphabet. II. in plur. also, like Lat drawing, picture. literae, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts: also a book, treatise. letters, learning, =  $\mu \alpha \theta \dot{\eta} \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$ .

γραμματείον, τό, (γράφω) that on which one writes,

tablets, a note-book.

γραμματεύs, έωε, δ, (γράφω) a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba. Hence

γραμματεύω, to be secretary.

γραμματίζω, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments.

γραμματικός, ή, όν, (γράμματα) knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments: as Subst., γραμματικόs, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. -κω̂s.

γραμματιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γραμματίζω) one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster.  $\mathbf{2} = \gamma \rho \mathbf{a} \mu \mu \mathbf{a} \tau \in \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{s}$ 

γραμματο-κύφων, ωνος, δ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) one who pores over musty records.

γραμμή, ή, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ή μακρά the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. the line across the course, 'ing, riddle.

to mark the starting or winning place. III. the middle line on a draught-board called ή ίερά; τον ἀπὸ γραμμής κινείν λίθον to move a man from this line, 1. e. try one's last chance.

γράο-σόβης, ου, ό, (γραθε, σοβέω) scaring old women. γραπτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of γράφω, to be written: γραπτέον, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ηροε, ό, (γράφω) a writer.

γραπτός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , verb. Adj. of γράφω, painted: marked with letters: written.

γραπτύς, ύος, ή, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing. ΓΡΑΥ Σ, γραδε, ή, nom. pl. γραες, acc γραθε: Ion. decl. γρηθs, γρηθs; poet. also γρηθs:—a gray woman, old woman. II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γράφεύς, έως, δ, (γράφω) a painter. γραμματεύs, a clerk.

γραφή, ή, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; ὅσον γραφη only in a pic-2. writing. II. a painting, a figure, shape. III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη a private action; ἀστρατείας γραφή an indictment for neglect of service

γράφικός, ή, όν, able to draw or paint: ή γραφική (sub. τέχνη) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing. **γραφίs**, ίδο**s**, ή, (γράφω) a style for writing on waxen

embroidery.

ΓΡΑ'ΦΩ, f ψω. pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:— Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι: 201. 2 έγράφην, later aor. Ι έγράφθην: pf. γέγραμμαι:—to GRAVE, scratch; σήματα γράψας έν πίνακι baving scratched marks or figures on a tablet. draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint. III. to write; γράφειν είς διφθέρας to write on skins. 2 to inscribe, e. g. γράφειν είs στήλην: Pass. γράφεσθαί τι to be inscribed with a thing. to write down, γράφειν τινα αίτιον to set bim down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4 to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαί τινα to indict one, τινόs for some public offence; in full, δίκην οτ γραφήν γράψασθαί τινα; also c. inf., γράφεσθαί τινα άδικεῖν to indict him for wrong-doing; absol.. οί γραψάμενοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαί τι to denounce a thing as unlawful :- Pass. to be indicted.

γρα-ώδης, ες, (γραθς, είδος) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. εγρήγορα.

γρηθε, ή, Ion. for γραθε, poet. also γρηθε.

γρίπεύς, έως, δ, (γρίπος) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj.,  $\gamma \rho_i \pi \eta$  is  $\tau \in \chi \nu \eta$  the art of fishing.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, δ, a fishing-net

 $\gamma \rho i \pi \omega v$ ,  $\dot{o}_i = \gamma \rho_i \pi \epsilon \dot{v} s$ ,  $\alpha$  fisherman. [1]

TPI ΦΟΣ, o, like γρίπος, a fishing-net or basket, 2. anything intricate, a dark saymade of rusbes.

γριφώδης, ες, (γρίφος, είδος) riddling. ΓΡΟ ΣΦΟΣ, δ, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥ , a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρῦ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I έγρυξα:—to say γρῦ, grunt, Lat. grunnio: hence to grumble, mumble, mut-

γρυλλίζω or γρυλίζω, (γρύλλος or γρυλος) to

**γρύλλοs** ot **γρῦλοs**,  $\delta$ , (γρῦ)  $\alpha$  pig, porker.

γρυπ-άετος, δ, (γρύψ, άετύς) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΠΟ'Σ, ή, όν, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμόs. Hence

γρῦπότης, ητος, ή, bookedness of the nose.

γρυπόω, f. ώσω, (γρυπόs) to curve or bend.

γρύψ, gen. γρῦπόs, δ, (γρυπόs) a griffin, bippogriff.

γρώνη, ή, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥ'A, η, a piece of land, field.

γύαια, τά, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΥΥΑΛΟΝ, τό, a bollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλοισιν άρηρώς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms :- any bollow: πέτρας γύαλον a cave, grot; κρατήρος γύαλον the bollow of a bowl: -in plur. bollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥ'HΣ, ov, δ, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. bu-II. =  $\gamma \dot{\nu} \alpha$ , a field.

γυι-αρκής, ές, (γυῖον, ἀρκέω) strengthening the limbs. γυιο-βάρής, ές, (γυιον, βάρος) weighing down the

γυι-οβόρος, ον, (γυιον, βορά) gnawing the limbs. γιιο-δάμας, ου, δ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

**ITTON**, 76, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees. γυιο-πάγής, ές, (γυιον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs. **γυιο-πέδη**, ή, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΙΟ'Σ, ά, όν, lame.

γυιο-τακής, ές, (γυίον, τήκω) wasting the limbs. γυιο-τόρος, ου, (γυιον, τορέω) piercing the limbs. γυιό-χαλκος, ον, (γυιον, χαλκός) of brasen limb. γυιόω, (γυιόs) to lame :- Pass. to be or become lame;

γυιωθείε aor. 1 part., lamed. γύλι-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (γύλιος, αὐχήν) long-necked.

ΓΥ'ΛΙΟΣ, δ, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack. γυμνάζω, f. άσω: pf. γεγύμνακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμνασμαι: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάζειν τοὺε παίδαε ποιείν to train them to do a'thing :- Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνάς, άδος, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ή, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνασιαρχέω or Med. - έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνάσι-άρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, δ. (γυμνάσιον, άρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνάσιαρχία, ή, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, τό, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θἠμετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [a]

γυμναστέον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάζω, one must practise.

γυμναστήs, οῦ, δ, (γυμνάζω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, ή, όν, fond of athletic exercises: ή γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κω̂s, like an atblete.

γυμνής, ητος, δ, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From γυμνήτης, ου, δ, fem. γυμνήτις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = γυμνής. γυμνητία, ή, (γυμνήs) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, ή, όν, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικόs, ή, όν, (γυμνόs) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός άγών a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, ... γυμνητεύω. γυμνο-παιδία, ή, (γυμνός, παιδία) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gym-

nastic exercises.

**ΓΥΜΝΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i. e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνός ὅπλων:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτών), without the cloak (ιμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, οί, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked

philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ή, nakedness.

γυμνόω, f. ώσω, (γυμνύs) to strip naked or bare: -Pass., of warriors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τείχος έγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; έγυμνώθη βακέων be stript himself of his rags.

γύμνωσις, εως, δ, (γυμνόω) a stripping naked.

nakedness: the naked parts.

γύναι, νος. of γυνή. γυναικάριον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναικείοs, α, ον, also os, ον, Ιοπ. γυναικήϊοs, ηίη, ήίον, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. 2. as Subst., ή γυναικητη = γυναικών, the women's part of the bouse. II. womanish. effeminate.

γυναικίζω, f. ίσω Att. tw, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.

γυναικό-βουλος, ον, (γυναικός, βουλή) devised by a woman.

γυναικο-γήρυτος, ον, (γυνή, γηρύω) proclaimed by women.

γυναικό-θυμος, ον, (γυναικός, θυμός) of womanish mind.

γυναικο-κρασία, ή, (γυνή, κράσις) a woman's temper.

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, ον, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) proclaimed by women.

γυναικομανέω, to be mad for women. From

γυναικο-μανής, ές, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) mad for women.

γυναικό-μτμος, ον, (γυναικύς, μιμέομαι) aping women, womanish.

γυναικό-μορφος, ον, (γυναικός, μορφή) in woman's sbape.

γυναικο-πληθής, ές, (γυναικύς, πλ $\hat{\eta}\theta$ os) full of women.

γυναικό-ποινος, ον, (γυναικός, ποινή) woman-avenging.

γυναικόs, gen of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλης, ου, Dor. -φίλας, α, (γύνη, φιλέω) loving women.

γυναικό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (γυναικός, φρήν) of womanish mind.

γυναικό-φωνος, ον, (γυναικός, φωνή) with woman's voice.

γυναικών, ῶνος, ὁ, (γυναικός) the women's part of a puppet. (Thessal. word.) [v̄] the bouse, opp, to ἀνδρών.

γυναι-μάνής, ές, = γυναικομανής, mad for women. γύναιον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a little woman.

γύναιος, α, ον, of or belonging to a woman. From ΓΥΝΗ', ή, gen. γυναικός, αςς. γυναίκα, νος. γύναι; pl. γυναίκες, γυναικών, etc., (as if from γύναις):—a woman, Lat. femina, opp. to man: νοςαι. γύναι, a term of respect, mistress, lady: Homer often joins it with a second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc.

III. a mortal woman, opp. to a goddess.

IV. the female, mate of animals.

γύννις, ιδος, ό, (γυνή) a womanish man, weakling. γῦπάριον, τό, Dim. of γύπη, a nest, eyrie, cranny. γύπεσσιν, dat. pl. of γύψ.

γύπη, ή, (γύψ) a vulture's nest: generally, a bole, cranny. Hence

γυπιάs, ή, fem. Adj. vulture-baunted.

γυρη-τόμος, ον, (γῦρος, τεμεῖν) tracing a circle. ΓΥ PIΣ, εως, ή, the finest meal, Lat. pollen.

ΓΥΡΟ΄Σ, ά, όν, round, Lat. curvus; γυρὸς ἐν ωμοισι round-shouldered.

ΓΥ ΡΟΣ, δ, a ring, circle.

ΓΥΨ, γυπόε, δ, a vulture, Lat. vultur.

ΓΥΨΟΣ, ή, chalk. 2. later, gypsum. Hence γυψόω, f. ώσω, to rub over with chalk.

yav, Ion. for your, as ar for our.

ΓΩΝΙ'A, ή, a corner, angle. II. a joiner's square. Hence

γωνιασμός, ό, a squaring the angles; ἐπῶν γωνιασμός nicely-fitted, well-finished verses.

γωνι-ώδης, ες, (γωνία, είδος) angular. ΓΩΡΥΤΟ Σ, ὁ οι ἡ, a bow-case, quiver.

## Δ

 $\Delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha$ , indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\delta' = \tau \epsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha \rho \epsilon s$  and  $\tau \epsilon \tau \alpha \rho \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\delta = 4000$ .

Changes of  $\delta$  in the dialects: I. Aeol. into  $\beta$ , as  $\delta\beta\epsilon\lambda\delta$  into  $\delta\delta\epsilon\lambda\delta$ . II. Dor. into γ, as γη γνόφος into δα δνόφος. III. Ion. into ζ, as Zεύs, ζα- into Δεύs, δα-: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράζομαι into μελίσδω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδ-IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω. δομαι. λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύs λάσιοs. VI. into σ, as ὀδμή ὀσμή, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασμός, έδω ἐσθίω. VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as avépos VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is **ά**νδού**s**. added or omitted, as in δείλη είλη, δή ἢ, διώκω ἰώκω.  $\delta \mathbf{d}$ , intensive prefix, =  $\langle \mathbf{a}$ , as in  $\delta \dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\sigma \kappa \iota o \mathbf{s}$ .

δâ, Dor. for  $\gamma$ â,  $\gamma$ ŷ, mostly in voc.: acc. δâν.

δαγμα, τό, Dor. for δηγμα.

δαγύs, ῦδος, ἡ, a waxen image, used in magic rites, a purpet. (Thessal, word.) [v]

δαδουχέω, f. ήσω, to be a torcb-bearer, esp in sacred processions. From

δαδ-οῦχος, ον, (δας, έχω) bolding torches: as Subst., δαδοῦχος, ή, a torch-bearer at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.

δαδοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear torches. From

δαδο-φόρος, ον, (δα̂ς, φέρω) torch-bearing.

δαείην, aor. 2 opt. of \*δάω. δαείς, aor. 2 part. of \*δάω.

δαείω, Ep. for δαω, aor. 2 pass. subj. of \*δάω.

δαήμεναι, Ep. for δαήναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω. δαήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (δαήναι) knowing, experi-

odημων, ον, gen. ονος, (σαηναι) knowing, e: enced in a thing.

δάηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω.

ΔAH'P, έρος, δ, voc. δαερ, a busband's brother, brother-in-law, answering to γάλως, ή, a sister-in-law.

δαήσομαι, fut. of \*δάω.

δάηται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of δαίω (A).

δαί, (δή) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πω̂s δαί; how so? δατ, Ep. apocop. for δατδι, dat. of δατs. [τ]

δαιδάλεος, a, ον, also os, ον, cunningly or curiously wrought. From

δαιδάλλω, used only in pres. act.; but pass. aor. I ἐδαιδάλθην, pf. δεδαίδαλμα: (δαίδαλος):—to work cunningly, work with curious art: to deck out, embellish. Hence

δαίδαλμα, ατος, τό, α work of art. δαιδαλόεις, εσσα, εν, = δαιδάλεος.

δαιδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαίδαλος, έργον) curiously

working.

**ΔΑΙ ΔΑ ΛΟΣ**, η, ον, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; δαίδαλα πάντα all cunning works. II. as prop. n., Δαίδαλοs, δ, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορόs (q. v.) for Ariadné.

δαιδάλό-χειρ, ειρος, δ, ή, (δαίδαλος, χείρ) cunning

of band.

δαιδαλόω, = δαιδάλλω: poët. inf. fut. δαιδαλωσέμεν. δαίζω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐδάϊζα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαϊχθείs: pf. part. δεδαίγμένοs: (δαίω):—to cleave asunder, χιτῶνα περὶ στήθεσσι δαίζαι; δεδαϊγμένοs ήτορ pierced ibrough the heart:—also of doubts, ἐδαίζετο θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσιν his soul was divided within him; δαϊζόμενος κατά θυμὸν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δάϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δάϊς, κτείνω) or in two words

δάϊ κτάμενος, slain in battle.

δαϊκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, and δαϊκτής, οῦ, δ, (δαίζω) only

joined with masc. Subst. beart-cleaving.

δαιμονόω, (δαίμων) to be subject to an avenging deity; δαιμονά δόμος κακοις the house is plunged by the divinity in woes.

2. c. acc., δαιμονάν άχη to bave griefs decreed one.

II. absol. to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαιμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) to bave an allotted fate. II. Pass., with aor. 1 part. δαιμονισθείε, to

be possessed by a devil.

δαιμόνιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαιμόνιοs) the Deity, Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen.

11. the δαιμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to θεοί.

2. the name by which So-

crates called his genius.
3. in N.T. an evil spirit.
δαμόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (δαίμων):
I. used
by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense,
noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unbappy
man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow!
my good sir!
II. of things proceeding from the
Deity or from Fate; εἰ μή τι δαιμόνιον είη were it
not a divine intervention; τὰ δαιμόνια divine visitations.

III. of persons, divine, godlike

δαιμονι-ώδης, εε, (δαιμόνιον, είδος) devilish.

δαιμονίως, Adv. of δαιμόνιος, marvellously, strangely. δαίμων, ονος, δ, ή, (δαίω) a god, goddess. II.

the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad; προς δαίμονα against fate; σὺν δαίμονι with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like Lat. sors.

III. one's genius, one's lot or for-

tune. IV. δαίμονες was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures. V. an evil spirit, devil.

δαίμων, δ, as Adj., = δαήμων, skilled in a thing.

δαίνυ, Ep. for εδαίνυ, 3 sing. impf. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυ', Ep. for ἐδαίνυο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι. δαινύατο, for ἐδαίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυμι, also δαινύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνυ: fut. δαίσω: aor. I έδαισα: (δαίs):—to give a banquet or feast; δαίνυ δαίτα γέρουσι be gave a feast to the elders; δαινύειν τινά to feast a person.

II. Med. δαίνιδρια, fut. δαίσομαι: aor. I έδαισάμην:—to bave a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαίτα, κρέα, etc., to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.

δαίνυο, Ερ. for ἐδαίνυσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμ. δαινθτο, Ερ. for δαινύοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαι-

νύμι.

δάἴος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ : Ion. and Hom. δήἴος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ : Att. contr. δῆαος: (δαίω, δάῖε):—bostile, destructive: as epth of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δάιοι, enemies.

2. unbappy, wretched.

II. (δαῆναι) knowing, cunning.

δαίρω, f. δαρῶ: aor. I inf. δῆραι, poët. for δέρω,

 $\delta \epsilon i \rho \omega$ , to flay, cudgel.

δαίs (A), gen. δαίδος, Att. contr. δα̂s, δα̂δος, ἡ, (δαίω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda:—pine-wood, such as torches were made of.

II. war, battle, ἡ, mostly in apocopate dat, δά and acc. δάιν.
δαίς (B) gen. δαιτός, ἡ, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, ban-

quet, Lat. DAPES. 2. meat or food itself. δαίσασθαι, δαισάμενος, aor. 1 inf. and part. med.

of δαίνυμι.

δαιταλεύς, έως, δ, (δαίνυμι) a guest, banquetter.

δαίτη, ή, poet. for δαίς, a feast, banquet. δαίτηθεν, Adv. of δαίτη, from a feast.

δαιτρεύω, f. σω, (δαιτρός) to cut up or carve, to por-

tion out, distribute.

δαιτρόν, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δαιτρός, δ, (δαίω B) a carver, distributer. Hence δαιτροσύνη, ħ, the art of carving: a helping at table. δαιτύμών, όνος, δ, (δαίκ B) an invited guest. 2. in plur. guests who bring each his own provisions. δαιτύς, ύος, ħ, Ion. for δαίκ, a meal

δαι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος: (δάις, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαῆναι) of

knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful. δαίχθείς, aor. I part. of δαίζω.

**ΔΑΥΩ** (A), = καίω, only used in pres. and impf., to light up, kindle; δαίξ οἱ ἐκ κόρυθος πῦρ she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor. 1 part. δαισθείς: pf. part. δεδαυμένος:—to burn, blaze; δαίεται ὅσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα, plqpf. ἐδεδήειν, poet. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδηε wild-fire.

ΔΑΙ'Ω (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense δαίζω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαίσμαι; Med., κρέα δαιόμενος distributing portions of meat. Pass., δαίεται ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαίσται.—But έδαισα, έδαισάμην belong to δαίνυμι: δάσομαι, έδασάμην, δέδασμαι το δατέομαι.

δάκέ-θυμος, ον, = δηξίθυμος, beart-eating. δάκε, Ερ. for ἔδακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δακείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of δάκνω.

δάκετον, τό, = δάκος, a venomous animal.

δακνάζω, poet. for δάκνω: Pass. to be sore vexed. ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, f. δήξομαι: pf. δέδηχα: aor. 2 ξδάκον: Ep. inf. δακέειν:—Pass., aor. 1 ξδήχθην: pf. δέδηγμαι: —to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; στόμιον δάκνειν to champ the bit; δάκνειν ἐαυτόν to bite one's lips for fear of laughing. II. metaph. to bite, sting, prick:—Pass., καρδίαν δέδηγμαι I was vexed at

δάκος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$  $\delta$ , (δακε $\hat{\iota}$ ν) an animal whose bite or sting is dangerous, any noxious animal.

**ΔΑ ΚΡΥ,** vos, τό, poet. for δάκρυον, a tear, Lat. LACRYMA. II. a drop, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκρυ.

δάκρῦμα, ατος, τό, (δακρύω) that which is wept for, a subject for tears.

II. a tear.

δακρυο-γόνος, ον, (δάκρυ, \*γένω) author of tears. δακρυόδεις, εσσα, εν, (δάκρυον) tearful; of persons, much weeping; of things, calling forth tears: - δακρυόδεν γελάσαι, as Adv., to smile through one's tears.

**ΔΑ'ΚΡΥ'ΟΝ**, τό, = δάκρυ: Ep. gen. pl. δακρυόφι. δακρυ-πλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) to swim with tears.

δακρυρροέω, f. ήσω, to melt into tears. From

δακρύρ-ροος, ον, (δάκρυ, βέω) melting into tears. δάκρυσα, Ερ. aor. 1 of δακρύω.

δακρυσί-στακτος, ον, (δάκρυ, στάζω) dropping with tears.

δακρυσώ, Dor. for δακρύσω.

δακρῦτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δακρύω, wept over, tearful.

δακρυ-χάρής, ές, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) rejoicing in tears. δακρυ-χέων, ουσα, ον, a participial Adj., (δάκρυ,

χέω) shedding tears, weeping.

δακρύω [v], fut. ύσω: aor. I ἐδάκρῦσα: pf. δεδάκρῦνα: (δόκρυ):—to weep, shed tears:—pf. pass. δεδάκρῦμαι, to be tearful, be all in tears; part. δεδακρυμένοs, all in tears: c. acc. cognato, δακρύειν γόωτο to utter tearful groans.

II. transit to weep for a thing, lament:—Pass. to be wept for.

βλέφαρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

δακρυ-ώδης, εs, (δάκρυ, εlδos) like tears: tearful. δακτύλήθρα, ή, (δάκτυλος) a finger-sheath.

δακτυλίδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκτυλος, a toe.

δακτύλικός, ή, όν, (δάκτυλος) of or for the finger, Lat. digitalis; αὐλὸς δακτυλικός a flute played with the fingers.

II. of metre, dactylic.

δακτύλιος, δ, (δάκτυλος) a ring, seal-ring.

δακτύλο-δεικτός, όν, (δάκτυλος, δείκνυμι) pointed at with the finger, as in Horace digito monstrari.

δακτύλο-ειδής, έε, (δάκτυλος, είδος) like a finger. δάκτύλος, ό, plur. δάκτυλοι, poët. also δάκτυλα: (δείκυνμι):—a finger, Lat. digitus; ἐπὶ δακτύλον συμβάλλεσθαι to reckon on the fingers. 2. δάκτυλος τοῦ ποδός a toe; also without ποδός, like Lat. digitus.

II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about  $\frac{1}{10}$  of an inch. III. a metrical foot, dactyl,  $- \circ \circ$ ; e. g. äfros.

δακτύλό-τριπτος, ον, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) worn by the fingers.

δαλέομαι, Dor. for δηλέομαι.

δαλίον, τό, Dim. of δαλόε.

δαλός, δ, (δαίω) a firebrand, piece of blazing wood.

II. a burnt out torch, of an old man.

III. a beacon-light.

δαμάζω, later form of δαμάω: see δαμάω.

δάμαῖος,  $\delta$ , (δαμάω) epith. of Neptune, the Tamer. δάμάλη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δάμαλιε.

δαμάλή-βοτος, ον, (δαμάλη, βόσκω) fed on by young cattle.

δαμαλη-φάγος, ον, (δαμάλη, φαγε $\hat{i}$ ν) beef-eating, epith. of Hercules.

δάμαλίζω, f. ίσω, poët. form of δαμάω, to subdue. δάμαλιε, εωε, ή, (δαμάω) a young cow, beifer, calf, Lat. juvenca.

II. like μόσχοε, a girl.

δάμαλος, δ, (δαμάω) a calf, Lat. vitulus. δάμαρ, αρτος, ή, (δαμάω) a wife, spouse.

δαμάσδω, Dor. for δαμάζω.

δάμασίμ-βροτος, ον, (δαμάω, βροτός) man-subduing. δάμάσ-ιππος, ον, (δαμάω, ἵππος) borse-taming.

δάμἄσις, εως, ή, (δαμάω) a taming, subduing. δαμασί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δαμάω, φρήν) beartsubduing.

δάμασί-φως, ωτος, δ, ή, (δαμάω, φώς) man-subduing. δάμάτειρα, ή, fem. Subst. a tamer.

Δάμᾶτερ, Dor. vocat. from Δημήτηρ.

**ΔΑ'ΜΑ'Ω**, Ep. 3 sing. δαμάα, 3 pl. δαμόωσι: fut. δαμάσω [μα], Ep. δαμάσσω: aor. I ἐδάμασα Ep. ἐδάμασσα δάμασσα: pf. δεδάμακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδμήθην, part. δμηθείs; aor. 2 ἐδάμαν, inf. δαμημέναι, part. δαμημέναι, manother aor. I part. δάμασθείs, pf. part. δεδαμασμένοs are found, as if from δαμάζω. To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, overpower.

II. of madens, to yoke in marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, Lat. subigere.

III. generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—Pass. to be subject, to obey.

2. to slay, kill.

δαμείην, aor. 2 opt pass, of δαμάω.

δαμείω, Ep. for δαμῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of δαμάω: 2 and 3 pass. δαμήης, -ήη, Ep. for δαμῆε, δαμῆ: 2 pl. δαμείετε, for δαμῆτε,

δάμεν, Ερ. for ἐδάμησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.

δαμήμεναι, Ep. for δαμηναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of δαμάω.

δάμνα, Ep. for ἐδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of δάμνημι. δαμνά, 3 sing. of δαμνάω; also 2 sing. pres. Med. of δάμνημι.

δαμνάω, = δαμάω, only in pres. and impf.

δάμνημί, = δάμάω: — Pass. and Med. δάμναμαι. δαμός and δαμόσιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , Dor. for  $\delta \eta \mu$ -.

δάμόωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of δαμάω.

δαμώματα, τά, (δαμος) bymns sung in public. δαν, Dor. for δην, γην:—οὐ δαν, No, by earth!

**ΔΑΝΑΟΙ**, ol, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δavatδai, ων, oi, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δαναΐδεs, al, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναώτατοs, oldest of the Danaans. [Δα]

δάνείζω, f. είσω: pf. δεδάνεικα, pass. δεδάνεισμαι: (δάνοs):—to put out money at usury, to lend:-Pass., of the money, to be lent: - Med. to bave lent to one, to borrow.

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan.

δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον. δάνεισμός, δ, (δανείζω) money-lending.

δάνειστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer. δανειστικός, ή, όν, (δανείζω) disposed to lend.

II. money lent out  $\Delta A'NO\Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , a gift. at interest, a loan, debt.

δανός, ή, όν, (δαίω A) burnt, dried, parched.

δάος,  $\epsilon$ ος, τό, (δαίω A) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch. δάπανάω, f. ήσω:-Pass., aor. 1 έδαπανήθην, pf. δεδαπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense :-- to spend; δαπαναν είs τι to spend upon a thing:-Med. to spend of one's own. II. Causal, δαπανάν την πόλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

II. **ΔΑΠΑ'NH**, ή, cost, expense, expenditure. III. exmoney spent: also money for spending. pensiveness, extravagance. [πα]

δάπάνημα, ατος, τό, money spent, expense.

δάπάνηρός, ά, ών, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant. of things, expensive. Adv. - pws, expensively.

δάπανος, ον, = δαπανηρός, extravagant. δά-πεδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a

chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

 $\Delta A'\Pi I \Sigma$ ,  $\iota \delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \pi \eta s$ , a carpet, rug. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ] δαπτέμεν. Εp. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.

**ΔΑ'ΠΤΩ**, f. δάψω, to devour.

Δάρδανος, ό, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος ἀνήρ α Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, α, ον, Trojan: Δαρδανίς, ίδος, ή, a Trojan woman: Δαρδανία, ή, Troy: Δαρδανίδης, ov, ό, a son or descendant of Dardanus: Δαρδανιώνες, oi, sons of Dardanus,

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour. δαρεικός οτ δαρεικός στατήρ, δ, a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first comed by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darâ, a king, cf. Δαρείοs, like our sovereign.)

 $\Delta \bar{\mathbf{u}} \rho \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{l}} o \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\delta$ , Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr.  $\hat{\epsilon} \rho \xi \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{l}} \eta \mathbf{s}$ , q. v.: a Greek form of Persian darâ, a king.

δάρησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.

**ΔΑΡΘΑ'ΝΩ**, aor. 2 ἔδαρθον, poet ἔδραθον: - to sleep, Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω.

δαρό-βιος, ον, = δηρόβιος.

δαρός, ά, όν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.

δαρώ, fut. of δέρω.

δάs, gen. δαδόs, ή, Att. contr. for δαts.

δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing. a garment red with blood.

indic. δασάσκετο; I pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασείται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασέως, Adv. of δασύς; δασέως έχειν to be bairy. δά-σκίος, ον, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.

δάσμευσις, εως, ή, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing. δασμολογέω, f. ήσω, to exact as tribute: c. dupl.

acc. to exact tribute from a person. Hence

δασμολογία, ή, collection of tribute. δασμο-λόγος, ό, (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector. δασμός, δ, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute. δασμοφορέω, f. ήσω, to pay tribute:-Pass., δασμο-

φορείται τινι tribute is paid one. From

δασμο-φόρος, ον, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.

δάσομαι, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.

δασ-πλής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , and δασ-πλ $\hat{\eta}$ τις,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (δα-, πλήσσω) borrid, frightful.

δάσσασθαι, Ep. for δάσασθαι, q. v.

δασύ-θριξ, τρῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired. δασύ-κερκος, ον, (δασύς, κέρκος) busby-tailed.

δασύ-κνημος, ον, and δασυ-κνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δασύ**s, κ**νήμη) sbaggy-legged.

δασύ-μαλλος, ον, (δασύς, μαλλος) thick-fleeced.

δασύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\bar{v}$ νω̂,  $(\delta a \sigma \dot{v} s)$  to make rough or hairy: Pass. to become rough or hairy.

δασύ-πους, ποδος, ό, (δασύς, ποῦς) bairy-foot, i.e. a bare or rabbit.

δασυ-πώγων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, πώγων) with shaggy

ΔΑ ΣΥ Σ, εία, ύ, Ion. fem. δασέα, thick with bair, bairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασέα θρίδαξ a lettuce with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick, crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, ον, (δασύς, στέρνον) shaggy-breasted. δασυ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (δασύς, χαίτη) shaggy-baired.

δάτέομαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I έδασάμην Ερ. έδασσάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπασάμην): Dep.:—to divide among themselves, to share in: to tear in pieces; χθόνα ποσσί δατεῦντο they measured the ground with their feet. 3. to divide or distribute to others.

δατεῦντο, Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι. δάτήριος, α, ον, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

δάτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a distributer.

δαφναίος, a, ov, of or belonging to a laurel. From **ΔΑ'ΦΝΗ**, ή, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.

δαφνηφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear laurel-boughs. From δαφνη-φόρος, ον, (δάφνη, φέρω) planted with lau-II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνιακός, ή, έν, (δάφνη) belonging to a laurel. δαφνο-γηθής, ές, (δάφνη, γηθέω) delighting in the

δαφνό-κομος, ον, (δάφνη, κόμη) laurel-crowned. δαφν-ώδης, εs, (δάφνη, είδος) laurelled.

δά-φοινεός, όν, = δαφοινός; είμα δαφοινεόν αίματι

δα-φοινός, όν, (δα-, φοινός) of wild beasts, bloodred, tawny: or perhaps bloody, murderous.

δαψίλεια, ή, abundance, plenty. From

δαψίλής, έs, (δάπτω) abundant, plentiful: of persons, liberal, profuse. Adv. δαψιλώs, lavisbly: Sup. δαψιλέστατα.

 $^{*}\Delta A'\Omega$ , an old root meaning to learn, which sometimes takes a causal sense, to teach: to teach: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. δέδαε, be taught, like Lat. doceo; later also έδαον.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω. II. to learn: fut. δαήσομαι (ἐμεῦ δαήσεαι thou wilt learn from me); pf. δεδάηκα, part. δεδαηκώς, δεδαώς, also pass. δεδαημένος: aor. 2 έδάην, subj. δαῶ, Ερ. δαείω, inf. δαῆναι, Ερ. δαήμεναι, part. δαείs:--from δέδαα, is formed a pres. med. inf. δεδάασθαι, to search out.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκομαι.

δαῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of \*δάω.

**ΔE'**, but: conjunctive Particle, with an opposing or adversative force. It answers to  $\mu \acute{e}\nu$ , esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by while, on the other hand, 2. it often serves merely to pass from see μέν. one thing to another, when it may be rendered, and, further. II.  $\delta \epsilon$  properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

-8€, enclitic Particle; joined I. to names of Places in acc., to denote motion towards, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οἰκόνδε home-wards, Οὐλυμ- $\pi \acute{o}\nu \delta \epsilon$  to Olympus,  $\theta \acute{\nu} \rho \alpha \zeta \epsilon$  (for  $\theta \acute{\nu} \rho \alpha \sigma \delta \epsilon$ ) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron, ὅνδε δόμονδε; and sometimes even after els, as els άλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, 'Αθήναζε,  $\Theta \dot{\eta} \beta a \zeta \epsilon$  (for ' $A\theta \dot{\eta} \nu a \sigma \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\Theta \dot{\eta} \beta a \sigma \delta \epsilon$ ):—sometimes it denotes purpose only, μήτι φύβονδ' ἀγόρευε speak naught tending to fear. II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, ὅδε, τοιόσδε, etc., such a man as this, Att. δδί, etc.

δεά, ή, Dor. for θεά, Lat. dea.

δέατο, Ep. for έδέατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb  $\delta \epsilon a \mu a \iota$ ,  $= \delta o \kappa \epsilon \omega$ , be seemed.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι. δεδάασθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of \*δάω.

δέδαε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of \*δάω.

δεδάηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of \*δάω.

δεδαίαται, Ion. for δέδαινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of δαίω B.

δεδαϊγμένος, pf. pass. part. of δαίζω.

δεδαιδαλμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαιδάλλω.

δέδακον, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δέδαργμαι, Att. for δέδραγμαι, pf. pass. of δράσσομαι.

δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δέρω.

δέδασμαι, pf. pass. of δατέομαι. δεδαώs, pf. act. part. of \*δάω.

δέδεγμαι, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δείκνυμι). δεδέημαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.

δεδείξομαι, paullo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδειπνάναι, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδειχα, δέδειγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δείκνυμι. δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, to bind. δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of δέω, to bind. δεδέχαται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι είσί, 3 plur. pf. of δέγομαι.

δέδηγμαι, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδηε, δεδήει, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. of δαίω.

δεδήμευμαι, pf. pass. of δημεύω.

δεδήσομαι and δεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, to bind. δέδηχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδια, poet. δείδια, pf., with pres sense, of δείδω: imperat, δέδιθι; part. δεδιώs.

δεδι $\bar{\alpha}$ κόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκοι.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διαιτάω. δεδίσκομαι, = δειδίσκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for δειδίσσομαι.

δεδίωγμαι, pf. pass of διώκω.

δεδμήστο, Ion. for έδέδμηντο, 3 pl plapf. pass. of δαμάω.

δέδμηκα, pf. of δέμω.

δέδμημαι, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

δέδμητο, -ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω. δέδογμαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δέδοικα, pf. with pres. sense of  $\delta \epsilon i \delta \omega$ .

δεδοίκω, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δείδω.

δεδόκημαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω

δεδοκημένος, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pres., waiting for, lying in wait.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of δοκιμάζω.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι: poet. 3 pl. δέδονται. δεδόνατο, Dor. for εδεδόνητο, 3 sing. plapf, of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of δέρκομαι, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of δουπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of δράσσω.

δέδρακα, pf. of διδράσκω, also of δράω.

δέδραμαι, pf. pass. of δράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of  $\tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$  (formed from \* $\delta \rho \ddot{\alpha} \mu \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ). δέδρομα, poet. pf. of  $\tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$  (formed from \* $\delta \rho \dot{\epsilon} \mu \omega$ ).

δεδυστύχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , resolved form of  $\delta \hat{\eta} \lambda os$ .

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of δέομαι. δέημα, ατος, τό, (δέομαι) a prayer, entreaty.

δέησις, εως, ή, (δέομαι) an entreating.

δεήσομαι, fut. med. of δέω, to want.

**ΔΕΙ**; subj. δέη contr. δη; opt. δέοι; inf. δείν; part. δέον Att. δείν: imperf. έδει Ion. έδεε: fut. δεήσει: aor. 1 ἐδέησε. Impers. from δέω, to bind: acc. et inf., δεί τινα ποιήσαι it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought, Lat. oportet, decet; II. c. gen. there is so, δεί τινα δπω**s** ποιήσει. need of, Lat. opus est re; πολλοῦ δεί there wants much, far from it; ολίγου δει there wants little, all but; πλεῦνος δει it is still further from it:—with the person added, δεί μοί τινος, Lat. opus est mibi re.

δείγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμ) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. documentum. 2. a place in the Peiræeus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make a show of.

δείδεκτο, 3 sing. plaps. of δείκνυμ, in sense of imps., to welcome: δειδέχαται, for δεδεγμένοι εἰσί, 3 plur. pers. δειδέχατο, 3 pl. plaps.

δειδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω) cowardly.

δείδια, αs, ε, like δέδια, př. of δείδω with pres. signf., I fear; plur. δείδιμεν, δείδιτε; imperat. δείδιθι; inf. δειδίμεν; part. δειδιώs, dual δειδιότε: δείδισαν, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδίσκομαι, Dep. (δείπνυμ) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; δειδίσκετο δέπαι he bailed with the cup.  $2. = \delta \epsilon i \kappa \nu \bar{\nu} \mu_1$ , to shew.

δειδίσσομαι, Att. δεδίττομαι: fut. ίξομαι: aor. I ξδειδιξάμην: (δείδω):—Causal of δείδω, to frighten, alarm.

δείδοικα, Εp. for δέδοικα, q. v.

 $\Delta EI'\Delta\Omega$ , the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. δείσομαι: aor. 1 έδεισα Ep. έδδεισα: pf. in pres. sense δέδοικα; also δέδια, Ep. δείδια (see δείδια): 3 pl. plqpf. ἐδείδισαν, Ερ. δείδισαν: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with μή..., like Lat. vereor ne.., I fear it is .; but,  $\delta \epsilon i \delta \omega \mu \eta$  où ..., vereor ne non ..., vereor ut ..., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to 3. δείδειν περί τινι to be alarmed or fear to do. anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, 5. perf. part. τὸ δεδιύs one's stand in awe of. fearing, one's fear, like δέοs.

δειελιάω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι έδειελίησα: (δείελος):—to

wait till evening.

δειελινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , = sq., at evening. From

δείελος, ον, (δείλη) of or belonging to evening; δείελο, ημαρ eventude.

II. as Subst., δείελος (sub. ωρη), = δείλη, evening.

δεικανάασκε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of δεικανάω.

δεικάνάω, = δείκνυμι, to point out, shew.

Med. = δείκνυμαι, δέχομαι, to salute, welcome, greet. δεικανόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of δεικανάω.

δείκελον and δείκηλον,  $τ\delta$ , (δείκνυμι) a representation, exhibition.

δείκνυ, Ep. shortened form of δείκνυσι.

δεικνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. for δεικνύναι. [τ]

ΔΕΙ'ΚΝΥΜΙ and δεικνύω, imperat. δείκνυ or δείκνυε: fut. δείξω Ion. δέξω: aor. I έδειξα Ion. έδεξα: pf. δέδειχα:-Pass., fut. δειχθήσομαι, and fut. 3 δεδείξομαι: 201. Ι έδείχθην Ion. έδέχθην: pf. δέδειγμαι; on the forms δειδέχαται, δείδεκτο, see below 11:-to shew, point out, Lat. monstro; impers. delfei, time will shew; δεικνύναι είς τινα to point towards a per-2. to bring to light, display; θεδε ήμιν δείξε τέραs the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. δείκνυμαι, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; έδειξαν έτοιμοι όντες they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. δεικνύμενος =

δεχόμενος, δεξιούμενος, welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. δειδέχαται, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. δείδεκτο, δειδέχατοι, are used in the same sene; τοὺς μὲν κυπέλοις δειδέχατο they pledged them with the cup; δειδέχατο μύθοισι they greeted them with words.

δεικτέοs, α, ον, verb. Adj. of δείκνυμ, to be sbewn. II. δεικτέον [έστί], impers., one must sbew. δείλαιοs, α, ον, lengthd. form of δειλόs, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

δειλακρίων, ωνος, ό, properly, a coward, but mostly

in addresses, poor fellow! From

δείλ-ακρος, α, ον, (δειλός, ἄκρος) very pitiable.

**ΔΕΙ'ΛΗ** (sub. ωρα), η, properly, the time when the day is bottest, i.e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, έσσεται η ηων η δείλη η μέσον ημαρ; δείλη πρωία and δείλη όψία early and late afternoon; afterwards δείλη alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; δείλης οτ δείλην, as Adv., in the evening.

δειλία, ή, (δειλός) timidity, cowardice; δειλίην ὀφλεῖν to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. άσω, (δειλία) to be afraid.

δείλομαι, Dep. (δείλη) to decline towards evening. δειλός, ή, όν, (δέος, δείδω) cowardly, craven: vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat, miser. Adv.  $-\lambda \hat{\omega}$ s.

δείμα, ατος, τό, (δείδω) fear, affright. II. an object of fear, a terror, borror. Hence

δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμάλέος, a, ον, (δείμα) tinud. II. horrible, fearful.

δείμας, aor. I part. of δέμω.

δείματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέμω.

δειματόεις, εσσα, εν, (δείμα) frightened. δειματόω, f. ώσω, (δείμα) to frighten.

δείμομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of δέμω.

δειμός, δ, (δέος) fear, terror, Lat. timor.

δεῖν, inf. of δέω. II. Att. for δέον, part. neut. of δεῖ, as πλεῖν for πλέον.

**ΔΕΙ΄ΝΑ**,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , gen.  $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \sigma s$ , dat.  $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \iota$ , acc.  $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \sigma$ , such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl.  $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ .

δεινο-θέτης, ου, δ, (δεινός, τίθημι) a knave.

δεινο-λογέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, λέγω) to complain loudly.

δεινο-παθέω, f. ήσω, (δεινόs, πάθοs) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δεινός, ποῦς) terrible of foot.

δεινός, ή, όν, (δέος): I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, auful: later, τὸ δεινόν danger, sufferings; οὐδὲν δεινόι, μὴ ἀποστέωσιν no fear of their revolting; δεινόν ποιείν οι ποιείσθαι to take ill, Lat. aegre ferre. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; τὸ συγγενές τοι δεινόν the ties of kin bave strange power. III. the sense of powerful

wondrous, passed into that of able, clever, skilful, as in phrase δεινός τε καὶ σοφός; often c. inf., δεινός λέγειν clever at talking; also c. acc., δεινό τήν τέχνην skilful in his art. Hence

δείνος, gen. of δείνα, δ, ή.

δεινότης, ητος, ή, terribleness: barsbness, stern-2. natural ability, cleverness.

δεινόω, f. ώσω, (δεινός) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δειν-ωπός, όν, (δεινός, ώψ) terrible to behold.

δεινώς, Adv. of δεινός, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δείνωσις, εως, ή, (δεινόω) exaggeration.

δείν-ωψ, ωπος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δεινωπός.

δείξω, fut. of δείκνυμι.

δείοs, τό, Ep. for δέοs, fear.

δειπνεθντες, Dor. for δειπνοθντες.

δειπνέω, f. ήσω: pf. δεδείπνηκα, Att. pf. 2 δέδειπνα, inf. δεδειπνάναι: (δειπνον):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., δειπνείν άρτον to make a meal on bread. Hence

δειπνηστός or δείπνηστος, δ, meal-time.

δειπνητήριον, τό, (δειπνέω) a supper-room.

δειπνητής, οῦ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence

δειπνητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , of or for dinner. Adv.  $-\kappa\hat{\omega}s$ , like a clever cook.

δειπνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (δεῖπνον) to entertain at dinner

δειπνο-λόχος,  $\eta$ , ον, (δείπνον, λοχάω) fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.

δεῖπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes =  $\alpha \rho i$ στον, the early meal, sometimes = δύρπον the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. coena; ἀπὸ δείπνου straight from, i. e. just after, 2. generally food, provender. dinner.

δειπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From δειπνο-ποιός, όν, (δεῖπνον, ποιέω) preparing dinner. δειράς, άδος, ή, (δειρή) the ridge of a chain of hills, II. =  $\delta \epsilon \iota \rho \dot{\eta}$ , the neck.

like λόφοs, Lat. jugum.

δείρας, aor I part. of δέρω. ΔΕΙΡΗ', Att. δέρη, ή, the neck, throat. II =δειράs, the ridge of a bill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (δειρή, τέμνω) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. jugulo.

 $\Delta EI'P\Omega$ , Ion. for  $\delta \epsilon \rho \omega$ .

δεισ-ήνωρ, ορος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\delta \epsilon i \delta \omega, \dot{\alpha} \nu \dot{\eta} \rho)$  fearing man. δεισιδαιμονία, ή, fear of the gods, religion.

in bad sense, superstition. From

δεισι-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω, δαίμων) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious. bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

**ΔΕΚΑ**, oi, ai, τά, indecl., Lat. DECEM, our TEN, Germ. ZEHN: oi δέκα, the Ten, Lat. Decemviri: oi δέκα [έτη] ἀφ' ήβηs those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκά-βοιος, ον, (δέκα, βοῦς) worth ten oxen.

δεκάδ-αρχος,  $\delta$ , (δέκα, ἄρχω) a commander of ten men, Lat. decurio.

δεκαδεύs, έωs, δ, (δέκα) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = δυώδεκα, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ον, (δέκα, δώρον 11) ten palms long or

δεκα-έτηρος, ον, (δέκα, ἔτοs) ten-yearly. δακα-ετής, ές, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years.

δεκάζω, f. άσω, (δέκα) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. decuriare.

δεκάκις, Adv. (δέκα) ten times: ten-fold

δεκά-κλίνος, ον, (δέκα, κλίναι) bolding ten dinnercouches.

δεκα-κυμία, ή, (δέκα, κυμα) the tenth wave, Lat. fluctus decumanus; cf. τρικυμία.

δεκά-μηνος and δεκα-μηνιαίος, ον, (δέκα, μήν) ten months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μνους, ουν, (δέκα, μνα) worth ten minae.

δεκ-άμφορος, ον, (δέκα, άμφορεύς) bolding ten άμφορείs, 1. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, oi, ai, τά, fifteen.

δεκά-πηχυς, v, (δέκα,  $\pi \hat{\eta} \chi v s$ ) ten cubits long.

δεκα-πλάσιος, ον, (δέκα) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ δεκαπλασία (sub. τιμή) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλεθρος, ον, (δέκα, πλέθρον) enclosing ten pletbra (v. πλέθρον 11)

δεκάπλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, = δεκα-πλάσιος. δεκά-πολις, ή, (δέκα, πόλις) a district including ten cities, Decapolis

δεκά-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , πουν,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , gen ποδος, ten feet long. δεκ-άρχης, ου, δ, (δέκα, ἄρχω) a decurson. Hence δεκ-apxia, ή, the government of the Ten.

δεκάς, άδος, ή, (δέκα) a body of ten men, Lat. decu-II. the number ten. rıa.

δεκά-σπορος, ον, (δέκα, σπείρω) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταίος, a, ον, (δέκατος) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (δέκα, τάλαντον) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, -pa, fourteen.

δεκατευτήριον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-bouse: and δεκατευτήs, οῦ, ὁ, a farmer of tentbs, titbe-collector, Lat. decumanus. From

δεκατεύω, f. σω, (δεκάτη) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods: -also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, δ, (δεκάτη, λέγω) = δεκατευτής.

δεκατό-σπορος, ον, (δέκατος, σπορά) in the tenth generation.

II. as Subst., δεδέκ**ἄτος**, η, ον, (δέκα) tentb. κάτη (sub. μέρις), ή, the tenth part, tithe. κάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), ἡ, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child had a name given it; την δεκάτην θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ώσω, (δέκατος) to take tithe of a person.

II.

δεκά-φυλος, ον, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes. δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦs) a coin worth ten χαλκοί, Lat. denarius.

δεκά-χίλοι, αι, α, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand. δεκ-έτηρος, ον, = δεκέτης.

δεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years. ten years old.

δεκ-έτις, ιδος, ή, pecul. fem. of δεκέτης δέκομαι, Ion. and Aeol. for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, ον, (δέκα, δργυιά) ten fathoms long. δεκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\delta}$ , = δέκτης.

δέκτης, ου, δ, (δέχομαι) a receiver : hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be received, acceptable, Lat. acceptus.

δέκτρια, ή, poet. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, opos, poët. for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes upon bimself.

δεκ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of δεκύργυιος. δελεάζω, f. άσω, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον ὑὸs lure, entice, catch. δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ'ΛΕΑΡ, ατος, τό, a bait, Lat. esca.

δελε-άρπαξ, αγος, δ, ή, (δέλεαρ, άρπάζω) greedy of the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

2. a name for  $\Delta E' \Lambda T A$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , indecl., v. sub  $\Delta$ . the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp. of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτος δελτο-γράφος, ον, (δέλτος, γράφω) writing on atablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, ή, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενῶν the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτόω, f. ώσω, to note down on tablets, record. δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ.

δελφακόομαι, Pass. to grow up to pighood. From **ΔΕ'ΛΦΑΞ**, ἄκο**s**, δ, a young pig, porker.

 $\Delta \epsilon \lambda \phi (v \cos, \delta, (\Delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o i))$  Delphian, epith. of Apollo δελφινο-φόρος, ον, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins; κεραίαι δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίς.

ΔΕΛΦΙ and δελφίν, îvos, o, the dolphin. a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let the mind, sbrewd, clever.

down on the enemy's ships. **ΔΕΛΦΟΙ'**, ω̂ν, αἰ, Delpbi, a famous oracle of Apollo

in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. ΙΙ. Δελφοί, ol, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

 $\Delta EMA\Sigma$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , used only in nom. and acc., the body, esp of man; properly the living body, σωμα being the corpse; μικρός δέμας small in stature.

as Adv., like δίκην, δέμας πυρός αlθομένοιο in form or fashion like burning fire, Lat. instar ignis.

δέμνιον, τό, (δέμω) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur. δεμνιο-τήρης, εε, (δέμνιον, τηρέω) keeping one to one's bed; μοιρα δεμνιοτήρηs a lingering fate.

δέδμηκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build: Med., έδείματο οίκουs be built bim houses: generally, to construct, make; δέμειν όδόν, Lat. munire viam.

δενδίλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign. δένδρεον, τό, Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρεών, ωνος, δ, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

δενδριακός or -ικός, ή, όν, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, ου, ό, fem. δενδρίτις, ιδος, of or belonging to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτέω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης οτ δενδρό-κομος, ον, (δένδρον, κομή) shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κύπτω) - δενδροτομέω.

 $\Delta E'N\Delta PON$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , Ion. and Att.  $\delta \epsilon v \delta \rho o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , a tree; δένδρον έλάας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα are fruit-trees, opp. to ὕλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut down the fruit-trees, to

lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, ον, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees. δενδρο-φόρος, ον. (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, ον, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees. δενδρ-ώδης, ες, (δένδρον, είδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις

Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, ιδος, ή, (δένδρον) wooded

δεννάζω, f. άσω, to abuse, revile. From ΔE'NNOΣ, δ, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, aor. I med. imper. of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενή, ή, (properly aor. I part. fem. of δέχομαι) a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, Ion. -ιή, (fem. of δεξιός, sub. χείρ) the right band; ἐκ δεξιᾶs on the right hand; δεξιὰν διδόναι to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξί-μηλος, ον, (δέχομαι, μηλον) receiving sheep, ricb ın sacrıfices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυιον) ready of limb, nimble. δεξιο-λάβος, δ, (δεξιός, λαβείν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόομαι, f. ώσομαι: aor. I έδεξιωσάμην: Dep :-to offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From ΔΕΞΙΟ Σ, ά, όν, Lat. DEXTER:

right hand or side; ἐπὶ δεξιά to the right. fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other omens. III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of

δεξιό-σειρος, ό, (δεξιός, σειρά) barnessed by traces on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under

the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the regular pair. δεξιότης, ητος, ή, (δεξιώς) dexterity, activity; of

mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιός; ἐπὶ δεξιόφιν towards the right.

δεξί-πύρος, ον, (δέχομαι, πῦρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δέχομαι) reception

δεξιτερός, ά, όν, poët. form for δεξιός, right, the right; δεξιτερά, like δεξιά (sub. χείρ), the right ΔΕΜΩ, aor. I act. έδειμα, med. έδειμάμην: pf. band; δεξιτερηφι, old dat., on the right band.

δεξίωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόομαι) a pledge of friendship. | [ă]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. **δεξι-ών**υμος, ον, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) lucky in name. δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, dexterously: Sup. δεξιώτατα. δεξίωσις, εως, ή, (δεξιόομαι) an offering of the right

band: greeting, salutation: canvassing. δέξο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.

δέξομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.

δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and med. of δείκνυμι.

δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).

δέον, οντος, τό, Att. δείν, part. neut. of the impers. δει, that which is binding, needful, right, proper; μαλλον του δέοντος more than needful; εν δέοντι (sub. καιρφ), in good time, Lat. opportuné; είε τὸ δέον for needful purposes. II. used absol. it being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.

δέον, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind. δεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.

**ΔΕ'ΟΣ**, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δείος: fear, alarm, affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror. means of inspiring fear.

**ΔΕΠΑΣ**, aos, τό: nom. pl. δέπα; poet. dat. pl. δεπάεσσι and δέπασσι: - a beaker, goblet, chalice.

δερ-άγχη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δέρη, ἄγχω) a collar. δερ-αγχής, ές, (δέρη, ἄγχω) throttling. δέραιον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.

δεραιο-πέδη, ή, (δέραιον, πέδη) a collar.

δέρας, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, bide. δεράς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δειράς.

δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.

δέρη, ή, Att. for δειρή, the neck. δερκέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.

δερκιάομαι, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.

**ΔΕ'PKOMAI**, Dep.: fut. δέρξομαι; pf. with pres. sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 έδρακον: also aor. I pass. έδέρ- $\chi\theta\eta\nu$ , aor. 2 ἐδράκην; and aor. 1 med. ἐδερξάμην, aor. 2 ἐδρακόμην:—to look, see: hence to behold the light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or gleam, like the eye.

δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the sbell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat. cutis. Hence

δερμάτινος, η, ον, of skin, leathern.

δέρξατο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δέρκομαι.

δέρον, Ep. for έδερον, impf. of δέρω.

δέρος, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, bide.

δέρρις or δέρις, εως, ή, (δέρος, δέρμα) a leathern II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.

δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which contains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον έσω δύνοντεs penetrating even to the bowels.

δερχθείς, part. aor. I of δέρκομαι; δέρχθητι, imperat., and δερχθηναι, inf., of same tense.

 $\Delta$ E'PΩ, Ion. δείρω: fut. δερ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 1 έδειρα:— Pass., fut. 2 δάρησομαι: 201. 1 έδάρθην, 201. 2 έδάρην | Δεύs, Acol. for Ζεύs.

II. also to cudgel, thrash.

δέσμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poét. for δισμίς a bond, fetter. II. a bead-band.

δεσμεύω, f. σω, (δεσμόs) to fetter, put in chains: to tie together, as corn in the sheaf.

δεσμέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω,  $(\delta \epsilon \sigma \mu \dot{\sigma} s) = \delta \epsilon \sigma \mu \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega$ .

δέσμη, ή, (δέω) a bundle.

δέσμιον,  $τ \delta$ , =  $δ ε σ μ \delta s$ .

δέσμιος, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) binding: hence binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive. δεσμός, δ, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond, fetter: a balter: a mooring cable: a door-latch. bonds, imprisonment.

δεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler. δεσμόω, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence

δέσμωμα, ατος, τό, a fetter.

δεσμωτήριον, τό, (δεσμόω) a prison.

δεσμώτης, ου, ο, (δεσμύω) a prisoner. 2. as Adj. in chains, fettered: fem. δεσμωτις, ιδος.

δεσπόζω, f. όσω, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.

δέσποινα, ή, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady of the house, Lat. bera: often joined with the name of goddesses.

δεσπόσιος, ον, = δεσπόσυνος.

δεσποσύνη, ή, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.

δεσπόσυνος, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the II. as Subst. =  $\delta \epsilon \sigma \pi \acute{o} \tau \eta s$ . master, arbitrary.

δεσποτέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , = δεσπόζω:—Pass. to be despotıcallv ruled

**ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ**, ου, δ, νος. δέσποτα: Dor. nom. δεσπότας: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, – εας, but prob. these are incorrect: - a master, properly of slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord. Hence

2. fit to δεσποτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , of or for a master. be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.

δεσπότις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δέσποινα.

δεσποτίσκος, δ. Dim. of δεσπότης, little master. δετή (sub. λαμπάs), ή, sticks bound up to make a fagot, a fagot. Fem. of

δετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.

δεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of δεύω, to wet.

δευήσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δεύω, to want.

δεθμα, ατος, τό, (δεύω) that which is wet, soaked;

δεύματα κρεῶν boiled flesh. δευοίατο, poët. for δεύοιντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of

δεύω (Β). δεύομαι, ν. δεύω (Β).

δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δεῦρο.

ΔΕΥ PO, Adv. of Place, bither, come bither! δεῦτε II. of Time, until now, up is used with plur. to this time, bitherto; δεῦρ' ἀεί continually up to this time.

δεύτάτος, η, ον, the last, Sup. of δεύτερος. δεθτε, Adv., plur. of δεθρο, bither! Come bither! δευτερ-άγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) the actor who takes the second part, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph, the second advocate in a court of law.

δευτεραίος, α, ον, (δεύτερος) on the second day. δευτερεία (sub. άθλα), τά, (δεύτερος) the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank.

δευτεριάζω, f. άσω, to play the second part.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread. δεύτερος, α, ον, the second, Lat. secundus: as a Comp., ἐμεῖο δεύτεροι after my time: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτιε, secondly, next afterwards, a second time. II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior; δεύτερος οὐδενός second to none:  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \delta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \tau \epsilon \rho a = \delta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \hat{a}$ , the second prize or place. III. the second of two; δευτέρη αὐτή herself with another.

δευτερο-στάτης, ου, δ. (δεύτερος, ίσταμαι) one who stands in the second file of the Chorus.

**ΔΕΥ'Ω** (A), Ion. impf. δεύεσκον: f. δεύσω: aor. 1 ἔδευσα:-Pass., pf. δέδευμαι:-to wet, soak, steep; Med., πτερά δεύεται άλμη wets bis wings in the II. to fill with liquid, fill up.

make to flow, shed.

**ΔΕΥ'**Ω (B), f. δευήσω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, to need, miss, want: έδεύησεν δ' οίηιον άκρον ίκέσθαι be missed reaching the top of the mast. often as Dep. δεύομαι, f. δευήσομαι:—to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for: hence to be wanting, deficient in; άλλα πάντα δεύεαι 'Αργείων thou art inferior to them in all else.

 $\Delta E'\Phi\Omega$ , f.  $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \psi \omega$ , to soften by working by the band, to make supple, to tan bides.

δεχ-άμματος, ον, (δέκα, ἄμμα) with ten meshes.

δέχαται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι είσί 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι. δεχ-ήμερος, ον, (δέκα, ήμέρα) lasting ten days. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθείς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δέχνύμαι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕ'XOMAI, Ion. and Acol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and  $\delta \epsilon \delta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \rho \mu \alpha i$ : aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon} \delta \dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \eta \nu$  (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμαι: plqpf. έδεδέγμην:--Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things, to take, accept: esp. to take well, receive kindly or graciously; τον οιωνον δέχεσθαι to accept or bail the omen: hence to approve: c. inf. to take rather, to cboose. II. of persons, to receive bospitably, entertain. 2. to receive as an enemy, to watch for: to await the onset. 3. to expect, wait for. of events, to succeed, come next, Lat. excipere.

δεψέω, f. ήσω, Lat. depso, = δέφω, to soften; δεψή-

σας κηρόν baving worked wax till it is soft.

 $δ \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\psi} \dot{\omega}$ , = foreg.

plapf. εδεδήκειν:-Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεδήσομαι: 20r. Ι έδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plapf. έδεδέμην. Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο;—to bind, tie, fasten, fetter: absol. to imprison. 2. metaph. to bind fast, enchain: later, to bind by spells, enchant. 3. c. gen. to let, II. Med. to bind prevent, binder from a thing. or tie on oneself; ποσσί δ' ύπαὶ λιπαροίσιν έδησατο καλά πέδιλα tied them on bis feet; but in plapf. pass, περὶ κνήμησι κνημιδας δέδετο be bad greaves bound round his legs

ΔΕ'Ω (B), fut. δεήσω: aor. I έδέησα, Ep. 3 sing. δησεν: pf. δεδέηκα:—to want, lack, miss, stand in need of, c. gen.; ὀλίγου δέω I want little, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω I want much, i. e. am far from; δλίγου δέω δακρῦσαι Ι want little of tears; δυοίν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα forty lacking two, like Lat. duodeviginti. II. for  $\delta \epsilon \hat{i}$  impers., and  $\delta \hat{\epsilon} o \nu$ , see the words. III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεήσομαι: aor. Ι έδεήθην: pf. δεδέημαι. To stand in need of, want, c. gen.: hence, to long or strive after, wish, beg for: c. dupl. gen. to beg a thing from a per-2. absol. to be in want or need, mostly in part., as κάρτα δεόμενοs.

ΔH', Particle, properly of Time, now, already; ὀκτὼ δὴ προέηκα.. ὀιστούs already have I shot; πολλάκι δή, Lat. jam saepe: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly. II. marking Connection, then; in summing up numbers, γίγνονται δή οῦτοι χίλιοι these then make up a thousand; καὶ δή marks the thing meant to be emphatic, είs Αίγυπτον ἀπίκετο , καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐs Σάρδιs, he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαι well suppose I have accept-III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δή, φέρε δή, do but come, only come; with a Sup., μέγιστος δή the very greatest. ironical sense, Lat. scilicet; είσήγαγε τὰς έταιρίδας  $\delta \dot{\eta}$  he brought in the pretended courtesans. with Pronouns, έμε δη ὧδε διαθείναι thus to use a man like me; σὺ δὴ . ἐτύλμησαs; you of all per-4. with other Particles, δή adds explicitness; ώε δή, ενα δή, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ωs δή, άτε δή, ola δή in that, inasmuch as.

δη-άλωτος, ον, contr. for δηϊάλωτος.

δήγμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting.

δηγμός,  $\delta$ , =  $\delta \hat{\eta} \gamma \mu a$ .

 $\delta \eta \theta \dot{\alpha}$ , =  $\delta \dot{\eta} \nu$ , Adv. long, for a long time.

δήθε and δήθεν, Adv. (δή) perbaps: I suppose: mostly iron., like Lat. scilicet, to wit, for sooth: with ώs, as if for sooth; ώs ἄγρην δηθεν pretending it was game.

δηθύνω [v], f. ĕνω̂, (δηθά) to tarry, be long, delay.

δηϊάασκον, Ep. impf. of δηϊόω.

δηϊ-άλωτος, ον, (δήίος, άλωναι) taken by the enemy, captive.

δήϊος, η, ον, Ep. for δάιος, bostile. Hence δηϊοτής, ητος, ή, battle-strife, battle.

ΔΕ΄Ω (A); fut. δήσω: 201. 1 έδησα: pf. δέδεκα: δηϊόω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ερ. δηϊύων:

impf. ἐδητουν Αττ. ἐδητουν Ιοπ. ἐδητουν Ερ. δητουν: fut. δηώσω: aor. ἐδηίωσα, Αττ. ἐδηίωσα, part. δηώσαε: pf. δεδηωκα:—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δηϊόωντο: aor. ι ἐδηωσάμην:—Pass., aor. ι ἐδηώθην, part. δηωθείε: pf. δεδηώμαι: (δηϊος):—to treat as an enemy: to cut down, slay, rend, cleave.

II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτήριος, ον, (δάκνω) biting, torturing. δηκτικός, ή, όν, (δάκνω) biting: pungent.

δηλα-δή, Adv.  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \lambda os, \delta \acute{\eta})$  clearly, planely, of course: in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαίνω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.

**ΔΗΛΕΌΜΑΙ**, fut. ήσομαι: pf. δεδήλημαι, inf. δεδηλησθαι in pass. sense: Dep.:—to burt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere: absol. to do muschief, be buriful: of things, καρπὸν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit; ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δήλημα, ατος, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.

δηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, baneful: as Subst., βροτῶν δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δήλησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\delta \eta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} o \mu \alpha \iota)$  ruin, bane.

δηλητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\phi}$ ,  $(\delta\eta\lambda \hat{\epsilon}o\mu\alpha \iota)$  a destroyer. Hence δηλητήριος,  $o\nu$ , baneful, destructive.

 $\Delta$ ήλια, τά, v. sub  $\Delta$ ήλιοs.

 $\Delta$ ηλιάς, άδος, ή, ( $\Delta$ η̂λος) a Delian woman.

 $\Delta$ ήλιος,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(\Delta$ η̂λος) Delian: τα  $\Delta$ ήλια (sub leρά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for δηλον ὅτι, = δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course: also namely, Lat. videlicet

δηλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (δῆλος, ποιέω) to make manifest. Δῆλος, ή, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis: called also 'Ορτυγία. From

δηλος, η, ον, also os, ον; contr. from δέελος, visible, clear.
2. manifest, evident, certain; δηλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλόω, f. ώσω. to shew, make visible or clear: to point out, make known.

2. to prove: to declare, explain, set forth: also to signify.

3. to point out, order.

II. intrans. = δηλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain; δηλοῖ ὅτι οὐκ Ὁμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἔπεά ἐστι tt is clear that.

Hence

δήλως, Adv. of δ $\hat{\eta}$ λος, manifestly.

δήλωσις, εως, ή, a pointing out, explaining. 2 a direction, command.

δημάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.

δημάγωγία, ή, the conduct or character of a public leader: and

δημάγωγικός, ή, όν, fit for a popular leader. From δημ-άγωγός, ό, (δήμος, άγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημακίδιον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , a comic Dim. of  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$ .

δημ-άρατος, ον, (δημος, dράομαι) prayed for by the people: prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence δημαρχία, ή, the office of demarch, tribunate; and δημαρχικόs, ή, όν, tribunician. From

δήμ-αρχος, δ, (δημος, ἄρχω) at Athens, the president of a δημος, who kept the registers, a demarch:—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plebis.

δήμευσις, εως, ή, confiscation. From

δημεύω, f. σω, (δημοι) to declare public property: to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare.

2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. ήσω, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator;

to barangue the people, Lat. concionari.
δημηγορία, ή, a deliberative speech: a speech in the

public assembly; and δημηγορικός, ή, όν, of public speaking, qualified for

δημηγορικόs, ή, όν, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημ-ηγόρος, ὁ, (δῆμος, ἀγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator.

δημηλάσία, ή, exile. From δημ-ήλάτος, ον,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os, \dot{\epsilon} \lambda a \dot{\nu} \omega)$  publicly exiled.

Δη-μήτηρ, ή: gen. τεροs and τροs: acc. τερα or τρα, also Δημήτραν: (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ):—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proser-

δημίδιον,  $\tau \delta$ , comic Dim. of  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$ . [τδ]

δημίζω, f. ίσω, (δημος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημιό-πρατα, τά, (δήμιος, πιπράσκω) goods seized

by public authority, confiscated goods. δήμιος, ον, Dor. δάμιος, α, ον: (δήμος):—belonging to the people; δήμιοι αἰσυμνήται judges elected by

ing to the people; δήμιοι αἰσυμνῆται judges elected by the people:—as Adv., δήμια πίνειν to drink at the fublic cost.

2. δήμιοs, δ, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργέω, f. ήσω, to be a workman, to work; and δημιουργία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , workmanship, work; and

δημιουργικός, ή, ών, of or for a workman. Adv. - κωs, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημι-ουργόs, poet. δημιο-εργόs, όν: (δημος, έργον): working for the people: as Subst., δημιουργόs, ό, a workman, handicraftsman: genetally, a maker, author: metaph., ὄρθρος δημιοεργός morn that calls man to work.

2. the Maker of the world.

II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ον, (δήμος, βορά) devourer of the people. δημο-γέρων, οντος, ό, (δήμος, γέρων) an elder of the people; generally, an elder, chief: in plut., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δημος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν (δημος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ήσω, to curry mob favour; and

δημοκοπικός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}_{\nu}$ , suited to a demagogue. From δημό-κοπος,  $\dot{\nu}_{\nu}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}_{\nu}$ , κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, ον, (δήμος, κραίνω) ratified by the people.

δημο-κρατέομαι, Pass. (δημος, κρατέω) to bave a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence δημοκρατία, ή, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκράτικός, ή, όν, suited to a democracy.

δημό-λευστος, ον, (δημος, λεύω) stoned by the people; δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόομαι, Dep. (δημος) to talk popularly, to jest. δημο-πίθηκος, ό, (δημος, πίθηκος) a mod-monkey,

cbarlatan.
δημορ-ριφής, ές, (δημος, ρίπτω) burled by the people.
ΔΗ ΜΟΣ, ό, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; έν δήμω Ἰθάκης; μάλα πίονα δήμων, etc.

II. the commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμων ἀνήρ, opp. to βασιλεύς; also δήμος ἐων being a commoner.

III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens, the commons, the people, the citizens: hence

2. a popular constitution, democracy.

IV. δήμωι

Attica townships or hundreds. Lat. pagi subdivisions

Attica, townships or bundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions of the φυλαί; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in number, 10 in each φυλή.

 $\Delta$ HMO' $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , fat.

δημοσία, Adv. see δημόσιος.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate II. intr. to lead a public life, opp. to ίδιωτεύω, to belong to the state. From

state. From
δημόσιος, α, ον, (δημος) belonging to the people or
state, Lat. publicus.

II. δ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦλος), α public officer or servant of mean rank, as the
public crier, or watchman.

III. as neut., δημόσιον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica.

2. any public
building: the public prison.

IV. Doric fem
λ δαμοσία (sub. σκηνή), the tent of the Spartan
kings.

2. dat. δημοσία, lon. -ίη, as Adv., in public, at the public expense.

Hence

δημοσιόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\delta\eta\mu\epsilon\dot{\iota}\omega$ , to confiscate.

δημο-τελής, ές,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu o s, \tau \epsilon \lambda o s)$  at the public cost, public, national.

δημότερος, a,  $o\nu$ , (δημος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ου, δ, (δημος) one of the people: a commoner, plebeian. II. a member of the same  $\delta$ ημος, a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικόs, ή, όν, (δημοs) suiting the people, common: public.

II. of the populace, one of them,
Lat. plebeius.

III. on the democratic side, Lat. popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κωs, affably, kindly.

IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme, opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-ούχος, ον, (δημος, έχω) protecting the people, tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημούχοι γαs guardians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ον, (δημος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.

δημο-χάριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δημος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer of the people.

δημ-ώδηs, εs, (δημοs, είδος) like the people, popular, common.

δήν, Dor. δάν, (δή, ήδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηναίος, Dor. δάναιός, ά, όν, long-lived: aged, ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή, being about 8 d.

**ΔΗ'ΝΕΑ**, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur. δηξί-θυμος, ον, (δάκνω, θυμός) beart-eating. δήξομοι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηούν, inf. of δηϊόω: but δήουν, Ep. impf.

δή-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. undecunque; ὁπόθεν δήποθεν from some quarter or other. δή-ποτε, Dor. δή-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written δή ποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—εὶ δήποτε, Lat. si quando:—τὶ δήποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δή-που, indef. Adv., often written δή που, perbaps, it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. sciltcet, nimirum. II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer; τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δήπου; you know the captive woman, I presume?

δή-πουθεν, indef. Adv., =  $\delta$ ήπου.

δηριάομαι, Ep. 3 dual δηριάασθον, 3 pl. δηριόωντο, inf. δηριάασθαι: Dep.: (δῆριε):—to contend, fight: to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗ PIΣ, tos and εωs, η, fight, battle, contest. δηρί-φάτοs, ον, (δηρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δηρίω, aor. 1 ἐδήρῖσα, = δηριάομαι; — Med. δηρίομαι, fut. δηρίσομαι [ῑ]: 3 pl. aor. 1 med. δηρίσαντο; also 3 dual aor. 1 pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίνομαι.

δηρό-βιοs, Dor. δαρόβιοs, ον, (δηρόs, βίοs) long lived. δηρόs, ά, όν, (δήν) long, too long:—in bad sense, neut. δηρόν as Adv., all too long.

δησάσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δέω.

δησε, Ep. for έδησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of δέω, to bind: also Ep. for έδέησε, aor. 1 of δέω, to want

δητα, Adv.  $(\delta \eta)$  certainly, to be sure, of course; in answers, yes certainly; où δητα, certainly not. In questions,  $\tau$ ί δητα; what then?

δηχθείς, δηχθήναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of δάκνω.

 $\Delta H'\Omega$ , I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

 $\Delta$ ηώ, ή, gen. όσε, contr. οῦε,  $=\Delta$ ημήτηρ, Lat. Cer es. δηῶν, contr. for δηιόων, pres. part. of δηιόω

 $\Delta$ ηφος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\Delta \eta \dot{\omega})$  sacred to Demeter (Ceres). δηώσας, δηωθείς, aor. 1 part. act. and med. of δηιόω.

δηώσω, fut. of δηϊόω.

Δί, contr. for Διί, dat. of Zeús; v. \*Δίs.

ΔΙΑ', poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic. sense, right through.

I. of Place or Space, through, out WITH GEN., at; δι' ή έρος αίθερ' ίκανεν quite through the lower air even to the ether; ἕκπρεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood 2. of Intervals of Space, out from among them. δια πολλού at a great distance; δια πέντε σταδίων at a distance of 5 stades; δια δέκα ἐπάλξεων at intervals of ten battlements, i. e. at every tenth battle-II. of Time, through, throughout, durment. ing, and, of the past, since; δια χρόνου after some time. 2. of Successive Intervals; δια τρίτηs ήμέρης every third day; δια πέντε έτων every five III. arising from, through, by means of, years.

by, Lat. per; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, δια σπουδήs with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, through, throughout; διά δωμα throughout the house. 2. of Time, during, by; II. with a view to, on acδια νύκτα by night. count, for the sake, by reason of; δια πολλά for many reasons.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., throughout.

I. all through, across, as in δια-2. to the end, as in δια-βιόω, δια-μάχομαι: hence simply to add strength, throughly, com-II. between, partly, esp. in Adj, as διάpletely. λευκοs, etc. III. one with or against another, IV. one from another, asunder, Lat. as δι-φίδω. dis-, as in δια-λύω.

Δία, acc. of Zεύs; v. nom. \*Δis.

δια, ή, the godlike one, fem. of διος; δια θεάων or γυναικών, a goddess among goddesses or women.

δια-βαδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to go across.

δια-βαίνω, f. –βήσομαι: aor. 2 –  $\epsilon \beta \eta \nu$ , part. διαβάs: I. intr. to make a stride, stand with pf.  $-\beta \in \beta n \kappa \alpha$ : the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors. c. acc. to step across, step over: also absol. to cross over, like Lat. trajicere.

δια-βάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across: seemingly intr. (sub ξαυτύν, στρατύν, etc.) like Lat. trajicere, to pass over, II. to accuse falsely, slander, calumcross over. mate: to accuse a man to another. III. to mislead, impose upon.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβάσις, εως, ή, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, pas-2. a means or place of crossing.

διαβάσκω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about.

δια-βαστάζω, f. άσω, to weigh in the balance.

δια-βάτέος, a, ov, verb Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must

διαβάτήριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβατήρια (lepá), τά, offerings for a bappy passage.

διαβάτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , verb. Adj of διαβαίνω, to be crossed or passed, fordable.

δια-βεβαιόομαι, Dep. to maintain strongly.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβιόω. διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβήναι, 2 or. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ou, δ, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses.

**δια-βιάζομαι**, f. άσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι. δια-βιβάζω, fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι: pf. pass.-βέβρωμαι: -to devour.

δια-βίοω, f. -ώσομαι: 20r. 2 -εβίων, inf. -βιῶναι (2s if from a pres. δια-βίωμι):—to live through, pass.

absol. c. part, μελετών διαβεβιωκέναι to spend one's life in practising.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, to look through: to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβοάω, f. ήσομαι, to sbout or cry out, proclaim, publish: -- Med. to contend in shouting.

διαβολή, ή, (διαβάλλω) false accusation, slander, calumny.

διαβολία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = διαβολ $\dot{\eta}$ 

διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious:—as Subst., διάβολος, δ, a slanderer; esp. δ διάβολοs, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv. διαβόλωs, invidiously.

διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) eating through: c. acc. νύσος διαβύρος πύδα a sore that eats through my II. διάβορος, ον, pass. eaten through, confoot. sumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well.

δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, to wet through. Hence

διάβροχος, ov, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked. steeped; ναθε διάβροχοι soaked, i. e. rotten ships.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

δια-βυνίω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, to thrust through:— Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβώ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια-γάληνίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\delta\iota\dot{\alpha}, \gamma\alpha\lambda\dot{\eta}\nu\eta)$  to make quite calm. δι-αγγέλλω, f. - ελ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I διήγγειλα.—to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim: c. inf. to order to do :- Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-άγγελος, ό, a messenger between two, Lat internuncius: a go-between, try.

διάγε, Dor. for δι $\hat{\eta}$ γε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγίγνομαι.

δια-γελάω, f. άσομαι  $[\check{a}]$ , to laugh at, mock. διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

διαγενόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι -to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, survive, live. 2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

δια-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: - to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. dignoscere. II. to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so. as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide.

διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι. διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγιγνώσκω δι-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Att. ιουμαι, Dep.: (διά, άγκύλη):—to bold the javelin by its thong; pf. pass part. διηγκυλισμένοs, with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot.

δι-αγκυλόομαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, 201. Ι διέγλαψα, to bollow out. διά-γλυπτος, η, ον, (διά, γλύφω) all carved.

διαγνώμη, ή, a final decree, resolution. From

διαγνώναι, 20r. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γνωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to inquire accurately. διάγνωσις, εως, ή, (διαγιγνώσκω) a discerning between II. a resolv-

two, distinguishing, discrimination. ing, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δι-ἄγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak II. to speak of. plainly, declare.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τύ, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines:

a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quasb it: in Med., διαγράψασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ήσω, to remain awake

δι-appialvo, to be much provoked.

δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άγχω, f.  $\gamma \xi \omega$ , to strangle to death.

δι-άγω, f. άξω: 20τ. 2 διήγαγον:--to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend; διάγειν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off . c. part. to continue, go on doing. III. to make to continue, keep, support. IV. to entertain. to keep, celebrate. Hence

διάγωγή, ή, a carrying across. II a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-ἄγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δάτέομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. 1 - εδασάμην (cf. δατέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμαι, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδεικυύσθων έων πολέμιοs let bim be declared the king's enemy. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. I διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, ορος, δ, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited. δια-δέξιος, ον, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 έδρακον: Dep.: - to see a thing through another; οὐδ' αν νωι διαδράκοι he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδετος, ον, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινοί διάδετοι γενύων ἱππείων firm-bound through the horse's mouth. δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:--to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard :- hence in pf. part. διαδεδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim. δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλέομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ov, manifest or distinguished among others. | από τινος to live off or by a thing.

διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ā): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, –δρήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 – έδραν: pf. – δέδρᾶκα: — to run off,

escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give from band to band, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, as-3. to spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, i άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc rei, to decide, rule :- Med. to go to law . to plead one's cause.

δια-δϊκαιόω, f. ώσω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρεύω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

διαδοθείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

δια-δοκτμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

δίαδος, ότω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι

διάδοσις, εως, ή, (διαδίδωμι) distribution. διαδούναι, 2 or. 2 mf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; ἐκ διαδοχής οι κατά διαδοχήν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, δ, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst.. διάδοχος, ό, a successor; ὕπνου φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι ἐφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 mf. of διαδιδράσκω. δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδράσι-πολίται, οί, (διαδιδράσκω, πολίτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω. δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω. δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμεῖν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ον, (διαδραμείν) running through or

about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:-to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, ν. διαδύνω.

δι- $\alpha$ δω, f.  $\alpha$ σομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέσμαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-άει, Ερ 3 sing. impf. of διάημι. \*δια-είδω, f. -είσομαι: αοτ. 2 διείδον (q. v.):--to sbew forth, prove: as Pass., ἀρετή διαείδεται courage is discerned.

δι-αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -άσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of διίημι.

δια-ειπείν, δια-ειπέμεν, Ep. inf. of διείπον.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζην: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω: to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζωσι ποιηφαγέοντες: διαζην

δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to disjoin. Hence

διάζευξις, εως, ή, a disjoining.

διαξητέω, f. ήσω, to search through: to seek out, invent.

διαζυγία, ή, (διά, ζυγόν) = διάζευξιε.

διάζωμα, ατος, τό, that which is girt, the waist. If that which girds, a girdle. From

δια-ζώννυμι or -υω: fut.-ζώσω:—to gird round: Med to gird oneself with a belt, etc.

δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.

δι-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. διάει, to blow or breathe through.

δια-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Ion. ήσομαι: Dep:—to look through, look closely at, examine.

δια-θειόω, f. ώσω, to fumigate.

διάθεσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (διατίθημι) a disposing in order, arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.) a disposition, state, condition.

διαθέτης, ου, δ, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.

δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to spread.

διαθήκη, ή, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by will; a will and testament: also a covenant.

δια-θορύβέω, f. ήσω, to confound utterly.

δι-αθρέω, f. ήσω, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.

δια-θροέω, f. ήσω, to spread a report, give out.

δια-θρῦλέω or -θρυλλέω, f ήσω, to spread abroad:

-Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported.

II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διατεθρυλημένοs.

δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διετρύφην [v]:—to break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken, enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.

διαιθριάζω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From δί-αιθρος, ον, (διά, αΐθρα) quite clear and fine.

δι-αιθύσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.

δί-αιμος, ον, (διά, αίμα) blood-stained.

διαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. ἐδίηνα:—much like ἰαίνω, to wet, moisten:—Med., διαίνεσθαι ὅσσε to wet one's eyes: absol. to weep.

II. to weep for, bewail.

διαίρεσις, εως, ή, a dividing, division, esp. of a class into its constituent parts; and

διαίρετος, η, ον, divided: divisible: hence distinguishable. II. distributed. From

δι-αιρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 διείλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διηρέθην: pf. διήρημα: — to divide, part or cleave in twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves. III. to determine, put an end to: to define, interpret.

δι-αίρω, f. -αρω, to raise up, lift up. II. to part asunder; διαίρειν τὸ στόμα to open the mouth.

δι-αΐσσω, f. -αίξω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άττω, fut. άξω: aor. I διῆξα:—to rush through or across: of sound, to shoot through the air.

δι-διστόω, f. ωσω, (διά, διστος) to make an end of.

ΔΙ'ΑΙΤΑ, ή, life, a way of living, mode of life.

a place for living, a dwelling.

II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence

διαιτάω, f. ήσω: impf. ξδιαίτων or διήτων: aor. I ξδιαίτησα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plapf. ξδεδιητήκειν:—Pass., aor. I διητήθην: pf. δεδιήτημα::—to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live.

II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern.

Hence

δίαίτημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.

διαιτητήριον, τό, (διαιτάω) dwelling-rooms.

δίαιτητής, οῦ, ὁ, (διαιτάω 11) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.

δια-κάθαίρω, f. -καθάρῶ, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιω, to cleanse or purge thoroughly.

διακαθαριεί, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.

δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -τω, to make to sit apart, set apart.

δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn through, set on fire, heat to excess.

δια-κανάσσω, 201. I διεκάναξα, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.) δια-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to endure to the end, last

δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχώμην:—to confute utterly.

διάκαυμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning beat.

δια-καυνιάζω, (καυνόs) to determine by lot. δια-κεάζω, f. άσω, to split asunder.

διά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικών διακείσθαι to be friendly disposed; ὑπόπτων διακείσθαι to be suspiciously disposed; κακών διακείσθαι to be in a sorry plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ διακείμενα certain terms.

δια-κείρω, fut. - κερῶ and - κέρσω: pf. - κέκαρκα:—
to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate
deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκαρμένος stripped of bis
trappings.

11. to break through, transgress.

διακέκναισμαι, pf. pass of διακναίω. διακέκρτμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.

δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to give orders to different persons, to exhort.

2. to encourage one another.

3. to admonish, inform Hence

διακελευσμός, δ, an exhortation, cheering on.

διά-κενος, ov, quite empty, bollow.

δια-κέσμαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.

δια-κερματίζω, f. ίσω  $Att. i\hat{\omega}$ , (διά, κέρμα) to change into small coin.

διακέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διακείρω.

δια-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to negotiate by berald.

δια-κηρύσσω, f. ξω, to proclaim by berald: to sell by auction.

δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a despe-

G

rate effort:—Pass. to be bazarded; διακεκινδυνευμένος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move throughout, throw into disorder.

II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. excutere.

III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

δια-κλάω, f. άσω [ά]: 201. Ι διέκλασα, Ep. part. διακλάσσαs:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένοs enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealtb. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with 201. 2 pass. διεκλάπην [ἄ], to steal away, get safe off.

III. to keep back by stealth.

δια-κληρόω, f. ωσω, to assign by lot, allot. to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence

διάκλζοις, εως, ή, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύζω, f. ύσω [v], to wash thoroughly, wash. δια-κναίω, f. -κναίσω:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. διακέκναισμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τὸ χρῶμα διακεκναισμένος having

lost all his colour.
δια-κνίζω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιρανέω, to rule through or over.

διακομίδή, ή, a carrying over or across. From δια-κομίζω, (for the tenses, ν. κομίζω) to carry over or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ήσω: impf. ἐδιακόνουν and διηκόνουν, aor. 1 ἐδιακόνησα and διηκόνησα: pf. δεδιακόνησα impf. ἐδιακόνησα: pf. δεδιακόνησα: pf. δεδιακόνησα: (διάκονοε):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, ή, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ή, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ā], Ion. διήκονος, ό, ή, a servant, waitingman: a messenger.

2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δι-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.
δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through.

II. intr. to break through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

δια-κορκορύγέω, f. ήσω, to rumble through. διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-δικόσιοι, Ιοπ. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, (δίε, ἐκατόν) two bundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, ἴπποε διακοσία two bundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθείμεν, Ερ. for διακοσμηθείημεν, 1 pl. 201. 1 opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-ακούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. - ακήκοα: — to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

δια-κρέκω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre. δια-κρηνόω, Dor. -κρᾶνόω: f. ώσω: (διά, κρήνη): to make to flow, pour forth.

δι-ακριβόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἀκριβήs) to inquire closely into, bave an accurate knowledge of.

διακρίδον, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. eximié.

διακρίθήσομαι, fut. 1 pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθώ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθείς, Ερ. for διακρίθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακρίθηναι, aor. t inf. pass. of δια-κρίνω, f. ἴνω̂: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίνειν αίρεσιν to make a choice:—Med. to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II. to make a distinction: set apart for boly purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, besitate. Hence

poses. III. in Med. to doubt, besitate. Hence  $\delta \iota \dot{\alpha} \kappa \rho \dot{\alpha} \sigma \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a separating, parting. 2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακρίττόον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide. διάκρίτος, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike or break through. διάκρουσις, εως, ή, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II. Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ου, οτ διάκτωρ, ορος,  $\delta$ , (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβάω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκάω, f. ήσω, to mix together.

δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to peep through, pry into.

διακωλυτής, οῦ, ὁ, a binderer, obstructer. From δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to binder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.
δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: 201. 2 διέλαχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακέω, f. ήσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίζω, f. ίσω, to kick away. δια-λαλέω, f. ήσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 - έλαβον: pf. -είληφα; pass. -είλημμαι οτ διαλέλημμαι, Ion. -λέλαμμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to grasp with both bands, embrace, Lat. complecti: as Gymnastic term. to class round the maist.

Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist.

2. to grasp with the mind, comprehend.

III. to separate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to interpret.

2. to cut off, intercept.

3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the

day, to dawn. δια-λανθάνω, f. – λήσω: aor. 2 – έλαθον: pf. – λέληθα:

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: 20τ. 2-έλαθον: pf. -λέληθα:
—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of.

διαλάχειν, aor. 2 int. of διαλαγχάνω.

δι-αλγήs, έs, (διά, ἄλγοs) giving great pain, grievous.

II. suffering great pain.

δια-λέγω, t. fω, to pick out, choose. II. διαλέγομαι, Dep., with fut. med.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} fo\mu a\iota$ , also pass.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \eta \sigma \rho \mu a\iota$ : aor. 1 med. διελεξάμην, pass. διελέχθην: pf.  $-\epsilon \dot{\lambda} \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \mu a\iota$ :—to converse, reason, talk with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.

δια-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. - έλιπον: pf. - λέλοιπα, pass. - λέλειμμαι:—to leave an interval: plapf. pass. διε-λέλειπτο impers. a gap bad been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals; τὸ διαλείπον a gap. II. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.

δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.

διαλεκτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ , (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument:  $\dot{\eta}$  διαλεκτικ $\dot{\eta}$  (sub.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$ ), the art of debating or arguing

διάλεκτος, ή, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.

διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλέλημμαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.

διαλελύμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.

διάλεξις, εως, ή, = διάλεκτος Ι.

διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλεπτο-λογέσμαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.

διά-λεπτος, ον, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow: very subtle.

διά-λευκος, ov, marked with white.

διαλεχθήναι, aor. I inf. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλίπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.

διαλλογή, ή, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plur.

διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.

διαλλακτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , and διαλλακτής, οῦ,  $\delta$ , (διαλλασοω) a mediator.

δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. tω: pf. διήλλάχα:—to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another. II. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. I διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [a]: pf. διήλλαγμαι:—to be reconciled, become friends. III. intr. to differ from one in a thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. I διαλλαχθήναι, to be different.

δι-άλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι, Dep. to leap over or across. δια-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι: pf. -λελό-γισμα: Dep.:—to seitle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully.

Hence

διαλογισμός, δ, a settling of accounts.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.

διάλογος, ό, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue δια-λοιδορέομαι: 201. 1 pass. διελοιδορήθην: Dep.: —to abuse, rail at.

διαλύθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διαλύω.

δια-λυμαίνομαι, 201. 1 διελυμάνθην: pf. διαλελύμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.

διάλυσις, εως, ή, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of bostilities, peace.

διαλυσί-φιλος, ον, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving δια-λυτής, οῦ, ὁ, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.

διαλύτός, ή, όν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.

δια-λύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : pf.  $-\lambda$ έλδκα: aot. I pass  $-\epsilon$ λύθην  $[\bar{v}]$ : pf.  $-\lambda$ έλδμαι:— to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to reconcile. 4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.

δι-αλφίτόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἄλφιτον) to fill full of barley-meal.

δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.

δι-αμαθύνω, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.

δια-μαντεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, to decide by means of

an oracle. δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ήσομαι: 201. 2 - ήμαρτον: pf. - ημάρτηκα. Το miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence

διαμαρτία, ή, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning. δια-μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., aor. 1 διεμορτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. Hence

διαματύρία, ή, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.

διαμαρτύρομαι [v], f. τρούμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to abjure solemnly to asseverate.

II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.

δια-μάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.

δια μάχομαι, fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοῦμαι, also -μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another.

2. to fight through, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.

δι αμάω, fut. ήσω: 201, 2 διήμησα (διά, ἀμάω):—to mow or cut through.

2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.

δια-μεθίημι, to leave quite off: to give up.

Si-auelBw, f. \psi\_o, to exchange. II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through of over. 2. absol. to change, alter.

διαμείναι, 20r. I inf. of διαμένω.

διάμειψις, εως, ή, (διαμείβω) an exchange.

δια-μελαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to make quite black.

δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλοε) limb by limb, piece-

διαμέλλησις, εως, ή, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And

διαμελλητήs, οῦ, ὁ, one who continually delays.

δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.

διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένω.

διαμέμνημαι, pf. of διαμιμνήσκομαι.

δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.

δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. to continue, last, remain.

δια-μερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension: - Pass. to disagree. Hence

διαμερισμός, ό, division: dissension.

δια-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure through, measure out or off; to measure out in portions: -Med. to bave measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence

δια-μετρητός, ή, όν, measured out or off. διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured

out, a soldier's rations. From διά-μετρος, ή, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal

2. the rule for drawing the diameter. δια-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.

δι-διμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I διημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.

δια-μιμνήσκομαι, f. -μνήσομαι: pf. διαμέμνημαι: Pass.:-to keep in memory.

δια-μινύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.

δια-μιστύλλω, f. τλω: aor. I - εμίστυλα:—to cut up piecemeal.

δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.

δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοιρα) to divide, rend asunder. Med. to portion out.

διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.

δι-αμπερές, (διά, ἀναπείρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. Time, throughout, for ever.

δια-μυδαλέος, a, ov, drenching.

δια-μυθολογέω, f. ήσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.

δια-μυλλαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).

**δι-αμφί**διος, ον, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.

δι-αμφισβητέω, f ήσω, to dispute, disagree.

δια-ναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, to maintain a long sea-fight. **δι-άνδίχα,** Adv. two ways; διάνδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.

διανείμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.

δι-ανεκής, έε, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκήε. διανέμησις, εως, ή, distribution. From

δια-νέμω, f. -νεμω: aor. I διένειμα: pf.-νενέμηκα: -to distribute, divide into portions:—Med, to divide other, to contend which is the most bungry.

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. to set in order, govern.

δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.

διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι. δια-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.

δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim across: swim through. δια-νήχομαι, Dep. =  $\delta\iota\alpha\nu\epsilon\omega$ .

δια-νίζω, f. -νίψω, to wash out, rinse.

δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.

δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω: - to set up, make to II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 - έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.

δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. 1 - ενοήθην: pf. -νενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence

διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.

διανοητικός, ή, όν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.

διάνοια, also διανοία, ή, (διανοέομαι): I. thought: II. a thought, intention: a the intellect, mind. notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.

δι-avolyω, f. ξω: to open: hence to explain, expound. διανοίχθητι, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.

διανομεύς, έως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributer.

διανομή, ή, (διανέμω) distribution.

δι-avtaîos, a, ov, going right through; ή διανταία (sc. πληγή) a bome-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.

δι-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.

δια-νυκτερεύω,  $f^-\sigma\omega$ , (διά, νύξ) to pass the night. δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [v]: f. vσω [v]:—to bring quite to an end, finish; δδον διανύτειν to finish a journey; so also διανύτειν, without όδόν.

δια-ξαίνω, f. ανώ, to tear in pieces.

διαξεις. Dor. for διάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.

δια-ξιφίζομαι, Dep. (διά, ξίφος) to fight to the death. δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.

δια-πάλαίω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.

δια-πάλη, ή, a bard struggle. δια-πάλλω, f. -πάλω, to distribute by lot.

δια-παλύνω, f. ϋνω, to shiver, shatter.

δια-παντός. Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.

δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

δια-παρατρίβή, ή, (διά, παρατρίβω) an useless study: vain altercation.

δια-παρθενεύω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower. δια-πασσάλεύω, Att. -πατταλεύω: f. σω: (διά. πάσσαλοε). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.

δια-πάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -πάσω: -to sprinkle about. δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.

δι-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten violently:-also in

δια-πεινάω, inf.  $-\pi \epsilon \iota \nu \hat{\eta} \nu$ , to bunger one against the

διά-πειρα, ή, an experiment, trial.

δια-πειράομαι, fut. άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ : aor.  $\mathbf{I} - \epsilon \pi \epsilon \iota \rho \dot{a} \theta \eta \nu$ : pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:-to make trial or proof of a thing: c. gen. to bave experience of a thing.

δια-πείρω, f.  $-\pi\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ , to drive through.

δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send about in different direc-II. to send over or across.

διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.

διαπεπείραμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.

διαπεπολεμήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.

διαπέπυσμαι, pf. of διαπυνθάνομαι.

δια-περαίνω, fut. ἄνω, to bring to an end.

δια-περαιόω, f. ώσω, to take across, ferry over:— 2. to draw en-Pass. to be carried over, go across. tirely out of the sheath.

διαπεράναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.

δια-περάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ : to go over or across, to

pass: to pass through.

δια-πέρθω, f. πέρσω: aor 2 διέπραθον, Ep. inf. διαπραθέειν: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—to destroy utterly, to sack, waste.

διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.

διαπεσείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.

διαπεσείσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.

δια-πέταμαι,  $= \delta ι α π έτο μαι$ .

δια-πετάννυμι or  $-\dot{\mathbf{u}}\omega$ : f.  $-\pi\epsilon\tau\dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\omega[\breve{\mathbf{a}}]:$ —to open and

δια-πέτομαι, fut. -πτησομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην or -επτάμην: Dep.:--to fly through. 2. to fly away, vanısb.

διαπεύσομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.

διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάζω.

διαπέφραδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.

δια-πήγνῦμι, f. – $\pi$ ήξω: aor. 1 med. διεπηξάμην:—to fasten together.

δια-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap through or across. intr. to make a leap.

δια-πιαίνω, f.  $\check{a}v\hat{\omega}$ , (διά, πίων) to make very fat.

δια-πίμπλημι, f.  $-\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\omega$  (for the tenses, v.  $\pi\iota\mu$ πλημι), to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.

δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink against one another, challenge at drinking. [1]

δια-πίπτω, f. –  $\pi \epsilon \sigma o \hat{v} \mu a i$ : (for the tenses, v.  $\pi i \pi \tau \omega$ ):to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly, go quite wrong, turn out ill.

δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence:-Pass. to bave a thing entrusted one.

δια-πλέκω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to interweave, weave together. to weave asunder, i.e. unweave; διαπλέκειν τον βίον to end the web or tissue of one's life.

διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of

δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail through.

δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. to spar or skirmish with. δια-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break in pieces,

split, cleave.

διάπλοος, contr.-πλους, δ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing across, passing over. II. as Subst., διάπλους, ό, a voyage across, passage. 2. a channel.

δι-απλόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἀπλόοι) to unfold.

δια-πνέω, Ep. – πνείω: f. - πνεύσομαι: 201. [ διέπνευσα:—to blow through, refresh, revive. to breathe at intervals, revive. III. Pass. to evaporate.

δια-ποικίλλω, f. Υλώ, to variegate, adorn.

διαπολεμέω, f. ήσω, to carry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare. 2. to carry on the war. to force from another by war. Hence

δια-πολέμησις, εως, ή, a finishing of the war.

δια-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to besiege to the end, to

δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, to carry the procession to an 2. to carry all round.

διαπομπή, ή, (διαπέμπω) a sending backwards and forwards: negotiation.

δια-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work out with labour, Lat. elaborare: to practise: - Pass. to be administered: also to be troubled. II. intr. to work bard, toil.

διά-πονος, ov, baving gone through many labours. δια-πόντιος, ον, (διά, πόντος) beyond seas, foreign, Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.

διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονος, laboriously.

δια-πορεύω, f. σω, to carry across. II Pass., with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: to go through, pass along.

δι-απορέω, f. ήσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I  $\delta$ ιηπορήθην:—to be quite at a loss.

δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry over or across: to

carry a message; διαπορθμεύειν ποταμόν, of ferryboats, to ply across a river.

δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. to treat of thoroughly. διαπράθέειν, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of διαπέρθω.

δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. - πρήσσω: f. ξω: -to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish one's way across. 2. to bring about, effect : Med, to effect for oneself, gain one's point. 3. to make an end of, slay.

διαπρεπής, έs, eminent, conspicuous. From

δια-πρέπω, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinguished above others.

διαπρεπώς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, conspicuously: Sup. διαπρεπέστατα.

δια-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep to send embassies to different places.

δια-πρήσσω. Ion. for διαπράσσω.

δια-πρίω [τ]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι: -to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart; διαπρίειν τοὺs ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth :- Med. to gnash with the teeth.

διαπρό, Adv. thoroughly.

δια-πρύσιος, α, ον, (διαπεράω) going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύσιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-stretching ; πρών πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηκώς a hill run-3. manifest. ning far into the plain.

διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ήσω: Ep. 201. 1 διεπτοίησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτυχή, ή, (διά, πτυχή) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πτύω, f. ύσω [v], to spit upon, despise utterly. δια-πυκτεύω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι: aor.

2 -επυθόμην:—to search out by questioning. διά-πύρος, ον, (διά, πῦρ) red-bot: bot, fiery. Hence

διαπυρόω, f. ώσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλίω, f. ήσω, to sell publicly.

διάραι, aor. I inf. of διαίρω.

διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω. δι-αράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. fw, to break through, strike through.

δι-άργεμος, ov, flecked or spotted with white.

δι-αρθρόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, 2. to complete in detail, describe to articulate. distinctly.

δι-ἄριθμέω, f. ήσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δι-αρκέω, f. έσω, to bave full strength: to endure. bold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence

διαρκήs, έs, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κωs, Sup. -έστατα, in complete competence.

δι-αρμόζω or -ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπάγή, ή, plunder. From

δι-αρπάζω, fut. άσομαι: (for the tenses, v. άρπάζω): -to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρράγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι. διαρράγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

**διαρ-ραίω,** f. σω: aor. I διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην: pf. -ερρύηκα: - to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak: - pf. part. διερρυηκώς, gap-II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. δήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave: - Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διερώ, διαρρηθήναι) expressly, dis-

διαρρήξας, aor. 1 part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρ-ριμμα, ατος, τό, a casting about. From διαρρίπτασκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρ-II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f. ψω, to tbrow, fling, burl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ή, a throwing about, scattering. διαρροή, ή, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρ-ροθέω, f. ήσω, to roar or rustle through. διάρροια,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \delta_1 \alpha \rho \rho \rho \dot{\eta}_1$ , a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ροιζέω, f. ήσω, to whizz through. διαρρύδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρύηναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω. διαρρυήσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ,  $\hat{\omega}\gamma os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

δι-αρτάμέω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces.

δι-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf. -σέσηρα, to grin like a snarling dog. δια-σαλάκωνίζω, strengthd. for σαλακωνίζω. διάσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of διάδω.

δια-σἄφέω, f. ήσω, (διά, σαφήs) to make quite manifest. δια-σάφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σείω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασείειν τη οὐρα to keep wagging with the tail. found. II. to barass, oppress.

δια-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσσύμην [v], 3 sing. διέσσυτο. Pass.:—to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ανώ, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ον. (διά, σημα) quite clear, distinct.

Διάσια, τά, (Διόs) the feast of Jupiter at Athens. δια-σίωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to remain silent.

trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-σκανδικίζω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in. δια-σκεδάννυμι, f.-σκεδάσω [α], Att.-σκεδω: aor. I -εσκέδἄσα: — to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of foreg.

δια-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself. διασκέψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω

δια-σκηνάω or -έω, f. ήσω; and δια-σκηνόω, f. ώσω: -to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to bis quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκίδνημι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.

δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. –έσκεμμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.

δια-σκοπιάομαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):-to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

δια-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion.  $-\sigma$ μέω: f.  $\eta\sigma\omega$ :—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήχω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sopbist.

διασπάρακτός, ή, όν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπαράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπάρηναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω. δια-σπάω, f. άσω or more commonly άσομαι: (for the tenses, v. σπάω): to tear asunder, part, Lat. divellere: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate:—Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

δια-σπέιρω, f. ερῶ, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: to squander.

II. to separate.

διασπορά, ή, (διασπείρω) dispersion.

οιασπορα, η, (οιασπειρω) aispersion. δι-άσσω, διάττω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δια-σταθμάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, 20r. 2 part. 2nd inf. of διίστημι. διάστάσις, εως, ή, (διαστήναι) a standing apart:

distance, an interval. 2. disagreement, dissension. δια-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fortify with stakes or a

palisade.

δια-στείχω, aor. 2 διέστζχον, to go through or across: to continue.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στελω, to separate, to distinguish, determine.

II. to command, give orders.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an interval.

διαστήτην, Ep. for διεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of διτστημι.

δια-στίλβω, f. ψω, to gleam or dawn through. δια-στοιβάζω, f. άσω, to stuff in between.

δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to apportion regularly.

διαστολή, ή, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference.

δια-στρατηγέω, f. ήσω, to serve as a general. δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:—Pass. to be distorted, to bave one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, ov, distorted: metaph. perverted. δια-σύρω, pf. -σεσύρκα, to tear in pieces: to worry,

disparage. δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder,

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder, to slaughter.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, άγος, ή, (διασφάζω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ήσω, to scatter from or as from a sling:—Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόομαι, pf. -εσφήκωμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to cleave asunder: -Pass., aor. 1 διεσχίσθην, to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχών, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώζω, f. -σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory:—Med. to preserve to oneself:—Pass. to come safe through; διασώζεσθαι εἰε.. οτ πρόε.., to come safe to a place.

δια-σωπάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dor. for διασιωπάω. δια τᾶγείω, f. σω, (διά, τᾶγόs) to arrange. διατάγή, ηs, η, (διαταγήναι) a disposition. διατάγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγηναι, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εως, ή, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement; esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-τάράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to throw into great confusion, confound.

δια-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην, aor. 2 -ετάχην [ά]: pf. -τέταγμαι:—to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately.

2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one do or be:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διαταξάμενοι posted in battle order:—Pass. to be in battle order.

II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυμμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τείνω, f.-τενῶ:—Pass, aor. I -ετάθην [ἄ]: pf.
-τέτὰμαι (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out,
stretch to the full:—Med. to strain oneself: to exert
oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoully.

δια-τειχίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιῶ:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a

wall. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off. δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out.

δια-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, f. έσω, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια-τελής, ές, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent. δια-τέμνω, Ion.-τάμνω: f.-τεμώ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part.—Pass, διατμηθήναι λέπαδνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω.

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετράνῶ, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω .--to bore through, make a hole in.

δια-τήκω, f.  $\xi \omega$  (v. τήκω), to soften or melt by beat:

—Pass., with pf.  $-\tau \dot{\epsilon} \tau \eta \kappa \alpha$ , to melt entirely, thaw.

δια-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely. II. (sub.

ξαυτόν), to keep oneself from, abstain from.
διατί; for διά τι, wherefore? Lat, quamobrem?

δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I διετέθην: pf διατέθειμαι:—to place separately, arrange.

to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. to be disposed of, treated.

3. to set forth: to recite.

II. Med. to set out for sale, dispose of.

2. to settle mutually; διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to make a covenant with one: absol. to make ar agreement with, promise.

δια-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour greatly.

δια-τίνάσσω, f. ξω, to sbake asunder, sbake to pieces: fut. med. τινάξομαι is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $= \tau ινθαλέος$ .

δια-τμήγω, aor. 1 - έτμηξα: aor. 2 - έτμάγον, pass. - ετμάγην, Ep. 3 pl. διέτμαγεν: - Ep. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever; διέτμαγεν έν φιλότητι they parted friends: absol they were scattered abroad.

διατμήξαι, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω

δια-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot through or across:—Med. to contend in shooting with.

δια-τόρος, ον, act. piercing: of sound, thrilling. II. διάτορος, ον, pass., pierced.

διατράγειν, 20r. 2 inf. of διατρώγω.

δια-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn, divert, dissuade:—Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, aor. 1 med. -ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. -ετράπην:—to turn or be diverted from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, f. θρέψω, to maintain, support throughout. δια-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομα: (for the tenses, v. τρέχω):
-to run through or over: metaph, to exhaust. II. intr. to run about, Lat. discurrere.

δια-τρέω, f. έσω, to run trembling about, flee all ways. διατριβή, ή, a wearing away, a spending of time. 2. a pastime, amusement. 3. serious employment, study: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life, living. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of time, delay. From

time, activity. The state of the part of

διατριπτικός, ή, όν, dilatory.

διά-τριχα, Adv. in three ways.

διά-τροπος, ον, various in dispositions.

διατροφή, ή, (διατρέφω) sustenance, support.

δια-τροχάζω, f. σω, of a horse, to trot. δια-τρύγιος, ον, (διά, τρύγη) planted with vines,

ripening one after the other.

διατρύφείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 20τ. 2 διέτρα γον: — to nibble, gnaw through.

gnaw through. δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διάξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δι-αυγάζω, f. σω, to shine through, dawn.

δι-αυγήs, έs, (διά, αὐγή) transparent, radiant.

διαυλο-δρόμης, ου, ό, (δίαυλος, δρόμος) a runner in the race.

δί-αυλος,  $\delta$ , (δίε, αὐλόε) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the  $\sigma\tau$ άδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., δίαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. fluctus reciproci. II. a strait.

διαφάγεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to bite through.

διαφάδην [α], 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to bite through.

διαφάδην [α], 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to bite through.

βιαφάδην [α], 2 inf. of διεσθίω, 2 inf.

διαφένου through, make to shine through.

2 inf. of διαφένου inf.

διάφανου 2 - εφάνην [α], to be seen, appear through.

2 inf. of διεσθίως inf. of διεσθίως inf.

διάφανου 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to be seen, appear through.

2 inf. of διεσθίως inf. of διεσθίως inf. of διεσθίως inf.

διαφάδην [α], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly.

διαφάδην [α], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly.

διαφάδην [α], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly.

διαφάδην [α], and διαφάνδην [α], an

aor. 2 - εφανην [α], to be seen, appear torough. 2. to affering with another glow, to be red-bot. 3. metaph. to be proved: to be conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act. to dawn. 2. to be transparent. Hence disagreement.

diaddvis, és, seen through, transparent. 2. glowing, red-hot. II. metaph. well-known, manifest: illustrious:—Adv. -vŵs, manifestly.

δια-φαύσκω, Ion. -φώσκω: (διά, φάος):—to shew wall. light through, dawn.

δια-φεγγής, έε, (διά, φέγγοε) transparent.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, differently from: especially, extremely.

δια-φέρω: - fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from \*οἴω:--aor. Ι διήνεγκα, Ion. διήνεικα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from \* ἐνέγκω: (v. φέρω):-to carry over or across. 2. to carry different ways; to tear asunder; διαφέρειν την ψηφον to give their votes a different way, i e. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph. to disperse reports. 3. to carry through, bring to perfection. 4. to bear through, 5. absol. to continue, to endure, go through with. II. intr. to differ, to be different from. impers., διαφέρει μοι it makes a difference to me, οὐ διαφέρει it makes no difference; τὰ διαφέροντα points 3. to be different from a man, to of difference. surpass, excel him. III. Pass. to differ or be at variance with, quarrel with.

δια-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: 201. 2 -έφὕγον: pf. -πέ-φευγα: (v φεύγω):—to flee through, get away, escape. Hence

διάφευξις, εως, ή, an escaping, means of escape.

δια φημίζω, f. ίσω, to make known, publish.

δια-φθείρω, f. -φθερῶ Ερ. -φθέρσω: pf. -έφθαρκα:
—to destroy utterly, kill: generally, to spoil, barm. 2.
to lead astray, corrupt, run: esp. to bribe: to seduce.

II. Pass., fut. -φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med.
-φθαροῦμαι, Ion. -φθερέομαι: αοτ. 2 -εφθάρην [ἄ]:
pf. -έφθαρμαι:—to be destroyed, go to run, perisb:
esp. to be disabled: διεφθαρμένος corrupt.

III.
the perf. διέφθορα is sometimes intr. to be deranged,
mad: also to be dead. Hence

διαφθορά, ή, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. ἰχθύσιν διαφθορά a prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορεύς, έως, δ, a corrupter, seducer.

δι-αφίημι, f. ήσω, to dismiss, disband.

δια-φοιβάζω, f. σω, to drive mad:—Pass. to rave. δια-φοιτάω, Ion.  $-\epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , to wander abroad, run

about: to get abroad.

διαφορά, ή, (διαφέρω) difference, distinction. . 2. variance, disagreement. II. distinction, excellence. III. advantage, profit.

δια-φορέω, f. ήσω, to drag about, spread abroad. 2. to carry off as plunder, to plunder: also to rend in pieces, destroy.

II. to carry through or across.

διαφόρησις, εως, ή, a plundering.

l'ass., διάφορος, ον, (διαφέρω) different, unlike. 2.
2. to differing with another: at variance with. II.
2. to superior, excellent. 2. advantageous, profitAct. able. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, difference:
disagreement.

διαφόρως, Adv. of διάφορος, variously. 2. at variance. 3. excellently.

διάφραγμα, ατοε, τό, (διαφράσσω) a partitionwall. II. the membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγνυμι, = διαφράσσω.

δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 δι-επέφραδον.

δια-φρώσσω, f. ξω, to separate by a fence.

δια-φρέω, f. –φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.

δια-φυγγάνω, = διαφεύγω.

διαφυγή, ή, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.

διαφυή, ή, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.

δια-φυλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch vigilantly,

preserve: keep, maintain.

δια-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to blow or breathe through. II. to blow away: Pass. to be scattered to the winds, vanish.

δι-ἄφύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I διήφὕσα:—to draw out, draw off II. to tear up, rend.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II. Pass, with aor. 2 act. διέφῦν, pf. διαπέφῦκα:—to in-

tervene; χρόνος διέφυ time elapsed.
δια-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.

δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφαύσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw. δια-χάλάω, f. άσω [ŭ]:—to loosen: to open, unbar.

II. to make supple by exercise.

δια-χάσκω, to gape wide, yawn.

διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to pass the winter.

δια-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to have in hand, conduct, manage. Hence

διαχείρισις, εως, ή, management, administration. δια-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to choose between two persons or things by show of bands, or by open vote. Hence διαχειροτονία, ή, a choice between two persons or

thuras

δια-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχενα:—to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to confound.

II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed.

δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.

δια-χόω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχοῦν τὸ χῶμα to complete the mound.

δια-χράομαι, f. ήσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησείται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under. II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.

δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέωμαι, Ion. subj. δια-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across. δια-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or pass through: impers., κάτω διεχώρει αὐτοῖs they labouted under diarrhoea.

δια-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to separate.

δια-ψαίρω, to sweep away, blow away.

δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, to deceive utterly. II. διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. 1 διεψεύσθην: pf. διέψευσμαι:—to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

διαψηφίσις, εως, ή, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f.  $f\omega$ , to cool, refresb: of ships, to baul bigb and dry: to make water-tight.

δί-βολος, ον, (δίς, βάλλω) two-pointed. [t]

δί-γληνος, ον, (δίε, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.

δί-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (δίε, γλωσσα) speaking two languages Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., δίγλωσσος, ό, an interpreter.

II. double-tongued.

δί-γονος, ον, (δίς, \*γένω) twice-born: -twin; double.

δίδαγμα, ατος, τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson.

διδάκκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.

διδακτικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

δίδακτός, ή, όν, (δίδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of persons, taught, instructed.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.

δίδαξις, εως, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.

δίδασκαλείον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school. δίδασκαλία, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, training.

II. the rehearsing of a drama; cf. διδάσκω it.

δίδασκάλικόs, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, instructive. Adv. -κωs, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.

δίδάσκαλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμέναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.

δίδασκήσαι, poet. for διδάξαι, aor. I inf. of

δίδάσκω, fut. διδάξω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδασκέω): pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal form of \*δάω) —to teach; with double acc., iπποσύνας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδαχή, ή, teaching: doctrine.

δίδημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter  $\cdot$  3 pl. pres. διδέ $\bar{a}\sigma_i$ : 3 sing. imperf. δίδη, Ep. for ἐδίδη.

διδοῖς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδόω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep forms for διδόναι, inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδου, 2 sing imperat. and Ep. 3 sing impf. of δίδωμ, formed from \*διδύω: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦν 3 plur.

διδράσκω, fut. δράσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ : pf. δέδρ $\bar{a}$ κα: 20τ. 2 έδρ $\bar{a}$ ν, inf. δρ $\hat{a}$ ναι, part. δρ $\hat{a}$ s, imperat. δρ $\hat{a}$ θι, subj. δρ $\hat{a}$ ορt. δρaίην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρήσομαι, 20τ. 2 έδρην. (\*δρaω):—to run away, escape.

δί-δραχμος, ον, (δίς, δράχμη) of two drachms; δίδραχμοι δπλίται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day. II. δίδραχμον, τό, a double drachm, = balf a

sbekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem. διδύμ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, τό, (δίδυμος, ἀνήρ) touching

both the men. [ā]
διδυμά-τόκοs, ον, Dor. for διδυμητόκοs, (δίδυμοs, τεκείν) bearing twins.

διδύμάων, ονος, ό, ή, (δίδυμος) a twin-brother. [ā] δίδυμνος, poet. for δίδυμος.

self.

δίδυμος,  $\eta$ , ον, or οs, ον, (δίs) double, twofold; δίδυμος κασίγνητος a twin-brother; δίδυμοι twins. διδώην, = διδοίην, opt. of δίδωμι. δίδωθι, Ep. for δίδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι. δίδωμι, fut. δώσω: aor. I έδωκα: aor. 2 έδων: pf. δέδωκα: - Med., aor. 2 ἐδόμην: - Pass., fut. δοθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐδόθην: pf. δέδομαι: (\*δόω): to give, give freely, present : - in pres. and impf. to offer. of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or 3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give sanction. up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents, 5. διδόναι ξαυτόν to give their daughter to wife. Tive to put oneself in his power. 6. διδόναι δίκην, II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause v. sub δίκη. that: δόε με τίσασθαι give me to avenge my-

III. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, de-

διδύμο-γενής, έs, (δίδυμος, \*γένω) twin-born.

vote oneself. διδών, part. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδόω.

διδώσω, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

διε, vocat. of διοs, godlike.

δίε, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of δίω.

διέβην, 201. 2 ος διαβαίνω

διεβίων, aor. 2 of διαβιόω.

διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.

δι-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to give bail for: Med. to take bail for: - Pass. to be bailed, set free on his security.

δι-εγείρω, to arouse: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, be was aroused, awaked.

διεγερθείs, aor. 1 pass. part. of διεγείρω.

διέγνων, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.

διεδασάμην, aor. 1 of διαδατέομαι.

διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. 1 of διαδείκνυμι.

διεδηλησάμην, aor. I of διαδηλέομαι. διεδίδοτο, 3 sing, impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διεδόθην, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διέδράμον, 201. 2 οf διατρέχω.

**διέδραν,** aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.

διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύω or διαδύομαι.

διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διείργω.

**διέζην,** impf. of διαζάω.

διέζωσα, aor. Ι οί διαζώννυμι.

διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.

διεθείωσα, aor. I of διαθειόω.

διέθετο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of διατίθημι.

διείδον, inf. διϊδείν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish.

διείλεγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.

διειλημμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω, distinctly, precisely.

διείληφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διείλον, aor. 2 of διαιρέω.

**δί-ειμι,** fut. **δι**είσομαι: (διά, είμι ibo):—to go about: II. c. acc. to pass or go through: to go away. hence to discuss a subject.

δι-είπον, 201. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being used instead); inf. διειπείν, poët. διαειπείν: fut. διερω:

pf. διείρηκα: (διά, είπον):—to tell at length, detail, explain. II. to speak one with another, converse. δι-είργω, f. ξω: Ep. and Ion. διέργω, Ep. also διεέργω:—to keep asunder or apart: to keep off. intr. to lie between.

διείρηκα, used as pf. of διειπείν, to say clearly. δι-είρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, to question closely.

δι-ειρύω, Ion. for δι-ερύω, to draw across.

δι-είρω: aor. I διείρσα: perf. διείρκα:—to pass of draw a thing through.

δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, είρων, ξένος) dissembling with one's guests.

δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.

διεκάναξα, 20r. I of διακανάσσω.

διεκέκριτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of διακρίνω.

διεκλάπην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.

δι-εκπεραίνω, f. ăvω, to bring quite to an end. δι-εκπεράω, f. ήσω and άσω, to pass out through. II.

to pass by, overlook.

δι-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. -πλώω, aor. I -έπλωσa:—to sail out through: to sail out. naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing through it. Hence

διέκπλους, contr. διέκπλους, δ, a sailing across or 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight. δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.

δι-έκριθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl aor. I pass. of διακρίνω.

δι-έκροος, δ, (διά, ἐκρέω) a channel through.

διέλάθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.

διέλασις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a driving through. II. a charge or exercise of cavalry. From

δι-ελαύνω, fut. διελάσω, Att. διελω: (for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω):—to drive through or across: to thrust through. II. intr. to drive or ride through.

διελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαιρέω.

διελέλειπτο, plqpf. pass. of διαλείπω.

διελέλοιπα, pf. of διαλείπω.

διελεξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.

διελεύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.

διελέχθην, aor. 1 of διαλέγομαι.

διελθείν, Ep. διελθέμεν, aur. 2 inf of διέρχομαι.

διέλζπον, 201. 2 οf διαλείπω.

δι-έλκω, fut.  $-\epsilon \lambda \kappa \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega [\ddot{\nu}]$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \dot{\iota} \lambda \kappa \ddot{\nu} \sigma \alpha (v. \ddot{\epsilon} \lambda \kappa \omega)$ : -to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τους όφθαλ-2. to pull through. 3. to keep on drinking. μού**s**.

διελύθην [τ], aor. 1 pass. of διαλύω.

διελυμάνθην, aor. 1 of διαλυμαίνομαι.

ΔΙΈΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from \*δίημι) to speed, press on. διεμαρτύρω [v], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι.

διέμεινα, 201. I of διαμένω.

δι-εμπολάω, fut. hdown: pass. pf.  $\delta i \eta \mu \pi \delta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i := to$ make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray.

δι ενέγκαι, Ion. -ενεικαι, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω: διενεγχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass.

δι-ενθυμέσμαι. Med. to think within oneself.

δι-ενιαυτίζω, f. ίσω, (διά, ένιαυτός) to live out the year. δίενται, 3 pl. of δίεμαι.

δι-εντέρευμα, ατοι, τό, (διά, εντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness. **δι-εξαί**σσω contr. **-άσσω** Att. **-άττω**: fut. άξω: to rush or spring forth.

δι-έξειμι, (διά, έξειμι) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.

δι-εξελαύνω, f. – ελάσω  $[\breve{a}]$  Att. – ελ $\hat{\omega}$ :—to drive II. intr. to ride or march through or across.

δι-εξελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.

δι-εξερέομαι, to question closely.

δι-εξερευνάω, f. ήσω, to examine closely.

δι-εξέρχομαι, f. – ελεύσομαι: aor.  $2 - \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ : pf. – ελήλὔθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: 2. to go through in order: to get to the end of. set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.

δι-εξηγέομαι, strengthd. for έξηγέομαι.

δι-εξίημι, f. ήσω, to let go through, give free passage. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτών), of a river, to empty itself.

διεξίμεναι, Ep. inf. of διέξειμι.

δι-έξοδος, ή, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing; also the sun's orbit. a full account.

δι-εξυφαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to finish the web. δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout. διεπειράθην  $[\bar{a}]$ , aor. I of διαπειράομαι. διεπέπαυντο, 3 pl. plapf. of διαπαύω. διεπεραιώθην, aor. of διαπεραιόω. διεπέρασα, aor. Ι οf διαπεράω. διεπέφραδον, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω. διέπλεξα, aor. I of διαπλέκω. διέπλευσα, aor. 1 of διαπλέω. διέπνευσα, aor. I of διαπνέω. διεπορεύθην, 201. ι οf διαπορεύομαι.

διέπραθον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω. διεπτάμην or - 6μην, aor. 2 of διαπέταμαι.

διεπτοίησα, Ep. aor. I of διαπτοέω.

διέπτυξα, 201. Ι ος διαπτύσσω.

διεπύθόμην, aor. 2 of διαπυνθάνομαι.

δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.

δι-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι : pf. -είργασμαι : plqpf. -ειργάσμην: Ion. – έργασμαι, – εργάσμην: aor. 1 pass. ειργάσθην: Dep.:—to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also plapf. in pass. sense, διέργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined.

δι-έργω, Ep and Ion. for διείργω.

δι-ερείδω, f. σω, to prop up:—Med. to lean upon. δι-ερέσσω, fut. διερέσω: aor. Ι διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα:—to row about, χερσί διερέσσειν to swim: to swing about.

δι-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search through, examine closely. Hence

διερευνητής, οῦ, ὁ, a scout or vidette. διερμηνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an interpreter. From δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.

δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διείρομαι.

**ΔΙΕΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid. δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.

διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. I and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι. διερρύηκα, διερρύην, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρέω.

δι-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ηλθον: Dep.: -to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.

διερώ, used as fut. of διείπον.

δι-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to cross-question, to question continually.

δίεσθαι, inf. of δίεμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δίω.

δι- $\epsilon \sigma \theta i \omega$ , fut. διέδομαι, to eat through. διεσκέδασα, aor. I of διασκεδάννυμι.

διέσκεμμαι, pf. of διασκοπέω:--hence δι-εσκεμμένως, Adv. of the part, prudently, considerately.

διεσκόρπισμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω. διεσπάρην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω. διέσπασα, διεσπάσθην, aor. I act. and pass of δια-

διέσπασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπάω.

διέσπειρα, 201. Ι οf διασπείρω. διέσσύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασεύομαι.

διεστειλάμην, 20r. I med. of διαστέλλω

δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of διίστημι.

διέστιχον, aor. 2 of διαστείχω.

διέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.

διεστράφην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω. δι-εστώς, perf. part. of διίστημι.

διεσφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκόομαι.

διέσχε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of διέχω.

διέσχζσα, διεσχίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of σχίζω. διέταξα, aor. I of διατάσσω.

διεταράχθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαταράσσω.

διετεθρύλητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of διαθρυλέω.

δι-ετής, ές, (δίς, ετος) of two years: two years old. δι-ετήσιος, ον, (διά, έτος) lasting through the year.

δι-ετία, ή, (διετήs) the space of two years. διέτμαγεν, Ep. for διετμάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. α

διατμήγω: δι**έτμαγον,** aor. 2 act.

διέτμαξεν, Dor. for διέτμηξεν, 201. I of διατμήγω. δι-ετραπόμην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. οί διατρέπω.

δι-ευκρίνέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εὐκρινής) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.

δι-ευλάβέομαι, Dep. to take good beed, beware of. δι-ευνάω, f. άσω, to lay asleep.

δι-ευτύχέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εὐτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper throughout.

διεφάνην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.

δι-εφθάρατο, Ion. for διεφθαρμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφθάρην [α], 201. 2 of διαφθείρω. δι-έφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.

διέφυγον, aor. 2 of διαφεύγω. δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep apart, divide. intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach.

2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ'ZHMAI, Ep. 2 sing. δίζηαι: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

δίζομαι, = δίζημαι.

δί-ζύγος, or, and δίζυξ,  $\dot{v}$ γος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δίε, ζvγόν) doubly-voked, double.

ΔΙΖΩ, Ep. impf. δίζον, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δί-ζωος, ον, (δίε, ζωή) amphibious: living twice over. διηβολία, ή, Ion. for διαβολία.

διήγαγον, 20r. 2 of διάγω.

διήγγειλα, 20r. I of διαγγέλλω.

δι-ηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διήγησιε, εωε, ή, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

δι-ηέριος, ον, Ion. for διαέριος, through the air. δι-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans, of the liquid,

to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διήκονος, Ion. for διακ-.

διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω

διηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ion. for διακόσιοι.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζω. διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλόω.

δι-ήκω, f. ξω, to go through, extend along or between. II. to pervade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. Ι ος διελαύνω.

διήλθον, 201. 2 of διέρχομαι.

δι-ηλίφής, ές, (διά, ἀλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, 20r. 2 and 1 pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διήμαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτάνω.

δι-ημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ἡμέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημιλλήθην, 201. I of διαμιλλάομαι.

διήνεγκα, aor. I of διαφέρω: whence

δι-ηνεκής, έs, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκώς, Att. -κως, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

δι-ήνεμος, ον, (διά, ἄνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοίχθην, aor. I pass. of διανοίγω.

διήντλησα, aor. I of διαντλέω.

διήνύσα, διήνϋκα, aor. I and pf. of διανύω.

διηξα, aor. I of διατσσω: but διήξα aor. I of διήκω.

διήξα, aor. I of διάσσω, contr. for διαίσσω.

διηπορήθην, aor. I pass. of διαπορέω.

δι-ηπόρουν, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. Ι οί διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. I of διερέσσω.

διηρίθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαιρίω.

βιήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω.

δι-ήρης,  $\epsilon s$ , (δίς, \*άρω) double; διήρ $\epsilon s$  μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρουν, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. I of διαρθρόω. διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

δίηται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of δίω.

διήτησα, διητήθην, 20τ. I act. and pass of διαιτάω. διήφύσα, 20τ. I of διαφύσσω.

δι-θάλασσος Att. -ττος, ον, (δίς, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimaris.

δί-θηκτος, ον, (δίε, θήγω) twice-sbarpened, two-edged.

δί-θρονος, ον, (δίς, θρύνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, ό, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθυραμβο-ποιός, δ, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a ditbyrambic poet.

διθύραμβοs, δ, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry.

II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δί-θυρσος, ον, (δίς, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Δι, dat. of Zeύs; v. \*Δίs.

διϊδείν, inf. of διείδον.

δι-ΐημι, fut. -ήσω: (for the tenses, v. ἵημι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through. II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-τθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ϊκνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor 2 - ἶκόμην: Dep.: — to go through, in telling a story.

II. to reach.

Διι-πετής, έε, (Διόε, \*πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, 1. e. from beaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, beaven-sent, divine, boly, pure.

Διι-πέτης, ες, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διϊστέον, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire.
δι-τοτημι, f. διαστήσω: 201. Ι διέστησα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with 201. 2 act. - έστην, pf. - έστηκα, plapf. - εστήκειν:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. III. 201. I med. διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

διτοχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on.

II. to affirm confidently.

διίχθαι, perf. inf. of διϊκνέομαι.

δικάζω, fut. δικάσω contr. δικώ: 201. I ξδίκασα:—
Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσομαι: 201. I ξδικάσθην: pf. δεδίκασμαι: (δίκη):
1. c. 202. tei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine.
2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause.
3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision.
II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law.
III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δίκαία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poët. for δίκη.

δικαιεθν, Ion. for δικαιοθν, inf. of δικαιόω: δικαιεθσι, Ion. for δικαιοθσι, 3 pl. pres.

δίκαιο-κρίσία, ή, (δίκαιος, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαιό-πολις, εως, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δίκαιος, πόλις) just in public dealings.

δίκαιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (δίκη) observant of right, righteous, just. II. equal, even: strict, exact. III. right, lawful, just. 2. fair, moderate.—In phrase δίκαιός είμι, with the infin., I am bound to do, I have a right to do.

δικαιοσύνη, ή, justice, righteousness.

δικαιότης, ητος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δικαιοσύνη.

δίκαιόω, fut. ωσω and ωσομα:—Pass., aor. I εδικαιώθην: (δίκαιοs):—to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do. II. to judge: to condemn: to punish. III. to make just, hold guiltless, justify. Hence

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, an act of justice, the making good a wrong. 2. an acquittal, act of justification. II. a plea of right, just claim.

δικαίωs, Adv. of δίκαιοs, justly, rightly.

δικαίωσις, εως, ή, a setting right, doing justice to punishment. II. a claim, demand of right. III. judgment, good pleasure.

δικάν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικανικός, ή, όν, (δίκη) belonging to trials, judicial.

II. skilled in law, lawyer-like.

δι-κάρηνος, ον, (δίς, κάρηνον) two-beaded.

δικασ-πόλος, ό, (δίκη, πολέω) a law-giver, judge. δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, a little court of justice.

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) a court of justice.

δικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δικάζω) a judge or juror.

δικαστικός, ή, όν, (δικάζω) of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols. Adv. -κῶς.

**ΔΙΚΕΙ'N**, inf. of ξδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, to throw, burl.

δί-κελλα, ης, ή, (δίς, κέλλω) a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.

δι-κέραιος, ον, (δίς, κεραία) two-borned, two-pointed. δί-κερως, gen. ωτος οτ ω, ό, ή, neut. δίκερων (δίς, κέρας) two-borned.

ΔI'KH, ή, right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner; ή γαρ δίκη ἐστὶ γερόντων for this is the manner of old men; acc. δίκην as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of. II. order, law, right. III. in plur. judgments: generally, a IV. an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution). 2. a trial. 3. the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge; δίκην or δίκας διδόναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment; δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην διώκειν to prosecute.

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δίκη, φέρω) bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, δ, an avenger.

δίκίδιον, τό, Dim. of δίκη, a little trial.

δικλίε, ίδοε, ή, (δίε, κλίνω) double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδεε, al, folding-doors.

δίκο-λέκτης, ου, δ, (δίκη, λέγω) a pleader.

δικο-λόγος,  $\dot{o}$ , = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφέω, (δίκη, βάπτω) to get up a law-suit.

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δίς, κορυφή) two-beaded.

δί-κρανος, ον, (δίς, κράνον) two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst, δίκρανος, ό, a pitchfork.

δι-κράτης, ές, (δίς, κράτος) colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.

δί-κροτος, ον, (δίς, κροτέω) double-beating: doubleoared, with two banks of oars on a side.

δικτυβολέω, f. ήσω, to cast the net. From

δικτύ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) casting nets: 28 Subst., δικτυβόλος, δ, a fisherman.

δίκτυες, oi, unknown animals of Libya.

**Δίκτυνα** or **Δίκτυννα**, ή, (δίκτυον) epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) woven in mesbes; σπείραι δικτυόκλωστοι the net's mesby folds. ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, any net-work, a fishing-net: a bunting-net. Hence

δικτυόομαι, Pass. to be caught in a net.

δικωπέω, f. ήσω, to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and

δίκωπία, ή, a pair of sculls. From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δίε, κώπη) two-oared.

διλογέω, f ήσω, (διλόγοs) to say again, repeat. Hence διλογία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , repetition. From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δίς, λέγω) saying twice, repeating.

II. double-tongued, deceitful.

ing. II. double-tongued, deceitful. δί-λογχος, ον, (δίς, λόγχη) with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.

δί-λοφος, ον, (δίς, λόφος) with two crests.

δι-μναίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , Att. δι-μνέως,  $\alpha$ ν,  $(\delta$ is,  $\mu$ ν $\hat{\alpha})$  of or worth two minae; διμναίους ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.

διμοιρία, ή, a double sbare: double pay. From δί-μοιρος, ον, (δίς, μοῖρα) divided between two; as Subst., δίμοιρον, τό, a balf-dracbma.

δίνεον, Ep impf. of δινέω.

δίνευμα, ατος, τό, anything whirled round: a whirl-

ing, dancing. From

δίνεψω, f. εύσω, aor. ι ἐδίνευσα; and δῖνέω, f. ἡσω, aor. ι ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. ι ἐδίνηθην, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle. II. intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about. ΔΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind. Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, whirling, eddying. II. rounded.

δινηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δίνητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, whirled round. ΔΙΝΟΣ, δ, like δίνη, a whirl, eddy. 2. also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor. 3. a large round goblet.

δίνοω, f. ωσω, to turn with a lathe, to round.

δίνω, (δίνοε) to thresh out.

δίνωτός, ή, όν, (δινόω) turned on the lathe, rounded: worked round.

διξός, ή, όν, Ion. for δισσός, double.

Διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δίε, Διόε) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

δι-ό, Conjunct. contr. for δι' δ, wherefore, on which account: therefore: with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. propter quod, propterea.

Δίδ-βολος, ον, (Δίς, βάλλω) burled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, opos, o, (Δίs, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jove.

Διο-γενής, έs, (Δίs, \*γένω) Jove-born.

 $\Delta \iota \delta$ -yvntos, ov, contr. for  $\Delta \iota \delta \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \tau \delta s$ , =  $\Delta \iota \delta \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta s$  $\Delta \iota \delta$ -yovos,  $o\nu$ , =  $\Delta \iota o \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta s$ .

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, ύδοιπόρος) to travel through. δί-οδος, ή, (διά, ὁδός) a way through, thoroughfare,

2. permission to pass,

passage: the orbit of a star. a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δίs) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οίγνυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίξω, to open.

δί-οιδα, pf. of διείδον, to know the difference, distinguisb, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ήσω: impf. διώκουν: aor. I διώκησα:

pf. διώκηκα:-Pass., aor. Ι διφκήθην: pf. διώκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιφκημαι:-to manage, direct: to conduct the affairs of a state: to treat or feed in a certain way. II. to inhabit distinct places :-Med. to live apart. Hence

διοίκησις, εως, ή, bouse-keeping: management, government. II. a government: a province, a diocese. δι-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. lŵ, to make to live apart, to

disperse:-Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build across, wall off. διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οιστεύω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

διοίσω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

δίοιτο, 3 sing.opt. med. of δίω.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go through: to wander about. δι-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -οίχημαι: Dep.:--to be quite gone by: of persons, to be clean gone, to bave II. to be gone through, ended.

διοκωχή, ή, (δι-όκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation. δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip

tbrough, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι, fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολω: (for the tenses, v. δλλυμι):-to destroy utterly, bring to naught: to put out of mind: hence to forget, opp. to σώζω. Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα: to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, δλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded. Διομει-αλαζών, όνος, δ, (Διομεία, άλαζών) the brag-

gart of the deme Diomeia. **δι-όμνυμ,** fut. –ομούμαι : 20r. I med. –ωμοσάμην :—

to swear solemnly: to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to make an agreement: Pass. to be agreed on: Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

Slov, acc. of Slos: but Slov Ep. for Ediov, impf. of δίω.

Διονύσια (sub. lepá), τά, the feast of Διόνυσοs or Bacchus, esp. at Athens: four distinct feasts in four consecutive months; viz. Ι. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούε οτ μικρά, in Poseideon (December). II. τὰ ἐν  $\Lambda i \mu \nu a i s$  or  $\Lambda \eta \nu a i a$  (in the  $\Lambda i \mu \nu a i$ , where the  $\Lambda \eta \nu a i a \nu$ III. τὰ ᾿Ανθεstood), in Gamelion (January). στήρια, in Anthesterion (February). IV. τà μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονῦσιἄκός, ή, όν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

Διόνῦσος, δ, and poët. Διώνῦσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παιδος, δ, (Δίς, παι̂ς) son of Jove.

 $\delta \iota$ -όπερ, v. sub  $\delta \iota o$ -.

 $\Delta \iota o - \pi \epsilon \tau \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $= \Delta \iota \ddot{\iota} \pi \epsilon \tau \eta s$ .

διοπεύω, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From δίοπος, δ, (διέπω) a director, ruler: a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτεύω, f. σω, (διά, δψομαι) to watch accurately,

spy about: to gaze upon.

δι-οπτήρ, ηρος, δ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπτης, ου, ό, (διόψομαι) a looker through.

δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυιος, ον, (δίε, όργυιά) two fathoms long.

δι-ορθεύω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-οοθόω, f. ώσω, to make straight: to set right: to make good, amend, correct, make amends for: to tell aright:-so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction: amendment: and

διόρθωσις, εως, ή, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault: reformation.

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -ουρίζω: f. ίσω, Att. τω: -to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define: to ordain. II. to carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare. III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-όρντμαι, Pass. to burry through.

διορύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From δι-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. όρύσσω): to dig through: metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Δίοs, δία, δίον, (Δίε) godlike, excellent, mighty; joined with a genit., δια θεάων, δια γυναικών, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women. bonest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Διόs, gen. of Zεύs; v. \*Δίs.

Διόσ-δοτος, ον, (Δίε, δίδωμι) given by Jove, heaven-

Διο-σημία, ή, (Δίε, σημα) a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum: a portent.

Διόσ-κοροι, οί, Att. and poët. for Διόσκουροι: (Δίε, κόροs, κοῦροs): sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda, Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named | from them the Twins, Lat. Gemini. The Dioscori were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. 1, 3, 2.

Διοσ-κούρειον, τό, the temple of the Dioscuri.

δι-ότι, Conjunct. for δια τοῦτο ὅτι ..., for the reason that, since, Lat. quocirca, quamobrem. direct, wherefore, for what reason. 3. interrogat. wberefore? II. =  $\delta \tau \iota$ , that.

διο-τρεφής, ές, (Δίς, τρέφω) cherished by Jove.

δι-ουρίζω, Ιοπ. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ήσω, to annoy exceedingly.

**δι-όψομαι,** fut. of διοράω, formed from \*διόπτομαι. δί-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (δίς, παις) with two children;

θρηνος δίπαις a dirge chanted by one's two children. **δι-πάλαιστος**, ον, (δίε, πάλαιστή) two palms broad. δί-παλτος, ον, (δίς, πάλλω) brandished with both

bands; δίπαλτα ξίφη two-banded swords.

δί-πηχυς, v, (δίς,  $\pi \hat{\eta} \chi v$ ς) two cubits long, broad, etc. διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) to double:-Pass. to be doubled, ΙΙ. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακόν to be made twofold. the twofold evil. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, a double-folded mantle or cloak. δίπλακεs are ship-planks (which double one over the other), and poet. for ships, like Lat. trabes. Adj., folded double.

διπλασιάζω, f. άσω, to double. From

διπλάσιος, a,  $o\nu$ , Ion. διπλήσιος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (δίε) double, twice as much, as many, etc.: τὸ διπλάσιον as much again. Adv. -ws, doubly. Hence

διπλασιόω, to double :--Pass. to become twofold. δί-πλεθρος, ον, (δίς, πλέθρον) two πλέθρα long or broad.

διπλη (sub. χλαινα), η, a cloak folded double.

διπλη, Adv. twice, twice over.

διπλοίζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοίs, ίδοs, ή, a double cloak. Hence

διπλόος,  $\delta \eta$ ,  $\delta \sigma \nu$ , contr. διπλοθς,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $\sigma \hat{\nu} \nu$ , twofold, double.2. doubled, bent double II. in plur., =  $\tilde{a}\mu\phi\omega$  or δύο, both, two. III. metaph. doubleminded, treacherous, Lat. duplex, opp. to ἀπλοῦs. (From δισ-; see ἀπλόοs.)

διπλός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , = διπλόος: neut. Comp. διπλότερον as Adv. twice as much.

διπλόω, f. ώσω, (διπλόος) to double, bend double. to repay twofold.

δι-πόδης, εs, (δίε, πουε) two feet long, broad, etc. **ΔΙ-πόλεια**, τά, contr. of Διϊπόλια, (Δίε, πόλιε) an ancient festival of Jove at Athens. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, εs, (Διπόλεια, είδος) like the feast of the Dipoleia, i. e. obsolete, out of date.

δί-πολος, ον, (δίε, πολέω) twice ploughed.

δί-πορος, ον, (δίε, πόρος) with two passages.

δι-πόταμος, ον, (δίε, ποταμός) lying between or on two rivers.

δί-πους, ποδος, δ, ή, (δίς, πούς) two-footed, Lat. bipes:—as Subst., δίπουε, δ, a Libyan kind of mouse, the jerboa. II. two feet long, broad, etc.

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (δίε, πρόσωπον) two-faced.

δι-πτέρυγος, ον, (δίε, πτέρυξ) two-winged.

δί-πτύχος, ον, (δίε, πτυχή) folded together, doubled; δίπτυχον δελτίον a pair of tablets. II. =  $\delta \iota \sigma$ σύs, twofold, two, Lat. geminus.

δί-πύλος, ον, (δίς, πύλη) with two gates or entrances. δί-πύρος, ον, (δίς, πῦρ) with double lights.

δίρ-ρυμος, ον, (δίε, ρυμός) with two poles.

δίς, (δύο) Adv. twice, double.

-διs, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἄλλυδιε, οἵκαδιε, χαμάδιε.

\*ΔΙ'Σ, an old nom., = Zεύs, which appears in the oblique cases Διόε, Διτ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis.

δίσ-āβos, ov, Dor. for δίσ-ηβos, twice young.

δίσ-ευνος, ον, (δίς, εὐνή) with two wives.

δισ-θάνής, έs, (δίs, θανείν) twice dead.

δισκεύω, f. σω, = δισκέω.

δισκέω, f. ήσω, (δίσκος) to pitch the quoit: generally, to throw, toss. Hence II. the

δίσκημα, aros, τό, a thing thrown. pitching of a quoit.

δί-σκηπτρος, ον, (δίε, σκηπτρον) two-sceptred. δίσκος, δ, (δικείν) a round plate, a quoit of stone;

later of metal or wood. II. anything like a quoit: a trencher: a mirror.

δίσκ-ουρα, τά, (δίσκος, οὖρον) a quoit's cast.

δισ-μύριοι, at, a, twenty thousand: sing. δισμύριος, a, ov, with collective nouns, as, ίππος δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

δισσ-άρχης, ου, δ, (δισσός, άρχω) partners in sway, joint-ruling.

δισσός Att. διττός Ion. διξός, ή, όν: (δίς): twofold, double: also divided, disagreeing, doubtful. δισσώς, Adv. of δισσός, doubly.

διστάζω, f. άσω, (δίε) to doubt, be at a loss.

δί-στιχος, ον, (δίς, στίξ) of two rows, lines, or verses: as Subst., δίστιχον, τό, an elegiac couplet.

δί-στολος, ον, (δίς, στέλλω) in pairs, two together. δί-στομος, ον, (δίε, στόμα) double-mouthed, with two II. of a weapon, two-edged. entrances, double.

δι-σύλλαβος, ον. (δίς, συλλαβή) of two syllables.

δισ-χίλιοι  $[\chi i]$ , at, a, two thousand: also in sing, δισχίλιοs, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ίππος δισχιλία 2000 horse.

δι-τάλαντος, ον, (δίς, τάλαντον) worth or weighing two talents.

δι-τόκος, ον, (δίς, τεκεῖν) twin or twice bearing. διττόs, etc., v. sub δισσ-.

δί-υγροs, ov, thoroughly wet: melting.

δι-υλίζω, (διά, ύλη) to strain or filter thoroughly: to strain off.

δι-υπνίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to wake from sleep: so also in Med.

διφάσιος, a, ov, twofold, double, Lat. bifarius: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΓΦΑ'Ω, Ion. - ω, to dive after: seek after, bunt for. Hence

διφήτωρ, οροs, ό, a searcher after.

διφθέρα, ή, (δέφω) a prepared bide, leather, and so opp. to δέρρειε which are unworked bides.

II. anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διφθέρινος, η, ον, of tanned leather.

δι-φθερίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = διφθέρα.

δί-φθογγος, ον, (δίε, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., δίφθογγος, ή, and δίφθογγον, τό, a diphthong. δι-φόρος, ον, (δίε, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the

year, Lat. biferus.

δίφραξ, ακος, ή, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair. διφρεία, ή, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτειρα, ή, fem. of διφρηλάτης.

διφρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a charioteer. From διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλάσία, ή, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλατέω, to drive in a chariot. From

διφρ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer. δίφριος, ον, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, δ, Dim. of δίφρος.

δί-φροντίς, ιδος, δ, ή, (δίς, φροντίς) of two minds, distraught in mind.

δίφρος, δ, and later ή, (contr. of διφύρος, bearing two), in plur. of δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot.

II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλκέω, f. ήσω, (δίφρος, έλκω) to draw a chartot.

διφροφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry a chair or litter:— Pass. to be carried or travel in one. Il. to carry a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ον, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair. δι-φτής, ές, (δίς, φνή) of double nature or form: generally, twofold, double.

δί-φυιος, ον, (δίς, φυή) of two families.

δίχα, (δίs)

I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart.

at two, at variance: differently, oppositely.

II.

Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like ἀνεν, against the will of: of Place, away from.

2. except. Hence

δίχάζω, f. άσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to

δί-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦs, a copper coin.

δί-χαλος, Dor. for δί-χηλος.

διχῆ, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways. δί-χηλος, ον, (δίς, χηλή) cloven-boofed.

as Subst., δίχηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχήρης,  $\epsilon$ s,  $(\delta i \chi a)$  divided. διχθά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, a, ov, double, divided. [a]

δίχθάς, άδος, ή, fem. of διχθάδιος.

δίχό-βουλος, ον, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.

δίχο-γνωμονέω, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion. δίχοθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides. δί-χοίνίκος, ον, (δίε, χοίνιξ) bolding 2 χοίνικες, i.e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ον, (δίς, χολόομαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνις, ιδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , =  $\delta$ ιχόμηνος.

διχό-μηνος, ον, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μῦθος, ον, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγής, ές, (δίχα, ράγηναι) broken in twain. διχόρ-ροπος, ον, (δίχα, ρέπω) wavering. Adv.  $-\pi\omega$ s, doubtfully.

διχοστάσία, ή, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ήσω, (δίχα, στῆναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ον, (δίχα, στόμα) = δίστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχοῦ, Adv., =  $\delta i \chi a$ .

δίχό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχωs, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ηs, η, thirst. Hence

διψάλέος, a, ov, thirsty, dry; and

διψά $\mathbf{s}$ , άδο $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , fem. of δί $\psi$ ιο $\mathbf{s}$ .

διψάω,  $\hat{\eta}s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , inf.  $\delta\iota\psi\hat{\eta}\nu$ : impf  $\dot{\epsilon}\delta\dot{\iota}\psi\eta\nu$ ,  $\eta s$ ,  $\eta$ : fut.  $\delta\iota\psi\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : aor. 1  $\dot{\epsilon}\delta\dot{\iota}\psi\eta\sigma\alpha$ : pt.  $\delta\epsilon\delta\dot{\iota}\psi\eta\kappa\alpha$ :—to thirst: of the ground, to be dry, parched.

II. metaph. to thirst after, long earnestly for.

δίψιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (δίψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched. δίψος,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \acute{o}$ , = δίψα, thirst.

δί-ψῦχος, ον, (δίς, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering.  $\Delta I'\Omega$ , an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run sway, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in Med., subj. δίωμαι, δίηται, δίωνται, opt. δίοιτο, inf. δίεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to flight: to drive: to bunt: but 2. also, like δίω, to be afraid. [ $\tilde{I}$ ]

δίωγμα, ατος, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.' δίωγμός, ό, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution,

barassing.

II.

δι-ώδυνος, ον, (διά, όδύνη) piercing with anguish.

δι-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ώθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:— Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse, drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

δίωκαθείν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διωκέμεν, διωκέμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.

διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διοικέω.

διφκησα, διφκήθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διοικέω. διωκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ηροι, δ, and διώκτης, ου, δ, a pursuer. From

διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι: 20τ. 1 ἐδίωξα: poët. 20τ. 2 ἐδιώκθον:—Pass., 20τ. 1 ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδίωγμαι: (δίω):

I. to pursue, chase, hunt: of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on, drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκεν άρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive, also to speed, baste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; δ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to δ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ωλένη) with outstretched arms.

διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

διωμοσάμην, aor. 1 med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ώμοτος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.
Διώνη, η, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father).

II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δίς, ὅνυμα = ὅνομα) with two names: named together.

διωξι-κέλευθος, ον, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξ-ιππος, ον, (διώκω, ίππος) borse-driving.

δίωξις, εως, ή, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρισμαι, pf. pass. διώρυγμαι, pf. pass. of διορύσσω

δι-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of διόργυιος.

διῶρυξ, ἔχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διορύσσω) dug or cut through: διῶρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρυπτὴ διῶρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διωθέω.

δμηθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of δαμάω: δμηθήτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be be prevailed upon.

δμήσις, εως, ή, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δμήτειρα,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq. δμητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $(\delta \alpha \mu \acute{a} \omega)$  a tamer, breaker.

δμῶε, dual nom. of δμώs.

δμωή, ή, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμώτος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (δμώς) in servile condition.

δμωίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δμω $\dot{\eta}$ .

δμώς, ωύς, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπάλίζω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about.

δνοφερός, ά, όν, dark, dusky, murky. From  $\Delta NO'\Phi O \Sigma$ , δ, = κνέφας, darkness, dusk, gloom.

δοάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 in impers. sense, = Att. ἔδοξε, it seemed: δοάσσεται, Ep. for  $-\eta \tau \alpha \iota$ , 3 sing. sub<sub>1</sub>. = δύξη.

δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, an opinion.

2. a resolution, decree. Hence

δογματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to lay down a decree:— Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΙΗ'N, ηνος, δ, a small abscess, boil.

δοιάζω, f. άσω, (δοιοί) to consider two ways, besitate between:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοιδυκο-ποιός, ό, (δοίδυξ, ποιέω) a pestle-maker. ΔΟΓΔΥΞ, υκος, ό, a pestle.

δοιή, ή, doubt, perplexity. From

δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιοί, ά, = δύο, two, both: δοιά, Adv. in two ways. δοιώ, = δοιοί, of which it is the dual, = δύο.

δοκεύω, f. εύσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

 $\triangle OKE'\Omega$ ; but many tenses are formed from pres. \*δύκω: fut. δοκήσω and δύξω: aor. I ἐδύκησα and έδόξα: pf. δεδόκηκα: - Pass., aor. 1 έδοκήθην: pf. δεδόκημαι and δέδογμαι: I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine. II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δοκεί, έδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, έδοξε τη βουλή, τφ δήμφ, it was decreed or enacted by .. : but also in I pers., δοκώ μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά μοι methought. 2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες εἶναί τι men who are beld to be of some account. 3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plqpf. δεδογμένον, it baving been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δοκή, ή, =  $\delta \circ \chi \dot{\eta}$ , ( $\delta \circ \kappa \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησις, εως, ή, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion.

II. good report, credit.

δοκησί-σοφος, ον, (δύκησις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοκίμάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ἐδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκίμασμα: (δόκιμοs).—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine.

II. to approve, sanction: to bold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκτμάσία, ή, an assay, proving, examination.

δοκϊμαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner. δοκϊμή, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκίμιον, τό, proof, trial. From

δόκζηος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worlby, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of δοκός, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟ'Σ, ή, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκώ, όσε contr. οῦε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δόκησιε, an opinion.

δολερός, ά, όν, (δύλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ιδος, ό, ή, (δόλιος, μητις) crafty-purposing.

δολίο-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δύλιος, πούς) of stealthy foot.

δόλιος, α, ον, and os, ον, (δόλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιόω, f. ώσω, (δύλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολίχ-αυλος, ον, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολίχ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (δολιχός, αὐχήν) long-necked. δολιχ-εγχής, ές, (δολιχός, ἔγχος) with tall spear. δολιχ-ήρετμος, ον, (δολιχός, ἐρετμός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιχο-γραφία, ή, (δολιχός, γράφω) prolix writing.

bousebold.

room.

bricks.

bouse.

and birdlime.

green with reeds.

a dart, arrow.

Lat. calamus, arundo.

δονακεύς, έωε, δ, (δύναξ) a thicket of reeds.

δονακίτις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) of reed.

δόλος δονακόεις a reed covered with birdlime.

II. anything made of reed:

3. a spear.

2. a flute, shepherd's pipe.

**ΔΟΛΙ-ΧΟ'Σ.** ή, όν, long: of Time, long, weari- fishing-rod or limed reed (see δονακόειs). II. as Subst., δολιχόs, δ, the long course, bridge of the lyre. From some. in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον. δολιγό-σκίος, ον, (δολιγός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; or δολιχ-όσκιος, (δολιχός, ὄσχος) with long sbaft. δολόεις, εσσα, εν, (δόλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful. δολο-μήδης, εs, gen. εος, (δόλος, μηδος) wily, crafty. δολο-μήτης, ου, ό, and δολό-μητις, ι, gen. ιος, (δόλοs, μητις) crafty-minded, wily. δολο-μήχανος, ον, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles. δολό-μύθος, ον, (δύλος, μῦθος) false-speaking. δολοπλοκία, ή, subtlety, craft. From δολο-πλόκος, ον, (δύλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles. δολο-ποιός, όν, (δύλος, ποιέω) treacherous. δολορραφία, ή, artful contrivance, subtlety. From δολόρ-ραφος, ον, (δύλος, βάπτω) contriving wiles. δόλοs, ό, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεαρ) properly a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus. δολο-φόνος, ον, (δόλος, \*φένω) slaying by treachery. δολο-φράδής, ές, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded. δολοφρονέων, ουσα, ον, (δολόφρων) craft-devising. δολοφροσύνη, ή, subtlety, wiliness. From δολό-φρων, ον, gen. ονοs, (δόλοs, φρήν) = δολοφραδήs, crafty-minded. δολόω, f. ώσω, (δόλοs) to beguile, ensnare. II. to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence δόλωμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit. δόλων, ωνος, ὁ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. a dagger. δολ- $\hat{\omega}$ πις, ιδος, ή, (δόλος,  $\tilde{\omega}\psi$ ) artful-looking. δόλωσις, εως, ή, (δολόω) a tricking, ensnaring. δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift. **Somalos**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\delta \epsilon \mu \omega)$  of or for building. δόμεναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι. δόμονδε, Adv. home, homeward; όνδε δόμονδε to

his own bouse. From δόμος, δ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a bouse: also the II. a part of the house, chamber, III. anything that is built up; διά τριήκοντα δόμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of δομο-σφαλής, ές, (δύμος, σφάλλω) ruining the

A. the ΔΟΝΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about: Pass., ή 'Ασίη έδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence δόνημα, ατος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and δονητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. sbaken. δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι. δόξα, ή, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum: ex-2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philosophic opinion, Lat. placitum. 3. mere opinion, as opp. to knowledge. 4. a fancy, vision. the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: good report, credit, bonour. splendour. Hence δοξάζω, f. άσω, to bold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence δόξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion: a fancy. δοξοκοπία, ή, love of popularity. From δοξο-κόπος, ον, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity. δοξο-μανής, ές, (δόξα, μανηναι) mad after glory. Hence δοξομανία, ή, mad love of glory. δοξο-μάταιό-σοφος, δ, (δύξα, ματαιύς, σοφύς) α would-be philosopher. δοξο-σόφος, ον, (δόξα, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit. δοξόω, f. ώσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to bave such a character. δόξω, fut, of δοκέω: δόξαι, aor, I inf. δορά, ή, (δέρω) a skin, bide. δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ. δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δύρυ, a small spear, dart. δορατο-πάχής, ές, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's tbickness. δόρατος, gen. of δόρυ. δορήϊος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\delta \acute{o} \rho \upsilon)$  wooden. δορι-άλωτος, ον, (δύρυ, άλωναι) captive of the spear, taken in war. [ă] δορί-γαμβρος, ον, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle. δορι-θήρατος, ον, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear. δορι-κάνής, έε, (δόρυ, κανείν) slain by the spear. δορι-κμής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (δόρυ, κάμνω) slain by the spear. δορί-κράνος, ον, (δόρυ, κράνον) spear-beaded. δονακεύομαι, Dep. (δόναξ) to catch birds with reed δορί-κτητος, ον. (δόρυ, κτάομαι) won by the spear. δορί-κτύπος, ον, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clashing. δορί-ληπτος, ον, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear. δορι-μανής,  $\epsilon s$ , (δόρυ, μανήναι) raging with the spear. δονάκο-γλύφος, ον, (δόναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting. δορί-μαργος, ον, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear. δονακόεις, εσσα, εν, (δόναξ) abounding in reeds; δορι-μήστωρ, οροε, δ, (δόρυ, μήστωρ) master of the δονάκο-τρόφος, ον, (δόναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing. δορί-παλτος, ον, (δόρυ, πάλλω) wielding the spear; δονακό-χλοος, ον, contr. -χλους, ουν, (δόναξ, χλία) $\chi \in \partial \rho \delta o \rho i \pi a \lambda \tau o s$ , i. e. the right hand. δορι-πετής, ές, (δόρυ, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen δόναξ Ion. δοθναξ Dor. δώναξ, ακος, δ, a reed, by the spear.

δορί- $\pi$ ληκτος, ον, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the

II.

δορί-πονος, ον, (δόρυ, πόνος) toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.

δορι-σθενής, έε, v. sub δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, ον, (δύρυ, στέφανος) crowned for bravery in war.

δορι-τίνακτος, ον, (δύρυ, τινάσσω) sbaken by battle. δορί-τμητος, ον, (δόρυ, τέμνω) pierced by the spear. δορί-τολμος, ον, (δόρυ, τόλμα) bold in war.

δορκαλίς, ίδος, ή, = δορκάς.

δορκάs, άδοs, ή, (δέδορκα) an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.

δορόs, δ, (δέρω) a leathern bag or wallet.

δορπέω, f. ήσω, (δόρπον) to take supper. Hence

δορπηστός, δ, supper-time, evening.

Δορπία, ή, (δόρπον) the first day of the feast Apaturia; της δρτης της δορπία on the eve of the feast.

 $\Delta$ O'PHON,  $\tau$ 6, the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.

AOPT, τό: gen. δόράτος, Ερ. δούρατος δουρός, in Att. poets also δορός: dat. δόρατι, Ion. δούρατι δουρί, in Att. poets also δόρει οτ δορί.—Ion. dual δοῦρε.—Plur. nom. δόρατα, Ερ. δούρατα δοῦρα, in Att. Poets also δόρρι gen. δόρον, Ερ. δούρανα δοῦρα, in Att. Ερ. δούρανα δοῦρα τος Ερ. δούρανο dat. δόρασι, Ερ. δούρανο dat. δόρασι, Ερ. δούρανο τος but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship.

II. the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, επὶ δόρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐπ' ἀσπίδα to the left.

δορυ-άλωτος, false reading for δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαρσής, ές, (δύρυ θαρσέω) daring in war. δορύ-ξενος, ό, ή, (δύρυ, ξένος) a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.

δορυ-ξόος, ον, contr. -ξοῦς, οῦν, (δύρυ, ξέω) spearpolishing: as Subst., δορυξύος, ὁ, a maker of spears; also δορυξός, ὁ.

δορυ-παγής, έε, (δύρυ, παγηναι) built of beams.

δορύ-παλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, ν. δορί $\pi$ -.

δορυ-σθενής οι δορι-σθενής, ές, (δόρυ, σθένος) mighty with the spear.

δορυσ-σόης, ητος, ό, masc. Adj., = δορυσσόος, warlike. δορυσ-σόος, ον, contr. δορυσ-σοῦς, οῦν, poet. also δορυ-σόος. (δόρυ, σείω) brandishing the spear.

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, ν. δορι-.

δορυφορέω, f. ήσω, (δορυφόρος) to attend as a bodyguard: to keep guard over. Hence

δορυφόρημα, ματος, τό, a body-guard; and

δορυφορία, ή, a keeping guard over. δορυφορικός, ή, όν, (δορυφορία) of or for the guard;

δορυφορικός, ή, όν, (δορυφορία) of or for the guard, τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.

δορυ-φόρος, ον, (δόρυ, φέρω) spear-bearing, Lat. bastatus; of δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.

δόs, aor. 2 imperat. of δίδωμι.

δοσίδικος, ον, false reading for δωσίδικος.

δόσις, εως, ή, (δίδωμι) a giving. II. a gift, present: a bequest. III. a portion: a dose.

δόσκον, Ep. 201. 2 of δίδωμι.

δότειρα, ή, fem. of δοτήρ.

δοτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, to be given. δοτέον, one must give.

δοτήρ, ηρος, ό, (δίδωμι) a giver, dispenser.

δότης, ου, δ, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-άγωγέω, f. ήσω, (δοῦλος, άγω) to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγείν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.

δουλάριον, τό, Dim. of δοῦλοs.

δουλεία Ion. δουληΐη, ή, (δουλεύω) servitude, slavery, bondage.

II. the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.

δούλειος, α, ον, οτ ος, ον, (δοῦλος) slavish, servile. δούλευμα, ατος, τό, (δουλεύω) a service. II. a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, f. σω, (δοῦλοs) to be a slave: generally, c. dat. to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.

δούλη, ή, fem. of δοῦλος.

δουλητη, Ion. of δουλεία.

δουλία, ή, poet. for δουλεία.

δουλικός, ή, όν, = δούλιος. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}$ ς, like a slave.

δούλιος, a,  $o\nu$ , (δοῦλοs) slavish, servile; δούλιον  $\tilde{\eta}$ μαρ the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life. δουλιχό-δειρος, Ion. for δολιχόδειρος, (δολιχόs, δειρή) long-necked.

δουλιχόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. for δολιχόεις, poet. for δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, ές, (δοῦλος, πρέπω) befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.

AOΥ ΛΟΣ, δ, a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to ἀνδράποδον (a slave taken in war). II. as Adj., δούλοs, η, ον, slavisb, enslaved, subject, Comp. δουλότεροs, more of a slave.

δουλοσύνη, ή, (δοῦλος) slavery, slavish work.

δουλόσυνος, ον, (δοῦλος) enslaved.

δουλότερος, a, ον, Comp. of δούλος.

δουλόω, f. ώσω, (δοῦλος) to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself. Hence

δούλωσις, εως, ή, enslaving, subjugation.

δοῦναι, aor. 2 mf. of δίδωμι.

δοθναξ, δουνακόεις, Ion. for δόναξ, δονακόεις.

δουπέω, f. ήσω: Ep. aor. 1 δούπησα: pf. δέδουπα: (δοῦπος):—to sound beauly, of the beauy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.

δουπήτωρ, opos, δ, (δουπέω) a clatterer.

ΔΟΥΠΟΣ, δ, any dead, beavy sound; δοῦπος ἀκόντων the burtling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the bum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.

δούρατα, syncop. δοθρα, τά, Ep. plur. of δύρυ.

δουράτεος, a, ov, of planks or beams.

δουράτιον, Ion. for δοράτιον, a dart.

δούρειος, α, ον, = δουράτεος. δούρεσσι, Ερ. dat. pl. of δόρυ.

δουρ-ηνεκές, (δόρυ, ενεγκείν) Adv. a spear's throw off or distant.

δουρι-άλωτος, ον, Ion. for δοριάλωτος.

δουρι-κλευτός, όν, Ion. for δορι-κλειτός, (δόρυ, κλει-768) famed for the spear.

δουρι-κλύτός, ή, όν, Ion. for δορι-κλυτός, (δόρυ, κλυτός) famed for the spear.

δουρι-κτητός, δουρί-ληπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion. for dopi-.

δούριος, = δούρειος.

δουρί-πληκτος, ον, Ion. for δορίπληκτος.

δουρι-τύπής, ές, (δόρυ, τύπτω) wood-cutting.

δουρο-δόκη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δόρυ, δοχ $\dot{\eta}$ ) a stand for spears. δουρο-θήκη, ή, (δόρυ, θήκη) a case for spears.

δουρο-μάνής, ές, Ion. for δοριμανής.

δούs, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

δοχείον, Ion. δοχήϊον, τό, (δέχομαι) a bolder. δοχή, ή, (δέχομαι) reception, entertainment. a receptacle.

δοχμή, ή, a measure of length, a span.

δόχμιος, a, ον, (δοχμός) across, sideways, aslant.

δοχμόλοφος, ον, (δοχμός, λόφος) wearing one's plume aslant, with nodding plume.

**ΔΟΧΜΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, slanting, sideways. Hence δοχμόομαι, aor. 1 έδοχμώθην, Pass. to turn sideways

or aslant. δράγμα, ατος, τό, (δράσσομαι) as much as one can grasp, a bandful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus.

δραγματη-φόρος, ον, (δράγμα, φέρω) carrying sbeaves.

δραγμεύω, f. σω, to collect the corn into sheaves.

δραγμός, δ, (δράσσομαι) a taking hold of, handling. δράθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω.

δράθι, δραίην, aor. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω.

δραίνω, f. δράνω, (δράω) to be going to do.

δράκαινα, ης, ή, fem. of δράκων, a she-dragon. δράκειν, aor. 2 inf. act. of δέρκομαι.

δράκήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δέρκομαι.

δράκόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δέρκομαι,

δράκον, Ion. for ἔδρἄκον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.

δρακόντειος, α, ον, (δράκων) of a dragon.

δρακοντ-ολέτης, ου, δ, (δράκων, ὅλλυμι) serpentslayer.

δρακοντό-μαλλος, ον, (δράκων, μᾶλλος) with snaky

δρακοντ-ώδης, εs, (δράκων, είδοs) snake-like.

δράκών, aor. 2 part. act. of δέρκομαι.

δράκων, οντος, ό, (δρακείν) a dragon: later a serpent. δράμα, ατος, τό, (δράω) a deed, act, acting: a business, duty. 2. an action represented on the stage, **a dram**a.

δράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέχω.

δράμημα, ατος, τό, (δραμεῖν) a course, a race.

δράμοῦμαι, δραμών, fut. and aor. 2 part. of τρέχω. δράναι, aor. 2 inf. of διδράσκω.

δράξ, δράκός, = δράγμα.

δράπετεύω, f. σω, to run away, flee. From δραπέτης, ου, Ιοη. δρηπέτης, εω, ό, (δράναι) a runaway: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., δρα-

πέτης κλήρος a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn.

δραπετίδης, ου, δ, = δραπέτης.

δραπέτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of δραπέτης.

δραπετίσκος, δ. Dim. of δραπέτης

**δράς**, δρᾶσα, 2 or. 2 part. of δράω.

δράσείω, Desiderat. of δράω, to bave a mind to do, to be going to do.

δρασθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of δράω.

δράστμος, ον, (δράω) active; τὸ δράσιμον action.

δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, δ, (δρᾶναι) a running away, flight.

δράσομαι, fut. of διδράσκω. [ā]

ΔΡΑ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: fut. δράξομαι: aor. 1 έδραξάμην: pf. δέδραγμαι Att. δέδαργμαι: Dep.:—to grasp with the band, grasp a bandful of: to lay bold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by bandsful.

δραστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of δράω, to be done. δραστέον, one must do.

δραστήριος, ov, vigorous, active, efficacious.

δραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δράω) a worker: servant.

δραστικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\delta\rho\dot{a}\omega)$  active.

δράτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω, skinned, flayed.

δραχμή, ή, (δράσσομαι) a drachma, a com worth 6 obols, i. e.  $q_4^3$ d, nearly = Roman denarius. Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)

**ΔΡΑ'**Ω, f. δράσω [ā]: aor. I ἔδρᾶσα: pf. δέδρᾶκα: -Pass., aor. 1 ἐδράσθην: pf. δέδρāμαι:—to do, be doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εὖ or κακῶς δρᾶν τινα, to do one good or ill.

δρεπάνη, ή, (δρέπω) a sickle, reaping-book, scythe. [ă] δρεπάνη-φόρος, ον, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) bearing a scythe; άρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.

δρεπάνο-ειδής, ές, (δρέπανον, ε $\overline{l}$ δος) sickle-shaped. δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, a sickle: a curved

δρεπάν-ουργός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \rho \epsilon \pi \alpha \nu o \nu, * \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega)$  a sword-maker.

δρέπτω, poet, for δρέπω, to pluck, cull. ΔΡΕ'ΠΩ, f ψω: aor. ι έδρεψα: aor. 2 έδραπον:

-Med., Dor. fut. δρεψεῦμαι: 201. 1 ἐδρεψάμην:--Pass., aor. 1 ἐδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess, enjoy.

δρηπέτης, εω,  $\dot{o}$ , Ion. for δραπέτης.

δρησμοσύνη, ή, = δρηστοσύνη.

δρηστήρ, ήροε, δ, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, α run-away.

δρηστήρ, ήροε, δ, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) a labourer, worker: fem. δρήστειρα.

δρηστής, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. for δραστής.

δρηστοσύνη, ή, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) service. δριμύλος, ον, Dim. of δριμύς, sharp, piercing. [v]

ΔΡΓΜΥΣ, εîa, ύ, piercing, stinging, biting, pun-II. metaph. like Lat. acer, sbarp, keen, bitter: sbrewd. Adv. -έωs. Hence

δριμύτης, τητος, ή, sbarpness, pungency: sbrewdness.

**ΔΡΙ'ΟΣ**, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δρίσν) copsewood, thicket, brushwood.

ΔΡΟΙΤΗ, ή, a bathing tub, a bath.

δρομαίος, α, ον, οτ ος, ον, (δρόμος) running at full speed, swift, fleet.

δρομάς, άδος, ό,  $\mathbf{\eta}$ , (δραμεῖν) running, wbirling. δρομεύς, έως,  $\mathbf{\delta}$ , (δραμεῖν) a runner.

δρόμημα,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $= \delta \rho \dot{a} \mu \eta \mu a$ .

δρόμος, δ, (δραμεῖν) a course, race, running: flight: a fleeing, escape; ημέρης δρόμος a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; ἔξω δρόμου φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course. II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δροσερός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$  dewy, watery

δροσίζω, f. ίσω, (δρόσος) to bedew, besprinkle.

δροσινός, ή, όν, (δρόσος) = δροσερύς.

δροσόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δροσερύς.

ΔΡΟ ΣΟΣ, η, Lat. ROS, dew: also the time of dew, dew-fall.

2. pure water: tears.
3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence

δροσόω, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδροσωμένος,

dewy.

δροσ-ώδης, εs, (δρόσος, είδος) dew-like, dewy.

Δρυάs, άδοs, ή, (δρῦs) a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.

δρύϊνος [t], η, ον, (δρῦς) oaken; δρύινον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύινον honey from a bollow oak.

δρυ-κολάπτης, ου,  $\delta$ , = δρυο-κολάπτης.

δρυμός, ό, pl. δρυμοί and δρυμά: (δρυς): an oak-coppice, a coppice, wood. [υ, except in neut. pl.]

δρυμών, ωνος, ή, (δρυς) an oak-coppice.

δρυο-γόνος, ον, (δρῦς, \*γένω) oak-grown.

δρυο-κοίτης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \rho \hat{v}s$ , κοίτη) couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττιξ.

δρυο-κολάπτης, ου, ό, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.

δρυο-πάγής, ές, (δρῦς, παγηναι) built of oak.

δρύ-οχοι, οί, οτ δρύ-οχα, τά, (δρῦς, ἔχω) the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρυόχους τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.

δρύοψ, οπος, ό, (δρῦς, ὄψ) a kind of woodpecker. δρῦ-πετής, ές, (δρῦς, πέπτω) ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ές, (δρῦς, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.

ΔΡΥΠΠΑ, ή, an over-ripe, mouldy olive.

**ΔΡΥΊΤΤΩ**, f. ψω: aor. I ἔδρυψα Ερ. δρύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδρύψθην: pf. δέδρυμμα:—to tear, scratch, wound; δρύπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's cheek; also absol.

 $\Delta$ PΥ Σ, ή, gen. δρυόs, acc. δρῦν: pl. nom. and acc. δρύαs, δρύαs, contr. δρῦν:—the oak, sacred to Zeus.

II. any timber tree; πίειρα δρῦν the resinous pine.

III. metaph. an old tree, i, e, withered old man.

δρύ-τόμος, ον, (δρûε, τεμείν) felling timber.

δρύφακτον, τό, and δρύφακτος, δ, (δρῦε) a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.

δρύφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτω.

δρύψα, Ep. aor. ι οf δρύπτω.

δρύψια, τά, (δρύπτω) scrapings, parings.

δρώσιμι, Ep. for δρώμι, lengthd. opt. of δράω.

δῦ, Ep. for ἔδυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.

δυάκις, Adv.  $twice_1 = \delta is$ .

δυάς, άδος, ή, (δύο) the number two.

δυάω, (δύη) to plunge in misery.

δυεῖν, later Att. for δυοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δύο. ΔΥΗ, ή, woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: bard usage. [v]

δύην, (as if for δυίην), 20r. 2 opt. of δῦμι.

δυηπάθίη, ή, misery. From

δυή-πάθος, ον, (δύη, παθεῖν) suffering woe.

δύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύιοs, a, ov, (δύη) miserable.

δύμἔναι, δῦμεν, Ep. for δῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω. δῦμι, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύνω.

δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like ἴσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνα, Ion. δύνη δύνεαι; 3 pl. δύνανται Ερ. δυνέαται; subj. δύνωμαι, Ion. 2 sing. δύνηα:—impf. ἐδυνάμην, 2 sing. ἐδύνω, 3 pl. ἐδύναντο Ion. ἐδυνέατο:—fut. δυνήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐδυνησάμην and ἐδυνήθην (or ἐδυνάσθην Ερ. δυνάσθην):—pf. δεδύνημαι:—in Att. the double augment ἢδυνάμην, ἢδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: I. to be able. capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc., δύνασθαι ἄπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia posse: absol., of δυνάμενοι the powerful. II. to pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; δ σίγλος δύναται ἐπτὰ δβόλους the shekel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote.

δύναμις, ή: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύναμι: (δύναμι):—strength, mught, power, ability; κατά δύναμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro viril: παρά δύναμιν or ὑπλρ δύναμιν beyond one's power. 2. a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity, Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as of money.

δὔνἄμόω, f. ώσω, (δύναμις) to strengthen.

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. 1 of δύναμαι.

δύνἄσις, εως, ή, poët. for δύναμις.

Stvaorela, h, power, lordship, sovereignty. II. an oligarchy. From

δύναστεύω, f. σω, to bold power or lordship, be powerful: to be high in rank. From

δυνάστης, ου, ό, (δύναμαι) a lord, master, ruler; of δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, ορος,  $\delta_1 = \delta v v άστη s$ .

δύνατέω, f. ήσω, (δυνατός) to be powerful.

δυνάτης, ου, ό, poët. for δυνάστης.

δύνατός, ή, όν, (δύναμαι) strong, mighty: powerful, | II. of things, possible. able.

δυνατώs, Adv. of δυνατόs, strongly, powerfully; δυνατώς έχει it is possible.

δυνε, Ep. for έδυνε, 3 sing. impf. of δύνω.

δύνεαι, δύνη, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέαται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνηαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύνω, see δύω.

**ΔΥ'O, Ep. δύω:** gen. and dat. δυοίν, in later Att. δυείν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυών, dat. δυσί Ion. δυοίσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. των δύο μοιράων:-Lat. DUO, our TWO; σύν δύο two together, by twos; els búo two and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, twelve, Lat. duo-decim. δυοκαιδεκά-μηνος, δυοκαιδεκάς, δυοκαιδέκατος,

see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δυόωσιν, Ep. for δυῶσιν, 3 pl. of δυάω.

δύρομαι, poet. for δδύρομαι.

δύσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to ευ, like our un- or mis- in un-lucky, mis-chance, always with a notion of bard, bad, ill, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύs, δῦσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-άγκριτος, poet. for δυσ-ανακ-.

δύσ-αγνος, ον, (δυσ-, άγνός) unchaste, impure.

δυσ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to bave bad luck in fishing. δυσ-άδελφος, ov, unbappy in one's brothers.

δυσ-āήs, έs, (δυσ-, ἄημι) ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσαήων Ep. gen. pl. for δυσαέων.

δυσ-άθλιος, a, ov, also os, ov, most miserable.

δυσ-αιανής, ές, most direful, most borrible.

δυσ-αίθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αΐθρα) not clear, murky. δυσ-αίων, ωνοε, δ, ή, miserable in life, most miserable.

δυσ-αλγήs, έs, (δυσ-, άλγοs) very painful.

**δυσ-άλγητος**, ον, (δυσ-, άλγέω) unfeeling, bardbearted.

δυσ-άλιος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ήλιος. [ā]

**δυσ-άλωτος**, ον, (δυσ-, άλῶναι) bard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακών bard to be reached by ills.

δυσ-άμβάτος, ον, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ανάβατος. δυσ-άμμορος, ov, most miserable.

δυσ-ανάβἄτος, ον, bard to mount.

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον. (δυσ-, ανακομίζω) bard to bring back or recall.

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-άγκριτος, ον, (δυσάνακρίνω) bard to distinguish or examine.

δυσ-ανασχετέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, ανασχετός) to bear ill, to be unable to bear.

δυσ-ανάτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, άνατρέπω) bard to overtbrow.

δυσ-άνεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) bard to bear. δυσ-άνεμος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ήνεμος.

δυσ-αντίβλεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) bard to look in the face.

δύσαντο, for ἐδύσ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (δυσ., άνηρ) with a bad busband. [ā]

δυσ-απάλλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) bard to get rid of.

δυσ-άπιστος, ov, very disobedient.

δυσ-απόκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) bard to answer.

δυσ-απότρεπτος, ον, (δυσ -, ἀποτρέπω) bard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.

δυσ-άρεστος, ον, (δυσ -, άρέσκω) ill to please, implacable: peevisb, morose.

δυσ-αριστο-τόκεια, ή, (δυσ-, άριστος, τόκος) unbappy mother of the noblest son.

δύσ-αρκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄρχω) bard to govern.

δυσαυλία, ή, ill or bard lodging. From

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλή) ill for lodging.

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλός) ill-suited for the flute. δυσ-αχής, έs, Dor. for δυσηχής.

δυσ-ἄχής, ές, (δυσ-, άχος) sorely painful.

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) grievous to be

δύσ-βάτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαίνω) bard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον difficult ground. painfully.

δυσ-βάϋκτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαύ(ω) full of wailing. δυσ-βίοτος, ον, (δυσ-, βίοτος) making life wretched.

δυσβουλία, ή, ill counsel, folly. From

δύσ-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) ill-advised.

δύσ-βωλος, ον, (δυσ-, βωλος) of ill soil, unfruitful. δύσ-γάμος, ov, ill-wedded.

δυσ-γάργαλις,  $\iota$ , (δυσ-, γαργαλίζω) ticklish, skittish. δυσγένεια, ή, low, mean birth. From

δυσ-γενής, ές, (δυσ-, γένος) low-born · low-minded. δύσ-γνοιά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δυσ-, γνωναι) ignorance, perplexity. δυσγνωσία, ή, difficulty of knowing. From

δύσ-γνωστος, ον, (δυσ-, γνωναι) bard to know or recognise.

δυσδαιμονία, ή, misery: wretchedness. From δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) ill-fated. δυσ-δάκρυτος, ον. (δυσ-, δακρύω) much wept. much weeping.

δύσ-δάμαρ, αρτος, δ, ή, ill-wedded.

δυσ-διάθετος, ον, (δυσ-, διατίθημι) bard to settle. δύσ-εδρος, ον, (δυσ-, έδρα) bringing ill luck to one's

δυσ-ειδής, ές, (δυσ-, είδος) unshapely, deformed. δυσ-είματος, ον, (δυσ-, είμα) meanly clad.

δυσ-είσβολος, ον, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) bard to enter or invade: Sup., -ώτατος, ov, most inaccessible.

δυσ-έκθυτος, ον, (δυσ-,  $\hat{\epsilon}$ κθύω) bard to avert by sacrifice.

δυσ-έκλύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) bard to undo, inexplicable: -- Adv. - Tws, indissolubly.

δυσ-εκπέρατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) bard to pass from, bard to escape.

δυσ-έκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ -, ἐκφεύγω) bard to escape

δυσ-ελένα, ή, ill-starred Helen.

δύσ-ελπις, ιδος, ό, ή, with ill hope, desponding. δυσ-έλπιστος, ον,  $(\delta v\sigma_-, \epsilon \lambda \pi i \zeta \omega)$  unhoped for;  $\epsilon \kappa$ 

δυσελπίστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly. δυσ-ίμβατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) bard to walk on, rugged: inaccessible.

δυσ-έμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, έμβάλλω) bard to invade. δυσ-εντερία, ή, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, έντερον) a bowel complaint, dysentery.

δυσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, έντυγχάνω) not affable. δυσ-εξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, έξαπατάω) bard to de-

ceive. δυσ-έξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, έξάπτω) bard to unloose.

δυσ-εξέλεγκτος,ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) bard to refute. δυσ-εξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) bard to unfold or explain.

δυσ-εξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, έξανύτω) bard to make away with: indissoluble.

δύσεο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.

δυσ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) bard to plot against or attack secretly.

δυσ-έραστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) unfavourable to love. δυσ-έρημος, ον, very desolate.

δύσ-ερις, ι, gen. ιδος, (δυσ-, έρις) most contentious, very quarrelsome, peevisb.

δυσ-έριστος, ον, (δυσ-, έρίζω) caused by evil strife. δυσ-ερμήνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, έρμηνεύω) bard to explain.

δύσ-ερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (δυσ-, έρως) passionately lowing, sick in love with, Lat. perdite amans. II. bardly loving, insensible to love.

δύσετο, Ερ for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med of δύω. δυσ-ευνήτωρ, ορος, δ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) an ill bed-fellow. δυσ-εύρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) bard to find out: hard to get through impersions

bard to get: bard to get through, impervious. δύσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) exceeding jealous.

δυσ-ζήτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) bard to seek out. δύσ-ζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζωή) most wretched.

δυσ-ήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκέομαι) bard to cure

δυσ-ήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) bard of bearing δυσ-ηλεγής, ές, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) of death, stretching one on a bard bed: bard, painful, uneasy: of men, bard-bearted, unfelling.

δυσ-ήλιος, ov, unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.

δυσ-ημερία, ή, (δυσ -, ήμέρα) an unlucky day.

δυσ-ήνεμος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄνεμος) with ill winds, stormy. δύσ-ηρις, ιδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , older form of δύσ-ερις, very quarrelsome, contentious.

δυσ-ηχής, ές, (δυσ-, ήχέω) ill-sounding: bateful to bear of, bateful.

δυσ-θαλτής, ές, (δυσ-, θάλπος) bard to warm: cbilly. δυσθανάτέω, f. ήσω, to die a lingering death. From δυσ-θάνάτος, ον, dying bard, struggling with death.

II. act. bringing a painful death.

δυσ-θάνής, ές, (δυσ-, θανείν) baving died a bard death

δυσ-θέατος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) ill to look on. δύσ-θεος, ον, godless, ungodly.

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον. (δυσ-, θεράπεύω) bard to cure. δυσ-θετέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, τίθημ) to be in bad case: Med. to take a thing  $\iota ll$ , Lat. aegre ferre.

δυσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανατέω.

δυσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) most mournful. δύσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) of barsb sound, grating. δυσθυμαίνω, = δυσθυμέω.

δυσθυμέω, f. ήσω, to be down-bearted, despond: Med. to be melancholy, angry. From

δύσ-θυμος, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) down-bearted, dispirited, desponding, anxious.

δυσ-ίατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) bard to heal or cure. δυσι-θάλασσος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) dipped in the sea.

δύσ-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ιππος) bard to ride in; τὰ δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.

δύσις, εως, ή, (δύω) a sinking of setting of the sun or stars; δύσις ήλίου the west.

δυσ-κάθαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, κάθαίρω) hard to cleanse or expeate: hard to appease, inexorable.

δυσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) bard to bold in. δύσ-καπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) very smoky.

δυσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) bard to check: restless.

δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) bard to bring about, bard to effect.

δυσ-κατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) bard to restore or reestablish.

δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) by no means to be despised.

δυσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δυσ-κατάπρακτος.

δύσκε, Ion. for έδυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.

δυσ-κέλαδος, ον, sbrill-screaming, grating: barsb. δυσ-κηδής, ές, (δυσ-, κήδος) full of care, painful.

δύσ-κηλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) past remedy. δυσ-κλεής, ές: acc. δυσκλεέα poet. δυσκλέα: (δυσ-,

κλέοs) injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence

δύσκλεια, ή, ingloriousness, disbonour: an ill name. δυσκλεωs, Adv. of δυσκλεήs, ingloriously.

δύσ-κληρος, ον, unlucky.

δυσκλής, poet. for δυσκλεής.

δυσκολαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (δύσκολος) to be peevish, discontented, annoyed.

δυσκολία, ή, (δύσκολος) peevishness, discontent.

δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) ill-cemented δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) bard to bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.

δυσκολό-κουτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) making one's bed uneasy.

δύσ-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) bard to satisfy with food: bard to please, fretful, peevish, discontented.

II. of things, barassing: unpleasant.

δύσ-κολπος, ov, with ill-formed womb.

δυσκόλως, Adv. of δύσκολος, peevisbly; δυσκόλως έχειν to be peevisb.

δυσ-κόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, κομίζω) bard to be borne.

δυσκρασία, ή, bad temperament. From δύσ-κρατος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμι) of bad temperament

δύσ-κρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, κρίνω) hard to discern: hard to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully; δυσκρίτως έγειν to be in doubt.

δυσ-κύμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the stormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, f. ήσω, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf.

δύσ-λεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or bard to tell.

δυσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λογίζομαι) bard to reckon.

II. misdirected, misguided.

δυσ-λόφος, ον, (δυσ-, λόφος) hard for the neck, hard to bear.

II. impatient: Adv. -φως, impatiently.

δύσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-, λύω) hard to loose, indissoluble. δυσμάθέω, f. ήσω, to be slow at learning. From δυσ-μάθής, έs, (δυσ-, μαθείν) bard to learn, diffi-

cult. II. act. slow at learning, dull:—Adv. -θωs, δυσμαθωs έχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain; to fight an unboly fight with. Hence

δυσμάχητέον, verb. Adj. one must struggle hard. δύσ-μάχος, ον, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) hard to fight with, unconquerable: generally, hard, difficult.

δυσμεναίνω, (δυσμενήs) to bear ill-will.

δυσμένεια, ή, (δυσμενήs) ill-will, enmity. δυσμενέων, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, bostile: masc.

Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενήs, έs, (δυσ-, μένοs) ill-affected, bearing ill-will. bostile: δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) bard to take in band or manage: bard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. δυθμή, ή, (δύω) = δύσις, a sinking, setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to dva-

δύσ-μηνις, ι, gen. ιος, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μήνιτος, ον, (δυσ-, μηνίω) visited by beavy wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, ερο, ή, a cruel mother, not a true mother.

δυσμηχανέω, f. ήσω, to be at loss. From

δυσ-μήχανος, ον, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss. δύσ-μοιρος, ον, (δυσ-, μοῖρα) = δύσμορος.

δυσμορία, ή, a bard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, ov, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, ή, badness of form, ugliness. From

δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) misshapen, ugly. Δύσ-μουσος, ον, (δυσ-, Μοῦσα) not favoured by the Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίζω) bard to wash out or off. δυσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοέω) bard to be understood.

δυσνοέω, f. ήσω, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, ή, (δύσνοοι) dislike, ill-will.

δυσνομία, ή, lawlessness: a bad constitution, bad code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, ov, lawless, unrighteous.

δύσ-voos, ov, contr. -vous, ovv, ill-disposed, ill-affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, ον, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφευτος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δυσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) bard to deal with.

δυσ-ξύνετος, ον, (δυσ-, ξυνίημι) bard to understand, obscure, enigmatical.

δυσοδμία, ή, = δυσοσμία. From

δύσ-οδμος, ον, = δύσοσμος.

δυσοδο-παίπαλος, ον, (δύσοδος, παιπάλη) rugged and steep.

δύσ-οδος, ov, bard to pass, scarce passable.

δυσ-οίζω, to be sad, anxious: Med. to be afraid. (From δυs, and of alas!, as οἰμώζω from οἴμοι.)

δυσ-οίκητος, ον, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) bad to dwell in.

δύσ-οιμος, ον, (δυσ-, οίμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, οἴσω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear, insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, ov, tempestuous.

δυσ-όμιλος, ον, with an ill company, bringing evils in one's train.

δυσ-όμματος, ον, (δυσ-, όμμα) scarce-ceing.

δυσ-όρατος, ον, (δυσ-, όράω) bard to see

δυσ-όργητος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργάω) = δύσοργος.δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, ᠔ργή) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, ον, with bad anchorage. II. act.

πνοαὶ δύσορμοι gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-ορνις, τθος, ό, ή, (δυσ-, ὅρνις) boding ill.

δυσ-όρφναιος, α, ον, (δυσ-, ὄρφνη) dusky. δυσοσμία, ή, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, ον, (δυσ-, δσμή) ill-smelling, stinking, rank.

Il. bad for scent.

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, οὐρίζω) driven on by a too favourable wind, prospering unhappily.

δυσπάθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer a bard fate, be in affliction. II. to be impatient, Lat. aegre ferre. From

δυσ-παθής, ές, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffering.

II. bardly feeling, impassive.

δυσ-πάλαιστος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαίω) bard to wrestle with, bard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλαμος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλάμη) bard to struggle with.

II. bardly belping oneself, belpless: Adv. -μως.

δυσ-πάληs, έs, (δυσ-, πάλη) bard to wrestle with: generally, bard, difficult.

generally, bara, aifficult. δυσ-παράβλητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incom-

parable. δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) bard to

persuade, stubborn. δυσ-παράθελκτος, ον, (δυσ-, παραθέλγω) bard to soothe or assuage.

δυσ-παραίτητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) bard to move by prayer, inexorable.

δυσ-πάρευνος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, εὐνή) ill-mated.

console or appease.

δυσ-πάρθενος, ή, an unhappy maiden.

Δύσ-πάρις, ιδος, o, ill-omened, ill-starred Paris:

δυσ-πάρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, πάρειμι to pass by) bard to

δυσ-πειθής, έε, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) bardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn: ill-trained.

δύσ-πειστος, ον, (δυσ-, πείθω) bard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient. Adv., δυσπείστως έχειν to be incredulous.

δυσ-πέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελάζω) dangerous to

δύσ-πεμπτος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμπω) bard to send away. δυσ-πέμφελος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) of the sea, rough and stormy: metaph. rude, discourteous.

δυσ-πενθής, ές, (δυσ-, πένθος) bringing sore affliction, grievous.

δυσ-πέρατος, ον, (δυσ-, περάω) bard to pass through.

δυσ-πετής, ές, (δυσ-, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) falling out ill, grievous, difficult. Adv. δυσπετωs, Ion. - έωs, with difficulty.

δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) full of grievous evil.

δυσ-πζνής, έε, (δυσ-, πίνοε) squalid.

δύσ-πλάνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) wandering in misery δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοίη, ή, difficulty of sailing From

δύσ-πλοος, ον, (δυσ-, πλέω) bad for sailing.

δύσ-πλωτος, ον, = δύσπλοος.

δύσπνοια, ή, difficulty of breathing. From

δύσ-πνοος, ον, contr. - πνους, ουν, (δυσ-, <math>πν ϵω) scant II. unfit to breathe. of breath, breathless. πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι contrary winds.

δυσ-πολέμητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) bard to war with.

δυσ-πόλεμος, ov, unlucky in war.

δυσ-πολιόρκητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) bard to take by siege.

δυσ-πονής, έε, (δυσ-, πον έω) toilsome.

δυσ-πόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, πον <math>εω) bard-earned II. bringing toil and trouble.

δύσ-πονος, ov, toilsome, wearisome.

δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) bard to pass. δυσπορία, ή, difficulty of passing. From

δύσ-πορος, ον, hard to pass, scarce passable.

δύσ-ποτμος, ον, unlucky, ill-starred. Adv. δυσπότμωs, miserably.

δύσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πότον) bard to drink, unpalatable.

δυσ-πράγέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, πράγοε) to fare ill.

δυσ-πραξία, ή, (δυσ-, πράσσω) ill success, ill luck. δύσ-πράτος, ον, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) bard to sell.

δυσ-πρεπής, ές, (δυσ-, πρέπω) base, unseemly.

δυσ-πρόσβατος, ον, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) bard to approach, scarce accessible.

δυσ-παρήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) bard to | δυσ-πρόσίτος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι to approach) bard to approach, difficult of access.

δυσ-πρόσοδος, ov, bard to get at.

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) bard to deal or bear with, morose.

δυσ-πρόσοπτος, ον, (δυσ-, προσύψομαι f. of προσοράω) ill to look on: of ill aspect.

δυσ-προσπέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) bard to approach.

δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) of ill aspect. δύσ-ρίγος, ον, (δυσ-, ρίγος) unable to bear cold.

δυσσέβεια, ή, impiety: a charge of impiety: and δυσσεβέω, f. ήσω, to be impious: to act impiously.

δυσ-σεβής, έε, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) ungodly, impious. δυσσεβία, poet. for δυσσέβεια.

δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σώζω) bard to save, ruined, Lat. perditus: τὰ δύσσοα the rogues.

δυσ-τάλαs, aiva, av, very wicked, most miserable.

δύστανος, ον, Dor. for δύστηνος.

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) bard to conjecture: dark and riddling.

δύσ-τεκνος, ον, (δυσ-, τέκνον) unhappy in one's chıldren.

δυσ-τερπής, ές, (δυσ-, τέρπω) ill-pleasing, displeasing.

δύστηνος, ov, wretched, unbappy, unfortunate. like Lat. miser, wretched, profligate. (Deriv. uncertain.) δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) suffering evil, wretched.

δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τληναι) bard to endure. δυσ-τοκεύς, έωε, ὁ, (δυσ-, τοκεύε) an unbappy parent. δυστοκέω, f. ήσω, to bave a bard labour. From δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκεῖν) bringing forth with pain δυστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak evil of. From

δύ-στομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) evil-speaking. of a horse, bard-mouthed.

δύ-στονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) lamentable.

δυσ-τόπαστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) bard to guess. δυ-στόχαστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) bard to bit upon.

δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) fed on borrid food. δυσ-τράπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) bard to turn: stubborn, unmanageable. Adv. - \alphaws, awkwardly. δύσ-τροπος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) bard to turn or direct: stubborn, wayward.

δυστυχέω, f. ήσω: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχήs): - to be unlucky, unbappy: of things, to fail. Hence δυστύχημα, ατος, τό, a mischance, a failure.

δυσ-τὕχής, έε, (δυσ-, τύχη) unlucky, unfortunate. Adv. –χῶs. Hence

δυστυχία, ή, ill luck, ill fortune.

δυσ-ύποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ὑποίσω fut. of ὑποφέρω) bard to endure.

δύσ-φαμος, Dor. for δύσφημος.

δύσ-φάτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) bard to tell, unspeakable, borrible, Lat. infandus.

δυσφημέω, f. ήσω, (δύσφημος) to speak evil words:

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of, blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ή, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, boding. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φιλής, ές, (δυσ-, φιλέω) bateful.

δυσφορέω, f. ήσω, (δύσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. aegre ferre; to be discontented. Hence δυσφόρητος, ov. bard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, δ, ή, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δύσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) bard to bear, oppressive, beavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφύρως ξχειν to be intolerable.

II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolisbly.

δυσφροσύνη, ή, anxiety, care. From

δύσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) beavy in beart, sorrowful.

II. ill-disposed, bostile.

III. senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) bard to watch or keep. II. bard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χείμα) very wintry, stormy. δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χειρόω) a thing bard to subdue, a bard conquest.

δυσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρόω) bard to subdue. δυσχεραίνω, fut. ἀνῶ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. aegre ferre: to be discontented, displeased. II. to make a thing bard, to make difficulties; ἡήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ή, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble.
2. of persons, peeusbness, ill-temper, moroseness.

δυσ-χερής, ές, (δυσ-, χείρ) bard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons, peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερως έχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχίμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχιμος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαινία, ή, scanty, shabby clothing. From δύσ-χλαινος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαίνα) shabbily clad.

δύσ-χορτος, ov, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) bard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ή, (δυσ-, χῶροs) difficult ground. δυσ-ώδης,  $\epsilon$ s, (δυσ-,  $\delta$ ζω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδινος, ον, (δυσ-, ώδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσωνέω, f. ήσω, to beat down the price, cheapen.

δυσ-ώνης, ου, δ, (δυσ-, ἀνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, όνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Alas.

δυσ-ωπέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, ωψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be asbamed, sby, timid.

δυσ-ωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ὧροε):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ώρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ου, δ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

 $\Delta\Upsilon'\Omega$  or δύνω: fut. δύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I act. ἔδῦσα:—Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδυόμην: fut. δύσομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I ἐδῦσάμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσετο, imperat. δύσο, part. δυσόμενοs used in pres. sense: with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 ἔδῦν, vs, v, dual ἐδύτην  $[\bar{v}]$ , pl. ἔδῦμεν, ἔδῦτε, ἔδῦσαν Ep. ἔδυν; imperat. δύθι, δῦτε, subj. δύω; opt. δυίην or δύην; inf. δῦναι, part. δύs: pf. δέδῦκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. 1, δύσω, ἔδῦσα, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act., and in Med .: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaph., εί μη σύ γε δύσεαι άλκήν if thou wilt not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; δύναι κόλπον θαλάσσης to sink into the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δῦναι and δύσασθαι to plunge into the fight; μνηστήρας δύσασθαι to go in 3. to come over or upon; káamong the suitors. ματος γυια δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs; κρατερή ε λύσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δυώ-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δυωδεκά-βοιος, ον, (δυώδεκα, βοῦς) worth twelve

beeves. δυωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δυώδεκα, δράμεῖν) running

twelve courses. δυωδεκά-μηνος, ος, (δυώδεκα, μήν) twelve months

δυωδεκά-μοιρος, ον, (δυώδεκα, μοιρα) divided into twelve parts.

δυωδεκαταίος, ov, twelve days old.

δυωδέκατος, ον, poet, for δωδέκατος.

δυωκαιεικοσί-μετρος, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) bolding two-and-twenty measures.

δυωκαιεικοσί-πηχυς, v, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι,  $\pi \hat{\eta} \chi vs$ ) twenty-two cubits long.

δω, τό, Ep. apocopate form for δωμα, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for δωματα.

δω, δωs, δω, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δώ-δεκα, ol, al, τά, (δύο, δέκα) twelve, Lat. duodecim. δωδεκά-γναμπτος, ον, (δώδεκα, γνάμπτω) bent twelve times; δωδεκάγναμπτον τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκάδ-αρχος, ό, (δώδεκα, ἄρχω) a leader of twelve. δωδεκά-δωρος, ον, (δώδεκα, δῶρον 11) twelve palms long.

δωδεκ-άεθλος, ov, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ές, (δώδεκα, έτος) of twelve years:—but, δωδεκαέτης, ου, ό, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δώδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουνος, ov, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίνος, ον, (δώδεκα, λίνον) of twelve threads. δωδεκά-μηνος, ον, (δώδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, ον, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) knowing twelve arts.

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, with twelve children.

δωδεκά-πάλαι, Adv. twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.

δωδεκά-πηχυς, v, twelve cubits long.

δωδεκά-πολις, ι, gen. 108, formed of twelve united states.

δωδεκ-άρχης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \delta \omega \delta \epsilon \kappa$ -αρχος.

δωδεκάς, άδος, ή, (δώδεκα) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, ov, twelve-oared.

δωδεκά-σκῦτος, ov, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

δωδεκαταίος, a, ov, on the twelfth day. From

δωδέκατος, η, ον, (δώδεκα) the twelfth. δωδεκά-φυλος, ον, (δώδεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes:

τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.
δωδεκ-έτης, ου, ό, (δώδεκα, έτος) twelve years old;

δωδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (δώδεκα, έτος) twelve years old; fem. δωδεκ-έτις, ιδος, ή.

Δωδώνη, ή, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δώη, δώησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj of δίδωμι.

δώην, Ep. for δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δωκα, Ερ. for ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.

δωλος, Dor. for δοῦλος.

δωμα, ατος τό, (δέμω) a bouse, dwelling. II. a part of the bouse, a chamber, room. III. a bouse, j bousehold.

δωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δώμα.

δωματίτης, ου, δ: fem. - ττις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (δωμα): of, belonging to the bouse or bousehold.

δωματο-φθορέω, f. ήσω,  $(\delta \hat{\omega} \mu a, \phi \theta \epsilon i \rho \omega)$  to ruin bouse and home.

δωματόω, f. ώσω,  $(\delta \hat{\omega} \mu \alpha)$  to bouse.

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, Dep., (δέμω) to build.

δωναξ, Dor. for δόναξ, δοῦναξ.

δώομεν, Ep. for δῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμ. δωρεά, Ion. - εή, ή, a gift, present:—Acc. δωρεάν used as Adv., as a free gyft, freely, Lat. gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain. From

δωρέω, f. ήσω: or δωρέομαι, Dep., f. ήσομαι:—to give, present: to present one with, Lat. dono. Hence

δώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is given, a gift.
δωρητός, ή, όν, (δωρέω) open to gifts or presents, to
be appeased by gifts.

II. freely given.

 $\Delta \omega \rho i d \zeta \omega$ , f.  $d \sigma \omega$ ,  $= \Delta \omega \rho i \zeta \omega$ .

**Δωριεύs**, έω**s**, δ, ( $\Delta \hat{\omega}$ pos) a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω Dor. -(σδω: f. iσω: (Δῶροε):—to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3. to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικόs,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , and Δώριοs,  $\alpha$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ , (Δώροs)  $Dor^i c$ , Dorian.

Δωρίς, ίδος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\Delta \hat{\omega} pos$ ) fem. Adj. Dorian: (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) the Dorian land, i. e. Peloponnesus. (sub. κοπίς) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices. Δωρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσδω, Dor. for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶροε) Adv. in Dorian fashion.

δωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, (δωροδόκος) to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—Pass. to bave a bribe given one: c. acc. to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκημα, ατος, τό, a bribe.

δωροδοκηστί, Adv. (δωροδοκέω) in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.

δωροδοκία, ή, (δωροδοκέω) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.

δωρο-δόκος, ον, (δώρον, δέχομαι) taking presents or bribes.

δωρο-δότης, ου, ό, (δώρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents. δώρον, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δώρα θεών gifts of or from the gods. II. the breadth of the hand, the palm.

δωρο-φάγος, ον, (δώρον, φάγεῖν) devouring gifts,

greedy of presents.

δωροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bring presents or bribes. From δωρο-φόρος, ον, (δῶρον, φέρω) bringing presents: hence tributary.

δωρύττομαι, Dor. for δωρέσμαι.

δώs, ή, Lat. dos, = δόσιs, only in nom.

δωσείω, Desiderat. of δίδωμι, to be ready to give.

δωσέμεναι, -έμεν, Ερ fut. inf of δίδωμι.

δφσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι.

g. II. a δωσί-δίκος, ον, (δίδωμι, δίκη) giving oneself up to III. a bouse, justice, abiding by a sentence.

δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

δωσῶν, Dor. for δώσων, fut. act. part. of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, ηρος, ό, (δίδωμι) a giver.

δώτης, ου, δ, = δωτήρ.

δωτινάζω, f. άσω, to receive presents. From

δωτίνη, ή, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: acc. δωτίνην as Adv., as a free gift, freely, like δωρεάν. [τ]

δώτωρ, ορος, δ, = δωτήρ.

δώω, Ep. for δω, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

## E

E, ε, called  $\hat{\epsilon}$  ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral  $\epsilon' = \pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon$  and  $\pi \epsilon \mu \pi \tau \sigma \sigma$ ,  $\epsilon = 5000$ . When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted  $\eta$  from the Samian alphabet to represent long  $\epsilon$ , the Gramm. introduced the name of  $\hat{\epsilon}$  ψιλόν,  $\epsilon$  without the aspirate, because  $\mathbf{E}$  was one way of writing the rough breathing.

\*, bim-, ber-, or it-self, Lat. se, acc. sing. and plur. reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer Ep. form is ξε, never enclitic. II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it. See οῦ, Lat. sut.

ed, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: Lat. vab!

ἔā, for εἴā, 3 sing. impf. of ἐάω.

έd, Ion. for ήν, I sing. impf. of εlμί sum.

έα, lengthd. Ep. έαα, 3 sing. pres. of έαω. έάαν, lengthd. Ep. inf. of έάω. έαγα, pf. of άγνυμι with pass. sense. ἐάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ἄγνυμι. **ἔαδα**, pf. of άνδάνω. ἔἄδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. έάλη or εάλη [ἄ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of είλω. ἐάλωκα [ἄ], pf., ἐάλων [ˇā], 20r. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι. êdv, Conj. (properly el av), if baply, if so be that, in case that, followed by Subjunctive, whereas el is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it el ke or αἴ κε: the Att. contract it into ήν and αν. with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. an, if, whether; σκόπει έαν ίκανον ή see if or whether III. ¿àv kai even if, granting that; it be enough. έαν μή if not, except, unless; έαν αρα μή if perbaps IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐάν stands for αν; δs εάν wbosoever; οπου εάν wberesoever; but only in very late writers.

**ἐἄνόν**, τό, ν. sq.

έāvós, ή, όν, (ἔννῦμι) used of all things fit for putting on or wearing; and so, generally, fine, light; έανδε κασσίτερος tin beat out thin and made fit for II. as Subst., έἄνόν (sub. είμα or ἰμάτιον), wear. τό, a rich state-robe.

ἔαξα for ἦξα, aor. I of ἄγνυμι.

"EAP, έαρος, τό; Ep. είαρ, είαρος; contr. ήρ, ήρος: -Lat. VER, spring; ¿apos véov lotaµévolo in early spring; metaph. of anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing; γενύων έαρ the first down on the chin.

έαρί-δρεπτος, ον, (ξαρ, δρέπω) plucked in spring. **ἐαρίζω**, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἔαρ) to pass the spring. έ**ἄ**ρἴνός Ερ. εἰαρινός Att. ἡρινός, ή, όν: (ἔαρ): Lat. vernus, of or belonging to spring.

έαρο-τρεφής, έε, (έαρ, τρέφω) spring-nurtured.

έαs, Ep. for ηs, 2 sing. impf. of είμί sum.

čāσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐάω.

έδοι, Ep. for είσί, 3 plur. of είμί sum. ἔασκον, Ion. for ϵἴων, impf. of ϵάω. **ἔἄται**, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι. έατε. Ep. for ἢτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

έατέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of έάω, to be suffered: to be let alone.

έάτο, Ion. for ηντο, 3 pl. impf. of ημαι.

έ-αυτοῦ, η̂s, οῦ, pl. ἐαυτῶν, etc.; Ion. ἐωυτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἔ, q.v., αὐτοῦ):--Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., of bimself, berself, itself, etc., used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἐάφθη, Ep. for ήφθη, 3 sing. 201. 1 pass. of ἄπτω. **ΈΑ'Ω**, contr. ἐω̂, Ep. εἰω̂: impf. εἴων, Ep. without augm. ἔων: fut. ἐάσω [ā]: aor. I εἴāσα, Ερ. ἔāσα: pf. elaκa:-Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, εάσομαι: pf. elapar. To let, suffer, allow, permit: with notion of carelessness, to leave alone. II. to let go, let alone, let be: beed not. 2. to let alone, let be; θεόε τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐάσει he will give one thing, the other he will let alone, i. e. not give : ear valoeir to

let alone. III. Med., ἐᾶσθαί τινί τι to give up a thing to another.

έάων, Ep. for ἐήων, gen. pl. of ἐΰs.

**ἔβαλον**, aor. 2 of βάλλω.

**ἔβἄν**, Ep. for ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

έβάσκηνα, έβασκάνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βασκαίνω.

έβάστασα, έβάσταξα, aor. 1 of βαστάζω.

έβάφθην, έβάφην [ἄ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω. έβδομ-αγέτης, ου, δ, (έβδόμη, ἄγω) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month.

έβδομαίος, α, ον, (ξβδομος) on the seventh day.

έβδομάς, άδος, ή, a number of seven.

έβδόματος, ον, (έβδομος) the seventh.

έβδομήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (ἐπτά) indecl. seventy.

έβδομηκοντα-έξ, seventy-six.

έβδομος,  $\eta$ , ον, (ἐπτά) the seventh. ΙΙ. ή έβδόμη (ἡμέρα), the seventh day of the month.

έβεβήκειν, plapf. of βαίνω.

έβεβλήκειν, έβεβλήμην, plopf. act. and pass. of βάλλω. έβένινος, η, ον, of ebony. From

"EBENOΣ, ή, the ebony-tree, ebony.

έβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

**ἔβηξα**, aor. 1 of βήσσω. έβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω.

έβήσετο, Ep. for έβήσατο, aor. 1 med. of βαίνω.

έβιασάμην, έβιάσθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of βιάζω. έβιήθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω.

έβίων, aor. 2 of βιύω.

**ἐβιώσαο, 2** sing. 2or. 1 of βιώσκομαι.

έβλαβεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

**έβλάστηκα,** pf. of βλάστανω.

έβλάστησα, έβλαστον, aor. 1 and 2 of βλαστάνω.

**ἔβλαφα,** pf. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

 $\epsilon$ βλ $\epsilon$ φθην, aor. I pass. of βλ $\epsilon$ πω.

έβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

**έβλίσα,** aor. 1 of βλίσσω.

**ἔβλ**ὕσα, aor. 1 of βλύζω, but **ἔβλ**ῦσα of βλύω.

έβούλευσα, έβουλεύθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

έβουλήθην, έβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι. EBPAI OΣ, a Hebrew: 'Εβραίs, loos, fem. Adj. (sub. διάλεκτος), the Hebrew dialect. Hence

Έβραϊστί, Adv. in the Hebrew tongue.

**ἔβρἄσα, ἐβράσθην,** aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω.

**ἔβρἄχε,** see βράχω.

**ἐβράχην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω. έβρέξα, έβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.

**ἔβριξα, aor. 1** of *βρίζω*.

**ἔβρῖσα,** aor. 1 of *βρίθω*. **ἔβρὕχον,** aor. 2 of βρύχω [τ].

έβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρων, 20r. 2 of βιβρώσκω.

**ἔβρωσα, ἐβρώθην,** aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκ**ω**. ἔβῦσα, ἐβύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βύω.

II.

έβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, 20r. 1 of βοάω.

ἔγ-γαιος, α, ον, also ἔγ-γειος, ον, (ἐν,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) in or of the land, native. II. of property, in land, con-III. in or beneath the earth, like sisting of land. χθόνιος.

έγ-γέγαα, Ep. pf. of έγγίγνομαι. έγγέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of έγγλύφω. έγγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of έγγράφω. έγγεγύηκα, -ημαι, see έγγυάω.

έγ-γείνωνται, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of \*έγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

έγ-γειος, see έγγαιος.

έγγελάστης, ov, δ, a mocker, scorner. From **ἐγ-γελάω**, f. άσομαι [ἄ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω: —to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.

έγ-γενής, ές, (έν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; έγγενείε θεοί gods of the race or country.

born of the same race, kindred.

έγ-γηράσκω, fut. άσομαι [ā], to grow old in a place. έγ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίγνομαι: (ἐν, γίγνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγγίγνεται, it is allowed, like έξεστι.

ἐγγίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐγγύs) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at hand.

έγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for έγγίγνομαι. έγγίων, ον, Comp., and έγγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of

**ἐγ**γύs.

έγ-γλύσσω, (έν, γλυκύs) to bave a sweet taste. έγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (έν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.

έγ-γλωττο-τύπέω, f. ήσω, (έν, γλώσσα, τύπτω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of. ἔγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ γ-γράφω, f.  $\psi\omega$ : for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to bave written on; έγγεγραμμένος τι baving it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

**ἐγ-γὕἄλίζω**, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυάλιξα: (ἐν, γύalov):—to put into one's bands, grant in full, give

to one's charge.

έγγυάω, impf. ήγγύων: fut. έγγυήσω: aor. I ήγγύησα: pf. ήγγύηκα:—Pass., aor. 1 ήγγυήθην: pf. ήγγύημαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγύων, ἐνεγύησα, ἐγγεγύηκα: but it is derived from έγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):-to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer: - Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:-Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

έγ-γύη, ή, (έν, γυῖον or γύαλον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail. έγγυητήs, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐγγυάω) one who gives bail or

security, a surety.

έγγυητός, ή, όν, (έγγυάω) plighted, betrothed. έγγύθεν, Adv. (έγγύε) from nigh at hand, hard by, II. of Time, nigh at hand. near.

έγγύθι, (έγγύs) Adv. bard by, near. Time, nigh at band.

έγ-γύος, ον, (έγγύη) giving surety or bail.

as Subst., =  $\epsilon \gamma \gamma \nu \eta \tau \eta s$ , a surety.

ΈΓΓΥΊΣ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at band, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. έγγίων, ον, and έγγύτερος, a, ον; Adv. έγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. έγγιστος and έγγύτατος; Adv. έγγιστα and έγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίων.

έγ-γώνιος, ον, (έν, γωνία) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῆ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.

έγδούπησα, Ep. for έδούπησα, 20r. 1 of δουπέω.

έγέγωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γεγώνω: see γέγωνα. έγεγώνειν, plapf. of γέγωνα.

έγεγώνευν, impf. of γεγωνέω: see γέγωνα.

έγεινάμην, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget.

έγεγόνει and έγεγένητο, 3 sing. plapf. of γίγνομαι. ΈΓΕΙ ΡΩ, fut. έγερω: aor. ήγειρα: pf. έγηγερκα: -Pass., aor. 1 ήγέρθην Ep. 3 pl. έγερθεν: pf. έγήγερμαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see εγρετο, εγρ-I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir: ήγορα: -metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the 3. to raise, erect a building. and Pass, to wake, rise up from sleep. in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

έγέλασσα, έγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. 1 of γελάω. έγεντο, syncop. for έγένετο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of γί-

γνομαι.

έγέρηρα, aor. 1 of γεραίρω.

έγερθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of έγείρω.

έγερσί-γελως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλως) laughterstirring.

έγερσι-θέατρος, ον, (έγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.

έγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, δ: fem. έγερσιμάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.

ἐγέρσιμος, ον, (ἐγείρω) waking, easıly waked; ἐγέρσιμος υπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἔγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.

έγερσι-φάής, ές, (έγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.

έγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

έγηγέρατο, Ion. for έγηγερμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of έγείρω.

έγήγερκα, έγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έγείρω.

έγημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

έγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

έγήρασα, aor. I of γηράσκω.

έγήρυσα, aor. 1 of γηρύω.

έγ-καθαρμόζω, f. όσω, to fit in.

έγ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take

one's seat in: to encamp in a place. έγκάθετος, ον, (έγκαθίημι) suborned.

έγ-καθηβάω, f. ήσω, to pass one's youth in. έγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.

έγ-καθιδρύω, f. ύσω [ū], to set up in.

έγ-καθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to seat in or upon. II. intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on. έγ-καθίημι, f. ήσω, to let down into, send in.

έγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in. II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. έγκα-τέστην; pf. έγκαθέστηκα; plqpf. έγκαθεστήκειν: to be placed or established in.

έγ-καθορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to bring into barbour: Med. to run into barbour.

έγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to riot to excess in a thing.

έγ-καίνια, τά, (έν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

έγκαινίζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate. έγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. II. to

έγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. 11. to make a fire in. ἐν-κάλέω, fut, ἐνκαλέσω: pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to cal

έγ-καλέω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω: pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to call in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φόνον ἐγκαλεῦν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure. ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

iγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration.

**ἐγκαλυμμός**, δ, a wrapping up. From

έγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:—Mcd. to bide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be asbamed. έγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

έγ-κανάσσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in; 20r. I imperat. ἐγκάναξον. (Formed from the sound.)

έγ-κανάχάομαι, Dep. (έν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

**ἐγ-κάπτω**, f. ψω: pf. ἐγκέκἄφα:—to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt.

ἔγ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.ἐγ-κάρσιος, a, ον, cross, transverse, oblique.

εγ-καρσιος, α, ον, cross, transverse, collique.
εγ-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to persevere or persist in.
II. to await steadfastly.

III. absol. to bold out.

έγκατα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, howels: dat. ἔγκασι. ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in. ἐξ-καταγηράσκω, f. άσομαι [α]: to grow old in. ἐγ-καταδέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

έγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into έγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into έγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. – ζεύξω, to associate with, adapt.

έγκατάθοιτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι. ἐγκατάθοιτο, 12 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι. ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.

έγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place:
—Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

έγ-κατακοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

έγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; έγκατακρούειν χοpelar to tread a measure or dance among.

έγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.

έγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a wall.

II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.

ey-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:— Pass. to be left behind in a race. έγκατάληψις, εωε, ή, (έγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and bolding fast: a being caught in a place.

έγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix up in. έγ-καταπήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into: to

fix in. ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon.

έγ-καταπλέκω, f. -πλέξω, to interweave, entwine.

έγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

έγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics, to break out among.

II. trans. to burl down upon.

έγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.

έγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:—Med., τελαμῶνα ξῆ ἐγκάτθετο τέχνη be included the swordbelt in bis art, 1. e. wrought it by bis art.

έγ-καταχέω, f. -χεω, to pour in besides.

έγκατελέγην, 201. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω. ἐγκατέλιπον, 201. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.

έγκατέπηξα, 201. I of έγκαταπήγνυμι.

έγκάτθεο, Ep. for έγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and έγκάτθετο, for έγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of έγκατατίθημι.

έγ-κατιλλώπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to scoff at.

έγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in.

έγ-κατοικοδομέω, t. ήσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immure.

έγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in.

II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack: to be vebement against: to press one bard.

2. to be devoted to.

έγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., έγκεκαρμένφ κάρα with shorn head.

έγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of έγκαίω.

έγκέκαφα, pf. of έγκάπτω.

έγκέκληκα, pf. of έγκαλέω.

έγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of έγκλείω. έγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of έγκλίνω.

εγκεκλιμαι, pr. pass. or εγκλινω. έγκεκτημαι, pf. of έγκτάομαι.

έγκεκύκλωμαι, pf. pass. of έγκυκλόω

έγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τύ, (έγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzah.

έγκέλευστος, ov, urged on, bidden, ordered. From έγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.

έγ-κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma$ -κεντρί $\epsilon$ , ίδο $\epsilon$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ , κέντρον)  $\alpha$  sting:  $\alpha$  spur.  $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma$ -κεράνν $\ddot{\nu}$ μι, fut.-κεράσω [ $\ddot{\alpha}$ ]: ( $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ , κεράνν $\ddot{\nu}$ μι): to mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.

έγ-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to mock at.

έγ-κέφαλος, ον, (έν, κεφαλή) within the head; δ έγκέφαλος (sub. μνελός), I. the brain. II. the edible pith of young palm-shoots.

έγκεχαλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of έγχαλινόω.

έγκέχοδα, pf. of έγχέζω.

έγκεχρημένος, pf. part. pass. of έγχράω.

έγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of έγχέω.

έγ-κίθαρίζω, f. ίσω, to play the barp among.

έγ-κίρνημι, = έγκεράννυμι.

ey-κλείω, f. σω, to sbut in, confine within. to shut to, shut fast.

έγκληθείς, aor. I part. pass. of έγκαλέω.

έγ-κλητω, Ion. for έγκλείω.

έγ-κλημα, ατος, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.

έγκλήμων, μονος, δ, (έγκαλέω) censorious.

έγ-κληρος, ον, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heiress.

έγ-κλήω, Att. for έγκλείω: aor. I part. έγκλήσας. έγ-κλίδον, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant. έγ-κλίνω, f. -κλίνῶ: pf. -κέκλϊκα, pass. -κέκλϊμαι: to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari. έγ-κολαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to bollow out, scoop out.

έγ-κοιλος, ον, (έν, κοίλος) bollowed out, bollow. έγ-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. ήσομαι, to

sleep in.

έγ-κοιμίζω, f. ίσω, to lull to sleep in a place.

έγ-κοισύροω, f. ώσω, (έν, Κοισύρα) hence perf. part. pass. έγκεκοισυρωμένη, as luxurious as Coesyra (a female name in the Alcmæonid family).

**ἐγ-κοιτάs**, άδοs, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed. ἐγ-κοληβάζω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβοs, swallow.

έγ-κονέω, f. ήσω, to basten, be quick and active. Hence

έγ-κονητί, Adv. in baste, diligently.

έγ-κονίομαι, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.

έγκοπή, ή, (έγκοπηναι) a binderance.

έγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έγκόπτω.

ἔγκοπος, ον, (ἐγκοπῆναι) wearied.

έγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to binder, weary.

έγ-κορδυλέω, f. ήσω, (έν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. έγκεκορδυλημένος.

έγ-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange in order.

έγκοτέω, f. ήσω, to be indignant at. From

τή-κοτος, ον, (έν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious.

II. ἔγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, batred.

έγ-κράζω, f. -κράζομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκράγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.

έγκράτεια, ή, self-control, Lat. continentia: and έγκράτειο, ή, self-control, Lat. continentia: and έγκρατένομαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From έγ-κράτής, έε, (ἐν. κράτοι) with a firm bold: stout, strong. II. baving the mastery over, baving possession of. 2. baving control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.

έγκρατώς, Adv. of έγκρατής, strongly, strictly:

temperately.

iγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.

έγκροτέοισαι, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of έγ-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

 II. | beat or keep time:—Pass., πυγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.

έγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.

έγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.

έγκρυφιάζω, f. άσω, (έγκρύφιος) to keep oneself bidden: to act underband.

έγκρυφιάs, άδοs, ή, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From

έγκρύφιος, ον, (έγκρύπτω) bidden in.

έγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐγκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence ἔγκτημα, ατος, τό, property beld in a foreign country. ἔγκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.

έγ-κὔκάω, f. ήσω, to mix up in.

έγ-κύκλιος, ον, (έν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.

ἔγ-κυκλος, ον, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.

έγ-κυκλόω, f. ώσω, (έν, κύκλοs) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.

έγ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (έν, κθμα 11) pregnant.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ γ-κὕος, ον,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}ν$ , κύω) =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ γκύμων.

έγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into. έγ-κύρω, impf. ἐνέκῦρον: fut ἐγκύρσω: aor. 1 ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.

έγκύρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of έγ-κύρω. έγκυτα, τά, Lacon. of έγκατα.

έγ-κωμιάζω, fut. άσω and άσομαι: pf. εγκεκωμίακα:

—Pass, aor. I ενεκωμιάσθην: pf. εγκεκωμίασμαι:

(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from εγκώμιον):—to praise, laud.

έγκώμιον, τό, see έγκώμιος II. 2.

έγ-κώμιος, ον, (έν, κώμη) at home, of the same village. II. (έν, κώμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst έγκώμιον (sub. έπος), τό, a hynn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.

έγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

ἔγνωκα, ἔγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκω. ἔγνων, ωs, ω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

έγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκω.

ey-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape.

έγράφην [a], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.

έγραψα, aor. 1 act. of γράφω.

έγρε-κύδοιμος, ον, (έγείρω, κύδοιμος) strife-stirring. έγρε-μάχης, ου, ό, and έγρε-μάχος, η, ον, (έγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.

έγρεσί-κωμος, ον, (έγείρω, κῶμος) stirring up to revelry.

έγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; imperat.

έγρεο; 3 sing. subj. έγρη; inf. ἐγρέσθαι. ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορώς, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρήγορθε (Ερ.

for ξγρηγόρατε), inf. ξγρηγόρθαι (Ep. for ξγρηγορέναι):—plqpf. ξγρηγόρη, 3 sing. ξγρηγόρει. Homer uses the Ep. form ξγρήγορθα in 3 pl. ξγρηγόρθασι.

έγρηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. έγρηγοράω,

formed from εγρήγορα, watching, awake.

έγρηγορτί, (έγρηγορα) Adv. wakefully, awake. έγρησσω, from έγρηγορα, to be awake or watchful. έγρουτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of έγείρω. έγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of έγείρω.

έγ-χάλινόω, f. ώσω, to put the bit in the mouth of, bold in check:—Pass. to have the bit in one's mouth. έγχανείται, 3 sing. fut. of έγ-χάσκω:—έγχανή, 3

sing. aor. 2 subj.

έγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep = χαρίζομαι.

έγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from \*έγ-χαίνω), fut. έγχἄνοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-έχἄνον, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—to yawn or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

έγ-χέζω, f. - χέσω also - χεσοῦμαι: pf. εγκέχοδα: --Lat. incaco: c. acc. to be in a borrid fright at one.

έγχειάων, Ep. gen. pl. of έγχείη. έγχει-βρόμος, ον, (έγχος, βρέμω) thundering with

the spear.
εγχείη, ἡ, (ἔγχος) a spear, lance.

έγχειη, Ep. for έγχέη, 3 sing. subj. of έγχέω.

έγχει-κέραυνος, ον, (έγχος, κεραυνός) touching the thunderbolt.

έγ-χειρέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐνεχείρησα: (ἐν, χείρ):— to take in band, undertake. Hence

έγχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking: and

έγχείρησις, εως, ή, a taking in band, an undertaking. έγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of έγχείρεω, one must undertake.

έγχειρητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐγχειρέω) one who takes in hand: an adventurer.

έγχειρητικός, ή, όν, (ἐγχειρέω) enterprising.

έγ-χειρίδιος, ον, (ἐν, χείρ) in the hand. II. as Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, τό, a hand-knife, dagger. 2. a manual, hand-book.

έγ-χειρίζω, f ίσω Att.  $\hat{\iota}\hat{\omega}$ , (έν, χείρ) to put into one's bands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. to take in band, take on oneself.

έγ-χειρί-θετος, ον, (έν, χείρ, τίθημι) put or delivered into one's bands.

έγ-χείω, Ep. for έγχέω.

έγχέλειον, τό, Dim. of έγχελυς, a little eel.

έγχέλειος, ον, (έγχελυε) of an eel.

ΈΓΧΕΛΥΣ, vos, ή: pl. ἐγχέλυες, Att. ἐγχέλεις, εων:—an eel, Lat. anguilla:—proverb., ἐγχέλεις θηράσθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

**έγχεσί**-μωρο**s**, ον, fighting with the spear. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έγχέσ-πάλος, ον, (έγχος, πάλλω) spear-brandishing. έγχεσ-φόρος, ον, (έγχος, φέρω) spear-bearing.

έγχεθντα, Dor. for ἐγχέοντα, part. pr. of ἐγχέω. ἐγχέω, f. -χεω: aor. I ἐνέχεα, Ερ. ἐνέχευα: Pass., pf. ἐγκέχθμαι:—to pour in:—Med. to pour or flow in, be poured in.

II. to fill by pouring in; ἐγχέαι κρητήρα to fill the bowl.

 $\epsilon\gamma$ -χθόνιο**s**, ον, ( $\epsilon\nu$ , χθών) in or of the country, Lat. indigena.

"ΕΓΧΟΣ, τ6, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts, alχμή and δόρυ, bead and sbaft. II. generally, a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—metaph., φροντίδος έγχος weapon of thought.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ γχουσα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\tilde{a}$ γχουσα, q. v.

ϵγ-χραίνω, = sq.

έγ-χράω and έγ-χραύω, to dash against; ἐνέχραυεν ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκῆπτρον he dashed his staff in his face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρός τινας καὶ ἀλλους ἐγκεχρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) there were wars urged on against others also.

έγ-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to expectorate.

έγ-χρήζω, to want, bave need; τὰ ἐγχρήζοντα ne-

έγ-χρίμπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part ἐγχρίμψas:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμφθην part. ἐγχριμφθείs: —to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγχρίμπτειν τὴν βάριν τῆ γῆ to bring the boat to land: absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to attack, press bard. II. also intr. both in Act. and in Pass., to fall upon, attack, pursue.

έγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of έγχρίμπτω.

έγχριστος, ον, applied as an unguent. From έγ-χρίω, to rub in, to anoint. II. like ἐγχρίμπτω, to attack, assail.

**ἐγ-χρονίζω**, f. ίσω Att. τῶ: (ἐν, χρόνοs):—to be long about a thing, tarry, delay.

έγ-χυτρίζω, f. σω, to expose in a pan or pot.

έγ-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to give room for doing a thing: to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2. impers. έγχωρεῖ, it is possible or permitted; ἔτι ἐγ-χωρεῖ there is yet time.

 $\epsilon \gamma - \chi \omega \rho \cos$ , α, ον, also os, ον, ( $\epsilon \nu$ ,  $\chi \omega \rho \alpha$ ) in or belonging to the country.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma$ - $\chi\omega\rho\sigma$ s,  $\sigma\nu$ , =  $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega\rho\iota\sigma$ s.

EΓΩ', Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron. of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:
—strengthd. by compos. with enclit. γε, ἔγωγε, Lat. equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and ἐγώνγα: Boeot. ἰώνγα or ἰώγα:—gen. ἘΜΟΥ, enclit. MOΥ, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῦ, μευ, Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῦs; Boeot. ἐμοῦs:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοι; Dor. ἐμίν:— Λcc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ', Ep. νῶι, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶιν. Plur., nom. ἡμεῖs, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion. and Ep. ἡμέων, Ep. also ἡμείων, Dor. ἀμέων, Aeol. ἀμμέων:—dat. ἡμῦν, also ἡμιν or ἡμίν [τ], Dor. ἀμίν, ἀμμ, Aeol. ἀμμέσι:—acc., ἡμῶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and Acol. ἀμμε, Dor. ἀμέ.

έγώγα, Dor. for έγωγε.

έγώδα, Att. crasis for έγω οίδα.

έγώμαι, Att. crasis for έγω οίμαι.

έγών, έγώνγα, Dor. for έγώ, έγωγε.

έδάην, ηs, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΩ.

έδαισα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δαίνυμι.

**ξδάκον, 2**οτ. 2 οξ δάκνω. έδάμην [ἄ], 20r. 2 pass. of δαμάω. έδανός, ή, όν, (ἔδω) eatable. έδανός, ή, όν, (άδεῖν) pleasant, grateful, agreeable or excellent. έδάρην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of δείρω. **ἔδαρθον**, 20τ. 2 of δαρθάνω. έδαρκον, metath. for έδρακον, 201. 2 of δέρκομαι. **έδασάμην, a**or. Ι of δατέομαι. έδαφίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to make level: to level with the earth. From εδάφος, εοε, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the ground: ξδαφος νηύς the bottom or bold of a ship also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From the same root as  $\delta \dot{\alpha} \pi - \epsilon \delta o \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \pi - \eta s$ .) **έδδεισα**, Ep. for **έ**δεισα, 201. I of δείδω. έδέγμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι. έδεδέατο, Ion. for έδέδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω. **έδεδέγμην**, plqpf. of δέχομαι. έδεδήκειν, plapf. of δέω, to bind. ϵδϵδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δϵίδω. έδεδμήστο Ion. 3 plur., and έδέδμητο 3 sing., plqpf. pass. of δέμω. έδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plapf. of δείδω. έδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι. έδεδώκειν, plapf. of δίδωμι. έδεήθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want. έδέησα, aor. I of δέω, to want. έδέθην, aor. I pass. of δέω, to bind. έδειδα, 201. I of δείδω. έδείδιμεν, -ισαν, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plapf. of δείδω. έδειμα, aor. I of δέμω. έδειξα, aor. I of δείκνυμι. έδειρα, aor. I of δέρω. έδεκτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι. έδέμεν, Ep. for έδειν, inf. of έδω. έδεξα, -άμην, Ion. for έδειξα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δείκνυμι; but έδεξάμην also aor. 1 of δέχομαι. έδεσμα, ατος, τό, (έδω) food, meat, a disb. έδεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔδω) an eater, devourer. έδεστός, ή, όν, (ἔδω) to be eaten, eatable. eaten: consumed. έδεύησει, 20r. I of δεύω, to need. έδήδεσμαι, pf. pass. of έσθίω. έδήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω. έδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of έδω. έδηδώs, pf. part. of έδω. έδηΐουν, Att. έδησυν, impf. of δηίω. εδησα, aor. I of δέω, to bind: also Ep. aor. I of δέω, to want. έδητύς, ύος, ή, (έδω) meat, food.  $[\check{v}]$ ἐδήχθην, aor. I pass. of δάκνω. ἐδήωσα, ἐδηώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δηίω. έδιαίτησα, 20r. I of διαιτάω. έδίδαξα, poët, έδιδάσκησα, 20r. Ι of διδάσκω.

έδίδουν, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδόω.

έδιζήμην, impf. of δίζημαι.

**Ιδίηνα**, 20τ. Ι ος διαίνω.

έδικον, ν. δικείν. έδίνευσα, έδίνησα, aor. I of δινεύω, δινέω. **ἐδίψησα,** aor. 1 of διψάω. έδίωξα, έδιώχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διώκω. έδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of έδω. έδμήθην, aor. I pass. of δαμάω. έδνάομαι, Dep. = έδνόω. From "ΕΔΝΑ, Ep. čεδνα, τά, nuptial gifts, 1. from the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the bride's father. 3. a portion or dowry, given to the bride by her parents, also φέρνη or προίξ wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests. Hence έδνόω, f. ώσω, to promise or betroth for presents. Hence έδνωτής Ep. έεδνωτής, οῦ, ὁ, a betrother, of a father who portions a bride. έδόθην, aor. 1 pass. of δίδωμι. έδοκεθμες, Dor. for έδοκοθμεν, 1 pl. impf. of δοκέω. **ἐδόκησα,** 20τ. Ι of δοκέω. έδοκίμασα, έδοκιμάσθην, 20r. I act. and pass. of δοκιμάζω. **ἔδομαι**, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω. ἔδομεν, ἔδοτε, ἔδοσαν (Dor. ἔδον), 201. 2 pl. of δίδωμι. έδοντι, Dor. for έδουσι. **ἔδοξα**, aor. I of δοκέω. έδοξώθην, aor. I pass. of δοξόω. εδος, εος, τό, (εζομαι) a thing to sit on, a seat. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. a foundation, base, the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. act of sitting; οὐχ ἔδος ἐστί'tis no time for sitting still. **έδοθμαι,** fut. of **έ**ζομαι. εδρα Ep. and Ion. έδρη, ή, (εζομαι) any seat, a chair, bench, etc. 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a temple, altar. 3. a foundation, base. II. a sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay; οὐκ έδραs άκμή it is not the season for sitting still. sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament. **ἔδράθον**, poet. for *ἔδαρθον*, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω. II. έδραῖος, a, ον, (ἕδρα) sitting, sedentary. II. steadfast, firm, constant. έδραιόω, f. ώσω, = έδριάω. Hence έδραίωμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base. έδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι. ἔδρἄκον, ἐδράκην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι. έδραμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω. **έδραν,** aor. a of διδράσκω. εδράνον, τό, (έδρα) a seat, abode, dwelling. **ἔδρᾶσα, 2**οτ. 1 of δράω. ἔδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα. **ἔδρησα,** Ion. for ἔδρᾶσα, aor. 1 of δράω. έδριάομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) to sit: Ep. inf. έδριάασθαι; Ep. 3 pl. impf. ξδριόωντο. έδρο-στρόφος, ό, (έδρα, στρέφω) a wrestler who throws his adversary by a cross-buttock. ἔδρυψα, ἐδρύφθην, 20r. I act. 2nd pass. of δρύπτω. έδυν, I sing. 20r. 2 of δύω; but also Ep. for έδυσαν, 3 pl. of same tense. Н

194 έδυνάσθην or -ήθην, 20r. I of δύναμαι. έδυνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναμαι. έδύσεο, -ετο, Ep. for ἐδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύω. **έδυστύχησα, 2**οτ. Ι οf δυστυχέω. ΈΔΩ, Ion. impf. έδεσκον: fut. έδομαι: pf. act. ἐδήδα, pass. ἐδήδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἐσθίω:—to eat, devour: metaph., olkov ¿dovou eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμον έδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence έδωδή, ή, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence έδώδιμος, ον, eatable: τὰ έδώδιμα provisions. **ἔδωκα,** aor. Ι of δίδωμι. έδώλιον, τό, (ξδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. transtrum. že, poët. for ž, bim, acc. of ov. **ἔεδνα, ἐεδνόω, –ωτής,** Ερ. for ἔδνα, ἐδνόω, –ωτή**ς**. **ἐείδομαι**, Ερ. for εἴδομαι, Med. of εἴδω. **ἐεικοσά-βοιος, ἐείκοσι, ἐεικόσορος, ἐεικοστός, Ε**ρ. for €iĸ-. έείλεον, Ep. for είλεον, impf. of είλέω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ειπα, αs,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ειπον,  $\epsilon$ s,  $\epsilon$ , Ep. for  $\epsilon \tilde{l}$ πα,  $\epsilon \tilde{l}$ πον. teis, Ep. for els. čείσαο, čείσατο, čεισάσθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual, aor. 1 of elm ibo. έείσατο, έεισάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of **∗**ϵἴδω. **ἐέλδομαι, ἐέλδωρ, Ε**p. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ. ἔελμαι, ἐελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἴλω. **ἐέλπομαι**, Ep. for έλπομαι. **ἐέλσαι,** Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. 1 inf. of εἴλω. έέργαθον, Ep. for είργαθον. έεργε, ἐεργμένος, ἐέργνυμι, ἐέργω, Ερ. for είργ-. **ἐερμένος,** pf. part. pass. of εἴρω. **ἐέρση, ἐερσήεις,** Εp. for ἐρσή, ἐρσήεις. έερτο, Ep. 3 sing, plapf. pass. of είρω. έέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of είργω. έέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of έννυμι. έέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ίζω. често, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of чичии. έζευγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνῦμι. έζευξα, έζεύχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι. "EZOMAI, fut. εδούμαι: impf. and aor. 2 εζόμην: (the Root is 'EA-, see \(\xi\)os :--to seat oneself, sit; ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθην they sank to the earth. έζύγην [ŭ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι. έζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζώννυμι. τη, Ion. for η, 3 sing. subj. of είμί sum. έη, fem. of εόs, bis. ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἵημι. ëην, Ep. for ην, 3 sing. impf. of εlμί sum. έηνδανε, Ep. for ήνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ανδάνω. ifios, gen. masc. of its, good, brave, noble. šηs, Ep. for ηs, gen. fem. of ős, η, δ, wbo, what:

but ens gen. fem. of eos, bis.

έησι, Ep. for η, 3 sing. subj. of είμί sum. ἔθαλψα, ἐθάλφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλπω. **ἔθἄνον,** 2 of θνήσκω. ėθάs, άδοs, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔθοs) accustomed, used. ἔθαψα, ἐθάφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω. έθεησάμην, Ion. aor. 1 of θεάομαι. "EΘΕΙΡΑ, ή, bair; in Homer, a borse's mane, or the borsebair crest on helmets: a hon's mane. Hence έθειράζω, f. άσω, to wear long bair. έθείρω, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.) έθελημός, όν, (έθέλω) willing, voluntary. έθέλησθα, for έθέλης, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of έθέλω. **ἐθελητός**, ή, όν, (ἐθέλω) willed, voluntary.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\theta$ ελξα,  $\hat{\epsilon}\theta$ έλχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of  $\theta$ έλγω. έθελο-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly. έθελό-δουλος, ov, a willing slave. έθελο-θρησκεία, ή, (έθελο-, θρησκεύω) will-worship. superstitious observance. έθελοκακέω, f. ήσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From ¿θελό-κακος, ov, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly. έθελοντηδόν, (έθέλω) Adv. voluntarily. έθελοντήν, (έθέλω) Adv. voluntarily. έθελοντήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ , ( $\hat{\epsilon}\theta\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ ) a volunteer.  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda$ οντής, οῦ, ὁ, ( $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ ) a volunteer.  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta \epsilon \lambda o \nu \tau \dot{\iota}$ ,  $A d v = \dot{\epsilon}\theta \epsilon \lambda o \nu \tau \eta \delta \dot{o} \nu$ . έθέλοντι, Dor. for έθέλουσι, 3 pl. of έθέλω. έθελοπονία, ή, love of work, diligence. From έθελό-πονος, ον, (έθελο-, πόνος) willing to work. έθελο-πρόξενος, ον, (έθελο-, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενο**s** (q. v.) to a foreign state. έθελ-ουργός, όν, (έθελο-, \*έργω) willing to work.  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda$ ούσιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega)$  voluntarily. things, optional.  $\mathbf{E}\Theta\mathbf{E}'\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , impf.  $\mathbf{\tilde{\eta}}\theta\epsilon\lambda o\nu$ : fut.  $\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}\theta\epsilon\lambda\mathbf{\tilde{\eta}}\sigma\omega$ : aor. I  $\mathbf{\tilde{\eta}}\theta\dot{\epsilon}$ λησα: pf. ήθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or sball. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, bave the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' έθελε προρέειν άλλ' ἴσχετο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. volo; often in phrases, such as, τί ἐθέλει τὸ τέραs; Lat. quid sibi vult? what means, what purports the prodigy? **ἔθεμεν,** 1 pl. 20r. 2 of τίθημι. εθεν, Ep and Att. poet. gen. for εο, οῦ, of bim, of ber. **ἔθεντο**, 3 pl. 2 or. 2 med. of τίθημι. έθέρμηνα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω. **ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2** and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι. ἔθευ, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. 20r. 2 med. of τίθημι. έθηειτο, έθηεύμεθα, έθηευντο, Ion. for έθεατο, έθεώμεθα, ἐθεῶντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι. έθηεύμεσθα, Ion. I pl. of θεάομαι. έθηήσαντο, Ion. for έθεάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of θεάομαι.

έησθα, Ep. for ηs, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

**ἔθηκα**, I sing. aor. I of τίθημι.

**ἔθην**, aor. 1 pass. of ἵημι: but **ἔθην**, aor. 2 act. of τίθημι.

**ἔθιγον**, aor. 2 οἱ θιγγάνω.

έθιζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω: aor. I εἴθισα: pf. εἴθικα:— Pass., aor. I εἰθίσθην: pf. εἴθισμα: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence

έθιστέον, verb. Adj. one must accustom.

**ἔθλἄσα**, aor, I of θλάω.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\theta\lambda$ ιψα, aor. I of  $\theta\lambda$ ί $\beta\omega$ .

 $\epsilon\theta$ ν-άρχης, ου,  $\delta$ , ( $\epsilon\theta$ νος, άρχω) a ruler of a nation: prefect: an ethnarch.

**ἐθνικόs**, ή, όν, national. II foreign: gentile:
—Adv. -κῶs, like the Gentiles. From

"EΘΝΟΣ, εοs, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ ἔθνη the nations, Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.

α particular class of them, a cast **«θορον**, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

"EΘΟΣ, εos, τό, custom, usage, manners, babit.

**έθραυσα**, aor. I of θραύω.

έθρεξα, aor. I of τρέχω.

έθρέφθην, aor. I pass. of τρέφω.

**ἔθρεψα**, aor. 1 act. of τρέφω.

έθρήνευν, Dor. for έθρήνουν, impf. of θρηνέω. ἔθρϊσα, poet. for ἐθέρισα, aor. 1 of θερίζω.

\* $\mathbf{E}\Theta\Omega$ , to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf.  $\epsilon$ iwha Ion.  $\epsilon$ wha as pres., and the plapf.  $\epsilon$ liwhen Ion.  $\epsilon$ whea as impf. —to be wont or accustomed, to be in the babl: part.  $\epsilon$ lwh s as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual;  $\tau$  $\delta$   $\epsilon$ lwh s one's custom.

EI', a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. ai:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αι γάρ,

and *ϵἴ-θϵ*.

εί, Att. 2 sing. of είμι ibo.

ela, and trisyll. ela, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! ela vvv well now.

ϵἴā, 3 sing. impf. of ἐάω; also 2 sing. imperat. pres. ϵἰάθην, ϵἴāμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of ἐάω.

eiaμενή, ή, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain)

ei αν, Ερ. and Ion. εἴ κε, contr. into ἐάν, ἥν, and ἄν. εἰανός, ή, όν, Ερ. for ἐανός.

είαρ, είἄρἴνός, Ep. for έαρ, ἐαρινός.

εἰαρό-μασθος, ον, (εἶαρ, μασθός) with youthful breasts. εἴας, 2 sing, impf. of ἐάω;— εἴασα, 2 or. 1 of the same. εἴασκον, Ion. for εἴων, impf. of ἐάω.

είαται, είατο, Ep. for Ion. έαται, έατο, which is for

 $\eta \nu \tau \alpha i$ ,  $\eta \nu \tau o$ , 3 pl. pres. and impf. of  $\eta \mu \alpha i$ .

evaro, Ion. for elvro, 3 sing. plaps, med. of evrum. EI'B $\Omega$ , Ep. form of  $\lambda \epsilon i \beta \omega$ , to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.

el γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if..! O that ..! would that ! Lat. utinam!

«ί-γ«, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.

«ἱ γοῦν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

et δ' άγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἰθέλειs, ἄγε, εἰδάλιμος, η, ον, (εἶδοs) shapely, comely.

II, like, looking like.

είδαρ, ατος, τό, (έδω) food, meat, victuals for men:

fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.

εἰδείην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; ν. \*εἴδω Β.
 εἰ δὲ μή, elliptic for εἰ δὲ μὴ τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise,
 Lat. sin aliter.

είδέω, for είδω, subj. of olda; v. \*είδω B.

εί δή, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.

είδήμων, σνος, ό, ή, (\*είδω) knowing or expert in a thing.

είδησέμεν, Ep. for είδήσειν, fut. inf. of \*είδω Β.

είδήσω, fut. of \*είδω.

είδομες, Dor. for είδομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of \*είδω A.

είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω A.

«ίδος, εος, τό, (\*είδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species.

II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action.

III. species, opp. to genus.

ϵἰδόσι, dat. pl. of ϵἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, v. \*ϵἴδω Β.
 ϵἰδότα, acc. sing. of ϵἰδώς, part of οἶδα, v. \*ϵἴδω Β.

είδότως, Adv. of είδώς, part. of οίδα, knowingly. είδυια, fem. nom. part. of οίδα, v. \*είδω Β.

είδύλλιον, τό, Dim. of είδοs, a sbort, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.

\*EI' $\Delta\Omega$  (or more properly  $FI'\Delta\Omega$ , the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by  $\delta\rho\delta\omega$ : its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.

A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 είδον, Ερ. ίδον, ίδεσκον; subj. ίδω, Ερ. also ίδωμι; inf. ίδειν, Ερ. also ίδειν; part. ίδων. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. είδόμην Ερ. ίδόμην; imperat. ίδοῦ; subj. ίδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! bebold! Lat. ecce. Όράω is used as pres., ἐώρᾶκα οτ ἐόρᾶκα, as pf., ὅψρωι as fut. II. in Ερ. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. είδομαι: aor. I είσάμην, Ερ. also ἐεισάμην, αο, ατο, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videor; είδεται ἄστρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to bave or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; ἐείσατο φθογγὴν Πολίτη sbe made berself like Polites in voice.

B. to know:—the pf. otda, I bave seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one bas seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I bad seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. otda, otda (poét. also otdas); I pl. ἴσμεν (Εp. and Dor. ἴδμεν), ἴστε, ἴσσα:—imperat. ἴσθι, ἴστω:—subj. elδω, Εp. also iδέω;—opt. elδώην;—inf. elδέναι, Εp. ἴδμεναι and ἴδμεν:—part. elδώς, Εp. fem. ἰδνα:—impf., ήδειν, Εp. ήδεα, Att. ήδη; Εp. 2 sing. ἡείδης for ήδης, Att. ήδησθα; 3 sing., Εp. ἡείδη, Att. ήδη, ήδειν; plur., ήδειμεν, ήδειτε or ήδετε, ἡδεισαν or ήδεσαν, Att. ήσημεν, ήστε, ήσαν (Εp. ἴσαν):—fut. είσομαι, more

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tarely and mostly Ep. είδήσω. To know; ev olda I know well; εὖ ίσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, undea olde he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, άρτια είδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὖ εἰδώs well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξων εὖ είδώε cunning with the bow. Also with acc., γάριν είδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him: -old' δτι, oloθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also,  $ol\sigma\theta'$   $\ddot{o}\tau\iota$ ,  $ol\sigma\theta'$   $\ddot{o}$  and  $ol\sigma\theta'$   $\dot{\omega}s$ , followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, oloθ' δ δρασον, for δρασον, ολσθ' ο do, thou knowest what. είδωλεῖον, τό, (εἴδωλον) an idol's temple. είδωλό-θύτος, ον. (είδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols:

as Subst., τὸ είδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.

είδωλολατρία, ή, idolatry. From

είδωλο-λάτρης, ου, ό, ή, (εἴδωλον, λάτρις) an idol-

worshipper, an idolater.

είδωλον, τό, (είδοs) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτών είδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy. III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

eiδώs, part. of oloa, pf. of \*είδω B.

elev, Att. for  $\epsilon i \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ , 3 pl. opt. of  $\epsilon i \mu i$  sum.

elev, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.

**είην**, opt. of είμί sum.

eίην, aor. 2 opt. of ίημι.

elθαρ, Adv. (eὐθύs) at once, forthwith.

eι-θε, Dor. and Ep. αι-θε, Interj. O that! would that! Lat. utinam!

«ίθην, Ion. έθην, aor. I pass. of ln μι.

eiθίζω, f. ίσω, poet, for ἐθίζω,

είθισα, είθικα, aor. I and pf. of  $\epsilon\theta$ ίζω.

eika, Att. for foika.

**εἶκα**, pf. of ἵημι.

εἰκάζω, f. άσω: 201. Ι ήκασα Ion. εἴκασα:---Pass., aor. Ι ηκάσθην: pf. ήκασμαι Ιοπ. είκασμαι: (εἰκός):--to make like to, represent by a likeness :- Pass. to be like, resemble. II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

είκαθον, poet. aor. 2 of είκω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω;

inf. είκαθεῖν; part. είκαθών.

 $\epsilon$ ika $\hat{i}$ os, a, ov,  $(\epsilon l \kappa \hat{\eta})$  without purpose: random, II. common, worthless.

ciκάs, άδοs, ή, (είκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).

eiκάσια, ή, (εικάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture. είκασμα, ατος, τό, (είκάζω) a likeness.

είκασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) a conjecturing.

είκαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner.

elκαστόs, ή, όν, (εlκάζω) to be compared, like. είκατι, Dor. for είκοσι.

elκελ-όνειρος, ον, (είκελος, όνειρος) dream-like. elkeλos, η, ον, (εἰκόs) like, after the fashion of.

είκελό-φωνος, ον, (είκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

eikévat, Att. for eoikévat, inf. of éoika.

EIKH, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly. rasbly, at random, Lat. temere.

εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκών) to mould into form. Hence είκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

ciκόs Ion. οίκόs, ότοs, τό, neut. part. of ξοικα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρά τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

είκοσά-βοιος, Ερ. ἐεικοσάβοιος, ον, (είκοσι, βοῦε)

worth twenty oxen.

είκοσα-ετής, ές, (είκοσι, έτος) of twenty years.

είκοσάκις, (είκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

είκοσά-μηνος, ον, (είκοσι, μήν) twenty months old. EľKOΣΙ before a vowel, είκοσιν, Ερ. εείκοσι, Dor. είκατι, οί, αί, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.

είκοσι-νήριτος, ov, twenty-fold without dispute; elκοσινήριτ' αποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσί-πηχυς, v, (εἴκοσι, πηχυς) of twenty cubits.

 $\epsilon$ iko $\sigma$ - $\delta$ p $\gamma$ vi $\delta$ s,  $\delta$ v, ( $\epsilon$ iko $\sigma$ i,  $\delta$ p $\gamma$ vi $\delta$ ) of twenty fathoms. είκόσορος, poet. έεικ-, ον, (είκοσι) with twenty oars. είκοστή, ή, see είκοστός 11.

είκοστο-λόγος, δ, ή, (είκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

είκοστός Ep. έεικοστός, ή, όν, the twentieth

είκοστή, ή, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima. είκοσ-ώρυγος, ον, (είκοσι, δργυιά) of twenty fathoms. είκότως, Adv. of είκος, in all likelihood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably

ξίκτον, Ep. for ἐοίκατον, 3 dual of ἔοικα.

ἔϊκτο, ἐἴκτην, Ep. for ἐοίκει, ἐοικάτην, 3 sing and

3 dual plpqf. \*ΕΙ'ΚΩ, fut. είξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. είκε, Att. The, it was like or likely, seemed good :- but the pf. ἔοικα, plapf. ἐψκειν were used for the pres. and

 $\mathbf{E}\Gamma'\mathbf{K}\Omega$ , f. ξω: aor. 1 εἶξα: poet. aor. 2 εἶκάθον:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire. to, obey, follow; φ θυμφ είξαs following his own bent; πενίη είκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior. yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκών, ή, gen. όνος, acc. όνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκώ, acc. pl. εἰκούs: (\*εἴκω, ἔοικα):—a figure, image, likeness. II. a semblance, phantom, wraith.

a similé.

ımpf., see ἔοικα.

είκώs, part. of ξοικα, pf. of \*είκω, to be like.  $\epsilon i\lambda a\delta \delta v$ , Adv.  $(\epsilon i\lambda \eta) = i\lambda \eta \delta \delta v$ , in a troop.

εἰλαπινάζω, (είλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

είλαπιναστής, οῦ, ὁ, a banqueter, boon-companion. είλαπίνη, ή, a feast or banquet given by a single

bost, opp. to épavos. (Deriv. uncertain.) είλαρ, αροε, τό, (είλω) a covering: a protection, shelter; είλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but είλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

είλάτινος, η, ον. Ep. for ελάτινος, of fir or pine.

**εἴλᾶχα,** Dor. for εἴληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω. εἴλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.

Eiλelθυια, ή, Ilithyia, (from ἐληλυθυῖα, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman Lucina, later made identical with Diana.

elλev, elλero, 3 sing. 20r. 2 act. 2nd mod. of alpέω elλeu, Dor. for είλου, 2 sing. 20r. 2 med. of alpέω. elλeυντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of elλέω.

είλέω Att. είλέω, lengthd. form of είλω.

 $\epsilon \tilde{l} \lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\tilde{l} \lambda \eta$ , a troop, company.

είλη, ή, the sun's warmth: warmth; see έλη.

είληγμαι, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.

elληδόν and είληδά, Adv. (είλη) = lληδόν, in troops or companies. II. (εlλεω) by coiling round.

εἰλήλουθα, εἰληλούθειν, Ερ. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι: εἰλήλουθμεν, Ερ. for ἐληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.

είλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

είληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.

είληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

είλικρίνεια, ή, pureness: sincerity. From

elλ'-κρίνής, (είλη, κρίνω) examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, 1. unmused: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. suncerus. 2. distinct, palpable, sheer. 3. Adv. -νως, of itself, absolutely.

**είλικτο**, 3 sing. plqpf. of **ἐ**λίσσω. **είλικτόs**, ή, όν, Ion. for **ἐ**λικτόs.

είλιξ, Ion. for ξλιξ.

εἰλί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἴλω, πούς): trailing the feet beauty in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.

είλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ελίσσω.

elλι-τενής, έs, epith. of the plant ἄγρωστις, (from ἕλος, τείνω), stretching or spreading through marshes. είλίχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plapf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.

«ἴλκύσα, εἰλκύσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλκω.

είλκυσμαι, pf. pass. of έλκω.

είλον, είλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αίρεω.

 $\epsilon$ ίλοχα, Att. pf. of  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ .

εἰλύἄται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλύω.

είλυμα, ατος, τό, (είλύω) a cover, dress, clothing.

elλύοs, δ, (είλύω) a lurking-place, den.

είλυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of είλύω.

 $\epsilon$ iλῦφάζω,  $\epsilon$ iλύω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.

 $\epsilon i \lambda \bar{\nu} \phi \dot{\alpha} \omega$ , =  $\epsilon i \lambda \nu \phi \dot{\alpha} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ : Ep. part.  $\epsilon i \lambda \nu \phi \dot{\alpha} \omega \nu$ .

El' $\Lambda$ T'  $\Omega$  Att. είλνω: f.  $\dot{v}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{v}$ ]: pf. pass. είλυμα:— to wrap round, enfold:—Pass. to be wrapt or covered; esp. in pf. part., είλνμένος ψαμάθφ buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along.

El' $\Lambda\Omega$ , είλλω, or  $\dot{v}\lambda\omega$ ; also είλεω Att. είλεω:— from είλω are formed aor. I έλσα, inf. έλσαι Εp. είλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἐάλην [ $\ddot{u}$ ]; inf. ἀλῆναι Εp. ἀλήμεναι; part. ἀλείς, είνα, έν: Ep. pf. ἕελμαι:—from είλω are formed impf. είλεων, Ep. 3 sing. ἐείλει; fut. είλησω: aor. 2 είλησα: Pass., aor. I είληθην: pf. είλημαι.— There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. ἐόλει, people, is one of them.

plapf. εόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up. to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; νηα κεραυνφ έλσας baving struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; άλεν ύδωρ water collected : - also to draw oneself together, crouch, cower; 'Αχιληα άλειε μένεν collecting bimself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. versari. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like  $\epsilon i\lambda i\sigma\sigma\omega$ ,  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$   $\epsilon i\lambda\lambda o\mu \epsilon\nu\eta$  (or  $i\lambda\lambda o\mu \epsilon\nu\eta$ ) the earth turning on its axis.

Είλως, ωτος, δ, and Είλώτης, ου, δ, fem. Είλωτίς, ίδος:—a Helot, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From Έλος, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were en-

slaved.)

Elλωτεία, ή, the condition of a Helot, slavery. From Είλωτεύω, f. σω, (είλώτηs) to be a Helot or serf. είμα, ατος, τό, (ἔννυμ) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing: an over-garment.

II. later also a cover, carpet.

είμαι, pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.
 III. pf. pass. of ἔγωι.
 III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔζω.
 είμαρται, εἵμαρτο, 3 sing. pf and plopf. of μείρομαι.
 είμάν Ερ. and Ion. for ἐσμάν I nl. pres. of εἰμά

elμέν, Ep. and Ion. for έσμέν, 1 pl pres of εἰμί sum: but εἰμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.

elμένος, part. pf. pass. of έννυμι.

elμέs, Dor. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμί sum: but εἰμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.

eiμi, Acol. έμμί (from Root \* ΕΩ, sum, esse); εί Ep. els. Ep. and Dor. έσσι; έστί Dor. έντί; plur., ἐσμέν Ep. and Ion. εἰμέν Dor. εἰμές; ἐστέ; εἰσί Ep. έασι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form έσο, έσσο, έστω; plur. 3 έστωσαν Ερ. έστων Att. ὄντων:--Subj. ὧ Ep. ἔω or είω:--Opt. είην Ep. ἔοιμι; plur. είημεν, είητε Ερ. είμεν, είτε:--Infin. είναι Ερ. ξμμεναι, ξμμεν, ξμεναι, ξμεν:--Part. ών Ep. εων, ἐοῦσα, etc.:—Imperf. ἢν (late Att. in med. form ήμηι), Ep. and Ion. έα, Ep. also ηα, έον οτ έσκον, εs, ε, etc.; 2 sing. ħσθα and Ep. ἔησθα; 3 ling. ħ or ħν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἤτην or ἤστην; 3 pl. ἤσαν Ep. ἔσαν. - Fut. ξσομαι, poët. ξσσομαι, 3 sing. ξσσείται from Dor. ἐσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. cl. The other persons are enclit., when elul is not emphatic. But eorl is written eou in cases of emphasis.

To be, Lat. sum. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκέτ ἔστι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἔσθ' οὖτος ἀνήρ, οὐδ' ἔσσεται there lives not the man, no nor will live.

With inf., it is possible, lauful.

HI. εἰμί with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; αἴματος εἶς ἀγαθοῖο thou art of good blood.

2. ἐαυτοῦ εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. sui juris esse.

3. with the gen. put partitively; ὅήμου ἐστί be belongs to the people, is one of them.

4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ανδρός έστι it is the part | of a man; σωφροσύνη: ἐστί it is a mark of tem-IV. c. dat., ἔστι μοι, Lat. est mibi, I bave; έμοι δέ κεν ἀσμένφ είη, Lat. esset mibi vo-V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα lenti. VI. έστιν ős, είσὶν elonkévai to speak the truth. ol, Lat. est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many: ἔστιν or ἐσθ' ὅτε, Lat. est quum, at times, sometimes : ἔσθ' δπη or δπου, Lat. est ubi, somewhere, somehow: ἔστιν VII. elvai often seems reőπωs in some way. dundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν είναι, for το νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν είναι.

ciu (from Root \* ΙΩ, eo), είε Ερ. είσθα, είσι, plur. ίμεν, ίτε, ίσσι or είσι:—imperat. ίθι, ίτω, pl. ίμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἰόντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ερ. ἴησθα, ἴη Ep. lησι:—Opt. lοιμι, lοίην, Ep. 3 sing. leίη or eίη:— Inf. lévai Ep. luevai, luev:-Part. lwv:-Impf. neiv Ep. and Ion. ηια, 3 sing. ηιε contr. ηε; dual ήτην; plur., ήειμεν, ήειτε, ήεσαν, contr. ήμεν, ήτε, ήσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἥἴσαν, ἴσαν, and I pl. ἥομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. IBO, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. είσομαι, to basten, with an aor. 1 med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. είσατο, ἐείσατο, 3 dual ἐεισάσθην.

To go, Lat. eo, ire; léval τινί δια φιλίας, δι' έχθρας, δια πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροόε είσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., ἐεισάσθην συλήσειν they went to plunder. —It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὸs lévaı. 2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυs είσι δια δουρόs the axe goes, is driven through the beam; etos elos the year will pass or close:—in Att., lέναι είε ταὐτόν to come together: ίέναι είε λόγουε to come to conference: Imperat. ίθι δή go then, well then! good!

 $\epsilon i \nu$ , poet. for  $\epsilon \nu$ , in. eivă-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. elvά-ετεε as Adv., nine years long.

elvaeris, ίδοs, fem. of elvaerήs, nine years old. elvai, inf. of elui sum. II. for lévai, inf. of €Tµ ibo.

elvai, 20r. 2 inf. of lym, to send.

civáκιs, Adv., poet. for εννάκιs, nine times.

eivaχισ-χίλιοι, ων, nine thousand.

είνακόσιοι, αι, α, poet. and Ion. for έννακόσιοι.

civ-άλιος, η, ον, poet. for ἐνάλιος.

elvá-νὕχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long. civás, άδοs, ή, poët. for εννέαs 11, the ninth day.

elvátepes, al, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.

elvaros, η, ον, poët. for έννατοs, the ninth. eiveκα, eiveκεν, Ion. and poët. for ενεκα, on account,

because of, c. gen.

eivi, Ep. for the Prep. ev. in.

eiv-όδιοs, η and α, ον, poet. for ἐνόδιοs.

είνοσί-φυλλος, ον, (ένοσις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

είξα, aor. I of είκω, to yield.

elfaσι, Att. for ἐοίκασι, 3 pl. pf. of \*είκω, to be like elfaσκε, 3 sing. Ion. 20r. 1 of είκω, to yield.

elo, Ep. gen. for εo, ou, of bim, of ber; dad elo from bimself.

eioikuiai, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of čoika. elos, Ep. for ews, until.

είπα, aor. I for the common είπον, I said; see είπον.

είπέμεν, Dor. for είπειν.

el-πep, if at all events, if indeed.

είπην, Dor. for είπειν, see είπον. ei-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

eι-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{l}} \mathbf{mov}$ , I spoke. I said, a o r.  $a from a pres. *<math>\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{l}} \pi \omega = *\tilde{\epsilon} \pi \omega$ : imperat. εἰπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἰπεῖν Ep. εἰπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἴπην; part, εἰπών. There is also an aor. I εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπαs, imperat.  $\epsilon l\pi o\nu$ ,  $\epsilon l\pi \acute{a}\tau \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \~l\pi a\tau o\nu$ ,  $\epsilon \~l\pi a\tau \epsilon$ :  $\epsilon l\pi \acute{\epsilon}$ , like  $\~lar \acute{a}\gamma \epsilon$ , occurs also for einere before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπείπασθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἐρῶ, εἴρηκα.

είποντο, 3 pl. impf. of έπομαι, to follow.

II. εί-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando. indirect, if or whether ever.

εί που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. si-cubi.

el πωs, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἰράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

είργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of είργω.

είργασάμην, aor. I med. of έργάζομαι, used in act. sense: εἰργάσθην, aor. I pass. used in pass. sense.

είργασμαι, pf. of έργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

**εἰργμόs**, Att. **εἰργμόs**, δ, (εἴργω) a prison.

είργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (είργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler. είργνυμι and  $-\dot{v}\omega$ , = είργω, to sbut in or up.

EΓΡΓΩ or είργω, Att. for the earlier form έργω. εἰρέαται, Ion. for εἴρηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

είρερος, δ, (είρω) bondage, slavery.

είρεσία Ion. -ίη,  $\dot{η}$ , (ἐρέσσω) a rowing. 2. anv violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or

crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

elpeσιώνη, ή, (elpos) a barvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανέψια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

eiρέω, Ion. for έρέω, to say.

είρη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (είρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

είρηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of έρέω, έρω.

είρην οτ ίρην, ενος, ό, (είρω οτ έρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att.  $\xi \phi \eta \beta o s$ .

 $\epsilon$ iρηναῖοs, α, ον, ( $\epsilon$ iρήνη) peaceful, in peace. είρηνεύω, f. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace. II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile.

From

είρηνη, η, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; είρηνην άγειν to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

elpηνικόs, ή, όν, of or for peace: peaceful, peaceable :--Adv. -κωs.

είρηνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make peace. From elphvo-ποιόs, όν, (είρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as

Subst., εἰρηνοποιόε, δ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκοε, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

είρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of έρέω, έρω.

elplveos,η, ον, Ion. for ερίνεοs, woollen, of wool. From είριον, τό, (είροε) Ion. for έριον, wool.

είρκτέον, verb. Adj. of είργω, one must prevent.

εἰρκτή Ion. ἐρκτή, ἡ, (εἴργω) an inclosure, prison. είρο-κόμος, ον, (είρος, κομέω) dressing wool.

είρομαι, Ion. for έρομαι, to ask: see είρω B. είρο-πόκος, ον, (είρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.

EΓΡΟΣ, τό, wool.

elpo-χάρήs, és, (elpos, χαρηναι) delighting in wool. ειρπομες, Dor. for είρπομεν, 1 pl. impf. of έρπω. εἰρύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύομαι:—εἰρύατο,

3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

είρυμαι, pf. pass. of έρύω. εἰρύμεναι [v], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἐρύω.

είρύσας [v], Ion. aor. I part. of έρύω. εἰρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρύω.

εἴρῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἐρύω.

είρύω, είρύομαι, Ion for έρύω, έρύομαι.

EPPΩ (A): aor. I είρα and έρσα: pf. pass. part. έρμένος, Ep. έερμένος:-Lat. SERO, to tie, join, fasten together, string · ἡλέκτροισιν ἐερμένοs set with pieces of electron

**EIP** $\Omega$  (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. είρετο, είροντο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see έρω.

EI'PΩN, woos, &, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

είρωνεία, ή, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

είρωνεύομαι, (είρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign

ignorance.

εἰρωνικός, ή, όν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. -κω̂ς. εἰρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐρωτάω.

EI'> or 'E>, Prep. with acc. only. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into. PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, els ωπα ίδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of bostile direction, Lat. contra, adversus, = 2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which πρόε. express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ès μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρείναι els τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι είε τόπον. ellipt. c. gen., είε 'Αίδαο [δόμον], Att. είε "Αιδου, to the abode of Hades; ès 'Αθηναίηs [leρόν] to the temple of Athena, ἐs Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in | lead 2 wife into one's bouse.

Prose, είε Δήμητροε to the temple of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. ad Apollinis, Castoris (sub. aedem). OF TIME, I. until, έε ήω, έε ή έλιον καταδύντα, είε οτε till the time when ..., till morn, till sunset; έε δ until; és épé up to my time. 2. to determine a period, for, είε ενιαυτόν for a year, i.e. a whole year; ès θέρος, ès ὀπώρην for the summer, etc.; els à ei for ever; είς ήμας up to our time; είς τρίτην ήμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπείν εἰs άγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; έs πόλεμον θωρήξομαι I will arm me for war. WITH NUMERALS: ές μίαν (sc. βουλήν) βουλεύειν to resolve one way or unanimously; είς ἐν ἔρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, up to, eis uvosous as many as ten thousand; είς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most. V. to express RELATION, is o in regard to which, i. e. wherefore:  $\epsilon$ is  $\tau$ i; for what? why? hence for Adv.,  $\epsilon$ is  $\tau$ axos for ταχέως.

Els is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, els άμφοτέρω Διομήδεος δρματα Βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled

in είς ἄλαδε.

EΓΣ, μία, εν, gen. ενός, μιας, ενός, Lat. UNUS, Engl. ONE: the fem. µía points to a second Root, which appears without the init.  $\mu$  in the Ep. masc. ĩos, fem. ĩa: strengthd. είs olos, μία οία or οίη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., είs αριστος: είs τις some one, Lat. unus aliquis: είς έκαστος each one, Lat. unusquisque: καθ' εν εκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εls ἀνήρ, Lat. unus omnium, for one man, πλείστας γυναίκας είς ανήρ έγήματο most for

εls, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί sum. II. 2 sing. pres. of elu ibo.

είs, aor. 2 part. of ίημι.

είσα, Causal aor. I of ίζω, έζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπον είσε be set a spy; λόχον είσαν they laid an ambush: part. eloas, inf. eoai, Ep. eooai. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ερ. ἔσσομαι: 201. Ι εἰσάμην: pf. pass. elua: -to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ίδρύω.

είσ-αγαγών, 201. 2 part. of είσάγω.

είσαγγελεύς, έως, δ, (είσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usber, an officer at the Persian court.

είσαγγελία, ή, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

είσ-αγγέλλω, f. –ελω: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω: -to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see είσαγγελεύε): generally, to announce, report. to accuse one of a state-offence; see είσαγγελία.

είσ-ἄγείρω, f.  $-\epsilon ρ \hat{\omega}$ : for the tenses, v.  $\dot{\alpha} \gamma \epsilon i ρ \omega : -to$ gather into a place.

 $\epsilon l\sigma - \dot{\alpha}\gamma\omega$ , f.  $\xi\omega$ : aor. 2  $-\dot{\eta}\gamma\alpha\gamma\sigma\nu$ : pf.  $-\alpha\gamma\dot{\eta}\sigma\chi\alpha$ : to lead in or into; ἐσάγειν οτ ἐσάγεσθαι γυναίκα to 2. to import foreign

wares; είσάγεσθαι καὶ εξάγεσθαι to import and export: Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs. II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; είσάγειν τι έε βουλήν to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, εἰσάγειν δίκην or γραφήν to open the proceedings, state the case. eiodel, Adv. for els del, for ever. eio-acipopai, Med. to take to oneself. eiσ-αθρέω, f. ήσω, to look into, descry. eiσ-alpω, f. - ἄρῶ, to lift or carry in. είσ-αίσσω, είσ-άσσω, f. -άξω, to dart into. είσαιτο, 3 sing. 20r. med. opt. of \*είδω. είσ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to burl javelins at: absol. to dart or spout up, of blood. είσ-ἄκούω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ήκουσα: pf. -ακήκοα: -to listen, bearken to; and, simply, to bear. to obey, comply with, give beed to. είσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of είσάγω, one must bring in. είσ-άλλομαι, f. -αλοθμαι: aor. 1 -ηλάμην: Ep. 3 sing. 2 or. 2 ἐσᾶλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon. eiσ-αμείβω, f. ψω, to pass into. είσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of είμι ibo. II. Ep. aor. I med. of \*είδω, I see. είσάμην, aor. 1 med. of είσα, I founded. eiσ-avaβalvω, aor. 2 -aνέβην, to go up into. είσ-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force into, constrain. elσ-avaγω, f. ξω, to lead up into.  $\epsilon i\sigma$ -ave $i\delta$ ov, 20r. 2 (see  $\epsilon l\delta$ ov): to look up to. eiσ-áνειμι, to go up into. είσανιδών, part. of είσανείδον. είσανιών, part. of εἰσάνειμι. είσ-άντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face. ciσάπαν, Adv. for els απαν, altogether. eiσάπαξ, Adv. for els äπαξ, at once. είσ-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to drive in upon. είσατο, είσατο, ν. εἰσάμην, εἰσάμην. είσ-άττω, Att. for είσαίσσω. eiσ-auγάζω, f. σω, to look at. ciσaθθis, Adv. for cis aθθis, bereafter. εἰσαύριον, Adv. for είε αύριον, on the morrow. eiσ-aûτιs, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for εἰσαῦθιε. είσ-ἄφίημι, f. –αφήσω, to send into: to let in. είσ-αφϊκάνω, = είσαφικνέομαι. [āν] είσαφικέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of είσαφικνέομαι. eio-adikveopai, f. leopai, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at. είσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα: -to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark, impers., είσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head. Causal in aor. I eloébnoa, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres, in this sense. είσ-βάλλω, f. -βάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:-to throw into:-Med. to put on board one's II. (sub. ξαυτόν οι στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. vaûv) to enter port, Lat. appellere, ος είσερχομαι.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally. εἴσβάσις, εως, ή, (εἰσβαίνω) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation. εἰσβατός, ή, όν, (εἰσβαίνω) accessible. είσ-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into. είσ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of είσβαίνω, to make to go into, put into. eiσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon. εἰσβολή, ή, (εἰσβάλλω II) a throwing oneself into: an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river. 3. an entering into a thing, a beginning. είσ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe: - Med. to bave oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσγράφεσθαι ès τàs σπονδάs to bave oneself written or received into the league. είσ-δέρκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρακον: to look at or upon, behold, observe. είσ-δέχομαι, Ιοπ. έσ-δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: 201. I είσεδεξάμην and είσεδέχθην: Dep.: - to take into, admit. είσ-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into. εἰσδοχή, ή, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception. είσδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of είστρέχω. εἰσδρομή, ή, (εἰσδραμεῖν) an onslaught, assault. είσ-δύω or είσ-δύνω, and (in same sense) Med. είσδύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: aor. a -έδυν: pf. -δέδυκα:--to get into, slip into or in; δεινύν τι ένέδυνε σφίσι a kind of fear entered into them; ακοντιστùν ἐσδύσεαι thou wilt enter into a contest of archery. eloe, see eloa. εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of εἰσβαίνω: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. 1. είσέγραψα, aor. I of είσγράφω. είσεδεξάμην, είσεδέχθην, aor. 1 of είσδέχομαι. είσ έδρακον, aor. 2 of είσδέρκομαι. είσ έδραμον, aor. 2 of είστρέχω. **ϵίσ-ϵδῦν**, aor. 2 of ϵἰσδύω. eiσ-είδον, aor. 2 (see είδον), to look on or at. είσ-ειμι, inf. -ιέναι: impf. εἰσήειν: (εἰs, εἶμι ibo): to go into, go in; όφθαλμούς είσειμι I will come into his sight; apxnv eloiévai to enter on an office. as law-term, to come before the court. III, metaph. to come into one's mind. είσέκελσα, aor. I of είσκέλλω. είσεκύλισα, aor. I of είσκυλίνδω. είσ-ελαύνω Ep. –ελάω: fut. –ελάσω [ά] Att. –ελ $\hat{\omega}$ : for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω:—to drive into or in. (sub. ίππον or ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. appellere. είσελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι. είσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω: aor. I -είλκυσα:-to drag into.

είσ-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 είσενέβην, to go on board.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for εἰσέλθωμεν, I pl. 20r. 2 subj.

είσενεγκείν, 20r. 2 inf. of είσφέρω.

είσ-ενήνοχα, pf. of είσφέρω.

From

2. ນຖິເຣ ຊີໂσαເ

3. ασπίε πάντοσ

είσενόησα, 20τ. Ι of είσνοέω. είσ έπαισα, aor. I of είσπαίω. είσ έπειτα, Adv. for είς επειτα, benceforward. port :- Pass. to get into a place for shelter. είσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of είσπέτομαι. elo-έργνυμι or -ύω, to shut up into, enclose in a stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the specplace. είσερρύην, aor. I (in pass. form) of είσρέω. είσ-έρρω, aor. I είσηρρησα: pf. είσηρρηκα: - to go into, get in. είσ-ερύω, aor. I part. είσερύσας [v], to draw into. θον: Dep.:-to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire. metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσοδοι είσηλθον. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court. eiσ-έτι, Adv. still yet.  $\epsilon i\sigma - \epsilon \chi \omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon \epsilon \omega$ , intr. to stretch into, reach. είσ-ηγέομαι, fut. ήσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. ΙΙ. είσηγεῖσθαί Tivi to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence είσηγημα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and είσήγησις, εως, ή, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and είσηγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and είσηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer. eiσ-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to inject by a syringe. είσ-ήκω, f. -ήξω, to be come in: to come in. είσ-ήλυθον, είσηλθον, aor. 2 of είσερχομαι. είσηλύσία, ή, (εἰσήλυθον) a coming in. είσήνεγκαι, aor. 1 of είσφέρω.  $\epsilon l \sigma \theta a$ , Aeol. and Ep. for  $\epsilon l s$ ,  $\epsilon l$ , 2 sing. of  $\epsilon l \mu \iota ibo$ . είσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of ίημι. eiσ-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to. elσ-θρώσκω, aor. - έθορον, to leap into or in. eiol, eiolv, 3 pl. pres. of eiul sum. είσι, είσιν, 3 sing. pres. of είμι ibo. είστδειν, Ep. είσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of είσειδον. εἰσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσίδρῦμαι: (εἰs, ἰδρύω): to build, found in a place. eiσ-ίζομαι, Pass. (els, ίζω) to be seated in, to sit down in. elo-inul, f. -how, to send or put into:-Med. to betake oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in. εἰσίθμη, ή, (εἴσ-ειμι) an entrance. είσ-ικνέομαι, fut. -lξομαι, Dep. to go into.

είσ-ίπταμαι, late form of είσπέτομαι.

είσ-κατατίθημι, f.  $-\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , to put down into.

είσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to call in by berald:

είσ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call in.

in: to be put on board ship.

esp. to call into the lists for combat.

fishing rod.

down into.

tators, v. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα είσκεκύκληκεν εί**s** την οίκίαν some spirit bas brought ill luck into the house. είσ-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [τ] . to roll into. έτσκω: impf. ήϊσκον: (Ισος, έισος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph, to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe. elσ-λεύσσω, to look into. **είσ-μαίομαι,** 201. Ι είσεμασάμην, Ερ. 3 sing. έσεμάσσατο Dor. -άξατο: Med.: (els, μάσσω):---to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel. είσ-νέομαι, Dep. to go into. eiσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim into. είσ-νοέω, f ήσω, to perceive, remark. είσ-οδος, ή, (είς, όδός) a way into, entry. II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance. elo-οικειόω, f. ώσω, (els, olκείοs) to bring in as a friend:-Pass. to become friend to any one. είσ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in, settle in είσοικήσις, εως, ή, settlement: a dwelling. elo-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to bring as a colonist into a place:-Pass. to settle oneself in a place. elσ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build into. είσοιχνεθσα, Aeol. for είσοιχνοθσι, 3 pl. of elσ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go into, enter. eiσ-6κε or -ev, Dor. elσ-6κα, (els ő κε) until such time as :--so long as. eίσομαι, fut. of \*είδω B: eίσeaι, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of ε*lμι ib*o. elσον, imperat. of elσα. elo-όπιν, (εls, ὅπις) Adv. bereafter. elσ-οπίσω, Adv. in time to come, bereafter. είσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.  $\epsilon i\sigma \sigma \tau \rho is$ ,  $i\delta \sigma s$ είσ-οπτρον, τό, (είσόψομαι) a looking-glass, mirror. είσ-οράω, Ep. part. είσορύων, inf. med. είσοράασθαι: the fut. εἰσόψομαι and aor. 2 εἰσείδον are supplied from other Roots (see δράω):—to look at or upon, eiσ-καλαμάομαι, (εls, καλάμη) to baul in with a view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold. elσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, 2 or. 2 είσκατ έβην, to go elσ-ορμάω, f. hσω, to bring forcibly into:-Pass. to force one's way into. elσ-opulζω, fut. low Att. lû, to bring into port:είσ-κειμαι, as Pass. of είστίθημι, to be put into, lie Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port. elσ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush in.  $\overline{\epsilon}i\sigma os$ ,  $\eta$ , ov  $[\overline{\iota}]$ , Ep. lengthd. form of  $\overline{\iota}\sigma os$ , alike,  $\epsilon i\sigma - \kappa \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\kappa \epsilon \lambda \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \lambda \sigma \alpha$ :—to push or thrust in: (sub. vaûv), to put into shore, put to land. Bais etan the equal, used in these phrases:

equal banquet, i. e. equally shared.

the equal or well-balanced ships.

είσκομίδή, ή, a bringing in, importation.

elσ-κομίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω: to bring into, im-

είσ-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the

eton the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ− ves evoor eïou an even mind, that is well-balanced, calm, Lat. mens aequa.

elotote, for els ote, until.

eiσ-ours, εωs, ή, a looking upon: a spectacle. From είσοψομαι, fut. of είσοράω, formed from Root \*είσ-

είσ-παίω, aor. I είσέπαισα, to burst or dash in. elσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn. είσ-περάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω, to pass over into. είσ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. form είσεπτάμην and act. είσέπτην:--to fly into. είσ-πηδάω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to leap into, burst in. είσ-πίπτω, f.  $-\pi\epsilon\sigma ο \hat{v} \mu \alpha i$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi\epsilon\sigma o \nu$ : pf.  $-\pi\epsilon$ птока:—to fall or rusb into: to be thrown into. II. to fall upon, attack.

 $\epsilon i\sigma - \pi i \tau v \omega$ , poet. form of  $\epsilon i\sigma \pi i \pi \tau \omega$ .

είσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence είσπλοος, contr. είσπλους, ό, a sailing in of II. the entrance of a barbour.

είσ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, inhale, Lat. · II. to breathe upon. Hence instirare.

είσπνήλας, δ, one who inspires love, a lover.

είσ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to put into the bands of, to give (a son) to be adopted by another: - Pass. to be adopted. II. to introduce. Hence

είσποιητός, ή, όν, adopted.

είσ-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut. med. –εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

είσπραξις, εως, ή, exaction or collection of taxes. eiσ-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to get in or collect taxes: - Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

είσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρυήσομαι: 201. 2 -ερρύην: - to stream into.

είστήκειν, plapf. intr. of ιστημι.

είστίακα, είστίασα, pf. and aor. of έστιάω

ciσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also with or without es vaûv, to put on board ship:-Med., τέκνα ἐσθέσθαι (201. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

είσ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

είσ-τρέχω, fut. -δράμοῦμαι: 20r. 2 -έδράμον (from \*δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

είσ-φέρω, fut. -οίσω (from \*οίω): aor. I - ηνεγκαand pf.  $-\epsilon \nu \eta \nu o \chi a$  (from  $* \dot{\epsilon} \nu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \kappa \omega$ ); cf.  $\phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega : -to$ carry into: to bring in or upon. II. to bring in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on pro-III. to introduce, bring forward, property. pose. IV. Med. to carry with one: also like Act. to introduce. V. Pass. 2. to import, to rush in. 2. to be imported.

είσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go continually to, to visit. είσφορά, ή, (είσφέρω) a carrying into. bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax, raised to meet the exigencies of war.

 $\epsilon l\sigma - \phi o \rho \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ ,  $= \epsilon l \sigma \phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ .

είσ-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. είσφρεε: (els, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring in with one.

elσ-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to put into one's hands, entrust.

 $\epsilon i\sigma - \chi \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $-\chi \epsilon \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \chi \epsilon \alpha :$ —to pour into :— Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [v], to stream in.

eίσω, more rarely έσω, Adv. (είs, έs) into, within, c. acc., δύναι δόμον "Αίδος είσω: also c. gen., έσω βλεφάρων. II. within, inside.

είσ-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust into:-Med. to force oneself into, press in.

είσ-ωπός, όν, (είς, ώψ) in face, in front of; είσωποὶ έγένοντο νεων they came in front of the ships.

EITA, Ion. εἶτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, thereupon, Lat, deinde, II. like Lat. ita and itaque, and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat. itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed? elται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of εννυμι.

єї-тє , єї-тє .., Lat. sive .., sive .., either .., or ..., whether ..., or ; so that several cases are always put: in Homer the first eire is sometimes answered by h rai. The Trag. sometimes leave out the first eire, or put el instead.

elte, for einte, 2 pl. pres. opt. of elui sum, είτεν, Ion. for είτα, like έπειτεν for έπειτα.

eίω, Ep. for έάω.

eĩω, Ep. for εω, ω, pres. subj. of εlμί sum. είωθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb έθω. εἰώθειν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ἔθω.

είωθότως. Adv. of είωθα, in the usual way.

είων, impf. of ἐάω. eïws, Ep. for ews, until.

eiωσι, Ep. for ἐωσι, 3 pl. of ἐάω.

EK, before a vowel & Lat. e, ex, PREP. WITH GEN. Radic. sense, from out of, away from. Of Place, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα chief from among all, of all. 2. like έξω, outside of, beyond; εκ βελέων out of shot; εκ καπνου out of

3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, & the smoke. πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φόρμιγγα he hung his lyre from, i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτεσθαι έκ τινος to fasten from, II. OF TIME, Et ou since, i.e. upon, a thing. from the time when, Lat. ex quo; if ἀρχηs from the beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished sacrifice; εξ είρηνης πολεμείν to go to war out of, III. OF ORIGIN, EK TIVOS YEVÉi. e. after, peace. σθαι to be born or sprung from one; εξ εμοῦ γένος 2. of the έσσί thou comest of me by blood. materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of wood. 3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεόφιν πολεμίζειν to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος έξ ολοήs because of deadly wrath; έκ καύματος in consequence of the heat;  $\hat{\epsilon}\kappa$   $\beta$ ias  $\check{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu = \beta$ ia  $\check{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu$ , to 4. with a pass. Verb, εφίληθεν εκ Διόε lead by force. they were beloved of or by Zeus. 5. with a neut.

έκ τοῦ ἐμφανοῦε and ἐξ ἐμφανοῦε for ἐμφανῶε, etc. ène is often separated from its Case by one or more words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

Adj., as periphr. for Adv., εξ αγχιμόλου for αγχίμολον:

In Compos. & signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

ing from afar, far-darting, = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἔκἄθεν, Adv. (ἐκάs) from afar:—far off, far away. έκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρω.

έκάλεσσα, Ep. 20r. 1 of καλέω.

ĕκāλos, Dor. for ĕκηλos.

έκάμμύσα, for κατέμυσα, 201. I of καταμύω.

ἔκάμον, ἐκαμόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω. έκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

**ἔκαρψα, a**or. 1 of κάρφω.

έκάs Att. έκαs, Adv. (ἐκ) far. afar, far off: c. gen. far from, far away from. II. of Time, long after. ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάs, furthest off, furthest away. ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἔκαστοε) Adv. from every side.

έκασταχόσε, (έκαστος) Adv. to every side.

έκασταχοῦ, (ξκαστος) Adv. everywhere.

έκαστέρω, Comp. of έκάs, further, further off:-Sup. ξκαστάτω.

έκάστοθι, Adv. for each or every one. From \*EKAΣΤΟΣ, η, ον, every, every one, each, each one, Lat. quisque, opp. to a number: the sing, from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb, ξκαστος ἐπίστασθε ye know each one of you: είς ἕκαστοs, Lat. unusquisque, each one; πᾶs ἕκαστοs, one and all; of καθ' έκαστον each one singly, Lat sin-bundred, Lat. centurio. guli: καθ' ἐκάστην [ἡμέραν] every day, daily. Hence

έκάστοτε, Adv. each time, at all times.

ξκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ξκαστέρω.

έκατεράκις, Adv. (έκάτερος) at each time.

έκάτερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. for έκατέρωθεν, from or on each side, Lat. utrinque.

ΈΚΑ ΤΕΡΟΣ, a, ov, each of two, each singly, Lat. tesimus; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά a bundred-fold. uterque. Hence

έκατέρωθεν, Adv. from each side: and

έκατέρωθι, Adv. on each side: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. to each side, each way.

Έκάτη [α], ή, (ξκατος) Hecate, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same of a ship, to disembark. as Artemis. 'Εκάτης δείπνον, οτ 'Εκάταια, τά, was from. an offering of purification made to her on the 30th out, Lat. evadere. of each month at three cross roads.

έκ**άτη-βελέτης**, ου, ό, = έκατηβόλος.

έκατη-βόλος, ον, (έκάς, βάλλω) far-throwing, farshooting, far-darting : - as Subst. the Far-darter.

εκάτι, Att. and Dor. for εκητι, on account of.

έκατογ-κάρανος, ον, (έκατόν, κάρηνον); and έκατογ-κεφάλας, ου, δ, (έκατόν, κεφαλή); and

έκατόγ-κράνος, ον, (έκατόν, κράνον):—bundredbeaded.

έκατόγ-χειρος, ον, (έκατόν, χείρ) bundred-banded. έκατό-ζύγος, ον, (έκατόν, ζυγόν) with 100 benches for rowers.

έκατομ-βαιών, ώνος, δ, the month Hecatombaeon, the trees, properly to cut them out of the forest. first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of metaph., ἔπος ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word; July and first half of August. From

ἐκά-εργος, δ, (ἐκάε, ϶ἔργω) epith. of Apollo, work- | ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦε) properly an offering of a bundred oxen: but commonly a great public sacrifice, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

> έκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (έκατόν, βοῦς) of or worth a bundred oxen.

έκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (έκατόν, πούς) 100 feet long.

έκατομ-πολίεθρος, ον, = έκατόμπολις.

έκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (έκατύν, πόλις) with a bundred cities.

έκατόμ-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (έκατόν, πούs) bundred-footed.

έκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (έκατόν, πύλη) bundred-gated. 'EKATO'N, oi, ai, τά, indecl. a hundred, Lat. centum. ἐκατοντα-ετής, ές, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) of a bundred years,

a hundred years old. έκατοντα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρανος, ον, (έκατόν, κά-

ρηνον) bundred-beaded: cf. εκατόγκρανος. έκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (έκατόν, τάλαντον) worth 100 talents; γραφή έκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

έκατοντα-πλάσίων, ον, gen. ονος, (έκατύν) a bundred-fold, 100 times as much or many.

**ἐκατοντά-πὔλος**, ον, = ἐκατόμπὔλο**ς**.

έκατοντ-άρχης, ου, δ, (έκατόν, ἄρχω) a leader of a

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κατόντ-αρχος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κατοντάρχης.

ξκατοντάς, άδος, ή, (ξκατόν) the number one hundred. έκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (έκατόν, όργυιά) of 100 faέκατέατο, Ion, for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι, thoms:—poet., ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον.

 $\ddot{\epsilon}$ κάτος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}κ\dot{a}s) = \dot{\epsilon}κηβόλοs$ .

έκατό-στομος, ον, (έκατόν, στόμα) bundred-mouthed. έκατοστός, ή, όν, (έκατόν) the hundredth, Lat. cenτοστή the hundredth part, a tax or duty at Athens.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$  Katortús, úos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$  Katortás.

**ἔκαυσα**, 20τ. Ι οf καίω. έκ-βάζω, f. ξω, to speak out, declare.

έκ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 εξέβην: pf. εκβέβηκα:—to step out of, go or come out of: to step out 2. to go out of, depart 3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn 4. to go out of due bounds, to II. in fut. act.  $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial  digress. Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.

έκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic :- Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage. ἔκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξέβαλ $\epsilon$ , 3 sing, ind.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-βάλλω, f. -βάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor.  $\hat{a}$  - $\dot{\epsilon}$ βάλον; pf. -β $\dot{\epsilon}$ βληκα: -to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also 2. πόλεως ἐκβάλλειν to cast to carry out to sea. out of the country: and so to drive out, banish.

II. to strike out, Lat. excutere; δοῦρα ἐκβάλλειν to fell III. so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. explodere. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. ἐαυτόν), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

έκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω. ἐκβάs, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἔκβάσις, εωε, ή, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress: an escape. ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνω.

έκ-βεβαιόω, f. ωσω, to confirm.

έκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

έκ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of ἐκβαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship. ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour. ἔκβλητος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, de-

spised, despicable. - ἐκ-βλώσκω, 201. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

έκ-βοάω, f. ήσομαι, to call or cry out.

eκ-βοήθεια, ή, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθέω, f. ήσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally. ἐκ-βολβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐκ, βολβόs) to peel off

from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζειν τινὰ τῶν κωδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, banishment. III. a shooting forth; ἐκ-βολὴ σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. exitus; ἐκβολὴ ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολὴ λόγου a digression. V. (from Pass.) that which is cast

out; ἐκβολή δικέλλης earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἐκβολή children exposed on the mountains. ἔκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive. II. as Subst., ἔκβολος, ὁ, a cape, pro-

montory. 2. ἔκβολα, τά, cast off relics. ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth:

Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships. έκ-βροντάω, f. ήσω, to strike out by lightning.

έκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

εκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἔκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

έκ-γἄμίζω, f. lσω Att. ιῶ, to give away in marriage: —Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

έκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

έκ-γαυρόομαι, (έκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in. έκ-γέγδια, poet. for ἐκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι: 3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [ἄ]; part. ἐκγεγαώς, ἐκγεγαυῖα.

ěκ-γελάω, f. άσομαι [a]: for the tenses, v. γελάω:
—to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaph. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

έκ-γενήs, έs, (έκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

έκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: 201. 2 εξεγενόμην: pf. | forth f εκγέγονα, poët. εκγέγαα (q. v.): Dep.:—to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II. to have gone by; χρόνου εκγεγονότοι time having judge.

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like εξεστι, it is allowed, it is granted.

έκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι. ἔκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἔκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson: τὰ ἔκγονα offspring, posterity.

ěκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy:—Med. to write out or copy for oneself.

II. to strike out, expunge

from a list.

έκ-δακρύω, f. ύσω, to burst into tears. [v]

έκ-δάπάνάω, f. ήσω, to expend, consume, exhaust, έκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

έκδεδωρίευνται, 3 pl. Ion. plapf. of εκδωριόσμαι.

έκ-δεής, ές, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence ἔκδεια, ἡ, a falling sbort, being in arrear.

ekoeta, η, a jating sport, being in arrear.

έκ-δείκνυμι, f. –δείξω, 201. I εξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

έκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for έκδέχομαι.

«κδεξις, εως, ή, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

έκ-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look out from.

έκ-δέρω, Ion. –δείρω: f. –δερῶ:—to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

έκ-δετος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. I ἐξε-δεξάμην: Dep.:—to take or receive from: to take up.
 2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχήν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: ot countries, to come next.
 3. to wait for, expect, Lat. excipere.
 4. to receive at a feast.

έκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on ot to:
---Med. to bind a thing to oneself, hang it round one.
έκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

έκ-δημέω, f. ήσω, (έκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

έκδημία, ή, departure from bome or from life.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ κ-δημος, ον,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa, \delta\hat{\eta}\mu os)$  from bome, abroad.

ěκ-διαβαίνω, f. –βήσομαι: 201. 2 ἐκδιέβην:—to go tbrough out of, pass over.

iκ-διαντάομαι, Pass. (iκ, διαιτάω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's babits.

ἐκδιδαγμα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From ἐκ-διδάσκα, f. -διδάζω poét. -διδασκήσω:—to teach thoroughly, Lat. edocere:—Med. to have another taught thoroughly:—Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ιοπ. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [ā]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν:—to run away from, escape.

έκ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξεδόμην:—to give out, give up, Lat. reddere: to surrender.

2. to give out of one's bouse; ἐκδίδοναι οτ ἐκδίδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for bire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

έκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full. έκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a

judge. II. to avenge. Hence

έκδικάστής, οῦ, ὁ, an avenger.

ἐκδικέω, f. ήσω, (ἔκδικοε) to avenge, punish; ἐκδικείν τινα ἀπό τινοε to avenge one on another. Hence έκδίκησιε, εωε, ή, an avenging: vengeance.

έκ-δίκοs, ον, (ἐκ, δίκη) without law, lawless, Lat. exlen: Adv. exbinos, lawlessly. II. carrying out justice, avenging: as Subst., ἔκδικοε, δ, an avenger.

έκ-διφρεύω, f. σω, to throw from the chariot. ἀκ-δτώκω, f. ξομαι later ξω, to drive away, banisb.

έκ-δονέω, f. ήσω, to shake out, confound.

έκδοσις, εως, ή, (ἐκδίδωμι) a giving up, surrender-2. a giving in marriage.

έκδώσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

έκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, one must give in marriage.

έκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) given up, betrayed.

έκδουναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.

έκδοχή, ή, (ἐκδέχομαι) a receiving from another, succession.

έκ-δράκοντόομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) to become a

έκδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of έκτρέχω.

έκδρομή, ή, (ἐκδραμεῖν) a running out, sally, charge: -also a band of skirmishers.

εκ-δρομος, δ, one that sallies out, a skirmisher. ἔκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) that which is put off, a skin, garment,

έκδυμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδυναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω, or for ἐκδύοιμεν I pl. opt.

έκ-δύνω, see έκδύω.

ἔκδύσις, εως, ή, a slipping out, escape. From

έκ-δύω, f. -δύσω [v]: aor. I ἐξέδυσα: to strip off from another; ἐκδῦσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα to strip him of his tunic; ἐκδῦσαι αὐτόν to strip him. pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν, pf. ἐκδέδῦκα, to put off. 2. to get out of, slip out 3. metaph. to get away from, escape. of.

έκ-δωριόομαι, Pass. (έκ, Δώριος) to become quite a Dorian.

έκέασσα, Ep. for ἐκέασα, 20r. 1 of κεάζω.

έκέατο, Ion. for έκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.

'EKEI', Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. illic. έκεια, Ep. aor. I of καίω.

excider, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. illinc: c. gen., τοὐκείθεν ἄλσους yon side of the grove.

έκείθι, (ἐκεί) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. illic:

έκείνος Ion. κείνος, η, ο, Aeol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος, Att. also strengthd. ἐκεινοσί: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεί): -that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud: when ovτος and ἐκείνος refer to two things before mentioned, ἐκείνοs, ille, refers to the more remote, ούτοs, bic, to the nearer. II. used also like ille, to denote well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, magnus ille III. in Att., excivos precedes the Art. when it is emphatic, as, ἐκεῖνος ὁ ἀνήρ: and follows the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as & dvhp exel-VOS. IV. Adv. exelvos, in that way, in that case:

Ιοη. κείνως. V. the dat. fem. eneivn is also used as Adv., I. of Place, there, at that place, on that road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.

έκειρα, aor. I of κείρω.

έκεισε, Att. κεισε, Adv. (ἐκεί) to that place, thither, Lat. illuc.

έκέκαστο, 3 sing. plapf. (in impf. sense) of καίνυμαι. έκεκεύθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.

έκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 of κέλομαι.

έκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of κλίνω.

έκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of κοσμέω.

έκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι. έκέλσα, 20r. 1 of κέλλω.

ἔκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.

έκε-χειρία, ή, (έχω, χείρ) a bolding of bands, a cessation of bostilities, armistice.

έκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil out or over: c. gen., εὐλέων 

έκ-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to search out.

έκ-ζωπυρέω, f. ήσω, to light up again, rekindle.

έκηα, Ep. aor. 1 of καίω.

έκηβολία, ή, a darting from afar, archery. From ἔκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) far-darting, far-sbooting, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.

έκηλος, ον, collat. form of εύκηλος, at one's ease, quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of a field lying at rest or fallow.

"EKHTI Att. «кать, Prep. with gen. by means of, by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later = ĕvεκa, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards. as to, Lat. quod attinet ad.

έκ-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm thoroughly.

έκθαμβέω, f. ήσω, to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be amazed, astonished. From

εκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) amazed, astounded.

έκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω, (έκ, θάμνος) to root out, extirpate. έκθανον, Ep. for εξέθανον, aor. 2 of εκθνήσκω.

έκ-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι, Ion. ήσομαι, Dep. to see out, see to the end.

έκ-θεατρίζω, f. σω, (έκ, θέατρον) to make a spectacle of.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-θειάζω, f. σω, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ, θε $\hat{\iota}$ ον) to deify.

έκθέμεναι or έκθέμεν, Ep. for έκθείναι, 201. 2 inf. of **ἐ**κτίθημι.

έκθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.

έκ-θερίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to mow completely: to cut

έκ-θερμαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ἐκ, θερμόs) to warm or beat thoroughly.

έκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἔκθεσις, εως, ή, (ἐκτίθημι) a putting out, exposing.

έκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) put out, exposed. έκ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run or sally out.

έκ-θηράομαι, Dep. to bunt out, catch.

έκ-θηρεύω, f. σω, = ξκθηράομαι.

έκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press, squeeze out: metaph. to crush, oppress.

έκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θανούμαι: 20r. εξέθανον:--to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω οτ γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

έκ-θοινάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on. **ἔκθορε**, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of ἐκθρώσκω.

έκ-θρηνέω, f. ήσω, to mourn out or aloud.

έκ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροθμαι: 201. εξέθορον:-to leap

out of, leap forth from. έκ-θυμιάω, f. άσω, to burn as incense.

έκ-θυμος, ον, (έκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager:

also frantic, like Lat. amens.

έκ-θύω, f. ύσω [v]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer 2. Med. up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. to atone for, expeate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

έκίχεις [ $\check{t}$ ], 2 sing. impf. of κίχημι: cf. ἐτίθεις from τίθημι.

ϵκίχην [τ], impf. of κίχημι.

έκ-καγχάζω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter. έκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: 20r. I έξεκάθηρα:--to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

έκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ěκ-καί-δεκα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. sixteen.

**έκκαιδεκά-δωρος**, ον, (έκκαίδεκα, δώρον) sixteen palms long.

έκκαιδεκά-λίνος, ον, (έκκαιδέκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

έκκαιδέκατος, η, ον, (έκκαίδεκα) sixteentb.

έκκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (ἐκκαίδεκα, ἔτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ιδος.

ĕκ-καιρος, ον, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

έκ-καίω, Att. έκκάω: fut. -καύσω: aor. Ι ἐξέκεα:---II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame. ἐκ-κἄκέω, f. ήσω, (ἐκ, κακόs) to be faint-bearted.

έκ-καλαμάομαι, (έκ, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

έκ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call forth: — Med. to call out to oneself; metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

έκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

έκ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοθμαι: aor, 2 έξ έκάμον:--to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

έκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπόs) to yield as fruit. έκ-καρπόομαι, Med. (έκ, καρπόω) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

έκ-κατείδον, 201. 2 of έξοράω, to look down from. έκ-καυλίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλόε) to pull out the stalk:

metaph. to destroy root and branch.

έκ-καυχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud. ěκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

έκκέαs, aor. I part. of ἐκκαίω.

έκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out II. c. gen. to fall from out of. έκκέκοφα, έκκέκομμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έκκόπτω.

έκκεκώφηκα, έκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκωφέω, -όω.

έκ-κενόω, -κεινόω, f. ώσω, to empty out, desolate. έκ-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab. έκ-κεράίζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence έκκεχυμένως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

έκκέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχώννυμι.

έκ-κηραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exbaust. ěκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω:—to proclaim by a berald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ěκ-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

έκ-κλάζω, f. –κλάγξω, to cry aloud.

ěκ-κλάω, f. –κλάσω [ă], to break off.

έκ-κλείω Ion. -κληίω Att. -κλίω. Att. fut. έκκλήσω:—to sbut out: metaph. to exclude or binder from. έκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

έκ-κληΐω, Ion. for έκκλείω.

έκκλησία, ή, (έκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύριαι έκκλησίαι, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

έκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ήκκλησίαζον οτ έκκλησίαζον, but also ἐξεκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. I έξεκλησίασα:—to bold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. to summon to the assembly.

έκκλήσω, Att. fut. of έκκλείω.

ἔκκλητος, ον, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

έκ-κλίνω, f. -κλἴνω, to bend aside: to bend down, of II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

έκ-κναίω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισεῦντι. έκ-κνάω, f. ήσω, to rub or cut deeply.

έκ-κοβάλικεύομαι, Dep. (έκ, κόβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

έκ-κοκκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (έκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ἐκκοκκίζειν σφυρόν to put out one's ancle; ἐκκοκκίζειν  $\tau ds \pi \delta \lambda \epsilon s to empty the cities.$ 

έκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

έκ-κολυμβάω, f. ήσω, to swim out of.

έκκομιδή, ή, a carrying out or off. From

έκ-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομίζειν τινὰ ἐκ πρηγματο**s** to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure,

ěκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

έκ-κομψεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

έκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:-Pass., aor. 2 έξεκόπην: pf. εκκέκομμαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξεκόπη τὼφθαλμώ be bad his eyes knocked out. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. exscin-3. to beat off from a place, repulse. dere.

έκ-κορέω, f. ήσω, to sweep out: to sweep clean.

ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόριε) to clear of bugs. ἐκ-κορῦφόω, f. ώσω, to sum up sbortly.

έκ-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to bang upon, listen attentively to. έκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ά]:—to let bang from or by:—Pass. to bang from or upon, cling to. Hence

έκκρεμής, ές, banging from or upon. έκ-κρήμναμαι, poet. Pass. of έκκρεμάννυμι.

έκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνῶ, to choose or single out, select. 2. to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence έκκρἴτος, ον, picked out, chosen; ἔκκριτόν as Adv.,

above all, eminently.

«κκρουσις, εως, ή, a beating out, driving away: and «κκρουστος, ον, beaten out: of embossed work, worked in relief. From

ěκ-κρούω, f. σω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive back, repulse: to biss an actor off the stage, Lat. explodere. 3. to put off, adjourn.

έκ-κυβιστάω, f. ήσω, to tumble beadlong out of.

έκ-κυέω, f. ήσω, to bring forth.

έκ-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-κύκλημα (q. v.) —Pass. to be brought to sight by this means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out! i. e. shew yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence

ἐκκύκλημα, ατος, τό, a theatrical machine which disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:

cf. είσκυκλέω.

έκ-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω. aor. 1 ἐξεκύλισα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξεκυλίσθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκυλίσθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled beadlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate oneself or escape from.

έκ-κυμαίνω, (έκ, κυμα) to undulate: to be uneven. εκκυνέω, (έκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.

έκ-κύνηγετέω, f. ήσω, to bunt down.

έκ-κύνος, ον, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about, not keeping on one scent.

έκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.

ěκ-κωμάζω, f. σω, to come forth in the festive procession: to rush madly out.

ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ήσω, and ἐκ-κωφόω, f. ώσω, (ἐκ. κωφύs) to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the swords grew blunt.

έκλαγον, aor. 2 of κλάζω.

**ἔκλαγξα**, aor. I of κλάζω.

spurn at.

έκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλἄχον:—to obtain by lot or fate.

άκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω. ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. τῶ, to kick out: metaph. to

ěκ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to speak out, divulge.

έκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: 201. 2 ἐξἐλᾶβον: for the other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II. to receive, hear. III. to contract to do work, opp. to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).

έκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I εξέλαμφα:—to sbine or flash forth.

II. trans. to make to sbine, light up, kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλἄθον, to escape notice uterly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor. - ἐλᾶσα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέλαθον, Causal of ἐκλανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med. ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέλαθέσθαι: pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κλαπάζω, f.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξαλαπάζω, to cast out from.

έκλάπην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω.

έκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.

ἔκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.

ἐκ-λέγω, f. ἐω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself, choose.
2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's gray hairs.
II. to collect tribute.

έκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ξξέλιπον: pf. ξκλέλοιπα:

—to leave out, omut.

2. to forsake, abandon, quit.

3. εί τις ξξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμών if any one left the number incomplete.

II. of the sun, to be eclipsed; in full, ξκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ εδρην.

III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop.

ξκλειψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting.

disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.

έκλεκτός, ή, όν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; of

ἐκλεκτοί the elect

ἐκλελᾶθεῖν, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 act. 2nd med. of ἐκληθάνω.

ϵκλϵλῦμαι, pf. pass. of ϵκλύω.

ἔκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέεο, 2 sing. impf of κλέω. ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to batch.

ek-λεπω, i. ψω, to free from the shell, to hatch ek-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease entirely.

έκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.

 $\epsilon \kappa \lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \eta v$ , aor. 1 pass. of  $\kappa \alpha \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ .

«κλησις, εως, ή, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: forgetting and forgiving.

έκ-λιμπάνω, poet, for έκλείπω.

έκλίνθημες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

έκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.

έκλιπειν, 20r. 2 inf. of έκλείπω.

ἐκλιπής, έε, (ἐκλιπεῖν) failing, deficient: ἡλίου ἐκλιπές τι ἐγένετο = ἔκλειψιε, there was an eclipse of the sun. II. omitted.

έκλογή, ή, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election: a levy of troops or taxes.

II. a choice selection, as of extracts from authors.

ěκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to consider, reflect on.

έκλόμην, 20r. 2 of κέλομαι.

έκ-λούω, f. σω, to wash out.

ěκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth: - Pass. to be born.

ἐκλῦθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.

ἔκλύσις, εως, ή, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.

έκλυτήριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering. ἐκλύτος, ον, let loose, discharged. From

ěκ-λύω, f. ύσω [ū]: for the tenses v. λύω —to loose or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his tongue:—so also in Med.

II. to unloose, unstring

a bow: hence to break up, put an end to:-Pass. to be faint, exhausted, despond.

έκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to sustain grievous injuries.

έκ-λωπίζω, f. σω, (έκ, λῶποs) to lay bare.

έκμαγείον, τό, (ἐκμαγῆναι) the impression of a seal, a seal; έκμαγείον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock,—said of a hardy fisherman.

έκμαγηναι, aor. 2 pass. of έκμάσσω.

έκ-μαίνω, f. -μανω: aor. I ξέξμηνα:-to drive mad with any passion; πύθον ἐκμῆναι to kindle passionate desire: Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκμέμηνα:—to go mad with passion: to rave, be frantic. ἔκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an impress, image.

έκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 εξέμαθον: pf. έκμεμάθηκα:—to learn thoroughly, to learn by heart: in past tenses, to have learnt thoroughly, and so to II. to examine closely, know full well, perceive. search out.

έκμανω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάξας, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

έκ-μαργόω, f. ώσω, (έκ, μάργος) to drive raving mad:-Pass. to go raving mad.

έκ-μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness to a thing.

έκ-μάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. Ι ἐξέμαξα: Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγμαι:—to wipe off:—Med. to wipe away one's tears. II. to mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.

έκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to search out. έκ-μεθύσκω, to make quite drunk.

ex-uelpoual, Dep. to have a chief share in a thing; έξέμμορε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

έκ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to train carefully: to practise diligently.

έκμεμάθηκα, pf. of έκμανθάνω.

έκμέμηνα, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνω.

έκ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out:-Med. to measure out for oneself: to take measure of.

έκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) measureless, boundless, Lat, immensus.

ϵκμηναι, αοτ. 1 inf. of <math>ϵκμαίνω.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ κ-μηνος, ον, ( $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ξ, μήν) of six months, half yearly: as Subst., ἔκμηνοε, ή, a space of six months.

έκ-μηρύομαι, Dep., of an army, to defile out of.

έκ-μζαίνω, to pollute.

έκ-μτμέομαι, Dep. to imitate faithfully.

έκ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for hire: - Med. to hire. ἔκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

ἐκ-μουσόω, f. ώσω, (ἐκ, μοῦσα) to teach fully. έκ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to work out with toil, Lat. elabo-

rare: to win bardly or by great exertion, to achieve. ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλόε) to beave with the lever, to force one's way.

έκ-μυζάω, f. ήσω, to suck out.

έκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to turn up one's |ράθην [ā]: Dep.:—to make trial of, prove, tempt. nose at, mock at.

ek-veaζω, f. σω, (έκ, νέοε) to grow young or fresh. ek-vépopat, Med. to feed off, Lat. depasci. go forth to feed, go forth.

έκνενίκηκα, pf. of έκνικάω.

έκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to cut the sinews:-Pass., pf. έκ-

νενεύρισμαι, to be unnerved.

ěκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I ěféνευσα:—to turn aside, turn away. II. to sink down. III. to give a nod or sign to do a thing.

έκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι: ant. 1 ἐξένευσα:-to swim out or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.

έκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.

ἐκ-νίζω, f. –νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. I ἐξένιψα: -to wash out or away.

έκ-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer completely: to achieve II. intr to prevail, grow into use; ἐπὶ τὸ μυθῶδες ἐκνενικηκέναι to win its way to the fabulous

čκ-νόμιος, ον, (čκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted, strange. Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομιώτατα.

έκ-νομος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted: unlawful: -Adv. - \mu s, discordantly.

έκ-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to return from, to return,

έκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to take for oneself. έκνυζητο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάσμαι.

έκόμισσα, Ep. aor. 1 of κομίζω.

έκοντί, Adv. (έκων) freely, willingly.

έκορέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of κορέννυμι. έκούσιος, a, ov, (ἐκών) of one's own free will, volun-

tary. Adv. -ίως; also έξ έκουσίας οι καθ' έκουσίαν. έκπαγλέομαι, Pass. to be astonished or amazed. to wonder at, admire exceedingly. From

έκ-παγλος, ον, (metath. for έκ-πλάγος, from έκ- $\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma\hat{\eta}\nu\alpha\iota$ ) frightful, terrible, fearful. Adv. ἐκπάγλωs, also neut. ἔκπαγλον and ἔκπλαγα used as Adv., terribly, fearfully, greatly. II. astonishing, wonderful.

έκπαίδευμα, aros, τό, anything reared, a child. From έκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to bring up from a child: to educate.

έκ-παιφάσσω, to rush furiously forth.

έκ-παίω, f. - παιήσω: aor. I έξ έπαισα:—to strike out of a thing, disappoint.

ἔκ-παλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of old, long ago.

έκ-πάλλω, to shake out:—Pass. to spirt out. ἔκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass, of ἐκπάλλω.

ėκ-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike out of one's senses.

έκ-πάτιος, α, ον, (έκ, πάτος) out of the common path: excessive.

ěκ-παύω, f. σω, to set quite at rest, put an end to:-Med. to take one's rest.

έκ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade, over-persuade.

έκ-πειράζω, f. άσω, to tempt.

έκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ā]: aor. I έξεπειto inquire of another.

έκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is allowed. έκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω: aor. I έξέπεμψα:—to send out or forth from: of things, to export.

fetch out, send for: Pass. to go forth, depart. to dismiss, drive away: to divorce. Hence ἔκπεμψις, εως, ή, a sending out or forth. έκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of έκπετάννυμι.

ϵκπϵπληγμαι, pf. pass. of ϵκπλησσω.

έκπεπόνημαι, pf. pass. of έκπονέω.

έκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of έκπορθέω.

έκπεπόρθμευμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθμεύω, both in med. and pass. sense.

έκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.

έκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of έκποτάομαι. έκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of έκπετάννυμι,

expanded, open. Adv. -vws, extravagantly.

έκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.

έκπεράα, έκπερόωσιν, Ep. 3 sing, and pl. of έκπεράω. ěκ-περαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to bring to an end:—Pass. to be fulfilled.

ěκπέραμα, ατος, τό, a passing out. From

έκ-περάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω: Ion. aor. I έξεπέρησα:—to pass through or over: metaph., to accom-

έκ-περδικίζω, f ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) to escape like a partridge, fly away.

έκ-πέρθω, fut. -πέρσω, to destroy utterly.

έκ-περίειμι, to go all round.

έκπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of  $\epsilon κπ \epsilon ρθω$ .

έκπεσε, Ep. for έξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of έκπίπτω: έκπεσέειν, for έκπεσείν, aor. 2 inf

έκ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and act. forms εξεπτάμην and εξέπτην .—to fly out, forth or away.

έκ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ἄ]: Ep. aor 1 έξεπέτασσα: -to spread out, unfurl, spread: to stretch out.

έκπετήσιμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) ready to fly out of the nest: metaph. of a girl, marriageable.

έκ-πέτομαι, 2 οτ. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \tau \delta \mu \eta \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \kappa \pi \epsilon \tau \alpha \mu \alpha \iota$ .

έκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for έκπυνθάνομαι.

έκπέφευγα, pf. of έκφεύγω.

έκπεφυνίαι, pf. part. pl. fem. nom of ἐκφύω.

έκ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap out or forth: esp. of a besieged force, to sally fortb. 2. to leap up. Hence έκπήδημα, ατος, τό, a leap out or forth.

έκ-πηνίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (έκ, πήνιον) to reel off, wind out: fut. med., ἐκπηνιεῖσθαί τί τινος to wind something out of a man.

έκ-πιδύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδύω) to gush forth.

έκ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I έξέπλησα, pass. έξε- $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\theta\eta\nu:$ —to fill up, fill full of. 2. to sati-II. to fulfil. III. to finish, complete.

έκ-πίνω [t]: f. -πίομαι; 2 οτ. 2 εξέπιον: for the other tenses, v.  $\pi l \nu \omega := to \ drink \ out \ or \ off, \ quaff,$ II. metaph. to empty out, drain.

έκ-πιπράσκω, to sell off.

έκ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. εξέπεσον: pf. εκπέπτωка:—to fall out of or down from. 2. to fall from, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere. 3. to be driven out of one's country, be banished. cast asbore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici.

to be bissed off the stage, Lat. explodi. 6. to come out or forth, sally out: to get out of, escape: to depart from. 7. to issue, result in.

έκ-πίτνω, poët. for ἐκπίπτω.

έκπλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έκπλήσσω.

ἔκπλεθρος, ον, (ἔξ, πλέθρον) six plethra long. έκ-πλεος, poet. έκπλειος, α, ον, Att. έκπλεως, ων: (έκ, πλέωs) quite full: complete, entire: abundant.

έκ-πλέω, f. –πλεύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐξέπλευσα: Ion. έκπλώω, f. –πλώσω:—to sail out, go out of port; c. acc., έκπλείν τα vaûs els την εύρυχωρίαν to outsail the ships into the open sea.

έκ-πλεωs, ων, Att. for έκπλεοs.

έκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of έκπλήσσω

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ- $\pi$ λήγν $\ddot{\nu}$ μι, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ $\pi$ λήσσω.

έκπληκτικός, ή, όν, (ἐκπλήσσω) striking with terror, astounding. Adv. - κωs, in amazement.

ἔκπληξις, εως, ή, (ἐκπλήσσω) panic fear, consternation; ἔκπληξις κακῶν terror caused by misfortunes.

έκ-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill quite up. 2. of ships. to man completely. 3. to fulfil. ΙΙ. ἐκπληροῦν λιμένα to cross over the harbour, Lat. emetiri spatium.

έκ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξέπληξα:--to strike out of, drive away:—to frighten out of one's senses, scare, astound. II. Pass., mostly in aor. 2 ἐξεπλάγην [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἔκπληγεν: later also aor. 1 έξεπλήχθην .-- to be panic-struck, amazed.

έκπλοος contr. έκπλους, δ, (ἐκπλέω) a sailing out, leaving port.

έκ-πλύνω [v], to wash out. Hence

ἔκπλύτος, ον, to be washed out.

έκ-πλώω, Ion. for έκπλέω.

έκ-πνέω Ep. -πνείω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -ουμαι: aor. I έξέπνευσα:—to breathe out or forth. βίον ἐκπνεῖν to breathe one's last, expire; and so ἐκ-II. intr., of the wind, to blow out πνέω alone. or outwards: to burst out. Hence.

έκπνοή, ή, a breathing out, expiring.

έκ-ποδών, Adv. (έκ, ποδών) out of the way; έκποδών ἵστασθαι to stand out of the way, ἐκποδὼν χωρεῖν τινι to get out of his way. Opp. to ἐμποδών.

έκ-ποιέω, f. ήσω: aor. I έξεποίησα:—to put out a child, give him in adoption. II. Med. to produce, bring fortb. III. to make completely, finish off. Hence

έκποίησιε, εωε, ή, a putting forth, emission: and έκποίητος, η, ov, put forth, given in adoption.

ěκ-ποκίζω, f ίσω Att. τω, to pull out wool or bair. έκ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to excite to war, make bostile. έκ-πολεμόω, f. ώσω, to make bostile, involve in war:

Pass. to become an enemy to.

έκ-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to take by siege, Lat. expugnare. έκπομπή, ή, (ἐκπέμπω) a sending out or forth.

έκ-πονέω, f. ήσω: aor. I έξεπόνησα:—to work out, 4. to be finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elabo-5. of actors, rare:—Pass. to be brought to perfection. σίτος έκπε210 πονημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπεπονῆσθαι τὰ | σώματα to bave their bodies in good training. to work bard for, to earn by labour. III. to pre-IV. to search out. vail on by importunity. of food, to digest by labour. ěκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out :-Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. Ι έξεπορεύθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out. έκ-πορθέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega_{i} = \dot{\epsilon}\kappa\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\theta\omega_{i}$ , to pillage: metaph. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence έκπορθήτωρ, opos, ό, a ravager, destroyer. έκ-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea. έκ-πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: 201. Ι έξεπόρισα:---to II. to find means for doing a invent, contrive. thing, to provide, furnish, supply: -Med. to provide for oneself, procure. έκ-πορνεύω, f. σω, to be given to fornication. έκ-ποτάομαι, Ion. for έκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. έκπεπότāμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated. έκ-πράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I έξέπραξα:to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficere. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge. έκ-πραύνω, to soothe, mollify. έκπρεπήs, έs, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming. έκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing. έκπρεπώς, Adv. of έκπρεπής II, unreasonably. έκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for έκπράσσω.  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\pi\rho$  $\dot{\iota}\omega$ , f.  $-\pi\rho$  $\iota$ o $\dot{\nu}\mu\alpha\iota$ : 201. 2  $\dot{\epsilon}\xi\dot{\epsilon}\pi\rho$  $\iota$ o $\nu$ :—to saw out. έκ-προθυμέσμαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous. έκ-προίημι, f. ήσω, to pour forth. έκ-προκάλέομαι, f. έσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσσάμενος. έκπροκρίθείς, aor. I pass. part. of έκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference. έκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. έκπρολιπών. έκ-προτιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour above all. έκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to escape from.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-προχ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, f.  $-\chi \epsilon \hat{\omega}$ , to pour forth. έκ-πτερύσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings. έκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to scare away from. έκ-πτοέω, f. ήσω, = ἐκπτήσσω :--Pass. to be scared. έκ-πτύω, f. ύσω οι ύσομαι [ŭ]: 201. Ι ἐξέπτὔσα:-to spit out: to spit in token of disgust. **ἔκ-πυνθάνομαι,** f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἔξεπὔθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, bear of. έκ-πυρόω, f. ώσω, to burn to asbes, consume. Hence έκπύρωσις, εως, ή, a conflagration. ёк-пистов, ov, beard of, discovered. ἔκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup. έκ-πωτάομαι, poet. for έκποτάομαι, έκπέτομαι. έκράανθεν, Ep. for έκρανθήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of

epaires.

έκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod. έκραγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έκρήγνυμι. έκραγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of έκρήγνυμι. **ἔκράγον**, 2 of κράζω. έκράθην [ā], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι. έκραίαινον, Ep. impf. of κραίνω. έκ-ραίνω, f. ανω: 201. I έξέρρανα:—to scatter out from. έκρέμω, for έκρέμαο, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι. ἐκ-ρέω, f. –ρεύσομαι : pf. ἐξερρύηκα : aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐξερρύην:—to flow out or forth. 3. to melt or fall away. feathers, to fall off. trans. to shed, let fall. έκ-ρήγνυμι or έκ-ρήσσω: fut. –ρήξω: aor. I έξέρρηξα:-Pass., fut. 2 ἐκρἄγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξερράγην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asunder. II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to break fortb. III. also intr. in Act. to break out or fortb. έκ-ριζόω, f. ώσω, to root out. έκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω. έκ-ρίπτω, f ψω: aor. I ἐξέρριψα:-to throw out, cast forth. έκροος, contr. έκρους, δ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall. έκ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, to gulp down έκρύβην [ū], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω. έκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver. έκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω. έκ-σαλάσσω, to shake violently. έκ-σἄόω, f. ώσω: aor. 1 ἐξεσάωσα:—Ερ. for ἐκσώζω. έκ-σείω, f. σω: 20r. I έξέσεισα:--to shake out. έκ-σεύομαι: pf.  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \sigma \sigma \psi \mu \alpha \iota$ : plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξεσσύμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σεύω):—to rush forth from, flee away from. έκ-σημαίνω, f. ανω, to signify, denote. έκ-σιγάω, f. ήσομαι, to put to utter silence. έκ-σκαλεύω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away. έκ-σκεδάννῦμι, f. –σκεδάσω [α], to scatter abroad. έκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, to disfurnish. έκ-σμάω, inf.  $-\sigma \mu \hat{\eta} \nu$ : impf. έξέσμων:—to wipe out. έκ-σοβέω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι έξεσόβησα:—to scare away. έκ-σπάω, f. άσω [ă]: aor. 1 έξέσπασα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασσάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out. έκ-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out as a libation. έκ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to basten out. έκ-σπονδος, ον, (έκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it. έκ-στάδιος, ον, (έξ, στάδιον) six stades long. έκστάσις, εως, ή, (εξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy). έκ-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, aor. I εξέστειλα:—to send out: to deck out. έκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. Ι ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέστεμμαι:-to deck out with garlands. έκ-στράτεία, ή, a going out on service. From έκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

έκ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. εύσομαι: pf. εξεστρατοπέδευμαι: Dep.:—to encamp outside.

έκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I εξέστρεψα:—to turn aside, overturn.

II. to turn inside out: metaph. to change entirely: to pervert.

έκ-συρίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to whistle or hiss off the stage, Lat. explodere.

έκ-σύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξεσύρην  $[\bar{v}]$ . ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to seal up:—Pass. to be shut out from.

έκ-σώζω, f σω: 2 or. 1 έξέσωσα:—to keep safe, preserve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass., νησον έκσώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

έκ-σωρεύω, f σω, (έκ, σωρός) to heap or pile up.

ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [ă], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδιος, η, ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

έκτάθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἔκτάθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

έκταθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of ἐκτείνω. ἔκταμε, Ep for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἔκτἄμε, Ερ for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω. ἔκταμεν, Ερ. for ἐκτάνομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω. ἐκτάμην, Ερ. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω. ἐκ-τάμνω, 1on. for ἐκτέμνω.

έκταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

έκτάνον, 201. 2 of κτείνω

έκ-τανύω, f. ύσω: aor. I εξετάνὔσα, Ep. -υσσα: aor. I pass. εξετάνὔσθην:—poet. for εκτείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched.

έκ-τάράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: 201. I έξετάραξα:to disquiet, confound, agutate.

έκ-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw an army out in order:—Med, of an army, to draw up in line.

έκτέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plapf. of κτάομαι.

έκτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

έκ-τέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of έκτρέφω.

έκ-τείνω, fut. -τενω: aor. I ξξέτεινα: pf. ἐκτέτακα: —Pass., aor. I ἐξετάθην: pf. ἐκτέταμα: —to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II. to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to

the uttermost.
ἐκ-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἴω, to fortify completely: to

build from the ground.

εκ-τελευτώω, f. ήσω, to bring quite to an end.

έκ-τελέω: Ep. impl. εξετέλειον: f. -τελέσω, Ep. -τελέω:—fut. med. εκτελέεσθαι in pass. sense:—to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ěκ-τελής, ές, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect : ripe, mature.

-ti-τίμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἐξέτἄμον: -to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood, to cut down.

2. to bew out, bew into shape.

II. to castrate.

έκτένεια, ή, earnestness, zeal. From

est, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

έκτενωs, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously: Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.

ἐκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἔχω, to be beld.

neut. ἐκτέον, one must bave or bold.

ἐκτέτηκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτήκω.

έκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

έκτεύς, έως, ό, (έκτος) the sixth part (sextarius) of the μέδιμνος, = 8 choenixes.

έκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. 1 έξετεχνησάμην: Dep.:—to contrive, devise.

ěκ-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτἄκον:—to make melt away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτηκα, to melt away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

ἔκτημαι, for κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι.

έκτήσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of κτάομαι.

ěκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put out, expose.

II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίκτω, f. -τέξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον.—to bring fortb. ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλῶ: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι:—to pluck or pull out: Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένοs baving one's

hair plucked out.

εκ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour bigbly.

έκ-τιμος, ον, (έκ, τιμή) without bonour

έκ-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake out or off.

ěκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aor. I èξέτισα:—to pay off, pay in full; èκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II. Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω: aor. I ἐξέτρωσα: —to cause a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

έκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτόs) Ep. for ἔξωθεν, from without, c. gen.: outside.

έκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτόs) out of, outside, c. gen.

ěκ-τολύπεύω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an end.

ἐκτομεύς, έως,  $\delta$ , (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem. ἐκτομίς, ίδος.

ἐκτομή, ἡ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration. Hence

έκτομίας, ου, δ, one castrated, a eunuch.

έκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw away.

2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

έκ-τόπιος, α, ον, also os, ον, = ξκτοπος. ἔκ-τοπος, ον, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, distant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

έκ-τορέω, f. ήσω, to bore through, stab to death.

 $\xi$ KTOS,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\xi\xi)$  the sixth.

ikτόs, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. extrinsecus, opp. to ἐντόs: I. of Place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of, far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3. except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἔκτοσε, (ἐκτόs) Adv. outwards.

ἔκτοσθε, ἔκτοσθεν, (ἐκτόs) Adv. from without, without, out, outside: far from, apart from.

έκ-τράπεζος, ον, (έκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished from the table.

έκ-τραχηλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its bead: generally, to throw off or out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. efferre: down :- Pass, to break one's neck.

έκ-τράχύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to make rough.

έκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert : metaph., to turn aside, dissuade :- Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

έκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I εξέθρεψα:--to bring up from childhood, rear up: - Med. to rear up for oneself. **ἐκ-τρέχω,** f. –θρέξομαι and –δράμοῦμαι (from \*δρέ- $\mu\omega$ ):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst fortb.

έκ-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριψα;--Pass., fut. 2 ἐκτριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκτρίβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτρίβειν to bring life to a wretched

end.

έκτρίψαι, 20r. I inf. of έκτρίβω.

έκτροπή, ή, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. a turning oneself from, avoidance: - ἐκτροπὴ ὁδοῦ a resting-place; ἐκτροπὴ λόγου a digression.

έκ-τρυχόω, f. ώσω, to wear out, exhaust. έκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἔκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

έκτυπον, aor, 2 of κτυπέω.

ἔκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

έκ-τυπόω, f. ώσω, to work in relief.

έκ-τυφλόω, f. ώσω, to make quite blind. Hence ἐκτύφλωσις, εως, ή, a making quite blind.

έκύει, 3 sing, impf. of κυέω.

έκυρά, ή, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

**ἔκύρον**, aor. 2 of κυρέω.

έκυρός, δ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

**ἔκὕσα,** aor. I of κυνέω.

**ἔκῦσα, a**or. I of κύω.

έκ-φαγείν, to eat up, devour: only used in 20r. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

έκ-φαιδρύνω [v], f. τνω, to make quite clear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-φαίνω, f. -φαν $\dot{\omega}$ : 201. I  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξέφηνα:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:-Pass. and Med., f. -φανουμαι and -φάνήσομαι: aor. Ι έξεφάνθην, aor. 2 έξεφάνην [a]:-to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

έκφανής, έε, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -νω̂ε.

έκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of έκφημι.

ἔκφάσιε, εωε, ή, (ἔκφημι) a declaration.

έκφάτος, ον, (ἔκφημι) beyond power of speech:--Adv. ἐκφάτωε, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to empress, i. e. impiously.

έκ-φαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to depreciate.

έκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρω.

έκ-φέρω, f. εξοίσω: aor. I and 2 εξήνεγκα, εξήν-**«γνον:**—fut. med. εξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to carry | εκφυσᾶν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

also to carry away: to carry off as prize: -- Pass. to be carried out; metaph, to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, pro-4. to put forth, claim: to tell abroad, betray. exert. 5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. inferre bellum, 6. to shew signs of, shew. to begin war. to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. ¿avτόν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to 2. to come to an end. run away.

έκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξουμαι: aor. 2 έξέφύγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἔκφυγε χειρός.

to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

έκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. έκφάσθαι. έκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone;

imper. ἐκφθείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρείς. έκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., εξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plapf., ἐξέφθιτο οίνος νηῶν the wine bad all been con-

sumed out of the ships.

έκ-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love passionately.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\dot{\phi}\lambda$ auρίζω, f.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\omega$  Att.  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\phi$ auλίζω.

ěκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aot. 1 ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire. ěκ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten out or away, affright: -Pass. to be affrighted.

έκ-φοινίσσω, fut. ξω, to make red or bloody.

έκ-φοντάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ήσω, to go out or forth. έκφορά, ή, (έκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to 2. a blabbing, betrayal. burial. II. (from Pass.) of horses, a running away.

έκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:-Med. to take out with one:-Pass. to move fortb. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass., to be cast up on shore, Lat, ejici.

έκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

ἔκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, export-II. to be made known.

έκ-φορτίζομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

έκ-φράζω, f. άσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρείω: f. ήσομαι, also ήσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass, to go out.

έκ-φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. excogitare.

ἔκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. amens: also, frenzied.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{\kappa} - \dot{\mathbf{\phi}} \mathbf{v} \gamma \dot{\mathbf{\phi}} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \omega$ ,  $= \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \phi \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \gamma \omega$ .

ἔκφυγε, Ep. for εξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω. έκ-φυλάσσω, f. ξω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἔκφυμι. έκ-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph., in-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύσω [v]:
aor. I ἐξέφυσα:—to beget, produce. II. intr.
in pf. ἐκπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύσμαι:—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen.:
absol., λάλημα ἐκπεφυκόs a born tattler.

έκ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to pronounce aloud. έκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [α], to let go from.

έκ-χαυνόω, f. ωσω, to puff up, make vain.

ἐκχεύατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω. ἐκ-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχενα: pf. ἐκ-κέχύκα: —to pour out, Lat. effundo: to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθην [ΰ]: pf. ἐκκέχὔμαι: Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξεκέχυντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχῦτο or ἔκχῦτο, part. ἐκχύμενος:—to be poured out, to stream out or forth: generally, to spread out or

abroad:—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in.
ἐκ-χορεύω, f. σω, to break out of the chorus.
ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.

έκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω:—to suffice, be enough for: only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.

έκ-χράω, f. ήσω, to declare as an oracle.

έκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.

ἐκχύθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω. ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.

eκχύμενος [v], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of εκχέω.

έκχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω. ἔκχύτος, ον, (ἐκχέω) poured out: unconfined, out-

spread, Lat. effusus:—ἔκχυτον, τό, drink. ἐκ-χώννῦμι, f. -χώσω: pf. pass. ἐκκέχωσμαι:—to raise by beaping up soil: to silt up, of a τινετ.

iκ-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go out and away, depart from. 2. to slip out of: hence of a joint, to be dislocated. 3. to give way: to give place to.

έκ-ψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.

\*EΚΩ'N, ἐκοῦσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free

will. II. often in phrase know elvas (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

έλάα, Att. for έλαία.

έλάαν, Ep. for έλαν, inf. of έλαύνω.

**ἔλἄβον**, 2οτ. 2 οf λαμβάνω.

**ἔλάθον**, 201. 2 of λανθάνω.

ΈΛΑΙ'Α Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva:—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i.e. to go too far. II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence

ἐλαιήεις Att. - άεις, εσσα, εν, of the olive-tree. ἐλαΐνεος, α, ον, and ἐλαϊνός, ή, όν, (ἐλαία) of the olive-tree, of olive-wood.

ilverree, of viverwood.

ἐλαιο-λόγοs, δ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.

ἔλαιο-λόγοs, δ, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum.

ἔλαιοs, δ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.

ἐλαιο-φόροs, ον, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.

ἐλαιο-φόγοs, εκ, (ἐλαία, φόνω) olive-planted.

ἐλαιό-φόγοs, ον, (ἐλαία, φόνω) olive-planted.

ἐλαίδ, τόοs, ἡ, = ἐλαία: Att. pl. ἐλῆδεs.

έλαιών, ῶνος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) an olive-garden, olive-yard, Lat. olivētum:—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

έλάκησα, έλάκον, 20r. 1 and 2 of λάσκω.

έλάμφθην, Ion. for ελήφθην, 201. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ελ-ανδρος, ον, (ελείν, ἀνήρ) man-slaying.

ἔλἄσα, Ερ. for ἤλασα, aor. 1 of ἐλαύνω:—ἐλάσασκε, Ion. and Ερ. 3 sing.:—ἐλασαίατο, Ion. and Ερ. for ἐλάσαιντο, 3 plur. aor. 1 opt. med.

έλασας, δ, an unknown bird.

έλασείω, Desiderat. of έλαύνω, to wish to drive.

ἐλἄσία, ή, (ἐλαύνω) riding, driving.

**ἐλὰσί-βροντος**, ον, (ἐλαύνω, βροντή) tbunder-burling. II. burled like tbunder.

ἐλάσ-ιππος, ον, (ἐλαύνω, ἴππος) borse-driving: ἐλάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) a driving, riding: also rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub. στρατοῦ), a march, expedition; (sub. ἴππου) riding.

ἔλασσά, Ep. for ἔλασα, ήλασα, αοτ. I of ἐλαύνω. ἐλασσόω, Att. -ττόω, f. ώσω: aor. I Att. ἡλάττωσα:—Pass., fut. ἐλασσωθήσομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. ἡλασσώθην:—to make less, smaller, or worse: to lessen, damage: hence to detract from.

II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish: to come short of, have too little of a thing: c. gen. to be inferior to. From

ἐλάσσων Att. -ττων, ον, gen. ονος:—smaller, less, fewer, worse; ἔλασσον ἔχειν to have the worse:
—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in a less degree; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως:—Used as Comp. of μκρός, with Sup. ἐλάχιστος: the Posit. ἐλαχύς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ήσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαύνω, to drive: to row: also to drive about.

έλάσω, fut. of έλαύνω. [ă]

έλατέον, verb. Adj. of έλαύνω, one must ride.

'EΛΑ'TH [a], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood: later also the whole ship.

έλατήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, (ἐλαύνω) a driver, a cbarioteer; ἐλατήρ βροντῆs burler of thunder. II. one that drives away. III. a broad, flat cake. Hence

έλατήριος, a, ov, driving away.

έλάτινος, η, ον, (έλάτη) of the pine or fir: of pine or fir-wood.

ξλαττον, Att. neut. for ξλασσον, 2s Adv., less. ἐλαττονέω, f. ήσω, (ἐλάσσων) to bave less, bave too little, be lacking.

ἐλάττον, ἐλαττόω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-. ΕΛΑΥΝΩ: fut. ἐλάσω [ά], Ερ. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλῶν, Ερ. also ἐλόω:—aor. 1 act. ἡλἄσα, Ερ. ἔλἄσα, ελλάσσα:—pf. ἐλήλὰκα:—Med., aor. 1 ἡλασάμην, Ερ. 2 sing. ἐλάσαιο, part. ἐλασσάμενο:—Pass., aor. ἡλάθην and ἡλάσθην: pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι: plqpf. 3 sing. ἡλήλατο, Ερ. ἐλήλατο:—v. ἐλάω:—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships. 2 seemingly intrans. to ride, drive, sail, row; ἐλαύνοντες the rowers:—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην έλαύνειν to sail on | a calm sea; πόντον ἐλάταις ἐλαύνειν to urge the sea with oars :- then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; έε τοσοῦτον ήλασαν they proceeded 3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσοs, μίασμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν to drive away pollution. 4. to drive into narrow compass, press in battle: Att. also, to barass, trouble, annoy. II. to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust; c. dupl. acc., ωμον έλαύνειν Tivá to wound him on the shoulder. 2. to thrust, drive through: Pass. to go through. III. to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; ἀσπίδα έλαύνειν to make a shield of beaten metal. 2. to draw out, to draw; έλαύνειν ὄρχον άμπελίδοs to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce. 3. κολφον έλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl.

ἐλάφειος, ον, (ἔλαφος) of or belonging to deer. ἐλάφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφηβόλος) a sbooting of deer. ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. lepá), τά, a festival of Artemis. Hence

ἐλἄφηβολιών, ῶνοs, ὁ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

**ἐλἄφη-βόλοs**, ον, (ἔλαφοs, βάλλω) bitting or shooting deer: as Subst. a deer-bunter.

**ἐλἄφο-κτόνος**, ον, (ἔλαφος, κτείνω) deer-killing. **ΕΛΑ ΦΟΣ**, ὁ and ἡ, a deer; whether male, a bart or stag, or female, a bind.

ἐλάφοσ-σοίη, ἡ, (ἔλαφος, σείω) deer-bunting. ἐλαφρία, ἡ, lightness: thoughtlessness. From

ΈΛΑΦΡΟ Σ, ά, όν, and όε, όν, light in weight, Lat. LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, ἐν ἐλαφρῷ ποιεῖσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶκ lightly, easily.

II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; ol ἐλαφροί light troops, Lat. levis armatura.

III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless.

ἐλάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐλάσσον, fewest, smallest, least, worst:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ἐλαχιστότοτος, the very least.

έλάχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

έλαχυ-πτέρυξ, υγος, δ, ή, (ἐλαχύς, πτέρυξ) shortwinged; of fishes, short-finned.

**ΈΛΑΧΥ΄**Σ, εία, ύ, small, sbort, little: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστοι are formed.

ἐλάω, rare poët. pres. for ἐλαύνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάαν, impf. ἔλαον. ἔλαον.

"ΕΛΔΟΜΑΙ, είλδομαι, Dep. to wish, long: to wish

for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence ἐλδωρ, ἐλδωρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire. ἐλε, Ep. for είλε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of alpew.

έλεαίρω, poet. for έλεέω, to take pity on.

ΈΛΕΑ Σ, âντοε, δ, a kind of owl. ἐ**λεγεία, ἡ, = ἔ**λεγοε, an elegiac poem.

έλεγειον, τό, (έλεγοε) a distich consisting of a bexa-

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. =  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\hat{i}a$   $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\sigma\hat{s}$ .

έλεγειοs, a, ov, (έλεγοs) of the elegy, elegiac.

έλέγευ, Dor. for έλέγου, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω. έλεγξις, εως, ή, (ἐλέγχω) a refuting, reproving. έλεγος, δ. a song of mourning a lament, at first

έλεγοs, δ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

έλεγχείη, ή, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace.

έλεγχής, ές, (έλεγχος) liable to reproach, shameful, esp cowardly:—irreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

ἔλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace, dishonour; κάκ ἐλέγχεα base reproaches to your name.
ἔλεγχος, ὁ, a means of testing, a trial, test, Lat.

argumentum: disproval, refutation. II. an examination, scrutiny. From

ΈΛΕΊΧΩ, fut.  $\xi\omega$ : aor. I ἡλεγξα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλέγχθην: pf. ἐλήλεγμαι:— to disgrace, put to sbame, disbonour.

II. to convince, refute, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disprove: also to accuse, reprove, reproach.

2. to examine, question: to prove, attest.

έλε-δεμνάς,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (\*έλω, δέμνιον) couch-destroying. ἐλέειν, Ep. for ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

έλεεινός, in Att. Poets έλεινός, ή, όν, (έλεος) pitiable, piteous: pitied: generally, wretched, miserable.—Adv. έλεεινῶς, poet. ἐλεινῶς, pitiably: also neut. pl. ἐλεεινά as Adv.

έλείω, f. ήσω, (έλεος) to bave pity on, shew mercy

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, pity, mercy: an alms. From ἐλεήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐλεέω) pitiful, merciful. ἐλεητύς, ὑος, ἡ, Ion. for ἔλεος, pity, mercy.

'Ελείθυια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Είλείθυια. ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

έλεινός, Att. for έλεεινός.

έλειο-βάτης, ου, ό, (έλος, βαίνω) marsb-dwelling. έλειος, ου, and a, ου, (έλος) of or in the marsb.

έλειψάμην, aor. I med. of λείβω.

έλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie. ΈΛΕΛΕΥ οτ έλελελεῦ, like ἀλαλά, a loud cry. έλελήθεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λανθάνω.

έλελίζω (A): f. ξω: Ép. aor. I ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίζθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:
— Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, to wbirl round. II. of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them. III. generally, to make to tremble or quake:—Pass. to quake, tremble, quiver.

IV. in Pass. also to wind or twist oneself along.

έλελίζω (B): f. ξω: 20τ. 1 ηλέλιξα:—to cry έλελεῦ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

έλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of έλελίζω (A).

έλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of kλελίζω (A). kλελίχθων, ov, ovos, (kλελίζω, χθών) earth-shaking. kλελόγχειν, plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

έλένας, ή, (έλεῖν, νῶς Dor. for ναῦς) ship-destroying. ἐλεό-θρεπτος, ον, (ἔλος, τρέφω) marsh-bred. έλεόν, Adv. like έλεεινόν, piteously.

'EΛΕΟ'Σ, δ, and έλεδν, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser. "EΛΕΟΣ, ou, o, also έλεος, εous, τό, pity, mercy, compassion. II. an object of compassion, a piteous

thing.

ἐλέπολις, poët. ἐλέ-πτολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως: (ἐλεῖν, πόλιs) city-destroying, of Helen.

λίσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.

έλετός, ή, όν, (έλειν) that can be taken or caught. έλευθερία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἐλεύθερος) freedom, liberty:

freedom from a thing.

έλευθέριος, ον, (ἐλεύθερος) dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank, Lat. liberalis: esp. freely-giving, bountiful, liberal. It bears the same relation to έλεύθεροs as liberalis to liber. II. as epith. of Jove, the Releaser, Deliverer. Hence

έλευθεριότης, ητος, ή, freedom of spirit, liberality. έλευθερίως, Adv. of έλευθέριος: Comp. -ιώτερον,

Sup. -ιώτατα.

έλευθερό-παις, παιδος, δ, baving free children. 'EΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, a, ov, and Att. os, ov, free, Lat. LIBER; ἐλεύθερον ήμαρ the day of freedom; τὸ ἐλεύθερον freedom. 2. free or freed from a 3. of things, free for all to use, open to thing. II. like έλευθέριος, fit for a freeman, freespirited, Lat. liberalis.

έλευθεροστομέω, f. ήσω, to be free of speecb. From έλευθερό-στομος, ον. (ἐλεύθερος, στόμα) free-spoken. έλευθερ-ουργός, όν, (έλεύθερος, έργον) bearing bimself freely, of a horse.

έλευθερόω, f. ώσω, (έλεύθερος) to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit. Hence

έλευθέρως, Adv. of έλεύθερος, freely, with freedom. έλευθέρωσις, εως, ή, a setting free.

Έλευθώ, όος, contr. οῦς,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Εἰλείθυια.

Έλευσίν or Έλευσίς, îνος, ή, Eleusis, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Proserpine: -Adv. Έλευσίναδεν, to Eleusis; Έλευσινόθεν, from Eleusis. Hence

Έλευσίνιος, α, ον, of Eleusis.

έλευσις, εως, ή, a coming: esp. the Advent. From έλεύσομαι, fut. of έρχομαι: but in Att. εἶμι ibo was chiefly used.

έλεφαίρομαι, Dep. to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy.

έλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and έλεφάντινος, η, ον, (έλέφas) of ivory, ivory, Lat. eburneus.

έλεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) inlaid with ivory. **ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλέφα**ε, μάχομαι) a battle of elepbants.

ΈΛΕ'ΦΑΣ, αντος, δ, the elephant, Lat. elephas. II. the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. ebur.

**έλεψα**, aor. I of λέπω.  $\xi \lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\xi \ddot{\iota} \lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \alpha$ , the heat or light of the sun. έλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω:

and έληαι, Ion. for έλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. έλήλακα, έλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έλαύνω. έλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of έλαύνω.

έλήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega$ .

έληλέδατο, for έλήλαντο, 3 pl. plapf. of έλαύνω. έλήλιγμαι, pf. pass. of έλίσσω.

**ἐλήλυθα**, pf. of ἔρχομαι.

έλήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of λαμβάνω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\theta\dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $-\dot{\epsilon}\tau\omega$ , aor. 2 imperat. of  $\ddot{\epsilon}\rho\chi o\mu\alpha i$ .

έλθειν, Ερ. έλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of έρχομαι. έλίγδην, Adv. (έλίσσω) whirling, spinning.

ελιγμα, ματος, τό, (ελίσσω) that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet.

έλιγμός, δ, (έλίσσω) a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage.

έλικ-άμπυξ, υκος, ό, ή, (ξλιξ, άμπυξ) with a circlet round the bair.

έλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (έλιξ, βλέφαρον) with quickmoving eyelids, quick-glancing.

έλικό-δρομος, ον, (ελιξ, δραμείν) twisting, winding. έλικτός, ή, όν, (έλίσσω) rolled, wound, wreathed.

Έλικών, ωνος, δ, Helicon, a mountain in Bœotia, the seat of the Muses.

Έλικώνιος, α, ον, Heliconian, of Helicon.

έλίκ-ωψ, ωπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔλιξ, ώψ) with rolling eyes, quick-glancing: fem. έλικωπις.

έλτνύω or έλινύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. 1 έλίνυσα:—Ion. Verb, to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep. to be lazy.

έλιξ, ϊκοs, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. rolled, twisted, winding, spiral: epith. of oxen, probably from their twisted, crumpled borns.

έλιξ poet. είλιξ, ἴκος, ή, (ἐλίσσω) anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring: -a whirl, eddy, whirlwind. Lat. vortex: έλικες στεροπής flashes of forked lightning:—the tendril of the vine or of ivy: —the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of bair.

έλιξό-κερως, ωτος, ό, ή, neut. ων, (έλίσσω, κέρας)

with crumpled borns.

έλιπον, aor. 2 of λείπω.

έλισσέμεν, Ep. inf. of έλίσσω.

ΈΛΙ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Ep. and Ion. είλίσσω: fut. έλίξω: aor. Ι είλιξα:--Pass. aor. Ι είλίχθην: pf. έλήλιγμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. είλικτο:—to turn about, turn round and round, roll, Lat. VOLVO: to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν έλίσσειν to ply the rapid oar. metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve. 3. intrans. II. Pass. and to burry, move quickly about. Med. to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; ωραι έλισσόμεναι the circling hours.

έλί-τροχος, ον, (έλίσσω, τροχός) whirling the wheel round.

έλί-χρυσος, δ, (έλίσσω, χρυσύς) belicbryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers.

έλκαίνω, (έλκοε) to be sore from a wound.

έλκεσί-πεπλος, ον, (έλκω, πέπλος) trailing the robe, long-robed.

έλκε-χίτων, ωνοε, δ, (ξλκω, χϊτών) trailing the tunic, with a long tunic.

ελκέω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for έλκω, to drag about, tear asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. έλκηδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and

έλκηθμός, o, a being carried off, rough usage.

ελκημα, ατος, τό, (έλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

έλκο-ποιός, όν, (ξλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, baving power to wound.

\*EΛΚΟΣ, εοs, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. ULCUS. Hence

έλκόω, f. ώσω, to wound sorely.

έλκύδριον, τό, Dim. of έλκος, a slight sore.

**έλκύσαι** [ʊ], aor. 1 inf. of ἕλκω.

έλκυστάζω, Frequent. of έλκω, to drag about

"ΕΛΚΩ, f. ελέω: aor. 1 είλξα, poet. έλξα: but also (as if from \*έλκύω) fut. έλκύσω [v]: aor. Ι είλκύσα: Pass., aor. 1 είλκύσθην: pf. είλκυσμαι, Ion. έλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. trabo: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. deducere naves: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at. to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with. 5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ελκειν κόρδακα to dance in 7. έλκειν βίστον to drag long measured steps. out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. Ελκειν σταθμόν to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much; absol. to weigh έλκει πλείον it weighs more. 10. έλκύσαι πλίνθουs to mould bricks, Lat. ducere lateres. II. Med., ξίφος ελκεσθαι to draw one's sword. draw to oneself, amass.

έλκ-ώδης, εs, (ξλκος, είδος) like a wound, ulcerous.

έλκωσις, εως, ή, (έλκόω) ulceration.

**ἔλλἄβον,** Ep. for ἔλαβον, 20r. 2 of λαμβάνω.

έλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (έν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ λ-λάμπω, f. ψω, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon: -Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

Έλλανο-δίκαι, ων, οί, ("Ελλην, δίκη) the chief judges II. at Sparta, a courtat the Olympic games. martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Έλλάs, άδοs, ή, (Ελλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwelt, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Έλλάς, άδος, δ, ή, pecul. fem. of Έλληνικός.

**ἔλλἄχον**, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

έλλέβοροs, δ, bellebore, Lat. verātrum, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness; πίθ' ἐλλέβοpov drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

έλλεδανός, ό, (είλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-rope.

έλλειμμα, ματοs, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

**έλ-λείπω**, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλἴπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to II. to leave out, pass by, leave in, leave behind. omit.III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:-c. inf. to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come IV. in Med. or Pass. sbort, fail: to fail in duty. to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

έλλειψις, εως, ή, a falling short, defect.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\lambda$ - $\lambda\epsilon\sigma\chi$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\lambda\epsilon\sigma\chi\eta$ ) of common talk.

"Ελλην, ηνος, δ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the EALANVES, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Έλληνικός. Hence Έλληνίζω, f. ίσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek: - Pass., Έλληνισθήναι την γλώσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

'Ελληνικός, ή, όν, (Ελλην) Hellenic, Greek; τδ Ελληνικόν = οί Ελληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Έλλη-

νικωs, in Greek fasbion.

Ελλήνιος, α, ον, = Ελληνικός.

"Ελληνις, ιδος, ή, ("Ελλην) a Grecian woman. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman. Έλληνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Ἑλληνίζω) an imitator of the

Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Έλληνιστί, (Έλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Έλληνιστί ξυνιέναι to understand Greek.

'Ελληνο-ταμίαι, ων, οἱ, ('Ελλην, ταμίαs) the stewards of Greece, i.e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Έλλήσ-ποντος, δ, (Ελλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Helle: now the Dardanelles.

έλλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of έλλείπω. Hence

έλλἴπής, έs, wanting, defective.

έλλισσάμην, Ep. for έλισάμην, aor. 1 of λίσσομαι. έλλιτάνευον, Ep. for έλιτ-, impf. of λιτανεύω.

έλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβοs) an earring, Lat, inauris. έλ-λογέω, f. ήσω, (έν, λόγοs) to reckon in: to impute. έλ-λόγιμος, ον, (έν, λόγος) whatever comes into ac-

count, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

έλλοπιεύω, f. σω, ( $\tilde{\epsilon}λλοψ$ ) to fish.

'ΕΛΛΟ'Σ or έλλός, δ, a young deer, fawn.

'ΕΛΛΟ'Σ, η, ον, mute, epith. of fish.

έλλο-φόνος, ον, (έλλός, \*φένω) fawn-slaying. έλ-λοχίζω, f. ίσω, (έν, λόχος) to he in ambush.

έλλοψ, οπος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλ-λύχνιον, τό, (ἐν, λύχνοs) a lamp-wick.

ἔλξα, poet. for είλζα, aor. 1 of ἕλκω.

«λξις, εως, ή, (ελκω) a drawing, dragging: attrac-II. a draught. tion.

έλοίμαν, Dor. for έλοίμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αίρέω. **ἔλοιμι, aor. 2** opt. act. of αἰρέω.

έλοισα, Dor. for έλουσα, aor. 2 part. of αίρέω.

έλον, έλόμην, poët. for είλον, είλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

"EΛΟΣ, εos, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsbmeadow, marsh.

έλοθμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω.

έλουσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

έλοθτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

έλόωσι, Ep. for έλάσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of έλαύνω έλπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, (έλπω): aor Ι ήλπισα:--Pass., aor. 1 ἢλπίσθην:—to hope, expect: also, in bad sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat. to bope in.

'ΕΛΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation

either of good or evil, hope or fear.

\*EΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope:—Med. ελπομαι Ep. ἐέλπομαι: pf. ἔολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf. ἐώλπειν (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, believe; and in bad sense, to fear.

ϵλπωρή, ή, Ep. form of ϵλπίς.

έλσαι, έλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of είλω.

**ἐλύθην [τ], a**or. I pass. of λύω.

ἔλῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on which the share was fixed, Lat. dentāle.

ἔλŭμος, δ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.

έλύτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. place for bolding water, a reservoir. From

έλύω, (είλω):—to roll round: only used in Ep. aor. I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist oneself close up.

 $\epsilon \lambda \omega$ , aor. 2 subj. of αἰρ $\epsilon \omega$ .

έλων, impf, of ελάω: but ελών, aor. 2 part. of αίρεω. έλωρ, τό, only used in nom, and acc., (ελείν) booty, ΙΙ. pl , Πατρύκλοιο έλωρα ἀποτίνειν spoil, prey. to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all disbonour.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ λώριον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\ddot{\epsilon}$ λωρ.

**ἔμάθον,** aor. 2 of μανθάνω.

έμάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

έμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι. έμάρνατο, 3 sing impf. of μάρναμαι.

έμ-αυτοῦ, έμ-αυτης, Ion. έμ-εωυτοῦ or έμ-ωυτοῦ, ης, (ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ήμῶν αὖτῶν, etc.

ἔμβā, for ἔμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβἄδόν, Adv. (ἐμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

έμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβην: pf. ἐμβέβηκα, Ep. part. εμβεβαώς:—to step in:—to step on, 2. to step into, to go into, go on board, embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. tread upon. 4 to enter upon, embark in a II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to

enter, bring in or into:—cf. èμβιβάζω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ μ-βάλλω, f. -βάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : pf. -β $\dot{\epsilon}$ βληκα: aor. 2  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν- $\dot{\epsilon}$ βάλον:—to throw, lay, put in; κώπαις έμβαλέειν (sub. χείραs) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κώwais, to lay to, pull bard. 2. to put into the mind of another: - Med., εμβάλλεσθαί τι θυμφ to lay a thing 3. ἐμβάλλειν είε τι to throw one into a to heart. thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. intr. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter, run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on another with its beak: cf. εμβολοε.

έμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ĕμ-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip in.

έμβάς, άδος [ă], ἡ, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt shoe, used by the Bœotians; also by old men and poor

 $\epsilon \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} s$ , and 2 part, of  $\epsilon \mu \beta \alpha i \nu \omega$ .

έμ-βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

εμβάσις, τως, ή, (εμβαίνω) a going in or upon: a going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which one goes; εμβασις ποδός a shoe, like εμβάς. sole, foot, boof.

έμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

έμβάτεύω, f. εύσω, (έμβάτης) to step in or on, stand on: hence to dwell in, frequent, baunt: also to protect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter on possession of property.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\mu\beta\alpha\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega, \text{ f. } \dot{\eta}\sigma\omega, \ (\dot{\epsilon}\mu\beta\dot{\alpha}\tau\eta s) = \dot{\epsilon}\mu\beta\alpha\tau\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\nu}\omega.$ 

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβατεύω) of or for marching: ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλοε), τό, a march-tune, march.

 $\epsilon$ μβάτης, ου, δ, ( $\epsilon$ μβαίνω) be that goes in or upon, esp on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of boot, cf. ἐμβάs. [ἄ]

έμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into: τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ἄ]

έμβεβαώς, -υία, Ep. pf. part. of έμβαίνω: έμβέβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἔμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω: ἔμβητον, 2 dual: ẻμβήη, for ẻμβῆ, 3 sing. subj.

έμ-βϊβάζω, f. – $\beta$ ιβάσω Att. – $\beta$ ιβ $\hat{\omega}$ :—Causal of έμβαίνω, to make to step in or upon: to put on board ship: to lead or guide to.

ἔμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From έμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply,

έμ-βοάω, f. ήσομαι, to call upon: to sbout aloud. ἐμβολεύς, έωε, δ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἡ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. trans, an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion, 2. the charge made by one ship upon another, an assault; ἐμβολαί χαλκύστομοι the shock of brasen 3. an entrance: pass. III. the bead of a battering-ram. Hence

έμβόλιμος, ον, (έμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μην

èμβ. an intercalary month.

ἔμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in; ἔμβ. της χώρης a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a wedge: the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam, architrave.

ἔμβολος, δ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. the brasen beak of ships of war.

ἔμβράχυ, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύε) in brief, shortly.

έμ-βρέμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

έμ-βρεφος, ον, (ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like. έμ-βρτθής, έε, (έν, βρίθοε) beauy, weighty. metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. bad sense, beavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons, III. Adv. -θωs, firmly. violent, savage, fierce.

έμ-βρίθω [t], f. low, to weigh beavily upon. έμ-βρτμάσμαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.:—to snort with rage, of horses: of men, to be sore vexed, be indignant, Lat. commoveri: to charge strictly, censure. έμ-βροντάω, f. ήσω, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence έμβρόντητος, ov, thunder-stricken, stupid. έμ-βροχή, ή, (έν, βρόχος) a noose, balter. έμ-βρύ-οικος, ον, (έν, βρύον, οίκέω) dwelling in seaξμβρύον, τό, (ἐν, βρύω) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. foetus. 2. a thing newly born: a lamb or kid.  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\beta\dot{\nu}\theta$ tos, a, ov, or os, ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\beta\nu\theta\dot{\nu}$ s) at the bottom. ἐμ-βύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to stuff in, stop up. ểμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με. έμέγηρα, aor. I of μεγαίρω. ἐμέθεν, old poet. gen. for ἐμοῦ. έμει, Dor. for έμέ, as τεί for τέ (σέ).  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μεινα, aor. I of  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \omega$ . έμειο, έμέο, Ep. gen. of έγώ. **ἐμέλλησα**, aor. I of μέλλω. έμέμηκον, Ep. redupl. 20r. 2 of μηκάομαι. έμέμικτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of μίγνῦμι. έμεμνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μιμνήσκω. έμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμί sum. **ἔμεν, ἔμεναι, E**p. for είναι, inf. of εἰμί sum. έμεν, έμεναι, Ep. for είναι, aor. 2 inf. of ίημι. έμενος, aor. part. med. of ἵημι. έμετικός, ή, όν, provoking sickness. II. one who uses emetics. From έμετος, δ, (ἐμέω) sickness, vomiting. έμεθ, Ep. for έμοθ, enclit. μεθ: Dor. έμεθε. ΈΜΕ'Ω, impf. ήμουν: f. ἐμέσω Att. ἐμῶ and ἐμοῦμαι: aor. ήμεσα Ερ. έμεσσα: pf. ἐμήμεκα:—Lat. VOMO, to vomit, throw up: absol. to be sick; ἐμεῖν πτίλφ to make oneself sick with a feather. έμεωυτοῦ, Ion. for έμαυτοῦ. **ἔμήσατο**, 3 sing. aor. 1 of μήδομαι. **ἐμίγην** [ἴ], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. έμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. **ἔμιξα**, 20τ. Ι οf μίγνυμι. έμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι. έμίν, poët. Dor. for έμοί, dat. of έγω. **ἔμμάθον,** Ep. for ἔμαθον, aor. 2 of μανθάνω. in-ualvouar, Dep. to be mad at. Hence έμμανής, έε, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -νω̂s. έμμαπέωs, Adv. forthwith, immediately, bastily. (Deriv. uncertain.) έμ-μάσσω, f. ξω, to impress upon. έμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in. έμ-μειδιάω, f. άσω [ā], to smile at. έμμέλεια, ή, (ἐμμελήε) a kind of dance, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance. έμ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to exercise in a thing. Hence έμμελέτημα, ματος, τό, an exercise, practice. έμ-μελής, έε, (ἐν, μέλοε) in tune, well-timed, barmonious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable: elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. έμμελωs, Ion. -λ*έω*ε.

έμμεμαώς, via, ós, pressing eagerly on, eager, basty, ardent: pf. part. with no verb in use. έμ-μέμονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be lost in passion. έμμεν, έμμεναι, Ep. inf. of είμί sum. έμμενής, és, abiding in: neut. ἐμμενέs as Adv., unceasingly. Adv. ἐμμενῶs, Ep. and Ion. -έωs. From  $\epsilon\mu$ - $\mu$  $\epsilon\nu\omega$ , f.  $-\mu$  $\epsilon\nu\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\epsilon\nu$  $\epsilon\mu$  $\epsilon\nu\alpha$ :—to abide in: to abide by, stand by, cleave to, Lat. stare ab aliquo: absol. to continue. έμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure in or by. ἔμ-μετρος, ον, (ἐν, μέτρον) in measure, measured, moderate. II. in metre, metrical. ἔμ-μηνος, ον, (ἐν, μήν) in a month, lasting a month. II. occurring every month, monthly. έμμί, Dor. for εἰμί sum.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ μ-μίγνυμι or  $-\dot{\nu}\omega$ , f.  $-\mu i \xi \omega$ , to mix or mingle II. intrans. to encounter, meet.  $\epsilon\mu$ - $\mu$ ( $\mu\nu\omega$ , poet. for  $\epsilon\mu$ - $\mu$  $\epsilon\nu\omega$ . ξμ-μισθος, ον, (ξν, μισθός) in pay, in receipt of pay ἔμμονος, ον, (ἐμμένω) abiding in, steadfast. ξμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι. ἔμ-μορος, ον, (ἐν, μείρομαι) partaking in or of. (ἐν, μόροs) fortunate. έμ-μοτος, ον, (έν, μότος) spread on lint. ἔμ-μοχθος, ον, (ἐν, μόχθος) toilsome, painful. έμ-μυέω, f. ήσω, to initiate at the mysteries in. **ἔμνησα**, aor. ι of μιμνήσκω. έμνήσθην, aor. 1 pass. (in med sense) of μιμνήσκω. έμνώοντο, Ep. for έμνωντο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι. ểμοί, dat. of ἐγώ. **ἔμολον, aor. 2 of βλώσκω.** έμός, ή, όν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from έγώ, έμοῦ, mine, Lat. meus; joined with gen. to strengthen the possessive notion έμον αὐτοῦ mine own; έμη άγγελίη a message about me; τὸ ἐμόν mine, my part; also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τὰμά:—τό γε ἐμόν, τὸ μὲν ἐμόν, for my part, as far as concerns me. έμοθμαι, fut. of  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \omega$ . έμουs, Dor. gen. of έγώ. ἔμπα, Adv., v. ἔμπαs. έμπαγείs, aor. 2 pass. part. of έμπήγνυμι. έμπάζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. to busy oneself about, take beed of, care for. έμ-παθής, ές, (έν, πάθος) in a state of emotion, much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθῶs, passionately. ἐμπαιγμονή, ἡ, = ἐμπαιγμόs. έμπαιγμός, δ, a jesting, mocking. From έμ-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι, to mock, Lat. illudere: to trick, deceive. II. to sport in or on. Hence έμπαίκτης, ου, δ, a mocker, deceiver. έμπαῖξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ξμπαίζω. έμπαιχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of έμπαίζω. έμπαιος, ον. (B) = έμπειρος, knowing, practised in, c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.) εμπαιοs, ov, (B) bursting upon one, sudden. From έμ-παίω, f. -παίσω or -παιήσω, to strike in. stamp. II. intr. to burst in upon.

έμ-πακτόω, f. ώσω, to close up, caulk.

έμ-πάλάσσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together. έμ-πάλιν, poet. also έμ-πάλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. backwards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in return. IV. τὸ ἔμπαλιν, τὰ ἔμπαλιν, by crasis

τούμπαλιν, τάμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.

έμ-παρέχω, f. fω, to band over, put in one's power. έμ-παs, Ion. and Ep. έμ-πηs, Adv. (properly έν πασι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole, nevertheless, still. III. joined with περ, however much, ever so much.

-πως, εξυπάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. άσω [ă]: aor. I ἐνέπάσα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in, embroider.

έμ-πατέω, f. ήσω, to tread in, walk into.

έμπεδό-μοχθος, ον, (ξμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-painful. έμπεδ-ορκέω, f. ήσω, (ξμπεδος, δρκος) to abide by one's oath.

ξμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, unsbaken.
 2. of Time, lasting, continual.
 II.
 Advs. ἔμπεδον and ἔμπεδα, ἐμπέδως, fast, of a surety, truly, certainly.

έμπεδο-σθενής, ές, (ξμπεδος, σθένος) with force unshaken.

ἐμπεδόω, f. ώσω, (ἔμπεδος) to make firm, establish. ἐμπείραμος, ον, = ἐμπέραμος.

έμπειρία, ή, experience: experience in or acquaintance with a thing. From

έμ-πειρος, ον, (έν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-πειρότερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπείρως τινὸς ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.

έμπελάδόν, Adv. near, bard by. From

έμ-πελάζω, f. σω: 201. 1 ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass. to be brought near, approach.

έμπέπηγα, pf. intr. of έμπήγνυμι.

έμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of έμπίπλημι.

έμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of έμποδίζω.

έμπέπτωκα, pf. of έμπίπτω.

έμ-πέραμος, ον, = έμπειρος, acquainted with.

έμ-περιπάτέω, to walk about in: to tarry among. έμ-περονάω, f. ήσω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence έμπερόνημα, Dor. - αμα, ματος, τό, a garment fastened with a brooch or buckle.

έμπεσον, Ερ. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

έμπεσούμαι, fut. of  $\epsilon$ μπίπτω.

έμ-πετάννυμι or -ύω, f. -πετάσω [ă], to unfold and spread on or out.

έμπεφύασι, Ep. for έμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of έμφύω: έμπεφυία, Ep. part. fem.

έμ-πήγνῦμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. 1 ἐνέπηξα:—to fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγην [α], with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plqpf. -ήγειν:—to stick in.

έμ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap or jump in. έμ-πηρος, ον, crippled, maimed, deformed. έμ-πης, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for έμπας.

έμπιείν, 20r. 2 inf. of έμπίνω.

έμ-πικραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter against.

έμπίμπλημι, έμπίμπρημι, ν. έμπίπ-.

έμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: 2οτ. 2 ἐν ἐπιον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα: to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἴματοε to drink of the blood.

έμπίπληθι, imperat. of έμπίπλημι.

έμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. i ἐνέπλησα:—to fill full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι, aor. i ἐνεπλήμην, to fill oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied.

Il. in Med. also trains to fill, satisfy: metaph. to bave enough of, enjoy.

έμ-πίπρημι, 201. Ι ένέπρησα:—to set on fire.

έμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: 20τ. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ερ. έμπεσον:--to fall upon: to break in, burst in: 20τ. 2 part. ἐμπεσών, rusbing in violently: also to light on, fall in with.

'EMΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. culex.

έμ-πίτνω, poet. for έμπίπτω, to fall upon. έμπλακηναι, aor. 2 inf. of έμπλέκω.

έμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. άσω [ἄ]: 20r. I ἐνέπλἄσα: -to plaster up, daub over with a thing.

 $\xi\mu$ - $\pi\lambda\epsilon\iota os$ , Ep. for  $\xi\mu$ - $\pi\lambda\epsilon os$ .

ἐμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat.
 implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing.
 metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μ-πλεος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ep.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μπλειος or  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ νίπλειος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Att.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μπλεως,  $\omega\nu$ , quite full of a thing.

 $\epsilon$ μ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in.

έμπλήγδην, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rasbly. ἔμπλήκτος, ον, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stu-

pified, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv. ἐμπλήκτως, madly.

έμπλήμενος, Εp. aor. 2 pass. part. of έμπίπλημι. ξμπλην, (έμπελάζω) Adv. near, close by.

ἔμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλήν, besides, except. ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of ἐμπίπλημι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.

έμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of έμπίπλημι.

έμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ένιπλ-: f ξω:- to strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.

ἔμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Εp. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπίπλημι:—ἔμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.

ἐμπλοκή, ή, (ἐμπλέκω) a platting of the hair. ἔμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. 1 of ἐμπνέω.

έμ-πνέω, ροët. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομα: aor. I ἐνέπνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc., lστίον ἐμπνεῦν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live, be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire: —to blow into, swell the sail.

έμπνοια, ή, in-breathing, inspiration. From έμ-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, (έν, πνοή) baving the breath in one, breathing, alive.

έμ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (ἐν, πούs):—to entangle the feet, fetter; ἐμπ. ἰσχάδαs to tie together figs by their stalks. II. generally, to hinder, stop, check. ἐμ-πόδιος, ον, (ἐν, πούs) in the way, obstructing.

in-ποδών. Adv. for in ποσίν ων, before the feet, in the way; ξμποδών είναι to be in the way: - with the Art.. το ξμποδών what is in the way, a bindrance. also, before one, patent. Opp. to ἐκποδών.

έμ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2. to

produce or create in, introduce, cause.

έμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἐμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes.

έμπολάω, impf. ημπόλων: f. έμπολήσω: pf. ημπόληκα: (ξμπολή):—to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: Med., βίστον πολύν έμπολόωντο (Ep. for ήμπολώντο) they were getting much substance by traffic. absol. to be a merchant, traffic. III. to purchase, buy.

έμ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to wage war in.

έμ-πολέμιος, ov. of belonging to war, bostile. έμπολεύς, έως, δ, (ἐμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker. ἐμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πωλέω) merchandise : traffic.

gain made by traffic, profit.

έμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (έμπολάω) matter of traffic, a cargo: in plur. wares, merchandise. έμπολητός, ή, όν, (ἐμπολάω) bought and sold.

ἔμ-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) in the city or state: ὁ ἔμπολίε τινι one's fellow-citizen

έμ-πολιτεύω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, hold civil rights in.

έμπολόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of έμπολάω. έμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of commerce. From έμπορεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι: aor. 1 ένεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἔμποροs):—to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic. to trade or traffic in a thing. Hence έμπορευτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. one must go.

έμπορία, ή, (έμπορος) traffic, trade, commerce: a

trade. II. goods trafficked in, merchandise. ἐμπορικός, ή, όν, (ἔμπορος) of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα ξμπορικά imported goods. ἐμπόριον, τό, (ἔμπορος) Lat. emporium, a tradingplace, factory, mart. ἐμπόρια, τά, merchandise.

ἔμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector. II. a traveller, wanderer. one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, institor; metaph., έμπορος βίου a trader in life.

έμ-πορπάω, f. ήσω, to fix on with a brooch or buckle:--Pass., είματα ένεπορπέατο (Ion. for -ηντο), they wore garments buckled on the shoulder.

"Εμπουσα, ή, Empusa, a bobgoblin assuming various shapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έμπρακτος, ον, (ἐμπράσσω) practicable.

έμπρεπήs, έs, conspicuous in or by a thing. From έμ-πρέπω, to be conspicuous in or among. to be conspicuous for.

έμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. =  $\xi \mu$ πίπρημι, to burn to asbes.

έμπρησιε, εωε, ή, (ἐμπίπρημι) a setting on fire. έμ-προθεν. Adv., poet. for έμπροσθεν.

I. of Place, before, in front of. II. of Time, before, earlier, of old. Hence

έμ-πρόσθιος, ον, front, fore; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες) the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to oi ὁπίσθιοι.

έμπτύω, f. ύσω [ŭ], to spit upon.

έμ-πυκάζω, f. άσω, to wrap up closely:—Pass., νόος οί ξμπεπύκασται his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery. έμ-πυος, ον, (έν, πύον) discharging matter.

έμ-πυρεύω, f. σω, (έν, πυρ) to set on fire.

έμ-πυρι-βήτης, ου, δ, (έν, πυρ, βαίνω) standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to άπυρος.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μ-πύρο**s**, ον,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\nu$ , πῦρ) in or on the fire. scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ξμπυρος τέχνη the art of divination by fire:—as Subst., τά ξμπυρα [lepá] burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt

**ἔμὕκον**, aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

ἐμ-φἄγεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): -to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

ěμ-φαίνω, f. -φἄνῶ: aor. τ ἐνέφηνα:-to shew, make appear: - Pass., with fut. med. ξμφανούμαι, to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself.

έμφανήναι, 20r. 2 pass. of έμφαίνω.

ἐμφανής, ές, (ἐμφανῆναι) appearing ın, visible, plain, manifest. 2. open, in public. 3. palpable, real, actual. Hence

ἐμφανίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to shew forth: to make clear, explain.

έμφανώς Ion. - έως, Adv. of έμφανής, visibly, openly, Lat palam.

ἔμφάσις, εως, ή, (ἐμφαίνομαι) an appearing in, reflexion · outward appearance.

έμφέρεια, ή, resemblance. From

έμφερήs, és, resembling, similar. Adv. -ρωs, similarly, just as. From

έμ-φέρω, f. έν-οίσω, to bear or bring in. II. to object to one, cast in one's teetb.

 $\epsilon \mu$ - $\phi \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ , f.  $\epsilon \omega$ , to light up in.

ἔμ-φλοξ, ογος, δ, ή, with fire in it.

II. ĕμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) fearful, terrible. pass frightened, afraid.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ -φορβιόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ , φορβιά) to put on the fluteplayer's mouthpiece.

έμ-φορέω, f ήσω, like έμφέρω, to bear or bring in: -Pass. to be borne about or on. II. in Med. and Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use III. to inflict on.

έμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to stop up, block up. έμφρουρέω, f. ήσω, to keep guard in. From

έμ-φρουρος, ον, (έν, φρουρά) on guard in a place: liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

έμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (έν, φρήν) in one's right mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible, shrewd, prudent.

έμφυής, έs, (ἐμφύω) implanted by nature, innate. ἔμ-φῦλος, ον, and ἐμ-φύλιος, ιον, (ἐν, φῦλον) of the same tribe or race; εμφύλιον αίμα kindred blood; «μ-προσθεν, poët. before a conson. -θε, Adv. and | τουμφυλον αίμα a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a

kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσιε ἔμφυλοε intestine, civil discord.

έμφύς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

έμ-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon. ἔμφὕτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

έμ-φύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. i ἐνέφ $\bar{v}$ σα: in these tenses II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, trans. to implant. with act. pf. έμπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἔμφῦναι χειρί to cling fast to his hand.

ĕμ-φωνος, ον, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ĕμ-ψοφος, ov, notsy, sounding.

ἔμ-ψῦχος, ον, (ἐν, ψυχή) baving life in one, alive, living.

έμ-ψυχόω, f. ώσω, (έμψυχος) to animate.

ev. Dor. and Aeol. for els, into.

EN poet. evi Ep. eiv, elvi, Prep. with dat. IN:I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν ᾿Αθήνησι, ἐν Τροίη. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὕρεσι on the mountains, 3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῆτι in (i. e. wearing) a etc. garment; έν ὅπλοις in or under arms. number of, amongst; έν τοις πρώτοι among some of 5. within one's the very first: -in presence of, before. power, in one's bands; νίκης πείρατ' έχονται έν άθανάτοισι θεοίσι are in their bands; έν έμοί έστι it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. П. OF THE INSTRUMENT OF MEANS, with, by, by means of; έν πυρί πιμπράναι to burn with fire; έν δεσμώ δήσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; èv τούτφ τῶ χρόνφ within this space; ἐν ῷ (sub. χρόνφ) while, during the time that; iv βραχεί in short IV. Ellipt. in such phrases as ἐν ᾿Αλκινόοιο, είν 'Αίδαο Att. εν "Αιδου, etc., where οἶκφ or δόμοιε is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD-VERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: espe-VI. Position:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form  $\hat{\epsilon}\nu\hat{\iota}$ , then written evi. 1. with Verbs VII. IN COMPOS., the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e.g. έμ-πικρος, έν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. εν-αιμος, with 3. in compos. èv- becomes èu- beblood in it. fore  $\beta \mu \pi \phi \psi$ ;  $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma$ - before  $\gamma \kappa \dot{\epsilon} \chi$ ;  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda$ - before  $\lambda$ ; and in a few words  $\hat{\epsilon}\rho$  - before  $\rho$ .

ev, neut. of els; and eva, acc. masc. έν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of.

έν-ἄγήs, έs, (έν, ἄγοs) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accurst. Hence έναγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to offer sacrifice to the dead,

Lat. parentare. Hence

ένάγισμα, ατος, τό, an offering to the dead.

ėν-αγκάλίζομαι, Med. to take in one's arms.

έν-αγκυλάω, f. ήσω, (έν, άγκύλη) to fit thongs to javelins to throw them with.

έν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of έναγείρω. ëv-aγχos, Adv. (ἐν, ἄγχι) just now, even now, lately.

èv-άγω, f. ξω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, per-2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

ev-aywvijouas, Dep. to contend or fight among: -- of a place, εὐμενής ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in. έν-ἄγώνιος, ον, (έν, ἀγών) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game. 2. ἐναγώνιοι θεοί the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-αθλ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, =  $\dot{\alpha}$ θλ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, to contend in or among.

εναιμήεις, εσσα, εν, = εναιμος.

έν-αιμος, ον, (έν, αίμα) with blood in it. έναιρέμεν, Ep. for έναίρειν, inf of έναίρω.

έναίρω Ep. ένναίρω: fut. ένἄρῶ: aor. 2 ήνἄρον, poét. also ἔνἄρον: aor. I med. ἐνηράμην, Ep 3 sing. ἐνήρατο: (ἔναρα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ev-aloung and ev-alous, ov, (ev, aloa) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, season-II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous: -- Adv. - i uos, fitly, becomingly.

ėν-αιχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

év-alwpéoual, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ἐνάκις, Adv. ⇒ ἐννάκις.

ἐνἄκόσιοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine bundred

ėν-ἄκούω, f. -ούσομαι, to bear in a place.

έν αλείφω, f. ψω: pf pass. έναληλιμμαι:—to anoint: Med to anount oneself or for oneself.

ev-aλίγκιος, ov, like, resembling.

ev-áλιos, a, ov, and os, ov: Ep. and Lyr also eivάλιος: (ἐν, άλε):—in, on, of the sea, Lat marinus. έναλλαγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έναλλάσσω.

ėναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim.

**ἐν-αλλάσσω** Att. **–ττω**: fut. ἐω: aor. I –ἡλλαξα: pf. - ήλλαχα, pass. - ήλλαγμαι:--to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to an-II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. other. to have dealings with.

έν-άλλομαι, f. -ἄλοῦμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep.:-

to leap in or on, to rush against.

έν-aλλos, ov, changed, contrary.

 $\vec{\epsilon} \mathbf{v} - \vec{\alpha} \hat{\lambda} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{o} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\vec{\epsilon} \mathbf{v}, \vec{\alpha} \hat{\lambda} \mathbf{s}) = \vec{\epsilon} \mathbf{v} \hat{\alpha} \lambda_{10} \mathbf{s}$ .

ev-αμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk into.

έν-άμιλλος, ον, (έν, ἄμιλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

έναμμένος, Ion. for ένημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

έν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ξν-αντι, (ξν, αντί) Adv., = ξναντίον.

έν-αντίβιος, ον, struggling against: neut. έναντί-

Biov against, in opposition to.

ev-avilos, a, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ opposing. III. neut. έναντίον the contrary, the reverse. 2. ŧ£ έναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 3. the regul. έναντίου over against, opposite. Adv. evavrice, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιόω, f. ώσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόομαι, f. ώσομαι: aor. I ἡναντιώθην: pf. ἡναντίωμαι poët. ἐν-:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to.

2. to contradict, gainsay, denv

έναντίωμα, ματος, τό, (έναντιόω) an obstacle.

έναντίωσις, εως, ή, (έναντιόω) opposition.

ἔναξα, aor. Ι of νάσσω.

έναπέθανον, 201. 2 οξ έναποθνήσκω.

έναπηκε, Ion. for έναφηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of έναφίημι. έναπηπτε, Ion. for έναφηπτε, 3 sing. impf. of έναφάπτω.

èv-αποδείκνυμ, to display in a thing: Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

έν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθανούμαι, to die in.

έν-αποκλάω, f. -κλάσω [ă], to break short off in.

έν-απολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in. έν-απόλλυμι and  $-\dot{\mathbf{u}}\omega$ : fut.  $-ο\lambda\dot{\mathbf{e}}\sigma\omega$  Att.  $-ο\lambda\hat{\omega}$ :—to

destroy in or among. εν-απομόργνυμι, f. -απομόρξω:— to rub or wipe off

upon; and so to impart.

èv-aπονίζω, f. -απονίψω, to wash clean in a thing. èv-aποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω, to pay as a penalty.

έν-αποψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, expire. έν-άπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass.

and Med., pf.  $\hat{\epsilon}\nu\hat{\eta}\mu\mu\alpha$ , to be clad in. II. to kindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

"ENA PA, ων, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

έν-αραρίσκω, aor. 1 ένηρσα, to fit or fasten in. II.

intr. in pf. έν-άρηρα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.
 ἐναργής, ές, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form.
 2. bright, brilliant.
 3. of words, distinct, plain.

έναργῶs Ion. - έωs, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ένάρεες or ένάριες, οί, a Scythian word, = Greek ανδρόγυνοι.

έναρηρώς, υία, ός, part. pf. 2 of έναραρίσκω.

έναρη-φόρος, ον, (έναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils. ἐναρίζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐνάριξα:—Pass., aor. I ἡναρίσθην: pf. ἡνάρισμα: (ἔναρα):—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐναρίζειν τινα ἔντεα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass., νὺξ ἐναριζομένα night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ev-κριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

έν-δρίθμιος, ον, (έν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero babitus.

ένἄρίμ-βροτος, ον, (ἐναίρω, βροτός) slaying men. ἐν-αρμόζω and -ττω: f. όσω Dor. όξω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἔνἄρον, τό, see ἔναρα.

έναρον, poët. for ήναρον, 201. 2 of εναίρω.

ev-άρχομαι, f. foμαι Dep. to begin with.

sacrifices, ἐνάρχεσθαι τὰ κανᾶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οὐλοχύται) from the baskets (κανᾶ, pl. of κανοῦν); cf. κατάρχομαι.

έν-ασελγαίνω, = ἀσελγαίνω έν, to be insolent in:-

Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ev-aσπίδόομαι, Pass. (ev, άσπίε) to fit oneself with a shield.

ένασσα, Ep. aor. I οί ναίω.

ένατος, Εp. and Ion. είνατος, η, ον, (ἐννέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἔνατα (sub. ἰερά) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia. ἐν-αυλάκτο-φοῖτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτάω)

roaming in the fields.

ev-aυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to dwell or lodge in:— Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

έναυλιστήριος, ov, to be dwelt in, babitable.

έν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

έν-αυλος, ό, as Subst., I. (έν, αὐλός) a bollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (έν, αὐλή) a dwelling, shelter; haunt.

ëv-αυλος, ov, as Ad]., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

έν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

ėv-aux έvios, os, ov, (ἐν, αὐχήν) in or on the neck. ἐν-αύω, aor. I inf. ἐν-αῦσαι, to kindle or light a fire:

-Med. to light oneself a fire. έν-αφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

έν-αφίημι, Ion. έν-απ-: f. -αφήσω, to let drop in. εν-δαις, αιδος, ό,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, δαίς) with lighted torch.

ev-δαίω, to kindle in:-Med. to burn in.

έν-δάκνω, f. δήξομαι: 20τ. 2 ἐνέδἄκον:—to bite into, bold in the teeth.

έν-δακρύω, f. ύσω [v], to weep in.

ένδάπιος, a, ov, (ενδον) native of the country.

ing: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ένδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ένδέμω.

ένδεδυμένος, pf. part. pass. of ένδύω

ένδεεστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ένδεως, in a less degree. ένδεήσω, fut. of ένδέω, to be in want.

ėνδεής, ές, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τὸ ἐνδεές lack, want, defect. Hence

ένδεια, ή, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ένδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof.

έν-δείκνυμι or -ύω: f. -δείξω: aor. I ἐνέδειξα:— Pass., aor. I ἐνεδείχθην: pf. ἐνδέδειγμαι:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against. II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing.

2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ένδειξις, εως, ή, a pointing out: a token, evidence, 2. in proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

disqualified.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, ( $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν neut, of  $\epsilon$ is, δ $\hat{\epsilon}$ κα) indecl., II. ol ἔνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ένδεκά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εos, eleven cubits long.

ένδεκά-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long or broad.

ένδεκάς, άδος, ή, (έν-δεκα) the number eleven.

ένδέκατος, η, ον, (ἕν-δεκα) the eleventh.

ένδεκ-ετής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. -έτις, ιδος, eleven years old.

έν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ένδέχομαι.

ένδελεχής, έs, continual, constant. Adv. ένδελεχωs, fair, right, just: legal. constantly.

ένδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.

ėν-δέμω, f. μω, to wall up:—to build in a place. ev-δεξιόομαι, Dep. to grasp with the right band,

clasp, embrace.

ev-δέξιος, a, ov, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. pitious, favourable; ενδέξια σήματα right, good air. (From εν, Διόs genit. of Ζεύs, Lat. sub divo or omens.

ένδετος, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in. έν-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: Dep.:to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow 2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is of: hence possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; εκ των ενδεχομένων by every possible means: - Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-δ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, f. -δ $\dot{\eta}$ σω: aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν $\dot{\epsilon}$ δησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in :- Med to

tie or pack up.

έν-δέω, f. -δεήσω, to be in want of: also to be want-II. impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or ing, to fail.

want of: there is a deficiency; πολλων ἐνέδει αὐτώ III. Pass. to be a dwelling. he was in want of many things. in want or need of.

ένδεως, Adv. of ένδεής, insufficiently.

ἐνδήλωs, clearly, Sup. -ότατα.

ένδημέω, f. ήσω, (ένδημος) to live in or at a place. ev-δημος, ov, dwelling in a place: esp. at bome: native, opp. to févos: attached to home: of war, civil, II. of or belonging to a state.

ένδιάασκον, Ion, impf. of ένδιάω.

ev-διάγω, f. fw, to pass one's time in.

έν-διαθρύπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle

έν-δίαιτάομαι, Ion. - έομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to live or dwell in a place.

έν-διατάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to arrange in order tbrougbout.

ev-διατρίβω [1], f. ψω, to spend or consume in a place: absol. (sub. xpóvov) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon.

έν-δζάω, (ἔνδιοε) to rest in the open air: to linger in II. trans. to let go into the open air, Pass, to acquire strength. a place.

one who undertook an office for which he was legally | ποιμένεε μῆλα ἐνδιάασκον (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

έν-διδύσκω, = ένδύω, to put on :-Pass. to wear.

έν-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor, I ένέδωκα:--to give into one's bands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw иþ. II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to III. to shew, exhibit, give proof of. intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease. V. of a river, to empty itself.

έν-δίημι, (έν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ενδίεσαν,

to chase, pursue.

έν-δίκος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right, II. of persons, righteous, just, upright. 2. possessed of right. III. Adv. ένδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ένδικώτατα.

έν-δινα, τά, (ένδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

ένδινεῦντι, Dor. for ἐνδινοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω. έν-δινέω, f. ήσω, to revolve in.

ένδιον, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From

έν-διος, ον, at midday, at noon. II. in the open dio, Horace's sub Yove.)

ev-δίφριος, ον, (ev, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat. ἔνδοθεν, Adv. (ἔνδον) from within: from one's beart, of oneself. II. within, c. gen.

ένδοθι, (ένδον) Adv. within: also, at home.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ νδοι, Adv. =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ νδοθι.

ένδοιάζω, = έν δοι $\hat{\eta}$  είναι, to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοιασθηναι, to be matter of doubt. Hence

ένδοιαστός, ή, όν, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully. ένδο-μάχης, ου, ό, Dor. -χας, (ἔνδον, μάχομαι) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

έν-δόμησις, εως, ή, (έν, δόμος) a thing built in, a building, structure.

ένδό-μύχος, ον, (ένδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of

ένδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen, (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at bome, Lat. domi: in one's own counέν-δηλος, ον, (εν, δηλος) manifest, clear: -Adv. try; of ενδον those of the house, esp. the domestics; τὰ ἔνδον bousebold affairs.

έν-δοξος, ον, (έν, δόξα) beld in repute, bonoured.

of things, glorious. Adv. - fws.

ένδόσιμος, ον, (ένδίδωμι) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδόσιμον (sub. μέλοs) a key-note.

ένδότερος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ένδον, inner: Sup. ¿vôótatos, η, ον, inmost.

ėν-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall in with a heavy sound. έν-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (έν, δρόμος) to run in, fall into.

έν-δρομίς, ίδος, ή, (έν, δρόμος) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

έν-δροσος, ον, (έν, δρόσος) dewy, dank.

έν-δρύον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦs) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (lστοβοεύs). ένδυκέωs, Adv. zealously, beartily, earnestly.

Adj. ἐνδυκήs is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.) έν-δυναμόω, f. ώσω, (έν, δύναμιε) to strengthen :-

ένείς, ένεισα, aor. 2 part. of ένίημι.

EVERG, Ion. and Ep. EVEREV, poet. also elverg, elve-

ένέργεια, ή, (ἐνεργήs) an action, operation, energy.

ëveργέω, f. ήσω, (ἐνεργόε) to work, be active. Hence

ένέργημα, atos, τό, an effect, work, operation.

to prevail by authority.

έν-δύναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among.

sible; impers., Evecti tivi it is in one's power, one may

or can: part. neut. evor used absol., it being possible.

ev-elpω: pf. pass. ενερμαι:— to entwine, interweave.

ένδύς, ῦσα, ύν, 20r. 2 part. of ἐνδύω. KEV: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its έν-δυστύχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky in or with. case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, έν-δυτήρ, ηρος, ὁ, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on. II. with respect to, as far as regards, as  $\dot{\epsilon}$ νδύτήριος, α, ον,  $(\dot{\epsilon}$ νδύω) =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ νδυτήρ. for; ἕνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. έν-δύτός, όν, put on: as Subst., ένδύτόν, τό, that means of; τέχνης είνεκα by force of art. which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in. ένεκάλυψα, aor. I of έγκαλύπτω. From ένεκείμην, impf. of έγκειμαι.  $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $\delta\dot{\nu}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{\nu}$ ]: aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\dot{\epsilon}\delta\bar{\nu}\sigma\alpha$ ; in these tenses, ένεκέρασα, αοτ. Ι οί έγκεράννυμι. trans., to put on another; ενδύσειν τινά τι to put ένέκραγον, aor. 2 of έγκράζω. on one, clothe one in. II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in ἐνέκρυψα, aor. 1 of ἐγκρύπτω. ένέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω. Med.  $\epsilon \nu \delta \nu \delta \nu \mu \alpha \iota$ , with 201. 2 act.  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \delta \nu \nu$ , pf.  $-\delta \epsilon \delta \bar{\nu} \kappa \alpha$ : to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter; **ἐνέκυψα,** aor. Ι of ἐγκύπτω. ακοντιστύν ενδύσεαι thou wilt enter the contest of έν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελω: -to drive in or into. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also **ἐνέλἴπον,** aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω. to insinuate oneself into. èv-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo. ἐνέβἄλον, aor. a of ἐμβάλλω. ένεμαξάμην, aor. 1 med. of έμμάσσω. ένέβην, aor. 2 of έμβαίνω. ένέμεινα, aor. Ι οf έμμένω. ένεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of έγγράφω. ένεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing, impf. of νεμεσάω. έν-εμέω, f. έσω, to vomit in. ένέγκαι and ένεγκείν, aor. I and a inf. of φέρω. ένεμήθην, aor. I pass. of ν έμω. **ἐνέγραψα**, aor. I of ἐγγράφω. ένεγύησα, ένεγύηκα, ένεγύων, see έγγυάω. ένεμυήθην, 20r. I pass. of έμμυέω. ένένευον, impf. of έννεύω. ėνέδειξα, ένεδείχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ένένενήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl., (ἐννέα) ninety. δείκνυμι. ένέδησα, aor. I of ένδέω, to bind in. ένέντπε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. 20r. 2 of ένίπτω. έν-έδρα, ή, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae. ένενώκασι, Ion. for ενενοήκασι, 3 pl pf. of εννοέα. ένεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the ένένωτο, Ion. for ένενόητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of augm. tenses, ἐνήδρευον, ἐνήδρευσα, ἐνηδρεύθην, ἐνήδρευμαι, as if compd. of έν, έδρεύω):—to lie in wait ένέξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω. for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari :- Pass. to be caught ένεός οτ έννεός, ά, όν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb. in an ambusb: to be ensnared. II. to place in ένεπάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of έμπήγνυμι. ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ένεπαίχθην, aor. I pass. of έμπαίζω. ambusb. ένέπαξα, Dor. for ένέπηξα, aor. I of έμπηγνυμι.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν- $\epsilon$ δρον,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν  $\epsilon$ δρα. ένέπασσα, Ep. for ένέπασα, 201. 1 of έμπασσω. έν-εδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἔδρα) an inmate, inhabitant. ένέπεσον, aor. 2 of έμπίπτω. ένέδυσα, ένέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ένδύω. **ἐνέπιον, 201. 2** of ἐμπίνω. έν-έζομαι, f. -εδούμαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or ένεπλάκην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of έμπλέκω. reside in : cp. ἐνῆμαι. ένέπλησθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of έμπίπλημι. ένέηκα, Ep. for ένηκα, 201. I of ένίημι. ένέπλησα, ένεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass, of έμένέην, Ep. for ένην, impf. of ένειμι. πίπλημι. ένεθυμήθην, 20τ. Ι ος ένθυμέσμαι. ένέπνευσα, aor. I of έμπνέω. ev-eibov, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being ένεπορπέατο, Ion. for ένεπόρπηντο, plapf. pass. of supplied by evopaco: to see or observe in: absol. to ἐκπορπάω. observe, remark. Cf. elbov. ένέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω. ένεικα, Ep. for ήνεικα (Ion. for ήνεγκα), 20r. 1 of ένέπρησα, aor. 1 of έμπίπρημι. φέρω: inf. ἐνεικαι. ένέπτύσα, aor. 1 of έμπτύω. ένεικέμεν, Ep. for ένεγκέμεν, 20r. 2 inf. of φέρω. ἐνέπω, poët. also ἐννέπω: 20r. 2 ἔνισπον, inf. ἐνιένείκεον, impf. of νεικέω. σπείν: fut. ένισπήσω or ένίψω:--to tell, tell of, deev-είλλω and ev-ειλέω, f. how, to wrap up in. scribe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. ξνειμα, aor. I of <math>νέμω. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid. εν-ειμεν, Ep. for ενεσμεν, I pl. of ενειμι: but έν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: 201. I Everyev, 3 sing. aor. I of véuw. -ειργασάμην and -ειργάσθην: Dep.:-to make or ev-ειμι, f. eveσομαι, (èv, elμί sum) to be in a place, create in: 201. Ι ἐνειργάσθην is also used in pass. to be within: to be in or among. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for bire II. to be possense.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $\epsilon\rho\gamma\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}v\epsilon\rho\gamma\dot{\phi}s$ .

ev-εργός, όν, (έν, έργον) working, active, busy: of soldiers, on service, fit for service: of land, in tillage, productive. Hence

everyos, Adv. of everyhe or everyos, actively: pro-

ductively.

ev-epel8ω, f. σω, to push in, to thrust in.

έν-ερεύγω, aor. 2 ένήρδγον, to belch on one.

ένερθε, before a vowel -θεν, from beneath: be-II. c. gen. beneatb. 2. below, in the neatb. power of.

evenuevos, pf. part. pass. of eveipo.

ένεροι, ων, ol (èv) Lat. inferi, those in or beneath the earth, of the dead and the gods below.

ένερράφην [ἄ], ένερραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. 1

med. of  $\epsilon \nu \rho \alpha \pi \tau \omega$ .

ένερσις, εως, ή, (ἐνείρω) a fitting or fastening in. eventenes, a. ov. Comp. of evenou, deeper, lower.

ένεσαν, Ερ. for  $\epsilon \nu \hat{\eta} \sigma \alpha \nu$ , 3 pl. impf. of  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \mu \iota$ . ένεσία, ή, (ἐνίημι) a suggestion, counsel.

ένέσκληκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκέλλω.

ένέστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω. ένέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ένστέλλω.

ένεστεῶτος Ion. for ένεστῶτος, gen. of ένεστώς (for

ἐνεστηκώε), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ένεστήρικτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ένστηρίζω.

ένέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ένετάθην [d], aor. I pass. of έντείνω.

ένετειλάμην, aor. I med. of έντέλλω. ένετη, ή, (ἐνίημι) a pin, brooch.

ένέτραγον, 201. 2 οδ έντρώγω.

ένετράπην [d], aor. 2 pass. of έντρέπω.

ένετράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of έντρέφω.

ένετρίβην [t], aor. 2 pass. of έντρίβω.

ένετύλιξα, aor. I of έντυλίσσω.

ένέτυχον, aor. 2 of έντυγχάνω.

έν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, to be bappy in.

έν-εύδω, fut. -ευδήσω, to sleep in or on.

έν-εύναιος, ον, (έν, εὐνή) in or on which one sleeps; δέρμα ενεύναιον a skin to sleep on; χήτει ενευναίων for want of bed-clothes.

ένευσα, aor. I both of νεύω and of νέω (B) to swim.

ἐνέφραξα, aor. 1 of ἐμφράσσω.

ένέφθσα, ένέφυν, aor. I and 2 of έμφύω.

**ἐνεφύσησα**, aor. I of ἐμφυσάω.

ένέχεα, Ερ. ένέχευα, aor. I med. of έγχέω.

ένεχείρησα, aor. I of έγχειρέω.

ένεχευάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of έγχέω.

ένεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ένέχθητι, ένεχθείην, ένεχθῶ, ένεχθῆναι, aor. I pass.

imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

έχυρον τιθέναι τι to make a thing a pledge.

ένεχ τράζω, f. άσω, (ἐνέχτρον) to take a pledge from 2. c. acc. rei, to take in pledge: Pass., èvexuράζεσθαι τὰ χρήματα to bave one's goods seized for debt: Med. to bave surety given one, τόκου for interest. έν-έχυρον, τό, (έν, έχυρός) a pledge, surety; έν-

ev-exω, f. ενέξω or ενσχήσω:—to keep fast within:

entertain, cherish. II. Pass., with fut. med. evéξομαι, 20r. 2 ἐνεσχόμην, to be beld, caught, entangled

III. intr. to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon.

ένεχώρησα, aor. t of έγχωρέω.

έν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to bind fast in, to involve in.

ἔνη, ης, ή, see ἔνος, η, ον.

ev-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to spend one's youth in: to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in. Hence

ένηβητήριον, τό, a place of amusement.

ξν-ηβος, ον, (ξν, ηβη) in the prime of youth.

ένήδρευσα, -εύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ένεδρεύω.

ένηείη, ή, (ἐνηήs) kindness, goodness.

ένηεν, Ep. for ένην, 3 sing. impf. of ένειμι.

ένηής, έs, gen. ένηέος, kind, friendly, good-bearted. (Connected with ἀπηνήs and προσηνήs)

ένηκα, aor. I of ένίημι.

ένήλατο, 3 sing. 20r. I of ένάλλομαι.

ἐνήλἄτον, τό, (ἐνελαύνω) anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα the pins driven into the axle, linch-pins.

ένήλλαγμαι, pf. pass. of έναλλάσσω.

**ἐνήλλαξα,** aor. 1 of ἐναλλάσσω.

ένήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ėν-ຖμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ėν-έζομαι), to be seated in.

ev-ημμαι, pf. pass. of eνάπτω.

ένήνεγμαι, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ένήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds.  $\epsilon \pi - \epsilon \nu \eta \nu o \theta \epsilon$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \tau - \epsilon \nu \eta \nu o \theta \epsilon$ ,  $\pi \alpha \rho - \epsilon \nu \eta \nu o \theta \epsilon$ , with the notion of being upon or close to. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of <math>φέρω.

ένήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐναίρω.

ėνήσω, fut. of ἐνίημι.

I. of Place, there, Lat. ibi . **ἔνθα**, (ἐν) Adv., also as relat. to δθι, where, Lat. ubi. 3. with a sense of Motion, thitber, case or state. bither, Lat. illuc. II. of Time, when. Hence

ένθάδε, Adv. tbitber, Lat. illuc: also, there: of Time,

bere, now.

έν-θακέω, f. ήσω, to sit in or on. Hence

ένθάκησις, εως, ή, a sitting in; ένθάκησις ήλίου a seat in the sun.

έν-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm in:-Pass., ένθάλπεσθαι ἔρωτι to glow with love.

ένθανείν, aor. 2 inf. of ξνθνήσκω.

ἔνθα-περ, (ἔνθα, περ) Adv. there where, where. ėν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury in a place.

ένθαθτα, ένθεθτεν, Ion. for ένταθθα, έντεθθεν.

ėv-θεάζω, f. σω, (ėv, θεόs) to be inspired.

ένθέμεν, ένθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of έντίθημι. ἔνθεν, (ἔνθα) Adv. thence, Lat. illinc; ἔνθεν καὶ ἔνθεν

on this side and on that: also as relat. for 80ev, whence, whereof, Lat. unde. II. of Time, thereupon, after that.

ένθένδε, (ένθεν) bence. Lat. binc.

ένθεο, Ep. for ένθεσο, 20r. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι. ev-Geos, ov, full of the god, inspired, possessed: found in a place: - Med. to found for oneself. given by inspiration.

έν-θερμαίνω, f. ανῶ, (ἐν, θερμός) to beat:—Pass., ἐντεθέρμανται πόθφ bas been beated by passion.

II. a ένθεσις, εως, ή, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. piece put in, a mouthful.

έν-θετο. Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-

ένθετος, ον, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ένθεῦτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ένθη, ένθης, ένθοι, ένθω, ένθών, Dor. for έλθη, έλθης, έλθοι, etc., 2 or έρχομαι.

έν-θηρος, ον, (έν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

έν-θνήσκω, f. -θανοθμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or torpid in.

**ἔνθορε,** Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of ἐνθρώσκω. ένθοῦ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-θουσιάζω, f.  $\dot{\alpha}$ σω, or  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-θουσιάω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, ( $\ddot{\epsilon}$ νθ $\dot{\epsilon}$ οs, contr. ¿voous) to be inspired.

ένθρέψασθαι, aor. r inf. med. of έντρέφω.

έν-θρτόω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf, enwrab.

έν-θρώσκω, f. -θορούμαι: αοτ. 2 ένέθορον Ερ. ένθοpov :- to leap into, upon, among.

έν-θυμέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I ένεθυμήθην: pf. έντεθύμημαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμόs):—to lay to beart, con-2. to take to beart, be concerned sider well, ponder. 3. to form a plan. 4 to infer, conclude. Hence

ένθύμημα, ατος, τό, a thought: invention, device, II. an argument in Rhetoric answering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ένθύμησις, εως, ή, consideration, esteem.

ένθυμία, ή, (ένθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion. έν-θύμιος, ον, (έν, θυμός) taken to beart, weighing upon the mind; ενθύμιον εστί μοι, Lat. religio est mibi, I feel a scruple.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \nu \theta \bar{\nu} \mu \iota \sigma \tau \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta} \nu$ ,  $= \dot{\epsilon} \nu \theta \dot{\nu} \mu \iota o s$ .

έν-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, to array in armour: pf. pass. part. ἐντεθωρακισμένοs, armed in mail.

ένί, poët. for έν. II. evi, dat. of els.

ένι, for ένεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible. ένιαύσιος, ον, also a, ον, (ένιαυτός) of a year, one year old. II. yearly, year by year. for a year, lasting a year; εν. βεβώς gone for a year.

**ένιαυτός**, δ, (ένος) a year; κατ' ένιαυτόν yearly, every year. 2. any complete space of time; ¿τος ηλθε περιπλομένων ενιαυτών as times rolled on the year came.

έν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιἄχῆ, Adv. (ἔνιοι) in some places.

ένι-βάλλω, ένι-βλάπτω, Ep. for έμ-βάλλω, etc. ένιβλαφθείς, Ep. aor. I pass. part. of έμβλάπτω. ev-lociv, inf. of 201. 2 evelbov.

ėν-ιδρόω, f. ώσω, to sweat in, labour at.

έν-ιδρύνω, έν-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v], to set, settle, or

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ νι-ζεύγν $\ddot{\nu}$ μι or  $-\dot{\nu}$ ω, poet. for  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\zeta$ -.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-ίζω, f. –ιζήσω, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, ίζω) to sit in or on.

έν-ίημι, fut. -ήσω: aor. I -ῆκα Ερ. -έηκα: pf. -εῖκα, pass. - eiuai :- to send in or into : to implant, inspire: generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr. to enter.

ένιθρέψας, poët. aor. I part. of έντρέφω.

ένι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for έγκ-: hence ένικάτθεο, Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ένι-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], Ep. for έγκ-, to break in, break off, Lat. infringo.

ένι-κλείω, Ep. for έγ-κλείω.

ένι-ναιετάασκον, Ion. impf. of έν-ναιετάω.

ενι-οι, αι, α, (from ενι οι = εισιν οι, as ενίοτε = εστινőτε) some, Lat. ali-qui.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ vl-ore, Adv. for  $\dot{\epsilon}$ vi  $\ddot{o}$ r $\dot{\epsilon}$  =  $\dot{\epsilon}$  $\sigma$ riv  $\ddot{o}$ r $\dot{\epsilon}$ , at times, sometimes: Dor. évi-óka.

ένιπή, ή, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ėνί-πλειος, ον, Ep. for έμπλεος, filled.

ένι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθήναι, Ep. for έμ-πλ-, aor. I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ένι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. for έμ-πλ-, aor. I subj. of  $\epsilon \mu \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \omega$ .

έν-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among. ένιπρήσαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of έμπίπρημι.

ένίπτω, fut. ένίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ηνίπαπον,

οτ ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-II. =  $\epsilon v \epsilon \pi \omega$ , to tell of, announce. jurgo.

ένι-σκήπτω, ένι-σκίμπτω, Ep. for ένσ-.

ένισπεῖν, ένισπήσω, aor. 2 mf. and fut. of ένέπω. ev-ίσπω, aor. 2 subj. of evéπω.

ένίσσω, collat. form of ένίπτω, to reprove, reproach:

also to maltreat, ill-use.

έν-ίστημι, f. –στήσω: aor. 1 –έστησα: also fut. and aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:--Causal in these 2. to begin. tenses, to put, set, place in. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέστηκα; plapf. ἐνειστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon, or within. he close upon, to be at band; τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος μηνός in the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur; 4. to oppose, τὰ ἐνεστηκότα present circumstances. resist, object.

ėν-ισχύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to strengthen. II. intr. to gain strength.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v \cdot \iota \sigma \chi \omega, = \dot{\epsilon}v \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega.$ 

ένι-τρέφω, ένι-χρίμπτω, Ep. for έντ- and έγχ-. ένιχριμφθείς, Εp. aor. I part. pass. of έγχρίμπτω.

ėν-λαξεύω, f. σω, to carve in or upon. έννα ετήρ, ηρος, ή, (ἐνναίω) an inhabitant:—fem.

évvaételpa.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ vvä- $\dot{\epsilon}$ τηρος,  $o\nu$ , = sq.

έννα-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut. έννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.

ἐν-νᾶέτης, ου, δ, = ἐν-ναετήρ. ἐννά-έτις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐνναετής, nine years old. ἐν-ναίω: Ερ. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, aor. 1 ἐνενασσάμην:— to dwell in: inbabit. ἐννάκις, Αdν. (ἐννέα) nine times, Lat. novies. ἐννάκοτοι, ν. ἐνακοσ-. ἐννάσσαντο, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἐνναίω. ἔννάτος, false form for ἔνατος. ἐννάντος, false form for ἔνατος. Έν-ναυτηγέω, f. ἡσω, to build sbips in. ΈΝΝΕ Α΄, indecl. nine, Lat. novem. ἐννεά-βοιος, ον, (ἐννέα, βοῦς) worth nine beeves. ἐννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. nineteen. Hence ἐννεακαιδεκά-μηνος, ον, (μήν) nineteen months old. ἐννεακαιδεκ-ετής, ἐς. (ἔτος) nineteen years old. ἐννεά-κρουνος, ον, with nine springs, a well at

Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη.
ἐννέα-λἴνος, ον, (ἐννέα, λίνον) of nine threads.
ἐννέα-μηνος, ον, (ἐννέα, μήν) of nine months.
ἐννεά-μηχυς, υ, (ἐννέα, πῆχυς) nine cubits long.
ἐννεάs, άδος, ἡ, (ἐννέα) the number nine: a number of nine.

II. the ninth day of the month.

έννεά-φωνος, ον, (ἐννέα, φωνή) of nine tones or notes. ἐννεά-χίλοι, αι, α, Εp. for ἐνάκις χίλιοι, nine thousand.

έννεά-χορδος, ον, (ἐννέα, χορδή) of nine strings. ἐννενήκοντα, worse form for ἐνενήκοντα, ninety. ἐννενηκοντα-εννέα, indecl. ninety and nine.

έννενώκασι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of έννοέω.

evveov, Ep. for eveov, impf. of νέω, to swim.

έννε-όργυιος, ον, (ἐννέα, ὀργυιά) nine fathoms long. ἐννεός, false form for ἐνεός.

ev-νεοσσεύω Att. -ττεύω, f. σω, to make a nest or batch young in: c. acc. to batch.

έννέπω, poet. lengthd. for ἐνέπω.

έννεσία, ή, see ένεσία.

ev-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon or make signs to. evvé-ωρος, ον, (εννέα, ωρα) nine years old or long.

έννήκοντα, Ep. for ένενήκοντα, ninety.

ένν-ημαρ, (ένν έα, ημαρ) Adv. for nine days.

έννηφιν, Ερ. for ένης, fem. gen. of ένος, as Adv. έν-νοέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ένενόησα Ion. part. έννώσας: pf. έννενόηκα Ion. έννένοκα:—also in Med., with aor. I pass. ένενοήθην:—to think of, bave in one's mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be

mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend to do, c. inf. IV. to devise, plan, invent, Lat.

excogitare. Hence

evvoia, ή, a thought: an intent, design.

έν-νομος, ον, (ἐν, νόμος) within the pale of the law, lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under the law.

II. (ἐν, νέμομαι) feeding in, inhabiting.

ev-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν, (εν, νοῦs) thoughful, sensible: -Comp. εννούστεροs, Sup. -ούστατος.

έννοσί-γαιος, δ, poet. for ένοσίγ-, (ένοσις,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) the Earthshaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

έννοσί-φυλλοs, ον, poët. for ένοσιφ-, (ξνοσιε, φύλλον) with quivering leaves.

έννοχλείς, poet. for ένοχλείε, 2 sing. of ένοχλέω.

ἔννὖμι or ἐννύω, from root  $FE'\Omega$ , = FEXΘΩ, Lat. VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσσω; Ep. aor. I ἔσσα:—Med. ἔννὖμαι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. I ἐσάμην Ep. ἐσσάμην, a sing. ἐέσσατο:—Pass., pf. εἶμαι, εἶσαι, εἶται, but Ep. also ἔσσαι, ἔσται: plqpf. εἶμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἴατο:—to put clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on one-self, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to wrap or sbroud oneself in; λάἴνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou badst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.

έννυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of έννυμ.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-νὸχενω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\nu\dot{\nu}f)$  to sleep or lodge in.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-νύχιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, or οs, ον,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\nu\dot{\nu}f)$  nightly, in the night, by night.

II. dwelling in Night, of the

dead.  $\tilde{\epsilon}v-v\tilde{\upsilon}\chi os$ , ov,  $=\tilde{\epsilon}vv\dot{\upsilon}\chi ios$ .

έννῶσαι, -νώσας, Ion. for έννοῆσαι, -νοήσας, 20r. I inf and part. of έννοέω.

έν-όδιος, a, ov, Ep. elv-όδιος, η, ov, (έν, όδός) in, on, or by the road; σφηκες ένόδιοι wasps that have their nests by the way-side.

II. of or belonging to a journey.

έν-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell: to inbabit. Hence

ένοίκησις, εως, ή, a dwelling in a place.

ev-oικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to make to dwell in a place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.

ėv-οίκιος, ον, (ἐν, οἶκος) in the house, keeping at home. ἐν-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build in a place. II. to build up, block up.

év-ouxos, ov, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an inbabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.

ev-οινοχοέω, f. ήσω, to pour in wine.

ėνόν, part. neut. of ένειμι, used absol., it being possible. ἐνοπή, ἡ, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp. a war-cry, battle-shout.

έν-όπλιος, ον, (ἐν, ὅπλον) in or with arms: δ ἐν-όπλιος (sub. ρυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}v$ -o $\pi\lambda$ os, ov,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}v$ ,  $\tilde{o}\pi\lambda ov)$  in arms, armed.

**ἔνοπτρον**, τό, (ἐνόψομαι) a mirror.

έν-οράω Ion. -έω: f. ἐνόψομαι (supplied from obsol. ἐνόπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνείδον, q. v.:—to see or observe in a person or thing.

II. to look at or upon.

ένόρκιος, ον, = ένορκος.

έν-ορκος, ον, (ἐν, ὅρκος) bound by oath, sworn. II. that to which one is sworn; ἕνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak on oath.

έν-ορμίτης [i], ου,  $\delta$ , (ἐν, δρμος) one who is in barbour. ἐν-όρνϋμι, fut. ἐνόρσω: aor. 1 ἐνῶρσω: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐνῶρτο: (ἐν, δρω, δρνυμι):—to arouse or stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.

έν-ορούω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack. ἐν-όρχης, ου, δ, and ἔν-ορχις, ιος, δ,  $\eta$ , = ἔνορχος. ἔν-ορχος, ον, (ἐν, ὄρχις) uncastrated, entire.

"ENOΣ or ενος, δ, Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year: hence ενιαυτός άφενος, δίενος, etc.

"ENOΣ or ένος, η, ον, Adj. a year old, last year's; ένος καρπός last year's fruit: generally, old, bygone. II. ένη καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and new day, i.e. the last day of the month, so called because to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: this 30th day consisted of two balves, one belonging to 2. in oblique the old, the other to the new moon. cases of fem.: gen. ένης Εp. έννηφιν, = Lat. perendie, the day after to-morrow, αύριον καὶ έννηφιν; so too, Tỹ tvy, ela tvyv.

evos, gen. of els and ev, one.

ένοσις, εως, ή, (\* ἐνόθω) a sbaking, quake.

Ένοσί-χθων, ονοε, δ, (ενοσιε, χθών) the Earthsbaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ή, (είς) unity, concord.

ėν-ουράνιος, ον, (έν, οὐρανός) in beaven, beavenly.

ev-ουρέω, f. ήσω, to make water in.

ėν-οχλέω, f. ήσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ἠνώχλουν, pass. ἠνωχλούμην; αοτ. I ηνώχλησα: pf. ηνώχληκα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. molesto: absol. to be an annoyance:-Pass. to be troubled or annoyed.

**ἔνοχος**, ον. (ἐνέχομαι) beld in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.

ėν-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up in.

έν-ριγόω, f. ώσω, = ριγόω έν, to shiver or freeze in. έν-σείω, f. -σείσω: pf. pass. -σέσεισμαι:—to shake in or into, to drive into, burl or launch at.

ėν-σημαίνω, f. ανω, to mean, imply:--Med. to give

notice of, intimate.

έν-σκέλλω, aor. Ι ένέσκηλα, to dry up:--Pass., with

pf. act. ἐνέσκληκα, to be dried up.

ev-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready, prepare:-Pass. to be dressed or equipped: - Med. to dress oneself up. έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-:-to burl, dart, launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on. έν-σκίμπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-: poet. form of έν-

σκήπτω, to dash in or upon :- Pass. to stick in. έν-σκιρρόω, f. ώσω, (έν, σκίρροε) to barden :--Pass.

to become callous, inveterate.

ev-cooos, ov, wise in a thing.

ev-σπείρω, f. -σπερώ, to sow among:-Pass. to be sown or spread among.

έν-σπονδος, ον, (έν, σπονδή) included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.

έν-στάζω, f. ξω, to let drop in.

**ἐν-σταλάζω**, f. ξω, = ἐνστάζω.

ένστάτης, ου, ό, (ἐνίστημι) one who withstands, an adversary.

έν-στέλλω, f. –στελῶ:—to dress in:—Pass., ἰππάδα στολήν ἐνεσταλμένος clad in a horseman's dress.

ev-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix in.

έν-στράτοπεδεύω, or -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπεδεύομαι έν, to encamp in.

έν-στρέφω, fut. ψω, to turn about in :--Pass. to turn or move in. 2. c. acc. loci, to visit.

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.

ένταθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντείνω. έντακήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντήκω.

ένταλμα, ατος, τό, (έντέλλω) an injunction, precept. έν-τανύω, f. ύσω: 20r. I inf. έντανύσαι:--- poët. for evrelve, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to extend, prolong.

έν-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to enrol, register in:-Pass. to be posted in battle.

ένταῦθα Ion. ένθαῦτα, Adv. (έν) = ἕνθα: Place, bere, there, Lat. bic : also bither, thither, Lat. huc. II. of Time, at the very time: then,

now. 2. like Lat. deinde, thereupon, then. Hence

ένταυθί [t], Att. form for ένταῦθα.

ένταυθοῖ, Adv. bitber, Lat. buc.

ένταφιάζω, f. σω, (έντάφιοε) to bury. Hence

ένταφιασμός, δ, burial.

έν-τάφιος, ον, (έν, τάφος) of or used in burial. as Subst., έντάφιον, τό, a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ ἐντάφια, funeral bonours, obsequies.

"ENTEA, ων, τά, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; evtea baitos appliances for a banquet; έντεα νηόν rigging, tackle of a ship; έντεα ἵππεια horse-trappings, barness.

έντεθύμημαι, pf. of ένθυμέσμαι.

έντεθωράκισμαι, pf. pass. of ένθωρακίζω.

έν-τείνω, fut. -τενω: aor. Ι ἐνέτεινα: pf. ἐντέτἄκα: —Pass., aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}\nu\epsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}\theta\eta\nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\nu\tau\dot{\epsilon}\tau\check{\alpha}\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to stretch of strain tight, Lat. intendere; δίφρος ίμασιν ἐντέταται the chariot board is bung upon straps: to bend a bow; γέφυραι ἐντεταμέναι a bridge of boats with the cables all taut: - έντείνασθαι άρμονίαν to raise it to a bigher pitch:—ἐντείνειν ναῦν ποδί to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet. II. to stretch out at or against; έντείνειν πλήγην Lat. intendere pla-2. to entangle in. III. to strain, exert, φωνήν έντείνασθαι: hence in Pass. to be eager or vebement, έντεταμένοι είς το έργον.

έν-τειχίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to wall in, fortify:-Med. to wall in. 1. e. blockade.

έν-τεκνος, ον, (έν, τέκνον) baving children.

έν-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to end one's life in a place. έν-τελής, έs, = ἐν τέλει ὤν, complete, entire, perfect :

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., έν-τέλλομαι, to enjoin, command:-Pass., ἐντεταλμένα commands.

έντελοῦμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to cut in, engrave or inscribe upon. II. to cut in pieces, to 2. to cut in, sbred in. sacrifice.

έντερον, τό, (έντόε) a piece of gut:—in plur. the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence

έντερόνεια, ή, timber for the ribs of a ship, bellytimber.

έντεσι-εργός, όν, (έντεα, έργον) working in barness. έντεταγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω. έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω. έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντείνω. Hence evrerauevos. Adv. vehemently, strongly. έντέτατο, for ένετέτατο, plapf. pass. of έντείνω. έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω. έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω.

έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.

έντεθθεν Ion. ένθεθτεν, Adv. (ένταθθα) bence or | II. of Time, bencethence, Lat. binc or illinc. forth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

έντευθενί [τ], Att. for έντεῦθεν.

ἔντευξις, εως, ή, (ἐντυγχάνω) a lighting upon. 3. a petition, intercession, converse, intercourse. tbanksgiving. 4. reading, study.

έν-τευτλανόω, f. ώσω, (έν, τεῦτλον) to stew in beet. έν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten:-Pass. with aor. 2 ἐνετάκην [α], and pf. act. ἐντέτηκα, to be melted in, to sink deep into one; μίσοs ἐντέτηκέ μοι ; ἐντακῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wbolly gιυεπ up to love.

έντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί sum.

έν-τίθημι, fut. ένθήσω: aor. 2 ένέθην, Ep. inf. ένθέμεν: - to put in, Lat. imponere: metaph. to inspire, instil: - Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμη to bold in honour.

**ἐν-τίκτω**, f. –τέξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον:—to bear or produce in: to create or cause in. II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκώs, inborn.

έν-τιλάω, f. ήσω, to squirt upon.

έν-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to value in or among.

έν-τιμος, ον, (έν, τιμή) in bonour, bonoured, prized: τὰ θεῶν ἔντιμα what is bonoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes :-- Adv, ἐντίμως έχειν οτ άγειν τινά to hold him in bonour.

ἔντμημα, ατος, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch.

έντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ίημι.

έντολή, ή, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command.

έντομος, ον, (έντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up; έντομα ποιείν to offer as victims.

ἔντονος, ον, (ἐντείνω) strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent. Adv. -vws, violently.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $\tau \dot{o}\pi \iota o s$ , o v,  $= \dot{\epsilon}v \tau o \pi o s$ .

ev-τοπος, ον, (έν, τόπος) in or of a place.

έντός, Adv. (έν) Lat. intus, intrinsecus, opp. to I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., evrds e μαυτοῦ in my senses. this side, Lat. citra, c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., εντός είκοσι ήμερων within 20 days. Hence

έντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within,

within.

έντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of έντρωγω.

έντραπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντρέπω. έντραπήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of έντρέπω.

έν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about: metaph. to reprove, make ashamed :- Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give beed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $\tau\rho\dot{\epsilon}\phi\omega$ , f.  $-\theta\rho\dot{\epsilon}\psi\omega$ , =  $\tau\rho\dot{\epsilon}\phi\omega$   $\dot{\epsilon}v$ , to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural to, c. dat.

έν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμοθμαι (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run in, to move freely in. II. to slip in, enter.

έντριβήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντρίβω. Hence

έντριβήs, έs, rubbed in : metaph. skilled, versed in. ev-τρίβω [i], f. ψω, to rub in unguents:—Pass. to bave rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. rub away, wear by rubbing.

έν-τριτωνίζω, f. ίσω, (έν, τρίτος) to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Tpito- $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \nu \epsilon \iota a$ .

ἔντριψις, εως, ή, (ἐντρίβω) a rubbing in.

έν-τρομος, ον, (έν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

έν-τροπαλίζομαι, Frequent of έντρέπω. Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back.

έντροπή, ή, (έντρέπομαι) a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach.

έντροπία, ή, (έντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices. έντροφος, ον, (έντρέφω) brought up in, living in, among, or with; Evrp. rivos a nursling.

έν-τρυλλίζω, f. ίσω, to whisper in one's ear.

έν-τρυφάω, f. ήσω, (έν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

έν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 201. 2 ένέτραγον:--to eat up greedily, to devour.

έν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι; aor. 2 ένέτυχον: pf. έντετύχηκα:-to light upon, fall in with, meet with. II. to converse with: to intercede with. 3. to read. also =  $\tau v \gamma \chi \acute{a} \nu \omega \acute{e} \nu$ , to happen to be in.

έν-τυλίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up έν-τῦνον, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω; but also aor. I imperat. έντύνω [ū]: f. έντϋνω: Ep aor I έντυνα: (έντεα): -to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινά to make one ready, urge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

έν-τυπάς, Adv. (έν, τύπτω) of Priam, έντυπας έν χλαίνη κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as

to shew the shape of his limbs.

έν-τὔπόω, f. ὧσω, (έν, τύποε) to stamp, engrave.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θύψω, to smoke. [v̄] έντύω, Ep. impf. έντὔον, = ἐντύνω.

'Eνυάλιος, δ, ('Eνυώ) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [a]

ev-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to insult one in a thing.

ένυδρις, ιος, ή, an otter. From

evuδρό-βιοs, ov, living in the water.

έν-υδρος, ον, (έν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, holding II. of water, watery. III. living in or by water.

ἔνυξα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ένυπνιάζω, f. άσω, to dream. From

2. a dream. ένύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ėνύπνιος, ον, (έν, υπνος) appearing in sleep.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}v$ - $\upsilon\pi vos$ , ov,  $= \dot{\epsilon}v\dot{\upsilon}\pi v \iota os$ .

ἐνύσταξα, aor. Ι of νυστάζω.

ev-υφαίνω, f. ανώ, to weave in as a pattern:—Pass. to be inwoven. Hence

ἐνῦφαντός, όν, inwoven.

'ENΥΩ', óos, contr. oûs, ή, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ένωμοτ-άρχης, ου, δ, leader of an ένωμοτία. ένωμοτία, ή, (ἐνώμοτοε) properly, any band of sworn

soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a subdivision of the λόχοs and containing 32 men.

έν-ώμοτος, ον, (έν, ὅμνυμι) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. -ότωs, on oath.

ένωπαδίωs, Adv. to one's face. From

έν-ωπή, ή, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐνωπη as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.

ένώπια, ων, τά, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.

ένώπιον, in the presence of, Lat coram. From ėν-ώπιος, ον, (ἐν, ἄψ) in one's presence, face to face. **ένῶρσα, a**or. Ι of ἐνόρνυμι.

ένῶρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.

ένῶσα, lon. for ἐνόησα, aor. 1 of νοέω.

ένωτίζομαι, Dep. (έν, οὖs) to bearken to. **EE**, Lat. EX, put for  $\epsilon \kappa$  before a vowel.

"ΕΞ, οί, αἰ, τά, ındecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

έξαγαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of έξάγω.

έξ-αγγελία, ή, information sent out to the enemy. From

έξ-αγγέλλω, f. ελω, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy :- Med. to promise to do: - Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., έξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

έξ-άγγελος, δ, ή, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the άγγελοs came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελοs told what was going on behind the scenes.

έξάγγελτος, ον, (έξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered. έξ-ἄγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to drive out as a pollution.

έξ-αγινέω Ion. for έξάγω.

έξάγιστος,ον, (έξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. of things, devoted, mystical.

έξ-αγκωνίζω, (έξ, άγκών) to nudge with the elbow. έξ-άγνυμι, f. –άξω, (έξ, άγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.

έξ-αγοράζω, f. άσω, to buy from: to redeem.

έξ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω, to speak out, publish, divulge.

έξ-αγριόω, f. ώσω, (έξ, άγριος) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

έξ-άγω, f. -άξω: 2 οτ. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export; τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, 4. to drive out, expel. set free from. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt.

intr. (sub. ξαυτόν) to go or march out. Hence έξἄγωγή, ή, a leading out, drawing out: exporta-

tion: hence

έξαγώγιμος, ον, carried out; τὰ έξαγώγιμα exports. **έξ-ἄγωνίζομαι**, f. Att. ἴοῦμαι, Dep. to struggle bard. **ἐξάδ-αρχος**, ον, (ἐξάς, ἄρχω) leader of a body of six. **έξ-άδω**, fut. –άσομαι to sing away; έξάδειν τον βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan; to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon. εξ-αείρω Ion. for εξαίρω.

έξα-ετής, ές, gen. έος, (εξ, ετος) six years old: fem. έξαέτις, ιδος.—Adv. έξάετες, for six years. έξ-αθροίζομαι, Med. to collect out from.

έξ-αιάζω, strengthd. for alάζω.

έξ-αιμάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to make quite bloody.

έξ-αίνυμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

έξ-αίρεσις, εως, ή, (έξαιρέω) a taking out:—a way of taking out.

έξ-αιρετέον, verb. Adj. of έξαιρέω, one must select.

έξ-alpeτos, ov, taken out, picked out, chosen. reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From

έξ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 έξείλον Ερ. έξελον (supplied from obsol. ἕλω) :--Med., fut. ἐξελοῦμαι: aor. 2 έξειλόμην:-Pass., pf. έξήρημαι Ion. έξαραίρημαι: -to take out, take out of: Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. take from among others, to pick out, choose: - Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove: -- Med. to take away from one:-Pass. to bave a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

**ἐξ-αίρω**, contr. of Ion. form *ἐξ-*αείρω: fut. ἐ*ξ-*ἄρῶ: aor. I έξηρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 3. to arouse, stir up, exraise, exalt, extol. II Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:έξαίρεσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be

excited, agitated. έξ-alous, ov, (έξ, aloa) beyond what is right, trans-

gressing right, lawless. violent.

**ἐξ-αΐσσω** Att. -φσσω, -φττω: fut. -αίξω, -φξω: 201. I -η̂ξα:—to rush forth, start out.

II. of things, monstrous:

έξ-ἄϊστόω, f. ώσω, (έξ, ἄίστος) to bring to naught,

utterly destroy, annibilate. έξ-αιτέω, f. ήσω: aot. I έξήτησα:—to demand from

another: ¿f. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender: - Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

έξαίτησις, εως, ή, a demanding from another. a begging off, intercession.

έξ-αιτος, ον, (εξ, αιτέω) chosen, choice, precious.

έζ-αίφνης, Adv. on a sudden. έξ-ακέομαι, fut. έσομαι: Dep.:—to beal completely, apply a cure; χόλον εξακέσασθαι to appease it; ενδείαs εξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

έξάκεσις, εωε, ή, a thorough cure. ¿Échis, Adv. (¿É) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence

έξακισ-χίλιοι, six thousand; and

έξακισ-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

έξ-ακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow up, imitate.

ἐξ-ἄκοντίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ἴω, to dart or shoot forth, 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to launch. stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter. έξακόσιοι, αι, α, (έξ) six bundred, Lat. sexcenti.

Hence

II.

έξἄκοσιοστός, ή, όν, six-bundredth.

έξ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: 201. I -ήκουσα:—to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.

έξ-ακριβόω, f. ώσω, to make accurately, finish care-II. to inquire accurately. κριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.

έξ-ακρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to reach the top of; έξα-

κρίζειν αίθέρα to skim the upper air. έξακτέον, verb. Adj. of έξάγω, one must march out. έξ-αλαδω, f. ώσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν έξαλαωσαι to put out his eye.

έξ-αλαπάζω, f. εω, of a city, to sack, storm: gene-

rally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust. έξάλατο, Dor. for έξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of έξάλ-

λομαι. έξαλέασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of έξαλέομαι.

έξάλειπτρον, τό, a box for ointment. From  $\epsilon$ ξ-αλείφω, fut.  $\psi\omega$ : aor.  $I - \dot{\eta}\lambda\epsilon\iota\psi\alpha$ :—Pass., pf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}$ ήλιμμαι Att. εξαλήλιμμαι: - to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; έξαλείφειν τινά έκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list :- Med., έξαλείψασθαι πάθος φρενός to blot out the suffering from one's mind.

έξ-ἄλέομαι, Dep. to beware of, sbun, escape.

έξ-αλεύομαι, f. σομαι, = έξαλέομαι.

\*έξ-ἄλίνδω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξαλίσαs [ῖ], pf. ἐξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; ἄπαγε τὸν ἵππον έξαλίσας οίκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀλινδήθρα); ἐξήλικάς με ἐκ τῶν έμων you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.

έξαλλαγή, ή, a changing: difference. From

**έξ-αλλάσσω** Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. Ι -ήλλαξα: pf.  $-\dot{\eta}\lambda\lambda\check{\alpha}\chi\alpha$ : — Pass., aor. I and 2  $-\eta\lambda\lambda\check{\alpha}\chi\theta\eta\nu$ , -ηλλάγην: pf. -ήλλαγμαι:—to change utterly or II. to withdraw or remove from. to turn another way; ποίαν [δδδν] έξαλλάξω which way shall I take; εξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.

έξ-άλλομαι, fut. -ἄλοῦμαι: 20r. 1 -ηλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 part. εξάλμενος: Dep.:-to spring out of or forth from; εξάλλεσθαι κατά του τείχους to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ-αλύσκω, f.  $\dot{\nu}$ ξω: aor. I  $-\dot{\eta}$ λ $\nu$ ξα:  $=\dot{\epsilon}$ ξαλέομαι. **ἐξ-ἄμαρτάνω**, f. −αμαρτήσομαι: 20r. 2 −ήμαρτον:--to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against: -Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence

έξαμαρτία, ή, an utter mistake, error.

**ἐξ-αμάω,** fut. ήσω or ήσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι: to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy :- Pass., γένους απαντος ρίζαν έξημημένος bauing the stock of all the race cut off.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ Ε-αμβλόω, f. -αμβλώσω: pf. -ήμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ' εξήμβλωκας you bave

made my wit miscarry.

έξ-ἄμείβω, fut. ψω: aor. I –ήμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside: - Med. to take the retreat. place of, follow close on.

one for another, pass over from one place to another. withdraw from :- Med. to pass out. III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.

έξ-αμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out. II. to

press, as cheese.

έξ-ἄμελέω, f. ήσω, to be utterly careless of έξά-μετρος, ον, (έξ, μέτρον) of six metres: έξαμέτροs (sub. τόνοs), ò, the heroic or hexameter verse.

έξά-μηνος, ον, (έξ, μήν) lasting six months. Lat. semestris: as Subst., εξάμηνος, ὁ οτ ἡ, a balf-year.

έξ-αμηχανέω, f. ήσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.

έξ-αμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι: 20r. 1 med. -ημιλλησάμην, pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:-to struggle vebemently; ἀμίλλας ἐξαμιλληθείς baving gone through

desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eye.

έξ-αμύνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [v]

έξ-ἄναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force or compel utterly. to force out, drive away.

έξ-ανάγω, f. άξω: aor. 2 -ανήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from: -Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.

έξ-αναδύομαι, Med. with 201. 2 act. -ανέδυν:--10 rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.

έξ-avaζέω, fut. έσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., έξαναζείν χύλον to let his fury boil forth. έξ-avaιρέω, f. ήσω, to take up out of.

έξ-ανακρούω, f. σω, to beat back: - Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.

έξ-αναλίσκω, fut. -αναλώσω: aor. I -ανήλωσα: pf. pass. – ανήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:— Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exhauriri.

έξ-αναλύω, f. ύσω, to set quite free.

έξανάλωσις, εως, ή, (έξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.

έξ-αναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive. έξ-aváπτω, f. ψω, to bang up a thing from or by:

-Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.

έξ-αναρπάζω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away. έξ-avaσπάω, f. άσω [ă], to tear away from.

έξανάστασις, εως, ή, (έξανίστημι) a removal. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.

έξ-avaστέφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.

έξαναστήσω, έξαναστήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of ἐξανίστημι.

έξ-avaστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to burl beadlong from.

II. intr. έξ-avaτέλλω, to make spring up from to spring from.

έξ-avaφavδόν, Adv. quite openly.

έξ-αναφέρω, f. -ανοίσω, to bring up from the II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.

έξ-avaχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, II. c. acc. to evade.

II. of Place, to change εξ-ανδράποδίζω, and Med. εξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

-έσομαι Att. -ῖοῦμαι: (ἐξ, ἀνδράποδον):—to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery: the Att. fut. ἐξανδραποδιοῦμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I -ηνδραποδίσθην, pf. -ηνδραπόδισμαι. Hence

έξανδραπόδισις, εως, ή, a selling for slaves.

έξ-ανδρόομαι, ps. εξήνδρωμαι: Pass.:—to come to man's years; λόχος δδόντων όφεος εξηνδρωμένος a band baving grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

έξ-aveyelpw, f. -εγερω, to excite, stir up.

έξανειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of έξαναιρέω. έξ-άνειμι, to rise out from: to go up in. II. to

come back from.

**έξ-ἄνεμόω**, f. ώσω: aor. I –ηνέμωσα: (ἐξ, ἄνεμοs):
—to inflate: puff up.

II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.

έξ-ανέρχομαι, = έξάνειμι.

έξανέστηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor I of έξανίστημι.

έξανέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of έξαναστρέφω.

έξανέτειλα, aor. I of εξανατέλλω.

έξ-ανεύρισκω, fut. -ανευρήσω, to find out, invent.

έξ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to bold up or out: intr. to project.

II. Med., impf. and 201. 2 with double augm.

εξ-ηνειχόμην, -ηνεσχόμην:—to bear up against.

έξανήγαγον, aor. 2 of έξανάγω.

έξανηκα, aor. I of έξανίημι.

έξανήλωσα, 201. Ι of έξαναλίσκο: έξανήλωμαι, pf.

it-avθίω, f. ησω: pf. -ηνθηκα: — to put out flowers.

2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores.

3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

έξ-avθίζω, f. low Att. ιω, (έξ, άνθος) to deck as with

flowers, adorn, paint.

ig-avlημι, f. -avhσω or -avhσομαι: 201. I -avĥκα: -to send out or forth, let loose: c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken, loosen.

II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.

έξ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω, aor. I -ανέστησα: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat.

2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel.

3. to depopulate, destroy.

II. Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -ειστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station.

2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home.

3. to be depopulated.

eg-avolγω, to lay open.

έξ-ανορθόω, f. ώσω, to set upright, restore.

**ἐξ-αντλέ**ω, f. ήσω: aor. I - ήντλησα:—to draw out, Lat. exbaurire. II. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. exantlare.

de drúm Att. de drúrm, f. ύσω [ŭ]: aor. 1 de firitara:

-to accomplish, fulfil.

2. to dispatch, kill, Lat.
conficere.

3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it.

4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere at ...

5. Med. to finish for oneself.

έξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (έξ, πάλαιστή) of six bandsbreadths.

ξ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: 20τ. I -απήλλαξα:--to free from, remove from:--Med. to remove
oneself from, get rid of.

έξ-ἄπᾶτάω, f. ήσω: aor. I –ηπάτησα:—to cheat or deceive thoroughly: to seduce:—Pass., with fut. med.
–ήσομαι, to be utterly deceived.

έξ-απάτη, ή, a gross trick or deception.

έξ-απατητήρ, ηρος, δ, (ξαπατάω) a deceiver.

έξ-απατύλλω, Comic Dim. of εξάπατάω, to cheat a little, impose upon.

έξ-ἄπαφίσκω, Ep. form of ἐξ-απατάω: aor. 2 ἐξή-πάφον, part. ἐξαπαφών: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. ἐξαπάφοιτο occurs in act. sense.

έξά-πεδος, ον, (έξ, πούς) six feet long.

έξ-απείδον, inf. έξαπιδείν, aor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. είδον.

έξά-πηχυς, v, (ξξ,  $π\hat{η}χυ$ ς) six cubits long.

έξάπινα, Adv., later form of έξαπίνης.

έξαπίναιος, α, ον, = έξαιφνίδιος. From έξαπίνης, Adv., collat. form for έξαίφνης [?]

έξα-πλάσιος, α, ον, Ιοι. - πλήσιος, η, ον, (ξε) sixfold. έξά-πλεθρος, ον, (ξε, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, ι. c. 1 200 feet long.

έξ-απλόω, f. ώσω, to unfold, roll out: to explain.

έξ-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to step out of.

έξ-αποδίομαι, Dep. to chase away from.

ěξ-αποδύνω, to put off.

έξ-αποθνήσκω, to be just on the point of death

έξά-πολις, εως, ή, (ἔξ, πόλις) a league of six cities. ἐξ-απόλλῦμι, f. –απολέσω Att. –απολῶ:—to destroy utterly:—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intt. to perisb utterly: to perisb out of.

έξ-απονέομαι, Pass. to return out of.

έξ-απονίζω, f. νίψω, to wash thoroughly.

έξ-αποξύνω, to sharpen well.

έξ-απορέω, also Mcd. έξ-απορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.

έξ-αποστέλλω, to send out or away: to divorce.

έξ-αποτίνω, f. –αποτίσω  $[\bar{t}]$ , to atone fully.

έξ-αποφθείρω, to destroy utterly.

έξ-άπτω, f. ψω: aot. t εξήψα:—to fasten from or to: c. dat. to attach to.

II. Med. to hang from, cling to a thing.

2. to fasten about oneself, wear.

έξαραίρημαι, Ion. pf. pass. of έξαιρέω.

έξ-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I έξήραξα:—to dasb or knock out, sbatter: metaph. to assail furiously. έξ-αργέω, f. ήσω, (έξ. άργόε) to be quite torpid:—Pass. to be quite neglected.

έξ-αργυρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, and έξ-αργυρόω, f. ώσω,

to turn into money, sell.

if-aperonau, f. -aperoμαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to: also to win over, conciliate.

έξ-αριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count throughout, Lat. enunerare. II. to pay in ready money.

εξ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to be enough for: impers., ξέαρκεί μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf.

II. to

abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with | doing. III. to assist, succour. Hence

έξαρκής, έs, enough, sufficient.

έξαρκούντωs, Adv. pres. part. of έξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

έξ-αρνέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I -ηρνησάμην and -ηρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

έξαρνητικός, ή, όν, good at denying or disowning. έξαρνος, ον, (έξαρνέομαι) denying, disowning.

έξ-αρπάζω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσω or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ήρπαξα Att. -ήρπασα: pf. pass. -ήρπασμαι:-to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

έξ-αρτάω, fut. ήσω, to hang from or upon. Pass., with fut. med. εξαρτήσομαι, pf. εξήρτημαι, to be bung upon, hang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. εξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

έξ-αρτίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to complete, finish:-Pass., pf. εξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

έξ-αρτύω, f. ύσω [v], to get ready: to fit out, equip. -Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about :- Pass., pf. εξήρτυμαι, to be got ready.

έξαρχε, Dor. for έξηρχε, 3 sing. impf. of έξάρχω. εξ-αρχος, ον, beginning. II. as Subst., ἔξαρχος,

ò, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. chorus,  $= \kappa \circ \rho v \phi \circ i \circ s$ .

έξ-άρχω, f. ξω, to begin, lead off; εξάρχειν παιανά omens, in a bad quarter. Tivi to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, εξάρχειν τινά λόγοις to address one with words: -so also in Med. εξάρχομαι.

έξ-ασκέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 -ήσκησα:—to adorn, deck II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass. to be well trained in.

έξ-ατιμάζω, f. άσω, to disbonour utterly.

έξ-αττω, Att. contr. for έξαίσσω.

έξ-avalvω, aor. έξηύηνα: to dry up, parch up.

έξ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

έξ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to wear out by piping.

έξ-αυλίζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters έξ-αυτής, Adv., for έξ αὐτής [τής ώρας], at the very point of time, at once.

έξ-αθτις, Adv. for έξ-αθθις, (έξ, αθτις) over again, anew. II. of Place, back again, backwards.

έξ-αυτομολέω, f. ήσω, to desert from.

έξ-αυχέω, f. ήσω: aor. I έξηύχησα: to boast loudly. έξ-ἄΰω, aor. I ἐξήθσα, to scream or cry out.

έξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 –αφείλον, med. –αφειλόμην (from obsol. Ελω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχήν τινος εξαφελέσθαι to take his life from him.

έξ-αφίημι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

έξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plapf. -εστήκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

έξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Med. (έξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; εξαφρίζεσθαι μένος to foam or fret away one's strength.

€ξ-αφύσσω, f. ύσω [ʊ]: 20r. I -ήφυσα:--to draw

έξάψαι, 20r. I mf. of *έξάπτω*.

έξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

έξέβην, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίνω:—ἔξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἐξέβησαν.

έξ-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, (έξ, έγγύη) to free by giving bail :- Med. to give bail :- Pass. to be set free on bail. Hence

έξεγγύησις, εωε, ή, a giving bail or surety.

έξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερω, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:-Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 έξηγρόμην, inf.  $-\epsilon \gamma \rho \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha i$ , and pf. act. έξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

έξέγραψα, aor. 2 of έκγράφω.

έξέγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εξεγείρω.

έξέδειξα, aor. 1 of ἐκδείκνυμι. έξεδεξάμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

έξεδίδαξα, aor. I of εκδιδάσκω.

ἐξέδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

έξ-έδρα, ή, Lat. exhedra, a covered walk in front of a bouse.

έξέδραμον, aor. a of ἐκτρέχω. έξέδραν, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω

 $\tilde{\epsilon}_{\xi}^{\epsilon}$ - $\epsilon\delta\rho$ os,  $o\nu$ , ( $\tilde{\epsilon}_{\xi}$ ,  $\tilde{\epsilon}\delta\rho$ a) away from home: generally, 3. the leader of the strange, extraordinary. 2 c. gen. out of, away from; έξεδρος φρενών out of one's senses. II. of

**έξέδομαι**, fut. of *έξεσθίω*.

έξέδυν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἐξέδῦσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

έξέδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

έξέθανον, 201. 2 of έκθνήσκω.

έξεθέμην, aor. 2 med. of  $\epsilon \kappa \tau i \theta \eta \mu \iota$ .

έξέθηκα, aor. I ot ἐκτίθημι.

**ἐξέθορον**, aor. 2 of ἐκθρώσκω.

έξέθρεψα, 201. Ι of ἐκτρέφω.

έξει, for έξιθι, imperat. of έξειμι exibo.

έξ-είδον, inf. ἐξιδείν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξιδοῦ see well to it. Cf. έξοιδα.

έξείης, Adv. (έχω, έξω) poet. for έξης, in order, in

a row, one after another.

έξ-εικάζω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἐξηκασμένοs, represented by a likeness or portrait.

έξ-ειλέω, f. how, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}\dot{\epsilon}i\lambda\lambda\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\epsilon}i\lambda\lambda\omega$ .

έξείλον, έξειλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of έξαιρέω. έξ-ειμι, 2 sing. έξεισθα (for έξει), inf. έξιέναι Ep. εξίμεναι: impf. εξήειν: (έκ, είμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army; to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; όταν το κακον έξίη when the pain

έξ-ειμι (εἰμί sum), only in impers. ἔξεστι, q. v.

šķeιν, fut. inf. of ēχω.

ifelvar, inf. of iferre.

έΕ-εῖπον. inf. ἐξειπεῖν, to speak out, to utter, avow: | ἐξέμαξα, ἐξεμάγην [ἄ], aor. 1 act. and aor. 2 pass. also, to betray: cf. εἶπον. ος ἐκμάσσω. έξείρετο, 3 sing. impf. of έξέρομαι. έξέμεν, Ep. for έξειναι, 20r. 2 inf. of έξίημι. έξειρύσα Ep. -είρυσσα, aor. I of έξερύω. έξέμεν, Ep. for έξειν, fut. inf. of έχω. έξ-είρω, to put forth, thrust out. II. to pull out. έξ-εμέω, f. –εμέσω: aor. I έξέμεσα:—to vomit forth, έξεισθα, for έξει, 2 sing pres. of έξειμι exibo. disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick. έξεκάθηρα, 20Γ. Ι ος ἐκκαθαίρω. έξέμηνα, aor. I of έκμαίνω. έξέμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of έκμείρομαι. έξέκαμον, aor. 2 of ἐκκάμνω. έξ-εμπεδόω, f. ώσω, to keep fast or strictly, observe. έξεκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of ἐκκενύω. έξεκέχυντο, 3 pl. plapf. pass. of ἐκχέω. έξ-εμπολάω Ιοη. -έω, f. ήσω, to traffic; κέρδο: **ἐξέκλεψα**, aor. I of ἐκκλέπτω. έξεμπολαν to drive a gamful trade; pf. pass. έξημπόέξεκλησίαζον, έξεκλησίασα, irreg. impf. and aor. I λημαι I am bought and sold, betrayed. sell off. οί ἐκκλησιάζω. έξέκλινα, 201. Ι ος έκκλίνω. έξ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. έξεναρείν, = έξεναρίζω. έξεκόμισα, aor. I of έκκομίζω. έξ-εναρίζω, f. ίξω, to strip or spoil a foe: to slay in έξέκοψα, έξεκόπην, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of |fight. ἐκκόπτω. έξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of  $\epsilon \kappa \phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ . έξεκρέματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι. έξ-ενέπω, to speak out, proclaim. έξένευσα, aor. I of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω. έξέκρουσα, έξεκρούσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of έξένθοις, έξενθών, Dor. for έξέλθοις, έξελθών, 201. 2 **ἐκκρούω**. έξεκύλισα, -ίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκυλίνδω. opt. and part. of έξέρχομαι. **ἐξέλαβον**, 201. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω έξενίκησα, 20r. Ι of έκνικάω. έξελαs, α, 2 and 3 sing, fut, of έξελαύνω. **ἐξένιψα,** aor. ι of ἐκνίζω. II. έξ-επάδω, f. –επάσομαι, to charm away:—Pass., έξεέξέλασις, εως, ή, a driving out, expulsion. intr. a marching out, expedition. From πάδεσθαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature. **έξ-ελαύνω,** f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: pf. -ελήλἄκα: έξ-επαίρω, f. –επαρῶ, to stir up, elate. έξεπαίσα, 20r. I of έκπαίω. also poet, pres. έξελάω, inf. έξελάαν:—to drive out, 2. to beat out, hammer out, of me**έξεπάταξα,** aor. Ι of *ἐκπατάσσω*. II. ἐξελαύνειν στρατόν to lead out an έξέπαυσα, 20r. I. of έκπαύω. army: hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an **έξέπεισα,** aor. 1 of ἐκπείθω. expedition, march out. έξεπειράθην [ā], aor. 1 of ἐκπειράομαι. έξέλαχον, aor. 2 of έκλαγχάνω. έξέπεμψα, aor. 1 of *ἐκπέμπω.* έξελε, poet, for έξειλε, 3 sing, aor, 2 act, of έξαιρέω: έξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. 1 of έκπεράω. also 2 sing, imperat. έξέπεσον, 20r. 2 of έκπίπτω. έξ-ελέγχω, f. ξω, to search out, bring to the test: to έξεπέτασσα, Ep. for έξεπέτασα, aor. I of έκπεconvict, expose, confute: of things, to be proved τάννυμι. 2. οὐ τοῦτό γ' έξελέγχομαι I am έξ-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly. against one. not to blame in this.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ-επι-και-δέκατος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κκαιδέκατος έξέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω. έξελειν, έξελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of έξ-επίσταμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoέξαιρέω. έξέλιπον, 20r. 2 of έκλείπω. II. to know by beart. roughly. έξ-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech. έξ-επίτηδες, Adv., = ἐπίτηδες, on purpose, carefully. έξελεύσομαι, έξελθεῖν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of έξέρχοέξεπλάγην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω. έξέπλευσα, aor. I of ἐκπλέω. μαι. έξέπληξα, έξεπλήχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έκ**έξελήλακα,** pf. of *ξξε*λαύνω. έξελήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \chi \omega$ . πλήσσω. έξέπλησα, έξεπλήσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of έκέξ-ελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, unfold: metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. explicare, to exπίμπλημι. pand the front by bringing up the rear men. έξέπνευσα, aor. I of έκπνέω. έξελκτέον, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From έξεποίησα, aor. I of έκποιέω. έξ-έλκω, f. -ελκύσω [v], as if from -ελκύω:—to έξεπόνασα, Dor. aor. I of έκπονέω. draw or drag out. έξεπόρευσα, – εύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω. 2. to draw out from, rescue from. II. to drag out, prolong, protract. έξεπόρισα, aor. I of ἐκπορίζω. **ἐξέλῦσα, a**or. I of ἐκλύω. έξέπραθον, aor. 2 of ἐκπέρθω. **ἐξέμἄθον,** aor. 2 of ἐκμανθάνω. έξέπραξα, aor. 1 of έκπράσσω. έξεμάνην [α], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίνω. έξέπριον, 20r. 2 of έκπρίω. έξεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of έκπέταμαι or -ομαι. έξέμαξα, aor. I of ἐκμάσσω. έξεμαργώθην, 201. I pass. of έκμαργόω. έξέπταξα, Dor. for εξέπτηξα, 201. 1 of εκπτήσσω.

έξέπτην, 20r. 2 act. of ἐκπέταμαι. phecies, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally. έξέπτύσα, aor. I of έκπτύω. to reach its end. έξεπυθόμην, 201. 2 of έκπυνθάνομαι. έξ-ερωέω, f. ήσω, to swerve from the course, to sby. έξ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to search out: to question. έξέραμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From έξ-εράω, f. άσω[ā]: aor. I ἐξέρᾶσα:—to vomit forth, έξεσάωσα, aor. I of έκσαόω. έξέσεισα, aor. I of έκσείω. 2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of; έξ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: pf. -εδήδοκα:--to eat away.  $\dot{\epsilon} \xi \epsilon \rho \hat{a} \nu \tau \hat{a} s \psi \dot{\eta} \phi o \nu s to disgorge the ballots from the urn.$ έξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg. έξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι used both in med, and pass. sense: aor. I -ειργάσθην alέξεσία, ή, (ἐξίημι) a sending out, mission. ways in pass.: Dep.:-to work out, finish, make comέξεσις, εως, ή, (ἐξίημι) a dismissal: divorce. έξεσκέδασα, aor. I of έκσκεδάννυμι. plete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat. έξέσμων, impf. of έκσμάω. conficere: to overwhelm, ruin:-Pass., έξειργάσμεθα έξεσόβησα, aor. I of έκσοβέω. έξέσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of έκσεύω. we are undone; τὰ ἐξειργασμένα desperate affairs; έξεστακέναι, for έξεστηκεναι, pf. inf. of έξίστημι. ἐπ' ἐξειργασμένοις when all is over. Hence έξεστάναι, inf. pf. of εξίστημι, contr. for εξεστηκέναι. έξεργαστικός, ή, όν, able to accomplish. έξ-έργω Att. -είργω, to shut out, exclude from: έξέστειλα, aor. I of έκστέλλω. to binder, forbid: to drive away:-Pass., αναγκαίη έξεστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω. έξέστηκα, έξέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of έξίστημι. έξέργεσθαι to be forced to a thing. έξ-εστι, impers., subj. έξη, optat. έξείη: inf. έξείναι: έξ-ερεείνω, to inquire into or after: search or try. έξ-ερεθίζω, έξ-ερέθω, strengthd. for έρεθίζω, έρέθω. fut. ἔξεσται: impf. ἐξῆν: (ἐξ, εἰμί sum):-it is aliξ-ερείπω, to strike or bew off. II. intr. in lowed, it is in one's power, is possible part. Efor Ion. aor. 2 εξήριπον, inf. εξερίπειν, and pf. εξήριπα:-to έξεόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. quum liceat. fall to earth; χαίτη ζεύγλης έξεριποῦσα the mane έξεστράτευσα, aor. I of έκστρατεύω. έξεστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of έκστρατοπεδεύομαι. streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down. έξ-ερεύγομαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves. έξέστρεψα, aor. I of ἐκστρέφω. έξεσύρην [v], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσύρω [v]. έξ-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out, examine. έξεσωρευόμην, impf. pass. of έκσωρεύω.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ-ερέω Att. contr. – ερώ, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρέω) fut. without any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf. έξέσωσα, έξεσώθην, aor. I act and pass. of έκσώζω. act. ἐξείρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξείρητο; and fut. ἐξει-ρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω, έξ-ετάζω, f. έξετάσω Att. έξετω: aor. I έξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐξητάσθην: pf. έξήτασμαι:-to examine well or closely, to scrutithe aor. ἐξεῖπον. nise: hence to question, esp. by the torture: of things, έξ-ερέω, Ep. for έξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of. έξ-ερημόω, f. ώσω, to make utterly desolate, desert to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. utterly. troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly, to test: hence to estimate, compare: - Pass. to be proved, έξ-ερίζω, f. ίσω, (έξ, έρις) to be contumacious, resist. to stand the trial: to be examined. έξεριπείν, aor. 2 inf. of έξερείπω. έξετάθην [ἄ], aor. I pass. of ἐκτείνω. έξεριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant. έξετάκην [ἄ], aor 2 pass. of ἐκτήκω. έξ-έρομαι, fut. -ερήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐξ, ἔρομαι).--to ἐξέτἄμον, aor, 2 of ἐκτέμνω. inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερέω έξετάνυσσα, Ep aor. I of ἐκτανύω.  $\epsilon \xi - \epsilon \rho \pi \omega$ , f.  $- \epsilon \rho \psi \omega$ : aor. I  $- \epsilon i \rho \pi \bar{\nu} \sigma \alpha$  (as if from  $- \epsilon \rho - \epsilon \rho = 0$ ) έξετανύσθην, aor. I pass of ἐκτανύω. πύω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out. έξερράγην [α], aor. 2 pass. of εκρήγνυμι. έξετάραξα, aor. Ι ος έκταράσσω. έξέτασις, εως, ή, (έξετάζω) a searching out: a **έξέρρανα**, aor. 1 of έκραίνω. military inspection of review. έξέρρηξα, aor. I of έκρήγνυμι. έξεταστικός, ή, όν, (ξετάζω) skilful at examining: έξέρριψα, aor. I of ἐκρίπτω. absol, inquiring. έξερρύηκα, pf. of έκρέω. έξέτεινα, 201. Ι οί ἐκτείνω. έξερρύην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω. έξέτεκον, aor. a of ἐκτίκτω. έξ-έρρω, (έξ, ἔρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἔξερρε έξετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω. γαίαs away out of the land. έξετελεῦντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω. έξ-ερύκω, to ward off, repel. [v̄] έξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐκτοξούω. έξ-ερύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. I έξείρυσα Ep. έξέρυσα έξετεχνησάμην, aor. I of έκτεχνάομαι. and εξείρυσσα:-to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest έξετηκόμην, impf, pass. of ἐκτήκω. from: to tear out. έξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι: 201. 2 -ήλυέξ-έτης, ες, (ξε, έτος) six years old. έξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἔτι) Prep. with gen. even until now. θον contr.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον: pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\upsilon\theta$ a:—to go out, come ἐξέτισα, aor, I of ἐκτίνω. out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. of Time, to come to an end, expire. III. of proέξετόξευσα, aor. I of έκτοξεύω.

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έξετραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.
                                                           έξηκοστός, ή, όν, (έξήκοντα) sintieth, senagesimus.
 έξέτρεψα, 20r. I of ἐκτρέπω.
                                                           έξ-ήκω, f. ήξω, to have arrived at a point:--of Time,
 έξέτριψα, aor. I of ἐκτρίβω.
 έξέτρωσα, aor. Ι of ἐκτιτρώσκω.
 έξ-ευλαβέσμαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.
                                                     II.
 εξ-ευμαρίζω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρήs) to make easy, lighten.
Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.
 εξεύρεσις, εως, ή, (εξευρίσκω) a searching out: a
finding out, invention.
 εξεύρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, an invention,
contrivance. From
 έξ-ευρίσκω, f. –ευρήσω, aor. 2 –εῦρον:—to find out,
discover: to invent.
                         2. to seek out.
                                              3. to find
out, win, secure.
 έξ-ευτρεπίζω, to prepare.
 έξ-εύχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim.
                                                     II.
to pray for.
 έξεφαάνθην Ep. for έξεφάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 έξεφάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἐξεφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.
 έξέφθινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of εκφθίνω.
 έξέφθιτο, 3 plapf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 έξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. έξεφίεμαι, to enjoin,
urge, bid.
 έξέφυγον, aor. 2 of έκφεύγω.
 έξέφυσα, έξέφυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφύω.
 έξέχεα Ep. έξέχευα, aor. I of έκχέω
 έξεχορευσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐκχορεύω.
 ἐξέχρησα, 201. Ι of ἐκχράω.
 έξεχύθην [τ], aot. I pass. of ἐκχέω.
  έξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from:
of the sun, to shine out, appear.
 έξέχωσα, aor. I of ἐκχώννυμι.
  ἐξέψυξα, aor. I of ἐκψύχω.
  έξ-έψω, f. -εψήσω, to boil thoroughly.
 \mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}\xi}-η\mathbf{\beta}os, ον, (\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}κ, \mathbf{\tilde{\eta}}\mathbf{\beta}η) past one's youth.
  ἐξήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξάγω.
  έξήγγειλα, έξηγγέλθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έξ-
αγγέλλω.
  έξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep:--to
be leader of, c. gen. pers.
                               2. c. acc. pers. to man-
age, direct, govern.
                               II. to go first, lead the
             2. εξηγείσθαί τινι to shew one the way
 in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to com-
              III. like Lat. praeire verbis, to prescribe
 a form of words: -- to expound, interpret.
 to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence
  έξηγητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: gene-
 rally, a deviser.
                        II. an interpreter of oracles or
 sacred rites, Lat. interpres religionum.
  έξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of έξεγείρω.
  έξηκασμαι, pf. pass. of εξεικάζω.
  έξηκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. (ξξ) sixty, sexaginta.
  έξηκοντα-έτης, εε, (έξηκοντα, έτοε) sixty years old.
  έξηκοντάκις poët. -άκι, (ξέηκοντα) Adv. sixty times.
  έξηκοντα-τάλαντία, ή, (έξήκοντα, τάλαντον) a sum
 of sixty talents.
  Εηκόντισα, aor. I of εξακοντίζω.
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to bave run out, expired: - of prophecies, to bave
turned out true.
 έξήλασα Ερ. έξήλασσα, 201. Ι of ξεελαύνω.
 έξήλατος, ον, (ἐξελαύνω) beaten out, hammered.
 έξηλέγχθην, aor. 1 pass. of εξελέγχω: εξήλεγκτο,
3 sing. plqpf.
 έξηλειψα, aor. I of έξαλείφω.
 ἐξηλθον, aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.
 έξ-ηλτάζω, f. άσω, (έξ, ήλιοs) to set in the sun: to
bang in the open air.
 έξήλλαξα, aor. 1 of έξαλλάσσω: έξήλλαγμαι, pf. pass.
 έξηλύσις, εως, ή, (έξηλύθον aor. 2 of έξέρχομαι) α
going out: a way out.
 έξ-ημαρ, Adv. (ξξ, ημαρ) for six days, six days long.
 έξήμαρτον, έξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of έξαμαρτάνω.
 έξήμβλωκα, pf. of έξαμβλόω.
 έξήμειψα, aor. 1 of έξαμείβω.
 έξ-ημερόω, f. ώσω, to tame or reclaim quite: me-
taph. to civilise, bumanise.
 έξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of έξαμάω.
 έξημιλλησάμην, -ήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of
εξαμιλλάομαι.
 έξημοιβός, όν, (έξαμείβω) quite changed; έξημοιβά
είματα changes of raiment.
 έξημπόλημαι, pf. pass. of έξεμπολάω.
 έξηνδραποδίσθην, –ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of
ἐξανδραποδίζω.
 ἐξήνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξανδρόομαι.
  έξήνεγκα, έξήνεγκον, 201. I and 2 of έκφέρω.
 έξηνειχόμην, έξηνεσχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med.
(with double augm.) of έξανέχω.
 έξηνέμωσα, --ώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of έξανεμόω.
 έξήνθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of έξανθέω
 έξήντληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of έξαντλέω.
  ἐξήνὕσα, aor. 1 of ἐξανύω or ἐξανύτω.
  έξηξα, Att. aor. 1 of έξατσσω, έξασσω.
 έξηπάτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of έξαπατάω.
  έξήπἄφον, 201. 2 of έξαπαφίσκω.
 έξ-ηπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat utterly.
 έξηρα, aor. I of έξαίρω.
  ἐξήραμμαι, pf. pass. of ξηραίνω.
 έξηράνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ξηραίνω.
  έξήραξα, aor. 1 of έξαράσσω.
  έξήρατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of έξαίρω.
 \dot{\epsilon}ξ-ήρετμος, ον, (\dot{\epsilon}ξ, \dot{\epsilon}ρ\dot{\epsilon}σσω) with six oars.
  έξήρκουν, impf. of έξαρκέω.
 έξήρπαξα or -ασα, aor. 1 of έξαρπάζω.
 έξήρτημαι, pf. pass. of έξαρτάω.
 έξήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of έξαρτίζω.
 έξήρτυμαι, pf. pass. of έξαρτύω.
  έξήρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of έξάρχω.
  έξηρώησα, aor. I of έξερωέω.
 έξησκησα, aor. I of εξασκέω: έξησκημαι, pf. pass.
  έξης Ep. έξείης, Adv. (έχω, έξω) one after another,
in order: also of Time, thereafter, next.
c. gen. next to.
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**ἐξήτἄσα** Dor. **ἐξήταξα,** 201. Ι οf ἐ*ξετάζω*.

έξήτησα, 20r. 1 of *έξαιτέω*.

έξηύηνα, aor. I of έξαυαίνω.

έξηύχησα, -ηύχουν, aor. I and impf. of έξαυχέω. έξήφυσα Ερ. έξήφυσσα, 20r. 1 of *έξαφύσσω.* 

έξ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound forth, publish.

έξηψα, έξήφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έξάπτω.

έξ-ιάομαι, f. -ιάσομαι Ion. -ιήσομαι: Dep.: - to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.

**ἐξτδεῖν,** inf. of ἐξείδον.

έξ-ιδιόομαι, Dep. (έξ, ίδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.

**ἐξ-ἴδίω**, f. ίσω [τ], to exude.

ἐξ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to place in a resting posture:—

Med. to establish oneself.

έξζέναι, inf. of έξειμι exibo; but έξιέναι, of έξίημι. έξ-ίημι, f. ήσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. efémer for efeirai: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:-Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.

έξ-ιθύνω [v], to make quite straight.

έξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.

**έξ-ικνέομαι,** f. έξίξομαι: aor. 2 έξικόμην [ῖ]: Dep.. -to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.

έξ-ίκω, f. ξω, poët. for έξήκω.

έξ-τλάσκομαι, f. -ιλάσομαι [ă], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.

έξ. ίλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep

out from, bar from.

**ἐξίμεναι**, for ἐξιέναι, inf. of ἔξειμι exibo.

έξ-τπόω, f. ώσω, to press out, press beavily.

έξ-ίπταμαι, later form of έκπέτομαι.

έξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (έξω fut. of έχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or babit, of body or mind. έξ-ίσης, Adv. for έξ ἴσης (sub. μοίρας), equally; also **έξ-ίσου** (sub. μέτρου).

έξ-ἴσόω, f. ώσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare: - Med. to make oneself equal: - Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level.

intr. to be equal or like.

έξ-ίστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, 201. Ι ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter, ἐξιστάναι τινὰ φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, εξιστάναι τινά to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to sbrink from, III. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστῆναι πατρός to lose one's father. φρενων εξεστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion. έξ-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to inquire into: inquire of.

εξ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to be quite able.

έξ-ίσχω,=έξέχω: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth. Εξολέσαι, 201. 1 inf. of εξόλλυμι.

έξισωτέον, verb. Adj. of έξισόω, one must make equal. έξίτηλος, ον, (ἐξιέναι) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.

έξ-Υτητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξιέναι, one must go forth. έξ-ἴτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἐξῖέναι, to be come out of: τοιs οὐκ ἐξιτόν ἐστι for whom there's no coming out.

έξ-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out. έξ-ιχνοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to seek by tracking out.

έξ-μέδιμνος, ov, of, bolding six medimni.

έξ-ογκόω, f. ώσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφφ έξογκοῦν to bonour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph, to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise bigh. Hence

έξόγκωμα, ατος, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.

έξ-οδάω, f. ήσω, (έξοδος IV) to sell.

έξ-οδία, ή, (ἔξοδος) a marching out, expedition.

έξ-όδιος, ον, (ξεοδος III) of, belonging to an exit; to the finalé of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finalé of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ-οδοιπορέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, to go out of.

έξ-oδos, ή, a going out. 2. a marching out, 3. a solemn procesmilitary expedition: a sally. III. also sion. II. a way out, Lat. exitus. like Lat. exitus, an end, close: the close of life, de-2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of IV. an outgoing. music played at any one's exit. payment of money: hence εξοδάω.

έξ-οδυνάω, f. ήσω, to pain extremely.

**έξ-όζω**, f. -οζήσω, to smell strongly.

έξ-οιδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plapf. ἐξήδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ¿¿ είδον.

έξ-οιδέω, f. ήσω: pf. - ώδηκα:—to be swollen up. έξ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to leave one's bome, to emigrate. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence

έξοικήσιμος, ον, babitable, inhabited.

έξ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: 201 Ι -ψκισα:---to remove one from bis bome, eject, expel :- Pass. to go from bome, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.

έξ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build up, build from the

ground, finish a building.

έξ-οιμώζω, f. -οιμώξομαι, to wail aloud.

έξ-οινδομαι, pf. εξώνωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk. έξ-οιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.

έξ-οιστράω or -έω, f. ήσω, to drive quite wild. έξοισω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:-med. έξοισομαι also in pass. sense.

έξ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. έξοιχνεῦσι.

έξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to bave gone out.

έξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run II. metaph. to run a person aground, aground. bring bim into difficulties :- Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.

**ἐξ-ολισθάνω**, fut. -ολισθήσω: 20τ. 2 -ώλισθον:--II. c. acc. to slip out to slip off, to glance off.

of, elude.

 $\mathbf{\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\mathbf{E}}}$ - $\mathbf{\hat{\epsilon}}\mathbf{\hat{\lambda}}$ λυμι and  $-\mathbf{\hat{\nu}}\omega$ : fut.  $-\mathbf{o}\lambda\mathbf{\hat{\epsilon}}\sigma\omega$  Att.  $-\mathbf{o}\lambda\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I εξώλεσα:—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with perf. 2 ¿ξόλωλα, to perisb utterly.

έξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

έξ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to bowl aloud.

ξομαι, fut. med. of έχω.

έξομήρευσις, εως, ή, a demand of bostages. From έξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking bostages: Med. to take as bostages.

έξ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to bave intercourse, associate, live II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to with.

be solitary.

**έξ-όμιλος**, ov, away from intercourse with others:

foreign, strange.

έξ-ομμάτοω, f. ωσω, (έξ, όμμα) to give sight to:-2. metaph. to make Pass. to be restored to sight. clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

έξ-όμνυμαι, f. -ομοθμαι: aor. I -ωμοσάμην:--to deny upon oath. II. to decline an office by an oath that one has not means or health to discharge it.

έξ-ομοιδω, f. ώσω, to make quite like:-Pass. to become or be like.

έξ-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, and as Dep. έξομολογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree, promise. II. to make full acknowledgment for: praise, celebrate.

έξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, to wipe off from. Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to another: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

έξόν, part. from the impers. έξεστι.

έξ-ονειδίζω, fut, ίσω Att. iω, to cast in one's teeth, object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

έξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

έξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμηνα, (έξ, ὄνομα) to name, speak of by name.

έξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name. έξ-6πίθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for έξόπισθεν.

¿E-briv, Adv. bebind.

έξ-όπισθεν poët. -θε, Adv. backwards, bebind. II.

Prep. with gen. bebind, after.

έξ-οπίσω, (ἐξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back 2. Prep. with gen. bebind. II. Adv.

of Time, benceforth, bereafter. [1]

έξ-οπλίζω, f. σω, to arm completely, accountre:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. rally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. έξωπλισμένοs, all ready. Hence

έξοπλίσία, ή, a being under arms: and έξόπλίσις, εως, ή, a getting under arms.

έξ-οπτάω, f. ήσω, to bake bard: to beat violently:-metaph. to scorcb, consume.

έξ-οράω, to see from afar : cf. εξείδον.

έξ-οργίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to enrage:-Pass. to be furious.

έξ-ορθόω, f. ώσω, to set upright:-Pass. to stand upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

έξ-ορίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: aor. I εξώρισα:—to send beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child. άλλην ἀπ' άλλης εξορίζειν πόλιν to wander from onc city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

έξ-opίνω [i], to exasperate.

έξ-όριστος, ον, expelled, banished.

έξ-ορκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to swear a person, administer an oath to him. II. to exorcise, 1. c. banish an evil spirit. Hence

ἔξορκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II. an exorcist.

έξ-ορκος, ov, bound by oatb.

έξ-ορκόω, f. ώσω, to make one swear, bind by oath, c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by, έξορκοῦν τινα τὸ Στυγὸς ὕδωρ. Hence

έξόρκωσις, εως, ή, a binding by oath.

έξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to set out or start from: of pain, to break out. II. trans. to send forth; έξορμαν την ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:-Pass. to set out, start.

έξ-ορμίζω, fut ίσω Att. τω, to bring out of barbour; εξορμίζειν εs πύντον to let down into the sea.

έξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a barbour. έξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

έξ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. εω: aor. Ι εξώρυξα:-to dig out; έξορύσσειν τοὺs ὀφθαλμούs to put out the

II. to dig out of the ground, dig up. eyes. έξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance away: also to go through with a dance. betray by indiscreet gestures.

**ἐξ-όσδω**, Dor. for ἐξύζω.

έξ-οσιόω, f. ώσω, to dedicate, devote.

έξ-οστρακίζω, f. ίσω, to banish by ostracism. Hence

έξοστρακισμός, οῦ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

έξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

έξ-οτρύνω, f. ĕνω, to excite, arouse.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}$ -ουδενόω, f.  $\omega\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\xi$ ουθενέω.

έξ-ουθενέω, f. ήσω, (ἐκ, οὐθείε) to set at naught; pf. part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

έξούλης δίκη, ή, an action against one who neglected an order of a court, an action for contempt of court. The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

έξουσία, ή, (έξεστι) power or authority to do a thing:—absol. authority. 2. a magistracy: the body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. means, resources. Hence

έξουσιάζω, f. σω, to bave authority over:—Pass. to bave authority exercised over one.

έξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

έξ-όφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

έξοχή, ή, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominence: metaph. eminence; ol κατ' εξοχήν the chief men.

έξοχος, ον, (εξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph. έξ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud. | eminent, excellent: c. gen., έξοχοε 'Αργείων eminent among or above them. Adv. neut. ἔξοχον and ἔξοχα; c. gen., ἔξοχα πάντων far above all.

έξ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to break out into insolence, Tun riot, wax wanton: ἐξυβρίζειν els τόδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commut all kinds of violence.

**ἐξυνῆκα ἐσυνῆκα**, for ξυνῆκα συνῆκα, 20r. 1 with dupl. augm. of συνίημι.

έξ-υπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδις μεταφρένου ἐξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

έξ-ύπερθε, Adv. (έξ, ὕπερθε) from above. έξ-υπηρετέω, f. ήσω, to assist to the utmost.

εξ-υπηρετεώ, τ. ησώ, το dissist to the utimost. έξ-υπνίζω, f. ίσω, (έξ, ϋπνος) to rouse from sleep.

έξ-υπνος, ον, (έξ, υπνος) awakened out of sleep.

έξυπτιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

έξυράμην, aor. I med. of  $ξ \bar{\nu} \rho \omega$ . έξύρημαι, pf. pass. of  $ξ \bar{\nu} \rho \epsilon \omega$ .

έξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύω.

eξ-υφαίνω, f. ανω, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

εξύφασμα, ατος, τό, a finished web.

έξ-υφηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, to lead the way. έξω, Adv. (έξ, as είσω from els) without, on the out-

εξω, Adv. (εξ, as είσω from είs) without, on the outside, Lat. forts.

II. of Motion, outwards, away out of the country, Lat. foras.

III. like ἐκτός, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ἔξω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ἔξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties.

2. without, except.

IV. of Time, beyond, over.

έξω, fut. of έχω.

έξφδηκα, pf. of έξοιδέω.

έξωθεν, Adv. (έξω) from without, c. gen., έξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = έξω, without. έξ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I έξέωσα:-to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust

out of the sea, drive on shore. εξώκισα, 201. Ι οί εξοικίζω.

έξωλεια, ή, utter destruction. From

έξώλης, εξ. (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

έξωμίδο-ποιία, ή, (ποιέω) the making of an έξωμίς. ἐξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From ἐξ-ωμίς, ίδοε, ή, (ἐξ, ἄμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

έξ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy. έξ-ώπιος, ον, (έξ, ἄψ) out of sight of, away from.

έξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of έξοπλίζω.

έξ-ωριάζω, (έξ, ἄρα) to leave out of thought, neglect. ἐξώρισα, aor. 1 of ἐξορίζω.

έξώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of εξορμίζω.

έξ-ωρος, ον, (ἐξ, ὥρα) untimely: superannuated.

έξωρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εξόρνυμι.

έξωσαι, aor. I inf. of έξωθέω.

εξώστης, ου, δ, (εξωθέω) one who drives out: εξωσται άνεμοι winds which drive ships askore.

έξώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of έξω: Adv. έξωτάτω outermost. έξώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of έξω: Adv. έξωτέρω. έξώφελλον, impf. of έξοφέλλω.

to, Ep. for ou, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of bim; aπd to away from bim.

έοι, Ep. for ol, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. ov, to bim.

έοι, Ep. for είη, 3 sing. opt. of εlμί sum.

ἔοιγμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, Ι pl. of ἔοικα. ξοικα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from είκω, to be like (see είκω), Att. I pl. ἔοιγμεν (for ἐοίκαμεν), είξασι (for ἐοίκασι); Ep. 3 dual ἔίκτον (for ἐοίκατον); inf. ἐοικέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part ἐοικώs, υῖα, όs, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰοικυῖαι; Att. εἰκώs, εἰκυῖα, εἰκόs, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἶκα, αs, ε, part. οἰκώs: plapf. ἐψκειν, Ep. 3 pl. ἐοίκεσαν; of the plapf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἤικτο, and without augm. ἔίκτο. I. to be or look like. be fit: Homer has 3 sing. folke as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. ¿oiκώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; ἐοικότι κείται ολέθρο he lies in fitting ruin; είκυῖα ἄκοιτιε a suitable wife, 'a help meet for bim.' III. Att. to seem likely, seem, ξοικε it seems; ώς ξοικε, as it seems, as is fitting.

έοικότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. ἐοικώς, εἰκώς, οἰκώς, simularly, like: reasonably, fairly,

as was to be expected.

ξοιμι, ξοις, ξοι, Ion. for είην, είης, είη.

έοιο, Ep. for έου, gen. of έόs.

έοιs, dat. pl. of έόs.

έοις, Ep. for είης, 2 sing. opt. of είμί sum.

έοισα, Dor. for ἐοῦσα, οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum. ἔολπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλπω: plqpf. ἐώλπειν.

**cov**, Ep. for  $\eta \nu$ , impf. of  $\epsilon i \mu i$  sum; but  $\epsilon 6 \nu$  Ion. for  $\delta \nu$ , part. neut.

€6v, nom. or acc. neut. of €6s.

ἔοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

**ἔοργα**, poet. pf. of ἔρδω; 3 pl. ἔοργαν for ἐόργασιν; part. ἐοργώς: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐόργεε.

έορτάζω Ion. ὁρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρταζον, and aor. I ἐώρτασα: (ἐορτή):— to keep festival or boliday: to celebrate by a festival. ΈΟΡΤΗ', in Ion. Prose ὁρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival,

boliday; ορτην άγειν to keep a feast.

έος, ἐή, ἐόν, lon. and Ep. for ὅς, ἥ, ὄν, (ἔο for οὖ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., bis or ber own. II. in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

έουs, Boeot. for έο, ού, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. έπ-ἄγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

έπαγγελία, ή, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From έπαγγέλλω, f. ελῶ: aor. I ἐπἡγγελα: pf. act. ἐπήγγελκα, pass. ἐπήγγελμα:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known.
2. to give orders, command c. acc. rei, στρατιὰν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites.
3. to denounce.

demand, solicit, make application for a thing. Med. to promise, offer: rarely so in Act. make a show of, profess. Hence

ἐπάγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement, promise. έπ-αγείρω, f. -αγερώ, to gather together, collect :-Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence

έπάγερσις, εως, ή, a gathering, assemblage.

ἐπάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

ἐπ-ἄγινέω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.

έπ-αγλάζζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to bonour still more:-Pass. to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.

έπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to watch or brood over. έπ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:-to bring or lead 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose: to, bring upon. hence to instigate, impel: metaph, to bring one to a thing, lead one on. 3. to lay on; ἐπάγειν κέντρον to lay on, apply the goad; έπαγε γνάθον lay your teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to on oneself. adduce, quote, cite. Hence

ἐπἄγωγή, ή, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.

ἐπάγωγός, δν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive II. tempting, seductive.

έπ-άγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ζούμαι, Dep. to contend against others.

ἐπ-ἄγώνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games. έπ-άδω Ion. and poet. έπαείδω: f. -άσομαι:—to II. to sing to or over. 2. to lead the song. sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. ἐπαείδων, by incantations.

έπ-αείρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.

iπ-diξω, to make to grow, enlarge.

ἔπἄθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.

έπ-αθροίζω, f. σω, to assemble besides.

in-audio, f. fo, to mourn over: to join in wailing. in-anyiζω, f. σω, (iπί, alyie 2) to rush upon or over. **ἐπ-αιδέομαι,** fut. -αιδεσθήσομαι: aor. I –ηδέσθην: to be asbamed: c. acc. to reverence.

emalveous, εων, ή, (επαινέω) praise: and em-aινέτης, ου, δ, a praiser, eulogist.

έπαινετός, ή, όν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπαινετόν the object of praise. Adv. -τωs. From

έπ-αινέω, fut. έσω Att. έσομαι Ep. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐπήνεσα Εp. -ησα: pf. ἐπήνεκα:--Pass., aor. I ἐπηνέθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat. pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, eulogize.  $2. = \pi \alpha \rho \alpha i \nu \epsilon \omega$ , to advise, recommend, II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat. benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαινῶ I thank you very kindly.

έπαίνημι, Acol. for ἐπαινέω.

in-aivos, δ, (iπί, alvos) approval, commendation.

έπ-αινός, ή, όν, only in fem. ἐπαινή, strengthd. for alvή, exceeding awful, dread.

έπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. έπαείρω: fut. έπαρω: aor. I ἐπῆρα poët. ἐπάειρα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπήρθην: pf. ἐπῆρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to rise up. (sub. στρατόν), to set out :- Pass. to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.

**ἔπαισδον**, Dor. for ἔπαιζον, impf. of παίζω.

**ἐπ-αισθάνομαι**, f. –αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 –ησθόμην: Dep.:—to have a perceptiom or feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive

ểπ-**αί**σσω Att. –ασσω or –απτω: fut. –α*ίξω* Att. -άξω:—to rush at or upon:—to assaul, assault, attack: -Med., ἐπαίξασθαι ἄεθλον to rusb upon, seize the prize. II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to move the foot bastily: Pass., χείρες ἐπαίσσονται the hands move violently.

έπ-άιστος, ον, (ἐπαίω) beard of, discovered. [α ] έπ-αισχύνομαι, fut. -αισχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to be ashamed of or at.

έπ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to ask in addition: to solicit. έπ-αντιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to bring a charge

against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge. έπ-alτιοs, ον, (ἐπί, alτίa) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.

in-ātω contr. in-qω: f. ίσω: to bear, perceive, feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a professor.

έπ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to keep in suspense:-Pass. to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overhang, threaten.

έπ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's 3. to follow, obey. Hence mind, understand.

έπακολούθημα, ματος, τό, a consequence: and έπακολούθησις, εως, ή, a following.

ἐπἄκουός, όν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive. έπ-ἄκούω, f. –ακούσομαι: aor. I ἐπήκουσα:— to listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey.

έπ-ακρίζω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing; αίμάτων έπήκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.

ěπ-ακροάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to bearken to. ἐπακτήρ, ῆροε, δ, (ἐπάγω) a bunter, a buntsman. ἐπ-ἀκτιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἀκτή) on the strand or coast. ἐπακτός, όν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad, imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.

ἐπακτρίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπάγω) a small row-boat, skiff. έπ-αλαλάζω, f. fw, to raise the war-cry.

έπαλαλκέμεν, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of έπαλέξω.

έπ-αλάομαι, 201. Ι έπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through, over.

έπ-αλαστέω, f. ήσω, to be troubled at a thing. έπ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to grieve over.

έπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stop up by anointing.

ěπ-ἄλέξω, f. ξήσω, to defend, aid, belp. ward, keep off: 201. 2 inf. ἐπαλαλκεῖν, Ep. -έμεν.

έπαληθείς, aor. I part. of έπ-αλάομαι. έπαληθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of έπ-αλάομαι.

έπ-αληθεύω, f. σω, to prove true, verify.

ἐπ-αλής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀλέα) open to the sun, sunny. [ā] έπ-αλκής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.

ἐπαλλἄγή, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -allá $\dot{\epsilon}$ , Adv. =  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ allá $\dot{\epsilon}$ , crosswise, alternately.

**ἐπ-αλλάσσω** Att. **–ττω**: fut. άξω; pf. –ήλλαχα: —Pass., aor. 1 –ηλλάχθην, aor. 2 –ηλλάγην [ἄ]: pf. -ήλλαγμαι:-to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο πειραρ έπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory:

—Pass. to be closely joined. ἀπ-άλληλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another.

continuous.

έπ-άλμενος, ον, syncop. 2 or. 2 part. of έφάλλομαι. έπαλξις, εως, ή, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: battlement, a parapet :--generally, a defence, protection.

**ἔπ-αλπνος**, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλπνιστος) happy. έπάλτο, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 of έφάλλομαι.

έπ-ἄλώστης, ου, δ, (ἐπί, ἀλοάω) one who drives the

oxen in threshing.

έπ-αμάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Ep. aor. I έπαμησάμην: Med.:—to scrape together for oneself, heap up together.

ἐπαμβάτηρ, ῆροε, δ, poet. for ἐπαναβάτηε, (ἐπαναβαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκών ἐπαμβατήρεs maladies growing on the flesh, leprous eruptions.

έπ-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter:—Med. to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.

έπ-άμερος, ον, Acol. for έφ-ήμερος.

έπ-αμμένος, Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of έφάπτω.

έπ-αμμένω, poët. for έπ-αναμένω.

ἐπάμοιβάδίς, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.

έπαμοίβιος, ον, and έπαμοιβός, όν, (έπαμείβω) in

turn, one upon another: in exchange.

έπ-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 έπημπισχου, inf. έπαμπισχεῖν:—to put on besides, or over all : to overwrap.

έπαμύντωρ, οροε, δ, a helper, defender. From έπ-ἄμύνω, f. ὕνῶ, to come to aid, defend, assist.

**ἐπ-αμφέρω**, for ἐπαναφέρω.

έπ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ζω, (ἐπί, ἀμφότερος) to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to balt between two opinions.

έπάν, Conjunct., later form of έπην.

ἐπ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:--to get upon, mount on borseback. II. to go up inland.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -ava $\beta\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\omega$ , f.  $-\beta\ddot{\alpha}\lambda\hat{\omega}$ : pf.  $-\beta\dot{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\eta\kappa\alpha$ :—to throw on or over :- Med. to put on. II. in Med., also, to put off, delay.

έπ-αναβϊβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ :-- Causal of tπαναβαίνω, to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβληδόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over another garment.

έπ-αναβοάω, f. ήσομαι, to cry out at a thing.

έπαναγαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of έπανάγω.

ἐπ-ἄναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel by force.

έπ-ανάγκης, εε, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) only used in neut. ἐπάναγκες (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary. also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάναγκεε κομῶντεε wearing long hair by law.

έπ-ανάγορεύω, to proclaim publicly: v. έπανείπον. έπ-ανάγω, f. άξω: aor. 2 –ανήγαγον:—to bring up, II. to 2. to exalt, elevate. stir up, excite. lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. to put ships out to sea: - Pass. to put to sea against. V. Pass. to be carried to a place. Hence

έπανάγωγή, ή, a sailing out against, a naval at-II a recall, return.

έπ-avaδιπλάζω, to redouble, reiterate questions.

έπ-avaθεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to see again. έπ-avalpw, to lift up:-Med. to lift one against the other: - Pass. to rise up.

έπ-ανάκειμαι, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty. έπ-ανακλαγγάνω, to give tongue again and again.

έπ-ανακρούω, to drive back - Med. to draw back. έπ-ανακύπτω, f. ψω, to bave an upward direc-

έπ-avaλaμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take up again, resume, repeat.

ἐπ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to consume besides.

έπ-avaμένω, f. -μενω, to continue waiting, stay II. to wait for one.

έπ-αναμιμνήσκω, f.  $-\mu\nu\eta\sigma\omega$ , to remind one of, mention again to one.

έπ-avaveów, f. ώσω, to renew, revive.

έπ-avaπaύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon:-Med. to rest upon.

έπ-αναπηδάω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to leap upon.

έπ-αναπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι; Ion. έπαναπλώω, f. -πλώσω:-to sail up against. II. to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλώει ὑμιν ἔπεα κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back again.

έπ-αναρρίπτω and -έω, to throw up in the air (sub. έαυτόν) to spring bigb in the air.

έπανάσεισις, εως, ή, a brandishing of weapons. From

έπ-avaσείω, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish. έπανάστασιε, εωε, ή, (ἐπανίστημι) a rising up against, an insurrection.

έπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of έπανίστημι.

έπ-avaστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, resist :- Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.

έπ-avaτείνω, f. -τενω, to bold up towards; έπανατείνειν έλπίδαs to bold out hopes.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -ava $\tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\alpha \nu \alpha \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : 201. I  $-\alpha \nu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha$ :—to lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the

sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνοs the time which is coming to | with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργοs the upper tower. light, the future.

έπ-avaτίθημι, f.  $-\theta$ ήσω, to lay upon.

έπ-αναφέρω poet. έπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the ac-3. to bring back a message. II. Pass. count. to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

έπ-avaφυσάω, f. ήσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

έπ-avaχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

έπαναχώρησις, εως, ή, a return, retreat.

en-aveιμι, to go back, return. II. to go up,

έπανείναι, έπανείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of έπανίημι. έπανειπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:the pres. in use is  $\epsilon \pi \alpha \nu \alpha \gamma o \rho \epsilon \nu \omega$ .

έπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for έπανέρομαι.

έπανελθεῖν, έπανελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of έπανέργομαι.

έπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and

again: generally, to question.

έπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον, pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\upsilon\theta$ a: (cf.  $\epsilon\dot{\rho}\chi_0\mu$ aι):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

έπ-avήκω, to bave come back, return.

έπ-ανθέω, f. ήσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -av $\theta (\zeta \omega, f, i\sigma \omega)$  Att.  $i\omega, (\epsilon \pi i, \tilde{\alpha} \nu \theta o s)$  to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over

έπανθρακίδες, ων, ai, small fish for frying. From έπ-avθρακίζω, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

έπ-ανίημι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dis-II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

έπ-ανἴσόω, f. ώσω, to make equal, put on a par. έπ-ανίστημι, f. –στήσω, to set up again: to make to II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -aνέστηκa, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be bigb, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

έπ-ανορθόω, f. ώσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπηνώρθουν, aor. I ἐπηνώρθωσα, etc.: to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

επανόρθωσις, εως, ή, a correcting: amendment.

έπ-αντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω. έπ-άντης, εε, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάντης.

έπ-αντιάζω, f. άσω, to fall in with, meet.

έπ-avtλέω, f. ησω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ěπ-ἄνύω, f. ύσω [v], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

of Time, before. Hence

έπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: ol έπ. men of former time.

II.

έπ-άξιος, ov, and a, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning: -Adv. -iws. Hence

έπ-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

έπ-aξόνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄξων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 1 med. of πήγνυμι. έπαοιδή, ή, (ἐπαείδω) poet. and Ion. for ἐπφδή.

έπαοιδός, ό, poet. for ἐπωδόε.

έπ-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to bold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

έπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

έπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after. έπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. - παπεπνίγην [τ].

έπ-άπτω, Ion. for έφάπτω.

ểπ-āπύω, Dor. for ἐπηπύω.

ểπ-αρά Ion. ἐπ-αρή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

έπ-αράομαι, f. άσομαι Ep. ήσομαι; pf. ἐπήρāμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαρᾶσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

έπ-αραρίσκω, f. έπάρσω: aor. I έπηρσα:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα, to fit well: part. ἐπαρηρώs, close-fitting: so also ἐπάρμενο**ς**, η, ον.

ểπάρας, aor. 1 part. of ἐπαίρω.

έπ-ἄράσσω Att. –ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ον, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\dot{\alpha}\rho\gamma\epsilon\mu\sigma$ s,  $\sigma\nu$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}\rho\gamma\epsilon\mu\dot{\sigma}$ s) of the eye, with awhite speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-άργυρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄργυρος) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἄρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, belp. Hence έπάρηξις, εωs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , belp, aid.

έπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plopf. of έπαραρίσκω.

έπ-αρίστερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

έπάρκεσις, εως, ή, aid, belp, succour. From έπ-αρκέω, f. έσω: aor. I ἐπήρκησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to belp, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

έπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of έπαραρίσκω, wellfitted, well-prepared.

έπ-άρουρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄρουρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

έπ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to bang on or over :- Pass., φόβοι ἐπήρτηται fear bangs over, impends.

έπ-αρτής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

II. έπ-αρτύω and -αρτύνω, to fit or fix on. έπ-άνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side: to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ή, a prefecture, province. From

επ-αρχος, ον, (επί, ἀρχή) a commander: a governor

of a country, prefect.
ἐπ-ἀρχω, ſ. ξω, to be an ἔπαρχοs, governor of a province.
2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions.
II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresb; ἐπάρξασθαι δεπάεσσιν to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

έπαρωγός, δ, (ἐπαρήγω) a helper, aider.

επαρωγός, ό, (επαρήγω) a belper, ο επαρώνουν, impf. of παροινέω.

έπασάμην, aor. I of πατέομαι.

έπ-ασκέω, f. ήσω: αοτ. I -ήσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

έπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἀσσον) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασσύτερο-τρίβής, ές, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

έπ-άττω, Att. for έπαίσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon. ἐπαύθην οτ ἐπαύσθην, 201. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλόs):
—to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

έπ-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

έπ-αυλις, εως, ή, (ἐπί, αὖλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

έπ-ανλος, δ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἔπαυλοι, οί, and ἔπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, bome. ἐπ-αυξάνω or ἐπ-αυξώς, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

έπαυρείν Ερ. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of έπαυρίσκομαι.

έπ-αυρέω, = έπαυρίσκομαι.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -αύρεσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ παυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αύριον, on the morrow. ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκο occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηῦρον Dor. ἐπαῦρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπ-αυρείν Εp. -ἐμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηαι, 3 pl. -ωνται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ΐνα πάντες ἐπαύρονται βασιλῆσε that all may bave a benefit of their king; ὁίω μιν ἐπαυρήσεσθαι I think be will feel the consequences.

2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπάϋσον, aor. 1 imperat. of ἐπατω: ἐπαύσας, part. ἐπ-αϋτέω, f. ήσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [v]

έπ-αυτοφώρφ, Adv., for έπ' αὐτοφώρφ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

έπ-αυχένιος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχήν) on or for the neck. ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to boast of, exult in.

 $\epsilon \pi - \overline{a} v \omega$ , f.  $-a v \sigma \omega [\overline{v}]$ , to shout over or upon.

έπ-αφαυαίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out. έπ-ἄφάω, f. ήσω, to touch on the surface, stroke. έπἄφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, handling.

έπ-αφίημι, f.  $-\alpha\phi\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

en-aφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaph. to babble, divulge.

έπ-αφύσσω, f. ύσω [v], to pour over or in addition. ἐπαχθής, έε, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) beavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

έπ-άχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing. έπ-αχλύω, f. ύσω [υ], (έπί, άχλύς) to be obscure. έπαχύνθην, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ểπεάν, Ion. for ἐπήν.

ἐπέβἄλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

έπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and 1 of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπεβίων, aor. 2 of ἐπιβιόω (as 1f from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβρισα, aor. ι of ἐπιβρίθω.

έπ-εγγελάω, f. άσομαι [ἄ], to laugh at, deride. έπεγέγραπτο, 3 plapf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

έπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερώ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:

-Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος,
3 sing. ind. and part. Ep aor. 2 pass.

II. in-

trans. in pf. part. act ἐπεγρηγορώs, awake ἐπ-εγκάλέω, f. έσω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f ψω, to snap up, devour. ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

έπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

**ἐπεγρήγορα**, see ἐπεγείρω 11.

έπεγρόμενος, Εp. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω. ἐπ εγχέω, f. –χεω, to pour in upon or in addition. ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. 1 of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

**ἐπέδησα**, 10r. 1 of πεδάω.

έπεδόθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

έπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of έπιτρέχω.

επέδρη, ή, Ion. for εφέδρα.

ἐπέδῦν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

έπέθηκα, aor. I of έπιτίθημι.

ἐπεί Ep. also ἐπειἡ, (ἐπί) Conjunct.:
 ΤΙΜΕ, after that, when: from the time when.
 ΟΓ CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that.
 ἄρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then.
 ἐπεὶ οῦν when then.
 ἐπεὶ τοῦν when then.

EΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ξω: impf. ήπειγον Ερ. ἔπειγον: aor. I ήπειξα:—Pass., fut. med. ἐπείξομαι (in pass. sense): aor. I ήπειξα/μη:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass. to be weighed down. 2. to press bard, press upon, in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, basten, burry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to baste to do: also absol. to basten, burry, speed: part. ἐπειγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III. intrans. = Pass. to make baste.

έπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδη αν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

enec-8ή, (êπεὶ δή) Conjunction, I. of Time, since, after that, Lat. postquam. II. of Cause, seeing that, since, because: - so έπειδήπερ, since really, since now.

έπ-είδον, inf. ἐπιδείν, 2 or. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφοράω being used instead), to look upon, behold, 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

έπειή or έπει ή, Adv. since certainly.

inein, 3 sing. opt. of επειμι.

ἐπ-εικάζω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τήνδ' ἐπεικάζων κυρω; am I right in supposing her II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ws or δσ' ἐπεικάσαι so far as one may guess. ëπείκεν, επείκε, or eπεί κεν, επεί κε, Ep. for επεάν,

έπείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. έπ-ειμι, inf. ἐπείναι: impf ἐπην: fut. ἐπέσομαι. (ἐπί, εἰμί sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be III, of Time, to be bereafter: to be imposed. coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, Lat. praeesse. V. to be added, be over and above.

έπ-ειμι, inf.  $\epsilon$ πιέναι: Ep. impf.  $\epsilon$ πήϊα, as,  $\epsilon$ , 3 pl. ἐπήϊσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπιείσομαι: aor. I med. part. ἐπιεισαμένη: (ἐπί, εἶμι ibo):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, ap-2. to come against, attack; of επιόντες the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come upon one, overtake. 4. to come on the stage. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; h ἐπιοῦσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπιών, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer: τὸ ἐπιόν what occurs to one. to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i.e. count over. έπ-είνυμι, Ion. for εφέννυμι. inf. med. έπείνυσθαι, Ion, for ἐφέννυσθαι.

έπεί-περ, for ἐπεί περ, Conj. since really, seeing that. έπ-είπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπείπων.

έπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

ἐπείρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

έπειρυσάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερύω.

έπειρώατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πειράομαι.

ἐπειρωτέω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

έπ-ειρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. tor ἐπερώτημα, -ησις. έπεισα, aor. ι of πείθω.

έπ-εισάγωγή, ή, (ἐπί, είσάγω) a bringing in be-II. a means of bringing or letting in. sides.

έπ-είσακτος, ον, (έπί, είσά $\gamma ω$ ) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

έπ-εισβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter. έπ-εισβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to pour into besides. intr. to invade again.

έπεισβάτης, ου, δ, (ἐπεισβαίνω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [a]

έπ-είσειμι, to come on besides: to come on the stage. έπ-εισέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. - ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in against, an attack by sea.

after. 2. to come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

έπεισέφρησα, aor. I of έπεισφρέω.

έπ-εισκυκλέω, f. ήσω, to roll in or on besides.

έπεισόδιοs, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From έπ-είσοδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

έπ-εισπαίω, f. παιήσω, to burst in.

έπ-εισπηδάω, f. ήσω οτ ήσομαι, to leap in upon. έπ-εισπίπτω, f. –πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 – έπεσον:—to fall

or burst upon: to burst in.

έπ-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

έπ-εισφέρω, f. -olow, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

έπ-εισφρέω, f. ήσω, to introduce besides.

έπ-ειτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἶτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereupon, thereafter, then, Lat. deinde. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic: I. when a partic. of Time goes before, then; έπειδή σφαίρη πειρήσαντο, ώρχείσθην δή έπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced. 2. after el, then surely; el δ' έτεδν δή άγορεύεις, έξ άρα δή τοι έπειτα θεοί φρένας ώλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πωs; εἰ μὲν δη έταρόν γε κελεύετε μ' αὐτὸν ελέσθαι, πως αν έπειτ' 'Οδυσήος λαθοίμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed? IV. then, therefore, much V. and yet, nevertheless, still. like oliv. with the Article, the following, the future; δ ἐπειτα χρόνοs the time to come.

έπεί-τε, or έπεί τε, since, for that, because. έπειτεν, Ion. for έπειτα, thereupon, thereafter. έπεί-τοι, i. e. ἐπεί τοι, for in truth, since truly. έπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark. ἐπ-εκβοηθέω, f. ήσω, to rush out to aid.

έπ-εκδίδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach in addition. έπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

έπεκδρομή, ή, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

έπεκέατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίκειμαι. έπ-έκεινα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκείνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὸ ἐπέκεινα Att. τοὐπέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond. 2. of Time, οί ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier

times. έπεκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. I of ἐπικέλλω.

έπέκερσα, aor. I of έπικείρω.

έπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπεκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπικλώθω.

έπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

έπ-έκπλοος contr. - έκπλους, δ, a sailing out

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at. ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμοῦμαι: 20τ. 2 -εξέδράμου (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far.

έπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to advance next or after. έπελάβετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

έπελαθόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπέλασις, εωε, ή, an attack, assault. From

ἐπ-κλαίνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. I -ἡλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against.
 seemingly intr (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge.
 II. to beat out thin

upon, as a plate of metal on a shield. ἐπέλειβον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω.

ἐπελέλειπτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.

ἐπελήκεον, impf. of ἐπιληκέω.

έπελήλατο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.

ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπέλησα, 201. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.

έπελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of επέρχομαι.

έπ-ελίσσω, έπ-έλκω, Ion. for εφελίσσω, εφέλκω.

ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπ-ελπίζω, f. cω, to bring to bope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope, = έλπίζω. ἐπ-έλπομαι Ερ. ἐπι-έλπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.

έπεμάνην [ă], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.

έπεμάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of έπιμαίομαι.

έπ-εμβάδον, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.

έπ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 έπενέβην, part. έπ-εμβάs:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. έπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβαα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβεβαίνς; also c. dat., πύργοις ἐπεμβάς.

II. to trample upon, insult.

ěπ-εμβάλλω, f -βἄλῶ, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

έπεμβάτης, ου, δ, (έπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a borseman

έπεμβεβαώs, Ep. pf. part. of έπεμβαίνω.

έπέμεινα, aor. I of ἐπιμένω.

έπ-εμελησάμην, -εμελήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of  $\xi \pi \iota \mu \epsilon \lambda \xi o \mu a \iota$ .

έπεμήνατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.

έπέμιξα, aor. τ of έπιμίγνυμι. έπ-εμπηδάω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to leap upon, insult.

επ-εμπησαω, 1. ησω οι ησομαι, to teap upon, insut. ἐπ-εμπίπτω, f. –πεσοθμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; ἐπεμπίπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing.

2. to fall to, set to work.

em-evapitω, f. εω, to slay one upon another.

ἐπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινήχομαι. ἐπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above.

enevδύτης, ου, δ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

έπ-ενδύνω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over. έπενεικαι, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπι-

ἐπένειμα, aor. I of ἐπινέμω. ἐπένευσα, aor. I of ἐπινεύω.

ἐπενήνεον, impf. of ἐπινηνέω.

ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνή ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; ούλη ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οία θεοὺs ἐπενήνοθεν alὲν ἐόντας such as appertains to the gods.

έπένησα, aor. 1 of έπινέω (A).

έπ-ενθρώσκω, f. -ενθοροῦμαι: aor. 2 -ενέθορον, inf. -ενθορείν:--to leap upon; έπενθρώσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

έπενθών, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπεντάθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπεντείνω

 $\epsilon \pi$ -evrāvúω, f. ύσω [ $\vec{v}$ ], Ep. for  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon (\nu \omega)$ , to stretch upon, bind fast to.

έπ-εντείνω, f. - εντενῶ, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. I pass ἐπεντάθείε stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

έπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.

ěπ-εντύω and -εντύνω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.

έπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out.

έπεξάγωγή, ή, a drawing out against, lengthening. ἐπ-έξειμι, inf. – εξιέναι: impf. ἐπεξήειν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute. III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξιέναι τιμωρίαs μείζουs to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

έπ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελώ: pf. -εξελήλάκα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against. ἐπεξελθεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

έπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

έπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξηλθον, pf. -εξεληλύθα:— to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3.

to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accompisso. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity; ωδ' έπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύs to reach such a pitch of boldness.

έπ-εξέτασις, εως, ή, a review over again.

επ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.

 $\epsilon \pi$ - $\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} s$ , Ion. for  $\epsilon \phi$ - $\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} s$ .

ėπ-eξίακχάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, "Ιακχοs) to sbout in triumpb over.

έπ-εξόδιος, ον, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. lερά), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

in-iξοδος, ή, a march out against, expedition.
in-iouκe, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. in in use:—
it is like, looks like, resembles.

II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting: - ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπεοικότα, part. pf., what is seemly, fit. έπέπεσον, 201. 2 of έπιπίπτω. έπεπήγει, 3 sing. plapf. of πήγνυμι. έπέπιθμεν, for έπεποίθειμεν, I pl plapf. of πείθω. έπέπλως, 2 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 of ἐπιπλέω. έπεποίθει, 3 sing. plapf. of πείθω. έπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πάσχω. έπέπταρον, 201. 2 of έπιπταίρω. έπέπτατο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of έπιπέταμαι. ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of πυνθάνομαι. έπ-έπω, Ion. for έφέπω. έπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to work upon land, till, cultivate. Hence ἐπεργασία, ή, a working of another's land: an encroachment. II. the right of mutual tillage on each other's land. έπ-ερεθίζω, f. σω, to stimulate. έπ-ερείδω, f. -ερείσω, to urge on with all one's force; ἐπέρεισεν Ιν' ἀπέλεθρον he applied vast strength to it .- Pass. to lean or bear beauty upon. έπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, to cover with a roof. έπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of έπερείδω. έπ-έρομαι Ιοη. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ιοη. -ειρήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 έπηρόμην, inf. ἐπερέσθαι:—to ask, to consult, question. ἐπέρριψα, aor. I of ἐπιρρίπτω. έπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of έπιρρώσμαι. έπερρώσθην, έπέρρωσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐπιρρώννυμι. έπέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπερύω. έπ-ερύω, f. -ερύσω [v]: aor. I -είρυσα:-to draw on, pull to: to bring to a place:-Med. to draw on one's clothes. έπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.

-ηλθον Ep. -ηλύθον, pf. -εληλύθα:--to go or come to or towards: to come upon, esp. to come suddenly or un-2. in hostile sense, to come or go expectedly upon. against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. to come on, come about, return; ἐπήλυθον ὧραι the seasons came round again. III. to come in after or over the head of another. IV. to occur to one. come into one's mind. V. to go over a space, traverse, visit. 2. to go through or over, discuss, 3. to go through, execute. έπ-ερωτάω Ion. έπειρ-, fut. ήσω, to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing:-Pass. to be questioned, asked. Hence

recount. 3. to go through, execute. 
ἐπ-ερωτάω Ion. ἐπειρ-, fut. ἡσω, to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing:—Pass. to be questioned, asked. Hence ἐπερώτημα Ion. ἐπειρ-, εως, ἡ, a question: and ἐπερώτητοι Ion. ἐπειρ-, εως, ἡ, a questioning. ἔπεσα, τατε αοτ. I οf πίπτω. ἔπεσαν, Ερ. 3 pl. impf. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί sum). ἐπεσβαίνω, = ἐπεισβαίνω. ἐπεσβαίνω, ἀ a using words at random, basty speech, unseemly language. From ἐπεσ-βόλος, ον, (ἔπος, βάλλω) throwing words about: rash-talking, scurrilous.

έπ-εσθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, to eat after or in addition to.

έπεσκεψάμην, aor. I of ἐπισκοπέω. ἐπεσκίασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισκιάζω. **ἔπεσον,** aor. 2 of πίπτω. **ἔπεσπον**, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω. έπέσσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί sum). ἐπέσσευεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω. έπεσσεύοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπισεύω. ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, part. ἐπεσσυμένος. ἐπέσσῦτο, poet. for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plopf, pass. of ἐπισεύω, in sense of aor. 2. έπεστάλθην, έπεστάλην [ἄ], aor. 1 and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω. ἐπέσταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω. έπεστράφην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of έπιστρέφω. **ἐπεστεώs,** Ion. pf. part. of ἐφίσ**τ**ημι. ἐπέστην, aor. 2 of ἐφίστημι. έπεσφέρω, Ion. for έπεισφέρω. έπ-εσχάριος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσχάρα) on the hearth. ểπ-έσχεθον, poét. aor. 2 of ἐπέχω. έπ-έσχον, –εσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω. έπέταμον, aor. 2 of έπιτέμνω. ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω. έπ-έτειος, ον, and έπ-έτεος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔτος) annual, yearly, every year: changeable as the seasons. annual, lasting for a year. έπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω. έπετήδευσα, aor. 1 of έπιτηδεύω. έπέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἔπομαι) a follower, attendant. έπ-ετήσιος, ον, = ἐπέτειος, from year to year, lasting the whole year. έπετον, Aeol. for έπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω. έπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, =  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau \nu \chi \epsilon$ , fell in or met with; part.  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \nu \sigma \sigma \sigma \alpha \iota s = \epsilon \pi \iota$ τυχών, baving met with. (Origin uncertain) έπετράπην [α], aor. 2 pass. of επιτρέπω: - επετράπόμην, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act. έπετράφθην, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω. έπέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω. έπευ, Ion. for έπου, imperat. of έπομαι. έπ-ευθύνω, to guide straight, direct. έπ-ευρίσκω, Ion for έφ-ευρίσκω. έπ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω: 20τ.  $I - \epsilon v \phi \eta \mu \eta \sigma a :$  to shout II. c. acc. to accompany in singing: to assent. sing in praise of. έπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to pray to, make a vow: to pray or vow that: in bad sense, to pray a curse, II. to exult or triumph over. imprecate upon. έπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω. ἔπεφνον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of \*φένω. έπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of φέρβω. **ἐπέφρἄδον,** Ep. redupl. 201. 2 of φράζω. έπεφράσω, 2 sing. 20r. I med. of έπιφράζω. ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of φράσσω. έπέφυκον, Ερ. for έπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plapf. of φύω. ἐπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φυσάω.

έπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of έπιχέω.

έπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of ἐπιχέω.

έπέχθην, aor. I pass. of πέκω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ , fut.  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\xi\omega$ : aor. 2  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\chi\sigma\nu$ , inf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\sigma\chi\epsilon\hat{\iota}\nu$ , poet.  $\xi \pi \xi \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o \nu :$  to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπώχατο:-to bold, keep:-Pass. and Med. to keep II. to bold out, present, offer. III. bold of. to hold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῷ ἐπέχειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ωδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τούs Τεγεήταs to front them, face them. γειν (sc. τοὺε ὀφθαλμούε, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to intent upon. stop or binder from. 2. intrans. (sub. ξαυτόν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:-Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to bave power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

έπ-ηβάω, Ion. for έφ-ηβάω.

ἐπ-ήβολος, ον, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) baving won or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense, νόσου ἐπήβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

ἐπήγἄγον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.

έπήγγειλα, έπήγγελκα, aor. I and pf. of έπαγγέλλω.

**ἐπηγέρθην,** aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

έπηγκενίδες, ai, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνες) of the ship: v. sub ἵκρια.

έπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one. έπηεν, Ep. 3 sing impf. of έπειμι (είμί sum).

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -nerāvos,  $\dot{\nu}$ , and  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}_{\nu} = \dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\tau\epsilon_{i}$  os, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπηεταναί τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

έπήϊεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of έπειμι (είμι ibo), be went

after, followed upon: ἐπήισαν 3 plur.

ἐπήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαίω.

ἐπήϊσσον, impf. of ἐπαίσσω.

έπηκαν, Ion. for έφ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 of έφίημι.

έπήκοος Dor. έπάκοος, ον, (έπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within bearing.

**ἐπήκρισα,** aor. Ι of ἐπακρίζω.

έπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακροάομαι.

έπηλα, aor. I of πάλλω.

έπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

έπ-ηλυγάζω, (ἐπί, ἠλύγη) to overshadow: Med.,  $\phi \delta \beta o \nu \in \pi \eta \lambda v \gamma \dot{\alpha} (\epsilon \sigma \theta a)$  to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

έπήλυθον, Ep. for ἐπῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπῆλυξ, ὕγοs, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπηλυγάζω) oversbadowing; τὴν πέτραν ἐπήλυγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter. ἔπηλϋs, ὕδοs, ὑ, ἡ, (ἐπήλῦθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

έπ-ηλύσία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἐπήλυθον) a coming over:

a bewitching.

έπ-ήλυσις, εως, ή, an approach, assault.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\eta\lambda\dot{\upsilon}$ + $\eta$ s,  $o\nu$ ,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\ddot{\epsilon}\pi\eta\lambda\nu$ s.  $[\ddot{\upsilon}]$ 

έπημαξευμένος, pf. part. pass. of έπαμαξεύω.

έπημοιβόs, όν, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, alternate; χιτωνες επημοιβοί changes of raiment.

έπ-ημύω, f. ύσω [v], to bend or bow down.

ἐπήν Ion. ἐπεάν late Att. ἐπάν, Conjunct. (ἐπεί, av) whenever, Lat. quandocunque.

έπ-ηνέμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.

έπήνεον, Ep. impf. of έπαινέω.

έπηνεσα Ερ. έπηνησα, 201. 1 of έπαινέω.

έπήνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπανθέω.

ἐπηνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθύω: so, ἐπηνώρθωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπηνώρθωμαι, pf. pass.

έπηξα, aor. 1 of πήγνυμι.

**ἐπηξίωσα**, aor. I of ἐπαξίοω.

έπ-ηόνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἢών) on the beach or shore.

έπηπείλησα, aor. 1 of έπαπειλέω.

έπ-ηπύω, f. ύσω [v], to shout to, cheer on.

έπ-ήρἄτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

έπηρεάζω, f. σω, (έπήρεια) to threaten abusively: to deal despitefully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

έπήρεια, ή, wanton insult, contumely.

έπ-ηρεμέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, ήρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπ-ἡρετμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, row-2. equipped with oars. ıng.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ π-ηρεφής,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ s,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi i, \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\epsilon}\phi\omega)$  covering, shading. 11. pass. covered, sheltered.

έπήρθην, aor. 1 pass. of έπαίρω.

έπήρκεσα, aor. 1 of έπαρκέω.

έπηρσα, aor. 1 of έπαραρίσκω.

έπησαν, Ep. for έπηισαν, 3 pl. mpf. of έπειμι  $(\epsilon l\mu\iota \iota bo).$ 

έπησθείεν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of έφήδομαι.

έπήσθιον, impf. of ἐπεσθίω.

έπησθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπαισθάνομαι.

έπήσκημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκέω.

έπητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔπος) affable, kind, gentle.

έπητιάσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of έπαιτιάομαι. ἐπ-ἡτρϊμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἥτριον) woven on or to: hence

close, dense, thronged.

έπητύς, ύος, ή, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

έπηθρον, έπηυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of έπαυρίσκομαι.

έπηύχησα, 201. Ι οί έπαυχέω.

έπήφυσα, aor. I of έπαφύσσω. έπ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to resound, to reecbo: to accom-

pany in shouting.

έπί, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc. Radic. sense, A. WITH GEN., upon: I. of rest at a place, on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.; ἐφ' ὑμείων by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἐαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἐαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἐαυτῶν their own 3. with Cardinal Numbers; eni interest only. τριών, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρωs in single file. 4. before, in pre-5. over, of any one set over sence of, Lat. coram. a special business; οἱ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point; πλείν επί Xίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν επ' οίκου

to go home-wards. II. of Time, in or in the course of; επ' είρηνης in time of peace. the grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρία: on evidence; εἰπεῖν ἐπ' ὅρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' ότευ on what ground. B. WITH DAT., of Place; ἐπὶ χώρφ on the spot: esp. where hostility II. of the Time is implied, opposite or against. in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτί in the night; ἐπ' ήματι τώδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event. III. in addition, over and above, one on another. IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; έπὶ δόρπφ for supper; ἐπὶ κακφ V. of the ground ανθρώπου for mischief to man of doing a thing; γελάν ἐπί τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονείν ἐπί τινι to be proud at or of a VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτφ, ἐφ' ὧτε on condition, that ..; more briefly,  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi'$   $\dot{\phi}$  or  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi'$   $\dot{\phi}\tau\epsilon$ ;  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi'$   $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\nu}\dot{\epsilon}$  on no condition; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίοις with strict justice; ἐπ' ἴσοις on reasonable terms. C. WITH ACCUS., of Place; extending over; ἐπ' ἐννέα κεῖτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους glory spread among all men. 2. motion towards or to a place; πλείν ἐπ' Αίγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against:-metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰθύν to labour, to an enterprize: esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσηα ήιε:-hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπὶ τί; for what? where-3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε fore? καὶ εἴκοσιν five-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number, nearly, about. of Time, for or during a certain time; έπλ χρόνον for 2. up to or till a certain time:  $\hat{\epsilon}\pi$   $\hat{\eta}\hat{\omega}$  till III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμην by morning. the line or rule; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ for me, as far as concerns me.

'Επί may follow its case, and then it is written ἔπι IN COMPOS. ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἔπ-ειμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατείω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἔπι-χειρέω, ἔπι-στρατεύω.

II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βιόω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω.

III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπί-κτητος, ἐπ-αυ-λέω.

IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, έπι-γαμία intermarriage.

V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, one and a third, = ‡.

VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἔπι-μάλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ām, for ἔπεστι, it is there, ready, at hand. ἐπ-Ἰάλλω, f. -ιἄλῶ: 20r. -ίηλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

έπιάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. ἐπι-ανδάνω, poét. for ἐφανδ-, to please, gratify. ἐπι-αίω, to sleep among. ἐπι-ιάχω [ἄ], to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud.

ἐπίβά, for ἐπίβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend by t a soaling-ladder: a gangway.

ἐπίβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, percb. II. (ἐπιβάτης) a passenger's fare, Lat. naulum. έπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. 1 med. ἐπεβησάμην (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσετο, imperat.  $\hat{\epsilon}$ πιβήσεο): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon. upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβία to take one's stand on piety. II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:-also, to set upon, attack, assault. III. c. acc. to light upon, Πιερίην ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν IV. absol. to step ἐπὶ ἴππον to mount a horse. forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. I ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

 $\epsilon \pi \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{\beta} \dot{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \lambda \mathbf{\omega}$ , fut.  $- \mathbf{\beta} \ddot{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \hat{\mathbf{\omega}}$ : aor. 2  $- \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{\beta}} \ddot{\mathbf{a}} \lambda o \nu$ : to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine. 3. to add: to add to, increase. II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. ξαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards. 2. to fall upon: to attack. (sub. voûv), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλών, absol., when he thought on it. 4. to fall to one, come to one's share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέροs] one's proper portion; III. also impers. it falls to one to do a thing. Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι baving their arrows on the string.

έπι-βάρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, βαρύε) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

έπίβασις, εως, ή, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; είς τινα ποιείσθαι ἐπίβασιν to make means of attacking one

έπι-βάσκω, poët. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν υΐας 'Αχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

έπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand. ἐπι-βάτεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp. II. to be an ἐπιβάτης, passenger or soldier. From

ἐπιβάτης [ā], ου, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; ol ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger.

2. the warrior in a chariot.

em βατός, ή, όν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, ac-

cessible.

- ἐπίβδα, αε, ἡ, the day after the festival, Lat. repotia: — proverb., ἔρπειν πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπίβδαν το come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

έπιβείομεν, Ep. 1 pl. 201. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπιβήμενου. Ep. 201. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

II.

έπι-βήσεο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίνω. έπι-βήσετο. Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of έπιβαίνω.

έπι-βήτωρ, ορος, ό, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. of male animals, e. g. a boar.

ἐπι-βζβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπιβαίνω, to put one upon.

έπι-βίδω, f. -βιώσομαι: 20r. 2 έπεβίων:-to survive. έπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look 2. to eye with envy, Lat. invidere.

ἐπίβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown on or over: a cover: a patch.

ἐπιβλήs, ῆτοs, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in or on a door.

έπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: 20r. 2 ἐπέμολον:--to come upon, befall.

έπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι :--to call upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon, invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.

ἐπιβοήθεια, ή, a belping, coming to aid, succour. From

έπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, to come to aid, succour. έπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call to one.

έπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out against, ill spoken of.

ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on; ἐπιβολαὶ πλίνθων layers or courses of bricks. III. a setting upon a thing, an infliction, penalty. an attempt, enterprise: a bostile attempt.

έπι-βομβέω, f. ήσω, to roar in answer.

ἐπι-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon: - Med. of cattle, to graze or feed upon.

έπι-βουκόλος, δ, an over-cowberd, berdsman.

έπιβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against, a plot, attempt, scheme.

έπιβουλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plotter. From

έπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one; ἐπιβουλεύειν θάνατόν τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for, to aim at :- Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence έπιβουλή, ή, a plan against another, a plot; έξ ἐπιβουλή by treachery.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\beta$ ουλία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\beta$ ουλ $\dot{\eta}$ .

έπί-βουλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against, treacherous.

ἐπι-βράδύνω, f. ὕνῶ, to loiter at a place.

ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, for a short while.

έπι-βρέμω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. intr. to roar or cry out to.

έπι-βρτθήs, és, burdensome, grievous. From

έπι-βρίθω, f. ίσω [l], to be beavy upon, weigh II. metaph. to press beavily. down.

έπιβρίσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\beta\rho\delta\nu\tau\eta\tau$ 08,  $o\nu$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\beta\rho\delta\nu\eta\tau$ 08, thunderstricken.

ἐπι-βρύω, f. ύσω [v], to burst forth, as water: of flowers, to sprout, burst fortb.

ἐπι-βύω, f. ύσω [v], to stop, caulk tight.

έπι-βωθέω, Ιοπ. for έπι-βοηθέω.

έπι-βωμιο-στάτεω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στῆναι) to stand suppliant at the altar.

έπι-βώμιος, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) on or at the altar. έπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.

έπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for έπιβοάω, to shout to, call upon, clamour for.

ἐπί-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβόητος.

ἐπι-βώτωρ, opos, ὁ, an over-shepberd, shepberd.

 $\epsilon \pi i$ -yaios, ov,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \gamma a i a, = \gamma \hat{\eta})$  upon the earth;  $\tau d$ ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground.

έπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) to marry a a widow as ber busband's next of kin.

ἐπι-γἄμέω, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γαμῶ:-to marry besides; ἐπιγαμεῖν τέκνοις μητρυιάν to marry and set a stepmother over one's own children. Hence

ἐπι-γαμία, ή, an additional marriage. termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.

ἐπί-γἄμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) marriageable.

έπι-γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in.

έπιγ-δουπέω, Ep. for έπι-δουπέω. ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

 $\xi \pi i$ -yelos, ov,  $(\xi \pi i, \gamma \xi a = \gamma \hat{\eta})$  on or of the earth.

έπι-γελάω, f. άσομαι [ă], to laugh to or with, to laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh. έπι-γεραίρω, to give bonour to.

έπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\gamma\eta\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : pf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\eta\theta\alpha$ :—to rejoice or triumph over: to exult in.

έπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 -εγενόμην: pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γεγένημαι:--to be born after, έαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ώρη the season of spring comes next; οἱ ἐπιγιγνόμενοι posterity; χρόνου ἐπιγινομένου as time was going on. upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to bappen after, come to pass.

ἐπι-γιγνώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 - έγνων: pf. -έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recognise: hence to find out, discover: to become conscious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a

judgment, decide. έπι-γίγομαι, έπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for

ἐπιγιγν−.

έπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. - ττάομαι: fut. ήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against, to upbraid.

έπι-γναμπτός, ή, όν, curved, twisted. From II. meέπι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to curve, bend. taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.

έπιγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω. έπιγνού**ς**, aor. 2 part. of έπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπι-γνώμων, ονος, δ, ή, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon: as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.

έπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ίσω Att. lώ, to make known, announce, signify.

ἐπίγνωσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιγιγνώσκω) full knowledge. έπιγνώωσι, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω. **ἐπίγονος**, ον, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) born after: generally, offspring, posterity:—of Ἐπίγονοι, the Afterborn, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes. ἐπιγουνίδιος, ον, on, set upon the knee. From

έπι-γουνίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, γούνατος, Ion. gen. of γόνυ) the region above the knee, the thigh.

ἐπιγράβδην, Adv. (ἐπιγράφω) scratching the surface, grazing.

ἐπίγραμμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering.

2. an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγραφεύς, έως, ὁ, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscriber: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc.

ἐπιγράφή, ἡ, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscription. II.

at Athens, a registration of property.

έπι-γράφω, f. ψω; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμα:

—to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράψαι κλῆρον to
put a mark on a lot. II. later, to write upon,
inscribe:—Pass., of the inscription, to be inscribed
upon. III. to enter in a public list or register:
esp. at Athens, to register the citizens' property:
ἐπιγράφειν τίμημα to lay the damages at so much:
—Med. to register oneself: but, προστάτην ἐπιγρά
ναθαι to enter the name of a patron in the public
register, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.
ἐπί-γρῦπος, oν, somewhat booked: somewhat book-

nosed. ἐπι-δαίομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, δαίω Β) to distribute, offer.

έπι-δαίσιος, ον, (ἐπί, δαίω B) assigned, allotted. ἐπι-δακρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to weep over or for.

έπί-δαμος, ον, Dor. for ἐπί-δημος.

έπι-δαψίλεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to lavish upon a person, give freely.

έπιδέδρομα, pf. 2 of ξπιτρέχω.

ἐπιδεής, 'ές, (ἐπιδέομαι) in want of: deficient: Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδεᾶ.

έπίδειγμα, aros, τό, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) a specimen : a pattern, example, lesson.

έπι-δείελος, ον, (ἐπί, δείλη) at, towards evening; ἐπιδείελα, neut. pl. as Adv., towards evening.

em-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I -έδειξα Ion. -έδειξα:—to exbibit as a specimen or pattern: to shew forth, display, parade:—Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off:

2. to shew, point out:—to shew, prove, demonstrate.

ἐπιδεικτικός, ή, όν, fit for display; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λύγοι speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

ἐπίδειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπείδον.

έπιδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπίδειξις Ion. ἐπίδεξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) an exhibition, display; ἐς ἐπίδειξίν τινος ἀπικέσθαι to come within one's view, to his knowledge.

2. a pattern, example, Lat. specimen.

en-δειπνέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίδειπνον) to eat after dinner.

II. to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty.

ἐπι-δείπνιος, ον, (ἐπί, δεῖπνον) at or after dinner. ἐπί-δειπνον, τό, an after-meal, second course or dessert.

έπι-δέκᾶτος,  $\eta$ , ov, one and one tentb,  $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$ . II. one in ten, a tentb, tithe.

έπι-δέμνιος, ον, (ἐπί, δέμνιον) in or on the bed.

έπι-δέξιοs, ov, from left to right, towards the right, used chiefly in neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια as Adv., which therefore also means auspiciously.

2. = δεξιός, on the right side.

II. of persons, dexterous, skilful.

έπί-δεξις, Ion. for ἐπίδειξις.

έπι-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look upon, behold.

έπι-δεσμεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, δεσμόs) to bind up.

ἐπι-δεσμός, ὁ, (ἐπί, δεσμός) a band, bandage. ἐπιδεσμο-χἄρής, ές, (ἐπίδεσμος, χαίρω) bandageloving, epith. of gout.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, f. όσω, to be lord over.

ἐπι-δευής, έs, poet. and Ion. for ἐπιδεής, in need or want of, lacking. II. lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen., βίης ἐπιδευέες failing in strength: also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέες 'Οδυσῆος inferior to Ulysses in strength: absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἤμεν far too weak were we. From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, poet. for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω Β) to be in want of, to lack: to need the belp of.

II. to be lacking in a thing, fail in it.

έπι-δεύω, f. σω, to moisten on the surface.

έπι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to admit besides or in addition.

ἐπι-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind or fasten on. II. to bind up, bandage.

έπι-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want or lack so much of a number:—impers. ἐπιδεῖ, there is need of besides:
—Med. to be in want of, cf. ἐπιδεύομαι.

iπί-δηλος, ov, quite evident, manifest: open.
distinguished.

II. like, resembling.

ἐπιδημεύω, f. σω, to live among the people. From ἐπιδημέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίδημοs) to be at home, live at home: to sojourn among people, stay at a place.

II. to come home, from foreign travel. Hence

έπιδημία, ή, a staying at home, stay at a place.

έπι-δήμιος, ον, (έπί, δήμος) among the people: dwelling at home; πόλεμος έπιδήμιος civil war; ἐπιδήμιοι έμποροι native merchants.

II. sojourning at a place.

έπι-δημιουργοί,  $\hat{\omega}\nu$ , oi, magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies.

έπί-δημος, ον, = ἐπιδήμιος, of the people, popular.

έπι-διαβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι, to cross over besides or after another.

ἐπι-διαγιγνώσκω Ιοη. -γῖνώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: -to debate or decide afresb.

έπι-διαιρέω, f. ήσω, to divide over again:—Med. of several, to distribute among themselves.

ěπι-διαπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail across besides. ěπι-διαρρήγνϋμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear asunder after:— Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing.

έπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command be- | ness. sides.

έπι-διαφέρομαι, Pass. to go across after.

έπι-διδάσκω, f. ξω, to teach besides.

έπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely: ΙΙ. ἐπιδιδόναι ἐαυto give with, give in dowry. τόν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a III. intr. to increase, advance: also to IV. Med., θεούς ἐπιδώμεθα improve, prosper. let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι 11.

έπι-δίζημαι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for

or demand besides.

έπι-δικάζω, f. σω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-δἴκάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

έπι-δινέω, t. ήσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw: - Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve: -- Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air; ἐπιδινηθέντε, aor. 1 part. dual.

ἐπι-διορθόω, f. ώσω, to correct or set in order after-

wards.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\delta\iota\pi\lambda$ otζω or -oίζω,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\acute{\iota}, \delta\iota\pi\lambda\acute{o}$ s) to redouble. ἐπι-διφριάς, άδος, ή, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

έπι-δίφριος, ον, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \delta i \chi \bar{a}$ , Adv. for  $\epsilon \pi i \delta i \chi a$ .

έπι-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

έπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω and -δόξω, to expect.

έπ-ιδόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπείδον; but έπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

έπί-δοξος, ον, (ἐπί, δύξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, lıkely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \delta \delta \rho \pi i \sigma s$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \delta \delta \rho \pi o \nu)$  for or of the banquet. ἐπίδοσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state. II. increase. growth, progress.

έπιδοῦναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπι-

έπι-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ή, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new. έπιδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of έπιτρέχω; έπιδράμέτην, 3 dual indic.

έπιδρομή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack. III. a place for ships to run to, a landing-place.

έπί-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τει-

χο**s**  $\epsilon \pi i \delta \rho o \mu o \nu$  a wall that may be scaled.

έπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ύσω, to go down or set upon. έπι-δώμεθα, I pl. 20r. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

έπ-ιδών, part. of έπείδον. ἐπιδώσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἡ, (ἐπιεικήs) likelibood, reasonable-II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild- off, assisting, governing. ness.

2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \epsilon \iota \kappa \epsilon \lambda os$ , ov,  $= \epsilon \iota \kappa \epsilon \lambda os$ ,  $\iota \iota ke$ .

έπι-εικής, έε, (ἐπί, εἰκόε) fitting, meet, suitable; ώε ἐπιεικέs as is meet; ὄν κ' ἐπιεικὲs ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear. II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, mo-2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ή, όν, (ἐπί, εἴκω) yielding; οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν

unceasing woe.

έπιεικώς Ion. έως, Adv. of έπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, 2. probably, reasonably. moderately.

čπιτιμένος, η, ον, Ion. for έφειμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

έπιεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἔπειμι (εἶμι ibo). έπιείσομαι, Ion. fut. of έπειμι (είμι ιδο).

έπι-έλπομαι, poet. for έπέλπομαι. Hence

έπί-ελπτος, ov, to be boped or expected.

έπι-έννυμι, Ion. for έφ-έννυμι: aor. I έπί-εσα Εp. ἐπί-εσσα : pf. pass ἐπί-εσμαι or ἐπί-ειμαι :—to put on besides or over :- Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένος άλκήν, ἀναιδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκόν ἐπιέσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, bad brass upon it :- Med. to put on oneself besides : generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

έπιέσσαμεν, I pl. aor. I of έπιέννυμι.

έπιέσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\zeta\check{\alpha}\rho\acute{\epsilon}\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\beta\alpha\rho\acute{\epsilon}\omega$ .

**ἐπι-ζάφελος**, ον, (ἐπί, \*ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vebement, violent.—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶs (as if from ἐπι- $(\alpha\phi\epsilon\lambda\eta s)$ , vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζάω, f. – (ήσω, to outlive, survive.

έπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to the together, bind fast. yoke to.

έπι-ζεφύριος, ον, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

έπι-ζέφυρος, ov, lying towards the west.

έπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ή νεότης έπέζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. to make to boil, beat.

έπί-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous. έπι-ζήμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, burtful. II. liable to punishment. Hence

έπι-ζημιόω, f. ώσω, to punisb.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; of επιζητοῦντες the beaters.

έπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

**ἐπι-ζώω**, Ιοη. for ἐπιζάω.

 $\epsilon \pi \ln \lambda a$ , agr. I of  $\epsilon \pi \ln \lambda \lambda \omega$ .

έπ-ίημι, Ion. for έφίημι.

έπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of έφανδάνω. έπί-ηρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἦρα) things acceptable, pleasing

II. warding

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\dot{\eta}\rho\dot{\alpha}vos$ , ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\eta}\rho\alpha)$  pleasing.

iπίηρος, ον, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, q. v.

ēm.θαλάμιος, ον, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal, nuptial; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμιον (sub. μέλος), the nuptial song, epithalamium, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

έπι-θάλασσίδιος Att. -ττίδιος, ον, = sq.

έπι-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) lying on the sea-shore, maritime.

έπι-θανάτιος, ον, (ἐπί, θάνατος) condemned to death.

im-θάνατος, ον, sick to death, like to die.

έπι-θαρσύνω Att. -θαρρύνω, f. ὔνῶ, to cheer on. ἐπι-θαυμάζω, f. σω, to pay respect to, to compliment

with a fee (Lat. honorarium). έπι-θειάζω, f. άσω, (έπί, θεός) to call upon in the

name of the gods, to adjure. Hence επιθειασμός, ό, an appeal to the gods, adjuration.

έπιθείην, -θεῖναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι. ἐπιθείς, -θεῖσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι.

έπι-θεῖτε, for  $-\theta$ είητε, 2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of  $\hat{\epsilon}$ πι-τίθημι.

ἐπι-θεράπεύω, f. σω, to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.

έπι-θες, -θέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι.

interes, εωε, ή, (ἐπιτίθημι) a laying on, imposition. II. (from Med.) a setting upon, attack.

έπι-θεσπίζω, f. σω, to prophesy upon. ἐπιθετικός, ή, όν, (ἐπιτίθεμαι) ready to attack: en-

terprising.
ἐπί-θετος, ον, (ἐπιτίθημ) added, annexed: farfetched, foreign. II. as Subst., ἐπίθετον, τό, an epithet.

ἐπι-θέω, f.-θεύσομαι, to run upon or at: to run after,

chase, pursue.

ἐπιθήκη, ή, (ἐπιτίθημι) an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.

ěπl-θημα, ατοε, τό, (ἐπιτίθημι) anything put on, a cover, lid.

èπι-θοάζω, f. σω, to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. θοάζω.

έπιθορείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρώσκω.

έπι-θορύβέω, f. ήσω, to shout in token of approval. έπι-θράσσω Att. -ττω, contr. for έπιταράσσω.

έπι-θραύω, f. σω, to break besides.

έπιθρέξας, aor. I part. of ἐπιτρέχω.

èπι-θρώσκω, f.-θοροῦμαι: 201.2 ἐπέθορον:—to spring or leap upon, c. gen.: c. dat. to insult over: absol, τόσσον ἐπιθρώσκουσι so far do they bound.

ěm-θῦμέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, θυμόε) to set one's beart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence

έπιθύμημα, ατος, τό, the object of desire; and

ἐπιθύμησις, ϵως, ἡ, a longing desire; and
 ἐπιθῦμητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who desires: a lover; and
 ἐπιθῦμητικός, ἡ, όν, desiring, coveting. Adv. –κῶς.

ἐπιθῦμία, ἡ, (ἐπιθυμέω) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.

ėπι-θυμίαμα, ατος, τό, an incense-offering: from ėm-θυμιάω, f. άσω [ā], to offer incense.

έπ-ιθύνω, to aim straight at: to direct, govern.

ἐπζ-θύω, f. -θύσω [v], to offer sacrifice upon or after:
—to offer sacrifice, offer.

 $\epsilon \pi \mathbf{v} \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ ω,  $\mathbf{f}_{\cdot} - \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ ύσω  $[\bar{\mathbf{v}}]$ , to rush eagerly at. 2. c. inf. to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (v.  $\theta$ ύω B.)

έπι-θωρακίζομαι, Med. to put on one's armour.

έπι-θωθσσω, f. ξω, to shout or call out.

έπι-ίδμων, ονος, δ, = έπιίστωρ. έπι-ίζομαι, Ion. for έφέζομαι.

έπι-ίστωρ, οροε, ό, ή, acquainted with, knowing.

έπι-καθαιρέω, f. ήσω, to pull down besides.

έπι-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Pass. to sit down upon. ἐπι-κάθημαι Ιοπ. -κάτημαι, to sit upon: to press upon, be beavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.

έπι-καθίζω, f. ίσω, to set upon. II. intr. to sit upon.

έπι-καινόω, f. ώσω, to innovate upon.

έπι-καίριος, ον, (έπί, καιρός) in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι the chief persons.

ἐπί-καιρος, ον, = ἐπικαίριος: c. gen. fit, proper, convenient for a thing.

venieni jor a tilling.

ἐπι-καίω Att. -κάω: f. καύσω:--to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.

im-καλίω, i. εσω, to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass. to to called by surname. III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge. IV. Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. provocare. 2. to summon before one. imikalumua, ατος, τό, a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of biding. From

ἐπι-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, shroud, hide. II.

to put over. Hence

επικάλυψις, εως, ή, a covering, concealment.

ἐπικαμπή, ἡ, (ἐπικάμπτω) a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπὴν ποιεῖσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.

έπικαμπήs, έs, curved, curling. From

em-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend into an angle:—Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.

έπι-καμπύλος, ov, bent forward.

ἐπί-καρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. bead-foremost.

ἐπι-κάρσιος, α, ον, (ἐπίκαρ) properly on the head, head forwards. II. opp. to ὄρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὄρθια (measured inwards at right anisels to the coast): c. gen., τριήρειε τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάρσιαι triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.

ėπι-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to or upon a place.

II. to go down after or against.

έπι-καταβάλλω, f. -βἄλῶ, to let fall down.

ěπι-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides:—Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.

έπικαταδαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομαι: 201. 2 -έδαρθον: -to fall aslesp at or upon.

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides. έπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place. έπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to catch up, overtake. έπι-καταμένω, f. -μενω, to stay yet longer.

έπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to throw oneself upon. èπι-κατάρατος, ον, yet more accursed.

έπι-καταρριπτέω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.

έπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ξω, to slay upon or over. έπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.

έπικατέδαρθον, agr. 2 of ἐπικαταδαρθάνω.

έπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδείν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. είδον.

έπι-κάτειμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into. έπι-κατέχω, f. –καθέξω, to detain still.

έπί-καυτος, ον, (έπικαίω) burnt at the end, Lat. praeustus.

έπι-κάω, Att. for έπι-καίω. [ā]

έπί-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed. 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; al επικείμεναι νησοι the islands off the 3. to hang over, impend. II. to press III. of beavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. IV. to have penalties, to be laid on, imposed. on one.

έπι-κείρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω:--to cut down, mow II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.

έπικεκλόμην, aor. 2 of έπικέλομαι.

έπικεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.

έπι-κελάδέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause, to cheer. έπικέλευσις, εως, ή, cheering, exhortation.

έπι-κελεύω, also in Med. έπι-κελεύομαι, to exbort and encourage, cheer on.

έπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα .- to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come to land, come asbore.

έπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.

ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.

έπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ă]: aor. I ἐπεκέρἄσα Ep. -έκρησα:-to mix in, pour in again.

έπι-κέρδια, ων, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.

ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to jeer at, insult, teaze. έπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of έφικνέομαι.

έπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω Ι will not bide it from thee.

έπι-κήδειος, ον, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.

ἐπικηρῦκεία, ἡ, (ἐπικηρυκεύομαι) the sending a berald or embassy to treat for peace.

έπικηρύκευμα, ατος, τό, a message or demand by berald. From

έπι-κηρῦκεύομαι, Dep. to send a message by a berald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.

έπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:--to announce, proclaim; άργύριον ἐπικηρύσσειν τινί or ἐπί τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.

έπι-κίδνημι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικίδναμαι, to to share in common with.

be extended, spread over: ὅσον τ' ἐπικίδναται ἡώε far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres. ἐπι-κίνδῦνος, ov, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νωs.

έπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.

έπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to send forth a sound in answer.

έπι-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι:--to weep upon or responsively. Hence

ἐπίκλαυτος, ον, tearful.

ἐπι-κλάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.

έπι-κλάω, Att. for έπικλαίω. [ā]

ἐπι-κλεής, έs, (ἐπί, κλέοs) famous.

έπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.

έπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέοε) to extol or praise the more.

έπι-κληίζω contr. -κλήζω, Ion. for έπι-κλείω (Β). ἐπίκλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.

έπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name. έπί-κληρος, ov, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst.,

ἐπίκληροs, ή, an only daughter and beiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.

έπι-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot.

έπίκλησις, εως, ή, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπίκλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.

ἐπίκλητος, ον, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as 2. specially summoned.

έπι-κλίνηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έπικλίνω.

έπικλϊνής, ές, (έπικλινηναι) sloping, slanting.

ěπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, armchair. From

έπι-κλίνω  $[\bar{\iota}]$ : f. -κλίνω: pf. pass. -κέκλζμαι:--ιοlay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλίμέναι σανίδες closed doors. II. to bend towards: -Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.

ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to stir up to commotion.

ἐπί-κλοπος, ον, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπίκλοπος μύθων cunning in speech.

έπι-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence

ἐπίκλὕσις, εως, ἡ, an overflow, flood.

έπι-κλύω, to listen to, bear.

ἐπι-κλώθω, f. ώσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates: -so also in Med.

έπι-κνάμπτω, Att. for έπι-γνάμπτω.

έπι-κνάω, inf. –κνην, to scrape or grate upon a thing. έπ-ικνέομαι, Ion. for έφ-ικνέομαι.

έπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut, med. - ήσομαι, to fall asleeb over.

έπί-κοινος, ον, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπίκοινα as Adv. in common.

έιτι-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to communicate with.

έπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

έπι-κομπέω, f. ήσω, to add boastingly: to boast of. έπίκοπος, ον, (ἐπικόπτω) cut sbort, lopped.

έπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:-Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ή, όν, (ἔπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί

the epic poets έπι-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

έπί-κοτος, ov, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant. Έπικούρειος, ου, δ, (Έπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

έπικουρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίκουρος) to come to aid, to belp in war: generally, to belp at need; c. dat. rei, νόσοις ἐπικουρείν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρείν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

έπικούρημα, ατος, τό, belp, protection; and

έπικούρησις, εως, ή, aid, protection.

έπικουρία, ή, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

έπικουρικός, ή, όν, auxiliary, allied.

έπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κοῦρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οί ἐπίκουροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

έπι-κουφίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph. to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate. έπι-κράζω, f. ξω, to shout to or at.

έπι-κραίνω Ερ. -κραιαίνω: f. -κρανω: aor. I έπέκρανα Ep. -έκρηνα, -εκρήηνα:-to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήηνον ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to acbieve, effect.

ἐπί-κρᾶνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, II. the capital of a column. a bead-dress.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικρἄτήs) mastery, dominion. Η.

a government, dominion, province.

έπι-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: ab-2. to prevail over: to get possol. to bave power. session of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.: - absol. to prevail, conquer.

έπικρατέωs, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτής, έs, (ἐπί, κράτος) baving control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστεροs, superior

έπικράτησις, εως, ή, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest. έπι-κρεμάννυμι and -ύω: f. -κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμω:—to bang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overbang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ές, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overbanging. έπικρήηνον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

έπικρήνειε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἐπικραίνω. έπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικεράννυμι.

έπι-κρίνω, f. -κρινω, to give judgment upon, decide,

έπ-ίκριον, τό, (ἐπί, ἴκριον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

έπι-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to rattle on or over.

έπί-κροτος, ov, trodden bard, beaten.

έπι-κρούω, f. σω, to bammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

έπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 - έκρῦφον:—to throw a covering over :- Med. to disguise :- Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπί-κρυφος, ov, bidden, secret.

έπι-κρώζω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

έπι-κτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides; ἐπικτᾶσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

έπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπίκτησις, εως, ή, (ἐπικτάομαι) fresh gain.

ἐπίκτητος, ον, (ἐπικτάομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γη acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπίκτητοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

έπι-κτυπέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῦν ποδοῦν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

έπι-κῦδής, έs, (ἐπί, κῦδοs) glorious: brilliant. έπι-κυίσκω, to impregnate again :- Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

έπι-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to come round in turn to. ἐπι-κὕλινδέω, f. –κυλίσω [ῑ]: aor. I –εκύλισα:—

Pass., aor. I  $-\epsilon \kappa \nu \lambda i \sigma \theta \eta \nu :$ —to roll down upon. έπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

έπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down. έπι-κυρέω and -κύρω: f. -κυρήσω and -κύρσω: aor. I - εκύρησα and - έκυρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in. ἐπι-κυρόω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί, κυρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

έπικύρσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρτός) humpbacked. Hence

ἐπι-κυρτόω, f. ωσω, to bend forward.

έπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives. έπι-κωκύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to lament over.

έπικώλυσις, εως, ή, a binderance. From ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to binder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to make a riotous assault upon. ểπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπί-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κώπη) at the oar, a rower. of a weapon, up to the very hilt.

έπιλαβέσθαι, aor. 2 med, inf. of έπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλἄβή, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a bandle.

έπιλ**ἄβόμενος**, 201. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. έπι-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to receive by lot after-II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards. ἐπι-λάζυμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight.

ἐπιλαθέσθαι, ἐπιλάθωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

έπι-λαμβάνω, f. –λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλἄβον: pf. –εί- $\lambda \eta \phi a := to lay bold of, seize, attack.$ take, interrupt; νυκτός ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆε ὁπίσω ὁδοῦ to binder from getting back. II. metaph., πολὺν χῶρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to get over much ground. B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπείλημμαι, to bold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσιοε to lay bold of a pretext. 2. to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reacb. Hence

ἐπίλαμπτος, ον, Ion. for ἐπίληπτος, caught, detected. ἐπι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμ-

ψάσης ημέρας when day bad dawned.

ἐπι-λανθάνω, αστ. 2 ἐπέλᾶθον, to escape notice, be bidden. II. ἐπιληθάνω, f. –λήσω: αστ. I – έλησω: Causal, to make to forget. III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, fut. –λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. –λέληθα, and pf. pass. –λέλησμαι, to forget; ὀφείλων ἐπιλέληθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., αστ. I –ελήσθην, to be forgotten.

έπί-λασις, εως, ή, Dor. for ἐπίλησις.

ἐπι-λεαίνω, f. -λεάνῶ, to smoothe over; aor. I part., ἐπιλεήνας τὴν Ξέρξεω γνώμην having smoothed over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.

έπι-λέγω, f. ξω, to say in addition, to add further. 2. to call by name. II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:—Pass., ἐπιλελεγμένοι or ἐπειλεγμένοι chosen men. III. in Med. also, to read. 2. to think over, consider.

ἐπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over. ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλἴπον: pf. ἐπιλέλοιπα: Pass., 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελέλειπτο:—to leave bebind one. II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδωρ μιν ἐπέλιπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ῥέεθρον to bave their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without ῥέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

έπίλειψις, εως, ή, failure, lack.

ἐπίλεκτος, ον, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπίλεκτοι picked soldiers.

έπιλέλησμαι, pf. pass of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark. ἐπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.

έπι-ληθάνω, see έπιλανθάνω II.

ἐπίληθος, ον, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness. ἐπι-λήθομαι, poët. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.

έπι-ληίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.

έπι-ληκέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause.

έπι-λήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ληνός) of a winepress or the vintage.

ἐπίληπτος, ον, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected. ἐπίλησις, cως, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπίλησις, τως, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness. ἐπιλησμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλήσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, baving a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμότατος.

έπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπίληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

έπι-λίγδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

έπι-λιμνάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

έπι-λίνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

έπ-ιλλίζω, (ἐπί, ἴλλοε) to wink with the eyes, to

make signs by winking.

έπι-λογίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ἴσῦμαι: aoτ.  $\mathbf{1} - \epsilon \lambda \mathbf{0} - \gamma$ ισάμην and  $-\epsilon \lambda \mathbf{0} \gamma$ ίσθην: pf.  $-\lambda \epsilon \lambda \delta \gamma$ ισμαι: Dep.:— to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.  $\epsilon \pi (\lambda \lambda \gamma c s, \delta, \epsilon \lambda c s)$  a conclusion, inference. If.

the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the perora-

tion of a speech.

 $\epsilon \pi i$ - $\lambda o \gamma \chi o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \lambda \delta \gamma \chi \eta)$  barbed.

ěπίλοιπος, ον, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

έπι-λῦπέω, f. ήσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence έπιλῦπία, ή, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λῦπος, ον, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.

έπίλυσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἐπιλύω) a release.

ἐπι-λύω, f. ύσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release. 2. to solve, explain.

έπι-λωβεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, λώβη) to mock at.

έπι-μάζιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαζός) at the breast.

έπι-μαίνομαι, Pass, with aor. 2 - εμάνην [ά], aor. 1 med. - εμηνάμην, pf. act. - μέμηνα:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

έπι-μαίομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Εp. -μάσομαι: Εp. aor. I -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at.

II. c. acc. to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.

έπι-μαλλον, Adv. for έπὶ μαλλον, still more.

ἐπιμανδάλωτόν, τό, (ἐπί, μανδαλωτόε) a wanton kiss. ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. – μάθήσομαι, to learn besides or after. ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f ήσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing. Hence

ἐπιμαρτυρία, ή, a witness, testimony.

eπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol to call witnesses, call in evidence.

2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari.

3. to declare before witnesses. Hence

έπι-μάρτυρος, δ, a witness to anything.

έπι-μάρτυς, gen. -  $\ddot{\nu}$ ρος,  $\dot{\nu}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ πιμάρτυρος.

έπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of έπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-μάσσω, f. ξω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke. ἐπι-μαστίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαστός) at the breast.

ἐπίμαστος, ον, (ἐπιμαίομαι) seeking after or for. ἐπιμάχέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence ἐπιμάχία, ἡ, a defensive alliance.

έπί-μάχος, ον, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) that may easily be attached assailable open to attach

tacked, assailable, open to attack. ἐπιμειδιάω, f. άσω [ā], and -μειδάω, f. ήσω:—to

smile at or upon.

επιμείναι, sor. I inf. of επιμένω.

έπιμέλεια, ή, (ἐπιμελήs) care, attention, diligence;

ἐπιμέλειά τινος attention paid to a thing.

έπι-μελέομαι and έπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, 201. Ι -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, 201. Ι -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):-

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, ατος, τό, an object of care, a care.

έπι-μελής, ές, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲς τῷ Κύρω ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελές μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲς τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελέομαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελέομαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

έπι-μέλομαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

dπ-μέλπω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶs, Adv. of ἐπιμελήs, carefully.

έπιμέμνημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμιμνήσκω.

ěπ-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

eπ-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπίμεμψις, εως, ή, blame, complaint.

em-μένω, fut. -μενω: 20τ. 1 ἐπέμεινα:--to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in 2 pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. 2cc.

έπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

έπι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out to, assign to:— Pass., δ ἐπιμετρούμενο σίτος the com measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

inf-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

έπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Έπι-μηθεύς, έως, δ, (ἐπί, μῆδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought. ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μῆδος) thoughtful.

Έπι-μηλίδες, ίδων, al, (ἐπί, μῆλα) Nymphs protectors of Aceho

tors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. lepá) monthly offerings.

im-μηνίω, f. ίσω [t], to be angry at or with.

eπι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions.

II. to devise besides.

έπι-μήχανος, ον, (έπί, μηχανή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμήχανος ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

έπι-μίγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -μίξω:--to mix in or with:--Pass. ἐπιμίγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μιμνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I -εμνησάμην and -εμνήσθην: -to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησαίμεθα χάρμης let us think of battle. III. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

έπι-μίμνω, poët. for ἐπιμένω.

έπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίγνυμι) minedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμιξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἐπιμίγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \mu \iota \xi \iota s, \epsilon \omega s, \dot{\eta}, = \epsilon \pi \iota \mu \iota \xi \iota \alpha.$ 

eπι-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίγνυμι, to bave dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

έπιμνάομαι, -μνῶμαι, Ιοη. for ἐπιμιμνήσκομαι. ἐπιμνησαίμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμιμνήσκω.

έπιμνησθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμιμνήσκω. ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

έπι-μολείν, aor. 2 mf. of ἐπιβλώσκω. Hence

enl-μολος, ov, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach. ἐπίμομφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ή, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

έπι-μύζω, f. ξω, to mutter or murmur at. ἐπι-μύθιος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story:

τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπί-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at. ἐπι-μύσσω Att.  $-\tau\tau\omega$ , = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

έπι-μύω, f. -μύσω [v], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

έπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with.

ἐπιμωμητός, ή, όν, blameworthy, blameable.

iπl-μωμος, ov, blamed, blameworthy

έπι-μώσμαι, Dor. for έπιμαίσμαι. έπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for έπινήχομαι.

 $\ell\pi$ l-velov,  $\tau\delta$ ,  $(\ell\pi$ l,  $\nu\alpha\hat{\nu}s)$  a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

έπι-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένειμα:
—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπενείματο τὰς ᾿Αθήνας.

έπινενησμένος, pf. part. pass. of έπινέω.

έπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

έπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I - ένευσα:—to nod forwards.

II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding.

III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νέφελος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast. ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f.-νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates. ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπινηνέω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπινενησμένοs piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top. ἐπι-νήϊος, ον, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

έπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νέω) to heap or pile upon.

έπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface.

2. to swim to or over to.

II. as

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ -vikios, ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \nu\dot{\iota}\kappa\eta)$  of victory.

Subst. τὸ ἐπινίκιον (sub. ἀσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θῦμα), a feast in bonour of a victory.

 $i\pi i$ -vikos, ov,  $= i\pi i \nu i \kappa ios$ .

ἐπι-νίσσομαι, fut. -νίσομαι, to go over: come upon.

emi-vlow, to snow upon. [vī]

έπι-νοέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπενόησα, but also with aor. I pass. επενοήθην in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol. to form a plan, design. Hence

emívoia, ή, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, de-

sign. II. after-thought.

έπίνομες, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.

έπινομία, ή, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

ἐπίνομος, ον, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country. έπι-νύκτιος, ον, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.

έπι-νυμφίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νύμφα) of or for a bride, bridal. έπι-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface. ἐπι-νυστάζω, f σω and έω, to drop asleep over.

ἐπι-νωμάω, f. ήσω, to bring or apply to.

distribute, assign.

έπι-νωτίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-νωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\nu\dot{\omega}$  $\tau\iota$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \nu\dot{\omega}\tau o\nu)$  on the back.

ěπί-ξανθος, ov, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares. ἐπι-ξεινόω, f ώσω, Ion. and poet, for ἐπιξενόω.

ἐπι-ξενόω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest: -Pass, to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med., ἐπιξενοῦμαι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.

ἐπι-ξέω, f. –ξέσω, to scrape on the surface. dπί-ξηνον, τό, (ἐπὶ, ξηνόε) a chopping-block, like

ἐπικόπανον: the executioner's block.

ἐπί-ξῦνος, ον, poet. for ἐπίκοινος, common to many; ἐπίξυνος ἄρουρα a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.

έπι-οίνιος, (ἐπί, οίνος) at or over wine.

έπι-οινοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

**ἔπιον**, aor. 2 of πίνω.

έπι-όπτης, ου, ό, poet for ἐπόπτης.

έπιορκέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπιώρκησα: (ἐπίορκος):--to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρός δαίμονος by a deity; τὰs βασιληίαs ἱστίαs ἐπιορκεῖν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence

έπιορκία, ή, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπί-ορκος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπίορκον δμνύναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπίορκον ἐπομνύναι to swear a bootless oath.

έπι-όσσομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὅσσε) to bave before one's eyes, foresee.

έπί-ουρος, δ, (ἐπί, οὖρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτη ἐπίουροε guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ὑῶν ἐπίουρος chief swine-berd.

έπ-ιοῦσα, ή, part. pres. fem. of ἔπειμι (είμι ibo), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

έπιούσιοs, ov, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

έπι-όψομαι, poet. for ἐπόψομαι.

ἐπί-παγχύ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

έπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

έπι-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαμαι pf. of πάομαι) Dor. for ἐπίκληροs, falling to one's sbare.

έπί-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

έπι-παρανέω, to beap up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:--Med. to provide oneself with besides.

έπι-πάρειμι, inf. - είναι, to be present at or near. to be present besides or in addition to.

έπι-πάρειμι, inf. -ιέναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. to come forward to speak.

έπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ă].--to sprinkle upon or over. Hence

έπί-παστος, ον, sprinkled on or over:--τὸ ἐπίπαστον a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster.

έπι-πάταγέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise at.

ἐπί-πεδος, ον, (ἐπί, πέδον) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; èν ἐπιπέδφ on a level:irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστεροs.

έπιπειθής, és, obedient, compliant. From

έπι-πείθομαι, f. -πείσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

έπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. 401. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the coming year

 $i\pi i - \pi \epsilon \mu \pi \tau \sigma s$ , ov, containing I and  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{8}$ ;  $\delta \dot{\alpha} v \epsilon i \sigma \mu \alpha$ enineμπτον a loan at the rate of to of the principal, or 20 per cent.

έπι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send after or again. the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon.

to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence έπίπεμψιε, εωε, ή, a sending to a place.

έπιπέπτωκα, pf. of έπιπίπτω.

έπιπέπωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.

έπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripen-

έπί-περκνος, ov, somewbat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

έπιπεσούμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

έπιπεσών, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.

έπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

έπι-πέταμαι or -πέτομαι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep.:--to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

έπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix upon. to make to freeze at top :- Pass. to congeal.

έπι-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring upon, rusb at.  $i\pi(-\pi\eta\chi v_s, v, (i\pi(,\pi\eta\chi v_s))$  above the elbow. ἐπι-πίέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

K

emi-πίλναμαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to

approach, come near.

έπι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing. ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: aor. 2 - έπιον: to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2
-έπεσον:—to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall

upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.
ἔπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλοα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. supellex.

έπιπλαγχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.

ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω, to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάγξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.

έπιπλάσας, aor. I part. of έπιπλάσσω.

ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. - ττω, f. - πλάσω [ŭ]: - to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

ἐπίπλαστος, ov, plastered over :—feigned, false.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\pi\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}ov$ ,  $Adv. = \dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\pi\lambda\dot{\epsilon}ov$ .

έπί-πλειος, ον, Ep. for ἐπίπλεος.

έπι-πλείων, ον, gen. ovos, still more.

έπι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plant into a chaplet.

έπι-πλέον, Adv., for έπὶ πλέον, still more.

 $\epsilon \pi l - \pi \lambda \epsilon o s$ , α, ον, Att.  $\epsilon \pi l \pi \lambda \epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\omega \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi l, \pi \lambda \epsilon o s)$  quite full of a thing.

\*ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ή, a sailing against; ἐπίπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

έπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. 20τ. 2 ἐπέπλων, part. ἐπιπλώς:—to sail upon or over: to float upon.

II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet.

III. to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.

έπί-πλεως, ων, Att. for έπίπλεος.

έπι-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.

im-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. fω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἔπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοοs, ον, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as ἄπλοοs from ἄμα, δίπλοοs from δίε.

**ἐπιπλόμενος**, Ep. for ἐπιπελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. omentum: also ἐπίπλοος, δ.

ěπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὁ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, hearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet.

2. a naval expedition against a place.

έπι-πλώς, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ερ. 201. 2 of ἐπιπλέω ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. 201. I part. of ἐπιπλέω.

emi-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for emiπλέω.

έπι-πνείω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

έπι-πνέω Ερ. -πνείω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐπέπνευσα:—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive: —metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. adspiro.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνῖ]

έπίπνοια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon: inspiration. ἐπι-πόδιος,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ , (ἐπί, πούς) upon the feet.

έπι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence

έπιπόθησις, εως, ή, a yearning after: and

έπιπόθητος, ov, longed for, earnestly desired: and έπι-ποθία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = έπιπόθησις.

έπι-ποιμήν, ο, ή, an over shepherd or shepherdess.

ἐπιπολάζω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

επι-πόλαιος, ov, on the surface: prominent, project-

. 2. superficial, ordinary. From

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πέλω) a surface: gen ἐπιπολῆs, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above. II. al Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

έπι-πόλιοs, ov, growing boary, grizzled.

 $\epsilon \pi i$ - $\pi o \lambda o s$ , =  $\pi \rho \circ \sigma \pi o \lambda o s$ , an attendant.

έπι-πολύ, Adv, for έπὶ πολύ, generally. έπι-πονέω, f. ήσω, to toil on, persevere.

èπί-πονος, ov, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, pains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. aegre, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαί, f. med. –πορεύσομαι, aor. 1 pass. –επορεύθην: Dep.:—to go, march to: to march over.

έπι-πόρπαμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπί, πορπάω) a mantle buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or bover over.

έπι-πρέπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseem, be befitting.

éπι-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2, to send an embassy.

έπι-πρηΰνω, Ion. for έπι-πραϋνω, = πραϋνω.

έπι-πρίω [t], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

έπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward. ἐπιπροέηκα, Ερ. aor. 1 of ἐπιπροίημι.

έπιπροέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 mf of έπιπροίημι.

em-προϊάλλω, f. άλω: aor. I -προίηλα:—to set out or place before one.

2. to send out one before or after another.

έπι-προΐημι, fut. -προήσω: 201. I -προῆκα Ep. -έηκα:—to send forth towards of at: to shoot at. II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροέηκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

enl-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

έπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θεύσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθέω (B), f. ήσω, (ἐπίπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way; ἐπιπροσθεῖν τοῖε πύργοιε to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

ἐπι-προχέω, f. –χεῶ, to pour forth over: to pour forth.

έπι-πταίρω: 201. 2 ἐπέπτάρον:—to sneeze at; viós μοι ἐπέπταρε πασιν ἔπεσσιν my son sneezed as I spoke

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, to be kindly to, favour.

έπιπτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of έπιπέτομαι.

έπιπτὕχή, ή, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap. έπι-πωλέομαι, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire: of a general, to inspect, review of an enemy, to reconnoitre. Hence

έπιπώλησις, cωs, ή, a going round, visitation.

έπι-πωτάομαι, = έπι-ποτάομαι.

έπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ήσω, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallop.

ἐπιρ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to be careless about a thing. έπιρραίνω, to sprinkle upon or over.

έπιρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew, stitch on

έπιρ-ράσσω Att. -ττω, Att. for ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπιρ-ρέζω, f. ξω, to offer sacrifices at a place; ἐπέρ- $\rho \in \sigma \kappa o \nu$  Ion. impf. 2. to sacrifice afterwards or besides.

έπιρρεπήs, és, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

έπιρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον to to fall upon. force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot.

ἐπιρρεπῶs, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπήs, favourably inclined.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota \rho - \rho \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $-\rho \epsilon \nu \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ ; aor. 2 pass (in act. sense) έπερρύην:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. to flow to or into: of men, to stream on or towards; ούπιρρέων χρόνος onward-streaming time, i.e. the

έπιρ-ρήγνῦμι, = έπιρρήσσω.

 $\epsilon \pi i \rho$ - $\rho \eta \sigma i s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon} \pi i, \dot{\rho} \dot{\eta} \sigma i s)$  a reproach.

a spell, charm.

έπιρ-ρήσσω,  $f.-\rho \eta \xi \omega$ : Att. έπιρράσσω,  $f.-\rho \alpha \xi \omega$ : to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. επιρρήσσεσκον. 2. to rend at or on bearing a thing. II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning.

έπιρ-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) to speak as an

orator to or over.

έπίρ-ρητος, ov, cried out against, infamous.

έπίρ-ρικνος, ov, sbrunk up.

έπιρ-ρίπτω and -έω: f. ψω: aor. I -έρριψα:-tocast at or upon. 2 metaph. to commit to, give up II. intr. to fall upon.

ἐπιρροή, ή, (ἐπιρρέω) an afflux, influx, a flood. έπιρροθέω, f. ήσω, to roar at, of the waves: to echo to repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh flag of a ship. against. Hence

ἐπίρ-ροθοs, ov, basting to the rescue, aiding: generally, belping in need, giving aid against. ἐπίρροθα κακά reproaches bandied back and forwards. abusive language.

έπιρ-ροιβδέω, f. ήσω, to forebode rain by croaking. Hence

ἐπιρροίβδην, Adv. with noisy fury.

έπιρ-ροιζέω, f. ήσω, to croak to or at: c. acc. cognato, έπ. φυγάs τινι to sbriek or bode flight to one. έπιρρυείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

έπιρ-ρύζω, f. ξω, (ξπί, ρύζω) to set a dog on one. έπιρ-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

ἐπίρρυτος, ον, (ἐπιρρέω) flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious. 2. metaph. overflowing,

II. overflowed, moist. abundant.

έπιρ-ρώννυμι and -ύω; fut. -ρώσω: aor. 1 - έρρωσa:-to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing: Pass. ἐπιρρώνυμαι; but the pf. ἐπέρρωμαι, plqpf. - ερρώμην are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -ερρώσθην: -- to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in aor. 1, impers., κείνοιε ἐπερρώσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

έπιρ-ρώομαι, aor. Ι -ερρωσάμην: Dep.:--to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing. II. to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at; ποσσίν ἐπερρώσαντο they moved

umbly with their feet.

έπιρρωσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρρώννυμι.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota$ -ρύομαι, v.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\rho\rho$ -.

έπισα, aor. I of πιπίσκω, to make to drink.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάττω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος a burden of disease.

έπι-σάττω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. load or saddle a horse.

έπι-σείω Ep. έπισσείω: f. σω:--to sbake at or against. 2. to wave or beckon on: hence to set at or upon one.

έπι-σεύω Ep. έπισσεύω;—to put in motion against II Pass. to burry, basten towards: one, set on. in hostile sense, to fall upon, rush at, attack: esp. in II. pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plapf. ἐπεσσύμην as impf. or aor. 2. part. ἐπεσσύμενος, to rush on, burry, basten: ἐπεσσύμενος πεδίοιο burrying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσσυτο διώκειν be basted on to follow:metaph. to be in excitement or agitation.

έπί-σημα, aτοs, τό, device upon a shield.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to set a mark or sign upon:-Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. II. to give a sign of approval :- Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

έπί-σημος, ον, (έπί, σημα) baving a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined. 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. σημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a deor answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: vice: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or

έπ-ίσης, for έπ' ἴσης [sc. μοίρας], equally.

ἐπι-σίζω, to set on, as a dog.

ἐπί-σῖμος, ον, (ἐπί, σιμός) somewbat flat-nosed. έπι-στμόω, f. ώσω, to turn aside one's course.

έπι-σιτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω:—to furnish with food: -Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. acc., ἐπισιτίζεσθαι τὸ στράτευμα to provision the army; ξπισιτίζεσθαι άριστον to provide oneself with a meal.

έπισίτισις, εως, ή, and έπισίτισμα,  $τ \delta$ , = sq. έπιστισμός, δ, (ἐπισιτίζω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions.

ent-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig superficially.

έπι-σκεδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon. ἐπι-σκέλζοις, εως, ή, (ἐπί, σκέλοι) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.

έπι-σκεπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.

έπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.

έπι-σκέπω, to cover over.

ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

έπισκευαστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who restores.

έπι-σκευή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.

ξπίσκεψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection.
 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

έπί-σκηνος, ον, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent. ἐπι-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, to lodge in a tent: generally,

to stay, abide at a place.

em-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. Il. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.

έπι-σκίάζω, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασμαι:—to tbrow a sbade upon, oversbadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαθραῖον ὅμμ' ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch. ἐπί-σκίος, ον, (ἐπί, σκιά) oversbadowed.

2. act. sbading, c. gen.

έπι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι (from -σκέπτομαι): aot. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to vatch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὀνείροι οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.

emi-σκοπος, δ, (σκοπός 1) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop.

II. a scout, watch.

emi-σκοπος, ον, (σκοπός 11) bitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπίσκοπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.

έπι-σκοτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, σκότοι) to throw darkness or a shadow over.

έπι-σκύζομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.

έπι-σκύθίζω, f. low Att. τω, to ply with drink like a Scytbian.

έπι-σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, to look savage.

**ἐπι-σκύνιον**, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὀφρύε, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughliness.

ἐπισκύσσαιτο, Ep. 201. 1 opt. med. of ἐπισκύζομαι. ἐπι-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence ἐπίσκωψις, εωε, ή, raillery.

έπι-σμάω, inf. –σμῆν, f. –σμήσω, to rub or smear over. ἐπι-σμῦγερόs, ά, όν, (ἐπί, σμυγερόs = μογερόs) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμυγερῶs, sadly, to bis cost.

ἐπισπαστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἐπισπάω) the handle by which a door is pulled to.

II. a fishing-line, angle. ἐπίσπαστος, η, ον, drawn upon oneself.

II.

ἐπίσπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From

ἐπι-σπάω, f. –σπάσω [ἄ]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause.

2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med.

3. ἐπισπάν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to.

4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain. ἐπισπέν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.

έπι-σπείρω, f. ερώ, to sow with seed: to sow among.

έπισπείσας, aor. 1 part. of έπισπένδω.

έπίσπεισις, εως, ἡ, a libation at a sacrifice. From έπι-σπένδω, f. σπείσω, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

ἐπισπερχής, έs, burried, eager:—Adv. -χῶs. From ἐπι-σπέρχω, ſ. ξω, to urge on, basten. II. intr. to burry on, rage furiously.

έπισπέσθαι, aor. 2 mf. med. of έφέπω.

ent-σπεύδω, f. σω, to urge on, promote, further. II. intr. to basten onward.

έπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of έφέπω.

έπισπονδή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.

έπισπορία, ή, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.

έπίσπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: ol ἐπίσποροι posterity.

ἐπι-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make baste in a thing.

έπίσπω, ηε, η, έπίσποιμι, οιε, οι, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part.

έπισ-σείω, έπισσεύω, Ερ. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισεύω. ἐπίσ-σύτος, ον, (ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω)

burrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.

έπίσσωτρον, Ερ. for έπίσωτρον, a tire.

έπίστα, for επίστασαι, 2 sing of επίσταμαι.

ἐπιστάδόν, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly. ἐπι-στάζω, f. –στάξω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.

έπι-σταθμάσμαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.

ἐπί-σταθμος, ον, at, belonging to a lodging or station. ἐπίστα μαι, 2 pers. ἐπίστασα poèt. ἐπίστα Ion. ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπίστα του: impf. ἡπιστάμην Ερ. ἐπιστάμην: fut. med. ἐπιστήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡπιστήθην: Dep.: (ἐπί, στημι). I. c. inf. to know bow to do: to be capable of doing.

II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, η, ον, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέμου skilled or versed in war.

έπισταμένως, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) skilfully, expertly.

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπίστἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking. II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a balt in a march. 2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety. ἐπιστἄτεὐω, f. σω, and

έπιστάτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπιστάτηs) to bave charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over.

II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτηs) in the assembly.

III. to

stand by, be present.

έπιστάτης, ου, ό, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἄθλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athen, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτανις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.

έπιστάτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.

ἐπιστέαται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι. ἐπιστέατο, Ion. for ἡπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.

έπι-στείβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.

\*\*em·στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.

\*\*m·στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.

\*\*m·στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.

-εστάλθην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ἄ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—

to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given.

2. to announce, give intelligence. II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in, tighten.

έπι-στενάζω, f. άξω, to groan over. έπι-στενάχω οι -στενάχομαι, = έπιστένω.

έπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.

έπι-στεφάνοω, f. ώσω, to deck with a garland. έπιστεφής, έs, crowned to the brim; κρητήραs έπι-

στεφέαs οίνοιο goblets brimming over with wine. ἐπι-στέφω, ί. ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητῆραs ἐπεστέψαντο ποτοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., χοὰs ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour

to the dead.

έπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.

έπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι. ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom.

2. scientific knowledge,

science: in plur. the sciences.

έπιστημι, Ion. for ἐφίστημι. ἐπιστήμων, or, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.

έπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.

ἐπιστητός, ή, όν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.

έπι-στίλβω, to glisten on the surface.

έπ-ίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, Ιστίη) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst.. ἐπ-ίστιον, τό, a dock for sbips.

ἐπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [ἄ]

έπιστολεύς, έωε, δ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary. II. a vice-admiral.

έπιστολή, ή, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστο-λῆε by command.
2. c. letter, Lat. epistola.

έπι-στομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a borse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag.

II. to throw down on the face.

έπι-στονάχέω, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.

έπι-στορέννυμι, shorter -στόρνυμι or -στρώννυμι: f. -στρώσω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass. - έστρωμαι:--to strew or spread out upon.

έπιστράτεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (έπιστρατεύω) a march

or expedition against one.

έπιστράτευσις, εως, ή, = ἐπιστρατεία. From ἐπι-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med. ἐπι-στράτητη, lon. for ἐπιστρατεία.

έπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to encamp over against. έπιστράφείς, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπιστραφήναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ sub<sub>1</sub>.

έπίστρεπτος, ον, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at: hence, to be admired.

έπι-στρεφής, ές, turning towards: attentive, careful, sbarp, sbrewd. Adv. έπιστρεφῶε Ion. -έωε, earnestly, sbarply. From

έπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:---to turn or direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. έπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [ἄ]:-to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or converted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. eneστραμμένος, η, ον, = επιστρεφής, earnest, pressing, vebement.

ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways, turning right and left.

έπιστροφή, ή, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about.

11. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice.

2. a moving about in a place; δωμάτων ἐπιστροφοί occupation of the palace.

ἐπίστροφος, ον, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: con-

cerned with or in.

έπι-στρώννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι. ἐπι-στρωφάω, f. ήσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but

επι-στρωφάω, t. ήσω, Frequent. of επιστρέφω; but morty intr., like Med. έπιστρέφομα, to wisit or frequent a place: to occupy one's bouse: also to come to. έπίστω, for επίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of επίσταμαι.

έπι-συνάγω, f. áξω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence

έπισυνάγωγή, ή, an assembling together at a place. έπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.

έπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

against. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. - έστην, pf. | -έστηκα, to conspire against. έπι-συντρέχω, f. -δραμοῦμαι, to run together to. έπίσυρμα, ατος, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From έπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. anything in a careless way, to slur over. έπισύστασις, εως, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult. έπι-σφάζω, f. ξω, to slaughter over or besides, immolate. έπι-σφαλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαληναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious. έπι-σφάττω, f. εω, later form of ἐπισφάζω. έπι-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight, fasten. έπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence έπισφράγιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who seals or signs. έπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρόν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves  $(\kappa\nu\eta\mu\hat{\imath}\delta\epsilon s)$  over the ancle: a covering for the ancle. έπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at band. έπισχεθείν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \chi \omega$ . έπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \chi \omega$ . έπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees. έπισχεσία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse. έπίσχεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, bindrance: delay, reluctance.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\iota\sigma\chi\dot{\upsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\upsilon}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{\upsilon}$ ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong: -to be urgent. έπ-ίσχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to bold or direct towards. II. to keep in, bold in, check. intr. to leave off, desist. **ἐπισχών**, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω. έπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρόs) to beap, pile up. ἐπί-σωτρον Ερ. ἐπίσσ-, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the felloe of the wheel, the tire. έπιταγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From **ἐπιτἄγῆναι,** aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτά**σ**σω. ἐπίταγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order. ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές. έπιτακτήρ, ηροs, δ, and έπιτάκτης, ου, δ, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander. έπίτακτος, ον, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, command-II. drawn up, behind; οἱ ἐπίτακτοι, the reserve in an army. έπι-ταλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more. έπιτάμη**ς** [ἄ], 2 sing. 2 or. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω. έπι-τάμνω, Ion. for έπιτέμνω. έπι-τανύω, poët. for ἐπιτείνω, to stretch over. ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order;

ἐπίταξιε τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

yet more.

defender, ally.

έπι-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. 1 -έταξα:--Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:-to set over, put in 2. to enjoin, order: - Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τά ἐπιτασσύμενα orders given. II. to place bebind or in reserve a also, to place next or beside. ἐπι-τάφιος, ον, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq. ἐπι-τἄχύνω, f. ὄνῶ, to basten on, urge forward. ϵπιτϵῖλαι, aor. I inf. of ϵπιτϵλλω. έπι-τείνω, f. -τενω: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:--Pass, aor. Ι –ετάθην [ἄ]: pf. –τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or 2. to draw tight; to increase, heighten: to over. urge, excite: - Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure. ἐπι-τειχίζω, f, ίσω Att. ιῶ, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence έπιτείχισις, εως, ή, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and έπιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\tau\epsilon\iota\chi\iota\sigma\mu\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\tau\epsilon\dot{\iota}\chi\iota\sigma\iota s$ . έπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish. έπι-τελέω, f. έσω, to complete, finisb: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελεῖσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήρως to bave to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτελείσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death. έπι-τελής, έs, (ἐπί, τέλοs) brought to an end, accomplished, fulfilled.  $\epsilon \pi \iota - \tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , fut,  $-\tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I $-\epsilon \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha$ : pf.  $-\tau \epsilon \tau \alpha \lambda \kappa \alpha$ : -to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to: - so also in Med. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars. έπι-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμω: aor. 2 -έταμον: -to make a cut or incision into, gash. sbort: to abridge. ἐπί-τεξ, εκοs, ή, (ἐπί, τεκεῖν) at the birth, about to bring forth. έπιτερπήs, és, pleasing, delightful. From έπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in. έπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of έπιτείνω. **ἐπιτετήδευκα**, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω. έπιτέτραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω. έπιτετράφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω. ἐπι-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make for. έπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence έπι-ταράσσω Att. –ττω, f. ξω, to trouble or disquiet έπιτέχνησις, εως, ή, contrivance for a purpose. έπιτήδειος, α, ον, Ιοη. έπιτήδεος, η, ον, (έπιτηδέ**ε**) έπιτάρροθος, δ, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a belper, made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ έπίτασις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining. έπιτήδεια the necessaries of life. 2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. necessarius.

έπιτηδειότης, ητος, ή, fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose.

έπιτηδείως Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἐπιτήδειος, suitably,

serviceably.

έπι-τηδές, later ἐπί-τηδες, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τάδε, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. consulto: designedly, artfully. έπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. studium, institutum.

έπιτήδευσις, εως, ή, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From

ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδές); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of  $\epsilon \pi i$  with  $\tau \eta \delta \epsilon i \omega$  (which does not exist), aor. Ι ἐπετήδευσα, pf. ἐπιτετήδευκα: -to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. studere rei: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:-Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

έπίτηκτος, ov, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfest. From

έπι-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted. έπι-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to look out or watch for.

έπι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: pf. -τέθεικα: 2. to set upon, turn or in-—to put or lay upon. cline towards. II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; ήμεν άνακλίναι πυκινόν νέφος ήδ' έπιθείvas both to roll back the thick cloud and put it IV. to III. to put to besides, to add. put on, as a last touch or finish. V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message. VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, 201. 2  $-\epsilon\theta\dot{\epsilon}\mu\eta\nu$ : to put on oneself or for oneself. 2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

έπι-τιμάω, f. ήσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. aestimare: to value, bonour, shew bonour 2. to raise in price: - Pass. to rise in II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise. 2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

έπιτίμησις, εως, ή, a reproving, rebuking: and έπιτζμητής, οῦ, ὁ, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser; ἐπιτιμητής ἔργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτῖμητικός, ή, όν, censorious.

έπιτιμήτωρ, ορος, δ, (έπιτιμάω) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ή, (ἐπίτιμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges. II. rebuke: punishment.

έπι-τίμιος, ον, (ἐπί, τιμή) done in one's bonour. τὸ ἐπιτίμιον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the bonour due to a person. the assessment of damages, penalty; τάπιτίμια τη̂s δυσσεβείαs the wages of ungodliness.

έπί-τιμος, ον. (ἐπί, τιμή) in bonour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to **άτιμος**.

έπι-τίτθιος, ον, (ἐπί, τίτθη) still at the breast, sucking. έπι-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to wound on the surface. έπι-τίω, f. -τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish. \*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπ-

έτλην inf. έπιτληναι:-to bear patiently, submit. έπιτλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of \*έπιτλάω.

έπιτολή, ή, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

έπι-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to submit or endure to do. ἐπίτονος, ον, (ἐπιτείνω) stretched, strained.

as Subst., ἐπίτονοs (sub. ἰμάs), ὁ, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

έπιτόσσαις, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

έπιτραπέουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of έπιτρέπω.

έπι-τράπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

έπι-τρεπτέον, verb. Adj. one must permit. From έπι-τρέπω, f. ψω: aor. I – έτρεψα, aor 2 – έτραπον: -- Med., f. Ion. -τράψομαι: aor. 2 -ετρἄπόμην:--Pass., Ion. aor. Ι -ετράφθην: aor. 2 -ετράπην [ἄ]: -to turn to or towards: Med. to incline to. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:-Pass. to be entrusted; & ἐπιτετράφαται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτετραμμένοι είσί) to whose charge they bave been committed; "Ωραις μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτέτραπται (3 sing. pf.); την ἀρχην ἐπιτραφθείε entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to make over to one's beir, leave, bequeath. III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

έπι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:-Pass.

to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

έπι-τρέχω, fut. Ι -θρέξομαι, 201. Ι -έθρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιδρέμω) fut. -δράμοῦμαι, 201. 2 - έδράμον: pf. -δεδράμηκα, pf. 2 ἐπιδέδρομα:-to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly. run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country. 3. to run over, treat lightly of, Lat. oratione percur-III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for. ἐπίτρεψον, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of

ἐπιτρέπω. έπι-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [ $\tilde{t}$ ]:—to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:-Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

έπίτριπτος, ον, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, backneyed.

έπί-τρίτοs, ov, one and one-third, I + 1, or 4: -- έπίτριτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of \( \frac{1}{8} \) of the principal, i. e. 33\frac{1}{3} per cent. per annum.

έπι-τροπαίος, α, ον, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated. ἐπιτροπεία, ή, (ἐπιτροπεύω) guardiansbip.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ mi-τρόπευσις,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ πιτροπεία. Hence

11.

dian.

έπντροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροποε) to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor.

έπιτροπή, ή, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person. an arbitration.

έπίτροπος, δ, (ἐπιτρέπω) one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

έπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently. έπίτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

έπι-τρύζω, to murmur beside or over.

έπι-τρώγω, f. -τρωξομαι: 201. 2 -έτραγον:---to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

έπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:--to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to bit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor 2 part., δ ξπιτυχών, like δ τυχών, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

έπι-τυμβίδιος, a, ov, (ἐπί, τύμβος) at or over a II. of the crested lark, with a crest or tomb. top-knot.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ον, ≔ ἐπιτυμβίδιοε.

έπι-τύφω [v], f. -θύψω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

έπιτυχείν, aor. 2 inf. of έπιτυγχάνω.

έπιτυχής, ές, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) bitting the mark, effective, successful.

 $\epsilon$ πιφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\epsilon$ πεσθίω.

 $\ell m$ - $\phi a i v \omega$ , f.  $-\phi a v \hat{\omega}$ : aot.  $I - \epsilon \phi \eta v a$ :—to shew forth, 2. intr. (sub. φωs) to shine upon. Pass. and Med. to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

ěπιφάνεια, ή, the appearance, manifestation.

the surface, outside, of anything.

ἐπιφάνείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίνω.

έπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup of έπιφανῶε.

ἐπιφανήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence έπιφανής, ές, (ἐπιφανῆναι) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph. famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

 $\dot{\epsilon}m$ - $\dot{\phi}avia$  (sub.  $\dot{\epsilon}\epsilon\rho\dot{a}$ ),  $\omega\nu$ ,  $\tau\dot{a}$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}m$ : $\phi\alpha\nu\hat{n}\nu\alpha$ !) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

έπί-φαντος, ον, (ἐπιφαίνομαι) visible, alive.

έπιφανώς, Adv. of έπιφανής, openly.

έπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, φάτνη) at the manger.

έπι-φαύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φάοs) to shine upon. έπι-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. s -- ήνεγκα: aor. 2 - ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon; επιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer: -- Med. to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεσθαί τινι, to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:

emispomeurikos, h, ov, fit for the office of guar- | -absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after.

> έπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φήμη) to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence έπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

έπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ă], to arrive at, reach first.

έπιφθάs, aor. 2 of έπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπίφθημι. έπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said.

έπι-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to grudge or withbold from jealousy. II. to bear bate against.

έπί-φθονος, ov, liable to envy or jealousy. act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

ἐπιφθόνωs, Adv. so as to provoke envy. Il. at

έπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. sem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα. έπι-φίλοπονέομαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

έπι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire, burn up. taph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illus-II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

ėπί-φοβος, ov, frightful, terrible, fearful. 11. pass. timid.

έπι-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

έπιφορά, ή, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally an addition.

έπι-φορέω, f. ήσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on

έπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert.

ἐπίφορος, ον, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. of III. prone or inclined to a thing. ground, sloping. έπι-φράζω, f. σω, to say after or besides.

Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. 1 -εφράσάμην, and aor. - εφράσθην: -- to think of doing, be minded to 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive. notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

έπιφρασσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt. of έπιφράζω.

έπι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to be shrewd, prudent.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπίφρων) thoughtfulness.

έπί-φρουρος, ον. (ἐπί, φρουρά) keeping watch by.

ἐπί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, φρήν) thoughtful. έπι-φύλιος, ον, (ἐπί, φῦλή) distributed to tribes.

έπι-φυλλίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, φύλλον) the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

έπι-φυτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon.

έπι-φύω, f. ύσω [v]:-to make to grow upon. Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφῦν, pf. ἐπιπέφῦκα, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

έπι-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to tell of, mention.

ἐπι-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶε) to grow towards dawn.

έπι-χαίνω, to gape for.

imi-yalow, f. - γαιρήσω, to rejoice over: c. acc., σè

μέν εὖ πράσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to shew malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρῆναι.

έπι-χαλαζάω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower bail upon. επι-χαλάω, f. άσω | a], to relax, loosen. II. intr.

to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose. έπί-χαλκος, ον, covered with copper, coppered

έπιχαρήναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of έπιχαίρω.

έπιχαρής, ές, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeabl... έπι-χαρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ζοῦμαι: Dep.:—to

grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαρίτται (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένφ

be gracious to the stranger.

έπί-χάρις, ιτος, ό, ή, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριτώτερος, -ιτώτατος, as if from ἐπιχάρι-TOS, OV.

έπιχαρίτται, Dot. aor. I imperat. for έπιχαρίσαι. ἐπίχαρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malig-

nant 10y: a feeling of such 10y.

έπίχαρτος, ον, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delight-II. to be exulted over, έχθροις ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

έπι-χειλής, έs, (ἐπί, χείλοs) full to the brim. έπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \chi \epsilon \iota \rho \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi \iota, \chi \epsilon \iota \rho)$  to put one's band to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

έπιχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and έπιχείρησις, εως, ή, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

έπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

έπιχειρητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

έπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χείρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

έπι-χειροτονέω, f ήσω, to ratify a proposed decree,

strictly, by show of bands. Hence

έπιχειροτονία, ή, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of bands.

έπιχεθαι, Ep. for έπιχέαι, aor. I inf. of έπιχέω.

έπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. I -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχεύω, aor. I  $-\epsilon \chi \epsilon v \alpha$ , inf.  $-\chi \epsilon \hat{v} \alpha i := to pour over or upon:$ shed upon. II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to bave poured out for one to drink. III. Pass., pf. κέχυμαι, plqpf. κεχύμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:-to spread over like a flood, inundate.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\chi\theta\delta\nu\iota$ os,  $o\nu$ , or a,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \chi\theta\dot{\omega}\nu)$  upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., επιχθόνιοι, ol, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ον, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

έπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in bonour of a thing: to come dancing on.

έπι-χορηγέω, f. ήσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

έπιχορηγία, ή, a supply in addition. έπι-χραίνω, to stain, colour.

έπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack. έπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I - έχρησα:--to lend II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to bave dealings, be friends with one.

έπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

έπι-χρίω, f ίσω [i], to anoint, besmear: - Med. to anoint oneself.

έπί-χρύσος, ov, overlaid or plated with gold.

έπι-χρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

έπιχυθείς, aor. I part. pass. of έπιχέω.

έπίχυσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

έπι-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

έπι-χωριάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the babit of coming to, Lat. ventitare.

έπι-χώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. - iws, in the fashion of the country.

έπι-ψάκάζω, old Att. for έπιψεκάζω.

έπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument. έπι-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

έπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

έπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

έπι-ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to put to the vote, put the question: -Med. to confirm or decree by vote: -Pass. to be appointed by vote.

έπί-ψογος, ov, exposed to blame, blameable.

act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπ-ἴωγαί, ῶν, αἰ, (ἐπί, ἰωγή) places sbeltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part, of ἔπειμι (εἶμι ibo).

ἐπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

έπλάθην  $[\bar{a}]$ , aor. I pass. of πελάζω. **ἔπλάσα** Ερ. **ἔπλασσα, 2**01. 1 of πλάσσω,

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ πλε, for  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ πελε, 3 sing. impf. of πέλω: so,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ πλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing, impf. med.: ἔπλευ for ἐπέλευ, ἐπέλου; ἔπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

έπλεξα, 20r. 1 of πλέκω.

έπλήγην, aor. 2 pass, of πλήσσω.

ἔπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

έπλήσθην, aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἔπλων, 201. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἔπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of πνέω. έπ-όδια, έπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for έφόδια, -ιάζω.

έπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

έποδώκει, reputed to be Ion. for έφ-ωδώκει, 3 singplapf. of eq-odow, to bring on the way.

έπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.

eπ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it.

Il. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence

έπ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build upon or besides.

to build up, build again, rebuild.

ers. II. as Subst. εποικοs, ό, a sojourner, stranger.
2. a colonist, settler in a colony.
3. a neighbour.

έπ-οικτείρω, to have compassion on.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -οικτίζω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , =  $\epsilon \pi οικτείρω$ . Hence

έποίκτιστος, ον, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.

έπ-οικτος, ον, (ἐπί, οἶκτος) piteous.

ἐπ-οιμώζω, f. –οιμώξομαι, to wail over.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -οίσω, fut. of  $\epsilon \pi \iota \phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ .

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -οιχν $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ οίχομαι.

em-olyopa, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep to go towards, approach: to draw near to.

2. to go against, attack.

II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artems, to visit with death.

2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; toτον εποίχεσθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam.

3. to go over, traverse.

ëπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.

έπ-οκριόεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.

έπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.

ἐπ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a cry of triumph at.

έπομαι, to follow, Dep. from έπω, q. v.

έπομβρέω, f. ήσω, to rain upon; and

έπομβρία, ή, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αὐχμός (drought). From

ἔπ-ομβρος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅμβρος) rainy: wet.

έπ-όμνῦμι and -ὑω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα: —to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύναι τοὺν θεούν to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσαν εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.

έπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of έπόμνυμι.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -ομφάλιος,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(\epsilon \pi \ell$ ,  $\delta \mu \phi \delta \lambda \delta \delta$ ) upon the navel of a shield, on the boss.

έπόνασα, Dor. aor. 1 of πονέω.

έπ-ονειδίζω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence έπονείδιστος, ον, to be reproached, disgraceful.

act. reproachful. Adv. -τωs, shamefully.

έπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to surname:—generally, to call by a name; έπονομάζειν όνομά τινοs to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.

έποπαs, acc. pl. of έποψ.

in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.

έποποῖ, a cry to mimic that of the boopoe (ἔποψ). ἐποποιῖα, ἡ, epic poetry. From

ἐπο-ποιός, όν, (ἔπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry: as Subst., ἐποποιός, ὁ, an epic poet.

έπ-οπτάω, f. ήσω, to roast besides or after.

έπ-οπτεύω, f. σω. Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὅψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish.

Il. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

έπ-οπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\hat{\epsilon}\pi \delta \pi \tau \eta s$ , of tutelary gods.

έπ-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπόψομαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher.

II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.

έπ-οράω, Ion. for έφοράω.

έπ-ορέγω, f. ξω, to bold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενοs, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.

 $\epsilon \pi$ - $o \rho \epsilon \omega$ , Ion. for  $\epsilon \phi o \rho \alpha \omega$ .

έπ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὅρθιοι) to set upright: ικτι. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορθιάζειν γόοις to lift up the voice in wailing

έπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβόας) to utter

with a loud shout.

έπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for έφορκίζω, to adjure.

έπ-ορμέω, Ion. for έφορμέω.

ἐπ-όρνυμι and -ύω: fut. -όρσω: aor. I - ῶρσα: (ἐπί, ὅρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -ορούω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

έπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἔπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.

'ΕΠΟΣ, εος, τό, a word; κατ ἔπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. It is used also of 1. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἔπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lytic poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.

έποτίσα, aor. I of ποτίζω.

έπ-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.

έπ-οτρύνω, f. ὔνῶ, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to basten on.

έπ-ουραίος, α, ον, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.

έπ-ουράνιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in beaven, bea-

enly. 2. in plur. as Subst., =  $\theta \in oi$ .

έπουρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 201. I -ούρισα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to belp onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

ξπ-ουρος, ον, (ἐπί, οὖρος) blowing favourably.
 ἐπ-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

έπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.

ἐποχέω, f. ήσω, (ἔποχοι) to carry towards or upon:
 —Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -ox $\theta$ (8 $\cos$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i. \delta \chi \theta \eta)$  on the mountains.

ἔποχον, τό, the saddlecloth, bousing. From ἔποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόγοι μανίας εποχοι words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: keeping one's seat. "ΕΠΟΨ, oπos, δ, the hoopoe, so called from its cry, Lat. upupa. έπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) to eat with or as sauce. έπ-οψίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) used to eat with bread. έπ-**όψιμος,** ον, (ἐπόψομαι) to be looked on. ểπ-όψιοs, ον, also a, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψιs) visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious. II. act. overlooking all things. ἔπ-οψις, εως, δ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) a view over; ἔποψις τοῦ ipoù the view commanded by the temple: generally, the view or sight of a thing. έπόψομαι, fut. of έφοράω, formed from \*ἐπόπτομαι. έπράθην [ā], aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ πράθον, aor. 2 of  $\pi \epsilon \rho \theta \omega$ . έπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for έπρησα, aor. 1 of πρήθω. **ἐπρήθην,** Ιου. aor. 1 pass. of πιπράσκω. έπρηξα, Ion. for έπραξα, aor. I of πράσσω. **ἔπρησα**, aor. 1 of πρήθω. έπριάμην, ίω, ίἄτο, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι. 'EΠΤΑ', oi, ai, τά, indecl., SEVEN, Lat. SEPTEM, Germ. SIEBEN. έπτα-βόειος, ον, (έπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides. έπτά-βοιος, ον, (έπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides. έπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (έπτά, γλώσσα) seven-tongued, seven-toned. έπτά-δραχμος, ον, (έπτά, δραχμή) worth seven dracbms. έπτα-ετής, ές, (έπτά, έτος) seven years old. П. of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv, for seven years. έπτά-ζωνος, ον, (έπτά, ζώνη) seven-zoned, of the planetary system. έπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω. έπτα-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. seventeen. έπτάκις, also έπτάκι, (έπτά) Adv. seven times. έπτακισ-μύριοι, αι, α, seventy thousand. έπτακισ-χίλιοι, ai, a, seven thousand. έπτά-κλϊνος, ον, (έπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches or beds. ἐπτἄκόσιοι, αι, α, (ἐπτά) seven bundred. έπτα-κότυλος, ον, (έπτά, κοτύλη) bolding seven έπτά-κτύπος, ον, seven-toned, with seven chords. έπτά-λογχος, ον, (έπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of seven troops of spear-men. έπτά-λοφος, ον, (έπτά, λόφος) seven-billed. έπτάμην [ἄ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι. έπτά-μηνος, ον, (έπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month. έπτά-μίτος, ον, (έπτά, μίτος) of seven strings. ἐπτά-μὕχος, ov, with seven recesses. έπταξα, Dor. 20r. 1 of πτήσσω. έπτά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, seven cubits long.

έπτα-πόδης, ου, ό, (έπτά, πούς) seven feet long.

έπτά-πορος, ov, with seven tracks or paths. έπτά-πους, δ, ή, neut. πουν, seven feet long. έπτά-πύλος, ον, (έπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian Thebes, which was ξκατόμπυλοι. έπτά-πυργος, ov, seven-towered. ἔπτάρον, aor. 2 of πταίρω. έπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -pous, ουν, with seven channels or beds, of the Nile. έπτά-στολος, ov, consisting of seven bodies of men. έπτά-στομος, ον, (έπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed. έπτα-τειχής, ές, (έπτά, τείχος) with seven walls. έπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι. ἐπτά-τονος, ον, seven-toned. έπτά-φθογγος, ον, (έπτά, φθογγή) seven-toned. έπτά-φωνος, ον, (έπτά, φωνή) seven-voiced. επτάχα, (ἐπτά) Adv. in seven parts. έπτ-έτης, εs, fem. έπτέτις, ιδος, (έπτά, έτος) seven years old. ἔπτην, 201. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτημι. **ἔπτηξα,** aor. 1 of πτήσσω. ἔπτίκα, pf. act., ἔπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω. έπτοίηθεν, poet. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass of πτοέω. έπτοίημαι, poet. pf. pass. of πτο έω. έπτοίησα, poet. aor. 1 of πτοέω. έπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι. έπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for έφυδρος. ἐπϋθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι. ἐπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἔπος, a versicle. "ΕΠΩ, poet. impf.  $\xi \pi o \nu$ : f.  $\xi \psi \omega$ : aor. 2  $\xi \sigma \pi o \nu$ , inf. σπείν, part. σπών:-- Med. έπομαι: 1mpf. είπόμην Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔψομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπόμην, imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέο Ep. σπεῖο, inf. σπέσθαι: I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy about. II. Med. to follow, Lat. sequi: to attend, 2. in hostile sense, to pursue. to obey. follow with the mind, understand; Lat. mente assegui. έπφδή, ή, contr. from έπαοιδή (ἐπάδω) a song over: an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell. ἐπώδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπφδή. ἐπφδόs, όν, contr. of ἐπαοιδόs, (ἐπάδω) singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen. acting as a charm for or against. 2. sung or said after. II. Subst., ἐπφδόs, ὁ, ἡ, an enchanter or enchantress, wizard or witch. ΙΙΙ. ἐπφδός, ή, a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim. and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure, except Elegiac; used by Horace. ἐπ-ώδῦνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) painful.  $\epsilon \pi - \omega \zeta \omega$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \omega)$  to wail over. έπ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω, to push upon or into. έπωκειλα, 20r. Ι of ἐποκέλλω.  $\epsilon\pi$ - $\omega\lambda\epsilon$ vios,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon\pi\epsilon, \omega\lambda\epsilon\nu\eta)$  upon the arm. έπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ωμος) on the shoulders. έπ-ωμίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, ὧμος) the upper part of the sboulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. the bighest part of a ship. έπώμοσα, 20r. I of έπόμνυμι.

ἐπώμοτος, ον, (ἐπόμνυμι) on oath, sworn.
pass. sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.

\*\*emwviμla, ή, (ἐπώνυμος) a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπί τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σχεῖν χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one. 2. a name significant of fate. II. generally, a name.

έπωνύμιος, α, ον, poet. for ἐπώνυμοε.

\*\*π-ώντριος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅνυμα Αcol. for ὅνομα) named after some person or thing; ὅνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; 'Αλκυόνην καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called. II. act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving bis name to the current year.

έπωπάω, to look over, observe. From

ěπ-ωπή, ή, (ἐπί, ἄψ) a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.

ἐπώπτων, impf. of ἐποπτάω.

έπώρα, Ion. for ἐφεώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω. έπώρσα, aor. 1 of ἐπόρνυμι.

έπῶρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass, of ἐπόρνυμι.

έπωτίδες, ίδων, al, (ἐπί, οὖs) beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.

έπ-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to belp in a thing, to be of use or service in. Hence

έπωφέλημα, ατος, τό, a succour, store.

ἐπωφελία, ή, (ἐπωφελέω) belp, profit, advantage. ἐπώχατο, 3 pl. Acol. and Ion. plapf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πᾶσαι γὰρ [πύλαι] ἐπώχατο all were sbut to.

έπφχόμην, impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.

\*EPA, \$\delta\$, the Lat. terra, earth: only found in Adv. \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) arth.

EPAMAI, Ep. 2 pl. ἐράασθε: impf. ἡράμην:— Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: aor. I ἡράσθην: aor. I med. ἡρἄσάμην:—to love, desire, long after.

έρἄνιζω, f. σω, (ξρανος) to ash for contributions: to collect by way of contribution.

II. to give a contribution.

Hence

έρανιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a contributor to an ξρανος or club. έραννός, ή, όν, (ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

**Γράνος**, δ, a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή. Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival.

2. any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service.

3. a club or society.

ερασδε, Dor. for εραζε.

έρασί-μολπος, ον, (ξράω, μολπή) loving song.

έρασι-χρήματος, ον, (έραω, χρήματα) loving money, eovetous, avaricious.

έράσμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ξράω) lovely, beloved. ξρασσαι, Εp. for ξρασαι, 2 sing. of ξραμαι.

έράσσατο, Ερ. for ήράσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἔραμαι. ἐραστεύω, f. σω, = ἐράω, to love, desire.

**ἐραστήs**, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔραμαι) a lover: metaph. an adberent, partizan.

έραστός, ή, όν, (ἐράω) beloved, lovely.

έρατεινός, ή, όν, (ἐράω) lovely: welcome.

έρατίζω, = ἐράω, to desire extremely, be greedy for. ἐρατόs, ή, όν, poët. for ἐραστόs, beloved: lovely.

έρατό-χροος, ου, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ξρατός, χρόα) of face or complexion.

έρατύω, Dor. for έρητύω.

Έρἄτώ, οῦs, ἡ, (ἐρατόs) Erăto, Lovely, one of the nine Muses.

2. one of the Oceanides.

**ΈΡΑ'Ω**, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I pass. ήράσθην used in act. sense: see ξραμα:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ξρῶν a lover; ἡ ξρωμένη the beloved:—Dep. ξράσμαι in same sense is very rare.

έργάζομαι, fut. έργάσομαι Dor. έργαξοῦμαι: aor. I εἰργασάμην: pf. εἰργασμαι Ion. ἔργασμαι, both un act. and pass. sense: but ἐργασθήσομαι, aor. I εἰργασθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἔργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρῆμ' ἐργάζεται the matter works, i. e. goes on. II. trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. 2. to work at or in; ἐργάζεσθαι χρυσόν to work in gold. 3. to earn by working. 4. to make, build: also to produce, cause. III. to work at a trade, drive a trade.

ἔργάθον, Εp. for εἴργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἴργω; inf. ἐργάθεῖν.

έργαλείου Ion. -ήιου, τό, (έργου) a tool, instru-

ἐργαξῆ, Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of ἐργάζομαι. ἐργάσείω, Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.

έργασία, ή, (έργάζομαι) work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; έργασίαν δός take pains to do.

11. a working at a thing; busbandry, tillage; έργασία μετάλλων working of mines.

2. workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art.

3. gain, earnings, profit.

έργάσιμος, ον, (έργάζομαι) to be worked, that can

be worked: of land, arable.

έργασμαι, Ion. for είργασμαι, pf. of εργάζομαι.

έργαστέον, verb. Adj. of έργαζομαι, one must work the land.

2. one must do.

ἐργαστήρ, ῆροε, ὁ, (ἐργάζομαι) a workman, farmer. ἐργαστήριον, τό, (ἐργάζομαι) a worksbop, manufactory, sbop.

ἐργαστικόs, ή, όν, (ἐργάζομαι) fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.

έργάτης, ου, δ, (ἔργον) a workman, husbandman: a practitioner, worker. II. as Adj. hard-working, diligent, energetic. [α]

έργατικός, ή, όν, (ξργάζομαι) = ξργαστικός.

 $\epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \tau i \nu \eta s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \dot{\epsilon} \rho \gamma \dot{\alpha} \tau \eta s$ . [ $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ]

έργάτζε, ιδοε, fem. of έργάτηε, a work-woman: a bireling, mercenary woman.

II. as Adj. working at. [α]

ξργμα, ατος, τό, = ξργον, a work, deed.

έργμα, ατοε, τό, (είργω, έρκοε) a fence, enclosure. έργνύω and -νυμι, poët. for είργω, έργω, to enclose. έργο-δότης, ου, δ, (έργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out ritate.

έργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; έργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάνται, Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

έργο-λάβοs, ον, (έργον, λαβείν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., έργολάβοs, ό, a contractor, Lat. conductor, redemptor. [ă]

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ργον, τό, (\* $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ργω =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτής ἔργα κόμιζε mind your own 2. in the Il. mostly έργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of busbandry: tilled lands; έργα 'Ιθάκηs the tilled lands of Ithaca: ἔργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil boum labores; έργα γυναικών women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια έργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:-later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a bard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to έπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λύγος. the following pecul. Att. phrases occur: ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is bard work, troublesome; σὸν ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; έργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

\*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἐέργω, Ep. forms for Att. εἴργω οι εἴργω: fut. ἐρρω οι εἴρρω: aor. I εἶρρα: pl. ἔεργμηι, 3 pl. ἔρχατο οι ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐργωθείε:—to sbut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἐέργειν to enclose within: γέφυραι ἐεργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact.

II. to sbut out: exclude or probibit from a thing:—also to binder or prevent from doing:
—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

\*ΈΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἔρξω, aor. I ἔρξα, pf. ἔοργα, plqpf. ἔωργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἔρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

\*EPΔΩ, fut. ἔρξω, etc., see \*ἔργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κακὰ ἔρδευ τινά or absol. ἔρδευ τινά, to do one harm.

2. like Lat. sacra facere, iερὰ ἔρδευ to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without iερά or θυσίαs, like facere or operari in Latin.

έρεβεννός, ή, όν, (Έρεβος) dark, gloomy. Έρεβεσφι, Έρεβευσφι, ν. sub Έρεβος.

ΈΡΕ ΒΙΝΘΟΣ, δ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicer. ερεβο-διφάω, (έρεβοε, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

έρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

Έρεβος, τό, gen. εος contr. ους, Ion. Έρεβευς, Έρε βευσφιν:—Erebos, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

"Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

έρεείνω, like ἔρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἐρεείνομαι.

έρεθίζω Dor. -ίσδω: f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 20τ. Ι ἡρέθισα, later -ιξα: (ἐρέθω):—to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate. II. later to excite, hindle; φέψαλος έρεθιζόμενος the kindled spark. Hence

έρέθισμα, ατος, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

**ΈΡΕ'ΘΩ**, like  $\frac{1}{2}\rho\epsilon\theta$ ίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

'ΕΡΕΙ'ΔΩ, f. ἐρείσω: aor. 1 ἤρεισα:—Pass., aor. 1 ηρείσθην: pf. ερήρεισμαι: 3 sing. plapf. ηρηρειστο: -to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρείδειν πληγήν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen: generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press bard 5. of wagers, to match. upon. 4. to dash, burl. set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. intr. to lean against, withstand; άλλήλησιν έρείδουσαι crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press 2. to go to work; ἔρειδε fall to (to bard on. eat). III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part, èρεισάμενοs baving set bimself firm, taken a firm stand; ούδει χαίται έρηρέδαται (3 pl. pf.) the hair 2. to be fixed firm; λâε rested on the ground. έρηρέδαται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend

'EPEI'KH, ή, beath, beather, Lat. erīca.

'EPEI'KΩ, f. ξω: 201. I ήρειξα:—to break, tear, rend; ερεικόμενου περί δουρί rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dasb.

II. intr. in 201. 2 ήρικον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

έρειο, Ep. for έρεο, έρου, imperat. of έρομαι.

έρειοί, oi, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

έρείομεν, Ep. for έρέωμεν, I pl. subj. of έρέω.

έρειπιον, τό, (ἐρείπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικὰ ἐρείπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἐρείπια dead carcases; πέπλων ἐρείπια remnants of robes.

'EPEI'ΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. I ἤρείψα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρείφθην: pf. ἐρήριμμα: —to dash down, tear down; ἐρείπει γένως θεῶν τις some god dashes down their race:—Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρεριττο (Ερ. plqpf. for ἤρήριπτο):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρῖπείς, dat. ἐριπέντι. fallen. II. intrans. in aor. 2 ἤρῆπον Ερ. ἔρῖπον, pf. 2 ἐρήρῖπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

**ἐρεῖσαι, 2**οτ. I inf. of ἐρείδω.

έρεισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ερείδω.

έρεισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήρων 'έρεισμ' 'Ακράγαντος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. colümen. II. = ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

έρειψιμος, ον, (ἐρείπω) fallen down, in ruins. ἐρειψί-τοιχος, ον, (ἐρείπω, τοῖχος) overtbrowing walls.

έρεμνός, ή, όν, contr. of ἐρεβεννός, black, dark; ἐρεμνὴ φάτιε a dark (i.e. obscure) rumour.

έρεξα, aor. I of ρέζω.

έρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of έρομαι, to ask.

ipintouas. Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed | desolate, also destitute, belpless. on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έρέπτω, = iρέφω, to roof over: to crown. έρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐρείπω.

**ἐρέσθαι,** aor. 2 mf. of ἔρομαι.

ΈΡΕ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. έρέσω: aor. 1 ήρεσα:-II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, πτερύγων έρετμοῖσιν έρεσσόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's remigio 2. generally, to ply, urge: - Pass. of a bow, to be plied, bandled.

έρέτης, ου, δ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

έρετμός, δ, οτ έρετμόν, τδ, (έρέσσω) Lat. remus, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμά is used. Hence έρετμόω, f. ώσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

έρέττω. Att. for έρέσσω.

ΈΡΕΥ ΓΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρεύξομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. eructare: absol. to belch, Lat. 2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. aor. 2 act. ήρυγον, inf. έρυγείν, part. έρυγών, to bellow, roar.

έρευθέδανον, τό, madder. From έρευθέω, f. ήσω, to be red. From

έρευθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blusbing: from ΈΡΕΥ ΘΩ, fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red. έρευνα, ηε, ή, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence έρευνάω, f. ήσω, to seek or search for, search after. to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to

έρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

έρεθσαι, aor. 1 inf. of  $\epsilon \rho \epsilon \theta \omega$ ,

do. Hence

'**EPE'ΦΩ**, f.  $\psi\omega$ : aor. 1  $\tilde{\eta}\rho\epsilon\psi\alpha$ :—to cover or roof II. to cover with a crown, wreathe in a building. with garlands :- Med. to crown oneself.

**ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver :—Pass., ναθε ἐρεχθο**μένη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed hither and thither by the storm, sbattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έρεψα, aor. I of έρέφω.

έρέω, Ion. and Ep. for έρω.

έρέω, Ep. pres. for έρομαι, to ask.

**ἐρημάζω,** f. σω, (ἐρῆμο**s**) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάζεσκον.

έρημαίος, a, ov, poet. for έρημος.

έρημία, ή, (ἔρημοε) a solitude, desert, wilder-II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being ness. laid waste, desolation, Lat. vastitas: of persons, desolateness, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

έρημιάς, άδος, ή, a solitary devotee.

έρημο-κόμης, εε, (έρημος, κόμη) destitute of bair. έρημο-λάλος, ον, (έρημος, λάλέω) chattering in the desert.

έρημό-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος, (ἔρημος, πόλις) reft of one's city.

**ἐρημο-νόμος,** ον, (ἔρημος, νέμω) baunting the desert. **ΈΡΗ MOΣ**, η, ον, also os, ον: Att. έρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary, triguing, Lat. ambitus: party-spirit, faction.

2. c. gen. refi of; destitute of, abandoned by; στέγαι φίλων έρημοι. II. as Subst.,  $\epsilon \rho \hat{\eta} \mu os$  (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\chi \omega \rho a$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , asolitude, desert, wilderness. III.  $\hat{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\eta}\mu\eta$  (sub.  $\delta(\kappa\eta)$ ). ή, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; ἐρήμην δίκην ἐλείν to get judgment by default; δφλείν to let it go by default,

έρημοσύνη, ή, solitude. From

έρημόω, f. ώσω, (έρημος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of :- Pass. to be bereft, deprived of. II. to leave, abandon :- Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

έρήμωσις, εως, ή, desolation, devastation: and

έρημωτής, οῦ, ὁ, a desolator

έρηρέδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of έρείδω: έρηρέ δατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf pass.

έρήριμμαι, pf. pass. of  $\epsilon \rho \epsilon i \pi \omega$ .

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρείπω.

έρήτῦθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐρητύω.

έρητύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. Ι έρήτυσα: (έρύω):—to bold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:-to keep back from.

έρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of έρητύω.

**EPT**, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

έρι-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, with high-arching neck.

έρι-βόαs, ου, δ, (έρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous. έρι-βρεμέτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (έρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, thundering, roaring.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρι-βρεμής,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ s, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρίβρομος.

έρί-βρομος, ον, (έρι-, βρέμω) loud-shouting, roaring. έρι-βρύχης, ου, Ep. εω, δ, and ερί-βρῦχος, <math>ον, (ερι-,βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

έρι-βώλαξ, ακος, ό, ή, and έρί-βωλος, ov, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρί-γδουπος, ον, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρίδουπος, thundering.

έριδαίνω, f. έριδήσω, (έρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to strive for :- aor. I inf. med. ἐριδήσασθαι.

έρίδιον, τό, Dim. of έριον.

ἐριδμαίνω,(ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II. intr. to contend.

έρίδματος, ον, (έρι-, δμητός) strongly built · hence strong, excessive.

έρί-δουπος, ον, (έρι-, δοῦπος) loud-sounding.

έριζέμεναι, Ep. inf. of έρίζω.

έρίζω Dor. έρίσδω: Ion. impf. έρίζεσκον: fut. έρίσω: aor. 1 ήρισα, Ep. 3 sing opt. έρίσσειε: (έριε):-to strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also in Med.

έρί-ηρος, ον, (έρι-, \*άρω) fitting closely: metaph. as epith. of ¿raipos, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in heterocl. plur., έρίηρες έταιροι, acc. έρίηρας έταίρους. έρτθακίς, ίδος, ή, (έριθος) a labouring woman.

έρι-θαλής, έε, Dor. for έριθηλής.

έριθεία, ή, (ἐριθεύω) labour for wages. II. in-

έρι-θηλής, ές, (ἐρι -, τέθηλα) very luxuriant, flourisbing, fertile.

**loīθos**, δ, also h, a day-labourer, bired servant; in Homer, έριθοι, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, workers in wool.

έρϊκεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείκω.

έρι-κλάγκτης, ου, δ, (έρι-, κλάζω) loud-sounding. ἐρί κλαυστος and –κλαυτος, ον, (ἐρι−, κλαίω) muchweeping. II. pass. much-wept, bewailed.

έρί-κτύπος, ον, loud-sounding

έρι-κῦδής, ές, (ἐρι-, κῦδος) very famous, glorious. έρι-κύμων [v], ον, gen. ovos, (έρι-, κθμα) full of young, big with young.

ἐρί-μῦκος, ον, (ἐρι-, μέμῦκα) loud-bellowing.

'EPI'NEO'Σ, δ, the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.

έρίνεος, α, ον, (ἔριον) of wool, woollen.

'EPI'NΥ'Σ (not 'Εριννύs), gen. ύος, ή: pl. nom. 'Eρινύεs contr. -ûs, acc. -ύαs contr. -ûs, gen. -ύων contr. - vv :- the Erinys or Fury, an avenging deity : the names Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto do not occur till late. At Athens they were called Εὐμενίδεs or  $\Sigma \in \mu \nu \alpha i$ , by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μητροs έρινύες curses from one's mother; φρενών έρινύς distraction, frenzy: also, blood-guiltiness.

έριον Ep and Ion. είριον, τό, (έρος) wool, Lat. lana; 2. ἔρια ἀπὸ ξύλου wool from the tree, also in plur.

i. e. cotton; so in Germ., baum-wolle.

έριο-πώλης, ου, δ, (έριον, πωλέω) a wool-dealer. Hence

έριο-πωλικώς, Adv. like a wool-dealer, cheatingly. έριο-πώλιον, τό, the wool-market.

έριό-στεπτος, ον, (ξριον, στέφω) wreathed with wool. έρι-ούνιος, δ, Homeric epith, of Hermes, from έρι-, ονίνημι, the belper, luck-bringer: also absol. Εριούvios, Helper, as a prop. n. of Hermes.

έρι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, to make woollen stuff.

έρι-ουργός, όν, (ξριον, \*έργω) working wool.

έριπε, Ep. for ήριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of έρείπω. έριπειν, intrans. aor. 2 mf. of έρείπω.

έρί-πλευρος, ον, (έρι-, πλευρά) with sturdy sides. έρίπνη οτ έρίπνα, ή, (ἐρείπω) a broken cliff, crag,

scaur: any sheer ascent.

έριπών, aor. 2 part. of έρείπω.

"ΕΡΙΣ, ιδος, ή: acc. έριν and έριδα: pl. έριδες, later ἔρει**s**:—strife, quarrel, debate: esp. rivalry, contention: discord, jealousy: also in good sense, épis dya- $\theta \hat{\omega} \nu$  zeal for good. II. as pr. nom., Eris, the Goddess of Strife.

έρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

έρίσδομες, Dor. for ερίζομεν.

έρι-σθενής, ές, (έρι-, σθένος) mighty in strength. ερισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) a cause of quarrel.

έρι-σμάρἄγος, ον, (ἐρι−, σμἄρἄγή) loud-thundering. έρίσσειε, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. I opt. of έρίζω. **ἐρίσσεται,** Ep. for ἐρίσηται, aor. 1 subj. med. of ἐρίζω. έρι-στάφυλος, ον, (έρι-, στάφυλή) large-clustering, rich in grapes: of wine, made of fine grapes.

έριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) a wrangler, disputer.

έριστός, ή, όν, (ξρίζω), to be disputed or contested. έρι-σφάραγος, ον, = έρισμάραγος, loud-roaring. έρί-τῖμος, ον, (ἐρι–, τιμή) bigbly prized, precious.

έρίφειος, ον, (ἔρἴφος) of or belonging to a kid. έρίφιον, τό, Dim. of έριφοs, a goat, kid. [1]

'EPI ΦΟΣ, o, also ή, a young goat, kid. έριφοι, oi, Lat. boedi, a constellation which brought storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφοιs in stormy weather.

έρζωλη, ή, a whirlwind, hurricane, tornado: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from epion and δλλυμι, wool-consumption.

έρκεῖος Att. ἔρκειος, ον, and α, ον, (ἕρκος) belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house; Zeve Έρκειοs, the bousebold god, because his statue stood in the ξρκος; ξρκειοι πύλαι the gates of the court.

έρκιον, τό, (έρκος) a fence, enclosure.

έρκος, εος, τό, (έργω, είργω) an enclosure, bedge, fence, wall; mostly of the wall round the court-yard, and so a court-yard · άγγέων έρκεα, periphr. for άγγη; σφραγίδος έρκος, for σφραγίς; έρκος οδόντων the ring-fence of the teeth, for δδύντες the teeth II. a net, snare: the coils of the themselves. III. metaph. any fence or defence, bulwark. lasso. έρκ-ουρος, ον, (έρκος, ουρος) watching an enclosure.

ξρκτή, ή, Ion. for είρκτή.

ξρμα, ατος, τό, a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ερμα πόληος pillar of the state, Lat. colu-2. a sunken rock or reef, on which a vessel may strike; also a mound, cairn, barrow on land. ballast. ΙΙ. μελαινέων έρμ' όδυνάων, of a sharp arrow, the foundation, i.e. cause, of pangs.

ξρματα, earrings, akin to ὅρμος: generally, a necklace, band: a chain.

ερμαιον, τό, ('Ερμη̂s) a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin Hercules.

Έρμαιος, α, ον, Att. Ερμαιος, ον, (Ερμης) of or from Hermes. II. "Ερμαια (sub. iερά), τά, a festival in his honour.

ξρμάτίζω, (ξρμα) to ballast.

Έρμ-αφρόδιτος, δ, (Έρμης, Αφροδίτη) an Hermaphrodite: an effeminate person.

Έρμάων ωνος, δ, poet. esp. Dor. for Έρμης. [ā] Έρμέας, δ, poet, for Έρμης, dat. Έρμέα.

Έρμείας, δ. Ep. for Ερμής; gen. Έρμείαο, -είω;

dat. Έρμεία; acc. Έρμείαν; voc. Έρμεία. έρμηνεία, ή, (έρμηνεύω) interpretation, explana-

tion. II. expression, power of speech. ξρμήνευμα, ατος, τό, (ξρμηνεύω) an interpretation,

2. a sign, monument. explanation.

ἔρμηνεύς, έως, ὁ, ('Ερμῆς) an interpreter, dragoman: generally, an expounder. Hence

έρμηνεύω, f. σω, to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear: hence to express, give utter-

Έρμης, δ; Ερ. gen. Έρμέω; dat. Έρμη; acc. Έρμῆν; voc. Έρμῆ:—Hermes, the Lat. Mercurius. In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούνιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὅδιος, ἐνόδιος: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Έρμῆς.

Έρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ερμηε, a little figure of

Hermes: in vocat. my dear little Hermes.

έρμίς or έρμίν, îvos, δ, dat. pl. έρμισιν, (έρμα) a prop, support: a bed-post.

Έρμο-γλύφεύς, έως, δ, (Έρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of Hermae: generally, a statuary. Hence

έρμογλυφικός, ή, ύν, of or for a statuary: ή έρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

έρμο-γλύφος, δ, = έρμογλυφεύε.

έρμο-κοπίδης, ου, δ, (Ερμηε, κύπτω) a mutilator of the Hermae.

"EPNOΣ, εοs, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἔρνεϊ Ισοs he shot up like a young plant.

II. metaph. a scion, a child.

έρξα, aor. I of \*έργω, = έρδω.

έρξείης or έρξίης, δ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from \*έργω, έρδω, the worker, doer.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\rho\tilde{\xi}\omega$ , fut. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\omega$ , =  $\tilde{\epsilon}\rho\delta\omega$ .

έρδεις, εσσα, εν, (έρος) lovely, pleasing.

έροίην, for έροιμι, pres. opt. of έρέω.

"EPOMAI Ion. είρομαι: impf. είρόμην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἡρόμην, imperat. ἔρου Ερ. ἔρειό, subj. ἔρωμαι, opt. ἐροίμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι, part. ἐρόμενοs:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or for. II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing

έρος, δ, poët. form of έρως, love, desire.

"EPOΣ, eos, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

έρπετόν, τό, (ξρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp. a snake; pl. έρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that move on the earth.

έρπήστης, ου, δ, (ξρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

έρπύζω, f. σω, (ἔρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

έρπυλλοs, ὁ and ἡ, (ἔρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. serpyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

έρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of έρπύζω οτ έρπω.

έρπυστήρ, ηρος, ό, and έρπυστής, οῦ, ό, (έρπύζω)

a reptile: a crawling child.

\*EPΠΩ, impf εἶρπον: fut. ἔρψω Dor. ἑρψω: aor. 1 εἴρπῶσα, formed from ἐρπύζω (cf. ἔλκω, εἶλκῶσα):— the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ἔρποντα creeping things.

2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

**ἔρπωμες,** Dor. 1 pl. pres. subj. of ἔρπω. **ἔρράγην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

έρράδαται, Ερ. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ραίνω: έρράδατο, Ερ. 3 pl. plqpf.

έρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of βάπτω.

έρράπισα, 201. Ι οξ βαπίζω. έρρέθην and έρρήθην, 201. Ι pass. οξ έρέω, έρω.

έρρηξα, aor. I of ρήγνυμι.

έρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ριγέω. έρρίγησα, aor. 1 of ριγέω.

ερρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ριζόω.

έρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of δίπτω. ἔρριψα, aor. I of δίπτω.

έρρύηκα, pf. of ρέω;— έρρύην, aor 2 pass

έρρυηκα, pt. of ρέω;—έρρυην, aor 2 pass έρ-ρυθμος, ov, in rhythm, time or measure

\*EPPΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. 1 ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἔρρων, limping. II. in a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἔρρων ἐκ ναόs gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐs κύρακαs, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; ἐρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἐρρέτω Ἰλιον let Troy perish! ἔρρει τὰ καλά the luck is gone!

ἔρρωγα, pf. 2 of βηγνυμι.

έρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ρώννυμι, as Adj, in good bealth, vigorous, stout: Adv. έρρωμένως, stoutly: irreg. Comp. έρρωμενέστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

έρρωοντο, 3 pl. impf. of δωομαι; έρρωσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med.; έρρωσθην, aor. 1 pass.

έρρωσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of δώννυμι.

έρρωσο, έρρωσθε, pf imperat pass. of ρώννυμι.

έρση Ερ. ἐέρση, ἡ, (ἄρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλυία ἐέρση plenteous dew: in pl rain-drops. II. metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp of lateborn lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. Hence

έρσήεις Εp. έερσήεις, εσσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-

sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh

έρσην, ενος, δ, Ion. for ἄρσην, ἄρρην.

έρυγγάνω, Att. form of έρεύγομαι, to vomit.

έρυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of έρεύγομαι.

έρύγμηλος, η, ον, (ἐρεύγομαι) loud-bellowing.

έρυγών, aor. 2 part. of έρεύγομαι

έρθαίνω, aor. I ἐρύθηνα, poët. for ἐρυθραίνω, to redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence ἐρύθημα, ατοε, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush. ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ἐρυθρόε) to dye red:—Pass. to become red, to blush.

έρυθριάω, f. άσω [ā], (ἐρυθρόs) to be apt to blusb. ἐρυθρο-βάφής, ἐς, (ἐρυθρόs, βαφήναι) dyed red. ἐρυθρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ποδος, (ἐρυθρός, πούε) redfooted: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

ΈΡΥΘΡΟ Σ, ά, όν, red, Lat. RUBER. II. Έρυθρη θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian

ocean. ἐρὐκὰκον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρῦκὰκέειν. ἐρῦκὰνὰω, poët. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

έρυκανόωσι, Ερ. for έρυκανώσι, 3 pl. of έρυκανάω. έρθκάνω, poët. for έρυκω, to restrain. [ἄ]

έρύκω, f. ξω: 20r. I ήρυξα Ερ. έρυξα: Ερ. aor. 2 ήρύκακον, or without augm. ερύκακον, inf. ερθκακέειν: (ερύω):—to keep in, bold back, restrain, binder: to control, curb, keep in check: γη ερύκει earth confines (the dead); μή με ἔρυκε μάχης keep me not back from fight.

2. to detain a guest.

3. to ward off, Lat. arceo.

4. to keep apart, separate, divide.

II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away.

2. to be guarded, safe.

έρυμα, ατος, τό, (ξρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bul-

wark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

έρυμάτιον, τό, Dim. of έρυμα.

έρυμνό-νωτος, ον, with impenetrable back.

έρυμνός, ή, όν, (έρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence έρυμνότης, ητος, ή, strength, security, of a place.

**ἔρυντο**, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ρύομαι.

έρυσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med of έρύω.

έρυσ-άρματος, ον, (έρύω, άρμα) chariot-drawing:

Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματες, -τας

έρὕσί-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb

ἐρὕσζ-νηζε, ίδος, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναῦς) preserving sbips. ἐρὕσζ-πτολιε, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλιε) protecting the city.

**ἔρὕσις**, εω**ς**, ή, (ἐρύω) a drawing.

έρυσμός, δ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

έρύσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of έρύω.

έρύσσομεν, Ερ. for έρύσωμεν, aor. 1 subj of έρύω. έρυστός, ή, όν, (έρύω) drawn.

ἔρῦτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἐρύω.

ΈΡΥ΄ Ω Ιοπ. εἰρύω: fut. ἐρύσω or ἐρύω: aor. I εἴρὕσα Ερ. εἴρυσσα οι ἔρὕσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροὺs or νεκρον ερύειν, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαίνης ερύειν τινά to pull him by II. Med. έρύομαι Ion. εἰρύομαι: fut. inf. the cloak. ἐρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρύσσομαι: aor. 1 εἰρὔσάμην Ep. είρυσσάμην or ξρυσσάμην: the foll. forms are pass, pf. εἴρῦμαι both in med and pass, sense, Ep. 3 pl. elρύἄται; 3 sing. plapf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἴρῦτο or έρυτο, 3 pl. είρυντο or είρύατο:—to draw to one's own side; ξίφος ερύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ερύσασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἐρύεσθαι νῆαs to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, 3. to keep off, ward off; ή δ' οὐκ έγχος guard. έρυτο it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, bold in bonour; θέμιστα**s** εἰρύαται they maintain laws.

έρχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of έργω, είργω: -- έρχα-

το (or ἐέρχατο), 3 pl. plqpf.

έρχατάσμαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἔρχάτος, δ, (ἔργω) a fence, enclosure, bedge.

έρχατόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of έρχατάομαι.

έρχθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἔργω, εἴργω.
"EPXOMAI: impf. ἡρχόμην:— the tenses are formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ήλυθον, syncop. ήλθον Dor. ήνθον; later also aor. 1 ήλθα: pf. ἐλήλὔθα Ep. εἰλήλουθα, t pl. εἰλήλουθμεν, part. είληλουθώε: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. έληλύθεε Ep. είληλούθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return: —in Homer with cognate words, as, ὑδύν or κέλευθον έλθεῖν; also poet., ἀγγελίην ἐλθεῖν to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίοιο έλθεῖν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., έρχομαι οἰσόμενος έγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, έρχομαι έρέων I am going to tell, Fr. II. later phrases: είs λόγους έρje vais dire. χεσθαί τινι to come to speech, have an interview. converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πῶν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with bid and its case, periphr. for a Verb, as, δια μάχης τινὶ ἔρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαί τινι, δια πολέμου έρχεσθαι for πολεμείν, etc.

έρψω, έρψουμες, Dor. 1 sing. and pl. fut. of έρπω.

ἔρφ, dat. of ἔροs, love: see ἔρωs.

ΈΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἐρέω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγορεύω being used as pres. and εἶπου as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. εἴρηκα, pass. εἴρημαι, plqpf. pass. εἰρήμην; aor. I pass. ἐρρήθην and ἐρρέθην, inf. ῥηθῆναι; fut. pass. ῥηθήσομαι; fut. 3 εἰρήσομαι:—I will say, speak.

2. I will tell, proclaim, aunounce: hence I will promise.

3. I will tell, order him to do, εἴρητό ol, c. inf., it bad been told him to do.

II. ἐρέω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres. = ἔρομαι, εἰρομαι, to ask for or after.

'EPΩΔΙΟ'Σ, o, the beron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

έρωείτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

έρωέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ηρώησα Ερ. έρώησα:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at intervals.
2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος ούποτ' έρωει the cloud never leaves it. II trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to βώομαι.) Hence

έρωή, ή, any quick, violent motion; δουρός έρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λικμητήρος έρωή the force or swing of the winnower's (shovel). 2. an impulse, desire II. a retreat from, rest from; πολέμου έρωή.

έρωησαι, aor 1 inf. of έρωέω · έρωησαιτε, 2 pl. opt. έρω-μανέω, f. ήσω, (έρωε, μαίνομαι) to be madly in love. Hence

έρωμανία, ή, mad love.

έρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of έρωμένος, δ, έρωμένη, ή, pres. part. pass. of έρω, a loved one, one's love.

έρως, ωτος, δ: heterocl. dat. έρω (from έρος), acc. έρων, for regular dat. έρωνι, acc. έρωνα: (έρος):— love: desire for a thing.

II. as prop. n., the god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. έρωντες the Loves. Hence

έρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἔρωτάω Ιοn. elp., f. ήσω: αοτ. Ι ήρωτησα: (ἔρομαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτη $\theta \in v$  the question. II. to question a person. to ask, solicit, beg. Hence έρωτημα, ατος, τό, a question; έρωτημα τοῦ ξυνθήuatos the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers. έρώτησις, εως, ή, (έρωτάω) a questioning. έρωτιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of έρωτικύς. έρωτικός, ή, όν, (έρως) of or caused by love, έρω-2. given to love, fond. τική ξυντυχία a love affair. Hence έρωτικώς, Adv. lovingly, fondly. έρωτίς, ίδος, ή, (έρως) a loved one, darling. Η. as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νησοι islands of love έρωτο-γράφος, ον, (έρως, γράφω) writing on love. έρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (έρως, πλανάω) beguiling love έρωτο-πλοέω, f. ήσω, (έρωs, πλόοs) to sail on love's ocean. έρωτύλος, δ, (έρως) a darling, sweetheart. as Adj., ἐρωτύλα ἀείδειν to sing love-songs. [ŭ] és, Ion. and old Att. form for els, to. for all compounds with  $\epsilon \sigma$  - see under  $\epsilon i \sigma$  -. έs, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵημι. έσ-αγγελεύς, έσ-αγγέλλω, for είσαγγ-. έσ-ἄγείρω, ν. είσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. impf. med. ἐσαγείρετο, Ep. aor. I med. ἐσαγείρατο. **ἐσ-άγω**, ν. εἰσάγω. έσ-αιέν, (έs, αίέν) Adv. for ever. έσ-αθρέω, έσ-ακοντίζω, έσ-ακούω, v. sub είσ-. έσαθρήσαιμι, aor. I opt. of είσαθρέω έσαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι. έσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum. έσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of έννυμι. **ἐσάντ**α, ν. εἰσάντα. έσ-άπαξ, Ion. for είσαπ-, (έs, απαξ) at once. **ἐσάπην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of σήπω. **έσ-απικνέομαι,** Ion. for είσαφικνέομαι. **έσ-ἄράσσω,** ν. εἰσαράσσω. έσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἕννυμι. έσ-άχρι, Adv. for είs ἄχρι, until, c gen. έσάωθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σαύω, Εp. for σώζω. έσάωσα, aor. 1 of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω. έσβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίνω. έσ-βαίνω, έσ-βάλλω, ν. είσβαίνω, είσβάλλω. **ἐσβάs**, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω. **ἔσβην, 2**0r. 2 of σβέννυμι. έσ-βιβάζω, έσ-βολή, ν. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή. **έσ-δέκομαι,** Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι. έσ-δίδωμι, έσ-δύομαι, έσ-δύω, ν. εἰσδ-. **ἐσδόμενοι, ἐσδώμεθα,** Dor. for ἐζύμενοι, ἐζώμεθα. έσεαι, έσεται, poet. for έσει or έση, έσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum. έσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι. **ἐσέδρἄμον**, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω. **ἔσ-ειμι, ν.** εἴσειμι. **ἐσελεύσομαι**, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι. έσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι. έσεμασσάμην, Ep. aor. I of είσμαίομαι (cf. έπιμαίομαι), to touch; μάλα γάρ με θανών ξσεμάσσατο

III. | θυμόν for by his death he very much touched me in beart. έσέπτατο, 3 sing. 2 of είσπέταμαι. έσεργνύναι, Ion. inf. of είσείργω, είσεργω. έσ-έρχομαι, ν. είσέρχομαι. έσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάττω έσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of είσχέω. έσ-έχω, έσ-ηθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσηθέω. έσήλατο, 3 sing aor. I med. of εἰσάλλομαι. έσημήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω. **ἔσηνα**, aor. Ι of σαίνω. έσθαι, aor. 2 mf. med. of ίημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἕννυμι. έσθέσθαι, Ion. aor 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθημι. έσθέω, (έσθήs) to clothe. — Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ήσθημαι Ιου. ἔσθημαι, ἐσθῆτα ἐσθημένος clad in raiment. Hence ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, a garment, dress. έσθην, 3 dual plopf. pass. of έννυμι.  $\epsilon$ σθής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\epsilon$ σθαι, pf. mf. pass. of  $\epsilon$ ννυμι)  $\alpha$ garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ σθησις,  $\epsilon \omega$ s,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}$ σθ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  clothing, raiment. έσθίω, Ep. mf. έσθιέμεν: impf. ήσθιον. fut. έδομαι (from Ep. pres. ΈΔΩ): pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass. έδήδεσμαι: aor I pass. ήδέσθην: aor. 2 act. έφαγον (from Root \*ΦΑΓΩ):—the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease; ἐσθίειν ἐαυτύν to vex or annoy oneself; ἐσθίειν τὴν χελύνην to bute the lip: - Pass. to be eaten; οἶκος ἐσθίεται the house is eaten up.  $^{\prime}$ **ΕΣΘΛΟ** Σ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , Dor.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\lambda\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\dot{\omega}$ , good of his kind : brave, stout : also noble, wealthy : kind, good. 2. of omens, good, lucky. Subst., ἐσθλά goods: absol., ἐσθλόν good luck. έσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of έσθλός. **ἔσθορον**, Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθρώσκω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\theta$ os,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\dot{\eta}$ s, a dress, garment. έσθ' ὅτε, for ἐστὶν ὅτε, Lat. est quum, there is a time when, 1. e. now and then, sometimes. **ἐσ-θρώσκω**, ν εἰσθρώσκω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\omega$ , Ep. inf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\dot{\epsilon}\mu\dot{\epsilon}\nu\alpha\iota$ , impf.  $\tilde{\eta}\sigma\theta\sigma\nu$ , poet. form of ἐσθίω, to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's means.

ἐστγάθην [ā], Dor aor. I pass. of σιγάω. έσιδειν, for είσιδειν, inf. of είσειδον. έσιδέσθην, Ep 3 dual aor. 2 med. of είσείδον. ἐστέμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίημι. έσίζηται, for εἰσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι. έσ-ίημι, έσ-ικνέομαι, έσ-ίπταμαι, v. είσ-. έσ-καταβαίνω, ν. είσκ-. ἐσκάτθετο, for εἰσκατέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of είσκατατίθημι. ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἢν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum. έσκέδασα, 201. I of σκεδάννυμι. έσκεμμαι, pf. of σκοπέω.

έσκίδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδνημι. ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2. έσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ην, impf. of είμί sum.

έσλός, Dor. for έσθλός.

**ἔσμηχον,** impf. of σμήχω.

έσμός or έσμός, δ, (ἵημι) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; έσμοι γάλακτος streams of milk.

έσμο-τόκος, ον, (έσμός, τεκείν) producing swarms of bees.

έσο, Ep. for ἴσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ σ-οικέω,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ σ-οικίζω,  $\dot{v}$ .  $\dot{\epsilon}$ iσ-.

**ἔσοπτος**, ν. *ϵἵσοπτος*. Hence

**ἔσοπτρον**, ν. είσοπτρον.

έσ-οράω, ν. είσοράω.

έσορωμες, Dor. for είσορωμεν.

έσοῦμαι, Dor. for έσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum

έσόψομαι, fut. of έσοράω, είσοράω.

έσπάθημαι, pf. pass of σπαθάω.

έσπαρμαι, pf pass. of σπείρω.

έσπεισα, aor. I οί σπένδω.

'EΣΠΕ'PA, ή, Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj. 1. (sub. ώρα), evening; έσπέρας (gen. of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἐσπέραs after evening, at nightfall; εls or προς εσπέραν towards evening: in plur. the evening bours, eventide 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens; τὸ πρὸς ἐσπέρης the west country. Hence

 $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho \dot{\nu}\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho ios$ .

έσπέριος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and os,  $o\nu$ , (ἕσπερος) of Time, in II. of Place, western, the evening, at eventide. towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

έσπερίς, ίδος, ή, peculiar fem. of έσπέριος, at even-II as Subst., αί Εσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

"EΣΠΕΡΟΣ, δ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἐλθεῖν they waited for even to come on: irregul. plur. neut.  $\xi \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho a$ ,  $\tau \dot{a}$ , the bours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i.e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; έσπερος άστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

έσπετε, for εἴπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.

έσπόμην, aor. 2 of επομαι: Homer retains ε- in all the moods, imperat. ἐσπέσθω, subj. ἔσπωνται, opt. έσποίμην, inf. έσπέσθαι, part. έσπόμενος.

έσπον, aor. 2 of έπω.

έσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of έννυμι; έσσαι, inf (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἐσσάμενος, aor. I part. med.

έσσειται, 3 sing. of έσσουμαι, Dor. fut. of είμί sum. ἔσσεσθαι, for ἔσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.

έσσευα, Ep. for έσευα, aor. I of σεύω.

έσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εls, εl, 2 sing. of εlμί sum. έσσο, Ep. for έσο, imperat. of έννυμ. II. Ep. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of εννυμι.

έσσομαι, for έσομαι, Ep. fut. of είμί sum: but

έσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of έννυμι.

έσσόομαι, Ion. for ήσσάομαι: impf. έσσούμην: aor. Ι ἐσσώθην: pf. ἔσσωμαι: Pass.: (ἔσσων, Ion. for hσσων):--to be beaten.

έσσύμαι, pf. pass, of σεύω: έσσύμην, plapf, with sense of aor. 2.

έσσύμενος, η, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres, but redupl, as if pf.), driven, burried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., έσσυμένως bastily, vehemently.

έσσυο, έσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.

έσσωθήναι, Ion. for ήσσηθήναι, v. έσσόω.

έσσω, Ep. fut. of έννυμι.

**ἔσσων**, Ion. for ήσσων.

\*έσταα, pf. 2 of ιστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual εστάτον, plur. ἔσταμεν, ἕστατε, ἐστασι; inf ἐστάναι Εp. έστάμεν, έστάμεναι; part. έσταώs Att. contr. έστώs Ion έστεώs and έστηώs, fem. έστωσα.

έσται, 3 sing. fut. of είμί sum; but II. Fotal,

3 sing. pf. pass. of έννυμι.

ἐστάλἄτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω. έστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: έσταλκα, pf.

έστάμεν, έστάμεναι [ă], sce έσταα.

εστάμεν, I pl. of εσταα.

έσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ίστημι.

**ἐστάναι**, for ἐστηκέναι, v. ἔσταα.

έσταότες, plur. of έσταώς, v. έσταα

έστασαν, 3 pl. poet. plapf. of ιστημι, they stood, v. ἔσταα: but 2. ἔστἄσαν, shortd. for ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ἴστημι, they placed.

έστασι, 3 pl poet. pf. of ιστημι; v. έσταα.

εστάτε, 2 plur., and εστάτον, 2 and 3 dual; see ξσταα.

έσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρόω.

έσ-τε Dor. έσ-τε: (έs, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.

**ἔστειλα**, aor. I of στέλλω.

έστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

έστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

έστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of στεφανύω.

έστεώς, Ion. pf. part. of ιστημι; v. εσταα.

έστηκα, έστήκειν, pf. and plapf. intr. of ιστημι.

έστην, aor. 2 intr. of ίστημι.

έστήξω, έστήξομαι, fut. intr of ίστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσκω. έστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στηρίζω: έστήρικτο, plqpf.

έστησα, έστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ιστημι. έστηώs, Ion. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

έστία Ion. ίστίη, ή, (έζομαι) the bearth of a bouse; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwell-3. the bousehold, family. ing, bome. nom. pr., Έστία Ion. Ίστίη, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the bearth and bome, invoked first at festivals.

**ἔστί**āμα, ατος, τό, (ἔστιάω) a banquet,

έστιαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be master of a bouse. From έστι-άρχης, ου, ό, (έστία, άρχω) master of a bouse.

**ἐστίᾶσις**, εωε, ή, (ἐστιάω) a feasting, banqueting. έστιάω, impf. είστίων: f. έστιάσω [ā]: 20r. I είστίασα: pf. εἰστίακα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἐστιάσομαι: aor. ι είστιάθην: pf. είστίαμαι: (έστία):--to receive into one's bome, to entertain bospitably, to feast: -Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei, to feast on; ξστιασθαι ξνύπνιον to bave a visionary feast. έστι-οθχος, ον, (έστία, έχω) guarding the house or 2. baving an altar or bearth. 3. on the bearth or altar. έστιόω, f. ώσω, (έστία) to found a hearth or house: -Pass., δώμα έστιοῦται the family is established. **ἔστϊχον,** 2 or. 2 of στείχω. έστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω. έστιώτης, ου, ο, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, (έστία) of or from the bouse. έστο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of έννυμι. έσ-τοξεύω, = είσ-τοξεύω. έστοργα, pf. of στέργω. έστόρεσα, 201. Ι οί στορέννυμι. έστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω. έστράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω. έσ-τρίς, (ès, τρίε) Adv. until three times, thrice. έστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι. ἔστρωσα, –ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρώννυμι. **ἔστρωτο**, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι. **ἔστύγον,** aor. 2 of στυγέω. έστωρ, opos, o, a peg or nail at the end of the pole, on which the ring, rpinos, for fastening the harness was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain) έστώς, -ωσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. ξσταα. έσύλησα, aor. 1 of σῦλάω. έσύνηκα, irreg for συνηκα, 20r. 1 of συνίημι. **ἔστιρα,** aor. 1 of σύρω. έσύρην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω. έσ-ύστερον, Adv. for είε ὕστερον, for the future. έσφάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω. έσφαγμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω. έσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plapf, pass. of σφαιρόω. έσφάλην [α], aor. 2 pass, of σφάλλω. **ἔσφαλμαι,** pf. pass. of σφάλλω. **έσφαξα,** aor. Ι of σφάζω, σφάττω. έσ-φέρω, ν. είσ-φέρω. έσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκύω. **ἔσφηλα, 2**0r. Ι of σφάλλω. **έσ-φορέω,** ν. είσ-φορέω. έσφραγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω. ΈΣΧΑ PA Ion. ἐσχάρη, ή: Ep. gen. and dat. ἐσχαρόφιν:-the bearth, fire-place, like έστία; πυρός ἐσχάραι watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offerings. III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence έσχαρεών, ῶνοε, δ, = ἐσχάρα Ι. έσχάριος, ον, (ἐσχάρα) of or on the hearth. έσχαρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἐσχάρα. **έσχασα, 201.** Ι οf σχάζω.

Ep. part., ἐσχατόων, όωσα, of men, lurking about the edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border. έσχατιά. Ion. –ιή, ή, (έσχατος) the furthest part, the II. a remote, retired spot. edge, border, verge. έσχάτιος, ον, poet. for έσχατος.  $\xi \sigma \chi \delta \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\xi \kappa, \xi \xi)$  the furthest, uttermost, extreme; ἔσχατοι ἀνδρῶν most remote of mankind: the furthest each way: 1. the uppermost, highest, 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. Lat. summus. innermost, Lat. intimus. II. of sufferings, the uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἔσχατον, τὰ ἔσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἔσχατ' ἐσχάτων κακά worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἐσχα- $\tau \omega \tau \alpha \tau \alpha$  the extremest. III. Adv. ἐσχάτωε, to the uttermost, extremely: also neut. ἔσχατον as Adv. for the last time: Comp. έσχατώτερον more extremely, Sup. ἐσχατώτατα, most utterly. έσχατόων, όωσα, Ep. part. of ἐσχατάω. έσχεθον, poet. for έσχον, aor. 2 of έχω; Ep. σχέ- $\theta o \nu$ ; imper.  $\sigma \chi \epsilon \theta \epsilon \tau \omega$ ; subj.  $\sigma \chi \epsilon \theta \omega$ ; opt.  $\sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o \mu$ ; inf. σχεθείν Ep. - έειν; part. σχέθων. έσ-χέω, for είσχέω. ἔσχηκα, ἔσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω. **ἔσχίσα**, aor. ι of σχίζω  $\epsilon \sigma \chi (\sigma \theta \eta \nu)$ , aor. I pass. of  $\sigma \chi (\zeta \omega)$ . ἔσχισμαι, pf pass. of σχίζω. ἔσχον, ἐσχόμην, aor. 2 act and med. of ἔχω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\chi\omega\nu$ , impf. of  $\sigma\chi\dot{\alpha}\omega$ . **ἔσω** Ep. ἔσσω, fut. of ἕννυμι. έσω, Adv. for είσω, within: Comp. έσωτέρω, more within: inner: - Sup. ἐσωτάτω, most within. Hence έσωθεν and -θε, Adv. from within: within, inside. **ἐσώθην,** aor. I pass. of σώζω. έσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from έσω, innermost, Lat. intimus. Adv. ἐσωτάτω, v. ἔσω. έσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from έσω, inner, Lat. interior: Adv. ἐσωτέρω, v. ἔσω. **ἐτάγην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω. έτάζω, f. σω, (έτεόε) to examine, test. έτάθην [ἄ], aor. I pass. of τείνω. έταίρα, ή, fem. of έταιρος. έταιρεία or -la Ion. -ηίη, ή, (έταιρος) companionship: an association, club, brotherbood. Athens, a political club or union for party pur-III generally, friendship, intimacy. έταιρείος, α, ον, Ion. - ήϊος, η, ον, (έταιρος) of comrades or fellowship: Ζεὺs ἐτ. presiding over fellowship. έταιρέω, f. ήσω, (έταίρα) to be a courtesan. έταιρητη, -ήϊος, Ion. for έταιρεία, -είος. έταιρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐταῖροs) to be one's comrade 2. = ἐταιρέω, to be a couror companion in arms. II. Med. to choose for one's comrade. έταιρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , = έταιρείος, of or like a comrade, social;  $\tau \delta$   $\epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \rho \iota \kappa \delta \nu = \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \rho \epsilon \delta \alpha$ . έταιρίς, ίδος, ή, = έταίρα, a courtesan. έταιρίσσαι, Ep. 20r. 1 inf. of έταιρίζω.

έταιρος Ep. and Ion. ετάρος, δ, (έτης) a companion,

έσχατάω, (έσχατος) to be at the edge; only used in | comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmate,

a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἐταιρότατος. II. ἐταίρα Ion. ἐταίρη Ερ. ἐτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, harlot. Hence

**ἐταιρόσυνος**,  $\eta$ , ον, friendly: as Subst. a friend **ἐτάκευ**, **ἐτάκετο**, Dor. for **ἐτήκου**, **ἐτήκετο**, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

ἐτάκην [α], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω.

ἔτᾶκον, -όμην, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω. ἐταλάσσας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 1 of ταλάω.

**ἔτἄμον**, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἔταξα, aor. Ι of τάσσω.

ἐτάραξα, aor. Ι of ταράσσω.

έταρίζομαι, Ep. for έταιρίζομαι.

έταρος, έταρη, Ep. and Ion. for έταιρος, έταιρα.

**ἐτάρπην, a**or. 2 pass. of τέρπω. **ἐτάρφθην**, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of τέρπω.

έταs, acc. pl. of έτηs.

έτάτυμος, Dor. for έτήτυμος.

έτάφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

έτάχθην, aor. 1 pass. of τάσσω.

έτέθαπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of θάπτω.

έτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

έτεθήπεα, Ep. plapf. of τέθηπα.

έτθυτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. (in med. sense) of θύω. ἔτειος, α, ον, (ἔτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἔτεκον, ἐτεκόμην, 201. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω ἐτελείετο, Ερ. tor ἐτελείτο, 3 sing. impf. pass of τελέω.

έτελέσθην, aor. 1 pass. of τελέω. έτέλεσσα, Ep aor. 1 of τελέω.

**ἔτεμον**, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

Έτεό-κρητες, οί, (έτεοί, Κρητες) true Cretans.

'ETEO' Z, ά, όν, (perhaps from elul sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἐτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. revera:—Att. in ironical questions, ἐτεόν; so! indeed! Lat. itane? Ion. dat. fem. ἐτεῆ is also used as Adv., in truth.

έτερ-αλκής, ές, (ἔτερος, ἀλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοίσι μάχης ἐτεραλκέα νίκην δοῦναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Daans; νίκη ἐτεραλκής a decisive victory; δῆμος ἐτεραλκής a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. anceps.

έτερ-ήμερος, ον, (ἔτερος, ήμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

έτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ετεροз.

έτερό-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (ἔτερος, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.

έτερό-γνάθος, ov, with one side of the mouth barder than the other, of a horse.

έτερο-δίδασκαλέω, (έτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

έτερό-δοξος, ον, (έτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion.

2. of other than the true opinion, beterodox.

έτερό-ζηλος, ον, (έτερος, ζῆλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly.

II. devoted to another pursuit.

έτεροζύγέω, f. ήσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

έτερό-ζύγοs, ου, (ἵτεροs, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

έτεροιοs, a, ov, (ετέροs) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -οίωs. Hence

έτεροιόω, f, ωσω, to make otherwise, alter: - Pass. to become changed, alter.

έτερο-κλίνής, ές, (έτερος, κλινήναι) leaning to one

side: of ground, sloping. ετερο-μήκης, εs. (έτεροs, μῆκοε) with unequal sides,

oblong, rectangular. ετερο-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (ετερος, μήτηρ) born of an-

έτερο-μήτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔτεροs, μήτηρ) born of another mother.

έτερό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (ἔτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

έτερορ-ρεπήs, és, and έτερόρ-ροποs, ον, (ἔτεροs, ρέπω) inclined to one side; έτερορρεπης Zeús who makes now one side and now another preponderate

"ETEPOΣ, a, ov, Lat. ALTER, the other, one of two; χειρὶ φέρειν έτέρη to carry in one of his hands; ἔτεροι ἐτέρων ἄρχουσι the one rule the other: ἔτερος τοιούτος another such; έτερα τοσαύτα as many more, Lat. alterum tantum; δεύτερος έτερος yet a se-2. also like Lat. alter, for δεύτεροs, second; ή ἐτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλοs, Lat. alius, opp., not to one, but to many. III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like daloios; other (than good), Lat. sequior, evil. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τη ετέρα, θατέρα (sub. όδφ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner, also (sub. χειρί) with one band, 1 e. with the left hand, and (sub. ἡμέρα) on the next 2. also neut., τὸ ἔτερον, τὰ ἔτερα, as ἐπὶ θάτερα one or the other way; εκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα from the one side, opp. to els τα έπι θάτερα to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [α] for ἔτερος: whereas in Att. άτερος [ā] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἔτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρω, acc. θάτερον ]

έτερό-τροπος, ον, (έτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. II. turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.

έτερό-φωνος, ον, (ἔτερος, (φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

έτέρσετο, 3 sing. impf. of τέρσομαι.

έτέρφθην, aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

eτέρωθεν, (ετεροs) Adv. from the other side. on the other side, opposite.

έτέρωθι, (ξτεροs) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: ετέρωθι τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. II. at another time.

II.

etépus, Adv. of Evepos, differently, otherwise.

ěτέρωσε, (ἔτεροs) Adv. to one side, to the other side: hence to another place.

ἐτέρωτα, Aeol. for ἐτέρωθι, at another time. ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of τέλλω.

eteranto, 3 sing. piqpi. pass. of  $\tau \in \lambda \times \omega$ . etereúxato, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of  $\tau \in \iota \chi \omega$ .

έτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plapf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκειν, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

έτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

έτετμον, impf. of τέτμω.

έτέτυξο, –υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

**ἔτευξα, aor**. Ι of τεύχω.

έτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθην, aor. 1 pass. of τίκτω.

**ἔτηξα**, aor. 1 of τήκω.

"ETHS, ov, ô, a kinsman, clansman, cousin.

Att. a townsman, neighbour: a private citizen.

III

for di záv or di záv v. sub záv.

for  $\vec{\omega}$   $\tau \dot{\alpha} \nu$  or  $\vec{\omega}$  ' $\tau \dot{\alpha} \nu$ , v. sub  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \nu$ .

ëτησίαι (sub. ἄνεμοι), ων, ol, (ἔτοs) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

έτήσιος, ον, (έτος) a year long, for a year.

yearly, annual.

έτητὔμία, ή, trutb. From

ἐτήτυμοs, ov, lengthd. for ἔτυμοs, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμωs, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

"ETI, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adbuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still. III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἔτι δέ nay more; ἔτὶ ἄλλος yet another; ἔτι μάλλον yet more.

έτίθεις, έτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of \*τιθέω = τίθημι.

**ἔτῖλα**, aor. 1 of τίλλω.

**ἐτίμᾶσα,** Dor. aor. 1 of τιμάω.

**ἐτίναχθεν,** Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of τινάσσω.

**ἔτῖσα**, aor. 1 of τίνω.

ἔτλην Dor. ἔτλαν, aor. 2 of the root \*τλάω: but ἔτλαν, Ep. for ἔτλησαν, 3 plur.

έτμάγην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

έτμήθην, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

έτν-ήρυσις, εως, ή, (έτνος, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle.

"ETNOΣ, cos, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans:

soup, pudding.

eτοιμάζω, f. άσω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα: (ἐτοῖμοs):—to make or get ready, prepare:—Med., with pf. pass. ἡτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready: c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

ετοιμάσία, ή, a being prepared, preparation: readiness.

έτοιμασσαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. med. of

ξτοιμάζω.

ETOΓΜΟΣ or ετοιμος, η, ον, or os, ον, at band, ready, prepared; εξ ετοίμου immediately, off band. II. τὰ ετοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; επὶ τὰ ετοιμα μᾶλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand.

2. one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt.

2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile.

III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

έτοιμότης, ητος, ή, a being prepared, readiness. έτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (έτοιμος, τεμείν) ready for cutting.

έτοίμως, Adv. of έτοιμος, readily: Comp. and Sup., έτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

έτορον, aor. 2 of τορέω.

"ETOΣ, εος, τό, a 'year; κατὰ ετος every year; ἀνὰ πῶν ετος every year; δι' ετους πέμπτου every fifth year; ετος εἰς ετος year after year.

III. | ἐτός, Adv., = ἐτωσίως, without reason, for nothing, III. in vain: mostly with a negat, οὐκ ἐτός not without reason:—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄρ' ἀνς ἔμ' ads, ἢλθεν οὐδεπώποτε; it was not for nothing then? the (Deriv. uncertain.)

**ἔτρἄγον**, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἔτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

έτράφθην, Ion. aor. 1 of τρέπω.

ἔτρᾶφον, ἐτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφω. ἔτρεσα, aor. 1 of τρέω.

**ἔτρεψα,** aor. I of τρέπω.

ἔτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω. ἔτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τιτρώσκω.

ἐτύθην [v], aor. 1 pass. of θύω ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἔτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology.

ἔτὖμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἐτεός) true, real, actual: neut. pl. ἔτυμα, trutbs, the truth: neut. ἔτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπην [τ], Dor. 2 or. 2 pass. of τύπτω.

έτύφην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

έτύφθην, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

έτύχησα, έτυχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

έτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

έτωσιο-εργός, όν, (ἐτώσιος, ἔργον) working in vain. ἐτώσιος, ον, (ἐτός, Adv.) frutless, idle, useless.

ev Ep. also év, Adv., properly neut. of èvs, well, opp. to κακῶς; ev καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, happily: ev ἔχειν or ἤκειν to be well off, c. gen., ev ἤκειν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living: ev γεγονώς well born. II. as Subst., τὸ ev good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ ev νικάτω may the right prevail. III. in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

et, Ion. for ot, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.
εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελος):—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to
preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the
gospel:—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have
the gospel preached to one:—in Pass. also of the
gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελοε) the reward of good

esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels. εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὖ, άγγέλλω) bringing good news. εὐ-ἄγέω, f. ήσω, to be pure, boly. From εὐ-ἄγήs, έs, (εὖ, ἄγοs) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat. castus, of persons and actions:—poet. Adv. εὐάγέωs. εὐ-ἄγήs, έs, (ἄγω) moving well, nimble. εὐ-āγήs, έs, = εὐαυγήs, far-seen, conspicuous; έδρα εὐαγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army. εὐ-άγητος, ον, = εὐ $\bar{a}$ γής, bright, clear.  $[\bar{a}]$ εὐ-άγκάλος, ον, (εὖ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the εὐ-αγκήs, έs, (εὖ, ἄγκοs) with fair valleys or glades. εύ-αγορέω, Dor. for εύηγορέω. εὐαγρεσία, ή, good sport in bunting. From εὐ-αγρέω, (εὖ, ἄγρα) to have good sport. Hence εὐαγρία, ή, good sport in bunting, fishing, etc.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -aypos, ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \tilde{a}\gamma \rho a)$  lucky in the chase, successful. εὐ-αγωγός,  $\acute{o}\nu$ , (εὖ, ἄγω) easily led, docile. εὐ-άγων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ă] εύάδε, Ep. for ἕαδε, 3 sing. 2 or Δνδάνω. εὐάζω οτ εὐιάζω, (εὖα) to cry εὖα in bonour of Bacchus:—also in Med. εὐάζομαι. εὐ-āήs, έs, (εὖ, ἄημι) with a good breeze, airy. act. blowing fair: - metaph. prosperous, favourable. ev-a $\theta \lambda os$ , ov, ( $\epsilon v$ ,  $\delta \theta \lambda os$ ) successful in contests. εὐ-αίνητος, ον,  $(ε \tilde{v}, α \tilde{v} \epsilon \omega)$  much-extolled. εὐ-αίρετος, ον, (εὖ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{u}}$ -alwv,  $\omega \nu os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $al\omega \nu)$  of bappy life, generally, bappy; εὐαίων ὕπνος blessed sleep. εὐ-ἄκοέω, εὐάκοος, Dor. for εὐηκ-. εὐ-āλάκατος, ον, Dor. for εὐηλ-. εὐ-αλδήs, έs, (εὖ, ἀλδαίνω) well-grown, luxuriant.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \hat{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \mathbf{vos}$ , ov, Dor. for  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}} \lambda \mathbf{vos}$ .  $[\bar{a}]$  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\phi} \vec{\iota} \tau o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \ddot{\alpha} \lambda \phi \iota \tau o \nu)$  of good meal. εὐ-άλωτος, ον, (εὖ, άλῶναι) easy to be taken. [ἄ] εὐ-άμπελος, ον, (εὖ, ἄμπελος) with fine vines. εὐάν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εὖα, εὐοῖ. εὐ-ανάκλητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back. εὐανδρία, ή, abundance of men, store of good men. II. manbood, manliness, courage, spirit. From εύ-ανδρος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, \hat{a} \nu \eta \rho)$  abounding in good men II. prosperous to men. εὐ-άνεμος  $[\bar{a}]$ , ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος. εὐ-άνθεμος, ον, (εὖ, ἄνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery. εὐανθέω, f. ήσω, to be flowery or blooming. From củ-aνθής, έs, (εὖ, ἄνθος) blooming, budding. II. rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2. also blooming, fresb. ev-avios, ov, Dor. for evhvios. [a]

tidings: - Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν

or ἀναδησαί τινα to crown one for good news brought;

εὐαγγελιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of

good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel.

εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them.

the glad tidings, the gospel.

εὐ-āvoρία, ή, Dor. for εὐηνορία. εὐ-άντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious. εὐ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ā] εὐ-απάλλακτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid of: easy to dispose of. εὐ-ἄπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀπἄτάω) easily cheated. εὐ-απήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος. εὐ-απόβάτος, ov, convenient for disembarking. εὐ-αποτείχιστος, ον, (εὖ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be walled off or blockaded. εὐἄρεστέω, f. ήσω, to be well-pleasing. From εὐ-άρεστος, ov, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐαρέστως, Comp. -τοτέρως. εὐ-αρίθμητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted. ευ-αρκτος, ον, (ευ, άρχω) well-governed: submissive. εὐ-άρματος, ον, (εὖ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race. εὐαρμοστία, ή, easiness of temper, good nature. From εὐ-άρμοστος, ον, (εὖ, ἁρμόζω) well-adapted, accom-II. well-tuned, barmonious. modating. ευ-apvos, ov, (ευ, άρνόs gen ) rich in sheep. εὐ-άροτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρόω) well-ploughed, easy to be ploughed. εύ-αρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning. εὐάs, άδοs, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖα) Bacchic, Bacchanalian. εύασμα, ατος, τό, (εὐάζω) a Baccbanalian sbout. εὐασμός,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (εὐάζω) the cry of εὖα, a shout of revelry, esp. of Bacchic revelry. εὐάστειρα, ή, fem of εὐαστήρ. εὐαστήρ, ηρος, ό, and εὐαστής, οῦ, ό, (εὐάζω) α Bacchanal. εὐάτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος. εὐ-αυγής, έs, (εὖ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \mathbf{a} \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\chi} \mathbf{\eta} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $\epsilon \mathbf{v} \circ \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\hat{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\hat{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \mathbf{a} \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\chi} \hat{\mathbf{\eta}} \mathbf{v})$  with beautiful neck. εὐ-αφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀφηγέομαι) easy to describe. εὐ-āχής, εὐ-άχητος  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dor. for εὐηχής, εὐήχητος. εὐ-βάστακτος,ον,(εὖ,βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear. ευ-βάτος, ον, (ευ, βατός) accessible: passable.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \beta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \phi \hat{\mathbf{a}} \rho \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \beta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \phi a \rho o \mathbf{v})$  with beautiful eyelids. Eύβοιa, as Ion. ηs, ή, Euboea, now Negropont, an island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica. εὐβολέω, f. ήσω, to make a good throw. From ευ-βολος, ον, (ευ, βαλείν) throwing luckily. Adv. εὐβόλωs, luckily; εὐβόλωs ἔχειν to be well off. εὐβοσία, ή, (εὕβοτος) good feeding. εὐ-βόστρυχος, ov, with beautiful locks. ευ-βοτος, ον, (ευ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good pasture. II. well-fed, thriving. εὐ-βότρῦος, ον, and εὖ-βοτρυς, v, gen. vos, (εὖ, βότρυs) rich in grapes. εύβουλία, ή, good counsel: prudence. From ευ-βουλος, ον, (ευ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent. ευ-βους, ουν, gen. oos, (ευ, βους) rich in cattle. εύ-βροχος, ον, (ευ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γαθής, ές, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-.

also wealthy, like Lat. beatus: bappy.

mentable.

εὐ-δάκρῦτος, ον, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, la-

ευ-γε, Adv. for ευ γε, Lat. euge! well done! well εὐ-δείελος, ον, (εὖ, δέελος for δηλος) very clear, said! capital! bravo! far-seen. εύ-γειος, ον, (εὖ, γη) of or with good soil: fertile.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \delta \epsilon_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \delta \epsilon_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v})$  bonoured with rich εὐγένεια, ή, (εὐγενήs) nobility of birth, bigh de- feasts. II. εύδαιτοι δαίτες luxurious feasts. εύδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εύδω. II. nobility of soul, generosity. εὐ-γένειος Ep. ἡϋ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded. εύ-δενδρος, ον, (εθ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees. εύδεσκον, Ion. impf. of εύδω.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{u}} - \gamma \epsilon \mathbf{v} \dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{\eta} \mathbf{s}$ , ou,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , = sq. εὐ-γενής Ep. εὐη-γενής and ἡϋ-γενής, ές, (εὖ, γένος) εύ-δηλος, ον, (εὐ, δηλος) very clear, manifest. εύδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj of εύδω. well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. εὐδία, ή, (εὕδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, of animals, bigb-bred, noble. prosperity. εὐ-διάβἄτος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -yevia Ion.  $-i\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{v} \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \nu \epsilon_i \alpha$ .  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -γεως, ων,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \gamma \hat{\eta})$  Att for  $\epsilon \tilde{v} \gamma \epsilon \iota o s$ . εὐ-διαίτερος, a, ov, irreg. Comp. of εὕδιος. εὐ-γηθής, ές, and εὐ-γήθητος, ον, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, εὐ-δίαιτος, ον, (εὖ, δίαιτα) living temperately.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \delta \iota \bar{\mathbf{u}} \mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{s}, \ \dot{\mathbf{\eta}}, \ \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{v}, = \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \delta \iota \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}, \ warm.$ cbeerful. εὐγηρία, ή, (εὕγηρωε) happy old age. eὐδιάω, f. ήσω, (εὐδία) to be calm. eu-γηρυs, v, sweet-sounding. εὐ-δικία, ή, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice. ευ-γηρως, ων, (ευ, γήρας) bappy in old age. εὐ-δίνητος, ον, (εὖ, δινέω) easily turning or turned. εὐ-γλάγετος, ον, εὐ-γλάγής, έε, and εὔ-γλάγος, ον, ευ-διος, ον, (ευ, Διός gen. of Zεύς) calm, fine, clear: genial: of persons, cheerful .- irreg. Comp. and Sup. (εὖ, γλάγοε) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὕγλαγι, as if from εὖ-γλαξ. εὐδιέστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδιαίτερος.  $e\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ -γλυπτος,  $o\nu$ , and  $e\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ -γλυφής,  $\epsilon$ s,  $(\epsilon\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ , γλ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ φ $\omega$ )  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \delta \mu \eta \tau \sigma s$  Ep.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} \delta - \sigma v$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \delta \epsilon \mu \omega)$  well built or well carved or engraved. fasbioned. εύγλωσσία Att. -ττία, ή, fluency of speech  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}}$ -δοκ $\dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $\epsilon \dot{\boldsymbol{v}} \delta \dot{\boldsymbol{o}} \kappa \boldsymbol{\eta} \sigma \alpha$ :  $(\epsilon \dot{\boldsymbol{v}}, \delta \boldsymbol{o} \kappa \dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}} \omega)$ :— From εύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὐ, γλῶσσα) with good to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II. in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence act. loosing the tongue, making fluent. εύδοκία, ή, satisfaction, approval. II. εύγμα, ατος, τό, (εύχομαι) like εύχος, a boast. εὐδοκζμέω, f. ήσω: impf. and aor. I ηὐδοκίμουν.  $=\epsilon \dot{v}\chi\dot{\eta}$  a prayer. ηὐδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδόεύ-γναμπτος Εp. έΰγν-, ον, (εθ, γνάμπτω) well-bent, κιμος):-to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, easily bent. popular; εὐδοκιμεῖν ἔν τινι to be distinguished for a εὐγνωμοσύνη, ή, good feeling, candour. From thing. Hence εὐδοκιμία, ή, good repute, credit. εὐ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible, εὐ-δόκτμος, ov, in good repute, highly esteemed. prudent: - Adv. εὐγνωμόνωs, prudently. εὐδοξέω, f. ήσω, (εὕδοξοε) to be in good repute, be εύ-γνωστος, ον, (εὐ, γιγνώσκω) well-known, familiar. thought well of, be famous. Hence ευ-γομφος, ον, (ευ, γύμφος) well-nailed or fastened. εὐδοξία, ή, good report, a good name, credit, glory. εύγονία, ή, fruitfulness, fertility. From ευ-δοξος, ον, (ευ, δόξα) of good report, glorious. εύ-γονος, ον, (εϑ, γονή) fruitful, prolific. εὐ-δρἄκής, ές, (εὖ, δρακεῖν) sbarp-sighted. εύ-δροσος, ov, well-bedewed, abounding in water.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}$ ,  $\gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \eta)$  well-drawn. εὐ-γραφήs, έs, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. **ΕΥ'** $\Delta\Omega$ , impf. ηδδον Ερ. εδδον: fut. εδδήσω:—to act. writing or drawing well. sleep, he down to sleep: also to sleep in death. eὐ-γώνιος, ον, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular. metaph. to rest, be still or bushed: to cease. εὐ-δαίδαλος, ον, beautifully wrought. εὐ-ἐἄνος, ον, (εὖ, ἐἄνόν) ricbly-dight, well-clad. εὐδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well ευ-εδρος, ον, (ευ, εδρα) well-seated: with a fair off or bappy. Hence tbrone. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse. εύδαιμόνημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune. εὐ-έθειρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-baired. εὐδαιμονία, ή, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, happiness. εὐ-ειδής, ές, (εὖ, εἶδος) well-shaped, graceful. εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σω, (εὐδαίμων) to account happy. εύ-ειλος, ον, (εὖ, είλη) sunny, warm, Lat. aprīcus. εὐδαιμονικός, ή, όν, (εὐδαίμων) of or tending to hapεὐ-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed. piness: of persons, bappy. Adv. - Hws, bappily. ευ-ειρος Att. ευερος, ον, (ευ, είροε) with or of good εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαίμων, bappily: Comp. and wool, fleecy. Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα. εὐ-έλεγκτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted. εὐ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good ευ-ελπις, δ, ή, neut. ευελπι, gen. ιδος, of good bope, genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. felix: bopeful, cheerful, sanguine; εὔελπίε είμι, c. inf. to be

of good bobe that.

ευ-εξάλειπτος, ov, easy to blot out or erase.

εὐ-εξάπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.

eù-eξία, ή, (εδ, ξειε) a good babit of body, good state of bealth: generally, good condition, good case.

ev-& co-os, ov, easy to get out of or escape from. eὐέπεια, ή, beautiful language, eloquence.

εὐφημία, words of good omen. From

εὐ-επής, έs, (εὖ, ἔπος) well-speaking, eloquent. making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.

εὐ-επία, ή, Ion. and poet, for εὐέπεια.

εὐ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery,

 $\epsilon \hat{v} - \epsilon \pi i \theta \epsilon \tau o s$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}, \hat{\epsilon} \pi i \tau i \theta \epsilon \mu a i)$  easy to be set upon or attacked; εὐεπίθετόν ἐστί τινι it is easy for one to

make an attack. εὐ-επίτακτος, ον, (εΰ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange:

tractable.

eὐεργεσία, ή, well-doing, good conduct. doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. εὐεργετέω, f. ήσω in the augm. tenses, sometimes  $\epsilon \hat{u}\eta \rho \gamma \hat{\epsilon} \tau \sigma u \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \hat{u}\eta \rho \gamma \hat{\epsilon} \tau \eta \sigma a$ , sometimes  $\epsilon \hat{u} \epsilon \rho \gamma - \text{with no}$ augm.: (εὐεργέτης).—to do well, do good. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:-Pass., εὐεργετεῖσθαί τι to bave a kindness

done one. Hence εύεργέτημα, ατος, τό, a good deed, a service,

εὐ-εργέτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (εὖ, \*έργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as bad done the state II. as Adj. beneficent.

εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.

εὐεργετικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (εὐεργέτης) disposed to do good. εύ-εργέτις, ιδος, fem. ot εὐεργέτης.

eὐ-εργής, έs, (εὖ, \*ἔργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. done: hence in plur. εὐεργέα, good deeds, benefits.

εὐ-εργός, όν, (εὖ, \*έργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.

εὐ-ερκής, έs, (εὖ, ερκος) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.

εὐ-έρκτης, ου, ό, poet. for εὐεργέτης.

εὐ-ερνής, έε, (εὖ, έρνος) sprouting well, flourishing. ευ-ερος, Att. for ευειρος.

εὐ-εστώ, οῦs, ἡ, (εὖ, εἰμί sum) well-being, prosperity. εὐετηρία, ή, (cὖ, ἔτοs) a good season.

 $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \epsilon \tau \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{a}, \ \dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}, = \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \epsilon \tau \eta \rho \dot{\mathbf{u}}.$ 

 $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \rho \epsilon \mathbf{T} \sigma \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \rho \hat{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \kappa \omega)$  easy to find.

eὐ-έφοδος, ον, easy to assail.

eυ-ζηλος, ον, emulous in good -- Adv. - ζήλως.

ευ-ζυγος Ep. ευζυγος, ον, (ευ, ζυγόν III) of a ship, well-benched.

εύ-ζυξ, ϋγος, δ, ή, (εὖ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.

εὐ-ζώα, Dor. for εὐζωία.

ευ-ζωνος Ep. ευζωνος, ον, (ευ, ζώνη) well-girded, II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace alte praecinctus: unencumbered, Lat. expeditus.

ευ-ζωρος, ον, (ευ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp - ζωρότεροs, also irreg. -έστεροs. εύη-γενής, Ep. for εύγενής.

εὐ-ηγεσία, ή, (εὖ, ἡγέομαι) good government.

εὐ-ηγορέω, f. ho ω, (εὖ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, 2. praise.

εὐήθεια or εὐηθία Ion. -ίη, ή, goodness of disposetion, singleness of beart, simplicity: also in bad sense. simplicity, silliness. From

εὐ-ήθης, εs, (εὐ, ἦθος) well-disposed, single-bearted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly: - Adv εὐήθωε, Sup. - έστατα.

εὐηθίη, ή, Ion. for εὐήθεια.

εὐηθικός, ή, όν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character hence simple, foolish. Adv. - κωs, in simple fashion.

εὐ-ήκης, εs, (εὖ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged. eὐ-ήκοοs, ον, (εὖ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to

εὐ-ηλάκἄτος Dor. εὑαλακ-, ον, (εὖ, ήλακάτη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.

εὐ-ἡλἄτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλαύνω) easy to drive or ride over πεδίον εὐήλατον a plain fut for cavalry operations.

εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ον, (εὖ, ήλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. aprīcus: -Adv. -iws, with bright, sunny weather.

εὐ-ημερέω, f. ήσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy to be successful in a thing. Hence

εὐημερία, ή, fineness of the day, fine weather. good times, health and wealth, bonour and glory.

εὐ-ἡμερος, ον, (εὖ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propi-2 cheerful, bappy

εὐηνεμία, ή, a fair wind. From

εὐ-ήνεμος, ον, (εὖ, ἄνεμος) with fair wind. vexed by winds, sheltered, serene,

 $\epsilon \hat{v}$ -ήνιος, ov,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}$ , ήνία) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.

eὐηνορία, ή, manliness, manly virtue. From εὐ-ήνωρ, ορος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{a}v\dot{\eta}\rho)$  giving manhood, inspiriting. II. of cities, abounding in brave men. εὐ-ήρἄτος, ον, (εὖ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.

εὐ-ήρετμος, ον, (εὖ, ἐρετμός) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.

εὐ-ήρης, ες, (εὖ, ἀραρείν) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to bandle.

εὐ-ήτριος, ον, (εὖ, ήτριον) well-woven. II. ací. weavin**g well**.

εὐ-ήχης, εs, (εὖ, ἦχος) well-sounding, tuneful. εὐ-ήχητος, ov, well-sounding: loud-sounding.

εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὖ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea. εὐ-θάλής, έε, (εὖ, θάλοε) growing well, flourishing.

εὐ-θāλήs, έs, Dor. for εὐθηλήs.

εὐθαρσέω, f. ήσω, to be of good courage. From εὐ-θαρσής, έs, (εὖ, θάρσος) of good courage:--Adv 2. giving courage, safe.

εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.

εὐ-θεράπευτος, ον, (εὖ, θεραπεύω) easily bealed. easily won by kindness or attention.

Hence

bound to do so.

there were ten.

II. correction, chastisement.

II.

II. a corrector, chastiser.

εύθυνος, δ, an investigator, auditor, who examined

and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens

εὐθυντήρ, ηρος, δ, (εὐθύνω) a director, corrector.

as Adj., εὐθυντήρ olaf the guiding rudder.

εὐθετέω. ξ. ήσω, (εὕθετος) to be well-arranged, con-

εὐθετίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From

posed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use.

εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway.

εὐ-θηγής, ές, (εὖ, θήγω) sharpening well.

ευ-θετος, ον, (ευ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-dis-

2. trans. to set in order, arrange well.

εὐ-θηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, rare form for εὐθηλής. εὐθυντηρία, ή, the part of a ship wherein the rudder εὐ-θηλής Dor. -θαλής, ές, (εὖ, θηλή) well-suckled: was fixed · fem. from well-fed, thriving. εὐθυντήριος, α, ον, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling. εύ-θηλος, ον, (ευ, θηλή) with distended udder.  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \upsilon v \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $o \hat{\upsilon}$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \upsilon v \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ . εύθημοσύνη, ή, good order, good management: a εὐθύνω, fut. """ ν"" ω, (εὐθύs) = the Homeric <math>"" ι" ω, to"babit of good order. From guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, goεὐ-θήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, τίθημι) well-arranged, 3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make II. act. orderly, setting in order. straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, well-made. εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: III. at Athens, to call to account, scruttrevise. to abound in: \_so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθην. nise the accounts (εύθυναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to Hence be called to account, and so to be corrected. εὐθηνία, ή, abundance.  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \dot{\nu} - \pi v \cos \theta$ , ov, contr.  $-\pi v \cos \theta$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \dot{\nu}, \pi \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$ εὐ-θήρατος, ον, (εὖ, θηράω) easily caught or won straight-blowing. εύ-θηρος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, θ ηρα)$  lucky in the chase. εὐθύ-πομπος, ον, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight. (θῆρεε) abounding in game. εὐθῦπορέω, f. ήσω, to go straight forward; πότμος εὐ-θήσαυρος, ov, well-stored, precious. εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐ-θνήσιμος, ον, (εὖ, θνήσκω) with easy death. εὐθυπορείν δρόμον to go a straight course. From ευ-θοινος, ον, (ευ, θοίνη) with rich banquet: copious. εὐθύ-πορος, ον, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: εὐ-θορύβητος, ον, (εὖ, θορυβέω) easily confounded. metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, bonest. ευ-θριγκος, ον, (θριγκός) with good coping or cornice. εύ-θυρσος, ov, with beautiful thyrsus.  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \theta \rho \iota \vec{k} \to \theta \rho \iota \vec{k}$ ,  $-\tau \rho i \chi o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \theta \rho i \dot{\epsilon})$  with fine **ΕΥ'ΘΥ'Σ**,  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \epsilon \hat{\iota} a$ ,  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \dot{\nu}$ , = the Ion, form  $i \theta \dot{\nu} s$ , straight. bair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, welldirect: -in moral sense, straightforward, plain, hoplumed. II. made of stout bair, of a fishing-line. nest: - in Adverb. usages, είς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look εύ-θρονος Ερ. εύθρονος, ον, (εύ, θρόνος) with beaustraight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak tiful seat or throne. straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \theta \rho \cos s$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \theta \rho \cos s)$  loud-sounding. as Adv. εὐθύs and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύs, used as Adv. for: also c. gen. straight towards , εὐθὺ Πελλήεὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὐθύ, γλῶσσα) of 2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at once; vns. straight tongue, bonest of tongue τοῦ θέρους εὐθὺς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginεὐθὕδικία, ή, an open, fair trial From ning of summer - So also the regular Adv. εὐθέωs. εὐθύ-δἴκος, ον, οτ η, ον, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging righεὐ-θύσἄνος, ον, (εὖ, θύσανος) well-fringed. teously. εὐθύτης, ητος, ή, (εὐθύς) straightness. εύθυδρομέω, f. ήσω, to run straight: of ships, to taph. bonesty, justice. [v] sail in a straight course. From εὐθύ-τομος, ον, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) cut straight, straight. εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, running a straight course. εὐθύ-φρων, ον, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded. εὐθυ-εργής, έε, (εὐθύ, έργον) accurately wrought. εὐθύ-ωρος, ον, also a, ον, (εὐθύ, ωρα) in a straight εὐθυ-μάχης, ου, ό, and εὐθύ-μᾶχος, ον, (εὐθύς, μάdirection: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύs II. χομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting. εὐ-θώρηξ, ηκος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (εὖ, θώραξ) well-mailed. εὐθῦμέω, f. ήσω, (εὕθυμος) to be of good cheer. εὐιάζω, ν. εὐάζω. trans. to make cheerful, cheer:-Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to εὐιἄκός, ή, όν, (εὕιος) Bacchic: fem. εὐιάς, άδος. be of good cheer. Hence εὐ-lepos, ον, (εὖ, lepós) very holy, hallowed. «ὖ-θυμητέον, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful. Eŭios, ô, Evius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εὐθυμία, ή, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity. eva, evoî. εὖιοs, ον, Adj. Bacchic, inspired ευ-θυμος, ον, (ευ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, by Bacchus. kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, eu-iππos, ov, of persons, delighting in borses, baving spirited. III. Adv. εὐθύμως, cheerfully; Comp. fine borses: of places, famed for borses. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα. εύ-ιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἴσημι) of good knowledge.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \theta \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a}, \dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}, \text{ but mostly used in pl. } \epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \theta \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{a} i, (\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \theta \dot{\mathbf{v}} \boldsymbol{v} \omega)$ εὐ-ίσχιος, ον, (εῦ, ἰσχίον) with beautiful hips. an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύνας ἀπαιτεῖν εὐ-καθαίρετος, ον, (εὖ, καθαιρέω) easy to overthrow. to call for one's accounts; εὐθύνας διδόναι to give εὐ-κάθεκτος, ον, (εὖ, κατέχω) easy to keep down. them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύνας ὀφλείν to be εὐκαιρέω, f. ήσω, (εὕκαιροε) to bave good opportunity, have leisure: - εὐκαιρεῖν είs τι, to devote one's | rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, poleisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ή, good season, opportunity, leisure.

prosperity. From

εύ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, welltimed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαίρωs opportunely: at leisure; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εύ-καλος, εὐ-καλία, Dor. for εὐκηλ-.

εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὖ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [a]

εὐ-καμπής, ές, (εὖ, κάμπτω) well-bent, curved. εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὖ, καρδία) good of heart, stoutbearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv.-iws, with stout heart.

εύ-καρπος, ov, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific. εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὖ, καταλλάσσω) easy to ap-

pease.

εὐ-κατάλῦτος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, καταλύω)$  easy to overthrow. εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὖ, καταφέρομαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον,  $(ε \tilde{v}$ , καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὖ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land :- easy to digest :- easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὖ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame. εὐ-κέἄτος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὖ, κεάζω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κέλάδοs, ov, sounding well, melodious.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \kappa \epsilon \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{pos}$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \kappa \epsilon \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{pov})$  well-pointed. εὐ-κέραος, ον, and εὕκερως, ων, gen. ωτος, (εὖ, κέρας)

with goodly borns. εὐκηλήτειρα, ή, she that lulls, soothes. From εύκηλος Dor. εύκαλος, ον, lengthd. form of έκηλος,

tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus. 

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [1] εὐ-κλεής, ές, acc. εὐκλεέα contr. εὐκλεα; also (as if from εὐκλήs) acc. sing. εὐκλέα, pl. εὐκλέαs Ep. ἐυκλείαs: (εϑ, κλέοs):—of good fame, glorious, noble.Hence

εύκλεια Ep. ἐϋκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλεΐη, ή, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλεΐζω Ion. εὐκληίζω, f. σω, to praise, laud. έϋκλειής, ές, Ep. for εὐκλεής: Adv. ἐϋκλειῶς.

εΰ-κλεινος, ov, much-famed. εὐ-κλήϊς or έϋ-κλήϊς, ιδος, ή, (εὖ, κλείω) well-closed,

close-shutting.

εὐκληρέω, f. ήσω, to bave a good lot. From εὔ-κληρος, ov, with a good lot or portion.

εΰ-κλωστος Ep. ἐΰκλ-, ον, (εὖ, κλώθω) well-spun. εὐ-κνήμις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, κνημίς) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc.

pl. ἐὐκνήμῖδες, ἐυκνήμῖδας. [τ] εύ-κνημος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs. εὐ-κοινόμητις, δ, ή, taking common counsel. εύ-κολλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) gluing well, sticky.

«ὔ-κολος, ον, (εὖ, κύλον) of good digestion: gene- | —to be cautious, circumspect, discrect:—to bave a

pular.

ευ-κολπος, ov, swelling beautifully, in goodly 2. with beautiful bays. folds.

εὐκόλωs, Adv. of εὕκολοs, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κομϊδής, ές, (εὖ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

εύ-κομος Ep. ἡὑκ-, ον, (εὖ, κόμη) thick-baired. eű-κομπος, ov, loud-sounding.

eŭ-κοπος, ov, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὖ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ή, orderly behaviour, good order From «υ-κοσμος, ov, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:-Adv.  $-\mu\omega s$ , in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὔ-κραιρος, ον, οτ α, ον, (εὖ, κραίρα) with fine borns. εὐ-κράς, ᾶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate.

ing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ή, good mixture or temperament From εύ-κρατος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking: - metaph temperate, mild

ευ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II well-woven.

 $ε \tilde{v}$ -κρηνος, ον,  $(ε \tilde{v}$ , κρήνη) well-watered.

εύ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εύκρατος.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\kappa \rho \bar{v} \theta o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \kappa \rho v \theta \eta)$  rich in barley.

εὐκρινέω, f. ήσω, to keep distinct and in order From εὐ-κρινήs, έs, (εὖ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. -vws

Ion.  $-\nu \epsilon \omega s$ . ευ-κρίτος, ον, (εὖ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide:

easily discerned, plain, manifest. εὐ-κρόταλος Ερ. ἐϋκρ-, ον, (εὖ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότητος, ον, (εὖ, κροτέω) well-welded, wellwrought, of metal.

εὖ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὖ, κρύπτω) easy to bide.

εὐκταῖος, a, ον, (εὕχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέἄνος, ον, (εὖ, κτέανον) with fine possessions. εὐ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, κτημα) with fair pos-

sessions. εὔ-κτητος, ον, (εὖ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

ἐϋ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὖ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

έΰ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὔκτιστος, = ἐϋκτίμενος.

**εὐκτόs**, ή, όν, (εὕχομαι) prayed for · to be prayed for. eŭ-κυκλος, ov, well-turned, well-rounded. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλζκος, ον, (εὖ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup. εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβίη, ή, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λἄβέομαι, fut. med. -ήσομαι or pass. -ηθήσομαι: aoi. I pass. ηὐλαβήθην or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβήs): 284II. c. acc. to beware of. care, beware, fear. to watch for, await quietly. εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg. εὐ-λαβήs, έs, (εὖ, λαβείν) taking in band cautiously, 2. fearing the gods, cautious, circumspect, discreet. pious, devout. εὐ-λἄβίη, see εὐλάβεια. εὐλαβῶs, Adv. of εὐλαβήs, cautiously: Comp. –εστέρωε. εὐλάζω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb, to plough.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \lambda \hat{\mathbf{u}} \ddot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\xi}, \ \mathbf{v} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}, \ \dot{\mathbf{v}}, = \epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}} \lambda \mathbf{i} \theta \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}.$ εὐλάκα, ή, old Dor. word for a ploughshare. ευ-λάλος, ον, (ευ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken. εὐ-λάχἄνος, ον, (εὖ, λάχανον) fruitful in berbs. εύ-λειμος, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, λειμών) with fair meadows. εύ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: bappy in marriage. ευ-λεξις, ι, (ευ, λέξις) with good choice of words. εὐ-λεχής, ές, (εὖ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed. EΥ'ΛΗ', ή, a worm, maggot. εύ-ληκτος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, λ \dot{\eta} \gamma \omega)$  soon-ceasing. ευ-ληπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take bold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take bold: Sup. -ότατα. εύληρα, ων, τά, old Ep. word for ήνια, reins. εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὖ, λἴμήν) with good barbours. εὐλογέω, f. ήσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ηὐλ-, aor. Ι εὐλόγησα οτ ηὐλ-: (εὕλογοε):--to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence εὐλογητός, ή, όν, blessed. εὐλογία, ή, (εὐλογέω) good-speaking, fair-speak-II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \lambda \hat{\mathbf{o}} \gamma \iota \sigma \tau \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{o} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \lambda \mathbf{o} \gamma i \langle \mathbf{o} \mu a \iota \rangle) easy to reckon.$ II. rightly reckoning, prudent ευ-λογος, ον, (ευ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὕλογον a fair reason:-Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρωs. εὐ-λοέτειρα, ή, (εὖ, λουτρόν) with fine baths. «ΰ-λοφος, ov, well-plumed. εύ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχεύω) belping in childbirth.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \lambda \dot{\mathbf{v}} \rho \eta \mathbf{s}$ , ov. Dor.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \lambda \dot{\mathbf{v}} \rho \alpha \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $= \epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}} \lambda \mathbf{v} \rho \sigma \mathbf{s}$ . εύ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre. eŭ-λύτος, ον, (εὖ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. metaph. easy to dissolve or break. **εὐμάθεια**, ή, docility. εὐ-μαθής, έs, (εὖ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶs, readily: Comp. -έστ€ρον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar. εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ή, = εὐμάθεια. εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

ευ-μαλλος, ov, of fine wool.

ευ-μαλος. Dor. for ευμηλος.

εὐ-μάραθος, ον, (εΰ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel. εύμαρεια, ή, easiness, ease, convenience; εύμαρεία  $\chi p \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta a \iota to be in comfort, but also = Lat. alvum exone$ rare, to ease oneself. From εὐ-μἄρής, ές, (εὖ, μάρη =  $\chi$ είρ) easy, convenient, with-2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle. out trouble. εὐ-μἄρίη, Ion. for εὐμάρεια. εύμαρίς, ίδος, ή, but acc. εύμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.) εὐμἄρῶs poet. - έωs, Adv. of εὐμαρήs, gently. εὐ-μεγέθης, εs, (εὖ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown. εὐ-μέλανος, ον, (εὖ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky. εὐ-μελής, έε, (εὖ, μέλοε) melodious, musical. εύμένεια, ή, (εύμενής) good will, kindness, favour. εύμενέτης, ου, δ, poet. for εύμένης, a well-wisher, friend : fem. εὐμενέτειρα. εὐμενέω, f. ήσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc to be kind to, deal kindly with. From εὐ-μενήs, έs, (εὖ, μένοs) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant. εὐ-μενία, ή, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια. Εύμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αί, (εὐμενής) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the illomened name Έρινύε**s.** εύμενία, ή, poet for εὐμένεια. εύμενίζομαι, f ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι, Med., (εὐμενήs) to make propitious, propitiate. εύμενως Ion. -έως, Adv. of εύμενής, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρωι. εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὖ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change. εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὖ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful. εὐ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (εὖ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to 2. easy to deal with or master. manage. εύ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned. εὐ-μήκης, ες, (εὖ, μῆκος) of good length, tall. εὖ-μηλος, ον, (εὖ, μῆλον) rich in sheep. εὐ-μήρῦτος, ον, (εὖ, μηρύω) easy to spin or draw out. εὐμηχανία, ή, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From εὐ-μήχανος, ον, (εὖ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious. εὐ-μίσητος, ον, (εὖ, μῖσέω) exposed to batred. ευ-μίτος, ov, with fine or stout threads. ευ-μιτρος, ον, (ευ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle. έϋμ-μελίης, δ, Ion. gen. ἐυμμελίω, Dor. –ίας, gen. -ία: (εὖ, μελία) armed with good ashen spear. εὐ-μνήμων, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, \mu \nu \eta \mu \eta)$  easy to remember: comp. Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρως έχειν to be easier to remember.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\mu v \eta \sigma \tau \sigma s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \mu \iota \mu v \dot{\eta} \sigma \kappa o \mu a \iota)$  well-remembering, mindful. ευ-μοιρος, ον, (ευ, μοιρα) well off for fortung wealthy. εύμολπέω, f. ήσω, to sing well. From

εὖ-μολπος, (εὖ, μολπή) sweetly-singing.
εὖμορφία, ἡ, beauty of form, symmetry. From
εὖ-μορφος, ον, (εὖ, μορφή) fair of form, comely.
εὖμουσία, ἡ, accomplishments. From

«ὖ-μουσος, ον, («ὖ, Μοῦσα) skilled in the arts of the Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing . musical, melodious.

εύμοχθος, ov, industrious, laborious.

ευ-μυθος, ov, well-spoken, eloquent.

εύ-μῦκος, ον, (εὖ, μυκάομαι) loud-bellowing.

eivalu, f. άσω: in augin. tenses, aor. 1 εὖνασα or ηὐν-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ηὐν-: (εὐνή):—to lay in bed, put to sleep: also to lay in ambusb: of animals, to lay their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep.

2. metaph. to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage.

II. Pass. to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep: of birds, to

roost III. intr. in Act. to sleep. εὐ-ναιετάων, ουσα, ον, (εὖ, ναιετάω) well-peopled or

well-situated.
εὐ-ναιόμενος, η, ον, (εὖ, ναίω) well-peopled or well-

situated.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) in one's bed or couch; εὐναῖος
λαγώς a hate in its form; εὐναῖαι πτέρυγες wings
over the nest.

2. weedded.
3. of pain, making
one keep one's bed.

II. (εὐνή II) of or for an-

cborage: hence steadying or guiding a sbip.
εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάζω) convenient for sleeping in.
εὐναστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (εὐνάζω) a hedfellow. Hence
εὐνάπειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνητ-.

εὐνατήριον, τό, a bed-chamber.

εὐνάω, f. ήσω:—Pass., aor. 1 εὐνήθην: pf εὕνημαι. (εὐνή):—to lull to sleep: also to lay in ambusb. 2. metaph. to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage. II. Pass. to go to bed: go to sleep: also to be bedded with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged.

εὐνέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ οτ εὐνήτηρ.

ET'NH, ή, a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird:—also the grave.

2. the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage.

II. in plur. εὐναί, stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land; ἐκ δ' εὐνὰs ἔβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδησαν.

εὐνηθείς, 20r. 1 part. pass. of εὐνάω.

εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. out of bed.

εὐνηθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.

εύνημα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) marriage, wedlock

εὐνήτειρα, fem. of εὐνητήρ, a wife.

εὐνητήρ, ῆροε, ὁ, (εὐνάω) a bedfellow, busband. εὕ-νητος Ep. ἐὑν-νητος, ον, (εὖ, νέω) well-spun or woven, of fine texture.

εὐνήτρια, ή, = εὐνήτειρα.

**εὐνήτωρ,** ορο**ε,**  $\delta$ , =  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

εὐνῆφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.

euvis, δ, ή, gen. ιος; in pl. ευνιες οτ ευνιδες:—reft of, bereaved of.

II. absol. bereaved, desolate.

εὖνις, ιδος, ή, (εὐνή) a bedfellow, wife.

έθν-νητος, Ep. for εύνητος.

eὖνοέω, f. ήσω, (εὕνοοε) to be well-disposed or friendly: —Pass. to be kindly treated.

εύνοια, η, poet. also εὐνοία Ep. εὐνοίη, (εὕνοοε) good will, kindness; in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings:

—κατ' εὐνοίαν out of kindness, favourably; so, μετ' εὐνοίαs, ὑπ' εὐνοίαs, εὐνοία. Hence

εὐ-νοϊκόs, ή, όν, of kind, benevolent character. Adv.,

εὐνοϊκῶε ἔχειν to be kindly disposed.

εὐνομέομαι, f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην: (εὕνομος):—to bave good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly. Hence

eὖνομία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, good order, order. From eὕ-νομος, ον, (εὖ, νόμος) under good laws, well-

ordered, orderly.

εὔ-voos, ον, Att. contr. εὔ-vous, ουν, pl. εὖνοι: (εὖ, νύοs, νοῦs):—well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent:—Comp. εὐνούστεροs Ion. -οξστεροs; Sup. -ούστατοs.

εὐνουχίζω, f. ίσω, to make an eunuch of. From εὐν-οῦχος, ό, (εὐνή, ἔχω) an eunuch: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἰ τὴν εὐνὴν ἔχοντεε, guardians of the bed).

εύντα, Dor. for ἐόντα, ὅντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί

sum.

εὐ-νώμαs, ου, ὁ, (εὖ, νωμάω) swiftly moving. εὕ-νωs, Adv. of εὕνοοs, εὕνουs, kindly.

εὐξαίμην, aor. I opt. of εὕχομαι.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ ,  $\epsilon \tilde{v$ 

εὔ-ξένος Ion εὕ-ξένος, ον, (εῷ, ξένος) kind to strangers, bospitable; ἀνδρῶν εὕξένος the guest-chamber: πόντος εὕξένος the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξένος the inbospitable.

εὖ-ξεστος Ερ. ἐὖξεστος, ον, or η, ον, well-polished. εὖ-ξοος Ερ. ἐὖξοος, ον, Ερ. gen. ἐὖξου, (εὖ, ξέω) =

εὔξεστοι. εὐ-ξύμβλητοις, εὐ-ξύμβολοις, εὐ-ξύνετοις, Att. for

εὐο-.
 εὐοδέω, f. ήσω, (εὕοδοs) to bave a free passage, of running water. Hence

εὐοδία, ή, a good journey, fair voyage.

εὔ-οδμος, ον, (εὖ, ὁδμή) sweet-smelling, fragrant.
 εὔ-οδος, ον, (εὖ, ὁδός) easy to travel through: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδώτατος. Hence

eủ-οδόω, f. ώσω: Pass, f. -οδωθήσομαι: aor. I -ωδώθην:--to put in the right way, help on the way:

Pass. to prosper, be successful.

evoî, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. evoe!

εὕ-ολβος, ον, (εὖ, ὅλβος) wealthy, prosperous. εὐοπλέω, f. ήσω, (εὕοπλος) to be well-equipt.

evoπλίa, ή, the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments. From

εύοργησία, ή, gentleness, mildness of temper. From

evoργηστω, η, gentieness, mitaness of temper. From e-u-oργητοs, ον, (εδ, δργή) good-tempered, free from passion. Adv.—τωs, with good temper.
εύορκέω, f. ήσω, (εύορκοε) to swear truly, take a true

and to have and and the state of the state o

oath, to keep one's oath. Hence

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὖ, περιάγω) easily turned round.

εὐ-ποίκιλος, ον, (εὖ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εὐορκησία, ή, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.

eu-πeπλos, ov, beautifully attired.

εὐορκία, ή, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \epsilon \mathbf{p} (\mathbf{y} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \pi \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}, o \mathbf{v}, (\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \pi \epsilon \mathbf{p} (\mathbf{y} \mathbf{p} \hat{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{\omega})) easy to sketch out.$ εὖ-ορκος, ον, (εὖ, ὅρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths, εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὖ, περιγραφή) = foreg.εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὖ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on. ομνύναι εύορκα (as Adv.) to swear truly; εύορκών [eori] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὖ, περισπάω) easy to pull off εὐ-περίστάτος, ον, (εὖ, περιίσταμαι) easily besetting. εὐόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath. εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὖ, περιτρέπω) easily turned εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὕορκος, according to one's oath. ευ-ορμος, ov, with good anchorage: of ships, safe at round, changeable, inconstant. anchor. εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὖ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves. εύ-ορνίς, Ιθος, δ, ή, (εΰ, ὀρνίς) of good augury, auεὐ-πέτεια, ή, ease; δι' εὐπετείαs easily. ness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From spicious. II. abounding in birds. εὐ-πετής, ές, (εὖ, πεσείν) falling well or easily: εὐ-όροφος, ον, (εὖ, ἐρέφω) well-roofed. hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant, εὐ-όφθαλμος, ov, with beautiful eyes. II. pleasing to the eyes. III. specious. plentiful. εΰ-οφρυς, υ, (εὖ, ὀφρύε) with fine eyebrows.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\pi \epsilon \tau \rho o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \epsilon \tau \rho a)$  of good, bard stone εὐπετῶs Ion. -έωs, Adv. of εὖπετήs, easily, amply:  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \mathbf{o} \mathbf{\chi} \dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ ,  $\mathbf{f} \ \ \boldsymbol{\eta} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \, \hat{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}} \boldsymbol{\chi} \boldsymbol{\omega})$  to treat, tend well. Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ρωs. εὐοχθέω, f. ήσω, to be in plenty. From eu-oxθos, ov, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich. εὐ-πηγής, ϵs, (ϵϑ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout. εὐ-πἄγής, έs, (εὖ, παγηναι) well put together, comεΰ-πηκτος, ον, (εὖ, πήγνυμι) well put together, wellbuilt, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid. pact. εὐπάθεια Ion εὐπαθίη, ή, enjoyment of good things, εὐ-πήληξ, ηκοs, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful belmet. the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments,  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\pi \eta vos$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \eta v \eta)$  of fine texture. luxuries; εν εύπαθίησι είναι to enjoy oneself, make «υ-πηχυς, v, with beautiful arms. εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, abounding in fountains. merry. [ă] From εὐπαθέω, f. ήσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \pi \dot{\iota} \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , =  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \pi \epsilon \iota \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ . From merry, live comfortably. From  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \mathbf{i} \theta \dot{\mathbf{\eta}} \mathbf{s}, \ \dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{s}, = \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \pi \epsilon i \theta \dot{\mathbf{\eta}} \mathbf{s}, \ obedient, \ submissive$ εὐ-παθής, έs, (εὖ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case, εύ-πιστος, ov, easy to believe, trustworthy, credible.II. act. easily believing, credulous :-- Adv. comfortable. εύ-παθίη, Ion. for εὐπάθεια. εύπαιδία, ή, a goodly race of children. From εὐ-πίων, ov, gen. ovos, very fat, rich. [ī]  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -mais,  $\pi a i \delta o s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi a \hat{i} s)$  blest with children, εὐ-πλατής, ές, (εὖ, πλάτος) of a good breadth. with many or good children; γύνος εῦπαις a noble son. eὖ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled. εΰ-πακτος, Dor. for εὔπηκτος.  $\epsilon$ ὖ-πλεκής Ep.  $\epsilon$ ὖ-πλεκής,  $\epsilon$ s,  $(\epsilon$ ὖ, πλ $\epsilon$ κω) wellεὐ-πάλαμος, ον, (εὖ, παλάμη) bandy, ingenious: inplaited; δίφροι ἐυπλεκέες, see εὕπλεκτος, εΰ πλεκτος Εp. ἐὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὖ, πλέκω) wellventive. εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὖ, παράγω) easy to lead away. plaited, well-netted;  $\epsilon \dot{\nu}\pi\lambda\epsilon\kappa\tau$  os  $\delta i\phi\rho$  os a chariot with sides of wicker-work. εὐ-πάρᾶος, ον, Dor. for εὐπάρειος, -ηος. εὐ-παράπειστος, ov, easily led aside. εύπλοια Ep. εὐπλοΐη, ή, (εὔπλοος) a fair voyage. εὐ-πάρεδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to. εὐ-πλόκἄμος Ep. ἐϋπλ-, ον, with goodly locks: pecul. fem. ἐϋπλοκαμίς, ῖδος. εὐ-πάρειος, ον, (εἶν, παρειά) with beauteous cheeks. εὐ-πάρθενος, ov, famed for fair maidens.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \mathbf{\lambda} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}_1 = \epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \pi \lambda \epsilon \mathbf{k} \tau \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ . εὐπάρθενος Δίρκη Dircé, bappy maid!  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \pi \lambda oos$ , ov, contr  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \pi \lambda ovs$ , ovv,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  sailing εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὖ, παροξύνω) easily irritated. well, having a fair voyage.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \hat{\mathbf{u}} \rho \hat{\mathbf{v}} \phi o \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \pi a \rho \mathbf{v} \phi \hat{\mathbf{\eta}})$  with a hand some border.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -πλύνής Ep.  $\dot{\epsilon}\ddot{v}$ πλ-,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ , ( $\epsilon \ddot{v}$ , πλύνω) well-washed. εὐ-πἄτέρεια, ή, (εὖ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire:  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \pi \lambda \omega \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \lambda \omega \omega)$  favourable to sailing. belonging to a noble father. εύπνοια poet. εύπνοίη, ή, easiness of breathing. II. εὐ-πατρίδης, ου, ὁ,  $(ε \hat{v}, \pi \alpha \tau \eta \rho)$  of good or noble fragrance. From father, of noble family. II. at Athens, the Eù- $\epsilon \ddot{v}$ -πνοος Ep.  $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{v}$ -πνοος,  $o\nu$ , contr.  $\epsilon \ddot{v}$ -πνους,  $o\nu\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ , πατρίδαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the  $\pi\nu\epsilon\omega$ ) breathing well or freely: good to breathe  $\gamma \epsilon \omega \mu \delta \rho \sigma i$  the second, the  $\delta \eta \mu i \sigma \nu \rho \gamma \sigma i$  the third. through. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant,—Comp. εύ-πατρις, ίδος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon v}$ ,  $\pi \alpha \tau \dot{\eta} \rho)$  born of a noble sire. εὐπνώτερος, also irreg. -πνούστερος.  $ε \mathring{\mathbf{v}}$ -πάτωρ, opos,  $\mathring{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\mathring{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ ,  $= ε \mathring{\boldsymbol{v}} \pi \alpha \tau \rho \iota s$ . εὐποδία, ή, (εὕπους) strength or speed of foot. εὐ-πειθής, ές, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient, εὐποιητικός, ή, όν,  $(ε \tilde{v}, ποι ε ω)$  disposed to be kind, II. act. persuasive, convincing. beneficent.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \epsilon \mathbf{v} \sigma \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \pi \epsilon i \theta o \mu a \iota)$  easily persuaded. εὐ-ποίητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὖ, ποιέω) well-made, εὐ-πέμπελος, ον, (εὖ, πέμπω) gently leading. well-wrought. ευ-πένθερος, ov, with a good father-in-law. εὐ-ποιία, ή, (εὖ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εύ-ποκος, ον, (εὖ, πόκος) with fine wool, fleecy. εὐ-πόλεμος, ον, good at war.

εύ-πομπος, ον, (ευ, πέμπω) well-conducting, propitious.

eὑπορέω, f. ήσω: aor. I εὑπόρησα: (εὖποροs):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, bave plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. Il. to supply, provide: Pass. to bave plenty of, abound in. Hence

eὑπορία, ή, facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3, plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.

eu-πορος, ον, (εὖ, πόρος) easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.

εὐπόρωs, Adv. of εύποροs, easily in abundance.

εΰ-ποτμος, ον, well-fated, bappy.

εύ-ποτος, ον, (εύ, ποτόν) pleasant to drink.

εύπους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $-\pi$ ουν,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , gen.  $-\pi$ οδος,  $(\epsilon \dot{\tilde{v}}$ ,  $\pi$ ούς) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.

εύπραγέω, f ήσω, to fare well, be well off, prosper.

εὐ-πρᾶγής, ές, (εὖ, πρᾶγος) faring well, flourisbing. εὐπρᾶγία, ἡ, (εὐπραγέω) well-doing, welfare.

εύ-πρακτος, ον, (εὐ, πράσσω) easy to be done.

εὐπραξία Ion. εὐπρηξίη, ἡ, = εὐπραγία, good fortune, success. II. good conduct.

ευ-πραξις, ή, poet for ευπραξία.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -πρεμνον, ον,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \rho \epsilon \mu \nu o \nu)$  with good stem.

εὐπρέπεια, ἡ, fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From

εὐ-πρεπής, ές, (εὖ, πρέπω) well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious.
3. specious, plausible

ευ-πρεπτος, (ευ, πρέπω) conspicuous.

εύπρεπῶς Ion. -έως, Adv of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα. εὐπρηξίη, Ion. for εὐπραξία.

εὐπρήσσω, (εὖ, πρήσσω) to arrange or order well:

Ion. impf. ἐυπρήσσεσκον. εὕ-πρηστος, ον, (εὖ, πρήθω) strong-blowing.

εὐ-πρήων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εῦ, πρηών) with fair headlands.

εὐ-πρόσδεκτος, ον, (εὖ, προσδέχομαι) acceptable. εὐ-πρόσεδρος, ον, = εὐπάρεδρος, assiduous, diligent. εὐ-προσήγορος, ον, (εὖ, προσηγορέω) of easy address, affable, courteous.

εὐ-πρόσιτος, ον, (εὖ, πρόσειμι) easy of access. εὐ-πρόσοδος, ον, of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus babet. II. of places, accessible; εὖπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach.

εὐ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (εὖ, προσφέρω) easy to be got : attainable, easy.

εὐπροσωπέω, f. ήσω, (εὐπρόσωπος) to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.

εὐπροσωπό-κοιτος,  $\eta$ , ον, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) lying or placed cheerfully; τύχη εὐπροσωποκοίτ $\varphi$  πεσείν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.

εὐ-πρόσωπος, ον, (εῦ, πρόσωπον) well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.

εὐ-προφάσιστος, ον, (εὖ, προφασίζομαι) with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.

εύ-πρυμνος, ον, (εύ, πρύμνα) of ships, with bandsome

εύ-πρωρος, ον, (εύ, πρώρα) of ships, with bandsome

εύ-πτερος, ον, (εὖ, πτερόν) well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὕπτεροι γυναίκες bigb-plumed dames of quality.

 $\hat{\epsilon}$ υ-πτέρυγος, ον,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}, \pi \tau \hat{\epsilon} \rho v \xi) = \epsilon \tilde{v} \pi \tau \hat{\epsilon} \rho o s$ .

εὐ-πτόρθος, ον, finely branching.

εύ-πυργος, ον, with goodly towers.

εὐ-πώγων, ον, gen ωνος, well-bearded.

«υ-πωλος, ov, with fine colts: breeding fine borses.

**εύράμην**, aor. I med. of **ε***ύρ*ω.

εὐράξ, (εὖροs) Adv. from one side, sideways. II. εὐράξ πατάξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds. εὐρέα, acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύs; also Ion. fem.

εύρέθην, aor I pass. οf εύρίσκω. εύρειν Ερ. εύρέμεναι, aor. 2 inf of ευρίσκω.

εύρετέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of εύρίσκω, to be discovered, found out.

ευρετής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. ευρέτις, ιδος, (ευρίσκω) a finder, inventor, discoverer.

εῦρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εὐρίσκω

εύρετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ευρίσκω, discovered: to be found out or discovered.

εύρηκα, εύρημαι, pf. act. and pass. of εἰρίσκω.

εύρημα, ατος, τό, (εύρίσκω) that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage.

2. of a child, a foundling.

II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.

εύρην, Dor. for εύρειν.

εύρησι-επής, ές, (ευρίσκω, έπος) inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.

**εὑρήσω,** fut. of εὑρίσκω.

εὑρήτωρ, opos, ὁ, (εὑρίσκω) an inventor, discoverer. εὕ-ρινος, ον, (εὖ, ῥινός) of good leather.

euρīvos, gen. of ευριε.

εὔ-ρῖπος, ὁ, (εὖ, ῥιπίζω) any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.

εὔ-ριs, ινοs, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ρίs, ρίν) with a good nose, keenscented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.

EΥΡΙ΄ ΣΚΩ: fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὔρηκα or ηυρ-: aor. 2 εὖρον or ηὖρον, imperat. εὖρέ, inf. εὐρεῖν:— Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: aor. 2 εὖρόμην or ηὖρ-, later aor. 1 εὖράμην:— Pass., fut. εὖρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὖρήσομαι: aor. 1 εὖρέθην or ηὖρέθην: pf. εὔρημαι or ηὖρ-. I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὔρημα εὖρίσκεν to make an

unexpected discovery or gain.

2. to devise, invent.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain: ---Med.
to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain.

2. of
merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money: hence, to
be worth, to sell for.

εὐροέω, f. ήσω, (εὕροοε) to flow well. II. metaph. to flow or go on well. III. to be fluent.

εὐ-ροίζητος, ον, (εὖ, ροιζέω) loud-whizzing.

ευροίμην, ευροιμι, 201. 2 opt. med. and act. of ευρόσκω.

' εὐρο-κλύδων, ωνος, ὁ, (Εὖρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

**εὖρομες,** Dor. 1 pl. aor. 2 of εὑρίσκω.

εύρον, aor. 2 of ευρίσκω.

eŭ-poos, ον, contr. εύρους, ονν, (εὖ, ρέω) flowing well, fair-flowing.

II. of words, flowing, fluent.

ευ-ροπος, ον, (ευ, ρέπω) easily inclining or slipping. Eυρος, δ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὖρος, τό, (εὖρύς) breadth, width, opp. to  $μ\hat{\eta}κος$ : εὖρος, in breadth, opp. to ὑψος, in beight.

έυρ-ραφής, Ep. for εὐρραφής, (εὖ, ῥάπτω) wellstitched.

eὐρ-ρεήs, έs, Ep. gen. ἐϋρρείοs (for εὐρρεοῦs), fair-flowing.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\ddot{\upsilon}\rho-\rho\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\iota}\tau\eta s$ , ov,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ , =  $\epsilon\dot{\upsilon}\rho\rho\dot{\epsilon}\eta s$ .

έθρ-ροος, Ep. for εύροος.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύs, often used as Adv.

εὐρὕ-άγυιος, α, ον, (εὐρύ, ἀγυιά) with wide streets, epith. of great cities, in II. usually of Troy and Athens. εὐρυ-αίχμας, δ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

cupu-βίας Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ου, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρυ-θέμεθλος poet. -θέμειλος, ον, (εὐρύ, θέμεθλον) with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

eύρυθμία, ή, good time or proportion: orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From

eo-ρυθμοs, ov, in good time or measure, rhythmical, Lat. numerosus:—of persons, orderly: well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρύθμωs, Adv. of εὕρυθμος, in good order, gracefully. εὐρύ-κολπος, ον, with spacious bosom.

εὐρυ-κρείων, οντος, δ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-λείμων, ον, gen. ανος, with broad meadows. εὐρυ-μέδων, οντος, δ, wide-ruling.

εύρυ-μέτωπος, ον, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρθναι, 201. τ inf. of εὐρύνω. εὐρύνω, f. ὔνῶ, (εὐρύε) to make wide or broad; εὐ-

εύρυνω, t. ύνω, (εύρυ») to make wide or broad; εύρυναι άγωνα to make room for the dance; το μέσον εύρυνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ον, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout. εὐρυ-όδεια, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὁδός) with broad, open ways. εὐρυ-όπης Aeol. εὐρύοπα, ὁ, (εὐρύ, ὄψομαι) the farglancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, δ, acc. εὐρύοπα, = εὐρυόπηε.

εὐρύ-πεδος, ον, (εὐρύ, πέδον) with broad surface. εὐρύ πορος, ον, with broad ways, of the sea.

ευρυ-πρωκτία, ή, the character of a lewd fellow.

2. to devise, in- | εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ev, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene:, obtain:—Med. also an adulterer.

εὐρυ-πυλής, ές, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρυ-ρέεθρος, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέεθρον) with broad channel. εὐρυ-ρέων, ουσα, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέω) broad-flowing.

EΥΡΥ΄Σ, εὐρεῖα, εὐρύ: gen. εὐρέοε, clas, έοε: acc. sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέα: Ion. fem. nom. εὐρέα:—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-spread:—Comp. εὐρύτεροε; see cὑρύ.

εὐρυ-σάκης, εε, (εὐρύ, σάκοε) with broad shield. [ă] εὐρυ-σθενής, έε, (εὐρύ, σθένοε) wide-ruling, mighty. εὐρύ-σορος, ον, with wide hier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνος, ον, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted. εὐρυτέρως, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τῖμος, ον, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-bonoured.

ευ-ρυτος, ον, (εῦ, ρέω) full-flowing.

εὐρυ-φαρέτρης, ου, ὁ, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide quiver.

εὐρυ-φτής, ές, (εὐρυ, φύω) growing widely.

cὐρυ-χὰδής,  $\epsilon$ s,  $(\epsilon$ ὐρύ, χαδ $\epsilon$  $\hat{\imath}$ ν) wide-gaping, wide-mouthed, of cups.

eὐρυ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spreac' bair.

εὐρύ-χορος, ον, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος. εὐρυχωρία, ή, free space, plenty of room, ἐν εὐρυχωρία in the open sea. From

ີ εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, (εὖ, ρωξ) tich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, εs, poet. for cὐρύs.

 $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \rho \omega \pi \dot{\sigma} s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon} \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \rho \dot{\upsilon} s$ .

εὖρώεις, εσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid, οἴκια εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ. εὐρών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

EY'P $\Omega$ TH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Europa, Europe, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

EΥ 'PΩ'Σ,  $\hat{\omega}\tau$ os, δ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs, squalor.

εύρωστία, ή, stoutness, strength. From

εύ-ρωστος, ον, (εδ, βώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τως. εὐρῶτι, dat. sing of εὐρώς.

εὐ-ρωτιάω, (εὐρώs) to become or to be mouldy, to decay; βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

ΈΥΣ, ὁ, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. ἐῆος; gen. plur. neut. ἐάων [ā], as if from nom. ἐά, θεοί, δωτῆρες ἐάων the gods, givers of good things.

εὖσα, Dor. for ἐοῦσα, οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum. εὖσα, aor. I of εὕω.

εὐσέβεια, ή, (εὐσεβήε) reverence towards the gods, piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character for piety.

eὖσεβέω, f. ήσω, (εὖσεβήs) to live or act piously: to be pious in a thing: o. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὖ-σεβής, έε, (εὖ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious, reverent: of things, boly, ballowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -ίη, poet. for εὐσέβεια.

εύ-σελμος Ep. εύσσ-, ον, (εθ, σέλμα) with good banks of oars, well-rowed.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\sigma \epsilon \pi \tau \sigma s$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \sigma \epsilon \beta \omega)$  much reverenced, boly.

εύ-σημος, αν, (εὐ, σημα) of good omen, auspi-II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous. cious. sủαθενέω, f. ήσω, to be strong, bealthy. From εὐ-σθενής, ές, (εὖ, σθένος) stout; strong, firm. εὐ-σίπὔος, ον, (εὖ, σἴπύα) with full pantry or larder. εὐ-σκάνδιξ, Ικοε, ό, ή, abounding in chervil. εύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, bigbbounding. εὐ-σκέπαστος, ον, (εὖ, σκεπάζω) well-covered: Sup. -bratos, serving as the best covering. εὐσκευέω, to be well equipped. From εὖ-σκευος, ον, (εὖ, σκεῦος) well-equipped. εὐ-σκίαστος, ον, (εὖ, σκιάζω) well-shaded, shadowy. eὖ-σκίος, ον, (εὖ, σκιά) shadowy. εύ-σκοπος Ερ. έυ-σκοπος, ον, (εῦ, σκοπέω) keensighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or farseen, commanding a wide view. (εὐ, σκοπόε) shooting well, of unerring aim. εύ-σοια, ή, a healthy state, prosperity. From εύ-σoos, ov, well-secured, safe and well, bappy. εὐ-σπειρής, έs, and εὕσπειρος, ον, (εὖ, σπεῖρα) wellturned: wreathing, winding. εύσπλαγχνία, ή, goodness of beart.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\sigma \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi v o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \sigma \pi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \gamma \chi v o v)$  with bowels of compassion, compassionate. εύ-σπορος, αν, (εὖ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed. έΰσ-σελμος, Ερ. for εὕσελμος. έθσ-σωτρος, Ep. for εὐσωτρος. εὐστάθεια, ή, (εὐσταθήε) goodness of bealth. εὐσταθέω, f. ήσω, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From εὐ-σταθής Ep. ἐϋσταθής, ές, (εὖ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, bealthy εύσταθίη, Ερ. for εὐστάθεια. εὐ-στάλής, ές, (εὖ, σταληναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable. εύ-σταχυς, υ, rich in ears of corn: fruitful. εὐ-στέφανος Ep. ἐϋστ-, ον, well-girded or wellcrowned: of a city, circled with towers. εὐ-στέφιος, ον, poet. form for εὐστέφανος εὐ-ατίβής, ές, (εὖ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.  $ε \ddot{v}$ -στολος, ο v,  $(ε \ddot{v}$ ,  $στ \dot{\epsilon} λλω) = ε \dot{v} σταλ <math>\dot{\eta}$ s εὐστομέω, f. ήσω, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εδφημέω. From ευ-στομος, ον, (ευ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping eloquent. silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περί τούτων μοι εύστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὕστομ' ἔχε peace, be still! εύ-στοος, ον, (εῦ, στοά) with goodly colonnades. εὐ-στόρθυγξ, υγγος, δ, ή, from a good trunk. εύστοχία, ή, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From ev-otoxos, ov, aiming well, bitting the mark. pass. viell-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

289 εύστρα, ή, (εύω) a place for singeing swine. εύ-στρεπτος Ερ. άθστρ-, οr, (εὐ, στρέφω) welltwisted: easily turned, lissom. εὐ-στρεφής Εp. ένατρ-, ές, (εὐ, στρέφω) welltwisted. εὐ-στρόφαλιγξ, ιγγος, δ, ή, well-curled, curly. εύ-στροφος Ερ. έυστρ-, αν, (εὐ, στρέφω) welltwisted: easily turning, nimble. εύ-στρωτος, ον, (εὐ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus. ευ-στυλος, ov, with goodly pillars. εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, ον, (εὖ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, ον, (εὖ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. easy to deal with, honest, upright. εὐ-σύνετος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, ον, (εὖ, συνίημι) quiek of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible. εὐσυνέτως, Adv of εὐσύνετος, with quickness of apprebension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον eủ-σύνοπτος, ον, easily seen at a glance. εύ-σφυρος Ερ. έυσφ -, ον, (έυς, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles. εὐσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων. εὐσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \sigma \chi \eta \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \chi \dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$ . εύσχημοσύνη, ή, grace of manner, elegance From εὐ-σχήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (εὖ, σχήμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious. εὐσχήμως, = εὐσχημόνως. εὐ-σχιδής, έε, and εὕ-σχιστος, ον, (εὖ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave. εὐσωμάτέω, f. ήσω, to be sound in limb. From εὐ-σώματος, ον, (εὖ, σῶμα) sound in limb. εύ-σωτρος Ep. έὐσσ-, ον, (εδ, σῶτρον) with good felloes: with good wheels. εὐ-τἄκής, έs, (εὖ, τακῆναι) easy to melt εὐτακτέω, f. ήσω, to be orderly, behave well. From εὕ-τακτος, ον, (εὖ, τάσσω) well-ardered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence εὐτάκτως, Adv. in good order. εὐταξία, ή, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline ev-rapoos, ov, delicate-footed. εὖτε, Adv. of Time, a poet, form of ὅτε, when, at the II. εὖτ' ἄν, like time when: seeing that, since. όταν, so often as, whensoever, in the case that. εὐ-τειχής, ές, εὐ-τείχεος, ον, and εὐ-τείχητος, ον, (εὖ, τεῖχοs) well-walled, well-fortified, strong. εὐτεκνέω, (εὕτεκνος) to have good or fine children. εὐτεκνία, ή, the having good or fine children. ευ-τεκνος, ον, (ευ, τέκνον) baving many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εὕτεκνος ξυνωρίς a pair of fair children.

εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτελίη, ή, cheapness, Lat. vilitus:

πρός εὐτελίην cheaply; χὴν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμέvos a goose painted on cheap terms. II. tbrift, frugality, economy; ἐπὶ εὐτελεία for economy. εὐ-τελής, ές, (εὖ, τέλος) easily paid for, cheap, Lat. II. mean, paltry, worthless. vilis. tbrifty, frugal. εὐτελίη, ή, Ion. for εὐτέλεια. εὐτελῶs, Adv. of εὐτελήs, cheaply, at a cheap rate. εὐ-τερπής, έε, (εὖ, τέρπω) delightful, charming. εὐ-τέχνητος, ον, (εΰ, τεχνάομαι) wrought with skill. εὐτεχνία, ή, skill in art. From εύ-τεχνος, ον,  $(ε \tilde{v}, τ \dot{\epsilon} \chi v \eta)$  skilful, ingenious. εὐ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, much-enduring, steadfast. εύ-τμητος Ερ. έθτμ-, ον, (εθ, τέμνω) well-cut. εὐτοκέω, f. ήσω, (εὕτοκος) to bring forth easily. Hence εὐ-τοκία, ή, an easy childbirth, happy birth. εύ-τοκος, ον, (εὖ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth easily εὐτολμέω, f. ήσω, (εὕτολμος) to be daring. Hence εὐτολμία, ή, courage, boldness. εύ-τολμος, ον, (εὐ, τόλμα) brave-spirited, courageous. ευ-τονος, ον, (ευ, τείνω) well-stretched, well-strung, sinewy, nervous. Hence εὐτόνως, Adv. with main strength. εύ-τοξος, ον, (εὐ, τόξον) with good arrows. εὐ-τόρνευτος, ον, (εὖ, τορνεύω) well-rounded. EU-TOPVOS, ov, well-turned, round. εὐ-τράπεζος, ον, (εὖ, τράπεζα) with a good table, bospitable, luxurious, sumptuous. εὐτραπελία, ή, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. urba-2. coarse jesting, ribaldry. From εὐ-τράπελος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, \tau \rho \hat{\epsilon} \pi \omega)$  easily turning: hence versatile, ingenious, clever. 2. witty, lively, Lat. 3. tricky, disbonest. facetus. εὐ-τρἄφής, ές, (εὖ, τραφηναι) well-grown, thriv-II. act. nourishing. εὐ-τρεπής, έs, (εὖ, τρέπω) ready to turn, prepared, ready. Hence εὐ-τρεπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: Pass., pf. ηὐτρέπισμαι: -to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly, conciliate: - Pass. to be ready: - Med. to get oneself ready. eŭ-τρεπτος, ov, easily turned, changeable. εύτρεπωs, Adv. of εύτρεπήs, in a state of prepaεὐ-τρεφής Ep. έὖτρ-, ές, (εὖ, τρέφω) well-fed. ευ-τρητος Ep. έυτρ-, ov, well bored or pierced. εὐ-τρίαινα, Dor. for -ης, δ, (εὖ, τρίαινα) with goodly trident.  $ϵ \tilde{v} - τρ \tilde{\iota} \chi \epsilon s$ , nom. pl. of  $\epsilon \tilde{v} \theta \rho \iota \xi$ .  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \mathbf{\tau} \rho \mathbf{t} \chi \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}, \ o \nu, = \epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \theta \rho \iota \xi.$ εύτροπία, ή, versatility, Lat. versutia. From εὖ-τροπος, ον, (εὖ, τρέπω) easily turning, versatile. εὐ-τρόχαλος Ερ. ἐὐτρ-, ον, (εὖ, τρέχω) running

2. (εὖ, τροχόs) well-rounded.

εύ-τροχος Ερ. έὐτρ-, ον, (εὖ, τροχός) well-wheeled

ευ-τύκος, ον, rare poët. form for ευτυκτος.

II. running easily.

well, quick-moving.

or well-rounded.

εύ-τυκτος, ον, (εὐ, τεύχω) well-made, well-wrought: εύτυκτον ποιείσθαί τι to make ready. εὐτυχέω, f. ήσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or  $\eta \dot{v} \tau$ -, aor. I  $\epsilon \dot{v} \tau \dot{v} \chi \eta \sigma a$  or  $\eta \dot{v} \tau$ -, etc.:  $(\epsilon \dot{v} \tau v \chi \dot{\eta} s)$ :—to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηταί Tivi things have gone well with him. Hence εὐτυχέως, Ion. for εὐτυχῶs. εὐτύχημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good luck, success. εὐ-τὕχής, ές, (εὖ, τυχείν) well-off, successful, lucky, fortunate, prosperous. εὐτυχία, ή, (εὐτυχέω) success, good luck, prosperity: in plur. successes εὐτὕχῶs Ion. -έωs, Adv. of εὐτυχήs, with good fortune, successfully: Comp. εὐτυχέστερον, Sup. -έστατα. εὐ-ὑἄλος, ον, (εὖ, ὕαλος) with or of good glass. ευ-υδρος, ον, (ευ, υδωρ) well-watered, abounding in water: of a river, with good water: Comp. εὐυδρότεροs. €υ-υμνος, ov, celebrated in many bymns.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -vφής,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ s,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ φή) well-woven. εὐ-φαμία, εύ-φαμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-.  $\epsilon \hat{v}$ - $\phi \hat{a} \rho \hat{\epsilon} \tau \rho \eta s$ , ov,  $\delta$ , Dor. -as, a,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}, \phi a \rho \hat{\epsilon} \tau \rho a)$  with beautiful quiver. εὐ-φεγγής, ές, (εὖ, φέγγος) with clear light, bright. εὐφημέω, f. ήσω, (εὕφημος) to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence; in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε, hush! be silent! Lat. fa-II. to shout in bonour of any one, vete linguis. III. to sound auspiciously. Hence or in triumph. εὐφημία, ή, the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen: hence silence during religious rites. II. praise, worship: in plur. songs of praise.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\phi \eta \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \phi \eta \mu \eta)$  of good sound or omen, auspicious: of persons, using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, religiously silent. II. interpreting favourably; πρὸς τὸ εὕφημον in a good sense.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \phi \theta o \gamma \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \phi \theta \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \gamma o \mu a \iota)$  well-sounding, sweetvoiced.  $\epsilon \dot{v} - \phi \dot{\lambda} \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ . ( $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{v}$ ,  $\phi \iota \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) well-beloved. loving well.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -φίλητος, ov, also  $\eta$ , ov, ( $\epsilon \dot{v}$ ,  $\phi$ ιλ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) well-beloved.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ - $\phi \dot{t} \lambda \dot{b}$ - $\pi a i s$ ,  $\pi a i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ ,  $\phi i \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ,  $\pi a i s$ ) fond of children, or pass. beloved of children. εὖ-φλεκτος, ον, (εὖ, φλέγω) easily set on fire. εὐφορέω, f. ήσω, (εὕφοροε) to bring forth abundantly.  $\epsilon$ υ-φόρητος, ον, ( $\epsilon$ υ, φορέω) easily borne, tolerable. εὐ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγοs, δ, ή, with beautiful lyre: playing beautifully on it. ευ-φορος, ον, (ευ, φέρω) well or patiently borne. easily worn, convenient, manageable. bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the body, sound, healthy. ей-фортов, ov, well freighted or laden.

εὐφόρωs, Adv. of εύφοροs, patiently, readily. εὐφράδεια, ή, (εὐφραδήs) correctness of language. εὐ-φραδής, ές, (εὖ, φράζω) speaking well or eloquently: - Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέωs, in set terms, elo-

εὐφράδίη, ή, poet. for εὐφράδεια.

εὐ-φραίνω Ερ. ἐϋφρ -: f. εὐφρανῶ Ερ. εὐφρανέω: aor. Ι εύφρανα Ερ. εύφρηνα: - Pass., f. εύφρανθήσομαι, but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense, Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεαι: 20r. 1 εὐφράνθην: (εὕφρων): II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part., -to cheer, gladden. δρών εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence

εὐ-φραντικός, ή, όν, cheering, delightful to.

εὐφρῆναι, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.

εὐ-φρονέων Ερ. ἐΰφρ-, participial Adj. (εὖ, φρονέω) well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.

εὐ-φρόνη, ή, (εὕφρων) the kindly time, i.e. night, euphemism for νύξ. Hence

εὐφρονίδης, ov, o, son of Night.

εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὕφρων, with good cheer: graciously.

εὐ-φροσύνη Ep. ἐῦφρ-, ἡ, (εὕφρων) cheerfulness, mirth, merriment: of a banquet, good cheer: in pl. glad thoughts, festivities. [v]

εὐ-φρόσυνος, ον, (εὕφρων) poët. form, cheery.

εύ-φρων Εp. εύφρ-, ον, (εύ, φρήν) cheerful, gladsome, merry, light-bearted. 2. act. cheering, making glad or merry, comforting II. well-minded, well-disposed, gracious.

εὐ-φτής, ές, (εὖ, φνή) well-grown, shapely, goodly: II. of good natural parts: clever, graceful. witty; also of good disposition. Hence

εὐφυία, ή, goodness of shape. II. goodness of disposition or good natural parts, cleverness.

εὖ-φύλακτος, ον, (εὖ, φυλάσσω) easy to keep or guard; εὐφυλακτύτερα γίγνεται it is easier to keep watch.

ευ-φυλλος, ον, (ευ, φύλλον) with thick foliage.

εὐφυῶs, Adv. of εὐφυήs, cleverly: Comp. -υέστερον. εύφωνία, ή, goodness of voice. From

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\phi \omega vos$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \phi \omega v \dot{\eta})$  sweet-voiced; loud-voiced. εὐ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (εὖ, χαίτη) with beautiful bair: of plants, with beautiful leaves.

εύ-χαλκος, ον, (εὖ, χαλκός) wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass.

εύ-χάλκωτος, ov, well wrought of brass.

ευ-χάρις, neut. ευχαρι, gen. ιτος, (ευ, χάρις) pleasing, engaging: agreeable: popular, Lat. gratiosus.

εὐχαριστέω, f. ήσω, to be thankful, return thanks:

hence to requite. Hence

gratefully disposed towards him.

εὐχἄριστία, ή, thankfulness, gratitude. II. a giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the boly Eucharist. εύ-χάριστος or -ιτος, ον. (εξ. χαρίζομαι) winning. agreeable, pleasant. II. grateful, thankful, Lat. gratus: Adv., εὐχαρίστως διακεῖσθαι πρός τινα to be

εὖ-χειρ, ειροε, ὁ, ἡ, ready of band, bandy, dexterous. εὐ-χείρωτος, ον, (εὖ, χειρόω) easy to overcome.

εὐχέρεια, ή, readiness of band, dexterity, readiness, 2. proneness or inclination for a thing. in bad sense, recklessness. From

εὐ-χερήs, έs, (εὖ, χείρ) quick or ready of band, bandy, dexterous, expert. 2. in bad sense, reckless. II. easy to bandle or manage, manageable. Hence

εὐχερωs, Adv. readily: recklessly.

εύχετάομαι, Ep. for εύχομαι, only used in pres. and impf; Ep. inf. εὐχετάασθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετόωντο: Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχή, ή, (εὕχομαι) a prayer, wib or vow, Lat. vo-2. a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation.

ευ-χιλοs, ov, rich in fodder. II. of a horse. well-fed, in good condition.

 $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \chi (\mu \mathbf{\tilde{a}} \rho o \mathbf{s}, o \nu, (\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \chi (\mu a \rho o \mathbf{s})) rich in goats.$ 

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\chi \lambda \cos$ , ov, contr.  $-\chi \lambda \cos$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \chi \lambda \circ \acute{a})$  mak-

ing fresb and green.

**EY'XOMAI**: impf  $\epsilon \dot{v} \chi \dot{\rho} \mu \eta \nu$  or  $\eta \dot{v}$ : fut.  $\epsilon \ddot{v} \dot{\xi} \rho \mu \alpha i$ : aor. Ι εὐξάμην or ηὐ-: aor. Ι part. εὐχθείs in pass. sense; so also pf. ηὖγμαι; but 3 sing. plopf. ηὖκτο in act. sense: Dep.:-to pray, pay one's vows, Lat. precari: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti, II. to vow or proto pray for, long or wish for. mise to do; εύχεσθαι κατά χιμάρων to make a vow of goats, i.e. vow to offer them. 2. c. acc. rei, to vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but often, to profess, maintain, assert.

 $\epsilon \vec{v}$ - $\chi \circ \rho \delta \circ s$ ,  $\circ v$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \chi \circ \rho \delta \dot{\eta})$  well-strung, barmonious. εύχος, εος, τό, (εύχομαι) a thing prayed for, vow, Lat. votum. 2. a votive offering. II. one's boast or pride.

εύ-χρηστος, ον, (εὐ, χράομαι) easy to make use of, serviceable. Adv. - Tos.

εὐ-χροέω, f. ήσω, to be of a good complexion. From εὐ-χροής, έε, poet. for εύχροος, of good complexion.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -xpoos,  $o\nu$ , contr. -xpous,  $o\nu\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \chi \rho \delta a)$  of goodcomplexion, fresh-looking, bealthy: - Comp. εὐχροώτιρος οι -ούστερος

eŭ-χρῦσος, ον, rich in gold.

 $\epsilon \ddot{v} - \chi \rho \omega s$ ,  $\omega v$ ,  $= \epsilon \ddot{v} \chi \rho o o s$ .

εὐχωλή, ή, (εὕχομαι) pcet. form of εὐχή, a prayer, vow, Lat. votum. II. boasting: a boast, vaunt,

matter of boasting. Hence

εύχωλιμαίος, a, ov, bound by a vow.

εὐ-ψάμαθος, ov, with good sands, sandy

εὐψῦχέω, f. ήσω, (εὕψυχος) to be of good courage. II. εὐψύχει farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. bave pia anima! Hence

εὐψῦχία, ή, good courage, stoutness of beart.

ευ-ψυχος, ον, (ευ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of beart, Lat. animosus. Adv. - xws, with good courage. EΥΩ, f. εὖσω: aor. I εὖσα:—to singe: metaph. of a scolding wife, εΰει ἄτερ δαλοῦ ἄνδρα sbe roasts her husband without the help of a fire.

firmly, decree,

pend over the Trojans.

292 ອນພຣີກຣ. ເຮ. (ເປັ້. ວັວພຣີຕ pf. of ວັ(ພ) sweet-smelling. εὐωδία, ή, a sweet smell, fragrance. εὐωδώθην, aor. I pass. of εὐοδόω. εὐ-ώλενος, ον, (εὖ, ἀλένη) fair-armed. εὐ-ώντμος, ον, (εὖ, ὄνομα) of good name, bonourable: II. euphemistic for the ill-omened of good omen. word αριστερόs, left, on the left band or side; έξ εὐωνύμου (sub. χειρόε) on the left hand. εὐ-ῶπις, ιδος, fem. of εὐώψ, fair-eyed or fair-faced. eủ-ωπόs, όν, (εὖ, ὤψ) fair to look on, friendly. εὐ-ωχέω, f. ήσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) to treat well: to entertain bospitably, feast:—Pass., with fut. med. - ήσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχήθην, -ημαι, to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ make merry on your meat : generally, to relish, enjoy. Hence εὐωχία, ή, good cheer, feasting. εὐ-ώψ, ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὤψ) fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly. έφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί. έφαάνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of φαίνω. έφ-αβος, έφαβικός, Dor. for έφηβ-. έφ-αγιστεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, άγοε) to perform sacred rites over a thing. έφ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to make offerings on a grave. ϵφαγον, aor. 2 of ϵσθίω: see φαγϵῖν. éd-aspéonas, Pass. to be chosen in addition or in succession to another.  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$ - $\dot{\alpha}\lambda$  $\cos$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi l$ ,  $\ddot{\alpha}\lambda s) = \ddot{\epsilon}\phi a\lambda os$ . έφ-άλλομαι, fut. έφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 έπάλτο part. ἐπιάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.: — to spring upon, to assail: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλμενος ίππων baving leaped upon or into the chariot: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμενος he kissed him baving leaped upon him. έφ-ἄλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλε) on or by the sea. ἐφαλόω, Dor. for ἐφηλόω. έφάμαν [ā], Dor. for έφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί. έφ-αμαξεύω, (ἐπί, αμαξα) to drive wains over: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξευμένου traversed by wains. έφαμέριος, έφάμερος  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dor. for έφήμ-. έφ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄμιλλα) a match for, rivalling, vying with. 2. pass. to be striven, contended for. έφαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. iφ-avδάνω, impf. -avov, to please, be grateful or welcome to: Ep. also έπιανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον. έφάνην [α], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. έφάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of φαίνω. έφαντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί. έφ-άπαξ, Adv. once for all: at once. έφ-απλόω, f. ώσω, to fold or spread over. έφ-άπτω Ion. έπάπτω: f. εφάψω: aot. I εφήψα: pf. pass. εφημμαι:—to fasten on or to: hence to fix

II. Pass. to be bung over, impend

III. Med. to lay bold of,

over, in pf. and plapf. εφήπται, εφήπτο, like Lat. im-

minet, imminebat; Τρώεσσι κήδε' ἐφηπται woes im-

grasp, touch: to seize hold upon, claim. attain to, Lat. attingere; so Ion. pf. part. pass., elõeos ἐπαμμένοs possessed of beauty. Hence έφ-αρμόζω, f. σω, to fit on or to, to suit, coincide II. trans, to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate. έφαρμόσδων, Dor. for έφαρμόζων. έφαρμόσσειε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of έφαρμόζω. έφ-αρμόττω, Att. for έφαρμόζω. έφαρξάμην, έφάρχθην, Att. for έφραξάμην, έφράχθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω. ἔφἄτο, ἔφαντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor 2 med. of φημί. έφ-έδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ή, a sitting at or by: a stege, blockade, Lat. obsessio. έφ-εδράω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) to sit or rest upon. II. a lying in έφ-εδρεία, ή, a sitting upon. wait, Lat. insidiae. From έφεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit or rest upon. II. to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for:—also to balt. From ξφ-εδρος, ον, (ξπί, ξδρα) sttting on; λεόντων ξφεδρος seated on a chariot drawn by hons lying by or near. II. lying by and watching, lying in wait III. posted in reserve, of a third for an enemy. combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: an avenger, a successor. έφ-έζομαι, fut. -εδούμαι: Dep.:-to sit upon. to sit by or near. **ἐφέηκα.** Ep. aor. 1 of ἐφίημι. έφείην, ηs, η, aor. 2 opt. of εφίημι. έφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι. **ἐφεῖναι, aor. 2 i**nf. of ἐφίημι. έφεισάμην, 20r. 1 of φείδομαι. έφείω, η, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφίημι.  $\tilde{\epsilon} \Phi \cdot \epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(\tilde{\epsilon} \pi i, \tilde{\epsilon} \kappa \tau \sigma s) + \frac{1}{\hbar} = \frac{7}{\hbar}$ :  $\tau \delta \kappa \sigma s \tilde{\epsilon} \Phi \epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma s$ interest at the rate of & of the principal, = 16% p. cent. iφ-ελίσσω, f. εω, to roll on or along. έφελκύσαι  $[\breve{v}]$ , aor. I inf. of έφέλκω. έφ-ελκυστικός, ή, όν, drawing on, attractive. From έφ-έλκω Ion. έπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλξω, but the aor. I ın use ıs ἐφείλκύσα (formed from \*ἐφελκύω):—to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a ship, to tow after. 2. to drink off, drain. Pass., πόδες έφελκόμενοι feet dragged or trailing along; of ἐπελκόμενοι the stragglers of an army. III. Med. to draw or drag after one; εφέλκετο μείλινον έγχοs be trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot); ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σίδηρος iron draws men after it, i. e. attracts them, tempts them; ἐφέλκεσθαι την θύραν to pull to the door. 2. to bring on, entail consequences. 3. to claim, assume. έφέμεν, Ep. for έφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of έφίημι.

έφ-εξής Ion. έπεξής poët. έφεξείης, Adv. (έπί, Exopai) in order, one after another, in a line. of Time, successively: thereupon. έφεξις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) an excuse, pretext.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\phi} - \dot{\epsilon} v v \ddot{\nu} \mu \iota$ , = more freq.  $\dot{\epsilon} \pi \iota \dot{\epsilon} v v \nu \mu \iota$ .

έφ-έπω: impf. έφειπον Ep. έφεπον Ion. έφέπεσκον: fut. εφένω: 20r. 2 επέσπον: inf. επισπείν: part. επισπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy drive on, urge on. 4 to seek out, search, traoneself about, manage. 5. πότμον ἐπισπείν, θάνατον καὶ πότμον ξπισπείν, θανέειν καὶ πότμον ἐπισπείν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. Med., impf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\epsilon\iota\pi\delta\mu\eta\nu$ : fut.  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\dot{\epsilon}\psi\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ : aor. 2  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\epsilon$ σπόμην, inf. ἐπισπέσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. έφ-ερπύζω, late form for έφέρπω. έφ-έρπω, f. έφέρψω: aor. I έφείρπυσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from  $\epsilon \phi \epsilon \rho \pi \nu(\omega)$ :—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time. **ἔφε3, 2**0t. 2 imperat. of ἐφίημι. έφέσιμος δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φεσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ φίημι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. έφ-έσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. έφ-έσπομαι, poet. for έφέπομαι. έφέσσαι, Ep. for έφέσαι, aor. 1 inf. of έφίζω. έφεσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of εφίζω. έφεσσάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of έφίζω έφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of έφίζω. έφεσταότες Att. - ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of έφίστημι. έφεστάσιν, for έφεστήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of έφίστημι. έφ-έστιος Ιοη. έπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: baving a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; έφέστιος δόμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or bousehold: hence, εφέστιον Ion. επίστιον, τό, α bousehold, family; θεοί ἐφέστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over bospitality έφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of έφεστρίε. έφ-εστρίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. έφεστώς, for έφεστηκώς, pf. part. of έφίστημι. έφέτης, ου, δ, (ἐφίημι) a commander. II. oi èoérai, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. έφετμή, ή, (ἐφίημι) a command, behest. έφευξα, aot. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω). έφευρετής, οῦ, ὁ, an inventor, contriver. From έφ-ευρίσκω Ion. έπ-: fut. έφευρήσω: aor. 2 έφεῦpov:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. έφεψάσθω, poët. aor. I imperat. med. of έφέπω. έφ-εψιάομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. έφεώρατο, 3 sing. plapf. of έφοράω. €φεώρων, Ion. impf. of ἐφοράω. €φ-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to come to man's estate. έφηβεία, ή, (έφηβεύω) manbood, man's estate. έφήβειος, α, ον, (έφηβος) youtbful. έφηβικός, ή, όν, Dor. έφαβικός, ά, όν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

έφ-ηβος Dor. έφαβος, ον, (ἐπί, ήβη) arrived at manbood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence έφηβοσύνη, ή, the age of an έφηβοε, manbood. έφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. έφ-ήδομαι, Pass to exult over. έφηκα, aor. I of έφίημι. έφ-ήκω, to bave arrived at:—to extend or reach to.  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$ - $\dot{\eta}\lambda\iota\dot{\xi}$ , thos,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\eta\beta\sigma$ s. έφ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί, ἦλοε) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. έφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. έφημερία, ή, a daily order or course. From έφ-ημέριος Dor. έφαμ-, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; έφη- $\mu \acute{\epsilon} \rho \iota \alpha \phi \rho \rho \nu \epsilon \acute{\iota} \nu$  to take no thought for the morrow: of men, έφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. έφ-ήμερος Dor. έφαμ- Acol. έπαμ-, ον, (έπί, ήμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. daily. έφημοσύνη, ή, (ἐφίημι) a command, behest. έφηνα, aor. I of φαίνω. έφηπται, έφηπτο, 3 sing. pf. and plopf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. έφησα, aor. 1 of φημί. έφησθα, for έφης, 2 sing. 201. 2 of φημί. ἐφήσω, fut. of ἐφίημι. έφθαξα, Dor. for έφθασα, aor. 1 of φθάνω. ἔφθαρμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάραται. **ἔφθἄσα, a**or. 1 of φθάνω. έφθέγξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of φθέγγομαι. **ἔφθειρα,** aor. I of φθείρω. έφθ-ημιμερής, (έπτά, ημιμερής) containing seven balves, i. e. 31: esp. in metre, of three feet and a balf, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or lambic Trimeter: cf. πενθημιμερήs. **ἔφθην**, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθημί). έφθίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plapf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω.  $\xi \phi \theta \iota \epsilon v$ , 3 sing. impf. of  $\phi \theta \iota \omega = \phi \theta \iota \nu \omega$ . έφθιθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίνω. έφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω. έφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω έφθός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of έψω, boiled, dressed. έφ-ιζάνω, = έφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. έφίζω Dor. έφίσδω: impf. έφίζον Ion. έφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι,

ἐφέσσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon.

έφιέναι νόστον τινί to permit one a return.

send to one.

hands on him.

έφ-ίημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. Ι ἐφῆσα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέηκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἔφεε, Ep. subj. ἐφείω: there

is also a 3 sing. impf. εφίει (as if from \*έφιεω):--to

at: to set on, to do a thing; έφιέναι χείράς τινι to lay

to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

2. to send against, launch, or send

3. of events, to send upon one;

up, yield: also intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to give oneself up 2. to permit, allow. III. to put the male to. to the female, Lat. admittere. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. έφεσιε. Med. ἐφίεμαι, fut. ἐφήσομαι, to lay one's command or bebest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 2. to aim at, long after, desire.

έφ-ικνέομαι Ιοη. έπ-: fut. ἐφίξομαι: 20r. 2 ἐφῖκόμην: pf. ἐφίγμαι: Dep.:—to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, to bit exactly: metaph., ἐφικέσθαι λέγων or λόγφ, to touch the right point in speaking: absol. to extend. II. to come upon, visit, c. acc.; ἐπικέσθαι (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) μάστιγι πληγάs τον Έλλήσποντον to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

έφικτός, ή, ίν, verb. Adj., easy to reach.

έφίλαθεν, έφίλασα, Dor. for έφίλησα, έφίληθεν.

έφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω.

έφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. 1 pass. of φιλέω.

έφ-ίμερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἵμερος) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [i]

έφιμώθην, aor. I pass. of φιμύω.

έφ-ίππιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἵππος) of or for a borse or riding: τὸ ἐφίππιον (sub. στρῶμα), Lat. ephippia, a saddle-cloth, a borse's barness.

ἔφ-ιππος, ον, (ἐπί, ἵππος) on borseback; κλύδων έφιπποs a rushing wave of borses.

έφ-ίπταμαι, late form of έπιπέτομαι.

έφ-ισδάνω, έφ-ίσδω, Dor. for εφίζανω, εφίζω.

έφ-ίστημι Ion. έπ-: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I ἐπέστησα:—to set or place upon: to 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office. 3. ἐφιστάναι τινὶ ἀγῶνα το found or institute games in bonour of a person. to set by or near. III. to check, make balt. IV. έφιστάναι τὸν νοῦν, to attend to, Lat. animum advertere: absol., έφιστάναι to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. ἐπέστην, pf. ἐφέστηκα, plapf. ἐφεστήκειν:—to stand upon: to be imposed. 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος, i. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. praeesse; pf. part. Ion. oi ἐπεστεῶτεs Att. oi ἐφεστῶτεs, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppose: metaph. to impend, be close at band, Lat. instare; Κήρεε έφεστασιν θανάτοιο the fates of death are close at band. III. to balt, stop. IV. to attend to.

**ἔφλἄδον**, aor. 2 of φλάζω.

έφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of φοβέω.

έφ-οδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὁδόs) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over. έφ-όδια, τά, see έφόδιοs.

έφοδιάζω Ion. έπ-, f. άσω, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey: - Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$ - $\delta\delta\cos$ , ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \dot{\delta}\delta\dot{\delta}s)$  of or for a journey:—as Subst., ἐφόδιον, τό, Lat. viaticum, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., ἐφόδια);—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies.

ἔφ-οδος, ή, (ἐπί, ὁδύς) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.

έφ-οδος, ό, one who goes the rounds, an inspector.

έφ-οδος, ον, (ἐπί, ὁδος) accessible: Sup. -ωτατος.

έφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φοιτάω.

έφόλκαιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a rudder.

έφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a small boat towed after a ship: --- generally, an appendage.

έφολκίς, ή, (ἐφέλκω) a burdensome appendage.

έφολκός, όν, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. drawling: absol. a laggard. έφ-ομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow close upon.

έφ-οπλίζω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I inf. έφοπλίσσαι:--to

equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

έφορατικός, ή, όν, looking over, watchful of. From έφ-οράω Ion. έπ-: impf. έφεώρων Ion. 3 sing. έπώρα: f. ἐπόψομαι Εp. ἐπιόψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπείδον:—to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on, view:-Pass., δσον έφεώρατο της νήσου as much of 3. to look out for, choose. the island as was in view.

έφορεία, ή, (έφορεύω) an overlooking:—the office or dignity of έφοροs, the ephoralty.

έφορειον, τό, the court of the ephori. From

έφορεύω, f. σω, = έφοράω. II. (ἔφορος) to be an epbor.

έφορικός, ή, όν, (έφορος) of or for the ethori.

έφ-όριος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ὅρος) on the frontier.

έφ-ορμαίνω, to rusb on.

έφ-ορμάω Ion. έπ-: f. ήσω: aor. I - ώρμησα:--to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. intr. to rush upon, attack. II. Pass. and Med., aor, I έφωρμησάμην and έφωρμήθην:—to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to burry, rush for-2. to make a dash at.

έφ-ορμέω Ion. έπ-, f. ήσω, to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch: -Pass. to be blockaded.

έφ-ορμή, ή, (ἐπί, ὑρμή) an entrance, access. an attempt upon a place, attack.

έφορμηθεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. pass. of έφορμάω.

έφορμησις, εως, ή, (έφορμέω) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

ἐφ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐπί, ὅρμοs) to bring a ship to ber moorings: - Med. and Pass. to come to ancbor.

ἔφ-ορμος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅρμοε) at anchor.

 $\xi$ φ-ορμος, δ, =  $\xi$ φόρμησιε, a blockade.

II. as Subst., έφορος, ον, (έφοράω) overseeing. ἔφοροs, δ, an overseer, guardian, ruler. Sparta, of Epopol the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

έφ-όσον, Adv. for έφ' ὅσον, in so far as.

έφρασάμαν, Dor. 201. I med. of φράζω.

έφραξα, 20r. Ι οί φράσσω.

**ἔφριξα**, aor. 1 of φρίσσω. έφρύαξα, aor. I of φρυάσσω.

ἔφρυξα, aor. I of φρύγω.

έφ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.

**ἔφὕγον**, 2οτ. 2 of φεύγω.

έφ-υδριάς, άδος, ή, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.

ἔφ-υδρος Ion. ἔπ-, ον, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bring-

ing rain. 2. abounding in water.

έφ-υμνέω, f. ήσω, to sing or chant after: to chant II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. to sing of, descant on.

ἔφῦν, 20r. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἔφῦσαν.

έφ-ύπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.

'**EΦΥ'PA** Ion.  $-\rho\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $E\rho b\ddot{y}r\dot{e}$ , old name of Corinth

**ἔφυρσα,** aor. Ι οf φύρω.

**ἔφῦσαν, 3** pl. aor. 1 of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω. **ἐφύση**, Dor. for ἐφύσā, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [v̄] έφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$ - $\dot{\upsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\upsilon}\sigma\omega$   $[\bar{\upsilon}]$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \ddot{\upsilon}\omega)$  to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. έφυσμένος έφ' ῷ, ἐφ' ῷτε, i. e. ἐπὶ τούτφ ὤστε, on the condition that.

ἐφ-ώριος, ον, (ἐπί, ὥρα) in season, ripe, mature.

**ἔχἄδον**, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

**ἔχἄνον**, aor. 2 of χαίνω or χάσκω. έχάρην [α], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.

έχαρϊσάμην, έχαρίσθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon\alpha$ , aor. I of  $\chi\epsilon\omega$ .

 $\dot{\epsilon}_{X} - \dot{\epsilon}_{Y} \gamma \dot{\nu} os$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $= \ddot{\epsilon}_{X} \omega \nu \dot{\epsilon}_{Y} \gamma \dot{\nu} \eta \nu$ , i. e. I. baving given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithfulII. baving received security, secure.

έχέ-θυμος, ον, (έχω, θυμός) controlling one's tem-

per, under self-control.

έχε-μῦθέω, (ἔχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence

έχεμυθία, ή, silence.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon$ -vyts,  $-\nu\eta i\delta os$ , contr.  $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon$ -v $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $-\nu\hat{\eta}\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\ddot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ , vaûs) bolding ships fast.

έχε-πευκής, έs, (έχω, πευκή) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.

έχέ-σαρκος, ον, (έχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.

ἔχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔχω.

έχέ-στονος, ον, (έχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows. έχέτλη, ή, (έχω) the plough-bandle, Lat. stiva. Hence

έχετλήεις, εσσα, εν, of the plough-bandle.

έχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of έχω.

έχευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. έχευάμην. έχεφρονέω, (έχέφρων) to be sensible or sbrewd.

έχεφροσύνη, ή, good sense, sbrewdness. From

έχέ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (έχω, φρήν) sensible, sbrewd.

έχησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of έχω.

**ἐχθαίρω,** f. ἐχθἄρῶ: aor. I ἤχθηρα: fut. med. ἐχθἄρδυμαι in pass. sense: (ἔχθος):—to bate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, έχθος έχθαίρειν to bear hate:-Pass., ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἔκ τινος to be bated by one.

έχθαρτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of έχθαίρω, to be bated.  $\dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \dot{\epsilon} s$ , Adv., =  $\chi \theta \dot{\epsilon} s$ , yesterday.

έχθιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of έχθρός, formed from Subst. έχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most bated, most bateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.

έχθίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of έχθρός, formed from Subst. έχθος, as κερδίων from κέρδος:—more bated: more bostile.

έχθοδοπέω, f. ήσω, to cause batred. From

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθοδοπός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθος) bateful, bostile.

\*EXOOΣ, εos, τό, bate, batred, enmity, Lat. odium; ἔχθος τινός batred for one. II. a bated object.

έχθρα Ion. έχθρη, ή, batred, enmity; έχθρα τινός batred for one; δι' έχθρας μολείν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.

ἐχθραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ἐχθρόs) to bate: to be at enmity with. έχθρο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (έχθρός, δαίμων) bated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.

έχθρό-ξενος, ον, (έχθρός, ξένος) unfriendly to guests,

inbospitable.  $\dot{\epsilon}_{\chi}\theta\rho\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , ( $\ddot{\epsilon}_{\chi}\theta os$ ) bated, bateful. II. act. bating, bostile, at enmity with. III, as Subst. ἐχθρόs, δ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἐχθρότερος, έχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. έχθίων,

έχθιστος, were in common use. \*EXOΩ, to bate:—Pass. to be bated, bateful. Only

used in pres and impf.

έχιδνα, ή, (έχις) a viper, adder. Hence

έχιδναίος, a, ov, of or like a viper.

'EXI'NAI, ων, al, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Έχινάδες.

extvees, oi, a kind of mice with rough bristling bair,

in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)

'EXI'NOΣ, δ, the urchin, hedgebog: also the sea-2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as urchin. a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, 2. the vase in which the notes of evi-Lat. echinus. III. part of the bit of a dence were sealed up. bridle, studded over with points to make it severe. "EXΓΣ, ιos and εωs, δ, a viper, adder.

έχμα, ατος, τό, (έχω) that which holds: 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence bindrance, obstacle. II. a bold-fast, stay, support; ἔχματα against. νηῶν props, cradles for sbips; έχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i.e. solid rock; έχματα πύργων supporting towers.

ἔχοισα, Dor. for ἔχουσα.

**ἔχουν**, impf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

**ἔχρᾶνα**, aor. I of χραίνω.

**ἔχρησα,** aor. I of χράω.

έχρήσθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.

 $\bar{\epsilon}$ χρῖσα, aor. I of χρίω.

έχύθην [τ], aor. 1 pass. of χέω.

έχυντο, έχύτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. ἐχὕρός, ά, όν, (ἔχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἐχυρῷ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence

έχυρωs, Adv. securely: —Comp. έχυρωτερον. "EXΩ: impf. είχον Ep. έχον Ion. έχεσκον: fut. ἔξω, or (in the sense of bolding) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα Ep. ὅχωκα (in compd. συνοχωκότε): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σχέε, subj. σχῶ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σχεῖν Ep. σχέμεν, part. σχών; poot. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθεῖν: Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. εἰχόμην: fut. ἔξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔσχόμην Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, to bave, bold: bave, possess; of exortes those that bave, i.e. the wealthy: - Pass. to be possessed by, belong to. bave to wife: to have in one's house, to entertain: c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit: έν γαστρί έχειν (sub. βρέφοs), to be pregnant, be with child. 3. of a State or Condition; y pas exert to have reached old age, = the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, έν στό-4. to imply, ματι έχειν to be always talking of. infer; alσχύνην έχειν to imply disgrace. 5. like Lat. teneo, to know, understand, comprehend. 11. to bold, keep: to bold fast: to keep with one, retain, detain: to bold tight, grip, grasp, of the hold of wrestlers. 2. to bold up, bear up, sustain: hence to bold out or bear up against, to resist, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. to direct to, aim: to guide, steer. in fut, σχήσω and aor. σχείν, to land. 4. to bold in, check, stop: also to keep fast or close, as a bar does a gate: to allay pain: c. gen. to stop or binder from a thing. keep, ward off; hence to guard, keep safe: of armour, to 6. to keep doing or making, cause. III. to have means or power to do a thing, to be able, like Lat. babeo: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, ποῦ, etc., I know not bow, know not where, etc.

B. Intrans., to bold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state: esp. with Advs., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶs or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat, bene, male se babet, it is going on well, etc.; a gen. modi is often added, εδ έχειν τινώς to be well off for a thing, abound in it; καλώς έχειν της μέθηs to be pretty well off for drink. 2. to be so and so, be; hoyos exerthe story goes, prevails. to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm. stand up, jut out, rise, project; κίονες ὑψάσ' ἔχαντες pillars rising high. 5. to point towards, glance at, be directed towards; έχθρα έχουσα ès 'Αθηναίουν enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, to extend, reach unto: also, έχειν άμφί or περί τι to be about, busy, occupied with. 6. in Att., έχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρύψαντες έχουσι for κεκρύφασι; αποκλείσας έχεις for αποκέκλεικαs. 7. the part. Exam with the pres., adds a notion of duration to what is being done; τί δητα διατρίβειε έχων; why then keep wasting time? ληρείε έχων you keep on trifling.

C. Med. to bold oneself to, bold on by, cling to, make fast to: metaph. to bold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with: hence to lay bold on, claim, take possession of.

2. of Place, to be close, borderon, next to; δ εχόμενου that comes next or nearest; τὸ εχόμενου έτου the year next ensuing.

II. to

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also to carry or conduct oneself; έχεα κρατερώs bear thyself resolutely. III. to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from: absol., σχέο, σχέσθε hold! eause!

έχωντι, Dor. for έχωσι. έχωσα, 201. Ι of χώννυμι.

έχώσατο, 3 sing, aor, 1 of χώομαι.

έχώσθην, aor. I pass. of χώννυμι. έψάλαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

έψ-ανδρα, ή, (έψω, ἀνήρ) boiling men, epith. of Medea, from her restoring old Asson to youth.

**ἔψαυσα, 2**0r. Ι of ψαύω. **ἔψεξα,** 20r. Ι of ψέγα.

έψευσάμην, aor. Ι ος ψεύδομαι.

έψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

ἔψησις, εως, ή, (ἔψω) a boiling: generally, cookery ἐψήσω, fut. of ἔψω.

έψητήρ, ηρος, δ, (έψω) a pipkin, pan for boiling.

έψητός, ή, όν, (έψω) boiled, sodden.

έψία Ion, έψίη, ή, (ψιά, ψειά) a game played with pebbles: generally, amusement, pastime. Hence

έψτάομαι, Dep. to play with pebbles: generally, to disport, amuse oneself: to entertain oneself with.

έψιθυρίσδομες, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.

έψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω. έψύγην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

"EΨΩ: mpf. ἡψον (Ion. ἔψεον as if from ἐψέω). fut. ἐψήσω: aor. I ἡψησα:— Med., fut. ἐψήσομαι:— Pass, aor. I ἡψηθην: pf. ἡψημαι:— to boil, seethe, opp. to ὑπτάω: of metals, to smelt, refine: metaph. to cherish, nurse

εω, Ion. for ω, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

έω, contr for έάω

έφ, contr. for έάοι, 3 sing. opt. of έάω.

έφ, dat. of έσε. εω, Ion. for ω, aor. 2 subj. of lημι

εω, gen and acc. sing. of εωs, the dawn.

ἔφγα, pf. 2 of οἴγνυμι, to open. ἔφγμαι, pf pass. of οἴγνυμι.

έωθα, έώθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plapf. of έθω.

εωθεν Ep. ἡῶθεν, Adv. (εωs) from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day.

έφκειν, plapf. of έοικα.

ἐωλο-κρασία, ὁ, (ἔωλοε, κράσιε) a mɨκture or compound of dregs of wine: metaph., ἐωλοκρασίαν τῆε πονηρίαs κατασκεδάσαι τινόε to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one.

εωλος, ον, (εωs) a day old, kept till the morrow: of food, stale: hence out of date, obsolete.

έώλπει, 3 sing, plapf. of έλπω.

έῶμεν, in Il. 19. 404, ἐπεί χ' ἐῶμεν πολέμοιο when we bave enough of war:—commonly considered as aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι, but sometimes referred to ἔω = αω, to satiate.

II. to | ἐῶμεν, contr. from ἐάομεν, I pl. of ἐάω.

έῷμι, contr. from ἐἀοιμι, I sing. opt. of ἐάω. ἐὧν, Hom. and Ion. for ὧν, pres. part. of ἐἰμί ευπ. ἐὧνημαι, ἐωνήμην, pf. and plopf. of ὧνέομαι.

έφνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοέω.

**ἔφξα, a**or. 1 of οἴγνυμι.

έφοs, a, ov, also os, ov, poët. ἐώτος Εp. ἡοῖος, (ἔως) in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break.

2. eastern, Lat. Eous.

έώρα, η, collat. form of alwpa, a being suspended, banging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for

banging.

έώρα, 3 sing, impf. of δράω.

έώρακα, έώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δράω. έώργει, for έδργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of έργω.

ἐωρέω, collat. form of alωρέω, whence and part. fem., ἐωρήσασα τουμὸν ὅμμα baving raised aloft mine eve.

έώρταζον, έώρτασα, impf. and aor. 1, with irreg. augm., of έορτάζω.

ξωρτο, for ήορτο, 3 sing plaps. pass. of delpω.

εώρων, impf. of δράω

εωs, Att. for Ion. i ωs, morn.

EΩΣ Ion. and Ep είως Ep. είος: I. as Conjunction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly relative to the antec. τέως Ep. τείως.

2. =τέως, for a time
3. till, un'ıl, until such time as.
4. = ως, δπως, ίνα, that, in order that.

II. as Adv, εως ότε, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too, εως οῦ; εως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long?

2. with Advs. of Place, εως ὧδε, εως εσω οτ εξω, up to this point, till within, etc.

ڏωσα, ἐωσάμην, aor. t act. and med. of ἀθέω. ἔωσι, Ion. for ἄσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum. ἐῶσι, contr. for ἐάουσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἐάω.

**ἔωσμαι**, pf. pass. of ἀθέω

εωσ-περ, strengthd. for εωs, even until.

έωσ-φόρος, ον, (έως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst, δ Έωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer έωυτοῦ, έωυτέων, Ιοη. for ξαυτοῦ, ξαυτῶν.

 $\mathbf{Z}$ 

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained

short, άστυ Ζελείης, υλήεσσα Ζάκυνθος.

ZA-, Aeol. for διά: also as insep. Prefix with intensive sense, like dρι , ἐρι-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεος ζα-μενής, etc. ζάγκλον, τό, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. falm. (Old Sicilian word.)

`ζā-ήs, έs, (ζa-, ἄήμι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty; ζαῆν, irreg. acc. for ζαέα, ζαῆ.

ζά-θεος, α, ον, also os, ον, very divine, boly, ballowed.

ζά-θερής, ές, (ζα-, θέρος) very bot. ζαιεν Att. ζφεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω.

ζάκορος, ό, = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, ον, very wrathful.

ζάλη, ή, (ἄλs) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trouble, distress. (Akin to σάλοs, Lat. salum.)

ζάλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῦσα.

ζάλος, ζάλόω, ζάλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζάμενέω, f. ήσω, to be very violent, exert all one's strength From

ζά-μενήs, έs, (ζα-, μένοs) very strong or mighty: raging, violent.

ζαμία, Dor. for ζημία.

Zάν, Zavós, ὁ, Dor. for Zήν, Ζηνόs, old form of Zεύs, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.

ζά-πεδον, τό, = δάπεδον.

ξα-πληθής, ές, (ζα-, πλήθος) very full; ζαπληθής γενειάς a busby beard: full-sounding.

ζά-πλουτος, ον, very ricb.

ζά-πυρος, ον, (ζα-, πυρ) very fiery

ζατεύσα, Dor. for ζητούσα.

ζατεύω, ζατρείον, ζατρεύω, Dor. for  $\zeta \eta \tau$ —. ζα-τρεφής, ές,  $(\zeta \alpha$ —,  $\tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \phi \omega)$  well-fed, fat

 $\zeta$ α-φλέγής, ές,  $(\zeta$ α-, φλέγω) full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολος, ov, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, ον, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζάχρειος όδοθ one who wants to know the way.

ζα-χρηής, ές, (ζα-, χράω Β) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρῦσος, ον, rich in gold.

ZA'Ω Ep. ζώω, in later Poets ζόω, Att. contr. ζώ, ζŷs, ζŷ; imperat. ζŷ or ζŷθι; opt ζψην; inf. ζάειν contr. ζŷν: imperat. ζŷ or ζŷθι; opt ζψην; inf. ζάειν contr. ζŷν: imperat. ζŷν (as if from ζŷμμ), ξζηs, ξζη, but 3 pl. ξζων: fut. ζŷσω and ζŷσομαι: aor. 1 ξζησα: pf. ξζηκα:—to live, breatbe; ζῶν alive: ζŷν ἀπό τινοs to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζŷν: c. acc. cognato, ζŷν ζόγν, βίον. II. metaph. to be in full vigour: to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active, powerful, efficacious.

-{e, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, 'Αθήναζε, θύραζε, for 'Αθήνασδε, θύρασδε.

Levepies, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.

ZEIA', th, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ξεί-δωρος, ον, (ζειά, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful. ξειρά, ή, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζείω, poët. for ζέω, as πνείω for πνέω.

ζέσσα, Ep. for έζεσα, aor. I of ζέω. ζεστός, ή, όν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, bot. ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεῦγοι, a puny team of oxen. ζευγηλάτέω, f. ήσω, to drive a yoke of oxen. From ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (ζεῦγος, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a

yoke of oxen.

ζευγίτης [t], οῦ, ὁ, (ζεῦγος) yoked together, two and II. ζευγίται, oi, yeomen, the third two, in pairs. of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from their being able to keep a team (ζεῦγος) of oxen: the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, the second  $l\pi\pi\epsilon is$ , and the fourth  $\theta \hat{\eta} \tau \epsilon s$ .

ζεύγλη poet. ζεῦγλα, ή, the collar or loop of the yoke (ζυγόν), through which the oxen's heads were put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεῦγλαι. II. the

rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεθγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) that which is linked together, a band, bond; ζεθγμα τοθ λιμένος a boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

**ΖΕΥ'ΓΝΥ ΜΙ** or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. εζεύγνὔσαν (Ep. ζεύγνυσαν) or έζεύγνυον (Ερ. ζεύγνυον): fut. ζεύξω: aor. I έζευξα:-Pass., aor. I έζεύχθην, more frequent 201. 2 εζύγην [τ]:-to join or link together, yoke:-Med., ίππους ζεύγνυσθαι to yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses; also to barness. II. generally, to join or fasten together, make fast; σανίδες έζευγμέναι close-sbut doors. 2. to join in wedlock, marry, unite: - Med. of the husband, to wed: - Pass. to be married. 3. to join by bridges, throw a bridge 4. to undergird ships with ropes. across.

ζεύγος, εος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoke or team of beasts, a pair of borses. 2. the carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough: any pair or couple. more than two things or persons joined together, e.g. (εῦγος τριπάρθενον three maiden sisters.

ζευκτηρία, ή, a fastening, band; see πηδάλιον. From

ζευκτήριος, a, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) fit for joining or yoking; τὸ ζευκτήριον a yoke.

ζεύξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξειεν, 3 pl. opt.;

ζεῦξον, imperat.

ζεύξις, εωε, ή, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoking or manner of

2. a joining by a bridge. yoking oxen.

ZET'Σ, δ, voc. Zeû; but genit. Δίδε, dat. Διt, acc. Δία as if from \*Δίs: poet. Ζηνόs, Ζηνί, Ζηνα, Dor. Zάνοε, etc., as if from \*Zήν, Zάν:-Zeus, Jupiter, king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Kpovions, Kpovion: ruler of the lower air  $(d\eta\rho)$ ; hence rain and storms come from him, as Zeùs vei.

**Ζεφυρίη** (sub.  $\pi \nu o \dot{\eta}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , = **Ζέφυροs**, the west wind. **Ζέφυροs**, δ, Zepbyrus, the west wind, or properly the

north-west. (From ζόφοs, darkness or the West, as

Eupos from Ews, morn or the East.)

ZE'Ω, fut. ζέσω: aor. 1 έζεσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to boil, seethe: generally, to boil up, esp. of hot springs: also simply to be bot, throb with heat; χθων έζεε the earth was bot: metaph. to boil with passion, like Lat. fervere. II. trans. to make to boil, beat.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζηλος) jealous.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλέω) jealous.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ηρος, δ, (ζηλος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss. ζηλο-μανής έs, (ζηλοs, μανηναι) mad with jealousy. **ζήλος**, δ, (ζέω) eager rivalry, emulation, in good sense, opp. to  $\phi\theta\delta\nu\sigma$  (envy). 2. any strong passion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a II. pass. the object of emulation or rivalry, bappiness, blessedness.

ζηλοσύνη, ή, poet. for ζηλοs.

ζηλοτυπέω, f. ήσω, (ζηλότυπος) to emulate, rival, be jealous of. 2. to envy. 3. to affect, pretend to. Hence

ζηλοτύπία, ή, rivalry, jealousy, envy.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζηλος, τύπτω) jealous.

ζηλόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , (ζηλοs) to rival, vie with, emulate, Lat. aemulari: c. acc. rei, to desire emulously, strive 2. to be jealous of, envy. after. 3. to emulate, envy, admire, commend. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, the object of emulation: in pl. bigb II. rivalry, emulation.

ζήλωσις, εως, ή, (ζηλύω) emulation, imitation.

ζηλωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζηλόω) a rival, zealous imitator. 2. a zealot.

**ζηλωτόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (ζηλ $\dot{\delta \omega}$ ) to be emulated, worthy of imitation. 2. enviable, bappy, blessed.

ζημία, ή, loss, damage, Lat. damnum, opp. to κέρδος; φανερά ζημία a clear loss. II. a penalty, esp. in money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to make death the penalty. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιόω, f. ώσω, to cause loss to one, do one damage or burt: to punish; esp. in money, to fine:-Pass., with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι, aor, I εζημιώθην, to be fined.

\*Zήν, δ, gen Zηνόs, poet. for Zεύs, q. v.

**Ζηνο-δοτήρ,**  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\hat{o}$ , ( $\mathbf{Z}\hat{\eta}\nu$ ,  $\delta$ ίδω $\mu$ ι) =  $\mathbf{Z}\eta\nu\acute{o}\phi\rho\omega\nu$ . Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) knowing the mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles.

**ζήσομαι,** fut. of ζάω.

ζητεύω, poet. for ζητέω. ZHTE'Ω, f. ήσω, to seek, seek for, seek after. to search out, inquire into, examine, investigate: c. inf. to seek to do. 3. to have to seek. Hence ζήτημα, ατος, τό, that which is sought: an inquiry,

**ζητήσιμος**, ον, (ζητέω) to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα

places to be beaten for game.

ζήτησις, εως, ή, (ζητέω) a seeking for, searching after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation. II. **ζητητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to be sought.** 

ζητητέον, one must seek out.

ζητητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζητέω) a seeker, searcher, inquirer, II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were commissioners to inquire into state-offences.

ζητητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, sought for. ζιζάνιον, τό, a weed that grows in wheat, darnel, Lat. zizanium, lolium. (Eastern word.)

Con, Ion. for Can.

ζοία, Acol. for ζωή.

ζοός, ά, ύν, poët. for ζωύς, ζώς.

ζορκάς, άδος, ή, = δορκάς: also ζόρξ, ζορκύς, ή.

**ζοφερός**, όν, (ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy. **ZO'\PhiO\Sigma**,  $\delta$ , darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the netber world: hence the land of darkness, the netber world itself:-Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζόφοs the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἡω τ' Ἡέλιόν τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

ζοφόω, f. ώσω, to darken:—Pass to be dark. ζοφ-ώδης, ες, (ζόφος, είδος) dusky, gloomy.

**ζόω,** for ζάω.

ζύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

**ζύγείς**, 20r. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι,

ζυγήναι, 20r. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι

ζύγη-φόρος, ον, poet. for ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke. **ζύγιος**, a, ον, (ζύγόν) of or for the yoke; ζύγιος ίππos a draught-borse, wheeler.

ζύγίτης, ου, ό, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμίται, those on the highest θρανίται. [τ]

**ζύγό-δεσμον, τ**ό, (ζυγόν, δεσμόs) a yo*ke-band* or band for binding the yoke to the pole.

**ζύγο-μἄχέω,** f. ήσω (ζυγύν, μάχομαι) to struggle

with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel

**ΖΥ ΤΟΝ**, τό, also ζυγός, ό, but in pl. always ζυγά: -Lat jugum, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγόδεσμος to the end of the pole, and having ζεῦγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατά (vyá in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. transtillum, joining the two horns of the φύρμιγξ. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. transtra. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. the cross-straps of sandals.

**ζυγός**, v. sub ζυγόν.

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of ζυγόν.

ζυγόω, f. ώσω, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join togetber: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.

ζύγωθρίζω, to lock up. From

**ζύγωθρον, τό,** (ζυγύω) the bar or bolt of a door. ζυγωτός, ή, όν, (ζυγόω) drawn by a pair of horses. **ζύμη, ἡ, (ζέω**) leaven. [v̄] Hence

ζυμίτης, ου, Adj. masc. leavened. [t]

ζυμόω, f. ώσω, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment. ζωάγρια,ων, τά,(ζωύs, ἄγρα) a reward for life saved : also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγριος, ον, (ζωός, άγρα) for saving life. ζφάριον, τό, Dim. of ζφον, an animalcule. [d] ζω-αρκής, ές, (ζωή, ἀρκέω) maintaining life.

ζωγράφεω, f. ήσω, (ζωγράφοε) to paint from life.

ζωγράφίο ή, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ή, όν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ον, (ζφον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζογγράφος, δ, a painter. ζώγρει, ζωγρείτε, pres. imperat. of

ζω-γρέω, f. ήσω, (ζωύε, άγρεύω) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζωγρία Ion. -ίη, ή, a taking alive, taking prisoner. ζωδιακός, ή, όν, (ζώδιον) of or containing animals; ὁ ζωδιακύs (sub. κύκλοs) the Zodiac.

ζώδιον, τό, Dim. of ζώον, a small figure, painted or

carved.

ζωέμεν, ζωέμεναι, for ζώειν, inf. of ζώω = ζάω.

ζώεσκον, Ion. impf. of ζάω

ζωή Dor. ζωά Ion. and poet. ζόη Aeol. ζοΐα, ή, (ζάω) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property. II. life.

ζω-θάλμιος, ον, (ζωή, θάλλω) giving vigour of life. ζωϊκός, ή, όν, (ζωον) of or for animals

ζωμα, ατος, τό, (ζώννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζωστήρ. II. also =  $\zeta \omega \nu \eta$ , or  $\zeta \omega$ στήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζώμευμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From

ζωμεύω, f. σω, (ζωμός) to boil for broth, seethe. ζωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζωμόs, a little sauce

ζωμός Dor. δωμός, ό, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce

to eat with other dishes. ζώνη, ή, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνην and τρέφειν ἐντὸς ζώνης to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, zonam perdere to lose one's purse. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, III. anything that one girds on a garment, loins. armour.

 $\mathbf{Z}\Omega'\mathbf{N}\mathbf{N}\mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{M}\mathbf{I}$  or  $-\mathbf{\acute{v}}\omega$ : fut.  $(\mathbf{\acute{w}}\sigma\omega)$ : aot.  $(\mathbf{\acute{w}}\sigma\omega)$ : Med. ζώννυμαι, fut. ζώσομαι: aor. 1 έζωσάμην:— Pass., aor. 1 εζώσθην: pf. εζωσμαι:—to gird. esp to gird for battle. II. Med to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c acc., ζώνην, χαλκὸν ζώννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf med. of ζώννυμι. ζωο-γλύφος, ον, (ζώον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., (ωογλύφος, δ, a sculptor: cf. (ωγράφος.

ζωογονέω, f. ήσω, to produce, propagate animals. II. to preserve alive. From

ζωο-γόνος, ον, (ζφον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, ον, poët. for ζωγ-.

ζώον, τό, properly contr. from ζώιον, a living being, animal, Lat. animal. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζοῦα γράφειν οτ γράφεσθαι, for ζωγραφείν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζφα γράψασθαι την ζευξιν του Βοσπόρου to bave the passage of the Bosporus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ήσω, (ζωόε, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken. | the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.; ζωός, ή, όν, (ζάω) alive, living; ζωόν έλειν τινα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζωό-σοφος, ον, (ζωή, σοφόε) wise in life.

ζωο-φόρος, ον, (ζωός, φέρω) lifegiving. П. ((φον, φέρω) bearing animals; δ (ωοφόρος (sub κύκ- $\lambda os) = \delta$  (ωδιακύs.

ζωοφύτέω, f. ήσω, to put forth live shoots. From ζωό-φύτος, ον, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants.

ζω-πονέω, f. ήσω, (ζωός, πονέω) to represent alive. ζωπυρέω, f. ήσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζώ-πύρον, τό, (ζωόε, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of bot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζωρός, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζωρός, όν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. ζωρός (sub. οἶνος), δ, or as neut., ζωρόν, τό, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., ζωρότερον κέραιε mix purer wine, i.e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, ζωρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink bard, be a drunkard, (Prob. for ζωερόε from ζωόε.) ζώs, neut. ζών, gen. ζώ, rarer form for ζωόs.

ζώσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζώννυμι.

**ζωστήρ**, ῆρο**s**, ὁ, (ζώννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζώνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζωστρον, τό, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζωτικός, ή, όν, (ζάω) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax: of works of art, true to life; το ζωτικόν φαίνεσθαι πως ένεργάζη τοίς άνδριασιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζ $\hat{\varphi}$ ον, = ζ $\hat{\varphi}$ διον.

ζώ-φύτος, ον. (ζωός, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζώω, Ep. and Ion. for ζάω, to live.

## Η

H, η, ήτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral η'---ὀκτώ and ὄγδοοs, but η =8000. The uncial form of Eta (H) was a double **ΕΞ**, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δηλος, ζηλος, from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one sign ( $\epsilon$ ) for the sound of e both long and short, till the long vowel  $\eta$ , with  $\omega$ , was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with  $\omega$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\psi$ . The sign H, before it represented long  $\epsilon$ , was used for the rough breathing, as HOZ for os, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that I represented the rough, I the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for | a little from the cave.

in the Attic dialect, it often passed into a, as Ion. πρήσσω, θώρηξ are in Att. πράσσω, θώραξ. In later Att., & and ni were not seldom changed into n, e. g. κλείθρον κλήθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρήδες.

ή poët. ήέ, Conjunction with three chief signfs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. # DISJUNCT-IVE, or, Lat. aut; and doubled, #., #.., either., or ., Lat. aut .., aut ... II. # INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, είπε ή say whether ...; and doubled \$\delta\_{\cdots}, \delta\_{\cdots}, whether \cdots, or ? Lat. utrum .. , an . . ? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an; τίπτ' ελλήλουθας; ή ίνα ύβριν ἴδη ᾿Αγαμέμνονος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see .? III. H COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, άλλο τι  $\eta$ ..., some other thing than..;  $\epsilon \nu \alpha \nu \tau los \eta$ ..., contrariwise than ..; οὐδ' ὄσον ή ..., not so much as ..; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ή .. to wish rather than ..; φθάνω ή . to come sooner than ... 2. 7 sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' άρησαίατ έλαφρότεροι πόδας είναι, ή άφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ή σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When  $\hbar$  où,  $\hbar$  où  $\kappa$  come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μη οὐ.]

η, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing;

ή, ή, σιώπα what bo, be silent!

δ, Adv., with two signfs., strengthening and ques-I. TO STRENGTHEN OF CONFIRM, in truth, tioning: truly, verily, of a surety; η μην, Ion. η μέν, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater so-II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. num? lemnity. sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be? noù ; Lat. nonne . .?

 $\hat{\eta}$ , for  $\hat{\epsilon}\phi\eta$ , 3 sing. impf. of  $\hat{\eta}\mu\hat{\iota}$ .

η, for ην, I sing. impf. of είμί sum η, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

η, fem. of Artic. δ.

η, fem. of relat. Pron. ös, η, ö, who, what?

η, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ös, ή, öν, bis, ber. η, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. δs, η, δ: also used adverbially: I. of Place, which way, where, whither, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, bow, as; η θέμις ἐστί as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ή μάλιστα or ή δυνατον μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; η τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ηα, ηεν, Ep. for ην, I and 3 sing. impf. of εlμί sum. ήα, contr. of ήια, for ή ειν, Ep. impf. of είμι ιδο.

ηατο, Ion. for ηντο, 3 pl. impf. of ημαι.

ήβαιός, ά, όν, Ion. for βαιός, little, small, poor, slight: mostly with a negat, οδ οἱ ἔνι φρένες, οὐδ' ήβaιal no sense is in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἠβαιόν not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ήβαιὸν ἀπὸ σπείους

ήβάσκω. Inceptive of ήβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. pubescere.

ήβάω, f. ήσω: 20τ. ι ήβησα: pf. ήβηκα: (ήβη):--to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. pubescere; ἀνηρ μάλα ήβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ημερίε ηβώωσα α young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

'HBH, \(\delta\), man's estate, manbood, youth, Lat. pubertas; also the strength and freshness of youth: -as a legal term ηβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that of δέκα ἀφ' ήβηs were men of 28, οί τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ήβης men of 58 metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, 3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenspirit. tus. II. as fem. prop. n. "H $\beta\eta$ , Hebé, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence

ήβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες

ηβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ήβητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\delta$ , ήβητής,  $\hat{ov}$ ,  $\delta$ , ( $\hat{\eta}\beta\acute{a}\omega$ ) in the prime of youth.

ήβητικός, ή, όν, (ήβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

 $\eta$ βόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , ( $\ddot{\eta}\beta\eta$ ) youtbful.

ήβουλήθην, ήβουλόμην, for έβ-, aor. 1 and impf. of βούλομαι.

ήβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ήβάω, to be youngish.

ήβώην, Att. opt. of  $\dot{\eta}$ βάω. ήβώμι Ερ. ήβώοιμι, opt. of ήβάω.

ήβώων, ήβώωσα, Ep. part. of ήβάω.

ήγάασθε, ήγάμην, v. sub άγαμαι.

ἥγαγον, ἡγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἄγω. ἡγάθεος, η, ον, (ἄγαν, θεός) ballowed, most boly. ήγανον, τό, Ion. for τήγανον.

ήγάπευν, Dor. for ήγάπων, impf. of dγαπάω.

ήγάσσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of άγάομαι.

ήγγειλα, aor. I of άγγέλλω.

ήγγϊκα, ήγγισα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω. ἡγγύησα, -ήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έγγυάω.

ήγγύων, impf. of έγγυάω. ηγειρα, aor. I of άγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader. ηγεμονεύς, gen. έως Ep. ησς, δ, poet. for ηγεμών.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμών) to go before: to lead the II. to lead in war, to rule, way, guide on the way. command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ή, (ἡγεμών) a leading the way, going II. chief command, sovereignty: the sufirst. premacy of one state over a number of subordinates; ήγεμονία της Έλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ηγεμονικός, η, όν, (ηγεμών) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading,

Lat. princeps.

ηγεμόνιος, a, ov, (ηγεμών) of or belonging to a guide: δ ήγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ηγεμόσυνος, η, ον, belonging to a leader: τὰ ήγεμόσυνα (sub. lepá), thank-offerings for safe-conduct. ήγεμών, όνος, ό, a leader, Lat. dux : I. a guide to shew one the way, ηγεμών όδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. princeps, auctor; ήγεμῶν γίγνεσθαί τινι to be one's guide or authority. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ηγέομαι, f. ηγήσομαι: aor. I ηγησάμην: pf. ήγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (άγω): to go before, lead the way, opp. to ξπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:-with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding: -- absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief. II. like Lat. ducere, to suppose, believe, bold; ἡγεῖσθαί τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ήγεισθαι θεούs to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ηγερέθομαι, Ep. form of αγείρομαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. hyepé-

θονται, ήγερέθοντο.

ήγερέομαι, Ep. form of άγείρομαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ήγερέεσθαι.

ήγερθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αγείρω.

ήγηλάζω, Ep. form of ήγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. agere, κακον μόρον ήγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life.

ήγημαι, pf. of ήγέομαι.

ηγητέον, verb. Adj. of ηγέομαι, one must lead.

one must suppose.

ήγητήρ, ήρος, δ, ήγητής, οῦ, δ, ήγήτωρ, ορος, δ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἡγήτορες ήδε μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιάζω.

ηγίνεον, impf. of αγινέω.

ήγκαλισάμην, ήγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αγκαλίζομαι.

ήγκύρισα, aor. I of άγκυρίζω

ηγλάϊσα, aor. ι of άγλαί(ω.

ηγμαι, pf. pass. of. άγω.

ήγνόηκα, ήγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of άγνοέω.

ήγνισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of άγνίζω.

ηγνόουν, impf. of dγνοέω.

ηγξα, aor. I of αγχω.

**ἦγον**, impf. of ἄγω.

ήγοράασθε, δωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ήγορασθε,

ῶντο, 2 and 3 impf. of αγοράσμαι.

ηγόρακα, ηγόρασα, pf. and aor. I of αγοράζω. ήγόρευκα, ήγόρευσα, pf. and aor. 1 of άγορεύω.

ηγουν, Conj. (η, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. scilicet.

ήγρίανα, aor. I of άγριαίνω.

ήγρίωκα, ήγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of αγριόω.

ηγρόμην, Ep. for η γερόμην, aor. 2 med. of εγείρω. **ήγρύπνησα,** aor. Ι of ἀγρυπνέω.

ηγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of ἄγχω.

ήγωνίακα, -ίασα, -ίων, pf., aor. I and impf. of άγωνιάω.

ήγωνισάμην, 20r. I med of άγωνίζομαι.

ήδύμος, ov, poet. for ήδύs, sweet, pleasant.

ήγωνίσθην, ήγώνισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of άγωήδυνάμην, Att. for έδυνάμην, impl. of δύναμαι. νίζομαι. ήδυνήθην, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναμαι.  $\mathring{\eta}$ -δέ,  $(\mathring{\eta}, \delta \acute{\epsilon})$  and: if καί follows  $\mathring{\eta} \delta \acute{\epsilon}$ , it takes the ήδύνω, f. ŭνω: aor. I ήδῦνα: (ἡδύs):—to sweeten, sense also, e. g. ήδὲ καί and also. II. when it ήδύ-oivos, ον, (ήδύs, οίνοs) producing sweet wine. answers to ημέν it means, as also. ήδε, fem. of δδε. ήδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling berb, mint. From ήδεα, Ion. resolved form of ήδη, plqpf. of \*είδω. ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, ὀσμή) sweet-smelling. ήδειν, ειε, ει, plapf. (with impf. sense) of \*είδω. 3 ήδυπάθεια, ή, pleasant living, luxury. From pl ήδεισαν or ήδεσαν. ήδυπαθέω, f ήσω, (ήδυπαθήs) to live pleasantly, ήδεσάμην, 20r. I of αιδέομαι. enjoy oneself, be luxurious. Hence  $\dot{\eta}$ δέσθην, aor. I pass. of  $\dot{\epsilon}$ σθίω. ήδυπάθημα, atos, τό, enjoyment. [ă] ήδυ-παθής, ές, (ήδύς, παθείν) living pleasantly. ήδέσθην, 201. I pass. of alδέομαι. ήδέως, Adv. of ήδύς, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly, ηδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ηδύς, πνέω) = ηδύπνοος. ήδέως έχειν to be kind: Comp. ήδιον, Sup. ήδιστα.  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, ( $\dot{\eta}$ δύς, πνο $\dot{\eta}$ ) "HΔH, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, sweet-brea'hing: sweet-smelling. or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}$ δύς,  $\pi\dot{\phi}$ λις) Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ήδη Αίγυπτος after this lake directly dear to the people. begins Egypt. ήδυ-πότης, ου, (ήδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking. ήδη, ήδησθα, ήδη Att. for ήδειν, plapf. (with impf ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) sweet to drink. sense) of  $*\epsilon l\delta \omega$ . ήδύς, ήδεία, ήδύ; Ion. fem. ήδέα Dor. άδέα; Dor. ήδίκεον, ήδίκηκα, ήδίκησα, impf, pf., and aor. 1 acc. sing άδέα, for ήδύν: - Comp ήδίων, Sup. ήδιστος: of άδικέω. later, also, ηδύτερος, ηδύτατος: (ήδομαι):—sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleaἡδίων, ἥδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς. ήδολέσχεον, impf. of άδολεσχέω. II. of persons, pleasant, welcome, dear, sant. "ΗΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ήσθήσομαι: aor. 1 ήσθην, rarely glad. in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take ήδυσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) that which sweetens or one's pleasure: with partic., ήσθη ἀκούσας be was flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce glad to have heard: often used in dat. of partic., ήδοήδυ-σώματος, ον, (ήδύς, σωμα) of sweet form. μένο γίγνεταί μοί τι I am well pleased at the thing ήδυ-φαής, ές, (ήδύς, φάος) sweetly-shining. happening, like ἀσμένφ, βουλομένφ. Hence ήδύ-φρων, φρονος, ό, ή, (ήδύς, φρήν) sweet-minded. ήδομένως, Adv. pres part. of ήδομαι, gladly. ήδυφωνία, ή, sweetness of voice. From ήδονή, ή, (ήδος, ήδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleaήδύ-φωνος, ον, (ήδύς, φωνή) sweet-voiced. sure, Lat. voluptas; πρός οτ καθ' ήδονην λέγειν to ἡδυ-χαρής, ές, (ἡδύς, χαρηναι) sweetly joyous. speak so as to please another. ἡδύ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ἡδύς, χρόα) ήδος, εος, τό, (ήδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure. of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst, a kind ή δ' δs, said be, for έφη ἐκείνοs, v. ημί. of perfume. ήέ, Ep. for ή, or. ήδυ-βόης, ου, Dor -βόας, α, δ, (ήδύς, βοή) sweetήε, Ep. for ήει, 3 sing. impf. of είμι ιδο. sounding. ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) sweetening marriage.  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ- $\gamma$ ελως,  $\omega v$ , gen.  $\omega$ , ( $\dot{\eta}$ δύς,  $\gamma$ έλως) sweetlyήειδον, ήεισα, impt. and aor. I of ἀείδω. laugbing. ἡείδειν, Ep. plapf. (with impf sense) of \*εἴδω. ήδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ήδύς, γλωσσα) sueet-tongued. ήίλιοs, δ, poet, and Ion, for ήλιος ήδυ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ήδύς, γνώμη) of pleaήελιῶτις, Ep. for ήλιῶτις. sant mind, of kindly sentiments. ήεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum. ἡδυ-επής, ές, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) sweet-speaking: sweet- $\dot{\eta} \dot{\epsilon} - \pi \epsilon \rho$ , poet, for  $\dot{\eta} \pi \epsilon \rho$ . sounding:-poet. fem. ήδυέπεια. ήέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of άήρ.  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, ( $\dot{\eta}$ δύς, θρόος) ηερέθομαι, lengthd. form of αείρομαι Pass, to bang sweet-strained. floating or waving in the air: metaph., ὑπλοτέρων ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) taken with pleasure. φρένες ήερέθονται young men's minds are flighty. ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flatήέρθην, aor. I pass. of αείρω tering, fawning. ήέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of άήρ. **ἡδὕ-λύρης**, ου, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the ήέριοs, a, ov, Ep. for άέριοs (άήρ) early, at morn, lyre. at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist **ἡδυ-μελής, ές, (ἡ**δύς, μέλος) sweet-singing. (ἀήρ). 2. bigh in air. **ἡδὕ-μελί-φθογγος,** ον, (ἡδύε, μελί, φθόγγος) with ή ερμαι, pf. pass of ά είρω. boney-sweet voice. ήερο-δίνης, εs, (άήρ, δινέω) wheeling in mid-air [ī] ἡδὔ-μἴγής, έε, (ἡδύε, μιγῆναι) sweetly-mixed. ήερο-ειδήs, έs, Ion and Ep. for άερ -, (άήρ, είδοs) of

III. of

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills dim, gray.

ήερόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for  $\dot{a}$ ερ-,  $(\dot{a}\dot{\eta}\rho)$ clouded, dark, murky.

ήερόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ήέροs, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

**ἠερο-φοῖτις, ιδος, ἡ,** fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτάω) walking in darkness.

ήερό-φωνος, ον, (άήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

**ήέρταζον**, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ή έρτησα, ή έρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀ ερτάω. ηεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of είμι ibo.

ἥην, Ep. 3 sing impf. of είμί sum.

ἡήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ή έρος, ή έρι, ή έρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ήθαίος, α, ον, Dor. for ήθείος.

ἠθάs, άδοs, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for ἐθάs, (ἦθοs) used, accustomed, babituated to a thing. II. wonted, accustomed.

 $\eta\theta\epsilon\hat{\mathbf{los}}, \alpha, o\nu, (\hat{\eta}\thetaos)$  bonoured, respected: voc.  $\eta\theta\epsilon\iota\epsilon$ , Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ήθέληκα, ήθέλησα, pf. and aor. 1 of έθέλω.

**ἥθελον,** unpf. of ἐθέλω.

 $\mathring{\eta}\theta$ eos,  $\mathring{o}$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ , Att. for  $\mathring{\eta}i\theta$ eos.  $\mathring{H}\Theta E'\Omega$ , f.  $\mathring{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to sift or strain.

ήθικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}\theta o s)$  of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ήθληκα, ήθλησα, pf. and aor. 1 of  $d\theta\lambda\epsilon\omega$ .

ήθμός,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\ddot{\eta}\theta\epsilon\omega)$  a strainer.

 $\eta\theta$ os,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, ( $\tilde{\epsilon}\theta$ os) an accustomed place: hence in plur.  $\eta\theta\epsilon\alpha$ , seats, baunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, babit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.  $\eta$ θον, imp. of  $\alpha$ ίθω

ήθροισα, aor. I of άθροίζω.

ήθροίσθην, ήθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of  $d\theta$ ροίζω. ηια contr. η  $\dot{\eta}$ α,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , ( $\dot{\eta}$ ια, contr.  $\dot{\eta}$ α, impf. of  $\epsilon l \mu \iota ibo$ ) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, II. chaff, busks [i] food, meat.

ήια, Ion. for ήειν, impf. of είμι ibo: 3 sing. ήιε,

3 pl. ijiov or higav

hiθeos Att. contr. ήθεοs, δ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem.  $\pi a \rho \theta \epsilon vos$ :—rarely in fem.  $\eta i \theta \epsilon \eta$ , a young girl. ήϊκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plopf. of ξοικα (as if from ήlγμην).

ήϊξα, aor. I of αίσσω.

ἡιόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἢιών) with high, steep banks.

ηιον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of είμι ibo.

ήιοs, δ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ή, ή. ήϊσαν, Ep. for ήεσαν. 3 pl. impf. of ε $l\mu\iota$  ibo.

ἥισκον, impf. of ἐίσκω. **ἥϊσσον**, impf. of ἀἶσσω.

ήtχθην, aor. 1 pass. of atσσω.

ΉΓΩΝ Att. ηών Dor. ἀιών, όνος, ή, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [t]

ntwo, ovos, n. (diw) a bearing, report.

'HKA, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [a]

ήκα, aor. 1 of ίημι.

ἤ caζον, Att. impf. of ϵἰκάζω.

ήκαιρεῖσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ήκασα, ηκάσθην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάζω.

ήκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάζω.

ήκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of άχέω

ήκέσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

 $\tilde{\eta}$ -κεστος,  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ , for  $\tilde{\alpha}$ -κεστος, (a privat., κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ήκή, ή, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκωκή.

ηκίσθην, ήκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω. ήκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ήκα, gentlest, slowest.

ήκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ήσσων, the worst, least, poorest, meanest: -Adv. ήκιστα, least (κακύs or μικρόs is used as positive).

ήκμάσα, aor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ήκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ήκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ή-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ήπου.

ήκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ήκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ήκροώμην, ήκροᾶσάμην, impf and aor. 1 of άκροάομαι.

ήκρωτηρίασα, ήκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf.

pass. of ακρωτηριάζω.

"HKΩ, impf. ηκον: fut. ηξω:—properly I bave come, am bere, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plopf. sense, I bad come, was bere, Lat, aderam:—then loosely to II. to have come to, reached a point; eis come. τοῦτο τόλμης ήκειν to bave reached this pitch of au-2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ἤκειν τινόs dacity. to be well off for a thing, bave plenty of it. have come to, to relate or belong to.

ήλάθην [ἄ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ήλαίνω, Ion. and poet. for αλαίνω, (αλάσμαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ήλάκατα, ων, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ήλακάτη, ή, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like arpaktos, Lat. arundo.

ήλάλαξα, aor. ι of άλαλάζω.

ηλαλκον, poet. aor. 2 of dλ έξω.

ἡλάμην, aor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ήλασα, ήλάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έλαύνω. ήλασκάζω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander away from; έμον μένος ήλασκάζει be flees from or sbuns my wrath. trans. to drive to and fro.

ήλάσκω, Ep. form of ἀλάομαι, ἀλαίνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ήλάστεον, impf. of άλαστέω.

ήλατο, 3 sing. impf. of αλάομαι

II.

έλασσόω.

**ήλγησα**, aor. ι of άλγέω

ήλγυνα, ήλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of άλγύνω. ήλδανε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αλδαίνω.

ηλεάμην, aor. I of ἀλέομαι.

ήλέγχθην, aor. I pass, of έλέγχω.

ήλειψα, ήλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of αλείφω. ήλεκτρον, τό, and ήλεκτρος,  $\dot{v}$  and  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ήλέκτωρ) electron, mentioned in the Odyssey along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a metallic substance consisting of gold alloyed with silver:—in Ar. Eq. 532 ἐκπιπτουσῶν τῶν ἡλέκτρων, it seems to mean, the pegs of bis lyre inlayed with electron. II. amber.

ήλεκτρο-φάής, ές, (ήλεκτρον, φάος) amber-gleaming. ήλέκτωρ, opos, δ, the beaming sun: as Adj., ήλέκτωρ Υπερίων beaming Hyperion. (Deriv. uncertain.) ήλέματος Dor. άλ-, ον, (ήλεός, ήλός) distraught,

silly, trifling, vain.

ήλεός, ή, όν, (ήλός) wandering in mind, distracted, Il. act. distracting, crazing.

ήλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, to grind.

ήλεύατο, Ep. for ήλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of άλεύομαι Αλέομαι.

ήλήλαντο, 3 pl. plapf. pass. of έλαύνω. ήλήλατο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of έλαύνω.

ήληλίμμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

**ἦλθον,** contr. of ἤλυθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, = ἡλιόω, (ἥλιοs) to warm in the sun.

Med. ηλιάζομαι, to sit in the court 'Ηλιαία.

ήλιαία, ή, (άλήs, άλία) at Athens a ball in which the chief law-court was held: the Heliaea or supreme law-court.

ηλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing, fut, of ηλιάζομαι.

ήλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) a juryman in the court Heliaea, a Heliast. Hence

ηλιαυτικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to a Heliast.

ήλίβάτος, ov, steep, abrupt, precipitous: high, huge, enormous. II. like Lat. altus, deep, profound. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ήλιθα, Adv. (α̃λιε) enough, sufficiently: abundantly. ήλιθιάζω, to speak or act idly, foolishly. From

ήλίθιος Dor. αλίθ-, α, ον, (ήλόε, ήλεός) idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly. Adv. -los. Hence

ήλιθιόω, f. ώσω, to make foolish, to distract, craze. ήλικία, ή, (ήλιξ) time of life, age. 2. the vigour or prime of life, manhood; οι έν ήλικία men of age fit for service: - youthful beat and passion.

as Subst., = of ηλικεε, those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates. III. generally, age, time: later an age, Lat. seculum. IV. of the body, stature, growth, bulk. Hence

ήλϊκιώτης, ου, ό, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, an equal in age, fellow, comrade, Lat. aequalis.

haires, n, or, Relat. to enaires or enaire oftes, as Lat. quantus to tantus, as big as, as tall as, as great 2. in indirect questions, bow great or strong: also bow old, at what age: as old as. [t] From

ήλάττωσα, ήλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of | "ΗΛΙΞ, ϊκος, δ, ή, of the same age, Lat. aequals:-as Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate.

ήλιό-βλητος, ον, (ήλιος, βάλλω) sun-burnt.

ήλιο-καής, ές, (ήλιος, κάω, καίω) sun-burnt.

ηλιό-καυστος, ον, = ηλιοκαής.

ήλιο-μανής, ές, (ήλιος, μανήναι) dotting on the sun, mad for love of the sun.

ήλιος Dor. άλιος poet. ή έλιος, ό, (ξλη Lat. sol) the sun; πρὸς 'Hŵ τ' 'Hέλιον τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the East, opp. to προς ζόφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρόs ήῶ τε καὶ ήλίου ἀνατολάς to πρὸς ἐσπέρην. day, like Lat. sol. 3. of Thior the sun-beams, like Lat. soles. II. as prop. n. Helios, the sun-god, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ήλιο-στερής, έs, (ήλιος, στερέω) shading from the sun ήλιο-στίβής, ές, (ήλιος, στιβείν) sun-trodden, exposed to the sun.

ήλιόω, f. ώσω, (ήλιος) to warm in the sun:—Pass. to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun

ἥλἴσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλίζω.

ήλισα, ήλικα, 20r. I and pf. of αλίνδω.

ήλιτον, aor. 2 of άλιταίνω.

ήλιτο-εργός, ύν, (άλιταίνω, έργον) missing the work, failing in one's end or aim.

ηλιτό-μηνος, ον, (ἀλιταίνω, μήν) missing the right month, untimely born.

ήλίφην [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

'ΗΛΙΨ, τπος, ό, said to be a Dorian shoe.

ήλίωσα, aor. ι both of άλιόω and of ήλιόω.

ηλιώτης, ου, δ, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, poet. ηϵλ-, (ηλιοε) of or belonging to the sun

ήλκησα, aor. 1 of έλκέω.

ήλκωμένος, pf part. pass of έλκύω.

ήλλάγην, -χθην, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ήλλαγμένος, pf. part pass. of άλλάσσω.

ήλλαξα, 201. Ι οί άλλάσσω.

ήλλοίωσα, ήλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of άλλοιόω.

ήλόησα, Ep. ήλοίησα, 20r. I of άλοάω

ήλόκισμαι, pf. pass. of αλοκίζω. \*HAOZ, o, a nail, stud: more for ornament than use.

ήλός, ή, όν, (ἄλη) wandering, crazy, silly.

ήλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of έλπομαι.

ήλπίσα, ήλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έλπίζω.

ήλσάμην, aor. 1 med. of είλω.

ήλύγη [τ], ή, (ἦλυξ) shadow, darkness: metaph., δίκης ηλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit. ήλυθον, Ep. for ήλθον, aor. 2 of έρχομαι.

ήλυξ, υγου, δ, darkness, only found in compd. επηλυξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ήλυξα, aor. I of αλύσκω.

Ήλύσιον πεδίον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of Ερχυμαι) the Elysian fields: later without πεδίον, Elysium. Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρων νήσοι.

ήλύσιος, a, ov, coming: of Elysian. [v] From

ήλθοις, εως, ή, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step.

2. a coming event, the future.

ήλφον, 201. 2 of ἀλφαίνω. ήλωκα. Ιοη. for ἐάλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ήλώμην, impf. of αλάομαι.

ήλων, Ion. for έάλων, aor. 2 of αλίσκομαι.

ἡμα, τό, (ίημι) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin. ἡμαθόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄμαθος) Ion. for ἀμ-, sandy.

ημανοτές, ευσι, εν, (μμανοτή του, εάται Ερ. είάται; ήμαι, ήσαι, ήται, 3 pl. ήνται Ιοπ. εάται Ερ. είάται; imperat. ήσο, ήσθω, etc.; inf. ήσθαι; part. ήμενος, impf. ήμην, ήσο, ήστο, 3 pl. ήντο Ιοπ. εάτο Ερ. είάτο:—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plqpf. of εζομαι), to be set, to sit: often with collat. sense to tarry, linger, louter: ήμενος χῶρος, like εἰαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc., ήσθαι σέλμα to sit on a bench.

ἡμαρ Dor. ἡμαρ, ἄτος, τό, poét for ἡμέρα, day; alσιμον ἡμαρ, μόρσιμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day of death; ἐλεύθερον, δούλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom, of slavery, i.e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons, ὁπωρινόν, χειμέριον ἡμαρ autumn, winter time; ἐπ' ἡματι day by day; παρ' ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alternis diebus: also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτορι πράστοντας ἡμαρ τος ἡμαρτάνου τος ἡμαρτάνου στος ἡμαρτάνου τος ἡμαρτάνου στος ἡμαρτ

ἡμάρτηκα, ἡμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἀμαρτάνω. ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ήματιος,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(\hat{η}μαρ)$  poet. for  $\hat{η}μερήσιος$ , by day: day by day, daily

ήματωμαι, pf. pass. of αίματόω.

ημβλωκα, ημβλωσα, pf and aor 1 of ἀμβλίσκω. ημβροτον, inf ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω. ημεδάπός, ή, όν, (ημεῖς) of our land or country, native, Lat nostras.

ήμειs, ήμαs, nom. and acc. pl. of έγώ.

ήμελγον, impf. of  $d\mu \epsilon \lambda \gamma \omega$ .

ἡμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neglectful manner.

ήμελλον, Att. impf of μέλλω.

 $\mathring{\eta}$ -μέν ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ -δέ , ( $\mathring{\eta}$ , μέν) poet for καί , καί , as well . , as also . , Lat et , et . . : also disjunctive, if . , or if . , whether . , whether . , Lat. vel . . , vel . , or sive , sive . . .

ήμεν, I pl. impf. of είμί sum.

Timer, Dor. for elvar, inf. of elul sum.

'ĤΜΕ'ΡΑ Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ὁμέρα, ἡ, day: the light of day; κμ' ἡμέρα or ἀμα τῆ ἡμέρα with dawn of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέραs all day long; διὰ τρίπης ἡμέραν every third day, Lat. tertio quoque dte; ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdui; ὑψὲ τῆς ἡμέραs late in the day; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or near day.

II. metaph. life: παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old age; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence

ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ἡμερεύειν μαπράς κελεύθου to rest the day after a long journey. 2.

to pass one's days, live.

ήμερήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ήμερα) of or for the day, by day. II. a day long; ήμερησία όδός a day's journey.

ημερία, η, = ημέρα.

ἡμερϊνός, ή, όν, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτερινός by night; ἄγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messenger. II. = ἐφήμερος, for the day, perishable.

ἡμέριοs, ον, also a, ον, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ημερος, cultivated, opp. to αγριος, wild.—as Subst. the vine.

ἡμερο-δρόμος, ον, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the livelong day:—as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θαλής, έs, Dor. for sq.

ἡμερο-θηλής, ές, (ήμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting. ἡμερό-κοιτος, ον, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping byday, i.e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ήμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ήμερα, λέγω) counting every day, day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω,(ἡμέρα,λέγω) to count by days, register. ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, almanack

"HMEPOΣ, ov, also α, ov, tame, reclaimed, domestic, of animals, of trees, cultivated: — opp. to ἄγριος, wild.

II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ήμερο-σκόπος, δ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day as Subst. a day-watcher.

ήμερό-φαντος, ον, (ήμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὑ, (ἡμέρα, φώλαξ) watching by day ἡμερό-φωνος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock, berald of day.

ήμερόω, f. ώσω, (ήμερος) to tame, make tame, reclaim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men, to soothe, conculiate: also to tame by conquest, subdue. ήμες, Dor. inf. of elμί sum.

ήμετέρειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = ήμεδαπόε.

ημέτερος, α, ον, (ήμεις) our, Lat. noster; είε ήμέτερον (sub. δωμα) to our bouse

ήμέων, Ion and Ep. gen. pl. of έγώ.

ήμην, rare Att. form for ην, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ημην, impf. of ημαι.

ἡμί, the same as  $\phi\eta\mu l$ , I say, Lat. inqnam;  $\pi \alpha l$ ,  $\eta\mu l$ ,  $\pi \alpha l$  boy, I say, boy l—impf. I and J sing.,  $\tilde{\eta}\nu$   $\delta'$   $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma \tilde{\omega}$  said I,  $\tilde{\eta}$   $\delta'$   $\tilde{\epsilon}s$  said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has only J sing. impf.  $\tilde{\eta}$ , be spoke.

HMI -, freq. as a prefix, balf-, Lat. sēmi-: the

Adj. 1s ημισυ**s**.

ήμί-ανδρος, ο, (ήμι-, ανήρ) a balf-man, eunuch.

 $\dot{\eta}$ μι-άνθρωπος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , =  $\dot{\eta}$ μιάνδρος.

ἡμι-βρεχής, ές, (ἡμι-, βρέχομαι) balf-watered. ἡμι-βρώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμί-βρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, βιβρώσκω) balf-eaten.

ἡμι-γένειος, ον, (ἡμι-, γένειον) with but half a beard.
ἡμί-γυμνος, ον, (ἡμι-, γυμνός) half-naked.

ήμι-δαής, έε, (ήμι-, δαίω) balf-burnt.

ἡμι-δάρεικόν, τό, (ἡμι-, δαρεικόε) a balf-daric. ἡμι-δεής, έε, (ἡμι-, δέω) wanting balf, balf-full. ἡμι-διπλοίδιον Att. contr. -olδιον, τό, (ἡμι-, δεπλοίς) a balf-sbawl, or sbawl doubled in balf. ἡμι-δουλος, ον, a balf-slave.

ημι-εκτέον, τό, a balf-έκτεύs, i. e. a twelfth part of | "HMI ΣΥΣ, εια, v; Ion. fem. ημισέα: gen. ημίσεος a medimnus. ἡμι-έλλην, ηνος, δ, ή, a balf-Greek. ήμι-εργής, έε, and ήμι-έργος, ον, (ήμι-, \*έργω) balfmade. ημί-εφθος, ον, (ήμι-, εψω) balf-boiled, balf-cooked. ημι-θαλήs, έs, (ήμι-, θαλείν) balf-green. ήμι-θανήs, έs, (ήμι-, θανείν) balf-dead. ήμί-θεος Dor. άμ-, ò, balf a god, demigod. ἡμιθνής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\hat{\eta}\mu_i -, \theta \check{a} v \epsilon \hat{i} v)$  half-dead. ημί-θραυστος, ον, (ήμι-, θραύω) balf-broken. ήμί-κάκοs, ov, a rogue by balves, balf a villain. ήμι-κλήριον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , (ήμι-, κλήρος) balf the inheritance. ἡμί-κραιρα, ή, balf the head or face. ήμί-λεπτος, ον, (ήμι-, λέπω) balf-peeled, balfbatched. ἡμί-λευκος, ov, balf-white. ήμιλλήθην, ήμίλλημαι, aor. I and pf. of άμιλλάομαι. ἡμι-μανής,  $\epsilon$ s, (ἡμι-, μανῆναι) balf-mad. ήμι-μάραντος, ον, (ήμι-, μαραίνομαι) balf-witbered or faded. [ă] ἡμι-μεθής, ές, (ἡμι-, μέθη) balf-drunk. ήμι-μναίος, a,  $o\nu$ , (ημι-, μνα) of, amounting to abalf-mina: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a balf-mina. ημιν or ημίν, dat. pl. of έγώ. ήμί-ξηρος, ov, balf-dry. ημιολία (vaûs), ή, s light ship with one and a half bank of oars. Fem. from ήμι-όλιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}\mu\iota$ -,  $\ddot{o}\lambda os)$  one and a half, half as much again; ήμιόλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου balf as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον ου πρότερον έφερον one balf more than they used to receive before. ημιόνειος, a, ov, (ημίονος) of a mule; αμαξα ημιονεία a car drawn by mules, ζυγδν ήμιόνειον a team of mules. ημιονικός, η, όν, = ημιόνειος.ήμί-ovos, ή or δ, (ήμι –, ὄνοs) a balf-ass, a mule. II. as Adj., βρέφος ἡμίονον a mule-foal. ἡμί-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) with half its proper number of boles; ἡμίοποι αὐλοί flutes with only three boles. ήμί-οπτος, ov, balf-roasted. ήμι-πέλεκκον, τό, (ήμι-, πέλεκυς) a balf-axe, a single edged axe, opp. to άμφιπέλεκκον. ημί-πλεθρον, τό, a balf-πλέθρον, i. e. 50 feet. ήμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ήμι-πλίνθοs) a balf-plinth, a brick, Lat. semilaterium. ἡμί-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, (ἡμι-, πνέω)balf-breathing, balf-cboked. ήμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ήμι-, πυρόω) balf-burnt. [ἔ] ημίσεες, nom. pl. of ημισυς. ημίσεια, ή, a balf, fem. of ήμισυς. ημί-σοφος, ov, balf-wise. ἡμί-σπαστος, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) balf torn down. ήμι-στάδιαίος, α, ον, (ήμι-, στάδιον) of balf a staημι-στρατιώτης, ου, δ, a balf-soldier.

ήμι-στρόγγυλος, ον, Lalf-round.

rarely -εωs, fem. ἡμισείαs Ion. -εαs: nom. pl. ἡμίσεεs Att. -ειs: -balf, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσειε λαοί balf the people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αί ἡμίσειαι των νεων balf the ships; ao also, ήμισυς λόγος balf the tale; ήμισυ τείχος balf the wall; neut. sing. ήμισυ as Subst. a balf, balf, ήμισυ τιμῆs. ἡμι-τάλαντον, τό, a balf-talent, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον two talents and a half (cf. Lat. sestertius); but, τρία ημιτάλαντα three half-talents ἡμἴτέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελήs) a remission of balf. ἡμἴ-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) balf-finished. ἡμἴ-τελής, ές, (ἡ $\mu$ -, τέλος) balf-finished, balfaccomplished, half-perfect; δόμος ήμιτελής a house but half complete, 1. e. wanting its master. ημί-τομος, ον, (ήμι-, τεμείν) balf cut through: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον a balf. ήμιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin. (Prob. an Egypt. word.) ήμι-φάήs, és, (ήμι-, φάοs) balf-sbining. ήμι-φάλακρος, ov, balf-bald. ημί-φαυλος, ov, balf-knavisb. ἡμί-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) balf-burnt. ἡμιωβολιαίοs, a, ov, worth balf an obol ήμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , a balf-obol. From ἡμι-ώβολον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , (ἡμι-, ὀβολόs) a balf-obol. ήμι-ώριον, τό, (ήμι-, ώρα) a balf-bour. ήμμαι, pf. pass. of απτω ημος Dor. αμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τημος as ότε to τότε: when, while, so long as. ήμπεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of άμπέχω. ήμός, ή, όν, Aeol. άμός, for ήμέτερος. ημουν, impf. of ϵμϵω. ήμπέδουν, impf. of έμπεδόω. ήμπόληκα, –ησα, pf. and aor. I of  $\epsilon \mu \pi o \lambda \dot{\alpha} \omega$ . ήμπόλων, impf. of έμπολάω. **ἥμπλακον,** 201. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω. **ἥμῦνα,** 201. Ι of ἀμύνω. ήμύσειε, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ήμύω. ημύστικα, pf. of ἀμυστίζω. ἡμύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I ήμ $\bar{v}$ σα:  $(\mu \dot{v}\omega)$ :—to sink, droop, bow down; ήμυσε κάρη his head dropped, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ημύει ἀσταχύεσσι it bows down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: later to fall, perisb. ήμφεγνόησα, ήμφεγνόουν, aor. I and impf. of  $d\mu$ φιγνοέω. ἡμφεσβήτουν or ἡμφισ-, impf. of  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\iota\sigma\beta\eta\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ . ήμφεσβήτησα or ήμφισ-, aor. I of αμφισβητέω. πμφίεσα, aor. I of αμφιέννυμι. ημφίεσμαι, pf. pass. of αμφιέννυμι. ήμων, contr. impf. of ἀμάω. ημων, ονος, δ, (ίημι) a thrower, darter, slinger.

ην, contr. from ἐάν, conditional Conj., always fol-

lowed by Subj. if, in case that;  $\eta \nu \mu \eta$  unless: in in-

direct questions, if, whether.

nv. Interject. see ! see there! Lat. en! ήν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.  $\mathbf{\hat{\eta}}\mathbf{v}$ , impf. of  $\mathbf{\hat{\eta}}\mu\mathbf{\hat{\iota}} = \mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\eta}\mu\mathbf{\hat{\iota}}$ . ην, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. ős, who. ην, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. ős, εόs, bis. ήναίνετο, 3 sing. impf. of αναίνομαι. ήνάλωσα, ήνάλωκα, later forms for άναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω. ήναντιώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of έναντίοω ήναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of έναρίζω. **ἥνŭρον**, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω. ἥνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of άνδάνω. ήνδραπόδισα, -ίσθην, -ισμαι, ν. άνδραποδίζω. ήνεγκα, aor. 1 of φέρω. ήνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω. ηνέθην, aor. I pass. of αίνέω. ήνεικα, Ion. aor 1 of φέρω ήνειχόμην, impf. med. of ἀνέχω. ήνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω. ήνεκής, ές, (\* ένέκω, ν. φέρω) continuous, long. ήνεμότις, εσσα, εν, (ἄνεμος) windy, airy, high, ele-II. light as air, subtle: φρύνημα ἢνεμόςν airy, winged thought. ἥνεον, ἥνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. 1 of αἰνέω ήνεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of dν έχωήνετο, 3 sing impf. pass of άνω ήνέχθην, aor. 1 pass. ος φέρω ήνέφγα, Att. pf. of ανοίγνυμι. ήνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω ήνηνάμην, aor. Ι of άναίνομαι. ήνησα, aor. ι of αίνέω ήνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω. ἥνθομες, Dor. 1 pl. 20r. 2 of ἔρχομαι. ηνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι. ήνθρακωμαι, pf. of ανθρακύομαι. ήνί, Interject., = ήν, cf.  $i_1νiδε$ . ήνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω. ήνία, ίων, τά, the reins: Homer uses this neut form only, and always in plur. : cf. ἡνία, ἡ. 'HNI'A, ή, a bridle, a rein: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰs ήνίας τοις λόγοις to give a free rein to one's words, Lat. immittere babenas. II. any lea'bern thong, a sboe-string. ήνιγμαι, pf. pass. of αἰνίσσομαι. ήν-ίδε, Interject., (ήν, ἴδε) see! see there! ἡνίκα, Adv., relat. to τηνίκα οτ τοτηνίκα, when, at which time, at the time when; c. optat. whenever. ηνιξάμην, 2 or. I of αινίσσομαι. ήνιοποιείον, τό, a saddler's shop. From ήνιο-ποιός, δ, (ήνία, ποιέω) a bridle-maker, saddler. ήνιοστροφέω, f. ήσω, to guide by reins, to drive. From ήνιο-στρόφος, ον, (ἡνία, στρέφω) guiding by reins: ---as Subst. a charioteer. ήνι-οχεύς, έως Ion. η̂ος, poët. for ηνίοχος. ήνι-οχεύω and -έω, to be charioteer, hold the reins,

II. to bridle, govern, control. From

drive.

fought. 2. metaph, one who guides or controls. ηνίπαπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ενίπτω. ἦνἴs, ιοs, ἡ, nom. pl ἥνῖs, (ἔνοs) a year old, yearling. acc. ที่บเิบ. ηνίχθην, aor. 1 pass. of αἰνίσσομαι. ήνον, impf. of ἄνω. ήνορέα Ep. and Ion. - έη, ή, (ἀνήρ) manbood ήνοψ, οπος, δ, ή, in Hom always in phrase, ήνοπι χαλκφ with glittering, flashing brass. (Deriv. uncertain ) τιντεβόλησα, aor. I of αντιβολέω. ἥντεον, Ion impf of ἀντάω ήντίαζον, ήντίασα, impf. and aor. 1 of ἀντιάζω. ήντληκώs, pf part. of ἀντλέω. ήντο, 3 pl. impf. of ήμαι. ἥνὕκα, ἥνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀιίω, ἀνύτω. ἥνυστρον, τό,(ἀνύω) the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed. ήνῦτο, 3 sing. impf. pass of ἄνυμι. ήνώγεα, Ion plapf. of άνωγα ήνωγειν, plapf. (with impf. sense) of ἄνωγα. ήνώρθουν, impf of άνορθόω. ήνώχληκα, ήνώχλησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ένοχλέω. ήνώχλουν, -ούμην, impf. act. and pass. of ένοχλέω. ήξα, aor. I both of αγω to lead, and αγνυμι to break.  $\eta \xi a$ , aor. 1 of  $\delta \sigma \sigma \omega$  (contr. from  $\delta i \sigma \sigma \omega$ ). ήξειs, ήξω, Dor. for ήξειs, ήξω, fut of ήκω. **ήξίωμαι**, pf. pass. of ἀξιύω. 'Hoî, dat. of 'Hώs  $\eta$ οῖος,  $\sigma$ ,  $\sigma$ ,  $\sigma$ , ('Hώs) =  $\dot{\eta}\hat{\varphi}$ os,  $\dot{\epsilon}\hat{\varphi}$ os, in the morning: toward morning, eastern, Lat. orientalis, opp. to έσ-II. as Subst., ἠοίη (sub. ωρα), ἡ, the πέριος morning, πασαν ήοίην all the morning. ηομεν, 1 pl. impf. of είμι ibo. ήόνιος, α, ον, (ἠιών) contr. from ἠιόνιος, on the shore. ήπάομαι, aor. I inf. of ἢπήσασθαι to mend. 'HΠAP, ăτos, τό, the liver, Lat jecur: represented as the scat of the passions, esp. anger and love. ήπάτηκα, ήπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω ήπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ήπαρ. ήπαφε, 3 sing aor. 2 of ἀπαφίσκω ηπεδανός, ή, όν, weak, infirm. maimed, balting: c. gen. void of. (Deriv. uncertain.) ήπείλησα, aor. Ι οι άπειλέω. ήπειρο-γενής, έs, (ήπειρος, \*γένω) living on the mainland ἥπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἥπειρος) to the mainland.  $\tilde{\eta}$ -πειρος, for  $\tilde{\alpha}$ πειρος (sc.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , the mainland, continent, of the land, as opp. to the sea; κατ' ήπειρον by land; hence even an island is called ἤπειροs. the mainland of Greece, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called "Ηπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ή ήπειροs the Continent; and al δισσαί ήπειροι, the two continents, are Europe and Asia. Hence ἡπειρόω, f. ώσω, to make into mainland:—Pass. to ἡνί-οχος, δ, (ἡνία, ἔχω) bolding the reins, a driver, become so, when an island is joined to the mainland.

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραιβάτης)

308 ήπειρώτης, ου, δ, fem. – ώτις, ιδος, (ήπειρος) of the vocat. Ἡράκλειs is commonly an exclamation of surmainland, born or living thereon; ήπειρωτιε ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Ευμμαχία. Asiatic. ήπειρωτικός, ή, όν, (ήπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental. ή-περ poet. ήέ-περ, Conj. (ή, περ) than, than even. n-mep, Adv., properly dat. of δσπερ, in the same way as, just as. ή-περοπεύς, gen. έως Ιοη. η̂ος, ό, = ήπεροπευτής. ήπεροπευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From ἡπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen. ήπητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἠπάομαι) a mender, cobbler. ήπιαλέω, to have a fever or ague. From ήπίαλος (sub.  $\pi \nu \rho \epsilon \tau \delta s$ ),  $\delta$ , a fever attended with sbivering, ague. II. the nightmare. ήπιο-δίνητος, ον, (ήπιος, δινέω) softly-rolling. ήπιό-δωρος, ον, (ήπιος, δώρον) giving welcome gifts. ηπιό-θυμος, ον, (ήπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood. "HΠΙ'ΟΣ, a, ov, Att. os, ov, gentle, mild, kind. act. soothing, assuaging, calming. ήπιο-χειρ, ό, ή, (ήπιοε, χείρ) with soothing hand. ήπίωs, Adv. of ήπιοs, gently, mildly. ήπλακον, for ήμπλακον, aor. 2 of άμπλακίσκω. η-που, or η που, Adv. or, as, or perbaps, as perbaps. ήπου or ή που, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then? **ἡπται**, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἄπτω. ἡπύτα [v], o, Adj. masc. calling, erying; ηπύτα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like iππότα. ήπύω Dor. ἀπύω  $[\bar{a}]$ : f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I ήπ $\bar{v}$ σα: (ξποs, είπειν): to call on, call out or forth, in-II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to bowl, roar. \*HP, τό, poet. for έαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ηρος, ηρι are the only cases used in Prose. ήρα, 3 sing. impf. of έράω. ήρα, I sing, aor, I of αίρω. ήρα (ήραρον aor. 2 of άραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπίηρα.

"HPA Ion. "Hρη, ή, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen

Hpalos, a, ov, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ Ἡραίον,

(leρόν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ Ἡραῖα,

ΉΡΑΚΛΕΉΣ contr. Ήρακλης, δ: gen. Ήρα-

κλέεος contr. Ήρακλέους Εp. Ήρακληρος: dat. Ήρα-

κλέει contr. Ἡρακλέει Ἡρακλεί Ερ. Ἡρακλῆι: acc.

Ήρακλέεἄ contr. Ήρακλέᾶ Ερ. Ἡρακλῆα rarely Ἡρα-

κλή later also 'Ηρακλήν: voc. 'Ηράκλεεε, 'Ηράκλειε:

in Ion. also declined 'Ηρακλέος –κλεῦς, 'Ηρακλέϊ, 'Ηρα-

khéd:-Heracles, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and

Alemena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

(lερά) ber festival.

prise or disgust. Hence Ήράκλειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ερ. Ήρακλήειος, η, ov :- of or belonging to Hercules; βίη 'Ηρακληείη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules bimself; 'Ηράκλειαι  $\sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \lambda a \iota$  the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta :- To Hparketov Ion. -hiov, the temple of Hercules; τὰ Ἡράκλεια bis festival. 'Ηράκλεια λουτρά bot baths. Ήρακλήs, contr. from Ἡρακλέηs. ήράμην, aor. I med. of αίρω:—also impf. of έραμαι. **ἥρἄρον**, ε**s**, ε, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω. ήρἄσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐράομαι. ήράσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of έράομαι. ήράσσατο, Ep. for ήράσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of έράομαι. ήράτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of αίρω. ήρᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι. τρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of αίρέω. **ἥρεθον**, 1mpf. of ἐρέθω. ήρει, 3 sing. impf. of αίρέω. ήρεισα, aor. I of έρείδω. ήρέμα and ήρέμαs, Ady, gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly. The old Adj. ήρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ήρε- $\mu \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon \rho o s$ ;  $i_l \rho \epsilon \mu \alpha \hat{i} o s$  being used instead. ήρεμαῖος,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(\mathring{η}ρέμα)$  soft, gentle, quiet. Adv -ωs. ήρεμέστερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ήρεμαίος, see ، ρέμα: Adv. ήρεμεστέρως. ηρεμέω, f ήσω, (ήρεμα) to be still, keep quiet. ήρεμί [ī], Adv. for ήρέμα, gently. ἦρεμία, ἡ, (ἦρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest. ηρεμίζω, f σω, (ήρέμα) to calm, quiet:-Pass to be still, at rest. II intr. to be at rest. **ἥρεσα**, aor. 1 of ἀρέσκω ήρέτισα, aor. 1 of αίρετίζω. ήρευν, Ion. for ήρουν, impf of αἰρέω. ήρη, Ion. for ήρουν ήρημαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω. ήρήμωσα, aor. I of έρημόω. ήρήρει, 3 sing. plapf. of αραρίσκω. ήρήρειστο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ερείδω. **ἥρθην, a**or. 1 pass. of α*ἵρ*ω.  $\hat{\eta}$ ρι,  $(\hat{\eta}\rho)$  Adv. early, at early morn;  $\hat{a}$ μα  $\hat{\eta}$ ρι το $\hat{v}$ θέρουs early in the summer. Hριδανόs, δ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine.  $\eta$ ρίθμεον, impf. of  $d\rho$ ιθμέω.  $\dot{\eta}$ ρίθμημαι, pf. pass. of  $\dot{d}$ ριθμέω. ήρικε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of έρείκω.  $\eta$ ρἴνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\eta}\rho) = \tilde{\epsilon} a \rho i \nu \delta \epsilon$ , of or in the spring: neut. ήρινόν and ήρινά as Adv., in spring. 'HPI'ON, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb. **ήρίπου**, aor. 2 of έρείπω. ήρι-πόλη, ή, fem. Adj. (ἦρι, πολέω) early-stirring:

as Subst. the morn, dawn.

**ἥρἴσα**, aor. 1 of ἐρίζω.

ήρκα, ήρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αίρω.

τίσθόμην, 20r. 2 of αίσθάνομαι.

ήρμένος, pf. part. pass. of αραρίσκω. ήρνεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀρνέομαι. ήρνησάμην, aor. I of άρνέομαι. **ἡρόθην,** aor. I pass. of ἀρόω. ηρόμην, impf. med. of αίρω. ήρπαξα or ήρπασα, aor. 1 of άρπάζω. ήρρησα, aor. ι of έρρω. **προτα, aor. 1** of αραρίσκω. II. also of ἄρδω. ήρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρτάω **ήρτύναντο**, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of ἀρτύνω. ἥρŭγον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεύγομαι. ήρύκακε, 3 sing. 2 of έρύκω. ήρχόμην, impf. of ἔρχομαι: also impf. med. of ἄρχω. ήρῶ, 2 sing. ımpf. of ἀράομαι. ηρω, poet. for ήρωι, dat. of ήρως; ήρω, acc. ηρώειον, τδ, = ηρ $\hat{\varphi}$ ον. **ήρώησα,** aor. I of έρωέω. ήρωϊκός, ή, όν, (ήρως) of or for beroes, beroic: ήρωικον μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter. ἡρωίνη [τ], contr. ἡρώνη, fem. of ήρωs, a beroine. ηρώϊος, α, ον, = ηρωϊκός. ηρωίς, ιδος, η', = ηρωίνη, a beroine. ήρώμην, impf. of ἀράομαι. ηρφον, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from ήρφοs, a, ον, contr. of ήρώϊοs, of or for beroes, beroic: δ ήρφος (sub. ρυθμύς), the heroic measure, bexameter. From ήρωs, δ: gen. ήρωοs Att. ήρω: dat. ήρωι contr. ήρω: acc. ήρωα contr. ήρω: pl. nom. ήρωεs, acc. -as, rarely contr. ηρωs —a bero: in Homer not restricted to warriors, but applied to all free men of that age, as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the pre-III. Pindar represents them as a race sent race. between gods and men, demigods,  $\eta \mu i \theta \epsilon o i$ , whether those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities, etc.; as at Athens, the ήρωες ἐπώνυμοι were the heroes after whom the ten  $\phi \nu \lambda \alpha l$  were named. The founders of a city were worshipped under this name.  $\eta_s$ , Dor. for  $\eta_{\nu}$ , 3 sing, impf. of  $\epsilon l\mu l$  sum. ησα, Att. aor. 1 of άδω. ήσα, aor. 1 of ήδω. ήσαι, 2 sing, of ήμαι. ήσαν, 3 pl. impf. of είμί sum. ησαν, Att. for ηδεσαν, 3 pl. plapf. (in impf. sense) of olδa. II. for  $\eta i \sigma \alpha \nu$ , 3 pl. impf. of  $\epsilon \bar{l} \mu \iota i b o$ . ήσατο, 3 sing. Ep aor. 1 of ήδομαι. ήσειν, fut. inf. of ίημι. ήσθα, Aeol. for ήs, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum. **ήσθαι,** inf. of **ή**μαι. ήσθένουν, impf. of ἀσθενέω. ἥσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ήδομαι. ἦσθην, Att. aor. 1 pass. of ἀείδω. **ἥσθιον,** impf. of ἐσθίω.

ήσθον, 1mpf. of ἔσθω. ήσι-επής, ές, (ἵημι, ἔπος) a babbler. ἥσκειν, contr. for ἤσκεεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω. ησμαι, Att. pf pass. of ἀείδω. ήσμεν, Att. for ήδειμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of olda. ήσο, 2 sing imperat. of ήμαι. ήσσα Att. ήττα, ηs, ή, a defeat, discomfiture: c. gen. defeat by, yielding to. From ήσσάομαι Att. ήττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass. ήττήσομαι, ήσσηθήσομαι . aor. I ήσσήθην: pf. ήττημαι:—Ion. ἐσσόομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ήσσων): -to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten, worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause. ήσσητέος, a, ov, and, in neut. plur ήσσητέα, verb. Adj.: one must be beaten, submit. ήσσον, Att. impf. of άίσσω ήσσων, ήσσον, gen. ονος: Att. ήττων: Ion. έσσων: -less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing. (Used as irreg Comp of Positive κακώς: probably formed from ήκα, ήκιστος being the Sup ) ησται, 3 sing. of ημαι. ήστε, Att. for ήδειτε, 2 pl. plapf of \*είδω ήστην, for ήτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum ηστην, Att. for ηδείτην, 2 and 3 dual plopf. of \*είδω. ήστο, 3 sing impf. of ήμαι. ήστον, for ήτον, 2 dual impf. of εlμί sum. **ἥστωσα,** aor. 1 of ἀίστόω. ἥστχα, neut. pl of ήσυχος, used like ήσυχή. ήσυχάζω, f. σω, (ήσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest; τὸ ἡσύχαζον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead of night. ἡσυχαίος, α, ον, poet. for ήσυχος, still, quiet, at rest. ήσυχαίτερος, α, ον, irr Comp. of ήσυχος, ήσυχαίος. ἡσυχη Dor ἀσυχα, Adv. of ήσυχος, quietly, gently. ήσυχία Dor. άσυχ-, ή, (ήσυχος) stillness, quiet, peace; ήσυχίαν άγειν or έχειν to keep quiet, be at 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium. peace or at rest. ἡσύχιμος Dor ἀσύχ-, ον, poet. for ήσυχος. ἡσύχιος, ον, rarely a, ον, poet. for ήσυχος. "HETXOE Dor. Louxos, ov, still, quiet, at rest; 2. quiet, gentle. έχ' ήσυχος keep quiet. Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ήσυχαίτερος, -αίτατος; Adv. - χωs, also ήσυχή, but also -ώτερος. and neut. pl. ήσυχα as Adv. [ŭ] ήσχυγκα, pf. of αἰσχύνω. ήσχυμμαι, pf. pass. of αίσχύνω. **ἥσχῦνα**, aor. I of αἰσχύνω. ήσω, fut. of ίημι. ñ-т€ or ñ т€, Conj. or also. ἦ-те or ἦ те, Adv. surely, doubtless. ήτε, for ήειτε, 2 pl. impf. of είμι ibo. ἥτηκα, ἥτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of αἰτέω. ήτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum. ήτιάασθε, ήτιρωντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of altiaoμαι. αἰτιάομαι.  $II = \hat{\eta} \tau oi$ , full, surely, **ň-то**і, Conjunct.: III. =  $\tilde{\eta} \tau o \iota$ , either in truth, followed by verily. 有 . , either .. , or . . . ήτοίμασμαι, pf. pass. of έτοιμάζω, in med. sense. 'HTOP, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the heart. "HTPION Dor. atplov, to, the warp in a web of cloth (the woof being κρύκη): in pl. ήτρια, a thin, fine cloth: hence, ήτρια βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise. ήτρον, τό, (ήτορ) the belly, Lat abdomen. ήττα, ήττάομαι, ήττων, etc., Att. for ήσσ -. ἥτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum. ήΰ, neut. from ήΰs In compds. with εὐ - or ἐν-,. this is often lengthd. Ep. into  $\dot{\eta}v$ -; v. sub  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{v}$ -. ηύδησα, ηύδηκα, aor 1 and impf. of αὐδάω. ηύδοκίμουν, impf of εὐδοκιμέω. ηΰδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω. ηύλησα, 201. Ι οf αὐλέω. ηὐλίσθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλίζω. ηύξάμην, aor. Ι οf εύχομαι. ηύξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω. ηὐξήθην, ηὕξημαι, aor. I and pf pass. of αὐξάνω. ήύξηκα, ηύξησα, pf and aor. I of αὐξάνω ηύρον, ηύρέθην, aor 2 act. and aor. I pass of εὐρίσκω. ήΰs, neut. ήΰ, Ep. for ἐύs. good, brave. η̈́υσα, aor. 1 of ἀπω. [v̄] ήΰτε, Ep. Conjunct as, like as. II. for \(\tilde{\eta}\), than; only once in Homer, νέφος μελάντερον ήΰτε πίσσα, blacker than pitch. [v] ηὐτρέπισμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίζω. ηύχόμην, impf. of εύχομαι. Ήφαίστειος, a, ov, ("Ηφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: τὸ Ἡφαιστείον or Ἡφαίστειον (sub. ίερόν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἡφαίστεια (sub. ἱερά), bis festival, Lat. Vulcanalia. **Ήφαιστό-πονος**, ον, ("Ηφαιστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan. "Ηφαιστος, ov, δ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his bith, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp of working in metal. Ήφαιστό-τευκτος, ον, and Ήφαιστο-τευχής, ές, ("Ηφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan. ήφθα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of απτω. ήφι, Ep. for ή. ήφιε, for ἀφίει, 3 sing impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from άφίω). **ἡφίουν**, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφιέω). ήφυσα, aor. τ of ἀφύσσω ήφυσσόμην, impf med. of ἀφύσσω. **ἡχα,** pf. of άγω.  $\eta$ χεσκον, Ion. impf. of  $\dot{\eta}$ χέω. ήχέτης, ου, δ, Ερ. ήχέτα, (ήχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicada. ήχέω Dor. ἀχέω [ā]: f. ήσω:—to sound, ring, peal;

ήτιασάμην, ήτίαμαι, 201. 1 med. and pf. pass. of | c. acc. cognato, ἀχεῖν ὕμνον, κωκυτόν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From 'HXH' Dor. αχα, ή, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like  $la\chi\dot{\eta}$ , a cry of sorrow, wail.  $\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{\eta}\epsilon\iota s$ ,  $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$ ,  $\epsilon\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{\eta})$  sounding, roaring, echoing. ήχημα, ατος, τό,  $(\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a sound. ήχητής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , and ήχητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}v$ , =  $\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{\epsilon}\tau\eta$ s ήχι, Ep. for η, Adv. where. ήχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἄχθομαι and ἔχθομαι. **ήχθημα**ι, pf. pass. of έχθομαι. ήχθην, aor. 1 pass. of άγω.  $\eta \chi \theta \eta \rho \alpha$ , aor. I of  $\epsilon \chi \theta \alpha i \rho \omega$ . ήχμασα, aor. 1 of αἰχμάζω.  $\dot{\eta} \chi os, \dot{\delta}, = \dot{\eta} \chi \dot{\eta}$  $\dot{\eta}$ χώ Dor.  $\dot{\alpha}$ χώ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , gen.  $-\dot{\omega}$ os contr.  $-\dot{\omega}$ s,  $= \dot{\eta}$ χ $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\alpha$ reverberated sound, an echo II. as prop n. Ήχώ, Echo, personified as an Oread ήψατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of äπτομαι. ήψησα, ήψήθην, aor. 1 act. and pass of  $\epsilon\psi\omega$ . ἡῶθεν Dor. ἀῶθεν Att. ἔωθεν, Adv. (ἡώs) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn. ήωθι, old Ep. gen. of ήως, ήωθι πρό before dawn. ηών, όνος, δ, Att. contr. for ήιών.

ern. From 'HΩ'Σ, ἡ, gen. ἡόος contr. ἡοῦς: dat. ἡόι contr. ἡοῦς: acc. ἡόα contr. ἡοῦς: Act. ἡόι contr. ἡοῦς: acc. ἡόα contr. ἡῶ:—Att τως, gen τω, acc. τω or των:—Dor ἀως:—Aeol. ἀνως:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ἡμαρ niid-day, and δείλη evening; acc., ἡῶ the whole morning long; ἄμ' ἡοῦ at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to ζύφος. 3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ἡώς came to mean a day: also the light of day. II as prop. n. Ἡώς, Εος, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

ηωος, a, ov, at morn, at break of day.

## Θ

 $\Theta$ , θ, θῆτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral  $\theta'=i\nu\nu\acute{e}a$ , έννατος, but  $\theta=9000$ . In Doric,  $\theta$  was often changed into  $\sigma$ , as Lacon  $\sigma \epsilon ios$  'Ασάνα  $\sigma \acute{a}\omega$ , for  $\theta \epsilon ios$  'Αθάνα  $\theta \acute{a}\omega$ : so also in Ion.,  $\theta \nu \sigma \sigma \acute{o}s$  for  $\theta \nu \theta \acute{o}s$  'Αθάνα  $\theta \acute{a}\omega$ : so Aeol and Dor., into  $\phi$ , as  $\phi \acute{\eta}\rho$   $\phi \lambda \acute{a}\omega$   $\phi \lambda \acute{l}\beta\omega$  for  $\theta \acute{\eta}\rho$   $\theta \lambda \acute{a}\omega$   $\theta \lambda \acute{l}\beta\omega$ . Lastly,  $\theta$  sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as  $\theta a \mu \acute{a}\omega$  for  $a \acute{a}\omega$   $a \acute{a}\omega$   $a \acute{a}\omega$ . On the ballots of the judges at Athens,  $\Theta$  stood for  $a \acute{a}\omega$   $a \acute{a$ 

θαείτο, 3 sing impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θάεο, imperat. of θάομαι.

θαίομαι, Dor. for Att. θεάομαι Ιοπ. θηέομαι. Hence θάημα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, α sight, spectacle. θαητός ή, όν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός.

θαίμάτια, crasis for τὰ ἰμάτια

ΘAIPO'Σ, δ, the binge of a door or gate.

θακέω, f ήσω, (θακος) to sit. esp. as a suppliant, to

take a seat: c. acc. cognato, έδρας παγκρατείς θακείν to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\theta \bar{\alpha} \kappa \epsilon \omega)$  a sitting, seat.

θακος, δ, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θωκος.

θαλάμαξ,  $\bar{\alpha}$ κος,  $\delta$ , =  $\theta$ αλαμίτης.

θάλάμενμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, a dark chamber or dwelling-place.

θαλάμη, ή, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, bole. [ă]

θάλαμήτοs,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (θάλαμοs) of or for a chamber or dwelling: fit for building one.

θάλαμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in the lady's chamber. II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος, δ οι ή, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θαλάμιος, a, ov, (θάλαμος) belonging to the chamber. As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, δ, = θαλαμίτης. II. θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κώπη), the oar of the θαλαμίτης. 2. (sub. δπή), the bole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-hole.

θαλαμίτης, ου, ό, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [τ]

θάλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

• ΘΑ'ΑΑ'ΜΟΣ, δ, an inner room or chamber:

the women's apartment, inner part of the bouse.

a bed-room, bride-chamber.

any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep.

II.

the lowest part or bold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίται sat.

θάλασσα Att. — ττα, ή, (ἄλs) the sea: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ἥδε ἡ θάλασσα, ή καθ' ἡμᾶs θάλασσα, ή καθ ο θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it nostrum mare), and the Ocean ἡ ἔξω θάλασσα: metaph., θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of salt or brackish water. Hence

 $\theta \tilde{a} \lambda a \sigma \sigma a \hat{i} o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \theta a \lambda \acute{a} \sigma \sigma i o s$ .

θάλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. marinus; θαλάσσια έργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια amals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαΐα.

2. skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θάλασσο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make much ado about nothing.

θάλασσο-κράτέω, f. ήσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be master of the sea.

θάλασσο-κράτωρ, ορος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (θάλασσα, κρατέω) master of the sea.

θάλασσό-πλαγκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) seadriven, tempest-tossed.

θάλασσό-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) seabeaten.

θάλασσο-πόρος, ον, (θάλασσα, πόρος) sea-faring. θάλασσ-ουργός, όν, (θάλασσα, \*ξργω) working at sea: as Subst., θαλασσουργός, ό, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσ-.

θάλεα, τά, (θάλειν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλίθω, poet. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourisb.

θάλεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , blooming, luxuriant, bounteous,  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$  δαιτὶ  $\theta$ αλεί $\eta$  at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an obsol. Adj.  $\theta$ άλνε, derived from  $\theta$ αλε $\hat{\epsilon}\nu$ . II. as prop. n. Θάλεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , one of the Muses, the blooming one: later esp. the Muse of Comedy.

 $\theta$ αλεῖν, aor. 2 mf. of  $\theta$ άλλω.

θαλερός, ά, όν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous, active.

II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θὰλερ-ῶπις, ιδος, ή, (θαλερός, ώψ) with bright eyes. θαλέω, Dor. for θηλέω.

**Θάλ**η̂s, δ, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλη̂, acc. Θαλη̂ν: but also Θάλητοs, ητι, ητα, and Θαλοῦ: *Thales* of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θάλία, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer, wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast. θαλλήσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω

from  $\theta \eta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ .

θαλλός, δ, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: δ της ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also, ἰκτηρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, ον, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olivebranches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑ'ΛΛΩ, fut.  $θ\bar{α}λ\hat{ω}$ : aor. 2  $\tilde{\epsilon}θ\tilde{α}λον$ : pf.  $τ\tilde{\epsilon}θηλα$  (in pres. sense), part.  $τ\tilde{\epsilon}θηλ\hat{ω}$ s, Ep. fem.  $τ\tilde{\epsilon}θθλω\hat{α}$ ; 3 sing. plqpf.  $τ\tilde{\epsilon}θηλ\epsilon$ ι:—to bloom, flourisb, to sboot out, to swell, be rich in a thing: the part.  $τ\tilde{\epsilon}θηλ\hat{ω}$ s is used absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant 2. metaph. to bloom, flourisb, prosper: to be at the beight.

ΘΑ'ΛΟΣ, εος, το, hke θαλλός, a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child, scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπιάω, Ep. part. θαλπιόων, (θάλπω) to be or become warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ή, όν, warming, fostering. From θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλπω) warmth, beat, esp. summerbeat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. me-

taph. a sting, smart, tingling. θαλπτήριος, ον, warming. From

 $\Theta$ A'ΛΠΩ, f.  $\psi\omega$ : aor. I  $\epsilon\theta$ a\psi = Pass., aor. I  $\epsilon\theta$ a\phi\phi\phi\phi: pf. inf.  $\tau\epsilon\theta$ a\phi\phi\phi\alpha:—to warm, beat. Il metaph. to beat, inflame. 2. to forter, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ή, a warming: metaph. a comfort. θαλυκρός, ά, όν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

θαλύσια (sub. lepá), lων, τά, (θαλεῖν) lbe firstlings of the barvest, offering of first-fruits. [v] Hence

θαλυσιάs, άδοs, ή, fem. Adj., of or for the offering of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (ἄμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II. of Time, often, oft-times, frequent.

θ**ἄ**μάκῖ**s**, Adv. = θαμά II.

θαμβαίνω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ήσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θάμβος, εος, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stupor. (From Root TAΦ-, see τέ-θηπα.)

θαμέες, oi, ai, dat. θαμέσι. acc. θαμέας, (θαμά)

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύs), crowded, close, thick.

θάμειος, ά, όν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.
θάμιζω, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequen-

tare: - to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμινά, neut. plur. of θαμινύς, as Adv., = θαμά.

θάμινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ , = θαμειός. θάμνος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (θαμινός)  $\dot{\alpha}$  bush, shrub.

θανάστμος, ον, (θάνατοι) deadly:—Adv. - μως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. 11. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανατάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die

θανάτηφορία, ή, a causing of death. From θανάτη-φόρος, ον, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.

θανατιάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θάνατόεις, εσσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θάνατόν-δε, Adv. to death.

θάνᾶτος, δ, (θῶνεῖν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death.

II. as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of

Sleep. III. a corpse.

θάνατούσια (sub. lepá), ίων, τά, (θάνατοι) a feast of the dead.

θάνατοω, f. ώσω, (θάνατοι) to put to death: metaph. to mortify.

II. to condemn to death.

θάνον, Ερ. 201. 2 οf θνήσκω.

θάνειν Ερ. θανέειν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκω.

θανείσθαι Ερ. θανέεσθαι, fut. inf of θνήσκω.

θανοΐσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκω.

**ΘΑ'ΟΜΑΙ,** f. θήσομαι Dot. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθησάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire.

II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. Ι έθαψα: pf. τέτἄφα: Pass., fut. 2 τἄφήσομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. Ι έθάφθην, aor. 2 ἐτάφην [α]: pf. τέθαμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάμαται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ων, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ῶνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλέος, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ... θαρσάλέος, α, ον, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαρσάλεον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλεάτερος. Adv. -έως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part of θαρσέω.

θαρσέω Att. θαρρέω: f. ήσω: (βάρσοε):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured, θάρσει take courage! be of good beart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. tei, to feel confident about, bave no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρσησις, εως, ή, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΡΣΟΣ or ΘΡΑΣΟΣ Att. Cappos, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσούντως Att. θαρρούντως, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω

θάρσϋνος, ov, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω, f. """ ν"" ν"", "" (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer.

II. "" mtr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. "" ν" ν"

θασαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάομαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. 1 inf. of θάομαι.

θασόμενος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι. Θάστος, a, ον. (Θάσος) from Thasos, Thastan: η Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκῶν Θασίαν to mux this pickle.

ΘΑ ΣΣΩ Ep. θαάσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσων Att. θάττων, ον, Comp. of ταχύs, quicker, swifter: θᾶσσον as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρα, see έτερος.

θάττων, Att. for θάσσων.

θαθμα Ion. θώνμα ot θώμα, ατος, τό, (θάομαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαθμα ἰδέσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαθμα ἀκοῦσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαύματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols.

II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ι΄on. θωϋμ- or θωμ-: fut. -άσομαι Ερ. -άσομαι, later in act. form -άσω: aor. 1 ἐθαύμᾶσα: pf. τεθαύμακα:—Pass, fut.θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐθαυμάσθην: (θαῦμα):—to wonder, be astonished. 2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρών my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαίνω, fut. ἄνῶ Ερ. ἄνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at. θαυμάστος, α, ον, Ιοπ. θωϋμ— οτ θωμάστος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv.—[ωs. marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (θαυμάσιος, έργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglets.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θωυμ- οτ θωμ-, ή, όν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous-admirable, excellent Adv. -τως, wonderfully. θαυμάτόομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a

θαυμ**άτόομαι**, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυμάτοποιέω, f. ήσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, όν, (θαθμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτός, ή, όν, Ερ. for θαυμαστός.

θαυμάτουργέω, f. ήσω, = θαυματοποιέω. From θαυμάτ-ουργός, όν, (θαῦμα, \*έργω) = θαυματοποιόε. θάψαι, 20r. 1 inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, η, ον, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

θάψος, ή, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

\*ΘΑ'Ω, Ep. for the prose θηλάζω: aor. 1 inf θησαι:
—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θησθαι, to suck,
milk, ἐπηετανὸν γάλα θησθαι milk to suck the year
round; 3 sing. aor. 1, θησατο μαζόν be sucked the breast.

\*θάω, Lacon σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι. θεά, ή, fem. of θεόs, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεά), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ

θεαί the Eumenides or Furies.

 $\theta \in \bar{\Lambda}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\theta \in \hat{\Lambda} \circ \mu a \iota)$  a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεάθηναι, 201. I inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θέαινα, ή, poet, for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αίτητος, ον, (θεός, αίτεω) asked of the gods.

θέāμα Ion. θέημα, ατος, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος, ό, ή, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ā]

θεάσμαι, f θεάσσμαι [ā], Ion. θεήσσμαι: aor. I  $\xi$ θεᾶσάμην: pf. τεθέᾶμαι: Dep.: (θάσμαι: —to view, gaze at, bebold; of θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I  $\xi$ θεάθην in pass. sense, to be seen. See θάσμαι, θηέσμαι.

θεαρός, δ. Dor. for θεωρός.

θεατής Ιοη. θεητής, οῦ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. θεατός, ἡ, όν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρίζω, f. σω, (θέατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θέπτρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience. 3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show.

θε-ειδής, ές, (θεώς, είδως) = θεωειδής.

θέειον, τό, poet. for θείον, brimstone.

θέειος, η, ον, Ep. for θείος, divine.

θεειούται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θεειόω.

θεειόω, Ep. for θειώω, to smoke with brimstone, θέεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

Occurrence, Ion. Impl. of

**θέη**, ή, Ion. for θέα.

θεήτος, η, ον, Ion. for θέειας, θείος, divine.

θε-ήλάτος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

 $\theta \in \eta - \mu \check{\alpha} \chi (\check{\alpha}, \check{\eta}, \theta \in \eta - \mu \check{\alpha} \chi o s, o \nu$ , poet, for  $\theta \in \partial \mu - \iota$ 

θεήμων, ονος, δ, ή, Ion. for θεάμων.

θεη-πολέω, θεη-πολός, όν, poet. for θεοπ-. θεήσεαι, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι.

θέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θεητής, οῦ, ὁ, Ιοπ. for θεατής.

θεητός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεία, ή, fem. of θείος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. amita and matertera.

θειάζω, f. σω, (θείος) to practise divinations. Hence

θειασμός, δ, practice of divinations. Θείβαθεν, Θείβαθι, Acol. for Θηβ-.

θείεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείην, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

 $\theta \in (\kappa \in \lambda_{OS}) = \theta \in \sigma \kappa \in \lambda_{OS}$ .

θειλό-πεδον, τό, (είλη, πέδον) a place in the sunsbine, where things were put to dry.

θείμεν, for θείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεΐναι, aor a inf. of  $\tau(\theta\eta\mu\iota;$ —also aor. I inf. of θείνω.  $\Theta$ ΕΙ΄ΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. I ἔθεινα: aor. 2 ἔθενον, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part. θενών:—to strike, dasb.

 $\theta \epsilon \iota \acute{o} - \delta o \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\theta \epsilon \hat{\iota} o s$ ,  $\delta \acute{\epsilon} \mu \omega)$  god-built.

θείομεν, Ερ. for θέωμεν, θωμεν, 1 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ερ. θέειον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , (θεῖοs) brimstone, Lat. sulfur. θεῖον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , neut. of θεῖοs, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity.

II.  $τ \dot{a}$  θεῖa, the acts or attributes of the gods.

2. religious observances.

θείος, a, ov, (θεόε) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, boly, sacred.
3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΓΟΣ, ώ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patruus and avunculus: fem. θεία.

θειστέρωs, Adv. Comp. of θείωs.

θειότης, ητος, ή, (θείος) divine nature, divinity.

θειό-χροος, ου, contr. -χρους, ουν, (θείου, χρόα) brimstone-coloured.

θειόω Εp. θεειόω: f. ωσω; (θείον):--to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify

θείς, θείσα, θέν, 20r. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θείτε, θείσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

 $\theta \epsilon l \omega$ , paet, for  $\theta \epsilon \omega$ , to run.

θείω, Ep. for  $\theta$ έω,  $\theta$  $\hat{\omega}$ , aor. 2 subj. of  $\tau$ ίθη $\mu$ ι.

θει-ώδηs, εs, (θείον, είδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θείωs, Adv. of θείοs, by divine providence. Comp. θειστέρωs, by more special providence

θελγεσί-μῦθος, ον, (θέλγω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

 $\theta \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \epsilon \sigma \kappa \sigma v$ , Ion. impf. of  $\theta \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \omega$ ,

θέλγητρον, τό, (θέλγω) a charm or spell.

 $\Theta$ E'ΛΓΩ, f.  $f\omega$ : aor. I  $f\theta \epsilon \lambda f\alpha$ :—Pass., aor. I  $f\theta \epsilon \lambda \chi \theta \eta \nu$ :—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θέλεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary,

 $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu a$ ,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $(\theta \in \lambda \omega)$  will.

θέλησις, εως, ή. (θέλω) a willing, will

θελκτήρ, ηρος, δ, (θέλγω) a charmer. Hence θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means

or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλγω) charming, enchanting.

θέλκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a cbarm.

θέλκτωρ, ορας, δ, ή, = θελκτήρ.

θέλξαι, aor. I inf. of θέλγω.

 $\theta$ ελξεῖ, Dor. for  $\theta$ έλξει, 3 sing. fut. of  $\theta$ έλγω.

θελξί-voos, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (θέλγω, νούε) charming or witching the heart.

θελξί-πικρος, ον,  $(\theta \ell \lambda \gamma \omega, \pi \iota \kappa \rho \delta s)$  deliciously bitter. θελξί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος,  $(\theta \ell \lambda \gamma \omega, \phi \rho \eta \nu) = \theta \epsilon \lambda \xi \iota \nu \cos s$ . θέλοισα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω. θέλυμνα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

 $\Theta$ **Ε'** $\Lambda$  $\Omega$ , impf. ἔθελον: fut. θελήσω: aor. 1 ἐθέλησα: shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; "Aµμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμείλια, τά, Ep. for  $\theta$ εμέλια, =  $\theta$ έμεθλα;  $\theta$ εμείλια θέσαν οι προβάλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus. θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμείλια, the foundation: τα θεμέλια = θεμείλια, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), δ, a foundation stone; οί θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιόω, f. ώσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: -Pass. to bave the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Εp. for θείναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι. θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu i$ .

θεμερός, όν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-ώπις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θεμερός,  $\ddot{\omega}\psi$ ) of serious countenance, bonest.

θεμίζω, (θέμις) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poët. aor. I θεμίσσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control. θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θεμίς, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

**ΘΕ'ΜΙΣ**, ή, Ep. gen.  $\theta \in \mu \sigma \tau \sigma s$ , acc.  $\theta \in \mu \nu := in$ Homer as prop. n. Θέμις, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιος, voc. Θέμι: right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμις ἐστί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ή θέμις ἐστί as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl.  $\theta \dot{\epsilon}$ μιστεs, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence 3. existing laws or ordinandues, tribute, etc. 4. law-suits: also courts to administer jus-III. Θέμις as prop. n., tice: judicial sentences. Themis, goddess of law and order, Justice.

θεμι-σκοπός, όν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) keeping order.

θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, δ, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, -as, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμιs.

θεμιστείος, a, ov, (θέμις) lawful, righteous.

θεμιστεύω, f. σω, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμιs.

θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμις, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ή, όν,  $(\theta \epsilon \mu i \zeta \omega)$  sanctioned by law, lawful. θεμίτός, ή, όν, Ερ. for θεμιστός.

 $\Theta$ EMO' $\Omega$ , an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I, νηα θέμωσε χέρσον ίκέσθαι be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

-0ev, insep. Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to  $-\delta \epsilon$ , as,  $oiko\theta \epsilon \nu$ , oipavόθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as  $\Delta \iota \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\theta \epsilon \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally  $-\theta \epsilon \nu$  was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, σέθεν, ἔθεν.  $\theta$  έν $\delta$ ρ,  $\delta$ ρο $\delta$ ς,  $\delta$ ος,  $\delta$ είνω,  $\delta$ είνω) the part of the hand with which one strikes, the flat of the hand: άλλος θέvap the surface of the sea.

θέο, Ep 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι. θεοβλάβέω, to sin against the gods. From

θεο-βλάβήs, έs, (θεόs, βλαβηναι) stricken of God. visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

 $\theta \in 0$ - $\gamma \in v \circ \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\theta \in \delta s$ ,  $\gamma \in v \circ v \circ a)$  begotten of a god. θεό-γλωσσος, ον, (θεύς, γλώσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ή, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

 $\theta \in \delta$ -yovos,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\theta \in \delta s, *\gamma \in \nu \omega)$  born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεύς, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

 $\theta$ εο-δήλητος, ον,  $(\theta$ εός,  $\delta$ ηλέομαι) burtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-δίδακτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [τ]  $\theta \epsilon \delta \delta \mu \eta \tau \sigma s$ , ov, Dor.  $-\delta \mu \bar{\alpha} \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\alpha$ , ov,  $(\theta \epsilon \delta s, \delta \epsilon \mu \omega)$ god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεο-ειδής, ές, (θεός, είδος) divine of form, beauteous as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup θεαιδέστατος.

 $\theta \in o - \epsilon (\kappa \in \lambda o s, o \nu, (\theta \in \delta s, \epsilon (\kappa \in \lambda o s)) godlike.$ θεοεχθρία, ή, a being bated by the gods. From  $\theta \epsilon \acute{o} - \epsilon \chi \theta \rho o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\theta \epsilon \acute{o} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \rho \acute{o} s)$  bated by the gods.  $\theta \epsilon \delta \theta \epsilon v$ , old gen. of  $\theta \epsilon \delta s$ , used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θέοισα, Dor for θέουσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλυτέω, f. ήσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

 $\theta$ εό-κλύτος, ον,  $(\theta$ εός, κλύω) calling on the gods.  $\theta \in \delta$ -kpavtos, ov,  $(\theta \in \delta s, \kappa \rho a i \nu \omega)$  wrought by the gods. θεό-κρῖτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods.  $\theta \in \delta$ -ktiotos, ov, and  $\theta \in \delta$ -ktitos, ov,  $(\theta \in \delta s, \kappa \tau i(\omega))$ created by God.

 $\theta$ εο-μανής, ές, ( $\theta$ εός, μαν $\hat{\eta}$ ναι) maddened by the gods; λύσσα θεομανής madness caused by the gods.

 $\theta \in \delta$ - $\mu \text{avtis}$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\theta \in \delta s, \mu \text{avtis})$  one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομάχέω, to fight against God: and

θεομάχία, ή, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God. θεο-μήστωρ, opos, ὁ, (θεόs, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

 $\theta \in 0$ - $\mu \bar{\iota} \sigma \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\theta \in \dot{\delta} s$ ,  $\mu \iota \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεύς, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.θεο-μυσής, ές, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the

 $\theta \in \delta$ -mais,  $\pi a \circ \delta os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $(\theta \in \delta s$ ,  $\pi a \circ s$ ) child of the gods. θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods. θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God. θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεο-ποιός, όν, (θεός, ποιέω) making statues of gods. θεό-πομπος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) god-tent.

θεο-πόνητος, ον, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god. θεο-πρεπής, ές, (θεός, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv.

θεοπροπέω, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέων; and

θεοπροπία, ή, or –ιον, τό, a prophecy. From θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divining: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, δ, a prophet.

public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf. θεωρός.

θεό-πτυστος, ον, (θείς, πτύω) abhorred by the gods.  $\theta \epsilon \acute{o}$ - $\pi \breve{v} \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\theta \epsilon \acute{o} s$ ,  $\pi \hat{v} \rho)$  kindled by the gods.

**θέ-ορτος**, ον, (θεό**ς**, ὅρνυμαι) sprung from the gods. **ΘΕΟ'Σ**, δ, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God, as, Θεόs δώσει God will grant; or, θεόs τις a god, some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θείον - $\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu \theta \epsilon \dot{\varphi}$ ,  $\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu \theta \epsilon o is$ ,  $o \dot{\nu} \kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \theta \epsilon o \hat{\nu}$ , Lat. non sine diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεόν against bis will: -as an oath, προs θεων by the gods, in God's II. fem. θεόs, for θεά, θέαινα, a goddess: esp. in Att. phrase τω θεώ the two goddesses, i.e. Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp.  $\theta \in \omega \tau \in pos$ , more divine.

θεόσ-δοτος, ον,  $(\theta \epsilon \dot{c}s, \delta i\delta \omega \mu \iota)$  given by the gods.

θεόσ-δωρος, ον, poet. for θεοδώρητος.

θεοσέβεια, ή, the worship or fear of God. From θεο-σεβής, ές, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipping God, religious, devout. Adv. -βωs, religiously.

θεό-σεπτος, ον, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshit ped as a god.

θεο-σέπτωρ, ορος, ό, = θεοσεβής.

θεοσ-εχθρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θεόs,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθρόs) batred of the gods,

ungodliness, impiery.

θεόσ-σύτος, ον, poet, for θεόσυτος, sent by the gods. θεο-στήρικτος,  $c\nu$ , (θεόs, στηρίζω) supported by God. θεο-στιβής, ές, (θεός, στιβείν) trodden by God. θεο-στυγής, ές, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or

of God, abominable. II. act. bating God.

θεο-στύγητος, ov, bated of the gods.

θεό-σύτος, poet. also θεόσ-συτος, ον, (θεύς, σεύω) sent by the gods.

 $\theta \epsilon \delta$ -raupos,  $\delta$ ,  $(\theta \epsilon \delta s, \tau \alpha \hat{v} \rho o s)$  the god-bull, a name for Zeus changed into a bull.

 $\theta \in 0$ - $\tau \in (\chi \eta s, \epsilon s, (\theta \in \delta s, \tau \in \hat{\iota} \chi \circ s)$  walled by the gods. θεό-τευκτος, ον, (θεώς, τεύχω) made by God. θεότης, ητος, ή, (θεός) divinity, divine nature. θεο-τίμητος, ον, (θεύς, τιμάω) bonoured of God.

θεό-τίμος, ov, bonoured of God.

θεό-τρεπτος, ον, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods. θεο-τρεφής, ές, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.

θεουδεία, ή, the fear of God, boliness.

θεουδής, ές, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence θεο-φάνια (sub. ίερά), τά, (θεόs, φανηναι) a festival at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn to the people.

θεο-φιλής, έε, (θεόε, φιλέω) beloved of the gods. θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεόε: esp. in phrase, θεόφιν μήστωρ ἀτάλαντος.

 $\theta \in 0$ - $\phi \circ \rho \to 0$ ,  $(\theta \in \circ s, \phi \circ \rho \in \omega)$  inspired by a god. II. act, carrying a god or goddess.

θεο-φόρος, ον, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. θεύφοροs, ov, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.

θεό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded, godly, devout, Lat. pius.

 $\theta \epsilon \delta \omega$ , f.  $\omega \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\theta \epsilon \delta s)$  to make into a god, deify.

 $\theta \in p \acute{\alpha} \pi \alpha \iota \nu \alpha$  and  $-\nu \acute{\iota} s$ ,  $\acute{\iota} \delta o s$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , fem. of  $\theta \in p \acute{\alpha} \pi \omega \nu$ ,  $\alpha$ waiting-maid, bandmaid.

θεράπεία Ion. – ηίη, ή,  $(\theta \epsilon \rho a \pi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega)$  a waiting on, service, attendance; θεραπεία θεων divine worship, a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical 3. a courting, paying court. treatment. body of attendants, suite, retinue.

θεράπευμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπεύω) service done, attendance, nurture: medical treatment.

θεράπευτέον, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cultivate: also one must cure.

θεράπευτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\delta$ , and θεραπευτής,  $o\hat{v}$ , (θερα- $\pi \epsilon (\omega)$  an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.

θεράπευτικός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\theta \epsilon \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega)$  inclined to serve, attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; h

θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the bealing art.

θεράπεύω, f. σω, (θεράπων) to wait on, attend, serve: to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to worship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, attend to, Lat. inserv.re commodo. 3. c. acc. rei, to take care of, provide for; θεραπεύειν το παρύν to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ημέρην to observe a day, keep it boly. 4. to tend the sick, to treat medically, to beal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate,

θεράπητη, Ion. for θεραπεία.

θεράπήιος, η, ον, Ion. and poet. for θεραπευτικός. θεράπνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poet. for θεράπαινα, a bandmaid:—and, θεραπνίς, ίδος, ή, poet. contr. from  $\theta$ εραπαινίς.

θεράποντίς, ίδος, ή, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid. **ΘΕΡΑ'ΠΩΝ**, ovτos, b, an attendant, servant, differing from δοῦλοs, as implying free service: in Homer, a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so, kings were Διός θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες 'Αρηο**s**, poets Μουσάων θεράποντεs. II. in Chios, the  $\theta \epsilon \rho \dot{\alpha} \pi o \nu \tau \epsilon s$  were slaves.

θέραψ, δ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in accus. θέραπα, nom. pl. θέραπες.

 $\theta$ épelos, a,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\theta$ épos) of, belonging to summer, in summer; αὐχμὸς θ. summer-drought; ἡ θέρεια, Ion. θερείη (with or without ώρα), summer-time, summer. θερέω, Ep. for  $\theta$ ερῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of  $\theta$ έρω.

θερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: 20r. Ι έθέρισα syncop. έθρισα: - Pass., aor. Ι έθερίσθην: pf. τεθέρισμαι:  $(\theta \epsilon \rho o s) := to mow, reap, cut, barvest corn := metaph.$ to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. II. intr. to pass the summer; also to pack up. cf. ἐαρίζω, χειμάζω.

**Depiveos**, a, ov,  $\Rightarrow$  **Depiveos**; roomal Depiveaths summer solstice, i. e. the 21st of June. [7]

θερίνος, ή, όν, (θέροs) prose form for θέρειοs, οf,

in, or during summer.

θερισμός, δ. (θερίζω) a mowing, reaping, barvesting. θεριστής, οῦ, δ. (θερίζω) a mower, reaper, barvest-man. θερίστριον οτ θέριστρον, τό, (θερίζω) a light summer-garment, opp. to χειμάστριον.

θερμαίνω, f.  $\tilde{\alpha}\nu\hat{\omega}$ : 201. 1  $\hat{\epsilon}\theta\hat{\epsilon}\rho\mu\eta\nu\alpha$ : (θερμόs):—to warm, beat:—Pass. to become warm or bot, grow bot, glow: metaph., θερμαίνεσθαι  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\pi$ ίσι to glow with bobe.

**θ**έρμη, ἡ, (θερμόs) heat, feverish heat. II. θέρμαι, αί, hot-springs, Lat. thermae.

θερμό-βλυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλύω) bot-bubbling.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) bot in counsel, rasb. θερμο-βότης, ου, ό, fem. θερμό-δοτις, ιδος, ή, (θερμός, δίδωμι) one who brought the hot water (Lat. calda) at baths or sacrifices, Lat. caldarius.

θερμο-εργός,  $\delta \nu_{\gamma} = \theta \epsilon \rho \mu o \nu \rho \gamma \delta \epsilon$ .

θερμό-vous, συν, (θερμός, νοθε) beated in mind.

**Θ**ερμο-πύλοι, ών, αἰ, (θερμός, πύλη) Hot-Gates, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [δ]

θερμός, ή, όν, also poët. όs, όν, (θέρω): warm, bot, boiling. II. metaph. bot, basty, rash, reckless. 2. active, ready. III.  $\tau \delta$  θερμόν, beat, Lat. calor: also, θερμόν (sub. ὕδωρ), bot drink, Lat. calda:  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$  θερμά (sub. χωρία), bot places, or (sub. λουτρά), bot baibs.

ΘE'PMOΣ, δ, the lupine.

θερμο-τράγέω, f. ήσω, (θέρμοε, τρώγω) to eat lupines. θερμ-ουργός, όν, (θερμόε, \*έργω) doing bot and basty acts, rasb, reckless, impetuous.

θέρμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) to warm, beat, make bot:—Pass. to grow bot.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) summer, summer-time: summerbeat: τὸ θέρος, absol., during summer; τοῦ θέρεος in the course of summer.

II. a barvest, a crop.

**ΘΕ**  $P\Omega$ , fut. θέρσω, to warm, heat:—Homer uses only Pass. θέρομαι, with fut. med. θέρσομαι, aor. 2 έθέρην in subj. θερέω for θερῶ: to become warm, grow bot, warm oneself; πυρὸς θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire.

θέs, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

**θέσαν**, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 2 of τίθημι.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of  $\tau$ lθημμ.

θέσες, εως, ή, (τίθημι) a setting, placing, arranging; επέων θέσις a setting of words in verse, poetry. II. a deposit of money, earnest-money. III. adoption as the child of some one; cf. θετός. IV. (from Pass. τίθεσθαι) a being placed, position, situation. 2. a position or thesis to be proved. V. in metre the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (άρσιε), in which it rises.

θέσ-κελος, ον, (θεός, έίσκω, ἴσκω) godlike: but generally, marvellous, wondrous, always of things, θεο-είκελος being used of persons; θέσκελα ἔργα works of wonder; neut. as Adv., ἔίκτο δὲ θέσκελον αὐτῷ he was wondrous like him.

θέσμιος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) according to law, lawful, legitimate: θέσμια, τά, as Subst. laws, customs, rites.

θεσμο-θέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (θεσμός, τίθημι) a lawgiver. II. the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the six junior archons: after their year expired they became members of the Areanager.

θεσμο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (θεσμόε, ποιέω) to make laws. θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμόε, πολέω) conversant with laws or customs.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, δ: irreg. pl. θεσμά, τά: (τίθημι):—a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. institutum: a rule, form, institution.
2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called θεσμοί, because each began with the word θεσμός; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Hence θεσμοσύνη, ἡ, justice, like δικαιοσύνη.

θεσμοφόρια, ων, τά, (θεσμοφόροs) the Thesmophoria, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter  $\Theta$ εσμοφόροs: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. σω, to keep the Thesmophoria; al Θεσμοφοριάζουσαι, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, τό, the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος.

θεσμο-φόροs, ον, (θεσμόs, φέρω) law-giving: epith of Demeter, Lat. Ceres, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρω Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, άκοι, δ, mostly in pl, θεσμο-φύλακει, like νομο-φύλακει, guardians of the law, a magistracy at Elis. [v]

θεσ-πέστος,  $\alpha$ , ov, also os, ov,  $(\theta \epsilon \delta s$ , έποs) of the voice, divinely sweet. II. more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally = θείος, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίη (sub. βουλῆ) as Adv., by the will of God. 2. wondrous, marvellous, excellent. 3. of anything sent by God, and so, awful, fearful. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. in divine manner; θεσπεσίωε εφόβηθεν they trembled unspeakably.

θεσπικδάής, έε, (θέσπιε, δαίω A) kindled by a god; θεσπιδαέε πῦρ supernatural, furious fire.

θεσπι-έπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσπιε, έποε) prophetic.

θεσπίζω, fut, ίσω Att. ιῶ, Ion. inf. θεσπιέειν: aor. I ἐθέσπισα Dor -ιξα: (θέσπιε):—to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine.

θεσπίξασα, Dor. for θεσπίσασα, aor. 1 part. fem. of foreg.

 $\theta \epsilon \sigma \pi \cos = 0$ ,  $\epsilon \sigma \pi \epsilon \sigma \cos \omega$ 

θέσ-πις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) inspired, prophetic, sarred.

II. = θείος II, divine, wondrous, awful.

θέσπισμα, aros, τό, (θεσπίζω) an oracle.

θεσπιφδέω, f. ήσω, to sing in prophetic strain. From

θεσπι-ωδός, όν, (θέσπις, φθή) singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, δ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ίδος, α Thessalian: also as Adj. Θεσσαλον σύφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people.

θέσσασθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. I, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσσαντο, part. θεσσάμενος.

(Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ον. (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic. θέσ-φάτος, ον, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, II. like  $\theta \in \hat{i}os$ , made by God, divine. Θετίδειον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From

Θέτις, ιδος, ή, Thetis, one of the Nercids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. adopted as one's child.

θεθ, Dor. and Ion aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ον, Dor. for θεόμορος.

θεῦς, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god. θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of  $\theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ . θευ-φορία, ή, Dor. for θεοφορία.

 $\Theta$ E'Ω Ep. also θείω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν πεδίοιο to run over the plain; περὶ τρίποδος θέειν to run for a thipod; περί ψυχης Εκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τον περί της ψυχής (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to

fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a III. of things which run in a conrolling stone. tinuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, ἄντυξ ή πυμάτη θέεν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round

at the verge of the shield.

θεώ, contr for θεάου, imperat. of θεάομαι.

 $\theta \in \omega \mu \in V$ . Ion. for  $\theta \hat{\omega} \mu \in V$ , I pl. aor. 2 subj. of  $\tau i$ -

θημι.

θεωρέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe; esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρόs or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τουμόν όμμα baving made my eyes behold; but see ¿wpéw. Hence

θεώρημα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced:

in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre. θεωρητικός, ή, όν, (θεωρέω) of or for speculation,

tbeoretic. θεωρία, ή, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; beaplas elvener for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflec-II. the sending of tempoi or state-ambastion. 'sadors to the oracle or games: also the body of  $\theta \epsilon \omega$ pol themselves. 2. the office of θεωρόs. pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρικός, ή, όν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors ( $\theta \in \omega pol$ ). τα θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ίδος, ή, with and without vaûs, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used

also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός,  $\delta$ , (θεός,  $\omega$ pa) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II, an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:-the Athenians sent  $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho o \ell$  to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, a,  $o\nu$ , Comp. of  $\theta$ εός, more divine.

 $\Theta$ ηβα-γενής, ές, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θήβαθι, Adv. at Thebes.

Θήβαζε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From ΘΗ BAI, ων, αί, poet. also Θήβη, ή, Thebes, the

name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing, and plur, of all.

Θηβαι-γενής, ές, = Θηβαγενής: and

Θηβαιεύς, έως Ion. έος, δ, ep. of Jove, the Theban: so Θηβαίοs, a, ov, and Θηβαϊκόs, ή, όν, Theban.

Θηβαίs, ίδος, ή, (Θήβαι) the Thebass, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebard, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θήβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θήβαζε.

 $\Theta$ ήβη, v.  $\Theta$  $\hat{η}$ βαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes. θηγάλέος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (θήγω) pointed, sharp.

act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ή, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [a]

θηγάνω, = θήγω.

ΘΗ ΓΩ, f. θήξω: aor. I έθηξα:-Pass., pf. τέθηγμαι .- to sharpen, whet :- Med., δύρυ θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. II metaph. to sbarpen, provoke, irritate.

θηεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of θη ϵομαι.

θηέομαι, f. -ησομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θαtoμαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. έθηείτο Ερ. θηείτο, Ion. 3 pl. έθηεύντο Ερ. θηεῦντο; ἐθηεύμεσθα Ιοη. 1 pl.; θηεύμενο**s** Ion. part.: θηήσαιο, -αιτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.: cf θάομαι.

θήηs, Ep. for θηs, 2 sing. 2 or. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ήρος, δ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one wbo gazes at, an admirer

θηητός, ή, όν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήιον, τό, Ep. for θείον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θείος, divine.

θήκα, Ep. aor. I of τίθημι.

θηκαίοs, a, ov, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulcbre of the dead; οἴκημα θηκαῖον a burial vault. From

θήκη, ή, (τίθημι) a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.

θηκτός, ή, όν, veib. Adj. of θήγω, sbarpened.

θηλάζω, fut. άσω Dor. άξω: (θηλή):—to give suck, suckle. II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων sucking. θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.

θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ήσω, (θηλή) to flourish, abound; c. gen., λειμώνες του ήδε σελίνου θήλεον the meadows were rich with violets and parsley.

II. to make to bloom.

θηλή, ή, (τέθηλα) the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, ές, (θηλυς, γενέσθαι) of female sex. θηλύ-γλωσσος, ον, (θηλυς, γλώσσα) with woman's

νηκο-γλωσσος, ου, (σηκος, γλωσσα) ωτιο ωσπακ s tongue. θηλυδρίας, ου, δ, Ιοκ. -(ης, (θηλυε) an effeminate

person. θηλυδρι-ώδης, ες, (θηλυδρίας, είδος) of womanish

kind, effeminate.

θηλυ-κρατής,  $\epsilon$ s,  $(\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda vs$ , κρατ $\epsilon \omega$ ) swaying women. θηλυ-κτόνος,  $\epsilon$ ον,  $(\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda vs$ , κτ $\epsilon (\nu \omega)$  slaying by women's bands.

θηλυ-μἄνής, ές, (θῆλυς, μανῆναι) mad for women. θηλυ-μελής, ές, (θῆλυς, μέλος) singing in soft strain.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ου,  $\delta$ , ( $\theta\hat{\eta}$ λυς, μίτρα) with a woman's bead-dress: fem. θηλύμιτρις, ιδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ .

θηλύ-μορφος, ον, (θῆλυς, μορφή) woman-shaped.
θηλύ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ουν, (θῆλυς, νοῦς)
of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. ὔνῶ: aor. I ἐθήλῦνα:—to make weak and womanisb:—Pass. to become so.

θηλύ-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , gen. -ποδος, ( $\theta \hat{\eta}$ λυς, πούς) θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot.

θηλύ-σπορος, ον, (θηλυε, σπείρω) born of woman; γέννα θηλίσπορος a race of females.

θηλύτερος, a,  $o\nu$ , v.  $\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda \nu s$  sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θῆλυε, τεκεῖν) bearing girls. θηλύ-φρων, ον, (θῆλυε, φρήν) of woman's mind.

θηλύ-χίτων, gen. ωνος, ό, ή, (θήλυς, χιτών) with a woman's frock or dress. [τ]

θημέρα, by crasis for τη ημέρα.

θήμετέρου, by crasis for του ήμετέρου.

θήμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ήμισυ.

θημών, ῶνος, ὁ, (τίθημ) like θωμός, a beap.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely now; ἢ θην in very truth; ού θην surely not.

θηξάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω. θηοῖο, Ep. for  $\theta \in \hat{\varphi}$ ο, 2 sing. opt. of θηέομαι.

ΘΗ'P, θηρόs, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, δ, a unld beast, a beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as θηρ λέων. 2. any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ή, (θήρ) a bunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything.

II. in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ου, δ, (θήρα, ἀγρεὖω) a bunter. θήραμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that which is caught, prey, booty.

θηράσιμος, ον, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

θηρατέος, α, ον, verb. Ad). of θηράω, to be caught or won.

II. θηρατέον, one must catch or win.

θηρατής, οῦ, ὁ, (θηράω) a bunter, bunter after.

θηρατικόs, ή, ύν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρατικὰ τῶν φίλων the arts for winning friends

θήρῶτρον, τό, (θηράω) at bing to catch with, a net, trap. θηράω, f. άσω οι θηράσομαι: (θήρα):—to bunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch.

2. metaph., like Lat. venari, to bunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly.

II. the Med. θηρῶμαι is used in Act. sense, to bunt after, seek for: also in Pass. to be bunted, pursued.

θῆρε, dual nom. of θήρ.

θήρειος, ον, (θήρ) of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periphr. for δ θήρ, the centaur.

θήρεσσι, Εp. for θηρσί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρεύω) spoil, prey, game. II. bunting.

θήρευσις, εως, ή, (θηρεύω) a bunting, the chase: metaph. a bunting after.

θηρευτής, οδ, ό, (θηρεύω) a bunter; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and buntsmen: also a fisher. Hence

θηρευτικός, ή, όν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες θ. hunting dogs, hounds: ή θηρευτική (with and without τέχνη), the art of hunting, the chase.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ) = θηράω, to bunt, run down, catch: to bit, strike: metaph to bunt or seek after:—
Pass. to be bunted: also to be preyed upon.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θήρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ήροε, and θηρήτωρ, οροε, δ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατήε, a bunter.

θηριομάχέω, f ήσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight with wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, ov, fighting with wild beasts.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, a wild animal, beast; esp. of such as are bunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp. to birds and men.

III. as real Dim. of θήρ, a little animal.

III. as a term of reproach, beast! like Lat. bellua, & δειλότατον σὸ θηρίον.

θηρι-ώδης, εε, (θηρίον, είδοε) full of wild beasts, infested by them, Lat. belluosus. II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

θηροβολέω, f. ήσω, to strike or kill wild beasts. From θηρο-βόλος, ον, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-βότος, ον, (θήρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts. θηρό-θυμος, ον, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, ον, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts. θηρ-ολέτης, ου, δ. (θήρ, ὅλλυμι) a slayer of beasts. θηρο-νόμος, ον, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-σκόπος, ον, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild

θηροσύνη, ή, (θήρ) bunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, ον, (θήρ, τεκείν) producing wild beasts. θηρο-τρόφος, ον, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild II. proparox. θηρότροφοs, pass. fed by beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (θήρ, \*φένω) slaying wild beasts.

θηρσί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρῶον, crasis for τὸ ἡρῶον.

 $\Theta H' \Sigma$ ,  $\theta \eta \tau \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , a serf or villain, who is bound to the soil, Lat. ascriptus glebae: also a bired labourer. They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other three being the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, ἱππεῖε, ζευγίται. This class took in all whose property in land yielded less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded from public service, but were employed as light-armed troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-II. fem. θησσα Att. θηττα, ή, a labourarmed. ıng girl. 2. as Ad<sub>1</sub>., θησσα τράπεζα a menial's fare.

θησαι, aor. I inf. of θάω, to suckle. θησαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of θάομαι = θεάομαι. θησάμενος, aor. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, (θησαυρύς) to store or treasure up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence θησαύρισμα, ατος, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός, ό, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up, treasure. II. a store or treasure-bouse: any receptacle for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησείον, τό, (Θησεύs) the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary for runaway slaves II. τὰ Θησεία (sub. lepά), the festival of Theseus.

θησεῖs, θησῶ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu i$ . θησείω, Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησέμεναι, θησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι. θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of  $\tau$ ίθημι.

Oησεύs, έωs, δ, Theseus, the most famous of the heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler, Civiliser.)

θησθαι, pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle.

θησσα Att. θηττα, fem. of θήs.

**θήσω,** fut. of τίθημι.

θητεία, ή, (θητεύω) bired service.

θητεύω, f. σω, (θήs) to be a menial, serve for bire. θητικός, ή, όν, (θήs) fit for menial service, menial. **θ**ηττα, Att. for *θ*ησσα.

-Ot, insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, αγρόθι, οἴκοθι, in the fields, at home. Like  $-\theta \epsilon \nu$ , it was originally a genitive termination, as in Ἰλιόθι πρό, ἢῶθι πρό

 $\theta (\delta \sigma - \dot{\alpha} \rho \chi \eta s, ov, \dot{\delta}, (\theta (a \sigma o s, \dot{\alpha} \rho \chi \omega))$  the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers.

θιασεία, ή, revelling. From

θίασεύω, (θίασος) to bonour with sacred revelry:— Pass., θιασεύεται ψυχάν be bas his soul imbued with Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΆΣΟΣ, δ, a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in bonour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company or troop. Hence

θίασοω, to make into a festive company.

θιάσως, Dor acc. pl. of θίασος.

θίασώτης, ου,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (θιασόω) the member of a company of revellers; c. gen., θιασώται τοῦ Ερωτος worshippers or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ- (which appears in aor. 2 and in te-tigi, pf. of tango): fut. θίξομαι: 201. 2 ξθίγον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less strong than απτομαι; then generally to touch: to touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγείν Ep. θιγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of θιγγάνω. θίγημα, ματος, τό, (θἴγεῖν) a touch.

 $\theta$ ίξομαι, fut of  $\theta$ ιγγάνω.

 $\Theta I'\Sigma$ , gen.  $\theta i \nu \delta s$ , Ep.  $\delta$ , later  $\dot{\eta}$  :—a beap of sand on the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl. θίνεs, sand-beaps, sand-banks: - then any beap; θίνεs νεκρών beaps of dead; όστεόφιν θία a beap of 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; 0is κελαινά a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ως μου τὸν θίνα ταράττεις how thou troublest the very bottom of my heart.

θλαστός, ή, όν, crushed, bruised. From

 $\Theta \Lambda A' \Omega$ , inf.  $\theta \lambda \hat{a} \nu$ : fut.  $\theta \lambda \hat{a} \sigma \omega$  [α]: aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon} \theta \lambda \tilde{a} \sigma a$ Ep. θλάσσα:-Pass., pf. τέθλασμαι:-to crush, bruise, pound, bray.

 $\Theta$ **ΛΙ**'BΩ [ $\bar{\imath}$ ]: fut.  $\theta$ λί $\psi$ ω: aor.  $\bar{\imath}$  ἔ $\theta$ λι $\psi$ α:—Pass, aor. Ι  $\epsilon\theta\lambda i\phi\theta\eta\nu$ , aor. 2  $\epsilon\theta\lambda i\beta\eta\nu$  [ $\epsilon$ ]: pf.  $\epsilon$  $\epsilon\theta\lambda i\mu\mu\alpha i$ : -to press, press bard, gall:—Med, θλίψεται ώμους be will rub bis shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress, afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένοs, bemmed in, confined, narrow. Hence

θλίψις, εως, ή, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph. oppression, affliction.

θνάσκω, Dor. for θνήσκω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θἄνοῦμαι, Ερ. inf. θανέεσθαι: aor. 2 έθανον, Ερ. inf. θανέειν: pf.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \eta \kappa a$ , whence syncop. pl.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \delta \mu \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \delta \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \hat{a} \sigma \iota$ ; imperat.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \theta \nu \check{a} \theta \iota$ ; opt.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu a \dot{\iota} \eta \nu$ ; inf.  $\tau \epsilon$ θνάναι [ἄ] Ερ. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ἄ], rarely τεθνάναι; part. τεθνεώς, τεθνεῶσα, τεθνεώς (or τεθνεύς) Ep. τεθνηώs, gen. ωτοs Ep. also τεθνηότος; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐτέθνἄσαν:—from τέθνηκα arose the Att. future forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:- to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior:—perf. rélynna I bave died, am dead; so too aor. 2 Elavov I died, am dead; part. lavor dead, Lat. mortuus.

II, metaph. of things, to die, perisb.

θνητο-γενής, έs, (θνητός, γενέσθαι) born of mortals, of mortal race.

θνητο-ειδής, ές, (θνητός, είδος) of mortal nature. θνητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν: Dor. θνατός, ά, όν, (θνήσκω):—mortal, opp. to ἀθάνατος; θνητοί mortals. 2. of things, befitting mortals, buman.

θοάζω, (θοόs) trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch. 2. intr. to move oneself quickly, hurry along. II. = θάσσω, θωκέω, to sit.

θοίματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θοίμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἰμάτιον.

θοινάζω, (θοίνη) = θοινάω, to feast. Hence

θοίναμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θοινάτήρ, ηροε, δ, (θοινάω) a feaster.

θοινατήριος, ον, (θοινάω) of or for a feast.

θοινάτικός, ή, όν, (θοινάω) of or for a feast.

θοινάτωρ, ορος,  $δ_i = θοινατήρ$   $[\bar{a}]$ 

**θοινάω**, f. ήσω, to feast on, eat. II. to feast, entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass, with fut. med. θοινάσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐθοινήθην, pf. τεθοίνᾶμαι:—to feast: to feast on, eat. From

OOI'NH, \(\delta\), a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: generally, food, provender.

θοινήτωρ, δ. Ιοπ. for θοινάτωρ.

θοινίζω, f. σω, (θοίνη) to feast, entertain.

θοῦτο, for θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt med. of τίθημι. θολερός, ά, όν, (θολός) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat. turbidus, properly of water. II. metaph. troubled by passion, turbid, agitated.

θολία, ή, (θόλοs) a round hat to keep the sun off ΘΟ'ΛΟΣ, ή, a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined.

OΛΟ Σ, δ, mud. II. the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (sepia), which it emits to hide itself, Lat.

loligo. Hence

θολόω, f. ώσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like Lat. perturbare, to trouble, disquiet.

θοός, ή, όν, (θέω) quick, active, ready; θοή νός quickly-passing night; θοή δαίς a basty meal.

II. sbarp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands

θοδω, f. ώσω, (θούs) to make sharp or pointed.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

θορείν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.

θορή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = θορόε.

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θρώσκω, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θορός, δ, (θορείν) the semen genitale of the male.

θορούμαι, fut. of θρώσκω.

θορυβεύσιν, Dor. 3 pl. of θορυβέω.

θορτβέω, f. ήσω, (θόρυβοι) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence, 1. to cheer, applaud. 2. to groan, murmur at one. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence

θορύβητικόs, ή, όν, inclined to riot, tumultuous. ΘΟΡΥΒΟΣ, ό, the noise of a crowded assembly,

1. in token of approbation, applause, cheers

2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar, groaning.

θορών, aor. 2 part. of θρώσκω.

θοῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θούδωρ, θούδατος, by crasis for τὸ ὕδώρ, τοῦ ὕδατος. Θουριό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (Θούριον, μάντις) a Thurian prophet, generally a soothsayer.

θούρις, ιδος, ή, fem. of sq.

θούρος, δ, (θορεῖν) leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager:—fem. θούρις, ίδος, mostly as epith. of άλκή, impetuous might; θουρίς ἀσπίς shield of impetuous warrior.

θόωκος, δ, Ep lengthd. from  $\theta \hat{\omega} \kappa \sigma$ , a seat. 2. a sitting, assembly.

θοώs, Adv. of θοόs, quickly, soon.

Θράκη Ion. Θρηΐκη poet Θρήκη, ή, Thrace.

Θράκιος, a, ov, Ion. Θρητικός poet. Θρήκιος, (Θράξ) of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θρῶνεύω, f. σω, (θρῶνοs) to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan: θρανεύσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, to be tanned.

θρανίον, τό, Dim of θρανος, a small bench, stool.

θρανίτης, v,  $\dot{v}$ , (θρανος) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης,  $[\bar{\iota}]$ 

θρανίτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of θρανίτης.

OPANOZ, &, a bench, form esp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme.

Θράξ, Θρακός, ό; Ion. Θράζ, Θρήικος, poet. Θράξ, Θρηκός, α Thracian.

θράξαι, θράξον, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσεως, Adv. of θρασύς, boldly: Comp θρασύτερον, Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘΡΑΊΣΟΣ, εοε, τύ, = θάρσοε, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rasbness, presumption, impudence, [a]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ή, Ion, and poet. Θρήσσα Dor. Θράσσα, a Thracian woman.

θράσσω Att. θράσσω, fut. ξω, Att. contr. from τα-ράσσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.

θρασύ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυιον) relying on strength of limb.

θράσυ-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) bold of beart, stout-bearted.

θρασύ-μέμνων, ον, gen ovos, (θρασύς, μένω) bravely patient; cf. Μέμνων.

θράσὕ-μήδης, ες, (θρασύς, μῆδος) bold of device, daring, resolute.

θράσύ-μητις, ιδος, ό, ή, (θρασύς, μῆτις) = θρασυμήδης. θράσυ-μήχανος Dor. -μάχανος, ον. (θρασύς, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving.

θράσύ-μῦθος, ον, (θρασύς, μῦθος) bold of speech.

θράσύνω, f. τνω (θρασύς) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage: - Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θρασύνεσθαί τινι to rely on one.

θράσυ-πόλεμος poet. θρασυπτόλεμος, ον, (θρασύε, πόλεμοs) bold in war.

θράσύ-πονος, ον, (θρασύς, πύνος) bold at work.

ΘΡΑΣΥ Σ, εία, ύ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturous, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θράσύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (θρασύε, σπλάγχνον) bold-

bearted.

θράσυστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θράσυστομία, ή, licence of speech, insolence. From θρ**α**σύ-στομος, ον, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θράσύτης, ητος, ή, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rasbness, audaciousness. [v]

θράσύ-χειρ, χειροε, δ, (θρασύε, χείρ) ή, bold of hand.

Θράττα, Att. for Θράσσα. θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

θραυσ-άντυξ, την δ, ή, (θραύω, άντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραθσμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥ'Ω, f. σω: 201. I έθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

θρέξασκον, Ion. for έθρεξαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of τρέχω. θρέξομαι, fut. of  $\tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ .

θρέπτειρα, ή, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτέος, έα, έον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be II. θρεπτέον, one must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs, δ,  $(\tau \rho \hat{\epsilon} \phi \omega)$  a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριοs, ov, able to feed, feeding, nourisb-II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρεττάνελό, a sound imitative of the cithara.

θρέττε,  $τ \dot{o}$ , =  $τ \dot{o}$  θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἔνι μοι τὸ θρέττε the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of  $\tau \rho \epsilon \phi \omega$ .

θρέψα, poët. for ἔθρεψα, aor. 1 of τρέφω.

θρέψαιο, 2 sing. 2 or. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘPE'Ω, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, sbriek out, wail, lament.

 $\Theta$ ρηϊκίη, ή, Ep. for  $\Theta$ ράκη.

Θρητκιος, η, ον, Ερ. for Θρήκιος, Θράκιος.

 $\Theta$ ρηϊξ, ϊκος, δ, Ion. for  $\Theta$ ρηξ,  $\Theta$ ρηξ. Θρήϊσσα, ή, Ion. for Θρήσσα, Θρήσσα.

 $\Theta$ ρήκη, ή, Ion. for  $\Theta$ ράκη. Hence

Θρηκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and Θρήκηνδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρήκιος, η, ον, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρηνέω, f. ήσω, (θρηνος) to wail, lament, mourn: ἀοιδην θρηνείν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and

θρηνητήρ, ηρος, δ,θρηνητής, οῦ, δ, a mourner, wailer. θρήνος, δ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeralsong, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνυς, νος, δ, (θράνος) a footstool. 2. a bencb;  $\theta \rho \hat{\eta} \nu \nu s \ \hat{\epsilon} \pi \tau \alpha \pi \acute{o} \delta \eta s$ , the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

 $\Theta$ ρῆξ, ηκόε, δ, Ion. for  $\Theta$ ρῆξ.

θρησκεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (θρησκεύω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκεύω, f. σω, (θρησκος) to observe religiously, bold scrupulously.

θρησκητη, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗ ΣΚΟΣ, ov, religious.

 $\Theta$ ρῆσσα, Ion. for  $\Theta$ ρἆσσα.

Θρταί, ων, al, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ή, όν, triumphal. From

θρίαμβος, δ, a bymn to Bacchus: also a name of II. used to express the Roman tri-Baccbus. umphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκόs.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟ'Σ, o, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκός κυάνοιο a cornice of blue metal: - metaph. the coping-stone, last finisb. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκόω, f. ώσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλὴν έθρίγκωσεν αχέρδω be fenced it at top with thornbushes:-metaph. to build up even to the copingstone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙ'ΔΑΞ, ακος, ή, lettuce, Lat. lactūca. [٢] θρίζω, poet. syncop. for  $\theta \epsilon \rho i \zeta \omega$ .

Θρίν-ακία Ep. -ίη, ή, and Θρίν-ακρίς, ίδος, ή, (θρίvaf) the trident-land, sub. γη or νησος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, ἄκος, δ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίς) a trident,

three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΈ, ή, gen. τριχύς, dat. pl. θριξί:—the bair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard: Proverb., θρίξ ἀνὰ μέσσον only a bair's breadth off. II. a kind of omelette, OPΓON, τό, a fig-leaf.

so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves. OPIOΣ, δ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ήδεστος, ον, (θρίψ, έδω) worm-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρ $\bar{\iota}$ πόs, δ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ήσω, (θρόος) to cry aloud, sbrick forth: II. to frighten :generally, to speak, declare. Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟ'MBOΣ, δ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβ-ώδης, ες, (θρόμβος, είδος) curdled, clossed.

II. later, θρόνα are flowers embroidered on cloth. (Deriv. uncertain.) or berbs used as charms.

II. a chair of state, ΘΡΟ'NOΣ, δ, a seat, chair. throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θρούς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, II. a report, Lat. rumor. tumult, murmuring.

θρυαλλίδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυαλλίε.

ΘΡΥ ΑΛΛΙ Σ, ίδοs, ή, a wick.

θρυλέω (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ήσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλημαι: (θρῦλος):-to make a noise, to keep bab-II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a bling. thing, make a great talk of :- Pass. to be the common talk, το θρυλουμένον οι τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρῦλίζω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. ίσω: (θρῦλοs):—to

make a false note in playing on the cithara

θρυλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces: -Pass. to be shivered; Ep aor. I θρυλίχθην. (Akın to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλος), δ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

**ΘΡΥ'ON**, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

II. pass. θρυπτικός, ή, όν, breaking, crushing. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From  $\Theta$ **ΡΥ΄ΠΤΩ**, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἔθρυψα:—Pass., fut. med, in pass, sense, θρίψομαι: aor. 2 ἐτρύφην [τ]: pf. τέθρυμμαι:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to II. metaph. in Pass. to be be broken, crushed. enfeebled, enervated. III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαί τινι to feel pride in a

thing. Hence θρύψις, εως, ή, a breaking in pieces. II. me-

taph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θοροῦμαι Ιοη. θορέομαι: aor. 2 έθορον, inf. θορείν Ep. θορέειν: -to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the hel-2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate. θρωσμός, δ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of

a hill from the plain. Θυβριάς, άδος, ή, and Θύβρις, ιδος, ή, =  $\Theta \nu \mu \beta$ -. ΘΥ ΓΑ'THP, ή, gen. θυγατέρος contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγάτέρι θυγατρί, acc. θυγάτέρα Ep. θύγατρα,

voc. θύγατερ: a daughter. Hence

θύγατρίδη, ή, a daughter's daughter, granddaughter.

θύγατρίδους, ου, Ion. -ιδέος, έου, δ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl θύεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\theta \dot{\nu} \omega)$  a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns | tempest; πυρος θύελλαι storms of lightning; ατης θύελλαι storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θύοs.

θυη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύήεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fra-

θύηλή, ή, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ήσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices: -Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολία, ή, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγείν) consuming offerings. θυία or θύα [v], ή, (from θύω to smell): a sweetscented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θυῖαι,  $\hat{\omega}\nu$ ,  $\alpha i_1 = \theta \nu_i \dot{\alpha} \delta \epsilon s$ .

θυιάς or θυάς, gen. άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύϊνος, η, ον, made of the wood of the tree θυία. θυίω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim of θύλακος, a small bag.

**ΘΥ'ΛΑΚΟΣ**, δ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence θύλημα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [v]

θυμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγκαρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ανω, (θυμός) to be wroth or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ές, (θυμός, άλγέω) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ωπος, δ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember. θυμαρέω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-άρης  $[\bar{a}]$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\theta v \mu \delta s$ ,  $\delta \rho$ - $\alpha \rho \epsilon \hat{i} v)$  suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥ'MBPA, ή, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, ον, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δειπνον) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάς, άδος, ή, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θύμβρις, ιδος, ή, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγείν) eating the berb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one bad eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμέλη, ή, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. in the Athen, theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ή, όν, of or for the thymele, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ήσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ές, (θύμος, ήδος) well-pleasing, dear. θυμίαμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιατήριον Ιοπ. -ητήριον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censer. θυμιάω, f. άσω, [ā]: Ion. aor. ι ἐθυμίησα: (θυμα, θύελλα, ή, (θύω) a storm, a burricane, whirlwind, | θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμιηται, for -αται, to be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [τδ]

θυμίημα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμιήται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμιάω.

θυμιητήριον, τό, Ion. for θυμιατήριον.

θύμινος, η, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [τ] θυμίτης, ου, δ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ές, (θυμός, βαρός) heavy at heart.

θυμοβορέω, f. ήσω, to gnaw or vex the heart. From θυμο-βόροs, ον, (θυμόs, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θῦμο-δἄκής, ές, (θυμός, δακεῖν) biting the heart. θυμο-ειδής, ές, (θυμός, είδος) bigh-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. bot-tempered, passion-

ate: of horses, restive, wild.

θῦμο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-bearted. Θῦμό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of propheti

θυμό-μαντις, εως, δ, ή, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μάχέω, f. ήσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\theta v \mu \delta s$ ,  $\pi \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta \delta s$ ) wrathful.

θυμο-ραϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (θυμός, ἐαίω) life-destroying.

θυμός, ὁ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat.

anima; θυμὸν ἀφελέσθαι, ὁλέσαι to take away, destroy the life.

II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus; ἀνώγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμόν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῷ φιλέειν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most precious to my soul.

2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage.

III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαίζετο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θύμος [v], ου, ό, οτ εος, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a muxture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικόs, ή, όν, of or like a man of genius, elever. From

θυμό-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθορέω, f. ήσω, to break the heart. From θυμο-φθόροs, ον, (θυμόs, φθείρω) life-destroying; θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs: of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμόω, f. ώσω, (θυμόs) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. - ώσομαι, aor. I έθυμωσάμην and έθυμώθην: pf. τεθύμωμαι:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; το θυμούμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, εε, = θυμοειδής.

θυμωθείς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμόω.

θύμωμα, ατος, τό, (θυμόω) wrath, passion. [v]

θυνέω. = θύνω.

θυννάζω, f. άσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fisb: to strike with a harpoon.

θύννειος, a, ov, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θυννευτικός, ή, όν, fit for tunny-fishing. From θύννος, δ, (θύνω, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. thunnus.

θυννοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυννο-σκόπος, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θυνν-ώδης, ες, (θύννος, είδος) like a tunny-fish, simple. θύννως, Dor. for θύννους, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [v]

θύο-δόκος, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύόεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant. θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θυία. θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part.

θύων. θύως, ϵοs, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύοσ-κέω, (θύος, κέω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

θύοσκόος, ov, δ, the sacrificing priest.

θύοω, ſ. ώσω, (θύοs) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass. έλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ή, Germ. THUR, our DOOR; θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖs θύραιs at the doors, i. e. close at band. 2. the door of a carriage. 3. θύρη καταπακτή α trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύρασδε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὧσε θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Fp. -ηθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; ol θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖοs οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖοs ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θυραῖοs stranger men; ὅλβος θυραῖοs the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -σιν, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θυραυλέω, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θυραυλία, ή, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αυλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θυρέ-ασπις, ιδος, ή, (θυρεύς, ἀσπίς) a large shield. θυρές, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut.

II. a large oblong shield, Lat. scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ $\vec{v}$ ]

θύρη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θίραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρις, ίδος, ή, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window. θύροκοπέω, f. ήσω, to break a door open. From θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θύροω, f. ώσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοαν, (θύρσοε) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μανήs, έs, (θύρσοι, μανηναι) raving with the

thyrsus.

θύρσος, δ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in any and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing. θυρσο-χαρής, ές, (θύρσος, χαρηναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρωμα, ατος, τό, (θυρόω) a room with doors to II. a door with its frame.

θύρων, ωνος, δ, (θύρα) the door-way: a ball, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρωρός, δ, ή, (θύρα, ώρα) a door-keeper, porter. θθσαι, aor. I inf of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed.

θύσανος, δ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the alyis. [v]

θυσάνωτός, ή, όν, (θυσανόω) tasseled, fringed. θύσθλα, ων, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bac-

chic worship: Bacchic worship θύσία, ή, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing:

in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself. θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar.

θύστμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [τ]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ερ. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\theta \dot{\nu} \omega)$  of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστάδες λιταί the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

**θυσῶ**, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θύτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θυτήρ, ηροs, δ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θὕτήριον, τό, =  $θ \hat{v} \mu a$ 

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύφω.

 $\Theta \Upsilon'$ Ω (A), fut. θύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : 20r. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ θ $\bar{v}$ σα: pf.  $\tau \hat{\epsilon}$ θ $\bar{v}$ κα: -Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:-Pass., aor. I ἐτύθην [τ]: pf. τέθτμαι, also used in med. sense: -to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοιs to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμουε θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν έκατὸν βοῦε to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to bave a victim slain: hence to take the auspices.

 $\Theta \Upsilon' \Omega$  (B), f. θύσω [ $\bar{v}$ ], like θύνω, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along:

generally, to storm, rage.

θυ-ώδης, ες, (θύος, είδος) like incense, sweet-smelling. θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θυόω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

 $\theta \hat{\omega}$ ,  $\theta \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\theta \hat{\eta}$ , 20r. 2 subj. of  $\tau i \theta \eta \mu u$ .

θωή, ή, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή 'Αγαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θώκος, Ep. lengthd. θόωκος, δ, Ion. for θάκος, a seat, chair. II. a sitting, assembly; θωκόνδε to the sitting.

θῶμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for  $\theta \alpha \nu \mu$ -.

 $\Theta\Omega$ MIFE,  $i\gamma\gamma$ os,  $\delta$ , a cord, string, esp. a bowstring. θωμίζω, f ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θώμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ήμισυ, the balf. θωμός, δ, (τίθημι) a beap.

θωπεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θωπεύω) a flattering, flattery.

θώπευμα, ατος, τό, (θωπεύω) a piece of flattery, a

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θώπευμα, a bit of flattery. θωπεύω, f. σω, (θώψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle. θωπικός, ή, όν, (θώψ) fawning, flattering.

 $\theta \tilde{\omega} \pi \lambda a$ , crasis for  $\tau \tilde{a} \tilde{\upsilon} \pi \lambda a$ .

θώπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ ,  $= \theta \omega \pi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega$ . θωράκεῖον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to sheath in armour, cover with armour.

θωράκο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\theta \omega \rho \alpha \xi, \pi o i \epsilon \omega)$  making breastplates. θωράκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wear-

ing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ακος, Ion. θώρηξ, ηκος, δ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλόος θώρηξ a double curass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lo-2. the part covered by the breastplate, the rica. cbest. II. the breastwork of a wall; also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οῦ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

 $\theta \omega \rho \eta \xi$ ,  $\eta \kappa o s$ ,  $\delta$ , Ion. and Ep. for  $\theta \omega \rho a \xi$ .

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for

 $\theta\omega\rho\eta\xi\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ , aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, barness:-Pass. θωρήσσομαι, f. –ξόμαι: aor. i έθωρhχθην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk: -- Med. to get drunk. Hence θωρηχθείs, θωρηχθήναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf.

 $\Theta\Omega'\Sigma$ ,  $\theta\omega\delta s$ ,  $\delta$  or  $\eta$ , the jackal.

θωϋκτήρ, ήρος, δ, (θωΰσσω) a barker, roarer.

θωθμα, θωυμάζω, θωυμάσιος, θωυμάστης, θωυμαστός, less correct Ion. forms for θῶμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θωύσσω, f. εω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a gnat, to buzz, bum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:-c. acc. to call on, call.

 $\Theta\Omega'\Psi$ , gen.  $\theta\omega\pi\delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

## I

1. i lora, 76, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, i' = 10, but i = 10,000.

The *i* subscriptum was always adscriptum or written by the side, not under (as  $\tau \hat{\omega}_i$ , not  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as  $T\Omega I$ .

 $\overline{\iota}$  was easily exchanged with  $\epsilon_{\iota}$ , whence forms like  $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \lambda \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \lambda \lambda \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \lambda \overline{\iota} \lambda \eta$ :  $\overline{\iota}$  was sometimes exchanged with  $\epsilon_{\iota}$  as  $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \overline{\iota} a$  ior  $\overline{\iota} \eta$ : but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in  $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \nu$   $\epsilon \overline{\iota} s$   $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \nu o s$  κεινός διά παρά for  $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon s$   $\epsilon \overline{\iota} \nu o s$  κεινός διά παρά.

The Quantity of t varies.

-ί, iota demonstrativum, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e.g. οὐτοσί, αὐτηΐ, τουτί, Lat. bicce, baecce, bocce, ἐκεινοσί, ὁδί, τουτογί, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as οὐτωσί, ὁδί, ἐνθαδί. Those that end in σί take the ν ἐφελκυστικών before a vowel, as οὐτοσίν, ἐκεινοσίν, οὐτωσίν. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. αὐτηῖ, οὐτοτοί.

'IA' Ion. iή, ή, =  $\beta$ οή, a voice, cry.

ἴα, ἰῆς, ἰῆ, ἴαν, old lon. fem. of  $\epsilon ls$  for  $\mu la$ ,  $\mu a lass$ , etc. iá,  $\tau a$ , rreg. pl. of l ls, an arrow. [ $\bar{l}$ ]

ία, τά, pl. of ἴον, a violet.

ίαθήσομαι, fut. pass. of lάσμαι.

ial, exclam, of triumph.

iaiβoî, strengthd. form of alβoî, to express disgust. 'IAI'NΩ, fut. lἀνῶ: aor. I ἄγνα: aor. I pass. lἀνθην:
—to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat . metaph., θυμὸν ἰαίνειν to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

Ίακχάζω, (Ίακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

Ίακχέω, f. ήσω, = Ίακχάζω.

"Iakxos,  $\delta$ ,  $(l\acute{a}\chi\omega)$  Iaccbos, mystic name of Bacehus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ἰᾶλεμίζω Ιοη. ἰηλ-, f. ίσω, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence ἰᾶλεμίστρια Ιοη. ἰηλ-, ή, a wailing woman.

lάλεμος [ā] Ion. lήλεμος, δ, (lá) a wail, lament, dirge.

II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

lάλλω, f. lάλω: aor. I lηλα, inf. lηλαι:—to send forth; èn' δνείατα χείρας ίαλλον they put forth their hands to the dishes; περί χειρί δεσμόν lηλα I put chains on thy hands.

2. to attack, assail; ἀτιμίησων ἰάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults.

3. to send.

II. intr. (sub. ἐαντόν), to send oneself on, to flee, run, burry. [ί] Hence

laλτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ίδμα Ion. ίημα, ατος, τό, (lάομαι) a means of bealing, treatment, remedy.

laμβεῖος, ον, (laμβος) in iambics; τδ laμβεῖον iambic verse.

laμβιάζω, f. άσω, and laμβίζω, f. ίσω, (ἴαμβοε), to assail in iambics: generally, to lampoon.

"IAMBOΣ, δ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long syll., as εγω. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

'Ιάν, δ, pl. 'Ιᾶνεε, contr. for 'Ιάων, 'Ιάονεε, an Ionian. ἰάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of lαίνω.

'IA'OMAI, fut. lάσομαι Ion. lήσομαι: aor. I lασάμην Ion. lησάμην: Dep.:—to beal, cure: metaph. to remedy, beal, correct. II. aor. I lάθην [ā], and pf. lāμαι, in pass. sense, to be bealed, to recover.

'Iāovaθ, barbarism for the vocat. of 'Ιάων.

'Iάονες, pl. of 'Ιάων.

TAΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἰάπτειν ὀρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, burt. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to rush, burry, speed.

'IA'ΠΥΕ Ion. 'Inπυξ, υγος, δ, the north-west or

west-north-west wind.

'Iás, άδοs, ή, Adj. fem. of Ίων, Ionic.

Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman.

γλῶσσα οτ διάλεκτοs), the Ionic dialect.

ίασι, 3 pl. pres. of είμι ibo.

**ἱᾶσι,** for ἰέασι, 3 pl. of ἴημι.

lάσιμος, ον, (lάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable:

—appeasable.

ίασις Ion. ίησις, εως, ή, (lάομαι) a cure, remedy.

'IAΣΠΓΣ, εδος, ή, a precious stone, jasper.

Ίαστί, Adv. ('Iás) in the Ionic fashion or dialect. Ἰασώ, gen. oos, contr. oos, ή, (ἰάομαι) Iāso, the goddess of healing and health.

lāτήρ Ep. lητήρ, ηρος, δ, poet. for laτρόs, a chirurgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [τ]

ίᾶτο, 3 sing. impf. of lάομαι.

ίατορία, ή, (lάτωρ) the art of medicine.

iāτόs, ή, όν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

iāτρειον, τό, (laτήρ) a surgery.

ἰατρικός, ή, όν, (ἰατρός) of or for the art of healing: ἡ ἰατρική (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of healing. ἰατρό-μαντις, εως, ή, (ἰατρός, μάντις) the physician-

seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

latpós Ion. lητρόs, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = latήp, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., latρòs κακῶν, ὀργῆs, etc., a bealer.

ιατρο-τέχνης, ου, δ, (ιατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of

the bealing art.

lαττάται, lαττάταιάξ, Interj. ab, woe is me! lάτωρ, opos, ό, Ion. lήτωρ, poët. for lατρόs. [lā]

la0, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

lavoi, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [i]

laύω, f. σω: 20τ. I ἴαυσα: (αἴω):—to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place:—laύειν πόδα to rest the foot.

i-ἄφέτης, ου, ὁ, (lós, ἀφίημι) an archer. [I]

lάφθην, aor. I pass. of lάπτω.

laxalos, a, ov, (laxή) glad-sounding.

 $l\check{\alpha}\chi \acute{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\acute{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $l\acute{\alpha}\chi\omega$ , to shout, cry aloud.

 $la\chi\dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, (l\dot{a}\chi\omega)$  a cry, shout: a wail, shrick: generally, any loud sound. [ $l\ddot{a}$ ]

iaχημα, ατος, τό, (laχέω) a cry, sbout. [ta]

lάχω, f. laχήσω: pf. laχa, fem. part. laχυία: (lá):

—to cry, sbout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim.

II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to biss. [ta]

'Ιάων, ovos, δ, Ep. for 'Ιων, an Ionian.

Bis, gen. Ion. Ϊβιος Att. Ίβιδος, acc. Ϊβιν, ή, the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

'Π'ΔΗ or ίγδις, ή, a mortar.

lyμαι, part. iyμένοs, pf. of iκνέομαι.

ίγνύη, ή, (γόνυ) the hollow or hinder part of the knee, Lat. poples.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

**ἰγνύς**, ύο**ε** [v],  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ἰγνύη, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύν.

Too Ion. Ton, ή, Ida, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse. 2. timber; ἴδη ναυπηγήσιμος timber for ship-building. [τ]

ίδάλιμος, ον, (ίδος) causing sweat.

ίδέ, Ion for ηδέ, and. [٢]

ίδε or ίδε, imperat. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω, lo, be-bold. [?]

ίδε, Ep. 3 sing. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω. [1]

lbéa lon.  $-\epsilon\eta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $(i\delta\epsilon\hat{u})$  form. 2. generally, the look or appearance of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. species. 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [1]

ίδειν Ep. ίδέειν, inf. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω.

ίδέσθαι, inf. med. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω.

ίδεσκον, Ion. for είδον, 20r. 2 of \*είδω. [ĭ]

ίδέω, Ion. subj. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω.

ἴδηαι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμην, aor. 2 med. of \*εἴδω. [τ] ἰδησῶ, for εἰδήσω, Dor. fut. of \*εἴδω. [τ] ἰδία, v. sub ἴδιος.

lδιαίτερος, ίδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ίδιος, formed from lδία.

ίδιο-βουλεύω, f. σω, (ἴδιος, βουλεύω) to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way.

"IAIOΣ, α, ον, Att. also os, ον: one's own, personal, private, Lat. privus, privatus: opp. to public (δημόσιοs).
2. one's own, opp. to άλλότριοs; τὸ ἱδιον οι τὰ ιδια private property or concerns.
3. pecular, separate, distinct: hence strange.
II. dat. lδία is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσία; ἰδία φρενόs away from one's senses.
2. on one's own account.
III. irreg. Comp. and Sup ἰδιαίτεροs, ἰδιαίτατοs (formed from ἰδία).

ίδιο-συγκρίσία, ή, (ἴδιος, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or babit of body, idiosyncrasy.

ίδίω, f. ίσω  $[\bar{\imath}]$ : aor. I ἴδισα: (ΐδοι):—to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually ίδρόω.

ίδίωs, Adv. of ίδιοs, privately.

ίδιωτεία, ή, (ἰδιώτης) private life, a business.

is the without professional knowledge, be a layman. II. to be without professional knowledge, be a layman. From is without professional knowledge, be a layman. From is with γ, ou, δ, (1810s) a private person, one in a pri-

unte station, opp. to στρατηγός, a private soldier: introduce, intestine wat: — pf. pass. ιδρύμαι, also an individual, opp. to πόλιε.

II. one who placed, situated; ιδρύσθαι είε τόπον to settl bas no professional knowledge, a layman, opp. to one place:—Med. to found or establish for oneself.

who has; laτρδs καὶ lδιώτηs a mediciner or an unprofessional man; ποιητης η lδιώτης a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in a thing. 2. an ill-informed, common-place fellow. III. lδιῶται one's countrymen, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

Ιδιωτικός, ή, όν, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public.

2. commonplace, trivial, awkward.

ίδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, I pl. of οἶδα. II. Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of οἶδα.

τρ. τοι εισεναι, τητ. οι οισα. τομεναι, Ερ. for είδέναι, inf. of οίδα.

ίδμοσύνη, ή, knowledge, skill. From

ίδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ίδμεναι = είδέναι) practised, skilled, versed in a thing.

 $T\Delta NO'\Omega$ , f.  $\omega\sigma\omega$ , to crook, bend:—Pass. to double oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

ίδνώθην, aor. I pass. of ίδνόω.

ίδοίατο, Ion. for ἴδοιντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of \*ϵἴδω. ἱδοῦτα, Dor. for ἰδοῦτα, aor. 2 part fen. of \*ϵἴδω. ἴδον, Ep. for ϵἴδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of \*ϵΐδω.

"IΔΟΣ, εος, τό, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent beat. 18οῦ, imperat. med. of είδον. II. as Adv. written 18οῦ, lo! bebold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there! 2. well! as you please! 3. ironically in repeating another's words, ίδού γ' ἄκρατον yes to be sure, sheer wine.

lδρεία Ion. ίδρείη or ίδρίη [i], ή, (ἴδριs) knowledge, practice, skill; ίδρείη πολέμοιο skill in war.

ἴδρις, gen. ἴδριος Att. ἴδρεως,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , neut. ἴδρι, (ἴδμεναι, = εἰδέναι) experienced, skilful: as Subst., ἴδρις the provident creature =  $\mu \dot{\nu} \mu \eta f$ , the ant.

ίδρόs, δ, poet. for ίδρώs. [t] Hence

ίδρόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like  $\dot{\rho}\iota\gamma\dot{\omega}$ , is contracted into  $\omega$  and  $\dot{\varphi}$  instead of ou and oι (as if it were  $i\delta\rho\dot{\omega}$ ), hence 3 pl. pres.  $i\delta\rho\dot{\omega}\sigma\iota$ , 3 sing. opt.  $i\delta\rho\dot{\varphi}\eta$ , fem. part.  $i\delta\rho\dot{\omega}\sigma a\iota$ .

Ίδρῦμα, τό, (ἰδρύω) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; ίδρυμα πόλεωs the stay, support of the city, like Lat. columen rerum.

ίδρύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ίδρύω.

**Ιδρῦπτόον**, verb. Adj. of ἶδρύω, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue. II. pass. οὐχ Ιδρυτέον one must not sit still, loiter.

ίδρω, ίδρω, Ep. for ίδρωτα, ίδρωτι, acc. and dat. of sacred things.

ίδρώην, opt. of ίδρόω.

ἐδρώς, ῶτος, ὁ: Ep. dat. and acc. ἰδρῷ, ἰδρῶ: (ἔδος):
 sweat, perspiration.
 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.
 II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ίδρωσαι, pres. part. fem. of ίδρόω.

ίδυῖα, ή, Ep. for εἰδυῖα, part. fem. of oἶδα (v. \*εἶδω), in phrase ἰδυίησι πραπίδεσσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ίδω Ep. ίδωμι, aor. 2 subj. of \* είδω.

ίδών, ίδοῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of \*είδω.

ίε, ίεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of είμι ibo.

"ει, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of "ημι (as if from lέω).
lείη, Ep. for τοι, 3 sing. opt. of είμι ibo.

leis, leiσα, lév, pres. part. of ιημι.

ίεισι, 3 pl. of ίημι.

ίεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ίημι

léμεν, leμέναι, Ep. for léναι, inf. of ιημι.

léμενος, η, ον, pres. part. pass. of ιημι.

lev, Aeol, for  $l \in \sigma a \nu$ , 3 pl. impf. of  $l \mid \mu \mu$ . leval, pres. inf. of  $\ell \mid \mu \mu$  ibo.

**Léval**, pres. inf. of  $i\eta\mu\iota$ .

lepakiokos, δ, Dim. of lépaf, a small bawk.

ΤΕΡΑΞ, ακος, Ion. ιέρηξ contr. ίρηξ, ηκος, δ, a bawk, falcon.

lepάoμαι Ion. ip -, Pass. (lepós) to be a priest or fashion.

priestess.

lepāτεία, ή, (lepaτεύω) the priest's office, priesthood. lepáτευμα, ατος, τό, (lepāτεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.

leρūτεύω, f. σω, (leρεύs) to be priest or priestess.

ίτρεια Ιοη. ίρεια, ή, fem. of ίτρεύς, a priestess. ἱτρείον Ιοη. ἱτρήιον οτ ἱρήιον, τό, (ἱτρός) a victim,

sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

lepeús, έωs Ion. lpeús, η̂os, ὁ, (lepós) a priest, sacrificer.

lέρευτο, for lερεύετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of

leρεύω Ion. lρεύω, f. σω, (leρόs) to offer, sacrifice. to kill, slaughter.

II. intr. to be a priest.

 $\mathbf{i}$ ερή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\mathbf{i}$ έρεια.

ίερήιον, τό, Ion. for ίερειον.

leρία, ή, Att. poët. form of léρεια.

lepo-γλύφικός, ή, όν, (lepós, γλύφω) bieroglypbic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters. lepo-γραμματεύς, έως, δ, (lepós, γραμματεύs) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian

priesthood.

lepo-δόκος, ον, (lepóv, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices. lepó-θύτος, ον, (lepós, θύω) sacrificed to a god; lepóθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.

Lepo-λογέω, (lepós, λέγω) to discuss sacred ibings. Lepo-λογία Ion. Lpoλογίη, η. mystic language. Lepo-μηνία, η, οτ Lepo-μήνια, τά, (lepós, μήν οτ μήνη) the boly moon, οτ the boly-day of the month. Lepoμνημωνέω, f. ήσω, to be lepoμνήμων. From Lepo-μνημων, ονος, δ. (lepós, μνήμων) mindful of

| sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphictyonic state to their Council along with the πυλαγύραs.

ίερόν, τό, ν. ίερό**s** 11.

lepo-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (leρός, νῖκάω) conqueror in the games. lepo-ποιός, όν, (leρός, ποιέω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the lepoποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

lepo-πρεπής, ές, (lepos, πρέπω) beseeming a sacred

place, person or matter: boly, reverend.

**TEPO'** $\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}\nu$ , also  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}\nu$ : Ion. and Ep. also **ipós**, ή, όν:--of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; lepds καὶ ὅσιος sacred and profane; v. sub ooios. Subst.: 1. leρόν Ion. lρόν, τό, a temple. lepá Ion. lpá, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: lepà ρέζειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. III. special phrases: Ι. ίερα νύσος, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. 2. h lepà òbós the sacred road to the epilepsy. Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis.

ίερα τριήρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos. ιερό-στεπτος, ον, (ίερον, στέφω) wreathed in boly

bion.

ίεροσῦλέω, f. ήσω, (ἱερόσυλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

leροσυλία, ή, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

lepó-συλος, ον, (lepóν, συλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

lepουργέω, f. ήσω, (lepουργόs) to perform sacred rites; lepουργείν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel. Hence

i ερουργία Ion. i ροεργίη, ή, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

lep-oupγόs, όν, (lepós, έργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

lepoφαντέω, f. ήσω, to be an initiating priest. Frontepo-φάντης Ion. lp-, ου, ό, (lepós, φαίνω) one wbu expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence lepoφαντικός, ή, όν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. -κως.

lepo-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (lepós, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus.  $[\overline{v}]$  lepó-χθων Ion. lp-, δ, ή, (lepós, χθών) of ballowed soil.

ieρόω, f. ώσω, (ieρύs) to ballow, dedicate.

lep-ώνυμος, ον, (ιερός, όνομα) of boly name.

lepωστί, (lepús) Adv. in boly manner, piously. lepωσύνη Ion. lp-, η, (lepús) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

lέσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of τημι. ie0, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!

tavo, (i(a) Causal, to make to sit, seat.

2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. | nuine, of the good old stock. intr. to sit. sidere.

"IZΩ, impf. ίζον Ion. ίζεσκον: for the aor. 1, v. elσα: later fut. ίζήσω, aor. Ι ίζησα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see €loa. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ίζειν ès θρόνον to take one's seat: ίζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ίζομαι also occurs in same sense; ίζεσθαι έν τῶ Τηυγέτω or έs τὸ Τηύγετον to take post at 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. Taygetus. siděre.

កែ, io! exclam. of joy. [រី]

iή, ή, Ion. for iá, voice, sound.

iήιos, a, ov, also os, ov, (lή) wailing, mournful, II. epith. of plaintive; l'hios Boá a cry of woe. Apollo, the god invoked with the cry in.

ἴηλα, inf.  $l\hat{\eta}$ λαι, aor. I of  $l\acute{a}$ λλω.

ίήλεμος, ίηλεμίζω, ίηλεμίστρια, Ion. for ιάλεμ-.

ίημα,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $i \alpha \mu \alpha$ .

ίημι, ίηs, ίησι, 3 pl iaσι or leiσι; imperat. lei; subj. ίω ; opt. leίην ; inf. lévai Ep. léμεναι or léμεν ; part. ieis: -impf. "ην, Aeol. 3 pl. "εν: -fut. ήσω: -aor. 1 ηκα Ep. εηκα:—aor. 2 ην, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. εs, subj. ω, opt. είην, inf. elvai, part. είε:-pf. είκα: plqpf. είκειν. Pass. and Med., pres. ιέμαι: impf. ιέμην: aor. I pass. εθην, also  $\epsilon l\theta \eta \nu$ : aor. I med  $\hbar \kappa \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ : aor. 2 med.  $\epsilon \ddot{\iota} \mu \eta \nu$  or  $\ddot{\epsilon} \mu \eta \nu$ : pf. pass. εἶμαι: plqpf. εἵμην. Causal of εἶμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing : hence 1. to send, send 2. of sounds, to send forth, away, let go, dismiss. utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that "inju is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός έπὶ γαίαν ίησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., κάδ δὲ κάρητος ήκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. nerally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. léµevos, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. έντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπεί πόσιος καὶ ἐδητύος ἐξ ἔρον ἕντο when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink. inva, aor. ι of laίνω.

'Ιη-παιήων, ονος, δ, epith. of Apollo from the cry in παιάν: also a bymn sung to him. Hence

**ίη-παιωνίζω,** f. ίσω, to cry iη παιών οτ παιάν! iήσασθαι, Ion. 20r. I inf. of lάομαι.

ίησι, Ep. for ίη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of είμι ibo.

lησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of lημι. inσιμος, inσις, Ion. for iaσ-.

Tησούs, οῦ, dat. also οῦ, acc. οῦν, Greek form of the Hebrew Josbua, Saviour.

**ἰητήρ**, ήρο**ε**, δ, Ion. for *ἰατή*ρ.

iητορίη, iητρόs, iήτωρ, Ion. for iατ-.

iθā-γενής poët. iθαιγενής, έε, (lθύε, γένος) of bonest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge- leavos laτρικήν sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to

'IΘA'KH, ή, Itbăca, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

'Ιθάκηνδε, Adv. to Ithaca: and

**Ίθακήσιος**, a, ov, of Ithaca, an Ithacan.

ίθέα, ή, Ion. fem. for iθεία, v. iθύs [ī]

iθέως, Adv. of iθύς, directly, straight, Lat. recta via. 10t, imperat. of είμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

 $\mathbf{iθμa}$ , aτos, τό,  $(ε \mathbf{i}μι)$  a step, movement

ίθύ, neut. of *ὶθύs*, used as Adv., hke *ἰθέωs*.

ίθυ-δίκης, ου, ὁ, (ἰθύς, δίκη) giving simple justice. ίθυ-δρόμος, ον, (ἰθύς, δραμείν) straight-running. ίθύ-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (ἰθύς, θρίξ) straight-haired,

opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [τθ]

ίθυμαχία, ή, a fair, stand-up fight. From ίθυ-μάχος, ον, (ίθύς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and bonestly.

iθύ-voos, ον, (iθύs, νόοs) bonest.

ίθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of iθέωs, most straight, most

rightly.

ίθύνω, f. ὔνω: aor. ἴθῦνα:—Pass, aor. 1 ἰθύνθην:— Ion. and Ep. for εὐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:-Pass. to become straight or even; τω δ' ίθυνθήτην they ran even with one another. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ιθύνειν ίππους to drive the horses straight: - Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ίθυ-πόρος, ον, (ιθύς, πορεύομαι) going straight on. ἰθυ-πτίων, ωνος, δ, ή, (ἰθώς, πέτομαι) straight-flying,

of an ashen spear-shaft.  $\lceil \tau \overline{\iota} \rceil$ 

'ΙΘΥ'Σ, ίθεια, ίθύ, Ion, fem. ίθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εὐθύs:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight: - in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. lθύτεροs, lθύτατοs:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. την ίθειαν (sub. δδόν), straight on, Lat. recta via: so, ἐκ τῆs ἰθείηs, straightforward, openly. II. as Adv., iθύs or iθύ, straight at, straight towards; ίθὺς μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway.

ίθύς, ύος, ή, Homer only in acc. lθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also dv' lθύν, =ἀν' ὀρθόν, straight upwards. [ῖ]

ίθυ-τενής, ές, (ἰθύς, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [i]

**ἰθύ-τονος**, ον, (iθύs, τείνω) = iθυτενήs.

ίθύ-τρίχες, oi, ai, plur. from iθύθριξ.

ἰθύω, f. ύσω: aor. Ι ἴθῦσα: [ῦ]: (ἰθύε):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἴθυσε νεόs drove right against the ship. II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

iκανός, ή, όν, (iκ-έσθαι) befitting, becoming: of persons, sufficient, competent. able to do a thing; considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; lκανὸν χρόνον a long tume; τὸ lκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

ίκανότης, ητος, ή, sufficiency, fitness.

ἰκανόω, f. ωσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify. ἰκάνω [ā], Ep. lengthd. for ἵκω, = ἰκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive

at, reach: also Med. Ικάνομαι. ἱκάνωs, Adv. of ἱκανόι, sufficiently, Lat. satis; ἱκανωs ἔχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ἰκανώτατα.

Τκάριος, α, ον, (Τκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegacan sca which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἴκελος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , poet. form for εἶκελος, like. [ $\check{\iota}$ ] Hence ἰκελόω,  $\dot{\iota}$ . ώσω, to make like.

ίκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ίκέσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἰκνέομαι.

**lκεσία**, ή, (lκέτηs) the prayer of a suppliant. If as fem. of iκέσιος, a female suppliant.

iκέσιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (lκέτης) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus.

II. suppliant, supplicating.

ίκετα-δόκος, ον, (ίκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting suppliants.

iκετεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = iκεσία, q v.

Ικέτευμα, ατος, τό, (Ικετεύω) a mode of supplication. **Ικετευτέος**, α, ον, proper to be supplicated. From **Ικετεύω**, Γ. σω: αοτ. 1 Ικέτευσα [I Att., τ Ερ.]: (Ικέτης):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

kετήριος sync. kτήριος, α, ον, (iκέτης) of or fit for suppliants.

II. ἡ iκετηρία (sub. έλαία), the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

**ικέτης**, ου, ὁ, (*ικέσθαι*) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive.

II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

**Ικετήσιος**, α, ον, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus. **Ικέτις**, ιδος, ή, fem. of iκέτης.

ίκηαι, Ep. for ίκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἰκνέομαι.

iκμάζω and iκμαίνω, to moisten. From TKMA'Σ, άδος, ή, moisture of any kind.

ἴκμενος or ἵκμενος, only in the phrase ἴκμενος οὖρος a fair breeze, (from ἰκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

kvéoμαι, lengthd. from "ΙΚΩ [ī]: fut. ζομαι Dor. ἰξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἰκόμην: pf. ζημαι, part. ἰγμένος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach.

2. to come as a suppliant (ἰκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him.

3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, beseems; τοὺε μάλιστα ἰκνέεται whom it most concerns; τὸ ἰκνεύμενον that which is fitting, proper.

ίκνεθνται, Dor. for ἱκνοθνται, 3 pl. of ἰκνέομαι. ἱκνουμένως Ion. ἱκνεομ-, ἱκνευμ-, Adv. part. pres. of ἰκνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

iκοίμαν, Dor. for iκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of iκνέομαι. "IKPIA, τά, the balf-deck of an Homeric ship:

generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benebes. ἴκταρ, Adv. (ἴκω) at once, close together. II.

of Place, close to, bard by, c. gen.

ἴκτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἴκω) a suppliant. II. Zeùs ικτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ίκτήριος, α, ον, syncop, for *ineτήριος*.

iκτίδεος, α, ον, (iκτίs) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer κτίδεος. II. as Subst., ἰκτιδέα, contr. ἰκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

TKTΓNOΣ, δ, a kite, Lat. milvus.

'IKTΓΣ, τδοs, ή, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ίκτο, 3 sing. plapf. of ἰκνέομαι.

TKΩ, impl. Ikov: aor. 2 Ifov: root of lkvέομαι, a form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time; τὰ σὰ γοῦνα ἰκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. ἰκνέομαι 2, ἰκέτηs):—metaph, to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc; ὕβριε τε βίη τε σιδήρεον ούρανὸν ἵκει violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρειὰ ἵκει με necessity is upon me; ὕπνος, γῆρας, ἰκάνει με come upon or over me.

**ἵκωμαι**, aor. 2 subj. of *ἰκν έομαι*.

ίλα, Dor. for ίλη. [i]

 $i\lambda$ άδόν, Adv. (ἴλη) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [ $\tilde{i}$ ]

ίλαθι, pres imperat. of ίλημι. ίλασμαι, Ep. for Ιλάσκομαι.

TAAOΣ, ον, Att. ίλεως, ων, nom. pl. ίλεφ, neut. ίλεα:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay.

2. ίλεως σοί, (sc. ἔστω ὁ Θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

iλάρία, ή, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

iλάρόs, ά, όν, (ίλαοs) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful, Lat. hilaris. Adv. -ρωs. Hence

ίλαρότης, ητος, ή, gaiety, Lat. bilaritas.

tλάσκομαι, fut. ἰλάσομαι [ἄ] Ερ. ἰλάσσομαι Dor. ἰλάξομαι: aor. I ἰλασάμην: Dep.: (ἰλασε):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for. III. aor. I imperat. pass. ἰλάσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

lλασμός, δ, a means of appeasing: a propittation, sacrifice. [1]

ίλασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of ίλάσκομαι.

ιλάσσεαι, Ερ. for ιλάση, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ιλάσκουμι.

**ἱλαστήριος**, α, ον, (ἰλάσκομαι) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., ἱλαστήριον, τό, propitiation or the mercy seat.

ίλεα, Att. neut. pl. of ίλασε.

thews, Att. for Thaos

ἴλη or εἴλη Dor. ἴλα, ἡ, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) a crowd, band, troop, company.
2. a troop of borse, squadron, Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop, company.
3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

ίληθι, imperat. of ίλημι.

ἰλήκω, (ἴλαοs)\*to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ἰλήκησι, and 2 sing. opt. ἰλήκοις.

Ίλημι, = ἶλήκω, esp. in imperat. Ίληθι Dor. ίλαθι, be gracious, propitious!

Thás, áðos,  $\hat{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of Thianós. II. as Subst. Thás, I (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub.  $\gamma v \gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub.  $\pi o i \eta \sigma \iota s$ ), the Iliad, of Homer.

lλιγγιάω, f. σω: nor. I lλιγγίασα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

τλίγγος, δ, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head. Lat. vertigo: a swinon. [7]

ming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [τ]

λιγξ, ιγγος, ή, (ἴλλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Ίλιόθεν, Adv. ('Ìλιοs) from Troy.

'Iλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ίλιος, Adv. at Troy.

'Ιλιορ-ρατστης, δ, ('Ιλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy. 'Ιλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of 'Ιλιος.

"ΙΛΙΟΣ, ου, ή, or Ίλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilus, also called Troy.

ίλλάς, άδος, ή, (ίλλω, είλω) a rope, band.

iλλόs, δ, (ίλλω) squinting.

"IAA $\Omega$ , v. sub  $\epsilon i\lambda \omega$ .

TΛΥ΄Σ, ύος, ή, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. ιλυος Homer, later ιλύος.]

ίμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of luás.

**Ιμαντίδιον**, τό, Dim. of *Ιμά*s

ίμάντινος, η, ον, (iμάς) of leathern thongs.

**ἰμάντιον**, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ίμαντο-πέδη, ή, (ίμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: me-

taph. one of the feelers of the polypus.

'IMA'Σ, ἀντος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἰμᾶσι Ερ. ἰμάντεσσι:—
a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or barness
of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip.
2. the
cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps pur
ound the hand:
3. the magic girdle of Aphrodité, Lat. caestus.
4. a latch, by which the bolt
was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet:
later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb, ἰμὰς κύνειός
εστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ιμάσθλη, ή, (lμάs, lμάσσω) the thong or lash of a

whip, generally a whip. [1]

ἰμάσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ἄ]: 201. I ἵμασα: (ἰμάs):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ξμάτιδάριον, τό, Dim. of ξμάτιον. [τμ-δά]

**ἰματίδιον**, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον.

**ἰμᾶτίζω**, f. ίσω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένοs, clothed.

Ιμάτιο-κάπηλος, δ, (Ιμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

**ιμάτιον**, τό, in form only a Dim. of είμα, an outer garment, eloak or manile worn above the χιτάν, answering to Homer's χλαῦνα; ἰμάτια, τά, generally, elothes.

II. a cloth.

ιμάτι-φυλακέω, f. ήσω, (ἱμάτιον, φυλακέω) to take care of clothes.

ἰμάτισμός, δ, (ἰματίζω) clothing, apparel. [t]

tμείρω Aeol. tμέρρω, (ἵμεροs) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. tμείρομαι as Dep., with aor. I med. tμειράμην, pass. tμέρθην.

ίμεν, I pl. of είμι ibo.

ίμεν, ίμεναι, Ep. for lévai, inf. of είμι ibo.

ίμερο-δερκής, ές, (ἵμερος, δέρκομαι) looking longingly.

ίμερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἵμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ίμερο-θαλής, ές, (ἵμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἱμεροθηλής sweetly growing or blooming.

"IMEPOZ [I], &, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ίμέρρω, Aeol. for ιμείρω.

ίμερτός, ή, όν, (ἱμείρω) longed for, lovely.

τμμεναι, poët. for τμεναι, ιέναι, inf. of είμι ibo.

ίμονιά, ή, (lμάs) the rope of a draw-well: acc. lμονιάν, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

iv, Dor. for e, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

"INA", Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, 1. with Subj. mood after tenses of present Lat. ut: time; hkeis, iv' lons thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλα έδωκε μένος, ἵν' ἔκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ίν' ην τυφλόε in which case be would have been blind. II. íva uń. that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptic with other Particles, Eva  $\delta \eta$ , Eva  $\pi \epsilon \rho$ , Eva  $\tau \iota$  (sub.  $\gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \tau \alpha \iota$ ); to what end?

Adverb, I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἵν' ἔτραφεν ἤδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅποι, Lat quo, to what place, whither; ἵν' οἵχεται whither he is gone.

iνδάλιμος, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλιμος, εἰδάλιομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἰνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλείωνι he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ίνδικός, ή, όν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ίνδ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus

TNΔΟ'Σ, δ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικόs, Indian.

II. the river Indus.

'Ινδώος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , = 'Ινδικόε.

Ives, pl. nom. of is.

lvlov,  $\tau \delta$ , (is) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [iv] \*INI $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a son, child.

Tνώ, όοε, contr. οῦε, ἡ, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

iv-ώδηs, εs, (is, είδοs) sinewy, fibrous. [l]

igaλos, ον, (from atσσω, as if contracted from atfaλos) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing.

**Έξοθαι**, fut, inf. of Ικνέομαι.

ίξευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἰξεύω) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer. ἰξεύω, f. σω, (ἰξός) to catch birds by birdlime.

Ιξοβολέω, f. ήσω, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From iξο-βόλοs, ον, (ίξοs, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.

lξο-εργόs, ὁ, (lξόs, \*έργω) one who uses birdlime, a fowler.

owier.

**ζέομαι**, fut. of *ἱκνέομ*αι.

**ἰξον**, Ep. aor. 2 of ίκω.

"ĬĒÔ'Ž, ô, Lat. VISCUM, misseltoe: also, the misseltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry, Lat. viscus.

iξο-φορεύς, έως, ὁ, (iξός, φέρω) bearing misseltoe. ΙΕΤ΄Σ, ύος, ἡ: dat. lξύι contr. lξυι: the waist.

16-Bakxos,  $\delta$ , ( $1\omega$ ,  $\beta \dot{\alpha} \kappa \chi \dot{\epsilon}$ ) Bacchus invoked with the cry of  $1\dot{\omega} := a$  song beginning  $1\dot{\omega}$  Bá $\kappa \chi \dot{\epsilon}$ !

io-βλέφαρος, ον, (ίον, βλέφαρον) violet-eyed.

loβολέω, f. ήσω, to shoot arrows. From

io-βόλος, ον, (lús, βάλλω) shooting arrows.
io-βόστρυχος, ον, (lov, βύστρυχος) dark-haired.

ió-δετος, ον, (ἴον, δέω) violet-twined. lo-δόκος, ον, (lós, δέχομαι) holding arrows.

io-ειδής, ές, (ἴον, εἶδος) violet-coloured, of the sea.

**lóειs**, εσσα, εν, (loν, είδοs) violet-coloured, of the se **lóειs**, εσσα, εν, (loν) violet-coloured, dark.

loίην, Att. for ίοιμι, opt. of είμι ibo.

ioîσαι, Dor. for loυσαι, part. fem. of είμι ιδο.

ίομεν, Ep. for ἴωμεν, I pl. subj. of εἶμι ιδο lo-μίγής, ές, (lός, μιγῆναι) mixed with poison.

ιο-μιγης, ες, (τος, μιγηναι) mixed with poison.
ιο-μιφος, ον, (τον, μόρος) dark-fated, miserable.

TON, 76, the violet, Lat. viola. [7]

tov, Ep. form of impf. of είμι ibo.

lovθás, áδos, ή, sbaggy, bairy. From lovθos, ó, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [t]

Tovos, α, ον, ('Iώ) of Io; 'Ιόνιος κόλπος the Ionian sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the Ionian sea.

ίόντες, part. pl. of εἶμι ibo.

lo-πλόκαμος, ον, (ἴον, πλόκαμος) with violet locks, dark-baired. [τ]

lós [t], ὁ, with irreg. pl. lá, (lévai inf. of είμι ibo) an arrow.

'IO'Σ, δ, rust, verdigris, Lat. aerugo.

10'Σ, δ, poison, esp. of serpents.

los, la, Ep. for εls, μία; dat. lφ for ενί.

lo-στέφανος, ον, (los, στέφανος) violet-crowned. loτης, ητος, ή, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεων

lότητι by the will or pleasure of the gods.
lo-τύπής, έε, (lós, τυπῆναι) struck by an arrow.

to-τυπης, εs, (10s, τυπηναι) struck by an arrow.
to0, a cry of woe, Lat. beu! seldom, like lώ, a cry of
joy. [τ]

Loudatζω, f. σω, to live as a Jew. From

Toubaikos, ή, ών, of or for the Jews. Adv. -κω̂s. From

Tovδαίοs, α, ον, of the tribe of Judab: as Subst.: I a Jew. 2. 'Iovδαία (sc. γη) the land of Judaea.

Toubaισμός, δ, ('Iovbaios) Judaism.

louλis, ίδοs, ή, a red fish.

ίουλος, ον, (οδλος) down, the first growth of the beard; ὑπὸ κροτάφοισιν ἴουλοι the young hair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.

lo-χέαιρα, ή, (lós, χαίρω) delighting in arrows, or

(from χέω) showering arrows.

ίπνο-κάής, έs, (ἰπνος, καῆναι) baked in the oven.

lπνο-λέβης, ητος, δ, (lπνός, λέβης) a boiler, caldron. lπνο-ποιός, όν, (lπνός, ποιέω) working in an oven or furnace; as Subst. a potter.

'IΠΝΟ'Σ, δ, an oven of furnace, Lat. furnus. II the place of the oven, kitchen. III a lantern.

lmos, δ or ή, (Ιπτομαι) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence

iπόω, f. ώσω, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; εἰσφοραίς ἰπούμενος squeezed hard

by taxes. [ī]

lππ-αγρέται, ων, ol, (lππεύs, ἀγείρω) three officers at Lacedaemon, who close 300 youths to serve as lπ-πει̂s or body-guard for the kings.

ίππ-ἄγωγός, όν, (ἱππός, ἄγω) carrying borses: ἱππαγωγοί (sub. ναῦς) aἰ, transport-ships for borses.

inπάζομαι, fut. άσομαι Dep. ([πποs]) to drive or guide a borse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; lπ-πάζεσθαι χώραν to ride over a country.

II. as Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.

ἴππ-αιχμος, ον, (ἵππος, αἰχμή) fighting on horseback. ἱππ-ἄλεκτρῦών, όνος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀλεκτρυών) a horsecock: a gryphon, dragon.

**iππαλίδας**, ου, δ, poet, form for iππεύs.

iππαπαί, (ίππος) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry ρυππαπαί.

ἱππάριον, τό, Dim. of ἵππος, a little borse, pony. ἱππ-αρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀρμοστής) Lacedae-

ίππ-αρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀρμοστής) Lacedae monian word for ἵππαρχος.

inπαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence

iππαρχία, ή, the command of the cavalry.

iππαρχικόs, ή, όν, of or for cavalry. From

<sup>L</sup>ππ-αρχοs, and <sup>L</sup>ππ-άρχηs, ου, δ, (<sup>L</sup>πποs, αρχω) ruling the borse, epith. of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

tππάs, άδοs, ή, fem. of ἱππικόs; ἱππὰs στολή a riding-dress, borseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. τάξιs), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

tππάσία, ή, (ἐππάζομαι) riding, borse-exercise. chariot-driving.

lππάσιμος, η, ον, (lππάζομαι) fit for borses or for

riding: easily ridden.

ξηπαστήρ, ηρος, and ξππαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐππάζομαι)
 a borseman.
 II. as Adj. fit for riding.

inπείο, ή, (inπείω) borsemansbip, riding, driving, esp. racing.

II. cavalry.

ἴππειος, α, ον, (ἴππος) of a borse or borses; ἴππειος λόφος a crest of borse-bair.

[ππ-ερος, δ, ([πποε, έροε) love for borses, a borse-

ἵππευμα, ατοε, τό, (ἰππεύω) a ride on borseback.

expedition in a chartot.

iππεύs, έως Ion. η̂ος, δ, (ίππος) in Homer, either a driver of borses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting 2. a borseman, rider. from the chariot. at Athens the iππει̂s Att. iππη̂s, Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback; see ἶππαγρέται.

ίππευτήρ, ήροε, δ, and ίππευτής, οῦ, δ, a rider,

borseman: from

ίππεύω, f. σω: 201. Ι ίππευσα: (ίππεύε):--to be a borseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαίε ίππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, Eurus equitavit per undas. serve on borseback.

immî as, Ep. pl. acc. of  $i\pi\pi\epsilon \dot{\nu}s$ .

II. like a iππηδόν, Adv. (ἵπποε) like a borse.

**ἱππήεσσι, Ε**p. for *ἱππεῦσι*, pl. dat. of *ἱππεύ*ε.

ίππ-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵπποε, ἐλαύνω) fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία δδός a chariot road.

iππ·ηλάτα, δ, Ep. form for iππηλάτηs.

ἱππηλατέω, f. ήσω, to ride or drive.

ίππ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, Ερ. ίππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) a driver of borses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [a]

ίππ-ήλατος, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) fit for borsemanship

or driving.

Ίππ-ημολγοί, ων, οί, (ἵπποε, ἀμέλγω) the Maremilkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe: -- as Adj. milking

ίππι-άναξ, ακτος, (ἴππος, ἄναξ) chief of borsemen. **ἱππικόs**, ή, όν, (ἵπποs) of a borse or borses; ἀγὼν iππικόs a borse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or borsemen, equestrian: skilled in rid-

ing. 2. ή iππική (sub. τέχνη), borsemansbip, riding. III. τὸ ἱππικόν the cavalry. Adv. -κω̂s, like a borseman.

**immios**,  $\alpha$ , ov, (immos) of a borse or borses.

immio-xaitys, ov,  $\delta$ , ( $l\pi\pi ios$ ,  $\chi ait\eta$ ) sbaggy with borse-bair.

**ἱππιο-χάρμης**, ου, δ, (ἴππιος, χάρμη) one who fights from a chariot. 2. a borseman, rider.

**ἱππο-βάμων** [ā], ον, gen. ονος, (ἴππος, βαίνω) going on borseback, equestrian. metaph., ἡήματα ἰπποβάμονα bigb-paced words, bombast.

ίππο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (ἴππος, βαίνω) a borseman. **lππο-βότηs**, ου, ὁ, (ἴπποs, βόσκω) a feeder of borses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ίπποβόται were the knights, nobles.

ίππό-βοτος, ον, (ἵπποε, βίσκω) fed on by borses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

ίππο-γέρανοι, οί, (ίππος, γέρανος) crane-cavalry. ίππό-γύποι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γύψ) vulture-cavalry.

ίππό-δάμος, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) borse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of borses.

ίππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. Ιππόδασυε in use, (ἴππος, δασύς) epith. of κόρυς, thick with borsebair, with rough borse-bair crest.

lmπ6-δεσμα, ων, τά, (lmποs, δεσμόs) reins, a balter.ίππο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἴππος, δέω) a halter.

ίππο-διώκτης, ου, δ, Dor. -τας, (ίππος, διώκω) a driver or rider of borses.

ίππο-δρομία, ή, (ἱππόδρομος) a borse-race or chariotrace. Hence

iππο-δρόμιοs, ov, of the horse-race.

of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of borses. ίππό-δρομος, ό, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

lmπo-δρόμος, δ, (lmπos, δραμείν) a borse-courter.

iππόθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) forth from the borse. ιπποιίν, Ep. dual gen. of ίπποs.

ίππο-κάνθαρος, δ. (ίππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ίππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) driving borses: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ίππο-κένταυρος, δ, (ἴππος, κένταυρος) a borse-centaur, balf-borse balf-man.

ίππο-κομέω, f. ήσω, to keep or groom borses; ίπποκομείν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ίππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵπποε, κομέω) keeping or grooming II. as Subst., iπποκόμος, ò, a groom, one borses. who attended the Athenian lππεύs in war

ίππό-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμη) decked with borse-bair. ίππο-κορυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἴππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a borse, a borseman, knight.

ἱππο-κρἄτέω, f. ήσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in borse: Pass. to be inferior in borse. Hence

lπποκράτία, ή, victory in a skirmish of borse. iππό-κρημνος, ον, (ίππος, κρημνός) tremendously steep; ἱππόκρημνον βημα a neck-breaking word.

ίππό-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) sounding with the tramp of borses.

ἱππό-λοφος, ον, (ἵππος, λόφος) with borse-bair crest. iππο-μανής, ές, (iππος, μανηναι) mad for borses: II. as Subst., ἱππομανές, έος, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad. excrescence on the forebead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a bumour which falls from mares.

iππο-μανία, ή, a mad love for horses, racing, etc. ἱππομάχέω, f. ήσω, (ἱππομάχος) to fight on borseback. Hence

iππομάχία, ή, a borse-fight, skirmish of borse. ίππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) fighting on borseback: as Subst., ἱππομάχος, δ, a trooper.

ίππο-νώμας, ου, δ, (ἴππος, νωμάω) driving borses. lππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, πολέομαι) busied with borses: as Subst., iπποπόλοs, δ, a rider or driver of borses.

ίππο-πόταμος, δ, (ίππος, ποταμός) the river-horse of ίππο-βουκόλος, δ, (ΐππος, βουκόλος) a borsekesper. | Egypt, bippopotamus: in Herodotus, ίππος ποτάμιος.

\*\*HIΠΟΣ, δ, ή, a borse, mare, Lat. equus, equa: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of borses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀφ' ἵππον from the chariot; λαόν τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ πεζοί borse and foot. II. ἡ ἵπποι, the borse, cavalry, Lat. equitatus, always in sing., as, χιλίη ἵπποι a thousand horse. III. ἵπποι ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our borsechestnut, horselaugh, v. ἰππό-κρημνος, etc.

ίππο-σόας, ου, δ, (ἵππος, σεύω) driver of borses.

iππο-σόοs, a, ov, borse-driving.

immó-στάσις, εως, ή, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable · metaph, 'Αελίου κνεφαία iππόστασις the dark stabling-place of the sun, 1. e. the West.

<sup>1</sup> lπποσύνη, η, (ιπποs) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship.

II. the horse

of an army, cavalry

ίππόσυνος, η, ον, Ιππικόε.

**ἱππότἄ**, Ep. for ἱππότηs.

kππότης, ου, ὁ, (ἴππος) a driver or rider of borses, a borseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form lππότα, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λεωs lππότης the borse-folk, borsemen.

ίππο-τοξότης, ου, ό, (ιππος, τοξότης) a mounted

bowman, borse-archer

ἐπποτροφέω, f. ήσω, to breed or keep borses. And ἐπποτροφία, ή, a breeding or keeping of borses, esp for racing. From

lππο-τρόφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) borse-feeding.

breeding or keeping borses.

ίππο-τυφία, ή, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

Τππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the borse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἴππ-ουρις, ιδος, ή, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked

with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-bair.

**Ιππο-φόρβιον**, τό, (ἵππο**s**, φέρβω) a stable. a troop of borses.

lmπο-φορβός, όν, (lmπος, φέρβω) a borse-keeper, trainer.

ίππο-χάρμης, ου, ό, (ἴπποε, χάρμη) = ἱππιοχάρμης. ἱππ-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ , (ἴπποε,  $\epsilon l\delta os$ ) borse-like.

ໂππών, ὢνος, δ, (ἵππος) a place for borses, a stable: a balting-place, station.

iππωνεία, ή, a buying of borses. From iππωνέω, f. ήσω, to buy borses. From

ίππ-ώνης, ου, ό, (εππος, ἀνέομαι) a buyer of borses.

Іπτάμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly. Ιπτομαι, f. Ίψομαι: (Îποε): Dep.:—to press bard, oppress: generally, to burt, barm.

ίρά, τά, Ιοπ. for ίερά.

ίραξ, āκοs, δ, contr. for lépaξ, a bawk.

Ιράομαι, Ion. for Ιεράομαι.

ipela, Ion. for ιέρεια.

Ιρεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of lepεύω.

lpeus, nos, o, Ion. for lepeus.

**ἱρεύω**, Ιοη. for *ἱερεύω*.

lpήιον, Ion. for lepelov.

ἰρήν, ένος, δ, Ιοπ. for είρήν. Γρηξ, ηκος, δ, Ιοπ. for ἰέραξ.

ipia, Dor. for lépeia.

tpis, ιδοs, ή: acc ίριν as well as ίριδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέραs μερόπων ἀνθρώπων). II. impersonated τρις, ιδοs, ή, acc. τριν, voc. τρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumas (the Wonderer).

ίρισσιν, Ep. for Ιρισιν, dat. pl. of Ιριε.

**lpo-δρόμοs**, δ, (lpós, δραμεῖν) Ion. for leροδρ-, running in the sacred races.  $\lceil \overline{\iota} \rceil$ 

**ἱρο-εργίη**, Ion. for iερουργία. **ἰρόν**,  $\tau$ ό, Ion. for iερόν.  $[\bar{\imath}]$ 

lp6s,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta\nu$ , Ion. for  $i \in \rho \delta s$ . [ $\bar{i}$ ]

**ιρος**, η, ον, 10n. 10r ιερος. [ι] **ἰρο-φάντης**, δ, Ion. for *ἰεροφ*-.

ίρωσύνη, Ion. for ιερωσύνη, priesthood.

 $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{\Sigma}$ ,  $\mathbf{\eta}$ , gen. lvós, acc. lva: pl. nom. lves, dat. lvest Ep. lvesσι:—Lat. VIS, strength, force, nerve, thew and sinew: very freq. in periphr. hke  $\beta$ i $\mathbf{\eta}$ , as, is  $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{\eta}$ -λεμάχοιο the strong Telemachus.

II. a muscle: the neck. [i]

ioa, ioa, neut. pl. of loos, loos, used as Adv.

io-άγγελος, ον, (ίσος, άγγελος) like an angel. io-άδελφος, ον, (ίσος, άδελφός) like a brother.

iσάζω, f. άσω, (ἴσοs) to make equal:—Med. to make or bold equal to another, c. dat,

ἴσαμι, Dor. for ἴσημι.

ίσ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμιλλα) equal in the race. ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ιδο. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἦδεισαν, 3 pl. plapf. of εἴδω.

lo-aveμos, ον, (loos, aνεμοs) swift as the wind. [a]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι. ἰσ-άργυρος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄργυρος) as good as silver,

worth its weight in silver.

ίσας, Dor. part. of ίσημι. ίσασι, 3 pl. of ίσημι, and of οίδα (v. είδω Β).

ισάσκετο [1], Ion. for Ισάζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of Ισάζω, she likened herself.

ίσατι, Dor. for ίσησι, 3 sing. of ίσημι.

iσ-ηγορέω and Med. - έομαι, (ἴσος, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

loηγορία, ή, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ίσ-ῆλιξ, ϊκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἦλιξ) of the same age with. ἰσ-ημέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

"IΣHMI, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσᾶμι, ἴσᾶτι; pl. ἴσᾶμεν, ἴσᾶσι οτ ἴσαντι; part. ἴσαs.

lσ-ήρετμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἐρετμός) with as many oars lσ-ήρης, ες, (ἴσος, ἀραρεῖν) equally fitted, equal. It. lσθι, how. II. lσθι, be, imperat. of elμί sum.

"Îσθμια (sub. lepá), ων, τά, (lσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence Ἰσθμιάζω, f. άσω, to attend the Isthmuan games.

'Ισθμϊδικός, ή, όν, (ἴσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Τσθμιάς, άδος, pecul. tem. of Ίσθμιος: al Ἰσθμιάδες (sub. ἐορταί), the Isthmian games.

ίσθμιον, τό, (ίσθμός) a necklace.

"Iσθμιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (lσθμόs) of the Isthmus,

'Ισθμόθεν, Adv. from the Isthmus; and 'Ισθμόθι, Adv. on the Isthmus; and 'Ισθμοί, Adv. on the Isthmus. From

lσθμός, οῦ, ὁ, (είμι ibo) a neck: any narrow pas-2. a neck of land between two seas, an istb-

mus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth ίσθμ-ώδης, ες, (ἰσθμός, είδος) like an istbmus.

Irias, ádos, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From "Iσις, ή, gen. Ισιδος Ion. "Ισιος: dat. "Ισι: acc. \*Iow:-Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

\*ΙΣΚΩ or είσκω, to make like; ἴσκε ψεύδεα πολλά λέγων ἐτύμοισιν όμοῖα speaking many lies be made them like truths. II. to bold or think like; èuè σολ ίσκοντες thinking me like you: absol., ίσκειν έκαστος ανήρ each man imagined or supposed. in late Poets, ίσκε, ίσκεν, = έλεγεν, be spake, said.

ίσμεν, I pl. of οίδα, for which Homer always uses

. ίδμεν ; ν. είδω Β.

ίσο-βαρής, έs, (ίσος, βάρος) of equal weight.

iσο-δαίμων, ον, gen ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god. II. equal in fortune or bappiness. loo-blaitos, ον, (ἴσος, δίαιτα) living on an equal footing.

iσο-ζυγής, ές, (ἴσος, ζυγήναι) equally balanced:

eoual.

lσό-θεος, ον. (ἴσος, θεύς) equal to the gods, godlike. iσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger. ίσό-κληρος, ον, (ἴσος, κλήρος) equal in property. iσο-κράτής, ές, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or

power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence iσοκράτία, ή, equality of power and rights, political equality.

ίσ-όμαλος, ον, (ἴσος, ὁμαλός) equally level, nearly

equal.

ίσο-μάτωρ, Dor. for Ισο-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) like one's mother.

iσό-μαχος, ον, (ίσος, μάχη) equal in the fight. ίσο-μεγέθης, εs, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size. ίσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ίσος, μέτωπον) with equal forebead or front.

ίσο-μήκης, ες, (ἴσος, μῆκος) equal in length. **ἰσομοιρέω**, f. ήσω, (ἰσόμοιρο**s**) to bave an equal sbare : to take a share in a thing with another. Hence

lσομοιρία Ion. -ίη, ή, a sbaring equally, equal partnersbip.

ίσό-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοίρα) baving an equal sbare of a thing; γης Ισόμοιρος αήρ earth's equal partner 2. generally, equal, close, resembling; φάοε σκότο Ισόμοιρον light close akin to darkness.

 $i\sigma \delta$ - $\mu o \rho o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(i\sigma o s$ ,  $\mu o \rho o s$ ) =  $i\sigma \delta \mu o \iota \rho o s$ , resembling. ίσ-όνειρος, ον, (ίσος, όνειρος) dream-like, vacant. ίσό-νεκυς, υος, ό, ή, (ἴσος, νέκυς) dying the same death. Ισονομέομαι, Pass. (Ισόνομος) to bave equal rights.

iσονομία, ή, equality of rights, political equality. loó-voμos, ον, (ἴσοs, νόμοs) baving equal rights,

enjoying freedom.

ίσό-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (ἴσος, παι̂s) like a child. ίσο-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long. iσοπαλέω, f. ήσω, to be a match for. From ίσο-παλής, ές, (ίσος, πάλη) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

 $i\sigma \dot{o} - \pi \ddot{a} \lambda o s$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $= i\sigma o \pi a \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ .

iσό-πεδον, τό, level ground, a flat: neut. from ίσό-πεδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level. ίσο-πλατής, ές, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadtb. ίσο-πλάτων, ωνος, ὁ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato. ίσο-πληθής, έs, (ἴσος, πληθος) equal in number or quantity.

ίσό-πρεσβυς, v, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man. ίσορροπία, ή, equipoise, equilibrium. From ίσορ-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ροπή) equally balanced, in

equipoise: equally matched.

\*IΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσον, Att. ἴσος [ι], ἴση, ἴσον, Ep. also εισος [i]: -equal to, the same as, like; ισα προς ισα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ., equally with; ἴσον ἐμοί equally with me. II. equally divided or distributed, equal; ιση μοίρα an equal portion, also ιση alone (sub. μοίρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measure; προστυχείν των ίσων to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνήρ a fair, 2. at Athens, of the equal division upright man. of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment;  $i\sigma ai$  (sub.  $\psi \hat{\eta} \phi oi$ ) votes equally di-III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus; είs τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere; δι' ἴσου at an equal distance or interval. ἴσωs, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. Ισον Att. ἴσον, Ισα Att. ĩơa, are also used adverbially: in Att. ĩơa generally means equally, lows perhaps:—so also if low equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσφ V. Att. Comp. Ισαίτερος. equally; cp. ἐπίσηs. ίσοσκελής, έε, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs; ίσο-

σκελès τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal. ίσοτέλεια, ή, (ἰσοτελήs) equality of taxation.

ίσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τελέω) accomplished for all alike.

iσο-τελής, ές, (ἴσος, τέλος) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the ἰσοτελείs were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτηs), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ίσο-τενής, ές, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.

ίσότης, ητος, ή, (ἴσος) equality.

lσοτιμία, ή, equality of bonour or privilege. From ἰσό-τῖμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) beld in equal bonour: baving the same privileges.

ίσο-φαρίζω, (Ισος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; lσοφαρίζειν τινὶ ἔργα to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.

ισοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ισοφαρίζω.

ίσο-φόρος, ον, (ίσος, φέρω) bearing equal weights, equal in strength.

ίσο-χειλής, ές, οτ ίσό-χειλος, ον, (ίσος, χείλος) level with the edge or brim.

ίσό-χνοος, ον, (ἴσος, χνόος) equally woolly with.

ισοχρονέω, f. ήσω, to be contemporary with. From ισό-χρονος, ον, (ίσος, χρόνος) equal in age or time. ισοψηφία, ή, equal right to vote. From

iσ6-ψηφος, ον, (ίσος, ψηφος) having an equal number of votes.

II. having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.

III. equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum

ἰσό-ψῦχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) of equal spirit or soul: κράτος ἰσόψυχον power of like spirit with men.

ἴσοω, f. ώσω, (ἴσοs) to make equal; ἰσώσας τὰφέσει τὰ τέρματα baving made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. baving run the whole course:—Med., ὄνυχας χεῖράς τε ἰσώσαντο they made their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass, to be made like or equal to.

Ιστάμεν, Ιστάμεναι, Ερ. for Ιστάναι, inf. of ἴστημι. ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἴστημι.

ίστάω, rare collat. form of ιστημι, in 3 sing. pres. ιστα, and 3 sing. impf. ιστα.

ίστε, 2 pl. of οίδα, v. \* είδω Β.

Ιστέαται, Ion. for ιστανται.

ἴστημι (lengthd. from \*ΣΤΑ'Ω):—the tenses of ἔστημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, to make to stand, pres. ἴστημι, impf. ἴστην, fut. στήσω, and aor. 1 ἔστησα, of Act.

Β. Intrans. to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plqpf ἐστήκειν, together with pres. pass. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἱστάμην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι), aor. 1 ἐστάθην [α], pf. ἔσταμαι, plqpf. ἐστάμην. But the pres. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἱστάμην, as well as aor. 1 ἐστησάμην, must also be regarded as med., in which case they take a causal sense, to place.

Ερις forms: 3 sing. impf.  $i\sigma\tau\alpha\sigma\kappa\epsilon$ : 3 pl. aor. 1 Ep.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\ddot{\alpha}\sigma\alpha\nu$  for  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ : syncop. dual and plur. perf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\ddot{\alpha}\tau\sigma\nu$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\ddot{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\ddot{\alpha}\tau\epsilon$  (or  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\eta\tau\epsilon$ ),  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\ddot{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\nu$ , imperat.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  or  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}$ ), gen.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\ddot{\alpha}\tau\sigma$ , ion.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\dot{\alpha}$ , acc.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\sigma$ , also  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\mu}\sigma$  (Homer uses gen.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\tau\sigma$ , acc.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\tau\sigma$ , nom. pl.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\sigma$ ): aor. 2  $\sigma\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\kappa\nu$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ , 3 pl.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\alpha\nu$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ , 7 plur.  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\alpha}\nu$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ , 1 plur.  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ , and  $\dot{\tau}$  sing. subj.  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\eta}\eta s$ ,  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\eta}$ , for  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\eta}\nu$ ,  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\eta}$ , 1 plur.  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ , 1 plur.  $\dot{\tau}\tau\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ ,

A. Causal, to make to stand, set, place. II. to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix. III. to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; lardwal riva χαλκούν to set

up a person in brass, raise a brazen statue to him. 2. to raise, raise up, stir; ξριν στῆσαι to begin a quartel. 3. to set up, appoint, establish.

1V. to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρός τι one thing against another.

B. Intrans. to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; "iva xpeias ἔσταμεν in what need we are:—στηναι είς  $\pi$ apà..., to set oneself towards, go to. 2. to lie, be situated. II. to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease. to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ioraσθαι ὀρθόs to rear up. 2. generally, to arise, begin; ξαρος νέον Ισταμένοιο as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μέν φθίνοντος μηνός τοῦ δ' Ισταμένοιο as one month ends and the next begins:-thus in Homer the month is divided into two parts, μην ίστάμενοs and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three parts of ten days each, called respectively, μην ίστάμενος, μεσών, φθίνων. 3. to be appointed.

ίστίη, Ion. for έστία.

ιστιήσθαι, Ion. for εἰστιᾶσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἐστιάω. ἰστιητόριον, τό, Ion. for ἐστιατ-.

lστίον, τό, (ίστόs) a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet: a sail, ἄκροισι χρησθαι ίστίοιs to keep the sails reefed.

ίστιορ-ράφος, ον, (Ιστίον, βάπτω) sail-patching: metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.

ίστιο-φόρος, ον, (ἱστίον, φέρω) carrying sails. ἱστο-βοεύς, gen. - έως Ιοη. - ῆος, ὁ, (ἰστός, βοῦς) the plough-tree or pole.

 $l\sigma\tau o$ -βόη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = foreg.

tστο-δόκη, ή, (ίστός, δέχομαι) the mast-holder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down. ίστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of \*είδω.

ίστο-πέδη, ή, (ίστός, πέδη) a bole in the keel for

fixing the mast in.

lστο-πόνος, ον, (ιστός, πονέω) working at the loom. lστορέω, f. ήσω, (ιστωρ) to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc pers.: of things, to inquire about something.

Il. to narrate what one has learnt, narrate bistorically. Hence

ίστορία, ή, a learning by inquiry: knowledge or information obtained by inquiry. II. a narration of what one has learnt, historical narrative.

ιστός, δ, (ιστημι) a sbip's mast; lστον στήσαι or στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole. II. the web-heam of the loom (which in ancient looms stood upright), the loom; lστον ἐποίχεσθαι to be busy about the heam, and so to weave. 2. the warp that was fixed to the heam: the web.

loτό-τονος, ον, (loτός, τείνω) stretched on the web-

beam. Ιστ-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (Ιστός, \*ἔργω) to work at the loom. Ιστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of \*είδω.

ιστώ, Dor. gen. of ιστός: but ιστώ, dat. of the same. ιστωρ or ιστωρ, ορος, δ, ή, knowing, acquainted

with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ισχάς. [ă]

 $l\sigma\chi$   $d\delta \delta$ - $\pi\omega\lambda ls$ ,  $l\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(l\sigma\chi\dot{\alpha}s$ ,  $\pi\omega\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a woman who sells figs.

ίσχ αιμος, ον, (ίσχω, αίμα) quenching blood: ίσχαιμον, τό, a styptic.

**ἰσχαίνω**, f. l. for *ἰσχναίνω*.

ίσχαλίος, α, ον, poet. for ίσχνός, dry, dried.

ίσχανάα, Ep. 3 sing. of Ισχανάω.

loχανάω, Ep. lengthd. form of loχάνω, ἴοχω, to bold back, check, binder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait.

II. intrans. to bold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

loχάνω, = loχανάω, to check, hinder: c. gen. to keep

back from a thing. [a]

ίσχας, άδος, ή, (ισχνός) a dried fig.

ισχέμεν, ισχέμεναι, Ερ. inf. of ίσχω.

ίσχεο, imperat. med. of ίσχω.

loχίον, το, (is, loχύs) the socket in which the thighjoint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

loχναίνω, (loχνόs) to make thin, dry, withered:—
Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγῶντα θυμὸν loχναίνειν to bring down the proud stomach.

 $l\sigma$ χνο-πάρειος, ον,  $(l\sigma$ χνός, παρειά) with withered cheeks.

ioxvós,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{ov}$ ,  $(i\sigma\chi\omega)$  thin, lean, withered, meagre. II. of style, poor, meagre.

ίσχνό-φωνος, ον, (ίσχνός, φωνή) with thin or weak voice. II. stuttering, stammering

loχυρίζομαι, f ίσομαι Att. Υούμαι: αοτ. I loχυρίσάμην: (loχυρόs): Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass, to be strengthened, gain greater force.

iσχῦρός, ά, όν, (ἰσχύω) strong, mighty, powerful. 2. stiff, firm, lasting, hard. 3. severe, great, excessive: κατὰ ἰσχυρόν by violence, force, opp. to δόλφ. Hence ἰσχυρῶς, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat.

vebementer:—Sup. lσχυρότατα, most certainly. lσχύs, ύος, ή, (is, ίσχω) strength, force, might, esp.

bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.
lσχύω, impf. ἴσχῦον: f. lσχύσω: aor 1 ἴσχῦσα [v]:
(lσχύs):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have
one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ίσχω, a form of ἔχω, only found in pres., and in impf. lσχον:—to bold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to bold oneself in, check oneself: ἴσχεο bold! be still c. gen., ἴσχεσθαί τινοι to desist from a thing; ἴσχετο ἐν τονίτω (impers.) here it stopped. II. later like ἔχω, to bold or possess.

2. to have to wife.

ίσ-ωνία, ή, (ἴσος, ωνή) a fair price.

lo-ωνύμος, ον. (ίσος, όνομα) bearing the same name. lows, Adv. of ίσος, equally, in like manner. II. fairly, equitably. III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with αν or τάχ' αν. IV. with numerals. about.

ίσωσαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of Ισόω.

Τταλία Ion. -ίη, ή, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίδης, ου, δ, poët. for Ἰταλιώτης. Ἰταλικός, ή, όν, (Ἰταλος) Italian.

Ίταλίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ου, δ, an Italiote, one of the Greek inbabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ιδος, Italian.

'ITAΛΟ'Σ, δ, an Italian:—as Adj. Italian.

iτἄμός, ή, όν, (ἴτης) beadlong, basty.
'TTΕ'A Ion. -έη and -είη, ή, a willow, Lat. salix.
II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

lτέινος, η, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

iτέον, verb. Adj. of είμι ιδο, one must go.

ίτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of είμι ibo. ίτης, ου, δ, (είμι ibo) basty, impetuous: impudent.

iτόs, ή, όν, (είμι ibo) passable.

iτρίνεοs, a, ov, like boney-cake. From iτριον, τό, a cake, made of sesamé and honey.

ἴττω, Boeot. for ἴστω, 3 sing. pf. of \*εἴδω; ἴττω Ζεύs Zeus be witness!

"ITY"  $\Sigma$ , vos,  $\hat{\eta}$ , the edge or rim of anything round, the felloe of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ίτω, 3 sing. imperat. of είμι ibo.

ίτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of είμι ibo.

 $l\bar{\upsilon}\gamma\dot{\eta},\,\dot{\eta},\,(l\dot{\upsilon}\zeta\omega)$  a bowling, shrieking, yelling.

luyµ $\delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , ( $lv'(\omega)$ ) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, shriek.

τυγξ or τυγξ, τυγγος, ή, (lύζω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

TΥΖΩ, fut. lúξω: aor. I luξα:—to shout, holla: also to howl, shriek. (Formed from the sound.)

**ἰυκτήs**, οῦ, δ, (ἰύζω) one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper.  $[\bar{\imath}]$ 

ιφθίμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (lφι) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

\*IPI, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from is.

Ἰφι-γένεια, ή, (Ιφι, γένω) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφιάνασσα.

ίφιοs, a, oν, (lφι) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly.

"ION, 76, a kind of pot-berb.

 $\mathbf{i}_{\mathbf{X}}$ θυάζομαι, Dep. =  $\mathbf{i}_{\mathbf{X}}$ θυάω.

 $\mathbf{l}$ χθυάω, f. άσω, ( $\mathbf{l}$ χθύ $\mathbf{s}$ ) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing.  $\mathbf{l}$ χθυά $\mathbf{a}$ , impf.  $\mathbf{l}$ χθυάασκον.

 $\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{X}}$ θύ-βοτος, ον, ( $\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{X}}$ θύς, βόσκω) fed on by fish.  $\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{X}}$ θύδιον, τό, Dim. of  $\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{X}}$ θύς, a little fish.

ίχθυ-δόκος, ον, (ἰχθύε, δέχομαι) bolding fish.

ἰχθυπρός, ά, όν, (ἰχθύς) fisby, scaly, foul. ἰχθυο-βολέω, ἰχθυο-βόλος, = ἰχθυβ-.

ίχθυο-ειδής, έε, (ίχθύε, είδοε) fish-shaped, fish-like.

**Lχθύόειε**, εσσα, εν, (lχθύε) full of fish, fishy. consisting of fish.

**ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, (ἰχθύs, θηράω)** a fisherman. **ἰχθϋο-λύμηs,** ου, ὁ, (ἰχθύs, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.

ίχθυο-φάγος, ον, (ἰχθύς, φάγεῖν) fish-eating; οἱ Ἰχθυοφάγοι ἄνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe.

ίχθυ-παγής, ές, (ἰχθύς, παγηναι) fish-piercing.

TXΘΥ'Σ, νος, δ: acc. lχθύν and later lχθύα: the nom. and acc. pl. lχθύες, lχθύας are contr. into lχθῦς:—a fish, Lat. piscis.

II. plur ol lχθύες, the fish-market. [v̄ in sing. nom. and acc., v̄ in genit. and in all compds.]

**ἰχθύσι-ληϊστήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\delta$ , ( $\hat{\iota}$ χθύs, ληστήs) a stealer of fish.

 $\ddot{i}$ χθ $\ddot{v}$ -φάγος,  $o\nu$ , = iχθvοφάγος.  $[\breve{a}]$ 

iχθυ-ώδης, ες, (iχθύς, εiδος) = iχθυοειδής full of fish.

ixvaîos, a, ον, (ἴχνοs) following on the track.
ixveίa, ἡ, (ἰχνείω) a casting about for the scent
ixν-ϵλάτηs, ου, ὁ, (ἴχνοs, ἐλαύνω) one who follows
in the track, a tracker out.

iχνεύμων, oros, ὁ, (ἰχνεύω) the tracker · an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the ichneumon or Pharaoh's rat, which bunts out crocodiles' eggs.

rat, which bunts out crocodies eggs. "χνευσις, εως, ή, (ἰχνεύω) a tracking.

iχνευτήs, οῦ, ὁ, a tracker, bunter. 2. the ichneumon: and

ίχνευτικός, ή, όν, good at tracking. From

ίχνεύω, f. σω, (ίχνοι) to track or trace out, hunt after. ἴχνιον, τύ, (ἴχνοι) a track, trace, footstep.

ἰχνο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἴχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap "IXNOΣ, εος, τό, a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.

ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἴχνοs, σκοπέω) to examine the track. ἸΧΩ'P, ῶροs, ὁ, ichor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχῶρα

 $\mathbf{i}\mathbf{\psi}$ ,  $\delta$ , gen.  $i\pi\delta s$ , nom. pl.  $i\pi\epsilon s$ :  $(i\pi\tau \sigma \mu\alpha\iota)$ :—a worm that eats born and wood.  $[\bar{\iota}]$ 

ίψαο, 2 sing. aor. I of ἔπτομαι.

ίω, subj. of είμι ιbo.

la, contr for láov, imperat. of láouai

iώ, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. 10 triumphe! but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., oh!

 $\mathbf{i}\hat{\omega}$ ,  $\mathbf{i}\hat{\omega}$ ν,  $\mathbf{i}\hat{\omega}$ γα and  $\mathbf{i}\hat{\omega}$ νγα, Boeot, for  $\hat{\epsilon}$ γ $\hat{\omega}$ ν,  $\hat{\epsilon}$ γ $\hat{\omega}$ ν, and  $\hat{\epsilon}$ γωγε.

ίωγή, ή, (lέναι) shelter; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγῆ under shelter from the north wind.

lωή, ή, (lά, lω) any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

ίωκα, heterocl. acc. of lwκh, as if from lωξ.

lwkh, ή, (διώκω) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.

**ἰών, ἰώνγα,** ν. ἰώ, ἰών.

"ION, wvos, &, Ion, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creüsa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; of Iowes the Ionians. [1]

lωνιά, as, ή, (lov) a violet-bed, Lat. violarium.

Ίωνικός, ή, όν, (Ίων) Ionic, Ionian:—Adv. -κως, in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately.

ίῶτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. an iota, a jot.

lωχμόs, δ, = lωκή, dν' lωχμόν in chase, pursuit.

## K

 $\mathbf{K}$ ,  $\kappa$ , κάππα,  $\tau$ ό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet As numeral  $\kappa'=20$ , but  $\kappa=20,000$ .  $\kappa$  is near akin to  $\gamma$  and  $\chi$ ; hence the older Att. changed  $\chi \nu \delta os$  into  $\kappa \nu \delta os$ ,  $\gamma \nu \delta a \tau \omega$  into  $\kappa \nu \delta a \tau \tau \omega$ ,  $\delta \epsilon \gamma \chi \omega$  into  $\delta \epsilon \gamma \kappa \omega$ ; so the Ion.  $\chi \iota \tau \delta \omega$  into  $\kappa \iota \delta \omega$ ,  $\delta \epsilon \chi \delta \omega$  into  $\delta \epsilon \kappa \omega \omega$ , etc.— $\gamma$  before  $\kappa$ , as in  $\delta \gamma \kappa \alpha \delta \epsilon \nu$ , is pronounced like our ng.

 $\kappa \bar{a}$ , Dor. for the Ion.  $\kappa \epsilon$ , = the Att.  $\tilde{a}\nu$ .

κάββάλε, Ερ. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω. καββάs, poet. for καταβάs, aor 2 part. of καταβάνω.

Kάβειροι, ol, the Cabeiri, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as κάγ γόνυ.

κάγκανος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, dry. καγχάζω, fut. άσω, = καχάζω. Hence

καγχάλάω, το laugh aloud, Lat. cachinnor; Ep. 3
pl. καγχαλόωσιν; Ep. part. καγχαλόων, -όωσα.

κάγχρὺς, see κάχρυς.

κάγώ, crasis for καὶ ἐγώ.

κάδ, Ερ for κατά before δ, as κάδ δέ. καδδράθέτην, Ερ. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδαρθάνω.

καδδύναμιν, Ερ. for κατά δύναμιν.

καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor 2 part. fem. of καταδύω

καδεμών, Dor for κηδεμών.

καδίσκος, ό, Dim. of κάδος: the balloting-urn.
Καδμεΐος, α, ον, (Κάδμος) Cadmean; οί Καδμεΐοι
the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; η
Καδμεία the citadel of Thebes. Proverbial, Καδμεία
νίκη a Cadmean victory, i. e. dear-bought victory (from

the story of Polynices and Eteocles).

Καδμείων, ωνος, ὁ, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, Theban.

Καδμήϊος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος. Καδμητς, έδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείος.

Κάδμος,  $\delta$ , Cadmos; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμήτα γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight Ionic,  $\eta \omega \theta \phi \chi \zeta \xi \psi$ .

κάδος, ό, (χαδείν) a pail, jar, cask, Lat cadus. an urn or box for collecting the votes. [α] κάδος, εοε, τό, Dor. for κήδος.

Kάειρα, ή, fem. of Κάρ, a Carion woman.

Adj. fem. for Καρική, Carian.

κατίς, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω. κατήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of καίω.

καήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.

καθά, Adv., contr. from κατά, α, according as.

καθ-άγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, ἀγίζω) to devote or dedicate by fire.

II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: devour.

καθάγισμός, δ, a devoting or dedication by fire. II.

a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.

καθ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, ἀγνός) to make pure, cleanse, ballow.

II. to offer as an atonement or expiation.

καθαιμακτός, όν, bloodstained, bloody. From καθ-αιμάσσω, f. ξω, (κατά, αἰμάσσω) to make bloody, stain with blood.

καθ-αιμάτόω, = καθαιμάσσω.

καθαίρεσις, εως, ή, (καθαιρέω) a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.

καθαιρετέος, έα, έον, and καθαιρετός, ά, όν, verb. Adj. of καθαιρέω, to be put down: to be accomplished.

καθαιρέτης, ου, ὁ, a destroyer. From καθ-αιρέω Ιου. καταιρέω: fut. ήσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ: 2οτ. 2 καθελού, inf. καθελεῦν:—to take down; καθελεῦν iστία to lower the sails; ὁφθαλμοὺς καθελεῦν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαιρεῦν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. coelo deducere lunam: generally, to take down anything bung up; hence Med., καθαιρεῦνθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg.

2. to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to bumble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn.

3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., καταιρέσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats.

4. like alpεῦν, to take and carry off, seize.

κάθαίρω, fut. κάθάρω: aor. I ἶκάθηρα:—Pass, aor. I ἶκάθήρην: pf. κεκάθαρμαι: (καθαρόs):—to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to bave oneself purified. II. to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.

κάθ-άλλομαι, fut. - αλοῦμαι: αοτ. 1 καθηλάμην: Dep.: —to leap down, Lat. desilire: of a storm, to rush down. κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) anything tied, α knot, κάθαμμα λύειν λόγου to untie a knotty point.

καθ-ανύω, Att. for κατανύω.

καθ-άπαξ, Adv. once for all: altogether.

καθά-περ Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit.  $\pi$ ερ, even as, just as.

καθαπτός, ή, όν, fastened on or to; καθαπτός δοραίς clad in skins. From

καθ-άπτω, f. ψω: 201. Ι καθήψα: (κατά, ἄπτω): to tie or fasten cn:—Pass., βρόχφ καθημμένοε (pf.

II. part.) fastened or attached to a noose. 2. = καθάπτομαι, to lay hold of. II. Med. καθάπτομαι, fut. -άψομαι:—to lay hold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. antestart.

κάθαρευτέον, one must keep clean, be pure, τινόs from a thing; verb. Adj. from

κάθαρεύω, f. σω, (καθαρόs) to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.

καθάρίζω, fut. ίσω Att.  $\iota\hat{\omega}_{,}=\kappa\alpha\theta\alpha\hat{\iota}\rho\omega$ , to cleanse, purify, make clean.

κάθάριος, ον, (καθαρός) cleanly, neat. Hence κάθαριότης, ητος, ή, cleanliness, neatness.

κάθαρισμός, δ, (καθαρίζω) a cleansing, purifying. κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) that which is thrown away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. II. metaph. a worthless fellow, castaway, outcast. III. a space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος within the purified ground.

καθ-αρμόζω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to join or fit to.

κάθαρμός, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purifying. 2 an atonement, expration.

KAΘΑΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, clean, pure spotless, unsoiled, of garments.

11. clear, open, free; ἐν καθαρὰ (sub. τόπψ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθαρὰ πλίψ in the open sun, opp. to the shade.

III. in moral sense, with clean bands, pure, free from offence.

IV. pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true.

V. generally, perfect, complete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service. Hence

κάθαρότης, ητος, ή, cleanness, purity.

καθ-αρπάζω, fut. άσω or άξω, to tear or snatch down. καθάρσιος, ον, (καθαίρω) cleansing, purifying, expiatory. II. as Subst., τδ καθάρσιον (sub. ἰερόν), an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.

κάθαρσις, εως, ή, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purification, κάθαρτής, οῦ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleanser, purifier.

καθεδούμαι, fut. of καθέζομαι.

καθ-έδρα, (κατά, ἔδρα) ἡ, a seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ the hare's seat or form.

II. a sitting still, lounging, delaying.

καθ-έζομαι: impf. καθεζόμην, but also ἐκαθεζόμην (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδοῦμαι: aor. I part. καθεσθείs: Dep.:—to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.

καθέηκα, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθίημι.

καθείατο, Ερ. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι. καθείλον, 201. 2 of καθαιρέω.

καθείμαι, pf. pass. of καθίημι.

καθ-είργνῦμι and καθείργω, Att. for κατ-: f.  $-\epsilon$ ίρξω: aor.  $I -\epsilon$ îρξα: (κατά,  $\epsilon$ ίργω):—to sbut up, enclose, confine.

καθ-εῖs, for καθ' εἶs, one by one, one after another; also εἶs καθεῖs, for εἶs καθ' ἔνα.

καθείσα, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω.

καθεκτός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (κατέχοι) to be beld back. έκαθήμην: - properly perf. of καθέζομαι, to bave seated καθελείν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαιρέω. oneself, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their καθ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plapf. pass. κατειλίχατο, for καθειλιγμένοι ήσαν. καθ-έλκω, f. – έλξω or – ελκύσω (as if from – ελκύω): 201. Ι καθείλκυσα: pf. καθείλκυκα:-Pass., 201. Ι καθειλκύσθην: pf. καθείλκυσμαι:-to draw down, esp. of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco. καθελοίσα, Dor. for καθελούσα, fem. of καθελών.  $\kappa \alpha \theta \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , fut. of  $\kappa \alpha \theta \alpha \iota \rho \epsilon \omega$ . καθελών, aor. 2 part. of καθαιρέω. καθ-έννυμι, to clothe; see καταέννυμι. καθεξής, Adv. (κατά, έχω) in order, in succession. κάθεξις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κατέχω) a holding, keeping hold of. καθέξω, fut. of κατέχω. κάθ-ερμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ξρμα) a necklace. καθ-έρπω, f.  $-\epsilon \rho \pi \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega$  (as if from  $-\epsilon \rho \pi \dot{\nu} \omega$ ): aor. I καθείρπυσα: (κατά, έρπω):—to creep or steal down: metaph, of the first down, to steal down the cheek. κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of καθίημι. καθεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καθέζομαι. καθέσταμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι. καθεστηκώς, νία, ός, pf. part. of καθίστημι. καθεστήξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense. καθεστώτα, ων, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages. καθ-εύδω: impf. Ερ. καθεῦδον, Att. also καθηῦδον and ἐκάθευδον: fut. καθευδήσω:—to lie down to sleep, sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, to find out, discover. καθ-εψιάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, εψιάομαι): Dep.: -to mock at, deride; Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιόωνται. καθ-έψω, fut. – εψήσω, (κατά, έψω) to boil down, di-II. metaph. to soften, temper. κάθη, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημαι. καθηγεμών, όνος, δ, ή, (κατά, ήγεμών) a leader, guide. καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.: —to lead the way, be guide: hence to shew the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe, Lat. praeire verbis. Hence καθηγητήs, οῦ, δ, a leader, guide, teacher. καθήγισα, aor. I of καθαγίζω. καθήγνισα, aor. I of καθαγνίζω. καθ-ηδυπαθέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ήδυπαθέω) to squander in luxury. καθήκα, aor. 1 of καθίημι. καθ-ήκω, f. ξω, (κατά, ήκω) to come or go down, go down to fight. 2. to come down to, come or reach to, extend to. II. to reach as far as, to suffice or

be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper.

κάθ-ημαι: imperat. κάθησο; subj. κάθωμαι; opt.

καθοίμην; inf. καθήσθαι; part. καθήμενος: impf. ίστημι.

stances.

to illuminate.

seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait. καθ-ημέριος, α, ον, also καθημερινός, ή, όν, (καθ' ημέραν) bappening every day, daily. κάθηρα, Ερ. for ἐκάθηρα, 20r. I of καθαίρω. κάθησθε, 2 pl. of κάθημαι: but καθησθε, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same. κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημαι: --καθήστο, 3 sing. impf. καθηῦδον, impf. of καθεύδω. καθ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : — Causal of καθέζομαι, to make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of sacred things, to consecrate: - Pass. to sit down, settle. καθ-ίεμαι, Pass. of καθίημι. καθ-ἴερόω, f. ώσω, to dedicate, consecrate, devote, ballow.  $\kappa \alpha \theta$ - $\iota \zeta \dot{\alpha} v \omega$ ,  $(\kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\alpha}, i \zeta \omega)$  to sit down. καθίζεο, Dor. for καθίζου, med. imperat. of sq. καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον οτ κάθιζον Att. ἐκάθιζον (as if the Verb were not a compd.); fut. καθίσω Att. καθιῶ Dor. καθίξω: aor. 1 ἐκάθἴσα Dor κάθιξα, Ep. part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. I is καθείσα, also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense: (κατά, ἵζω): I. Causal, to make to sit down; άγοραs καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e. open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute. to place or settle in a place, establish. 3. to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so. intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals: of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp. καθ-ίημι, fut. καθήσω: aor, Ι καθήκα Ερ. καθέηκα: pf καθείκα, pass. καθείμαι: (κατά, ἵημι):- to send down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto, καθιέναι την άγκυραν to let go the anchor; καθιέναι καταπειρητηρίην to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., καθιέναι to sound:—metaph to put forward, attempt: -Pass, to be carried down, reach or stretch down seawards; καθείτο τὰ τείχη the walls were carried down to the sea. II. to send down into the place of contest, enter for a contest. III. intr. to come down upon, attack. καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of καθικνέομαι. καθ-Ικετεύω, to intreat earnestly. καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: 2 οτ. 2 - λκόμην: (κατά, iκνέομαι): Dep.:—to come down, come to, reach to: hence to touch, probe. καθ-ιμάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ξμάω) to let down by a rope. καθίξας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. I part. of καθίζω. τὸ καθῆκον, οντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, that which is καθίξη, Dor. for καθίση, 2 sing. 20r. 1 of καθίζω. meet or proper, one's duty: but also τὰ καθήκοντα = καθ-ιππάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:-to ride down, τά καθεστώτα, the present state of things, circumoverrun with borse: generally, to trample down. καθ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride down, trample under foot. καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ήλιος) to bring the sun in upon, καθίσα, Att. 20r. 1 of καθίζω.

καθίστα or -τη, for καθίσταθι, imperat of καθίστημι.

καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-

I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίκαθ-ίστημι: στημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, 201. Ι κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, 20r. Ι κατεστησάμην:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστησαι νηα to bring a ship to land, put in. settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore: - Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans. in 20r. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plqpf. καθεστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: 2. to be set, established, apto settle oneself. pointed. 3. to stand quiet or calm, πνεῦμα καθεστηκό a calm: of persons, to become calm and com-4. to be in a certain state; εὖ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστηκώς Ion. κατεστεώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστώτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστώντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.

καθ-6, Adv. for καθ δ, in so far as, according as. καθολικόs, ή, όν, (κάθολοs) general, universal. καθ-6λου, for καθ όλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δμολογέω) to confess.

II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to equip or array fully. καθ-οράω, f. κατόψομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεόρακα: αοτ. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εῖδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to set in motion, impel. καθ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ:—to bring into barbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθωρμισάμην, to come into barbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, δσιος) to offer sacrifice:
—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ότι, in what manner. καθοῦ, for καθέσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθίημι. καθ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly.

II. absol. to wax insolent.

κάθ-υδρος, ον, (κατά, ὕδωρ) full of water; κάθυδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periphr. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ήσω, to sing of, to descant upon. καθ-υπερακοντίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, ὑπερ-ακοντίζω): to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-ύπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὕπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ϋπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of καθύπερθε, upper, bigher, above: of persons, baving the upper band, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ον, bighest, uppermost.

καθ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνόω, f. ώσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances. If. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing. καθ-υφίημι, f.-υφήσω: (κατά, ὑφίημι):—to let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray.

2. intr. to slacken one's exertions.

3. Med., καθυφίεσθαί τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

κάθωμαι, subj. of κάθημαι,

καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ώς) according as, as.

KAI', Conjunct., and, also. I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. Te answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, άρκτοι τε καὶ λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ώς σοφοί τε καὶ εὐτυχεῖς γεγενημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortu-II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἔπειτά με καὶ λίποι αἰών then let 2. with Participles or Adjeclife also forsake me. tives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, "Εκτορα, καὶ μεμαῶτα, μάχη**s** σχήσεσθαι ὀίω Hector will I keep away, bow much soever or although 3. even, to increase or diminish the force he rage. of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεδs καὶ ἀμείνονας ΐππους δωρήσαιτο; καί is often used in this way before οὖτος; with neut. pl, καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i. e. especially an old one). 4. so also in diminishing, **ί**έμενο**s κα**λ καπνόν ἀποθρώσκοντα νοῆσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i. e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἶε ἡδὺ καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak. after ομοιος, ίσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aeque, simul, perinde, etc.; γνώμησι έχρέοντο δμοίησι καί σύ they held the same opinion as you. of number, about; καὶ ἐε ἐβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καιάδας, ου, Dor. α, δ, α chasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραθρον. (Lacon. word.)

καλ γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καλ γάρ δή for of a surety.

καί . γε, and indeed, Lat. et .. quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καὶ λίην κεῖνοε γε ἐοικότι κεῖται ὁλέθρφ and indeed very deserved. Γε is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καί δή, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero. III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καί δη καί and besides that also, and moreover.

καὶ εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καί the thing is supposed as existing.

καιέμεν, Ep. for καίειν.

καί κε, καί κεν. Ep. for καὶ ἄν, κἄν.

Kaiklas, ov, &, the north-east wind.

καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, aye and very much.

καὶ μήν, and verily, and certainly, Lat. et vero. II. and further, and besides. III. in answers, well, be it so.

καινίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (καινόs) to make new, to bave new; καί τι καινίζει στέγη the house bas something new about it; καίνισον ζυγόν bear thy new yoke; καινίσαι εὐχάs to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.

καινο-πάθης, ές, (καινός, παθεῖν) newly suffered, never before suffered.

καινο-πηγής, ές, (καινός, πήγνυμι) newly fastened, new-made

καινο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (καινός, πημα) newly suffering, new to suffering.

καινο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καινός, ποιέω) to make new, renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιηθέν λέγεις; what new pbrases art thou using? Hence

καινοποιητής, οῦ, ὁ, an inventor of new pleasures. KAINO'Σ, ἡ, ὀν, new, fresb, Lat. recens; καινοὶ λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresb, Lat. de novo.

Il. newly introduced, new-fangled, strange; καινοὶ θεοί strange gods

καινό-τάφος, ον, (καινός, τάφος) of a new tomb. καινότης, ητος, ή, (καινός) newness freshness: novelty. καινοτομέω, f. ήσω, (καινοτόμος) to cut fresh into; in mining, to open a new vein: metaph, to begin something new, institute anew; to make innovations in the state, Lat. res novas tentare. Hence

καινοτομία, ή, a cutting anew: innovation.

καινο-τόμος, ον, (καινός, τεμείν) cutting newly: beginning something new, innovating.

καινουργέω, f. ήσω, (καινουργόs) to make new. II. to innovate, make innovations. Hence

to innovate, make innovations. 11ch

καινουργία, ή, innovation.

καιν-ουργός, όν, (καινός, \*έργω) making new, innovating: τὸ καινουργόν a novelty.

καινόω, f. ώσω, (καινόs) to make new, innovate:— Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II. to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καί νύ κε, and now perbaps.

KAINTMAI, impl. ἐκαινύμην [τ]: pf. (in pressense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpl. (in impl. sense) ἐκεκάσμην, formed as if from κάζω:—to surpass, excel; ἐκαίντο φιλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβεργάσαι be surpassed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέκαστο Πανέληναs be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear; so in part., δύλοισι κεκασμένοs surpassing all in wiles; but κεκασμένοs also well-furnished.

kal vûv, and now, even now.

**ΚΑΙ'ΝΩ**, fut. κανω: 2 οτ. 2 ξκανον, inf. κανείν: pf. κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

καί-περ, (καί περ) although, albeit.

καὶ πῶs; and how? but how? when a thing is supposed to be impossible: only interrog.

kal ba. Ep. and then, and so.

καίριος, a, ov, also os, ov, (καιρός): in season, seasonable, bappening at the right or critical time, Lat.

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. of Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, vital; ἐν καιρίφ οτ κατὰ καίριον in a vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καιρία (sub. πληγή) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καίρια accidents. Hence

καιρίωs, Adv. seasonably. II. mortally.

KAIPO'Σ, ὁ, due measure, right proportion, fitness; καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly. II. of Time, the right season, the right time for action, the critical moment, Lat. opportunitas: generally, convenience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. καιρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely; ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι οι γίγνεσθαι to suit one's convenience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπό οι ἄνευ καιροῦ οι παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tempore.

III. of Place, the right point, right spot: also a vital part of the body.

KAIPOZ, o, the webbing or thrums to which the threads of the warp are fastened. Hence

καιροσέων, a gen. pl. in Od. 7 107, καιροσέων όθονέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be for καιροέσσων, gen. pl. fem. of καιρόειs.

καιρο-φυλάκέω, f. ήσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch for the right time, Lat. tempora observare.

καὶ ταῦτα, and that, and besides, especially.

καί τοι or καί-τοι, and indeed: and yet, although. ΚΑΙ'Ω Att. κάω [ā]: impf. ἔκαιον Att. ἔκᾶον Ερ. κεῖον: fut. καύσω: aor. I ἔκαυσα, Att. also ἔκεα, Ερ. ἔκηα or ἔκεια (or without augm. κῆα, κεῖα):—Pass., aor. I ἐκαύθην: aor. 2 ἐκάην: pf. κέκαυμα:

1. to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn.

11. to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.

κάκ, Ep for κατά before κ, as in κακ κεφαλής.

κάκ, crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

κάκ-άγγελος, ον, (κακά, άγγέλλω) bringing ill tidings.

κὄκ-άγγελτος, ον, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill tidings; κακάγγελτα ἄχη the sorrow of ill tidings. κακ-άγορος, Dor. for κακήγορος.

κακ-ανδρία, ή, (κακός, ἀνήρ) unmanliness, coward-

κάκει, by crasis for και έκει, and there, there also. κάκεινος, κάκεινον, by crasis for και έκεινος, etc. κάκ-εστώ, οῦς, ἡ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp.

to εὖεστώ well-being. κάκη, ἡ, (κακόs) badness, baseness: cowardice.

κάκηγορέω, f. ήσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse, slander. Hence

κάκηγορία, ή, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny; κακηγορία δίκη an action for defamation.

κάκ-ήγορος, ον, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking, abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. κακηγορίστερος, -ίστατος.

κάκία, ή, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. pravitas. II disgrace, disbonour.

κακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κακόs) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach.

II. to make cowardly:

—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιστος, η, ον, irreg Sup. of κακός.

κάκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [τ Ep., τ in Att. poets.]

κακκάω, (κάκκη) the Lat. cacare.

κακκείαι, Ep. for κατακείαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω. κακκείοντες, Ep. κατακείοντες, part. of κατακείω. κακ-κεφάλης, better divisim κάκ κεφαλης, Ep. for κατά κεφαλης.

KA'KKH, ή, buman ordure, dung.

κακκήσι Ερ. κατακήσι, 20τ. 1 inf. of κατακαίω. κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κάκ κορ-, Ερ. for κατά κορύθα, κατά κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ερ. for κατα-κρύπτω.

κακ-κύνηγέτις, ιδος, ή, for κατακυνηγέτις.

κάκό-βίοs, ον, (κακόs, βίοs) living badly, living a bard life, faring bardly.

κἄκοβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From κἄκό-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise. κάκο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad neigbbour, or a neigbbour in misery.

κἄκό-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλῶσσα) ill-tongued; βοη κακόγλωσσος a cty full of misery.
2. slanderous.

κακοδαιμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

κακοδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy or unfortunate. Hence

κάκοδαιμονία, ή, unbappiness, misfortune. II. a being possessed by a demon, raving madness. κάκο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, δαίμων) baving an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unbappy,

wretched. II. as Subst. an evil genius. κἄκοδοξέω, f. ήσω, (κακόδοξοs) to be in ill repute. κἄκοδοξία, ή, (κακόδοξοs) ill repute, infamy.

κάκό-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without fame, unknown.

II. infamous.

κάκο-δρομία, ή, (κακόs, δρόμοs) a bad passage. κάκο-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, εἶμα) ill-clad.

κάκοεργία, ή, poėt. for κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From κάκο-εργόε, όν, (κακόε, \*έργω) doing ill; κακοεργόε γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. fames improba.

κάκο-ζοία, ή, (κακός, ζοία poët. for ζωή) a miserable life.

κάκοήθεια, ή, badness of disposition, maliciousness. II. bad manners or babits. From

κάκο-ήθης, εε, (κάκοε, ήθοε) of ill babits, ill-disposed, malicious: τὸ κακόηθεε an ill babit, Lat. scribendi cacoëthes, an itch for writing.

κἄκοθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From κἄκο-θημων, ον, gen. ονοε, (κακόε, τίθημι) ill-arranged, disorderly, careless.

κάκό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (κακόε, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ίλιος, ή, = κακή Ίλιος, evil or unbappy Ilium. κάκοκέρδεια, ή, base love of gain. From

κάκο-κερδής, ές, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain. κακό-κνάμος, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, thinlegged.

κἄκο-κρίσία, ἡ, (κακόs, κρίνω) a bad judgment. κἄκο-λογέω, (κακολόγοs) to speak ill of, rail at. Hence

κἄκολογία, ἡ, evil-speaking, railing, abuse. κἄκο-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing,

slanderous, abusive. κακό-μαντις, εως, δ, ή, = κακός μάντις, prophet of ill.

κάκο-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-κουσιαθίας. κάκομετρέω, f. ήσω, to give bad measure. From κάκό-μετρος, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure. κάκο-μηδής, ές, (κακός, μήδος) contriving ill, crafty. κάκο-μήτης, ου, ό, (κακός, μήτις) = κακομήδής. κάκομηδής. κάκομηλιανός) to practise base

κἄκομηχανέω, f. ήσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base arts. Hence

κάκομηχάνία, ή, a practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief.

κάκομήνάνος ον (κακός μηγανή) mischief-foldting

κἄκο-μήχἄνος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting, mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (κακός, μοιρα) ill-fated.

κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοι $\mathbf{d}$ ,  $\mathbf{\dot{\eta}}$ , (κακόνου $\mathbf{s}$ ) illwill, malice, opp. to εὕ-νοι $\mathbf{a}$ .

κάκονομία, ή, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government. From

κάκό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κάκό-voos, ov; contr. -vous, ovv, pl. κακόνοι; (κακόs, νόos) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστεροs, -νούστατος.

κἄκό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II. as Subst., κακόνυμφος, δ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom. κἄκό-ξενος Ion. -ξεινος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) baving ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξεινώτερος. II. unfriendly to guests, inbospitable.

κάκο-ξύνετος, ον, (κακός, ξυνετός) wise only for evil. κάκοπάθεια, ή, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κάκοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed.

κάκο-παθής, ές, (κακός, παθείν) suffering ill, distressed.

κάκο-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a maid.

κάκό-πατρις, ιδος, δ, ή, (κακός, πατήρ) baving a low-born father, of low descent.

κάκο-πίνής, έε, (κακύε, πίνοε) foul and loathsome. κάκοποιέω, f. ήσω, (κακοποιέε) to do ill, be a rogue. II. trans. to burt, spoil, lay waste. Hence κάκοποιία, ή. ill doing, damage.

κάκο-ποιός, όν, (κακός, ποιέω) doing ill, mischievous, κάκό-ποτμος, ον, (κακός, πότμος) ill-fated.

κακό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) | with bad feet, weak in the feet.

κάκο-πράγέω, f. ήσω, (κακός, πράγος) to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise. Hence

κακοπράγία, ή, ill-success, failure.

κάκο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πράγμα) doing evil, mischievous.

κάκό-πτερος, ον, (κακός, πτερόν) ill-omened.

κάκορ-ράφία, ή, (κακύς, βάπτω) contrivance of ill, mischievousness. 2. ill contrivance, unskilfulness. κάκορ-ρήμων, ον, (κακόs, βημα) evil-speaking. telling of ill, ill-omened.

κάκορ-ροθέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (κακόs,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\phi}\theta\sigma$ s) to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him

κακόρ-ρύπος, ον, (κακός, δύπος) foul and filthy KAKO'Σ, ή, όν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. bad at one's trade; κακός άλήτης a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-bearted; cf. κάκη. 3. of low birth, mean, vile. moral sense, bad, evil, wicked. 5. of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul. II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury. 2 in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι έρδειν to do evil or ill to any one. III. Degrees of Comparison:--irreg. Comp. κακίων, ον, Sup. κάκιστος, η, ον: but χείρων χείριστος, ήσσων ήκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of kakós. IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = άγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of burtful, unlucky, = δυσ-, as m κακό-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακύπιστοs: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as Kaκο-ίλιος for κακός Ίλιος.

κάκο-σκελής, ές, (κακός, σκέλος) with bad legs. κάκο-σκηνής, ές, (κακός, σκηνος) of a bad, mean body. κάκ-οσμος, ον, (κακός, δσμή) ill-smelling, κάκό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) faint-

bearted, cowardly.

κάκο-σπορία, ή, (κακός, σπόρος) a bad crop. κάκοστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak evil of. From

κυκό-στομος, ον, (κακός, στόμα) evil-speaking, foulmouthed.

κακό-στρωτος, ον, (κακός, στρώννυμι) ill-spread, rugged.

κάκο-σύνθετος, ον, (κακός, συντίθημι) ill put together, ill composed.

κἄκό-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) inactive, idle, II. act., κακόσχολοι πνοαί winds that wear men out in idleness.

κάκοτεχνέω, f. ήσω, (κακότεχνος) to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago. Hence

κάκοτεχνία, ή, the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.

κακό-τεχνος, ον, (κακός, τέχνη) using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.

κάκότης, ητος, ή, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, like kákn. 11. moral badness, ickedness. worthlessness. III. evil, distress, suffering.

κάκοτροπία, ή, bad babits, maliciousness, wickedness,

κάκό-τροπος, ον, (κακός, τρόπος) of ill babits, mischievous, malignant.

κάκοτυχέω, f. ήσω, to be unfortunate. From κάκο-τυχής, ές, (κακύς, τύχη) unfortunate.

κάκουργέω, f. ήσω, (κακοῦργος) to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, burt, barm: to ravage a country. Hence

κάκουργία Ep. κακοεργίη [i], ή, the character of an

evil-doer, wickedness, villany. From

κάκ-οῦργος Ερ. κακο-εργός, ον, (κακός, \*ἔργω) doing ill, knavish, villanous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal. II. doing barm to one, damaging, burtful.

κάκ-ουχέω, f. ήσω, (κακός, έχω) to treat ill, wrong,

burt, injure. Hence

κάκουχία, ή, ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία  $\chi\theta$ ovós the devastation of a country.

κακό-φατις, ιδος, ή, (κακός, φάτις) sounding ill, illomened.

κακο-φραδής, ές, (κακός, φράζομαι) devising ill, thoughtless, foolish. Hence

κάνο-φράδία Ion. -ίη, ή, folly, thoughtlessness

κακο-φρονέω, f ήσω, to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice. From

κἄκό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) evil-minded, malicious, malignant. II. thoughtless, beedless. κακό-χαρτος, ον, (κακός, χαίρω) rejoicing in the ills

of others, malicious. κάκο-χράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράομαι) with scanty means, poor.

κακό-ψογος, ον, (κακός, ψέγω) malignantly blaming. κάκόω, f. ώσω, (κακόs) to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to barm, destroy:-Pass. to be illtreated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκακωμένοs, disfigured, befouled.

κακτάμεναι, Ερ. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι, inf. of κατέκτην, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κάκτανε, Ep. for κατάκτανε, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτεινε, Ep. for κατέκτεινε, 3 sing. impf. of κατακτείνω,

KA'KTO∑, \$\delta\$, the cactus, a prickly plant.

κακύνω, f. ϋνω, (κακός) to damage, injure:-Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to muti-II. to revile, reproach:—Pass to be reproached. κακχεθαι, Εp. for καταχέαι, 20r. I inf. of καταχέω. κακώs, Adv. of κακόs, ill, badly: with difficulty, scarcely. Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κάκωσις, εως, ή, (κακόω) ill-treatment: a distressing,

wearing out : damage, misfortune.

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κακίων. κάλαθίσκος, δ, Dim. of κάλαθος, a small basket. KA'ΛΑΘΟΣ, δ, a basket, a wicker hand-basket, Lat. calathus. II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

κάλάϊνος, η, ον, coloured like the κάλαϊς, between blue and green, of changeful hue. From

κάλαϊς, ό, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the topaz or chrysolite.

καλάμαία, ή, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.

καλάμευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower.

an angler.

KAÅA'MH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a stalk of reed or corn, Lat calamus, stipula: a fishing-rod. II. stubble: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμην γέ σ' όlομαι είσορόωντα γιγνώσκειν thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e the relics) of former strength.

κάλάμητομία, ή, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From κάλάμη-τόμος, ον, (καλάμη, τεμείν) cutting stalks, reaping.

κάλαμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

κάλάμη-φόρος, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθη, ή, (καλός, μίνθα) mint. Hence

**Καλαμίνθιοs**, δ, Minty, name of a frog.

κάλάμινος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane. κάλαμις, ίδος, ή, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

κάλαμίσκος, δ, Dim. of κάλαμος

κάλαμιτις, ιδος, ή, (κάλαμος) a kind of grassbopper. κάλαμόεις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμόεσσα ἰαχά the sound as of a reed-flute. From

**ΚΑ'ΛΑΜΟΣ**, δ, Lat. calamus, a reed or cane, Lat. arundo: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush  $(\mathring{v}\lambda\eta)$ , nor tree  $(\delta \acute{v}\nu \delta pov)$ .

κάλαμο-στεφής, ές, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crowned or covered with reed.

κάλαμό-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάστρις, ιος, ή, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

κάλαῦροψ, οπος, ή, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

κάλέεσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκετο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, aor. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. 1 med. imperat. of καλέω. κάλεσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καλέω.

καλεθνται, Dor. for καλοθνται.

καλεῦντο, Ep. and Dor. for  $\frac{1}{6}$ καλοῦντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑ'ΛΕ'Ω: Ion. impf. καλέεσκον: fut, καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλῶ: aor. i ἐκάλεσα Ep. ἐκάλεσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):— Med., fut. καλέσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. i ἐκαλεσάμην pošt. καλεσάμην:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paullopost f. κεκλήσομαι: aor. i ἐκλήθην: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing. 2. to call to one's bouse, to invite, 3. to call on or invoke the Lat. vocare ad coenam. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλείν gods. Tiva to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλείσθαί τινα to sue at law, Lat. vocare II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλείν τινα έπίκλησιν to call by name:-Pass, to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τάδε μέν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i e are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλήμεναι, poet. for καλείν, inf of καλέω.

καλήτης, Dor. and Att for κηλήτης.

κάλητωρ, ορος, δ, (καλέω) a crier

καλιά ion --ιή, ή, (καλον) a wooden bouse, but, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden sbrine for a statue.

καλτάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = καλιά, a but.

κάλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. med. καλινδήσομαι, = άλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ λινδήθρα, a place for borses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλαια, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. palea: also a cock's tail.

καλλείπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλίπαι $s = \kappa \alpha \lambda \dot{\eta}$  πα $\hat{s}$ .

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, ου, ό, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding καλλί-βοτρυς, υ, gen. vos, (καλλι-, βότρυs) with beautiful clusters.

καλλί-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil. καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γἄλήνη) sweetly-tranquil.

καλλί-γάμος, ον, bappy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beauteous things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναιξ, gen. aικοs, δ,  $\mathring{η}$ ,  $(\mathring{κ}aλλι-, γυν\mathring{η})$  with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [ $\widecheck{v}$ ]

καλλ'-δίνης, ου,  $\delta$ , (καλλι-, δίνη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [ $\delta$  $\tilde{l}$ ]

καλλί-διφρος, ov, with beautiful chariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, δ, ή, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-έλαιος,  $\delta$ , (καλλι-, έλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀγριέλαιος.

καλλι-επέω, f. ήσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιεπημένοι λόγοι high-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, έε, (καλλι-, έποε) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-τερέω Ιοπ. καλλ-ιρέω, f. ήσω, (καλλι-, ίερόν): -to bave favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. litare, perlitare: -c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ές, (καλλι-, ζυγηναι) beautifully-yoked. καλλί-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful

girdles.

καλλί-θριξ, τρῖχος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful bair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτέω, f. ήσω, to offer auspiciously. From καλλί-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλί-καρπος, ov, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλί-κερως, ωτος or ω, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καλλι-, κέρας) with beautiful borns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ή, Fair-bill, a district near Troy. καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and καλλίκομος,  $\delta$ , (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-baired.

καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with beautiful fillets or bair-bands.

καλλί-κρηνος Dor. -κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ου, δ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautifulshining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly :- Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλί-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully sbaped.

κάλλιμος, ον, poët. for καλός, beautiful.

καλλί-νᾶος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing. καλλί-νικος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling victory; το καλλίνικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίων, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

**Καλλι-όπη** poet. **Καλλι-όπεια**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (καλλι-,  $\delta\psi$ ) Calliope, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

καλλί-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, with beautiful children. = καλή παι̂s, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρηος, ον, (καλλι-, παρειά) beautifulcbeeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ov, of, with beautiful maidens or

κάλλιπον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν. καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλί-πεπλοs, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλί-πηχυς, v, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκαμος, ov, with beautiful locks. καλλί-πλουτος, ov, adorned with riches.

καλλί-πολις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , beautiful city.

κάλλιπον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, 201. 2 of καταλείπω. καλλί-πονος, ov, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ov. of beautiful rivers.

καλλί-πρώρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρώρα) with beautiful prow, of ships: metaph, of men, with beautiful face. καλλί-πύλος, ον, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beauteous gates. καλλί-πυργος, ov, with beautiful towers, towering. καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργόω) built with beauteous towers.

καλλί-πωλος, ov, with beautiful steeds or colts. καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλ-ιρέω, Ion. for καλλ-ιερέω.

καλλί-ροος, poet. for καλλίρ-ροος.

καλλίρ-ρους, ον, contr. καλλίρ-ρους, ουν, (καλλι-, ρέω) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλώs, most beautifully. καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., =  $d\rho \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon i a$ , the meed of valour.

καλλίστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the firstfruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty. καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beau-

tiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty

καλλι-στέφανος, ov, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beauteous towers.

κάλλιστος, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλί-σφυρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλί-τοξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow. καλλίτριχας, acc. pl. of καλλίθριξ.

κάλλιφ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ές, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautifulsbining.

καλλί-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautifulsounding.

καλλί-φλοξ, φλογοι, δ, ή, beautiful-blazing. καλλί-φυλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλί-χορος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χώρος, with beautiful places. II. (χόροs) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp of καλός.

καλλονή, ή, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. εος Att. ους, τό, (καλός) beauty, a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works; κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ή, poet. for κάλλοs, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ὄνῶ, (καλόs) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over: - Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίζω, f ίσω Att. ιω̂, (κάλλος, ωψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing: - Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment; and καλλωπισμός, δ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ή, nobleness and goodness. From κάλο-κάγαθός, ον, i. e. καλός καὶ άγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλον, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

καλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

κάλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good. καλό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλύς, πούς)

with beautiful feet.

KAΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; 'Αλκι-Βιάδης ὁ καλός Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλοs beauty. II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμήν a fair harbour; ἐν καλφ̂ (sub. τόπφ or χρόνφ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious. III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. bo-IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, η, ον. V. Adv. καλω̂s, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion for κάλως, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εῖ, εῖται, Att. fut med. of καλέω.

KA'ΛΠΙΣ, ιδος, ή, acc. κάλπιν or κάλπιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a pitcher, urn: a drinkingcup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ή, (καλύπτω) a but, cabin, cell. [τ] καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small but.

καλύκεσσι, poet. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

κάλυκο-στέφανος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

κάλυκ-ωπις, ιδος, ή, (κάλυξ, ώψ) like a flower-bud, blusbing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a bood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ϋκος, ή, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting. II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

κάλύπτειρα, ή, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

κάλυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. -πτρη, ή, a woman's veil; δνοφερά καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥ ΠΤΩ, f. ύψω: aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύψα baving covered with night; γαῖα ἐκάλυψέ νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, con-3. to cover with disbonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor 1 med. of καλύπτω.

Καλυψώ, gen. - 60s contr. - 00s, ή, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, δ. = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher | metaph, to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

> Kάλχαs, αντος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy: properly the Searcher.

> KA'ΛXH, ή, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλώ, είs, εί, Att. fut. of καλέω.

κάλώδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a small cord or rope. καλώs, Adv. of καλόs, beautifully, well: καλώs έχειν or πράττειν to be well off, fare well; c. gen, καλώs έχειν τινός to be well off for a thing. right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

KA'ΛΩΣ, δ, gen. κάλω, acc. κάλων: Ep and Ion. κάλος, ου, δ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλείν to sail at a cable's end, i.e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατείναι to let down a sounding-line:-also a sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων έξίασι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στρόφος, ό, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister. κάμ, Ep. for κατά before μ, as κάμ μέν for κατά μέν. καμάκινος, ον, made of brittle wool. From

KA'MAΞ, ακος, ή or ό, a pole, stake, a vineprop. II. the shaft of a spear.

KAMA'PA, ή, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κἄμἄ] καμασήνες, oi, a kind of fish.

καμάτηρός, ά, όν, toilsome, troublesome, weari-II. pass. broken down, worn out. From κάμἄτος, δ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. riness, distress. II. that which is bardly earned; ήμέτερος κάματος our bard-won earnings [κα]

κάματ-ώδης, ες, (κάματος, είδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαίνω, Ep. for καταβαίνω.

κάμε, Ep. for εκαμε, 3 sing aor. 2 of κάμνω. κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, δ and ή, a camel :-- ή κάμηλος, like ή ίπ- $\pi os$ , the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gâmal.) κάμινευτήρ, ήρος, δ, (κάμινος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows

καμινευτής, οῦ, δ, = καμινευτήρ

καμινοί, dat. of καμινώ.

κάμινος, ή, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence κάμινώ, οῦs, dat. οῖ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μέν, Ep. for κατά μέν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ άμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμείς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ερ. for κατά μέσον

καμμίξας, Ep. for καταμίξας, 20r. I part. of καταμίγνυμι.

καμ-μονίη, ή, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ον, Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated.

καμ-μύω, Ep. for καταμύω.

ΚΑ΄ ΜΝΩ, fut. καμούμαι, εί, είται: 201. 2 εκαμον. καλχαίνω. (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish: inf. καμείν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκμηκα, Ep. pf. part. κεκμηώs, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα, acc. pl. κεκμηότας: I. intr. to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out: c. part., κάμνει πολεμίζων, έλαύνων one is weary of fighting, rowing. 2. to feel trouble or annoyance; οὐκ ἔκαμον τανὖων I found no trouble 3. to be worsted or beaten. in bending the bow. to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, barassed. 5. οι καμόντες and οι κεκμηκότες Ep. κεκμηότεs or κεκμηώτεs, Lat. defuncti, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, of κάμνοντες the sick; and κεκμηκότες are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. dii manes. II. trans. to work bard at, to bestow labour upon. 2. to work out, earn by toil; in aor. 2 med., νησον ξκάι οντο they worked, tilled the island for themselves.

κάμοί, by crasis for καὶ ἐμοί.

KAMΠΗ', ἡ, (κάμπτω) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. the turning in a race-course, turning-post: metaph., μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point.

III. καμπαί, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπιμος, η, ον, (καμπή) bent, turning, double. καμπτήρ, ηρος, δ, a bend, an angle. II.

turning-point in a race-course.

ΚΑ ΜΠΤΩ, fut. κάμψω: aor. 1 ἔκαμψα: Pass., aor. I ἐκάμφθην:—to bend, bow:—esp., I. γόνυ and γούνατα κάμπτειν to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest. 2. γύνυ κάμπτειν 10 3. γόνυ κάμπτειν to bend bend the knee in prayer. the knee in running, to run. II. to bend, turn, guide anything. 2. absol. to turn round a point; κάμπτειν ἄκρην to double a headland; κάμπτειν κόλπον to skirt the bay: metaph., κάμπτειν βίον to turn the middle point of life, i. e. to draw near to III. like Lat. flecto, to bend, its close; cf. καμπή. move by entreaties, soften, make relent: generally, to bend, bumble.

καμπύλος, η, ον, (κάμπτω) bent, curved. [v] καμφθείς, καμφθήναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψί πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κάμπτω, ποῦς) bending the foot, swift-running.

κάμψις, εως, ή, (κάμπτω) a bending, curving.

καμών, aor. 2 part. of κάμνω.

καν, crasis for καὶ ἀν:—also for καὶ ἤν, and if, even if. καν, crasis for καὶ ἐν, and in.

κάν, Ερ. for κατά before ν, as κὰν νόμον for κατὰ νόμον. κάναθρον or κάνναθρον, τό, (κάνη) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.

Kavaviτηs, ου, δ, Syriac word, of which the Greek Ζηλωτήs, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with Χαναναĵos, a Canaanite.

KANA ΣΣΩ, f. ξω, to make a gurgling sound with water. (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (κάνη) a wicker basket, Lat. canistrum. II. an earthen vessel, dish.

κανα-φόρος, Dor. for κανηφόρος.

καναχέω, t. ήσω, to ring or clash, clang, of metal: to plash, of water. From

κάναχή, ή, (κανάσσω) a sbarp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clash of metal; also of the tramp of mules; καναχή δδόντων the gnashing of teeth; καναχαὶ αὐλῶν the shrill sound of flutes. Hence

καναχηδά, Adv. with a sharp, ringing noise.

κανάχής, ές, (κανάσσω) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, plashing.

κανάχησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 ot καναχέω.

κανάχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf of καναχίζω.

καναχίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , =  $\kappa\alpha\nu\alpha\chi\epsilon\omega$ .

κάνδυς, vos, δ, a Median garment with sleeves, also κανδύκη. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ιοπ. κάνειον Att. contr. κανοῦν, τό, (κάννη) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket, Lat. canistrum, used esp. for carrying the sicred barley (οὐλαί) at sacrifices.

κάνειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of καίνω.

κάνη, ή, a rarer form of κάννα. [α]

κανίν, Dor. for κανείν, aor. 2 mf. of καίνω

ble. κάνηφερέω, f. ήσω, to carry the sacred basket in II. the procession. From

κάνη-φόροs, ον, (κάνεον, φέρω) carrying a basket: ἡ Κανηφόροs the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in precessions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

KA'N⊕A'PO∑, ô, Lat. cantharus, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinkingcup, Lat. cantharus. III. a kind of Naxian 
boat. IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, 
on the tongue of the Egyptian god Aps.

κανθήλια, ων, τά, Lat. clitellae, a pack-saddle, or

the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

κανθήλιοs, ό, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass.

κάνθων, ωνος, δ, (κάνθος) = κανθήλιος, a pack-ass.

ΚΑ'ΝΝΑ οτ κάννη, ης, ή, a reed or cane, Lat.
canna: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a

reed-fence.

καννάβίνος, η, ον, bempen, made of bemp. From ΚΑΝΝΑ ΒΙΣ, η, gen. ιος, acc. ιδα, also gen. εως: —bemp, Lat. cannabis. II. anything made of it, tow.

καννεύσας, Ep. for κατανεύσας.

κάννη, η, = κάννα.

καννόμον, better καν νόμον, Ep. for κατα νόμον.

κάνονίς, ίδος, ή, (κανών) a ruler.

κανόνισμα, τό, poet. for κανών, a rule: also a ruler. κανούν, Att. contr. of κάνεον.

κάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καίνω.

κανώ, fut. of καίνω.

Káνωβοs or Káνωποs, δ, Canobus, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

κανών, όνος, δ, (κάνη, κάννα) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, κανόνες are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

κανών, aor. 2 part. of καίνω. Κάνωπος, δ, see Κάνωβος.

κάξ, crasis for καὶ έξ.

κάπ, Ερ. for κατά before π or φ, 25 κὰπ πεδίον for κατὰ πεδίον.

κάπειτα, by crasis for καὶ ἔπειτα, and then, and next. κάπετος, ἡ, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. fossa: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

KA'IIH, n, a crib, manger.

κάπηλεῖον, τό, the shop of a κάπηλος, a tavern, Lat. caupona. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (κάπηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to bawk about, biggle in; καπηλεύειν μάχην to make a trade of war, Ennius' bellum cauponari:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ή, όν, (κάπηλος) of ot like a petty trader: tricky, knausb. Adv., καπηλικῶς ἔχειν to play reguisb tricks.

καπηλίς, ίδος, fem. of κάπηλος, Lat. copa.

κάπηλος, δ, (κόπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. caupo, opp. to ἔμπορος: esp. a tavern-keeper.

ΙΙ. a cheat, rogue, knave. κάπί, by crasis for καὶ ἐπί.

καπίθη, ή, (κάπτω) a measure containing two χοί-

νικęs.

κάπνη, ή, (καπνόs) a smoke-bole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (καπνόκ) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire.

II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense. κάπνισσαν, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. 1 of καπνίζω.

καπνο-δόχη Ion. -δόκη, ή, (καπνός, δέχομαι) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

KAΠΝΟ Σ, δ, smoke, Lat. fumus. Hence καπνόω, f. ωσω, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to asbes.

καπν-ώδης, εs, (καπνός, είδος) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for κηποι.

κάπος, δ, Dor. for κηπος.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππάδοκίζω, f. σω, to favour the Cappadocians. II to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From Καππάδοξ, οκοε, δ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for κατέπ-, 201. 2 of καταπίπτω.

καππο-φόρος, ον, (κάππα, φέρω) of a horse, marked with a κάππα; cf. κοππατίας.

καπ-πυρίζω, poet. for καταπυρίζω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

καπράω, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, δ, poet. for κάπρος, a wild boar. II. as Adı. like a wild boar.

 $KA'\Pi PO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , Lat. APER, the wild-boar.

καπρο-φόνος, ον, (καπρός, \*φένω) killing wild boars. ΚΑ ΠΤΩ, fut. κάψω: aor. I ἔκαψα: Ερ. pf. part. κεκαφηώς, for κεκάφώς:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. κάπτειν θυμόν to gasp for breath.

κἄπὕρός, ά, όν, (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II metaph. of sound, loud and

clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see ἀποκαπύω

καπ-φάλαρα, better κὰπ φάλαρα, for κατὰ φάλαρα. κάρ, Ερ. for κατά before β, as κὰρ βόον for κατὰ βόον. ΚΑΡ, κἄρόs, τό, the bair of the head, akin to κάρα; τίω δέ μιν ἐν καρὸs αἴση I value him but at a bair's worth.

II. also for κάρα, κάρη, head, as in ἐπὶ κάρ bead-long.

Κάρ, ό, gen. Κᾶρόs, pl. Κᾶρεs:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., ἐν Καρί οτ ἐν τῷ Καρὶ κινδυνεύειν to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. experimentum facere in corpore vili:—Fem.

Κάειρα.

KA'PA' Ion. κάρη [α], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like κεφαλή, Lat. caput, to express a person, as Οιδίπου κάρα for Οιδίπουε:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. κάρης, κάρη, κάρην. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. κάρητος κάρητι, κάρήατος κάρήτητι, κάρήατος κάρήτητι,

καράβο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κάραβος, πρόσωπον) with

the face of a crab.

KA'PA'BO\(\Sigma\), \(\delta\), a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. scarabaeus.

II. a prickly kind of crab.

κάρα-δοκέω, f ήσω, (καρά, δοκεύω) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κάρανιστήρ, ηρος, δ, (κάρα) touching the head, bebeading.

κάρανον, τό, Dor. and Att. for κάρηνον.

κάρανος, δ, (κάρα) a head, chieftain, chief. Hence καρανόω, f. ώσω, like κεφαλαιόω, (κάρανον) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κ**ἄρά-τομος**, ον, (κάρᾶ, τεμεῖν) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2. cut from the head

κάρβανος, ον, = βάρβαρος, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

KAPBA'TINAI or καρπάτιναι, al, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κάρδαμον) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent; τί καρδαμίζεις; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

KA'PAA'MON, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. nastur-

tium: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. κάρδαμον βλέπειν to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

KAΡΔΙ'A, poet. κράδία Ion. καρδίη, κράδίη, ή, the heart, Lat. cor; ἀπὸ καρδίας λέγειν, like Lat. ex animo, to speak from the heart.

11. the stomach. καρδίακός, ή, όν, (καρδία) of the heart or stomach: hence.

11. dyspeptic.

καρδιο-γνώστης, ου, ὁ, (καρδία, γιγνώσκω) knower of bearts.

καρδιό-δηκτος, ον, (καρδία, δάκνω) grawing the heart. καρδι-ουλκέω, (καρδία, έλκω) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπείον, τύ, the cover of a kneading-trough. I. a muzzle. From

KA'ΡΔΟΠΟΣ, ή, a kneading-trough, any trough. Κάρεσσι, dat. pl. of Κάρ.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for κάρα, the head.

καρήστος, καρήστι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κάρα.

καρηβάρεια Ion. -ίη, ή, beaviness in the head: topbeaviness. From

κάρηβαρέω, f. ήσω, to be beavy in the head, topbeavy. From

κάρη-βαρής, ές, (κάρη, βάρος) beavy in the bead.

κάρη-κομόωντες, or better κάρη κομόωντες, oi, with bair on the head, long-baired, of the Achaians, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called ὅπιθεν κομύωντες. κομόωντες is Ep. part. pl. of κομάω; but there is no Verb καρηκομάω.

καρήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of κείρω.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. κάρηνα, (κάρη) the head; ἀνδρῶν κάρηνα, = ἀνδρες; βοῶν κάρηνα so many head of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, κάρητι, Ep. gen. and dat of κάρη.

Κᾶρικο-εργής, ές, (Καρικός, έργον) of Carian work. Κᾶρικός, ή, όν, (Κάρ) Carian: Καρική μοῦσα, ή, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

KAPI'Σ, gen. ίδος οι ίδος, ή, Dor. also κουρίς οτ κωρίς, a sbrimp or prawn, Lat. squilla. [ā]

καρκαίρω, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

KAPKI'NOΣ, δ, with heterog. pl. καρκίνα, τά, a crab, Lat. cancer: also Cancer, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac.

II. a pair of tongs. [[]]

καρκίνό-χειρες, ων, pl. Adj. (καρκίνος, χείρ) with crab's claws for bands.

KA'PNEIA or Kάρνεα, τά, a festival held in honour of Apollo Κάρνειοs by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attue month Metageitnion, hence called Καρνείοs μήν.

καρός, Dor. for κηρός.

Kάρπαθος, ή, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer Κράπαθος.

καρπαία, ή, a mimic dance of the Thessalians. καρπάλίμος, ον, (άρπάζω, Lat. carpo) tearing, swift, rapid. Adv. καρπαλίμως, rapidly.

κάρπᾶσος, ή, with heterog. pl. κάρβασα, τά, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. earbasus. (Eastern word.) καρπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ (καρπός) to pluck or gather fruit: — Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return.

II. to make fruitful, fertilise.

κάρπιμος, η, ον, (καρπός) bearing fruit, fruitful. καρπο-γένεθλος, ον, (καρπός, γενέθλη) producing

καρπό-δεσμα, ων, τά, (καρπός, δεσμός) chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

καρπο-ποιόs, όν, (καρπόs, ποιέω) producing fruit. KAPΠΟ'Σ, δ, fruit; καρπόs άρούρης corn, but also of wine; of καρπό the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing. KAPΠΟ'Σ, δ, the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist, Lat. carpus.

καρπο-τελής, ές, (καρπός, τελέω) bringing fruit to

perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, ον, (καρπός, τεκεῖν) bearing fruit. καρπο-φάγος, ον, (καρπός, φάγεῖν) eating fruit. καρπο-φθόρος, ον, (καρπός, φθείρω) spoiling fruit. καρποφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear fruit. From

καρπο-φόρος, ον, (καρπός, φέρω) fruit-bearing. καρπο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (καρπός, φύλαξ) a watcher of fruit.  $\lceil \breve{v} \rceil$ 

καρπόω, f ώσω, (καρπός) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. καρπόσμαι to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing.

κάρπωμα, ατος, τό, (καρπόω) fruit: produce, profit. κάρπωσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καρπύομαι) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ερ. for καταρρέζουσα.

κάρτα, Adv. (κάρτος) very, very much, Lat. valde; καὶ τὸ κάρτα very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερέω, f. ήσω, (καρτερύs) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c acc. to endure manfully. 3 with a Prep. to bold out or bear up against a thing. 4. with part. to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

καρτέρησις, εως, ή, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, η, = καρτέρησιε.

καρτερικός, ή, όν, (καρτερός) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θυμος, ον, (καρτερός, θυμός) stout-bearted. καρτερός, ά, όν, (κάρτος) = κρατερός, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; καρτερά έργα valiant deeds; καρτερός δρκος a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3. master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II. Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are κρείσσων, κράτιστος.

καρτερό-χειρ,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (καρτερόs, χείρ) strong of band.

καρτερώς, Adv. of καρτερώς, strongly; καρτερώς υπνουσθαι to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, η, ον, Εp. for κράτιστος.

κάρτος, εοε, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, strength, vigour, courage. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, to strengthen; aor. I med., ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks; χείρας έκαρτύναντο they strengthened or armed their hands.

Κάρυάτίδες, ων, ai, (Καρυαί) the women of Caryae II. in Architecture, Caryatides are in Laconia. female figures used as bearing shafts. [ā]

καρύκη, ή, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and

rich spice. [v] Hence

κάρύκινος, η, ον, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red. κάρυκο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κηρυξ.

KA'PYON, the nut; κ Περσικόν the walnut; κ. Εὐβοικόν the chestnut; κ. Ποντικόν the filberd.

κάρυο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutsbell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφάλέος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (κάρφω) dry, parched: of sound, bollow.

κάρφη, ή, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass. καρφηρός, ά, όν, (κάρφος) of dry straw.

καρφίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (κάρφος) built of dry straw. κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. palea . dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. busks, chaff, Lat. quisquiliae. 2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called κάρφη.

**KA'PΦΩ**, f. κάρψω, to make dry or withered:—Pass.

to wither away.

καρχάλέος, a, ov, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's siti asper.

καρχαρ-όδους οι -όδων, όδοντος, ό, ή, (κάρχαρος, δδούs) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχαρος, ον, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sbarp, biting.

Καρχηδών, δνος, ή, Carthage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ον, and Καρχηδονιακός, ή, όν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the

masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.) **κάρψε**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρώ, Dor. for κηρώ.

κάs, by crasis for καὶ είs or καὶ έs.

κάσαλβάζω, f. σω, to abuse in barlot's language.

κάσαλβάς, άδος, ή, a barlot, strumpet.

κάσας, κασάς or κασής, ov, δ, a borse's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to kŵs, kŵas.)

KA ΣΙ'A Ion. -ίη, ή, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ή, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

**κἄσί-γνητος**, δ, (κάσι**ς**, γεννάω) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nepbew or niece. II. as Adj. κασίγνητοε, η, ον, brotberly, sisterly.

KA'ΣΙΣ, ιος, ό οι ή: vocat. κάσι· a brother or sister. [a]

Κασσιτερίδες, ων, al, the Cassiterides or tin-islands. ΚΑΣΣΙΤΈΡΟΣ Att. καττίτερος, δ, tin, Lat. stannum; χεῦμα κασσιτέροιο a plating of tin.

κάσσυμα Att. κάττ-, ατος, τό, any/bing stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

ΚΑΣΣΥ'Ω Att.καττύω, to stitch, sew together. metaph. to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot.  $\lfloor \tilde{v} \rfloor$ 

κάστόν, by crasis for και ἐστόν.

Καστόρειος, ον, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; Καστόρειος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used

καστορίδες, αί, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of bounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also kaστύριαι κύνες.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστόρνυμι.

**Κάστωρ**, opos, δ, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

 $KA'\Sigma T\Omega P$ , opos,  $\delta$ , the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κασώριον, τό, a brothel. From

κάσωρίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κασαλβάς, a barlot.

KATA', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A GE-NIT.: I. denoting motion from above, down II. down towards, down upon; κατά χθονδε δμματα πηξαι to fix the eyes down upon the ground; of a dart, κατά γαίης ώχετο it went down to the ground: - so, τοξεύειν κατά τινος to shoot at one (because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παίειν κατά τινος to strike at one; δμόσαι κατά τινος to swear upon a thing. III. against, in opposition to; λόγος κατά τινος, Lat. oratio in aliquem, a speech against one accused; but, πρόε τινα, Lat. adversus aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, κατά  $\delta \delta \delta v \ down \ the \ stream.$ 2. of motion or extension. over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as κατά γαΐαν, πόντον: throughout, all along: also of Place, *upon*, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα. 3. generally, of Place, as, κατά γῆν καὶ κατά θάλατταν by land and II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; κατὰ φῦλα, κατὰ φρήτραs by tribes and clans; κατά σφέας by themselves; so, of time, κατ' ένιαυτύν year by year; and of numbers, κατ' δλίγουs few at a time. III. of object or purpose, πλείν κατά  $\pi \rho \hat{\eta} f i \nu$  to sail on a business;  $\pi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \zeta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha i \kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\alpha} \lambda \eta i \delta \alpha$  to rove in search of booty. IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; κατά θυμόν according to one's mind; so, καθ' ημέτερον νόον after our liking; κατ' ἄνθρωπον according to the capacity of a man; κατά φύσιν naturally; κατά δύναμιν to the best of one's power; κατά τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms agreed upon. 2. in relation to, concerning; τα κατά πύλεμον all that belongs to war; το καθ' ύμαs as far as concerns you; κατά τοῦτο in this way; | a place and leave there: -- Med. to lay as a foundaκατά ταὐτά in the same way. V. of numbers, nearly, about; κατά εξηκόσια έτεα about 600 VI. of Time, throughout, during, in the course of; κατά τον πόλεμον in the course of the war; κατά "Αμασιν about the time of Amasis; of καθ' ήμαs those that live about our time, our contem-VII. the Comp. is followed by † κατά... poraries. when the qualities of things are compared; μείζον η κατ' ἄνθρωπον greater than is suited to man, too great for man; μείζω ή κατα δάκρυα greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

Position: when katá follows its case, it is writen κάτα.

As Adv., like  $\kappa \acute{a} \tau \omega$ , downwards, from above, down. I. downwards, down, as 111 karaβαίνω. II. over against, in answer to, as in κατ. III. against, in hostile sense, άδω, Lat. occino. as in κατ-ηγορέω. IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in κατα-κύπτω, κατα-φαγείν.

**Κατά** as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into κάγ before  $\gamma$ , κάκ before  $\kappa$ , κάμ before  $\mu$ , κάν before  $\nu$ .  $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \pi$  before  $\pi$  or  $\phi$ ,  $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \rho$  before  $\rho$ ,  $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \tau$  before  $\tau$  or  $\theta$ In compd. Verbs,  $\kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\alpha}$  sometimes changes into  $\kappa \alpha \beta$ , καλ, καρ, κατ, as κάββαλε, κάλλιπε, καρρέζουσα, κάτθανε.

κατά, Ion. for καθ' α.

κάτα, crasis for καὶ είτα, and then.

κατάβα, for κατάβηθι, 20r. 2 imperat. of καταβαίνω. καταβάδην, Adv. (καταβαίνω) going down below, down-stairs, opp. to ἀναβάδην. [βα]

καταβαθμός, δ, (καταβαίνω) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

**καταβαίην**, **2** opt. of

κατα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα; aor. 2 κατίβην, Ep. 1 pl. subj. καταβείομεν, for καταβῶμεν: κατάβἄ imperat. (for κατάβηθι): aor. I med. κατεβησίμην, Ep. 3 sing. κατεβήσετο, Ep. imperat καταβήσεο:--to γο or come down, Lat descendere · c. gen. to go down from; καταβαίνειν δίφρου to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; θάλαμον κατεβήσατο she came down to her chamber; but also, κλίμακα καταβαίνειν to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs. 2. to go down to the 3. to go down into the arena, to fight, consea. 4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, tend. II. rarely in Pass., ίππος καταe. g. in speaking. Baiveras the horse is dismounted from.

κατα-βακχιόομαι, Pass. (κατά, Βακχιόω) to be full

of Bacchic frenzy.

κατα-βάλλω, fut. -βάλω: aor. 2 κατέβάλον, Ep. 3 sing.  $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \beta \beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \iota :--to$ throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; катаβάλλειν είε γύνυ to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down. to strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge. 5. to put down into

tion, ground, found.

κατα-βάπτω, f. ψω, (κατά, βάπτω) to dip down or into. κατα-βάρέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, βάρος) to weigh down, overload.

καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.

κατάβάσις, εως, ή, (καταβαίνω) a going down, descending. 2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

κατα-βασμός, Att. for καταβαθμός.

καταβάτω [ă], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of καταβαίνω. κατάβαύζω, f. ξω, to bark or bay at, τινόs.

κατα-βεβαιόομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταβάλλω. καταβείομεν, Ep. for καταβώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj

of καταβαίνω. καταβήμεναι, Ep. for καταβήναι, 201. 2 inf. of κατα-

καταβήσεο, Ep. for κατάβησαι, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat, ot καταβαίνω.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of καταβαίνω.

κατα-βιβάζω, f. - βιβάσω Att. - βιβῶ, Causal of καταβαίνω, to make to go down, bring down.

κατα-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσομαι: aor. 2 κατέβρων: -Pass., aor. Ι κατεβρώθην: pf. -βέβρωμαι:--to eat up, devour.

κατα-βιόω, f. -ώσομαι: 201. 2 κατεβίων:-to bring life to an end, pass life.

κατα-βλακεύω, f. σω, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

κατα-βλάπτω, f.-βλάψω, to damage.

κατα-βλητικός, ή, όν, (καταβάλλω) likely to throw off. κατα-βληχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bleat aloud.

κατα-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: 2 οτ. 2 κατέμολον:--to go down or through, pass through.

κατα-βοάω, fut. - βοήσομαι Ιοπ. -βώσομαι :-- to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c gen. c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, η̂s, ή, a cry or outery against one: and καταβόησις, εως, ή, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ή, (καταβάλλω) a laying down · a foundation, beginning. 2. a paying down. periodical attack of illness, a fit.

κατα-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, (κατά, βύσκω) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

κατα-βόστρυχος, ov, with long flowing locks.

κατα-βράβεύω, f. σω, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:-Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

κατα-βρέχω, f. -βρέξω: Pass., aor. 1 κατεβρέχθην: -to wet through, drench.

κατα-βρίθω [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], f. -βρίσω:—to weigh or press down: II. intr. to be beavily laden, metaph. to outweigh. weighed down by a thing. [7]

\*καταβρόχω, aor. Ι κατέβροξα, opt. καταβρόξεια, to gulp or swallow down: cf. αναβρόχω.

κατα-βροχθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, βρόχθος) to gulp down.

κατα-βρύκω [v], f. fw, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρώσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρώσκω.

κατα-βυρσόω, (κατά, βύρσα) to cover over with bides. καταβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβοάω.

κατά-γαιος Att. -γειος, ον, (κατά, γαίος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground; κατάγαιοι στρουθοί birds that run instead of flying, patriches.

καταγγελεύς, έως, ό, (καταγγέλλω) a proclaimer. κατ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

κατ-άγγελτος, ov, denounced, betrayed.

κατά-γειος, Att. for κατάγαιος.

Κατα-γέλα, ή, (κατά, γελάω) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.

κατα-γέλαστος, ον, ridiculous. From

κατα-γελώω, f. άσομαι [ἄ]: 201. I κατεγέλασα:— Pass., 201. I κατεγελάσθην: pf. -γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.

κατά-γελως, ωτος, ό, (κατά, γέλως) ridicule, mockery: also absurdity.

κατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass of κατάγνυμι.

κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράσω οτ άσομαι: aor. I κατεγήρᾶσα οτ -εγήρᾶνα: pf. -γεγήρᾶκα: --to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3 sing. impf. κατεγήρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in μι, cf. γηράσκω):--to grow old, Lat. senesco.

κατα-γίγαρτίζω, f ίσω, (κατά, γίγαρτον) to take out the kernel: metaph. for stuprare.

κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: aoτ 2 κατέγνον:—to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγιγνώσκειν τινδε ἀνανδρίην to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—Pass., καταγνωσθεὶς πρήσσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγιγνώσκειν τινδε θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. dannare aliquem mortis; καταγιγνώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or decide a suit.

κατ-ἄγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.

κατ-ἄγῖνέω, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down.

II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γίνώσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-. κατ-αγλάζω, f. ίσω, strengthd. for άγλαίζω.

κατα-γλωττίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: pf. pass. κατεγλώττισμα: (κατά, γλωττα):—to kiss by joining tongues: μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον α wanton, licentious song. II. to use the tongue or speak against one. III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanton kiss.

κάτ-αγμα, ατοε, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a

piece or flock of wool.

κατα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend down. καταγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of καταγιγνώσκω. καταγνούς, aor. 2 part. of καταγιγνώσκω. κατ-άγνυμι, fut. κατάξω: aor. I κατέαξα, part. κατάξα: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέᾶγα Ion. κατέηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατεάγην [α], inf. καταγῆνα:—to break in pieces, sbatter, sbiver: to break, weaken. II. in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέᾶγα, to be broken; κατεάγθναι οι κατᾶγῆναι τὴν κεφαλήν to bave the head broken.

κατάγνωσις, εως, ή, (καταγιγνώσκω) an unfavourable opinion.

II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.

κατ-άγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.

κατάγράφος, ov, engraved, embroidered. From κατα-γράφω, (ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to pain! over, fill with letters. II. to write down: to register, enroll.

κατ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to catch, overtake.

κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. άσω, to exercise constantly.

κατ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 κατήγάγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp to the sea-coast.

2. to bring down from the bigb sea to land.—Pass. to come to land, opp. to avá-γεσθαι (to put out to sea).

3. to draw out, spin.

4. to bring down, lower.

II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

κατάγωγή, ή, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into barbour, landing. 2 a landing-place: hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place

κατάγωγιον, τό, (κατάγω) a flace to lodge in, resting-place, inn.

κατ-δγωνίζομαι, fut -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut -δήξομαι, to bite in pieces.

κατα-δακρυχέων, ουσα, better divisim, κατά δάκρυ χέων shedding tears

κατα-δακρύω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δαμάζω, f. άσω· aor. 1 inf. med. καταδαμάσασθαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.

κατα-δάπανάω, f. ήσω, to squander, waste utterly. κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρθάνω: aor. 2 κατέδαρθον, by poet metath. κατέδράθον; also, in same sense, aor. 2 pass. κατεδάρθην, poet. subj. καταδραθώ, part. καταδαρθείς:—to sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.

καταδεήs, έs, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. καταδεέστεροs, weaker, inferior, see καταδεωs.

κατα-δεί, impers. there is wanting: see καταδέω. κατα-δείδω, f. -δείσω: aor. Ι κατέδεισα:—to fear very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατ-έδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew clearly, point out, make known: c. inf. to shew how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā]:—to shew signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. 201. I inf. of καταδείκνυμι.

κατα-δέομαι, f. -δεήσομαι, Dep. to want or need very much: to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρἄκον, and in same sense pass κατέδέρχθην: Dep.:—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie ot band: a magic knot, love-knot. κατα-δεύω, f. σω, 20τ. Ι κατέδευσα, to wet through: to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: Dep.:\_to receive, admit.
2. to receive back, take bome again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast:

Med. to bind to or for onevelf.

2. to put in bonds, imprison.

3. metaph. to convict of a crime.

II. to tie down, shut up, close, check

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers: καταδε $\hat{i}$ , impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect: Comp. καταδεεστέρως έχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-δίαιτάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -áfω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δωσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δίκάζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην: pf. καταδεδίκασμα:—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινόs: absol. to condemn:—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation:—Pass., καταδεδικασμένος one who bas judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence: a fine. [τ]

κατά-δικος, ον, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect: to think, suppose: also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave: also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλωσάμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω, t ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.
Κατά-δουποι, ων, οί, (κατά, δοῦπος) the Cataracts
of the Nile: also the parts of Ethiopia in which they
are called by Cicero Catadupa as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting. καταδράθω, 201. 2 subj. pass. ο καταδαρθάνω. καταδράμειν, 201. 2 inf. ο κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ον, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, ατος, τό, a tearing or rending. From κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend. καταδύναι, 201. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

κατα-δύναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύω.

κατάδύσις, εως, ή, (καταδύω) a going down under water: of the stars, a setting: generally, a descent. κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω: fut. -δύσω: aor. I κατέδυσα: aor. 2 κατέδυν: I. Causal, in pres. κατα-δύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσα:—to make to sink, Lat. mergere; καταδύσαι ναῦν to sink or disable a ship. II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυκα, -δεδύκειν:—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun; ἄμ' † † ελίω καταδύντι with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into: to get into the midst of; τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep bidden, lie bid.

κατ-άδω Ion. - ἄείδω: f. - άσομαι: rarely - άσω: to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere: absol. to sing a spell, charm. II, to deafen by singing.

κατα-δωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes. κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατάδω.

κατα-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered.

II. pf. part. pass. of καθίημι, let down, banging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Epic 3 sing. aor. I med. of κάτειμι.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι: impf. καταείνυον: to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αζαίνω: Ion. 2οτ. τ καταζήνασκον: (κατά, άζαίνω, άζω):—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζην, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω: -to the or yoke together, yoke: -Pass. to be bound fast, straitened: to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. 201. 1 of καταζαίνω. κατα-ζώννϋμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast: Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against:

—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [v]

kata-θεάομαι, f. áσομαι [ā], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθείναι, 2 or, 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείο, 2 sing. 201. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημ. καταθείομαι, Εp. for -θέωμαι, 201. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

κατατίθημι.

κατα-θέλγω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθελξις, εως, ή, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing. κατα-θεματίζω, f. σω, (κατάθεμα) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι.

κατάθεσις, εως, ή, (κατατίθημι) a putting down: a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι: -to run down: of ships, to II. to make inroads or incurrun into barbour. sions: c. acc., καταθείν χώραν to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θηλύνω, (κατά, θηλυς) to make womanish. καταθησώ, Dor, for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι. κατα-θνήσκω, fut. -θανοῦμαι: αοτ. 2 κατέθανον Ερ. κάτθανον: pf. -τέθνηκα, part -τεθνηκώς or τεθνεώς Ερ -τεθνηώς, ῶτος, ιπf. -τεθνάναι Ερ. -τεθνάμεν [a]:-to die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased. Hence

καταθνητός, ή, όν, mortal.

καταθορείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθρώσκω.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ήσω, to cry down

κατα-θρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρώσκω, f.  $-\theta$ οροῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέθορον, inf -θορείν:-to leap or jump down: c. acc, καταθρώσκειν την αίμασιην to leap down from the wall

κατ-αθυμέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άθυμέω) to lose all beart, to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ov, also η, ov, in or upon the mind, at beart; μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος έστω let not death sit beavy at thy beart. II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ύσω [v], to sacrifice: to offer, dedi-II. Med, καταθύεσθαί τινα to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βάσις, εως, ή, poet. for κατάβασις.

καται-βάτης, ου, δ, poet. for καταβάτης, (κατα-Baiva) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, burled down, descending 2. epith. of 'Aχέρων, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καται-βάτός, ή, όν, poet. for καταβατός, giving a passage downwards; θύραι καταιβαταὶ ἀνθρώποισι gates by which men descend.

κατ-αιδέσμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αιδέσομαι, 201. I pass. -ηδέσθην: -to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατ-αιθαλόω, f. ώσω, to burn to asbes.

κατ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, of motion, to float or bover over; πλόκαμοι νῶτον καταίθυσσον his locks floated down his back.

κατ-αίθω, to burn down, burn to asbes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

καταθείομεν, Ep. for -θέωμεν, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of | κατ-αικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to wound severely: to ill-treat, disfigure.

> κατ-αινέω, f. έσω poët. ήσω:—to agree to, assent to, approve of; καταινείν ἐπί τινι to agree to a thing on certain conditions. II. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατ-αιρέω, Ion. for καθαιρέω

κατ-αίρω, fut. - $\check{a}$ ρω̂, (κατά, αἴρω):—to take or put down2. intr. to put in'o port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατ-αισθάνομαι, f.-αισθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend

κατ-αίσιος, ον, (κατά, αίσιος) righteous.

καταισχυντήρ, ηρος, δ, a disgracer. From

κατ-αισχύνω, f. ĕνω, to shame, disgrace, dis-II. Med. to feel shame before another, bonour. to reverence.

κατα-ΐσχω, poet. for κατίσχω

κατ-αιτιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with cacc. to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute II. the aor 1 part. καταιτιαθείs occurs in pass sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταῖτυξ, ἔγοs, ή, a low belmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain)

κατ-αιωρέομαι, Pass. (κατά, αἰωρέω) to hang down. κατα-καγχάζω, f. άσω, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for κατακαήναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of κατακαίω.

κατακαιέμεν, Ep. for κατακαίειν.

κατα-καίνω, fut. -κἄνω̂. aor. 2 κατέκἄνον:—like κατακτ€ίνω, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. –κάω [ā] : fut –καύσω : aor. Ι κατέ καυσα Ερ. κατέκηα: 20τ. 1 pass. κατεκαύθην, 20τ 2 κατεκάην:-to burn, burn down, consume by burning .—Pass., κατά πῦρ ἐκάη the fire bad burned down or out.

κατα-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call down, summon, in-II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, envelope:--Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. –κάμψω, to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty; κατακάμπτειν έλπίδαs to bend down, break down hopes

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:-Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσας, aor. I part. of κατακαίω.

κατα-καυχάομαι, f ήσομαι, Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακείαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακειέμεν, Ep. pres inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακείετε, 2 pl. of κατακείω

κατά-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Dep. to lie down: to lie hid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 3. to recline at meals.

κατακείομεν, another form of κατακήομεν, q. v. :--but also Ep. for κατακείωμεν, pres. subj. of κατακείω. κατα-κείρω, f. κερώ, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κείω, Desiderat. of κατάκειμαι, to wish to lie over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. down: κακκείοντες, Ep. part. for κατακείοντες. κατακέκλζο, 2 sing. plapf. pass. of κατακλίνω. κατακεκράκτης, ου, δ, (κατακράζω) a brawler.

κατα-κελεύω, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the κελευστήs, to give the time in rowing.

κατα-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce through, sting severely. κατα-κεραυνόω, f. ώσω, to strike down by thunder. κατα-κερδαίνω, f. ἄνῶ οι ήσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.

κατα-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to rail violently: to mock at. κατακηέμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of κατακαίω.

κατα-κηλέω, f. ήσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant. κατακήομεν, Ep. for κατακήωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj of κατακαίω.

κατα-κηρόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, κηρύs) to cover with wax. κατα-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ύξω, to proclaim or command by berald.

κατα-κίρνημι, poet. for κατακεράννυμι, to mix wel: -Pass. to be well mixed.

κατά-κισσος, ον, (κατά, κισσός) ivy-wreathed.

**κατα-κλαίω** Att. -**κλάω**  $\lceil \bar{a} \rceil$ : fut. -κλαύσομαι .— $to \mid$ bewail or lament loudly; absol. to wail aloud.

κατακλάξασθαι, Dor. aor. 1 inf. med. of κατακλείω. κατα-κλάω, f. άσω [ŭ]: aor. 1 κατέκλἄσα:—Pass., aor. 1 κατεκλάσθην .—to break down, break short off, II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.

κατακλαχθήναι, Dor aor. I pass. inf. of κατακλείω κατα-κλάω, Att. for κατακλαίω. [ā]

κατακλείς, είδος, Ion. and Ep. κατακληίς, ηίδος, ή, (κατακλείω) a fastening for doors.

κατα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω old Att. -κληίω: f - κλείσω Dor. κλάξω:--Med., aor. 1 κατεκλεισάμην Dor. κατεκλαξάμην:--Pass., aor. κατεκλείσθην Ion. - εκληlσθην Dor. - εκλάχθην (not - εκλάσθην) .-- to shut up, sbut fast. 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade. κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ήσω, (κλήρος, δίδωμι) to distribute by lot.

κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, to inherit, obtain by inberitance.

κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ήσω, to receive as one's allotment. II. to assign to another as bis lot, give to inherit.

κατακλίθηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατακλίνω.

κατακλϊνής, ές, (κατακλινήναι) lying down, stretched at length. II. sloping, steep.

κατα-κλίνο-βατής, ές, (κατά, κλίνη, βαίνω) making one lie abed.

κατα-κλίνω [τ̄], f. –κλϊνῶ: aor. I κατέκλτνα:—to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius:-Pass. to lie down, esp. at table. II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence

κατάκλίσις, εως, ή, a making to lie down or sit at table: ή κατάκλισις τοῦ γάμου the celebration of a marriage.

κατα-κλύζω, f. ύσω [ŭ] : aor. I κατέκλϋσα :—to wasb ]

II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence κατακλυσμός, δ, a deluge, flood.

Κατα-κλώθες, ai, (κατακλώθω) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Mοιραι, Lat. Parcae.

κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates. κατα-κνάω, f. – κνήσω: α or. α κατέκνησα:—to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.

κατα-κνήθω, = κατακνάω.

κατα-κνίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I κατέκνζσα.—to pull to pieces, Lat. vellico :- Pass. to itch.

κατα-κοιμάω, f. ήσω, like κατακοιμίζω, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. I inf. pass. κατακοιμηθήναι, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to sleep through, sleep out; κατακοιμήσαι την φυλακήν to sleep out the watch.

κατα-κοιμίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , = κατακοιμάω, to lull to sleep. κατα-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to make one a sharer, give one a sbare.

κατ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow closely.

κατα-κολπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, κόλπος) to run into a bay or gulf.

κατα-κομιδή, ή, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From

κατα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω:—to bring down, esp. to the sea. 2. to bring to land or into barbour: to bring into a place of refuge.

κατά-κομος, ον, (κατά, κόμη) with falling bair.

κατ-ἄκονά, ή, (κατά, ἀκονή) destruction. κατα-κονδύλίζω, f. ίσω, to buffet severely.

κατ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κατά, ἀκοντίζω) to strike down with darts.

κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκοψα:---Pass., p. post f. κατακεκόψομαι: aor. 2 κατεκόπην:--to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II, to stamp with a die, coin into money.

κατα-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange, set in order; έπὶ νευρή κατακοσμείν to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.

κατ-ἄκούω, f. - ακούσομαι, to bear and obey, be subject to. II. to bearken to, give ear to, bear plainly. κατα-κράζω, fut. -κεμράξομαι, to cry down, outdo in crying.

κατα-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to prevail over, subdue:--absol. to prevail, become master: to become current. κατα-κρέμαμαι, Pass to bang down, bang suspended.

κατα-κρεμάννυμι or  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ , fut.  $-\kappa\rho\epsilon\mu\dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\omega$  [ $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ ]: aor i κατεκρέμασα:—to bang to or upon, bang up, attach to or by.

κατα-κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, to cut up like a butcher. κατα-κρήθεν, (κατά, κάρα) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom: - metaph. entirely, utterly.

κατα-κρημνάμαι or -άομαι, = κατακρέμαμαι. κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κατά, κρημνός) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.

κατά-κρημνος, ον, precipitous.

κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω: aor. I κατέκρῖνα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [I] Hence κατάκρῖσις, εως, ή, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύφή, ή, a hiding: metaph. a subterfuge. κατα-κρώζω, f. -κρώξω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut, -κτήσομαι: αοτ. Ι -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακέκτημαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Εp. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω, fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτἄνῶ Ερ. -κτἄνέω: aor. 1 κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτἄνον poet. κατέκταν, as, a, Ep. imperat. κάκτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα: —Pass, aor. 1 κατεκτάθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμενου: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass, sense) κατακτενέεσθε:— to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβεύω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κὔλίνδω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]:—Pass., aor. I  $-\epsilon\kappa$ ὔλίσθην: pf.  $-\kappa\epsilon\kappa$ ΰλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 κατέκυψα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κυριεύω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κῦρόω, (κατά, κῦροs) to ratify: aor I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακριθείς, condemned to something. κατα-κωλύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ οω  $[\bar{v}]$ : to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ἄλαζονεύομαι, (κατά, ἀλαζών) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλιά, ή, evil report, slander: and κατάλάλοs, ov, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμψομαι: 201. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατεληφα Ion. καταλελάβηκα:—
Pass., 201. Ι κατελήφθην Ion. καταλελάμφθην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize:—Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy.

II. to hold

to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath. III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers., καταλαμ-

come upon, befall, happen to one; impers., καταλαμβάνει it happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ σύμβαντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to shine upon: to shine. κατ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to suffer greatly, be in great

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατελέγην: —to lay down, put to bed, make lie down: —Med., with aor. I κατελέζμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγμην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγμενοs.

II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol

III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) α remnant, residue. κατάλειπτος, ον, (καταλείφω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιπον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to spend one's substance in bearing public burthens.

κατ-ἄλείφω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to smear on or over.

καταλέξω, Dor. for καταλέζω, fut. of καταλέγω. κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ήσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λεύω, f. σω, (κατά, λεύω) to stone to death. κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-αλέω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. ξω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτίκός, ή, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grayped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ή, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning.

II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λϊθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθοs) to stone to death. κατα-λιπάρέω, f. ήσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγή, ή, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. άξω: aor. I κατήλλαξα: --to change: --Med. to exchange, give in exchange.

II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile: --Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγην [α], to become reconciled.

κατ-αλοάω, f. ήσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ἴοῦμαι: Dep.: to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army; of εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service. κατά-λοιπος, ον, left, remaining.

κατ-άλοκίζω, f. ίσω, to cut into furrows.

κατα-λούω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., καταλούειν τον βίον to spend one's life in bathing.

κατα-λοφάδεια, Adv. = κατά λόφον, on the neck.

κατα-λοχίζω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence καταλοχισμός, δ, distribution into troops.

κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλούω.

κατά-λυμα, (κατά, λύω) an inn, lodging.

κατα-λυμαίνομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.

καταλύσιμος, ον, (καταλύω) to be made an end of. κατάλύσις, εως, ή, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding: κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: generally, a conclusion, finisbing. II. a resting, lodging: also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.

καταλυτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who lodges in a place. From κατα-λύω, f. -λύσω: aor. I κατέλυσα:—to dissolve, put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put down a form of government: to depose from command: to dissolve, dismiss, disband.

2. to bring to an end, terminate; καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace with him.

II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absolto take up one's quarters, balt, rest, lodge.

κατα-λωφάω, f. ήσω, to rest from a thing.

κατα-μάγεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μάγος) to bewitch
κατα-μαλακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω —to make soft

κατα-μαλακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω ...to make soft or effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.

κατα-μ**ἄλάσσω** Att. -ττω, f. άξω, to soften much, appease, pacify.

κατα-μανθάνω, fut. - μάθήσομαι: αοτ. 2 - έμάθον: pf. - μεμάθηκα: — to learn or observe well: to understand: to consider well.

κατα-μαργάω Ion. - $\mathbf{i}\omega$ : f.  $\mathbf{j}\sigma\omega$ :—to be stark mad.

κατα-μάρπτω, t. -μάρψω, to catch hold of, catch. κατα-μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness against:— Pass. to have evidence given against one.

ката-µаотоµаг, Med. to wipe off.

κατ-αμάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀμάω) to pile up, beap up: Ep. aor. I med. κατάμησάμην.

κατ-αμβλύνω, (κατά, ἀμβλύνω) to take the edge off, make blunt or dull.

κατα-μεθύσκω, f.  $-\mu$ εθύσω  $[\breve{v}]$ , to make drunk with sheer wine.

καταμείναι, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.

κατ-άμελέω, f. ήσω, to give no beed to, neglect: absol. to be beedless: —Pass. to be neglected.

κατα-μελίτόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed boney over, of the nightingale's voice.

κατάμεμπτος, ov, blamed by all, abborred: neut. pl. as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From

κατα μέμφομαι, f. -μέμψομαι: 201.  $t \mod -εμεμ-ψάμην$ , pass. -εμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse, find fault with. Hence

κατάμεμψις, εως, ή, a blaming, finding fault, accusing.

κατα-μένω, f.  $-μεν\hat{\omega}$ , to stay behind: to remain, continue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to cut in pieces: to distribute.

κατα-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure or mete out to: to measure.

κατα-μηλόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the probe: metaph., κημὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-box like a probe down another's throat, 1. e. make him disgorge stolen goods.

κατα-μηνύω, f. ύσω [τ], to give information as

gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.

καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. I med. of καταμάω. κατα-μίαινω, f. ἄνῶ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Passi to wear unwashen garments in sign of grief, Lat. squalere.

κατα-μίγνυμι οτ -ύω, f. -μίξω: 201. I κατέμιξα, Ep. part. καμμίξας:--to mix, mix up, compound.

κατα-μίσγω, = καταμίγνυμι.

κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to spend in paying public officers.

κατάμομφος, ον, (καταμέμφομαι) faulty.

κατα-μόνας, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.

κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ήσω, to conquer in single combat. κατ-αμπέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover. καταμύξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω. κατάμύσις, εως, ή, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes. κατ-αμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend. κατα-μυττωτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτόν) to make mincemeat of.

κατα-μύω, f.  $\dot{v}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{v}$ ]: 20τ. I κατέμνσα, poët. inf. καμμῶσα:—to sbut or close the eyes: to nod, drop asleep, dose: also to die.

κατ-ἄναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force down into a place. II. to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.

κατ-ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, a curse. Hence

καταναθεμάτίζω, f. ίσω, to curse.
κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασσάμην:—Pass. to
take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.
κατ-ανάλίσκω, f. –αναλώσω: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:

—to spend lavisbly, είs τι upon a thing:—Pass., with pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavisbed.

κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press beauily upon.

κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.
κατα-ναυμάχέω, fut. ήσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
beat at sea.

κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign among. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among themselves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2. to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depassi.

κατάνευσιε, εωε, ή, a nodding to, assent. From κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. καννεύσαε: -to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονεύω; ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατέ-νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a nod: to make a sign by nodding the bead.

κατα-νεφόω, f. ώσω, to overcloud.

κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to beap or pile up. κατανήσαι, 20τ. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθρακίζω, f. ίσω, and κατ-ανθρακόω, f. -ώσομαι : \ (κατά, ἄνθραξ):-to burn to cinders:-Pass. to be foot: metaph. to trample on. burnt to asbes.

κατα-νίφω, f. -νίψω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένιψε χιόνι την Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἄνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act, is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ήσω, to come down to, arrive at. κατ-άντης, εs, (κατά, ἄντα) down-bill, opp. to άνάντης.

κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, άντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. 2. absol. outover against, right opposite, facing. right, downright. [1 of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting. κατ-αντιπέρας, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξις, εως, ή, stupefaction, slumber. κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:-Pass. to be pricked at beart. II. in Pass. also to he in a deep sleep, to slumber.

**κατ-ἄνύω** Att. -ύτω: f. ύσω [τ]: aor. I κατήντσα: -to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νωτίζω): —to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω, f.-ξανω: αοτ. 1 κατέξηνα:--Pass., aor. I κατεξάνθην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing. καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-άξιος, ον, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξιόω, f. ωσω, to deem worthy, esteem, ho-ΙΙ. to bid; πολλά χαίρειν ξυμφοραίς καταξιω I bid a long farewell to calamities. resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ύσω [v]: Pass., pf. - έξυσμαι: -to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάορος, Dor. for κατήορος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ή, όν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down οι downwards; καταπακτή θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαίω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ă]: aor. I κατ· έπἄσα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πάτέω, f. ήσω, to trample down, trample under

κατάπαυμα, ατος, τό, a check, bindrance; and

κατάπαυσις, εως, ή, a putting a stop to, putting down, deposing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From κατα-παύω poet. καπ-παύω: f. σω:--to put to rest, 2. to make one stop from a thing, calm, assuage. binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check: -to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass.

and Med. to leave off, cease, rest. κατ-ἄπειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten loudly; καταπει-

 $\lambda \in \hat{v} \notin \pi \eta$  to use threatening words.

κατα-πειράτηρία Ion. –πειρητηρίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελτάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with lightarmed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτέοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμπω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθέω, f. ήσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπεπτηυία, Ep. pf. part. fem of καταπτήσσω. κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. - πέρδομαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέπορδα:—to break wind at one. κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:-to boil down

or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπεσών, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or - ύω, fut. - πετάσω [α]:--to spread II. to spread or cover with. Hence out over.

καταπέτασμα, ατος, τό, a curtain, veil. κατα-πέτομαι, fut. - πτήσομαι: aor. 2 κατεπτάμην, part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πετρόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω. καταπεφνών, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνῦμι and  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ : fut.  $-\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\omega$ : aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:— Pass., with intr. pf. act. κατα-πέπηγα, 3 sing Ep. 2 αστέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f.  $-\pi\lambda \dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to fill quite full.

κατα-πίμπρημι, f. - πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ερ. κάπmιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσκω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Εp. κάππεσον: pf.  $-\pi$ έπτωκα:— to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισσόω Att. -ττόω: f. -ωσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ἄ]: aor. I

κατέπλἄσα:—to spread or smear over, plaster with: —Med., καταπλάσσεσθαι την κεφαλήν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ή, όν, plastered over.

κατα-πλαστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

κατα-πλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine, plant: metaph. to im-2. to finish twisting, and so to plicate, entangle. bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, ον, also a, ον: Att. -πλεως, ων, gen. ω: (κατά, πλέος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

κατα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: 201. Ι κατέπλευσα:---Ion. pres. -πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the bigh sea to shore, put into port, put in:-to sail down II. to sail back. stream.

κατά-πλεως, ων, gen, ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ηγος, ο, ή, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken. κατάπληξις, εως, ή, amazement, consternation. From κατα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. Ι κατέπληξα: ---Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλάγην [ἄ] Ερ. κατεπλήγην :-pf.  $-\pi \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \gamma \mu \alpha i :$ —to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:-Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατά-πλοος contr. –πλους,  $\delta$ , (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting asbore, putting into barbour. II. a sailing back, return.

κατα-πλουτίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to make very rich, enrich.

κατα-πλύνω [v], to bathe with water. Hence κατάπλύσις, εως, ή, a bathing in water.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνείω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. –πνεύσομαι; aor. I κατέπνευσα:---to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence καταπνοή, ή, a breathing or blowing.

κατα-πόδα and κατα-πόδαs, Adv, for κατά πόδα, κατά πόδαs, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθή, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπίνω. κατα-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ήσω, to wear out by toil or suffering. κατα-ποντίζω, f ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, πόντοs) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence

καταποντιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

κατα-ποντόω, f.  $\omega \sigma \omega_{i} = \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \pi \sigma \nu \tau i \zeta \omega_{i}$ 

κατα-πορνεύω, f.  $-\epsilon \dot{v}\sigma \omega$ , to prostitute.

κατα-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve: -Med. to achieve for oneself.

κατα-πρηνήs, és, bead foremost, with the forepart downwards; χειρί καταπρηνεί with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηνόω, f. ώσω, to throw down headlong. κατα-πρίω [i]: aor. Ι κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. - προδώσω, to betray.

κατα-προίσσομαι, f. -προίξομαι Att. προίξομαι:-to do for nothing, i.e. with impunity, always with

1. absol., οὐ καταπροίnegat., and in bad sense: ξεσθαι έφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπροίξει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος έμὲ καταπροίξεται be sball not escape for baving thus insulted me; οὐ καταπροίξει τοῦτο δρῶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. ἐμεῦ δ' ἐκεῖνος οὐ καταπροίξεται be sball not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτος, ον, = καταπύγων.

καταπτακών, όντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω. κατά-πτερος, ον, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. -πτήξω: Ep. 2 or. 2 κατάπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poët. aor. 2 part. καταπτακών occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or -χα, Ep. part. καταπεπτηώς:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-άπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ον, also η, ον, (καταπτύω) to be spai upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτυχής, ές, (κατά, πτυχή) with ample folds. κατα-πτύω, f. ύσω  $[\ddot{v}]$ : aor. I. κατέπτ $\ddot{v}$ σα:—to spil upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτώσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπυγοσύνη, ή, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ονος, ή, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πῦγή) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. κατέπ $\bar{v}$ σα:—to make rotten :- Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πυκνος, ov, very thick.

κατα-πυρίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , (κατά, πυρ) to catch fire. κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ήσω, to consume with fire.

κατ-άρα Ion. -άρη [α], ή, an imprecation, curse. καταραιρημένος, Ion. for καθηρημένος, pf. part. pass.

of καθαιρέω.

κατ-αράομαι, f. -άσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:---to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά κατηparo be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:-pf. part. κατηραμένοs, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to burl down.

κατάρατος, ον, (καταράομαι) accursed, abominable. κατ-αργέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make useless or void:-Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, άργόs) to make to tarry. κάταργμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τά κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργυρόω, f. ώσω, to cover or plate with sil-II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατ-άρδω, f. άρσω, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατ-αρέομαι or - έωμαι, Ion. for καταράομαι. κατα-ρίγηλός, ή, ύν, (κατά, ριγέω) making one sbudder, borrible.

κατ-ἄριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count or reckon among.
to count up:—Med. to recount.

κατ-αρκέω, f. ήσω, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-αρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.

κατ-αρνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -αρνήσομαι, aor.

1 pass. -ηρνήθην:-to deny stoutly.

κατ-ἄρόω, f. -αρόσω, to plough up.

καταρρογήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμ. καταρ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τα κατερραθυμημένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle. καταρ-ρακόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, βάκοs) to tear into sbreds: Pass., pf. part. κατερρακωμένοs, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, δ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

κατάρραφος, ον, sewn together, patched.

καταρ-ρέζω, f ξω: Ep. aor. 1 κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.

καταρ-ρέπω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to make to sink or fall.

καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρυήσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form κατερρύην: -to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2 to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρυείs, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of.

II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταρ-ρήγνῦμι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω: -to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend: -Med., καταρ-ρήξαντο τοὺε κιθῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 κατερράγην [α], to fall or rush down:

to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. κατέρρωγα to break out, burst forth.

καταρ-ρινάω or -έω, f. ήσω, to file down: κατερρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or wellturned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow. κατάρρους contr. κατάρρους, ου,  $\delta$ , (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, to gulp or swallow down.

καταρρυήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence καταρρύήs, έs, flowing down, falling away, ebbing. κατάρρὸτος, ov, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ήσω, Ion. for κατορρωδέω.

καταρρώξ, ῶγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged. κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (κατάρω) a landing-place.

κατ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρημα κατηρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίζω, f. ίσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: κατηρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.)
 well furnished, complete. Hence

κατάρτίσις, εως, ή, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστήρ, ηρος, δ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. ύσω [v]: pf -ήρτϋκα pass. -ήρτϋμαι: aor. I pass. -ηρτύθην [v]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined.

II. κατηρτϋκώς, pf. part. act. in intrans sense, of suppliants, baving performed all the rites.

κατά-ρύτος, ον, poet. for κατάρρυτος.

κατ-αρχάs, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάs, in the beginning. κατ-άρχω, f ξω, (κατά, ἄρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., όδοῦ κατάρχει to he way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγον.

2. Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χέρνιβά τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen. κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ leρείου to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate.

3. to lead the dance in bonour of one, to celebrate, bonour.

κατα-σβέννυμι and  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ : f.  $-\sigma\beta\acute{\epsilon}\sigma\omega$ : aor. 1 κατέσβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήν, ξριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.

κατα-σείω, f. – σείσω: pf. – σέσεικα:—to shake and throw down; κατασείειν τ $\hat{\eta}$  χειρί to sign with the band, beckon.

κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασήπω.

κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.

κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ἄ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα. to grow rotten, rot away.

κατ-ασθενέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.
κατ-ασθυαίνω, to pant or snort against.

kat-acoulation, to pant of short against

κατα-στγάω, f. ήσομαι, to become silent.

κατα-σίκελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελόs) to Sicilise, i.e. make away with.

κατα-σιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on. κατα-σίωτάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over.

Make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence

κατασκάφή, ή, a rasing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.

κατασκάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence

κατασκάφήs, έε, dug down, deep-dug.

re- κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, f. -σκεδάσω [α]: 201. I II. κατεσκέδασα:--to seatter upon or over: also in bad sense; κατασκεδάσαι φήμην τινόε to spread a report | sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget. against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up. II. Pass., with pf. act. κατέσκληκα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up. κατα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build :- Med. to build, construct a bouse:-Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so :- Med to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκεύασμα, ατος, τό, a contrivance, device: and κατασκευασμός, δ, contrivance.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (κατά, σκευή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or tempoτατy (παρασκευή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, ατος, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνωσις, εως, ή, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be burled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. ΙΙ. λιταίς κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. -σκιάσω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκίάω, poët. for κατασκιάζω.

κατα-σκίδναμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι. κατά-σκίος, ον, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. –σκέψομαι : aor. r –εσκεψάμην : pf. –έσκεμμαι :– to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence κατασκοπή, ή, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, ον, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκώπτω, fut. -σκώψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ὄνω, to lessen, abridge:-Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμύχω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:— Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit: -also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπάράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to pull to pieces. κατα-σπαταλάω, f. ήσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to draw or pull down; κατασπαν τινα των τριχων to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to baul down, set affoat. II. to quaff or swallow down.

κατα-σπείρω, f.  $-\sigma \pi \epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

besprinkle.

κατα-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω: aor. Ι κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:--Pass., aor. I -εσπείσθην: pf. -έσπεισμαι:-to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. to bonour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, σποδόε) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep, with aor. I pass. -εσπουδάσθην, pf. -εσπούδασμαι ; (κατά, σπουδάζω) :--to be earnest about a thing; absol. to be very serious.

κατα-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle; νόσφ καταστάζειν πόδα to bave one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

καταστάθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. τ part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στασιάζω, f. άσω, to form a counter-party. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατάστασις, εωε, ή, a settling, appointing, establishing an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presenta-II. intrans, a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

καταστάτέον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must appoint.

καταστάτης, ου, δ, (καθίστημι) an establisher. κατα-στεγάζω, f άσω, to cover over. Hence

καταστέγασμα, ατος, τό, a covering. κατά-στεγος, ον, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed. κατα-στείβω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to tread on.

καταστείλαι, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. –στελώ, to put in order, arrange: clothe, dress, array. 2. to keep down, check.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανόω, f. ώσω, to crown.

καταστεφήs, és, wreathed, crowned. From κατα-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreathe,

κατα-στηλίτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάστημα, ατος, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition. κατα-στηρίζω, f. ίξω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. τ inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι: καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στίζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence κατά-στικτος, ov, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled. κατα-στίλβω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation. κατα-στονάχέω, f. ήσω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: sor. 1 κατεστόρεσα:--to spread or cover with a thing. to spread or strew on the ground: to overthrow, lay low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. sternere aeguor.

κατ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to burl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

κατα-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

κατα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med. to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμαι ἀκούειν I am compelled to hear. III. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end

καταστρέψας, aor. 1 part. of καταστρέφω. καταστρέψοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω. κατα-στρηνιάω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ή, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overthrowing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II. a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the calastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

κατα-στρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέστρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

κατα-στύγέω, f. ήσω: 201. 2 κατέστύγον:—to be borror-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abbor.

κατα-στύφελος, ον, very bard or rugged. κατα-στωμύλλω, to bave a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατα-σύρω, aor. I -έσῦρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere. κατασφάγή, ή, a slaughtering or killing. From κατα-σφάζω or -σφάττω: f. ξω: aor. 2 pass -έσφάγην [ά]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατα-σφράγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεθεῖν Ερ. – έειν, poët. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω. κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ή, (κατέχω) a holding back, hindering.

II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) beld back, kept back. II possessed.

κατα-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰs πύλαs to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. άσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνου τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long. κατασχώμεν, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατα-σώχω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray. κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τάνύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\ddot{v}]$ , = κατα-τείνω.

καταταξείς, Dor. for κατατήξεις, 2 sing. fut. of κατατήκω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατεθναίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθνήσκω. κατατεθνεώs and Ep. -ηώs, gen. ωτοs, pf. part. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατέθνηκα, pf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέτἄμον: pf. κατατέτμηκα, pass. κατατέτμημαι. — to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνειν τινὰ καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέτμηντο τάφροι trenches bad been cut.

κατά-τεχνος, ον, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 1 κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II. Pass., with pf. act. κατατέτηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f.  $-\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : pf.  $-\tau \dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \kappa a$ : aor. 2 κατ $\dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \nu$ , Ep. pl. κάτθεμεν, κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν; καταθείομεν, Ep. subj. for  $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \theta \hat{\omega} \mu \epsilon \nu$ ; Ep. inf  $\kappa \alpha \tau \theta \hat{\epsilon} \mu \epsilon \nu$ ; and in Med., κατθέμεθα, κατθέσθην, κατθέμενοι, Ep. for κατέθεμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθώμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθείναι ἄεθλον to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθείναι τισί τι ès μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαί τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τιλάω, f. ήσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ή, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, flesbly circumcision.

κατα-τοξεύω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατράγειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω.

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ίσω Att. ιω:
—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δράμοῦμαι: aot. 2 κατέδράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack. III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [ί]: pf. -τέτριμμα::—to rub down, wear away with rubbing: of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diem teree:—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [ί]

κατα-τρίζω, to squeak, scream shrilly. κατα-τροχάζω, f. άσω, to run down or over. κατα-τρύζω, f. ύσω, to chatter against. κατα-τρύχω, to rub down, wear out, exhaust. [v] κατα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 κατέτραγον:-to gnaw in pieces, eat up. κατα-τρωματίζω, lon. for κατατραυμ-. κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι, to bit one's mark, reach, gain, obtain: absol. to be successful. κατ-αυαίνω, to dry, parch, or wither up. κατ-αυγάζω, f. άσω, to illumine or light up:—Med. to gaze at. κατ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak aloud, declare. κατ-αῦθι, or better κατ' αὖθι, Adv. on the spot. κατ-αυλέω, f ήσω, to play upon the flute to one :-Pass. to have the flute played to one: to resound with the flute. II. c. acc. to overpower by fluteplaying: generally, to strike dumb. κατ-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: aor. 1 med. κατηυλισά-

quarters, encamp, settle, lodge. κατ-αυτίκα, better κατ' αὐτίκα,

κατ-αυτόθι, Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αὐτόθι. κατ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (κατά, αὐχήν) on or over the

μην and pass. κατηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to take up one's

κατ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to exult much in.

κατα-φάγειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to eat up, de-2. to consume in eating.

κατα-φαίνω, f. -φανώ, to make visible. II. Pass 2. to be clear or plain. to become visible, appear. καταφάνηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence καταφάνής, έs, clearly seen, conspicuous. nifest, clear.

κατάφαρκτος, ον, old Att. for κατάφρακτος. κατα φαρμάκεύω, f. σω, to anoint with drugs: to

charm, bewitch.

κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. ξω, to poison.

κατα-φαυλίζω, f. σω, to depreciate.

καταφερής, ές, (καταφέρομαι) sloping, slanting; εὖτε αν καταφερής γίγνηται ὁ ήλιος when the sun is near setting. II. inclined to a thing.

κατα-φέρω, f. κατοίσω οτ κατοίσομαι: 201. Ι κατήνεγκα:—to bring down:—Pass. to be brought down, as by a river: to be weighed down by sleep. to bring down from the high sea, bring to land:-Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.

κατα-φεύγω, f. ξομαι: 2 οτ. 2 κατέφυγον:--to flee for refuge or betake oneself to, to bave recourse to.

κατα-φευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must betake oneself. κατά-φευξις, εως, ή, flight for refuge. 2. a place of refuge.

κατά-φημι, to say yes, assent to.

κατα-φημίζω, f. σω and ξω, to spread a report, announce, proclaim.

κατα-φθατέομαι, Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω =  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\nu\omega$ ): — to take first possession of, occupy.

κατα-φθείρω, f.  $-\phi\theta\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ , to bring to nothing, ruin.

κατα-φθῖνύθω, = καταφθίω. [ $\check{v}$ ] κατα-φθίνω: aor. Ι κατεφθίνησα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα:

-to waste away, decay, perisb. κατα-φθίω. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [τ], aor. Ι κατέφθισα, to ruin, destroy, kill. trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθζμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην [ $\Gamma$ ], inf.  $-\phi\theta$ i $\sigma\theta$ aı:—to be destroyed, ruined, waste away, perish; ώs καταφθίσθαι ἄφελεs Ο that thou badst perished: part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed. καταφθορά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καταφθείρω) destruction, ruin, death:

metaph. confusion, distraction.

κατα-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to kiss tenderly, caress.

κατα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to burn down, consume. καταφλεξί-πολις, δ, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) inflamer of cities.

κατά-φλεξις, εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) a burning. κατα-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to strike with fear or dismay: -Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. 1 κατεφοβή- $\theta\eta\nu$ , to be afraid of.

κατα-φοιτάω Ion -έω, to come down regularly. κατα-φονεύω, f. σω, to slaughter, butcher, slay. κατα-φορέω, f. ήσω, to carry down or along: of a river, to carry down with the stream:—Pass. to be so

carried down.

κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to declare. II. Med., with fut. -φράσομαι, aor. 1 med. -εφρασάμην, pass. -εφρά- $\sigma\theta\eta\nu:$  to think upon, reflect upon: to remark, observe.

катафрактоs, ov, covered, decked: shut up in. From κατα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f ξω, to cover, fence in. κατα-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to think slightly of, disdain, despise: to scorn, contemn. II. to fix one's thoughts upon, think of: also to aim at, Lat. affec-III. to think arrogantly, to presume: and simply to think, suppose. Hence

καταφρόνημα, ατος, τό, contempt of others;  $\mu \eta$ Φρόνημα μόνον, άλλα καταφρόνημα not only spirit, but a spirit of disdain: and

καταφρόνησις, εως, ή, a low opinion of others: presumption: and

καταφρονητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a despiser: and

καταφρονητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , contemptuous, disdainful. Adv. -κω̂s, scornfully.

κατα-φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to think or study a thing away.

κατα-φρύγω, f. ξω, to burn away.

κατα-φυγγάνω, = καταφεύγω.

καταφύγειν, 20r. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence καταφυγή, ή, a refuge, place of refuge.

κατα-φυλάδον, Adv., for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by tribes or clans.

κατα-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to guard well.

κατα-φυλλοροέω, f. ήσω, to shed leaves: to decay. κατά-φύτος, ον, (κατά, φυτόν) well-planted.

κατα-φωράω, f. άσω [ā], to catch in a theft: generally, to catch in the act, detect, discover.

κατα-φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to illuminate, light up. κατα-χαίρω, f. -χαροῦμαι, to exult over one.

κατα-χάλαζάω, f. ήσω, to shower down like bail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, ον, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleanung with brasen armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκόω, f. ώσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χάριζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, ατος, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέζω, f. -χέσομαι, to befoul, Lat concacare. κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote by show of bands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ή, condemnation by show of bands. καταχεύαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-γέω Ep. –χεύω: fut. –χεῶ: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχενα:—Pass., aor. I κατέχύθην [ $\ddot{v}$ ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατέχύμην [ $\ddot{v}$ ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχῦτο, χατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shown down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down. II. Med. to let flow down, esp.

of the hair. 2. to bave or cause to be melted down; χρυσόν καταχέασθαι.
καταχήνη, ή, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χηρεύω, f. σω, to pass in widowbood.

κατ-άχής, ές, Dor. for κατηχής. κατ-άχθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed. κατα-χθόνιος, ον, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

ката-храіvoµaı, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume.

2. to misuse, misapply.

3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch.

II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατάχρα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. κατα-

χρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., άντι λόφου ή λοφιή κατέχρα the mane sufficed, served as a crest. κατα-χρειόομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, ον, covered with gold, gilded. Hence καταχρῦσόω, f. ώσω, to cover with gold, to gild. κατα-χρώζω, also -χρώνυμι and -ὑω: f. -χρώσω:

—to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.
καταχύδην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. pro-

fusely, lavishly. [v]

κατάχυσμα, ατος, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. bandfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννομι οι -ύω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a beap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att.  $\iota\hat{\omega}$ , to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχώσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάζω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

κατα-ψάω, f. -ψήσω, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. -ψακάζω, f. άσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, invent; καταψεύδεσθαί τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρέω, f ήσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, ον, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous. κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, f. -ψήξω, to rub or grate down — Pass. to crumble away.

II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to cool, refresb.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

κατέδηα, pf. of κατάγνυμι :—κατεάγην [ἄ], aor. 2

κατέαγῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι. κατέαξα, aor. 1 of κατάγνυμι.

κατεάξω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κάθηνται, 3 pl. of κάθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι. κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω. κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατεβήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλάκευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκεύω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγύάω, f. ήσω: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible, compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγύη, ή, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, impf. of καταγελάω

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγχέω, f.  $-\chi$ εῶ, to pour down into. κατέδησα, 20 r. 1 of καταδέω (A).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδαρθον, 201. 2 of καταδαρθάνω.

κατέδραμον, 201. 2 of κατατρέχω. κατέδυν, 201. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατ-έδω, Ερ. for κατεσθίω.

κατεηγώς, Ion. pf. part. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέθεντο, 3 pl. 2 or. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέθηκα, aor. 1 of κατατίθημι.

κατ-είβω, poét. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., alwn κατείβετο life ebbed or passed away.

κατειδέναι, inf. pf. of \*κατείδω.

\*κατ-είδω, Ι. in aor. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδείν (which serves as aor. 2 το καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med. κατείδύμην, inf. κατιδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα, inf. κατειδέγαι, to know well, to be assured of.

κατ-είδωλος, ον, (κατά, είδωλον) given to idols. κατ-εικάζω, f. άσω, to liken to:-Pass. to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture: of evil, to suspect. κατ-ειλέω, f. ήσω, to force into a place, coop up :-Pass. to be cooped up. κατείληφα, κατείλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω. κατ-ειλίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω. κατειλίχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plapf. pass. of καθελίσσω. κατ-ειλύω, f. ύσω [v], to cover up, wrap up. κάτ-ειμι: Ep. aor. 1 med. καταεισάμην: (κατά, είμι ibo) to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river, to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down. come back, return: of exiles, to return home. κατείναι, Ion. for καθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of καθίημι. κατ-είνυμι, Ion. for καθέννυμι. κατείπα, aor. I = κατείπον. κατείπον, inf. κατειπείν, without any pres. in use: (κατά, εἶπον): to speak against, to accuse, charge. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of. κατειργαθόμην, poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείργω  $\kappa \alpha \tau - \epsilon i \rho \gamma \nu \bar{\nu} \mu \iota$  and  $-i \omega_{\nu} = \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon i \rho \gamma \omega_{\nu}$ . κατ-είργω Ion. -έργω, f. ξω, to sbut in, enclose, confine:-to press bard, reduce to straits. II. to binder. κατ-ειρύω, Ion. for κατερύω. κατ-ειρωνεύομαι, Dep. to use irony towards, banter: to dissemble. κατ-εισάγω, f. άξω, to bring in to one's own loss. [ă] κατέκειρα, aor. Ι of κατακείρω. κατέκηα, aor. I of κατακαίω. κατέκλάσα, aor. 1 of κατακλάω. κατεκλάσθην, aor. 1 pass. of κατακλάω. κατεκλάχθην, Dor. aor. I pass. of κατακλείω. κατέκλύσα, aor. I of κατακλύζω. κατέκλων, contr. impf. of κατακλάω. κατεκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κατακρίνω. κατέκταν, Ep. 201. 2 of κατακτείνω. κατέκταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατακτείνω. κατέκτάνον, 201. 2 οί κατακτείνω. κατέλάβον, aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω. κατ-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω Att. -ελώ: 20r. Ι κατή- $\lambda a \sigma a :$ to drive down: to master. κατ-ελέγχω, f. -γξω, to convict of falsebood: to belie. κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω. κατ-ελεύσομαι, fut. of κατέρχομαι. κατελήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of καταλαμβάνω. κατελθείν Ep. -θέμεν, 20r. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι. κατ-ελίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω. κατ-ελκύω, Ion. for καθελκύω. κατ-ελπίζω, f. ίσω, to hope confidently. κάτεμεν, Ion. 1 pl. aor. 2 of καθίημι. κατ-εναίρομαι, Dep., with aor. 1 med. κατενηράμην, and also aor. 2 act. κατήναρον:-to kill, slay, slaughter.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, Adv. (κατά, εναντίοε) over against, opposite, fronting. κατ-εναρίζω, f. ξω, strengthd. for έναρίζω, to kill. κατένασσα, Ep. aor. I of καταναίω. κατενεχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καταφέρω. κατ-ενήνοθε, pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνις κατενήνοθεν ώμους: cf. έπ-ενήνοθε, παρ-ενήνοθε; the simple ενήνοθε does not occur. κατενήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I of κατεναίρομαι. κατενθείν, Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι. κατενύγησαν [v], 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω κατ-ένωπα and κατ-ενώπιον, Adv. (κατά, ένωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting. κατ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. - εξανέστην, to rise up against, contend against. κατέξανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of καταξαίνω. κατεξενωμένος, ό, received as a guest, pf. part. pass. of καταξενόω. κατ-εξουσιάζω, f. άσω, to exercise authority over. κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, Med. to make a contract or engagement with one. κατ-επάγω, f. άξω, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another. κατεπάλμενος, Ep. 20r. 2 part. of κατεφάλλομαι. κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω. κατ-επείγω, f. ξω, to press down, oppress. urge, impel, stimulate, basten; τὸ κατεπεῖγον urgent necessity. II. intr. to burry, make baste. κατέπεσον, aor. 2 of καταπίπτω. κατεπέστην, 20τ. 2 οf κατεφίστημι. κατέπεφνον, redupl. 2 of καταφένω. κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι. κατέπηξα, aor. Ι of καταπήγνυμι. κατέπλάσα, 20r. I of καταπλάσσω. κατέπλευσα, 201. Ι οί καταπλέω. κατεπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω. κατέπτύσα, aor. I of καταπτύω. κατ-εργάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι: 20r. Ι κατειργάσθην: pf. κατείργασμαι: Dep. (but aor. I and pf. are also used in pass. sense):—to effect, accomplish, achieve. 2. like Lat. conficere, to make an end of. destroy, despatch: hence to overpower, conquer:-pf. in pass. sense, to be overcome. 3. m good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence:-aor, I in pass. sense, to be prevailed on. II. to work in, make: κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey: also to manufac-III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour: ture. absol. to go to work. κατ-έργω, Ion. for κατείργω. κατερεικτός or -ερικτός, όν, bruised. From кат-ерейкы, to tear, rend: - Med. to rend one's gar-II. to bruise or grind down; metaph., κατερείκειν θυμόν to wear away one's mind. κατ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to throw or cast down: to de-

molisb, dismantle, lay waste.

κατέρεξα, Ep. aor. I of καταρρέζω.

κατ-ερεύγω, f. ξω, to beleb at or upon.

κατήριπον, pf. κατερήριπα, to fall down, fall in.

II. intr. in aor. 2

κατευνάω, f. ήσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep.

κατ-ερέφω, f. ξω, to cover, roof: - Med. to roof over

down to sleep; Aeol. 3 pl. 201. Ι κατεύνασθεν.

for oneself. -Pass. to fall asleep. κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερώ, serving as fut. (with pf. κατευνήσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of κατευνάω. κατείρηκα) of the aor. κατείπον:-to speak against, κατ-ευτρεπίζω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arκατ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to praise loudly, extol. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατειraign. κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to gladden or delight much. ρήσεται it shall be declared. κατερήρζηα, intr. pf. of κατερείπω. κατευχή, ή, a wish, prayer, vow. From κατ-ερητύω, fut. -ερητύσω [v]:-to keep in, detain, κατ-εύχομαι, t. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι. for evil on one, invoke a curse II to boast. κατερῦκάνω, poët. for κατερύκω. [ă] κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry. κατέφάγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω. κατ-ερύκω [v], f. ξω, to bold back, detain κατ-ερύω Ion -ειρύω: f. ύσω [v]: aor 1 κατείρυσα. κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush Pass., pf. κατείρυσμαι:—to draw or baul down: of upon; κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deduκατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω cere naves. κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην, κατ-έρχομαι, fut κατελεύσομαι: aor. 2 κατήλὔθον pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again. contr. κατηλθον, inf. κατελθείν: Dep.:-to go down, κατέφυγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω. esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing, and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: οί καταχέω. of exiles, to return bome. κατ-έχω, fut. καθέξω and κατασχήσω: aor. 2 κάτ- $\epsilon \sigma \chi o \nu$  poët.  $-\epsilon \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o \nu$ : κατερώ,  $\mathbf{v}$ . sub  $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \omega$ . I. trans. to hold, keep κατέσβεσα, 201. I of κατασβέννυμι. back, withhold: to check, restrain: - Pass. to stop, κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to κατασβέννυμι. verze, take possession of, occupy with soldiers κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατcover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχετο έδηδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, she covered ber face: generally, to bide, keep concealed. III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold, prey upon. κατέσκαμμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, κατεσκεύασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω. land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, bappen; κατεσκεψάμην, 20r. I med. of κατασκοπέω.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$  κατασχήσει it will turn out well. 4 of a κατέσκληκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω. report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper κατέσπειρα, aor. Ι of κατασπείρω. IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, emκατέσπεισα, aor. I of κατασπένδω. bezzle: also to blind. κατέσσύτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of κατασεύομαι. κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω. κατέσταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κακατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω. θίστημι. κατηγεμών, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγ-. κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω. κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω. κατέστειψα, aor. Ι οf καταστείβω κατ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, κατεστεώs, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι. to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. 1. charge: - Pass, κατηγορείται τι τινός a charge is κατεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καθίστημι. 3. absol. to be an accuser, brought against him. κατεστόρεσα, 20r. ι of καταστορέννυμι. 4. generally, to signify, inappear as prosecutor. κατεστράφατο, Ion. for κατεστραμμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. dicate, prove, intimate. Hence plapf pass. of καταστρέφω. κατηγορία, ή, an accusation, charge. κατέστρωσα, 20τ. 1 of καταστρώννυμι. κατήγορος, δ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer. κατέστυγον, aor. 2 of καταστυγέω. κατήκισμαι, pf. pass. of καταικίζω. κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατήκω. κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as κατέτηξα, aor. I of κατατήκω. Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearkenκατετρίβην [ $\Upsilon$ ], aor. 2 pass. of κατατρίβω. ing to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearkenκάτευγμα, τό, (κατεύχομαι) avow, wish, prayer: esp. ing to, giving ear to. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering. κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω. κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward. κατήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι. κατ-ευθύνω, f. ἄνῶ, to make straight, set right: to κατηλιψ, ιφοs, ή, the upper story of a house: a stairguide, direct, conduct. case or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.) κατ-ευνάζω, fut. άσω, to lull to sleep:-Pass. to lie κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ă], aor. I and 2 pass.

of καταλλάσσω.

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κατ-ηλογέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, λόγοs) to make of small
account, slight, despise.
 κατήλυθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence
 κατήλύσις, εως, ή, a going down, descent.
 κάτημαι, Ion. for κάθημαι.
 κατημελημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.
 κατηναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατ-
εναρίζω.
 κατίνεγκα, aor. I of καταφέρω.
 κατηνθρακώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατ-
ανθρακόω.
 κατήνὕσα, aor. I of κατανύω.
 κατήορος or κατήορος, ον, Dor. -άορος, (κατά, αί-
ωρέω) banging down: banging on or to.
 κατ-ηπιάω, f. άσω, (κατά, ήπιος) to soothe, assuage:
-Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιέωντο
 κατηραμένος, pf. part. of καταράομαι.
 κατηράσω [\bar{a}], 2 sing. aor. 1 of καταράομαι.
 κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράσμαι.
 κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ίσω, to calm, appease, quiet.
 κατ-ηρεφής, ές, (κατά, \epsilon \rho \epsilon \phi \omega) covered over, over-
banging, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφές oversha-
dowed with laurels; κατηρεφή πόδα τιθέναι to keep
the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who
stands still, opp. to δρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι.
covered with, laden with.
 κατ-ήρης, εs, (κατά, ἀρἄρεῖν) fitted out, furnished,
supplied: of ships, furnished with oars.
 κατηριθμημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.
 κατήρίπον, 201. 2 of κατερείπω.
 κατηρτίσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω.
 κατήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω
 κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing impf. of κάθημαι.
 κατήφεια Ion. -\epsilonίη, ή, (κατηφήs) a casting the eyes
downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.
 κατηφέω, f. ήσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From
 κατη-φήs, έs, (κατά, φάοs) with downcast eyes, de-
jected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence
 κατηφών, όνος, δ, one who causes shame, a disgrace.
 κατ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to resound.
thing in one's ears, din it into one :- Pass. to be in-
formed of a thing.
                       2. to teach by word of mouth,
teach the elements of religion: - Pass. to be instructed
in these elements; aor. Ι κατηχήθην, pf. κατήχημαι.
 κατ-ηχής, έs, (κατά, ήχος) sounding, resounding.
 κατήχθην, aor. ι pass. of κατάγω.
 κάτθανον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταθνήσκω.
 κατθάνοθμαι, fut. of καταθνήσκω.
 κατθάψαι, Ep. 20r. 1 inf. of καταθάπτω.
 κατ-θείην, poët. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι.
 κατθέμεν, Ep for καταθείναι, 20r. 2 inf. of κατατί-
θημι: but κάτθεμεν, Ep. 1 plur. aor. 2 of same.
 κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατα-
 κατθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.
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κατθέμενος, Ep. 2 part. med of κατατίθημι. κάτθεο, Ep. for κατάθου, 2 imperat. med. of

κατατίθημι.

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κατθέσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.
 κατ-ζάπτω, f. ψω, to barm, burt, damage.
 κατίασι, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (είμι ibo).
 κατιασι, Ion. for καθιασι, 3 pl. of καθίημι.
 κατίδειν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.
 κατιδέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.
 κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω.
 κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίημι.
 κατ-ιθύνω, Ιοπ. for κατευθύνω
 κατ-ἴκετεύω, Ion for καθικετεύω.
 κατ-\tilde{\iota}λύω, f. \tilde{\upsilon}σω [\tilde{\upsilon}], (κατά, \tilde{\iota}λ\tilde{\upsilon}s) to fill with mud
or dirt.
 κατίμεν, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (είμι ιδο).
 κατιππάζομαι, κατίρόω, κατίστημι, Ion for καθ-.
 κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, \mathbf{v}. *κατείδω.
 κατ-ισχναίνω, to make to waste away, bring down.
 κατ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [\bar{v}], to bave power over, prevail
against, overpower, c. gen.
                                    II. intr. to come to
one's full strength, be in full vigour.
 κατ-ίσχω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to bold
back, bold in, restrain, Lat. detineo: - Med. to keep
by one.
             II. to possess, occupy
                                          III. to guide
or steer for a place.
                           IV. intr. to light upon; σέ-
λας κατίσχει έξ ούρανου the light comes down upon
the place from heaven.
 κατιών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (είμι ibo).
 κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.
 κάτ-οιδα, pf of *κατείδω.
 κατ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in, inhabit: - Pass. to be
dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a
place.
          2. of a state, to be administered, regulated.
Hence
 κατοίκησις, εως, ή, a settling in a place: dwelling.
 κατοικητήριος, α, ον, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting;
κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.
 κατοικία, ή, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, babitation.
a colony.
 κατ-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιω, to bring or remove into
a dwelling persons as colonists: - Pass. to be placed,
             II. to colonise a place:—Pass., of places,
to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or estab-
lished.
            III. to bring bome, restore to one's country.
Hence
 κατοίκισις, εως, ή, a planting with inhabitants, colo-
nisation.
 κατ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build on or in a place.
 κάτ-οικος, ον, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting:
as Subst., κάτοικος, δ, an inbabitant.
 κατ-οικτείρω, to bave compassion on.
                                                II. intr.
to feel compassion, shew pity.
 κατ-οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to bave compassion on
another:-Med., with aor. I pass. κατφκίσθην, to pity
                                   II. to cause or excite
oneself, to bewail, lament.
pity. Hence
 κατοίκτίσις, εως, ή, a pitying, compassion.
 κατ-οιμώζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to bewail, lament.
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κάτ-οινος, ον, (κατά, οίνος) drunken with wine.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to bave gone down; of κατοιχόμενοι, the departed.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ήσω, to sbrink from doing a thing. κατοκωχή, ή, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence

κατοκώχιμος, ov, beld in possession, detained. II. capable of being possessed, frantic.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip down.

κατ-όλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα: (κατά, όλλυμι):—to perish utterly.

κατ-ολολύζω, f. ύξω, to shriek over.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [v]

κατ-ομβρέω, t. ήσω, (κατά, ὅμβροs) to rain upon:

—Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain.

κατ-όμνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα.

-to swear to, confirm by oath.

2. c. acc pers. to call to witness, swear by.

3. c. gen. pers. to take an oath against, accuse on oath.

κατ-ονίνημι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage: — Med. to bave the benefit of, enjoy. [ντ]

кат-о́vоµа, Dep. to blame, slight.

κάτ-οξυς, εια, ν, (κατά, δξύς) very sharp, piercing. κατ-οπάζω, f. άσω, to follow after.

κατ-όπιν, Adv , = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὅπισθε) Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. II. of Time, bereafter.

κατ-οπτεύω, f σω, (κατόπτηs) to spy out. observe. κατ-οπτήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, (κατά, ὀπτήρ) a spy, scout.

**κατ-όπτης**, ov,  $\dot{o}$ , = κατοπτήρ,

κάτ-οπτος, ον, (κατά, ὄψομαί) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to shew as in a mirror:

Med. to behold oneself in a mirror.

2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω

κατ-οργάνίζω, f. ίσω, to sound with music through κατ-ορθόω, f. ώσω: aor. I κατώρθωσα:—to set upright, erect.

2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a thing:—Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well determined or purposed.

II. intr. to be successful, go on prosperously.

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ήσω, to be dismayed at, dread.

II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορυχήσομαι:—to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. - ήσομοι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insultare: hence to treat despitefully, insult. II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, behold. κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' δ τι.

κατ-ουδαίος, ον, (κατά, οὖδαε) under the earth.
κατ-ουλόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cicatrise or form a scar over:—Pass. to cicatrise, beal over.
κατ-ουρέω, f. ήσω, to make water upon.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to wast with a fair wind.

II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , = κατουρίζω,

κατ-οφρυόομαι, (κατά, ὀφρύs) to contract the eyebrows, frown.

κατοχή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κατέχω) a bolding fast, detention. possession by a god.

κατόχιμος, ον, incorrect form of κατοκώχιμος.

κάτοχος, ον, (κατέχω) bolding fast.

beld fast, overpowered, constrained.

2. possessed, in pired.

κατ-όψιος, ον, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite. κατόψομαι, used as fut. of καθοράω

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατά τάδε. κατ-τάνυσαν, Ερ. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of

κατατανύω. καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin.

κάττυμα, καττύω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύω.

κατ-τῶ, Dor. for κατὰ τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-ύπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for  $\kappa$ αθ-.

κατ-υπνόω, Ion. for καθυπνόω.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) down, downwards.

Neath, below, underneath, opp. to ἄνω.

2. οἰ κάτω, those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on the hills.

3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, οι ἄνω κάτω upside down.

III. c. gen under, below: down from.

IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, ον, Att. κατώγεως, ων, gen. ω, = κατά-

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below.

II. below, beneath.

κατ-ωθέω, f. --ήσω: aor. I -έωσα, to thrust down κάτω-κάρα, Adv (κάτω, κάρα) head downwards [κά] κατώκησα, aor. I of κατοικέω

κατώκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κατοικίζω.

κατ-ωμάδιος, α, ον, (κατά, ὧμος) down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down from the shoulder.

Κατ-ωμάδον, Adv. (κατά, ὧμος) from the shoulder,

with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ή, (κατόμνυμι) an oath taken against one, accusation on oath.

κατω-νάκη, ή, (κάτω, νάκοs) a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκοs). [νά]

κατ-ωράζομαι, Ion. for καθωραζομαι.

κατώρθωσα, 201. I of κατορθόω: but κατώρθωσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ῶρυξ, ὄχος, δ, ἡ, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth.

II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground.

III. as Subst., κατῶρυξ, ἡ, α pit, cavern.

κατώτατος, ἡ, ον, (κάτω) the lowest.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part. κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later. κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.

κατω-φάγαs, οῦ or α, ὁ, (κάτω, φαγεῖν) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερής, ές, (κάτω, φέρομαι) banging downwards, precipitous.

κατ-ωχράω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἐχρόs) to turn very pale. κανάξαις, for καΓ Γάξαις (with the digamma), 2 sing Ep. aor. I opt. of κατάγνυμι.

καύλινος, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From

KAYAO'Ž, ò, a stalk, stem 2. a bandle, sbaft: spear-sbaft the bilt of a sword.

καθμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) burning beat, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. in the beat.

Hence

καυμ**ἄτίζω**, f ίσω, to scorch, wither by heat. καυνάκη**s**, ου, ό, a Persian garment. [ἄ] (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΥΝΟ'Σ, δ, a lot.

καυσία, ή, (καίω) a heat-shade, name of a broad-brimmed Macedonian hat.

καύστμος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible. καῦσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning beat. Hence

καυσόομαι, Pass to be on fire, intensely bot. καύστειρα, fem Adj. with no masc. in use, burning καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

καύσω, fut. of καίω.

καύσων, ωνος, δ, (καίω) burning beat: a scorching wind.

καυτήρ, ηρος, ό, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάζω, f. άσω, to sear with red-hot iron:—metaph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτης, ου,  $\delta$ , = καυτήρ. καὐτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυχάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf κεκαύχημαι: Dep.: —to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akm to αὐχέω, εὕ-χομαι.)

καυχάσαι, for καυχά, 2 sing of καυχάομαι. καύχη, ή, = καύχησιε, a boasting, vaunting. καύχημα, ατοε, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. a subject of boasting.

καυχήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (καυχάομαι) boastful. καύχησις, εως, ή, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of boasting.

καχάζω, f. άξω Dor. αξῶ, to laugh loud, Lat. cachinnor: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.) καχασμός, ό, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh. καχ-εταιρεία, ή, (κακός, έταῖρος) ill company. καχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ήμέρα) living sad days, wretched.

καχλάζω, f. άσω, redupl. from χλάζω, to dash, plash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ηκος, δ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, sbingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισία, ή, (κακόε, δρμίζω) ill barbourage. κάχρυς, τοε, ή, = κάγχρυε, parched barley. κάχ-ύποπτος, ον, (κακός, ϋποπτοε) suspecting evil, meanly suspicious.

KAΨA, ή, a box, chest, case, Lat. capsa.

κάω [ā], Att. for καίω, to burn.

KE, and before a vowel κεν, Ep. and Ion. for αν, Dor. κα: αν κε, κεν αν, are sometimes found together: κε is always enclit.

κεάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ἐκέάσα Ερ. ἐκέασσα, κέασα, and κέασσα: Pass, aor I ἐκεάσθην Ερ. κεάσθην: (κέω, κείω):—to split, cleave · of lightning, to shiver, shatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.

κέἄρ, ἄροs, τό, Lat. cor, the heart:—contr κῆρ, q. v.

κέαs, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω

κέασα, κέασσα, Ερ aor. I of κεάζω.

κέᾶται, κέᾶτο, Ep and Ion 3 pl pres and impf. of κεῖμαι.

κέβλη οτ κεβλή, ή, contr for κεφαλή, the head. κεβλή-πύρης, (κεβλή, πῦρ) a bird called the redcap. κεγχριαίοs, α, ον, (κέγχροε) of the size or shape of a grain of mullet.

κεγχρίτης  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , ov,  $\delta$ , fem. – $\hat{\imath}$ τις,  $\iota\delta$ os, ( $\kappa$ έγχροs), like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχρος, βάλλω) scattering millet

**KE'TXPO** $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , and  $\dot{\eta}$ , millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish

κεγχρώματα, ων, τά, (κέγχρος) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-holes in the run of the shield.

κεδάννυμι, f κεδάσω: Εp. aor. 1 ἐκέδασσα: aot. 1 pass. ἐκεδάσθην:—poet. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθείς, aor. I pass part. of κεδάννυμι.

κεδνός, ή, όν, (κῆδος) careful, discreet, trusty II. pass. cared for, dear · of things, valued, prized κέδρινος, η, ον, (κέδρος) of cedar, made of cedar. κεδρίς, ίδος, ή, (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a jumper-berry.

KE'ΔΡΌΣ, ή, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. II. anything made of cedar, a cedar coffin or chest. κεδρωτός, ή, όν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with,

cedar-wood. κέεσθαι, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.

Kéetal, Ion 3 sing of Keihal.

κεια, Ep. aor. 1 of κείω

κειάμενος, Ep. aor. I med part. of καίω.

κείαντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.

κείδται, κείδτο, Ep. 3 pl. pres and impf. of κείμαι. κείθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence. κείθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

ΚΕΙ ΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ιου. κέεται; 3 pl. κείνται, Ιου. and Ερ. κέαται, Ερ. also κείαται and Ιου. κέονται: so 3 pl. impf. ξκειντο Ιου. εκέατο Ερ. κείατο, κέατο; subj. κέωμαι, κέη, κέηται Ερ. κήται: opt. κεοίμην: inf. κείσθαι Ιου. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενος:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κεισεύμαι. Used as Pass. to τίθημι.

Radic. sense, to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie 2. to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also asleep. to lie still, rest; κακόν κείμενον abated, allayed 3. of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacëre: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in 4. of a corpse, to he unburied: also to he uncared for, neglected. II. of places, to lie, be situated. 2. of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied. III generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand. IV. to be laid up, laid in store, τὰ κείμενα deposits. to be fixed, settled, laid down; κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται ἄεθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed. freq. in Homer, ταθτα θεών έν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι έν τινι to be dependent on a person. κείμαν, Dor. for ἐκείμην, impf. of κείμαι. κειμήλιον, τό, (κείμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: beirloom. κείμην, Ep. impf. of κείμαι. κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, thai, be, she, it; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner. κεινός, ή, όν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, empty. κείνως, Adv, Ion. for ἐκείνως, in that way. Kelos, δ, (Keώs) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Xîos. κείρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω. κειρία, ή, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swathingband. II. the cord or sacking of a bedstead. κειρύλος, δ, for κηρύλος, a king fisher. [v] ΚΕΙ'ΡΩ, fut. κερω Ion. κερέω Εp. κέρσω: 201. 1 έκειρα Εp. έκερσα: - Med., fut. κερούμαι: - Pass., aor. I  $\hat{\epsilon} \kappa \epsilon \rho \theta \eta \nu$ : aor. 2  $\hat{\epsilon} \kappa \alpha \rho \eta \nu \, [\tilde{\alpha}]$ : pf.  $\kappa \epsilon \kappa \alpha \rho \mu \alpha \iota :--to$ clip, cut short, esp. the hair: - Med. to cut off one's own hair or bave it cut off:-Pass., κεκάρθαι ταs κεφαλάs to bave their heads shorn. 2. to cut out, bew off. II. to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees. 2. generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy. κείς, contr. for καὶ είς. κείσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, thither. κεισεθμαι, Dor. fut. of κείμαι. κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμαι. κείσομαι, fut. of κείμαι. κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κείμαι, to wish to lie down or sleep; βη κείων he went to lie down. KEI'Ω, to cleave, radic. form of κεάζω. κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω. κεκάδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω. κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v. κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω. κεκάδών, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω. κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω. κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of καλύπτω.

3 pl. κεκάμωσι. κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω. κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω. κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of καίνυμαι. κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω. κεκαύχημαι, pf. of καυχάομαι. κεκάφηώς, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω. κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενύω. κεκεύθει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω. κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω. κεκλέαται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημαι, pf. of καλέω. κέκλειμαι or  $-\sigma$ μαι, pf. pass. of κλείω. κεκλείσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, to sbut. κέκλεμμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω. κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι. κεκλήστο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ot καλέω. κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώs, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκλήγοντες, as if from κεκλήγω. κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω. κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλήμην, - ηο,  $\hat{\eta}$ το: mf. κεκλ $\hat{\eta}$ σθαι: part. κεκλημένος. κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω. κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω κεκλίαται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω. κέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω. κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω. κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help. κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω. κέκλῦθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω. κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύζω. κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω. **κέκμηκα**, pf. of κάμνω. κεκμηώs, gen. ωτοs or ότοs, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμνω. κέκναισμαι, pf. pass of κναίω. κέκομμαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω. κεκονιαμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονιάω. κεκοντμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω. κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. of κονίω. κεκοπώς, pf. part, of κόπτω. κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι. κεκορηώς, ότος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε. κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω. κεκοτηώς, gen. ότος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω. κεκράανται, κεκράαντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plopf. pass. of κραίνω, κρααίνω. κέκραγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry. κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying. κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κέκαμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμνω:—subj. κεκάμω,

κέκραμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.

κεκραξι-δάμας, αντος, δ, (κέκρᾶγα, δάμάω) he who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.

κεκράξομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) οf κράζω κέκραχθι, imperat. οf κέκραγα, pf. οf κράζω

κέκρτγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.

κεκριμένος, pf pass. part. of κρίνω. Κεκροπίδοι, ων, oi, the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.

Κεκρόπιος, a, ον, (Κέκροψ) Cecropian, i. e. Atheman; Κεκροπία  $(\gamma \hat{\eta})$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Attica; of Κεκρόπιοι, the Athenians.

Κεκροπίς, ίδος, pecul fem. of Κεκρόπιος.

κεκροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.

Κέκροψ, οπος, ό, Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens.

κεκρυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω. κεκρύφαλος, ὑ, (κρύπτω) a woman's bead-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.

of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.

11. the pouch or belly of a hunting-net.

III. part of the headstall of a bridle.

κεκρύφαται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω. κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κεκτήσθαι.

κεκύθωσι [v], Ep 3 pl. redupl. 201. 2 subj. of κεύθω. κεκύλισμαι, pf pass. of κυλίνδω.

κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω

κελάδεινός, ή, όν, Dor. κελαδεννός, ά, όν, (κέλαδος) murmuring, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.

κελάδέω, f. ήσω also ήσομαι: Ep aor. I κελάδησα: (κέλαδοs):—to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.

2. to utter a cry or sound
II. trans to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke. Hence κελάδημα, ατος, τό, a murmur, din, roaring.

κελάδητής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. - ήτις, ιδος, (κελαδέω) loud-sounding, vocal, barmonious.

KE'ΛΑΔΟΣ, δ a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tunult of battle, a shouting: rarely of the sound of music. Hence

κελάδω, =  $\kappa$ ελαδέω, to murmur, roar, esp. of water. κελαιν-εγχής, ές, ( $\kappa$ ελαινός, έγχος) with dark, bloody spear.

κελαι-νεφής, ές, (κελαινός, νέφος) black with clouds: cloud-wrapt. 2. cloud-black, livid.

κελαινό-βρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) gnawed black.

κελαινός, ή, όν, cognate form of μέλας, black, swart: dark, gloomy: murky.

ααν, groomy. marky. κελαινο-φάής, έs, (κελαινός, φάος) dark-sbining, murky.

κελαινό-φρων, ον, (κελαινόs, φρήν) black-bearted. κελαινο-χρώs, ῶτοs, ὁ, ἡ, (κελαινόs, χρῶs) blackcoloured.

κελαινόω, (κελαινόs) to make black:—Pass. to become black.

κελαινώπης, ου, Dor. -ώπας, ό, fem. -ώπις, ιδος. (κελαινός, ώψ): -black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.

κελαιν-ώψ,  $\hat{\omega}$ πος, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , = κελαινώπης.

κελαρύζω Dor. -σδω, = κελαδέω, to babble, murmur. κελάρυσδεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελαρύζω.

κέλεαι, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.

κελέβη, ή, a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.
κελέοντες, ων, οί, (καλον, κήλον) the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched.

κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.

κελευθήτης, ου, δ, (κέλευθος) a wayfarer.

κελευθο-ποιός, όν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) road-making. κελευθο-πόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πύρος) a wayfarer.

κέλευθος, ή, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καὶ ήματος the ways of night and day, i.e. night and day.

II. a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.

III. a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing

κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) an order, command the word of command in war: the call of the κελευστής, which gave the time to the rowers.

κελευσμός, ό, (κελεύω) an order, command.

κελευσμοσύνη, ή, Ion. for κελευσμώς.

κελευστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κελεύω) a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.

κελευστός, ή, όν, (κελεύω) ordered, commanded. κελευτιάω, Frequentat. of κελεύω, to be continually bidding or urging on

κελεύω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I κέλευσα: (κέλλω):—to urge on: to exbort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently:—of the κελευστής, to give time to the rowers by bis call.

II. c. dat. pers. to call to, order.

κελέων, ό, obsol. sing. of κελέοντες.

κέλης, ητος, ό, (κέλλω) a courser, race-borse, driven or ridden singly.

II. a fast-sailing vessel, with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.

κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.

κελητίζω, f ίσω, (κέλης) to ride a race-borse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.

κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλης.

KΕ'ΛΛΩ, f. κέλσω: aor. I ἔκελσα: I. trans. of seamen, to drive on, push asbore; νῆα κέλσαι to run a ship asbore.

II. mit. of ships, to run asbore, put into barbour:—generally, to reach a baven. κέλομαι, f κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and ἐκεκλόμην, 3 sing. κέκλετο, ἐκέκλετο, part. κεκλόμενοs: (κέλλω):—poet. for κελεύω, to urge on, exbort, cheer on, command.

II. also like καλέω, to call, call to to call by name.

κέλσαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.

Κελτοί, oi, the Kelts or Celts; later Κέλται. Hence Κελτιστί, Adv. in Keltic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.

κέλῦφος, εος, τό, a busk, rind, pod, sbell: metaph. of old δικασταί, ἀντωμοσιῶν κελύφη mere affidavitbusks. (Deriv. uncertain.)

KE'ΛΩP, ωρος, δ, a son

κεμάς and κεμμάς, άδος, ή, a young deer.

 $\kappa \epsilon \nu$ , before a vowel for  $\kappa \epsilon$ .

κεν-αγγής, έε, (κενός, ἄγγος) emptying vessels, breed-

ing famine, bungry.

κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From  $\kappa \dot{\epsilon} v$ -av $\delta \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\kappa \dot{\epsilon} v \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{a} v \dot{\eta} \rho)$  empty of men, dispeopled. κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κενεός, αὐχή) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβρειος, ον, dead: in pl, κενέβρεια, τά, carrion.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβάτέω, f. ήσω, (κενύε, έμβάτης) to step into a bole, stumble.

κενεός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

**κενεό-φρων**, ον, (κενεός, φρήν) empty-minded. κενεών, ωνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs II. any bollow space. and the hip, the flank.

κεν-οδοντίς, ίδος, fem. of κενόδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vain-glory, vanity. From

κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κεν-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, όδούς) tootbless. KENO'Σ Ion. κεινός, ή, όν; Ep. κενεός:—empty:

II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενεά emptv-banded. III. exhausted: c gen. void, as Adv. in vain. destitute, bereft of: absol. of a honess, bereaved of her IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -όταyoung. τοs: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-ταφέω, (κενός, τάφος) to bonour with a cenotaph. **κενο-τάφιον**, τό, (κενόs, τάφοs) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενό-φρων, ον, (κενόs, φρήν) empty-minded. κενοφωνία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding,

prating.

κενόω Ion. κεινόω: f. ώσω, aor. I ἐκένωσα:--Pass., aor. Ι ἐκενώθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενόε):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:-Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. to make void or of no account :- Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from \*κέν-II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κέντασε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κεντέω.

**Κενταύρειος**, a, ov, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ου, δ. (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

**Κενταυρικόs**, ή, όν, (Κένταυροs) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κω̂s.

**Κενταυρο-πληθήs**, έs, (Κένταυροs, πλήθοs) full of Tentaurs.

**Kév-taupos**,  $\delta$ ,  $(\kappa \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon \omega)$  a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae. II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, balf man and balf borse.

**ΚΕΝΤΕ**'Ω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from \*κέντω: -to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for ἐκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ἤνθον.

κεντόω, false form for κεντρόω.

κεντρ-ηνεκής, ές, (κέντρον, \* ἐνέγκω) goaded on. κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μανής, ές, (κέντρον, μανηναι) spurring to

madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a borse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., προς κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive. II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τυπής, ές, (κέντρον, τυπηναι) struck by a

κεντρόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:-Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρων, ωνος, δ, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντυρίων, ωνος, δ, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, opos, δ, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενώς, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κέομαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Kéos, ή, Ion. for Kéωs.

**KE'ΠΦΟΣ**, δ, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράασθε, Ep. 2 pl pres. med. of κεράω.

κεράεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of κέραs. κεραία, ή, (κέραs) a born. II anything like a born, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a born or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.'

anything made of born, e.g. a bow. κεράζω, f. ίσω, later ίξω: aor. 1 ἐκεράϊσα: (κέραs): II. of persons, to kill, —to lay waste, ravage.

slaughter: to disable ships.

κεραίς, ίδος, ή, (κέρας) a worm that eats born. κεραϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κεραίζω) a ravager, robber.

κεραίω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix; ζωρότερον κέραιε mix the wine stronger.

**κεράμεικός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (κέραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικός, δ, (κεραμεύς) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

**κεράμειοs**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (κέραμοs) of clay, earthen. κεράμεύς, έως, δ, (κέραμος) a potter:—proverb., κε-

ραμεύς κεραμεί κοτέει potter envies potter. κεράμεύω, f. σω, (κέραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph, to botch or patch up the state.

κεραμήϊος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος. κεράμητε, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμινος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , and κεραμικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o\nu}$ , = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κέραμοε) an earthenware vessel. a tot. jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.

κεράμίε, ίδος Att. ίδος [Υ], ή, (κέραμος) a tile: also | a tiled roof.

 $KE'PA'MO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , potter's earth, potter's clay. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery. III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τῷ κεράμφ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur. IV. χαλκέφ ἐν κεράμφ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ύω: fut. κεράσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἐκέρἄσα Εp. κέρασσα:--Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κεράσσατο: -Pass., aor. Ι ἐκεράσθην and ἐκράθην [ā]: pf. κεκέρασμαι and κέκρᾶμαι: (κεράω):—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητήρα κεράσασθαι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass, κύλιξ ίσον ίσφ κεκραμένη a cup mixed half and half. 2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. attemperare.

κεράο-ξόος, ον, (κέρας, ξέω) polishing born, working in born; esp. for bows.

κεράός, ά, όν, (κέρας) borned. II. made of born. **κερα-οῦχος**, ον, (ξχω) = κερ-οῦχος.

κέρας, τό; gen. κέρατος Εp. κέραος Att. contr. κίρω: ; dat. κέρατι, κέραϊ, κέρα:—dual κέραε, κέρα, gen. and dat. κεράοιν, κερών: plur. κέραα, κέρα; gen. κεράων, κερών; dat. κέρασι Ep. κέρασι and κεράεσσι: -- Ion. declension κέρας, κέρεος, κέρεϊ: (akın to κάρα):—the born of an animal: hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of horn; esp. a bow: later, a born for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a born a born or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape. the wing of an army or fleet; επὶ κέρας Att. επὶ κέρωs, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast. VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, born.

κέρασσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κεράννυμι.

κεραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κέρας) borned.

κεραστός, ή, όν, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered. κερασ-φόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) horn-bearing.

κερατέα or -ία, ή, (κέραs) the locust-tree: its fruit was κεράτιον.

**κεράτζνος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (κέραs) of born, made of born. κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρας, a little born. II.

the fruit of the keparéa or locust-tree.

**κερ-αύλης**, ου, δ, (κέρας, αὐλέω) a born-blower. κεραύνειος, ον, (κεραυνός) thundering.

κεραύνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κεραυνός) of a thunderbolt. II. thunder-stricken.

κεραυνοβολέω, f. ήσω, to burl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ον, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) burling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ου, δ, (κεραυνός, βροντάοι) the lightener and thunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ου, δ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

KEPAΥNO'Σ, &, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. fulmen: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. tonitru, and the flash of lightning άστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. fulgur: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φάής, ές, (κεραυνός, φάος) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνόω, f. ώσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

KEPA'Ω, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμι, to mix. **Κέρβερος**, δ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fiftyheaded son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανω Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρδηνα: fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρδησα: (κέρδοs):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited. hence to traffic, make merchandise. II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, a, ov, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: sbrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέωs, to one's profit.

κερδαλεό-φρων, ον, (κερδαλέοs, φρήν) crafty-minded.κερδάνης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κερδίων (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδοs, most cunning or II. most profitable. crafty.

κερδίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδοs, more profitable.

KE'PΔOΣ, εos, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ή, (κέρδος) cunning, craft, sbrewdness: dat. κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, shrewdly.

κερδώ, όσε contr. οῦς, ἡ, (κέρδος) the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδώος, α, ον, (κέρδος) bringing gain.

κέρεα, Ion. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέραs.

κερέω, Jon. for κερώ, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίζω, f. ίσω, to close the web with the κερκίs. From κερκίς, ίδος, ή, (κέρκω, κρέκω) =  $\sigma \pi \dot{\alpha} \theta \eta$ , a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum. a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

KE'PKOΣ, ή, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda. κέρκουρος or κερκούρος, δ, a boat, pinnace

Κέρκυρα, ή, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραίος, δ, a Corcyraean: Adj Κερκυραϊκός, ή, or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κείρω) a slice: in plur. small coin,

small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to mince up. II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small Hence

κερματιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a money-changer. κερο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (κέρας, βαίνω) born-footed, born-boofed, epith of Pan. κερο-βόαs, ου, ή, (κέραs, βοάω) sounding with born, of a flute tipped with horn. κερό-δετος, ον, (κέρας, δέω) bound with born. κερόεις, ύεσσα contr. οῦσσα, όεν, (κέρας) borned. κερ-olaξ, āκos, δ, (κέραs, olaξ) a rope belonging to the sailyards; cf. κέρας VI. κερο-τυπέω, f. ήσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the born; generally, to dash or knock about. κερ-ουλκός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (κέρας,  $\ddot{\epsilon}\lambda\kappa\omega$ ) drawing a bow of 2. of the bow, drawn by the borns born.κερουτιάω, (κέρας) to toss the borns or head. κερ-ουχίς, ίδος, fem. of sq. κερ-οῦχος, ον, (κέρας, έχω) baving borns, borned. **κερο-φόρος**, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) borned. κέρσας, Ep. aor I part. of κείρω. **κέρσε**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κείρω. κερτομέω, f. ήσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol to sneer, scoff. Hence κερτόμησις, εως, ή, jeering, mockery κερτόμια, ή, = κερτόμησιs.κερ-τόμιος and κέρ-τομος, ον, (κέαρ, τέμνω) beartcutting, stinging; κερτόμια έπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words. II mocking, delusive κέρχνη, ή, (κέρχνω) a kind of bawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel. κερχνηΐς, ηίδος, and κερχνης,  $\hat{\eta}$ δος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , collat. forms of Képyvn.  $KE'PXN\Omega$ , to make rough or hoarse. II. intr. and in Pass. to be boarse, of the voice. κερω, fut. of κείρω. κερών, part. of κεράννυμι. κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κεράω. κέs, v. sub κάs. κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι. iµás of the girdle of Venus: hence κεστόs, ό, a girdle, Lat. cestus.

**κεστός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστὸς II. as Subst. κέστρα, ή, (κεντέω) a pickaxe, poleaxe. II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger. κευθάνω, poet. for κεύθω. κεῦθμα, ατος, τό, and κευθμός,  $\delta_1 = \kappa \epsilon v \theta \mu \omega v$ . κευθμών, ωνος, δ, (κεύθω) any secret place, bole, biding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the nether world, the abyss.  $3. = \tilde{a}\delta v \tau o v$ , the inmost place, sanctuary. κεύθοισα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω. **κεύθος,**  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau o$ , (κεύθω) = κευθμών : in pl., κεύθεαyains the depths of the earth. ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: 201. 2 ἔκϋθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Εp. κεκεύθειν:—to cover up, bide, conceal, shroud:—Pass. to lie bidden. 2. to keep bidden or secret, conceal, disguise: with dupl. acc., κεύθειν τινά τι to keep a thing concealed from one. 3. the pf κέκευθα is used as pres., I keep concealed; and plapf. ἐκεκεύθειν

as impf, I concealed, contained. II. intrans. to be concealed, lie bidden. κεφαλά, Dor. dat. of κεφαλή. κεφάλαιος, a,  $o\nu$ , (κεφαλή) of or belonging to the bead: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal, ΙΙ κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλή, chief. the head, as κεφάλαιον βαφανίδοs the head of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-2. a summary, the sum of the matter; èv sum. κεφαλαίο or έν κεφαλαίοι είπειν to speak summarıly. 3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence κεφάλαιόω, f ώσω, to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily. II. to smite on the head, slay. κεφάλαι-ώδης, εs, (κεφαλή, είδοs) principal, capital. κεφάλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαιόω) the sum total κεφάλ-αλγής, ές, (κεφαλή, άλγος) causing pains in the head. Hence κεφαλαλγία, ή, bead-ache. ΚΕΦΑΛΗ', ή, the head, Lat caput; ès πόδαs èκ κεφαλήs from bead to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλήν bead fore-2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person, just as Lat caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλή, Lat carum caput; in bad sense, ω κακαὶ κεφαλαί 3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use bead, παρθέμενοι κεφαλάs setting their beads on the cast; είς κεφαλήν τρέποιτ' έμοί on my bead be ıt! II. the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall: in pl. the head or source of a III. κεφαλή περίθετος a wig or beadriver. dress. IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion. κεφαλήφι, κεφαληφι, Ep. gen and dat. of κεφαλή. κεφάλίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κεφαλή, a little bead or II. a bead, chapter, division. Κεφαλλήν, ηνος, δ, a Cephallenian:—hence Κεφαλληνία, ή, Cephallenta, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia. κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω. κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχανδότα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει. κεχαραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω. κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω. κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω. κεχάρησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω. κεχαρήσομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαίρω κεχάρητο, κεχάρηντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of xaipw. κεχαρηώs, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω. κεχάρισμένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable,

winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένως, charmingly,

κεχάροιατο, Εp. for κεχάροιντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl.

κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 med. of χαίρω.

κεχάριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.

κεχαριτωμένως, agreeably, welcome.

κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.

κεχαρίτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαριτόω.

gracefully.

κέχηνα, pf. of χαίνω or χάσκω, to gape. Hence Κεχηναῖοι, ων, ol, Gapers, comic for Ἀθηναῖοι. κεχλάδώς, pf. part. of χλάζω: there is also an acc. pl. κεχλάδοντας, as if from κεχλάδω, like κεκλήγοντας from κεκληγώς.

κεχλίαγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω. κεχλίδώs, pf. part. of χλίω.

κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολόω.

κεχολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολόω.

κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass of χρηματίζω.

κεχρημένος, pf. part. of χράομαι.

κέχυμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.

κέχυτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl Ep plqpf. pass. of χέω.

κεχωρίδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω. κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμ.

κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.

κέωμαι, subj. of κείμαι.

Kέωs Ion. Kéos, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago. κ $\hat{\eta}$ , Ion. for  $\pi\hat{\eta}$  (interrog.): but κ $\eta$  enclit. for  $\pi\eta$ . κ $\hat{\eta}$ αι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of καίω: but κ $\hat{\eta}$ αι, 3 sing. opt. κ $\hat{\eta}$ άμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. of καίω.

κήγώ or κήγών, Dor. for κάγώ, i. e. καὶ ἐγώ. κηδεία, ἡ, (κῆδοs) care for the dead: obseques. II.

affinity, connexion by marriage.
κήδειος, ον, (κήδος) cared for, dear, beloved.
careful for. II. of or for a funeral, sepulchral.

careful for. II. of or for a funeral, sepulchral. κηδεμονεύς, έως, ό, (κηδέω) = κηδεμών.

κηδεμών, όνος, δ, (κηδέω) one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian.

II. a relation by marriage, Lat. affinis.

κήδεος, ον, = κήδειος.

κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κήδω.

κήδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κήδω.

κηδεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κῆδος) a connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brotherin-law. Hence

κηδεστία, ή, connexion by marriage, affinity.

κήδευμα, ατος, τό, (κηδεύω) alliance by marriage, affinity. 2. one who is so connected, a connexion,

Lat. affinis.

κηδεύω, f. σω, (κήδοs) to take charge of, care for, tend.

2. to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one.

II. to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied.

2. to make a person one's kinsman by marriage.

κηδήσω, fut. of κήδω (as if from κηδέω).

κήδιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed from κήδος, like κέρδιστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most beloved.

II. most nearly allied by marriage.

κήδος Dor. κάδος, εος, τό, (κήδω) care, concern, regard for another.

2. trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral.

3. an object of care, a care.

II. connexion by marriage, Lat, affinitas.

κηδόσυνος, ον, (κήδοε) anxious.

KH'ΔΩ, f. κηδήσω, to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. κεκάδήσομαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, η, ον, distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησόμεθα.

κήδωκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε. κήεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of καίω.

κηθάριον, τό, a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κήκ, Dor. for κάκ, by crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

KHKI'Z, îtos, \$\tau\$, matter that cozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink. Hence

κηκίω. Ep. impf. κήκιον:—to gusb or ooze forth: also in Med., αίμας κηκιομένα έλκέων clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [t Ep, t Att.]

κήλεος οτ κήλειος, ον, (καίω) burning, blazing. ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wheedle, beguile, seduce.

KH'ΛH, ή, a rupture, Lat. berma.

κηληθμός, δ, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination.

κήλημα, ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell. κήλησις, εως, ή, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming. κηλητήριος, ον, (κηλέω) charming: appeasing. κηλιδόω, f. ώσω, (κηλίε) to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, dishonour, disgrace.

KHΛΙ'Σ, ίδοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace. KH'ΛΟΝ,  $\tau\dot{\phi}$ , the shaft of an arrow an arrow. κήλων, ωνος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (κ $\dot{\eta}$ λον) a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well.

κηλώνειον Ιοπ. -ήϊον, τό, = κήλων.

κήμαυτόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμαυτόν.

κήμέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

KHMO'Σ,  $\delta$ , a muzzle or balter, put on a led horse. 2 the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (κάδοs) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψ $\hat{\eta}$ φοι) were dropped in the urn.

κημόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\kappa\eta\mu\dot{\omega}s)$  to muzzle a horse.

κήν, Dor. for κάν, ι. e. καὶ ἐν: but κήν for καὶ ἄν. κήνθε, Dor. by crass for καὶ ἢνθε (i. e. καὶ ἢλθε).

κήνος, Aeol. for κείνος, ἐκείνος.

κῆνσος, ὁ, the Lat. census, an assessment: tribute. ΚΗΈ, κηκός, ἡ, a sea-gull, sea-mew.

κήσμεν, Ep. for κήωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of καίω. κήπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.

κήπεί, κήπειτα, Dor. for κάπεί, κάπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐπ-. κήπευμα, ατος, τό, (κηπεύω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-berb or flower.

κηπεύς, έως, δ, (κηπος) a gardener.

κηπεύω, f. σω, (κήπος) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster.

κήπί, Dor. for κἀπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.

κηπίον, τό, Dim. of κηποs, a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament.

κηπο-λόγος, ον, (κῆπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden. ΚΗΠΟΣ Dor. κῶπος, ό, a garden, an orchard or plantation; also the enclosure for the Olympic games; ol 'Αδώνιδοε κῆποι, cresses and other plants grown quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, δ, (κηπος, ούρος) a gardener.

KHP, η, gen. Κηρόs, acc. Κήρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself. II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace.

**KHP**,  $\tau$ ό, gen. κῆρο**s**, acc. κῆρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κῆρι is in Homer freq used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (κήρ, ή) to barm, burt, destroy. κηραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (κήρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted. Κηρεσσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kήρεs or fates.

κήρίνος, η, ον, (κηρύς) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, δ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of boneycombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρόs) a boneycomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρεφής, ές, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die. κηρο-δέτης, ου, δ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος.

κηρό-δετος, ον, (κηρός, δέω) bound together by wax κηρό-δετος, ον, (κηρός, δέω) bound together by wax κηρο-δομέω, f. ήσω, (κηρός, δέμω) to build with wax. κηρόθον, Adv. (κῆρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv.  $(κ \hat{\eta} p)$  in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-πάγής, ές, (κηρός, παγήναι) fastened with wax. κηρο-πλάστης, ου,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρό-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηρόδετος.

KHPO'Σ, δ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing. κηρο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax. κηροχύτέω, f. ήσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χύτος, ον, (κηρός, χέω) moulded of ot in wax. κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by herald, public notice:  $\xi$ κ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρὖκαινα, ή, fem. of κῆρυξ, a female berald. κηρυκεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (κῆρυξ) the office of berald. κηρύκειον Ion. -ήτον, τό, a berald's wand, Lat. ca-

duceus. [v̄] Properly neut. from κηρύκειος, α, ον, (κῆρυξ) of or for a berald. [v̄]

κηρύκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ. κηρύκευμα, ατοε, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a berald's proclamation, public notice. [Ū]

κηρῦκεύω, f. σω, (κῆρυξ) to be a herald, give public notice.

II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of. κηρῦκητη, -κήμον, Ion. for -εία, -ειον.

κηρύλος Att. κειρύλος,  $\delta$ , a sea-bird, the balcyon. [ $\mathfrak{V}$ ] κήρυξ,  $\mathfrak{V}$ κος,  $\delta$ , (κηρύσσω) a berald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands  $(\sigma\kappa\tilde{\eta}\pi\tau\rho\alpha)$ : their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

KHPΥΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. κεκήρδχα: -Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι
in pass. sense: pf. κεκήρυγμαι: -- to be or act as
berald: to make proclamation as a berald, summon,
convene as berald. 2. umpers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κήρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II.
to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2 to put up or
advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III.
to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρόω) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing.

2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωμάτικός, ή, όν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(κηρ\dot{\omega})$  waxed:—hence, as Subst., κηρωτόν,  $\tau\dot{\phi}$ , or κηρωτή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a cerate or ointment.

κήs, Dor. for καὶ εἰs.

κήται, Ep. for κέηται, 3 sing subj. of κείμαι.

κήτειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (κήτος) of sea-monsters.

KHTOΣ, εos, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete κητο-φόνος, ον, (κῆτος, \*φένω) killing sea-monsters. κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon, κοίλη Λακηδαίμων κητώεσσα, either (from κῆτος as implying hugeness) wast, spacious; or (from κῆτος as if = καίαδας, a gulf, abyss) sunken, bollow.

κηθ, by crasis for καὶ εδ.

κήυξ, υκος  $[\bar{v}]$ , δ, (κηξ) a sea-gull.

κήφα, Dor by crasis for και έφη.

KHΦH'N, ηνος, δ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφηνες, oi, Cephenes, old name of the Persians. κήφθα, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ήφθη.

Κηφισός, δ, the Cephisus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισίς. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, εs, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant. κτάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [ἄ]

κιβδηλεύω, t. σω, (κίβδηλοε) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ή, (κἶβδηλοε) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, disbonesty.

κίβδηλος, or, (κίβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles. ΚΙ'ΒΔΟΣ, ή, dross, alloy.

κίβισις, ή, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κτβωτάριον and κτβώτιον, τό, Dim of κιβωτύε.

**ΚΓΒΩΤΟ'Σ**,  $\eta$ , a wooden box, chest, coffer. κιγκλίζω, f. low, (κίγκλοs) to wag the tail like the κίγκλοs: metaph. to change constantly.

KITKAI'E, loos, \$\tau\$, the Lat. eancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

KITKΛΟΣ, δ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail. κιγχάνω [δ]. Att. for κιχάνω [δ].

κίδυδμαι, Pass., poët. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread. KI ΘΑ'PA Ion. -η, also κίθαρις, τος, ή, Lat. citara, a lyre, barp or lute, like the φόρμιγς οι λύρα. κίθαρ-αοιδός contr. -φδός, ό, (κιθάρα, ἀοιδός) one who plays and sings to the lyre or barp, a barper:—Sup. κιθαραοιδότατος. [ἄ]

κτθάρίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$  Att.  $i\hat{\omega}$ , (κίθαριs) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the φόρμιγε and λίρα, so that the κιθάρα, λύρα, and φύρμιγε must have been nearly

the same.

κίθαρις, ιος, ή, acc. κίθαριν, = κιθάρα: also music, barping, playing.

κίθαριστής, οδ, ό, (κιθαρίζω) a player on the lyre or barp, a barper. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of κιθαριστής.

κίθαριστύς, ύος, ή, (κιθαρίζω) a playing the lyre or barp, the art of playing it.

κτθάρφδικός, ή, όν, of or for barp-playing. From κτθάρ-φδός, ό, contr. for κιθαρασιδός.

κίθών, ῶνος, δ, Ιοπ. for χιτών.

κίκειν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἔκικον; see κίκω.

κίκι, τό, = κροτών. II. the berry of the κροτών, castor-berry.

KIKINNOZ, &, a curled lock of bair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. cincinnus.

κικκάβαθ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, toowhit, toowhoo.

ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, δ, the busk, shell of fruit, Lat. ciccus. κικλήσκω, poot. redupl. form of καλέω, to call, summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name. κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμ, κιρνάω.

KI KT∑, ħ, strength, vigour.

\*ΚΙ'ΚΩ, a verb only found in aor. 2 ἔκἴκον, inf. κἴκεῖν, and Dor. aor. 1 ἔκιξα, med. ἐκιξάμην:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικεῖν.)

Kilikios, a, ov, Cilician. From

Kίλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, a Cilician. [ἴ] Hence

Kίλισσα, ηs, ή, a Cilician woman.
2. as Adj., fem. of Κιλίκιος.

κιλλί-βαs, αντοε, δ, a trestle, stand or support for anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλοs, ass, βαίνω: so Germ. esel, our easel and borse.) [τ]

KI'ΛΛΟΣ, δ, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμμέριοι, oi, the Cimmerians, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the Palus Maeotis.

Κτμωλία  $(\gamma \hat{\eta})$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Cimolian earth, a kind of white clay, like fuller's earth, from Cimōlus in the Cyclades. ΚΓΝΑ'ΒΡΑ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , the rank smell of a goat. Hence κτναβράω, to smell like a goat.

κίνάδος, εος, τό: vocat. κίναδε, as if it were masc.:
—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.
κινάθισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling.
(From κιναθίζω, = κινέω.) [νδ]

κιν-αχύρα, ή, (κινέω, άχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.

κινδύνευμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδῦνευτέον, verb. Adj. one must venture; and κινδῦνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an adventurous person:—from κινδῦνεύο, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, bazard.

2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. κινδύνευμα to venture the risk.

II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὖτοι γόητες εἶναι they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύει as impers it seems to be, is likely:—Pass to be bazarded, exposed to danger. From

KINΔΥΝΟΣ, δ, a danger, ri k, bazard, venture, Lat. periculum. an experiment, trial; κίνδυνον ποιεῖν, Lat. periculum facere, to make an experiment.

κινεῦ, Dor. for κινοῦ, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω. κτνέω, f. ἡσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set agoing, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2 to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to arger, provoke. 4. κινεῦν πῶν χρῆμα to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut. med. κινήσομαι and pass. κινηθήσομαι, aor I ἐκινήθην. to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κινέω.

κίνηθμός,  $\dot{o}_i = \kappa i \nu \eta \sigma i s$ , motion.

κίνησις, εως,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κινέω) a moving or being moved: motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance.  $\lceil \kappa \hat{\imath} \rceil$ 

κῖνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\delta$ , = κινητήs. Hence

κινητήριοs, a, ov, liable to move or excite.

κίνητής, οῦ, ὁ, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κῖνητικός, ή, όν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κίνυγμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or bovering body, a phantom. [τ]

κίνυμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κίνυμι), = κινέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [τ]

κίνυντο, Ερ. for ἐκίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κίνυμαι. κἴνύρομαι [v], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινοί κινύρονται φόνον the bridles ring or clash murderously. From

κἴνὕρόs, ά, όν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from the sound)

κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion: —Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.

κτνώ, οῦς, ή, Dor. for κίνησις.

 $\kappa \tilde{\iota} \delta - \kappa \rho \tilde{\alpha} v \sigma v$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\kappa \iota \sigma v \delta \kappa \rho \alpha v \sigma v$ .

κίομεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, I pl. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for ἔκιον, impf. of κίω.

κιονό-κράνον, τό, (κίων, κρανίον) the capital of a column.

κίοσι, dat. pl. of κίων, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ή, Circe, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. Odyss. lib. 10, Hor. Epist. 1. 2, 23.

κιρκ-ήλατος, ον, (κίρκος, ἐλαύνω) chased by a bawk. ΚΥΡΚΟΣ, δ, a kind of bawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles.

2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κρίκος. Hence

κιρκόω, f. ώσω, to boop in, secure by rings.

κιρνάω and -ημι, poet, forms of κεράννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κιρνάω comes 3 sing. pres. κιρνα̂, 3 sing impf. εκίρνα: from κίρνημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. κίρνη, part. κιρνάs.

KI'Σ, δ, gen. κιός, acc. κίν, a worm in wood or in

corn, the weevil, Lat. curculio.

κίσηρις, εως, ή, (κίs) the pumice-stone, Lat. pumex.

KI ΣΑ Att. κίττδ, ή, a chattering bird, the jay.

II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσάβίζω Att. κιτταβίζω, f ίσω, to scream like a jay. κισσάω Att. κιττάω, f. ήσω, (κίσσα 11) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσήρης,  $\epsilon$ s, (κισσόs) ivy-clad. κίσσηρις,  $\epsilon$ ως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\kappa$ ίσηρις,  $\dot{q}$ . v.

κίσσίνος, η, ον, (κισσός) of ivy.

**κισσο-δέτης**, ου, δ, Dor.  $-\delta$ έτας, (κισσύς, δέω) bound or crowned with vvy.

κισσο-κόμης, ου, δ, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

KIΣΣΟ'Σ Att. κιττός, δ, ivy, Lat. hedera.

κισσο-στέφάνος, ον, and κισσο-στεφής, ές, (κισσύς, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreatheil

κισσοφορέω Att κιττ-, to be decked with ivy From κισσο-φόρος, ον, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσόω Att. κιττ-, f. ώσω, (κισσόs) to deck with wy. κισσύβιον [υ], τό, (κισσόs) a drinking-cup either made of wy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

**κισσωτός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , (κισσ $\dot{\omega}$ ) decked with ivy.

KI'ΣΤΗ, ή, a box, chest, Lat. cista.

κιστίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κίστη, a little chest.

**KITPE'A** or κιτρία, ή, the citron-tree.

κίτρινος, η, ον, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κιτρέα, citron. κίττα, κιτταβίζω, κιττάω, Att. for κισσ—.

κιττός, δ. Att. for κισσ-.

κιχάνω  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ , used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κιχάνειν, and Med. κιχάνομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from κίχημε:—Ερ. subj. κιχείω, opt. κιχείην, inf. κιχήναι Ερ. κιχήμεναι, part. κιχείε and Med. κιχήμενοs: so impf. ἐκίχην, 2 sing. ἐκίχειs (as if from κιχέω); I pl. κίχημεν, 3 dual κιχήτην: fut. κιχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔκιχον Ερ. κίχον, part. κιζών: aor. I med. ἐκιχησάμην: Att. κιγχάνω  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ , q. v.:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κιχείην, opt. of κιχάνω.

κιχείς, pres. part. of κίχημι, = κιχάνω.

κιχείομεν, Ερ. for κιχῶμεν, Ερ. I pl. subj. of κίχημι. κίχήλα, ή, Dor. for κίχλη.

κιχήμεναι, κιχήμενος, v. sub κιχάνω.

\*κίχημι, v. sub κιχάνω.

κιχήσομαι, fut. of κιχάνω.

κίχον, aor. 2 of κιχάνω.

KI'XΛH, η, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. turdus.

κιχλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to titter, giggle, formed like καγχλάζω from the sound.

II. (κίχλη) to eat κίχλαι, to live daintily

κιχλίσδοντι, Dor. for κιχλίζουσι, 3 pl. of κιχλίζω. κιχλισμός, ό, (κιχλίζω) a tittering, giggling. II. (κίχλη) dainty living.

κίχρημι, fut. χρήσω: aor. Ι έχρησα: (sec χράω C. II):
—to lend. II. Med. κίχραμαι, fut. χρήσομαι:
aor Ι έχρησάμην:—to bave lent to one, to borrow.

\*KI'Ω, to go, pres. not used in indicat.; subj κίω, Ep. 1 pl. κίομεν; opt. κίοιμι, part. κιών, κιοῦσα: impf. ἔκιον Εp. κίον:—to go: of ships, to sail.

KI'ΩN, ovos, δ and η, a pillar, column. II. =  $\sigma \tau \eta \lambda \eta$ , a gravestone, Lat. cippus [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κλαγγεῦντι, Dor. for κλαγγοῦσι, 3 pl. of κλαγγέω, = κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κλαγγή, ή, (κλάζω) any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the bissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγηδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, din. κλαγερός, ά, όν, (κλάζω) screaming, screeching.

κλάγξας, aor. I part. of κλάζω.

κλάδαρός, ά, όν, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle.

κλάδας, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδος. κλάδας, Dor. for κλείδας, acc. pl. of κλείς.

κλαδί, Dor. for κλειδί, dat. of κλείς.

κλάδίον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος. κλάδίσκος, δ, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλάδοs, ου, ὁ, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree: a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

KAA'ZΩ, f. κλάγξω: aor. I ἔκλαγξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἔκλάγον, inf. κλαγεῦν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγγα and κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώs, ότοs, also κεκλήγων, οντοs (as if from a new pres. κεκλήγω):—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλάγξομα:—to make a sbarp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle; of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, balloo, sbriek forth, cry out.

κλαίεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαίω.

κλατs, gen. κλαΐδος, ή, Dor for κλητς, κλείς, Lat. clavis.

κλαΐστρον, Dor. for κλείστρον, κλείθρον.

ΚΛΑΙ'Ω Att. κλάω [ā]: f. κλαύσομαι Dor. κλαυσούμαι: also κλαιήσω Att. κλάήσω: aor. I ἔκλαυσα Εp. κλαύσα:—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλαύσομαι: pf. κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμαι:—to weep, lament, wail: hence Att. phrase, κλαύσεται be shall weep, i. e. be shall repent it, bave cause to rue it: so, κλαίον at

II.

your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. II. transit, to bewail, mourn, plorare te jubeo. deplore:-Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also κεκλαυμένοs bathed in tears, weeping.

κλάξ, ακός, ή, Dor. for κλείς, a key.

κλαξώ, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλάπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλάρος) apportioning by lot. [ā]

κλάρος, κλάρόω, κλάρονομέω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάσε, Ep for ἔκλἄσε, 3 sing aor. 1 of κλάω κλάσι-βωλαξ, ἄκος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κλάω, βωλαξ) clod-break-

**κλάσις, \epsilon \omega s, \eta,** (κλάω) a breaking.  $[\breve{a}]$ 

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσε, κλάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 act. and med of κλάω.

κλαστάζω, f. άσω, (κλάω) to prune a vine, Lat. pampinare: metaph, to bring down, humble.

κλαστός, ή, όν, (κλάω) broken in pieces.

κλάσω, Dor. for κλάσω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, δ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence κλαυθμυρίζω, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence

κλαυθμυρισμός, δ, a crying like a child.

κλαθμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. a trouble, misfortune

κλαύσάρα, by crasis for κλαύσει άρα. [σā]

κλαῦσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κλαίω.

κλαυσιάω, (κλαῦσις) to wish to weep, τὸ θύριον φθεγγόμενον άλλως κλαυσιά the door is like to weep, i. e. shall suffer, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσί-γελως, ωτος, and ω, δ, (κλαίω, γέλως) smiles and tears. [7]

**κλαυσί-μάχος**, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the name of Lamachus, Rue-the-fight.

κλαύσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαυσοθμαι

κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ή, όν, (κλαίω) wept, bewailed: to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑ'Ω, f. κλάσω [ἄ]: aor. τ ἔκλἄσα Ερ. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάs, as if from κλημι —Pass., 201. Ι ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break, break off, break in pieces: of plants, to prune: - metaph. to weaken, enervate.

**κλάω**, Att. for κλαίω, as κάω for καίω.  $\lceil \bar{a} \rceil$ 

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέεα, plur. of κλέος **kheelvos** or **kheevvos**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , poet. for **khelvos**, famous. κλεηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλεία, contr. of κλέεα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος. κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείε, a little key.

κλειδουχέω Att. κληδ-, to hold the keys, have the charge or custody of; κλειδουχείν θεαs to be priestess of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλείδ-οῦχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, έχω) holding the keys, baving charge or custody of: of a goddess, tutelary. κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg. κλείζω, f. κλείξω, Dor. for κλήζω.

κλείθρον Att. κλήθρον Ιοπ. κλήϊθρον, τό, (κλείω)

a bolt or bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ή, όν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious. κλετξαι, aor I inf. of κλετζω, Dor. for κλήζω.

κλείς, ή, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείν: pl. nom. κλείδες, acc. κλείδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς, gen. κληίδοs, acc κληίδα: old Att. κλήs, gen κληδόs, acc. κληδα.—a thing to close the door with: a key, by which the bolt  $(\partial \chi \epsilon \psi s)$  was shot or unshot from the outside: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (iµás) by which the bolt was made fast to the handle (κορώνη). bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. metaph. of silence, κλη's έπὶ γλώσση a key on the tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down; κλήδας έχειν, like κληδουχείν, to watch, bave the II. the book or tongue of a clasp. charge of. the collar-bone, Lat. jugulum; κληλε αποέργει αὐχένα  $\tau \in \sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \theta \dot{\phi} s \tau \in locks$  the neck and breast together. a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass, such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as, Κλείδες της Κύπρου.

κλειs, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείs, κλειδόs.

κλειστός, old Att. κλήστος, Ion. κληϊστός, ή, όν, to be shut or closed.

κλείστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. claustrum. **κλειτόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (κλείω Β), renowned, famous: of things, splendid, excellent.

**ΚΛΕΙ'** $\Omega$  (A), f. κλείσω: aor. 1 ἔκλεισα.—Pass, aor. 1 ἐκλείσθην : pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι :---Ion. and Ep. pres. κληίω, f. κληίσω: aor. I ἐκλήῖσα Ερ. κλήτσα —old Att. κλήω, f. κλήσω: aor. ι έκλησα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξω. Lat. CLAUDO, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to confine: -Pass. to be shut up.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλειώ, οῦς, ἡ, (κλέος) Cho, the Celebrator, the Muse of Epic Poetry and History.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a

2. a trick, device, stratagem. theft.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα, κλεία for κλέεα: - a rumour, report, common fame, news;  $\sigma \partial \nu \kappa \lambda \dot{\epsilon} os$  news of thee .—a mere report, opp. to certainty; ήμεις δε κλέος οδον ακούομεν, οὐδέ τι ίδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not any-II. good report, fame, glory: also repute, thing. whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν ἀείδειν to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρέσθαι to win bonour.

κλέπταν, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτέον, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, one must withbold. κλέπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.

κλεπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , and κλέπτης,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\kappa$ λέπτω)  $\delta$ thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέ- $\pi \tau \eta s$  the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, ν. κλέπτω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ή, thievisbness, knavery. From **ΚΛΕΊΤΩ**, f.  $\psi \omega$ , or med.  $\kappa \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \psi o \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor.  $\iota \ddot{\epsilon} \kappa$ λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:--Pass., 201. 1 έκλέφθην: 201. 2

ἐκλάπην [ά], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. κέκλεμμαι:—to steal, filch, purloin: of women, to carry off: part. κλέπταν, ουσα, ον, thievish; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a thief's look.

II. to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive: hence to mislead.

III. to withbold, conceal, keep secret, disguise.

IV. generally, to do a thing stealthily or treacherously: so c. part., κλέπταν ποιεί he does it secretly.

κλεψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of deceptive mind, dissembling.

κλεψί-χωλος, ον, (κλέπτω, χωλός) disguising lameness. [τ]

κλεψ-ύδρα, ή, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a water-clock, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕ'Ω Ερ. κλείω (κλέος) = κλήζω, to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol:—Pass. to be famous. II. =

καλέω, to call.

κλήδεs, Att. for κλείδεs, nom. pl. of κλήs.

κλήδην, Adv. (καλέω) by name.

κληδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (κληδών) a sign or omen. κληδ-ουχέω, κληδ-ούχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληδών, όνος, ή, Ερ. κλεηδών and κληηδών: (κλέω): an omen, presage, boding. II. a rumour, report: reputation, glory. III. a calling, invocation.

κλήζω (A), f. ήσω: 201. I έκλησα: pf. pass. κέκλησμα:—Ion. pres. κλητζω Dor. κλετζω: (κλέοs):—to make famous, to celebrate.

Pass. to be spoken of, be mentioned.

κλήζω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, to shut

κληηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κληθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗ ΘΡΑ Ion. κλήθρη, ή, the alder, Lat. alnus. κλήθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κλήθρον, = κλείθρον.

κληΐδεσσι, Ep. for κληίσι, dat. pl. of κληls. κληls. κληls. κληls.

κληϊθρον, τό, Ion. for κληθρον, κλείθρον.

κλητs, tδοs, ή, Ion. for κλείε.

κλήῖσα, Ep. aor. I of κληίω, κλείω.

κληϊστός, ή, όν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κλητω, f. tow, Ion. for κλείω, to shut.

κλήμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting: esp. a vins-twig, Lat. palmes. Hence

κλημάτινος, η, ον, made of vine-twigs.

κληματίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κλημα: mostly in pl. brushwood, fagot-wood.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a small portion.

κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, (κληρονόμος) to obtain a portion or lot: to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, an inheritance: and

κληρονομία, ή, (κληρονομέω) an inheritance, patrimony: generally, possession, property.

κληρονόμος, ον, (κλήρος, νέμομαι) receiving one's portion: as Subst., κληρόνομος, δ, an inheritor, heir.

κληρο-πάλής, έε, (κλήροε, πάλλω) distributed by shaking the lots.

κλήρος Dor. κλάρος, ου, δ, a lot: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot.

2. a casting lots, drawing lots.

II. an allotment, portion, often of conquered land: an inheritance, estate, property: generally, lands.

III. the clergy, as opp. to the latty.

κληρουχέω, fut. ήσω, (κληροῦχος) to possess or bold by allotment, to have allotted to one. Hence

κληρουχία, ή, the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state. 2. the body of citizens among whom it was divided.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληροῦχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ή, όν, (κληρουχία) of or for a κλη-

ρουχία or apportionment of land.

κληρ-ούχος, ον, (κληρος, ἔχω) holding or possessed of an allotment of land; esp. of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens: as Subst., κληρούχος, ὁ, a portion-holder.

2. metaph., πολλών ἐτῶν κληρούχος possessed of many years, i.e. advanced in years.

κληρόω, f. ώσω, (κληροs) to choose by lot, and generally, to choose: of the lot, to fall on one, designate:

—Pass. to be chosen by lot:—Med. to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one.

II. to allot, assign, apportion:—Pass., κληροῦσθαι δούλη to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot. Hence

κλήρωσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a choosing by lot. κληρωτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi} v$ ,  $(\kappa \lambda \eta \rho \dot{\omega} \omega)$  appointed by lot.

κλής, κληδός, old Att. for κλείς, κλειδύς.

κλήσις, εως, ή, (καλέω) a calling: a calling into court, legal summons, citation: hence an indictment, impeachment.

2. a calling or invitation to a feast.

3. a name, appellation.

κλήσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\kappa \lambda \dot{\eta} \dot{\omega} = \kappa \lambda \epsilon i \omega)$  a sbutting up, closing, blockading.

κλήσω, fut. of κλήω = κλείω :—also of κλήζω.

κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητόε) to cite or summon into court.

II. to be a witness, give evidence.

κλητήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (καλέω) one who calls, a summoner.

II. a witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served.

κλητόs, ή, όν, (καλέω) called, invited: welcome: called out, chosen.

κλήω, old Att. for κλείω, to sbut.

κλίβανίτης, κλίβανος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλίθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [t], τό, (κλίνω) an inclination, slope. II. a region or zone of the earth, clima: climate.

κλτμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a small stair or ladder, a flight of steps.

round of a ladder.

κλιμαξ, ἄκος, ή, (κλίνω) a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a sbip's ladder. II. an instrument like a ladder, III. in Soph. on which persons were tortured. Trach., κλίμακες άμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other. IV. in Rhetoric, a climax, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, abiit evasit erupit.

κλίναν, Ερ. for ἔκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ή, (κλίνω) that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier. [t]

κλίνηναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ες, (κλίνη, ἀρἄρειν) bed-ridden.

κλίνθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, a small couch.

κλινίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κλίνη, a small couch.

κλίνο-πετής, ές, (κλίνη, πεσείν) bedridden.

κλῖνο-χἄρής, ές, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) fond of bed. **κλιντήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\delta$ , (κλίνω) a couch, bed, sofa.

**ΚΛΙ'ΝΩ**  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , fut. κλἴν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor.  $\bar{\imath}$  εκλῖνα: pf. κέκλἴκα. -Med., aor. Ι ἐκλῖνάμην:--Pass., aor. Ι ἐκλίνθην and ἐκλίθην [τ], aor. 2 ἐκλίνην [τ]: pf. κέκλτμαι:to make slope or slant, incline. 2. to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against. to turn aside; ὄσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the 4. to make recline or sit down, esp. at eyes. meat. II. Pass. to be bent: to bend aside, swerve. 2. to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing. 3. to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discum-4. of Places, to be sloping; λίμνη κεκλιμένη 5 to wander from the sloping towards the lake. III. Med. to decline, verge: so right course. later in Act., ὁ ήλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν

κλίσία lon. -ίη, ή, (κλίνω) a place for lying down. a but, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of fruit. peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the κλισίαι, but burned them on the spot: the collected κλισίαι formed a camp. II. a couch, bed. a company of people sitting at meals.

 $\epsilon \pi i \tau \delta \chi \epsilon i \rho o \nu to fall away for the worse.$ 

κλισιάδες, ων, αί, (κλίνω) folding-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδεs, from κλείω to sbut.

κλισίηθεν, Adv. (κλισία) out of a cot or tent. κλ ισίηνδε, Adv. to a cot or tent.

κλίσιον, τό, (κλζσία) the outhuildings round a berdsman's lodge.

κλίσις, εως, ή, (κλίνω) a bending, inclination. 11. a lying down, reclining. [Y]

κλισμός, δ, (κλίνω) a couch or chair for reclining. κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, a clime. [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ]

κλιτύς, ύος, ή, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) a sloping place, slope, bill-side, Lat. clivus.

κλοιός, δ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί: learn by bearing, ascertain.

κλιμακτήρ, ηρος, δ. (κλίμαξ) the step of a staircase, | Att. κλφός: (κλείω):—a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.

> κλονέω, f. ήσω, (κλόνος) to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distraot:-Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.

KAO'NO∑, b, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.

κλοπαιος, α, ον, (κλώψ) stolen: furtive, stealthy.

**κλοπεύs**, έωs,  $\delta$ , (κλέπτω) a thief: a secret doer. κλοπή, ή, (κλέπτω) theft. II. a stealthy act, fraud; ποδοῖν κλοπὰν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot. **κλόπιος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\kappa\lambda o\pi \eta)$  thievish, artful.

**κλοπός**, δ, (κλέπτω) a thief.

κλοτοπεύω, to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλωπεύω.

κλύδων, ωνος, ό, (κλύζω) a wave, billow, surge. 11. metaph., κλύδων κακῶν a flood of ills. Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. to be tossed by the waves.

κλύδώνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, a little wave, rip ple: but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea.  $K\Lambda\Upsilon'Z\Omega$ : Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον. fut. κλύσω [ $\breve{v}$ ] Ερ. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. 1 ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυσμαι: - to wash or dash against, break over:-Pass. of the sea, to be stormy, dash bigh: so intr. in Act., κύματα κλύζεσκον ἐπ' ήιόνοs the waves dashed, broke against the shore. II. to wash off or away: to wash 2. κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρφ a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax.

κλῦθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, famous. [v]

κλύσμα, τύ, (κλύζω) a liquid used for washing out: a clyster or drench. II. the part washed by the waves, the beach.

κλυστήρ, ηρος, δ, (κλύζω) a clyster-pipe, syringe.

κλῦτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυτό-δενδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) famed for trees. κλύτο-εργός, όν, (κλυτός, έργον) famous for work. κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) famous with

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μητις) famous for skill. κλυτό-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) famous for toils. κλυτό-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν, (κλυτός, νόος) famous for wisdom.

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (κλυτός, παι̂ς) with famous

κλυτό-πωλος, ον, (κλυτός, πωλος) famous for borses. κλύτόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , also  $\dot{\omega}$ s,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (κλύω) beard of, to be beard of, famous, glorious, renowned. 2. of things. glorious, noble, splendid, beauteous.

κλύτο-τέχνης, ου, δ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) famous for art, renowned artist.

κλυτό-τοξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) famous for the bow, renowned archer.

ΚΛΥ'Ω: impf. or aor. 2 ἔκλυον, imperat. sing. and pl (as if from κλῦμι), κλῦθι, κλῦτε, Ep. redupl. κέκλύθι, κέκλύτε:—to bear, to give ear to, listen to, bearken to: but also c. gen. to obey. 3. generally, to per-

II. to bear oneself called, be called so ceive. and so, like ἀκούω, Lat. audio; κακῶς κλύειν to be ill spoken of.

**KAOBO'S**,  $\delta$ , a cage, bird-cage.

κλωγμός, δ, (κλώζω) the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.

KΛΩ'ZΩ, f. κλώξω, to croak, bave a boarse note, properly of jackdaws.

 $K\Lambda\Omega'\Theta\Omega$ , fut. κλώσω, to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate. Hence

Κλωθώ, οῦs, ή, Lat. Clotho, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμακόεις, εσσα, εν, stony, rocky, rugged. From **ΚΛΩ'ΜΑΣ** or κρώμαξ, ακος, δ, a heap of stones.

κλών, gen, κλωνός, δ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, a young sboot, sprout, twig, Lat. surculus.

κλωνίον, Dim. of κλών.

κλφός, Att. for κλοιός.

**κλωπεύω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , = κλοπεύω, to steal.

**κλωπικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , (κλωψ) thievish, furtive

κλωπο-πάτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (κλώψ, πατήρ) of a thievish or unknown father. [ă]

κλωστήρ, ηρος, δ, (κλώθω) a thread, yarn, line.

**κλωστός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , (κλώθω) spun, twisted.

κλώψ, κλωπόs, ό, (κλέπτω) a thief, Lat. fur.

κναίω, = Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc κνάκων, ωνος, δ, Dor. for κνήκων, the goat: see κνηκός.

κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη. κναμός, Dor. for κνημός.

κνάμπτω, old Att. for γνάμπτω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω, f. ψω: (κνάω): to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used. taph. to mangle, tear, lacerate.

κνάσαιο, 2 sing. 2 or. I opt. med. of κνάω. κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and

**aor**. 1 mf. of κνάω.

κνάφειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (κνάπτω) a fuller's shop. κνάφεύς or γναφεύς, έως, δ, Lat. fullo, a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.

κνάφεύω, f. σω, (κναφεύs) to full or card cloth.

κνάφήιον, Ion. for κναφείον.

κνάφος, δ, (κνάω) the prickly teasel, Lat. spina fullonica, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.

KNA'Ω, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κυ η s, κυ η, inf. κυ ην; impf. 3 sing. ἔκνη Ep. κνη (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I έκνησα:—to scrape or grate, Lat. radere: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away: - Med, κνασθαιτά ωτα to tickle one's ears. κνεφάζω, f. άσω, (κνέφας) to cloud over.

κνεφαίος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κνέφας) dark, gloomy, murky. 2. in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak.

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα poöt. κνέφει: (νέφος) darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. diluculum.

κνη, Ep. for έκνη, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνάω) to scratch. tickle :- Pass. to itch.

κνηκίας, ου, ό, v. sub κνηκός.

KNH KOΣ, ή, Lat. cnēcus or cnīcus, a plant of the thistle kind.

II. to

κνηκός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , Dor. κνακός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ ,  $(\kappa\nu\hat{\eta}\kappa\sigma)$  pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf δ κνηκίαs.

κνήμ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, άργός) white-legged.

KNH'MH, h, the part of the leg between the knee and ancle, the leg, Lat. tibia.

κνημίδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημίς, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.

κνημίς, ίδος, ή, (κνήμη) a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ancle; the κνημίδεs consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφύρια); but βόειαι κνημίδες are boots or leggings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.

κνημός, δ, (κνήμη) the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to mov's (the foot).

κνησιάω, f. άσω, Desiderat. of κνάω, to wish to scratch, to itch.

κνησμα, τό, (κνάω) an itching.

κνη τμονή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\kappa \nu \hat{\eta} \sigma \mu \alpha$ .

κνήστις,  $\epsilon \omega s$  and  $\iota o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ; contr. dat.  $\kappa \nu \dot{\eta} \sigma \tau \bar{\iota}$ :  $(\kappa \nu \dot{\alpha} \omega)$ a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.

κνίδη, ή, (κνίζω) a nettle, Lat. urtica [i]

Kvidios, a, ov, Cnidian, of or from Cnidos. From Kvίδοs, ή, Cnidus.

 $κνίζη, ηs, \dot{η}, = κνίδη.$  From

κνίζω, f. κνίσω: aor. I έκνισα Dor. έκνιξα:-Pass., aor. 1 ἐκνίσθην: (κνάω):—to scrape or grate, II. to make to itch: hence metaph. to netile, tease, chafe, vex:-Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.

 $\kappa \nu \bar{\iota} \pi \delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\kappa \nu i \zeta \omega)$  scraping, niggardly, miserly.

KNI ΣΑ Ep. κνίση, ηs, ή, Lat. nidor, the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice, the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence

κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισήεις.

κνισάντι, Dor. for κνισάεντι, dat. of κνισάειs

κνισάω, f. ήσω, (κνίσα) to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice. II. mtr. to raise the steam of sacrifice.

κνίσδω, Dor. for κνίζω.

κνισήεις Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίσα) full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.

**κνίσμα**, τό, (κνίζω) that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.

**κνισμός**,  $\dot{o}$ , (κνίζω) an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.

κνίσο-διώκτης, ου, δ, (κνίσα, διώκω) bunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.

κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσα. κνισάειs, etc.

κνισωτός, ή, όν, (κνισόω) steaming wi.b burnt sacrifice.

κνίψ, δ, also ή, gen. κνίπόs, pl. κνίπεs, (κνίζω) a kind of emmet, which gnaws figs.

κνύζα, contr. for κόνυζα.

κνυζάομαι and - έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to whine, whimper, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.)

κνυζηθμός, δ, a whining, whimpering.

κνύζημα,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , = κνυζηθμός.

κνυζόω, f. ώσω, to disfigure, make dim and dark. κνύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : (κνάω) to scratch or touch gently.

κνώδαλον, τό, any dangerous animal, a monster,

beast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, δ, (δδούς) a sword: pl. κνώδοντες, two projecting teeth on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφους διπλοί κνώδοντες a cross-hilted sword.

KNΩ'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. to nod, slumber, sleep. κοάλεμος, δ, a stupid fellow, booby. [ā]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.

**κο**άω, ν. κοέω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a knavish trick. From

κοβαλίκεύω, to play the knave. From

κόβūλος, δ, an impudent rogue, an arrant knave: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, knavish tricks, rogueries. (Detiv. uncertain)

KOTXH,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a muscle or cockle, Lat. concha · also a muscle-shell. If the case round a seal attached to documents : (hence ἀνακογχυλιάζω), to unseal) κόγχος,  $\hat{\phi}$ , also  $\hat{\eta}$ , = κόγχη, a muscle or cockle.

κογχύλη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κόγχη.  $[\ddot{v}]$  Hence

κογχύλιάτη**s** (sub. λίθοs), ου, ό, a shelly marble. [ā] κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a muscle or cockle: also its shell, generally, a bivalve-shell. [ŭ]

κοδράντης, ου, ό, Greek form of the Lat quadrans,

 $=\frac{1}{4}$  of an as, about  $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

 $KOE'\Omega$  or  $\kappaod\omega$  contr.  $\kappao\omega$ , Ion. for  $vo\ell\omega$ ,  $vo\hat{\omega}$ , to mark, perceive, bear, observe.

κόθεν, Ion. for πόθεν.

κόθορνος,  $\delta$ , Lat. colburnus, a buskin or high boot, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2. the κόθορνος was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the soccus of Comedy. 3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot,  $\delta$  Κόθορνος was a nickname for a trimmer or time-server in politics.

κόθουρος, ον, = κόλουρος, without a sting.

(κοίλος):—to make hollow, scoop, hollow out.

KOI, sound to express the grunting of young pigs. κοίζω, f. ίσω, (κοί) to grunt like a young pig.

κοίη, Ion. for ποία, dat. sing. of ποίοs, Ion. κοίοs, used as Adv. bow? in what manner? in what respect? κοιλαίνω, fut. ἄνῶ: αοτ. Ι ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλῆναι, Att. ἐκοίλανα, inf. κοιλᾶναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι:

κοίλη, ή, a bollow, properly fem. of κοίλος; the name of a δημος or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -ίη, ή, (κοίλος) the bollow of the belly,

the belly, Lat. venter. 2. the contents of the belly, the bowels: tripe: black-puddings.

κοιλιο-πώλης, ου, δ, (κοιλία, πωλέω) a tripe or black-pudding seller.

κοιλο-γάστωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (κοίλος, γαστήρ) bollow-bellied hence bungry, ravenous.

κοιλό-πεδος, ον, (κοίλος, πέδον) lying in a bollow. ΚΟΓΛΟΣ, η, ον, bollow, bollowed; κοίλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς οr κοίλη alone was the bollow or bold of the ship: of Places, lying in a bollow or vale: of a road, cut deep, overbung: κοίλον, τό, a bollow place, bollow, recess; κοίλος χρυσός gold made into bollow

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ον, (κοίλος, όφθαλμός) bollow-eyed. κοιλο-χείλης, ες, (κοίλος, χείλος) bollow to the rim. κοιλόω, f. ώσω, (κοίλος) to make bollow

κοιλ-ώδης, ες, (κοίλος, είδος) bollow-looking.

κοίλωμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλόω) a bollow.

κοιλ-ώνυξ,  $\dot{v}\chi os$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (κοίλοs,  $\dot{o}vvξ$ ) bollow-boofed. κοιλ-ώπης, ov,  $\dot{\phi}$ , fem. κοιλώπις,  $\iota \delta os$ , = κοιλωπόs. κοιλ-ωπός,  $\dot{o}v$ , (κοίλοs,  $\ddot{\omega}\psi$ ) bollow-looking.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. - έω, fut. ήσω, (κείμαι) 10 lull to sleep, put to sleep, souther assuage.

II. Med and Pass., fut κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμησάμην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην —to fall asleep, go to bed: of animals, to lie down; κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον be sleep a brasen sleep, i.e. the sleep of death.

2 to sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

vessels, i e plate.

κοιμηθήναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοίμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) sleep; κοιμήματα αὐτογέννητα intercourse of the mother with her own son.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω. κοίμησις, εως, ή, (κοιμάω) a sleeping: also rest. repose.

κοιμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, = κοιμάω, to put to sleep:—
to lay asleep, of the sleep of death.
2. generally,
to lay to rest, to quench; to appease, assuage. Hence
κοιμιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one putting to sleep.

κοινάν, ανος, δ, Dor. for κοινών, κοινωνός.

κοινανέω, Dor. for κοινωνέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσομαι, fut. of κοινόω. κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. 1 part. of

κοινώσ. Δολ form of young used as Admin services.

κοινη, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., in common, by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοινο-βουλέω, (κοινός, βουλή) to deliberate in common.

κοινο-βωμία, ή, (κοινός, βωμός) community of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar. κοινό-λεκτρος, ον, (κοινός, λέκτρον) baving a com-

mon bed, a bedfellow, consort.

κοινο-λεχής, ές, (κοινός, λέχος) sharing the same bed, a paramour.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, 201. I

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. -ήθην: pf. κεκοινο- nest. λόγημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (κοινός, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κοινός, πούς)

with common foot, coming together.

KOINO'Σ, ή, όν, also όs, όν, common, shared in II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθόν the common weal. 2. τὸ κοινόν the state, Lat. respublica; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινοῦ by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury; -τα κοινά the public moneys, public af-III. of persons, impartial, affable, accesfairs. IV. of sible. 2. of common origin, kindred. forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινότης, ητος, ή, a sharing in common, fellow-II. affability. ship.

κοινό-τοκος, ον, (κοινός, τεκείν) born of common

parents.

κοινο-φιλής, ές, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common. κοινό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded. κοινόω, f. ώσω: Dor. fut. κοινάσομαι, aor. ι ἐκοίνασα: (κοινός):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in. 2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or un-II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. take counsel, consult. 3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or III. Pass. to bold communion, bave intercourse with.

κοινών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος, Dor. κοιν $\hat{\alpha}$ ν,  $\hat{\alpha}$ νος,  $\delta$ , = κοιν $\omega$ ν $\delta$ ς. κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, (κοινωνός) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in; κοινωνείν τινι to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινώνημα, ματος, τό, a communication: and κοινωνία, ή, communion, fellowship, intercourse. κοινωνικός, ή, όν, communicative, social. From κοινωνός, ό, also ή, (κοινός) a companion, partner, fellow, associate. II. as Adj. = κοινόs.

κοινως, Adv. of κοινός, in common, jointly: by com-2. publicly. mon consent.

κοῖος, η, ον, Ion. for ποῖος, α, ον.

κοιράνέω, f. ήσω, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master, to 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence rule, command. κοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ή, lordship, rule.

κοιράνίδης, ov,  $\dot{o}$ , = κοίρανος.

KOI'PA NO∑, ò, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοισυρόομαι, Pass. (Κοισύρα) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i e. live a gay, fashionable life. κοιτάζω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. Ι κοιταξάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταίος, a, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, asleep. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ή, (κείμαι) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed; κοίτην έχειν to be pregnant; κοίται in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

II. sleep, the act of going to bed; τη̂ε κοίτης ώρη bed-time.

κοίτος, δ, = κοίτη. 2. a going to bed: sleeping, sleep. Hence

κοιτών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος,  $\delta_{\bullet} = (\kappa o i \tau \eta)$  a bed-room, bed-chamber. κόκκινος, η, ον, scarlet, Lat. coccineus. From KO'KKOΣ, ή, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermesberry, used to dye scarlet.

κόκκῦ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo hence a cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθείτε, quick, let go. κοκκύζω Dor. κοκκύσδω: f. ύσω: pf. κεκόκκϋκα; (κόκκυξ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry. κόκκυξ, υγος, ό, (κόκκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσδω, Dor. for κοκκύζω.

κόκκων, ωνος, δ, (κόκκος) a pomegranate-seed. κοκύαι, oi, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολά, 2 sing. fut. med of κολάζω.

κολάζω, f. κολάσω: aor. ι ἐκύλασα also in Med., fut. κολάσομαι, Att. contr. κολώμαι, κολά: aor I ἐκολασάμην:-Pass., fut. κολασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκολάσθην: pf. κεκόλασμαι: (κόλος, akm to κολούω): -to prune, retrench: metaph. to hold in check, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:-Pass. to be punished.

Koλαινίs, ίδοs, ή, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and

meaning uncertain.)

κολάκεία, ή, (κολακεύω) flattery, fawning. κολάκευμα, τό, (κολακεύω) a piece of flattery.  $[\breve{a}]$ κολάκευτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be flattered.

κολάκευτικός, ή, όν, (κολακεύω) flattering, fawning. κολάκεύω, f. σω, (κύλαξ) to flatter, favon on:—Pass. to be fla**Mer**ed.

Κολάκ-ώνυμος, δ, (κόλαξ, ὄνομα) parasite-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

KO'ΛΑΞ, ακος, δ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ηρος, δ, a chisel, graver. From

**KOAA'IIT** $\Omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ , to hew, cut, chisel: of birds to peck.

κόλἄσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κολάζω) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment.

κολάστειρα, ή, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, ον, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. as Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\delta$ , = κολαστήs.

κολαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κολάζω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολάστρια, ή, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κόλαφος) to give one a box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, δ, (κολάπτω) a box on the ear, cuff. κολεόν Ion. κουλεόν, τό, = κολεόs, a sheath.

κολεός, δ, or κολεόν,  $\tau$ δ, κουλεόν,  $\tau$ δ, (κοῖλος)  $\alpha$ sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, f. ήσω, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ηs, ή, glue, Lat. gluten.

κόλλαβος,  $\delta$ , = κόλλοψ. II. a kind of wheaten cake, named from its shape.

κολλάω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (κόλλα) to glue, cement. 2. to inlay: to weld. II. to join together, unite:— Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to. κολλήεις,  $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$ ,  $\epsilon\nu$ , (κόλλα) glued together, close-joined.

κόλλησις, εως, ή, (κολλάω) a gluing, cementing: κύλλησις σιδήρου a welding of iron.

κολλητός, ή, όν, (κολλάω) glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.

κολλίκο-φάγος, ον, (κόλλιξ, φάγεῖν) roll-eating. ΚΟ'ΛΛΙΞ, ίκος, δ, a long roll of coarse bread.

**ΚΟ΄ΛΛΟΨ**, οπος, δ, the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλοπα δργής ἀνεῖναι to unscrew your passion.

κολλυβιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) a money-changer. ΚΟ΄ΛΛΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, a small coin. 2. in plur., κόλ-

 $\lambda \nu \beta \alpha$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , small round cakes. [ $\check{\nu}$ ] κολλύρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κόλλιξ. [ $\bar{\nu}$ ]

κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, eye-salve, Lat. collyrium, so called because it was made up in small cales [1]

κολοβός, όν, (κόλοs) docked, curtal, Lat. curtus: of animals, short-borned: also maimed, mutilated. Hence κολοβόω, f. ώσω, to dock, curtail, shorten.

κολοι-άρχος, ου, δ, (κολοιός, άρχω) a leader of jackdaws, a jackdaw-general.

κολοιάω, f. άσω, (κολοιόs) to scream like a jackdaw. κολοιός, δ, a jackdaw, Lat. graculus: proverb., κολοιός ποτὶ κολοιόν = 'birds of a feather flock together.'

κολοκᾶσία, ή, or κολοκάσιον, τό, the colocasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κυμα, τό, (κύλος, κύμα) a large beavy wave before it breaks, the beavy swell before a storm

κολοκύνθη or -κύντη, ηs, ή, the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. cucurbita. Hence

κολοκυνθιάs, άδοs, ή, food prepared from pumpkins.
κολοκύνθινος, η, ον, made from pumpkins.

κόλον, τό, the colon or lower part of the bowels. From ΚΟΛΟΣ, ov, docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. curtus; κόλον δόρυ a spear broken short off: esp. of oxen, etc., bornless, short-borned.

κολοσσός, δ, a colossus, gigantic statue; also simply a statue. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcētes.

κολοσυρτός, δ, a rabble or noisy crowd: uproar. κολούω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐκολουσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκολούθην and -ούσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -ουσμαι: (κόλος):—to dock, clip, curtail, cut sbort, abridge: metaph., ἔπος μεσσηγιδ κολούειν to cut sbort a word in the middle, Lat. praecidere, i.e. leave it unfinished; δώρα κολούειν to abridge, limit gifts: also 2. like κολάζω, to check, restrain, put down.

κολοφών, ωνος, δ, a top, finishing, end.

κολπίας, ου, δ, (κόλπος) swelling in folds.

KO'ΛΠΟΣ, δ, the bosom, lap: later also the mother's womb.

II. the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket.

III. any lap or hollow; θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδῦναι to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the deep hollow between two waves.

2. a bay or creek of the sea.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. sinus. Hence

κολπόω, f. ώσω, to form into a lap or fold: to make

a sail belly or swell.

κολπ-ώδης, ες, (κόλπος, είδος) embosomed, embayed. ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ήσω, to dive to swim. Hence κολυμβήθρα, ή, a place for diving, a swimmingbath: and

κολυμβητήρ, ῆρο**s, ό,** and κολυμβητήs, οῦ, ό, (κολυμβάω) *a dive*r, swimmer

κολυμβίς, ίδος, ή, (κολυμβάω) a sea-bird, a diver. κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) a diver, swimmer. II. = κολύμβησις, a diving, swimming.

**Κόλχος**, δ, a Colchian:—hence Adj. Κολχικός, ή, δν, Colchian; pecul. fem. Κολχίς, ίδος.

κολφάω Ion -έω, f. ήσω, (κολφώς) to brawl, scold. κολώμενος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω ΚΟΛΩ'NH, ή, a bill, mound: esp. a sepulcbral mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. tumulus.

κολωνία, ή, the Lat. colonia, a colony.

κολωνός, ό, (κολώνη) a bill; κολωνός λίθων a heap of stones.

II. Colonos, a demos of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.

κολφός, οῦ, ὁ, (κολοιόs) a brawling, wrangling. KO'MA'PO, ὁ, and ἡ, the strawberry-tree, arbūtus. κομάρο-φάγος, ον, (κόμαρος, φάγεῖν) eating the fruit of the arbūtus.

κομάω Ion. -ξω, Ep. part. κομόων: fut. ήσω: aor. I ἐκόμησα: (κόμη):—to let the bair grow long, wear long bair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to plume oneself, to be proud, baughty, arrogant; οὖτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι be aimed at the monarchy. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομόωντες 'Αχαιοί in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year. II. of horses, to be decked with manes. III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to bave leaves or foliage.

κομέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

KOME'Ω, f. ήσω, to take care of, attend to, tend. κομέω, Ion. for κομάω.

KO'MH, η, the hair, Lat. coma; κείρασθαι κόμην to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like coma, the foliage, leaves, of trees.

Κομητ-ἄμυνίας, ου, ὁ, (κομήτης, 'Αμυνίας) Coxcomb-Amynias.

κομήτης, ου, ό, (κομάω) long-baired; lòs κομήτης a feathered attow. 2. leafy, grassy. II. a comet. κομίδή, ή, (κομίζω) attendance, attention, care: also the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. commeatus frumenti, a gathering in of harvest:-also 2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a provisions, stores. carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομίδη, dat. of κομιδή used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομιδή μέν οὖν very much so indeed, just

so, ay and more than that.

κομιεύμεθα, Dor. for κομιούμεθα, I pl. contr. fut.

med, of κομίζω.

κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I ἐκόμισα Ερ. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα: -- Med., Att. fut. κομἴοῦμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκομισσάμην and κομισσάμην:--Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: aor. Ι έκομίσθην: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομέω):-to take care of, provide for, supply: -Med. to receive bospi-2. of things, to take care of, take beed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμιζε mind thine own II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρον κομίζειν to carry away a corpse: - Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ξρύομαι; κόμισαί με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off: -Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive. 3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import. 4. to con-5. to fetch back, redeem :- Med. to duct, escort. get back, recover. III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return.

κομιούμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω. κομίσαιο, 2 sing, 2 or, I med, opt, of κομίζω.

κόμισα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω. κομιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken

care of, to be gathered in.

**κομιστήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\hat{o}$ , = κομιστή**s**.

κομιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor. κόμιστρα, τά, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομιώ, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω.

κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηροῦ κόμματοs of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. comma. Hence

κομματικός, ή, όν, framed in short clauses.

KO'MMI', τό, gum, Lat. gummi; indecl. κομμός, οῦ, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. planetus, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομόωντε, κομόωντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of

κομάω.

κομόωντι, Dor. for κομῶσι, 3 pl. of κομάω.

κομπάζω, f. άσω, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζειν λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν | μένοι plastered, whited sepulchres.

τέχνην to boast one's art :- Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύs, δ, Comic word, one of the borough Kόμποs, a Bragsman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπά(ω) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ήσω, (κόμπος) to ring, clash, rattle. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:-Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακέω, f. ήσω, (κόμπος, λακέω) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακύθης, ου, δ, braggart, boaster. [v] KO'MΠΟΣ, o, a noise, din, clash, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, metal.

vaunt.

κομπός, δ, (κομπέω) a boaster.

κομπο-φακελορ-ρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κόμπος, φάκελο**s**, δημα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, εs, (κόμπος, είδος) boastful.

κομψεία, ή, (κομψεύω) elegance, refinement: affec-

κομψ-ευριπικώς, Adv. (κομψός, Εὐριπίδης) with the prettiness or affectation of Euripides.

κομψεύω, f. σω, (κομψός) to make elegant, refine; κύμψευε την δύξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. argutari:-Med. to refine overmuch:-Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, έs, (κομψόs, πρέπω) dainty-seem-

κομψός, ή, όν, (κομέω) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. comptus: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. bellus bomo. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομψωs, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομψοτέ-

ρως ἔχειν to be better in health.

κονάβέω, f. ήσω, (κύναβος) to resound, clash, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a clash, ringing.

κοναβίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , = κοναβέω.

KO'NA BOΣ, δ, a clashing, ringing.

**ΚΟΝΔΥΛΟΣ**, δ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles. κονέω, f. ήσω, (κόνις) to raise dust, to basten.

κονία Ion, and Ep. κονίη, ή, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδών ὑπένερθε κονίη ιστατ' ἀειρομένη from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. κονίαι, in collective sense, like Lat. arenae; πίπτειν εν κονίησι to fall in 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or the dust. asbes, also in plur., like Lat. cineres. III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [7 in Homer; in Att. mostly ?.]

κονίατος, ή, όν, plastered, whitewashed. From κονιάω, pf. pass. κεκονίαμαι: (κονίω):-to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. dealbare; τάφοι κεκονια-

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι; see κονίω.

κονι-ορτός, δ, (κόνις, ὅρνυμι) dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: κονιορτὸς ὕλης κεκαυμένης a cloud of woodashes.

II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

 $\kappa \delta v los, \alpha, ov, (\kappa \delta v ls) dusty.$ 

**KO'NIΣ**, ιοs Att.  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ : dat.  $\kappa \dot{\nu} \nu \bar{\iota}$  for  $\kappa \dot{\nu} \nu \bar{\iota}$ : =  $\kappa \dot{\nu}$  and  $\kappa \dot{\nu}$  and  $\kappa \dot{\nu}$  is the dust of asbes, asbes. III. the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf.  $\kappa \dot{\nu} \nu \dot{\iota}$  and  $\kappa \dot{\nu}$  metaph, of toil. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

κονίσαλος [I], δ, (κόνιε) dust, a cloud of dust. κονίω, fut. ίσω [I]: aor. I ἐκόνῖσα:—Pass., pf. κεκόνῖμαι. Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κεκόνῖτο: (κόνιε):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκονιμένος all covered with dust, i. e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόνῖσαι λαβών make baste and take.

2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over.

II. intr. to raise dust, make baste, speed.

**κοννέω**, contr. κονν $\hat{\omega}$ , =  $\gamma \iota \gamma \nu \dot{\omega} \sigma \kappa \omega$ .

**ΚΟΝΝΟΣ**,  $\delta$ , the beard. 2. **Κ**όννοs, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; **Κ**όννου ψ $\hat{\eta}$ φοs, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οῦ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. contus.

2. the shaft of a pike.

**κοντο-φόρος**, ον, (κοντός, φέρω) carrying a pole of pike: burling a pike.

ΚΟ'ΝΥΖΑ contr. κνύζα, ης, ή, fleabane, pulicaria. κοπάζω, t. άσω: αοτ. 1 ἐκόπασα: (κόπος):—to

grow tired or weary · generally, to abate, lull.

κόπἄνον, τό, (κόπτω) an instrument for braying, a

pestle: also 2. = κοπίs, an axe. κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κόπτω: κοπεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass.

κοπείν, αοτ. 2 μπτ. οι κοπτω: κοπείς, αοτ. 2 ματί. pass. κοπετός,  $\delta$ , (κόπτομαι) a wailing, mourning. κοπεύς, έως,  $\delta$ , (κόπτω) a chisel.

κοπή, ή, (κόπτω) a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter.

κοπιάω, f. άσω [ā]: aor. I ἐκοπίᾶσα: pf. κεκοπίᾶκα: (κόποs):—to work bard, work till one is weary. II. to be tired, grow weary; κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν to be exbausted by good things.

κόπις, εως, δ, (κύπτω) a babbler, wrangler. κοπίς, ίδος, ή, (κύπτω) a chopper, cleaver, bill-

book.
κόπος, ου, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking, beating.

toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness.

κοπόω, f. ώσω, to weary:—Pass. = κοπάω.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was  $\Omega$ , cf. κοππατίαs. In the alphabet Koppa stood between  $\pi$  and  $\rho$ , like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also  $\sigma \tau \alpha \hat{\nu}$  and  $\sigma \alpha \mu \pi_1$ , qq. v. Hence

κοππάτίας, ου, ό, ίππος, a borse branded with the letter Koppa ( $\Upsilon$ ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόρας.

κοπράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry dung. From κοπρ-άγωγός, όν. (κόπρος, άγω) carrying dung. κόπρειος, a, ον. (κόπρος) full of dung, filthy. κοπρία, ή, (κόπρος) a dungbill.

κοπρίζω, f. ίσω Ερ. ίσσω, (κόπροs) to dung, manure. κοπρο-λόγοs, ον, (κόπροs, λέγω) collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.

KO'ΠΡΟΣ, ή, dung: manure: filth, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κόπρο-φόροs, ου, (κόπροs, φέρω) carrying dung κόφινοs κοπροφόροs a dung-basket.

κοπρών, ώνος, ό, (κόπρος) a place for dung, privy. κόπτοισα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω. κοπτός, ή, όν, (κόπτω) beaten, brussed, pounded.

ΚΟ'ΠΤΩ, f. κύψω: aor. 1 έκοψα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπώs:--Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπην: pf. κέκομμαι: -to strike, smite, cut. 2. to knock down, fell, 3. to cut off, chop off; δένδρα κόπτειν to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., κόπτειν την χώραν to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, burt; φρενών κεκομμένος deprived of sense or reason. 4. to bammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. percutere nummos: -Med. 5. κόπτειν την θύραν to to coin oneself money. knock or rap at the door, Lat. pulsare. 6. to cut 7. of birds, to peck at, strike with small, chop up the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, II. Med. κόπτομαι, to beat or strike deafen. oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. plangere: also, κόπτεσθαί τινα to mourn for any one, Lat. plangere aliquem.

κοράκινος, δ, (κόραξ) a young raven.

KOPAE, ακος, δ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοί κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; έρρε ἐς κόρακας, or ἐς κόρακας alone, like Lat. pasce corvos, go and be hanged! βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας hang him! hang it! II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, 1. an engine for grappling ships. 2. a booked bandle of a door, like κορώνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόραυνα, ή, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορβâv, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering.

2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ίσω, (κύρδαξ) to dance the κύρδαξ. κορδακισμός, δ, the dancing the κύρδαξ.

KO'PAAΞ, āκοs, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κόρδακα ἐλκύσαι to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

KOPAΥAH [v], η, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; whence εγκεκορουλημένος wrapt or rolled up.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κορέννῦμι, f. κορέσω Ερ. κορέω: aor. I ἐκόρεσα Ερ. κόρεσσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκορεσάμην Ερ. ἐκορεσάμην and κορεσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκορέσθην: pf. κεκόρεσ σμαι Ion. κεκόρημαι; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κεκορηώs, ότοs: (κόροs):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

bave one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσασθαι to bave one's fill of strife.

κορεσαίατο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι. κορεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenbood. From κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κόρη):--to be

a maid, grow up to maidenbood.

KOPE'Ω, f. ήσω, to sweep, brush; κορείν την Έλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κόρη Ion. κούρη Dor. κώρα, ή, fem. of κύρος, κοῦpos, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κουραι II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. Διό8. pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, III. a long sleeve reaching Lat. pupa, pupilla. over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. Κούρη, ή, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τη Μητρί και τη Κούρη.

κόρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κόρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

κορθύνω = κορθύω. [τ]

κόρθυς, vos, ή, (κύρυς) a rising, heap.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κόρθυς) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:-Pass., κῦμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

KOPI'ANNON, τό, coriander, the plant or seed. **κορίδιον, τό,** Dim. of κόρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f.  $-i\sigma ο μαι$ , (κόρη, κόριον); Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Koρίνθιος, a, ov, also Κορινθιακός, η, όν, and fem. Κορινθιάς, άδος, ή:—Corinthian. From

**Κόρινθος**, ή, Corintb, the city and country: anciently Έφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθι, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl.

KO'PIΣ, ιος Att. εως, δ, a bug: pl. κόρεις, οί.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κύρη.

κόρκορος or κόρχορος, δ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpernel. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορύγή, ή, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any bollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound)

κορμός, δ, (κείρω) the trunk of a tree with the

boughs lopped off, a log.

KO POΣ, ov, o, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον έχειν τινός to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence insolence, petulance; προs κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ου, δ, Ion. κούρος Dor. κώρος, (κείρω) α boy. lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. κόρη.

κόροs, δ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρση, ή, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; επὶ κόρρης πατάσσειν to slap on II. the bair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ον, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορύβαντιάω, f. άσω, (Κορύβαs) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίζω, f. ίσω, (Κορύβαs) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορύβαντ-ώδης, εs, (Κορύβας, είδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορύβαs, αντος, δ, a Corybant priest of Cybele in Pbrygia. [v]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίε, -αλλός, = κόρυδος.

κόρυδος, δ, and κορυδός, ή, (κόρυς) the crested of tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κόρυζα, ης, ή, (κόρρη, κόρυς) a cold in the bead. a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold. κόρυθα, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κόρυς.

κορυθ-άιξ, ικος, (κόρυς, αίσσω) belmet-shaking, with waving plume. [ā]

κορύθ-αιόλος, ον, (κόρυε, αίύλος) with glancing belm. κόρυμβος, ό, pl. κορύμβα as well as κόρυμβοι: (κόρυε, κορυφή):-the top, peak, summit; κόρυμβα νηῶν the high poops of the ships. II. the cluster of the wy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers. κορυνάω, f. ήσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορύνη, ή, (κόρυς) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [v]

κορῦνήτης, ου, ὁ, (κορυνάω) a club-bearer, one wbo fights with a club or mace.

κορύνη-φόρος, ον, (κορύνη, φέρω) club-bearing: κορυνηφόροι, oi, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορυνιάω, = κορυνάω: in Ep. part., κορυνιόωντα πέτηλα sprouting leaves.

κορυπτίλος, o, one that butts with the head. [7] From κορύπτω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ύθος, ή, acc. κόρυθα and κόρυν, (κάρα) a belmet, belm, casque. II. the head Hence

κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:-- Med., aor. I ἐκορυσσάμην, part. κορυσσάμενος:-Pass., pf. κεκόρυθμαι:--to arm with a belmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:-Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, δουρε κεκορυθμένα χαλκώ spears 2. generally, to furnish, probeaded with brass. vide. II. to make crested; κόρυσσε κῦμα the river reared his wave to a crest:-Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence κορυστής, οῦ, ὁ, a man armed with a belmet, an armed warrior.

κορύφαία, ή, (κορυφή) the head stall of a bridle. κορυφαίον, τό, the upper rim of a bunting-net:strictly neut. from sq.

κορύφαιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (κορυφή) at the head:—δ κορυ-

φαΐοs the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορύφη, η, (κόρυν) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head.

2. the top or peak of a mountain.

3. metaph. the highest point, acme, prime. κορύφόω, f. ώσω, (κορυφή) to bring to a head, make peaked:—Pass., κῦμα κορυφοῦται the wave rises to a crest.

II. like κεφαλαιόω, to bring to an end, sum up.

κορων-εκάβη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κορώνη, Έκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]

cold as a crow and Hecude. [α]
κορώνεως, ω, ή, of a raven-gray colour. From
κορώνη, ή, (κορωνός) a kind of sea-fowl, seacrow. 2. a crow or raven, Lat. cornix. II.
anything booked like a crow's bill, as, I. the
bandle on a door. 2. the tip of a bow, on which
the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection
of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked.
Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. άσω, (κορώνη 11) to bend, curve · of a horse, to arch the neck.

κορωνίς, ίδος, ή, (κορώνη 11) as Adj. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, booked. 2. of kine, with crumpled borns. II. as Subst. anything curved: 1. a wreath or garland, Lat. corona. 2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) sbooting crows:
—as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-sbooting.

κορωνός, ή, όν, (κόραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled borns.

κοσκίνηδόν, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve.

κοσκίνό-μαντις, ιου Att.  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ , and  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κόσκινον, μάντιε) a diviner by a sieve.

KO'ΣΚΙ'NON, τό, a sieve.

κοσκυλμάτια, ων, τά, (σκύλλω) parings or sbreds of leather: metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ήσω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marsbal it; and in Med., κοσμούν ενών πολιήτας baving marsballed bis countrymen; δόρπον κοσμεῦν to arrange 2 tepast. II. to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick out, embellisb. 2. of persons, to bonour them, adorn, be an bonour or ornament to. IV. in Pass. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμην, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorner.

κοσμητός, ή, όν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular. κοσμήτωρ, ορος, δ, (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμικός, ή, όν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμιος, a, ον, also os, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; το κόσμιον order, decorum. Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ή, propriety, decorum, orderly be-baviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμιος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. - ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ου, δ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) dressing the bair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, opos, ὁ, (κύσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [ἄ]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or holding together the world.

κόσμος, ου, ό, (κομέω) order; κατα κόσμον οι κόσμον in order, duly; ούδεν ικόσμον in no sort of order. 2. good order, good bebaviour, decency. 3. a set form or order: of states, government. 4. the mode of fashion of a thing II an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments. 2. an bonour, credit. III. the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroy-

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

κόσσαβος, δ, Ion for κότταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὁ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, to bear hatred against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ερ. aor. Ι κοτέσα: Ερ. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:— Med., κοτέομαι: Ερ. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ερ. fut. κοτέσσομαι: Ερ. aor. Ι έκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην: (κότοs):—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invideo: proverb., κεραμεύε κεραμεί κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύε.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jealous.

κοτίνη-φόρος, ον, (κότινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

KOTINOΣ, δ or ή, the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.

κοτίνο-τράγος, ον,  $(κότινος, τράγε<math>\hat{ι}ν)$  eating the wild olive.

κότορνος, δ. Ion for κόθορνος.

KO TOΣ, ου, δ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, sealousy.

κοττάβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κύτταβοε) to play at the cottabus.

κότταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, δ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

KOTTANON, τό, a small fig. Lat. cottănum. KOTTAN, η, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κύαθοι or a \(\frac{1}{2}\) féστηs, nearly a \(\frac{1}{2}\) pint.

II. the cup or socket of the bip-bone.

Hence

κοτύληδών, όνος, ή, any cup-like bollow: in pl. the

II. the socket of a joint. δονόφιν.

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, ον, (κοτύλη, ἀρύω) that can be drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτύλίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , –ίσκιον,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , and –ίσκος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , Diminutives of κοτύλη, a small cup.

κότŭλοs, δ, = κοτύλη.

κού, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κοῦ and κου, Ion, for ποῦ and που.

κούκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κοῦμι, Hebrew word, arıse.

κουλεόν, κουλεός, Ion. for κολεόν, κολεός.

κουρά, âs, ή, (κείρω) a clipping or cropping of the lightly. II. a lock hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. cut off.

κουρείον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop

κουρεύς, έως, δ, (κείρω) a barber, bair-cutter, Lat. tonsor: hence a tatler, gossip.

II. also Ion, for κουρά. **κούρη, ἡ, Ion, for κύρη.** κουρήιοs, η, ον, Ion. for κόρειοs, youthful.

κούρητες, ων, οί, (κόρος, κούρος) young men, young warriors.

Κουρῆτες, ων, οί, the Curētes, inhabitants of Pleuron copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην) in Aetolia.

κουρίαs, ου, δ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair short. κουριάω, f. άσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουρίδιος, a, ον, (κοῦρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully wedded; κουρίδιος πόσις her wedded husband; then, as Subst., (without πόσις), κουρίδιος φίλος her dear busband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κουριδίη άλοχοs his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concubine (παλλακίε); so, 3. κουρίδιον λέχος the bed of lawful marriage. 4. nuptial, bridal; κουρίδιος χιτών the bridal robe.

κουρίζω, f. ίσω, (κόρος, κοῦρος) intr. to be a youth. II. trans. to bring up to manbood.

κούριμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (κουρά) fit for cutting or shaving hair, trenchant. II. pass. sborn, cropped, clipped:—as Subst., κούριμος, ή, a mask with the bair cut sbort.

κουρίξ, Adv. (κουρά) by the hair.

κουρο-βόρος, ον, (κοῦρος, βιβρώσκω) devouring children; κουροβόρος πάχνη the blood of eaten children. κοῦρος, δ, Ion. for κόρος, a boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ή, (κοῦρος) y suthful prime, youth: hence youthful spirits, mirthfulness.

κουρότερος, α, ον, Comp. of κουρος, younger, more youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κοῦρος, τεκεῖν) bearing boy-chil-

κουρο-τρόφος, ον, (κοῦρος, τρέφω) rearing boys: so Ithaca is called άγαθή κουροτρόφος a good nursingmother of boys.

κουστωδία, ή, the Lat. custodia, a watch, guard. **κουφίζω,** fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κοῦφο**s**) : I. intr. to be light. II. trans. to lighten: to lift up, raise: κουφίζειν άλμα to make a light leap.

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλη- 'to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them from burthens. Hence

κούφζσις, εως, ή, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, ατος, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ή, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κοῦφος, λέγω) lightly-talking. **ΚΟΥ ΦΟΣ**, η, ον, light, nimble: neut. pl. κοῦφα as Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light :- empty, vain, idle. Hence

κούφως, Adv. lightly: Comp. κουφότερον, more lightly, with lighter beart: Sup. κουφότατα, most

KO'ΦΓΝΟΣ, δ, a basket.

κοχλίαs, ου, ὁ, (κόχλοs) a snail with a spiral shell, II. anything twisted spirally, a Lat. cochlea. screw: a spiral stair.

κοχλίον, τό, Dim. of κόχλοs, a small snail

**KO'XAO** $\Sigma$ , ov,  $\delta$ , a shell-fish with a spiral shell: the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat. concba.

κοχύδέω, Ion. impf. κοχύδεσκε:—to stream forth

KOXΩ'NH, ή, dual κοχώνā, the bams.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of κόπτω.

κόψιχος,  $\dot{o}_1 = \kappa \dot{o} \sigma \sigma v \phi o s$ , a blackbird. Kόωνδε, Adv. (Κόως Ep for Kŵs) to Cos.

κράατος, κράατι, κράατα, lengthd. forms of κράτος, κρᾶτι, κρᾶτα, gen., dat., acc. of κράs = κάρα, a bead.

κράββἄτος, δ, a couch, Lat. grăbātus. (Maced. word.) κραγόν, Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

κράδαίνω, (κραδάω) to swing, brandish, shake:-Pass. to vibrate, quiver.

**KPA** $\Delta$ **A**' $\Omega$ , to brandish, shake.

κράδη, ή, (κραδάω) the light quivering spray at the end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a figtree: hence a fig-tree. [a]

κράδία, ή, Dor. for κραδίη, καρδία. κραδίη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for καρδία.

KPA'ZΩ: fut. κράξω, but Att. in paullo-post form κεκράξομαι: 201. Ι έκραξα: 201. 2 έκραγον: pf. with pres. sense κέκραγα, I pl. contr. κέκραγμεν, imperat. κέκραχθι, part. κεκραγώς, inf. κεκραγέναι: to croak, properly of the raven: generally, to scream, screech, cry: hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for a thing.

κράθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κράνω: aor. Ι έκράνα Ερ. έκρηνα: -Pass., fut. κρανθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass. sense κρανέεσθαι: aor. 1 ἐκράνθην: Homer mostly uses the Ep. form κραιαίνω, 3 sing. impf. ἐκραίαινεν: aor. I imperat. κρήηνον κρηήνατε, inf. κρηῆναι: 3 sing. pf. pass. κεκράανται, and plqpf. κεκράαντο:—to accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute :- Pass. to be accomplished, brought to pass; ου μοι δοκέει τηδέ γ' ὁδῷ κρανέεσθαι it seems to me that it will not be accomplished by this journey; κέκρανται ψήφος the 2. metaph. vote bath been determined; also of workmanship,

χρυσφ έπι χείλεα κεκράανται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραίνειν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. III. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

KPAIΠA'ΛΗ [α], η, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. crapula; έκ κραιπάληs after the debauch was over.

κραιπάλό-κωμος, ον, (κραιπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ή, όν, (άρπ-άζω, like rapidus from rap-io) tearing, sweeping, rushing: cf. καρπάλιμος. 2.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph. basty, bot, impetuous. κραιπνό-σύτος, ον, (κραιπνός, σεύομαι) swift-rushing.

κραιπνο-φόρος, ον, (κραιπνός, φέρω) swift-bearing. κρακτικός, ή, όν, (κράζω) clamorous.

KPA'MBH, ή, cabbage, kail, Lat. crambe.

**KPA'MBO** $\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , ov, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγεῖν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κράναή-πεδος, ον, (κραναός, πέδον) with stony soil. κράναι, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

KPA'NA'O Σ, ή, όν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. λεπτύγεωs: of Kpavaol the people of Attica.

κράνεσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κραίνω.

κράνεια Ion. -είη, ή, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. cornus: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κράνέϊνος, η, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, κρανέϊνον ἀκόντιον, cf. V1τg1l's spicula cornea.

κράνα, ή, Dor. for κρήνη. [ā]

κρανθήναι, aor I inf. pass. of κραίνω.

Κρανιάς, Κρανίς, Dor. for Κρηνιάς, Κρηνίς.

κρανίον, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull. KPA'NON, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. CORNUS.

κράνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make belmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνο-ποιός, όν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making belmets: as Subst., κρανοποιός, ό, a belmet-maker.

κράνος, εος, τό, (κάρα) a belmet. [ă]

κράντειρα, ή, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ, ηρος, δ, (κραίνω) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, ορος, δ, (κραίνω) a ruler, sovereign.

KPA'Σ, δ, collat. form of κάρα, gen. κρᾶτύς (which is sometimes fem.), dat. κρᾶτί, acc. κρᾶτα: plur., gen. κράτων, dat. κρᾶσί Ερ. κράτεσρι: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen. and dat., κράἄτος, κράἄτι, pl. nom. κράτα:—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

κράσις, εως, ή, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. temperies. III. in Gramm., crasis, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. τοῦνομα for τὸ ὄνομα, ἀνήρ for ὁ ἀνήρ.

KPA'ΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, hem of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδόω, f. ώσω, to surround with a border of fringe.

κράσσων, ον, Dor. for κρέσσων, κρείσσων.

κράτα, τό, indecl., = κάρα:—but also κράτα, τόν, acc. of κράs.

κράτα-βόλος, ον, (κραταιός, βάλλω) burled with violence.

κράται-γύάλος, ον, (κραταιός, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corslet.

κράταιίς, ή, = κράτος, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότ ἀποστρέψασκε κραταιίς αὖτις then did mighty force turn it back again. II. Κράταιίς, as pr. n. Crataeis, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κράταί-λεως, ων, gen. ω, (κραταιός, λα̂ς) stony, rocky, rugged.

κράταιόs, ά, όν, (κράτοs) poet for κρατερόs, mighty, strong, resistless.

κράταιόω, f. ώσω, later form for κρατύνω.

κράται-πεδος, ον, (κραταιώς, πέδον) with hard ground or soil.

κράταί-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $\tau \dot{\nu}$ , gen. -ποδοs: also καρταίπους: (κραταιός, πούs): stout-footed, sure-footed. κράταί-ρῖνος, ον, (κραταιός, ρίνός) strong-shelled.

κράτερ-αίχμης, ου, ο, also καρτ-, (κρατερός, αίχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

κράτερός poet. καρτερός, ά, όν, (κρατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valuant; but also bard-bearted, cruel, barsh, rough: so, χώρος κρατερός bard, solid, ground.

2. also strong, violent.

κράτερό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κρατερός, φρήν) stoutbearted, dauntless.

κράτερό-χειρ, χειρος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κρατερός, χείρ) stout of band.

κράτερ-ῶνυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὄνυξ) strongboofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws.

κρατερώς, Adv. of κρατερός, strongly, stoutly: sternly, roughly.

κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of κράs. [ā]

KPA TEYTAI', wv, oi, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κράτέω, ſ. ἡσω: (κράτοs):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι κρατεῖν.

2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper band; of reports, to prevail, become current.

II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel.

III. c. acc. rei, to bold fast, seize, secure.

IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κρατήρ Ion. κρητήρ, ηρος, δ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; κρητήρα κεράσασθαι to mix a bowl.

II. any bollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κράτησί-μάχος, ον, (κρατέω, μάχη) victorious in the | not alive, than living blind. figbt.

κράτησί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κρατέω, πούε) victorious in the foot-race.

κράτήσ-ιππος, ον, (κρατέω, ίππος) victorious in the borse-race.

κρατί, dat. sing. of κράs.

κράτιστεύω, f. σω, (κράτιστος) to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.

κράτιστος Ep. κάρτιστος, η, ον, and as irreg. Sup. of dyaθos, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδοs:—strongest, mightiest, fiercest. best, most excellent. - The Comp. in use is κρείσσων. [ἄ]

ΚΡΑ ΤΟΣ poët. κάρτος, εσς, τό, strength, might, prowess: force, violence: πόλιν έλειν κατά κράτος to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατά κράτος with all one's might; so also, ανα κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally. might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power III. mastery, victory.

κράτός, gen. of κράς.

κράτύνω Ερ. καρτύνω: f. ὔνω: (κράτος): — to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγαs they strengthened their ranks: -Pass. to become strong, be strengthened. 2. to II. to rule, govern, c. gen. 2. to become master, get possession of: to conquer.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

κράτύs, masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτοs) strong, mighty. [v]

κραυγάζω, fut. άσω, (κραυγή) to scream, sbriek. Κραυγάσίδης, ου, ό, (κραυγή) Croaker, name of a

**κραυγή**, ή, (κράζω) a crying, screaming, shrieking.

**κρε-άγρα**, δ, (κρέα $\mathbf{s}$ , ἀγρέω) α flesh-book. κρε-αγρίς, ίδος, ή, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, τό, Dim. of κρέας, a slice of flesh. κρεάνομέω, f. ήσω, (κρεανόμος) to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:-Med. to divide among themselves. Hence

κρεάνομία, ή, a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.

κρεά-νόμος, ον, (κρέας, νέμω) distributing the flesh

of victims: as Subst., κρεανόμος, δ. a carver, Lat. dispensator.

KPE'AΣ Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέως: plur. κρέα: gen κρεων Ερ. κρειων; dat. κρέασι Ερ. κρέεσσι:--flesb, a piece of meat: meat. 2. a carcase: a body, person. κρεη-δόκος, ον, and κρειο-δόκος, ον, (κρέαε, δέχομαι) containing flesb.

κρείον, τό, (κρέαε) a meat-tray, dresser.

κρείουσα, fem. of κρείων, q. v.

κρεισσό-τεκνος, ον, (κρείσσων, τέκνον) dearer than children.

κρείσσων, ον, gen. ονος, Att. κρείττων Ιοη. κρέσσων Dor. κάρρων: - stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with eimi sum and part., as kpeiocon γαο πσθα μηκέτ' ων π ζων τυφλός thou wert better

II. too great for, exceeding: ύψος κρείσσον έκπηδηματος a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσον' άγχόvns too bad for hanging. III. superior to, master of; κρείσσων χρημάτων superior to bribes. in moral sense, better, more excellent. (κρείσσων is used as irreg. Comp. of άγαθόs, κράτος being the Root, whence also Sup. κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, Att. form of foreg

KPEI'ΩN, οντος, δ: fem. κρείουσα, ή:—a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like

**κρειῶν**, Ep. for κρεῶν, gen. pl. of κρέαs.

κρεκάδια, ων, τά, (κρέκω) a kind of tapestry.

κρεκτός, ή, όν, struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; played, sung. From

KPE'KΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἔκρεξα:—to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave. to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instru-3. generally, to make any sharp sound, to ment. rustle.

κρεμάθρα, ή, (κρεμάννυμι) a basket to bang things up in.

κρέμαμαι, shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμωμαι; opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρέμασθαι: impf. ἐκρεμάμην : fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννυμι rarely -ύω: fut. κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾳ̂s, ᾳ̂, Ep. lengthd. κρεμόω: 201. Ι ἐκρέμἄσα Εp. κρέμασα:-- Med., aor. Ι έκρεμασάμην:-- Pass., κρεμάνν**ϋμαι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: 20r. Ι ἐκρεμάσθην**: -to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι την ἀσπίδα to bang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so m Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι to bang up one's rudder, i.e. give up the II. Pass. to be bung up or suspended, to sea. swing from, bang down from. 2. metaph, to be in

κρεμάσας, aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμαστός, ή, όν, (κρεμάννυμι) bung up, bung, banging: c gen. bung from or on a thing; κρεμαστὸs αὐχένοs bung by the neck.

κρεμάστρα, η, = κρεμάθρα.

suspense.

κρεμάω, Root of κρεμάννυμι, to bang, bang up.

κρεμβαλιάζω, f. άσω, (κρέμβαλα) to keep time with castanets. Hence

κρεμβάλζαστύς, ύος, ή, a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.

ΚΡΕ'ΜΒΑ ΛΑ, τά, castanets.

κρεμήσομαι, fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρέμαμαι. κρεμόω, Ep. for Att. κρεμώ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρέξ, ή, gen. κρεκός, Lat. crex, (κρέκω) a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.

κρεό-βοτος, ον, (κρέας, βόσκω) fed on flesh.

κρεο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (κρέας, δαίω) the carver at a public meal.

κρεοκοπέω, Att. for κρεωκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλης, ου, δ, (κρέας, πωλέω) a butcher.

κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, (κρεουργόε) to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher. Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. like a butcher: in joints or

pieces: and

κρεουργία, ή, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering. κρε-ουργόs, όν, (κρέαs, έργον) cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργόs, ό, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργόν ήμαρ a day of feasting.

κρεο-φάγος, ον, (κρέας, φάγειν) eating flesh, carni-

vorous.

κρέσσων, ον, gen. ονος, Ion. for κρείσσων.

κρέων, οντος, = κρείων.

κρεών, gen. pl. of κρέαs.

κρήγύος, or, good, agreeable. II. true, real. κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρά-δεμνον, τό, (κάρα, δέω) a sort of bead-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets. II. metaph. in plur. the battlements which crown the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

κρηήναι, aor. I inf. of κραιαίνω, Ep. for κραίνω. κρήηνον, aor. I imperat. of κραιαίνω, Ep. for κραίνω. κρήθεν, Adv. (κραs) from the head, from above.

κρημνάs, part. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνάω and κρήμνημι, = κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a beight, cast down, bang down: — Pass. κρήμνημι, to hang down, be suspended: to float or bover in air.

κρήμνη, for κρήμναθι, imperat. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (κρημνός, βαίνω) baunter of the steeps.

κρημνο-ποιός, όν, (κρημνός, ποιέω) talking precipices,

using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.

κρημνόs, δ, (κρεμάννυμι) an overbanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.

κρημν-ώδης, εs, (κρημνός, είδος) precipitous, steep.

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραίνω.

κρηναίος, α, ον, (κρήνη) of or from a spring or fountain; κρηναίον ύδωρ spring water.

KPH'NH Dor. κράνα, ή, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water. II. a source, fountain-bead. Hence κρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring; and

κρήνηνδε, Adv. to a well or spring.

κρηνιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of κρηναΐος, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρανιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρανίδες.

κρηνίε,  $\hat{\iota}$ δοε,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Dim. of κρήνη,  $[\hat{\iota}]$ 

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραίνω.

KPHΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, η, a kind of man's boot: in Theoritus, κρηπίδες poët. for booted men. II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., η ξηκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηπίς self-command is the foundation of virtue. 2. the side of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido; generally, an edge. [t]

κρήs, Dor. for κρέαs.

Κρήs, δ, gen. Κρητόs: pl. Κρήτεs, gen. Κρητῶν: a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα. Hence

Κρήσιος, a, ov, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κεράσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι. κρησφύγετον, τό, a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, ή, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence Κρήτηθεν, Adv. from Crete; and

Κρήτηνδε, Adv. to Crete.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήροι. Κρητίζω, f. σω, (Κρήs) to lie like a Cretan.

Κρητικόs, ή, όν, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv.-κωs, in Cretan fashion. ΙΙ. κρητικόν (sub. Ιμάτιον), τό, a garment of Cretan fashion. ΙΙ. κρητικόν (κρητικόs (sub. πούs), ό, a metrical foot, e g. ἀντιφών [--] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακροs).

κρητισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (Κρητίζω) lying.

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley.
κρίβανίτης [1], ου, ό, baked under a pot or pan:—
κρίβανίτης (sub. άρτος), ό, a loaf so baked. From
κρίβανος, ό, Att. for κλίβανος, a covered earthen

vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [1] Hence

κριβανωτός, ή, όν, = κριβανίτης.

KPI'ZΩ, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἔκρῖκον: pf. κέκρῖγα:—to creak, Lat. stridēre: to screech, squeak. (Formed from the sound.)

κριηδόν, Adv. (κριός) like a ram

κριθαία, ή, (κριθή) a mess of barley pottage. κριθάω, f. ήσω, (κριθή) to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.

κρίθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κρίνω.

KPIΘH', η, and in plur. κριθαί, αί, barley; οἶνοι ἐκ κριθέων (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley. [1]

κρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κριθίασις, εως, ή, (κριθή) a disease of borses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.

κριθίζω, f. σω, (κριθή) to feed with barley. κρίθινος, η, ον, (κριθή) made of barley.

κρίθο τράγος, ον, (κριθή, τράγειν) barley-eating.

κρίθω, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἔκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω. κρίκος,  $\delta$ , = κίρκος, a ring, circle: also an eyelet-

bole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνα) a judgment, sentence.

2. a matter for judgment: an accusa-

sentence. 2. a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κριμν-ώδης, ες, (κρίμνον, είδος) like coarse meal; κατανίφει κριμνώδη it snows thick as meal.

**κρίνας**, aor. 1 part. of κρίνω.

KPI'NON, τό, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, εος, τό. [τ]

KPINΩ [i], fut. κρίνω: aor. i ἐκρῖνα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρινοῦμαι: aor. i ἐκρῖνάμην:—Pass., fut. κρίθήσομαι: aor. i ἐκρίθην [i], older ἐκρίνθην, whence part. κρινθείs: pf κέκριμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι:—the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or dis- κροκύς [v], ύδος, ή, (κρόκη) the flock, nap. pile of tinguished. 2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. for a prize: σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν to judge crooked judgments, i. e. to judge unjustly: - Pass. and Med. fron robe. κρίνομαι, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, 3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a II. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign: - Pass. to be brought to trial, tried. 2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:-Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριξός, δ, Dor. for κρισσός, κιρσός.

κριο-βόλος, ον, (κριός, βάλλω) ram-slaying.

κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κριός, πρόσωπον) ram-faced.

KPΓO'Σ, δ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. a batteringram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ηs, ή, Crisa or Crissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. Kpīraîos, a, ov, Crissaean. **κρίσις** [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ],  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κρίνω) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision,

κριτήριον, τό, (κριτήs) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κρίτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κρίνω) a discerner, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. κριτής ένυπνίων an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κρίτικός, ή, όν, able to discern and decide, critical. κρίτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρίνω, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep for κρούω, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the boof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of κρόκη.

**κροκάλη, ή,** = κρόκη II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [a]

κρόκεος, ον, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured.

κρόκες, ai, heterocl. nom. pl. of κρόκη.

**κρόκη**, ή, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. κρόκεs, as if from a nom. κρύξ: (κρέκω):—the woof or weft, Lat. subtemen, opp. to στήμων the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, η, ον, poët. for κρόκεος, saffron-coloured. κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed. **κροκο-βἄφής**,  $\epsilon$ s, (κρόκος, βαφηναι) crocus-dyed, of crocus-bue, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see κρύκος). κροκόδειλος, δ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, δ κροκόδειλος δ ποτάμιος, called by the natives χάμψα.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured. as Subst., κροκόειε (sub. πέπλοε) δ, a robe of saffron. κροκό-πεπλος, ον, (κρόκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed. KPOKO∑, ov, o, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool. κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of κροκωτόs, a short, saf-

**κροκωτός**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (κροκόω) saffron-dyed or co-II. as Subst., κροκωτός (sub. πέπλος), loured. ò, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear a saffron robe. From κροκωτο-φόρος, ον, (κροκωτός, φέρω) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμυ-οξυ-ρεγμία, ή, (κρόμμυον, όξος, έρευγμός) a belch of onions and vinegar.

KPOMΥ ON or κρόμμυον, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ου, δ, patronym from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, 1. e. Zeus: cf. Κρονίων, Κρόνος. [τ] Κρονικός, ή, όν, (Κρόνος) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (Κρόνος) of Cronos or Saturn; τὰ Κρόνια (sub. ἰερά), τά, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon; Κρονίων όζειν to smell of old times, to smack of anti-

Κρόν-ιππος, δ, (Κρόνος, ἵππος) an old fool, old dotard.

Kρονίων, δ, gen. ίονος [ī], but also Κρονίωνος, patronym. from Kpovos, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zeus.

Kρόνοs, δ, Cronos, Lat. Saturnus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

KPO ΣΣΑΙ, ων, al, battlements on walls. courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροταλίζω, f. ίσω, (κρύταλον) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

II. **κρότδλον, τ**ό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

**κρότἄφος**,  $\delta$ , (κροτέω) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora. also the sides of the 2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ήσω: (κρότος):—to make to rattle or II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to bammer or weld together, forge:-Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; εὐθὺς τὸ πρᾶγμα κροτείσθω let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.' 2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a applaud. clatter. Hence

κροτησμός, δ, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κροτέω, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled 3. played with the plectrum. rattling along.

κρότος, ου, δ, (κρούω) the sound of striking; κρότος χειρων a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, ωνος, δ, a tick, Lat. ricinus. II. the palma Christi or ricinus, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κροῦμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke. sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρούνισμα, ατος, τό, a gushing or stream. From KPOTNO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a spring, well-bead: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραιος, δ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος)
a pourer forth of weak, washy twaddle.

κρουσι-δημέω, f. ήσω, (κρούω, δημος) to play upon the people, impose upon them.

κρούσις, εως, ή, (κρούω) a striking: a playing on

a stringed instrument.

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, one must knock at. κρουστικός, ή, όν, fit for striking. II. metaph. striking, astonishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικόν striking eloquence. From

KPOΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέκρουμαι and -σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χείραs to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα to strike the foot against the ground in dancing.

2. to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door.

4. Μεδ. κρούεσθαι πρύμναν to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδα, Adv. (κρύπτω) without the knowledge of; κρύβδα Διόs, Lat. clam Jove.

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:
—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.

κρυβηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρῦερός, ά, όν, (κρύος) icy, chill, chilling. κρῦμός, ὁ, (κρύος) icy cold, chill, frost.

κρυμ-ώδης, εs, (κρυμός, είδος) ιcy-cold: frozen, icy.

κρύδεις, εσσα, εν, = κρυερός, ιcy-cold, chilling. ΚΡΥΌΣ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, borror.

κρυπτάδιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (κρύπτω): secret, bidden, clandestine.

κρυπτάζω, f. άσω, collateral form of κρύπτω. κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτασκέ, 3 sing. Ion. Impr. of κρυπτω.
κρυπτεία, ή, (κρυπτεύω) a secret service or commission; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to sea-

son them against fatigue.

κρυπτέον, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, one must conceal.

κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. II.

to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπ-

τεύομαι, to bave snares laid for one.

κρύπτη, ή, a covered place, vault, crypt. From κρυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, bidden, secret. ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτακον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I έκρυψα: pf. κέκρυψα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβήσομα, paulto-p. fut. κεκρύψομα: aor. I έκρυφθην: aor. 2 έκρύβην [τ]: pf. κέκρυμμα:—to bide, cover, conceal:—Pass. το bide oneself, lie bidden. II. metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψης τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

κρυσταλλίζω, f. ίσω, (κρύσταλλοε) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλίνος, η, ον, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal.

κρυσταλλό-πηκτος, ον, οι κρυσταλλο-πήξ,  $\hat{\eta}\gamma os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) congealed to ice, frozen. κρύσταλλος,  $\delta$ , (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies. 2. extreme cold, torpor. II.  $\delta$  and  $\hat{\eta}$ , crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [τ]

κρύφαίος, α, ον, and os, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, covert. Adv. -ωs.

κρύφη Dor. -φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, in secret. κρύφηδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω

κρύφιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, clandestine. [v]

κρυφός, δ, (κρύπτω) concealment, obscurity.

κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρῦψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψι-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) biding the forebead.

κρυψί-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν: (κρύπτω, νύοs): biding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρύψις, εως, ή, (κρύπτω) a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

**KP\OmegaBY**' $\Lambda$ **O** $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a roll of bair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head. II. the crest on a helmet.  $\lceil \tilde{v} \rceil$ 

κρωγμός, δ, (κρώζω) the croaking or cawing of a crow. ΚΡΩ'ΖΩ, f. κρώζω, to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to croak out. (Formed from the sound.)

**κρώσσαι**, Ion. for κρόσσαι.

κρωσσίον, τό, Dim. of κρωσσός.

KPΩΣΣΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a water-pail, pitcher, jar. a cinerary urn.

κτά, for έκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κτάην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίνω, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ἄ] κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ερ. 3 sing. aor. 2 οf κτείνω. [ἄ] κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ερ. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω. ΚΤΑΌΜΑΙ Ιου. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-

P. fut. κεκτήσομα: aor. I ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι Ion. ἔκτημαι, sub). κέκτωμαι, opt κεκτημην οτ - φίμην: plapf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—to ge! for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι οτ ἔκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to bave acquired or got, and so, to possess, to bave or bold; ὁ κεκτημένοs an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτημένοs my master; ἡ ἐμὴ κεκτημένη my mistress. III. aor. I ἐκτήθην is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. 201. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτάσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι.

κτέἄνον, ὁ, (κτάομαι) = κτημα; but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, flock. as if from κτέαρ.

**κτεάτειρα**, η, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that puts one in possession of [α]

κτεάτηρ, ηρος, δ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτίζω, f. ίσω: Ep. aor. 1 κτεάτισσα: (κτέαρ):—
to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hence

ктейть тов, h, bv, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτενέω or κτανέω: aor. I ἔκτεινα: aor. 2 ἔκτάνον: pf. ἔκτονα:—Pass., aor. I ἔκτάνθην: pf. ἔκτάμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἔκτὰ, ἔκτὰν (as if from κτῆμι); subj. κτέω, I pl. κτέωμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [α], for κτάναι; part. κτάs: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἔκτάμην [α], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενοs: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. ἔκτάθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

KTEI'Σ, δ, gen. κτενόs, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, harrow. 4. the hand, with the fingers spread open. Hence κτενέω, lon. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ίσω, to comb: to curry horses: -- Med., κτενίζεσθαι κόμαs to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτείs, a small comb.

κτενισμός, δ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτήμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral bonours, obsequies; see κτερείζω, κτερίζω.

κτερείζω, f. tfω, lengthd for κτερίζω, to bury with due bonours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερείζειν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω, fut. κτεριῶ: 201. I ἐκτέρἴσα: (κτέρεα):—
to bury with due honours:—with 200. of cognate
sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat.
justa facere, enequias facere.

κτεριούσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερέα.

κτέω, κτέωμεν, I sing. and pl. Ep. 201. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτηθήναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense, κτήμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτήματα, possessions, property, goods.

II. a thing, like χρήμα.

κτηνηδόν, Adv. (κτήνος) like beasts.

κτήνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτήμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτήνεα, contr. κτήνη, property in berds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing, of a single bead of cattle, an οχ or sheep.

κτήσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of κτάομαι.

κτήσιος, α, ου, also os, ον, (κτήσιε) of or from one's property; κτήσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock. II. belonging to one's own bouse, domestic, Lat. penetralis; κτήσιοι θεοί bousebold gods. κτήσις, εως, ή, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κτώομαι, that may be gotten or gained.

II. acquired, beld as property,

possessed.

κτήτωρ, opos, δ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

**ktĺbeos**, a, ov, (ktĺs) = lktĺbeos, of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [t]

KTI'ZΩ, f. ίσω: aor. I ἔκτῖσα Ερ. ἔκτισσα, κτίσσα:

—Pass., aor. I ἔκτίσθην: pf. ἔκτισμα:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:— of a festival, to institute, establisb.

II. to produce, create.

2. generally, to make or render so and so.

3. to perpetrate a deed.

KTI'ΛΟΣ, ον, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτί-

 $\lambda os$ ,  $\delta$ , a ram. [ $\mathcal{I}$ ] Hence

κτίλοω, f. ωσω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην: -- to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτίμενος, η, ον, Εp. part. 201. 2 pass. of κτίζω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐυ-κτίμενος. [τ]

κτίς, ή, = lκτίς, a marten-cat, marten

ktious,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(k\tau i \langle \omega \rangle)$  a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2. a created thing, creature. [7]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίζω) a created thing, creature. κτίσσα, Ep. 201. I of κτίζω.

κτίστης, ου, δ, (κτίζω) a founder, establisher.

κτιστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτίστωρ, οροε, ό, = κτίστηε.

**κτίτης** [*l*] ov,  $\delta$ , (κτίζω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inbabitant.

κτύπέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐκτύπησα poet, κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἔκτύπον Ερ. κτύπον: (κτύποs): I. intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass. to ring, resound.

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crasbing: a clapping of the hands. [v]

κτύπος, ου, δ, (τύπτω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [v] κύδθος, δ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the

κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure bolding two κόγχαι, about 12 of a pint. III. a cupping-glass.

κυ**ἄμευτόs**, ή, όν, (κυαμεύω) chosen by beans, i.e. by lot. κυ**ἄμεύω**, f. σω, (κύαμοε) to choose by beans or lot. κυ**ἄμιαίοs**, a, ον, (κύαμοε) of the size of a bean.

**ΚΥ'ΑΜΟΣ**, δ, a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens; δ κυάμφ λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτόs.

κυάμο-τρώξ, ῶγος, δ, (κύαμος, τρώγω) bean-eater. κυάμο-φάγία, ἡ, (κύαμος, φαγείν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κύαν-αιγίς, ίδοε, ή, (κύανοε, αίγίε) with dark Aegis.

blue band or margin

κυάν-αυγής, έε, (κύανοε, αὐγή) dark - gleaming, murky.

Κυάνεαι (sc. νησοι οι πέτραι), al, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κυάνεαι Συμπληγάδες. [ἄ]

κυάν-έμβολος, ον, (κυάνεος, έμβολον) with dark blue prow or peak.

κυάνεος, α, ον, (κύανος) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [v]

κύἄνο-βλέφἄρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) dark-eyed. κυάνο-ειδής, ές, (κύανος, είδος) dark blue, deep

κύαν6-θριξ, τριχος, δ, ή, (κύανος, θρίξ) dark-baired. κυάνό-πεζα, ή, (κύανοε, πέζα) with feet of cyanus. κυανό-πεπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-veiled. [κῦ-, metri grat.]

κυάνο-πρώρειος and κυάνό-πρωρος, ον, (κύανος, πρώρα) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

κυανό-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) with dark blue

or black feathers, dark-winged. · KΥ'A NOΣ, ov, δ, cyanos, a dark blue substance, used

in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel. II. the blue corn-flower.

κύἄνο-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) dark-robed. κύἄν-όφρυς, υ, gen. υος, (κύανος, ὀφρύς) dark-browed. κυάνο-χαίτης, ου, ό, (κύανος, χαίτη) dark-baired; of a horse, dark-maned.

κύἄνό-χροος, ον, -χρως, ωτος, δ, ή, (κύανος, χρόα, χρώε) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion. κυάν-ώπης, ου, ὁ, (κύανος, ὤψ) dark-eyed: fem. κύἄν-ώπις, ιδος.

κύβδα, Adv. (κύπτω) with the head forwards, stooping. κύβεία, ή, (κυβεύω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.

Κυβέλη, ή, Cybele, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the Idaean Mother.

KY BEPNA'Ω, fut. how, Lat. guberno, to steer: metaph, to bold the belm of the state, guide, govern.

κυβέρνησις Dor. -āσις, εως, ή, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κύβερνήτα, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτειρα, ή, fem. of κυβερνητήρ.

κύβερνητήρ, ήροε, ό, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κύβερνήτης, ου, ό, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, belmsman, Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κύβερνητικός, ή, ών, skilled in steering or governing. κύβεύω, f. σω, (κύβος) to play at dice: to run a bazard, take the chances. 2. trans. to set upon a tbrow.

κύβιστάω, f. ήσω, (κύπτω) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble beadlong: to plunge beadlong into water, dive : to tumble, turn beels over bead, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κύβίστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κὔάν-άμπυξ, ὔκοε, δ, ή, (κύανοε, ἄμπυξ) with dark | κὕβιστητήρ, ῆροε, δ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper beadforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

KY'BO∑, ô, Lat. cubus, a solid square, a cube. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; Tole & Baleir to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίνειν τι έν κύβοιs to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κυδάζω, no fut. in use, (κύδος), to revile, abuse:-Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κυδάζω is used in bad,

κυδαίνω in good sense.)

κῦδαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. Ι ἐκύδανα Ερ κύδηνα: (κῦδοε): -to bonour, do bonour to, glorify, praise: also of the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of bonour. II. seldom in bad sense, to flatter. See κυδάζω.

κυδάλιμος, ον, (κύδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κυδάλιμον κῆρ noble heart.

κῦδάνω [ă], = κυδαίνω, to bonour, bold in bo-II. intr. = κυδιάω, to vaunt aloud, boast. nour. κυδήναι, aor. I inf. of κυδαίνω.

κύδηνεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κυδαίνω.

κυδήεις, εσσα, εν, (κύδος) glorious, noble.

κῦδι-άνειρα, ή, (κῦδος, ἀνήρ) fem. Adj like ἀντιάνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κῦδτάω, Ep. part. κυδιόων, no fut. in use: (κῦδοs): -to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence to exult, rejoice.

 $\kappa \dot{\nu} \delta \iota \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu_{\bullet} = \kappa \nu \delta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \iota \mu o s$ .

κυδιόων, Ep. part. of κυδιάω.

κύδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κυδρός (formed from κύδος, as αίσχιστοs from aίσχοs), most glorious, most bonoured, noblest: the greatest.

κῦδίων [τ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κυδρός (see κύδιστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

 $\kappa \nu \delta \nu \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta} \nu$ ,  $= \kappa \nu \delta \rho \dot{\sigma} s$ .

κύδοιδοπάω, f. ήσω, (κυδοιμός) to make a bubbub or uproar.

κύδοιμέω, fut. ήσω, (κυδοιμόε) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm. II. trans. to drive in confusion.

KΥΔΟΙΜΟ'Σ, δ, uproar, confusion, tumult, bubbub.  $K\Upsilon \Delta O\Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau o$ , glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κῦδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κῦδος 'Axaiwv the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat. decus.

κυδρός, ά, όν, (κῦδος) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδων or Κύδωνία, ή, Cydonia, a city of Crete.

Κύδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κύδώνιος, a, ov, (Κύδων) Cydonian, i.e. Cretan; II. metaph, swellμῆλον Κυδώνιον the quince. ing like a quince, round and plump.

κύέω, older form for κύω, impf. ἐκύουν: fut. κυήσω: 201. Ι ἐκύησα : I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. gestare. II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθε, Ep. for ἔκϋθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κεύθω.

**Κύθέρεια**, η, Cytherea, surname of Venus, from the city Κύθηρα in Crete, or from the island Κύθηρα.

Κύθηρα, αν, τά, Cythera, an island on the south of Laconia, now Cerigo.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, ου, δ, (Κύθηρα, δίκη) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of Cythera. Κύθηρόθεν, Adv. (Κύθηρα) from Cythera.

κύθρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κύτοκω, only used in pres. (κύω, κυέω) to impregnate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

nate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.
κύκανάω, collat. form of κυκάω, to confound.

KT KA Ω, f. ήσω, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. miscere, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, paniestricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κύκεών, ῶνος, δ: acc. κυκεῶνα, shortd Ερ. κυκεῶ and κυκεῶ: (κυκάῶ):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refresbing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κυκήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κυκάω.

κύκηθρον, τό, (κυκάω) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [v]

κύκησί-τεφρος, ον, (κυκάω, τέφρα) mixed up with asbes.

κυκλάμτνος, ή, cyclamen, sow-bread, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, άδος, ή, (κύκλος) encircling: al Κυκλάδες (sub. νήσοι), the Cyclades, islands in the Aegaean sea, which encircle Delos.

II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλοs) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; πόδα κυκλεῖν to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle.

II.

intr. to revolve, come round and round.
κυκλιάς, άδος, ή, (κύκλος) fem. Adj. round, circular.
κυκλικός, ή, όν, (κύκλος) circular.

II. those
Epic poets were called oi Κυκλικοί, whose writings
collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends

down to the death of Ulysses.

κυκλιο-δίδάσκάλος, δ, (κύκλιος, διδάσκω) a teacher of the cyclic chorus, a dithyramhic poet.

κύκλιος, a, ον, also ος, ον, (κύκλος) round, circular: neut. τὸ κύκλιον, as Subst. a circle. II. κύκλιοι χοροί, ol, circular or cyclic cboruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of Bacchus, dithyrambic cboruses; hence, κύκλια μέλη dithyrambs.

Κυκλοβορέω, f. ήσω, to roar like the torrent of Cycloborus.

Κυκλο-βόρος,  $\delta$ , (κύκλος,  $\beta$ ιβρώσκω) a mountaintorrent in Attica.

κυκλο-δίωκτος, ον, (κύκλος, διώκω) driven round in a circle. [Υ]

κυκλόεις, εσσα, εν, (poët. for κυκλικός) circular. κυκλόθεν, Adv. (κύκλος) in a circle all around. κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ό, (κύκλος, μόλιβδος) a round lead-pencil.

κυκλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλος, ποιέω) t make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥ'ΚΛΟΣ, ov, δ, also with irreg. pl. κύκλα, a ring, round, circle: κύκλφ as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., κύκλφ σημα round about the monument; and c. gen., κύκλω τοῦ στρα-II. any circular body: as, τοπέδου. wbeel. 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. corona, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people. 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. the balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (κύκλος) in or into a circle, around. κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλος, σοβέω) to drive round in a circle, whirl round

κυκλο-τερήs, έs, (κύκλοs, τείρω) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; κυκλοτερές τόξον ἔτεινεν he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλόω, f. ώσω, (κύκλοs) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med.

II. to drive round and round, whirl round.

III. to form into a circle:—Pass to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κύκλωμα, ατος, τό, (κύκλοω) anything made into a circle, as a wheel.

2. βυσσότονον κύκλωμα a circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum.

Κυκλώπειος, α, ον, (Κύκλωψ) Cyclopean, of or befitting the Cyclopes, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called Πελασγικόs).

Κυκλωπικός, ή, όν, of or like the Cyclops. Adv. -κως. Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of Κύκλωψ.

Κυκλώπιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = Κυκλώπειος:—pecul. fem. Κυκλωπίς, ίδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ή, (κυκλόω) a surrounding, enclosing. κυκλωτός, ή, όν, (κυκλόω) rounded, round.

Κύκλωψ, ωπος, δ, (κύκλος, ώψ) a Cyclops, i.e. Round-eye; as Hesiod says, Κύκλωπες δ' ὄνομ' ήσαν ἐπώνυμον, οὕνεκ' άρα σφέων κυκλοτερής ὀφθαλμὸς ξεις ἐνέκειτο μετώπφ:—in sing. of Polyphemus; but Hesiod mentions three Cyclopes, Brontes, Steropes, and

Arges, who forged the thunderbolts for Zeus. κύκνειος, α, ον, (κύκνος) of or like a swan.

κυκνό-μορφοs, ον, (κύκνοs, μορφή) swan-sbaped. ΚΥ'ΚΝΟΣ, ό, a swan, Lat. cycnus. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κύκν-οψις, εως, ό, ή, (κύκνος, όψις) like a swan.

ΚΥ'ΛΑ, ων, τά, the parts under the eyes. κύλινδέω, f. ήσω, late form of κυλίνδω. Hence κύλινδήθρα, ή, = ἀλινδήθρα: and

κυλίνδησις, εως, ή, a rolling, wallowing. 2. ex-

ercise, practice.

ΚΥΑΊΝΔΩ, fut. κυλίσω [I]: 201. 1 ἐκύλῖσα, inf. κυλίσαι: 201. 1 pass. ἐκυλίσθην:—older form of κυλινδέω, to roll, roll on or along.

II. Pass. κυλίνδομαι, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt.

2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. jactari.

3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. versari.

KΥ'ΛΙΞ [v], tκοs, ή, a cup, drinking-cup. κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. 201. I pass of κυλίω.

κύλισμα, ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [v]

κυλίχνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κύλιξ) a small cup. Hence κυλίχνιον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , a little cup or box.

κυλίω [i], late form for κυλίνδω.

κύλλαστίς Ιοπ. κύλληστις, ιος, δ, Egyptian bread made from δλύρα.

κυλλή, ή, see κυλλόs.

Κυλλήνη, ή, Cyllene, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Κυλλήνιος, δ.

Kuλλo-ποδίων [i], ονος, ὁ, (κυλλός, πούς) maimed of foot, balting, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλόs, ή, όν, crooked, crippled, balt. 2. κυλλή  $\chi$ είρ is the band with the fingers bent to make a bollow for alms;  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μβαλε κυλλή (sub.  $\chi$ ειρί) put it into the bollow of the band.

κύλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, olδάω) to bave a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swoln, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ώς τὸ κῦμα ἔστρωτο when the waves abated.

II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κῦμαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (κῦμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence κῦμἄτίας, ου, ό, Ιοπ. (ης, (κῦμα) surging, billowy. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κυμάτο-άγής, ές, (κυμα, άγνυμι) breaking like waves, stormy.

κυματόεις, εσσα, εν, poet, for κυματίας.

κυμάτο-πλήξ,  $\hat{\eta}$ γος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κ $\hat{v}$ μα, πλ $\hat{\eta}$ σσω) wavebeaten.

κῦμᾶτόω, f. ώσω, (κῦμα) to drive the waves over:— Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κυμάτ-ωγή, ή, (κύμα, ἄγνυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβάλίζω, f ίσω, (κύμβαλον) to play the cymbals. κυμβάλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. cymbalum. κύμβάχος, ον, (κύπτω) bead-foremost, Lat. promus. II. κύμβαχος, ό, as Subst. the crown or top of a belmet, in which the plume is placed.

KYMBH, & a bollow vessel: 1. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. cymba. Hence

κυμβίον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύμινδις, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the nightbawk; χαλκίδα κικλήσκουσι θεοί, ἄνδρες δὲ κύμινδιν.

κὖμῖνεύω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin. ΚΥΜΙΝΟΝ, τό, cummin, Lat. cumīnum.

κύμινο-πρίστης, ου,  $\delta$ , (κύμινον, πρίω) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κυμίνο-πριστο-καρδάμο-γλύφος, ον, (κυμινοπρίστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cress-scraper, of an excessive miser. [v]

κυμο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κυμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων. κυνάγεσία, κυνάγετας, Dor. for κυνηγ-.

κῦν-δγός, όν, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, ἄγω):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a bunter, buntsman.

κῦν-ἀγχη, ἡ, (κύων, ἄγχομαι) cynanche, a bad kind of sore throat.

II. a dog-collar.

κὖν-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (κύων, ἄγω) a dog-leader, buntsman. κὖν-ἄλώπηξ, εκος, ἡ, (κύων, ἀλώπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κὔνά-μυια, ἡ, (κύων, μυῖα) dog-fly, sbameless fly. κὄνάριον, τό, Dim. of κίων, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [ἄ]

κινάς, άδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. caninus. II. as Subst., κυνάς (sub. θρίξ), ή, dog's bair, of a bad fleece. κινάω, f. ήσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic

κινέη, Att contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of κύνεοs, sub. δορά), ή, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a belmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for ἐκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κυνέω.

κύνειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κύων) of a dog.

κύνεος, a, or, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. sbameless, unabashed.

κύνες, nom. pl. of κύων.

**ΚΥΝΕ'Ω,** fut. κὔνήσομαι, but also κύσω [ὕ], poet. κύσσω: aor. I ἔκὔσα Ερ. κύσα, ἔκυσσα, κύσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill.
2. to intreat, beseecb.

κὕνῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for κυνέη.

κυνηγεσία, ή, = κυνηγέσιον. κύνηγέσιον, τό, a bunting establishment, buntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the bunt, chase: a bunting-ground. III. that which is taken in bunting, the game. From

κύνηγετέω, f. ήσω, to bunt: to chase, pursue. to persecute, harass. From

το persecute, barass. - From - κύν-ηγέτης, ου, ό, Dor. κυναγέτας, (κύων, ήγέομαι):

a bunter, buntsman. Hence κὔνηγετικός, ή, όν, of or for bunting.

κυν-ηγέτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of κυνηγέτης, a buntress.

κυνηγία, ή, a bunt, chase. From

κύνηγός, v. sub κυναγός.

κυνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κὕνήποδες, ol. (κύων v1. πούς) the fetlocks of a horse. Κύνθος, δ, Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplact of Apollo and Artemis; whence Apollo is called Κύνθος, Cynthian, and Κυνθο-γενής, Cynthos-born.

κυνίδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνικός, ή, όν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. caninus. κύνίσκη, ή, (κύων) a bitcb-puppy.

κύνίσκος, δ, (κίων) a young dog, whelp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic,

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, δραμείν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to bunt after.

κύνο-θαρσής οι -θρασής, ές, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κέφαλος, ον, (κύων, κεφαλή) dog-beaded. as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, δ, the dog-beaded ape. κύνο-κλόπος, ον, (κύων, κλέπτω) dog-stealing. κύνο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, κόπτω) to beat like a dog.  $\kappa v \omega \delta \mu v \alpha$ , =  $\kappa v \omega \alpha \mu v \alpha$ .

κύνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κύων, πρόσωπον) dog-faced. κύνο-ραιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κύων, ραίω) a dog-tick.

κυνός, gen. of κύων.

Κυνόσαργες, εος, τό, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κὔνόσ-βἄτος, ή, (κύων, βάτος) dog-thorn, a kind of κύρβις is used later of a pettifogging lawyer.

wild rose.

Cynosure, name of the constellation Ursa Minor. κύνο-σπάρακτος, ον, (κύων, σπαράσσω) torn by dogs. κυν-οῦχος, δ, (κύων, έχω) a dog-holder, dog-leash,

II. a dog-skin sack, used in hunting. κὔνό-φρων, ον, gen ovos, (κύων, φρήν) dog·minded,

sorded or shameless of soul.

κύντερος, a, ov, Comp. Adj. formed from κύων, more dog-like, 1. e. more shameless, more audacious: - Sup. κύντατος, η, ον, most shameless.

κυνώ, οῦs, ἡ, (κύων) a she-dog, bitch.

κύν-ώπης, ου, ό, (κύων, ὤψ) = κυνὸε ὄμματ' ἔχων, the dog-eyed, i. e. shameless one: — fem. κυν-ώπις, κύπαιρος, Dor. for κύπειρος.

κύπαρίσσινος Att. -ττίνος, η, ον, (κυπάρισσος) made of cypress wood.

**ΚΥ ΠΑ PIΣΣΟΣ** Att. - **ττοs**, ή, a cypress, Lat. cupressus.

**ΚΥΠΕΙΡΟΝ**, τό, or κύπειρος, ό, a marsh-plant,

used to feed horses, galingal.

κύπελλο-μάχος, ον, (κύπελλον, μάχομαι) at which they fight with cups, cf. Horace's scyphis pugnare. κύπελλον, τό, (κύπη) a capacious drinking-vessel,

a beaker, goblet. |v|

κύπερος, ό, Ion. for κύπειροε.

κύπη,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \gamma \dot{\upsilon} \pi \eta$ , a hole, hollow.

Κυπρίδιος, a, ov, (Κύπριε) of or like Cypris, lovely, tender, delicate. [to]

Κύπριος, a, ov, (Κύπρος) of Cyprus, Cyprian.

Κύπρις, ίδος, ή, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, Cypris, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. love.

Κυπρο-γενής, έε, (Κύπρος, \*γένω) Cyprus-born: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια Ep. -γενέα, ή.

Kυπρόθεν, Adv. from Cyprus: and

Κύπρονδε, Adv. to Cyprus. From

Kύπροs, ov, ή, Cyprus, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. cyprium, our copper.)

κυπτάζω, f. άσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about a thing.

ΚΥΠΤΩ, f. κύψω: 201. Ι έκυψα: pf. κέκυφα:—to bend forward, stoop: to bow down under a burden; κέρεα κεκυφότα ès τὸ ἔμπροσθεν horns growing bent | bodies.

forward; often in 201. I part. with another Verb, Ofer κύψας runs with the head down; κύψας έσθίει eats stooping, i. e. greedily.

Κύρβαs, αντος, δ, shortd, form of Κορύβας.

κυρβάσία, ή, a Persian bonnet or bat, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥ'PBΕΙΣ οτ κύρβιες, gen. κύρβεων, dat. κύρβεσι, triangular tables, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

KΥΡΕ'Ω and ΚΥ'ΡΩ [v]: impf. ἐκύρουν [v] and κὖνόσ-ουρα, ἡ, (κυνός, οὐρά) a dog's-tail: esp. the έκθρον with Ep. 3 sing. κῦρε: fut. κὔρήσω and κύρσω: aor. Ι ἐκύρησα [v], inf. κυρησαι, part. κυρήσας; and Ερ. έκυρσα, mf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας: by a case, I. dat. to bit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with; as λέων σώματι κύρ- dat. with ἐπί or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. gen to reach to, as far as: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain. to reach, obtain; also to find by chance. II. mtrans. to bappen, come to pass, turn out. 2. absol. to be right, but the exact truth: with part., τόδ' αν λέγων κυρήσαιs you would be right in saying this. as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. to turn out, ιδος, ή, the shameless woman; also fierce-eyed, terrible. prove, happen to be so and so; κυρεί ων be happens

> κυρηβάζω, f. άσω, (akin to κυρίσσω) to butt with the borns: generally, to strike. Hence

κυρηβάσία, ή, a butting: fighting.

KΥ PH'BIA, ων, τά, chaff, busks, bran.

**Κυρηναίοs**, a, ov, of Cyrene. From

Κυρήνη, ή, Cyrene, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κυρία, ή, the mistress, lady.

κυριακός, ή, όν, (κύριος) of, belonging to a lord or master; esp. belonging to the LORD (CHRIST): hence ή κυριακή (sub. ήμέρα), the Lord's day, dies dominica: τὸ κυριακόν, the Lord's bouse, whence our kyrk, cburch.

κυριεύω, f. σω, to be lord or master of. From κύριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κῦρος): I. of men, baving power or authority over, lord or master of, c. gen.: κύριθε είμι c. inf., I have the right or am entitled to do. II. of things, decisive, valid: cri-2. authorised, ratified. 3. of times, fixed, appointed, regular: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία an ordinary assembly, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (one specially summoned). 4. principal, chief. esp. of language, strict, literal. III. as Subst., κύριοs, δ, a lord, master: an owner, possessor: δ Κύριος = Hebr. JEHOVAH, THE LORD: in N.T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, ητος, ή, power, rule, dominion.

κύρίσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ίξω, (κόρυε) to butt with the borns: also to strike or dash against, of floating κυρίως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, au- in labour with a thought. thoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly. act. ἔκῦσα, of the male, to

κυρκανάω, rare form for κυκανάω.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

KΥΡΟΣ, εος, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Kûpos, δ, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κῦρόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass, aor. I ἐκυρώθην: pf. κεκύρωμα:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it bad been decided to engage.

κύρσαι, κύρσας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of κύρω.

κύρσω, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κύρτη) a fisherman.

**ΚΥ** PTH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa κύρτος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , = κύρτη.

KTPTO Σ, ή, όν, curved, bent, arched; ωμω κυρτώ round, humped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave. κυρτόω, (κυρτόs) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form. κύρωσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κυρόω) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

κύσα, Ep. for ἔκῦσα, 20r. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι. κῦσαμένη, 20r. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, δ, (κύω) any bollow.

κύσί, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Εp. for ἔκῦσα, aor. 1 of κυνέω.

κύστις,  $\epsilon \omega s$  and  $\iota os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut of κυν έω.

ΚΥΤΓΣΟΣ, δ, cytisus, a sbrubby kind of clover. κυτμίς, ίδος, ή, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γάστωρ, opos, ό, ή, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a bollow: a bollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis κύτρα, κύτρος, Ιου. for χύτρ-.

κύττἄρον, τό, = sq , a pine-cone.

κύττἄρος, δ, (κύτος) any bollow or cavity; κύτταρος οὐρανοῦ the vault of heaven, Lat. cavum coelt: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone. κῦφ-ἄγωγός, δ, (κυφύς, ἄγω) with arching neck.

κυφάλέος, α, ον, poët. for κυφός. κυφός, ή, όν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed

forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, ωνος, δ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κθψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κυψέλη, ή, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψελίδαι, oi, the descendants of Cypselus.

KYΩ, to hold, contain: I. c. acc., like κυέω, to earry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought.

II. Causal in aor. 1 act. ἔκῦσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. 1 med. ἐκῦσάμην, to conceive.

**ΚΥ'ΩN**, δ and η, gen. κυνύ**s**, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύον:---plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνών, dat. κυσί Ep. κύνεσσι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τρα- $\pi \in \langle \hat{\eta} \in s \text{ house-} dogs, \text{ that fed while their master was at}$ table; κύνες θηρευταί bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian. a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity. III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διος πτηνος κύων; the griffins also are IV. a sea-dog. Ζηνόε κύνεε. V the dogstar. VI the fetlock-joint of a borve.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κῶσς, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc κώεα, dat. κώεσι: (κεῖμαι):—a soft fleece, sbeepskin κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κώδιον. [δ]

κώδεια, ή, the bead: the bead of a poppy. κώδιον, τό, Dim. of κωαs, a fleece, sheepskin.

κωδων, το, διπι. οι κωας, a steece, sbeepskin.

ΚΩ'ΔΩΝ, ωνος, δ Att. ή, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κώδωνος παρενεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds.

alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow.

II. the mouth of a trumpet · also the trumpet itself. Hence κωδωνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to try or prove by ringing. κωδωνό-κροτος, ον, (κώδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρό-πωλος, ον, (κώδων, φάλαρα, πῶ-λος) with bells on his borses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (κώδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κώδων):—so in Pass., ἄπαντα κωδωνοφορείται everywhere the bell goes round, i.e. the sentinels are challenged.

κώεα, κώεσι, Ep. nom. and dat pl of κωαs.

 $K\Omega'\Theta\Omega N$ , ovos,  $\delta$ , a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κώθων.

κωΐλος, α, ον, Aeol. for κοίλος.

Kώτοs, a, ov, contr. Kŵos, q. v.

κώκῦμα, ατος, τό, (κωκύω) a sbriek, wail, lament κωκῦτός, ό, (κωκύω) a sbrieking, wailing. It as pr. n., Κωκῦτός, ό, Cocytus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥ'Ω, f. ύσω [v] οι ύσομαι: 201. 1 ἐκώκνσα Ερ κώκνσα:—to sbriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, ου, ὁ, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλᾶς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneium, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κώλον.

κωλή, ή, contr. from κωλέά or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ηπος, ή, (κῶλον, κωλῆ) the hollow or bend of the knees.

Κωλιάς (sub. ἀκρα), άδος, ή, Colias, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

KΩ ΛΟΝ, τό, a limb, member of a body.

generally, a member or part of anything.

1. of a building, the side or front.

2. one limb or half of the race-course.

3. a member or clause of a sentence.

κώλυμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) a bindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum.

II. a defence or precaution against a thing.

κωλύμη, ή, = κώλυμα.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

κωλυσί-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) checking the course.

κωλυτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, one must binder. κωλυτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κωλύω) a binderer.

κωλῦτικός, ή, όν, (κωλύω) bindering, preventive. κωλύω [v], f. ύσω [v]: aor. I ἐκώλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκωλύθην: pf. κεκώλῦμαι: (κόλοs):—akin to κολούω, to cut sbort: hence to let, binder:

1. c. inf. to binder one from doing, forbid to do.

2. c. gen. rei, to let or binder one from a thing.

3. c. acc. rei, to binder, prevent a thing.

4. absol., esp. in part., δ κωλύσων one to binder, α preventer; τὸ κωλύον a bindrance; also οὐ κωλύει there is no bindrance.

II. Pass. to be bindered.

κώμα, ατος, τό, (κείμαι, κοιμάω) a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor. 2. a letbargy, a trance

κωμάζω, fut. άσω or άσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκώμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσδω, f άζομαι, aor. I ἐκώμαξα: (κῶμοs):—to go about with a company of rewellers, revel, make merry.

2. to celebrate a κῶμοs or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to bonour or celebrate in or with the κῶμοs.

3. generally, to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.

κωμ-άρχης, ου, δ, (κώμη, ἄρχω) the head of a village. κωμάσδω, Dor. for κωμάζω.

κωμαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κωμάζω) a reveller, merrymaker:
—of Bacchus, the jolly god.

κωμάστωρ, opos, δ, poet. for κωμαστής

KΩMH, η, = Lat. vicus, an unwalled village or country town, a Dor. word = the Att. δημος; κατὰ κώμας οἰκεῖσθαι to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns.

II. of a city, a quarter, ward, district. Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. in villages, Lat. vicatim.

κωμήτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (κώμη) a villager, countryman. II. in a city, one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.

κωμήτις, ιδος, fem. of κωμήτης.

κωμίκεύομαι, Dep. to speak like a comic poet. From κωμίκος, ή, όν, (κῶμος) of or for comedy, comic. κωμό-πολιε, εως, ό, (κώμη, πόλιε) a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.

κώμος, ου, ὁ, (κωμη) a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κώμοι, festal processions, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games. II. the band of revellers; metaph. any riotous band or company. III. the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.

κωμωδέω, f. ήσω, (κωμωδόs) to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature:—Pass. to be so satirised. κωμωδία, ή, (κωμωδέω) a comedy: a murthful spectacle or exhibition. There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμωδικόs, ή, όν, of or for comedy, comic.

κωμφδό-γελως, ωτος, ό, (κωμφδός, γέλως) a comic actor.

κωμφδο-γράφος, δ, (κωμφδός, γράφω) a comic writer. κωμφδοδίδασκαλία, ή, the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art. From κωμφδο-δίδάσκαλος, δ, (κωμφδός, διδάσκαλος) a comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμφδο-λοιχέω, f ήσω, (κωμφδύs,  $\lambda \epsilon i \chi \omega$ ) to play the parasite and buffoon.

κωμφδο-ποιητής, οῦ, δ, and

κωμφδο-ποιός, ό, (κωμφδός, ποιέω) a maker of comedies, comic poet.

κωμ-φδός, ό, (κώμη, ἀοιδός) a comedian:
1. a comic actor.
2. a comic poet.

κωμφδο-τράγφδία, ή, (κωμφδύς, τραγφδία) a tragi-

comedy.

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, bemlock, Lat. cicūta.

2. bemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνοs, a small cone.

κωνίτης  $[\tilde{t}]$ , ου, ό, fem.  $-\hat{\iota}$ τις, ιδος, extracted from pine-cones.

KΩ NO  $\Sigma$ , ov,  $\delta$ , a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fcm. a pine or fir tree. 2. the cone or peak of a helmet. κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) cone-bearing, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point

κωνωπείον, τό, = κωνωπεών, Lat. conopium.

. κωνωπεών, ῶνοs, ὁ, (κώνωψ) an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.

KΩ'NΩΨ, ωπος, δ, a gnat, Lat. culex.

Kŵos, a, ov, of, from the island Cos, Coan.

i Kŵos, often written κŵos (sub. βόλοs), the bighest throw with the dice, counting six, opp. to Xîos, which counted one: hence the proverb, Kŵos πρὸs Χῖον.

κωπεύς, έως, δ, (κώπη) a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.

κωπεύω, f. σω, (κώπη) to propel with oars. 2. to fit out with oars.

κώπη, ή, (from κάπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) any bandle, as the bandle of an oar: then, the oar itself.

2. the bandle or baft of a sword, the bilt, Lat. manubrium. 3. the handle of a key. 4 the handle or haft of a torch. Hence

κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, bilted.

κωπηλάτεω, f. ήσω, to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards. From

κωπ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (κώπη, ἐλαύνω) a rower, Lat. remex.

κωπ-ήρης, εs, (κωπη, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with oars. II. holding the oar.

κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, a small oar.

κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη.

κώριον, Dor. for κούριον, κόριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.

KΩPΥKOΣ, δ, a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at, like the quintain.

Κώρτκος, ό, Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi.

Kôs Ep. Kóws, ħ, gen. Kô, the Island Cos, in the Aegaean sea, opposite Caria.

κῶς, Ion. for πῶς: but enclit. κως, Ion. for πως. κωτιλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem of κωτίλλω.

KΩΤΙ΄ΛΛΩ, to prate, chatter, Lat. garrire: to wheedle, coax.

II. trans. to chatter to, talk over.

κωτίλος, η, ον, chattering, prattling: of a swallow, twittering. Il. coasing, wheedling. [τ] κωφάω, f. ήσω, (κωφός) to make deaf or dumb. II.

κωφάω, f. ήσω, (κωφόs) to make deaf or dumb. to dull, blunt.

κωφόs, ή, όν, (κόπτω) blunt, opp. to ὀξύs. II. of the senses, 1. dumb, Lat. mutus; κωφὸν κῦμα a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, dumb, mute, speechless; also insensate, unmeaning. 2. also dull of bearing, deaf, Lat. surdus. 3. dull of mund, stupid, obtuse.

κώχετο, by crasis for καὶ ὅχετο, impf. of οἴχομαι. κώψον, by crasis for καὶ ὅψον.

## Λ

 $\Lambda$ ,  $\lambda$ ,  $\lambda$ άμβδα or  $\lambda$ άβδα,  $\tau$ ό, indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\lambda'=30$ , but  $\lambda=30,000$ . The Lacedaemonians bore  $\Lambda$  upon their shields, as the Sicyonians  $\Sigma$ , the Messenians M.

Changes of λ:

1. Dor. into ν, as ηνθον φίντατος for ηλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as, λίτρον πλεύμων for νίτρον πνεύμων.

II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as είβω for λείβω, αἰψηρός for λαιψηρός.

III. Ep. poets use λλί for λ, esp. after the augment, as έλλαβε for έλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τρίλλιστος.

IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκραρος δαν νάκληρος.

V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. lacryma corresponded to δάκρυον, olere bare.

to  $\delta \zeta \epsilon i \nu$ ,  $\delta \delta$ -ωδέναι. VI. in some words  $\gamma$  and  $\lambda$  are interchanged, as in  $\mu \delta \gamma i s$  and  $\mu \delta \lambda i s$ . VII.  $\nu$  before  $\lambda$  becomes  $\lambda$ , as in  $\sigma \nu \lambda \lambda \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$  παλίλλογοs  $\dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \dot{\epsilon} i \pi \omega$ .

 $\Lambda\Lambda$ , insep. Prefix with intensive force (like  $\lambda a\iota$ -,  $\lambda\iota$ -,  $\delta a$ -,  $\zeta a$ -), e. g. in  $\lambda\acute{a}$ - $\mu a\chi os$  very warlike,  $\lambda a$ - $\kappa a\tau$ - $\alpha \rho a\tau os$  much accursed.

ΛΛΆΣ, δ, gen. λάοs, dat. λάι, acc. λάαν: plur., gen. λάων, dat. λάεσι Ερ. λάεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λάs, acc λάν:—a gen. λάου also occurs: Lat. LAPIS, a stone.

II. a rock, crag.

λάβειν Ion. λαβέειν, 20r. 2 inf of λαμβάνω λαβέν, Dor. for λαβείν, 20r. 2 inf of λαμβάνω but λάβεν, Ep 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λαβή, ή, (λαβεῖν) the part to bold by, a bandle, baft, bilt; λαβὴν δοῦναι to give one a grip or bold, metaph. to give one a bandle, something to lay bold of, Lat. ansam praehere.

II. the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance.

 $\lambda \alpha \beta \hat{\eta} \nu$ , Dor. for  $\lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \acute{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .

λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. 2 or. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω. λαβοῖσα, Dor. 2 aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβροική ουν, δ, Att. –αγόρας, (λάβρος, άγορεώ) a bold, rash talker, braggart.

λάβραξ, ακος, δ, (λάβρος) a sea-wolf.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβροs) to talk boldly, brag, vaunt.

λαβρο-πόδης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πούς) rapid of foot,

λαβροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink bard. From

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πίνω) a bard drinker. ΛΑ'ΒΡΟΣ, ον, furious, botsterous, blustering, vebement. 2. of persons, botsterous, furious, turbulent: also gluttonous, greedy.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστομος) to talk boldly. Hence λαβροστομία, ή, bold, rash talking

λαβρό-στομος, ον, (λάβρος, στόμα) talking rasbly. λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) boisterousness: also greedi-

λαβρό-σὕτος, ον, (λάβρος, σεύω) rushing furiously. λάβρως, Adv. of λάβρος, violently, greedily.

λάβύρινθος, δ, a labyrintb, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete. II. anything of spiral or twisted shape. (Foreign word.)

λάβυρινθ-ώδης, εs, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) like a labyrinth, intricate.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω. λαγαρίζω, f. σω, (λαγαρόs) to make slack or bollow:
—Med. to become bollow or gaunt from hunger.

λάγαρόs, ά, όν, slack, bollow, sunken. II. slack, pliant, flexible. (Akın to λαπαρόs.) Hence λάγαρόω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. to become slack or

loose.  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \gamma \delta \eta \nu$ ,  $A d \nu$ .  $(\lambda \dot{\alpha} \zeta \omega$ ,  $\lambda \alpha \kappa \tau i \zeta \omega) = \lambda \dot{\alpha} \xi$ , with the beel.

λάγειος, ον, also a, ον, (λαγός, λαγώς) of or from a bare.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, δ, (λαός, ήγέομαι) | leader of the people.

ΛΑ'ΓΗΝΟΣ, δ, a flagon, Lat. lagena. λάγινος,  $\eta$ , ον, (λαγώς) of or from a bare. λαγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγώs, a leveret.

Layvela, lewdness, lust, desire. From

ΛΑ'TNOΣ, ov, lewd, lustful.

λάγο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (λαγός, δαίω) bare-devourer. λάγο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λαγός, θηράω) a bare-bunter. Hence

λάγοθηρέω, to bunt bares.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill bares. From **ΛΑΤΟ'Σ**, οῦ, δ, collat. form of λαγώs, a bare.

λάγῦνος, ὁ, also ἡ, =  $\lambda$ άγηνος. [Later also  $\check{v}$ .]

**ΛΑΓΧΑ'ΝΩ**, fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: aor. 2 έλαχον Ερ. έλλαχον: pf είληχα poet. λέλογχα:--Pass., aut. I  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \mu \alpha \iota = to$  obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχείν to bave a post assigned one by lot. 2. to bave assigned to one, to bave for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κήρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate bad him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by in-3. absol. to draw lots: to beritance, succeed to. obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., δ λαχων πολεμαρχέειν be who bad the lot to be polemarch: absol., oi λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. as Att. law-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue for one's inheritance. II. with partitive gen. to receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. Causal, in Ep. redupl. 2 οτ. 2 λέλαχον, to put in possession of; λελαχείν τινά πυρύs to grant one the right of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or sbare: to be assigned by lot.

λάγω-βόλον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , (λαγώs, βάλλω) a staff for flinging at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. pedum: and

λάγωδάριον and λάγφίδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγώs, α leveret.

**ΛΑΤΩ'N**, όνος, ή, also δ, poët, dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, any bollow: esp. like κενεών, the bollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνεs, the flanks, loins.

**λάγωο-βόλοs**, ον, (λαγωόε, βαλεῖν) bitting bares. ΛΑΤΩΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, Ερ. for λαγώε, λαγόε, a bare.  $\lambda$ άγ $\phi$ os, α, ον, contr. for  $\lambda$ αγ $\omega$ ειοs, ( $\lambda$ αγ $\omega$ s) of or from a bare:—τὰ λαγφα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

**ΛΑΓΩ'Σ**, δ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. λάγωός, οῦ, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a bare.

λάδἄνον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

Ade, dual nom. of Adas a stone.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λâas a stone.

λαζεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize grasp, catch, hold; λάζεσθαί τινα άγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάζεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ή, Dor. for  $\lambda \eta \theta \eta$ .

λαθ-άνεμος, ον, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \theta \epsilon$ , Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\lambda \alpha \nu \theta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of λανθάνω  $\lambda \delta \theta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ , aor. 2 inf. med. of  $\lambda \alpha \nu \theta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega \iota$ 

λἄθἴ-κηδήs, έs, (λαθεῖν, κῆδοs) banishing care.

 $\lambda \bar{a}\theta (-\pi o vos, ov, (\lambda \dot{\eta}\theta \omega, \pi \dot{v} vos))$  for getful of sorrow. grief; βίοτος όδυναν λαθίπονος a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.

striking dumb, epith, of death.

**λαθοίατο**, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λâθος,  $\epsilon$ ος,  $\tau$ ό, Dor. for  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \theta$ ος,  $= \lambda \acute{\eta} \theta \eta$ .

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραĵos, a, ov, also os, ov, secret, bidden, stealthy, covert. Adv. -ωs, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

 $\lambda$ άθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att.  $\lambda$ άθρ $\bar{a}$ : ( $\lambda$ αθε $\hat{i}$ ν): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

 $\lambda$ **ά**θρηδόν, Adv. =  $\lambda$ άθρη.

 $\lambda$ αθρίδιος, α, ον, poet, for  $\lambda$ άθριος. Adv.  $-\omega$ ς. [ $\chi$ ] λάθριος, ον, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

λαθρο-βόλος, ον, (λάθρα, βαλείν) bitting secretly. **λαθρο-δάκνης**, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly. λαθρό-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, πούs) stealtby-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λαθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω. λαι-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λᾶιγξ, iγγοs, ή, Dim. of λâas, a pebble.

 $\lambda \alpha i\theta - \alpha \rho \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \alpha \rho \gamma o s$ .

**λαικάζω**, f άσομαι, (ληκ**ώ**) to wench.

λαικαστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (λαικάζω) α wencher: fem. λαικάστρια, a barlot.

**ΛΑΙ^ΛΑΨ**, ἄποs, ή, a tempest, storm, burricane. λαΐμα,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , Comic word coined as a pun on  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \alpha$ , αίμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ον, (λαι-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonous. II. talkatīve.

λαιμάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμός) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαιμη-τόμος, ον, poet. for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δἄκή $\mathbf{s}$ , έ $\mathbf{s}$ , (λαιμό $\mathbf{s}$ , δακε $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ ν) throat-biting.

λαιμοπέδη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λαιμόε, πέδη) a dog-collar. a springe for catching birds.

λαιμο-ρυτός, ον, (λαιμός, ρέω) gushing from the

ΛΑΙΜΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, the throat, gullet.

λαιμό-τμητος, ον, (λαιμός, τμητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαιμο-τόμος, ον, (λαιμός, τεμεῖν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. Lauhotohos, ov, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

 $\lambda \bar{a} \bar{t} \nu \epsilon o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \lambda \dot{a} \bar{i} \nu o s$ . [7]

λάϊνος, η, ον, (λᾶαε) of stone, stony; λάϊνον έσσο χιτῶνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, τό, Dor. for λήιον. λαιόs, ά, όν, left; λαιᾶs χειρύs on the left hand; so πρὸs λαιᾶ χερί; ἐπὶ λαιοῦ on the left.

λαιο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (λαῖον, τεμεῖν) to plough land. λαισήϊον, τό, (λάσιοι) a shield or target lighter than the ἀσπίε, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΓΤΜΑ, τό, the deep sea.

**ΛΑΓΦΟΣ**, τό, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαιψηρό-δρομος, ον, (λαιψηρός, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

λαιψηρός, ά, όν, (λαι-, ψαίρω) light-footed, swift. λακάζω, = λακέω, λάσκω, to shout, bowl.

**Λάκωινα, ή,** fem. of Λάκων, Lat. Lacaena, Laconana. 2. (sub. γυνή), a Laconan woman.

Λακαινάν, Dor. gen. pl. of Λάκαινα.

λάκάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λα-καταπύγων, ον,  $(\lambda a$ -, καταπύγων) very lustful.  $[\bar{v}]$  λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσκω.

Αἄκεδαίμων, ovos, ή, Lacedaemon, the capital of Laconia; also Laconia itself.

λάκειν, 201. 2 inf. of λάσκω.

λακέρυζα, ή, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a cawing crow; λακέρυζα κύων a yelping dog.

λακέω, Dor. for ληκέω.

λακήσω, fut. of λάσκω.

λακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to rend, tear.

λάκίς, ίδος, ή, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending, λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, ατος, τό, (λακίζω) that which is torn: m pl. rags, tatters.

λάκιστός, ή,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (λακίζω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λακκό-πρωκτος, ον, (λάκκος, πρωκτός) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πῦγος, ον, (λάκκος, πυγή) = λακκόπρωκτος. ΛΑ'ΚΚΟΣ, δ, any bollow, a bole, ptt: a cistern, tank · also a cellar, storebouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. vivarium.

λάκοs, wrong form of λάκκοs.

λακ-πάτητος, ον, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πα]

λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (λάξ) to kick with the beel or foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζειν τὸν πεσύντα to trample on the fallen.
2. absol. to kick; λακτίζειν πρὸς κέντρα to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

λάκτισμα, τό, a kick: a trampling on.

**Λάκων**, ωνο**s**, δ, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and as Adj. Laconian: fem. Λάκαινα. Hence

Λάκωνίζω, f. ίσω, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. II. to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Λάκωνικός, ή, όν, Laconian; τὸ Λακωνικόν the Laconian people:  $-\dot{\eta}$  Λακωνική, I. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), Laconia. 2. (sub. κρηπίε), a kind of man's sboe.

Αἄκωνίς, ίδος, fem. of Λακωνικός, I. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub. γη), the Laconian land. Λάκωνισμός, δ, (Λακωνίζω) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners. dress. etc. II. a being

cedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

**Λάκωνιστής**, οῦ, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Λάκωνο-μάνέω, (Λάκων, μανηναι) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to have a Laconomania.

λαλαγεῦντες, λαλαγεῦντι, Dor. for λαλαγοῦντες, λαλαγοῦσι, pres. part. and ind of λαλαγέω.

λάλαγέω, f. ήσω, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, ατος, τό, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling. λάλάζω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

λάλαξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλευμες, Dor. pres ind. of λαλέω

 $\Lambda A \tilde{\Lambda} E \tilde{\Omega}$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, τό, talk II. a talker, prater.

λάλητέος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ , verb Adj. of λαλέω, to be talked of.

λάλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

**λάλητικός,** ή, όν, (λαλέω) given to talking.

λάλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem of λάλητής, a gossip.
λάλιά, ή, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip.

II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλιος, α, ον, poet, for λάλος.

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \lambda a l$ ,  $(\lambda a \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλοs, ον, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp λαλίστεροs, Sup. λαλίστατοs. λαμά, Heb. for what? why?

Λαμαχ-ίππιον, τό, (Λάμαχος, lππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey Lamachus.

λά-μᾶχος, ον, ( $\lambda \hat{a}$ -,  $\mu \acute{a} \chi \eta$ ) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω, fut. λήψομαι Ion. λάμψομαι Dor. λαψοῦμαι, -εῦμαι: -αοτ. 2 ἐλᾶβον Ερ. ἐλλαβον Ion. λάβεσοκον, imperat. λἄβέ, inf. λαβεῖν, part. λαβάν, οῦσα, όν: --pf. εἶληφα Ion. λελάβηκα: plapf. εἶλήφειν: -
Med., αοτ. 2 ἐλαβόμην, Ερ. redupl. mf. λελαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: αοτ. I ἐλήφθην Ion. ἐλάμφθην: pf. εἶλημμαι poet. λέλημμαι Ion. λέλαμμαι. Το take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, τὴν πτέρυγος λάβεν he caught her by the wing: --metaph., φρενὶ λαβεῖν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend: -- Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., λαβέσθαι τῶν ὑρῶν to take to the hills. II.

λά-γέτης, ου, Dor. λάγέτας, α, δ, (λαός, ήγέομαι) | leader of the people.

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**ΛΑΓΧΑ'ΝΩ**, fut. λήξομαι Ιοπ. λάξομαι: aor. 2 έλαχον Ep. έλλαχον: pf είληχα poet. λέλογχα:---Pass., aur. I  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{\eta}\chi\theta\eta\nu$ : pf.  $\epsilon\ddot{\iota}\lambda\eta\gamma\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχείν to bave a post assigned one by lot. 2. to bave assigned to one, to bave for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κήρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate bad him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by in-3. absol. to draw lots: to beritance, succeed to. obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., & haχων πολεμαρχέειν be who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., οἱ λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. as Att. law-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at

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**ΛΑ ΓΩ'N**, ύνος, ή, also δ, poët. dat. pl. λαγύνεσσι, any bollow: esp. like κενεών, the bollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνεs, the flanks, loins.

λάγωο-βόλος, ον, (λαγωύε, βαλείν) bitting bares. **ΛΑΓΩΟ'Σ**, οῦ, ὁ, Ερ. for λαγώs, λαγόs, a bare. λάγφος, a, ον, contr. for λαγώειος, (λαγώς) of or from a bare: —τὰ λαγῷα (sub. κρέα) hare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

**ΛΑΓΩ'Σ**, δ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. λάγωός, οῦ, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a bare.

**λάδἄνον, τ**ό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

λâs, dual nom. of λâas a stone.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λâas a stone.

λαζεθ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize grasp, catch, hold; λάζεσθαί τινα άγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάζεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζυμαι, collat, form of λάζομαι.

 $\lambda$ άθα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dor. for  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \eta$ .

 $\lambda \bar{a}\theta$ -áve $\mu$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\eta}\theta \eta, \dot{a}\nu \epsilon \mu os)$  Dor. for  $\lambda \eta \theta \dot{a}\nu \epsilon \mu os$ , escaping the wind.

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \theta \epsilon$ , Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\lambda \alpha \nu \theta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of λανθάνω

λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω. λάθι-κηδής, ές, (λαθείν, κήδος) banishing care.

 $\lambda \bar{a}\theta i$ -πονος, ον,  $(\lambda \dot{\eta}\theta \omega, \pi \dot{\omega} vos)$  forgetful of sorrow, grief; βίοτος όδυναν λαθίπονος a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.

 $\lambda$ αθί-φθογγος, ον, ( $\lambda$ αθε $\hat{i}$ ν, φθογγή) i obbing of voice striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοίατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

**\lambda \text{\text{000}}, \epsilon \text{000}, \tau \text{0}, \text{ Dor. for } \lambda \hat{\text{\text{\text{000}}} \text{000}, = \lambda \hat{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{0}}}} \text{\text{\text{\text{0}}}} \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{0}}}}}} \text{\tinte\text{\tiliex{\text{\texit{\texit{\texi}\text{\texit{\tex{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\texi{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\** 

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραίος, a, ov, also os, ov, secret, bidden, stealthy, covert Adv. -ωs, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

 $\lambda$ άθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att.  $\lambda$ άθρ $\bar{a}$ : ( $\lambda$ αθε $\hat{i}$ ν): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly : c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

 $\lambda$ άθρηδόν,  $Adv. = \lambda άθρη$ .

λαθρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [1] λάθριος, ον, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

 $\lambda$ αθρο-βόλος, ον, ( $\lambda$ άθρα,  $\beta$ α $\lambda$ ε $\hat{i}$ ν) bitting secretly. λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ό, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly. λαθρό-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τύ, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, πούs) stealtby-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λάθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω. λαι-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λᾶιγξ, ιγγος, ή, Dim. of λâas, a pebble.

 $\lambda \alpha i\theta - \alpha \rho \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \lambda \eta \theta \alpha \rho \gamma o s$ .

**λαικάζω**, f άσομαι, (ληκ**ώ**) to wench.

λαικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λαικάζω) a wencher: fem. λαικάστρια, a barlot.

**ΛΑΓΛΑΨ**, απος, ή, a tempest, storm, burricane. λαΐμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \alpha$ , αίμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ον, (λαι-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonous. II. talkatıve.

λαιμάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμός) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour : intr. to be greedy.

λαιμη-τόμος, ον, poet. for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δακήs, έs, (λαιμόs, δακείν) throat-biting. λαιμοπέδη, ή, (λαιμόs, πέδη) a dog-collar.

a springe for catching birds. λαιμο-ρυτός, ον, (λαιμός, βέω) gushing from the

**ΛΑΙΜΟ'Σ**, οῦ, ὁ, the throat, gullet.

λαιμό-τμητος, ον, (λαιμός, τμητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαιμο-τόμος, ον, (λαιμός, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. Laimotomos, ov, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

 $\lambda \bar{a} \bar{t} \nu \epsilon o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $\Rightarrow \lambda \dot{a} \bar{i} \nu o s$ . [i]

λάϊνος, η, ον, (λâas) of stone, stony; λάϊνον έσσο χιτώνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαΐον, τό, Dor. for λήίον. λαιόs, ά, όν, left; λαιᾶs χειρύs on the left hand; so

πρός λαιά χερί; έπὶ λαιού on the left. λαιο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (λαίον, τεμείν) to plough land λαισήιον, τό, (λάσιος) a shield or target lighter than the  $d\sigma \pi is$ , covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙ TMA, τό, the deep sea.

ΛΑΓΦΟΣ, τό, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

**λαιψηρό-δρομος,** ον, (λαιψηρό**ς**, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

λαιψηρός, ά, όν, (λαι-, ψαίρω) light-footed, swift.  $\lambda \delta \kappa \delta \delta \omega_{i} = \lambda \alpha \kappa \delta \omega_{i}$ ,  $\lambda \delta \sigma \kappa \omega_{i}$ , to shout, bowl.

Λάκαινα, ή, fem of Λάκων, Lat. Lacaena, Laco-2. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman.

Λακαινάν, Dor. gen. pl of Λάκαινα.

λακάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λα-καταπύγων, ον, (λα-, καταπύγων) very lustful. [v] λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσκω.

Λάκεδαίμων, ονος, ή, Lacedaemon, the capital of Laconia; also Laconia itself.

λάκειν, aor. 2 mf of λάσκω.

λακέρυζα, ή, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a cawing crow; λακέρυζα κύων a yelping dog.

λακέω, Dor. for ληκέω.

**λἄκήσω**, fut. of λάσκω.

λακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to rend, tear.

λακίς, ίδος, ή, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending; form of speech, dialect. λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, ατος, τό, (λακίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

**λάκιστός**, ή, όν, (λακίζω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λακκό-πρωκτος, ον, (λάκκος, πρωκτός) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πῦγος, ον, (λάκκος, πυγή) = λακκόπρωκτος. ΛΑ'ΚΚΟΣ, δ, any bollow, a bole, pit: a cistern, tank · also a cellar, storebouse a pond : also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. vivarium.

λάκος, wrong form of λάκκος.

**λακ-πάτητος,** ον, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πă]

λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (λάξ) to kick with the beel or foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζειν τον πεσόντα to trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; λακτίζειν πρόε κέντρα to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

λάκτισμα, τό, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λακτίζω) one who tramples; λακτιστής ληνοῦ a treader of the wine-press.

Λάκων, ωνος, δ, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and as Adj. Laconian: fem. Λάκαινα. Hence

Λάκωνίζω, f. ίσω, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Λάκωνικός, ή, όν, Laconian; το Λακωνικόν the Laconian people :— ή Λακωνική, 1. (sub. γη̂), Laconia. 2. (sub. κρηπίε), a kind of man's sboe.

Λάκωνίς, ίδος, fem. of Λακωνικός, I. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the Laconian land. Λάκωνισμός, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) the imitation of the La-

cedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Λάκωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Λάκωνο-μάνέω, (Λάκων, μανηναι) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to bave a Laconomania.

λαλαγεύντες, λαλαγεύντι, Dor. for λαλαγούντες, λαλαγοῦσι, pres. part. and ind. of λαλαγέω.

λάλαγέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, ατος, τό, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling. λαλάζω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\alpha} \xi$ , ( $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμες, Dor. pres ind. of λαλέω.

**ΛΑΛΕ'**Ω, f. ήσω, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, τό, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λάλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of λαλέω, to be talked of. **λἄλητήs**, οῦ, ὁ, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

λάλητικός, ή, όν, (λαλέω) given to talking

λάλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem of λαλητής, a gossip.

**λάλ**ἴά, ή, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a

λάλιος, a, ov, poet, for λάλος.

λάλλαι, al, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, ον, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.--Irreg. Comp λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος. λαμά, Heb. for wbat? wby?

Λαμαχ-ίππιον, τό, (Λάμαχος, Ιππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey Lamachus.

λά-μάχος, ον, (λ $\hat{a}$ -, μάχη) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

**λαμβάνω,** fut. λήψομαι Ion, λάμψομαι Dor. λαψοῦμαι, -εῦμαι:---aor. 2 ἔλἄβον Ερ. ἔλλαβον Ιοπ. λάβεσκον, imperat. λἄβέ, inf. λαβεῖν, part. λαβών, οῦσα, όν: -- pf. είληφα Ιου. λελάβηκα: plqpf. είλήφειν: --Med., aor. 2 ἐλαβόμην, Ep. redupl. mf. λελαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: aor. Ι ἐλήφθην Ιοη. ἐλάμφθην: pf. εἴλημμαι poet. λέλημμαι Ion. λέλαμμαι. To take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, The TTEρυγος λάβεν he caught her by the wing:-metaph., φρενί λαβείν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend: - Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., λαβέσθαι τῶν ὀρῶν to take to the hills.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, decarry off. III. to take in, receive bospitably, entertect. v. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire. tain. λαμβάνειν τινα δρκίοισι to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense. VII. to bave given one, receive, get: in Med. to bave to 2. of a woman, to conceive. δίκην λαβείν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. sumere poenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas.

 $\lambda$ άμβδα,  $\tau$ ό, indecl, v. sub  $\lambda$ .

Λάμια, ή, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδη-δρομία, ή, (λαμπάs, δρύμοs) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδηφορία, ή, a carrying of torches, =  $\lambda \alpha \mu \pi \alpha$ -

δηδρομία. From

**λαμπάδη-φόρος**, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing : as Subst., λαμπαδηφύρος, ό, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάs, a small torch. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-οῦχος, ον, (λαμπάς, έχω) torch-carrying,

bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάs, άδοs, ή, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδη-II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρόs, gleamδρομία. ing with torches.

λάμπεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετάω, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ερ. part. λαμπετόων.

λαμπέτης, ου, δ, fem. λαμπέτις, ιδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

AA'MIIH, \$\delta\$, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, όνος, ή, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπος, δ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

**λαμπρόs**, ά, όν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρον ύδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 3. of the wind, fresh, keen. 4. metaph. evident, clear, manifest. II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ή, brilliancy, splendour II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμπροφωνία, ή, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced. λαμπρύνω, f. ὄνω: Med., aor. 1 ἐλαμπρῦνάμην:---

Pass., 3 sing. pf.  $\lambda \in \lambda \hat{\alpha} \mu \pi \rho \nu \nu \tau \alpha \iota := (\lambda \alpha \mu \pi \rho \delta s) := to$ make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in.

Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι όμμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted. 2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρώς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπτέος, ον, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , ( $\lambda \hat{\alpha} \mu \pi \omega$ ) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch,

λαμπτηρ-ουχία, ή, ( $\lambda \alpha \mu \pi \tau \eta \rho$ , έχω) a bolding of torches; λαμπτηρουχίαι the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήρσι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑ'ΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor 1 ἔλαμψα: pf. λέλαμπα: to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound. to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious. trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λάμυρός, ά, όν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton. of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρώs, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον. λαμφθήναι, Ion. aor. 1 pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΛΗ'ΘΩ, whence the tenses are formed. fut.  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$  Dor.  $\lambda \bar{\alpha} \sigma \hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $\tilde{\epsilon} \lambda \check{\alpha} \theta o \nu$ : pf.  $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \eta \theta \alpha$ . plapf. ἐλελήθειν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed, c. acc. pers., λάθεν "Εκτορα hc escaped the notice of Hector. 2. with part., \avθάνει κλέπτων be escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part, as, μη διαφθαρείε λάθη lest he perish without himself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ξων σαυτόν λάθην διαρpayeis until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it. II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I έλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λέλαθον, subj. λελάθη:—to make to forget: hence, III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λασεῦμαι paullo-post fut λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλἄθύ- $\mu\eta\nu$ : aor. I pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος: - to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανώ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνού.

**ΛΑ'**Ξ, Adv. with the heel or foot; λάξ πατείσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ή, όν, bewn in stone. From

λαξεύω, (λâs, ξέω) to cut stones: to hew in stone.

λάξις, (λάξομαι) an allotment of land. λάξις, ιος, δ, Dor. for λήξις, cessation.

**λάξομαι**, Ion. for λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λαο-δάμας, αντος, δ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing. λαο-ξόος, ον, (λααε, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst., λαοξόοs, δ, a sculptor.

 $\lambda \bar{a}o-\pi \bar{a}\theta \hat{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ ,  $(\lambda a \delta s, \pi a \theta \epsilon \hat{\iota}v)$  suffered by the people.  $\lambda \bar{a}o-\pi \delta \rho os$ , ov,  $(\lambda a \delta s, \pi \delta \rho os)$  conveying the people. ΛΑ ΌΣ, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. ληός Att. λεώς:—the people:

—in the Il. the soldiery, host, army; also a landarmy opp. to a fleet; also the common men opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, the subjects of a prince.

λâos, irreg. gen. of λâas, a stone.

λαο-σεβής, ές, (λαύς, σέβομαι) revered by the people. λαοσ-σόος, ον, (λαύς, σεύω) rousing or stirring nations.

λῶο-τέκτων, ονος, δ, (λᾶας, τέκτων) a worker in stone, mason.

λαο-τίνακτος, ον, (λάας, τινάσσω) stirred by a stone. λαο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) nourishing the people. λαο-τύπος, ον, (λάας, τύπτω) cutting stones: as Subst., λαοτύπος, δ, a stone-cutter, stone-mason.

λᾶο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) running the people. λᾶο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, \*φένω) slaying the people. λᾶο-φόρος Att. λεω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) bear-

ing people; λαοφύρος ὁδύς a road, highway.

λαπάζω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάζω, to plunder, spoil, pillage: also, to carry off.

λαπάρα Ion. -ρη, ή, the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins, Lat. ilia. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λάπαρός, ά, όν, (λαπάζω) slack, loose, relaxed. ΛΑ/ΠΗ, ή, pblegm, Lat. pituīta: metaph., ἀνηλίφ λάπα in sunless damp, cf. Virgil's loca senta situ. [ā]

λάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω.

Λάπίθαι, oi, the Laputhae, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [7]

λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἔλαψα: pf. λέλᾶφα:—to lap with the tongue, like Lat. lambo: generally, to drink, drain, suck. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρινός, ή, ον, (λαρός) fatted, fat.

λάρίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \rho \sigma s$ , a gull.

**Λάρισα** Ion. **Λήρ**-, ή, *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λάρισαίος, α, ον, Larissaean, of or from Larissa. λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim of λάρκος. [κτ]

ΛΑ'ΡΚΟΣ, ό, a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket. ΛΑ'ΡΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ή, a coffer, box, chest: a cinerary urn: an ark.

**ΛΑ'ΡΟΣ**, δ, a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant. [ă, except in one passage.]

**ΛΑ ΡΟ΄Σ**, ά, όν, dainty, sweet, pleasant:—irreg. Sup. λαρώτατος: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον occurs as Adv.

λάρυγγιάω, (λάρυγξ) to scream, screech.

λάρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ιῶ, (λάρυγξ) to bawl, bellow. II. to outdo in shouting.

AA'PYTE, gen. vyyos, &, the larynx or upper part of the windpipe: also the gullet, throat.

has, haos, o, a stone, Att. contr. for haas.

ΛΑΣΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron.

II. Lat. lasanum, a night-stool. [λά]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζου, imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάσεῦμαι, Dor. for λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω: I pl. λασεύμεσθα, for λησόμεθα. ΛΑ'ΣΘΗ, ή, mockery, insult.

λασθημέν, Dor. for λασθηναι, λησθηναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λάσι-αύχην, ενος, (λάσιος, αὐχήν) with shaggy neck. λάσιό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λάσιος, θρίξ) shaggy-baired.

λάσιος, a, ov, Att. os, ov, shaggy with bair or wool, bairy.

II. shaggy with bushes, bushy. (Akin to δασύs.) [ἄ] Hence

λατίδ-στερνος, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνον) with bairy chest. ΛΑ'ΣΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. \*λἄκέω, λάκω): fut. λᾶκήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐλάκησα [ἄ]: aor. 2 ἔλᾶκου, inf λᾶκεῦ: pf. λέλᾶκα Ion. λέληκα, Ep part, fem. λελᾶκωῖα:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλᾶκόμην, Ep redupl. λελακόμην, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [ἄ]:—to ring, clash, crash, crackle: of axles, to creak: commonly of things, but also II. of animals, to sbriek, scream: of dogs, to bowl, bay. III. of men, to speak loud, sbout, sbout forth: rarely to sing.

λασω, Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛΑ'ΤΑΞ, ἄγοs, ή, a drop of wine.

Λατο-γενής, ές, (Λατώ, \*γένω) born of Latona.

λατομέω, f ήσω, (λατόμος) to quarry stones. Hence λατομία, ή, a stone-quarry.

λα-τόμος, ό, (λα̂s, τέμνω) a stone-cutter, quarry-man λατρεία, ή, (λατρεύω) bired labour, service, servitude esp. the service of the gods, worship

λάτρευμα, τό, bired service, servitude: esp. service paid to the gods, worship.

ΙΙ. a slave. From λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτριε) to work for bire or pay.

2. to serve, be bound or enslaved to, c. dat pers.: but also c. acc. pers. to serve.

3. to serve the gods, c. dat.

λάτριος, a, ov, of a servant or service. From λάτρις, ιος, δ and ή, a bired servant, Lat. latro: generally, a servant, slave.

**ΛΑ'TPON**, τό, pay, bire; λάτρων ἄτερθε without rent or quittance.

λαυκανίη,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \lambda \alpha \iota \mu \dot{o}s_1$ , the throat. (Deriv. uncertain.)

**ΛΑΥ'PA** Ion. λαύρη, ή, an alley, lane, narrow passage between bouses: also a pass between rocks, ravine, defile.

II. a sewer, drain.

λάφυγμός, δ, (λαφύσσω) greediness, gluttony. ΛΑ'ΦΥΡΑ, τά, spoils taken in war, Lat. spoila.

λαφῦρ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, to make booty of. From λἄφῦρ-αγωγός, όν, (λάφυρα, ἄγω) carrying off booty. λἄφῦροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell booty. From

λάφυρο-πώλης, ου, ό, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) a retailer of hoofy Lat sector

of booty, Lat. sector.

λάφύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) to swallow

Adφυσσω Att. -ττω, tut. ξω, (λάπτω) to swallow greedily, eat up, devour: of men, to eat gluttonously, gorge, Lat. belluari. Hence

λάφύστιος, a, ov, gluttonous.

ΛΑ ΧΑΙΝΩ, f. ἄνῶ: aot. I ἐλάχηνα:—to dig. λάχἄνεὑω, f. σω, (λάχανον) to plant with potherbs: —Med. to gather berbs.

λάχανη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) gathering berbs.

λάχανισμός, δ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λαχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά, garden-berbs, opp. to wild plants, potherbs, vegetables, greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the vegetable-market, the green-market.

λάχανο-πώλης, ου, δ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a greengrocer: fem. λάχανο-πωλήτρια, and λάχανό-πωλις,

ιδοs, ή, a woman who sells garden-stuff

λάχε, Ep. for έλαχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω. λάχεια, either for ελάχεια, fem. of ελαχύε, small; or fem. of an Adj. λαχύς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled, fertile.

λάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of λαγχάνω

Λάχεσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (λάχειν) Lachesis, one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. lot, destiny, fate.

**λάχη, ή**, (λαχαίνω) a digging.

**Lagraios**, a, ov, woolly, bairy, downy. From

ΛΑ'XNH, ή, soft woolly bair, down: the soft nap or pile on cloth: sbeep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, bairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with bairy limbs.  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi vos$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi v \eta$ , wool. Hence

λαχνόω, f. ώσω, to make bairy:—Pass. to grow downy.

 $\lambda$ αχν-ώδης,  $\epsilon$ s, ( $\lambda$ άχνη,  $\epsilon$ lδος) like down, downy. λάχοίην, Att. for λάχοιμι, 20r. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω.  $\Lambda A'XO\Sigma$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $(\lambda \check{a} \chi \epsilon \hat{i} \nu)$  one's lot, fate, destiny. the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [a] λάχών, aor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαψεθμαι and λαψοθμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

**λάψων**, fut. part. of λάπτω.

λαψη, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 1 med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

 $\Lambda A'\Omega_{1} = \beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \omega_{1}$ , to see, behold, look at; old Ep. word used by Hom. in part. λάων and Ep. 3 sing. impf. λάε. [ἄ

\* $\Lambda A'\Omega$ , =  $\theta \tilde{\epsilon} \lambda \omega$ , to wish: see  $\lambda \hat{\omega}$ . **λέωνα**, ή, fem. of λέων, a lioness.

**λεαίνω**, f. λεάνω Ep. λειάνέω: aor. I έλέηνα Ep. λέηνα: (λείοs):-to smooth, polish, work smooth;  $\lambda \epsilon \alpha i \nu \epsilon i \nu \kappa \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu \theta o \nu to smooth the way.$ rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or stroy. soften down.

λεάντειρα, ή, fem of λεαντήρ

λεαντήρ, ήρος, δ, (λεαίνω) a polisber.

**λέβης**, ητο**ε**, δ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνιψ) was handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan III. a cinerary urn.

λεγεών, ωνος, ή, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion. λέγομες, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and

3 pl. of λέγω.

**ΛΕΤΩ**, f. λέξω: aor. ι έλεξα: pf. είλοχα:--Med., fut. λέξομαι: aor. Ι έλεξάμην:—Pass., fut. λεχθήσομαι: paullo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐλέχθην,

λαχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence | aor. 2 ἐλέγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγμην, 3 sing. λέκτο: pf. εἴλεγμαι or λέλεγμαι: I. Act. TO LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep: - Pass. and Med. TO LIE, to lie down. II. to lay in order, arrange, and so to gather, pick up :- Med. to gather for oneself: hence to choose, pick out. reckon, count, tell or reckon up. IV. to recount. tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of oracles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τινος to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινά ποιείν τί to tell, bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, 1. e. to speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak of, mean, refer to, as, είσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν λέγω go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέγεται, it is said, on dit; το λεγόμενον, absol. as the saying goes.

λεηλάσία, ή, a driving off booty, pillaging. From λεηλάτέω, f. ήσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle, to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

 $\lambda \epsilon$ -ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, ( $\lambda \epsilon i\alpha$ , ἐλαύνω) one who drives off booty, a plunderer, marauder. [a]

**ΛΕΙ'A** Ion. ληΐη, ή, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle; hence what can be driven off as booty.

λειαίνω, fut. λειανέω, Ion. and Ep. for λεαίνω.

**ΛΕΙΒ**Ω,  $\psi\omega$ : aor. I έλειψα:—to pour, pour forth: mostly like  $\sigma\pi\epsilon\nu\delta\omega$ , to pour a libation. let flow, shed: - Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβεσθαι δακρύοι to melt into tears: hence to melt or pine away:-Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λείζομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληίζομαι.

λείηναν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of λεαίνω.

λειήνας, Ep. aor. 1 part. of λεαίνω.

**λειμαξ, ἄκοι, ἡ, = λειμών, a** meadow: a garden. λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains.

λειμών, ῶνοs, ὁ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a meadow, mead, Lat. pratum.

λειμωνιάς, άδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος; νύμφη λειμωνιά**s a meadow-**nymph.

λειμώνιος, α, ον, (λειμών) of a meadow.

λειμωνίς, ίδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.

λειμωνόθεν or  $-\theta \epsilon$ , Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow. λειο-γένειος, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-chinned.

λειο-κύμων, ον, (λείοs, κύμα) with gentle waves. λειό-μίτος, ον, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads of the warp.

λειοντη, η, poët. for λεοντη, a lion's skin.

λειοντο-μάχης, ου,  $\delta$ , (λέων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντ-, a lion-fighter.

λειοντο-πάλης, ου, δ, (λέων, πάλη) poët. for λεοντ-, wrestler with a lion.

**ΛΕΙΌΣ**, α, ον, or οs, ον, Lat. LĒVIS, smooth: of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth: c. gen., λείοs πετράων level and free from tocks. with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth, soft, gentle.

λειότης, ητος, ή, (λείος) smoothness.

**λείουσι**, poët. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.

λειπτέον, verb. Adj. of λείπω, one must leave.

**ΛΕΙΠΩ**, f.  $\lambda \epsilon i \psi \omega$ : 2 or. 2 act.  $\tilde{\epsilon} \lambda \tilde{\iota} \pi \sigma \nu$ , inf.  $\lambda \tilde{\iota} \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ; (aor. 1 ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα:---Med., fut. λείψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειφθήσομαι, paullo-post fut. λελείψομαι: aor. I έλείφθην: aor. 2 ἐλίπην [Υ]: pf. λέλειμμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμμην:-Lat. LINQUO, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath: -- so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memo-2. to desert in danger, abandon, forrıal. sake. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left remaining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf part. λελειμμένοs, left behind, lingering behind, inferior to: absol, to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of , be inferior, worse, weaker 4. to be wanting or lacking. than another. intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be wanting, cease, Lat. deficere.

λειριόεις, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-

white, delicate.

**ΛΕΙ'PΙΟΝ**, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. lilium. **λεϊστόs**, see ληϊστόs.

**λέϊτος** or **λεῖτος**, ον, (λαόε, λεώε) of the people, Ion. for Att. δημόσιος.

λειτουργέω, f.  $f(\sigma\omega)$ , (λειτουργόs) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own cost: cf λειτουργία. II.

to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence λειτουργία, ή, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy, i e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II. dwine service, whence our word Liturgy.

λειτουργικόs, ή, όν, performing public service, mini-

stering. From

λειτ-ουργός, όν, (λέιτος οι λείτος, ἔργον) performing public duties, serving the state.

II. a priest, minister of God.

**ΛΕΙΧΗΝ**, η̂νοs, δ, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of the ground, a blight, canker.

**ΛΕΙΧ**Ω, f. ξω: aor. I ἔλειξα:—Lat. LINGO, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf part. λελειχμύτες. λείψας, aor. I part. of λείβω.

λειψάνη-λόγος, ον, (λείψανον, λέγω) gathering remnants.

λείψανον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic, wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. reliquiae. Λειψ-ύδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered dis-

trict near mount Parnes in Attica.

λείων, ὁ, poèt. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι.

λεκάνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λέκοε) a disb, pot, pan. [α] Hence λεκάνις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , λεκάνιον,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , λεκάνιον,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Diminutives of λεκάνη:—a little disb or pan, platter.

λεκίθο-πώληs, ου, ὁ, fem. -πώλιs, ιδος, (λέκιθος, πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

ΛΕΚΥΘΟΣ, δ, pulse-porridge.

ΛΕ'ΚΟΣ, εοs, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

λεκτικός, ή,  $\delta v$ , ( $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$ ) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent. II. suited for speaking.

λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

λεκτός, ή, όν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked out.

II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. lectus: λέκτρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage. λελάβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω. λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. 2 subj. of λανθάνω. λελάθοντο, λελαθέσθω, λελαθέσθαι, 3 pl indic., 3 sing. imperat., and inf., 2 or. 2 med. of λανθάνω.

λέλακα, pf. of λάσκω.

λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσκω.

λελάκυῖα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσκω.

λέλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω. λέλασμαι, Ion and Ep. pf. pass. of λανθάνω.

λέλαχον, Ερ. redupl. 201. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λέλάχω, Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω. λέλειπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf, pass. of λείπω.

λελειφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.

λελειχμότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.

λέλευσμαι, I f. pass. of λεύω.

λελέχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.

λέληθα, pf. of λανθάνω. λέληκα, Ion pf of λάσκω: part. λεληκώs.

λέλημμαι, poet. pf pass. of λαμβάνω

λέλησμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λανθάνω: but λέλησμαι, pf pass. of ληίζομαι.

λελίημαι, old Ep. pf. of λιλαίομαι, (and therefore properly λελίλημαι), to strive eagerly, long for, be z-alous for: participle λελίημένος, zealous, basty,

λελιμμένος, pf. part. of λίπτομαι

λελογισμένωs, Adv. pf. pass. part of λογίζομαι, deliberately, advisedly.

λέλογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

λελόγχη, poët, for ἐλελόγχει, 3 sing. plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

λέλοιπα, pf. of λείπω.

λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

λελύμασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμαίνομαι. [τ]

λέλυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω: — λέλυντο, Ep. for ελέλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

λελῦτο, Ep. for λελύοιτο, 3 sing. pf. opt pass of λύω. λελώβημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.

**ΛΕ'MBOΣ**, δ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a felucca.

λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, peel, busk, skin, scale.

λέντιον, τό, the Lat. linteum, a linen cloth, napkin. λέξεο, Εp. for λέξοι, 20r. 1 imperat. med. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

λέξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$  a speaking, speech. 2. a way of speaking, diction, style.

λέξο, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I med. imperat. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

λεοντέη contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ή, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντεος.

λεόντειος, a, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-beaded.

λεοντό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, (λέων, ποῦς) lion-footed. **λεοντο-φόνος**, ον, (λέων, \*φένω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing. λεοντο-φυής, ές, (λέων, φυή) of lion nature.

λεοντό-χλαινος, ον, (λέων, χλαίνα) clad in lion's

skin. **ΛΕ'ΠΑΔΝΟΝ**, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth ( $\mu a \sigma \chi a \lambda \iota \sigma \tau \eta \rho$ ). **λεπαῖος, α, ον, (λέπας)** of a scaur or crag: craggy.

λέπ-αργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or featbers.

**λέπας**, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

λεπάs, άδοs, ή, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock ( $\lambda \epsilon \pi as$ ).

λεπαστή, ή, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup λεπιδόομαι, Pass. (λεπίε) to be covered with scales Hence

λεπίδωτός, ή, όν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτὸ**s** θώρηξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ίδος, ή, (λέπω) a scale, busk, shell.

λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ή, (λεπρός) the leprosy

λεπράς, άδος, ή, poet. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρός, ά, όν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy. λεπτακινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , poet. for  $\lambda \epsilon \pi \tau \alpha \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \sigma s$ .

λεπτάλέος, a, ον, (λεπτόε) fine, slender, delicate.

λεπτ-επί-λεπτος, ov, thin upon thin, thin as can be. λεπτό-γειος, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεως, ων, (λεπτόε, γαία,

 $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) of a thin or poor soil.

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λεπτός, γραμμή) drawn fine. λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λεπτός, γράφω) written fine. **λεπτό-δομος,** ον, (λεπτός, δέμω) slightly built :

slight. λεπτολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak subtly, to chop logic,

quibble: so too λεπτολογέσμαι, as Dep **λεπτο-λόγος**, ον, (λεπτό**s**, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μἴτος, ον, (λεπτός, μίτος) of fine threads.

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite. λεπτός, ή, όν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the busks:

-hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow. III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτὰ foaming oars. των προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοια small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

 $\lambda$ επτοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \lambda$ επτότηs.

λεπτότης, ητος, ή, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness, II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτουργέω, f. ήσω, (λεπτουργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτ-ουργής, ές, (λεπτύς, ἔργον) finely worked. λεπτ-ουργός, όν, (λεπτός, έργον) producing fine

λεπτο-ϋφής, έs, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [ŭ]

λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fine sand. λεπτύνω, f. υνω, (λεπτόs) to make thin: to thrash, beat out :- Pass. to grow lean.

λεπτώs, Adv. of λεπτόs, slightly: subtly.

λεπύριον, τό, Dim. a small busk, thin rind. From  $\lambda$ έπῦρον, τό, ( $\lambda$ έπος) a shell, busk, rind.

**ΛΕ'ΠΩ**, fut. ψω: aor. 1 ἔλεψα:—to strip off the busks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ή, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Aspvaios, a, ov, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From Λεσβιάς, άδος, ή, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

 $\Lambda \epsilon \sigma \beta i \zeta \omega$ , =  $\Lambda \epsilon \sigma \beta i \dot{\alpha} \zeta \omega$ . Λέσβιος, a, ov, (Λέσβος) Lesbian, of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv from Lesbos. From

Λέσβοs, ή, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

 $\lambda$ εσχάζω, ( $\lambda$ έσχη) to chatter, gossip

λέσχη, ή, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and bear the news, a lounge, place of public II. talking, gossip resort: also a council-ball. in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρώs ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχηνεύω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

λευγαλέος, α, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ου, ο, one of the tribe of Levi (Λευί), a Levite. [7] Hence

Λευϊτικός, ή, όν, Levitical.

λευκαίνω, (λευκόs) to whiten, blanch, bleach. to make bright or light.

λευκάν, Dor. for λευκών, gen. pl. of λευκύs.

**λευκάναι**, 201. 1 inf. of λευκαίνω.

λευκ-ανθής, ές, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθές κάρα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκόs, ανθοs) to bave white blossoms: generally, to be white.

λευκάς, άδος, poet. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάs.

λευκάs, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκόs.

λεύκ-ασπις, ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded. λεύκη, ή, (λευκό) the white leprosy. white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ήρετμος, ον, (λευκύς, έρετμύς) with white or

**λευκ-ήρης, εs,** (λευκό**s**, ἀραρε $\hat{\iota}\nu$ ) white, blanched. Λευκιππίδεs, ai, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs

worshipped at Sparta.

λεύκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ίππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης  $[\bar{i}]$ , ου, δ, =  $\lambda \epsilon \nu \kappa \delta s$ .

**Λευκο-θέα, ή,** (λευκή, θεά) the white goddess; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sca-goddess.

λευκό-θριξ, τρίχος, δ, ή, (λευκός, θρίξ) white-baired. λευκο-θώραξ, ακος, δ, ή, (λευκός, θώραξ) with white curass

λευκό-ϊον, τό, (λευκός, ἴον) the stock or wall-flower. λευκο-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κῦμα) white with waves, surfy.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

λευκό-λίνον, τό, (λευκόs, λίνον) white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.

λευκο-λόφας, ου, ό, and λευκό-λοφος, ον, (λευκός, λόφος) white-crested:—λευκόλοφον, τό, a white hill. λευκο-όπωρος, ον, (λευκός, ὀπώρα) with white autumn fruits.

λευκο-πάρειος Ion. -πάρηος, ον, (λευκός, παρειά) fair-cheeked.

λευκό-πεπλος, ον, (λευκός, πέπλος) white-robed. λευκό-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, (λευκός, πηχυς) whitearmed.

**λευκο-πληθής, έs**, (λευκύ**s**, πληθο**s**) filled with white or with persons in white.

λευκό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς, white-footed: barefooted.

λευκο-πρεπής, ές, (λευκός, πρέπω) white-looking. λευκό-πτερος, ον, (λευκός, πτερόν) white-winged. λευκό-πωλος, ον, (λευκός, πῶλος) with white borses: riding a white borse.

AETKO Σ, ή, όν, light, bright, brilliant, clear: of water, bright. II. white, gray, bcary: of the skin, white, fair, but also, blanched, pale, wan. 2. λευ-κὸς χρυσός pale (i. e. alloyed) gold, opp. to ἄπεφθος or refined. 3. metaph. fair, bappy, joyful, gay. 4. of sound, clear, like λαμπρός.

λευκο-στεφής, ές, (λευκός, στέφω) white-wreathed. λευκό-στικτος, ον, (λευκός, στίζω) speckled with white, grizzled.

λευκό-σφύρος, ον, (λευκός, σφυρόν) white-ankled. λευκό-τροφος, ον, (λευκός, τρέφω) white-growing. λευκο-φάής, ές, (λευκός, φάος) white-gleaming. λευκο-φόρος, ον, (λευκός, φέρω) white-robed. λεύκ-οφρυς, υ, (λευκός, ὀφρύς) white-browed.

 $\lambda \in \text{vic} - \lambda \neq 0$ , (Λευκός,  $\lambda \in \text{vic} - \lambda \neq 0$ ) white-coated. [Γ]

λευκό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χρύα) white-coloured: heterocl. acc. λευκόχροα.

λευκό-χρως, ωτος, ό, ή, (λευκός, χρως) white-skinned. λευκόω, f. ώσω, (λευκός) to whiten: to paint white: —Med., λευκοῦσθαι ὅπλα to whiten their shields. II. λευκοῦν πόδα to bare the foot.

λευκ-ώλενος, ον, (λευκός, ώλενη) white-armed. λεύκωμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκόω) anything whitened: a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album. λευρός, ά. όν. (λείος) smooth, level, even. II.

λευρός, ά, όν, (λείος) smooth, level, even. smooth, polished.

\* $\Lambda$ E $\Upsilon$ <sup>1</sup> $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\lambda$  $\hat{a}$ as, a stone: hence

λεύστμος, ον, stoning; λεύσιμος θάνατος death by forgetful, letbargic.

stoning; λεύσιμοι ἀραί curses that will end in stoning; λεύσιμος δίκη the penalty of death by stoning.

λευσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λεύς, λεύω) a stoning.
λεύσσω, fut. λεύσω (only in late authors), to look or gaze upon, see, behold.
2. absol. to look; ὁ μη λεύσσων he that sees not, 1. e. one that is dead.

λευστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (λεύs, λεύω) one who stones or deserves stoning:—as Adj., λευστήρ μόροs death by stoning.

λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην: (λεύs):—to stone. λεχε-ποίη, ή, (λέχοs, ποία) with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy.

λεχ-ήρης, εs, (λέχος, άραρειν) bed-ridden.

λεχθείς, aor. I part. pass of λέγω.

λέχος, εος, τό, (λέγω 1) a couch, bed. 2. a bier. II. the marriage-bed: a marriage. Hence λέχοσδε, Adv. to bed.

λέχριος, a, ov, slanting crosswise, oblique. From ΛΕΧΡΓΣ, Adv. slanting, crosswise, athwart λεχώ, όος contr. οῦς, ἡ, (λέχος) a woman in child-bed λεχώϊος, ον, (λεχώ) of, belonging to child-bed. Λεωκόριον, τό, (Λε΄νε, κόρα) the temple of the daughters of Leos.

 $\Lambda \dot{E}'\Omega N$ , οντος, ό, Ep dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, a lion: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεύς σε λέοντα γυναιξὶ θῆκε Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i.e. their destroyer

λε-ωργόs, όν, (Adv. λέωs, έργον) all-daring, audacious: as Subst., λεωργόs, ό, a knave, villain.

λεώς, ώ, δ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεώ, people; ακούετε λεώ hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations

λέωs, Adv., Ion. for λίαν, entirely, wbolly.

λεω-σφέτερος, ον, (λεώς, σφέτερος) only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον εποιήσαντο Τισαμενόν they made him one of their own people.

λεω-φόρος, ον, (λεώς, φέρω) bearing people, frequented: λεωφόρος (sub. όδός), ή, a thoroughfare.

 $\lambda$ η̂, 3 sing. of \*λάω, λω̂.

ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.

AHTΩ, f. ξω, to LAY, allay, abate, like παίω: c. gen., λήγειν χείρας φύνοιο to stay one's hands from nurder. II. more freq. intr, to leave off, or cease from, λήγειν έριδος to cease from strife; c. part., λήγω ἐναρίζων Ι cease slaying.—also absol. to cease, make an end.

λήδανον, τό, (ληδον) gum ladanum, gum masticb. ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of ληδος, a light dress. [a]

 $\Lambda$ H^ $\Delta$ ON,  $\tau \delta$ , the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum  $\lambda \eta \delta \alpha \nu \nu$  is found.

λήδος, εος, τό, (λείος) a thin cloth, light dress.

λήζομαι, Att. for ληίζομαι.

λήθαιος οτ ληθαίος, α, ον, (λήθη) of οτ for forgetfulness, oblivious. II. of οτ from Letbe, Letbean. ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω 11.

ληθαργικόs, ή, όν, drowsy, slothful. From λήθαργοs, ον, (λήθη) forgetting, c. gen.: absol. forgetful. letbar cic.

ληθεδανός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (ληθάνω) causing forgetfulness. ληθεδών, όνος, η, poët. for ληθη.

λήθη Dor. λάθα, ή, (λήθομαι) a forgetting, forget-II. Letbe, the river of oblifulness, Lat. oblivio. vion in the lower world.

 $\lambda \hat{n} \theta o s$ , τό, Dor,  $\lambda \hat{a} \theta o s$ , =  $\lambda \hat{n} \theta n$ .

ΛH'ΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνομαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.

ληι-άνειρα, ή, (ληίε, ἀνήρ) making prey of men. ληιάς, άδος, poet. fem. of ληίδιος, captive.

ληι-βοτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρον, δ, fem. ληϊ-βότειρα, (λήιον, βόσκω) crop-devouring.

ληίδιος, a, ov, (ληίε) taken as booty, captive.

ληίζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. ληίσομαι Ερ. ληίσσομαι: aor. Ι έληισάμην Att. έλησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ληίσσατο:--Pass., pf. λέλησμαι: Dep.: (ληίs):--to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. pf. λέλησμαι occurs in pass. signf., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

ληίη, Ion. for λεία.

ληι-νόμος, ον, (λήιον, νέμω) dwelling among the corn-fields.

**ΛΗ'ΙΟΝ**, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field. ληίς, ίδος, ή, Ion for λεία, booty, spoil. berd or flock, cattle.

ληίσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor 1 of ληίζομαι.

**ληιστήρ, ήροε,** δ, (ληίζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληστής.

ληιστής, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. for ληστής.

ληίστωρ, οροε, δ, ⇒ ληιστήρ.

ληιστός or λεϊστός, ή, όν, (ληίζομαι) carried off as booty, to be won by force.

ληιστύς, ύος, ή, (ληίζομαι) plundering, spoiling. ληΐτις, ιδος, ή, (ληίς) she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

λήιτον [τ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen πρυτανείον, the town-ball. Properly, neut. of λήιτος.

λήιτος, η, ον, (λεώς, λαός) of the people, public. **ΛΗΚΕ'** Ω Dor.  $\lambda \bar{a} \kappa \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , to sound, =  $\lambda \dot{a} \sigma \kappa \omega$ . Hence ληκίνδα, Adv. sounding; παίζειν λ. to beat time. ληκύθιον, τό, Dim. of λήκυθος, a small oil-flask. **ΛΗ ΚΥΘΟΣ**, ή, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [v]

λήμα, τό, (\*λάω, λ $\hat{\omega}$ ) wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance. **λημάλέος**, α, ον, (λήμη) bleared, purblind, of the

eyes, Lat. lippus.

λημάτιάω, (λημα) to be spirited or resolute. λημαω, (λήμη) to be bleared: to be purblind.

AH'MH, h, Lat. gramia, a bumour that gathers in the eye, rheum: αἱ λῆμαι, sore eyes.

λήμμα, τό, (είλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.

**Λήμνιοs**, a, ov, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From

Λήμνος, ή, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegaean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

**Ληναϊκός**, ή, όν, (Λήναια) belonging to the Λήναια. Anvaios, a, ov, (Anvos) belonging to the wine-I. Anvaios, Lat. Lenaeus, epith, of Bacchus Diana. press:

as god of the wine-press. 2. Λήναια (sub. lepá), τά, the Lenaea, an Athenian festival held in the month Ληναιών in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. Λήναιον, τό, the Lenaeum, or place at Athens where the Lenaea were beld.

Ληναΐτης, ου, ό, = Ληναϊκός.Ληναιών, ωνος, δ, old name of the Att month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh

month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟ Σ Dor. λανός, οῦ, ἡ or ὁ, a trough, Lat. alveus: 1. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for watering cattle. 3 a kneading-trough.

ΛΗ NOΣ Dor. λâvos, εος, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.

λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

 $\lambda \hat{\eta}$ ξιε, εωε,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda \dot{\eta} \gamma \omega$ ) a cessation, end.

λήξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή, (λήξομαι) appointment by lot, allot-II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. ληξιε τοῦ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

ληόs, rare Ion. form for λαόs.

ληπτέος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , verb. Adj. of  $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ , to be II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one taken. must take or accept.

ληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , ( $\lambda\dot{\eta}\rho os$ ) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly; ληρεί έχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

**ΛΗ ΡΟΣ**, δ, idle talk. frivolousness, nonsense.

ληρόs, οῦ, ὁ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

λης, 2 sing. of 'λάω, λω.

λησίμ-βρότος, ον, (λήθω, βροτός) taking men unawares, a cheat.

λησμοσύνη, ή, forgetfulness. From

λήσμων, ον, gen. ovos, (λήθω) forgetting, unmindful. **λήσομαι**, fut. med. of  $\lambda a \nu \theta \dot{a} \nu \omega$ 

ληστεία, ή, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστήs) to be a robber or pirate. c. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λήζομαι) a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.

ληστικός, ή, όν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κωs, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the manner of pirates.

λήστις, ή, (λήθω) a forgetting.

ληστο-κτόνος, ον, (λήστης, κτείνω) slaying robbers. ληστρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , = ληστικός, piratical;  $\dot{r}$  ληστρικόν a pirate-vessel.

ληστρίε, ίδοε, pecul. fem. of ληστρικόε.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, έs. Dor. Λάτ-, (Λητώ, \*γένω) born of Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λατογένεια, of

**Antotons** Dor. Adt-, ov,  $\delta$ , (Ant $\omega$ ) son of Leto, of  $\parallel$ Apollo. [i]

Λητώ, δος contr. ους, ή, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητοῦs, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητώ, voc. Λητοῖ.

**Λητώοs** Dor. **Λάτ**-, a,  $o\nu$ , (Λητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Λητωίs, ίδος.

ληφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψις, ή, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, 2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

**ΛΙ**, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-. **ΛΙ Α ΖΟΜΑΙ,** aor. 1 ἐλζάσθην: Pass.:—to bend sidewards, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λιασθείs baving fallen; πτερά πυκνά λίασθεν the thick wings drooped.

**liav** Ion.  $\lambda i \eta v$ , Adv.  $(\lambda i -)$  too much, over-much, II. very much, like the later ayav, Lat. nimis. exceeding, right well. [ both long and short.]

λίδρός, ά, όν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λιασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λίασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of λιάζομαι.

λιβάζω, f. σω, (λιβάs) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

λίβανος, δ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανω-II. =  $\lambda \iota \beta a \nu \omega \tau \dot{\sigma} s$ , frankincense.

 $\lambda$ ίβανο-φόρος, ον,  $= \lambda ι βανωτοφόρος.$ 

λίβανωτός, οῦ, ὁ, (λίβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree \lambda \( \beta \) avos. II. a censer.

λίβανωτο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

λίβάs, άδοs, ή, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύων λιβάδεs streams of tears.

λιβερτίνος, δ, the Lat. libertinus, and λίβερτος, δ, the Lat, libertus, a freedman.

 $\lambda$ ίβοs,  $\tau$ ό, =  $\lambda$ ιβάs, tears: but  $\lambda$ ιβόs, gen. of  $\lambda$ ίψ. **λιβρός**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$  dripping, wet.

**Λιβύη, ή, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of** Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

**Λίβϋs**, ĕos, ὁ, fem. **Λίβυσσα**, (Λιβύη) a Libyan: also as Adi. Libyan. Hence

**Λιβυστικόs**, ή, όν, of or for Libya, African.

**ΛΙ'ΓΑ**, Adv. of λιγύε, as ὧκα of ὧκύε, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, shrilly. [t]

λίγαίνω, (λιγύε) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

λίγγω, (λιγύε) only found in Ep. aor. 1, λίγξε βιύς the bowstring twanged.

λίγδην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim. λιγεων, poet. for λιγειών, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύε. λίγέως, Adv. of λιγύε, loudly, clearly, shrilly.

**ΛΙΓΝΥ'Σ**, ύος, ή, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

λίγξε, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. I of λίγγω.

λίγυ-ηχής,  $\epsilon$ s, (λιγύs,  $\eta \chi \eta$ ) clear-sounding.

λίγύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (λιγύε, θρόοε) clear-singing.

λιγύ-μολπος, ον, (λιγύε, μολπή) clear-singing. λίγύ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

 $\lambda$ ίγυ-πνείων, οντος, ( $\lambda$ ιγύς, πνέω) sbrill-blowing, whistling, rustling.

 $\lambda$ ίγύ-πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοιή) = λιγυπνείων

λίγυ-πτέρυγος, ον, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) chirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγυρίζω, f. σω, (λιγυρόε) to sing loud or clear. λίγυρός, ά, όν, (λιγύς) shrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρώς, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥ'Σ, λιγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, shrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [1]

Λίγυς, vos, o, ή, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λιγύ-φθογγος, ον, (λιγύε, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λιγύ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, scream-

**ΛΙ'ΖΩ**, f. εω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λίγδην and ἐπι-λίγδην.

 $\lambda$ ίην, Adv , Ion. for  $\lambda$ ίαν. λίθάζω, f. σω, (λίθο\*) to throw stones. 2. to stone.  $\lambda$ ίθαξ, ακος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda$ ίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λίθαξ, ή, a stone.

λίθάς, άδος, ή, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

 $\lambda i\theta \epsilon os$ , a, ov,  $(\lambda i\theta os)$  made of stone, stony.

 $\lambda$ ίθη- $\lambda$ ογής, έε, ( $\lambda$ ίθος,  $\lambda$ έγω II) built of stones. λίθίδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble. λίθινος, η, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -νωs, like stone, with stony look.

 $\lambda$ ἴθό- $\beta\lambda$ ητος, ον, (λίθος,  $\beta$ άλλω) stone-throwing, Il set with stones. pelting.

λίθοβολέω, f. ήσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From λίθο-βόλοs, ον, (βαλείν) throwing stones, felting with stones; οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. λιθόβολοs, ov. pass, struck with stones, stoned.

 $\lambda \dot{\theta}$ ο-γ $\lambda \dot{\psi}$ φος, ον, ( $\lambda \dot{\theta}$ ος, γ $\lambda \dot{\psi}$ φω) carving stone; as Subst., λιθογλύφοs, δ, a sculptor. [v]

 $\lambda$ ίθο-δερκής, έε, ( $\lambda$ ίθος, δέρκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λίθό-δμητος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λίθο-δόμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμο**s**, δ, a mason.

λίθο-εργός, όν, (λίθος, \*έργω) turning to stone. λϊθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

λίθο-κτονία, ή, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoming. λίθό-λευστος, ου, ό, (λίθος, λεύω) stoned with stones;

λιθύλευστος "Apps death by stoning. λίθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From λίθο-λόγοs, ον, (λίθοs, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf. λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγοs, δ, a mason, = λιθο- a baven, retreat, refuge. δόμοs.

**\lambda t\theta o-\xi \delta os, ov, (\lambda i \theta os, \xi \delta \omega) polisbing stone:** $as Subst., <math>\lambda \iota \theta o \xi \delta os, \delta, a marble-mason.$ 

λίθο-ποιός, όν, (λίθος, ποιέω) turning to stone.

λίθόρ-ρίνος, ον, (λίθος, βινός) with stony skin.

ΛΙ'ΘΟΣ [τ], ου, ὁ, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἕψεν to boil a stone, i.e. to lose one's labour.

2. stone as a substance.

II. λίθος, ἡ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx.

IV. the piece on a draught-board.

 $\lambda$ ίθο-σπάδής, ές, ( $\lambda$ ίθος, σπάω) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

λίθό-στρωτος, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with stones, in aid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tesselated pavement.

λίθοτομία, ή, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

 $\lambda$ ίθο-τόμος, ον, ( $\lambda$ ίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

λίθουργέω, f. ήσω, to work in stone: turn into stone. λίθ-ουργόs, όν, (λίθος, \*έργω) working in stone: as Subst., λιθουργόs, ό, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry stones. From λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones. λιθ-ώδης, ες, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, είδος) like stone, stony,

λικμαῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From λικμάω, f. ήσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn. metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ηροι, δ, a winnower of corn

λικμητός,  $\delta$ , (λικμάω) a winnowing. ΛΙΚΜΟ Σ, οῦ,  $\delta$ , = λίκνον.

AI'KNON, 70, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan. II. a fansbaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iaccbi. III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λίκνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred nets to see whether anything is caught. winnowing-fan in procession.

λίνορ-ράφης, ές. (λίνον, ἐάπτω) sewer

λικριφίs, Adv. crosswise, sideways, athwart. (From λινορραφήs a ship having her sails of linen. λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριο.)

λιλαίομαι, (λι-, λελίημαι) Dep. to long, crave; of Urania. a lance, λιλαιομένη χροδε άσαι longing to taste flesh: of Linos c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λτμαίνω, (λιμό) to bunger, be starved, famished. λιμένεσσιν, Ερ. for λιμέσιν, dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λίμενίτης [1], ov, δ, fem. - ιτις, ιδος, (λιμήν) of the barbour: presiding over the barbour.

λίμεν-ορμίτης  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , ου, δ, (λιμήν, δρμίζω) stationed in the barbour.

AI'MH'N, évos, ò, a barbour, baven. 2. metaph.

a baven, retreat, refuge. 3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

λτιμηρόs, ά, όν, (λιμόs) bungry, starved, famisbed. Λίμναι, αἰ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

λιμναίοs, a, oν, (λίμνη) marsby, of or from the mere, ὅρνιθες λιμναίοι water-fowl: stagnant.

λιμνάs, άδος, ή, poet fem. of λιμναίος.

λιμνάτης [ā], fem. -âtis, Dor for λιμνήτης, - ητις. λίμνη, η, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marsby lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

λιμνήτης, ου,  $\delta$ , fem. -  $\hat{\eta}$ τις Dor. - $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ τις,  $\iota\delta$ os, ( $\lambda$ ίμνη) living or growing in marshes.

λιμνο-φυής, ές, (λίμνη, φύω) marsb-born.

λιμν-ώδης, ες, (λίμνη, είδος) like a marsh, marshy. λίμο-θνής, ητος, δ, η, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of hunger.

ΛΓΜΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, also ἡ, bunger, famine.

λιμο-φορεύς, δ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger. λίμ-ωδης, ες, (λιμός, είδος) like hunger, famished. λιμώσσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

λίνεος, a, ov, contr. -ους, η, ουν, (λίνον) of flam, flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

λἴνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (λίνον) a bunter with nets. λἴνό-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) =  $\lambda$ ινόδετος

λίνό-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

λίνο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λίνον, θηράω) a hunter with nets. λίνο-θώρηξ, ηκος, δ, ή, Ion. for λινοθώραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

λίνο-κλωστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώθω) spinning flax. λίνο-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

AINÓN, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνου σπέρμα lint-seed. [τ]

λινό-πεπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe. λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting. λινοπτάομαι, Dep. (λίνονπτης) to watch the nets.

λίνό-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged. λίν-όπτης, ου, ό, (λίνον, ὅψομαι) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

λίνορ-ράφής, ές, (λίνον, βάπτω) sewed of flax. δόμος λινορραφής a ship baving ber sails of linen.

Aívos, ov, δ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Aívos, δ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἴλινον.

λίνοστάσία, ή, a laying of nets. From

λινο-στατέω, f. ήσω, (λίνον, Ιστημι) to lay nets.

 $\lambda$ ίνοῦς,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν, contr. for  $\lambda$ ίνεος.

λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.
λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases
ἀλεῖψαι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίφ, probably used as
an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίποε.) [τ]

λίπαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (λίπαs, λίποs) to oil, anoint: metaph, to make fat, enrich:—Med. to anoint oneself.

λίπαρ-άμπυξ, ϋκος, ό, ή, (λιπαρός, άμπυξ) with bright

fillet or trara.

λιπαρέω, f. ήσω, to persist, hold out, persevere; c. dat. to persist in a thing.

II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c.inf., λιπαρείδ τυχείν thou art earnest to obtain. From

**ΛΓΠΑ PH'Σ**, έs, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

λιπαρητέον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be im-

portunate, beg bard.

λῖπἄρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity. λἴπἄρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled. λἴπἄρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned. λἴπἄρο-κρήδεμνος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright bead-band or fillet.

λἴπάρο-πλόκάμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λιπάρός, ά, όν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy.

II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: metaph sleek, comfortable, easy.

III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly: ample.

IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λἴπαρό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, and -χρως, ωτοs, δ, ή, (λιπαρόs, χρώα, χρώs) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λίπαρωs, Adv. of λίπαρώs, sleekly, comfortably.

λῖπἄρῶs, Adv. of λῖπἄρήs, earnestly, importunately. ΛΙΊΠΑ Σ, αος, τό, =  $\lambda$ ίπος, fat, oil. [ $\tilde{l}$ ]

λίπ-αυγής, ές, (λιπείν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λίπάω, (λίπαs, λίποs) to be fat and sleek.

 $\lambda$ ίπε,  $\lambda$ ίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\lambda$ είπω.

 $\lambda$ ιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\lambda$ είπω.

λιπερνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem.  $-\hat{\eta}$ τις, ιδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρνη) without dowry, destitute.

λίπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπείν, γάμος) leaving a wife or busband, adulterous: ή λιπογάμος the adulteress.

λίπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age: hence generally, of unknown age.

λίπό-γυιος, ον, (λιπείν, γυίον) wanting a limb,

λιποῦσα, λιποίσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λίπο-μήτωρ, opos,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda \iota \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ,  $\mu \dot{\eta} \tau \eta \rho$ ) without a mother, orphan.

λίπό-ναυς Dor. also λίπό-νας, δ, ή, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λίπο-ναύτης, ου, ό, (λιπείν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

 $\lambda \ln 6 - \nu \in \omega s$ ,  $\omega \nu$ ,  $= \lambda \ln 6 \nu \alpha \nu s$ .

λίπό-πάτρις, ιδος, ό, ή, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

 $\lambda \bar{V}$ πο-πάτωρ, opos,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda \iota \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ,  $\pi \alpha \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λίπό-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, (λιπε $\hat{\iota}$ ν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

**ΛΙΤΙΌΣ**, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow; or vegetable, as oil: metaph, λίπος αΐματος a clot of blood.

λίπο-σαρκής, ές, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λίπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπείν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λίπο-στράτία, ή, and λίπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατιά) desertion of the army.

λίπο-ταξία, ή, and λίπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λίπο-τρίχής, ές, (λιπεῖν, θρίξ) scant of bair, bald. λίπο-ψῦχέω, f. ἡσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. c. senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. II. to lack spirit

λιπόων, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

λίπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι: (formed from prefix λι-):—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part, λελιμμένοι μάχηs eager for battle.

λιπών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λîs, δ, acc. λîν, Ep. for λέων, a lion:—later nom. and dat. plur. λîεs, λίεσσι.

 $\lambda$ is, ή, Ep. apocopate form for  $\lambda \iota \sigma \sigma \eta$ , smooth;  $\lambda$ is πέτρη a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [1]

λίση, 2 sing fut of λίσσομαι. [τ]

λίσπος, η, ον, (λισσός, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat of λίσσομαι.

λισσάς, άδος, pecul. fem of λισσός, smooth —as Subst, λισσάς, ή, a smooth bare cliff; cf. λισσός.

λισσέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι. ΛΙΈΣΟΜΑΙ: aor. 1 ἐλἴσάμην Ερ. ἐλλῖσάμην: aor. 2 ἐλἴτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep · —to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c inf, λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λισσός, ή, όν, (λείος, λίσπος) smootb; λισσή πέτρη

a smooth, bare cliff; cf λισσάs. λιστόs, ή, όν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λιστρεύω, f. σω, to dig, boe; φυτὸν λιστρεύειν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , (λισσόs) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, boe.

λῖτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes; v sub λίs 11. λἴταίνω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.

λιτανεύσομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, aor. I subj. of λιτανείω. λίτανείω, f. σω:—the augm. tenses are used in Ep with λλ metri grat., impf. ϵλλιτάνευον, aor. I ϵλλιτάνευοα: (λιτή):—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λίτανος, η, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as Subst., λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.

λίταργίζω, f. σω, to basten, run, burry. From λίτ-αργος, ον, (λι-, άργός) running quick.

λίτέσθαι, 20r. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

λίτη, ή, (λίσσομαι) a prayer, entreaty, supplica- learned, esp. learned in history: as Subst., λόγιοε, δ. tion. II. Λιταί, Prayers, personified as goddesses, in Il. q. 502, sq.

λίτοίμην, 20r. 2 opt. of λίσσομαι.

λίτομαι [τ], rarer pres. for λίσσομαι, to pray. λιτός, ή, όν, (λείος) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex.

**λιτός**, ή, όν, (λίσσομαι) praying, supplicatory. λίτρα, as, ή, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12

ounces. Hence **λιτραῖος**, α, ον, worth a λίτρα.

λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτύέρσης, ου, δ, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Λίνοs, Μαν έρωs.

λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

λιχανός, όν, (λείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχανος (sub. δάκτυλοs), δ, the fore-finger.

λιχήν, ηνος, δ, v. sub λειχήν.

 $\lambda$ ιχμάζω, f. άσω, ( $\lambda$ είχω) to lick.

λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

λιχνεία, ή, daintiness, greediness.

λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty. **λίχνος**, η, ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerisb, greedy. metaph. curious, eager.

λίψ, δ, gen. λἴβό, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus. **λίψ, δ, gen. λϊβόs, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) any liquid** poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

 $\lambda 6$ , for  $\lambda 6 \epsilon$ ; see  $\lambda 6 \omega \omega$ .

λοβόs, οῦ, ὁ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the ear :- the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

λογάδην, Adv. (λογάs) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [a] λογάs, άδοs, δ and ή, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

λογάω, (λόγοε, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

λογεῖον, τό, (λόγος) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

**λογία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, a little fable. [τ]

λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι: aor. 1 med. έλογισάμην, pass. έλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγοs):—to count, reckon, calculate, compute; άπὸ χειρόε λογίζεσθαι to calculate off hand. take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon upon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conclude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, to be computed or calculated

λογίκός, ή, όν, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speak-II. belonging to the reason, rational. fit for reasoning: hence ή λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

**λόγιμος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (λόγοε) worth mention, remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λόγιος. λόγιος, a, ov. (λόγος) skilled in words:

a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp. to ποιητή8. II. eloquent.

λογισμός, δ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computa-II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a conclusion.

λογιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator, computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

λογιστικός, ή, όν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculat-II. skilled in reasoning of arguing.

λογογραφία, ή, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From λογο-γράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: as Subst., λογογράφος, δ, a cbronicler, annalist. writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

λογο-λέσχης, ου,  $\delta$ , (λόγος, λέσχη) a prater.

λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) to strive about words.

λογομάχία, ή, a war about words.

λογο-μάχος, ον, (λύγος, μάχη) warring about words. λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

λογοποιία, ή, invention of stories, tale-telling.

λογο-ποιός, όν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making:—as Subst., λογοποιόs, ό, a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deli-2 an inventor of stories, tale-teller, newsver. monger.

 $\lambda \dot{\delta \gamma} os, \dot{\delta}, (\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$ I. the word by which the inward thought is expressed: also II. the inward thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or I. a word, in pl. words, language; ws spoken: είπεῖν λύγφ in a word:—in Att., talk, pretence, τῶ λόγφ in pretence, opp. to έργφ in reality. saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. conversation, discussion; είε λόγους έλθειν to have a conference of interview. 4. a speaking or talking about a thing; λόγου άξιος worth talking of, worth mention: — a report, rumour; λόγος έστί or έχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable ( $\mu \hat{\nu} \theta o s$ ) and to regular history (ἰστορία): a. fictitious story, fable, b. a story, narrative, such as those of Aesop. mostly in pl., bistory, chronicles: in sing. one part of the narrative. λόγοι, prose-writing, prose, b. at Athens, speeches : a opp. to ποίησιε, a book. speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copia dicendi, λόγον τινὶ διδόναι to give one the right of speaking, i. e. a hearing. 8. like δημα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the horos.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; κατά λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον ξαυτώ διδόναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think I. over a thing. 2. account, consideration, esteem.

regard; λόγου ποιείσθαί τινα to make one of account: λόγον τινθε έχειν to make account of a person; opp. to έν οὐδενὶ λόγφ ποιεῖσθαί τινα to make one of no account; έν ἀνδρὸς λόγος έχειν to regard in the light of a man. 3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον διδύναι to give an ac-4. relation, proportion, analogy. reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖε λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος alpeî it stands to reason that. Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., 'O AO'TOZ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason. ΛΟΤΧΗ, ή, a spear-bead, javelin-bead, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a

troop of spearmen.

λογχ-ήρης, εs, (λόγχη, dpapείν) armed with a spear λογχίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

**λόγχῖμος**, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear

**λογχο-ποιός,**  $\delta \nu$ , ( $\lambda \delta \gamma \chi \eta$ , ποιέω) making spears. λογχο-φόρος, ον, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:as Subst., λογχοφόρος, δ, a spearman, pikeman.

λογχωτός, ή, όν, (λύγχη) lance-beaded.

λόγωs, Dor. acc pl. of λόγοs.

λόε, 3 sing Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ερ. for λούσας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω

**λοέσσομαι**, Ep. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω. λοετρόν, λοετρο-χόος, oldest form of λουτρ -. λοέω, Ep. form of λούω.

λοιβή, ή, (λείβω) a pouring · a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

λοίγιος, ιον, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΓΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, rum, mischief, death · plague.

λοιδορέω, f ήσω: 20r. I έλοιδόρησα: — Med. and Pass., f. -ήσομαι: aor. I έλοιδορησάμην and έλοιδορήθην: (λοίδορος) :- to rail at, abuse, revile : against the gods, to blaspheme: -Med. to rail at one another; but the med, and pass, forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

λοιδορησμός, οῦ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing.

λοιδορία, ή, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach. λοίδορος, ov, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΜΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis. λοιπός, ή, όν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, benceforward; of hoinof all the rest. Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπόν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τά λοιπά the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήϊος, ον, Ερ. for λοίσθιος, λοίσθος; λοισθήϊον  $\tilde{a}\epsilon\theta\lambda o\nu$  the prize for the last in the race.

**λοίσθιος**, a,  $o\nu$  or os,  $o\nu$ , = λοίσθοs.

λοίσθος, ον, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λοισθότατος, last of all.

λόκκη (not λόκη),  $\dot{\eta}$ , a cloak.

Acrois, loos, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst. (sub. γη) Locris. From

Λοκροί, oi, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians \ λοφείον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

opp. Euboea; the Epicnemidian, on the Maliac Gulf: the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

Λοξίας, ου, δ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

λοξο-βάτης, ου, δ, (λοξός, βαίνω) walking sideways. ΛΟΞΟ Σ, ή, όν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus: λοξον or λοξά βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipo.

λοξο-τρόχις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) obliquerunning

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

λοπάδ-αρπάγίδης, ου, ό, (λοπάς, άρπάζω) a disb-

λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little dish, platter. [ă]

 $\Lambda O\Pi A'\Sigma$ ,  $\alpha \delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\alpha$  flat disb, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \lambda \epsilon \pi i s$ 

λοπός, οῦ, οτ λόπος, ου, ὁ, (λέπω) α shell, busk, bark, peel.

λουέω, Ερ. for λούω

λούμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 1 med. of λούω.

λοῦσεν, Ep 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

λοθσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσῶ, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτιάω, Desiderat of λούω, to wish to bathe.

λούτριον, τό, (λούω) water that bas been used in a bath.

λουτρο-δάϊκτος, ον, (λουτρύν, δαίζω) slain in the batb.

λουτρόν Ερ. λοετρόν, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing. III. libations.

λουτρο-φόρος, ον, (λουτρύν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; hourpoφόρος χλιδή the marriage ceremony.

λουτροχοέω, to pour water into the bath. From λουτρο-χόος, ον, Hom. λοετρ-, (λουτρόν, λοετρόν,  $\chi \acute{\epsilon} \omega$ ) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτρών, ῶνως, δ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath. ΛΟΥ'Ω, fut. λούσω Dor. λουσῶ: aor. I έλουσα Ερ. λοῦσα:--Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I έλουσάμην, Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:-Pass, aor. 1 ἐλούσθην:--pf. λέλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form λοέω come the Ep. impf. λόεον, aor. I inf. and part. λοέσσαι, λοέσσαs: Med., fut. λοέσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 1 ind. and part, λοέσσατο, λοεσσάμενοs - Several forms also come from λόω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λόε, λόον; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλοῦμεν (contr. from ἐλόομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. έλούτο, έλοῦντο, inf. λόεσθαι, λοῦσθαι. To wash, esp. to wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen, λελουμένος 'Ωκεανοίο (of a star just risen) fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

λοφάω, f. ήσω, (λόφος) to bave a crest. sick, ill of a crest.

λοφτά Ion. -νή, ή, (λόφος) the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφιή κατέχρα the mane served for a crest.

II. the ridge of a bill, a bill.

λοφιήτης, ου, δ, (λόφος) a dweller on the hills. λοφνίς, ίδος, ή, (λέπω) a torch of vine-bark.

λοφο-ποιόs, όν, (λόφοs, ποιέω) making crests: as

Subst., λοφοποιός, δ, a crest-maker.

ΛΟ'ΦΟΣ, ου, δ, the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph, ὑπὸ ζυγῷ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke. II. a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill. III. the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair.

2. a tuft of bair on the

crown: the crest or tuft on the head of hirds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.

λόφωσις, ή, (λόφος) the wearing a crest: the crest itself.

λοχ-ἄγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτηs, = λοχαγόs, q v.

λοχᾶγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγόs) to lead a λόχοs or company. Hence

λοχάγια, ή, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, the rank or office of λοχαγόs.

λοχ-άγός, ού, δ, (λόχος, άγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.

 $\lambda o \chi \dot{\alpha} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ , =  $\lambda o \chi \dot{\alpha} \omega$ .

λοχάω, f. -hσω and -hσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Fp. pres. λοχόωσι, part. pl. λοχόωσιτεs: (λόχοs):— to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc pers. II. absol. to lie in wait or ambush. III. c. acc. loci, to beset with an ambush.

λοχεία, ή, (λοχεύω) child-birth. II. a child. λοχείος, α, ον, (λόχος) of or for child-birth. II τὰ λοχεία (sub. χωρία), a birth-place.

 $\lambda \circ \chi \in \delta s$ ,  $\circ \hat{v}$ ,  $\delta = \lambda \circ \chi \circ s$ , an ambush.

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) that which is born, a child. II. child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος 11) to bring forth, bear. 2. to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth. II. Pass. to travail, bear children. 2. to be brought forth, born. 3. generally, to lie imbedded.

λοχηγέτης, –ηγέω, –ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ–. λοχήσαι, aor.  $\mathbf{1}$  inf. of  $\lambda o \chi d \omega$ .

Aoxla, ή, fem. of λόχιος, name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

λοχίζω, f. (σω, (λόχος) to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for. 2. to place in ambush. II. to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.

λόχιος, a,  $o\nu$ , =  $\lambda o \chi \epsilon \hat{i} o s$ , of or for child-birth. λοχίτης [i],  $o\nu$ ,  $\delta$ , fcm. – îτις,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $(\lambda \delta \chi o s)$  one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade. λοχμαίος, a,  $o\nu$ , baunting the woods. From λόνιης  $\delta$ ,  $(\lambda \delta \chi o s)$  a, thicket lair of wild beauty.

λόχμη, ή, (λόχοs) a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, copse-wood, a coppice. Hence

**λόχμιοs**, ον, also a, ον, dwelling in the coppice. as Subst., λόχμια, τά, a thicket, coppice.

λοχμ-ώδης, εs, (λόχμη, εlδos) overgrown with copsewood, bushy.

λόχονδε, Adv. to ambush, for ambuscade. From λόχος, δ, (λέγω 1, λέγομαι) a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambuscade: the lar of wild beasts. 2the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον είσαι to place an ambuscade; λόχονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστῆας to pick out the best men for an ambuscade. 3. any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μόρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people. II. a lying in: child-birth, like λοχεία.

λοχόωντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of  $\lambda o \chi$ άω.

λόω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

λύα, ή, (λύω) dissolution: faction, riot, sedition. Λύαίος, ὁ, (λύω) the looser or deliverer from care, epith of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.

 $\lambda$ ύγδην, Adv. ( $\lambda$ ύζω) with sobs.

λυγδίνεος, α, ον, and λύγδινος, η, ον, of white marble. 2. white as marble, dazzling white. From ΛΥΓΔΟΣ, δ, a dazzling white stone, white marble.

ΛΥΤΗ, ή, shadow, darkness, gloom. [v]

λυγίζω, f. ίσω Dor. λυγιξῶ: Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυγίχθην: pf λελύγισμαι: (λύγοs):—to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling.

II. Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.

2. to be thrown or mastered.

λύγινος, η, ον, (λύγος) of willow or withy, Lat. viētus.

λυγιξείν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λύγισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.

λύγκειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (λύγξ, δ) lynx-like.

**ΛΥ΄ΓΞ**, λυγκόs, δ, a lynx.

 $\lambda \dot{\nu} \gamma \xi$ ,  $\lambda \nu \gamma \gamma \dot{\rho} s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\nu} \dot{\zeta} \omega)$  a biccough or biccup.

ATTOX, h, any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen.

II. a willow-like tree, a withy, Lat. vitex agnus castus. [v]

λύγο-τευχής, ές, (λύγος, τεύχω) made of withs. λύγόω, f. ώσω, = λυγίζω.

ATTPOΣ, ά, όν, mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; είματα λυγρά sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, bane, misery, ruin.

II. of men, baneful, mischievous.
2. sorry, weak, cowardly. Hence

λυγρωs, Adv. sadly, sorely.

Λυδία, ή, Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.

Αυδίζω, f. ίσω, (Λυδόs) to imitate the Lydians.

Audios, a, ον, (Λυδόs) Lydian; ή Λυδία λίθοs, a stone used to test gold, like βάσανοs.

Λυδιστί, Adv. (Λυδόε) in the Lydian tongue of fashion.

Lydian.

Λυδός, οῦ, ὁ, a Lydian.

 $\Lambda \Upsilon' Z \Omega$ , f.  $\xi \omega$ , to have the hiccough or hiccup. to sob. Lat. singultire: to whine, whimper.

λύθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω. λυθέν, aor. I part neut. pass

λυθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον,  $\tau \delta$ , or λύθρος,  $\delta$ , filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood. (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθρώδης, εs, (λύθρον, είδος) like gore, defiled with

λυκά-βas, avτos, ό, (\*λύκη, βαίνω) the path of light, the sun's course, the year. II. as Adj. making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ώραι.

**λύκαινα**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λύκο**s**) a she-wolf. [ $\ddot{v}$ ]

Λύκαῖον, τό, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

**Л**йкаîos, a, ov, Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter. as Subst , Λυκαῖος, δ, or Λυκαῖον, 2. Λύκαια (sub. lepá), running another. τό, a mountain in Arcadia. τά, the festival of Lycaean Jupiter:—also the Roman Lupercalia.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. in the Lycaonian language. λύκ-αυγής, ές, (\*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twi-

light: as Subst., λυκαυγές, τύ, early dawn.

Αυκάων, ovos, δ, a Lycaonian, inbabitant of Lycaonia, in the South of Asia Minor.

λυκέη, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορά), ή, a wolf's-skin: a belmet of it, cf. κυνέη.

**Λύκειον**, τό, the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λύκειος.

λύκειος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, I. from λύκοs, wolf-slaying, like **λυκοκτόνο**; 2. from Aukia, the Lycian god, like Λυκηγενής; οι, 3. from \*λυκή (light), the god of day.

λύκη, ή, Att. contr. for λυκέη.

\*ΛΥ'KH, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκάβαs, λυκόφωs, λευκόs, Lat. luceo, lux, etc.

Αϋκη-γενής, έs, (Λυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, poor, sorry. Lycian-born.

λύκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) wolf-like.

Λυκία, ή, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor:- Λυκίηθεν, Adv. from Lycia: Λυκίηνδε, Adv. to Lycia.  $\Lambda$ ὔκιο-εργής contr. –ουργής, ές, (Λυκία, ἔργον) of Lycian workmanship.

λύκο-εργής, έs, (λύκος, έργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.

λύκο-θαρσής, ές, (λύκος, θάρσος) bold as a wolf. λύκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.

λύκορ-ραίστης, ου, δ, (λύκος, βαίω) a wolf-worrier. **ΛΥ'ΚΟΣ,** δ, a wolf:—proverb., λύκον ίδειν to see a wolf, i.e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Virgil, Moerim lupi videre priores. II. in pl. spikes on the

Αῦδο-παθής, ές, (Λυδός, παθείν) luxurious as a bits of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. lupi, lupata, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

> λύκό-φως, ωτος, δ, (λύκη, φως) twilight, both of II. morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. diluculum.

> λυκόω, f. ώσω, (λύκοs) to tear like a wolf:—Pass. to II. be torn by wolves.

λύμα, ματος, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, offscourings. moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man. (From λούω, Lat. luo.)

λυμαίνομαι, f. λυμανούμαι: aor. I έλυμηνάμην: also aor. I pass έλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage: - to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy: also, to persecute. II. the pres. λυμαίνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass, sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence

λυμαντήρ, ήροs, δ, a spoiler, destroyer: and λύμαντήριος, a, ov, injurious, destructive: c. gen.,

**λ** $\bar{\mathbf{v}}$ μαντής,  $o\hat{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\lambda \mathbf{v}$ μαντήρ. **λ**ύμασις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \mu \eta$ .  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

**λ**υμεών, ωνο**s**, δ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

 $\Lambda\Upsilon'MH[\bar{v}], \dot{\eta}$ , outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace: generally, maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction; ἐπὶ λύμη for the sake of insult.

**λύμην**, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λύμηνάμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι

**λύντο**, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λυπέω, f. ήσω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy: of light troops, to barass, annoy:—Pass, with f. med. λυπήσομαι, to be sad, to be grieved

 $\Lambda \Upsilon'\Pi H [\bar{v}], \dot{\eta}, pain, either of body or mind, Lat.$ dolor: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

**λύ**πημα, ατο**s**, τό, (λῦπέω) pain, distress.

 $\lambda \bar{\nu} \pi \hat{\eta} \nu$ , Dor. inf. of  $\lambda \nu \pi \epsilon \omega$ .

λυπηρός, ά, όν, (λυπέω) painful, Lat. molestus.

λυπητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, one must feel pain. λυπρός, ά, όν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) wretched, distressed, II. painful, distressing.

ΛΥ'PA [v], ή, Lat. lyra, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμιγξ. λύρ-αοιδός, ὁ, (λύρα, ἀοιδός) one who sings to the

lyre. λυρίζω, f. ίσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

λυρικός, ή, όν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre: as Subst., λυρικός, δ. a lyric poet.

λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

λύρο-γηθής, ές, (λύρα, γηθέω) delighting in the lyre. λύρο-θελγής, ές, (λίρα, θέλγω) charmed by the lyre. λύρο-κτύπία, ή, (λύρα, κτυπέω) a sounding the lyre. λύρο-ποιός, όν, (λύρα, ποιέω) making lyres.

λυρ-ώδης, εε, (λύρα, είδοε) adapted to the lyre,

λυρφδός, δ, contr. for λυρασιδός.

λυσ-avias, ou, o, (λύω, avia) ending sadness. **λύσειαν**, 3 pl. 20r. 1 opt. of λύω.

λυσί-γάμος, ον, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage. λυσί-ζωνος, ον, οτ η, ον, (λύω, ζώνη) loosing the zone: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail.

λυσί-κάκος, ον, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.

 $\lambda \bar{v}$ σί- $\mu \bar{\alpha} \chi \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $\sigma \eta$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{v} \omega, \mu \dot{\alpha} \chi \eta)$  ending strife.

λυσι-μελής, ές, (λύω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.

λῦσι-μέριμνος, ον, (λύω, μέριμνα) driving care away. λύστμος, ον, (λύσις) able to loose or relieve.

λυσί-ποθος, ον, (λύω, πόθος) delivering from love.

λυσί-πονος, ον, (λύω, πύνος) freeing from toil. λύσις  $[\breve{v}]$ , gen. εως Ion. ιος,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (λύω): a loosing, set-

ting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσις χρειῶν liquidation of debt. 2.

means or power of releasing or loosing.

λυσι-τελής, ές, (λύω, τέλος) paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. Comp.

-έστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

λυσιτελούντως, Adv. pres. part. of λυσιτελέω, usefully, profitably.

λῦσι-Φλεβής, ές, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins. λῦσί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the mind.

ΛΥΣΣΑ Att. λύττο, ή, rage, fury, esp. in war, martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence λυσσαίνω, to be raging-mad, to rave.

λυσσάς, άδος, ή, (λύσσα) raging-mad, raving. λυσσάω Att. λυττάω, (λύσσα) to be raging, furious, esp. in battle. 2. to be raging-mad, to rave.

λύσσημα, τό, (λυσσάω) a fit of madness: m pl. ravings.

λυσσην, Dor. inf of λυσσάω.

λυσσητήρ, ήρος, and λυσσητής, οῦ, ὁ, (λυσσάω) one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman.

λυσσο-μάνής, es, (λύσσα, μανηναι) raging-mad. λυσσ-ώδης, es, (λύσσα, elδos) like madness: ragingmad, raving.

λυτέον, verb. Adj. of λύω, one must loose.

λυτήρ, ηρος, δ, (λύω) one who looses, a deliverer, releaser.

II. an arbitrator, settler.

λυτήριοs, a, ov, or os, ov, (λύω) loosing, releasing: c. gen. delivering or setting free from.

λύτο [v], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. 2 or. 2 pass. of  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \omega$ ; but λθτο, contr. for  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \epsilon \tau \sigma$ , Ep. impf. pass. of  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \omega$ .

λύτρον, τό, (λύω) the price paid:
1. a ransom, price of redemption, mostly in pl.
2. an atonement.

λυτρόω, f. ώσω, (λύτρον) release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom.

2. Med. to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem.

3. Pass. to be ransomed.

λύτρωσις, εωε, ή, (λυτρύω) a ransoming. Redemption.

λυτρωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (λυτρόω) a ransomer, redeemer.

λύττα, λυττάω, Att. for λύσσα, λυσσάω.

λύχνα, τά, irreg. pl. of λύχνος.

λυχνείον or λυχνίον, τό,  $(\lambda \dot{\nu} \chi \nu o s) = \lambda \nu \chi \nu i \alpha$ .

λυχνεών, ῶνος, ὁ, (λύχνος) a place to keep lamps in. λυχνία, ἡ, (λύχνος) a lamp-stand.

λυχνίδιον, τό, Dim. of λύχνος, a small lamp.

λυχνο-καΐα, ή, (λύχνος, καίω) a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns

λυχνο-ποιός, όν, (λύχνος, ποιέω) making lamps or lanterns.

λυχνό-πολις, ή, (λύχνος, πόλις) city af lamps.

λυχνο-πώλης, ου, ό, (λύχνος, πωλέω) a dealer in lamps or lanterns

ΛΥ̃ΧΝΟΣ, ό, pl λύχνοι and λύχνα, α light, lamp; περλλύχνων ἀφάs about the time for lamp-lighting, i. e. at dusk.

λυχνοφορέω, f ήσω, (λυχνοφόρος) to carry a lantern: Lacon part. λυχνοφορίοντες.

 $\lambda$ υχνο-φόρος, ον. ( $\lambda$ ύχνος, φέρω) carrying a lamp.  $\Lambda \Upsilon' \Omega$ , fut,  $\lambda \dot{v} \sigma \omega \ [\bar{v}]$ , aor. I ἔλ $\bar{v} \sigma \alpha$ : pf.  $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \ddot{v} \kappa \alpha$ :— Pass, fut. λυθήσομαι and paullo-post fut λελύσομαι [v̄]: aor. I ἐλύθην [vັ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. λύμην [vັ], 3 sing. λύτο, 3 pl. λύντο: pf. λέλυμαι, plqpf. ἐλελύμην [v], 3 sing. Ep. opt. λελῦτο, for λελύοιτο.—Το loose: to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; λύειν ὄφρῦν to unbend the brow; λ. στόμα to open the mouth; etc.:— Med. to loosen or undo for oneself. 2. of horses. 3. generally, to loose, reto unyoke, unbarness. lease, set free. 4. to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom, release: -- Med. to release by payment, ransom, redeem. II. to loosen, weaken, relax; λύειν γυῖα, γούνατα to loose the limbs, knees, i. e. unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to III. to dissolve, break up. slay, kill. break down, lay low, demolisb. 3 generally, to undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; λύειν σπονδά to break a treaty. 4. to dismiss, assuage, calm. undo, atone, make up for, Lat. luere, rependere; so IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθούs λύειν λύειν άμαρτία**ς**. to pay rates or taxes: hence, 2.  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \epsilon i \nu \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \eta = \lambda \nu$ σιτελείν, to profit, avail; οὐ λύει τέλη it boots not; also λύειν, absol. without τέλη, to profit.

λῶ, contr. from λάω, I will, wish or desire, a Doric defect. Verb only used in sing. λῶ, λῆε, λῆ, 3 pl. λῶντι; subj λῆε, λῆ; opt. λϕη; inf. λῆν; also part. dat. τῷ λῶντι.

λωβάομαι Ion. -έομαι: f. -ήσομαι Dor. λωβασοῦμαι: aor. I med. ἐλωβησάμην: (but aor. I ἐλωβήθην and pf. λελώβημαι in pass. sense): Dep.: (λώβη):—to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mutilate: to disbonour.
2. absol. to act outrageously or despitefully.

II. pf. part. λελωβημένοs, in pass. sense, mutilated.

λωβεύω, t.  $\sigma\omega$ , (λώβη) to mock, make a mock of. AΩ'BH, ή, ill-usage by word or deed, despiteful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium λωβηθήναι, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.

λωβήτειρα, fem. of  $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \eta \rho$ .

λωβητήρ, ήρος, δ, (λωβάομαι) one who treats despitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: muti-II. pass. a worthless wretch. lator, murderer.

 $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ ;  $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} s$   $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta s$  a dis-

grace to his trade.

λωβητός, ή, όν, (λωβάομαι) ill-treated, outraged, II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful. disbonoured.  $\lambda \omega \beta \dot{\eta} \tau \omega \rho$ , opos,  $\dot{\delta}_{1} = \lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

λώια, λωίτερος, ν. λωίων.

λωίων, ονος, δ, ή, λώιον, τό: Att. contr. λώων, λφον: neut. pl. λωίονα, syncop. λώια: (λω to wisb): -more desirable; better :- Sup. λώιστος, η, ον, contr. λώστος — There is also a second Comp. λωίτερος, ον.  $\Lambda\Omega$ MA, atos, to, the hem or border of a robe. Hence

λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.

λώντι, 3 pl of Dor verb λώ, to wisb.

λώπη, ή, (λέπω, λοπός) a covering, mantle. a skin, busk, shell.

**λωπίζω, f**  $i\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\omega}\pi \eta)$  to cover, wrap up.

λωποδύτέω, f. ήσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From

λωπο-δύτης  $[\breve{v}]$ , ov,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\lambda \hat{\omega} \pi os, \delta \dot{v} \omega)$  one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.

 $\lambda \hat{\omega} \pi o s$ ,  $\dot{v}_{i} = \lambda \hat{\omega} \pi \eta$ .

λωίων, most desirable, best.

λωτεῦντα, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτόεις.

λωτίζω, f. ίσω, (λωτόs) to pluck flowers — Med. λωτίζομαι, to cull flowers for one elf, choose the best. **λώτϊνος**,  $\eta$ , ον, (λωτόs) of lotus.

λώτισμα, τό, (λωτίζω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.

λωτόεις, εσσα, εν, (λωτύς) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτεῦντα, Ion. for λωτόεντα, lotus-plains.

 $\Lambda\Omega TO'\Sigma$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , the lotus, name of several plants: the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed. II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called Lotophagi: the fruit was boney-sweet, μελιηδήs: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτόs is used poët. for a flute.

λωτο-τρόφος, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing lotus. λωτο-φάγος, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, oi, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

λωτρόν, λωτρο-χόος, Dor. for λουτρ-.

λωτώ, Dor. for λωτοῦ, gen. of λωτόε.

λωφάω Ion. -έω, f. ήσω, (λόφος) to rest from toil. take rest: c. gen. to bave rest, abate from. abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφήσειε, 3 sing aor 1 opt. of λωφάω.

λώφησιε, ή, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, ces-

λώων, neut. λώον, Att. contr. for λωίων, λώιον.

## M

M, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\mu' = 40$ , but  $\mu = 40,000$ .

Changes of  $\mu$ , esp. in the dialects: I. Acol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Aeol. µ doubled, e. g. ἄμμες ὕμμες, for ἡμεις ὑμεις. III. μ becomes ν, as, μίν Dor. νίν; μή, Lat. ne. is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ία μία, όσχος μύσχος, όχλεύς μοχλεύς, "Aρηs Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as πίμπλημι πίπλημι, πίμπρημι πίπρημι, ἄμβροτο**s ἄβρ**ο-V. µ sometimes has το**s,** ὄμβριμο**s** ὄβριμο**s**, etc. a or o prefixed, as, μέλγω άμέλγω, μέργω άμέργω, μόργνυμι δμόργνυμι. VI.  $\sigma$  is added or left out before μ, as, σμάρα γδος μάρα γδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρός, σμυγερός μογερός.

 $\mu$ , apostr. for  $\mu\epsilon$ . II. very rarely for  $\mu o \iota$ .

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and λώστος, η, ον, Att. contr. from λώιστος, Sup. of oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the con-I. in affirmation; ναί μὰ τόδε σκηπτρον yea by this sceptre. in negation; οὐ μὰ γὰρ ᾿Απόλ- $\lambda \omega \nu \alpha$  nay by Apollo. III. Att. μά is used absol., μὰ Δία by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, vai μα τόν, οὐ μα τόν (sub. Δία). V μά is sometimes omitted after où; as, où τὸν Δία, où τὸν θεόν, no by love, etc.

> μα, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μα γα for μητερ γη: cf. βα, δω, λι.

> μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [ă] From μάγαδις, ή, gen. ιδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μάγαδιν .—the magadis, a barp with twenty strings.

> μαγγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

> μαγγάνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεύω, f. σω, (μάγγανον) to cheat by sleight of band: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.

> MATΓA NON, τό, any means for tricking of bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. = γάγγαμον, a bunting-net.

μάγεία, ή, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi. magic, art.

μαγειρείον, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-sbop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μ**ἄγειρικόs, ή**, όν, (μάγειροs) fit for a cook or cookery:  $\dot{\eta}$  μαγειρική (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence

μαγειρικώs, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically.
μάγειροs, ό, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω,

μάγειροs,  $\delta$ , a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μἄγεύω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγεύω, f. σω, (Μάγοs) to be a Magus or a magician; μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations.

trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

**Μάγνης**, ητος, δ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγνήτις.

II. λίθος Μαγνήτις, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος ήμρακλεία.

MATOΣ, ov, δ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [α]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φύνος) the slaughter of

the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μάδαρός, ά, όν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ήσω, (μαδόs) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald. μάδδα, Dor. for μάζα.

\*MAΔO'Σ, ή, όν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρόs. μάξα, ή, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to άρτοs, wbeaten bread; μάζαν μεμάχώs having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαζίσκη, ή, Dim. of μαζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, δ, (μᾶζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. mazonomus.

MĂZO Σ, οῦ, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέρνον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστός differs from μαζός only in dialect. μάθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μανθάνω.

μάθεθμαι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μανθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μάθεῦν) that which is learnt, a lesson.
2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήματα mathematics. Hence

μάθημάτικόs, ή, όν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ή μαθηματική (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικόs a mathematician.

μάθησις, ή, (μἄθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information.
2. desire of power of learning.

μ**αθήσομαι**, fut. of μανθάνω.

μάθητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μανθάνω, to be learnt.

II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.
μάθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar.

II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct.

From

μάθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. dis-

cipulus : a disciple.

μάθητιάω, Desiderat. of μανθάνω, to wish to become a disciple.

II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μάθητός, ή, όν, (μαθείν) learnt, that may be learnt.
μάθητρια, ή, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.
μάθοιση. Dor fem of μαθήνη 201. 2 part of μανθάνοι

μάθοῖσι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, 201. 2 part. of μανθάνω. μάθον [ά], Ep. 201. 2 of μανθάνω.

μάθος [α], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μαθών, 201. 2 part. of μανθάνω.

MAΓA, η, good mother, dame. II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Maîa, ἡ, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Maiás, άδος, ἡ.

Malaνδρos, δ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαιεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαΐα 111) to serve as a midwife: trans. to batch.

Μαιμακτηριών, ῶνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμάκτης held in it.

**Μαιμάκτης**, ov,  $\delta$ , (μαιμάσσω) epith. of Jupiter, *the* bossterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαιμάσσω, = μαιμάω, to burst forth.

μαιμάω, Ep. 3 pl. μαιμώωσι, part. μαιμώων, -ώωσα: f. ώσω: Ep. aor. I μαίμησα: (redupl. of μάω, as παιφάσσω from φάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαινάς, άδος, ή, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

MAI'NH, ή, maena, a small sea-fish, like our her-

μαινίς, ίδος [τ], ή, Dim. of μαίνη, a strat.

μαινόλης, ου, ό, fem. μαινόλις, ιδος, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

 $\mu$ αινόλιος, α, ον, =  $\mu$ αινόλης.

μαίνομαι, fut. μὰνήσομαι and μὰνοῦμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμηνα, also (in pass. form) μεμάνημαι: aor. I med. ἐμηνάμην, aor. 2 pass ἐμάνην, part. μάνείς, inf. μὰνῆναι: (\*μάω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαινόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot —μαίνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἡ μαίνομαι more than madness, i. e. utter distraction.

Causal in aor. I act. ἔμηνα, to make mad, madden.

MAI'OMAI, fut. μάσομαι [ἄ], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαιδομαι, f. =ώσομαι, Dep. = μαιεύομαι.

Mαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i.e. the dog-star.

Mαιωτιστί, Adv. in Maeotic (i.e. Scythian) fashion.

MA'KA™ [μᾱ], ἀροε, ὁ: fem. μάκαρ οτ μάκαιρα:—

blessed, bappy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal

men: absol. μάκαρεε, the blessed ones, i.e. the

gods.

II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:

but also, prosperous, wealthy. III. the dead were esp. called μάπαρεs, the blessed, as being beyond the reach of pain:—μαπάρων νήσοι the islands of the blest, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., μαπάρτεροs, -τατοs. μαπάρεστι, Ep. dat. pl. of μάπαρ.

μάκαρία, ή, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss. II. the abode of the blessed.

μακαρίζω, fut. ίσω Att.  $ι\hat{\omega}$ , (μάκαρ) to call or esteem bapty: to bless.

μακάριος, α, ον, οτ ος, ον, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, bappy, fortunate:—in Att. one of the upper

classes:—Comp. and Sup. μακαριώτερος, -τατος.
μακαρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or

esteeming happy, a blessing.
μακαριστός, ή, όν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced

bappy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. -τωs.
μάκαρίτης [1], ου, ό, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of

bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μάκαρῖτις, ιδος. μάκαρτός, ή, όν, = μακαριστός.

μακεδνός, ή, όν, (μηκος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Μακεδόνιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, and -ονικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{ον}$ , Macedonian.

Μάκεδών, όνος, δ, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet, also μακέλη, ή, (μία, κέλλω, as δίκελλα from δίς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point. μάκελλον, τό, Lat. măcellum, a slaughter-house, shambles, market.

μᾶκεστήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, (μᾶκοs) used as Adj., μῦθοs μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μάκηδών, όνος, ό, poet for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μῆκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακκοάω, f. άσω, [a], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακκοακώς, dreaming, mooning.

μᾶκος, τό, Dor. for μῆκος, length: acc. μᾶκος as Adv. = μακράν, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ή, the long line which the δικαστήs drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line ( $\beta \rho \alpha \chi \epsilon i \alpha$ ), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αίων, ονος, δ, ή, (μακρός, αιών) lasting long: of persons, long-lived; of μακραίωνες the immortals. μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; μακράν είπεῖν to speak at great length: also long, μακράν ξῆν to live long.

μακρ-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (μακρός, αύχήν) long-

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (μακρόε, άγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ή, long-windedness, prolixity, prosing.

μακρ-ημερία, ή, (μακρόε, ήμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρό-βίος, ον, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: of Mακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρο-βίοτος, ον, (μακρός, βίοτος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρό-γηρωs, ων, gen. ω, (μακρόs, γήραs) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ον, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running. μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar.

μακροθυμέω, f. ήσω, (μακρόθυμοs) to be long-suffering, patient; μακροθυμεῖν είς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ή, long-suffering.
μακρό-θυμος, ον, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering,
forbearing: patient. Adv. –μως, patiently.

μακρολογέω, f. ήσω, (μακρολόγοs) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ή, a speaking at lengtb. μακρο-λόγος, ον, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at lengtb. μακρό-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ά, όν, (μᾶκος, μηκος) long, whether of Space or Time: I. of Space, long, far-stretching. tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant; μακραί ἐπιβοήθειαι succours from a distance: ἐπὶ μακρόν far, for a long way; ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possıble. 4. dat. μακρώ is often used, like πολύ, by far, much; μακρῷ πρῶτοs by far the first. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring; δια μακροῦ (sc. χρόνου) after a long time; είs μακρόν for a long 2. long, tedious: διά μακρών at great length. III. regul. Comp. μακρότερος; Sup. μακρότατος: Irreg. Comp. μάσσων, μᾶσσον; Sup. μήκιστος Dor. μάκιστος, formed from μηκος, as αίσχιστος IV. the neut. pl. μακρά is used as from  $al\sigma\chi os$ . Adv., μακρά βιβάs taking long strides; μακρά μεμΰκώς loudly bellowing; μακρά προσεύχεσθαι to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., μακρον ἀυτείν to shout aloud.

μάκρος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, =  $\mu$ âκος,  $\mu$  $\hat{\eta}$ κος, lengtb.

μακρο-τένων, ουτος, δ, ή, (μακρός, τείνω) farstretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρό-τονος, ον, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων. μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, δ, ή, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with

long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ου, δ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ον, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring. μάκτρα, ή, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω.

μακών, old poët. aor. 2 part. of μηκάομαι.

μάκων [ā], ωνος, Dor. for μήκων, ωνος.

MA'ΛΑ', Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite:
1. strengthening the word with which it stands; μάλα πολλά very many; μάλ εὖ right well; μάλ αὐτίκα quite directly; μάλα διαμπερές right through; οὐ μάλα by no means, on no account.
2.

strengthening a whole sentence; η μάλα δή.., now in very truth.; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμαώς though desiring never so much. II. Comp. μαλ-Nov, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. po-2. too much, far too much. μᾶλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; βηίτερος μάλλον more easier; εχθίων μάλλον; etc. 4. μᾶλλον # is often followed by ou (where ou seems redundant), as, πόλιν δλην διαφθείρειν μαλλον ή οὐ τοὺs αἰτίουs: in this case μᾶλλον η οὐ is preceded by another 5. παντόε μάλλον more than anything, negat. i. e. by all means. III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; έν τοίε μάλιστα (sc. οὖσι), Lat. imprimis, as much as any; ἐs τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as έχθιστος μάλιστα. numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πεντήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is fortynine: hence about, pretty near, ès μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. vel maxime.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, malobathrum, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μάλακαί-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , πουν,  $\tau \delta$ , gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μάλακία, ή, (μαλακόs) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλακιάω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλακίζω, f. σω, (μαλακόs) to make soft, enervate.

II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: aor. 1 med. ἐμαλακισάμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθην:—to be soft ot tender, weak or effeminate.

2. to be softened or appeased.

μάλακίων, ωνος, δ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κί] μάλακο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη)

gentle of mood.

MA ΛΑΚΟ΄ Σ, ή, όν, Lat. MOLLIS, soft; μαλακός λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μάλακό-χειρ, χειρος, δ, ή, (μαλακύς, χείρ) softbanded, sootbing.

μάλακύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλακώς, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (μαλακόε) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him. II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ή, (μάλακόε) a mallow, Lat. malva. μαλερόε, ά, όν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging,

of fire: metaph. glowing, vebement.

MA'ΛΗ, ή, the arm pit, Lat. ala: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλη» or ὑπὸ μάλην, under the arm.

MA'ΛΘΑ or μάλθη, η, a mixture of was and pitch for calking ships.

2. the was laid over writing-tablets.

**μαλθάκίζ**ω, f. ίσω Att.  $\iota \hat{\omega}$ ,  $= \mu \alpha \lambda \alpha \kappa i \zeta \omega$ , to soften:— Pass, to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθάκινος, η, ον, poet. for μαλθακός.

μαλθακιστίον or -ία, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθάκόs,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta v$ , = μαλακόs (with  $\theta$  inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθακώs, Adv softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθάσσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:— Pass., μαλθαχθήναι ύπνω to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, a, ov, Dor for μήλινος.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλλόs) bair, a lock of bair. [ἄ] Maλίs, ίδος, ή, Dor. for Mηλίs, (μᾶλον, = μῆλον) a nymph who protects the flocks (μῆλα).

μάλιστα, Adv, Sup of μάλα: ν. μάλα III. μάλλα, by crasis for μή άλλά, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μάλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: ν μάλα 11. ΜΑΛΛΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep,

a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of bair.

μαλόβαθρον, ν μαλάβαθρον. μαλον, Dor. for μήλον Β.

μαλο-πάρηος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρηος. μαλός, ή, όν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-.

μάμμα and μάμμη, ή, a child's attempt to call to its mother; like ἄππα, ἀπφά, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother. III later a grandmother.

Μαμμάκτθος, δ, proverb. word for a blockbead. μαμμᾶν αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ή, (μάμμα) a mother.

Maμμονάs or Maμωνάs, οῦ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλοῦτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μήν. **MA'NΔPA**, ή, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. mandra: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. pala, funda.

μανδράγόρας, ου, δ, mandrake, a narcotic plant. μάνείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Maveρωs, δ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Λίνου.

μάνες, Dor. for μηνες, pl. of μην. μάνηναι, aor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

MANΘΑ'ΝΩ, fut. μάθήσομαι Dor. μάθεθμαι: aor. 2 ἔμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἔμμαθες, ἔμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to bave learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with.

II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about.

understand, comprehend, like Lat. teneo; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πάνν μανθάνω, perfectly!

- c. part., μάνθανε ὤν know that you are.

IV.

in Att., τί μαθών; comes to mean wherefore? properly, baying ascertained what? for what fresh reason? almost = τί παθών;

μάνια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) madness, frenzy. II. generally, mad passion, rage, fury. III. enthusiasm. Bacchic frenzy.

μανίώς, άδος, (μαίνομαι) fem. Adj. frantic, mad, frenzied: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., μανιάσιν λυσσήμασι with mad fits of raving, like victricia arma μανίκός, ή, όν, (μανία) inclined to madness, mad; βλέπειν μανικόν to look mad. Hence

μανικώς, Adv. in mad fashion, madly.

μανις, ίδος, Dor. for μηνις

μανίω, Dor. for μηνίω

μάνι-ώδης, εs, (μανία, είδος) mad-like, mad: τὸ μανιῶδες madness.

MANNA, ή, a morsel, grain. 2 manna. MA'NNOΣ or μάνος, δ, Lat. montle, a necklace, collar.

μαννο-φόρος, ον, (μάννος, φέρω) wearing a collar. MANO Σ, ή, όν, Lat. rarus, thin, loose, slack, flaccid. II. of number, few, scanty. See μανῶς. μαντεία Ion. - ηίη, ή, (μαντεύομαι) prophesying, power of divination: also the mode of divination. II. an oracle, prophesy.

μαντείον Ιοπ. -ήνον, τό, (μαντίs) an oracle, i.e., I. an oracular response. II. the seat of an oracle.

μαντείοs, α, ον, οτ οs, ον, Ion. - ήιος, η, ον, (μάντιε) oracular, prophetic.

μάντευμα, ατος, τό, an oracle. From

μαντεύομαι, f. -σομαι: 201. Ι ξμαντευσάμην: pf. μεμάντευμαι: Dep.: (μάντις):—to divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle.

2. to presage, forebode, surmise: of animals, to scent.
3. to seek divinations: to consult an oracle.

II. 201. Ι ξμαντεύθη, impers. in pass sense, an oracle was given: and pf. part. τὰ μεμαντευμένα, the oracles delivered. Hence

μαντευτέον, verb. Adj. one must divine, prophesy. μαντευτός, ή, όν, (μαντεύομαι) foretold or ordained by an oracle.

μαντηίη, -τήιον, -τήιος, Ιοπ. for μαντεία, etc. μάντι, voc. of μάντις.

μαντικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ , of or for a soothsayer or diviner, prophetic: as Subst., μαντική (sub.  $\dot{\tau}$ έχνη),  $\dot{\eta}$ , the art or faculty of divination. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}_{\tau}$ .

μαντίπολέω, f. ήσω, to prophesy. From

μαντι-πόλος, ον, (μάντις, πολέω) inspired, frenzied. μάντις, ό, gen. εως Ion. ιως: (μαίνομαι): a diviner, sootbsayer, seer, prophet: also as fem., a prophetess. 2. metaph. a foreboder. II. a kind of locust or grass-bopper.

μαντοσύνη, ή, the art of divination, divining. [ $\delta$ ] μαντόσϋνος, η, ον, (μάντιε) oracular, prophetic. μαντώος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = μαντεῖος.

μανύω, μανυτής, μανυσις, Dor. for μην-.
μανώς, Adv of μανύς, rarely: comp. μανότερον,
less often.

μάομαι, see μαίομαι.

μάπέειν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of μάρπτω.

μάραγνα,  $\hat{\eta}$ , = σμάραγνα, a lash, whip, scourge. [μά] μάραθον, τό, Dor. and Att. form of μάραθρον.

MAPAΘPON,  $\tau \delta$ , fennel, Lat. marathrum. [μα] Μαραθών, ώνος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Marathon, a plain on the cast coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persans, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (μάραθον).

Μάραθωνο-μάχης, ου, δ, (Μαραθών, μάχομαι) one who fought at Marathon: hence a brave veteran.

MA PAI'NΩ, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐμάρηνα Att. - ἄνα:— Pass, aor. I ἐμᾶράνθην: pf. μεμάραμμαι or μεμάρασμαι:—to put out, quench, extinguish:—Pass. to die away, burn low.

II. metaph. to quench: to weaken, make to waste or pine away:—Pass. to die away, waste away, languish.

μαρὰν ἀθά, Syriac, the Lord cometh, sc. to judgment. μαργαίνω, only in pres., (μάργοs) to rage furiously. μαργαρίτης [i], ου, ὁ, a pearl. Lat. margarita.

μαργάω, only in part., (μάργοε) to rage furiously. Μαργίτης [τ], ου, ό, (μάργοε) Margites, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

MA'PΓΟΣ, η, ον, οτ ος, ον, raging mad, Lat. furiosus. 2. greedy, gluttonous. 3. lustful. Hence μαργότης, ητος, ή, rage, madness. 2. greediness, gluttony. 3. lust.

MA'PH,  $\eta_1 = \chi \epsilon i \rho_1$ , a band. (Hence  $\epsilon \vartheta - \mu a \rho \eta s$ )
MA'PI'ΛΗ,  $\dot{\eta}_1$ , the embers of charcoal. [1]

μάριλο-πότης, ου, δ, (μαρίλη, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) gulper of coal-dust.

MAPMAI'PΩ, only in pres. and impf, to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam, mostly of metal; δμματα μαρμαίροντα sparkling eyes. Hence

μαρμάρεος, α, ον, (μαρμαίρω) flashing, sparkling, glistening, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρ**ϊνος**, η, ον, (μάρμαρος) of marble

μαρμάρδεις, εσσα, εν, = μαρμάρεος, bright, gleaming. μάρμάρον, τό, = μάρμαρος.

μάρμδρος, ου, δ, (μαρμαίρω) any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it: also as Adj., πέτρος μάρμαρος a sparkling stone. II. μάρμαρος, ή, Lat. marmor, marble: also a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble.

μαρμάρὖγή, ή, (μαρμαρύσσω) a flashing, sparkling: of any quick motion, μαρμαρυγαὶ ποδῶν ιδε quick twinkling of the dancers' feet.

μαρμάρ-ωπός, όν, (μάρμαρος, ώψ) with sparkling eyes. MAPNA'MAI, ασαι, αται, imperat. μάρναος, subj. μάρνωμαι, opt. μαρνοίμην, inf. μάρνασθαι, part. μαρνάμενος; impf. ξιμαρνάμην, αο, ατο, dual ξιμαρνάσθην: no other tenses in use: Dep.:—to fight, do battle, contend:—of boxers, to contend, encounter.

1. to quarrel, wrangle.

3. metaph. to struggle, strive. μαρναμένουν, Ep. part. gen. dual of μαρναμαι.

μάρνατο, μάρναντο, Fp. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of μάρναμαι.

μαρπτίς, δ. (μάρπτω) a seizer, ravisber.

**ΜΑΎΠΤΩ**, fut. μάρψω: aor. 1 ἔμαρψα: Ep. reμαστήριος, a, ov, searching. dupl. 201. 2 μέμαρπον: and a shortd. 201. 2 έμαπον, μαστιγέω, false form for μαστιγόω inf. μαπέειν, whence 3 pl. opt. μεμάποιεν: pf. part. μαστίγίας, ου, δ, (μάστιξ) one who deserves whipμεμαρπώs:—to grasp, bold, catch: to lay bold of, ping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. verbero. seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch. μαστίγο-φόρος, ον, (μάστιξ, φέρω) carrying a whip: MA'PΣΙΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. marsupium. as Subst., μαστιγοφόροs, δ, a sort of constable. MA'PTΥ P, υρος, δ and η, Aeol. for μάρτυς. Hence μαστίγόω, f. ώσω: aor. I έμαστίγωσα:--Pass., μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω:-Pass., fut. 1 μαρτύρηθήσομαι, fut, med, in pass, sense μαστιγώσομαι: pf. μεμαστίγωbut also f. med. in pass. sense, μαρτυρήσομαι: aor. I μαι: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence ξμαρτυρήθην: pf. μεμαρτύρημαι:—to be a witness: μαστιγώσιμος, ov, that deserves whipping. to bear witness: μαρτυρείν τινί to bear witness in μαστίγωτέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of μαστιγόω, to be favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a wbipped, deserving a wbipping. thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a μαστίζω, f. ξω: aor. Ι έμάστιξα Ερ. μάστιξα: (μάστιξ): to whip, flog. thing is:-Pass. to bave witness borne to one. μαστίκτωρ, ορος, δ, (μαστίζω) a scourger. later, to be or become a martyr. Hence μάστιξ, ίγος, ή, (μάω, μάσσω) a whip, scourge; ἵπμαρτύρημα, ατοε, τό, testimony. μαρτύρία, ή, (μαρτυρέω) a bearing witness. που μάστιξ a horse-wbip. II. metaph. a scourge, witness, testimony, evidence. plague; μάστιξ Πειθουs the lash of eloquence. μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., μαρτύρια, μαστίων, Ep. part of μαστίω. μάστις, ιος, ή, Ion. for μάστιξ; dat. μάστι. rá, evidence. [v] From μαρτύρομαι [v], f. υροθμαι: aor. I ἐμαρτυράμην: μαστίσδω, Dor. for μαστίζω. Dep.: (μάρτυς):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. μαστίχάω, (μάσταξ) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. μαρτύρομαι, I call witnesses, I protest. part. dat. μαστιχόωντι. μάρτυρος, ό, Ερ. form of μάρτυς, a witness. ΜΑ ΤΤΤ Σ, ό or ή, gen. μάρτυρος, acc. μάρτυρα, as μαστίω, collat. form of μαστίζω, to whip, scourge, beat, lasb:—Med., μαστίεται πλευράς οὐρῆ [the hon] if from μάρτυρ, but also acc. μάρτϋν: pl. μάρτϋρες, lashes his sides with his tail. μαστό-δετον, τό, (μαστός, δέω) a breast-band dat. μάρτὔσι poet. μάρτυσσι :—a witness. μαρυκάομαι, μαρύκημα, Dor. for μηρυκ-. μαστός, οῦ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form μαρύομαι, Dor. for μηρύομαι. for Hom. μαζόs. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III. μάρψαι, aor. 1 inf. of μάρπτω. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets. μασάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep., (μάω, μάσσω) to chew. μαστροπεία, ή, a pandering. From μάσασθαι [ă], aor. I inf. of Root \*μάω, to touch. μαστροπεύω, f. σω, (μαστροπόε) to be a pander,  $\mu \dot{\alpha} \sigma \delta a$ ,  $\mu \alpha \sigma \delta \dot{\alpha}$ , Dor. for  $\mu \dot{\alpha}(a, \mu \alpha) \dot{\alpha}$ . play the pander: c. acc. to seduce. μάσθλη, η, = iμάσθλη, a leathern thong. Hence μαστροπός, δ and ή, (μάω, μαστήρ) a pander, pimp, II. metaph. Lat. leno, lena. μάσθλης, ητος, δ, a leathern thong. μασχάλη, ή, (μάλη) the armpit, Lat. ala, axilla. [χα] a supple, slippery knave. μασθός, δ, a Dor. form of μαστός, μαζός. μασχαλίζω, f. ίσω, (μασχάλη) to put under the arm**μασί**, Dor. for μησί, dat. pl. of μην. pits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, μάσομαι [α], fut. of \*μάω II. that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them Maσσαλία, ή, Lat. Massilia, Marseilles. Hence under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence Μασσαλιώτης, ov, δ, a man of Marseilles. μασχάλιστήρ, ηροε, ό, a broad strap passing behind μασσάομαι, etc., = μασάομαι. the borse's shoulders and fastened to the voke by the μάσσω Att. μάττω: fut. μάξω: aor. I έμαξα: pf. λέπαδνον: generally, a girdle, band. μέμαχα:-Pass., aor. 1 ἐμάχθην: pf μέμαγμαι: μάταζω, (μάτην) to act unmeaningly or foolisbly. (\*μάω):—to touch, bandle. II. to work with the  $\mu \Delta \tau \alpha i \Delta L \omega$ . ( $\mu \Delta \tau \alpha i \alpha s$ ) =  $\mu \alpha \tau \Delta L \omega$ . bands, to knead dough, Lat. pinso :- Pass., σίτοι μεμάταιολογία, ή, idle talking. From μαγμένοs dough ready kneaded. μάταιο-λόγος, ον, (μάταιος, λέγω) idly talking. μάσσων, δ, ή, neut. μᾶσσον, gen. μάσσονοs, irreg. **μάταιος**  $[\check{a}]$ , a,  $o\nu$ , or os,  $o\nu$ , (μάτη) idle, foolish, un-Comp. of μακρόs for μακρότεροs, longer, larger. meaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, μάσταξ, ἄκος, ή, (μασάομαι) that with which one profane. Hence chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. μάταιότης, ητος, ή, folly, vanity. II. that which is chewed, a mouthful, morsel. μάταίως, Adv. of μάταιος, idly, without reason. **MATA'**Ω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , ( $\mu \dot{\alpha} \tau \eta$ ) to be idle, to loiter, linger, μαστάρύζω or -ίζω, to mumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.) lag; οὐ ματᾶ τοὖργον the work lags not. μάστειρα, ή, fem. of μαστήρ. be in vain, fruitless. μάτεύω, f. σω: aor. I έματευσα: (\*μάω):—to seek. μαστεύω, f. σω, = ματεύω, to seek; to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after. search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after: μαστήρ, ηροε, δ, (\*μάω) a seeker, searcher. Hence to search, explore.

μάτέω, rare form for ματεύω. II. Aeol. form of πατέω, to tread on. MA'TH,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \mu \alpha \tau i \alpha_{i}$ , a folly, a fault. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ] Hence μάτην Dor. μάταν [ă], Adv. in vain, idly, foolisbly, 2. senselessly, at random, Lat. te-3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. mere. Originally acc. of μάτη, hence είε μάτην at random. [α] μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ā] ματήs, Dor. for ματάs. μάτία Ion. -ίη, ή, (μάτην) a vain attempt. ματρ-αδελφέος, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-.

ματτύη, ή, a rich, high-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea and mattya. (Foreign word.)

ματτυο-λοιχός, όν, (ματτύα, λείχω) licking up

dainties. μάττω, f. ξω, Att. for μάσσω.

μαθλις, ιδος or ιος, ή, a knife.

μαυρόω, like άμαυρόω, to darken: metaph. to make powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μα], ή, a large knife, worn like a dirk next the sword-sheath. II. as a weapon, a short sword or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφοs (the straight sword). III. a kind of rasor; διπλη μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιρίδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger. μάχαιρίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small

2. a small rasor. knife. μάχαιροποιείον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From μάχαιρο-ποιός, όν, (μάχαιρα, ποιέω) a cutler.

**μἄχαιρο-φόρος**, ον, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μ**ἄχατάς**, δ, Dor. for μαχητής.

Μάχάων [ā], ονος, δ, Machaon, son of Aesculapius. μάχειόμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχέομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μάχεούμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχευ, Dor. for μάχου, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι. MA'XH [ă], ή, a battle, fight, combat; properly an engagement between armies, but also, a single combat; μάχην νικάν to win a battle; but μάχη νικάν τινά to conquer one in battle. II. a quarrel, strife, wrangling. III. an amicable contest, as tor a prize in the games. IV. a mode of fighting, way of battle. V. a field of battle. Hence

μάχήμων, ον, gen. ovos, warlike.

μάχητής, οῦ, δ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj. warlike. Hence

μάχητικός, ή, όν, of or for fighting, pugnacious. μάχτμος, η, ον, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike: ol μάχιμοι or το μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective

μάχιμ-ώδης, ες, (μάχιμος, είδος) warlike, contentious.

μαχλάς, άδος, poët. fem. of μάχλος. MA'XΛΟΣ, ov, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence μαχλοσύνη, ή, lewdness, lust, wantonness. μαχοίατο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [α], Ep. part. μαχειόμενος and μαχεούμενο: fut. μαχέσομαι Ep. μαχέσσομαι or μαχήσομαι Att. μαχούμαι: 20r. 1 έμαχεσάμην, Ep. mf. μαχέσσασθαι οτ μαχήσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι: Dep.: (μάχη):—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σύν τινι with the sanction of; κατά σφέας μάχεσθαι to fight by themselves: but, καθ' ένα μάχεσθαι to fight one against one, in single combat. II. generally, to quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, withstand one. III. to contend for the prize in the games: to measure oneself with.

MA'Ψ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μὰψ ὀμόσαι to swear lightly, unmeaningly. II. thoughtlessly,

rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αθραι, ων, αί, (μάψ, αθρα) squalls, gusts of wind. μαψίδιος, ον, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence μαψιδίωs, Adv, =  $\mu \dot{\alpha} \psi$ , foolisbly, thoughtlessly: without reason: recklessly.

 $\mu$ αψἴ-λόγος, ον, ( $\mu$ άψ,  $\lambda$ έγω) idly talking. μαψί-τόκος, ον, (μάψ, τεκείν) bringing forth in

 $\mu$ αψ-τλάκας, ου, δ,  $(\mu$ άψ, ὑλακτ $\hat{\omega})$  idly yelping, re-

peating again and again. [Ad]

\*MA'\O, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in Med.: I.  $\mu \epsilon \mu \alpha \alpha$ , pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl.  $\mu \epsilon$ μάασι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μέματον, μέμαμεν, μέματε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμάτω [α]; 3 pl. plqpf. μέμασαν; but most often in part. μεμαώς, μεμανία, μεμαώτος, μεμαώτες, but also μεμαότες, μεμα- $\delta \tau \epsilon$ :—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly c. inf.: also absol., πρόσσω μεμαυΐαι pressing forward; μεμαότες έγχείησι pressing forward with their spears. 2. to wish or claim to be. Med., μάομαι, μῶμαι, part. μώμενο**s**, inf. μῶ**σθαι,** imperat. μώεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc of έγώ.  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \dot{\alpha}$ , neut. of  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \alpha s$ .

μεγά-θαρσής, ές, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μέγαθος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μεγά-θυμος, ον, (μέγας, θυμός) bigb-minded, magnanimous.

μεγαίρω, aor. I ἐμέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withhold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγά-κήτης, εs, (μέγας, κήτος) buge, unwieldy. μεγα-κλεής, ές, declined (as if from μεγακλής) μεγακλέος, -έϊ, -έα, -έες, cf. εὐκλεής: (μέγας, κλέος): -very famous. 2. pr. n. of several of the family of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens.

μεγά-κυδής, ές, (μέγας, κυδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγαs.

μεγάλ-ανορία, μεγάλ-άνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-. μεγάλ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, (μέγαs, αὐχέω) to boast bigbly, speak baughtily: - Med. to boast oneself.

μεγάλ-αύχητος and μεγάλ-αυχος, ον, (μέγας, αὐχέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

men, baughty. Hence

μεγάλειότης, ητος, ή, grandeur, splendour, majesty. μεγαλείωs, Adv. of μεγαλείοs, magnificently.

μεγάληγορέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλήγοροs) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγάληγορία, ή, big talking.

μεγάλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, άγορεύω) talking big, vaunting, boastful

μεγάληνορία, ή, manliness, courage. 2. in bad sense, baughtiness. From

μεγάλ-ήνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (μέγας, ἀνήρ) beroic, bigbminded. 2. in bad sense, baughty.

μεγάλ-ήτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (μέγαs, ήτορ) great-hearted. magnanimous.

μεγαλίζω, (μέγαε) to magnify:-Pass to be exalted. to bear oneself baughtily.

μεγάλογνωμοσύνη, ή, loftiness of sentiment. From μεγάλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, high-minded.

μεγαλό-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious. μεγάλοδωρία, ή, munificence, liberality. From μεγάλό-δωρος, ων, (μέγας, δώρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγάλ-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οίτος) very wretched. μεγάλο-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κεύθω) concealing much: hence capacious.

μεγάλο-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling. μεγάλό-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μητις) of high design, am-

μεγάλό-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large

μεγάλό-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast

μεγάλό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, 'Αθηναι μεγαλοπόλιεs the great city of Athens.

μεγάλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πράγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs. μεγάλοπρέπεια, ή, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγάλο-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting preatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence μεγάλοπρεπώs Ion. -έωs, Adv. magnificently:

Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

μεγάλος, ν. μέγαε.

μεγάλο-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength. μεγάλδ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχνον) highspirited.

μεγαλό-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous. μεγάλοσύνη, ή, = μέγεθοε.

 $\mu$ εγάλο-σχή $\mu$ ων, ον, gen. ονος, ( $\mu$ έγας, σχή $\mu$ α) of large form, magnificent.

μεγαλό-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγάλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be highminded: in bad sense, to be proud, haughty.

μεγαλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγάλειος, a, ov, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of | μεγάλοφροσύνη, ή, greatness of mind: in bad sense, pride, baughtiness.

> μεγαλό-φρων, ονος, δ, η, (μέγας, φρην) bigb-minded,noble, generous: in bad sense, proud, baughty.

μεγάλοφωνία, ή, big talking, vaunting. From μεγάλό-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγάλοψυχία, ή, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, arrogance. From

μεγάλό-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) high-souled, greatbearted, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγαs) to make great or powerful:-Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγάλ-ώντιμος, ον, (μέγας, ονομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλωs, Adv. of μέγαs, greatly.

μεγάλωστί, Adv. of μέγαs, over a large space: greatly, bugely: also magnificently.

μεγάλωσύνη, ή, (μέγαs) greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγαs.

μεγ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (μέγας, ἀνήρ) manly, beroic. [ā] Μέγαρα, ων, τά, Megara: - Μεγαρεύς, έως, ό, α Megarian. Hence

Meyaρllw, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγάρικός, ή, όν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian. Meyapis, ίδοs, fem. Adj. Megarian: — as Subst. (sub  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the Megarian territory, Megarid

Meyapoθev, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and

Meyapoî, Adv. at Megara. μέγαρον, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the ball 2. a woman's apartment. a bedchamber. II. a bouse, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a bouse in plur. III. the sacred chamber in the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence μέγαρόνδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΤΑΣ, μεγάλη [ἄ], μέγα: gen. μεγάλου, ης, ου: dat. μεγάλφ, η, φ, acc. μέγἄν, μεγάλην, μέγἄ: dual μεγάλω, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in os: but the regul. form MEΓA'ΛΟΣ is never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.: large, big, great: - hence, 1. great, vast. tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, impor-3. of sounds, loud. 2. strong, violent. tant. in bad sense, over-great, excessive; μέγα φρονείν to have too high, presumptuous thoughts. sides the Adv. μεγάλωs and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing, and pl. μέγα and μεγάλα are used as Adv., very much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with Adjs., far, μέγ' ἀμείνων far better. IV. Comp.  $\mu\epsilon i \zeta \omega \nu$ , neut.  $\mu\epsilon i \zeta \omega \nu$ , gen.  $\mu\epsilon i \zeta \omega \nu \omega s$ ; in Ion. prose μέζων, ον; Dor. μέσδων, Boeot. μέσσων: greater, larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. µέγιστον, η, ov, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, έε, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty. μεγ-αυχής, ές, (μέγας, αθχέω) vaunting, braggart. μέγεθος Ion. μέγαθος, εος, τό, (μέγας) greatness, beight: magnitude, bulk, size; μεγάθεϊ σμικρός small in size; μεγάθει μέγας large in size:—the acc. μεγάθος is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like μεγάλως, greatly, λάμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly: so too in pl., ποταμοί οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νείλον ἐόντες μεγάθεα rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

μεγήρας, aor. I part. of μεγαίρω.

μεγ-ήρατος, ον. (μέγας, έρατός) passing lovely. μεγιστάνες, οί, (μέγιστος) the nobles, chief men. μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πό-

Ais) making cities greatest or most blest.

μέγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of μέγας.

μεγιστό-τιμος, ον, (μέγιστος, τιμή) greatest in bonour

μεδέων, οντος,  $\delta$ , = μέδων, one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; Ίδηθεν μεδέων guardian of Ida.

2. fem. μεδέουσα, = μέδουσα, always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over. Properly the part. of an old Verb, μεδέω, to rule.

μεδήσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.

ME ΔΙΜΝΟΣ, δ, Ion. also ή, the medimnus or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 εκτεῖε, 48 χοίνικες, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

ME'ΔOMAI, fut. μεδήσομαι: Dep.: to give beed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., πολέμοιο μέδεσθαι to be thinking of, preparing for battle.

II. to plan, contrive or devise.

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδον, like μεδέουσα, a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

μέδων, οντος, ὁ, one who rules over: a guardian, lord. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

μέζεα, ων, τά, = μήδεα, the genitals.

μεζόνως, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.

 $\mu \epsilon \zeta \omega \nu$ ,  $o \nu$ , Ion for  $\mu \epsilon i \zeta \omega \nu$ , Comp. of  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha s$ .

μεθ-αιρέω, 201. 2 μεθείλον Ion. μεθέλεσκον:—to catch in turn.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. μετάλμενοs:—to leap or rush upon. II. to rush after, overtake.

μεθ-αμέριος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.

μεθ-αρμόζω, f. σω: aor. 1 μεθήρμοσα:—to dispose differently, to correct, reform:—Med., with pf. pass, μεθήρμοσμαι, to alter one's way of life; μεθήρμοσαι (aor. 1 imperat.) νέους τρόπους adopt new habits.

μεθέηκα, Ep. for μεθηκα, aor. 1 of μεθίημι.

μεθείην, aor. 2 opt. of μεθίημι.

μεθείλον, aor. 2 of μεθαιρέω.

μεθείναν, αυτ. 2 οτ μεθαίρω. μεθείναι, μεθεία, αυτ. 2 inf and part. οτ μεθίημι. μεθείω, Ερ. for μεθέω, μεθῶ, αυτ. 2 subj. οτ μεθίημι. μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. οτ μετέχω, one must sbare in. μεθέλεσκε, Ion. for μεθείναι, aur. 2 inf. οτ μεθείημι. μεθέμεν, Ερ. for μεθείναι, aur. 2 inf. οτ μεθίημι. μεθένομαι, fut. οτ μετέχω. μεθέξομαι, fut. οτ μετέχω.

μεθ-έπω, impf μεθείπον Ερ. μέθεπον: fut. μεθέψω: poet. 201. 2 μετέσπον, inf. μετασπεῖν, part. μετασπάν: 201. 2 med. μετεσπόμην:—to follow after, follow closely, bard upon, chase, Lat. insequi. 2. to seek or search after. 3. to visit. 4. metaph. to manage, dispose; ἄχθος νώτφ μεθέπων disposing a burden on his back. II. trans., Τυδείδην μέθεπεν ιππους be turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.

 $\mu \epsilon \theta - \epsilon \rho \mu \eta \nu \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to translate.

μεθέστηκα, pf. of μεθίστημι.

μέθη,  $\dot{η}$ , (μέθυ) strong drink. II drunkenness. μεθῆκα, aor. 1 of μεθίημι.

μεθ-ήκω, to bave come in quest of

μέθ-ημαι, properly pf. of μεθ-έζομαι, to be seated among.

μεθ-ημερίνός, ή, όν, (μετά, ήμέρα) happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. diurnus.

 $\mu \in \theta$ - $\eta \mu \in \rho : os$ , ov,  $= \mu \in \theta \eta \mu \in \rho : v \circ s$ .

μεθημοσύνη, η, remissiness, carelessness. From μεθ-ήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μεθίημι) remiss, careless. μεθήρμοσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of μεθ-αρμόζω.

μεθησέμεναι, μεθησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθίημι. μεθίεν, Ep. for μεθίεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of μεθίημι. [Υ] μεθ-ίημι, inf. μεθιέναι part. μεθιείς: fut. μεθήσω: aor. Ι μεθηκα Ερ. μεθέηκα: aor. 2 inf. μεθείναι part.  $\mu\epsilon\theta\epsilon$ is:—Med.  $\mu\epsilon\theta$ i $\epsilon\mu$ aι: f  $\mu\epsilon\theta$ ήσομαι: 3 sing. 20r. 2  $\mu\epsilon\theta\epsilon\hat{i}\tau o$ , inf.  $\mu\epsilon\theta\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha i$ .—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing. pres. μεθιείs, μεθιεί (as if from μεθιέω), Ep inf. μεθιέμεν, μεθιέμεναι: 2 and 3 sing, impf. μεθίεις, μεθίει (as if from μεθιέω), 3 pl. μεθίεν (for μεθίεσαν): aor. I μεθήκα and μεθέηκα: aor. 2 subj. μεθείω for μεθώ, inf. μεθέμεν for μεθείναι:—Herodotus has 3 sing. pres.  $\mu \epsilon \tau i \epsilon i$  (not  $\mu \epsilon \tau i \epsilon i$ ), and also 3 sing. impf. pass. μετίετο or εμετίετο (for μεθίετο); fut. pass. μετήσομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμετιμένος (for μεθειμέvos). I. trans. to set loose, let go, I c. acc. pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at liberty. 2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw; μεθιέναι χόλον to let go, give up one's wrath; μεθιέναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i.e shed them; μεθιέναι γλώσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give up, resign: also c. dat, pers. et acc, rei, to give up to or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. to forgive, excuse one a fault. II. Med. μεθίεσθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, παιδώς οὐ μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, παίδα οὺ μεθήσω. III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally, to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., κλαύσας καὶ όδυράμενος μεθέηκε having wept and bewailed be left off. [I in Att.; I in Ep., except metri gratia.] μεθ-ιστάνω, collat. form of μεθίστημι.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut. μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. μετέστησα and med. -εστη-

σάμην:-to place in another way: to substitute, 2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself. II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. Ι μετεστάθην [α]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plqpf. μεθεστήκειν:--to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατώ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ή, craft, artifice. From

**μεθοδεύω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

μέθ-οδος, ή, (μετά, δδός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, a, ov, (μετά, ορος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders,

**μεθ-ορμάω,** f. ήσω, (μετά, δρμάω) to urge in pursuit: Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly;  $\mu \in \theta$  op  $\mu \eta \theta \in is$  following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with véas omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another: - Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ME'ΘΥ, vos, τό, wine, Lat. merum.

 $\mu\epsilon\theta$ -υδριάς, άδος, ή, ( $\mu\epsilon\tau$ ά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Μεθ-ύδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnia.

**μεθύ-πίδαξ**, ἄκο**s**, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gusbing with

 $\mu \in \theta \dot{\upsilon} - \pi \lambda \eta \dot{\xi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta} \gamma o s$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \theta \upsilon$ ,  $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \omega$ ) wine-struck,

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, ὑποδέομαι) to change sboes, put on another person's shoes.

μέθυσις, ή, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσκω, f. ύσω (ŭ), aor. I ἐμέθῦσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate: - Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in 201. Ι έμεθύσθην, to be

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κύτταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβοs.

**μέθύσοs**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, a, ov, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (μεθύω) a drunkard.

**μεθυ-σφάλήs,**  $\epsilon$ s, ( $\mu\epsilon\theta v$ ,  $\sigma\phi a\lambda \hat{\eta} vai$ ) recling-drunk. μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine. μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσκω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of μεθίημ.

μει-ἄγωγέω, f. σω, (μεῖον, ἀγωγόs) to bring too little; μειαγωγείν την τραγφδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see µείον.

**MEIΔA'** $\Omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ : aor, I  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon i \delta \eta \sigma \alpha$  Ep.  $\mu \epsilon i \delta \eta \sigma \alpha$ : -to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μειδήσαι, see Σαρδάνιοs. Hence

μείδημα and μειδίαμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling. μειδιάω, f. άσω [α], collat. form of μειδάω, to smile: Ep. part. μειδιόων.

μειζόνως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree.

μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγαs, greater.

μείλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ίων, τά, (μείλισσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μείλιγμα, ατος, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμού scraps to appease 2. in pl. a proputation offered to the dead, 3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deli-Lat. *inferiae*. ciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to sootbe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. lepá), τά, atonements.

μείλζνος, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, asben.

μειλίσσω, f.  $\xi\omega$ : ( $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \iota$ ):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm: - Med. to use soothing words; μηδέ τί μ' αἰδόμενος μειλίσσεο μηδ' ἐλεαίρων extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (μείλιχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle. μειλίχιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , ( $\mu\epsilon\iota\lambda i\sigma\sigma\omega$ ) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσαυδάν μειλιχίοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with soothing words: cf. κερτό-II. of persons, mild, gracious. μια.

 $\mu$ ειλίχό-γηρυς, v, ( $\mu$ είλιχος, γ $\hat{\eta}$ ρυς) soft-voiced. μειλιχό-δωρος, ον, (μείλιχος, δώρον) giving pleasing gıfts.

μείλτχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

**μεῖναι**, aor. I inf. of μένω

μείναν, μείνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.  $\mu \in \hat{o}v$ , ovos,  $\tau \delta$ , neut. of  $\mu \in \hat{o}w$ , less, too small. μείον, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείον, too light! see μειαγωγέω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ήσω, (μεῖον, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence

μειονεξία, ή, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως έχειν to be too mean.

μειόω, f. ώσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish. 2. to lessen in bonour, degrade. extenuate. II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-εξάπάτης, ου, δ, (μειράκιον, έξ-απατάω) «

boy-cheater. [a]

μειράκιεύομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. adolescenturire. μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling. μειράκιδομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad. μειρακίσκη, ή, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl. μειράκίσκος, δ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling. μειρακύλλιον, τό, Dim of μείραξ, a mere lad. MEIPAE, &, and h, a boy or girl, lad or lass. **MEI'POMAI**: pf. ἔμμορα pass. είμαρμαι: Dep. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ήμισυ μείρεο τιμηs take half the honour as thy due. II. in pf. ξμμορα, to bave or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., εμμορε τιμηs he hath gotten bis share of honour. III the pf. pass. is used as impers. είμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plapf. είμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. είμαρ- $\mu \acute{\epsilon} \nu o s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o \nu$ , allotted, decreed;  $\dot{\eta}$   $\dot{\epsilon} i \mu a \rho \mu \acute{\epsilon} \nu \eta$  (sub. μοίρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπρωμένη from πέπρωται.

μείς, δ, Ion and Aeol. for μήν, a month. μείωμα, ατος, τό, (μειόω) a dimunution: a fine. μείων, neut. μείον, gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and δλίγος.

μελάγ-γαιος, ον, μελάγ-γειος, ον, and μελάγ-γεως, ων, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα =  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) with black soil, loamy. μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-horned. μελαγ-κόρὕφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black bead: as Subst., μελαγκύρυφος, ὁ, a bird, ibe blackcap. μελάγ-κροκος, ον, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-baired. μελάγχειμα, ων, τά, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχίμος, ον, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χιμος, as δύσ-χιμος from δυσ-). μελαγ-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black

raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding. μελάγ-χλαινος, ον. (μέλας, χλαίνα) black-cloaked:

οί Μελάγχλαινοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, ον, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced.

II. dipped in black bile.

μελάγ-χροιής, έε, (μέλαε, χροιά) = μελάγχροοε. μελάγ-χροος, ον, contr. - χρους, ονν, (μέλαε, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swartby: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχροεε.

μελαγ-χρώς,  $\hat{\omega}$ τος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (μέλας, χρώς) = μελάγ-χροος.

μέλαθρον, τό, (μέλαε) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice.

II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat, tecta, a house.

μελαθρόφιν, poet. gen. of μέλαθρον.

μελαίνω, f. ανῶ:—Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. με- in usc. μέλασμαι: (μέλαs):—to blacken, make black:—Pass. μελεί to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθης, έε, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βἄφής, ές, (μέλας, βαφῆναι) dark-dyed.
μελάμ-βαλος, ον, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.
μελαμ-πᾶγής, ές, Dor. for μελαμπηγής, (μέλας,
πήγννμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured.
μελάμ-πεπλος, ον, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.
μελαμ-πέταλος, ον, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.
μελάμ-πτερος, ον, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.
μελαμ-φἄής, ές, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φυλλος, ον, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved:

with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μέλαν, άνος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink. μελάν-αιγίς, ίδος, ό, ή, (μέλας, αἰγίς) with dark aegis. μελάν-αυγής, ές, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming. μελάν-δετος, ον. (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black; σάκος μελάνδετον an iron-rimmed shield μελαν-δόκος, ον. (μέλαν, δέχομαι) bolding ink; κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελάν-δρυον, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) beart of oak. μελάν-είμων, ον, (μέλας, είμα) with black raiment. μελάνει οτ μελανεῖ, a 3 sing, without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελάνω = μελαίνω), or to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, έε, (μέλαε, ἄνθοε) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελανία, ή, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελανό-ζυξ, ύγος, ό, ή, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελάνο-κάρδιος, ον, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearted. μελάν-όμμάτος, ον, (μέλας, ὄμμα) black-eyed. μελάνο-νεκύο-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέλας, νέκυς, είμα) clad in black sbroud.

μελανό-πτερος, ον, and μελανο-πτέρυξ, ϋγος, δ, ή,

(μέλας, πτερύν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελάν-οσσος, ον, (μέλας, ὄσσε) black-eyed. μελάν-οστος, for μελάνόστεος, ον, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned.

μελάν-ουρος, ον, fem. μελάν-ουρίς, ίδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελάνό-χροος, ον, = μελάγχροος.

 $\mu$ ελάνδ-χρωs, oos, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\mu$ ελάγχρωs.

μελαν-τειχής, ές, (μέλας, τείχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, ον, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τρἄγής, ές, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) black when eaten. μελάν-υδρος, ον, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [α] ΜΕ ΛΑ Σ, Λεοl. μέλαις, μέλαινα, μέλανς gen. μέλανος, μελαίνης, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

Τέρος,  $\alpha$ , ον.

ME'ΛΔΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:

-Pass, μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

 $\mu$ έλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of  $\mu$ έλω.

μέλε, ὧ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαίνω, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen. II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

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μελέδημα, ατος, τό, care, anxiety, concern.
the thing cared for. Hence
 μελεδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, caring for, anxious
             II. busy.
about.
 μελεδών, ῶνος, ή, = μελεδώνη.
 μελεδωνεύς, ό, poet. for μελεδωνός.
 μελεδώνη, ή, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) care, sorrow.
 μελεδωνός, δ, and ή, (μελεδαίνω) one who takes care
of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender.
 μέλει, impers., see μέλω.
 μελεϊστί, Adv. (μελείζω) limb from limb.
 μελεο-πάθής, έε, (μέλεος, παθείν) suffering misery
 μελεό-πονος, ον, (μέλεος, πύνος) labouring in misery.
 μέλεος, a, ov, also os, ov, (μέλω) fruitless, vain,
empty: neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain.
                                              2. 1/11-
bappy, wretched.
 μελεό-φρων, ονος, \delta, \dot{\eta}, (μέλεος, φρήν) wretched in fields. [\dot{\chi}]
 μελεσί-πτερος, ον, (μέλος, πτερόν) singing with its
wings.
 μέλεται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.
 μελετάω, f. ήσω:—to care for, c gen.
                                               II. c.
acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. excolere: to
court: to practise, exercise; μελεταν σοφίαν to prac-
tise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελεταν τύξο to prac-
tise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself;
ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετῶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of
practice: absol. to take beed, take thought.
acc. pers. to exercise or train one. From
 μελέτη, ή, (μέλομαι) care, attention
                                          2. practice,
exercise.
               II. care, anxiety.
 μελέτημα, ατος, τό, (μελετάω) a practice, study.
 μελετηρός, ά, όν, (μελετάω) practising diligently.
 μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, one must
practise.
 μελέτωρ, opos, δ, (μέλω) one who cares for, a
guardian, avenger.
 μεληδών, ύνοε, ή, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.
 μέλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλω) an object of care: a be-
loved object.
                   II. a charge, duty: care, anxiety.
 μελησέμεν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.
 μελησίμ-βροτος, ον, (μέλησις, βροτός) cared for
 Mελητίδηs [ί], ou, o, proverbial name at Athens for
a blockbead, as if patronym. from Mέλητοs.
 ME'AI', 170s, 76, Lat. MEL, boney.
 μελία Ion. -ίη, ή, the ash, Lat. fraxinus: from its
toughness it was used for spears.
                                        II. a spear.
 μελζ-βόαs, \delta, (μέλι, βοή) with honey-tone.
 μελί-βρομος, ον, (\muέλι, βρέ\muω) boney-toned.
 μελί-γδουπος, ον, (μέλι, δουπέω) sweet-sounding.
 μελί-γηρυς Dor. -γαρυς, υος, δ, ή, (μέλι, γηρυς)
boney-voiced, musical.
 μελί-γλωσσος, ον, (μέλι, γλῶσσα) boney-tongued.
 μέλιγμα, ατοε, τ\acute{o}, (μελίζω) song: a pipe.
 μελίζω Dor. μελίσδω, (μέλοε) to modulate, warble,
play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι.
trans. to sing of, celebrate in song.
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II. μελι-ηδής, ές, (μέλι, ήδύς) boney-sweet: metaph.
    sweet to the soul, pleasing.
     μελί-θρεπτος, ον, (μέλι, τρέφω) boney-fed.
     μελί-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (μέλι, θροέω)
    sweet-sounding.
     μελί-κηρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) a boneycomb.
     μελί-κομπος, ον, (μέλι, κομπέω) sweet-sounding.
     μελί-κράτος Ιοη. -κρητος, ον, (μέλι, κεράννυμι)
    mixed with honey: μελί-κρητον Att. –κράτον, τό, a
    drink of boney and milk offered as a libation.
     μελικτήs, οῦ, Dor. μελικτάs, \hat{\alpha}, \delta, (μελίζω) a singer,
    player, esp. a flute-player.
     \muελί-λωτον, τό, also \muελί-λωτος, δ, (\muέλι, λωτός)
    melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity
    of honey it contained.
     MEAI'NH, h, millet, Lat. panicum. in pl millet-
     μέλινος Ερ. μείλινος, η, ον, (μελία) asben, Lat.
   fraxineus.
     Μελίνο-φάγοι, οί, (μελίνη, φάγειν) the Millet-eaters.
    name of a Thracian tribe.
     μελί-παις, παιδος, δ and \hat{\eta}, (μέλι, παι̂s) with honey-
    children, epith. of the bee-hive.
     μελί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μέλι, πνέω)
    boney-breathing, sweet-breathing.
     \muελίρ-ροος, ον, (\muέλι, \deltaέω) flowing with boney.
     μελίρ-ρὕτος, ον, = μελίρροοε.
     μελίσδω, Dor. for μελίζω; μελίσδεν, Dor. mf.
     μέλισμα, ατος, τό, (μελίζω) a song, chant: a tune.
     μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ή, (μέλι) a bee.
    a priestess of Delphi.
                                II. boney itself.
     μελίσσειοs, not μελίσσιοs, α, ον, (μέλισσα) of, be-
    longing to bees; μελίσσειον κηρίον a boneycomb
     μελισσό-βοτος, ον, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) fed on by bees.
     μελισσο-νόμος, ον, (μέλισσα, νέμω) keeping bees. II.
    (μέλισσα I. 2) a priestess.
     μελισσο-πόνος, ον, (μέλισσα, πον έω) tending bees.
     μελισσο-σόος, ον, (μέλισσα, σύοι) guardian of bees.
     μελισσό-τοκος, ον, (μέλισσα, τεκείν) produced by
    bees, bonied.
     μελισσο-τρόφος, ον, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) feeding bees.
     μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ῶνος, ὁ, (μέλισσα) a bee-
    bouse, apiary.
     μελι-στάγης, έε, (μέλι, σταγηναι) dropping boney
     μελί-στακτος, ον, = μελιστάγηε.
     μελίτεια, ή, (μέλι) a herb, baulm, Lat. apiastrum.
     μελί-τερπής, έε, (μέλι, τέρπω) boney-sweet.
     Μελιτίδηs, false form for Μελητίδηs
     μελίτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) bonied, sweet.
    made of boney: as Subst., μελιτό εσσα Att. μελιτοῦττα
    (sub. \mu \hat{a}(\alpha), \eta, a boney-cake.
     μελίτο-πώλης, ου, ο, (μέλι, πωλέω) a dealer in
    boney.
     μελίτοθττα, ν. μελιτόειε.
     μελίτοω, f. ώσω, (μέλι) to sweeten with boney.
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μέλιττα, ή, Att. for μέλιασα, a bee.

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.

μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, a small bee.

**μελιττ-ουργός, -ουργία, ή,** Att. for  $\mu\epsilon$  |  $\mu\epsilon\lambda$ ο-ποιός,  $\delta v$ ,  $(\mu\epsilon\lambda os, \piοι\epsilon\omega)$  making lyric poems: λισσ-.

μελίτ-ώδης, εs, (μέλος, είδος) like honey.

μελίτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτόω) a boney-cake. [τ] $\mu$ ελί- $\phi$ θογγος, ον,  $(\mu$ έλι,  $\phi$ θογγή) boney-voiced, sweet-toned, bonied.

 $\mu$ ελί- $\phi$ ρων, ονο**ε**,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\mu$ έλι,  $\phi$ ρ $\dot{\eta}$ ν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελί-φυρτος, ον, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with honey.  $\mu$ ελί-χλωρος, ον, ( $\mu$ έλι, χλωρύς) yellow or pale as boney, tawny.

**μελί-χροος**, ον, contr. **–χρους**, ουν, (μέλι, χρόα)

boney-coloured, tawny.

**μελιχρ-ώδης, εε,** (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.  $\mu$ ελί-χρως,  $\omega$ τος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\mu$ έλι, χρώς) =  $\mu$ ελίχροος. μέλλημα, ατοs, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. de-

lays. **μέλλησα,** Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor I of μέλλω. μέλλησις, ή, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending

or threatening to do: an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay. μελλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γάμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

 $\mu$ ελλο-δειπνικός, ή, όν, ( $\mu$ έλλω, δε $\hat{\iota}$ πνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering, with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

**μελλό-νυμφος**, ον, (μέλλω, νύμ $\phi\eta$ ) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of mar-

riageable age.

 $\mathbf{ME'}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , impf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda o\nu$ : fut.  $\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : aor. 1 ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm is doubled, ήμιλλον,  $\eta \mu \in \lambda \lambda \eta \sigma \alpha$ .—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer. hence to intend, design, purpose. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι ἔμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must: μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι Διὶ πατρί it must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλετ' ἀκουέμεν you are likely to have heard of it; őθι που μέλλουσιν άριστοι βουλα's βουλεύειν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, besitate, scruple. μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; ο τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as δ μέλλων χρόνο**s** the future time; ή μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλώ, οῦε, ἡ, poét, for μέλλησιε. μελογράφία, ή, song-writing. From μελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs. μελοποιέω, f. ήσω, (μελοποιόε) to make lyric poems. μελοποιητής, οῦ, δ, = μελοποιόε.

as Subst., μελοποιόε, δ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕ'ΛΟΣ, εοε, τό, a limb; κατά μέλεα limb by lımb. II. a song, strain; plur.  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \eta$  lyric poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τυπέω, f. ήσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

 $\mu$ έλπηθρον, τό, ( $\mu$ έλπω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέλπηθρα κυνών a sport for dogs.

Mελπομένη, ή, Melpomene, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλπω, f. ψω: aor. I ξμελψα: (μέλοs):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλπομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι κιθαρίζων to sing to the harp,  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \pi \epsilon \sigma \theta a i$  to dance in honour of

Mars, i e to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

 $ME'\Lambda\Omega$ , fut,  $\mu\epsilon\lambda\eta\sigma\omega$ :—to be an object of care or thought;  $\pi \hat{a} \sigma_i \mu \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \omega I$  am a care to all. in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἔμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf μέλειν and μελήσειν .- something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mibi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σολ χρή τάδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. often impers.: μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II pres. and fut. Med. μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing, for μέλει, μελήσει; as έμοὶ δέ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plopf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλότα έργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plapf pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, also occur in pres and impf. sense; η νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' 'Αχιλλεύs surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οί τείχος the III. the Act. μέλω, wall was a care to him. Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτών to take care of mortals; so in pf. part, πτολέμοιο μεμηλώς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθήναι, to care for, take care of.

μελφδέω, f. ήσω, (μελφδύs) to sing. Hence μελφδία, ή, a singing.

 $\mu$ ελ- $\varphi$ δός,  $\acute{o}\nu$ ,  $(\mu\acute{\epsilon}\lambda os, \, \acute{\phi}\delta\acute{\eta})$  singing, musical. μέμαα, pf. of \*μάω: 3 pl μεμάασι.

 $\mu$ εμάθηκα  $[\mu \bar{a}]$ , pf. of  $\mu$ ανθάνω.

μεμάκυια, Ep. pf. part, fem. of μηκάσμαι.

μέμαμεν, Ep. for μεμάσμεν, I pl. pf. of \* μάω. μεμάνημαι [μα], pf. of μαίνομαι, formed as if from

\* μαν έομαι. μεμαότες, pf. part. pl. of  $*\mu$ άω.

μεμάποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω. μεμαρπώς, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μέματε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of \*μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.

μεμαδώς, μεματία, pf. part. of \*μάω: μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαότες, μεμαότας, nom. and acc. plur.

μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μέμβλωκα, pf. of βλώσκω.

μεμβράνα, ή, Lat. membrāna, a parchment, skin. MEMBPA' Σ, άδος, ή, a small kind of anchovy. [ĕ] μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίημι.

μεμηκώs, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μέμηλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plqpf with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχάνημένως, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίασμαι, pf. pass. of μιαίνω.

μέμιγμαι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμναμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μιμνήσκω.

μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μιμνήσκω. μεμνέφτο, Ion. for μέμνφτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of

μεμνέφτο, τοπ. τον μεμνώτο, 3 sing. pr. opt. pass. ο μιμνήσκω.

μέμνημαι, pf. pass. of μμνήσκω, inf. μεμνήσθαι. μεμνήμην, μεμνώμην, pf. opt. pass. of μιμνήσκω. μεμνηστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μνηστεύω.

μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μιμνήσκομαι.

Μέμνων, ονος, ό, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute. μεμόλυγκα, –υσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω. μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (\*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθά δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι.

μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύσσω. μεμούνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονόω.

μεμπτός, ή, όν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blameworthy, contemptible.

II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μέμῦκα, pf. of μυκάομαι: also of μύω.

MEMΦOMAI, fut. μέμψομαι: aor. I med. ἐμεμψάμην, pass. ἐμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers. δ μάλιστα μέμφονται ἡμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) complaining of

one's fate, repining, discontented.

μέμψις, εως, ή, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, re-

proof. 2. a complaint.

ME'N, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ temper, disposition.

may be expressed by on the one hand .. on the other; as well..as, while; μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause:  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$  is not always answered by  $\delta \dot{\epsilon}$ , but by other Particles, as by άλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὖτε,  $a\bar{b}\theta is$ ; also by  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau o i$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} l \tau a$ .  $M \dot{\epsilon} \nu$  is often found without δέ expressed, as, ώs μὲν λέγουσι as they say, (but as I do not believe). Mév was ong. the same as μήν, and ἢ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἢ μήν as a form of protestation. II. μέν before other Particles: 1. μέν άρα, Ep. μέν βα, accordingly, and 2. μέν γε or μεν γε, yet at least, certainly, so. 3. μèν δή bowever. Lat. certe. 4. μέν οὖν or μενοῦν, Lat. imo vero, ay ındeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μέν οὖν γε οι μενοῦνγε, yea rather. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate b. c. to mark to recall what has gone before, now. an objection, or exception, yet, bowever, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ου, ὁ, (μένω, αίχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., μενεαίνειν μάχης to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγχης, ες, (μένω, έγχος) steadfast in fight. μενε-δήϊος, ον, (μένω, δήιος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεήναμεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 1 of μενεαίνω.

Mevé-λãos, Att. Mevéλεωs Dor. Mevéλαs, δ, pr n., (μένω, λαόs) Menelaus, 1. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πτόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Meveσθεύs, έωs, Ion.  $\hat{\eta}$ os,  $\delta$ , (μένω) Menestbeus, i.e. the Abider.

μενετέον, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετόs, ή, όν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, longsuffering; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοί opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπις, ιος, δ, ἡ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

μενε-χάρμης, ου, δ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εικής, έε, (μένος, εἰκός from \*εἴκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste

μενοινάω, f. ήσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινώω, 3 sing. μενοινάα: Ep aor. 1 μενοίνησα, 3 sing. οpt. μενοινήσειε: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for.

2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ή, eager desire.

μενοινώω, Ερ for μενοινάω.

MENOΣ, εos, τό, force, strength of body, prowess. 2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. 3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένοε a flow of black blood. II. spirit, ardour: μένει, dat. with fury, violently. 2. wish, bent, purpose. 3. generally, temper, disposition. III. μένοε is also used in

II.

periphr. like βίη, ίε; as leρον μένος 'Αλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinous himself.

μενοῦν, μέντοι, etc , v. sub μέν 11. 4, 5. ΜΕ'ΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. uncontr. μενέω: aor. Ι έμεινα: pf. μεμένηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at bome, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, stand. bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opin-II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἔσπερον έλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

**μερίζω**, f. ίσω Att. ιω: Dor. μερίσδω, f.  $\xi\omega$ : (μερίε): II. to divide, distribute: -to divide into parts.

-Med. to divide among themselves.

μέριμνα, ή, (μερίε, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. thought, mind. Hence

μεριμνάω, f. ήσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλά μεριμνάν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who is careful about things μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμνα, τεκείν) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, οῦ, δ, (μέριμνα, φροντίζω) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ίδος, ή, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, δ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

**μεριστήs**, οῦ, ὁ, (μερί(ω) a divider or distributer. **μερίτης**, ου, δ, (μερίς) a partaker.  $[\bar{i}]$ 

μέρμερος, ον, (μέριμνα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέρμερα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέρμηρα, ή, poet. for μέριμνα, care, trouble. Hence μερμηρίζω, f. ίξω: Ep. aor. I μερμήριξα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to besitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ME PMIΣ, īθos, ή, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπήϊος, ον, (μέροψ) buman. ΜΕΎΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, sbare: a portion, beritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; εν μέρει in turn; so, ανα μέρος οτ κατά μέρος in turn, successively; κατά τὸ ἐμὸν μέpos as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοὐμὸν οι το σον μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me at-3. εν μέρει τινός τιθέναι, to put in the class of ..., consider as so and so, like έν λόγον ποιείσθαι, Lat. in numero babere.

 $\mu \in \rho - o\psi$ , onos,  $\delta$ , ( $\mu \in (\rho \circ \mu a)$ ,  $\delta \psi$ ) dividing the voice. i.e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μές, Dor. for μέν.

μέσα-βον, τό, (μέσος, βοῦς) a leathern strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. sub-

μεσ-άγκυλον, τό, (μέσος, άγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολιός) poët. for μεσοπύλιοs, balf-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον. Ion. Sup. of μεσοs, the midst, middlemost: - Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτή) midway between two sbores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρίη, ή, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor for μεσημ-.

μεσάτιος, ον, μέσάτος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος: so also Ep. μέσσατος and μεσσάτιος

μέσ-αυλος Ερ. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the αὐλή or ball:—as Subst, μέσσαυλος, ὁ, or μέσσαυλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλοs (sc. θύρα), ή, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the bouse, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μείζων.

μεσηγύ, and before a vowel -ύs, Ep. μεσσηγύ, -ύs, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle, be-2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III as Subst. μεσηγύ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγύ ήματος midday, noon.

μεσήεις, εσσα, έν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσ-ημβρία Ion. μεσ-αμβρίη, ή, (for μεσημερία, from μέσοs, ήμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ίσταται 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridiari.

μεσημβρίνος, ή, όν, commoner form for μεσημεριόs, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάλπη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. soutbern

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινός. μεσ-ήρης poet. μεσσήρης, ες, (μέσος, άραρείν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος έτι μεσήρης Sirius is still in mid-beaven.

μεσιτεύω, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator.

μεσίτης, ου, δ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor.  $[\bar{i}]$ μεσίτις, ιδος, fem. of μεσίτης.

μεσό-γαιος or -γειος, ον, also α, ον, also μεσό-γεως, ων, (μέσος, γη, γαία) inland, in the beart of a country: as Subst., ή μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-δμη, ή, (μέσος, δέμω, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κοίλη μεσόδμη the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poët. μέσσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle. μεσο-λαβήs, έs, (μέσος, λαβείι) beld by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, ον, (μέσος, λευκος) middling white, balf white.

μεσ-όμφαλος, ον, (μέσος, όμφαλός) in mid-navel, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος III.

μεσο-νύκτιος, ον, (μέσος, νύξ) of or at midnight: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv, at midnight.

μεσο-πάγής Ερ. μεσσοπ-, ές, (μέσος, παγηναι) driven to the middle.

μεσο-παλής, ές, Ερ. μεσσοπ-, (μέσος, παληναι) swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, ον, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ή Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

μεσο-πύλη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = μέση πύλη, the middle gate. [ $\ddot{v}$ ] ME'ΣΟΣ Ep. μέσσος, η, ον: I. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; μέσον ημαρ mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between .- proverb. from the wrestling ring, έχεται μέσος he is caught by the II. middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank III. as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ès μέσον τιθέναι τινί τι to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in medio ponere; so, έε μέσον άμφοτέροιε δικά(ειν to judge fairly or impartially for both; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; δια μέσου between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime. IV. neut.  $\mu \in \sigma o \nu$ , as Adv. in the middle, like μέσωs, moderately. poët. Comp μεσαίτερος, Sup μεσαίτατος.

**μεσο-σχίδής, έs,** (μέσος, σχίζω) split in two.

μεσότης, ητος, ή, (μέσος) a middle, a mean between two extremes, Lat. mediocritas.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοῖχος) a partition-wall. μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From μεσό-τομος, ον, (μέσος, τεμείν) cut through the middle, cut in twain.

μεσ-ουράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος, οὐρανός) the meridian of zenith. 2 the mid-beaven.

μεσόω, f. ώσω, (μέσος) to be in the middle, be balf over, to reach the height, culminate; ημέρα μεσούσα midday, noon; θέρος μεσοῦν midsummer. gen. to be in the middle of, μεσούν της αναβάσιος to be in the middle of the ascent.

ME'ΣΙΙΙ ΛΟΝ, τό, the medlar-tree: a medlar. **μέσσἄτος**, η, ον, = μέσατος, poet, for μέσος.

μέσσ-αυλος, δ, or μέσσ-αυλον, τό, poet. for μέσαυλ -. μεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύς, poet. for μεσηγ-.

μεσσ-ήρης, εs, poet. for μεσήρηs.

Merrias, ov, o, Heb. the Messiah, i.e. the Anointed. μεσσόθεν, Ep. for μεσόθεν, Adv. (μέσοι) from the middle.

μεσσο-πάλής, μεσσο-πόρος, poët. for μεσοπ-. μέσσος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος.

MEΣΤΟ Σ, ή, όν, full, filled, filled full :-c. gen. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., μεστός ην θυμούμενος he had bis fill of anger.

μεστόω, f. ώσω, (μεστόs) to fill full, glut, cram: -Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφα, poet. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.; μέσφ' ήουs till morn :-- μέσφ' ὅτε until.

μέσως, Adv. of μέσος, middlingly, moderately.

META', poet. μεταί, Dor. πεδά or πέδα:-when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen, dat., and acc.

WITH GEN. in the midst of, among, between. in common with, with the help or favour of; wer' 'Aθηναίης with the belp of Athena. means of; as μετ' αρετής πρωτεύειν.

WITH DAT. only poet, properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματος μετά οίε έταιροίσιν last over and above his companions. 2. of things, in the midst of, with, as, μετά νηυσί, κύμασι, άστράσι; so also, μετά πνοιήs ανέμοιο in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, coming into or among, as μετά φῦλα θεών, μετά λαύν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence with a view to, looking to; πόλεμον μέτα θωρήσσοντο they armed for the battle. II. of Place, after, next after, behind; μετά κτίλον έσπετο μήλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether. 2. of Time. after, next to; μετά ταῦτα thereafter: -also, μεθ' ἡμέpay in the course of the day, Lat. interdiu. order of Rank, next to, next after, after; κάλλιστος ανήρ μετ' αμύμονα Πηλείωνα the fairest man after the son of Peleus. III. after, according to; μετά σον και εμών κήρ as you and I wish. IV. among, in, between, as with dat.; μετά πάντας άριστος best of all, among all.

As ADV. among them, with them. II. and then, next afterwards. III. thereafter, afterwards; μετά γάρ καὶ ἄλγεσι τέρπεται ἀνήρ one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Mέτα is often used for μέτεστι, q. v.

In compos. μετά implies community or participation, as in μετα-δίδωμι. II. interval of space or time, between, during, as in μετ-αίχμιον. succession of time, as in μετ-αυτίκα. IV. towards, in pursuit, following, as in μετα-διώκω, μετοίχομαι. V. letting go, as in μεθ-ίημι. after, behind, as in μετά-φρενον. VII. backwards, back again, reversely, as in μετα-τρέπω, μεταστρέφω, VIII. most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in μετα-βαίνω, μετα-βάλλω, μετα-γιγνώσκω, etc.

μετάβα, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω. μετα-βαίνω, f. –βήσομαι: 2 αοτ. 2 μετέβην: 2 μεταμεσσόθι, Ep. for μεσόθι, Adv. (μέσοs) in the middle. βέβηκα:—to pass over, to pass on: generally, to pass from one place to another. II. Causal in aot. 1 μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.

μετα-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: 2 οτ. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μετα-βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημα: :—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν τῆν to turn, i. e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ υδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν δίαιταν to change one's det or way of life. II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose. III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose 3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round. μετα-βάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain,

dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάs, ασα, άν, αοτ. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω. μετάβἄσιs, ή, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over. shifting, changing. II. change, alteration.

μετα-βέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βιβάζω, f.  $-\beta_i\beta\acute{a}\sigma\omega$  Att.  $-\beta_iβ\^{a}$ , Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ή, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing in plut. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a following clos thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party, μεταβολή ἐs τοὺs Ἑλληναs going over to the pursuit, chase Greeks 2 μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρης an eclipse. μετα-δρόμος

μετα-βουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter

one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeful, fickle

μεταβώ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-άγγελοs, ov, δ and ή, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Meta-γειτνιών, ῶνος, ὁ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Laconian Καρνεῖος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and

changed their neighbours.

μετα-γιγνώσκω lon, and in late Gr. -γῖνώσκω: fut.

-γνώσομα: acr. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

Il. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree.

2. to repent: c. acc. to re-

pent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιδ, ή, = μετάνοια, refentance, remorse. μετάγνωσις, εως, ή, (μεταγνώναι) change of mind. μετα-γράφω, ε.ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify.

Med to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 μετήγαγον:—to convey from one place to another.

II. seemingly intr.

to change one's course.

μετα-δαίντμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμαι, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μετα-δέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμιοs, ov, (μετά, δήμοs) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share.

II. to give after.

μετα-δίομαι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω. μεταδίωκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From

μετα-διώκω, f. -διώξομαι later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely. II. intr. to follow close after.

μετα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα: pf. pass. -δέδογμαι: -to change one's opinion: impers. μεταδοκεί, μετάδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι μή στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

**μετα-δόρπιοs**, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδόs, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετάδοσις, ή, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, im-

μεταδούναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ή, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, bunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταζε, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

φετάθεσις, ή, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over.

II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά

μετα-ίζω, poët. for μεθίζω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξαs, aor. I part. of μεταίσσω

μετ-αίρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to go away, depart.

μετ-atoσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αιτέω, f ήσω, to demand one's sbare of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-altros, ον, also os, ον, (μετά, altros) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνου an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. πεδ -, (μετά, αίχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground.

2. generally, midway between, in mid air. μετα-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καινίζω, f. σω, to model anew
μετα-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

to go to visit, c. acc.

μετακίνητός, ή, όν, transposed, changed: to be changed or disturbed. μετα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail after-2. to weep for. μετα-κλάω, to break and so change. μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινω, to turn in a new direction: -Pass. to take another course, set the other way. μετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep. μετά-κοινος, ον, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns. partaking. μετα-κομίζω, f. ίσω, to transport, carry over. μετα-κυλινδέω, f. ήσω, to roll away; μετακυλινδείν aὑτόν to roll oneself over. μετα-κύμιος, ον, (μετά, κῦμα) between the waves; ἄτας μετακύμιον between two waves of woe, i.e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe.  $[\bar{v}]$ μετα-λαγχάνω, f -λήξομαι, to get a share of. μετα-λαμβάνω, f.  $-\lambda \dot{\eta} \psi o \mu a \iota$ : pf.  $-\epsilon i \lambda \eta \phi a$ : pass. -είλημμαι:-to have or get a share of, to partake in: -Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαί τινος to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον αντ' εἰρήνης; μεταλαμβάνειν παλτόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange. μετ-αλγέω, f ήσω, to feel remorse, to repent. μετα-λήγω Ep. μεταλλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from. μετάληψις, ή, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing. μεταλλάγή, ή, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change: μεταλλαγή της ήμέρας an μεταλλακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered. μετάλλαξις, ή, = μεταλλαγή, a change. μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. εω: aor. 1 μετήλλαξα: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take 3. to change from, leave, quit. in exchange. intr. to undergo a change, change. μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετάλλητος. μετ-αλλάω, f. ήσω, (μετ' άλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire currously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον. μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. =  $\mu\epsilon\tau a\lambda\lambda\dot{a}\omega$ , to explore. μεταλ-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω. μεταλλήσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω. μετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out. μεταλλικός, ή, όν, of or for mines. μέτ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry; άλδε μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρύσεα καὶ ἀργύρεα country.

either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase.

Med. to go from one place to another. Hence

μετα-κινέω, f. ήσω, to remove: to change, alter:-

they were marching over the whole field.

μετά-κτάθω, only used in impf., to follow after: μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' άλλα, in quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.) ΙΙΙ. πᾶν πεδίον μετεκίαθον μεταλλό-χρῦσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσόε) containing gold ore. μετάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part pass. of μεθάλλομαι. μετα-μάζιος, ον, (μετά, μαζός) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest. μετα-μαίομαι, Dep. to search after, chase. μετα-μανθάνω, f. --μαθήσομαι: 2οτ. 2 μετέμαθον: to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. dediscere. μετ-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, άγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, re-II. Med. to change one's condition, escape μετα-μέλει, fut. – μελήσει: aor. Ι μετεμέλησε: impers. it repents me, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι ούτως απολογησαμένω I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι ιt repents me; and in part., μεταμελόν μοι, Lat. guum poeniteat me. II. also with a nom., τω 'Αρίστωνι μετέμελε το είρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence μεταμέλεια, ή, change of purpose, regret, repentance. μετα-μελητικός, ή, όν, full of repentance, repentant. μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήθην: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose. μετά-μελος, δ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret. μετα-μέλπομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among. μετα-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with. μετα-μίσγω, = μηταμίγνυμι. μετα-μορφόσμαι, Pass (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transfigured. μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress. μετ-ἄμώνιος, ον, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μεταμώνια βάζειν to talk idly. μετ-αναγιγνώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose: - Pass. to be changed in purpose. μετα-ναιετάω, to dwell with. μετα-ναιέτης, ου, δ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer. μετ-ανάστασις, ή, (μετανίσταμαι) migration. μετα-νάστης, ου, δ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed bis bome, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence μετανάστιος, ov, like a wanderer, wandering. μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης. μετανεγνώσθην, 20r. 1 pass. of μεταγιγνώσκω. μετ-ανέστηκα, -ανέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετανίστημι. μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his

II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.

aor. 2 μετανέστην, pf. μετανέστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to perceive afterwards or too 2. to change one's mind or opinion. to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ή, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv of Place, betwint, between; το μεταξύ the space between: - of Time, between-wbiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between :- of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. μετα-παυσωλή, ή, rest between times

μετα-πείθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way. μεταπεμπτέος, a, ov, to be sent for: and

μετάπεμπτος, ov, sent for: verb Adjectives from μετα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην: Dep.

to fly away

μετα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap from one to another. μετα-πίπτω, f.  $-\pi \epsilon \sigma o \hat{v} \mu a i$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma o v$ : pf  $\pi \epsilon$ птыка:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly. 2. of votes, to change sides. conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ă], to mould differently,

remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:-Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen. μετα-ποίνιος, ον, (μετά, ποινή) punishing after-

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med -εύσομαι: aor. I pass. μετεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπήs, έs, distinguished among. From μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, aor. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργός) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ἄρίθμιης, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among. μεταρ-ρίπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ίσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ήσω, (μετάρσιος, λέσχης) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ή, a talking on lofty subjects. μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάρσιος: (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph, scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, II. like μετέωρος, out at sea. Hence empty.

μεταρσιόω, f. ώσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μетα-σεύομαι Ep. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 μετεσσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσϋτο: Pass.:-to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. άσω [α], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπών, aor. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μέτασσαι, al, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and ερσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περισσόs from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ep. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασταθώ, aor. 1 subj. pass. of μεθίστημι. μεταστάς, ασα, άν, 2οι. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ή, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ήλίου an eclipse. 2. μετάστασιε βίου departure from life: absol. de-II. a changing, change. of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, tursue. μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, aor. I part., and fut, of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -ί, Adv. (μετά, στοίχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάχίζω, to sigh or wail afterwards. μετα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift

one's camp.

μεταστράφήσομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω. μεταστρεφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of μεταστρέφω. μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:-Pass., aor. τ μετεστρέφθην, aor. 2 μετεστράφην [ἄ], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in aor. 1 part. μεταστρεφθείς. round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter. intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, 3. to turn round upon, to visit with venc. gen. geance.

μετασχείν, aor. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετάσχεσις, εως, ή, (μετέχω) a participation, sbaring in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (μετά, σχημα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently: -Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. Ι μετέθηκα:—to place II. to place differently, change, alter: among. Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι την γνώμην to change to a new

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring forth after. μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:-Med. to turn

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oneself round, turn back.
 to care for, regard, take care of.
  μετα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: 20τ. 2 μετέδραμον (from
 obsol. δρέμω):—to run after,
  μετα-τροπαλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep
turning about, in a retreat.
  μετατροπή, ή, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back:
a visiting, vengeance for a thing.
  μετατροπία, \dot{\eta}, = μετατροπή.
  μετάτρο πος, ον, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about:
of an enemy, turning round upon; έργα μετάτροπα
deeds that are visited with vengeance.
  μετα-τρωπάω, f. ήσω, poet. for μετατρέπω.
 μετ-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.
  μετ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak among, to address, c.
                II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.
  μετ-αθθίς Ion. -αθτις, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.
 μετ-αυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.
 μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to
another, transfer.
                      2 to change, alter: to pervert:
-Pass. to change one's course.
 μετά-φημι, unpf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among
 μεταφορά, ή, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place
to another.
                    II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to
one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.
 μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.
 μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.
 μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part be-
bind the midriff (ppéves), the broad of the back.
 μετα-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to speak among, address.
 μετα-χειρίζω, f. ίσω, or more often as Dep. μετα-
χειρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι: 201. Ι μετεχειρι-
σάμην: -to bave in one's bands, bandle.
take in band, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχει-
ρίζεσθαι πράγμα to conduct an affair.
                                           3. to bave
in band, pursue, practise, Lat. exercere.
                                                4. to
bandle, treat in a certain way.
 μετα-χρόνιος, \alpha, o\nu, = μετάχρονος.
                                         II. in Poets,
= μετάρσιοs, aloft, on bigb.
 μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done
afterwards.
 μετα-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go to another place, withdraw:
to migrate, of birds of passage.
 μετα-ψαίρω, to brush against.
 μετέασι, Ep. for μέτεισι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι.
 μετέβάλον, 2 of μεταβάλλω.
 μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.
 μετ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new re-
gister, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφήσεται.
 μετέγνων, 20r. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.
 μετέδοξα, aor. I of μεταδοκέω.
 μετέδωκα, 20r. Ι of μεταδίδωμι.
 μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετείπε, etc.
 μετέησι, Ion. for μετή, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι.
 μετέθηκα, 201. Ι οί μετατίθημι.
 μετείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμ-
Βάνω.
μέτ-ειμι, f. μετέσομαι Εp. -έσσομαι: (μετά, εlμί | μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.
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2. to turn and look after, | sum):—to be among, live with, associate with.
                          impers, μέτεστί τοί τινος I bave a sbare of a thing;
                          part. neut. absol., µετόν there being a share or cle im:
                          -sometimes with a nom., μέτεστι πασι τὸ ἴσον
                          equality is shared by all.
                           μέτ-ειμι, (μετά, είμι ibo) to go between
                         among.
                                       II. to go after or behind, follow.
                          to go after or for, fetch.
                                                        3. to pursue, visit with
                          vengeance.
                                           4. to go to, approach, draw near
                                  III. to pass over, go over to the other side.
                           μετ-είπον Ερ μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετά-
                          φημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among.
                                                                     2. to speak
                          tbereafter, afterwards.
                           μετείς, Ion. for μεθείε, aor. 2 part. of μεθίημι.
                           μετεισάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (εξμι
                           μετείω, Ep. for μετῶ, subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).
                           μετ-εκβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.
                           μετεκίαθον, impf. of μετακιάθω.
                           μετέλάβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.
                           μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.
                           μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.
                           μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετ-
                          έρχομαι.
                           μετέμαθον, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω
                           μετ-εμβαίνω, f. - βήσομαι, to go on board another
                          ship.
                           μετ-εμβίβάζω, f. -\beta_i\betaάσω Att. -\beta_i\beta\hat{\omega}, Causal of
                          μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship.
                           μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μετα-
                         μέλει.
                          μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf of μέτειμι (ελμί sum).
                           μετ-έμφυτος, ον, (μετά, έμφύω) engrafted afresh.
                          μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a per-
                                    II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on
                         son.
                         other clothes.
                           μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.
                           μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.
                           μετ-εννέπω, to speak among.
                          μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Mcd. to take out and put elsewhere.
                          μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to
                         another.
                          μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, εξ, ετεροι) some others.
                          μετέον, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (είμί
                          μετ-έπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.
                          μετέπεσον, 201. 2 οf μεταπίπτω.
                          μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with 201. 2
                         act. - ηλθον, pf. - ελήλυθα: -- to come among.
                         to go between the ranks.
                                                        3. to go in among, at-
                         tack.
                                   II. to go to another place, go away.
                         c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence
                         to seek for, aim at.
                                                  2. of things, to go after, at-
                         tend to, manage.
                                              3. to pursue, visit as an avenger:
                                                           4. to approach with
                         in legal sense, to prosecute.
                         prayers, supplicate.
                                                 5. to court or woo.
                          μετέσσύτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 of μετασεύομαι.
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μετ-εύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else. μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μετάφημι. μετ-έχω, f. μεθέξω, to partake of, bave a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc μέρος) dyaθων τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another. μετέω, Ion and Ep. subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum) μετεωρίζω, f. ίσω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a height, raise, lift up: Pass., μετεωρισθείς έν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the bigh sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes. μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to prate about the beavenly bodies. μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου,  $\delta$ , =  $\mu$ ετεωρο-λόγος. μετεωρολογέω, f ήσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to talk of bigh things, or of the beavenly bodies. Hence μετεωρολογία, ή, a treatise on the heavenly bodies. μετεωρο-λόγος, ον, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies. μετ-έωρος Ερ. μετ-ήορος, ον, (μετά, έώρα οτ αίώρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sec. metaph, of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. spe erectus: hence wavering, fluctuating. μετέωρα, things in the air, the beavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, abstruse, lofty speculations. μετεωρο-σοφιστής, δ, a meteorological philosopher μετεωρο-φέναξ, ακος, ό, a meteorological quack. μετήγάγον, aor. 2 of μετάγω. μετηλθον Ep. μετήλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι. μετήλλαξα, aor. I of μεταλλάσσω. μετ-ηνέμιος, ον, (μετά, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind. μετ-ήορος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος. μετήρα, anr. I of μεταίρω μετήσεσθαι, Ion. for μεθήσεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθίημι. μετηύδων, as, a, impf. of μεταυδάω. μετίει, Ion. 3 sing impf. of μεθίημι; also 3 sing. pres. μετίετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθίημι. μετ-ίημι, μετ-ίστημι, Ion. for μεθ-.  $\mu \epsilon \tau \cdot l \sigma \chi \omega$ , =  $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \chi \omega$ . μετοικεσία, η, = μετοικία 1. 2. the Captivity of the Jews. From μετοικέω, f. ήσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle II. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence μετοίκησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = μετοικία Ι. μετοικία, ή, change of abode, migration. II. a settling as μέτοικοs, a settlement: society. the condition of a µέτοικος or sojourner. μετ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to lead to another abode: -Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate. μετοικικός, ή, όν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος: το μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικοι or aliens. μετοίκιον, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by

the peroison at Athens. From

μέτ-οικος, ον, (μετά, οίκος) changing one's abode, settling elsewbere. II. at Athens, μέτοικος, δ and h, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοίκιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. inquilinus. μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, the guardian of the μέτoikoi or aliens at Athens. μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through. μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω μετ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush. μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to change the name, call by a new name:-Pass, to take a new name.  $\mu \epsilon \tau \cdot \delta \pi i v$ ,  $A d v = \mu \epsilon \tau \delta \pi \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon$ . μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv of Place, from behind, backwards: - of Time, after, after-II. as Prep. with gen. behind. wards. μετοπωρίνος, ή, όν, of or like the end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal. From μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὀπώρα) the season after  $\delta\pi\omega\rho a$ , late autumn; cp.  $\phi\theta$ iν  $\delta\pi\omega\rho\sigma\nu$ . μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζωμετ-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ύρχος) the stace between rows of vines. μετ-ουσία, ή, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of μέτειμι intersum) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment. μετοχή, ή, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion. μετ-οχλίζω, f. ίσω, (μετά, ὅχλος) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way. μετοχλίσσειε, Ep. 3 sing aor. 1 opt of μετοχλίζω μέτοχος, ον, (μετέχω) partaking of .--as Subst a partaker, partner, accomplice. μετρέω, f ησω, (μέτρον) to measure: I of Space, to measure, 1 e. pass over, Lat. metiri, emetiri: - Med., μετρείσθαι ίχνη to measure the footmarks with the eves. II. of Number, to count: to measure out, dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence. μέτρημα, aros, τό, that which is measured out: a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.  $\mu$ έτρησις, ή, ( $\mu$ ετρέω) a measuring, measurement. μετρητήs,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύs, Lat. meirēta, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12 χύεs, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held & of a μετρητήs μετρητός, ή,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (μετρέω) measured, measurable. μετριάζω f. σω, (μέτριος) to he moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans to moderate. μετριοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From μετριο-πάθής, ές, (μέτριος, παθείν) bearing moderately. μετριο-πότης, ου, δ. (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some

tenses of mivw) a moderate drinker, moderate in po-

tations: Sup. μετριοποτίστατος.

μέτριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (μέτρον) within measure. moderate: of Size, of average or ordinary beight. III. of Degree, bolding to the of Number, few. mean, moderate: of middle condition or rank: τὸ 3. of Persons, 2. tolerable. μέτριον the mean. moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. =  $\mu \epsilon \tau \rho i \omega s$ .

μετριότης, ητος, ή, (μέτριος) moderation.

μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure. 2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comparative μετριώτερον, Superlative -ωτατα.

**ME'TPON**, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure any space measured or measurable; μέτρον ορμου the size of the harbour; μέτρον ήβης the full measure or prime of youth. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fit-III. metre, opp. to  $\mu \in \lambda$ os (tune) and  $\delta \nu \theta$ μό**s** (time).

μετώκισα, aor. I of μετοικίζω.

μετ-ωνυμία, ή, (μέτα, ονομα) change of name: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy. μετ-ωπηδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) with the forehead foremost, fronting: of ships, in line; opp. to έπὶ κέρως, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) on or of the forehead. **μετ-ώπιον**, τό, = μέτωπον, the forehead.

μέτ-ωπον, τό, (μετά, ώψ) the space between the eyes, II. the front or fore part of the forebead, front. anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) with ingenuous countenance.

μεῦ, Ε̈p. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ. ΜΕ'ΧΡΓ', rarely μέχρις even before a vowel: Prep. with gen. until, unto, to a given point, I. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης as far as the sea. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρις until when? μέχρις ου; μέχρις όσου; until when? how long? μέχρι τινός for a space; μέχρι τοῦδε until now. ΙΙ. in Ion., μέχρι ου is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οδ δκτώ πύργων as far as eight towers, instead of μέχριε οῦ ὀκτὼ πύργοι εἰσίν. III. Conjunct. until, with indic., μέχρι ξως έγένετο till morning came: with αν and subj., μέχρι αν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν till we see this: also, μέχρι οῦ in same sense.

MH, Adv. not, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while où denies absolutely: μή expresses that one thinks a thing is not, où that it is not: hence uh always follows εl, έάν, ήν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἔωε ἄν, because these speak of a thing not as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas ἐπεί, ἐπειδή are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact. 2. µn also is used after the final Conjunctions ίνα, ώs, δπως, ωστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ώs μή .. ὅλωνται that

they perish not. 3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πυθέσθαι μ' ἀλγύνειεν ἄν the not-knowing would grieve 4. with the Participle, as, μη ἀπενείκαs = εί μη ἀπήνεικε, if he had not carried away. is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. ne, it stands first in the sen-1. with the pres. imperat,  $\mu \eta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon$ . with the subjunctive agrist,  $\mu \eta \lambda \ell \xi \eta s$ . 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μη γαρ ογ' έλθοι ἀνήρ O that he may not come!

B. μή, Conjunction, that not, lest, Lat. ne: with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μη ληφθω I flee lest I may be II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ξφυγον μη ληφθείην I fled lest I might III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, be caught. δέδοικα μη γένηται, Lat. vereor ne fiat, I feat lest it happen, i e. I fear it will happen. - For this subj. the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μή is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ίστω Ζεὺs μὴ μὲν χειρ' ἐπενεικαι Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat, wishes, δὸs μή 'Οδυσσηα οίκαδ' ίκέσθαι. V. μή is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι, κωλύειν, εἴργειν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like sense, as κώλυμα; or Adverbs, as έμποδών.

C. As Interrogat., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, η μή που .. φάσθε; surely ye did not say? 2. μή is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by whether, as, δείδω μή δή πάντα νημερτέα  $\epsilon l \pi \epsilon \nu$  I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true, i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μή γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, no certainly, Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μη λεγέτω τὸ ονομα let him not say the name; Answ. μη γάρ [λεγέτω] no. certainly.

μή γε, not at least, strengthd. for μή.

 $\mu\eta\delta$ -αμά and  $\mu\eta\delta$ -αμή, Adv. of  $\mu\eta\delta\alpha\mu\delta s$ , no-II. in nowise, not at all.

μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμόε) from no place; μηδαμόθεν ἄλλοθεν from no other place.

μηδαμόθι, Adv. nowhere: and

μηδαμοί, Adv. nowbither. From

μηδ-αμός, ή, όν, for μηδέ άμός, not even one, not any one, no one, none. Hence

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. nowhere.

μηδαμώς, Adv. of μηδαμός, in no way, not at all. μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) but not, and not, nor, Lat. neque, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδέ .. μηδέ .. , neither .. nor . , Lat. ne-II. strengthening the negative, que .. neque ... which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, not even, Lat. ne . quidem.

μηδ-είς, μηδ-εμία, μηδ-έν, gen. μηδενός, μηδεμιας,

μηδενός, etc.:—declined like είς μία έν, (μηδέ, είς) —to lengthen, prolong. not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. 8 or n μηδέν (sc. ών, οὖσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody: - τὸ μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, person. by no means

μηδέ-ποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.

μηδέ-πω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

μηδε-πώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet. μηδ-έτερος, a, ον, (μηδέ, ἔτεροs) neither of the two. μηδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. to neither side.

μή δή, nay do not.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μηδος) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the

Medes, opp. to Έλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ή, όν, (Μῆδος) Median: τὰ Μηδικά (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. ΙΙ. Μηδική ποία, berba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman. **Μηδισμός**, δ, (Μηδίζω) a leaning towards the

Medes, the being in their interest.

**Μηδο-κτόνος**, ον, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying. μήδομαι, f. μήσομαι: aor. ι έμησάμην: Dep.: (μηδοs):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδ-οπότερος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\bullet \nu$ , (μηδέ,  $\delta \pi \delta \tau \epsilon \rho o s$ ) neither of the two.

MH ΔΟΣ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \acute{o}$ , only used in plur.  $\mu \acute{\eta} \delta \epsilon a$ , counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μητιε, care, anxiety; σὰ μήδεα care for thee. II. m pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδ-οστισούν, neut. μηδοτιούν, for μηδέ όστιε ούν,  $\mu\eta\delta\dot{\epsilon}$   $\delta$   $\tau\iota$   $o\delta\nu$ , no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ή,  $(\mu \hat{\eta} \delta o s)$  counsel, prudence. Μηδο-φόνος,  $o \nu$ , = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηθείς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδείς, μηδέν. ΜΗΚΑ ΌΜΑΙ, Dep., with 201. 2 part. μακών: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part. μεμηκώs, shortd. fem. μεμάκυῖα (so βέβρῦχα, μέμῦκα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον: -to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, sbriek, cry.

μηκάs, άδοs, ή, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μή, ἔτι) no more, no longer, no further. μήκιστος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. and Att. μάκιστος,  $[\bar{a}]$ , a,  $o\nu$ , (μηκοs), Sup. of μακρόs, but formed from μηκοs, as aισχιστοs from alσχοs, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far: -also at length, at last.

MH KOΣ, εοs, τό, length: also beight, tallness, 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. ΙΙ. τὸ μῆκοε or μηκοε, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness.

 $\mu$ ή-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for  $\mu$ ήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. - υνω lon. - υνέω: Dor. μακύνω: (μηκοε): fines the breasts.

2. to protract: to delay, put off; μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 3. μηκύνειν βοήν to raise a loud cry. 4. Med. ἐμᾶκύναντο κόλοσσον erected a tall statue.

MH'KΩN Dor. μάκων, ωνος, ή, the poppy. the bead of a poppy. 3. poppy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ή, (μηλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus.  $\mu$ ήλειος,  $ο\nu$ , also  $\alpha$ ,  $ο\nu$ , ( $\mu$ ηλο $\nu$ ) of or belonging to

a sbeep.

Mηλιακόs, ή, όν, of or for Melis or Malia.

**Μηλιάδες** or **Μηλίδης**, ai, (μηλον A or B) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύs.

Μηλιεύς, έως, ό, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis II. as Adj., Μηλιείε κύλπος the Maliac gulf.

 $\mu$ ήλἴνος,  $\eta$ , ον, Dor.  $\mu$ άλινος,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(\mu \hat{\eta} \lambda ον B)$  of an apple-tree.

Mήλιοs, a, ov, of or from the island of Melos, Melian.

Mylis, idos,  $\hat{\eta}$ , with or without  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ήρος, δ, and μηλο-βότης, ου, δ, Dor. -τας, (μῆλον, βόσκω) a sbepberd.

 $\mu\eta\lambda\delta$ -βοτος, ον,  $(\mu\hat{\eta}\lambdaον$ ,  $\beta\delta\sigma\kappa\omega$ ) grazed by sheep. μηλο-δόκοs, ον, (μηλον, δέχομαι) sheep-receiving. μηλο-θύτης, [v], ου, δ, (μηλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sbeep, a priest; βωμός μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar. μηλολόνθη, ή, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

 $MH^{\Lambda}ON$ , ov,  $\tau \phi$ , (A) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat:  $\tilde{a}\rho\sigma\epsilon\nu a$   $\mu\hat{\eta}\lambda a$  rams, wethers: the pl.  $\mu\hat{\eta}\lambda a$ means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to Βόεs

MH ΛΟΝ, ov, τό, (B) Dor. MA ΛΟΝ, Lat MA-LUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as, μηλον Κυδώνιον the quince, μηλον Περσικόν the reach, μηλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. malae. μηλο-νομεύς, έως, or μηλο-νόμης, ou, Dor. - μας, α, δ, (μηλον A, νέμω) a shepherd, goatherd, herdsman. μηλο-νόμος, ον, (μηλον A, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλο-πάρειος, ον, Dor. μαλοπάρηος, (μηλον Β, παρειά) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλό-σκοπος, ον, (μηλον  $\mathbf{A}$ , σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλό-σπορος, ον, (μῆλον Β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σόος, ον, poet. for μηλοσόος, (μηλον A, σώ-(ω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφαγέω, f. ήσω, to slay sheep; ίερα μηλοσφαyeur to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ον, (μηλον A, σφάζω) slaying sbeep. μηλο-τρόφος, ον, (μηλον Α, τρέφω) sheep-feeding. μηλ-οῦχος, δ, (μηλον Β. II, έχω) a girdle that conμηλο-φόνος, ον. (μῆλον Α, \*φένω) sheep-slaying, μηλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry apples. From μηλο-φόρος, ον. (μῆλον Β, φέρω) bearing apples. μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ό, and ἡ, (μῆλον Α οτ Β, φύλαξ) one who watches sheep or apples. [ $\vec{v}$ ] μηλωτή, ἡ, (μῆλον A) a sheep's skin. μήλ-ωψ, οπος, ό, ἡ, (μῆλον Β, ἄψ) looking like an apple, yellow, golden.

μή μάν, nay verily.

μή μέν, Ion. for μή μάν.

μήν, Dor. and Ep. μάν, a Particle strengthening affirmation, yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth;  $\hat{\eta}$  μήν or  $\hat{\eta}$  μάν, in very truth, yea verily, used at the beginning of an oath: καὶ μήν, Lat. et vero, and yet, nay more: ἀλλὰ μήν yet truly, Lat. verum enimvero: οὐ μήν assuredly not, so too μή μήν; τί μήν; what then? i. e. of course. II = μέντοι, however.—Μήν was orig, the same as μέν, but after the introduction of the long vowel  $\eta$  it became the more emphatic form. but  $\hat{\eta}$  μέν, μή μέν, were retained in Ep. and Ion., = Att.  $\hat{\eta}$  μήν, μή μήν.

MH'N, δ, gen. μηνόs: dat. pl. μησί, Aeol and Dor. μείs:—Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH: κατὰ μῆνα month by month, monthly. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστάμενοs, the month vising, and μὴν φθίνων the month waning. The Attic division was into three, μὴν ἱστάμενοs, μεσῶν, φθίνων: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as μηνὸs τετάρτη φθίνοντοs the fourth day from the end of the month; sometimes onwards, as τῆ τρίτη ἐπ' εἰκάδι on the three-and-twentieth day of the month.

II. = μηνίσκος II.

month. II. =  $\mu\eta\nu\iota\sigma\kappa\sigma$  II.  $\mu\eta\nu\dot{\alpha}$ s,  $\dot{\alpha}\delta\sigma$ s,  $\dot{\gamma}$ , =  $\mu\dot{\gamma}\nu\eta$ , the moon.

μήνατο, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. I med. of μαίνομαι.

μήνεσι, corrupt form of μησί, dat. pl. of μήν, μηνός. μήνη, ἡ, (μήν) the moon, Lat. luna. Hence

μηνίαιοs, a, ov, monthly.

μηνιθμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μηνίω) wrath.

μήντμα, ατος, τό, (μηνίω) the cause of anger; μήνιμα θεῶν the cause of divine wrath. 2 guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness.

MH Dor. μανις, ιος, ή, Att. gen. μήντδος, wrath, anger: also, malice.

μηνίσκος, δ, Dim. of μήνη, a crescent, Lat. lunula. II. a crescent-shaped body, to protect the bead of statues.

μηνίω Dor. μανίω; f. μηνίσω [t]: 201. I εμήνισα: (μῆνιs):—to cherish wrath, be wroth against: also to declare one's wrath against 2 person.

μηνο-ειδής, ές, (μήνη, είδος) crescent-shaped, Lat. lunatus: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed. μήνυμα, ατος, τό, (μηνύω) an information.

μήντημα, ατος, τό, (μηνύω) an information.
μηντήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (μηνύω) an informer, guide.
μηντής, οῦ, ὁ, (μηνύω) masc. Adj. bringing to
light. II. as Subst. an informer, Lat. delator.
μήντητον, τό, (μηνύω) the price paid for information, reward: almost always used in plur.
μηνύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = μηνυτήρ. [ῦ] From

MHNΥ Ω Dor. μᾶνύω: f. μηνύσω [v]: 20τ. 1 ἐμήνοσα:—Pass., 20τ. 1 ἐμηνύθην [v]: pf. μεμήννμαι:—
to disclose, reveal, make known: betray.

Athens, to inform or lay public information against another: impers. in Pass., μηνύεται information is laid: but in Pass. also of persons, to be informed against.

μη δπως (an ellipse for μη ὑπολάβητε ὅπως.), followed by ἀλλά, do not suppose that.., but.; not

only not so ... but ...

μή ὅτι, = μή ὅτως, followed by ἄλλα, not only not so, but; not to mention that, let alone, Lat. ne dicam.

μή ού, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as δέδοικα μή οὐ γένηται I fear it will not be, opp. to δέδοικα μή γένηται I fear it will be. Here both negatives have their proper force; but, II. with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as οὐδείε σοι ἀντιλέγει τὸ μὴ οὐ λέξειν no one disputes your right to speak (where μη ού may be translated by Lat. quin, quominus), nemo te impediet quin dicas. generally, after all clauses in which a negat, is expressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύναμαι, οὐκ ἔστι, etc.; as οὐ οἰκός ἐστι 'Αθηναίους μη οὐ δοῦναι δίκας it is not reasonable that the Athemans should not Lat. non potest fiert quin ; so also, with a negat. implied, as, δεινον έδοκει .. μη ου λαβείν it seemed III. with a Participle, δυstrange not to take. σάλγητος γὰρ ἢν, μὴ οὐ κατοικτείρων for I were unfeeling, did I not pity.—In II, and III, μή might stand without où.

μή πολλάκις, lest perchance, Lat. ne forte.

μή-ποτε, = μή ποτε, I. with subj. that at no time, lest ever, Lat. ne quando. 2. with infin. never. μή που, lest anywhere: lest perchance.

 $\mu\dot{\eta}$ - $\pi\omega$ , =  $\mu\dot{\eta}$   $\pi\omega$ , not yet, Lat. nondum:  $\mu\dot{\eta}\pi\omega$   $\gamma\epsilon$  nay, not yet.

μή πώποτε, never yet.

μή-πως, = μή πως, lest in any way, lest any how, lest perchance.

II. in case of doubt, whether or no.

μηρά, τά, = μηρία, thigh-bones.

μηρίδι, τά, never used in sing., (μηρόs) the thigbbones, which by old usage they cut out from the leg (ἐκ μηρία τάμνον), and wrapped in two folds of fat (μηρία κνίση ἐκάλυψαν, δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες): they were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μηροί, the thighs.

μηρίαιοs, a, ov, (μηρόε) of or belonging to the thigh,

Lat. femoralis: ή μηριαία, the thigh.

μήρινθος, ου, ή, (μηρύω) a cord, line, string; proverb., ή μήρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε the line caught nothing, i, e. it was of no avail.

MHPO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, the upper part of the thigh, the ham. μηρο-τράφής, ἐε, (μηρόε, τραφῆναι) nursed in the thigh, epith. of Bacchus.

μηρο-τύπής, ές, (μηρός, τυπηναι) striking the thigh. μηρυκάομαι, Dep. to chew the cud, Lat. ruminare.

MHPY'OMAI, f. -ύσομαι [v]: aor. 1 ἐμηρῦσάμην:
—to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι μηρύσασθαι to weave the woof into the warp.

11. μηρύομαι is sometimes used as Pass., κισσὸ μηρύεται περὶ χείλη ivy is twined around the edge.

τερι χτιλή ivy is ruined around the edge. μήσαο, μήσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 1 of μήδομαι.

μήσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. of μήσομαι, fut. of μήδομαι. μήστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. 201. 2 of μήδομαι.

μήστωρ, ωρος, δ, (μήδομαι) an adviser, counseller; μήστωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.

μή-τε, = μή τε, and not. II. repeated, μήτε . .

μήτε, neither .. nor.

MH'THP Dor. MA'THP, ἡ, gen. μητέρος, contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας.—Lat. MATER, MOTHER: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μήτηρ μήλων mother of flocks; γῆ μήτηρ Mother Earth:—ἡ Μήτηρ sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybele.

μήτι, neut. of μή-τις, μήτινος.

μήτι, contr. for μήτιι, dat. of μῆτις, μήτιος

μητιάασθαι, μητιάασθε, Ep. for μητιάσθαι, μητιάσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω.

μητίάω, f. μητιάσω. (μητις):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind.

If to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητίέτης Ερ. μητίετα, ου, ό, (μητιε) counseller. μητίότις, εσσα, εν, (μητιε) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητίομαι, f. -ίσομαι [τ]. aor. 1 ἐμηττσάμην: Dep.: (μητιs):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητίόων, Ερ for μητιῶν, part, of μητιάω.

μητιόωσι, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of μητιάω.

MH TIΣ, ιος, ή; Att. gen. τδος. Ep. dat, μήτι for μήτιι; acc. μῆτιν:—counsel, widom, skill, cunning, craft

II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, ό, ή, μήτι, τό, gen. μήτινος: (μή, τίς):—
lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing,
Lat. ne quis, ne quid.

11. μήτι is freq. as Adv. lest
by any means, that by no means: also separately, μή
τι: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

 $\mu\dot{\eta}$ -τοι, stronger form of  $\mu\dot{\eta}$ , in nowise, nay:  $\mu\dot{\eta}$ τοι  $\gamma\epsilon$  nay upon no account.

μήτρα, ή, (μήτηρ) Lat. matrix, the womb.

μητρ-ἄγύρτης, ου, ὁ, (μήτηρ, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybele, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-άδελφεός or μητρ-άδελφος, δ and ή, Dor. ματρ-, (μήτηρ, άδελφός) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-άλοίας οτ μητρ-αλφάς, ου,  $\delta$ , (μήτηρ, άλοιάω) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μήτρη, ή, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητριάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of μήτριος. μητρίδιος, a, ον, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. ματρ-, ον, (μήτηρ, δέχομαι) received by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. ματρόθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ή, (μήτηρ, κασιγνήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ον, (μήτηρ, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide.

11. μητρύκτονος, ον, pass. killed by one's mother

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ  $[\bar{a}]$ , opos,  $\hat{\eta}$ , == μητρὸ**s** μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ $\check{a}$ ], opos,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \mu \eta \tau \rho \delta s$  πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. ματρ-, εως, ή, (μήτηρ, πόλις) the molber-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, bome

μητρο-πόλος, ον, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending methers. μητρόρ-ριπτος, ον, (μήτηρ, βίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ον, (μήτηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον,  $(\mu \dot{\eta} \tau \eta \rho, *\phi \dot{\epsilon} \nu \omega)$  mothermurdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ου, ό, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) a malricide. μητρικά, âs, Ion. μητρική,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (μήτηρ) a stepmorber, Lat noverca: metaph a rocky coast is called μητρικά νεῶν.

μητρώοs Ep μητρώϊοs, α, ον, (μήτηρ) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μήτρωs, δ; gen. μήτρωοs and ω; acc. μήτρωα and ων; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάασθαι, -άασθε, Ερ. for μηχανάσθαι, - $\hat{a}$ σθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάσμαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor 1 εμηχανησάμην: pf. μεμηχάνημαι: Dep.: (μηχανή);—Lat. machinari, to make by art, pit together, construct, prepare.

2. to contrive, devise, scheme.

II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part. μηχανωνταs: but perf. μεμηχάνημαι is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοφμην, -ύφο, -ύφτο, Ep. for μηχανφμην, pres. opt. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανέομαι, lon. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανή, ή, (μῆχος) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights.—

2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, artificials: μηδεμιῆ μηχανή by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance

μηχάνημα, ατος, τό, (μηχανάομαι) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητίον, verb. Adj. of μηχανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ή, όν, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικός.

446 II. as Subst., ή μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), clever. mecbanics. μηχανιώτης, ου, δ, poet. for μηχανητής. μηχανο-δίφης, ου, δ, (μηχανή, διφάω) inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious. μηχανόκις,  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ ,  $(\mu \eta \chi \alpha \nu \dot{\eta})$  inventive, ingenious. μηχανο-ποιός, όν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) making machines: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ό, an engineer, maker of warengines. μηχανορραφέω, f. ήσω, to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily. From μηχάνορ-ράφος, ον, (μηχανή, βάπτω) contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving. **μηχάν-ουργόs**, όν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανο-II. pass. cunningly contrived. ποιός. μηχανόωνται, -όωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι. **μηχαρ**,  $\tau \delta_{i} = \mu \hat{\eta} \chi o s$ , a means, contrivance MH'XOΣ, τό, a means, expedient, contrivance. μία, ή; gen. μιαs Ion. μιηs; dat. μια, μιη; acc.  $\mu i \check{\alpha} \nu :$ —fem. of  $\epsilon \hat{i} s$ , one. **MIAI'NΩ**, f.  $\mu$ ιανω̂; aor. I ἐμίηνα Att. ἐμίανα: pf. μεμίαγκα:--Pass., aor. 1 έμιάνθην: pf. μεμίασμαι or -aμμαι:-to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. violare. 2. to stain, defile, soil. 3. metaph. to taint, defile, pollute. μζαιφονέω, f. ήσω, (μαιφόνος):—to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous. Hence μιαιφονία, ή, blood guiltiness. μται-φόνος, ον, (μιαίνω, \* φένω) blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty:—Comp. -ωτεροs; Sup. - ώτατος. μιάνθην, Ep. for εμιάνθην, aor. I pass. of μιαίνω. μίαρία, ή, (μιαρόε) brutality. II. defilement. μιάρό-γλωσσος, ον, (μιαρός, γλώσσα) foul-mouthed. μιαρός, ά, όν, (μιαίνω) defiled with blood. generally, polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting. Adv. mapus, brutally. μίασμα, ατος, τό, (μιαίνω) a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution. μίασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μιαίνω) pollution. μιάστωρ, opos, δ, (μιαίνω) a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. bomo piacularis. II. ἀλάστωρ, an avenger of such guilt. μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) mixed or blended with. μιγάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μίγνυμαι. μίγάs, άδοs,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μίγα) mixed up, promiscuous. μίγδα and μίγδην, Adv. promiscuously. μιγείην, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνυμι. μιγείε, aor. 2 part. pass. of μίγνυμι. μίγεν, for εμίγησαν, 3 pl. 201. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. μιγήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf pass. of μίγνυμι. μίγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι. ιίγμα, ατοε, τό, (μίγνυμι) a mixture, compound. MITNYMI and -ύω, also MIΣΓΩ: f. μίξω: aor. I ἔμιξα, inf. μίξαι:-Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μί-

ἐμίγην [τ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἔμικτο, μῖκτο: pf. μέμιγμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:-Lat. MIS-CEO, to mix, mix up, mingle, properly of liquids, e. g. οίνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, to join, bring together, bring in contact with. 3. to make acquainted with, unite with: also, μίξαι τινα ανθεσι to cover one with flowers. II. Med. and Pass. to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; κλισίησι μιγήναι to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at: hence to meet, live, associate with: but also in hostile sense, to encounter: more rarely μίσγεσθαι ές 'Axaιούς to go to join the Achae-2. to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to.  $\mu$ ιγνύω, =  $\mu$ ίγνυ $\mu$ ι.

μιήνυω, = μιήνυμι. μιήνη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μιαίνω. μικός, όν, = μιαιφύνος μικκός, ά, όν, Dor. for μικρός, little.

μικρ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αὖλαξ) with small furrows: hence small, scanty.

μϊκρ-έμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἔμπορος) a pedlar μϊκρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep, (μικρολόγος) to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness. Hence

μικρολογία, ή, minute discussion, frivolity. μικρο-λόγος, ov, (μικρός, λέγω) reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean. 2. cavilling about trifles, captious.

μῖκρο-πολίτης  $[\bar{t}]$ , ου, δ, fem -ιτις, ιδος, ή, (μικρός, πολίτης) a citizen of a petty town or state.

MI ΚΡΟ Σ, Ion. and old Att. σμικρός Dot. μικκός, ά, όν, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, in ignificant: of Time, little, sbort. II. Adv. usages: genukpop (sub. δεί) it wants but little, almost:—dat. μικρῶ by a little: acc. μικρῶν a little. 2. with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρῶν for a little, but a little; κατὰ μικρῶν little by little, or into small parts; μετὰ μικρῶν after a little; παρὰ μικρῶν within a little, almost—besides the regular Comp. and Sup μικρῶτερος, μικρῶτατος, μειῶτερος μειῶτατος are used.

μικροφίλοτιμία, ή, petty ambition. From μικρο-φίλότιμος, ον, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) ambitious of petty distinctions.

μτκροψυχία, δ, littleness of soul, meanners of spirit. From

μικρό-ψυχος, ον, (μικρός, ψυχή) little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry.

μίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. μικτόs, ή, όν, (μίγνυμι) mixed, compound.

μιλαξ, ακοι, ή, Att. for σμίλαξ, the yew-tree.
a convolvulus.

Milήσιos, a, ov, of or from Miletus. From Milητos, ή, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria. μιλιάριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. milliarium. II. a copper vessel for boiling water in.

II.

έμιξα, inf. μίξαι:—Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μί- μίλιον, τό, a Roman mile, Lat. mille passus, = 8 σγομαι: fut. med. μίζομαι, fut. I pass. μιχθήσομαι, stades, = 1680 yards, i.e. 80 yards less than our mile.

μιλτείον, τό, a vessel for keeping μίλτο in. μιλτ-ηλιφής, έε, (μίλτοε, άλιφηναι) painted red. μιλτο-πάρηος, ον, (μίλτος, παρειά) red-cheeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

 $MI'\Lambda TO\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , red earth, red chalk or ochre, ruddle, Lat. rubrīca. II. vermilion, Lat. minium. μιλτο-φυρής, έε, (μίλτοε, φυρήναι) smeared with

ocbre.

μιλτόω, f. ώσω: pass pf. μεμίλτωμαι: (μίλτοε):to colour with ochre, paint red; σχοινίον μεμιλτωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, εs, (μίλτος, είδος) of the nature or colour of μίλτοs.

μίμαρκυς, ή, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Míμas, aντοs, δ, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

MI-ME'OMAI, f. -ήσομαι: 201. 1 ξμιμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:—to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένοs, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ή, όν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μιμέομαι) an imitation, copy. μίμησις, ή, (μιμέομαι) imitation.

μιμητέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of μιμέομαι, to be imi-II. μιμητέον, one must imitate. tated.

μίμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μιμέομαι) an imitator, copyist. μ**ιμητικός**, ή, όν, (μιμέομαι) imitative.

μίμητός, ή, όν, (μιμέσμαι) to be imitated or copied. μιμνάζω, Frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying,

to stay, remain. II. trans. to expect, await. μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: 20τ. Ι ξμνησα: (μνάω):-to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory vumi.

II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with of others. the older form MNA'OMAI, μνωμαι, whence the tenses are formed fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor, I med. έμνησά- $\mu\eta\nu$ , pass.  $\xi\mu\nu\eta\sigma\theta\eta\nu$ :—the pf.  $\mu\xi\mu\nu\eta\mu\alpha\iota$  is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. memini, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνωμαι; optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνώμην, φο, φτο, Ion. μεμνέφτο: infin. μεμνησθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plopf. εμεμνέατο: -to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. άλκηs μνήσασθαι to betbink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι έλθών I remember baving come. mention, make mention of. 3. to give beed to,

judge of. μίμνοντι, Dor. for μίμνουσι, 3 pl. of μίμνω. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μίμνω, for μι-μένω, redupl, form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μίμο-λόγος, ον, (μίμος, λέγω) mocking one's II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

MI'MOΣ, ov, δ, an imitator, copyist: an actor, II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μίν [1], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers. | μισ-άμπελος, ον, (μίσος, άμπελος) bating the vine.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νιν: μὶν αὐτὸν bimself; but. αὐτόν μιν oneself, for ξαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτούs, αὐτάs, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. ξαυτόν.

MI'NΘΟΣ, δ, buman ordure, dung. μινθόω, f. ώσω, to befoul with dung.

Mivou, oi, the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μινύειος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυήϊος, of the Minyans.

ΜΕΝΥ ΘΩ [τ], Ion impf. μινύθεσκον, Lat. minuo, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence μίνυνθα, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a sbort time. Hence

μίνυνθάδιος, a, ov, lasting a short time, short-lived:

Comp. μινυνθαδιώτ εροs. μινυρίζω, f. ίσω, (μινυρός) to moan, whine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. minurire. Hence μινύρισμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, bumming. μίνυρισμός, δ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling.

μίνυρομαι, Dep. =  $\mu$ ινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [v

MINΥPO'Σ, ά, όν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, whining, whimpering.

μινύ-ώριος and μινύ-ωρος, ον, (μινύθω, ώρα) sbortlived.

Mivos, & Minos, king of Crete: gen. Mivoos and Mívo; dat. Mívou, Mívo; acc. Mívoa, also Mívo and Mίνων:—hence Adj. Mīνώϊος Att. Mινώος, a, ov, of Minos.

μίξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγ-

μίξις, εως, ή, (μίξω fut, of μίγνυμι), a mixing, min-II. intercourse or commerce with others. gling. μιξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) balf barbarian balf Greek.

 $\mu$ ιξό-θηρ, δ, ή, ( $\mu$ ίξω, θήρ) balf beast.

μιξό-θροος, ον, (μίξω, θρόος) with mingled cries. μιξό-λευκος, ον, (μίξω, λευκύς) mixed with white. μίξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μιξόμ-βροτος, ον, for μιξό-βροτος, (μίξω, βροτός) balf mortal.

μιξο-νόμος, ον, (μίζω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μιξο-πάρθενος, ον, (μίξω, παρθένος) balf a maiden, balf woman.

μίξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μισαγαθία, ή, batred of good. From

μίσ-άγαθος, η, ον, (μίσος, άγαθύς) bating good. μισ-αθήναιος, ον, (μίσος, 'Αθηναίος) bating the Atbenians.

μισ-αλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μίσος, άλάζων) bating boasters.

μισ-αλέξανδρος, ον, (μίσος, 'Αλέξανδρος) bating Alexander.

kind, misanthropic

μιση-άγκεια,  $\bar{\eta}$ , (μίσγω, άγκος) a place where several mountain glens (ἄγκη) meet, a meeting of glens μίσγεσθαι, pres. inf. pass of μίσγω.

μίσγοισαι, Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω ΜΙ ΣΓΩ, see μίγνυμι.

μισ-έλλην, ηνος, δ, ή, (μίσος, Ελλην) a bater of the Greeks.

μῖσέω, f. ήσω: pf. μεμίσηκα:—Pass., f med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι: 201. Ι έμισήθην: pf. μεμίσημαι: (μίσος):-to bate:-Pass, to be bated

μίσηθρον, τό, (μισέω) a charm for producing batred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.

μίσημα, ατος, τό, (μισέω) an object of bate. μισητέος, verb. Adj. of μισέω, to be bated. μισητία, ή, (μισέω) bateful lewdness or greedi-

ness. μισητός, ή, όν, (μισέω) bated, bateful, odious. μίσητρον, τό, = μίσηθρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ή, payment of wages, recompense. From

μισθ-αποδότης, ου, δ, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) one wbo pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.

μισθάριον, τό, Dim. of μισθόs, a small fee. μισθαρνέω, f. ήσω, (μίσθαρνοs) to work or serve forbire, receive pay. Hence

μισθαρνία, ή, a receiving of wages, bired service. μίσθ-apvos, δ, (μισθόε, άρνυμαι) a bired servant.

μισθ-αρχίδης, ου, δ, (μισθός, ἀρχή) a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.

μίσθιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (μισθός) bired, salariea. μισθοδοσία, ή, payment of wages. From μισθοδοτέω, f. ήσω, to pay wages. From

μισθο-δότης, ου, ό, (μισθός, δίδωμι) one who pays

wages, a paymaster.

ΜΙΣΘΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, wages, pay, bire: μισθὸς βητός fixed wages:  $\epsilon \pi i \mu i \sigma \theta \hat{\varphi}$  for bire;  $\delta i \delta \delta \nu a i \tau \dot{a} \lambda a \nu \tau o \nu$ μηνός μισθών to give a talent as a month's pay. at Athens the pay of the soldiery: also, μισθός βουλευτικόε the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting; μισθός δικαστικός or ήλιαστικύs the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury; μισθός συνηγορικός the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day. generally, recompense, reward: in bad sense, punishment, retribution

μισθοφορά, ή, (μισθοφόρος) receipt of wages · wages

received, wages, pay, salary.

μισθοφορέω, f. ήσω, (μισθοφόροι) to receive wages, to serve for bire: c acc. rei, to receive as pay. Hence

μισθοφορητίον, verb Adj. one must keep in pay. μισθοφορία, ή, (μισθοφορέω) service for wages of pay, bired service.

 $\mu$ ισ $\hat{c}$ ο-φόρος, ον, ( $\mu$ ισθ $\acute{c}$ ε, φέρω) receiving wages, serving for bire; of μισθοφέροι bireling soldiers, like.

μίσ-άνθρωπος, ον, (μίσος, ἄνθρωπος) bating man- mercenaries; μισθοφέροι τριήρειs galleys manned with mercenaries.

> μισθόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ἐμίσθωσα: pf. μεμίσθωκα: (μισθόs):—to let out for bire, farm out, Lat. locare: c. inf., μισθούν τὸν νηὸν τριηκοσίων ταλάντων έξεργάσασθαι to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents, Lat. locare aedem exstruendam. II. Med., f. μισθώσομαι: aor. Ι ἐμισθωσάμην: pf. (in med. sense) μεμίσθωμαι:-to engage or bire at a price, Lat. conducere: to retain, as an advocate or physician; μισθοῦσθαί τινα ταλάντου to engage bis services at a talent; c. inf., μισθοῦσθαι νηδν εξοικοδο- $\mu\hat{\eta}\sigma ai$  to contract for the building of the temple, Lat. conducere aedem aedificandam. III. Pass., aor. 1  $\epsilon \mu \iota \sigma \theta \omega \theta \eta \nu$ : pf. (in pass. sense)  $\mu \epsilon \mu \iota \sigma \theta \omega \mu \alpha \iota := to be$ bired for pay. Hence

> μίσθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is let for hire, a bired bouse. II. the price agreed on, the contract-

price: rent.

μισθώσιμος, ον, (μισθόω) that can be hired. μίσθωσις, εως, ή, (μισθύω) a letting for bire. 11. (μισθύομαι) a biring. III. =  $\mu i \sigma \theta \omega \mu a$ , rent. μισθωτήs, οῦ, ό, (μισθόω) one who pays rent, a ienant.

 $\mu$ ισθωτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ν,  $(\mu$ ισθ $\dot{\omega}$ ) mercenary.  $\mu$ ισθωτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , ( $\mu$ ισθ $\dot{o}\omega$ ) bired of to be bired: as Subst. a bireling, mercenary, of soldiers.

μισό-γάμος, ον, (μίσος, γάμος) marriage-bating. μισό-γελως, ωτος, ό, ή, (μίσος, γέλως) laughterbating.

μισο-γόης, ου, δ, (μίσος, γόης) bating imposture μισοδημία, ή, batred of democracy. From μισό-δημος, ον, (μίσος, δημος) bating the commons, bating democracy.

 $\mu \bar{\iota} \sigma \dot{o} - \theta \epsilon o s$ , ov, ( $\mu \hat{\iota} \sigma o s$ ,  $\theta \epsilon \dot{o} s$ ) hating the gods, godless. μισό-θηρος, ον, (μίσος, θήρα) bating the chase μισο-καίσαρ, ἄρος, ὁ, (μίσος, Καίσαρ) hating Caesar μισο-λάκων, ωνος, ὁ, (μίσος, Λάκων) a Laconianbater. | ă]

μισο-λάμαχος, ον, (μίσος, Λάμαχος) bating Lamachus. [Aā]

μισολογία, ή, batred of argument From μισό-λογος, ον, (μίσος, λύγος) bating argument. μισό-νοθος, ον, (μίσος, νόθος) hating bastards μισό-παις, παιδος, δ, ή, (μίσος, παίς) hating children. μίσο-πέρσης, ου, δ, (μίσος, Πέρσης) a Persian bater. μΙσό-πολιε, ιοε, ό, ή, (μίσοε, πόλιε) bating the state. μισοπονηρέω, f. ήσω, to bate the bad. From μῖσο-πόνηρος, ον, (μῖσος, πονηρός) bating the bad μΙσο-πονία, η, (μισος, πόνος) batred of work. μῖσο-πόρπαξ,  $\bar{\alpha}$ κοs,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μῖσοs, πόρπαξ) bating the shield-handle, i. e. hating war: Sup. μισοπορπακίστατοs.

μῖσό-πτωχος, ον, (μῖσος, πτωχός) hating the poor. μισο-ρώμαιος, ον, (μίσος, 'Pωμαίος) Roman-bating. MΓΣΟΣ, τό, bate, batred: I pass. bate borne one. 2. act. a bating, a grudge, strong dis-a bateful object, = μίσημα.

μισο-σύλλας, ου, δ, (μίσος, Σύλλας) bating Sylla. μισο-τύραννος, ον, (μίσος, τύραννος) tyrant-hating μίσο-φίλιππος, ον, (μίσος, Φίλιππος) bating Philip μισό-χρηστος, ον, (μίσος, χρηστός) hating the good. μισο-ψευδής, έs, (μίσος, ψεῦδος) bating lies.

 $\mathbf{MI\Sigma T\Upsilon'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega}$ , f.  $\forall\lambda\hat{\omega}$ , to cut up meat before roasting. μἴτο-εργός, όν, (μίτος, \*έργω) working the thread μίτορ ράφής, ές, (μίτος, ραφηναι) sewn with thread,

baving meshes of thread.

MI'TO∑, ov, o, a thread of the warp, Lat. tela:generally, a thread: a web. [1] Hence

μἴτόω, f. ώσω, to stretch the warp in the loom:— Med. to ply the loom; metaph, φθόγγον μιτώσασθαι to let one's voice sound like a barp-string

μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ή, (μίτοs) a linen girdle or memory, το μνημονικόν = μνήμη, memory. or band, worn below the θώραξ: generally a girdle, II. a headband, a snood. 2. a Persian zone. cap, like κυρβασία.

Μίτρα, ης, ή, the Persian Aphrodite or Venus. μιτρη-φόρος, ον, (μίτρα, φέρω) wearing a μίτρα, whether girdle or head-dress

**μιτρό-δετος**, ον, (μίτρα, δέω) bound with a μίτρα. μιτροφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear a μίτρα From

μιτρο-φόρος, ον, = μιτρηφόρος. MI'TΥ ΛΟΣ or μύτιλος, η, ον, Lat. mutilus, cur-

tailed, esp. bornless. [T μίτ-ώδης, εs, (μίτος, είδος) like thread, of linen. μίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιχθήμεναι, Ep. aor. 1 pass. inf. of μίγνυμι.

μιχθηναι, aor. I mf. pass. of μίγνυμι. MNA Ion. μνέα, ή; gen. μνας; nom. pl. μναί: the Lat. MINA. I. a weight, = 100 drachmae = 15 oz 833 grs. II. a sum of money, also =

100 drachmae, = 41. 1s. 3d.:—60 μναί made a talent. of μιμνήσκω. μνάμα, μνάμειον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ-.

MNA'OMAI (A), contr. μνωμαι, used in the contr. forms 3 sing., I and 3 pl μνᾶται, μνώμεθα, μνῶνται; imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνᾶσθαι; part. μνώμενος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing, μνάα inf. μνάασθαι; 3 sing Ion. impf μνάσκετο for έμνατο, Ep. 3 pl. μνώοντο, part. μνωύμενος:-to woo to wife, woo, court. canvass for, Lat. ambire.

MNA'OMAI (Β), contr. μνωμαι, to remember, Ep. and Ion. for μιμνήσκομαι.

μνασθαι, inf. of μνάσμαι to woo.

μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάσμαι to woo. μνάσομαι, Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μιμνήσκω.  $\mu$ ναστήρ, δ, fem.  $\mu$ νάστειρα. Dor. for  $\mu\nu\eta\sigma\tau$ -.

μναστις, ή, Dor. for μνηστις, q. v.

μνέα, Ion. for μνα.

μνεία, ή, (μνάομαι B) remembrance, memory. mention; μνείαν ποιείσθαί τινος. Lat. mentionem facere.

μνήμα Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι Β) Lat. monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monu- marriage; to espouse: Pass. to be courted. II. =  $\mu\nu\eta\mu\eta$ , memory. ment.

μνημείον Ion. -ήιον Dor. μναμείον, τό, (μνημα) Lat. monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument

μνήμη, ή, (μνάσμαι Β) remembrance, memory, recollection. 2. the faculty of memory; μνήμης ὕπο from memory 3. a memorial, monument. mention or notice of a thing

μνημήϊον, τό, Ion. for μνημείον

μνημονεύω, f. σω, (μνήμων) to remember, call to mind, recollect. 2. to call to another's mind, mention, say, Lat. memorare. II. Pass, with f. med.

-εύσομαι and pass. -ευθήσομαι: 201 Ι έμνημονείθην: -to be remembered, bad in memory, mentioned

μνημονϊκός, ή, όν, (μνήμων) of or for remembrance of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικώs, Adv. from or by memory, readily.

μνημοσύνη, ή, (μνήμων) remembrance, memory, Lat II. as prop. n. Mnemosyne, the mother memoria of the Muses; because before the invention of writing memory was the Poet's chief gift

μνημόσυνον Dor. μναμ-, τό, (μνήμων) a remembrance, memorial, record of a thing also a reminder, refresber. 2 bonourable mention, fame

 $\mu$ νήμων, δ, ή, neut.  $\mu$ νήμον, ( $\mu$ νάομαι Β) mindful. remembering : c. gen mindful of. 2 ever mindful, unforgetting.

μνήσαι, aor. I inf. and aor. I med imperat. of μιμνήσκω

μνησαίατο, Ion for μνήσαιντο, 3 pl aor 1 med. opt. οι μιμνήσκω.

μνήσασθαι, aor 1 mf med of μιμνήσκω

μνησάσκετο, lon. for έμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med.

μνησθήναι, aor. I pass inf of μιμνήσκω

μνήσθητι, 2 sing aor, t imperat, pass, of μιμνήσκω. **μνησί-δωρέω** Dor **μνᾶσ**-, f ήσω, ( $\mu\nu$ η̂σιε, δῶρον) to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be grateful.

μνησικακέω, f. ήσω, to remember old injuries: to bear ill-will or malice; οὐ μνησικακείν to bear no malice, pass an act of amnesty. II also c acc. II. generally, to court, sue for, solicit, rei, την ήλικίαν μνησικακείν to remind of the ills of age. From

μνησί-κάκος, ον, (μνάομαι Β. κακόν) remembering old injuries, bearing malice.

μνησζ-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μιμνήσκω, πήμα) reminding of misery.

μνήσις Dor. μνάσις, εως, ή, (μνάσμαι Β) remembrance, memory.

μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μιμνήσκω.

μνήστειρα, ή, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) a II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι Β) reminding of. bride. μνήστευμα, ατος, τό, (μνηστεύω) courtsbip, wooing:

in plur., espousals.

μνηστεύω, f. σω: αοτ. ι έμνήστευσα: (μνάομαι Β): -Pass., aor. 1 ἐμνηστεύθην:-to woo, court, seek in to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. to be betrothed.

wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom. ΙΙ. (μνάοua B) calling to mind, mindful of. μνηστήρεσσι, Ep. for μνηστήρσι, dat. pl. of foreg. μνήστις Dor. μναστις, ιος, ή, (μνάομαι Β) a remem-II. reputation, fame. bering, remembrance. μνηστός, ή, όν, (μνάομαι A) wooed, wedded. μνηστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for μνηστεία, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage. μνήστωρ, opos, ό, (μνάομαι B) mindful of. μνήσω, fut. of μιμνήσκω μνίαρός, ά, όν, mossy, soft as moss. From MNI'ON, τό, moss, sea-weed. μνόος contr. μνοῦς, δ, fine down. μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo. μνώνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι, to woo. μνωόμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember. μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι A and B. μογερός, ά, όν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From μογέω, f. ήσω, (μόγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part.  $\mu \circ \gamma \in \omega \nu = \mu \circ \gamma \in \omega$ , with trouble, bardly: μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, bardly he moved. II. to labour at. μογι-λάλος, ον, (μόγις, λάλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb. μόγις, Adv. (μόγος, μογέω) with toil and trouble: bardly, scarcely: like the later μόλις. Hence **MO'ΓΟΣ**, ov, ò, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow. μογοσ-τόκος, ον, (μόγος, τεκείν) belping women in bard travail. μόδιος, δ, a dry measure, Lat. modius,  $=\frac{1}{8}$  of a medimnus, = 2 gallons. **MO'\ThetaO\Sigma**,  $\delta$ , battle, the battle-din;  $\mu \delta \theta$  os  $i\pi \pi \omega \nu$  the noise or trampling of horses. μόθων, ωνοs, δ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as fosterbrothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance. μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of έγω. μοίρα, gen. as Ion. ης,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (μείρομαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. par-III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, pa-2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. trimony. like μόροs, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατά μοίραν ἔειπεε thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοίραν νέμειν τινί to give one bis due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; έν μοίρη άγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect. Moipa, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos. **μοιράω,** f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$  Ion. fσω: (μοίρα):—to sbare,distribute: Med. to share among themselves. μοιρη-γενής, έε, (μοίρα, γένοε) fated from birth.

μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ήρος, δ, (μνάομαι A) a

μοιρίδιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (μοίρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis. μοιρό-κραντος, ον, (μοιρα, κραίνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined. Moισα, ή, Aeol. for Moυσα: Mοισαν, Aeol. for  $\mathbf{M}o\upsilon\sigma\hat{\omega}\nu$ , pl. gen. **Moigaios**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Aeol. for Moú $\sigma\epsilon ios$ . μοιχ-άγρια,  $\tau$ ά, (μοιχός, άγρα) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery. μοιχάλίς, ίδος, ή, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous. μοιχάς, άδος, ή, fem. of μοιχύς, an adulteress. μοιχάω, f. ήσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to bold dalliance with the II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari. sea. μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari. μοιχίδιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (μοιχός) born in adultery. μοίχιος, a, ov, adulterous. From MOIXO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μιᾶ μαχαίρα to have the head shaven with a rasor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment. MOΛΕΙ N, 2 or. 2 inf. of βλώσκω. μολίβ-αχθής, ές, (μόλιβος, ἄχθος) loaded with lead. μόλτβος, ου, ό, poet. for μόλυβδος, lead. μόλις, Adv., later form for μόγις, bardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μόλιs not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly. μολοβρός, οῦ, ὁ, a glutton, greedy beggar. μολοΐσα, Dor. for μολούσα, tem. of μολών. Μολοσσός Att. -ττός, όν, Molossian; κύων Μολοττικόs the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II.  $\delta \mu o \lambda o \sigma \sigma \delta s$  (sub.  $\pi o \delta s$ ), in Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g πρυμνήτηs μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλώσκω μολπάζω, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence μολπαστής, οῦ, ὁ, a minstrel or dancer. μολπή, ή, (μέλπω) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing. μολπήτις Dor. - âτις, ιδος, ή, (μολπή) a songstress. μολύβδαινα, ή, (μόλυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.  $\mu$ ολύβδϊνος,  $\eta$ , ον,  $(\mu \dot{ο} \lambda \upsilon \beta \delta os)$  leaden, of lead. μολυβδίς, ίδος, ή, (μόλυβδος) like μολύβδαινα, the II. a leaden ball or bullet. leaden weight on a net. MO'ΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ov, δ, lead. II. plumbago, black lead: hence a blacklead pencil. μολυβδο-χοέω, f. ήσω, (μόλυβδοε, χέω) to fix with

μολύνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πράγμα):--

to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel.

melted lead.

**MOAY'NΩ** [ $\overline{v}$ ]: f.  $\overline{v}v\hat{\omega}$ : pf. pass.  $\mu \epsilon \mu \delta \lambda v \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ :—to stain, sully, defile, corrupt: also to seduce a woman:—Pass. to be or become vile, wallow.

μολυσμός, δ, (μολύνω) defilement, pollution. μολών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of βλώσκω.

μομφή, ή, (μέμφομαι) blame, reproof, complaint: a cause of complaint.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.

μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνος) to be alone, live in solitude. μοναμπϋκία, ή, for δ μονάμπυξ, a race-borse that runs single.

μον-άμπυξ, ϋκος, δ, ή, (μόνος, άμπυξ 11) baving one frontlet; μονάμπυκες πῶλοι horses that run single, raceborses: also of a bull, baving no yokefellow.

μοναρχέω Ion μουν-: f. ήσω: (μόναρχος):—to be monarch or sovereign; ἐπὶ τούτου μουναρχέοντος in this king's reign. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. μουν-, ή, absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy.

μόν-αρχος Ιοπ μουν-, ον, (μόνος, ἄρχω) ruling alone, sovereign.

μονάς Ιοιι. μουνάς, άδος, ή, (μύνος) properly a fem. Adj, solitary, single · also masc of a man, alone, by oneself.

II. as Subst, μονάς, ή, a unit.

μονάχη, Adv. properly dat fem. of μοναχόs, in one way only: singly or alone.

**μονάχός**, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , (μόνος) solitary;—as Subst. μοναχός,  $\delta$ , a monk

μον-ερέτης Ion. μουν-, ου, δ, (μόνος, ερέτης) one who rows singly, a sculler.

μονή, ή, (μένω) a staying, abiding, tarrying. 2 a place to stay in, mansion.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) a bunt of one day. μον-ήρης, ες, (μόνος, ἀραρεῖν) single; ναῦς μονήρης a ship with one bank of oars.

μόντμος, ον, οτ η, ον, (μονή) staying, fixed: of persons, steadfast, constant. 2. of conditions, abiding, lasting, Lat. stabilis.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) with one borse, a borseman, opp. to a charioteer

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) walking alone: of metre, consisting of one foot. [βā]

μονό-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) marrying one wife. μονο-γένεια Ion. μουνογ-, ή, pecul. fem. of sq.

μονο-γενής Ep and Ion. μουνογ-, ές, (μόνος, γένος) only-begotten: born from one and the same mother.

μονό-γληνος, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) one-eyed. μονο-δάκτύλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) one-fingered. μονο-δέρκτης, ου, ό, (μόνος, δέρκομαι) one-eyed.

μονό-δουποs, ον, (μόνοs, δοῦποs) of unvaried sound, monotonous.

μον-όδους, -όδοντος, δ, ή, (μόνος, όδοίς) one-toothed. μονό-δροπος, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) plucked from one stem: cut or carved from one block.

μονο-ειδής, ές, (μόνος, εἶδος) of one kind, simple. μονο-ζύγής, ές, and μονόζυς, ὔγος, ό, ή, (μόνος, ζυγῆναι) baving one borse yoked: generally, single, alone. μονο-ῆμερος, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) lasting but one day.

μονο-κέλης Ion. μουνο-κ-, ητος,  $\delta$ , (μόνος, κέλης) a single borse.

μονό-κερωs, ων, gen. -κερω, acc. -κερων, (μύνοs, κέραs) one-borned: as Subst. a unicorn.

μονό-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) with one mourner. μονό-κλινον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) a bed for one only, a coffin.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ήσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) to sleep alone. μονο-κρήπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (μόνος, κρηπίε) with but one sandal.

**μονό-κροτος**, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) with one bank of oars.

μονό-κωλος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) with but one limb: of buildings, with but one room: περίοδος μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one clause.

μονό-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κωπή) with a single oar: with a single ship.

μονό-λίθος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) made out of one stone.

μονο-μάτωρ, opos, Dor for μονομήτωρ. [ā] μονομάχέω Ion. μουν-, f. ήσω, (μονομάχοs) to fight in single combat: of the Athenians at Marathon, μοῦνοι μουνομαχήσαντες τῷ Πέρση baving fought single-banded with the Persian. Hence

μονομάχία Ion. μουνομαχίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , single combat. μονομάχιον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) fighting in single combat: wielded in single combat.

μονο-μήτωρ, opos,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μόνοs, μήτηρ) left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother.

μονο-νυχί Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) in a single night.

μονό-ξύλος, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) made from a single log.

II. made of wood only.

μονό-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, (μόνος, παῖς) act. baving but one child. II. pass. = μόνος παῖς, an only child. μονο-πάλης Ion. μουν-, ου,  $\delta$ , (μόνος, πάλη) one

who conquers alone in wrestling. [ā] μονό-πελμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) with but one sole. μονό-πεπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) left without a robe,

clad in a tunic only: v. δπεπλος. μονό-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , gen. -ποδος, (μόνος,

μονο-πουs, ο, η, -πουν, το, gen. -ποοοs, (μονοs, πούs) one-footed.

μονό-πωλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) with one borse. μον-ορύχης, ου, δ, (μόνος, ὀρυγήναι) digging with one point. [v]

MÓNOΣ Ion. μοῦνος, η, ον, Dor. μῶνος, α, ον, alone, left alone, forsaken: c. gem., μόνος σοῦ reft of, deprived of thee.

II. alone, only: often with gen. added, μοῦνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων alone of all men.

III. like Lat. unus for unicus, standing alone, single in its kind, unique.

IV. Sup. μονώτατος, the one only person, one above all others, cf. αὐτότατος.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., alone, only, merely; μόνον οὐ, Lat. tantum non, all but, well nigh. μονο-σίδηρος, ον. (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only.

μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only. μονοσίτεω, f. ήσω, to eat but once in the day. From μονό-σίτος, ον, (μόνος, σίτος) eating but once a day.

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μονό-σκηπτρος, ον, (μόνος, σκήπτρον) wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.

μονο-στίβής, ές, (μύνος, στιβείν) walking alone, unaccompanied.

μονό-στίχος, ον, (μύνος, στίχος) consisting of one verse.

μονό-στολος, ον, (μόνος, στολή) going alone: generally, alone, single.

μονο-στόρθυγξ, υγγος, δ, ή, (μόνος, στόρθυγξ) carved out of a single block.

μονο-σύλλαβος, ον, (μόνος, συλλαβή) of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.

μονό-τεκνος, ον, (μόνος, τέκνον) with but one child. μονο-τράπεζος, ον, (μόνος, τράπεζα) at a solitary board, caten apart,

μονό-τροπος, ον, (μύνος, τρύπος) solitary, unsocial. μον-ούατος, ον, (μόνος, οὖς) one-eared: with one handle.

**μονο-φάγος**, ον, (μόνος, φ $\check{\alpha}$ γε $\hat{i}$ ν) eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup μονοφαγίστατος.

μον-όφθαλμος lon μουν-, ον, (μόνος, όφθαλμός) one-eyed.

μονό-φρουρος, ον, (μόνος, φρουρά) watching alone. μονό-φρων, ον, gen ονος, (μόνος, φρήν) single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.

μονο-φυής Ion μουν-, ές, (μόνος, φυή) of simple nature: made of one piece.

μονό-χηλος Dor. -χαλος, ον, (μόνος, χηλή) solidboofed.

 $\mu$ ονό-ψηφος Dor. -ψαφος, ον, ( $\mu$ όνος,  $\psi$  $\hat{η}$ φος) voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.

μονόω Ion μουν -: f. ώσω: aor. I έμόνωσα Ep. μούνωσα:--Pass, aor. Ι έμονώθην, Ion. part. μουνωθείs: pf. μεμόνωμαι Ιοη. μεμούνωμαι: (μόνοs):-to make single or solitary; μουνοῦν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation :- Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken: also to be taken apart, without witnesses: c. gen, μεμουνωμένοι συμμάχων deserted by

μονωδέω, f. ήσω, (μονωδύs) to sing alone, to sing a monody. Hence

μονφδία, ή, a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.

μον-φδός, όν, (μόνος, ώδή) singing alone.

μονωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of μονόω.

μόνωs, Adv. of μόνοs, only.

 $\mu$ ov-ώ $\psi$  poet.  $\mu$ oῦν -,  $\hat{\omega}$ πος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\mu$  $\delta$ νος,  $\dot{\omega}$  $\psi$ ) οπε-eyed. μόρα, ή, (μείρομαι) = μοίρα2. one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.

μορίαι (sc. έλαιαι), al, the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορημέναι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis. Hence Zeùs Mópios as the guardian of these sacred olives. II.  $\mu$ opía  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , =  $\mu$  $\omega$ pía, folly.

μόρζμος, ον, poet. for μόρσιμος.

μόριον, τό, Dim. of μόροs, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.

μόριος, α, ον, poët. for μόρσιμος.—For Ζεύε Μόριος see μορίαι.

μορμολύκειον, τό, a bugbear, bobgoblin. From μορμολύττομαι, Dep. (μορμώ) to fright, scare. μορμορ-ωπός, όν, (μορμώ, ὤψ) hideous to behold. **μορμύρω**  $[\bar{v}]$ , formed from  $\mu \dot{v} \rho \omega$ , as  $\pi o \rho \phi \dot{v} \rho \omega$  from φύρω, of water, to roar, boil, Lat. murmuro.

MOPMΩ', gen. bos, contr. ovs, ή, a bideous shemonster, to frighten children with; a bugbear, bob-II in Aristophanes, a mere exclamation, μορμώ τοῦ θράσους a fig for his courage!

μορόεις, εσσα, εν, skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining. (Deriv. unknown.)

MO'PON, τό, the black mulberry.

μόρος, δ, (μείρομαι) like μοίρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπέρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate. 2. esp an unhappy lot, ruin, death, Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death

**μόρστμος, ον,** (μόροs) appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die hence μόρσιμον ημαρ the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόρσιμον fate, doom, destiny.

MOPY ΣΣΩ, to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμορυγμένοs, soiled, defiled.

μορφά, μορφάν, Dor. for μορφή, μορφήν. μορφάζω, (μορφή) to make gesticulations.

μορφάω, f ήσω, (μορφή) to shape, fashion, mould Moρφεύs, έωs, δ, Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper. From

MOPФH', \$\darha\$, form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma. 2. generally, form, fashion, appearance. 3 a form, kind, sort. Hence

μορφήεις, εσσα, εν, formed, fashioned, shaped: wellshaped, comely, Lat formosus.

μόρφνος, ον, (epith of the eagle) of colour, dusky,  $dark_1 = \partial \rho \phi \nu \delta s$  (from  $\partial \rho \phi \nu \eta$ ), Lat. furvus.

**μορφόω**, f.  $\omega \sigma \omega$ , (μορφή) to form, give shape to. Hence

μόρφωμα, ατος, τό, form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.

**μόρφωσις**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μορφόω) a shaping : form, semblance. μορφωτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\delta$ , (μορφόω) one who shapes :—fem. μορφώτρια; συῶν μορφώτρια changing men into

μόσσυν or μόσυν, τνος, ό, a wooden bouse or tower. Μοσσύν-οικοι οτ Μοσύν-οικοι, οί, (μόσσυν οτ μόσυν, οἰκέω) an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.

**μόσχειος**,  $\alpha$ , ον, (μόσχος) of  $\alpha$  calf; μόσχειος κυνοῦχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.

μοσχεύω, f. σω, (μόσχοε) to plant a sucker, propagate. μοσχίδιον, τό, Dim. of μόσχος, a young sucker. [t] **μόσχιος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (μόσχος) like μόσχειος, of  $\alpha$  calf. μοσχο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (μόσχος, ποιέω) to make a calf. μόσχος, ό, also ή, the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, II. metaph, of the young of anisucker, scion.

mals, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer. boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. juvenca. any young animal.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μοῦνος) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ion. for μοναρχέω.

μοῦνος, Ion. for μόνος For all Ion. forms beginning with  $\mu o \nu \nu$ -, see under  $\mu o \nu$ -.

Mουνυχία, ή, Munychia, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræeus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Mouvixiate, Adv. to Munychia: and

Mουντχίασι, Adv. at Munychia.

Mουνυχιών, ωνος, ό, Munychion, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of Munychian Artemis, = the latter part of April and beginning of

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of μονόω.

μουν-ώψ, Ion for μονώψ.

MOΥ ΣΑ, ηs, Aeol. Moîσa Dor. Mŵσa Lacon. Mωa, as, ή, the Muse, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,-Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpomene, Terpsichore, Erato, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliope. later, music, song. also eloquence; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.

Μουσ-αγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. for Μουσηγ-, (Μοῦσα, ήγεομαι), the leader of the Muses, 1. e. Apollo.

Mouσείον, τό, the temple of the Muses, seat or baunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεία θρηνήμασι ξυνφδά balls resounding with lamentations; μουσεία χελιδύνων places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μούσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. Μοισαΐος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μοῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.

μουσίζομαι, Dep. (μοῦσα) to sing or play. μουσικόs, ή, όν, (μοῦσα) of the Muses or the fine

arts, devoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., μουσικός, δ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to αμουσος. 2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ή, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,-one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική:—generally, arts, letters, ac-III. Adv. -κω̂s, barmoniously, complishments. elegantly: Sup. -κώτατα.

μουσίσδω, Dor. for μουσίζω.

μουσό-δομος, ον, (μοῦσα, δέμω) built by song.

μουσομανέω, f. ήσω, to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses. From

μουσο-μανήs, έs, (μοῦσα, μανηναι) smitten by the Muses.

μουσό-μαντις, εως, δ, η, (μοῦσα, μάντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, opos, ή, (μοῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to write poetry about. From μυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μύζω) a moaning, muttering.

μουσο-ποιόs, δν, (μοῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: μουσοποιόs, ή, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ον, (μοῦσα, πολέω) serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσοπόλοs, δ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ον, (μοῦσα, πρόσωπον) musicallooking.

μουσουργία, ή, a making poetry, singing. From μουσ-ουργός, ών, contr. for μουσο-εργύς, (μοῦσα, ἔργον) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing: -as Subst., μουσουργός, ή, a singinggirl.

μουσο-φίλης, ου, δ, and μουσό-φίλος, ον, (μοῦσα, φιλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χάρής, ές, (μοῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσόω, f ώσω, (μοῦσα) to devote to the Muses:-Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεῦντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of μοχθέω. μοχθέω, f. ήσω, (μύχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly. c. acc. cognato, μοχθείν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo bard-

ship, toils; μοχθείν μαθήματα to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, bardsbip

μοχθηρία, ή, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

 $\mu$ οχθηρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\mu$ οχθ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  in sore distress, 2 of things, toilsome, laborious: but wretched. II. in moral sense, knavish, also in sorry plight. villamous, rascally, Lat. pravus. Hence

μοχθηρώs, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

 $\mu$ οχθητέον, verb. Adj. of  $\mu$ οχθέω, one must labour.  $\mu \circ \chi \theta i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , =  $\mu \circ \chi \theta i \omega$ , to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

 $\mu \dot{o} \chi \theta o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\mu o \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardsbips: - μόχθος differs from πόνοs, in that μόχθοs always implies distress, bardship, Lat. aerumna, while πόνοs is merely work, labour, Lat. labor.

μοχλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who beaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής be who makes the sea to beave, καινών ἐπών μογλευτής one who beaves up new words.

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλός) to prise up, to beave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ήσω, Ion. for μοχλεύω.

μοχλίον, τό, Dim. of μοχλόs.

MOXΛO'Σ, oῦ, ὁ, a lever or bar for prising or beaving up, a crowbar, Lat. vectis. II. any bar or stake: - the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. obex.

MY' or MY', an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. imitate the sound of sobbing.

μυ-άγρα, ή, (μῦς, άγρα) a mouse-trap.

μυάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μυ-γαλή, (μυς, γαλέη) the field-mouse, shrew-mouse, Lat. mus araneus.

454 μυδαλέος, a, ov, wet, dripping, soaked. damp, mouldy. From μυδάω, f. ήσω, (μύδος) to be damp, wet, dripping. II. to be damp or clammy from decay. MΥ'ΔΟΣ, δ, damp: clamminess, decay, Lat. situs. [v] μυδροκτύπέω, f. ήσω, to forge red-bot iron. From μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μύδρος, κτϋπέω) forging or welding red-bot iron. MΥ'ΔΡΟΣ [v], δ, any red-bot mass; μύδρους αίρειν xepoir to lift masses of red-bot iron in the hands, as an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal. μυέλζνος, η, ον, (μυελός) = μυελόεις.μυελόεις, εσσα, εν, (μυελός) full of marrow. **MYEAO'** $\Sigma$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , Lat. *MEDULLA*, marrow: metaph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυελός ἀνδρῶν. 2. the marrow 3. generally, the inmost of the skull, the brain. part, core. [v in Hom., v in Att.] μυέω, f. ήσω: aor. I έμύησα:-Pass., aor. I έμυήθην: pf. μημύημαι: (μύω):—to initiate into the mysteries.—Pass. to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυείσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ὅργια to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυείσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries. 2. generally, to μύζω, f. μύξω, (μῦ) to murmur with closed lips, moan: to mutter. II. to drink with closed lips, to suck in. μυθέομαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθείαι, contr. for μυθέεαι, and omitting one ε, μυθέαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσομαι: 201. I έμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μῦθος):—to say, speak, tell, name. to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider. μυθεῦ, Dor. for μυθοῦ, imperat. of μυθέομαι. μυθεθμαι, Dor. for μυθέομαι. **μύθεύω**, =  $\mu \nu \theta \dot{\epsilon} o \mu a \iota$ :—Pass. to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.  $\mu\nu\theta$ ησαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of  $\mu\nu\theta$ έσμαι. μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθέομαι. μυθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μῦθος, a short tale or fable. μῦθίζω Dor. -ίσδω, later form for μυθέομαι. μῦθικός, ή, όν, (μῦθος) mythic, legendary. μυθίσδω, Dor. for μυθίζω. μύθο-λογεύω, (μύθος, λέγω) to tell word for word. μῦθο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (μυθολύγος) to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend: -Pass. to be or become mythical. 2. to tell tales, talk. Hence μυθολογητέον, verb. Adj. one must tell legends. μυθολογία, ή, (μυθολογέω) a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology. Hence μυθολογικός, ή, όν, versed in mythology. μύθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθολόγοs, δ, a teller of legends. μύθο-πλόκος, ον, (μῦθος, πλέκω) weaving tales. MY 80∑, &, anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to έργον, a mere word, without

II. talk, conversation: also,

the deed: a speech.

II. the subject of conversation, the matter itself. advice, a command, order. IV. a purpose, design, plan. V. a tale, story: afterwards, μῦθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the bistorical account. 2. a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables. μῦθ-ώδης, εs, (μῦθος, είδος) like a fable, legendary, MΥΙ A Att. μύα, ή, a fly, Lat. musca. μυιο-σόβη, ή, (μυῖα, σοβέω) a fly-flap. μυιο-σόβοs, ον, (μυία, σοβέω) flapping away flies. ΜΥ ΚΑ ΌΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 έμϋκον: Ep. pf. μέμῦκα (so βέβρυχα, μέμηκα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to bellow: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.; of things, to grate, jar, roar: also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάσμαι from that of asses ) μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. 2 of μυκάομαι. μυκηθμός, δ, (μυκάσμαι) a bellowing: and μύκημα, aτos, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thunder. [v] Μυκηναίοs, ov, of or from Mycenae. From Μὔκήνη, ή, and Μὔκῆναι, al, Mycene, Mycenae, an ancient Pelasgic city, superseded by the Doric Argos: ---Adv. Μυκήνηθεν, from Mycenae Μύκηνίς, ίδος, ή, pecul. fem. of Μυκηναίος. MΥΚΗΣ, ητος, δ, also μύκης, ου, δ, a musbroom. II. any round body, shaped like a Lat. fungus. mushroom, as, 1. the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard. 2. the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concrescere fungos. μὔκήτίνος, η, ον, (μύκης) made of musbrooms. μυκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , ( $\mu \dot{\nu} \zeta \omega$ ) the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils. Hence μυκτηρίζω, f. ίσω, to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere. μυκτηρόθεν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) out of the nose. μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κύμπος) sounding from the nostril. μύλαιοs, ον, (μύλη) working in a mill. μύλακρίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μύλη) of a mill; μυλακρίς λάας a millstone. μύλαξ, ἄκοε, ὁ, (μύλη) a millstone, any large rouna stone. μύλ-εργάτης, ου, ό, (μύλη, έργάτης) one who works in a mill, a miller. [a] II. μύλη [τ], ή, a mill, Lat. möla, a band-mill. the nether millstone. μυλή-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pf. pass. of \*φένω) bruised or crushed in a mill. μύλζάω, (μύλη) to gnash or grind the teeth. μύλικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\mu \dot{\nu} \lambda \eta)$  of or for a mill;  $\lambda \dot{\theta} o \omega \mu u$ λικόs a millstone. μύλλω, (μύλη) to crush, pound, Lat. molère.

μύλο-ειδήs, έs, (μύλοs, είδοs) like a millstone.

μύλος, δ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. δνικός. [τ] μύλωθρος, δ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller. μτλών, ῶνος, δ, α mill-bouse, mill, Lat. pistrīnum; βάλλειν εἰς μυλῶνα, Lat. detrudere in pistrinum, to condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνω) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ū] μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off. μύξα, ἡ, (μύζω, μύξω) the discharge from the nose, mucus, phlegm.

μυξωτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = μυκτήρ, a nose, nostril. μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μῦς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.

μύροινα, ή, (μῦροs) Lat. muraena, a sea-eel or lamprey: also a sea-serpent.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μυρίος) ten thousand times.

μῦρι-άμφορος, ον, (μυρίος άμφορεύς) bolding ten thousand measures (άμφορείς).

μῦρι-ἀρχης, ου, ὁ, and μῦρί-αρχος, ὁ, (μυρίος, ἄρ-χω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μυριάς, άδος, ή, Att. gen. plur. μυριαδών, (μυρίος) the number 10,000, a myriad — when μυριάς, μυριάδες are used alone of money, δραχμών must be supplied; when of corn, μεδίμνων.

μυρι-ετής, έs, gen. έos, (μυρίοs, έτοs) lasting ten thousand years: of countless years.

μυρίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. μεμύρισμαι: (μύρον):—to anoint.

MΥ PIKH [i], ή, Lat myrica, the tamarisk. Hence μυρικίνεος, a, ον, of the tamarisk; and

μυρίκινος, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [i]

μυριό-βοιος, ον, (μυρίος, βους) with ten thousand oxen.

μῦρι-όδους, όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μυρίος, όδούς) baving immense teeth.

μῦριό-καρπος, ον, (μυρίος, καρπός) bearing countless fruit.

μὖριό-κρūνος, ον, (μυρίος, κρûνον) with numberless beads, many-beaded.

μῦριό-λεκτος, ον, (μυρίος, λέγω) said ten thousand times.

μῦριό-μορφος, ον, (μυρίος, μορφή) of countless shapes. μῦριό-μοχθος, ος, (μυρίος, μόχθος) of endless toil. μῦριό-ναυς, αος, ό, ἡ, (μυρίος, ναῦς) of numberless ships.

μυριόντ-αρχος, ον, = μυρίαρχος.

μῦριο-πάλαι, Adv. (μυρίος, πάλαι) time out of mind. μῦριο-πλᾶσίων, ον, gen. ovos, (μυρίος) ten thousand fold: infinitely more than.

μυριο-πληθήs, έs, (μυρίοs, πληθοs) of infinite number, countless.

MΥΡΙΌΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον αἶμα, χαλκύς, etc. 2. of Size, buge, vast, immense, infinite: ἄχος μυρίον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless, infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μύριοι, au, a, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be used, as, ἵππος μυρίη 10,000 horse. [v]

μυριοστός, ή, όν, (μυρίος) the 10,000th.

μθριοστύς, ύος, ή, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μῦριο-τευχής, ές, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand armed men.

μῦριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand talents burthen.

μύριο-φόρτος, ον, = μυριοφύροε.

μυριό φωνος, ον, (μυρίος, φωνή) with countless voices. μυρί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω) breathing of unguents or essence.

μυρι-ωπός, όν, (μυρίος, ώψ) with countless eyes. μυρμηκιά,  $\hat{a}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.

μυρμηκίαs, ου, δ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills. MTPMHΞ, ηκος, δ, the ant, Lat. FORMICA. II. a beast of prey in India. III. a sunken rock on the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia. Μυρμίδόνες, ol, the Myrmidons, a warlike people of

Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μῦρο-βόστρῦχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with perfumed locks.

μῦρόεις, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented. μύρομαι, ν. sub μύρω.  $\lceil \overline{v} \rceil$ 

MY PON [v], 70, sweet oil extracted from plants: generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, balsam. II. the place where unguents were sold, the perfume-market. III. metaph. anything sweet or charming.

μυρό-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω) breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώλης, ου, δ, fem. -πωλις, ιδος, ή, (μύρον, πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μὕρόρ-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ράίνω) wet with unguent. μὕρο-φεγγής, ές, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with unguent.

μύρο-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with sweet oil.

μὕρόω, f. ώσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint. MY PPA, ή, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat. myrrha, murrha.

μυρρίνη [i],  $\hat{\eta}$ , later Att. for μυρσ-, a myrile twig or wreatb. II. μυρρίναι, ai, the myrtle-market. μύρρζνος,  $\eta$ , ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. myrteus. μυρρζνών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος,  $\hat{\delta}$ , (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.

myrtetum.

MΥΡΣΙΝΗ [τ] later Att. μυρρίνη, ή, the myr-

tle. II. a myrtle-branch. [τ]
μυρστνο-ειδής, ές, (μυρσίνη, είδος) myrtle-like.

μύρτον, ου, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the myrtle-berry, Lat. myrtum.

MΥ'PTOΣ, ή, the myrtle, Lat. myrtus.

MΥΡΩ [v], only used in pres. and impf, to flow, run, trickle, stream. II. Med. μύρομαι, to melt into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, ατος, τό, (μυρόω) plaster.

M'T' Z, S, gen. µv's, acc. µv'v, voc. µv, a mouse, Lat. MUS: µv's apovpaios a field-mouse. II. a muscle of the body, Lat. musculus.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = μύσος. μύσαν [ $\ddot{v}$ ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of μύω. μύσδρός, ά, όν, (μύσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. impurus: τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.

μυσάττομαι, f. μυσαχθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι έμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μύσος):—to loathe, abominate.

μύσος [τ], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust: metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. piaculum.

Mūσόs, δ, a Mysian.

μυσ-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.

μυστηρίκος, ή, όν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation.

μυστηρίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρικός.

μυστηριώτης, ου, ό, fem. -ώτις, ιδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.

μύστης, ου, δ, (μυέω) one initiated. Hence

**μυστικόs**, ή, όν, of or for the mysteries: secret, mystical.

μυστιλάομαι, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with. From

**MYZTI'AH**  $[\bar{\imath}]$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

μυστι-πόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.

μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

μυστο-δότης, ου, ό, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.

μυτίλος [t], δ, (μως) the fish muscle, Lat. myti-lus.

μυττωτεύω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From MΥΤΤΩΤΟ Σ, δ, a mess of cheese, honey, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

μύχατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μυχός, as μέσατος from μέσος. [τ]

μιχθίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθίσδω, (μύζω) to breathe bard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion.

2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

μυχθισμός, δ, a snorting: sneering.

μύχίος, α, ον, (μυχός) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. intimus: irreg. Sup. μυχοίτατος.

μυχμός, δ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.

μυχόθεν, Adv. (μύχοι) from the inmost part of the bouse, from the women's chambers.

μύχοίτατος, η, ον, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος; μυχοίτατος ίζε he sat in the farthest corner.

μύχόνδε, Adv. (μυχύε) to the far corner.

μύχός,  $ο\hat{v}$ , δ,  $(μ^{i}ω)$  the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. sinus: the inmost part of a bouse, the women's apartments, Lat. penetralia. 2. a bay or creek running far inland.

MΥΩ, f. μύσω: 20τ. ἔμῦσα: pf. μέμῦκα: I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμυκεν all

his wounds bave closed.

2. of persons, to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut: absol., μύσαs with one's eyes shut.

3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate.

II. trans. to shut, close.

μτών, ῶνος, ὁ, (μῦς) a knot of muscles, a muscular

part of the body.

μυῶν, gen. plur of μύs

μὔωπάζω, (μύωψ) to be purblind, to see dimly. μὔωπίζω, (μύωψ) to spur, prick with the spur, goad. II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

μ $\dot{v}$ -ω $\pi$  $\dot{o}$ s,  $\dot{o}$ ν,  $(μ\dot{v}\omega, \ddot{\omega}\psi) = μv\dot{\omega}\psi$  1

μν-ωψ, ωπος, δ, η, (μνω, ωψ) closing the eyes, short-sighted. II. as Subst., μνωψ, ωπος, δ, the horsefly or gad-fly.

2. a goad, spur.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

Mωα, ή, Lacon. for Moυσα.

μῶλος, ὁ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil

MΩΛΥ, vos, τό, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

 $\mathbf{M}\Omega'\mathbf{\Lambda}\Omega\Psi$ ,  $\omega\pi os$ ,  $\delta$ , the mark of a blow, a weal, bruse.

μωμάσμαι, Ion. -έσμαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. έμωμησάμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μωμάσατο: Dep.. (μῶμος):
—to find fault with, blame, chide, c acc.:—aor. pass. έμωμήθην in pass. sensc, to be blamed.

μωμεύω, f σω, (μωμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.

μωμητός, ή, όν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable.

μῶμος, ου, ὁ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace.

II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μὴ οὖν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. num? e.g. μῶν ἐστι..; Answ. οὐ δῆτα. Sometimes however it asks doubtingly, Lat. num forte? and may be answered in the affirmative.

μώνος, α, ον, Dor. for μοῦνος, μόνος

μω-νυξ, υχος, δ, ή, (μόνος, ὄνυξ) with single, solid, uncloven boof, Lat. solipes, epith. of the horse.

 $\mu \dot{\omega} v v \chi o s$ ,  $o v = \mu \hat{\omega} v v \xi$ .

μωραίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐμώρᾶνα: (μωρύs):—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool · c. acc., πείραν μωραίνειν to make a senseless attempt.

II. to make foolish, convict of folly.

2. to make tasteless: Pass. to become vo.

μωρανθείs, aor. I pass part. of μωραίνω.

μωρία, ή, (μώροs) silliness, folly, absurdity. μωρολογία, ή, a speaking foolisbly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγοs, ον, (μωρός, λέγω) speaking foolisbly. ΜΩΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, dull, beavy: generally, stupid, silly, foolisb. 2. tasteless, insipid.

μωρό-σοφος, ον, (μῶρος, σοφός) foolishly wise.

μωρώς, Adv. of μωρός, foolishly. Μώσα, ή, Dor. for Μοῦσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. \*μάω c.

## N

N, v, v0, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\nu' = 50$ , but  $\nu = 50,000$ .

I. into y before the gutturals Changes of  $\nu$ :  $\gamma$ ,  $\kappa$ ,  $\chi$ ,  $\xi$ , as  $\xi \gamma - \gamma \circ \nu \circ s$ ,  $\xi \gamma - \kappa \alpha \circ \rho \circ s$ ,  $\xi \gamma - \chi \omega \rho \circ s$ ,  $\xi \gamma - \chi \circ \rho \circ s$ II. into  $\mu$  before the labials  $\beta$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\psi$ , £έω. as σύμ-βιοε, συμ-πότηε, συμ-φυήε, έμ-μανήε, έμ-ψυ-III. into  $\lambda$ , before  $\lambda$ , as  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda - \lambda \epsilon i\pi \omega$ . into ρ before ρ, as συρ-ράπτω. V. into  $\sigma$  before σ, as σύσ-σιτος VI v is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ίδρύνθην from ίδρύω.

The νῦ ἐφελκυστικόν or final v is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs m σι, as  $\epsilon i\lambda \dot{\eta}\phi \alpha \sigma i\nu$  for  $\epsilon i\lambda \dot{\eta}\phi \alpha \sigma i$ ; 3 pers sing. in  $\epsilon$ and i, as εκτανέν δείκνυσιν, for εκτανέ δείκνυσι: with the local termin. -σι, as 'Αθήνησιν 'Ολυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as δστεύφιν; with the numeral είκοσιν for είκοσι; the Advs. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν νύν, for κέ νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

vâes, vâas, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of vaûs.

νάετήρ, ηροε, ό, and νάέτης, ου, ό, (ναίω) an inhabitant, dweller.

Nalaphvos and Nalupaios, o, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

val, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use val by itself, yea, yes, aye.

vāt, Dor. and Att poet. dat. of ναῦs

Naïaκόs, ή, όν, (Naias) of or for a Naiad.

Naïás, άδος, ή, mostly in pl. Naiáδες Ion. Νηιάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

valεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναίω.

ναιετάασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιετάω.

ναιετάω: Ep part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάεσκον: (ναίω): 1. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be: - c. acc loci, to dwell in, inbabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass, sense, to be inhabited

valor, Ep. impf. of valo B.

váios, a, ov, Dor, for vhios.

valoura, Dor. for valoura, pres. part. fem. of valou A.

Nats,  $l\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ion.  $N\eta is$ ,  $(\nu \dot{\alpha}\omega) = Na\ddot{\alpha}s$ . [1]

vaίχι, Adv. for vai, like οὐχί for οὐ.

 $\mathbf{NAI'}\Omega$  (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf, of persons, to dwell: -c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inbabit. 2. of places, to lie, be situated. 11.

Causal, in Ep. aor. I evassa or vássa, for evasa, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καί κέ οἰ "Αργεϊ νάσσα πύλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for bis bome. 2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him: -in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ έμθε Αργεϊ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο άγχ' Ελικῶνου be settled near Helicon.

value (B), =  $v \dot{a} \omega$ , to flow, overflow. NA'KH, ή, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. vel-

vάκοs, τό, later form of νάκη. [ŭ]

ναμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence

ναμάτιαιος, a, ov, flowing, running. ναμερτής, ναμέρτεια, Dor. for νημ-.

vav, Dor. for vaûr, acc of vaûs.

NA NOΣ, δ, a dwarf, Lat. nānus

vavo-φυήs, έs, (vavos, φυή) of dwarfish stature. Nátios, a, ov, (Nátos) from the isle of Naxos: Nάξιοι, ol, the Naxians: Naξία λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Ναξι-ουργής, ές, (Νάξιος, έργον) of Naxian work. Nάξος, ή, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

 $v\bar{a}o-\pi\delta\lambda os\ Ion.\ v\eta o-\pi\delta\lambda os,\ ov,\ (va\delta s,\ \pi o\lambda \epsilon\omega)\ dwell$ ing or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλοs, δ, the keeper of a temple, Lat aedituus.

vāós Ion. vηόs Att. vεώs, ὁ, (ναίω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

νάόs, Dor and Att. poet gen. of ναθs

vaπaîos, a, ov, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell NA'ΠΗ, ή, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [ă] váπos, τό, later form of νάπη

**NA**  $\Pi\Upsilon$ , vos,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\sigma i \nu \alpha \pi \iota$ , mustard.

ναρδο-λίπής, ές, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil

váρδοs, ή, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. 11 nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθηξ, πληρόω) filling the bollow of the vapone or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυρσοφύρος: a rod-bearer.

NA POHΞ, ηκος, δ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκάω, f. ήσω: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From

NA'PKH, h, stiffness, numbness, Lat torpor. νάρκισσος, δ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because

of its narcotic properties )

vāρόs, á, όν, (νάω) flowing, liquid. -

vas, ή, Dor. for vaûs.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναίω; ν. ναίω 11 2. νασιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

vaσμός, δ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring. vaσos, Dor. for νησοs.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἔνἄσα, aor. 1 of ναίω.

vâσσα, Dor. for νησσα, νηττα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing, 20r. I med, of ναίω: v. ναίω II. 2.

NA ΣΣΩ, f. νάξω: aor, I έναξα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

compress: to pile up.

vaστόs, ή, όν, (νάσσω) close-pressed, firm, well-II. as Subst., ναστός, δ, a wellkneaded. kneaded cake.

νάττω. Att. for νάσσω.

ναυᾶγέω Ιοπ. ναυηγ $-: f. \acute{\eta}σω: (ναυαγόs):—to suffer$ shipwreck, be shipwrecked: to crash, smash, of chariots. Hence

vauayla Ion. vaunyln, ή, sbipwreck, wreck.

ναυάγιον Ion. ναυήγιον, τό, a piece of a wreck, wreck; ναυάγια ίππικά the wreck of a chariot. From ναυ-άγός Ion. ναυηγός, όν, (ναθε, άγνυμι) sbipwrecked, stranded, Lat. naufragus: generally, ruined, wrecked.

vavaρχέω, f. ήσω, (ναύαρχος) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

vavaρχία, ή, the command of a fleet, office of admi-2. the period of his command.

vaú-apχos, δ, (vaûs, ἄρχω) the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

**ναυάτηs**, oυ, δ, poet. for ναύτηs. [ $\check{a}$ ]

vau-βάτης [ă], ou, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) one who embarks in a ship, a seaman. Il. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

ναύ-δετον, τό, (ναῦς, δέω) a ship's cable.

ναυηγός, ναυηγέω, ναυηγία, Ion. for ναυάγ-.

ναυκληρέω, f. ήσω, (ναύκληρος) to be a ship-owner, master of a ship. II metaph to manage, govern. Hence

vauκληρία, ή, the life and calling of a master of a 2. poet a voyage: geneship, a seafaring life. rally, an enterprise. 3. also a ship.

**ναυκληρικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (ναύκληροs) of or for the master  $\mu$ of a ship.

ναύ-κληρος, δ. (ναθε, κλήρος) the owner or master of a ship, who carried goods or passengers. poet. a seaman.

ναύ-κράρος, δ, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the member of a division (vaukpapia) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 ναύκραροι belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκράτέω, f. ήσω, to bave the mastery at sea, to command the sea: - Pass. to be mastered at sea.

ναυ-κράτης,  $\epsilon$ ος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ναθς, κρᾶτέω) baving themastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (ναθε, κρατέω) commanding II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [a] vaûλos, δ, or vaûλον, τό, (vaûs) passage-money,

fare, Lat. naulum. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ήσω, (ναύλοχος) to lie in a barbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to sally out upon ships passing: c. acc. to lie in wait for.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναθε, λόχος) affording safe anchorage, having a good roadstead.

or νέναγμαι:-to press or squeeze close, stamp down, | ναύλοχος, ό, with irreg. pl. ναύλοχα, an anchorage, Lat. statio navium.

> ναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, (ναυμάχος) to fight in a ship, to fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. vaυμαχία, ή, a sea-fight.

> ναύ-μάχος, ον, (ναθς, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight; ξυστά ναύμαχα boarding pikes. parox. vauµáxos, ov, act fighting at sea.

> ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, (ναυπηγός) to build ships:-Med., ναθε ναυπηγέεσθαι to build oneself ships:--Pass. of the ships, to be built.

> ναυπηγήσιμος, ον, (ναυπηγέω) suited for shipbuilding.

ναυπηγία, ή, (ναυπηγέω) ship-building.

vauπήγιον, τό, a place for ship-building, a dockyard. From

vau-πηγός, όν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) building ships: as Subst., ναυπηγόs, δ, a ship-builder, shipwright.

ναύ-πορος, ον, (ναθς, πόρος) traversed by ships, na-II. parox. ναυπόρος, ον, propelling a ship. NAΥ Σ, ή, Lat. NA V-IS, a ship; ναῦς μακρά a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., ναθε, νεώε,  $\nu \eta t$ ,  $\nu \alpha \hat{\nu} \nu$ ; dual gen.  $\nu \epsilon o \hat{\nu}$ ; pl.  $\nu \hat{\eta} c s$ ,  $\nu \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu$  or  $\nu \eta \hat{\omega} \nu$ , ναυσί, ναθε:—Ion., νηθε, νεόε, νηί, νέα, pl. νέεε, νεων, νηυσί, νέας:—Ep. νηῦς, νηός, νηί, νῆα, pl. νῆες, νηῶν, τηυσί or νήεσσι, νηα, (but also gen. and acc. νεόs, νέα, pl. νέες, νεών, νέεσσι, νέας):-- Dor. ναῦς, ναδς, ναί, ναθν, pl. νάες, νάων, ναυσί οι νάεσσι, νάας.

ναυσθλόω, contr. for ναυστολέω, to carry by sea. Med. to take with one by sea: to hire a ship for oneself: - Pass., with fut. med. ναυσθλώσομαι, to go by sea.

vauσία Att. vauτία, ή, (ναῦς) sea-sickness, qualmishness, retching, Lat. nausea. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. ναυτιάω, (ναυσία) to be qualmish, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness.

vaugi-κλειτός, ή, όν, (ναῦς, κλειτός) renowned for ships, famous by sea.

**vauσι-κλύτόs**,  $\dot{o}v_{,} = vauσικλειτόs$ .

**ναυσ**ἴ- $\pi$ έδη, ή, (ναῦς,  $\pi$ έδη) a ship-cable.

ναυσζ-πέρατος Ion. νηυσιπέρητος, ον, (ναθε, περάω) to be crossed by a ferry of traversed by ships, navigable. ναυσι-πόμπος, ον, (ναθε, πέμπω) ship-wafting; ναυσιπόμπο**s** αύρα a fair breeze. [τ]

**vauσί-πορος**, ον. (ναῦς, πόρος) = ναύπορος, traversed by ships, of a river, navigable. II. parox. vaugiπόροs, ov, act. going in ships, sea-faring. 2. propelling a ship, ship-speeding.

ναυσί-στονος, ον, (ναθε, στένω) lamentable to the

ναυσι-φόρητος, ον. (ναθε, φορέω) carried in a ship, going by ship.

ναύ-σταθμον, τό, (ναθε, σταθμόε) a barbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. statio navium.

ναυστολέω, f. ήσω, (ναυστόλοε) trans. to carry or convoy by sea:-Pass., with fut. med. ναυστολήσομαι, to go by sea. 2. to guide, govern. II. intr., II. as Subst., like Pass., to go by sea, sail. Hence

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, α υογαge.

ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship. ναυ-στόλος, ον. (ναῦς, στέλλω) sending by ship. νογαging, sailing.

ναύτης, ου, δ, (ναῦς) Lat. nauta, a seaman, sailor. one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.

ναυτία, ναυτιάω, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω. ναυτικόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ν,  $(\nu \alpha \hat{\nu} s$ , ναύτηs) of or for a ship; ναυτικόs στρατόs a sea-force, opp. to  $\pi \epsilon \dot{\zeta} \delta s$ : also, ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, naval power.

2. of persons, skilled in seamanship, nautical.

vaυτίλία, ή, (ναυτίλος) sailing, seamanship: in pl. voyages. Hence

vaurίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to go by sea, make a voyage, sail.

vauriλos [τ], δ, (ναύτηs) a seaman, sailor.

Adj. of a ship, naval.

II. the nautilus, a shell-fish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for a sail.

vauτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ναύτηs, λέγω) to enlist seamen, take on board: generally, to receive.

ναυφθορία, ή, shipureck, loss of ships. From ναύ-φθορος, ον, (ναῦς, φθείρω) shipurecked; ναύφθορος στολή the gath of shipurecked men.

ναθφι, ναθφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναθs.

ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναῦς, φράσσω) sbip-fenced, sbip-girt; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look like a sbip of war.

NA'Ω, only found in pres. and impf. to flow. véa, Ion. acc. sing. from vaûs.

νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, άγγέλλω) newly told.

 $ve\bar{u}$ - $\gamma ev\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ ,  $(v\dot{\epsilon}os$ , \* $\gamma\dot{\epsilon}v\omega)$  newly born.

veáζω, only found in pres. (véos), intr. to be young or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young again.

νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αίρεω) newly caught.

νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and νέατος, irreg. Sup.

νε-ακόνητος, ον, (νέος, ἀκονάω) newly-wbetted, keenedged.

νεūλήs, έs, (νέοs) fresh with youth: generally, fresh, vigorous.

νε-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, άλῶναι) newly caught. [ἄ] νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, ἀνθέω) new-budding, blooming. νεανίας, ου, Ερ. and Ion. νεηνίης, εω, δ, (νέος) a young man, youth: often with another Subst., as, ἀνδρεε νεηνίαι, παῖε νεηνίης. II. as masc. Adj. youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.

vcūνιεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίαs) to be a youth: to act like a youth, behave wilfully oτ impetuously, to make youthful boasts.

veavinos, ή, όν, (νεανίαs) youthful: fresh, impetuous, vigorous.

2. bigh-spirited, noble.

3. in bad sense, basty, wanton, insolent.

4. generally, great, mighty, strong.

vedviκωs, Adv. of νεανικόs, vigorously.

veâvus Ion. veῆvus, gen. ιδος, acc. veávuδa and veávuv, fem. of veavías, a young woman, girl, maiden.

II. as Adj. youthful: new.

νεᾶνισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) to be in one's youth, be a stripling.

νεūνίσκος Ιοη. νεηνίσκος, δ, (νεανίας) a youth, young man.

νε-ἄοιδόs, όν, (νέοs, ἀοιδόs) singing youthfully. νεάρόs, ά, όν, (νέοs) young, youthful: fresh, new,

recent, late.
νεἄρο-φαής, έs, (νεαρύs, φαύs) coming fresh to light, neu-appearing.

véas. Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of vaûs

νέἄτος Ιοη. νείἄτος, η, ον, πτες Sup. of νέος, ας μέσατος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, extreme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border of Pylos.

II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.

νέατος,  $\delta$ , the ploughing up of fallow land. From νεάω, f, άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till anew: νεωμένη (sc.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , land ploughed anew. νεφριδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) clad in a faun-skin.

νεβρίζω, f. σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at the feast of Bacchus. From

νεβρίs, ίδοs, ή, (νεβρόs) a fawn-skin, worn at the feasts of Bacchus.

NEBPO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, the young of the deer, a fawn.

νέες, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναῦς.

νέεσσι, rarer Ep dat. pl. of ναῦs.

νέηαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι. νεη-γενής Att. and Dor νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος) new-born, just born.

νεη-θάλής, ές, (νέος, θαλείν) fresh-shooting, freshblown.

νε-ηκής Dor. νεūκής, ές, (νέος, ἀκή) newly whetten or sharpened.

νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, ἀκύνη) = νεήκής.

ve-ήλάτος, ον, (νέος, ἐλαύνω) newly pounded, fresb ground; as Subst, νεήλατα, τά, cakes of fresb flour. νέ-ηλῦς, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, ἥλυσις) one newly come, a new-comer, Lat. advěna.

venvins, venvis, Ion. for veavias, veavis.

νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.

νεή-φάτος, ον, (νέος, φημί) fresb-uttered, new-sounding.

vei, Boeot. for νή.

velat, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.

νείατρα Ion. νειαίρη, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as νείατος for νέατος in Sup., latter, lower; νειαίρη έν γαστρί in the lower part of the belly.

νείστος, η, ον, Ion. for νέατος, Sup. of νέος.

νεικείω, νεικείησι, νεικείεσκον, ν. νεικέω.

νεικεστήρ, ηρος, δ, (νεικέω) a wrangler, disputer, brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.

νεικεθσι, Aeol. for νεικουσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.

νεικέω, Ion. and Ep. νεικείω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νεικείησι, Ion. impf. νείκειον and νεικείεσκον: Ep. fut. νεικέσσω, Ep. aor. I νείκεσσα: (νείκου):—to quarrel,

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, νείκεα | νεικείν: part. νεικέων, bolding out obstinately, con-II. trans. to vex, annoy, esp. by word, tentiously. to taunt, upbraid, to accuse, criminate.

νείκη, ή, =νείκοs.

NEI KOΣ, τό, a quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife: esp. railing, a taunt, reproach. 2. a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge. 3. also, battle, figbt. II. the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel.

Neιλαιεύς, δ, (Nείλος) a native of the Nile.

Neilaios, a, ov, (Neilos) of or from the Nile.

Νειλο-γενής, ές, (Νείλος, γενέσθαι) Nile-born.

Νειλο-θερής, έs, (Νείλος, θέρω) fostered by the Nile. Νειλόρ-ρύτος poet. Νειλό-ρύτος, ον, (Νείλος, ρέω) watered by the Nile.

Neilos, o, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer Αίγυπτος.

Neιλωίs, ίδοs, ή, (Neîλos) built on or by the Nile. Νειλώτης, ου, δ, fem. - ώτις, ιδος, (Νείλος) living in or on the Nile; χθων Νειλωτις the land of Nile. νείμας, aor. I part. of ν έμω.

veîμεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of νέμω: νεîμαν, 3 pl.: νείμον 2 sing. imperat.

νειόθεν, Ion. for νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) from the bottcm; νειόθεν έκ κραδίηs from the bottom of his II. anew.

the inmost part.

νειο-κόρος, ό, ή, Ion. for νεωκόρος.

**νείομαι,** Ion. for νέομαι.

**νειο-ποιέω**, f. ήσω, (νειός, ποιέω) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

**νειόs**, οῦ, ἡ, (νέοs) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. novāle.

**νεῖοs,** Ion. for νέοs: Sup. **νειότατοs**, η, ον.

νειο-τομεύς, δ, (νειός, τεμείν) one who breaks up a fallow.

νείρα or νείρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , contr. for νείαιρα, the belly, stomach. νείται, contr. for νέεται, 3 sing. of νέομαι.

νεκάs, άδοs, ή, (νέκυs) a beap of slain: Ep. dat. pl. νεκάδεσσι.

νεκρ-άγγελος, ον, (νεκρός, άγγελος) messenger to the dead.

νεκράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to conduct the dead. From νεκρ-άγωγός, όν, (νεκρός, άγω) conducting the dead. νεκρ-ἄκαδημεία, ή, (νεκρόε, 'Ακαδημεία) a school of tbe dead.

νεκρίκός, ή, όν, (νεκρόε) of or for the dead.

νεκρο-βαρής, ές, (νεκρός, βάρος) laden with corpses. νεκρο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead.

νεκρο-δόκος, Ion. for Att. -δόχος, ον, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead. Hence

νεκρο-δοχείον, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery. νεκρο-θήκη, ή, (νεκρύε, θήκη) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

νεκρο-πομπός, όν, (νεκρός, πέμπω) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

**νεκρόs**, οῦ, ὁ, (νέκυs) a dead body, carcase, corpse. corse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj., νεκρός, ά, όν, dead.

νεκρο-στολέω, (νεκρύλ, στέλλω) to ferry over the dead.

νεκρόω, f. ώσω, (νεκρόs) to make dead: - Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless. 2. metaph. to deaden. mortify

νεκρών, ωνος, δ, (νεκρός) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

νέκρωσις, ή, (νεκρόω) a making dead. II. pass. a becoming dead, death: deadness.

**NE'KTAP**, αρος, τ΄ nectar, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the nectar is red (ἐρυθρόν), poured like wine by Hebe, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρεος, a Ion. η, ον, like nectar, scented, fragrant: generally, divine. [ă]

**νεκ**ὕ-ηγός, όν, (νέκυς, ἄγω) = νεκροπομπός, conducting, guiding the dead

νεκύο-μαντείον Ιοη. -ήιον, τό, (νέκυς, μαντείον) απ oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned

νεκύο-στόλος, ον, (νέκυς, στέλλω) ferrying the dead. **NE'KΥΣ**, vos, δ, Ep. dat. sing. νέκυι: Ep. dat. pl. νειόθι, Ion. for νεόθι, Adv. (νέοs) at the bottom, in νεκύεσσι contr. νέκυσσι: acc. pl. νέκυαs contr. νέκῦς -a dead body, a corpse: in pl the dead. Adj. dead, lifeless. [v]

> Nεμέα Ion. -έη, ή, Nemen, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. Nέμεα, τά.

Νέμεα poet. Νέμεια, τά, the Nemean games, colebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Némeos or Némecos, a, ov, of or from Nemea.

νεμέθω, poet. for νέμω, in 3 pl. impf. mcd. νεμέθοντο, Ep. for ένέμοντο, they grazed, fed.

**νεμεσάω**, Ion. impf. νεμέσασκον: fut. ήσω: Ep. aor. Ι νεμέσησα:--Ερ. pres. νεμεσσάω, f νεμεσσήσω, etc.: (νέμεσιε): — to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, II. Med. and Pass, νεμεσώμαι: f. -ησομαι: aor. I pass. ἐνεμεσήθην Ερ. νεμεσσήθην: Ερ aor. I med opt. νεμεσσήσαιτο: - to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with 2. c. acc. rei, νεμεσσάται κακά έργα be shame. shews just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.

**Νεμέσεια**, (sub. lepá), τά, the feast of Nemesis. νεμεσητός Ep. νεμεσσητός, ή, όν, (νεμεσάω) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; ούτοι νεμεσητόν it is not a thing fit to raise indignation.

to be regarded with awe, awful.

νεμεσίζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised. μεσάομαι, to be ashamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc., θεούς νεμεσίζετο be stood in awe of the gods. From

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσσις, εως, ή, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment. 2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy. II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment; οὐ νέμεσίς [έστι] there is not cause for indignation. remorse

Νέμεσις, ή, as prop. n., voc Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσατά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νεμέσσα. Ep for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσάω, f ήσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass of νεμεσάω. νεμεσσηθώμεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσητός, ή, όν, Ερ for νεμεσητός.

νέμεσσις, ή, Ep. for νέμεσις

νεμέτωρ, opos, δ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, εος, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat.

NE'MΩ, fut. νεμω̂, later νεμήσω: 201. Ι ένειμα Ερ. νείμα: pf. νενέμηκα:—Med νέμομαι: f. νεμοῦμαι, later νεμήσομαι:-- Pass., aor. Ι ένεμήθην: pf νενέμημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense): -to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot. II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc, to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, bave in

2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy. later also in Act. to bold, possess: Pass. of places, to 2. to sway, manage, wield, con- like νομίζω, to esteem, consider trol.

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πυρί χθών νέμεται the land is II. later in Act., ὅρη νέμειν consumed by fire. to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πυρί νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire. III in Med also of ulcers, to spread.

νένασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

vevéaται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to beap.

νενέμηκα, pf of ν έμω.

ν ενηκα, pf of ν έω, to spin.

νένιμμαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νiζω. νενόμισμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νένωμαι, νενωμένος, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι, founded or built: new-made. νενωμένοs, pf. pass, ind. and part. of νοέω.

veo-άλωτος, ov, (veos, dλωναι) = veάλωτοs.

νεο-αρδής, ές, (νέος, άρδω) newly watered

**νεό-γἄμος**, ον, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst., νεόγαμος, δ or ή, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ές, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

 $veo-\gamma vhs$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $= veo \gamma v \delta s$ .

νεο-γνός, όν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεό-γονος, ον, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεό-γραπτος and νεό-γράφος, ον, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written

νεό-γυιος, ον, (νέος, γυιον) with young, fresh limbs. νεο-δαμώδης, εs, a Spartan word, lately made one of III. in one's own person, a sense of sin. the people ( $v \in S$ ,  $\delta \hat{a} \mu o S = \delta \hat{\eta} \mu o S$ ), newly enfranchised: hence those Helots were called Nεοδαμώδειs, who were set free in reward for services in war

**νεό-δαρτος**, ον, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripted off, newly

νεο-δίδακτος, ον, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δμής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{\delta}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , and νεό-δμητος, ον, (νέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in metaph. newlywedded

νεό-δμητος Dor. -δματος, ον, (νέος, δέμω) newbuilt.

**νεό-δρεπτος**, ον, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεό-δρομος, ον, (νέος, δράμειν) just baving run

 $v \epsilon \delta - \delta \rho \sigma \sigma \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v = v \epsilon \delta \delta \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \sigma s$ 

**νεό-ζευκτος**, ον, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής

veo-ζυγής, es, and veo-ζυγος, ov, (veos, (vγηναι)newly yoked: metaph newly married

 $v \in 6 - \zeta v \xi$ ,  $\ddot{v} \gamma o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= v \in o \zeta v \gamma \dot{\eta} s$ 

veo-θāλήs, es, Dor for veoθηλήs.

νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

**νεο-θηλής**, ές, (νέος,  $\tau$ έθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph freb, cheerful.

 $\mathbf{v}$ εό-θηλος,  $\mathbf{o}$ ν, =  $\mathbf{v}$ εοθηλής.

**νεο-θήξ**, ηγος, δ, ή, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened. νεο-θλίβής, ές, (νέος, θλιβήναι) newly pressed

**νεοίη, ή,** (νέος) poet for νεότης, you'bful spirit. vé-oικος, ον, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, ον, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

veo-κηδής, és, (νéos, κήδος) baving a fresb grief.

νεο-κληρόνομος, ov, having lately inherited νεό-κλωστος, ον, (νέος, κλώθω) newly spun or woven. **νεο-κόνητος**, ον, (νέος, καίνω) newly shed; νεοκόνητον αίμα χεροιν έχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεό-κοπτος, ον, (νέος, κόπτω) fresh-chiselled.

**νεόκοτος**, ον, (νέος) strange, unbeard of:—generally, fresb, new.

νεο-κράς, ατος, δ, ή, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed; νεοκράε φίλος a newly made friend.

**νεό-κτιστος**, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, (νέος, κτίζω) newly

νεό-κτονος, ον, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed

veo λαία, ή, (νέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juventus.

νεό-λουτος poet. νεόλλουτος, ον, (νέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. νεθμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νείαι, νείveoγτλός, ή, όν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.) ται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νείσθαι: Dep., only used in pres. and impf.:—to go or come: commonly with a ! ling, chicken. fut, sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ή, (νέος, μήν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-πάθής, ές, (νέος, παθείν) suffering from a late calamity.

veo-πενθής, έs, (νέος, πένθος) fresh-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, έs, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or

**νεό-πλουτος**, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious; opp. to ἀρχαιόπλουτος.

νεό-πλύτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly wasben. **νεό-ποκος**, ον, (νέος, πέκω) newly sborn.

νεό-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresb-sawn.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, δ, (νέος, πτόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Trov.

νεό-πτολις, ή, (νέος, πτόλις) newly founded. νεόρ-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) newly sprinkled: freshreeking.

νεόρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, ρέω) fresb-flowing. νεόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (νέος, ρύω) just drawn.

**νέ-ορτος**, ον, (νέος, ὅρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

**ΝΕ'ΟΣ**, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also os, ον: Ion. **νείος**, η, ον:—of men, young, youthful: as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths; ek veou from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέαs anew, afresh, Lat. denuo: hence νέον Ion. νειον, as Adv, newly, lately, anew: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ένη καὶ νέα, see II. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νειότατος, v. νείος. Hence

**veós** (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , fresh land, fallow, Lat. novāle. veós, Ion. gen. of ναῦs.

νεο-σίγαλος, ον, (νέος, σιγαλύεις) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκύλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκυλεύω) newly plundered. ferus. **νεό-σμηκτος**, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) newly cleaned. veo-σπάδής, ές, and veo-σπάς, άδος, ό, ή, (νέος,

σπάω) newly plucked or gathered.

**νεό-σπορος**, ον, (νέοs, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοσσεύω Att. νεοττεύω οι νοττεύω: f. σω: (νεοσσόε): -to batch; pf. part. pass. νενοσσευμένος.

νεοσσιά Ion. -ιή Att. νεοττιά, ή, (νεοσσόε) α nest of young birds, a nest: the brood of young birds.

νεόσσιον Att. νεόττιον or νόττιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσσόε, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

νεοσσίς Att. νοττίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of νεοσσός, α cbicken.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσσόε, κομέω) rearing young birds or chickens.

**νεοσσός** Att. **νεοττός**, δ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile: a young child: in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσώς, Dor. for νεοσσούς.

νεότας, ατος, ή, Dor. for νεότης.

**νεό-στροφος**, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted. νεο-σφαγής, ές, (νέος, σφαγηναι) newly slaughtered.

νεό-τευκτος, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ές, (νέος, τεύχω)newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ητος, ή, (νέος) youth: also 2. youthful spirit, rasbness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. nuventus.

νεό-τμητος Dor. –τματος, ον, (ν εος, τ εμνω) newly cut. νε6-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκεῖν) new-born νεοτόκοs, ον, act. baving just brought forth.

νεό-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμείν) fresh cut or ploughed; νεύτομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. fresb cut off, plucked.

**νεο-τρεφής**, έs, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young. νεοττεύω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττός, Att for νεοσσ-.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds. νεουργέω, f. ήσω, to make new, renew From **νε-ουργός**, ών, (νέος, \*έργω) making new, renewing. νε-ούτάτος, ον, (νέος, οὐτάω) lately wounded. νεό-φοιτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

vεό-φονος, ον, (νέος, \*φένω) lately killed: fresh-shed. νεό-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) newly planted. a new convert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χαράσσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, όν, (νέος) new, fresb. 2. novel, unusual. strange, revolutionary. Hence

**νεοχμόω**, f. ώσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

 $v \in \delta$ - $\chi v \circ o \circ$ ,  $(v \in o \circ \circ, \chi v \circ o \circ)$  with the first down. νεόω, f. ώσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change νέποδες, ων, oi, children; an old Epic word. νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., =  $\tilde{\epsilon}\nu\epsilon\rho\theta\epsilon$ , under, beneath: II. c. gen. under, beneath. also from below.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) underground, Lat. in-

**νερτερο-δρόμος**, ου, δ. (νέρτερος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρτερος, α, ον, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ νέρτερος, lower, nether, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also as a Posit. = νερτέριοs, nether, infernal, underground; ol νέρτεροι the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

**NE'PTO** $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a bird of prey.

νεθμα, ατος, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign: a command. νεθμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέομαι.

NETPA' Ion. νευρή, ή, a sinew, tendon. II. a string or cord of sinew; 1. a bow-string. a musical string or chord.

νευρειή, ή, poet, for νευρά. νευρή, ή, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

**νευρο-λάλος**, ον, (νεῦρον, λἄλϵω) with sounding strings.

NET PON, τό, Lat. nervus, a sinew, tendon: esp. in pl. νεῦρα, the tendons of the feet; νεῦρα τέμνειν to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. strength, vigour, nerve. II. a string, cord, lace made of sinew: hence 2. a bowstring: also cord of a sling. 3. a musical string or chord.

νευρο-πλεκής, ές, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) plaited with sinews. νευρορραφέω, f. ήσω, to stitch with sinews: to mend shoes. From

νευρο-ράφος, ον, (νεῦρον, ράπτω) stitching with sinews: as Subst. a cobbler.

νευρο-σπάδής, ές, (νεθρον, σπάω) drawn or strained back with a sinew or string; νευροσπάδης άτρακτος the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρό-σπαστος, ον, (νεῦρον, σπάω) drawn by strings; ἀγάλματα νευρόσπαστα puppets moved by strings.

νευρο-τενής, ές, (νεῦρον, τείνω) stretched by sinews. νευρο-χάρής, ές, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) delighting in the howstring.

νεύσομαι or νευσοθμαι, fut. of νέω Β.

νευστάζω, (νεύω) to nod, Lat. nūto; νευστάζειν κόρυθι to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; νευστάζειν κεφαλη to nod with the head, of one fainting; νευστάζειν ὀφρύσι to make signs with the evebrows.

NEΥΩ, f. νεύσω, to nod, beckon, as a sign or command.
2. in token of assent, to nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod.
3. generally, to nod, bend forward; νεύειν κάτω to stoop; νεύειν κέφαλάs to browdown, droop the head; νεύειν είς τι to incline towards a thing.
4. metaph. to decline, fall away.

νεφέλη, ή, (νέφος) a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. nebula: metaph. the cloud of death; άχεος νεφέλη a cloud of sorrow.

II. a fine bird-net.

νεφελ-ηγερέτα, Ep. for -της, δ, only used in nom. and gen. νεφελεγερέταο, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller.

Neφeλο-κένταυρος, δ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a cloudcentaur.

Νεφελο-κοκκυγία, ή, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) Cloud-cuckootown, built by the birds in Aristoph. Aves. Hence

Νεφελο-κοκκῦγιεύς, δ, citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-town. νεφελόω, f. ώσω, (νεφέλη) to make cloudy. Hence νεφελωτός, ή, όν, made of clouds.

νεφο-ειδής, ές, (νέφος, είδος) like a cloud.

NE'ΦΟΣ, εος, τό, a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. nebula: metaph. the cloud of death, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος; so, νέφος δφρύων a cloud upon the brow. 2. metaph. also, a cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.

veφρίτις, ιδος, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ή νεφρίτις (sc. νόσος), a disease in the kidneys. ΝΕΦΡΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the kidneys.

NE'Ω (A), to go, v. sub ν ϵ ο μ α ι.

NE'Ω (B), impf. ένεον Ερ. έννεον: fut. νεύσομαι and νευσοῦμαι: aor. Ι ένευσα:—to swim, Lat. nāre.

2. of shoes that are too large; νεῖν ἐν ἐμ-βάσιν to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

**NE**'Ω (C), fut. νήσω: Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. νήσαντο:

aor. 1 pass. ἐνήθην:—to spin, Lat. nēre.

NE'Ω (D), fut. νήσω:  $\bar{l}$  on. νήω, νηέω, νηνέω: pf. pass. νένημαι οτ νένησμαι:—to pile, beap, beap up. νεωκορέω, f. ήσω, (νεωκόροs) to be a bedel, to bave charge of a temple. II. metaph. to keep clean and pure. Hence

νεωκορία, ή, the office of a bedel.

νεω-κόρος, ό, (νεώς, κορέω) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a hedel, verger, Lat. aedituus.

II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patrongod: hence Ephesus was called νεωκόρος Αρτέμιδος.

νέων, gen. pl. of νέοs: but νεών, gen. pl. of ναῦs. νεών, ῶνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a dock or basin for ships.

νε-ώνητος, ον, (νέος, ἀνέομαι) newly bought.

νε-ωρής, ές, (νέος, ώρα) new, fresh, late. νε-ώριον, τό, (νεωρός) a place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

νεώς, ώ, δ, Att. for ναός, a temple, like λεώς for λαός. νεώς, Att. gen. of ναῦς

νεώσ-οικος, ό, (νεώς gen. of ναθς, οίκος) literally a ship's bouse, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-house, being a part of the νεώριον. νεωστί, Adv. of νέος, lately, just now, recently.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωσε, νέωτε, next year, for next year; also, είς νέωτα.

νεώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of νέος: Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.

νεωτερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (νεώτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements.

Il. trans. to change entirely; νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερικός, ή, όν, (νέος) natural to a youth, youthful. νεωτερισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) innovation.

νεωτεροποιία, ή, innovation, revolution. From νεωτερο-ποιός, όν, (νεωτερος, ποιέω) innovating, revolutionary.

νεώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of νέος, younger: newer, fresber: m bad sense, strange, unusual; τα νεώτερα οτ νεώτερα πράγματα, revolutionary movements, Lat. res novae. Adv. νεωτέρως, more receully.

νη-, insep. Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀναprivat., as in νη-πενθήs; cf. Lat. ne- in ne-fas, etc.

NH', Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; νη Δία or νη τὸν Δία, also νη μὰ τὸν Δία yea by Zeus!

via, vias, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of vaus.

νηγάτεος, η, ον, (for νεηγάτος by transposition of ε

and  $\eta$ , from véos,  $\gamma$ é $\gamma$ aa,) new-made.

νή-γρετος, ον, (νη-, ἐγείρω) unwaking; νήγρετος υπνος a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., νήγρετον unthout waking.

νήδυια, ων, τά, (νηδύs) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.

νηδυιόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen of νηδύs.

νήδυμος, ον, Homeric epith. of υπνος: either like νήγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ήδυς, sweet, deligb ful, as if for ήδυμος.

NHΔΥΣ, ψοs, ή, the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the bowels, entrails; ἐξελεῖν τὴν νη-δύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.

vήεον, Ep impf. of vη έω.

νηες, nom. pl. of ναῦς.

νήεσσι, Ep dat pl. of ναθs.

νηέω, fut. νηήσω, Ion and Ep. for νέω, to beap or pile up.

11. to pile, load.

νήησαν, Ερ. 3 pl aor. 1 of νηέω: --νηησάσθω, 3 sing. aor. 1 imper. med.

vήθω, (vέω c) to spin.

νηί, Ion dat. sing. of ναθε.

Νηιάς, άδος, ή, Ion. for Naïás.

νήιος, η, ον, Dor. νάιος, α, ον, also os, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δύρυ νήιον ship-timber.

Nηίs, ίδοs, ή, Ion. for Nats

v $\hat{\eta}$ is,  $i\delta os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(v\eta - i\delta \hat{\epsilon}\hat{i}v)$  unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing

νήτης, ου, ό, (ναῦς) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [τ]

νη-κερδής, ές, (νη-, κέρδος) without gain, unprofitable.

νή-κερως, ωτος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ep. νή-κερος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\nu\eta$ -, κέρας) not borned, without borns.

νή-κεστος, ον, (νη-, ἀκέομαι) incurable.

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, ἀκούω) to give no beed to, disobey: Ep. aor 1 νηκούστησα.

νη-λεής, έε, dat. and acc. νηλέι, νηλέα, as if from νηλής, (νη-, έλεοε) without pity, pittless, rubless, remorseless; νηλέε ήμαρ the rubless day, i. e. the day of death. II. unpitted.

νηλειής, έs, Ep. for νηλεήs. Adv. νηλειωs.

νηλεό-θυμος, ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of ruthless spirit. νηλεό-ποινος, ον, (νηλεής, ποινή) punishing ruthlessly.

νηλεωs, Adv. of νηλεήs, without pity.

νηλής, έs, see νηλεήs.

νηλίπους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $-\pi$ ουν,  $\tau\delta$ , gen.  $-\pi$ όδος,  $= \dot{\alpha}\nu$ - $\eta$ λίπους, unshod, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [1]

νη-λιτής, ές, (νη-, άλιτειν) guillless, barmless, unoffending.

νήμα, ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.

νη-μερτής, ές, (νη-, άμαρτεῖν) unfalling, unerring, infallible; νημερτές ένισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.

νηνεμία Ion. -ίη, ή, stillness in the air, a calm: γαλήνη ἔπλετο νηνεμίη there was a calm and perfect stillness. From

 $v\dot{\eta}$ -νεμος, ον,  $(v\eta$ -, dvεμος) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to beap. νήνις, ιος, ή, contr. for νεάνις, a girl, maiden.

 $\mathbf{v}\hat{\mathbf{\eta}}$  such that  $\mathbf{v}$  is  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{$ 

νήξομαι, fut. of νήχομαι.

νηο-βάτης, ου, δ, lon. for ναυ-βάτης. [ἄ]

νηο-πόλος Att. ναο-, ον, (νηύς = ναύς, πολέω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηυπύλος, δ, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.

νηο-πορέω, f. ήσω, (ναῦς, πόρος) to go in a ship.

νηός, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. for ναός, a temple.

νηός, Ion gen. of ναῦς

νηό-σοος poet. νηόσ-σοος, ον, (ναθε, σαύω) protecting ships.

νηο-φόρος, ον, (ναθς, φέρω) bearing ships.

νη-όχος, ον, (ναθε, έχω) bolding ships.

νη-πενθής, ές, (νη-, πένθος) free from sorrow. II. act. soothing or a suaging sorrow

νηπία Εp. νηπιάα and νηπιέη, ή, (νήπιος) ebildbood, infancy: in plur ebildishness, folly

νηπιάζω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , = νηπιαχεύω

νηπίδχεύω, to be childish, play like a child. From νηπίδχος, ον, poet. for νήπιος, childish.

νηπίέη, ή, Ion for νηπία.

vήπιοs, a Ion. η, ον, Att. also es, ον, (νη-, εποs) properly, not speaking. Lat. infans; νήπια τέκνα infant children: also νήπια alone, the young of an animal.

II. metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.

νηπιότης, ητοs,  $\dot{η}$ , = νηπία.

**νή-πλέκτος, ον,**  $(\nu\eta-,\pi\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\kappa\omega)$  not planted: with unbraided bair.

νη-ποινεί or -ί, Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. impune, with impunity.

νή-ποινος, ον, (νη-, ποινή) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτών νήποινος without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.

νηπύτικόομα, Dep to behave childishly. From νη-πύτιος, α, ον, (νη-, ἀπύω) childish, infantine; and as Subst. a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, beedless.

Nηρείs Ion. Νηρηίs, 1δοs, ή, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηίδεs: they were fifty in number. Cf Naiás

Nηρεύs, gen. έωs Ion η̂os, δ, Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence

Νηρή, poet for Νηρηίε.

Nηρηίs, ίδοs, ή, Ion. for Nηρείs.

νή-ριθμος, ον, (νη-, ἀριθμός) countless, numberless. νή-ρίτος, ον, poet. form of νήριθμος.

viorat, aor. I inf. both of  $\nu \ell \omega$  (c) to spin, and  $\nu \ell \omega$  (D) to pile up.

νησαίοs, α Ion. η, ον, (νησοε) of or for an island, insular.

νήσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of  $ν \ell ω$  (0) to spin. νησίδιον,  $τ \dot{ο}$ , Dim. of  $ν \dot{η} σ o s$ , an islet. νησίον,  $τ \dot{ο}$ , Dim. of  $ν \dot{η} σ o s$ , an islet.

νησίε, ίδοε, ή, Dim. of νησοε, an islet.

νησίτης, ου, δ, (νῆσος) of or for an island: fem. prevail, carry the day; ή νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailνησιτις, ιδος, ή. [t]
3, as law-term,

νησίωτης, ου, δ, fem. -ώτις, ιδος, ή, (νῆσος) an islander. Il as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence

νησίωτικός, ή, όν, of or for an island or an islander; το νησιωτικόν insular situation.

νησο-μάχία, ή, (νησος, μάχη) an island-fight.

NH ZOZ Dor. vâcos, ov, \(\eta\), an island, Lat. insula also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.

νήσσα Att. νήττα, ή, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas. fruits of victory. νησσάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim οί νήσσα, a duckling. νίκη, Aeol. and

νηστεία, ή, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast. νηστεύω, f σω, (νηστικ) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός conquering

to fast from, abstain from a thing.

vhortis, tos or έως, δ, and h: nom pl vhorties or vhortes:  $(v\eta$ -, έσθίω):—not eating, fasting.

act. causing hunger, starving.

νησύδριον, τό, Dim of νησος, an islet.

νή-τῖτος, ον, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunshed νητός, ή, όν, (νέω to beap) beaped up, piled up. νητός, ή, όν, (νέω to spin) spun, twited.

νηττα, ή, νηττάριον, τό, Att for νησσ-.

νηθς, ή, Ion. for ναθε

νηυσί, Ion dat. pl. of ναῦs.

νηυσι-πέρητος, ον, ν ναυσι-πέρατος.

νή-υτμος, ον. (νη-, ἀυτμή) breathless.

νηφάλιεύς,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}_{1} = \nu \eta \phi \dot{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \iota \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ 

νηφάλιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine; νηφάλια μειλίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [α] νήφου, poet for νήφουσι, dat. pl part.

 $N\dot{H}'\Phi\Omega$ , f.  $\nu\dot{\eta}\psi\omega$ , to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly

νή-χὕτος, ον, (νη-,  $\chi$ έω) not merely poured, full-flowing

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f ξω,  $(ν \dot{\epsilon} ω)$  to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f ξομαι, aor 1  $\dot{\epsilon} ν \eta \xi \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ .

νηῶν, Ion gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νηώs, Dor. for ναούs, acc pl of ναόs

viγλάροs, δ, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the

κελευστήs to give the time in rowing.

M'ZΩ, f. νίψω: aor. 1 ἔνιψα:—Med, f. νίψομαι: aor. 1 ἔνιψάμην. pf. νένιμμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet, νίψασθαι άλός to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify.

II. to wash off:—νίζω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικαξώ, Dor. for νικήσω, fut. of νικάω.

νικασείν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικατήρ, δ, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, opos, ό, Dor. for νικήτωρ.

ντκάω, f. ήσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper band; τὰ χερείονα νικᾶ the worse prevails; τὸ εδ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικᾶν τινι to win in the judgment of another.

2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority.
3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause.

II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικᾶσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to.

III. c. acc. cognato, νίκην νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a seafight.

νίκειος, ον, (νίκος) victorious.

NI'KH [i], \(\delta\), victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.

νίκη, Aeol. and poet for ἐνίκα, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω. νϊκήειs Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering

νικηθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημι, Aeol for νικάω. [τ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut inf. of νικάω. νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νίκητήρ, ήρος, δ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριος, α, ον, belonging to a conqueror or to victory II as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. ἄθλον), τό, the prize of victory. 2 νικητήρια (sub. ἰερά), τά, a festival in bonour of victory; νικητήριον ἐστιᾶν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, οῦ, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικητικός, ή, όν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducing to victory.

νϊκήτωρ, opos, δ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror. νϊκηφορέω, f. ήσω, (νικηφόροs) to carry off as frize, win. Hence

νικηφορία, ή, a conquering, victory.

vīκη-φόροs, ον, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. Il bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.

νικό-βουλος, ον, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

νίκο-μάχ $\bar{a}$ s, ου, δ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικάοιεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω. νίν, Dor. and Att. encht. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it; never used reflex-vely: of all genders, both sing. and pl, but the pl. is nuch more rare: Hom. and Ion. writers use μίν.

νιπτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver. νίπτρον, τό, (νίζω) water for washing: mostly in plur. νίπτω, later form for νίζω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσομαι [ī] = νέομαι, to go, to go away. NI TPON, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.

νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάs, as if from a nom. \*νίψ.

vǐφάs, άδοs, ἡ, (νίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow.

2. generally, a shower:
---metaph, νφάs πολέμου the storm or sleet of war.

II. as Adj., fem. of νιφόειs, snowy, snow-capt.

ντφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω. ντφετός, οῦ, ὁ, (νίφω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.

νζφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νίφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt. νίφο-στιβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβεῖν) thick with snow.  $\mathbf{N}'\mathbf{\Phi}\Omega$  [ $\bar{\imath}$ ], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; δ θεδς νίφει, or νίφει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with

or νιφει alone, it snows.

11. trans. to cover with snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf. ὕω, ὕομαι.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. 1 inf. act. and med. of νίζω. νίψω, fut. of νίζω, and also of νίφω.

νοερός, ά, όν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.

νοέω, fut. νοήσω Ion. νώσω: aor. I ένόησα Ion. ένωσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα: -- Mcd., Ep. 3 sing. aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος: - Pass., aor. 1 ένοήθην:-Pass., aor. Ι ένοήθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion. νένωμαι: Ion. plapf. ἐνενώμην: (νύος):—to see so as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely seeing, as, τον δε ίδων ενόησε when he saw him be perceived who he was: to notice, remark. think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοέων, 2. of words or expressions, to discreet, thoughtful. mean, imply, bave a certain sense. III to think out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that

a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) that which is thought, a thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III. generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence νοήμων, ον, gen. ovos, thoughtful, sensible: also in

one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.
νόησις, εως, ή, (νοέω) thought, intelligence.

νοητικός, ή, ύν, (νοέω) intelligent.

νοητός, ή, όν, (νοέω) perceptible, intelligible.

νοθα-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέσσαι) base-born.

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ἡ, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms. NO ΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also os, ον, illegitimate, born out of wedlock; νόθος νίδς a natural son, opp. to γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus.

II. generally, spurious, counterfeit, adulterated.

voίδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a notion.

νομαίοs, a, ον, (νομόs) roaming, roving, ranging. νόμαιοs, a, ον, (νόμοs) customary, conventional: τὰ νόμαια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.

voμ-άρχης, ου, δ, (νομός, άρχω) the chief of an Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians. νομάς, άδος, δ, ή, (νομός) roaming, ranging, wandering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οί, pastoral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads, and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidiae.

II. grazing, feeding.

νόμευμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to

graze, a flock or berd.

νομεύς, έως Ερ. ῆος, ὁ, (νέμω, νομός) a shepherd or herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributer. III. plur. νομέες = ἐγκοίλια, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεύσι, dat. pl. of νομεύε.

νομευσώ, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut of νομεύω.

νομεύω, (νομεύε) to pasture, feed, drive afield; βουσί make laws for oneself.

νομούs νομεύειν to feed down the pastures with oxen, Lat. depascere.

νομή, ή, (νέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder, food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, distribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήες, Ep. for νομείς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.

νομίζω, fut. νομίσω Ion. νομιέω Att. νομιώ: pf. νενόμικα:--Pass., aor. Ι ένομίσθην: pf. νενόμισμαι: (νόμος):—to bold or own as a custom or usage: said of things recognised by convention or prescriptive right; νομίζειν τους θεούς to recognise the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν  $\theta \epsilon o \hat{v} s$  to recognise the existence of the gods generally:-Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the custom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα or νενομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. insti-2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage; Έλληνες ἀπ' Αἰγυπτίων ταῦτα νενομίκασι the Greeks bave adopted these customs from the Egyptians. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τούς κακούς χρηστούς νομίζειν: -- in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to which of the gods is it beld sacred? 4. absol. to be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old laws and customs. II. c. dat, like χρησθαι, to be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing will be.

νομϊκός, ή, όν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting on the authority of law.

II. learned in the law: as Subst., νομικός, ό, a lawyer.

vόμτμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law: hence 1. conventional, prescriptive 2. lawful, legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμιμα, usages, customs; νόμιμα ποιεῦν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary offices, Lat. justa facere. II. of persons, observant of law. Hence

νομίμωs, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώτερον.

νόμιος, a, ον, also os, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμἴσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατοε, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by established usage, viz.,

1. the current coin of a state, Lat. numnus: ct. νομίζω, fin.

2. an established weight or measure, legal measure.

3. any institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as Subst., νομογράφος, δ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δείκτης, ου, δ, (νόμος, δείκνυμι) an explainer of the laws.

νομο-δίδάσκαλος, ό, (νύμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher of the law so, νομο-διδάκτης, ου, ό.

νομοθεσία, ή, law-giving, legislation. From νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver, make laws:—Pess. to bave a code of laws:—Med. to make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματοε, τό, a law, ordinance. νομο-θέτης, ου, δ, (νόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.

νομόνδε. Adv. (νομός) to the pasture.

voμόs, οῦ, ὁ, (νέμω) a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομὸς ὕλης a woodland pasture. 2. pasturage, berbage: generally, food. 3. metaph., ἐπέων πολύs νομόs ample pasture, a wide range for c. gen. loci, return to a place. words. department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

νόμος, ου, δ, (νέμω) anything assigned or apportioned, viz., positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum, νόμω, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called 2. χειρων νόμοs the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμος; έν χειρών νόμω διαφθείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; is χειρων νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows. II. a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοί war-songs.

**νομο-φύλαξ**, ἄκο**ς,** τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) a guardian

of the laws. [v]

νοό-πληκτος, ον, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind,

mind-distracting.

NO'OΣ, νόου, contr. voûs, νοῦ, δ; later also gen. νούs, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόεs:—mind, Lat. mens; νόφ οτ σύν νόφ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; έκ παντός νόου with all his beart, κατά vóov according to one's mind. II. a thought, III. the sense or meaning of a purpose, resolve. word or expression.

voσερός, ά, όν, (νόσος) sickly, ill.

 $vo\sigma \in \omega$ , f.  $\eta\sigma\omega$ ,  $(v\delta\sigma os)$ , to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind. 2. metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ή, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a

running sore.

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, 2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction. νοσημάτ-ώδης, εs, (νύσημα, είδοs) sickly.

voσηρόs, ά, όν, (νοσέω) unbealthy, unwholesome, of

places.

NO ΣΟΣ Ion. vo θσος, ή, sickness, disease: a malady, ailment. II. metaph. distress, affliction, 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

voσo-φόρος Ion. vouσ-, ον, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing

sickness or disease.

νοσσεύω, contr. for νεοσσεύω, to batch.

**vorgid**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and **vorgiov**,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , Att. contr. for  $\nu \epsilon \sigma \sigma \sigma - c$ voσσίs, ίδοs, ή, Dim. of νοσσόs, Att. contr. for νεοσσίε, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

**νοστέω, f.** ήσω, (νόστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country. 2. to return safe after 3. generally, to go, come, travel. danger.

νοστήσειε, Acol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I of νοστέω. νοστησέμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ον, (νόστοε) of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ημαρ the day of return. 2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.

νόστος, ου, δ, (νέομαι) a return bome or bomeward: 2. generally, travel, II. an abode allotted to one, a district, | journey; νύστος φορβης a journey to bring food bome,

11 e. in search, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat, νόσφιν: I. an usage, custom, convention: a as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart, hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπό, c. gen, like νόσφι 11, aloof from. II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, alonf or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from. 2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν 'Axaiwv apart from the Achaeans, 1. e. differing from 3. besides, except.

νοσφίδιος, α, ον, (νόσφι) taken away, abstracted. νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. νοσφιώ, (νύσφι) to put away, II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι, remove, part. f. -ίσομαι: aor. I med ἐνοσφισάμην Ερ. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισσάμενος: aor. I pass ένοσφίσθην:to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon. 2. metaph, of the mind, to become estranged or alienated. act. to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc. to rob one of a thing: Med. to appropriate. 2. to make away with, kill, destatch

νοσφισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. 20r. I part. med. of νοσφίζω. voσ-ώδης, εs, (νόσος, είδος) sickly, ailing: generally, diseased. II. act. unwholesome, unbealthy.

νοτερός, ά, ύν, (νότος) wet, damp, moist; νοτερός χειμών a storm of rain.

νοτία, ή, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτίαι είαριναί

spring rains.

νοτίζω, f. ίσω, (νότιος) to moisten :- Pass. to be wet. νότιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (νότος) wet, damp, rainy; ὑψοῦ δ' ἐν νοτίφ τήν γ' ὥρμισαν they moored her [the ship far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach. southern, southerly.

voτίs, ίδοs, ή, (νότοs) moisture, damp, wet.

NO'TOΣ, ov, o, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus. II. the south of south-west quarter.

νοττεύω, νοττίον, etc., contr. for νεοττ-. νου-βυστικός, ή, όν, (νοῦς, βύω) choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κωs, cleverly. νουθεσία, ή, awarning, admonishing: reproof. From νου-θετέω, f. ήσω, (νοῦς, τίθημι) to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonition, warning.

vouθετητέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, to be warned, advised.

**νουθετικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , (νουθετέω) admonitory. νου-μηνία, ή, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month. νουν-εχής, έε, (νοῦε, έχω) baving understanding, sensible, discreet. Adv. -xws, discreetly, prudently.

vous, o, contr. for voos, mind.

voθσοs, ή, Ion. for νόσοs.

νουσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.

νύ, see νῦν, νύν.

νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) by pricking, Lat. punctim. ντηείs, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.

νυκτερείσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, nightly.

νυκτ-ερέτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, ερέσσω) onewborows by night.
νυκτερευτικός, ή, όν, fit for watching by night, fit
for bunting by night. From

νυκτερεύω, f σω, (νύκτερος) to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night.

νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) nightly.

**νυκτερίνός**, ή, όν, (νύξ) nightly, by night, Lat. nocturnus.

**νυκτερίs**, ίδοs, ή, (νύξ, νύκτεροs) a night-bird, a hat, Lat. vespertilio.

νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) nightly

νυκτέρ-ωπός, όν, (νύκτέρος, ώψ) night-faced, dushy. νυκτ-ηγορέω or in Med. νυκτ-ηγορέομαι, (νύξ, άγορά) to assemble by night. Hence

νυκτηγορία, ή, a nightly assembly or discourse νυκτ-ηρεφής, έε, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) shrouded by night, rlooms.

νυκτί-βρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέμω) roaring by night. νυκτί-γάμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) marrying by night or clandestinely.

**νυκτι-κλέπτης**, ου,  $\delta$ , = νυκτοκλέπτης.

νυκτί-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (νύξ, κύραξ) the night-jar, goatsucker: also the screech-owl.

νυκτζ-λαθραιο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραίος, φάγείν) eating secretly by night.

νυκτι-λάλος, ον, (νύξ, λάλέω) nightly-sounding, serenading.

νυκτζ-λαμπής, ές, (νύξ, λάμπω) illumined by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky.

**νύκτιος**, a, ον, (νύξ) nightly.

**νυκτἴ-πᾶται-πλάγιοs**, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιοs) roaming about by night. [α]

νυκτί-πλαγκτος, ον, (νὖξ, πλάζω) making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also 2. pass. νυκτίπλαγκτος εὐνή a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed.

νυκτι-πλάνής, έε, and νυκτί-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλανάω) wandering, rambling about by night.

νυκτί-πόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) roaming by night. νυκτί-σεμνος, ον, (νύξ, σεμνόε) solemnised by night. νυκτι-φανής, ές, (νύξ, φανήναι) sbining or appearing by night.

νυκτί-φαντος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) appearing by night: nightly.

νυκτι-φρούρητος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) keeping nightwatches.

νυκτο-θήρας, ου, δ, (νύξ, θηράω) one who bunts by night. νυκτο-κλέπτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) athief of the night. νυκτο-μάχέω, f. ήσω, (νύξ, μάχη) to fight by night. Hence

νυκτομάχία, ή, a night battle, a battle in the dark. νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλάνάω) rambling about at night.

νυκτοπορέω, f. ήσω, to go or travel by night. From νυκτο-πόροs, ον, (νύξ, πόροs) travelling by night. νυκτο-φάήs, έs, (νύξ, φάοs) giving light by night, shining by night

νυκτοφύλακέω, f ήσω, to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch. From

νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) one that keeps watch by night, a warder, Lat excubitor.

νυκτῷον, τό, (Νύξ) a temple of Night νυκτ-ωπόs, όν, (νύξ, ὤψ) with the look of night, i.e. murky, obscure

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) by night, Lat noctu

νύμφα, poet. for νύμφη, in voc νύμφα φίλη.

**νύμφα**, Dor. for νύμφη

vuμφ-ἄγωγόs, όν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) the leader of the bride; esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom vuμφαιον, τό, a temple of the Nymphs, Lat Nymphaeum. From

νυμφαῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or sacred to the Nymphs. νυμφᾶν, Dor. gen pl of νύμφα

νυμφείος, α, ον, (νύμφη) belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial. II as Subst., νυμφείον (sub δῶμα), τό, the bridechamber. 2 νυμφεία (sub ἰερά), τά, nuptial rites, marriage :—but, also, the bride berself. νύμφευμα, τό, (νυμφεύω) marriage, espousal. II. the person married, a match

νυμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεύω) bridal, nuptial. νυμφευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (νυμφεύω) the friend of the bridegroom, = παρανύμφιος. II. a bridegroom, busband. νυμφεύτρια, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) a bridesmaid. II. the bride licrself

νυμφεύω, f σω, (νύμφη) to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber. 2 to marry, mostly of the woman, Lat nubere: but also of the man, Lat. ducere. If Pass, with fut. mcd. νυμφεύσομαι, aor I both med and pass. ἐνυμφευσάμην, ἐνυμφεύθην:—to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman. III. Mcd., of the man, to take to wife

NΥ ΜΦΗ, ή, voc. also νύμφα: a bride, Lat. nupta: 3. any married 2. a young wife. hence, woman, like Lat. nympha. 4. a marriageable maiden. II. as prop. name, a Nymph, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαί Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: springnymphs were Naiads, Naίδεs; sea-nymphs, Νηρηίδεs; mountain-nymphs, Νύμφαι δρεστιάδες or δρεάδες; tree-nymphs, from the oak their favourite tree, Apvάδες, 'Αμαδρυάδες, 'Αδρυάδες; rain-nymphs, Νύμφαι υάδες; meadow-nymphs, Νύμφαι λειμωνιάδες; rocknymphs, Νύμφαι πετραίαι. 2. the Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, vuuφόληπτοι, Lat. lymphati. pupa of moths.

**νυμφίδιος**, a, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride: bridal, nuptial.

νυμφικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , =  $\nu \nu \mu \phi i \delta i \delta s$ .

νυμφίος, δ, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, busband. as Adj, νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: bridal.

**νυμφό-κλαυτος**, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. to dress a bride, lead bome as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking care of a bride: bridal.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by Nymphs, i e rapt, entranced, Lat lymphatus.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride

νυμφό-τίμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) bonouring the bride, μέλοε νυμφότιμον the song in bonour of the bride.

νυμφών, ωνος, δ, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

NY'N, enclit vuv Ep. vu, Adv. now, at this very time, Lat nunc; οἱ νῦν ἄνθρωποι men of the present day; ὁ νῦν χρόνος the time present. 2 with the Article, τὸ νῶν or τὰ νῶν, τονῶν or τανῶν, as to the present, i. e at the present moment, a stronger form of νῦν. II. vvv also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, then, tbereupon. 2 also an Inference, then, therefore, μη νῦν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, bewroth with me. 3. in enclit, form vvv, used to strengthen a command, as, δεῦρό νυν quick then!  $\phi \in \rho \in \nu \nu \nu$ ,  $\check{\alpha} \gamma \in \nu \nu \nu$  come then.

νυνί Att. νῦν, strengthd. hke οὐτοσί for οὖτος, now, at this moment.

 $v\hat{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{v}$  δτε, = έστιν ότε, at times, sometimes

NΥΈ, νυκτός, ἡ, NIGHT, Lat NOX, whether the night-season or a night; νυκτόε by night, Lat. noctu; νύκτα during the night, the night long: -so also with preps., ανα or δια νύκτα all night long; δια νυκτόs in the course of the night; ἐκ νυκτόs just after night-fall; so also ὑπὸ νύκτα; πόρρω τῆς νυκτός far into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murki-2. the night of death, 1. e. death itself. the nether world. III. Nύξ, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl νύκ-Tes, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of beaven, i.e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξε, Ep. for ένυξε, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

NΥO'Σ, οῦ, ἡ, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρόs meant a man connected by marriage. II. generally, a bride, mistress.

νύσσα, ηε, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a racecourse, viz., 1. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the | inf. of νοέω.

III. the chrysalis or | right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. meta: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, εν νύσση εγχριμφθήναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the 2. the starting-post, pillar. turning-post. generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥ ΣΣΩ Att. νύττω: fut. νύξω: aor. I ένυξα:-Pass, aor 2 ἐνύγην, inf. νῦγῆναι:—to prick, spur, pierce, puncture.

**νυστάζω**, fut. άσω and άξω — to nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat. dormito: also to hang down the head Hence

νυστακτής, οῦ, ὁ, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω

 $\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\dot{u}}\mathbf{\chi}\mathbf{\ddot{d}}$ , Adv  $(\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\dot{u}}\xi) = \mathbf{v}\mathbf{\dot{u}}\mathbf{\kappa}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{\omega}\boldsymbol{\rho}$ , by night  $[\mathbf{\ddot{v}}]$ 

νυχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the being roused at night, rising by night

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, I at. pervigilium. [ʊ̃] From

νύχεύω, f. σω, (νίξ) to watch the night through. νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμέρα) a day and night  $v\dot{u}\chi\cos[\ddot{v}]$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(v\dot{v}\xi)$ : 1. act. doing a thing by night: as if a leep. 2 dark as night,

νώ, for νωι, nom. and acc dual of έγώ, we two νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, όδούς) toothless, Lat e-dentulus. νωδυνία, ή, ease or relief from pain. From **νώδὕνος**, ον, (νη-, ὐδύνη) = ἀνώδυνος, without pain,pleasing, grateful. II act. soothing pain. νῶε, peet. for νῶί.

NΩΘH'Σ, és, gen. éos, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid Comp. νωθέστερος.

νώθητι, Ion contr. for νοήθητι, aor 1 pass imperat. ος νοέω.

**νωθρόs**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , =  $\nu \omega \theta \dot{\eta}$ s, sluggi  $\dot{b}$ , lazy, dull.

**NΩI**, nom, and acc dual of  $\epsilon_{\gamma}\omega$ , we two, us two, Att. vώ: poet. vῶε: gen. and dat. dual νῶιν, of us two, to us two; Att. vwv. Hence

νωΐτερος, a, ov, of, from, or belonging to us two. [t] νωλεμέs, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain)

 $v\omega\lambda\epsilon\mu\dot{\epsilon}\omega s$ ,  $Adv = v\omega\lambda\epsilon\mu\dot{\epsilon}s$ .

νῶμα, τό, Ion. for νόημα.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dis-II. to direct, guide, control: weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

**νῶν**, Att. for νῶἰν; see νῶἰ.

νώνυμνος, ον, Ep collat. form of νώνυμος, like δίδυμνος for δίδυμος, ἀπάλαμνος for ἀπάλαμος.

νώντμος, ον, (νη -, όνυμα Acol. for όνομα) witbout name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νῶροψ, οπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., νώροπι χαλκώ, νώροπα χαλκόν flasbing, gleaming brass. νωσάμενος, νώσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and νωτ-ἄγωγέω, f. ήσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγός) to carry on chestnut mares. the back.

νωτ-άκμων, ονος, δ, ή, (νῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

νωτίαιοs, a, ov, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτιαια άρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ίσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight.

II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πύντον νωτίσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βατέω, f. ήσω, (νωτον, βαίνω) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

NΩ TON, τό, the back, Lat. tergum: the plural νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. terga, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. dare terga; κατὰ νῶτου from bebind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόροs, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back. νωχελήs, έs, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive.

(Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -ίη, ή, laziness, sluggisbness.

Ξ

Ξ, ξ, ξ, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see H, η); before this it was represented by χσ. II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινόε ξυνόε; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξῶ for κλήσω, παῖξαι for παῖσαι, etc. III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσός τρισσός lon. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

**ΞΑΙΝΩ**, f. ϵῶνῶ: aor. 1 ϵξηνα:—Pass., aor. 1 ϵξάνθην: pf. ϵξαμμα:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning. 2. of cloth, to full, clean. II. metaph. to treat as in

fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθάs, Dor. for ξανθήs, fem. gen. of ξανθόs. ξανθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (ξανθόs) to make yellow or

brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξάνθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

**ξανθό-γεως**, ων, (ξανθύς, γῆ) of yellow soil. **ξανθό-θριξ**, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθύς, θρίξ) yellow-baired. **ξανθο-κόμης**, ου, ὁ, (ξανθύς, κόμη) = ξανθύθριξ.

ξανθός, η, όν, yellow of various shades, golden or mercenary, hired for pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. ξένοι, a body or arm flavus; ξανθαί τρίχες golden hair; ξανθάς ἵππους foreign, outlandish.

cbestnut mares. II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., I. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φὕής, ές, (ξανθός, φυή) yellow by nature. ξανθο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (ξανθός, χἴτών) with yellow coat

ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin. ξάντης, ου,  $\delta$ , fem. ξάντριζ, (ξαίνω) a wool-carder. ξειν-ἀπάτης, ου,  $\delta$ , Ion. for ξεναπάτης. ξείνη,  $\delta$ , Ion. for ξένη.

ξεινη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινοδ-.

ξεινήιον, τό, (ξείνοs) Ion. for ξενείον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl. also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξεινίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

ξεινίη, ξεινικός, lon. for ξεν-.

ξείνιον, τό, ξείνιος, η, ον, Ιοπ. for ξεν-. ξεινίσαι, Ερ. for ξενίσαι, aor. 1 mf. of ξενίζω.

ξείνισσεν, Ερ. for εξένισεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ξενίζω.

ξεινο-δοκέω, ξεινο-δόκος, ον, Ιοπ. for ξενοδ-. ξεινο-κτονέω, Ιοπ. for ξενοκτονέω.

ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος Hence

ξεινοσύνη, ή, Ion. for ξενοσύνη.

ξεινόω, Ion. for ξενύω.

ξεν-αγέτης, ου, ό, (ξένος, άγέτης) one who takes charge of guests

ξεναγέω, f. ήσω, (ξεναγύs) to be a guide of strangers:

—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

**ξεν-αγόs**, όν, (ξένοs, ἡγέομαι) conducting strangers or guests. II. as Subst., ξεναγόs,  $\delta$ , the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-ἄπάτης ου, ὁ, poet. ξειν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ă]

ξεν-αρκής, ές, (ξένος, ἀρκέω) aiding strangers. ξένη, ή, fem. of ξένος: I. (sub. γυνή), a female

guest: a foreign woman. II. (sub.  $\chi \omega \rho \alpha$  or  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), a foreign country.

ξενηλάσία, ή, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλατέω, (ξένος, ἐλαύνω) to banish foreigners. ξενία Ερ. ξενίη Ion ξεινίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: bospitable reception, entertainment. 2. a friendly relation between two princes or states. Il. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic

rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξεινίζω: fut, ξενίσω Ep. ξεινίσσω: aor.

1 εξένισα Ep. εξείνισσα or ξείνισσα: (ξένος):—to
receive a guest or stranger, to entertain bospitably,
Lat. bospitio excipere:—Pass. to be entertained as a
guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

Esukós, ή, όν, also όε, όν, Ion. Esukós: (ξένοε):

—of or for a stranger, foreign.

2. of soldiers,
mercenary, bired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = ol
ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries.

II. strange,
foreign, outlandish.

Eévios, a, ov, Att. also os, ov, Ion. Ecívios (Eévos, treaty of bospitality with one. ξείνοs): -belonging to a guest, bospitable, belonging to bospitality; Eévios Tivi bound to one by ties of bos-II. ξένια (sub. δώρα), τά, a guest's pitality. gifts: friendly gifts.

**ξενισμός**,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\xi$  ένισις.

ξενίτεύω, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service

**ξενο-δαϊκτης**, ου,  $\delta$ , (ξένος, δαίζω) a murderer of a guest.

ξενο-δαίτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

ξενο-δοκείον and -χείον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

ξενοδοχέω Ion. ξεινοδοκέω, (ξενοδόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

ξενοδοχία, ή, the entertainment of a guest or stranger ξενο-δόχος, ον, Ιοη ξεινο-δόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., Ecivoδύκοs, δ, the bost, opp. to ξείνοs, the guest.

ξενο-δώτης, ου, ό, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the Lost. ξενόεις, εσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

ξενοκτονέω Ion. ξεινοκτ-, f. ήσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

ξενο-κτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or

strangers ΞΕ'NOΣ Ion. ξεινος, δ, a guest or bost, Lat. bospes: I. the friend, with whom one has a either as treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are Eévoi, and the relation was hereditary. II. m Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the bost. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospi-3. later, & Eéve, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger Eévos came to signify a bireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. simply for βάρβαρος a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. ος, ον, Ion. ξείνος, η, ον, 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, foreign, strange.

unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξενό-στάσις, ή, (ξένος, ιστημι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

ξενοσύνη Ion. ξειν-, ή, (ξένος, ξείνος) bospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

ξενό-τιμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμάω) bonouring guests or strangers.

ξενοτροφέω, f. ήσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενο-τρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

ξενοφονέω, f. ήσω, to murder guests or strangers.

**ξενο-φόνος**, ον, (ξένος, \*φένω) murdering strangers. ξενόω Ion. ξεινόω, f. ώσω, (ξένος) to make or treat II. Pass., with fut. as one's guest: to entertain. med. ξενώσομαι: 201. Ι έξενώθην: to enter into a the sabre, μάχαιρα. [τ]

2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts. to be abroad: to go into banishment.

ξενών, ωνος, ὁ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

ξένως, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως έχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ή, (ξενόω) estrangement: innovation.

EEPO'Σ, ά, όν, Ion. for ξηρός, dry; ποτί ξερόν to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατο.,  $\tau \epsilon$ ,  $(\xi \epsilon \omega)$  that which is smoothed. polished: hence = foavov, a statue or image. ξεσμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

ξέσσε, Ep. for έξεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέστης, ου, ό, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

ξεστός, ή, ύν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

 $\Xi \mathbf{E}'\Omega$ , f.  $\xi \acute{\epsilon} \sigma \omega$  Ep.  $\xi \acute{\epsilon} \sigma \sigma \omega$ . aor. I  $\acute{\epsilon} \xi \acute{\epsilon} \sigma \alpha$  Ep.  $\xi \acute{\epsilon} \sigma \sigma \alpha$ : —to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. to carve or work in wood or stone. ξήνας, part. aor. I of ξαίνω.

ξηραίνω, f. ανω: aor. I ἐξήρανα:-Pass., aor. I ἐξηράνθην: pf. εξήρασμαι οτ εξήραμμαι: (ξηρύs):to parch up, dry up .- Pass. to become or be dry, 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare. ξηρ-ἄλοιφέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρύς, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

ξηρ-αμπέλϊνος, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἄμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηρανθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

**ΞΗΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air. of persons, withered, bag-II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, gard. III. generally, drained, exbausted. barsb. as Subst.,  $\xi \eta \rho \dot{\alpha}$  (sub.  $\gamma \dot{\eta}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , dry land, opp. to  $\dot{\nu} \gamma \rho \dot{\alpha}$ ; so also τὸ ξηρύν.

ξηρότης, ητος, ή, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of tunber

ξηρο-φάγέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρύς, φαγείν) to eat dry food. ξιφ-ήρης, ες, (ξίφος, ἀραρείν) armed with a sword, sword in band.

ξίφη φόρος, ον, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in band

ξιφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dırk. [ĭ]

ξίφο-δήλητος, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξίφο-κτόνος, ον, (είφος, κτείνω) slaying with the II. proparox. ξιφόκτονος, ον, pass. slain sword. by the sword.

ξίφο-μάχαιρα, ή, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [a] ΞΙ ΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, εος, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, flφos was distinguished as the straight sword, from Είφ-ουλκός, όν, (ξίφος, έλκω) drawing a sword. ξίφ-ουργός, όν, (ξίφος, έργον) making swords.

ξόσνον, τό, (ξέω) an image carved of wood: the statue of a god.

ξοάνο-ποιία, ή, (ξόανον, ποιέω) a carving of images.

**ξοΐs**, tδοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\xi \dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a sculptor's chisel.

ξουθό-πτερος, ον, (ξουθός, πτερόν) baving dusky

wings.

**ΞΟΥΘΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, akm to ξανθύs, a colour between ξανθόs and πυρρόs, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, sbrill, thrilling; τέττιξ ξουθά λαλῶν the cicada with its shrill note

ξυγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-. **ξύγκλησις**, εως, ή, old Att. for σύγκλεισις.

**ξυγκλήω**, f. ήσω, old Att. for συγκλείω.

ξυήλη, ή, (ξύω) = κνηστις, a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp. II a curved dagger, used by the Spartans.

ξύληγέω, f. ήσω, to carry wood or timber. From **ξύλ-ηγός**, όν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) carrying wood. ξύλίζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) to carry or gather wood,

Lat. lignari.

**ξύλινος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (ξύλον) of wood, wooden.  $|\vec{v}|$ ξυλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-. ξύλο-κόπος, ον, (ξύλον, κόπτω) hewing, felling 2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, ό, a wood-cutter

**ξύλον, τ**ό, (ξύω) wood ready for use, firewood, timber, etc.: in pl, ξύλα νήια ship-timber. II. a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel. 2. a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him, δησαί τινα έν ξύλφ: the πεντεσύριγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the 3. a bench, table, esp. a moneyarms and legs. 4. πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench changer's table. of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the act-III. later, a tree; cp. είριον

**ξύλο-τόμος**, ον, (ξύλον, τεμείν) cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτύμος, δ, a wood-cutter.

ξύλουργέω, f. ήσω, (ξυλουργός) to work wood Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ή, the working of wood.

**ξύλ-ουργός**, όν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργόs, δ, a joiner, carver of images. ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχίσδομαι, Dep. to gather wood. From

**ξύλ-οχος, ή**, (ξύλον, έχω) a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast.

ξύλόω, f. ώσω, (ξύλον) to make of wood. Hence **ξύλωσιs**, ή, the wood-work, framework of a bouse. ξυμβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνω.

ξυμβλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμβάλλω: ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξυμμ -, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-. ET'N, used in old Att. for the later and more common σύν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of Eur-, v. sub our-.

ξυνάγείρατο, Εp. for συνηγείρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναγείρω.

ξυνάν, ανος, ό, = ξυνάων, ξυνήων, η. ν. ξυνάων, ονος, δ, Dor. for ξυνήων. [ā]

**ξυνέαξα**, aor. Ι of συνάγνυμι.

ξύν-εείκοσι, Ep. for ξυνείκοσι, συνείκοσι, (ξύν, είκοσι) twenty at a time, twenty together.

ξυνέηκα, Ep. for ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνίημι.

ξυνέκληον, old Att. impf. of συγκλείω.

ξυνελάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνελαύνω.

ξύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνίημι.

ξυνεών, ῶνος, ὁ, Ιοη. for ξῦνήων.

ξῦνη, Adv., = κοινη, in common, properly dat. fem. of Euvós.

ξυνήιος, η, ον, Ep. for ξύνειος, (ξυνός) public, common: as Subst., ξυνήια, τά, public property.

ξυνήκα, aor. 1 of ξυνίημι. ξῦνήων, ονος, δ, Dor. ξῦνάων [ā], Ion. ξῦνεών Dor. ξΰνάν: (ξυνύε). a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: αλs ξυνάων the salt on the common table.

ξύνίε, pres. imperat. of ξυνίημι, as if from \*ξυνίω. ξυνίει, pres. imperat. of ξυνίημι, as if from \*ξυνιέω. [1] ξύντον, Ep. for ξυνίεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνίημι [ŭ] **ξ**υνόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (ξ $\dot{v}\nu$ ) = κοινόs, from which it only differs in dialect, common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ξυνά λέγειν to speak for the common good. dat. fem. ξυνη as Adv. = κοινη, in common; so too neut. pl. ξυνά. Hence

ξυνό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ξυνός, φρήν) like-minded ξυνο-χαρής, ές, (ξυνός, χαρηναι) rejoicing with all alıke.

ξῦνωνία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κοινωνία, partnership, fellowship.

ξῦον, Ep for ἔξῦον, impf. of ξύω.

ξύράω or -έω: f. ήσω: (ξυρόν):--to shave; proverb, ξυρείν έν χρώ to shave to the quick —Med, with pf. pass ¿fúpnuai: to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc, ξυρείσθαι κεφαλήν to shave one's head or get it shaved.

ξŭρ-ήκης,  $\epsilon s$ , (ξυρόν, ἀκή) keen as a rasor, with a rasor's edge. II. close-shaven.

ξύρο-δόκη and ξύρο-δόχη, ή, (ξύρον, δέχομαι) a rasor-case.

ξυρόν, τό, (ξύω) a rasor: proverb. of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἴσταται ἀκμῆς . . . ὅλεθρος ἡὲ βιῶναι death or life stands on a rasor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ της ακμης έχεται ημίν τα πράγματα our affairs rest on a rasor's edge.

**ξυρο-φορέω**, f ήσω, (ξυρύν, φέρω) to carry a rasor. ξυρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

**ξύρω, = ξυράω:** aor. I med. ἐξυράμην.

ξυσαι, aor 1 inf. of ξύω

**ξυσθείς**, aor. 1 pass. part. of ξύω.

ξύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ή, (ξύω) that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings.

ξυστήρ, ηροε, δ, (ξύω) a graving tool, Lat. scal-

ξυστίς, ίδος, Att. ξύστις, ιδος, ή, (ξύω) a robe with a sweeping train.

ξυστο-βόλος, ον, (ξυστόν, βαλεῖν) spear-darting, famous son of Tydeus; Νέστωρ ὁ γέρων Nestor, that burling the javelin.

II. without a Subst., he, she, it, as,

ξυστόν, τό, (ξύω) the polished shaft of a spear, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, a spear, dart, javelin: generally, a pole, shaft. (Properly neut. of the Adj. ξυστόs.)

ξυστός, ὁ, (ξύω) a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor. II. in Roman villas, a terrace with a colonnade, also xystum. (Properly masc. of the Adj. ξυστός, sub. δρόμος.)

ξυστός, όν, (ξύω) scraped, polithed, Lat. rasus. ξυστο-φόρος, ον, (ξυστόν, φέρω) carrying a spear. ξύστρα, ή, = ξυστρίς

ξυστρίς, ίδος, ή, (ξύω) a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing.

EΥΩ: impf. ἔξὖον Ερ. ξὖον: f ξύσω: aor. I ἔξὖσα:
—Pass., aor. I ἐξύσθην: pf. ἔξυσμα:—to scrape, plane, smooth or polish 2 generally, to make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately. 3 ξύσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοιόν to ruh away, get rud of sad old age.

## $\mathbf{O}$

O, o, δ μικρόν, little, i e short o, (in opp. to δ μέγα great, i.e. long and double o, ω being for oo). fitteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral o'. 70, but ,0, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. ov, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Acol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μοῦνος νοῦσος for μόνος νόσος.

Acol., o is often changed into  $\vec{v}$ , as όνυμα μύγις for όνομα μόγις. II. Dor. often for oι, as αγνοίω πτοιέω πνοιά for αγνοέω πτοέω πνοά. III. like a, o is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω διέρλλω, δύρομαι δδύρομαι. IV. in compds., esp Adjectives, o, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu, as θεογενής θεοδόκος ξιφοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεᾶγενής) θεηδόκος ξιφοφόρος.

'O, 'H, TO', is, A. demonstr. Pronoun; B. the definite Article; C accentuated in masc. and fem sing, and plur. 5, #, ro, relative Pronoun for 5s, #, 5

Gen.  $\tau o \hat{v}$ ,  $\tau \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\tau o \hat{v}$ : dat.  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ ,  $\tau \hat{\eta}$ ;  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ : acc.  $\tau \dot{v} \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ :—dual nom. and acc.  $\tau \dot{\omega}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ : gen. and dat.  $\tau o \hat{v} \dot{\nu}$ ,  $\tau o \hat{v}$ :—plur. nom. of,  $\alpha f$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ : gen.  $\tau \dot{\omega} \nu$ . Homer has also gen. sing.  $\tau o \hat{v} \dot{o}$  for  $\tau o \hat{v}$ , nom. pl.  $\tau o f$ ,  $\tau \alpha f$ , gen. pl. fem.  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \omega \nu$  [ $\bar{\alpha}$ ], dat. pl.  $\tau o f \sigma i$ ,  $\tau \dot{\eta} \dot{\sigma}$  and  $\tau \dot{\eta} \dot{\sigma} i$ , as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. δ, η, τδ, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN, for δδε, ήδε, τύδε, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways:

1. joined with a Subst. not as the Article, but like Lat. ille, δ Τυδείδης the side: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., τδ εμόν, τὸ σόν

aged man. II. without a Subst., be, she, it, as,  $\delta$  γὰρ ἡλθε for be came. III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: 1. before relat. Pronouns ős, őoos, olos, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐφάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλων, τῶν, ὅσσοι Αυκίην ναιετάουσιν I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, namely those who, etc.  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$ .,  $\delta \delta \dot{\epsilon}$ , from Homer downwards a very common phrase, sometimes in opposition (where δ μέν refers to the former,  $\delta$   $\delta \dot{\epsilon}$  to the latter), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, the one. , the other ., Lat. bic .. , ille : in neut τὸ μέν ., τδ  $\delta \epsilon$  , in adverbial sense, partly . , partly . · also au d $\mu \acute{e}\nu$  ,  $\tau \grave{a}$   $\delta \acute{e}$  — O  $\delta \acute{e}$  often occurs without  $\delta$   $\mu \acute{e}\nu$  . before. On the other hand of  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$ . . is often answered by some similar word, as άλλά, or by έτερος δέ ένιοι δέ , etc.

B.  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , the definite Article, the, the indefin Pron being  $\tau is$ ,  $\tau i$ . The use of  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as  $\tau \dot{\delta} v$   $\ddot{\alpha} p_i \sigma \tau v v$ , him that was bravest, came to mean simply the bravest;  $\dot{\phi} i \dot{\lambda} o v s$   $\pi o \iota \epsilon i \ddot{\alpha} \sigma a u$  to make friends, but  $\tau o \dot{\delta} s$   $\dot{\phi} i \dot{\lambda} o v s$   $\pi o \iota \epsilon i \ddot{\alpha} \sigma a$  to make the friends one does make.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I it may stand with prop names, as ὁ Σωκράτηs; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σωκράτης ύ φιλύσοφο**s** 2 before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, τὸ εἶναι the being, τοῦ  $\epsilon l \nu \alpha \iota$ , etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take art Adject, sense, as, τὸ νῦν the present; οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι the men of that time The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αὔριον (sc ἡμέρα) the morrow 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gend, as, τὸ ἄνθρωποs the word or notion man; to heyw the word heyw, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα είναι τῶν ζωύντων όλβιον the fact or statement that no living 5. absol with Adverbs of time man is happy. and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as the vûv now, τὸ πρίν formerly. 6. before the interrog. Pron, \( \tau is \) or \( \pi olos, \) mostly in neut. sing., \( \ta \) \( \ta i; \) \( \ta \)  $\pi o \hat{i} o \nu$ ; to make the question more precise. in elliptic expressions: I before gen. of a prop. name, δ Διόs the son of Jupiter, ή Λητουs the daughter of Latona, where vios or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as brother, wife, 2. before a neut, gen, it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as to the modeous that which belongs to the state, nearly the same as ή πόλιs; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, τὰ τῶν Περσῶν the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.; τὰ τῶν Αθηναίων φρονείν to hold the sentiments of the Athenians, i. e be on their

what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put

for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. Tî of Place, there, that way, here, this way, Lat. bac. 2. with a notion of motion towards, thither. 3. of Manner, τηπερ in this way, thus. 4. repeated τη μέν...  $\tau \hat{\eta} \delta \hat{\epsilon}$  , of Place, here ., there : also on the one part ..., on the other ... 5. relative, where, for η, II.  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ , dat. neut., therefore, on this aconly Ep. count. 2. thus, so, in this wise, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ő neut. from ős), wherev. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. wherefore. with Prepositions, of Time, έκ τοῦ ever since, έν τῷ

wbilst. C. ő, η, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE Pronoun, for os, n, o: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat.  $\tau o \nu$ ,  $\tau \phi$ , are used for τινός, τινί, from the indefinite Pronoun τὶς τὶ. So Ion. τεο, contr. τευ: dat. τεω: gen. and dat. pl. τεων, τεοιε τεοισι:--but τοῦ; Ιοη. τέο; τεῦ; for τίνος; interrog., wherefore? dat. τέφ for τινί; pl. gen. τέων; dat, τέοιs, τέοισι.

δ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ős; v. δ, ή, τό c.

o, neut. of relat. Pron. os. ôá, woe! Lat. vae! [čā]

"OA P, ὄἄρος, ἡ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὀάρων: contr. nom. ωp, with dat. pl. ωρεσσι. Hence

όἄρίζω contr. ώρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, bold converse with. Hence

όἀρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, familiar converse, fond discourse. οδριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὐαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosomfriend.

όδριστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δάρισμα, (δαρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, intercourse.

course. 3. a band or company.
"ΟΑ ΡΟΣ, δ,= δαρισμόs, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

"Oāois, h, Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the

Libyan desert.

όβελίσκος, δ. Dim. of δβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

όβελός Acol. and Dor. όδελός, οῦ, ὁ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.  $(\partial \beta \in \lambda \cup s, = \beta \in \lambda \cap s \text{ with o prefixed.})$ 

όβολόs, οῦ, ὁ, collat. form of ὁβελόs, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, ith of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

όβολοστατέω, f. ήσω, to practise petty usury. From όβολο-στάτης, ου, δ, (δβολός, ίστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [a]

"OBPIA, tá, the young of animals.

**όβρίκἄλα**,  $\tau \dot{a}$ , =  $\delta \beta \rho i a$ . [i]

violence or wrong.

όβρίμο-θύμος, ον, (όβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded. | bodies.

όβριμο-πάτρη, ή, (ὅβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

"OBPI MOΣ, ov, also η, ov, strong, mighty.

ογδοάs, άδοs, ή, (ὀκτώ) the number eight. όγδόἄτος, η, ον, poet. for ὄγδοος (like τρίτατος for  $\tau \rho i \tau o s$ ), the eighth:— $\dot{\eta}$  ογδοάτη (sub.  $\dot{\eta} \mu \dot{\epsilon} \rho a$ ), the eighth day.

ὀγδοήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

όγδοηκοντά-ετής, ές, οι όγδοηκοντ-ούτης, ες, (όγδοήκοντα, έτος) eighty years old.

όγδοηκοστός, ή, όν, (ὀγδοήκοντα) the eightieth. ογδοος, η, ον, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. octavus.

όγδώκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl., contr. for ὀγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

όγδωκοντά-ετής, έε, contr. for *ὀγδοηκονταετής*,

eigbty years old.  $\delta$ -γε,  $\eta$ -γε,  $\tau$ ό-γε, the demonstr. Pron.  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\tau$ ό, made more emphat. by the addition of ye, Lat. bicce, baecce, bocce, be, she, it. 2. fem. dat.  $\tau \hat{\eta} \gamma \epsilon$ , used as Adv. of place, bere, on this spot. 3. acc. neut. τύγε on this account, for this very reason.

'Όγκα poet. 'Όγκαίη, ή, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her

'Ογκαίοι οτ 'Ογκαίδηs.

ογκάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ὀγκηθμός, ὁ, a braying.

ογκηρός, ά, ών, (ὕγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. molestus.

ογκητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀγκάομαι) a brayer, i. e. an ass. ογκιον, τό, (όγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

"OΓΚΟΣ, δ, (A), (άγκος) a bend, curve, hence a book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head

"ΟΓΚΟΣ, ό, (B), bulk, mass; όγκος φρυγάνων α beap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2 trouble, difficulty.

όγκόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ώγκωσα:--Pass., aor. I ώγκώθην: pf ωγκωμαι: (σγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:-Pass to be beaped up, swollen. metaph. to exalt, raise to bonour: but also, to puff up with pride -Pass. to be puffed up, swoln, elated.

όγκύλλομαι, Pass., = όγκύομαι.

όγκ-ώδης, εs, (ὅγκος Β, είδος) bulky, swollen, rounded: turgid.

όγκωτός, ή, ύν, (ὐγκύω) beaped υρ.

όγμεύω, f. -εύσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ώγμευον αὐτῷ they were marching in file before him: metaph., δγμεύειν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man From

ογμος, δ, (άγω) anything traced in a straight line; όβρίμο-εργόs, όν, (ὅβριμοs, ἔργον) doing deeds of a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly "OΓXNH, ή, a pear-tree. II. a pear.

δδ-αγός, δ. Dor. for δδηγός.

όδαῖος, a, ον, (ὑδός) belonging to a way or jour-II. δδαία, τά, goods with which a merchant ney. travels, merchandise.

δδάξ, Adv. (δάκνω with o euphon.) with the teeth, by biting, Lat. mordicus. Hence

όδάξω or as Dep. όδάξομαι: impf. ἄδαξον: pf. pass. ώδαγμαι:-to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

δδάω, f. ήσω, (δδόs) to export and sell, traffic in:-Pass, to be carried away and sold.

δ-δε, ή-δε, τύ-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr Pron. δ, ή, τό. and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοισδεσσι, τοισδεσσιν, as well as τοισδε: Att. more emphat.  $\delta\delta i$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\delta i$ ,  $\tau \delta i$ , etc.  $[\bar{\imath}] := \ddot{\delta}\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\ddot{\eta}\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\tau \dot{\delta}\delta \epsilon$  is much the same as ovros, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat. bicce, baecce, bocce: as opposed to ουτος, οδε marks what is to follow, while oυτος refers to what has been before mentioned. II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. bic, as Adv. of Place, bere, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as,  $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma\chi os$ μέν τύδε κείται έπι χθονός bere lies the lance upon the ground; 'Αχιλλεύε έγγὺς ὅδε κλονέων bere is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers Pron., ὅδ' ϵἰμί, ὅδ' ἐγὼ ἤλυθον bere am I. 3. with τίς, τίς ὅδε Ναυσικάς ἔπεται; who is bere following 4. also with Verbs of motion, like Nausicaa? δεῦρο, bitber III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῷδ' ἐνὶ δήμω bere amid this very people. ΙΝ. ὅδ' αὐτός, stronger form for \( \delta \) a\( \delta \) the very same, this very: τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντο**s** this very year. Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, δδ' ἀνήρ, or δδε alone, this man bere, the man before you, i. e. myself, emphatic for łγώ. VI. ellipt. with gen, ès τύδε χρόνου to this point of time.

B. absol. usage of some cases: τηδε of Place, bere, 2. of the Way or Manner, on the spot, Lat. bac. II. acc. neut, τόδε, bitber, to this spot. therefore, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, on this account. 2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. pl. τοισόδε, τοισίδε on this wise, after this fashion; also, with these words.

όδελός, δ, Acol. and Dor. for δβελός and δβολός.

δδευτήs, οῦ, ὁ, a wayfarer, traveller. From

δδεύω, f. σω, (ὑδύs) to go, journey, travel. δδηγέω, f. ήσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew

one the way, guide, act as guide. From όδ-ηγός Dor. όδ-αγός, ό, (όδύς, άγω) a guide.

δδί, ήδί, τοδί, Att. for  $\delta\delta\epsilon$ , ήδε, τόδε, q. v.  $[\bar{\imath}]$ 

δδιος, ον, (ὑδύε) belonging to a way or journey: auspicious for the journey.

δδισμα, aros, τό, (δδόs) a means of passing, way. acc. oditav. [7]

όδμή Ion. όσμή, ή, (όζω) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

δδοιπλανέω, f. ήσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

δδοι-πλάνής, ές, (δδός, πλανάομαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

όδοιπορέω: impf. ωδοιπόρουν: f. ήσω: pf. ωδοιπόρηκα: (ὁδοιπόρος).—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

όδοιπορία, ή, a journey, way. a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

δδοιπορικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , of or for a journey Adv.  $-\kappa\hat{\omega}s$ , like a traveller.

δδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From

όδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὑδύς, πόρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὑδοιπόροs, ὑ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

όδόντα, όδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of όδούς.

όδοντο-φόρος, ον, (ὐδούς, φέρω) bearing teetb; κόσμος όδ. an ornament consisting of strings of teetb όδοντο-φυής, έs, (ὐδούς, φίω) strung from teeth.

όδοντόω, f. ώσω, (όδούs) to furnish with teeth.

όδοντωτός, ή, όν, furnished with teeth.

όδοποιέω: impf ώδοποίουν: f ώσω: pf pass ώδοποίημαι: (ὑδοποιύs):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:-Pass., of roads, to be made 2. to make practicable or passfit for use. 3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:-Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat progredi.

όδοποιία, ή, road-making, the duty of a pioneer.

δδο-ποιός, όν, (δδός, ποιέω) making roads: as Subst, ὁδοιποιόs, ὁ, a road-maker, pioneer: a roadsurveyor

όδός, οῦ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, a thresbold.

'ΟΔΟ'Σ Aeol. οὐδός, οῦ, ἡ, a way, ṭath, road, highway: a track, patbway: an entrance, approacb: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: προ όδου further on the way; κατ' όδον by the way. II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: ολωνών όδοι the flight of birds; λογίων όδόs the way, i.e. meaning, of the III metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or metbod: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

δδ-ουρος, ον, (όδός, ουρος) watching or guarding the road: as fcm Subst., δδούροs, ή, a conductress.

'ΟΔΟΥ'Σ, in Ion. Prose δδών, δ, gen. δδύντος: dat. pl. δδοῦσι:—a tooth, Lat. dens; έρκος δδόντων, see ξρκο**ς.** 

δδο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (δδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [v]

δδόω, f. ώσω; 20r. I ώδωσα; (δδύs):-to lead into δδίτης, ου, δ, (δδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dot. the right way: to put in the way: c. mf, ώδωσε βροτούs φρονείν be guided mortals to be wise; also to bring, send:—Pass, to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

όδυνασαι, for όδυνα, 2 sing. pres. pass. of όδυνάω. όδυνάω, f ήσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:-Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

'ΟΔΥ'NH, ή, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, of mind, grief, distress. [v]

όδυνηρός Dor. - Φρός, α, όν, (ὀδύνη) painful. grievous: distressing. Adv. -ρωs.

όδυνή-φάτος, ον, (όδύνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φένω) killing (i. e stilling, assuaging) pain.

όδυρμα, ατος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and όδυρμός, δ, a wailing, lamenting. From

'ΟΔΥ'POMAI, Trag. also δύρομαι · Ion 3 sing impf. δδυρέσκετο: fut. δδυρούμαι. aor 1 ώδυράμην, part, δδυράμενος:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of. c. to wail, mourn, [v] Hence

όδυρτός, ή, όν, mourned for, lamentable: όδυρτά, as Adv., lamentably.

όδύσαντο, Ep. for ἀδίσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ὀδύσ-

'Όδυσσεία, ή, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey.

**Όδυσσεύς, έως, ὁ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulixes, king of** Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the Odyssey: Ep. declens,  $O\delta v\sigma\sigma\epsilon \dot{v}s$ ,  $-\hat{\eta}os$ ,  $-\hat{\eta}\iota$ ,  $-\hat{\eta}\alpha$ : Ep. nom also 'Oδ $\check{\iota}\sigma\epsilon\check{\iota}$ s: Aeol. gen. 'Οδ $\check{\iota}$ σεῦs.

\*'OAY'EXOMAI, Dep., used only in aor. I med. ώδυσάμην, Ep 2 and 3 sing ώδύσαο, ώδύσατο, Ep. 3 pl. δδύσαντο, part. δδυσσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf pass. όδώδυσται (redupl. for ὤδυσται):—to be grieved or wroth at, c. dat.

 $\delta\delta\omega\delta\alpha$ , pf. (with pres. sense) of  $\delta\omega$ .

δδώδει, 3 sing. plapf. (with impf sense) of  $\ddot{o}\zeta\omega$ . **δδωδή, ή,**  $(\ddot{o}\zeta\omega)$  smell, scent, odour, also the sense of

όδώδυσται, 3 sing. pf (with pres sense) of ὐδύσσομαι.

όδών, όντος, ό, Ion for όδούς, a tooth

δδωτός, ή, όν, (δδόω) passable. practicable.

őεσσι, Ep. dat. plur. of őis, ols

**όζἄλέος, α, ον,** (δζος) branching

**ὀζήσω,** fut. of ὄζω.

'Οζόλαι, oi, the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.

"OZO∑, ov, &, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. metaph. an offsboot, scion; οζος Aρηος scion of Mars: cf. έρνος, θάλος.

όζό-στομος, ον, (όζω, στόμα) with bad breath. "ΟΖΩ, fut. ὀζήσω pf. with pres. sense ὅδωδα: plapf. with impf. sense ἀδώδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ὀδώδει: -to smell, to bave a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, οζειν ίων to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid; Κρονίων όζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., τη̂ε κεφαλη̂ε όζω μύρου I smell of ointment from the

head. II. often used impers., δζει ήδὺ τῆς χρόας there is a sweet smell from the skin; lματίων ὀζήσει δεξιότητοs there will be an odour of wit from your clothes

δθεν, Adv. (ös) whence, from whence, Lat. unde: also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like ov, as an Adv. of Place, = δθι, δπου, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

80t, relat. Adv , poet. for ov, where, Lat. ubi.

όθνεῖοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (ξθνος) strange, foreign. **OOOMAI**, Dep, only used in pres. and impf., to bave a care or concern for, take beed, regard. c part., οὐκ ὅθετο βέζων be recked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ὅθομαι κοτέοντος I do not beed bim when he is angry.

'OΘO'NH, ή, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absol. fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

οθόνινος, η, ον, made of linen.

όθόνιον, τό, Dim of δθύνη, a piece of fine linen, in pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

δθ-ούνεκα, for ὅτου ἔνεκα, because: sometimes also for  $\delta \tau_i$ , that, Lat quod.

ő-θριξ, gen. ὅτρῖχος, poet. for ὑμό-θριξ, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ,

θρίξ) with like hair. OI", exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, oh!

ab! Lat. beu or vae: sometimes c. nom., of έγω: mostly c. dat., οἴ μοι. oi, nom. pl. masc. of Art. δ.

or, nom pl. masc. of relat. Pron. os.

oi, dat. sing. of third pers Pron., masc. and fem., for αὐτῷ αὐτῆ, to bim, to ber: more rarely used in the reflexive sense bimself, as the Ep. ¿oî is always used; often also of αὐτῶ, to bimself. The Nom. is wanting, gen. ού, acc. ε.

ct, relat. Adv, properly dat. of relat. Pron. ös, whither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen, οἶ κακῶν to what a beight of miseries.

oiāκίζω Ion. oinκ-, f. σω, (σίαξ) to steer, manage οιάκισμα, τό, (οιακίζω) the act of steering or governing. [ā]

olāko-vópos, ov, (ola $\xi$ ,  $v \in \mu\omega$ ) bolding the belm, steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οιακοστροφέω, f. ήσω, to turn the belm, steer. From οίακο-στρόφος, ον, (οΐαξ, στρέφω) guiding the helm, steering.

ΟΙ ΑΞ, āκos, Ion. οιηξ, ηκοs, δ, the tiller, handle of the rudder, the belm. 2. pl. oinkes, the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Oiâτις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Oia.

οίγνυμι or -ύω, lengthd. from OI TΩ: f. olfw: aor. 1 ψέα Ep. ωιέα, part. oleas:-Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ωίγνυντο: aor. I ωχθην:—to open, unlock: of a cask, to broach.

olba, I know, pf. with pres. sense of \*είδω, v. είδω B. οίδάνω [ŭ] or oίδαίνω, (οίδέω) to make to swell,

II. intr. =  $0i\delta\epsilon\omega$ . tumere

oldas, 2 sing. of olda, for the Att. olσθa.

οίδέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 φόησα: pf. φόηκα: (οίδος):-intr. to swell, swell up, become swoln, Lat. tumere, turgere; οίδειν τὰ πόδε to swell in the feet, i.e. to II metaph. to be inflamed or have swollen feet. troubled; πράγματα οἰδέοντα unsettled, disordered circumstances Hence

οίδημα, τό, a swelling, tumour

Οίδι-πόδης, ου, ό, properly patronym. of Οίδίπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Olδίπουs, Oedipus bimself.

Oibi-mous,  $\pi \circ \delta \circ s$ ,  $\delta$ : acc.  $-\pi \circ \delta \alpha$  and  $-\pi \circ \upsilon \nu$ : voc. -πους, more rarely -που: (οίδέω, πούς):- Oedipus, i. e. the swoln-footed. poet. Οίδίπος, ov, o. [t]

οίδμα, ατος, τό, (οίδ $\epsilon\omega$ ) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow II. the swelling of the wind.

OΓ ΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

oleos, a, ov, (ols) of or from a sheep;  $\dot{\eta}$  ole $\dot{\eta}$  (sub. δορά) a sheepskin.

ocerri, Ep. dat pl. of ois.

ol-έτης, εs, (ὁμός, έτος) contr. for δμοέτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ύθριξ.

**ὀίζυσς,** ον, = ὀιζυρός.

ὀϊζυρός Att. οἰζυρός, ά, όν, (ὀιζύς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οιζυρώτερος, ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ότατος

οιζύς Att. οίζύς, ύος, ή, as dissyll.. contr. dat. διζυί for οιζύι: (οι):—woe, misery, distress, bardsbip. | υ

in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. v.] Hence

οιζύω Att. οιζύω (as trisyll): f. ύσω [v]: aor. I όίζυσα:-to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer · absol. to be muserable, or to suffer.

οίηθηναι, aor. I mf. of οἴομαι. οίήιον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , = οἴηξ, οἴαξ, a rudder, belm. [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ]

οίηκίζω, Ion. for οἰακίζω.

οίηξ, ηκος, lon. for οἴαξ, āκος.

οίήσομαι, fut. of οἴομαι.

olis, ιδος, ή, poet for ous, a sheep: acc. οίιδα

οίκα, as, ε, Ion. for ξοικα.

οϊκάδε Dor. οἴκάδις, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἶκόνδε, to one's bouse, bome, or country, bome, bomewards. οίκοι, at home.

οίκέαται Ion. for ψκηνται, 3 pl. pf pass. of οίκέω. οἰκεῖος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ : Ion. οἰκήιος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (οἶκος): —belonging to a bouse or bousebold affairs, domestic: -τὰ οἶκεῖα bousebold affair, a bousebold; also, bousehold goods, Lat. res familiaris. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. familiaris; of olkeioi friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., oi οlκηιώτατοί τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ olk€lov relation\bip. III. belonging to one's Louse or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ή οίκεία ή οίκηίη (sub. γη), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, bomegrown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

swell, Lat. tumefacere: Pass. to be swoln, well, Lat. fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: 70 ol- $\kappa \epsilon \hat{\iota} ov = \tau \delta \kappa \alpha \theta \hat{\eta} \kappa ov$ , what is suitable, befitting.

οίκειότης Ion. οίκηιότης, ητος, ή, relationship: in-

timacy, friendship: also marriage.

οίκειόω Ιοη. οίκηιόω: f. ώσω: (οίκειοε):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his re-2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med to claim, reckon as one's own,

οίκείωs, Adv. of οίκείοs, in a friendly manner, familiarly, οἰκείως έχειν πρός τινα to be intimate with 2. as if it was one's own. properly, naturally . dutifully.

οίκείω, poet for οἰκέω.

οίκεί ωσις, ή, (οίκειόω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οίκετεία, ή, the household, the servants, Lat. familia. From

οίκετεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οικέτης, ου, ό, (οικέω) an inmate of one's bouse: a bouse-slave, mental, domestic, Lat. verna: -in pl. ol- $\kappa \acute{\epsilon} \tau \alpha \iota$ , one's family, women and children.

οίκέτις, ίδος, ή, fem. of οίκέτης, a female domestic II. the mistress of the bouse, bousewife or slave οίκεῦντες, Dor. for οίκοῦντες, part. pl. of οίκεω.

οίκεύς, έως Ion  $\hat{\eta}$ ος,  $\hat{o}$ , (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's II. a domestic servant.

οίκεω, impf. φκεον contr. -οῦν Ιοη οίκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor 1 φκησα: pf φκηκα:--- Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass sense:—Pass, aut. I ψκήθην pf. ψκημαι Ion. οίκημαι: (οίκος): I. trans. to inhabit hence to possess, occupy  $-\dot{\eta}$  olkov $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \eta$  (sub  $\gamma \dot{\eta}$ ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf pass. ψκημαι Ion οίκημαι is used as pres to be settled, c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be 3. like διοικέω, to manage, placed or situated. II. intr. to dwell, live, to bave as govern one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie -also to be managed, governed, ή πύλιε οίκει κακῶs the state is ill managed.

οίκηας, Ep for olκείς, acc. pl. of olκεύς

οίκήιος, η, ον, Ion. for οίκείος.

οίκηιότης, ητος, ή, Ion. for οίκειότης.

οίκηιόω, Ion. for οίκειόω.

οικημα, τό, (οικέω) a dwelling-place, a dwellingbouse, a chamber in a bouse, the story of a bouse. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. a prison.

II. a

οίκην, Dor, for οίκειν, pres. inf. of οίκέω. οίκήσιμος, ov, babitable. From οικησις, ή, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling.

place for dwelling, a bouse, dwelling. οίκητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, = οίκητής.

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling. οίκητής, οῦ, ὁ, (οίκέω) an inhabitant, dweller. οίκητός, ή, όν, (οίκεω) inhabited: babitable. οἰκήτωρ, οροs, ό, = οἰκητήρ, -τήs, an inhabitant.

oiκία Ion. - ίη, ή, (οίκος) a bouse, dwelling. a bousebold: also the inmates of the bouse, Lat. fa-III. a bouse or family from which one is Hence descended.

οἰκιακός, ή, όν, of one's own bouse, domestic.

οίκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οίκος, a small bouse.

οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: 20r. Ι ωκισα Ion. οικισα:--Med., fut. οἰκιοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκισθήσομαι: aor. ι φκίσθην: pf φκισμαι Ion. οἴκισμαι: (οἶκοs):—to build a bouse: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant: -Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inbabit.

οίκίον, τό, (οίκος) always used in pl. οίκια, τά, like Lat. aedes, a bouse, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace 2. a den, lair, etc., containing ranges of buildings. of animals: a nest.

οίκισις, ή, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οίκίσκος, δ, Dim. of οίκος, a small bouse or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οίκισται, Ion. for ψκισται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ολκίζω. οίκιστήρ, ήρος, ό, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οίκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκο-γενής, ές, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, bome-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οικοδεσποτέω, f. ήσω, to be master of a bouse, to manage the bousehold. From

οίκο-δεσπότης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a bouse or family: the good-man of the bouse.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ήσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a bouse. generally, to build, construct: - Med., οἰκοδομεῖσθαι οίκημα to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build 4. metaph. to edify. Hence or found upon.

οίκοδομή, ή, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building: - u building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a bouse built, building. οἰκοδόμησις, ή, = οἰκοδομία.

οίκοδομία, ή, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ή, όν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ή οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οίκο-δόμος, ον, (οίκος, δέμω) building a bouse:as Subst., οἰκοδόμοs, δ, a builder, an architect.

οικοθεν, Adv. (οίκοι) from one's own bouse, from 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἴκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οίκοθι, Adv. (οίκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οίκοι, Adv. (οίκοι) at bome, Lat. domi: τὰ οίκοι one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἴκαδε, (οἶκοs) bomeward, bome. οίκονομέω, f. ήσω, (οίκονόμοι) to be a bousebolder 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange. or steward. οίκονομία, ή, (οίκονομέω) the management of a | 201. 1 ώκτειρα, (οίκτος):—to pity, have pity or com-

bousebold or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ή, όν, conversant with the management of a bousebold or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ή οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy, also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κωs. From

οίκο-νόμος, ον, (οίκος, νέμω) managing a bousebold or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a bouse-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκό-πεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the bouse itself.

οίκο-ποιός, όν, (οίκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a bouse.

οίκόριος, a, ov, Dor. for οἰκούριος.

OΓKOΣ, ov, o, a bouse, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον οι κατ' οἴκουs at bome. part of a bouse, a room, chamber. hence oikou in pl. often stands for a single bouse, like Lat. aedes. a temple. II. bousebold affairs, bouse-wifery: bousehold property, bouse and goods. bousebold, family. IV. a bouse, race, family.

οίκός, Ion. for ἐοικός, part. neut. of ἔοικα.

οἰκό-στος, ον, (οἶκος, σίτος) feeding at bome, living II. living in a bouse. at one's own cost.

οίκο-τριβής, ές, (οίκος, τριβηναι) ruining a bouse or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the bouse, Lat. verna.

οίκο-τύραννος, δ, (οίκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant. οἰκότωs, Ion. for ἐοικότωs, Adv. of ἐοικώs (part. of коіка), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , v. sub οἰκέω.

οίκουρέω, f. ήσω, (οίκουρύs) to watch or keep the bouse: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at bome. Hence

οίκούρημα, τό, the watch of a bouse. generally, watch and ward; οἰκούρημα ξένων watch kept by II. one who keeps bouse, a stay-at-bome. strangers. οίκουρία, ή, (οίκουρέω) a keeping at bome: inactivity.

οίκούριοs, ov, belonging to bousekeeping; hence τά οἰκούρια (sub. δωρα), wages for bousekeeping. keeping within doors: έταιραι ολκόριαι (Dor. for olκούρ-) female bouse-mates. From

οίκ-ουρός, όν, (οίκος, ούρος) watching or keeping the II. staying at bome, domestic: as Subst., olκουρόs, ή, the mistress of the bouse.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ήσω, (οἰκοφθόροs) to ruin a bouse or family, consume one's substance:-Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οίκοφθορία, ή, ruin of a bouse or family.

οίκο-φθόρος, ον, (οίκος, φθείρω) ruining a bouse: as Subst., οἰκοφθύρος, δ, a prodigal.

οίκο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὑ, ἡ, (οίκος, φύλαξ) a house-guara. οίκτείρημα, τό, and οίκτείρησις, ή, pity. From οίκτείρω: impf. φκτειρον Ion. οίκτειρον: fut. οίκτερω: passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; olkτ. τινά τινό to pity one for or because of a thing.

οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: 20τ. 1 φκτισα: (οίκτος): to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Mcd. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οἰκτιρμός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκτείρω) pity, compassion.

οίκτίρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οίκτείρω) merciful.

οϊκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation. οἰκτισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οίκτιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οίκτρός (formed from οίκτος, cf. αἰσχρός, αἴσχιστος; but the Comp. 1s οἰκτρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἴκτιστα as Adv. most miserably.

OI'KTO∑, ov, o, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.

olκτρό-βιος, ον, (οικτρός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οίκτρός, ά, όν, (οἶκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκτρότερος, οἰκτρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἴκτιστος.

οἰκτρο-χοέω, (οἰκτρός, χέω) to pour forth piteously, οἰκτρῶς, Adv. of οἰκτρός, piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα. οἰκώς, νῖα, ός, Ιοπ. for ἐοικώς, part. of ἔοικα.

οίκ-ωφελής, ές, (οἶκος, ὡφελέω) profitable to a house. οἰκωφελία Ion. -ίη, ή, (οἰκωφελής) profit to a house hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warnor.

οίμα, ατος, τό, (\*οίω = φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a hon, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.

οίμαι, Att. contr. from οίομαι.

οίμάω, f. ήσω, (οΐμα) = ὁρμάω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prev.

**OI'MH**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , =  $olimin_0$ , a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οίμοι, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, woe's me! οίμοι is used with a nom., as, οίμοι εγώ ab me! woe's me! or with a gen., as, οίμοι τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

OΓMOΣ, ov, δ, a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph. like σίμη, σίμος ἀσιδῆs the course or strain of song, a song, lay.

οίμωγή, ή, (οιμώζω) properly a crying οίμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οΐμωγμα, ατος, τό a cry of lamentation, wail: and οίμωγμός, δ, a lamenting. From

οἰμώζω, fut. οἰμώξομαι later οἰμώξω: aor I ῷμωξα: (οἴμοι):—to cry οἴμοι, (as alάζω to cry aἴ, aἴ), to wail, lament; οἴμωζε, as a curse, go bowl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἰμώξεται; shall he not bave to cry out? i.e. sball be not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc.

οίμωκτός, ή, όν, (οιμώζω) to be pitied or bewailed. οίμωξειε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of οιμώζω.

olv-ἀνθη, ἡ, (οἴνη, ἀνθη) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine.

2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

olv-ανθίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = olvάνθη$ .

οἰνάρεον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , = οἴναρον.

οἰναρίζω, f. σω, (οῖναρον) to strip off vine-leaves. οἰνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, weak, poor wine.

οινάρου, τό, (οίνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.

Ol'NH, η, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2. = οίνος, wine. olvηρός, ά, όν, (οίνος) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. vinosus. II. containing wine. III. of countries, rich in wine.

οιν-ήρŭσις, ή, (οίνος, ἀρύω) a vessel for drawing wine

oivium, (oivos) to smell of wine. II. Med. to procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οίνο-βαρείων, δ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οίνο-βαρέω) = οίνοβαρής From

οίνο-βάρήs, έs, (οῖνος, βαρύs) beavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis

οίνο-βρεχής, ές, (οίνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. e. drunken.

olvo-δόκος, ον, (olvos, δέχομαι) receiving or bolding wine.

οίνο-δότης, ου, Dor. -δότας, α, ὁ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus

olvóεis, -όεσσα, -όεν, contr. olvoûs, -οῦσσα Att. -οῦττα, -οῦν, (οἶνοs) made of or with wine. II. as Subst., οἰνοῦττα, ἡ, a cake or porridge of pearlbarley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οινό-μελι, ττος, τό, (οίνος, μέλι) boney mixed with wine, mead.

olvo-πέδη, ή, and olvó-πεδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

οίνό-πεδος, ον. (οίνος, πέδον) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.

οίνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οίνος, πεπαίνω) ripe for making wine.

οἰνο-πίπης [τ], ου, ὁ, (οἶνος, ὀπιπτεύω) gaping after wine, formed like the Homeric παρθενοπίπης.

olvo-πληθής, ές, (οΐνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine. olvo-πλήξ, ηγος, ὁ, η, (οΐνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken, i. c. drunk

οίνοποτάζω and οίνοποτέω, (οίνοπότηs) to drink wine.

οἰνο-ποτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , and οἰνο-πότηs, ου,  $\delta$ , fem. οἰνο-πότιs,  $\iota$ δοs,  $(οἶνοs, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of <math>\pi$ (νω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

OI'NOΣ, ου, ὁ, Lat. VINUM, wine; ἐν οἴνφ, ἐπ' οἴνφ, παρ' οἴνφ, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. 2 the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry: οἶνοs ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palmwine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from grape-wine (οἶνοs ἀμπέλινοs).

οίνο-τρόφος, ον, (οίνος, τρέφω) producing wine. οίνοθς, οίνοθσσα Att. - οθττα, - οθν, contr. for οίνόεις,

olvo-φάγία, ή, (οἶνοs, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine. oἰνοφλῦγία, ή, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From οἰνό-φλυξ, ἔγοs, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνοs, φλύω) given to drinking, drunken.

as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, ό, Lat oenophorus, a wine-cask. olvo-χαρήs, έs, (olvos, χαρήναι) rejoicing in wine. οίνο-χάρων, οντος, δ, (οίνος, Χάρων) the Wine-Charon, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οίνοχοεύω, Ep. form of οίνοχέω, to pour out wine. οίνοχοέω: 3 sing. impf. φνοχόει Ερ. έφνοχόει: f. ήσω: aor. I inf. οἰνοχοῆσαι: (οἰνοχόος):—to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νέκταρ έφνοχόει she was pouring out nectar for wine

οίνο-χόη, ή, (οίνος, χέω) a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups

olvo-x60s, ov, (olvos, χέω) pouring out wine to drink: as Subst., οἰνοχόος, δ, a cup-bearer.

πῶμα οἰνόχυτον a draught of wine

olv-o $\psi$ , o $\pi$ os,  $\delta$ , = olvo $\psi$ , wine-coloured, wine-dark οίνόω, f ώσω:--Pass., aor. I ώνώθην: pf ώνωμαι Ion. olvapa: (olvos):-to make drunk with wine :-Pass. to get drunk, be drunken.

olvών, ωνος, δ, (olvos) a wine-cellar, wine-shop οίν-ωπός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , or  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , and οίν- $\dot{\omega}$ ψ,  $\dot{\omega}$ πος,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (olvos, ωψ) wine-coloured.

oίξαs, aor. I part. of οίγνυμι

olo, Ep. for ou, gen. of possess. Pron os, bis, ber. olo-βάτος, ov, (olos, βαίνω) walking alone: lonesome. oio-βουκόλος, ον, (olos, βουκύλος) berdsman of a single cow.

olo-βώτας, δ, (olos, βόσκω) one who feeds alone; φρενδε οἰοβώταε feeding his mud apart, self-willed olo-γάμος, ον, (olos, γαμέω) married only to one. olo-ζωνος, ον, (olos, ζώνη) with one girdle, i.e. singlebanded, alone.

olóθεν, Adv. (olos) from one side alone, hence gene-

rally, alone; oló $\theta \in \nu$  olos all alone.

**ΟΙ'ΟΜΑΙ** Ep. **ὀΐομαι**: impf. φόμην, Ep 3 sing. ώίετο: fut. οίησομαι: aor. I Ep. ωίσθην part. δισθείς, Att.  $\phi \dot{\eta} \theta \eta \nu$  inf.  $\partial \eta \theta \dot{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota$  part.  $\partial \eta \theta \epsilon i s$ : Ep aor. I med. ωισάμην, 3 sing. δίσατο part. δισάμενος. The Act. ola or ola is also found: Dor. pres. ola. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. φμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.; of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear:—often used absol, alel deau thou art ever suspecting; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμός δίσατό μοι my heart foreboded it: it is also once found impersonal, δίεται μοι ἀνὰ θυμόν there comes a boding into my heart. 2. to be 3. also minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing. used parenthetically in first person, έν πρώτοισιν (δίω) κείσεται among the first (methinks) will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. οίμαι impf. φμην, I think, I suppose, I believe, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase,  $\pi \hat{\omega} s$  of  $\epsilon i$ ; πω̂ε οἴεσθε; how think you?

When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the i is long in all tenses, οιω, οισατο, etc.: only the act, | τέ ἐστι and οιά τέ ἐστι, it is possible.

olvo-φόροs, ov, (olvos, φέρω) carrying, holding wine, pres. ¿lω has sometimes ? in the middle of the

olov-el, for olov el, as if: Dor. olov al.

olo-vóμos, ον, (οlos, νέμω) feeding alone: lonely. olo-vóμos, ον, (ols, νέμω) feeding sheep: as Subst. a shepherd.

οίον-τε, possible; οὐχ οδόντε impossible: v. οδος III. οίό-ποκος, ον, (οίs, πέκω) shorn from a sheep. οίοπολέω, f. ήσω, to roam or baunt alone. From οίο-πόλος, ον, (οίος, πέλομαι) being alone: lonely, solitary. B.  $(ols, \pi o \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  tending sheep.

οίόρ, Scyth. for ἀνήρ. Hence

οίόρ-πατα, Scyth word in Herodotus, =  $\frac{\partial v}{\partial \rho}$ οκτύνοι.  $OI^{\bullet}O\Sigma$ , oin, olov, alone, by oneself, lone, lonely t can often only be rendered by an Adv., alone, only: olvó-xŭτos, ov, (οίνοs,  $\chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) poured of or with wine; strengthd,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ is olos,  $\dot{\mu}$ ia oly one alone, one only: also in dual, δύο οἴω, and in pl, δύο οἴουs. 2. c. gen.,  $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu$  olos left alone by them; olos  $\theta \in \hat{\omega} \nu$  alone of all the gods; olos 'Ατρειδων apart from the sons of Atreus. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat unicus.

> olos, ola Ion. olη, olov, (os) such as, of such sort, manner or kind as , Lat. qualis; relat. Pronoun, answering to molos interrog and indef, and to demonstr. τοίος; ὅσσος οἶός τε, Lat qualis quantusque: c. acc., οδος ἀρετήν what a man for virtue: often only to be rendered by an Adv, as, olos μέτεισι πόλεμόνδε bow he rushes into war

> Olos in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd by  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ , of  $\partial \nu$   $\delta \dot{\eta}$ τὸν μῦθον ἔειπας what a word hast thou spoken! the neut. olov is often used as an Adv, olov δή νυ  $\theta \in o \hat{v}$   $\beta \rho \circ \tau \circ \hat{v}$  alti $\omega v \tau ai bow do men now find fault$ II implying a Comparison, the anteced. τοιοs or τοιόσδε being often omitted; οίοs ἀστηρ είσι like as a star wanders; and so as an exclam, οί ἀγορεύεις what art thou saying! οἶά μ' ξοργαs what hast thou done to me! 2. olos often introduces a reason for what has gone before,  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ being sometimes added to express certainty; of  $\delta \delta \eta$ , olov δή, such as all know. 3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses of  $\delta s \tau \epsilon$ , in some such way as, οδός τε πελώριος έρχεται "Apης some such one as Ares; so, olos tis the sort of person. 4. when a Comparison involves Time, olos ote is used, like as 5. olos is used in many brief Att. expreswhen. sions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself: -it adds force to the Superl, χωρίον οΐον χαλεπώτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οδόν ἐστι χωρίον, ground the III. olos c. inf. implies most difficult possible. Fitness or Ability, οίος έην τελέσαι έργον τε έπος τε how able was he to make good both deed and word; οίοι έην βουλευέμεν ήδε μάχεσθαι bow able was he to counsel and to fight: in this sense olos τε is more usual, οδόs τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it: in neut. sing. and pl., olov 2. absol.

in neut., οδόν τε ἐστί it is possible; οὐχ οδόν τε IV. olos is in Att. often ἐστί it is im-possible.

repeated in the same clause, as, οδ' έργα δράσαs οδα λαγχάνει κακά having done what kind of actions, what kind of sufferings he receives! οίαν ἀνθ' οίων θυμάτων χάριν what thanks, for what offerings! as Adv. in neut. sing. olov, also in pl. ola, bow; also with Adj. οίον ἐερσήεις bow fresh. 2. in Companisons, as, like as, just as: ofor ore as 3. as, like, for instance. 4. about, bard upon, Lat. quasi, οΐον δέκα σταδίους about ten stades. oiós, öiós, gen. of ols őis.

οίο-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (olos, φρήν) single in one's

opinion: generally, lonely.

olo-χίτων, ωνος, ό, ή, (olos, χιτών) with nothing but a tunic on, lightly clad.

οίοω, (οίοs) to leave alone: Pass. οίνομαι, Ep aor. 1

olώθην, to be forsaken

"OI"Σ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ὄιος acc. ὄιν; plur., nom. ὅιες gen. δίων, dat. δίεσι Ep. δίεσσι shortened δεσσι; acc čias; contr. nom. and acc. pl. čis:—Att. nom. ois gen. olós, dat. olí, acc. olv: pl. nom. oles, gen. olŵv, dat. oloi, acc. olas; nom. and acc. pl. also ols. Lat. OVIS, a sheep, whether ram or ewe; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, ois άρνειός οι άρσην a ram, δις θηλυς a ewe.

άΐσατο, όϊσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of οἴομαι. [7]

οίσε -έτω, -ετε, fut. imperat, of φέρω.

οίσέμεν, οίσέμεναι, Ep. for οίσειν, fut. inf. of φέρω. οίσεθμες, Dor. for οίσομεν, I pl fut. of φέρω.

oloθa, thou knowest, 2 sing. of oloa. δισθείς, aor. I pass. part. of οίομαι.

οίσθήσομαι, fut. pass of φέρω.

οίσομαι, fut. med, with pass, sense, of φέρω.

OI'ΣΠΗ, η, the grease in unwashen wool, greasy wool.

οίσ-πώτη, ή, (čis, οίs, πάτος) the dirt on the hinder part of a sheep.

οίστέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne. neut. οlστέον one must bear

όϊστευτήρ, ήρος, ό, and όϊστευτής, οῦ, ό, (διστεύω) a bowman, an archer.

όϊστεύω, f. σω, (ὀϊστός) to shoot arrows: aor. I part. διστεύσας. II. trans. to shoot with an arrow.

δίστο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δίστός, δέχομαι) bold-

ing arrows.

oloτόs, ή, όν, (οίσω) that must be borne, endurable. όϊστός Att. οίστός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἴσω, fut. of φέρω) an arrow, Lat. sagitta.

οίστράω or οίστρέω: f. ήσω: aor. 1 act. φστρησα inf. οίστρησαι:--Pass., aor. Ι ώστρήθην inf. οίστρηθηναι: (οΐστρος):—properly of a gadfly, to torment by stinging: generally, to sting or goad to madness: Pass. to be driven mad. II. intr. to go mad, run wild, rage.

οίστρ-ήλατος, ον, (οίστρος, έλαύνω) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οιστρημα, ατος, τό, (οιστράω) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving.

οίστρο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (οίστρος, βαλείν) to strike with a sting, esp of love.

οίστρο-δίνητος, ον, (οίστρος, δίνέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild.

οίστρο-δόνητος, ον, and -δονος, ον, (οίστρος, δοvéω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild.

οιστρο-πλήξ, ηγος, δ, ή, (οίστρος, πλήσσω) stung by a gadfly, driven mad.

ΟΙ ΣΤΡΟΣ, ov, o, the gadfly, breese, Lat. asilus, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io. II. metaph. a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony. any vehement passion: madness, frenzy,

οίστρο-φόρος, ον, (οίστρος, φέρω) maddening. OI'ΣΥ'A, ή, a tree of the oster kind. Hence

olσύινος, η, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work. οἰσύπη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = οἴσπη οίσυπηρός, ά, όν, (οίσυπος) greasy, dirty, esp. of

unwashed wool, Lat. lana succida.

οἴσὕπος,  $\dot{o}$ , (ols) = οἴσπη, olσύπη.

οίσω Dor. οίσω, fut. of φέρω, from Root \*οίω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἰσέμεν, οἴσειν

OI°TOΣ, ov, δ, fate, lot, doom: in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death, κακὸν οἶτον ἀπόλλυσθαι to die a sad death.

Οίτόσυρος, δ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

oiχ ϵ oμαι, = oiχ oμαι, q v.

οίχνέω, Ion. impf. οίχνεσκον, = οίχομαι, to go, come; of birds, to fly:—generally, to walk, live.

ΟΙ ΧΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. ωχύμην: fut. οἰχήσομαι: pf. φχημαι Ion. οιχημαι: also pf. med. φχωκα Ion. οίχωκα: Ion. 3 sing. plapf. οίχωκεε. The pres. oiχέομαι Ion. οίχεῦμαι also occurs: I. of persons, to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to fixe to have come: c. part., οίχεται φεύγων he has fled and gone; οίχεται θανών be is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato, δδον οίχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers. to bave escaped from. 2. for θνήσκω, to be gone bence, to bave departed, be deceased; Att. part. oixóμενοs the departed. 3. pf. φχωκα, like όλωλα, to be undone, ruined. II. of things, as of darts, etc., to rush, sweep along. 2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished.

οίω and όίω, used by Ep. Poets for οίομαι.

\*οΐω, see φέρω.

οίώθην, aor. I pass. of οίόω.

οίωνίζομαι, Att. fut. ιοῦμαι: Dep.: (olavós):--to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. augurium capere. II. to look upon as an omen, forebode, Lat. augurari.

οίωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οιωνίζομαι) divination by the

flight or cries of birds, Lat. augurium.

οἰωνιστήριον, τύ, (οἰωνίζομαι) a place for watching the flight of birds, Lat. templum augurale. the omen or augury itself.

olwuoτhs, οῦ, ὁ, (οlωνίζομαι) one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.

οίωνο-θέτης, ου, δ, (οίωνός, τίθημι) an interpreter of

auguries, an augur.

οἶωνό-θροος, ον, (οἰωνός, θρόος) of the cry of birds. οἰωνο-κτόνος, ον, (οἰωνός, κτείνω) killing birds. οἰωνό-μαντις, εως, ὁ and ἡ, (οἰωνός, μάντις) an in-

terpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.
οἰωνο-πόλος, ον, (οἰωνός, πολέω) observing the flight
and cries of birds: as Subst., οἰωνοπόλος, ὁ, an augur
οἰωνός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἶος) a solitary bird, esp. a bird of
prey, such as a vulture or eagle.

II. a bird of

omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ὅρνιθες.

an omen, presage, Lat. auspicium or augurium; els olow's άριστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰωνοὶ ἀγαθοί good omens.

οίωνοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury. From

οἰωνο-σκόπος, ον, (οἰωνός, σκοπέω) watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., οἰωνοσκόπος, ὁ, an augur, soothsayer.

οίως, Att. Adv. of olos, olos ἀν οίως έχεις; being such a man in what a state art thou!

δκά poet. ὅκκά, Dor. for ὅτε, when

'ΟΚΕ' ΑΛΩ, aor. I ὅκειλα, inf. ὁκείλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on sbore, strand it. II. intr. of the ship, to run aground.

δκη, Ion. for δπη. δκκα poet. for δκα.

δκ-κα οτ δκ κα, for δτε κεν, like καλκ κεφαλ <math>η̂s for κατα κεφαλ η̂s.

**ὀκλάδίας** (sub. δίφρο**s**), ου, δ, (ὀκλάζω) a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.

'OKAA'ZΩ, f. σω: 20τ. I ὥκλασα:—to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest.

2. to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.

II. c. 20c. to let sink, to bend, lower.

όκναλέος, a, ον, (όκνος) poet. for δκνηρός.

όκνείω, poet. for δκνέω.

οκνέω poet. οκνείω: impf. ὥκνειον: f. ήσω: (ὅκνοs):
—to sbrink from doing, scruple or besitate to do a thing.

οκνηρός, ά, όν, (όκνος) sbrinking, besitating, unready.

II. of things, grievous, troublesome.

"OKNOΣ, δ, a sbrinking, besitation, unreadiness: cowardice.

δκόθεν, δκοῖος, δκόσος, δκότε, δκότερος, δκου, Ion. for δπόθεν, δποῖος, etc.

δικρίδω, (δικριε) to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.

δκρίδειs, εσσα, εν, (δκριs) rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.

όκριόωντο, Ep. for ὀκριῶντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὀκριῶω. ὅκρις, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, a jagged point, a crag. II. as Adj. ὀκρις, ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, rugged, jagged.

crag. II. as Adj. ὀκρίς, ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, rugged, jagged. ὀκρὕόεις, εσσα, εν, (κρυόεις, with o cuphon.) = κρυερός, cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, borrible.

όκτά-βλωμος, ον, (ὁκτώ, βλωμός) consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὁκτάβλωμος άρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.

όκτἄ-δάκτὕλος, ον, (ὀκτώ, δάκτυλος) eight-fingered όκτἄ-ἡμερος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ἡμέρα) for eight days: on

the eighth day.

οκτάκις, Adv. (ὀκτώ) eight times. [ἄ]

όκτακις, Αάν. (οκτω) eight times. [a] όκτακισ-μύριοι, ai, a, eighty thousand.

όκτακισ-χίλιοι,  $\alpha_i$ ,  $\alpha_i$ ,  $\alpha_i$  eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος όκτακισχιλίη = ὀκτακισχίλιοι  $\ell$ ππεῖς, '8000 horse.'

ὀκτά-κνημος, ον, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) with eight spokes. ὀκτἄκόσιοι, αι, α, (ὀκτώ) eight hundred.

οκτά-μηνος, ον, (ὀκτώ, μήν) eight months old, in the eight month. [δ]

οκτά-πεδος, ον, Dor for δκτάπους

όκταπλάσιος, α, ον, and όκταπλασίων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὀκτώ) eightfold, Lat. octuplus.

όκτα-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (ὀκτώ, πούς) eight feet long όκτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀκτώ, πούς) eight-footed II. eight feet long.

οκτάρ-ριζος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρίζα) with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.

οκτάρ-ρυμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρυμός) drawn by eight fairs. οκτά-τονος, ον, (ὀκτώ, τείνω) eight-stretched; ελικες ὀκτάτονοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.

'OKTΩ', oi, ai, τά, indecl. eight, Lat. OCTO.

όκτω-δάκτυλος, ον, with eight fingers. όκτω-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. eighteen.

όκτωκαιδεκά-δραχμός, ον, (ὐκτωκαίδεκα, δραχμή) weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.

όκτωκαιδέκατος, η, ον, the eighteenth: δκτωκαιδε-

κάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighteenth day.

δκτωκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, ό, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, ἔτος) eighteen
years old:—fcm ὁκτωκαιδεκ-έτις, ιδος.

ὄκχέω, poet. form of ὀχέω, to bear, convey, carry. ὅκχος, δ, poet. form of ὄχος, a chariot.

δκωs, Ion. for ὅπωs.

ὅκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

δλβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 20τ. 1 ἄλβισα:—Pass., 20τ. 1 ἀλβίσθην: pf. ἄλβισμαι: (ὅλβοε):—to make bappy: to deem or pronounce bappy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.

δλβιο-δαίμων, ovos, δ and ή, (ὅλβιοs, δαίμων) of blessed lot or fortune

όλβιό-δωρος, ον, (ὅλβιος, δῶρον) bestowing bliss, bounteous.

όλβιο-δώτης οτ -δότης, ου, ό, fem. -δώτις, ιδος, (δλβιος, δίδωμι) bestower of bliss.

όλβιο-εργός, όν, (ὅλβιοε, ἔργον) making bappy. όλβιό-μοιρος, ον, (ὅλβιοε, μοῖρα) of bappy fate.

ολβιος, ov, or a, ov, (ολβος) happy, blest, esp. with worldly goods, prosperous, wealthy, rich, Lat. beatus: generally, bappy, blessed: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὄλβια δοῦναι to bestow rich gifts; δώρα ὅλβια ποιείν to make gifts blessed: so in Adv. ὅλβια ζωειν to live bappily. Irreg. Sup. ὅλβιστος, η, ον, formed directly from ολβοs, as αίσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αΐσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιώτατος also occurs. Adv -ίωs.

όλβιό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (ὅλβιος, φρήν) leaning towards the rich.

όλβιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of όλβιος.

όλβίωs, Adv. of ὅλβιοs, bappily, blissfully.

όλβο-δοτήρ, ηρος, ό, and όλβο-δότης, ου, ό, fem. όλβο-δότειρα, (ὅλβος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss or prosperity.

OΛBOΣ, ov, o, happiness, bliss, wealth.

όλβο-φόρος, ον, (ὅλβος, φέρω) bringing bliss.

όλέεσθαι, Ion. for όλεισθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὅλλυμι.

όλέεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὅλλυμι.

όλέθριοs, ον, also a, ον, (ὅλεθρος) destructive, deadly; δλέθριον ήμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. lost, undone.

όλεθρος, ό, (όλλυμι) ruin, destruction, undoing; ούκ είε ὅλεθρον (sc. ἐρρήσειε); wilt thou not go to perdition? 1 e. ruin seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ ἐs κύρακαs; II. like Lat. pernicies, that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest.

όλει, όλειται, 2 and 3 sing, fut, of ὅλλυμι.

όλέκρανον, τό, = ώλέκρανον.

'OΛE'KΩ, only used in pres. and impf. δλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of ὅλλυμι:—to ruin, destroy, kill:-Pass. to perish, die.

όλέσαι, όλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὅλλυμι.

όλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὅλλυμι.

ολεσ-ήνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (όλλυμι, ἀνήρ) man-destroying. όλίσθαι, aor. 2 mf. med. of ὅλλυμι.

όλεσί-θηρ, ηρος, ό, ή, (ὅλλυμι, θήρ) destroying wild

ολεσίμ-βροτος, ον, (ὅλλυμι, βροτός) man-destroying. όλεσι-τύραννος, ον, poét. όλεσσιτ-, (δλλυμι, τύpavvos) destroying tyrants.

όλέσκω, collat. form of ὅλλυμι.

**ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσσας**, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

όλεσσε, Ep. for ώλεσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of όλλυμι.

όλέσσει, Ep. for ολέσει, 3 sing. fut. of όλλυμι. όλέσω, fut. of δλλυμι.

όλέτειρα, ή, fem. of ὀλετήρ, a murderess.

όλετήρ, ηρος, δ, (ὅλλυμι) a destroyer, murderer.

 $3\lambda \epsilon \tau s$ ,  $\epsilon \delta s$ ,  $\delta s$ ,  $\delta s$ ,  $\delta t$ 

όληαι, όληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of

όλιγάκις, Adv. (όλίγος) but few times, seldom. [α] όλιγ-άμπελος, ον, (όλίγος, ἄμπελος) scant of vines. όλιγανδρέω, (ὀλίγανδρος) to be scant of men. Hence όλιγανδρία, ή, fewness of men.

όλίγ-aνδρος, ον, (όλίγος, dνήρ) scant of men.

δλίγανθρωπία, ή, scantiness of people. From όλιγ-άνθρωπος, ον, (όλίγος, ἄνθρωπος) scant of people. όλιγ-αρχέομαι, Pass. (όλίγοι, άρχω) to be governed

by a few, be subject to an oligarchy. Hence όλιγαρχία, ή, an oligarchy, government by a few

families or persons. Hence

όλιγαρχικός, ή, έν, oligarchical inclined to oligarchy.

όλιγ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, αὖλαξ) having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing.

ολίγαχόθεν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) from few parts or places;

c. gen, ὀλιγαχύθεν της 'Aσίης from few parts of Asia. ολίγηπελέων, εουσα, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελέω), baving little power, powerless. From

όλιγη-πελής, ές, (ὀλίγος, πέλομαι) powerless. Hence

όλιγηπελία Ion. -ίη, ή, feebleness.

 $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ λἴγήριος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ λίγος, small, little.

όλιγ-ηροσίη, ή, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσις) want of arable land. όλιγη-σίπτος, ον, (όλίγος, σιπύα) with a small cornbin: with little corn.

όλίγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, least.

όλιγογονία, ή, scantiness of produce, barrenness. From

όλιγό-γονος, ον, (ὀλίγος, \*γένω) producing little, unfruitful, barren.

ολιγοδράνεων, εουσα, participial form, as if from a pres. ολιγοδρανέω, able to do little, feeble, powerless.

ολίγο-δράνής, ές, (ὅλιγος, δραίνω) of little strength, powerless. Hence

όλιγοδρανία, ή, feebleness.

όλιγο-έτης, εs, (όλίγος, έτος) of few years. Hence ολίγοετία, ή, fewness of years, youthfulness.

όλιγό-ξύλος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) with little wood.

ολιγό-πιστος, ον, (ολίγος, πίστις) of little faith. 'ΟΛΙΤΟΣ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , of Number or Quantity, few, little, opp to πολύs — The governing body in Ohgarchies was called of ολίγοι, the Few, opp. to το πληθος or oi πολλοί (the Many, the Peotle). inf. too few to do a thing. II. of Size, small, little, opp. to µέγαs: the neut ολίγον as Adv., little, a little, in a small degree: so also dat. ὀλίγφ. special phrases: ὀλίγου δεῖ there wants but little, i.e. almost; c. inf, ολίγου έδέησε καταλαβείν it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook: hence ὀλίγου alone (δει being omitted), wibin a little, all but, nearly, almost. 2. δι' ὀλίγου at a sbort distance; or of Time, after a sbort space, sbortly after:-but δι' ὀλίγων in few words. 3. ev bligg in a small compass; and of Time, in sbort, briefly: also, like δλίγου, almost. 4.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ \$  $\dot$ κατ' δλίγον by little and little: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, ovroi κατ' ὀλίγους γιγνόμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought forming themselves into small parties. 6. παρ' ὀλίγον within a little, all but, almost, IV. Degrees of Comparison: - μείων, ον, gen. ονος, as also ελάσσων,

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. δλίγιστος, η, ον: δλιγίστον, genit. used Adv. (see δλίγος III) very nearly. δλίγοστίχια, η, the consisting of few lines. From δλίγο-στίχος, ον, (όλίγος, στίχος) consisting of few

lines or verses.

δλίγοστός, ή, όν, (δλίγος) one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστός.

όλιγότης, ητος, ή, (όλίγος) fewners, smallness. όλιγοτροφέω, to give little nourisbment. From όλιγο-τρόφος, ον, (όλίγος, τρέφω) giving little nourisbment.

όλιγο-φιλία, ἡ, (δλίγοs, φίλοs) fewness of friends. ὁλίγο-χρόνιοs, ον, also a, ον, (ὀλίγοs, χρόνοs) lasting but little time, of short duration.

ολιγοψυχέω (ὀλιγόψυχος), to be faint-bearted.

Hence

όλιγοψυχία, ή, faint-beartedness.

όλιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ψυχή) faint-bearted.

 $\dot{\delta}$ λίγ- $\dot{\omega}$ λα $\dot{\xi}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ κοs,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\delta}$ λιγα $\dot{\omega}$ λα $\dot{\xi}$ .

ολίγωρέω, f. ήσω, (ολίγωρος) to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen. Hence

δλίγωρία, ή, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt. δλίγωρος, ον, (όλίγος, ώρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising: contemptious. Hence δλιγώρως, Adv. carelessly; δλιγώρως έχειν οι διακίσθαι to be careless, beedless. [τ]

όλίγωs, Adv. of ὀλίγοs, a little.

ολισθάνω and later -αίνω: fut. όλισθήσω: aor. I ἀλίσθησα: pf. ἀλίσθηκα: aor. 2 ἄλισθον, part. όλισθών, inf. όλισθεῖν: (ὁλισθος):—to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηὸς όλισθών baving slipped from the ship. ὅλισθε, Ep. for ἄλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω.

όλισθεῖν, 20τ. 2 inf. of ὀλισθάνω. ὀλισθήεις, εσσα, εν, = ὀλισθηρός.

όλίσθημα, ματος, τό, (όλισθείν) a slip, fall.

δλισθηρός, ά, όν, (ὐλισθεῖν) slippery, sliding.

όλισθο-γνωμονέω (όλισθεῖν, γνώμη), to make a slip of error in judgment.

"ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ό, slipperiness: a slip.

ολκάς, άδος, ή, (ἔλκω, ὁλκή) a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel.

δλκή, ή, (ἔλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. I a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

δλκός, ή, όν, (ξλκω) attractive.

δλκός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; ὁλκοί machines for hauling ships on land.

2. a strap or trace for drawing. II. a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. sulcus: the trail of a serpent.

III. periphr., ὁλκοὶ διάρνης drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

"ΟλΛΥ"ΜΙ and δλλύω: impf. ὥλλυν: f. δλέσω Ep. δλέσσω Ion. δλέω Att. δλῶ: aor. I ὥλέσα Ep. ὥλεσσα, ὅλεσσα: pf. δλώλεκα:—Med. ὅλλῦμαι, Ion. fut. δλέομαι Att. δλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὡλόμην: pf. 2 ὅλωλα: plqpf. ὡλώλεν:—οὐλόμενοs, properly aor. 2 ωλόμην: med. for δλόμενοs, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce.

I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to

kill. 2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. perdere. II. Med. to perish, come to an end, die: ὅλοιο, ὅλοιτο, ὅλοισθε, etc., may 'st thou, may be, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined.

2. so pf. 2 ὅλωλα, I am undone, ruined: οἱ ὁλωλσες the dead.

όλλύs, ῦσα, ύν, pres. part. of ὅλλυμι.

δλμος, ὁ, (εἴλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone, a roller. 2. a mortar. 3. a kneading-trough.

όλόεις, εσσα, εν, = όλοός, destructive.

όλοθρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀλοθρεύω) a destroyer. όλοθρεύω, f. εύσω, (ὅλεθρος) to destroy.

όλοίτος, ον, poet. for sq., like όμοιιος for όμοιος.

όλοιός, ύν, poet. for όλούς, destructive.

δλοί-τροχος or όλοί-τροχος, ό, Ep. όλοοί-τροχος, (prob. from εἴλω volvo, τρόχος) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

δλοκαυτέω, f. ήσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From δλό-καυτος, ον, (ὅλος, καίω) burnt whole: as Subst.,

δλόκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

δλοκαυτόω, f. ώσω, to burn whole: to make a burntoffering. Hence

δλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a whole burnt-offering.

δλοκληρία, ή, soundness in all parts. From δλό-κληρος, ον, (ὅλος, κλῆρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

ολολῦγή, ή, (ὀλολύζω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation.

ολόλυγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀλολύζω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

όλολυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀλολύζω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy.

όλολῦγών, όνος, ή, an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog. From

όλολύζω, f. -ύξομαι: αοτ. ἀλόλυξα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

δλόμην, δλοντο, Ερ. for ώλ –, aor. 2 med. of ὅλλυμι. δλοοί-τροχος, ὁ, poët. form of ὁλοίτροχος.

όλοός poet. όλοιός, όλοιτος, η, ον, (ὅλλυμ) destructive, destroying, burtful, deadly; όλοὰ φρονεῖν to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. δλοώτερος, όλοώτατος.

II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus.

ολοό-φρων, ονος, δ and ἡ, (ολοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful.

II. crafty, sagacious.

ολόπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to pull, pluck out: to strip off. (Akın to λοπός, λέπω.)

"ΟΛΟΣ Ερ. ούλος, η, ον, whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὅλα one's all. 2. entire, utter; ὅλον ἀμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., ὅλον and τὸ ὅλον altogether. II. whole,

i. c. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

οτ δλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub δλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρατος, ον, (δλος, σφύρα) I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to hammered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

2. relating to the whole, complete, Lat. integer. important, considerable. II. Adv. - ρω̂s, completely, entirely.

δλο-τελής, έs, (ὅλος, τέλος) quite complete, perfect.

**όλοῦμαι,** fut. med. of ὅλλυμι.

όλο-φυγδών, όνος, ή, (ὅλος, φύω) a large pimple, pustule.

όλοφυδνός, ή, όν, (όλοφύρομαι) lamenting, wailing:

-neut. pl. ὀλοφυδνά, as Adv., miserably.

όλοφυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, a lamenting, lamentation From 'ΟΛΟΦΥ'ΡΟΜΑΙ [v], Dep.: f. ολοφυρουμαι: aor. ι ώλοφυράμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. όλοφύραο, όλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ὀλοφυρθείε, in same sense. intr. to lament, wail, moan, weep. 2. to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to have pity 3. to beg with tears and lamentations c. acc. to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn. to pity. Hence

ολόφυρσις, ή, lamentation.

όλοφώιος, ον, lengthd. for όλούς, όλωιός, destructive, deadly; δλοφώια είδώς versed in pernicious arts.

"ΟΛΠΗ, ή, a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.  $OA\Pi \mathbf{I} \mathbf{\Sigma}$ , tos and toos,  $\hat{\eta}_i = \mathring{o}\lambda \pi \eta$ .

'Ολυμπία, ή, Olympia, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem of  $O\lambda \dot{\nu}\mu\pi \cos$  (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  or  $\chi \dot{\omega}\rho \alpha$ ).

'Ολύμπια, τά, the Olympic games, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of Olympian Zeus by the Greeks assembled at Olympia in Elis; 'Ολύμπια νικάν to conquer at the Olympic games: also, 'Ολύμπια ανελέσθαι or ἀναιρηκέναι to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.

'Ολυμπιάζε, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) to Olympia.

'Ολυμπίαθεν, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) from Olympia.

'Ολυμπιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. ot 'Ολύμπιος, Olympian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on Olympus, a goddess. 'Ολυμπιὰs ἐλαία the olivecrown of the Olympic games. II. as Subst.. the Olympic games. 2. a victory at Olympia (sub. νίκη); 'Ολυμπιάδα αναιρείσθαι, νικάν to gam a victory in the Olympic games. 3. an Olympiad, i.e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B.C.

'Ολυμπίασι, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) at Olympia: cf. θύρᾶσι.

Όλυμπιάσι [ἄ], dat. pl. of 'Ολυμπιάs.

'Ολυμπιείον or 'Ολυμπίειον, τό, ('Ολύμπιος) the temple of Olympian Zeus.

'Ολυμπικός, ή, όν, ("Ολυμπος) Olympic; δ 'Ολυμπικόε άγών the Olympic games.

'Ολυμπιο-νίκης, ου, δ, ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) α conqueror in the Olympic games. [vi]

'Ολυμπιό-νίκος, ον, ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) conquering

in the Olympic games.

'Ολύμπιοs, ον, ('Ολυμποs) Olympian, dwelling on Olympus, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who

δλο-σχερής, ές, (δλος, σχερός) whole, entire, sound, is called also simply Όλύμπιος; Όλύμπια δώματα the mansions of Olympus.

> 'Ολυμπόνδε Ep. Ούλ-, Adv. to or towards Olympus. "Ολυμπος Ep and Ion. Ούλυμπος, δ, Olympus, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

> 'OATNOOS,  $\delta$ , a fig which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: an untimely fig, Lat. grossus.

> "OAT PA, h, mostly in pl, a kind of grain, spelt, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (kpi); used in Egypt for making bread.

όλώιος, collat. form of όλοός, όλοιός

 $\delta\lambda\omega\lambda\alpha$ , pf. med of  $\delta\lambda\lambda\nu\mu\iota$ .

όλώλεκα, pf of ὅλλυμι.

δλωs, Adv. of ολοs, wholly, altogether, on the whole: II. in short, Lat. denique. οὐχ ὅλως not at all, Lat. om-2. nino non.

δμα. Adv. Dor. for δμη.

δμαδέω, f. ήσω, (υμαδυς) to make a noise or din ομάδος, δ, (δμός) a noise, din, made by many voices together II. a tumultuous crowd, throng, the din of battle, the battle-throng.

δμαίμιος, ov, related by blood, kindred  $\ddot{o}$ μ-αιμος, ov,  $(\delta \mu \acute{o}$ s,  $a \acute{l} \mu a)$  of the same blood, related by blood, akin, Lat consanguineus: as Subst., δμαιμος, ύ, ή, a brother or sister Hence

δμαιμοσύνη, ή, relationship by blood

 $\delta\mu$ -αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, =  $\delta\mu$ αιμος:—Comp.  $\delta\mu$ αιμονέστερος, more nearly akin.

δμαιχμία, ή, a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league From

 $\delta\mu$ -αιχμος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\delta\mu\delta\varsigma$ ,  $\alpha l\chi\mu\dot{\eta})$  fighting together: as Subst., ὅμαιχμοs, ὁ, an ally.

δμ**αλής**, ές, (δμαλύς) even, level τα δμαλή level ground.

δμαλίζω, f. σω, (δμαλόs) to make even or level, to level: to equaline.

δμαλός, ή, όν, (δμός) even, level; το δμαλόν level ground. 2. of equal, like degree; δμαλόs γάμος marriage with one of like degree. metaph. middling, average, ordinary. Hence

δμαλότης, ητος, ή, evenness, equality.

όμαλῶς (όμαλός), Adv. evenly; όμαλῶς βαίνειν to march in even line.

δμ-αρτέω: impf. ωμάρτουν Ion. - ευν: f. δμαρτήσω: aor. Ι ὢμάρτησα : (ὁμοῦ, ἀρτάω) :—to meet ; in hostile sense, to meet in fight:-Med. to attack in 2. to walk together, esp. in part., Bhoav δμαρτήσαντεs they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed: c. dat. to walk beside, accompany. to bursue.

δμαρτή or δμαρτή, Adv. togetber, jointly, another

form of άμαρτη, άμαρτη.

δμάρτη, Dor. for δμάρτει, 3 sing. impf. of δμαρτέω. όμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for  $\dot{\omega}\mu$ -, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δμαρτέω.

δμαρτήσειεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of δμαρτέω.

δμαρτήτην, Ep. for  $\dot{\omega}\mu$ -, 3 dual impf. of  $\delta\mu$ αρτέω. δμ-ασπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (δμοῦ, ἀσπίς) allied in arms: as Subst., ὅμασπιε, ὁ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

όμ-αθλαξ, ακος, ό, ή, (όμοθ, αθλαξ) with adjoining

furrows or lands.

δμαυλία, ή, a dwelling together, union. From δμ-auλos, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλή) living together: hence, neighbouring.

ομ-auλos, ον, (όμοῦ, aὐλόs) playing together on the flute, barmonious, blending, in unison.

όμβρέω, f. ήσω, (δμβρος) to rain. II. trans, to rain of shower down upon to bedew, wet.

**ὀμβρηρόs**, ά, όν, (ὅμβροs) rainy, watery.

 $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ μβρζμος,  $\mathbf{o}$ ν,  $= \ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ βριμος.

**ὅμβριος**, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, (ὅμβρος) rainy: of or belonging to rain, Lat. pluvialis; ύδωρ όμβριον rain-

όμβρο-δόκος, ον, (όμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or receiving rain.

όμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (ὅμβρος, κτϋπέω) striking with rain.

"OMBPOS, &, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

όμβρο-φόρος, ον, (όμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

όμειται, 3 sing. fut. of δμνυμι. όμ-έστιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth. όμ-ευνέτης, ου, ό, fem. όμευνέτις, ιδος, =  $\ddot{o}$ μευνος. ομ-ευνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, εὐνή) sleeping together: as Subst.,

ομευνοs, o, n, a bedfellow, consort.  $\delta\mu$ -έψιος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\delta\mu\delta)$ , έψία) a playmate.

όμη or όμη, Adv. ( $\delta \mu \delta s$ ) poet. for  $\delta \mu \delta v$ .

ομ-ηγερής, έε, (όμόε, ἀγείρω) assembled together. ομηγυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call together. From

όμ-ήγυρις Dor. όμάγ-, ιος, ή, (δμός, ἄγυρις) an as-

sembly, meeting: a throng, company.

δμηλίκία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ὁμῆλιξ) equality of age: as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends, playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, = δμῆλιξ.

 $\delta\mu$ - $\eta\lambda$ ιξ, ἴκοs,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , ( $\delta\mu$ ο $\hat{v}$ ,  $\eta\lambda$ ιξ) of the same age, esp. of young persons: as Subst. an equal in age, comrade, playmate. II. of like stature.

δμηρεία, ή, (δμηρεύω) a giving bostages or securities: a security, pledge.

Όμήρειος, a, ov, (Όμηρος) of Homer, Homeric. όμηρεῦσαι, Ion. for όμηροῦσαι, part. fem. pl. of

όμηρεύω, f. σω, (δμηρος) to be a bostage, serve as a pledge or bostage. II. trans. to give as a bostage. pledge or security.

ομηρέω, f. ήσω, (ομηρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to

accord, agree.

Όμηρίδης, ου, δ, mostly in plur. Όμηρίδαι, oi, the Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his poenis: generally, the admirers of Homer.

δμ-ηρος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἀραρεῖν) joined tagether, united, II. as Subst., ὅμηρος, ὁ, a pledge to wedded. preserve peace, a surety, security, bostage.

όμιλαδόν, Adv. (ὅμιλος) in groups, bands, Lat. turmatim: in crowds.

δμιλέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ωμίλησα: (ὅμιλος):—to be together or in company with; μετ' 'Αχαιοίε όμιλείν to associate with the Achaeans; ένὶ πρωτοίσιν όμιλείν to be in company among the foremost; περί νεκρον δμιλείν to throng about the corpse. to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter: absol. to meet one an-III. of social intercourse, to bold converse: to live familiarly with, associate with: to bave dealings with. 2. absol. to be friends. pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be at band. V. of a place, to come into, be in: to baunt, frequent a spot.

ομιληδόν, Adv. = όμιλαδόν.

δμιλήσειν, fut. inf. of  $\delta \mu \iota \lambda \epsilon \omega$ .

ὁμιλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁμιλέω) a scholar, bearer

δμ**ιλητός, ή**, όν, (όμιλέω) to be conversed with; οὐχ όμιλητός unapproachable, savage

όμιλία, ή, (ὅμιλος) a being or living together, intercourse, converse, dealings with another; ή έμη όμιλία converse with me; όμιλία χθονός intercourse with a country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, assembly; vads δμιλία ship-mates.

ομ-iλos, δ, (δμοῦ, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle, tumult.

όμιχέω, f. ήσω, = ὀμίχω.

ΌΜΙ ΧΛΗ Ion. ὀμίχλη Dor. ὁμίχλα, ἡ, misty air, a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

όμιχλήεις Ion. όμιχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty.  ${
m 'OMI'X}\Omega$ , to make water, Lat. MINGO.  $[{
m \it i}]$ 

ομμα, ατος, τό, (ώμμαι, pf. pass of ὁράω) the eye: δμματι λοξφ ίδειν to look with eye askance at; opp. to δρθοίε δμμασιν δράν or έξ δρθών δμμάτων, Lat. rectis oculis videre, to look straight at; κατ' όμμα face to face, in full sight; ω s aπ' δμμάτων to judge by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu; èν όμμασι, Lat. in oculis, before one's eyes; so also παρ' ὅμμα, πρὸ ὁμμάτων; ἐξ ὀμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees, a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. ὄμμα νυκτόs, i. e. the moon; so ὅμμα αἰθέροs, of the sun; generally, light; όμμα φήμης the light of happy tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-V. periphr. of the person, όμμα πελεία: cious. for πελεία, δμμα νύμφας for νύμφα; cf. κάρα. Hence

όμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of όμμα, a little eye.

όμματο-στερής, έε, (όμμα, στερέω) deprived of II. act. depriving of eyes: blighting, cankering, esp. the buds of plants.

όμματόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ώμματωμαι: (όμμα):--to give eyes to:-Pass., φρην ώμματωμένη a mind quick of sight.

II. metaph. to make distinct,

explain. "OMNY MI or όμνύω, imperat. όμνυθι or όμνυ, 3 pl. δμνύντων: impf. ώμνυν οτ ώμνυον: fut. δμοθμαι, εῖ. εῖται, inf. ὀμεῖσθαι, later fut. ὀμόσω: aor. Ι ὤμοσα Ερ. δμοσα, δμοσσα: pf. δμώμοκα: plqpf. δμωμόκειν: -Pass., aor. ι ωμόσθην οτ ωμόθην: pf. δμωμοσμαι, 3 pers. δμώμοσται οι δμώμοται:-- to swear; δρκον δμόout to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will ..: η μήν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, είπεῖν ὀμόσαs to say with II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, an oatb. swear by.

όμο-βώμιος, ον, (δμοῦ, βωμός) baving one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ομο-γάλαξ, ακτος, δ, ή, (δμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

δμό-γάμος, ον. (όμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a busband or wife.

δμο-γάστριος, ον, (δμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασίγνητος όμογάστριος an uterine brother.

δμο-γενέτωρ, οροs, δ, born of the same parents, a brother. From

δμο-γενής, ές, (δμοῦ, \*γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with. όμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρων) a contemporary

in old age. δμογλωσσέω Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

όμό-γλωσσος Att. -γλωττος, ον. (δμός, γλῶσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

όμό-γνιος, ον, contr. for όμογένιος, (όμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; δμόγνιοι θεοί gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

δμογνωμονέω, f. ήσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

δμο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. -μόνωs.

όμό-γονος, ον, (όμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

δμό-γραμμος, ον, (όμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

δμό-δαμος, Dor. for δμόδημος.

όμο-δέμνιος, ον, (όμοῦ, δέμνιον) sbaring one's bed. δμό-δημος Dor. -δαμος, ον, (δμός, δημος) of the same people or race.

δμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From δμό-δοξος, ον, (δμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

δμό-δουλος, ον, (όμοῦ, δοῦλος) a fellow-slave. δμο-δρομία, ή, (δμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

δμο-εθνήs, έs, (δμοῦ, ἔθνοs) of the same nation. δμό-ζύγος, ον, (δμοῦ, ζυγηναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

όμο-ήθης, έε, (όμοῦ, ήθος) of the same character.

 $\delta\mu$ ο-ηλιξ, iκοs,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\delta\mu$ ο $\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ λιξ) of the same age. Lat. aequalis.

δμόθεν, Adv. (δμόs) from the same place, of the same origin: δ δμόθεν a brotber. II. from near at band, hand to band: close upon.

δμό-θρονος, ον, (δμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

δμοθυμάδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

δμό-θυμος, ον, (δμού, θυμός) of one mind, unani-

ὁμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble.

oμοίτος, Ep. for σμοιος. [τ Ep.]

δμοιο-κατάληκτος, ον, (δμοιος, καταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

δμοιοπάθέω, f. ήσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

όμοιο-παθής, ές, (ὅμοιος, πάθος) being in like case. baving like affections, sympathising.

όμοιο-πρεπής, ές, (ὅμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance

ομοιος, α, ον, Ion. and old Att. ομοίος, η, ον, Att. also os, ov; Ep. δμοίτος, ov: (ὁμός): — like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, ώς αίελ τὸν ὁμοῖον άγει θεθε ώε τον όμοιον 'birds of a feather flock together;' τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδιδόναι, Lat. par pari referre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. par. 4. in unison with, agree-5. ή όμοία (sub. δίκη οι χάρις), την όμοίαν ing. διδύναι, ἀποδιδύναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; την δμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴση καὶ ὁμοία on fair and equal terms. 6. εν δμοίφ ποιείσθαί τι to hold a thing in like esteem. II. of the same rank or station: ol ομοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers .-The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat, but also like Lat. similis in genit.:also followed by a Relat., δμοιος ωσπερ.., like as..; ομοιος καί ..., Lat. aeque ac ..., like as ...; cf. δμοίως. δμοιότης, ητος, ή, (ομοιος) likeness, similitude.

δμοιό-τροπος, ον, (δμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πωs, in like manner with.

δμοιόω, f. ώσω: aor. 1 ὧμοίωσα:—Pass. and Med., όμοιώσομαι and -ωθήσομαι (in same sense): aor. I ώμοιώθην: (δμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare :- Pass. to be made like, become like, δμοιωθήμεναι αντην to be made like before II. Med. to make a like return. Hence δμοιωθήμεναι, Ep. for δμοιωθήναι, 20r. I inf. pass. of δμοιόω.

δμοίωμα, ατος, τό, that which is made like, a likeness, image.

δμοίωs, Adv. of δμοιοs, in like manner, like, alike: the neuters δμοιον and δμοια, Ion. δμοῖον, δμοῖα, were also common as Adv.: - δμοίως ώς ., like as ..; so, δμοίωs καί .. , Lat. aegue ac . . , perinde ac . . ; δμοιον ώστε , like as; όμοια τοι μάλιστα on a par with the best.

δμοίωσις, ή, (δμοιόω) a making like, likening. a becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.

δμό-κλαρος, Dor. for δμόκληρος.

όμο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf.  $\delta \mu \delta \kappa \lambda \bar{a}$ , =  $\delta \mu \sigma \kappa \lambda \ell \omega$ .

δμοκλέω, f. ήσω: aor. I δμόκλησα, Ion. 3 sing. δμοκλήσασκε:-to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From

δμο-κλή, ή, (όμοῦ, καλέω) a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony of concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.

δμό-κληρος, ον, (δμοῦ, κληρος) baving an equal lot, sbare or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., δμόκληρος, δ, a cobeir, Lat. consors.

δμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of δμοκλέω.

ομοκλητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \mu o \kappa \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.

δμό-κλινος, ον, (όμοῦ, κλίνη) reclining on the same couch at table.

όμό-λεκτρος, ον, (όμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same

δμολογέω, f. ήσω: 20r. Ι ώμολόγησα: pf. ώμολόγηκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ώμολογήθην: pf. ώμολόγημαι: (ὁμόλογοs):—to speak together, to speak one lan-2. to bold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with. make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπί τισι on certain terms. 4. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant 5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be con-II. Med. to agree, nected with, bear affinity to. assent to: much like the Act. III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμένα and pf. part. ώμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence

δμολόγημα, ματος, τό, a thing agreed on, a postu-

late; and δμολογία, ή, agreement.

2. an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.

δμό-λογος, ον, (όμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting. 2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -γωs, confessedly, avowedly.

δμολογουμένως, Adv. pres. part. pass. of δμολογέω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.

δμο-μαστιγίαs, ου, δ, (δμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.

όμο-μήτριος, a, ov, (όμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.

δμό-νεκρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) companion in death. όμονο εω, f. ήσω, (ὁμόνοοε) to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common. Hence

δμονοητικός, ή, όν, conducing to agreement.

bubvola, h, sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From

δμό-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν, (δμοῦ, νόοε) of one

II. | mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors. Adv., buovbos, unanimously.

όμο-παθής, ές, (όμοῦ, πάθος) baving the same passions. όμο-πάτριος, ον, (όμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father. δμο-πλεκής, έs, (δμοῦ, πλέκω) inter-laced.

δμό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (δμοῦ, πλόος) sailing together or in company.

δμό-πολις poet. δμόπτολις, εως, δ, ή, (δμοῦ, πύλις) from the same city or state.

όμό-πτερος, ον, (όμοῦ, πτέρον) with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, of δμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; ναες δμόπτεροι consort-ships, i.e. that sail in company.

δμό-πτολις, poet, for δμόπολις.

όμοργάζω, = δμόργνυμι, to wipe off

δμόργνυ, Ep for ωμόργνυ, 3 sing impf. of

'OMO'PΓΝΥ ΜΙ, fut. ομόρξω:-- Med , 201. 1 ώμορξάμην:-to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:-Med to dry for oneself; δάκρυα δμόρξασθαι to dry one's tears.

όμορξάμενος, aor. I part. med. of δμόργνυμι. δμορέω Ion. δμουρέω, to have the same boundaries with, to border on. From

όμ-ορος Ion όμουρος, ον, (όμοῦ, δρος) baving the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus :- as Subst, ύμορος, δ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ὅμορον neighbourbood.

ομορροθέω, f. ήσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And

δμορρόθιοs, ov, rowing or swimming together. From δμόρ-ροθος, ον, (δμοῦ, δοθέω) rowing together: gcnerally, acting together.

**'OMO'** $\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta v$ , one and the same belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat communis. (Akin to ἄμα: hence ὅμοιος, ὁμῶς, ὅμως, ὁμοῦ, ὀμῆ, ὁμόθεν. δμόσε )

όμόσαι, όμόσας, aor. I inf and part. of δμνυμι.

όμόσε, Adv. (ὁμός) to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε ίέναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ὁμόσε lέναι  $\tau$ oîs  $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\theta$ poîs to go to meet the enemy.

όμο-σθενής, ές, (όμοῦ, σθένος) of equal might. όμοσττέω, f. ήσω, to eat or live together with. From όμό-σττος, ον, (όμοῦ, σίτος) eating together.

έμ6-σκευος, ον, (όμοῦ, σκευή) arrayed in the same

δμοσκηνία, ή, a living in the same tent. From δμό-σκηνος, ον, (δμοῦ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.

όμο-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, to live in the same tent with. δμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (δμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.

 $\delta\mu\delta$ -σπονδος, ον,  $(\delta\mu\circ\hat{v}, \sigma\pi\circ\nu\delta\hat{\eta})$  sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup; bound by treaty.  $\delta \mu \delta$ -σπορος, ον,  $(\delta \mu o \hat{v}, \sigma \pi \epsilon i \rho \omega)$  sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.

όμόσσαι, όμόσσας, Ep. for δμόσαι, δμόσας. όμο-στίχάω, (όμοῦ, στείχω) to walk together with. δμό-στολος, ον, (δμοῦ, στέλλω) sent together with,

II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) clad alike: in company with. of the same kind.

δμό-τάφος, ον, (όμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.

όμό-τεχνος, ον, (όμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft: as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, δ, a fellow-workman.

δμό-τιμος, ον, (όμοῦ, τιμή) equally bonoured, held in equal bonour: οἱ ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

δμό-τοιχος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τοῖχος) baving one common wall, separated by a party wall: metaph. bardly different from.

δμο-τράπεζος, ον, (δμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating

at the same table with.

δμό-τροπος, ον, (όμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same babits: δμότροπα ήθεα like habits :-- as Subst., δμότροπος, δ, a comparison.

όμό-τροφος, ον, (όμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with; δμότροφα τοίσι άνθρωποισι θηρία beasts

brought up with men.

δμοθ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of δμόs), together, of Place:—also together, at once; γαΐαν όμου καί 2. together with. πόντον earth and sea together. along with; c. dat., όμου νεκύεσσι with or among 3. near, bard by: nearly, almost. the dead. ὁμοῦ καί, in like manner as, just like a , Lat. aeque ac. όμουμαι, fut. of δμνυμι.

δμουρέω, δμουρος, Ion. for δμορέω, δμορος.

όμό-φοιτος, ον, (όμοῦ, φοιτάω) going together with:

as Subst., δμόφοιτος, δ, a companion

δμοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (δμόφρων) to be of one mind with; πόλεμος δμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously. δμοφροσύνη, ή, a being of the same mind, unity. From όμό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (δμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.

όμο-φυής, ές, (όμοῦ, φυή) of the same age or nature. ομό-φυλος, ον, (δμου, φυλον) of the same race or people: as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, oi, men of the same race: τὸ δμόφυλον sameness of race.

δμοφωνέω, f. ήσω, to speak the same language 2. to chime in with. From

δμό-φωνος, ον, (όμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same lan-2. agreeing in tone, in unison with. όμο-χροία, ή, (όμοῦ, χρόα) sameness of colour.

smoothness of surface: the surface, skin.

δμοχρονέω, f. ήσω, to keep time with. From δμόχρονος, ον, (δμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with. δμό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (δμοῦ, χροιά) of the same colour.

δμό-ψηφος, ον, (δμοῦ, ψῆφος) voting with. baving an equal right to vote with.

δμόω, f. ωσω, (δμόε) to join together, unite:-Pass., aor. I ωμώθην, to be united.

"OMIINH, \u03b3, corn, food. ομπνιακός, η, δν, = δμπνιοε.

όμπνιος, a, ον, (όμπνη) of or from corn, nourisbing, thriving, large:—'Ομπνιά [d], ή, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

ομφακίαs, ov, δ, (όμφαξ) wine made from unripe II. metaph. as masc. Adj. barsb, austere, grapes. bitter, crabbed.

ομφακο-ράξ, αγοε, ο, η, (ομφαξ, ράξ) with sour or

unripe grapes.

όμφάλιος, ον, (δμφαλόε) belonging to the navel: as Subst.,  $\delta\mu\phi\dot{\alpha}\lambda\iota\sigma\nu$ ,  $\tau\dot{\sigma}$ ,  $= \delta\mu\phi\alpha\lambda\sigma s$ . 2. baving a boss. like a boss.

διιφαλόεις, εσσα, εν, (δμφαλός) baving a navel or boss; ἀσπὶς ὀμφαλόεσσα a shield with a central boss.

'OMΦA ΛΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, the navel, Lat. umbilicus. II. anything like a navel: the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. umbo on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. the centre: so Calypso's island Ogygia is called buφαλὸς θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea: and Delphi was called δμφαλόs as the navel or centre of

'OMФAZ, аков, h, an unripe grape. 2. metaph.

a young girl.

όμφή, ή, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή: a prophecy, oracle, warning voice any token conveying divine intimation: later, tuneful voice, melody. report; ση ομφή the report about thee.

δμωθήναι, aor. I inf pass of δμόω. δμ-ωλαξ, ακος, δ, η, = δμαῦλαξ.

**όμώμοκα**, pf. of ὅμνυμι.

δμώμοσμαι, 3 sing. δμώμοται, pf. pass. of δμνυμι. όμ-ωνύμιος, α, ον, and όμ-ώνυμος, ον, (όμός, ὄνομα) baving the same name:—as Subst., δμώνυμος, δ, ή, a II. ambiguous, equivocal. namesake.

δμ-ωρόφιος, ον, and δμ-ώροφος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἐροφή)

living under the same roof with.

δμωs, Adv. of δμόs, equally, alike, in equal parts, 2. like ouoù, together, at once, Lat. pariter. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat pariter ac; έχθρὸς όμῶς 'Atôao πύλησι hated like the gates of Hell.

ομως, Conj. (ὁμός) nevertbeless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen; όμως μήν οτ μέντοι but still, for all that: - ομωs is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. quamvis, κλθθί μου νοσῶν ὅμως hear me although thou art diseased.

όμ-ωχέτης, ου, δ, (δμός, έχω) bolding or divelling together; θεοί όμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

ον-αγός, δ, Dor. and Att. for δνηγός.

ov-aγροs, δ, (δνοs, άγριοs) the wild ass.

οναίμην, δναιο, δναιτο, 2 or. 2 med. opt. of δνίνημι. "ONA"P, 76, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to 2 waking vision (υπαρ); only used in nom. and acc. (overpos and overpor being used in the other cases):proverb of anything fleeting or unreal, orias ovap the II. in Att., ovap was mostly dream of a shadow. used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep; oude ovap not even in a dream: often opp. to υπαρ, όναρ ή υπαρ ζην to live in a dream or awake.

ονάριον, τό, Dini. of όνος, a young ass.

ονασεί, Dor. for δνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of δνίνημι.

όνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ονίνημι.

ovaσιs, Dor. for ονησιs.

ονειαρ, τό, gen. δνείατος, (δνίνημι) anything that profits or is belpful, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refection: plur. δνείατα, food, victuals.

δυείδειος, ον, (δνείδος) reproachful: disgraceful. δνείδειος, ον, (δνείδος) reproachful: disgraceful. δνείδιξω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: aor. I ἀνείδισα: pf. ἀνείδικα:—Pass., with fut. med. ὀνείδισῦμαι: (ὄνείδος):—to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. objectere. 2. to reproach, upbraid.

όνείδισμα, τό, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproach.

όνειδισμός, ό, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproaching: reproach. όνειδιστήρ, ῆρος, ό, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproacher, up-

braider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

"ONEIΔOΣ, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. fama: but commonly, reproach, blame.

2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

όνειος, ον, (όνος) of an ass; όνειον γάλα ass's milk. όνειρατα, τά, used as pl. of όνειρον.

ονείρειος, α, ον, (όνειρος) dreamy, of dreams; εν δνειρείησι πύλησι at the gates of dreams.

όνειρο-κρίτης, ου, δ, (ὅνειρος, κριτής) an interpreter of dreams.

ονειρό-μαντις, εως,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ὅνειρος, μάντις) an interpreter of dreams.

δνειρον, τό, collat. form of ὅνειρος, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is ὁνείρατα, -άτων, -ασι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., ὀνείρατος, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. ὅνειραρ.

overpoπολέω, f. ήσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, ἵππουε of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

ονειρο-πόλος, ον, (ὅνειρος, πολέω) versed in dreams: as Subst., ὀνειροπόλος, ὁ, an interpreter of dreams.

"ONEIPOΣ, δ, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. ὄναρ, ὄνειρον.
2. as prop. n, "Ονειρον, god of dreams.

ονειρο-σκόπος, ον, (ὅνειρος, σκοπέω) an interpreter

όνειρό-φαντος, ον, (ὅνειρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, baunting one's dreams.

όνειρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὅνειρος, φρήν) understanding dreams.

όνειρώσσω Att. -ττω, (ὅνειρος) to dream.

ονεύω, (όνος II) to draw up with a windlass, to baul up.

ον-ηγός Dor. ον-αγός, δ, (δνοι, ἡγέομαι) an ass-driver.

δν-ηλάτης [α], ου, δ, (δνος, ἐλαύνω) an ass-driver. δνήμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐνίνημι; ὅνησα, Ερ. βοι ἄνησα, aor. 1; δνήσει, 3 sing. fut.

ovήσιμος, ον, (ονησις) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

δνησιε, εωε, ή, (δυίνημι) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

"ONOO∑, o, dirt, dung.

ονία, ή, Aeol. for ανία.

ονίδιον, τό, Dim. of ονος, a little ass, donkey.

ονϊκός, ή, όν, (ὄνος) of or for an ass; δνικός μύλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

ονίνημι, ονίνης, ονίνησι, inf. ονϊνάναι [α], part. ονίvas: fut. ὀνήσω: aor. I ώνησα: as if from obsol. \*'ONE'Ω: —Med. and Pass. ὀνίναμαι, impf. ἀνινάμην: fut. ὀνήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 ἀνήμην, -ησο, -ητο, οτ ἀνάμην; imperat. ὄνησο, opt. ὀναίμην, inf. ὄνασθαι, part. ὀνήμενο**s:** 201. Ι ὢνήθην. I. Act. to profit, benefit, belp, support; and, like Lat. juvo, to gratify, de-II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to light. enjoy belp; esp. to have delight of enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, bave enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. freq. in aor. 2 opt. ὀναίμην, αιο, αιτο, to express good wishes, ούτως οναίμην so may I thrive! οναιο, Lat. sis felix! mayest thou be bappy! also with χάριν, οναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase έσθλός μοι δοκεί είναι, ὀνήμένος (sub. είη or έστω), he seems brave, may be be fortunate!:—also ironical, ὄναιο μένταν εί τις ἐκπλύνειέ σε you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

ovis, ίδοs, ή, (ονος) ass's dung.

ονοιτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of ονομαι.

"ΟΝΟΜΑ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. οῦνομα Acol. ὅνῦμα:— Lat. NOMEN, a name; ὄνομα θείναι τινι to give one a name; ὅνομα φέρεσθαι to bear a name; ὅνομα καλείν τινα to call one by a name. fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to έργον, like λόγος. a false name, pretence, pretext; ἐπ' ὀνόματι under IV. ὅνομα is also used with the the pretence. names of persons, for the person, like κάρα, as & φίλτατον ὄνομα Πολυνείκους V. a word, expres-VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. sion: a saying. nomen, opp. to βημα, Lat. verbum, a verb.

ονομάζω Ion. οὐνομάζω: fut. ὀνομάσω Aeol. ὀνυμάξω: aor. I ἀνόμασα: pf. ἀνόμακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνομάσθην: pf. ἀνόμασμα: (ὄνομα):— to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as ὅνομα opp. to ἔργον. 3. to call one by a name, ὀνομάζειν τινά τι; also σοφιστὴν ὀνομάζουσιν τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι they call the man a sophist by name: ὀνομάζειν ἀπό οτ ἔκ τινος to name or call from or after another; so also ἐπί τινος οτ τινι:—Med. to bave one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

"ONOMAI, 2 sing. ὅνοσαι, 3 pl. ὅνονται; imperat. ὅνοσο, 3 sing. opt. ὅνοτο: fut. ὁνόσομαι Εp. ὁνόσσομαι: aor. 1 ἀνοσάμην, opt. ὁνοσαίμην, αιο, αιτο, Εp. inf. ὁνόσσασθαι; also aor. 1 pass. ἀνόσθην: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. οὕνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. 1 ἄνατο: Dep.:—to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., οὐδ' ὥε σε ἔολπα ὀνόσσεσθαι κακότητοε not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

δνομαίνω, fut. δνομάνω Ion. οὐνομανέω: αοτ. 1 ἀνόμηνα Ερ. δνόμηνα: (ὅνομα):—poet. for ὁνομάζω, to name, call by name, Lat. nomino: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3. to name, appoint.

4. to pronounce, utter.

ονομα-κλήδην, Adv. (ὄνομα, καλ έω) calling by name,

by name, Lat. nominatim.

δνομα-κλύτός, όν, (όνομα, κλυτός) of famous name, renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ονομαστί, Adv. (ὁνομάζω) by name, Lat. nominatim. ονομαστός Ion. οὐν-, ή, όν, (ὀνομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ονοματο-λόγος, δ, (ὄνομα, λέγω) one who tells people's names, Lat. nomenclator.

ονόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of δνομαίνω.

\*\*ONO Σ, δ and η, an ass, Lat. asinus, asina. Proverbs: περί ὄνου σκιᾶs tor an ass's shadow, like Lat. de lana caprina, i. e. for a mere trifle: ὄνου πόκαι ass's wool, like δρνίθων γάλα, of something not existing.

II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to,

1. a windlass, crane, pulley.

2. the upper millstone.

III. a beaker,

wine-cup, prob. from its shape. δνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὅνομαι. δνόσσεσθαι, Ep. for ὀνόσεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὅνομαι. δνοστός, ἡ, όν, (ὄνομαι) to be blamed or scorned. δνοτάζω, like ὅνομαι, to blame, rail at.

ονοτός, ή, όν, for ονοστός.

όνο-φορβός, όν, (ὄνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper. ὄντα, τά, pl. part. neut. of εἰμί, the things which

actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:
—also reality, truth.

II. that which one has, property, fortune.

οντωs, Adv. part. of είμί sum, really, actually.

δνύμα, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα. Hence

ονυμάζω, ὀνυμαίνω, Acol. for ὀνομ...
ὅνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, dat. pl. ὅνυξι Ερ. ὁνύχεσσι: 1. in pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. unguis; of cattle, a boof; ὅνυχας ἐπ' ἄκρους στῆναι to stand on tiptoe, Lat. summis digitis. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν ὀνύχων, Horace's de tenero ungui, from a tender age. II. a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of it.

ονύχεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of δνυξ.

όξ-άλμη, ή, (ὄξος, ἄλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ὀξέα, Ion. for ὀξεῖα, fem. of ὀξύs:—ὀξέσι, dat. pl. ὀξέωs, Adv. of ὀξύs, sbarply.

όξηρόs, ά, όν, (όξοs) of or for vinegar; κέραμος όξηρόs a jar for vinegar.

offivns [t], es, (ofos) sour, of wine. 2 metaph. sour-tempered, crabbed.

öξίs, ίδοs, ή, (őços) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. acetabulum.

II. a sort of sbrimp.

öξos, εos, τό, (ὀξύs) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. acētum.

'OET'A or ὀξύη, ή, a kind of beech. II. a spearsbaft made from its wood: generally, a spear. ὀξῦ-βάφων, τό, (ὀξύε, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat.

acetabulum: a shallow dish or saucer.

όξυ-βελής, ές, (δέύς, βέλος) sbarp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

όξυ-βόαs and όξυ-βόηs, ου, ὁ, (ὀξύs, βοάω) sbrill-screaming: sbarp-buzzing.

όξύ-γοος, ον, (όξύς, γόος) shrill-wailing.

δξυ-δερκής, ές, (δξύς, δέρκομαι) sbarp-sigbled, quicksigbted: Sup. δξυδερκέστατος δξύ-δουπος, ον, (δξύς, δοῦπος) sbarp-sounding, sbrill-

sounding.

όξυ-έθειρος, ον, (δεύς, έθειρα) with sharp, pointed bair: irreg. plur. δενέθειρες.

**ὀξύ-θηκτος**, ον, (ὀξύς, θήγω) sbarp-edged, sbarp-pointed: metaph. sbarply goaded.

δξυθυμέω, f. ήσω, (ὀξύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

όξυθυμία, ή, quickness to anger, choler. όξύ-θυμος, ον, (όξυς, θυμύς) quick to anger, quick-

tempered, passionate, choleric.

όξυ-κάρδιος, ον, (ὀξύς, καρδία) quick-tempered.
όξυ-κίνητος, ον, (ὀξύς, κινέω) moved quickly. [i]
όξυ-κομος, ον, (ὀξύς, κόμη) with pointed bair: of

όξυλαβέω, (ὀξυλαβήs) to seize quickly: to seize the opportunity.

όξυ-λάβής, ές, (ὀξύς, λαβεῖν) seizing quickly. ὀξυ-λάλος, ον, (ὀξύς, λἄλέω) glib-tongued.

όξὔ-μελής, έs, (ὀξύs, μέλοs) clear-singing. ὀξὔ-μέριμνος, ον, (ὀξύs, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or studied.

όξυ-μήνιτος, ον, (δεύς, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath; φύνος δευμήνιτος murder in bot blood.

 $\delta \xi \dot{\upsilon}$ -μολπος, ον,  $(\delta \xi \dot{\upsilon}s, \mu ο \lambda \pi \dot{\eta})$  clear-singing.

δξύ-μωρος, ον, (δξύς, μῶρος) pointedly foolish:—as Subst., δξύμωρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, insamens sapientia or concordia discors.

όξυνθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ὀξύνω.

όξυντήρ, ηρος, δ, a sbarpener. From

öξύνω, f. ŏvῶ, (ὀξύs) to make sbarp or pointed, to sbarpen.

2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sbarpen: also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

όξυδεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δένς, sbarp-pointed; or from δένα with beechen shaft.

rom οξια with beechen spayt. δξύ-όστρακος, ον, (δξύς, ὅστρακον) with a sharp

jagged shell. • ὁξυ-παγής, ές, (ὀξύς, παγῆναι) sharp-pointed.

όξυ-παγής, ές, (δξύς, παγήναι) sbarp-pointed. όξυ-πευκής, ές, (δξύς, πεύκη) sbarp-pointed.

οξύ-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀζίς, πούς) swift-footed.

οξύ-πρφρος, ον, (όξύς, πρώρα) baving a sharp prow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

όξυ-ρεπής, ές, poèt. for δξυρρεπής, = δξύρροπος. δξύρ-ροπος, ον, (δξύς, βέπω) quick-turning, nicely poised, of a delicate balance; easily swayed: metaph.

easily roused or led on, Lat. propensus.

'OΞΥ'Σ, δξεία Ion. δξέα, δξύ, sbarp, keen, pointed; λίθος δεύς a sharpened stone for a knife; ές δεθ άπιγμένον brought to a point; το οξύ the sharp point or II. of impressions on the vertex of a triangle. senses, sharp, keen, piercing; of the sun, like rapidus sol in Virgil, dazzling. 2. of sight, keen, piercing; δξύτατον δέρκεσθαι to be most keen of sight; δξύ άκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, sbarp, 4. of taste, sbarp, punshrill, opp. to βαρύs. 5. of pain or grief, sharp, piercing. quick, sharp, keen, basty, esp. quick to anger. IV. of motion, quick, swift.—Besides Adv of icos, the neut.  $\delta \xi \hat{v}$ , and pl.  $\delta \xi \hat{\epsilon} \alpha$ , are often used as Adv. sbarply, etc. όξύ-στομος, ον, (όξύς, στόμα) sharp-toothed; of the gad-fly, sharp-stinging; of a sword, keen-edged. δξυ-τενής, έε, (δξύε, τείνω) = δξύτονοε.

όξύτης, ητος, ή, (ὀξύς) sbarpness, pointedness. of sound, bigbness of pitch or tone. 2. of taste, pun-III. metaph. sharpness, cleverness.

of action, quickness, baste.

όξυ-τόμος, ον, (όξύς, τεμείν) sharp-cutting, keen. όξύ-τονος, ον, (όξύς, τόνος) stretched to a point: sharp, piercing: violent. II. baving the acute accent, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

όξυ-τόρος, ον, (όξύς, τείρω) piercing, pointed, prickly. οξύ-φθογγος, ον, (ὀξύς, φθόγγος) = ὀξύφωνος. όξύ-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (όξύς, φρήν) barp-witted.

όξύ-φωνος, ον, (όξύς, φωνή) with clear, shrill voice οξύ-χειρ, χειρος, ό, ή, (όξύς, χείρ) quick of band. δξύχειρ κτύπος a sound of quick-beating with the bands.

όξύ-χολος, ον, (όξύς, χόλος) quick to anger.

όξυ-ωπής, ές, (ὀξύς, ωψ) sharp-sighted.

δου, Ep. for ου, gen. of δs or δ.

δπα, Dor. for  $\delta \pi \eta$ .

όπαδέω, όπαδός, Dor. for όπηδέω: όπηδός, an attendant.

**'ΟΠΑ'ΖΩ,** f. δπάσω Ερ. δπάσσω: aor. 1 ἄπἄσα Ερ. δπασσα:--Med., Ep. fut. δπάσσομαι, Ep. aor. I δπασσάμην:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολύν λαδν δπάζειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many:-Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος ὀπάζειν τινί to give him glory to follow: - to add, attach, annex to: -generally, to give, grant, bestow; έργον προς ἀσπίδι ὁπάζειν to put a work of art on the shield. III. to follow, pursue, press bard: absol. to force one's way: - Pass., χειμάρρους όπαζόμενος Διδs δμβρφ a torrent forced on (i. e. swoln with) the rain.

όπαῖος, α, ον,  $(\delta \pi \eta)$  with a hole or opening: as Subst., ona cov, to, a bole in the roof.

**δπανίκα**, Dor. for δπηνίκα.

δπάσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of δπάζω.

όπασσε, όπάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep aos. 1 act. and med οί δπάζω.

οπάσσεαι, Ep. for οπάσει, 2 sing, fut, med. of δπάζω.

ő-πατρος, ον, for δμό-πατρος, (δμός, πατήρ) by the same father.

 $\dot{o}$ πάων  $[\bar{a}]$ , ονος, Ion.  $\dot{o}$ πέων,  $-\epsilon \omega \nu$ ος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{o}$ πάζω) like όπηδόs, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

"ΟΠΕΑ Σ, ἄτος, τό, an awl, Lat. subula: Aeol. υπεαs, which is the usual form.

δπερ, Ep. for  $\delta \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$ .

όπέων, ωνος, ό, Ion. for δπάων.

'OΠH', η̂s, η, an opening, bole: a bole in the roof, for a chimney.

δπη Ep. δππη Dor. ὅπα Ion. ὅκη, Adv of Place, by which way, Lat. qua, and so where, like ὅπου, Lat. ubi · also like ὅποι, whither, Lat. quo. οπη yas, Lat. quo terrarum? to which part of the land? also like Lat. ubi terrarum? where? of Manner, in what way? how?

όπηδέω, Dor. όπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From

όπηδός, όν, Dor. όπαδός, (όπάζω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. οπηδόs, ο, an attendant.

όπηνίκα, Adv. when, at what time. II. since. Lat. quoniam.

oπίas, ov, o, (oπos) cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (οπόs): in full τυρός οπίας.

όπίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: Dep.: (ὅπις):—to bave respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, bonour, obey.

ὅπίθε and ὅπίθεν, Adv., poet. for ὅπισθε, ὅπισθεν όπιθόμ-βροτος, ον, poet, for όπισθύμβροτος, (ὕπιθε βροτός) coming after a mortal; δπιθόμβροτον αύχημα the glory that lives after men.

'Oπικοί, oi, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. 'Oπικόs, ή, όν, ancient, barbarous, Gotbic.

οπιπτεύω, f. σω, (\*ὅπτομαι) to look around after, gaze currously at : generally, to observe, watch.

όπις, ίδος, ή, acc. ὅπιν οι ὅπιδα, (ὄψ) regard paid to a person or thing; I. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment;  $\delta \pi is \theta \in \hat{\omega} v$  the vengeance of the gods. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. neration, respect, Lat. reverentia.

όπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for ὅπισθϵ.

ὅπισθε, and before a vowel ὅπισθεν, Εp. ὅπίθε, őπίθεν: (őπιε): Lat. pone: I, of Place, after. bebind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; ol ὅπισθε those left behind; of  $\delta \pi \iota \sigma \theta \in \lambda \delta \gamma \circ \iota$  the remaining books;  $\tau \delta$  or τὰ ὅπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; els τοῦπι- $\sigma\theta \in \nu$  back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., bebind; also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, bereafter.

δπίσθιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also  $o\varepsilon$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\delta \pi i \sigma \theta \varepsilon)$  binder, Lat. posticus: δπ. σκέλεα the bind-legs.

όπισθο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὅπισθε, βαίνω) walking backwards. [ā]

όπισθό-γράφος, ον, (όπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

backwards.

όπισθό-δομος,  $\delta$ , (ὅπισθε,  $\delta$ όμος) the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.

όπισθο-νόμος, ον, (ὅπισθε, νέμω) grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.

όπισθο-νυγής, έε, (όπισθε, νυγήναι) pricking from bebind.

 $\dot{o}$ πισθ $\dot{o}$ -πους,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , πουν, τ $\dot{o}$ , gen. ποδος, ( $\ddot{o}$ πισθ $\dot{\epsilon}$ , πούε) walking behind, following, attendant

**ὀπισθοφϋλακέω**, f. ήσω, (ὀπισθοφύλαξ) to guard II. to command the rear, form the rear-guard. the rear-guard. Hence

όπισθοφυλακία, ή, the command of the rear.

όπισθο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, ή, (ὅπισθε, φύλαξ) one who watches behind: of οπισθοφύλακεs the rear-guard of an army.

δπίσσω, Adv, Ep for δπίσω.

όπίστατος, η, ον, (ὅπισθε) hindmost, Lat. postre-

όπίσω Ep. όπίσσω, Adv. (ὅπιε) of Place, behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίσω, contr. τοὐπίσω, also είε τοὐπίσω, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, bebind. II. of Time, afterwards, bereafter. over again, again. [Y]

δπλαs, Dor. for δπληs, gen of δπλή.

δπλέω, (ὅπλον) poet. for δπλίζω, to make ready. ὁπλή, ή, (ὅπλον) a boof, properly the solid boof of a horse: but also the cloven boof of horned cattle.

όπλήεις, εσσα, εν, (ὅπλον) armed. "Oπλητες, of, = ὁπλιται, name of one of the four

old tribes at Athens.

δπλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. ωπλισα Ερ. ωπλισσα: --- Med., Ep. aor. I ὑπλισσάμην:-- Pass., aor. I ὑπλί- $\sigma\theta\eta\nu$ , Ep 3 pl.  $\delta\pi\lambda\iota\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$ : pf.  $\delta\pi\lambda\iota\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δύρπον δπλίζεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get of a person, esp. of what country, Lat cujas. ready, barness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, barness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as δπλίται. Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

δπλίσις, ή, a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.

 $\delta$ πλισμα,  $\alpha$ τοs, τ $\delta$ ,  $(\delta$ πλί $\zeta$  $\omega$ ) equipment,  $\alpha$ rmour an army, armament.

δπλισμός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta πλίζω) = δπλισις.$ 

δπλιστέον, verb. Adj. of δπλίζω, one must arm. δπλιστής, οῦ, δ, (ὁπλίζω) of a warrior.

δπλίτ-ἄγωγός, όν, (δπλίτης, ἄγω) commanding the beavy-armed.

δπλίτεύω, f. σω, to be an δπλίτης, serve as a beauyarmed soldier. From

δπλίτης [t], ου, δ, (ὅπλον II. 2) beauy-armed, armed in full armour; δπλίτης στρατός an armed host. as Subst., δπλίτηs, ου, δ, a beavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (δπλον),

όπισθό-δετος, ον, (όπισθε, δέω) bound behind or a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνητε, γυμνηται. Hence

οπλιτικός, ή, όν, of or for a beaug-armed soldier;  $\tau \partial \delta \pi \lambda_i \tau_i \kappa \delta \nu_i = o \delta \pi \lambda_i \tau \alpha_i$ .

δπλομαι, Med. ( $\delta \pi \lambda o \nu$ ) poet, for  $\delta \pi \lambda i \langle \sigma \mu \alpha \iota, to get$ ready for oneself.

δπλομανέω, f ήσω, to be madly fond of arms, bave a mania for war. From

δπλο-μανής, ές, (ὅπλον, μανηναι) madly fond of

οπλομάχία, ή, the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics. From

δπλο-μάχος, ον, (ὅπλα, μάχομαι) fighting in heavy II. one who drills soldiers.

"ΟΠΛΟΝ, τό, any tool or implement: ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords; δπλα χαλκήια a blacksmith's tools; ἀρούρης ὅπλον a sickle; ὅπλον γεροντικόν a staff. II. mostly in plur. implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, barness, armour; rarely in sing. a weapon: èv ὅπλοι**s** μένειν to remain under arms mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὁπλῖται. 3.  $\tau \dot{a} \delta \pi \lambda a$ , =  $\delta \pi \lambda i \tau a i$ , beavy-armed soldiers. 4. τὰ ὅπλα also, the camp, quarters.

ὁπλότερος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and ὁπλότατος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Comp. and Sup. without any Posit in use: poet. for vewrepos, νεώτατος: (ὅπλα):—those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:-then, generally, of age, δπλότερος γενεή younger by birth, Lat. minor natu: -also, ἄνδρες ὁπλότεροι men of later days.

δπλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear beavy arms, be a beavyarmed soldier -Pass. to bave a body-guard. From δπλο-φόρος, ον, (ὅπλα, φέρω) bearing arms, armed: as Subst., ὁπλοφόροs, ὁ, an armed man, a II one of the body-guard warrior.

δποδαπός, ή, όν, (ποδαπός) relat. Adj. what sort

όπόθεν Ep. ὁππόθεν Ion. ὁκόθεν, relat Adv. wbence, II. from what place

ὁπόθι Ερ ὁππόθι, relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.

οποι Ion. δκοι, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where; ὅποι ποτέ whithersoever; μέχρι ὅποι up to what place, how far. 2. c. gen., ὅποι γη̂s whither II. in the world, Lat. quo terrarum. II. of Manner, for ὅπωs, bow, bow far.

δποίος,  $\alpha$ , ον, Ep. δπποίος,  $\eta$ , ον, Ion. δκοίος,  $\eta$ , ον: (ποιοs) relat. Adj. of what ort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis. II. the correlat. of ὑποῖοs is τοῖοs; τοῖοs .. ὑποιος such as; ὑπποιών κ' είπησθα έπος, τοιών κ' ἐπακούσαι**s** such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt III. ὁποῖύs τις refers to a special thou hear again. subject; ὁποιοs τις η what manner of man was IV. ὁποιοs οῦν of what kind soever, Lat. qualiscunque. V. Adv. ὁποίως: also in neut. pl δποία, like as, Lat. qualiter.

'ΟΠΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:—metaph., δπὸς ἥβης the juicy freshness of youth.

**ὀπόs**, gen. of υψ.

δποσάκις, Adv. (ὁπόσος) as many times as ..., as often as .... [ă]

δποσάχή, Adv. (ὁπόσοs) at as many places as ... δπόσο Εp. δππόσε, Adv., poet. for ὅποι, whither. δπόσος, η, ου, Ep. δππόσος, δπόσσος, δππόσσος Ιοπ. δκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as ..., Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as ..., Lat. quantus.

δπότ-ἄν Ερ. δππότ-ἄν, for δπότ' ἄν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whensoever, Lat. quando-

cunque.

δπότε Εp. δππότε Ion. δκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since. δπότερος, α, ον, Εp. δππότερος, η, ον: (πότερος):
—which of two, whether of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. όποτεροσοῦν and ὁπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, utercunque. 3. neut. ὁπότερον and ὁπότερα as Adv., for ὁποτέρως, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

όποτέρωθε, -ωθεν Εp. όπποτ-, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain.

δποτέρως, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways. δποτέρωσε, relat. Adv. (ὁπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

δπου Ion. δκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi.

also c. gen., ὅπου γῆs where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum.

3. ἐθθ ὅπου there are places, where , i. e.
in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi., for alicubi.

4. ὅπου ἀν οι ὅπουπερ ἀν, wherever:—
ὁπουοῦν, ὁπουδή, ὁπουδήποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque.

II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when.

III. of Manner, how.

IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. \*ὅποs.)

οππα, Adv. poet. for ὅπα, Dor for ὅπη.

**ὅππατα,** Dor. for ὅμματα.

όππη, Adv., Ep. for  $\ddot{o}_{\pi\eta}$ .

δππόθεν, δππόθζ, Ερ. for δπόθεν, δπόθι.

δπποίος, δππόσε, Ep. for δποίος, δπόσε.

δππόκα, Dor. for δπότε.

όππόσος, η, ον, Ep. for όπόσος.

όππόταν, όππότ' αν, Ερ. for όπόταν, όπότ' αν.

δππότε, Ep. for  $\delta \pi \delta \tau \epsilon$ .

δππότερος, όπποτέρωθεν, Εp. for ὁποτ-.

oππωs, Ep. for öπωs.

οπτάλέος, a, ον, (όπτάω) roasted: also baked.

**όπτάνιον**, τό, (όπτάω) a kitchen.

όπτασία, ή, (όψομαι) a sight, a vision.

OIITA Ω, impf. ἀπτων: f. ὁπτήσω:—Pass., aor. | quin i ἀπτήθην: pf. ἀπτημα::—to roast or broil meat; of Topp. to ξψω, to boil.

2. to bake bread; also of topottery, to bake or burn.

3. to bake, barden by saw.

exposure to the sun. 4. metaph. of love, to scorcb, burn.

οπτεύμενος, Dor. for δπτώμενος, pres. pass. part. of δπτάω.

όπτεύω, = ὑράω, to see.

όπτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ὄψομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

οπτήριοs, a, ov, (όψομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὀπτήρια (sub. δῶρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

όπτίλος [τ], ὁ, (ὄψομαι) the eye, Dor. also ὀπτίλλος. \*ὅπτομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὁράω

are formed: see δράω.

όπτός, ή, όν, (ὑπτάω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; ἐφθὰ καὶ ὀπτά boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

'OΠΥΓΩ Att. ὁπύω, f. ύσω [v̄]: I. Act of the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὁπυίοντες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ήίθεοι). II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

όπωπα, Ion. pf. med. of ὁράω. Dor. 3 sing. ὀπώπη. ὁπωπή, ἡ, (ὅπωπα) poet, for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision. Il. sight, power of seeing.

όπωπητήρ, ηρος, ό, (ὅπωπα) a spy, looker out.
'ΟΠΩ'PA lon ὁπώρη, ή, properly the part of the year between the rising of Strius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season.

II. from being the fruit-time, ὁπώρα also

means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manbood.

όπωριεῦντες, Ion. for ἐπωριοῦντες, part. Att. fut. of ἐπωρίζω.

όπωρίζω, ſ. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐπώρα) to gather fruits, to gather fruits off a tree.

οπωρινός, ή, όν, (ὁπώρα) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal, ἀστηρ ὁπωρινός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὀπώρα. [ι is long Ep., when last syll. is long]

όπωροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear fruit From όπωρο-φόρος, ον, (όπωρα 11, φέρω) bearing fruit.

δπως Ep. δππως Ion. δκως:-relat. Conj. of Manner, bow, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. sometimes put for olos, as, τοιόν με έθηκεν, ὅπως ἐθέλει, for οἶον ἐθέλει, he has made me such as he 3. ὅπως ἔχω as I am, 1. e. immediately, wills. on the spot. c. gen., σοῦσθε ὅπως ποδῶν (sub.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon au\epsilon$ ), run as you are off for feet, i.e. as quick as 5. όπωσδή, όπωσοῦν, όπωσδηποτοῦν, όπωστιοῦν, howsnever, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὁπωστιοῦν, not in any way whatever, not in the 6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπωs it is not (i. e. cannot be) least. that . . ; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπωε οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin , it cannot but be that . . II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τρώες έρρίγησαν, ὅπως ίδον αlόλον όφιν the Trojans shuddered when they III. like ws and ori, Lat. quam, with Sup.

of Adv. ὅπωε τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. quam celerrime; ὅπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὅπωs as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, that, in order that, so that, Lat. quo, ut, followed. I. by the Subjunct, when the anteced. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὁρᾶ ὅπως γένηται he is looking that he may be; πείρα, ὅπως κεν ἵκηαι keep trying that thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. δρα, δρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with  $\mu\dot{\eta}$ , as,  $\ddot{o}\pi\omega s$  τοῦτό  $\gamma \epsilon$   $\mu\dot{\eta}$  ποιήσηs, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὅπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε see that ye be men! II. by the Optat., if the anteced. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὅπως γένοιτο Ι kept speaking (spoke) that it might be done. III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὅπως Ἰθάκης ἐπιλήσεται she fertile tract of land, a meadow. beguiles him with the view that he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δει σ' υπως δεί-IV. in Att. occurs the phrase  $o\dot{v}\chi \ \ddot{o}\pi\omega s$ , Ě€ιS. άλλά or άλλὰ καί. not only not so, but ..., οὐχ ὅπωs χάριν αὐτοίς έχεις, άλλα καὶ κατά τουτωνὶ πολιτεύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them; —in full, οὐ λέγω ὕπωs I do not say that, etc.; so, οὐχ ὅπωs, ἀλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all. V.  $\delta \pi \omega s \, \mu \dot{\eta}$ , = the Conjunction  $\mu \dot{\eta}$ : generally used only with a or. 2 subj. or with indicat fut.

όράας, Ep. for όρας, 2 sing, of όράω.

οραμα, τό, (ὑράω) that which is seen, a view, sight.

ὄραμνος, δ, later form of ὀρόδαμνος.

οράσις, τως, ή, (ὑράω) seeing, the sense of sight. δρūτός, ή, όν, (ὑράω) to be seen, visible; τὰ ὑρατά visible objects.

'OPA'Ω, impf. Att. ξώρων: lon. δρέω impf. ὥρεον. Ep. also δρόω: pf. εύρακα later εώρακα, pass. εύραμαι later ἐώρāμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root \*OΠT-OMAI, fut. οψομαι, with a rare aor. I ώψάμην: Pass., fut. ὀφθήσομαι: aor. Ι ώφθην inf.  $\partial \phi \theta \hat{\eta} \nu a_i$ : pf.  $\hat{\omega} \mu \mu a_i$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \psi a_i$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \pi \tau a_i$ , inf.  $\hat{\omega} \phi \theta a_i$ : there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὅπωπα, plqpf. ὁπώπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root \*'IΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 act. είδον inf. ίδειν: aor. 2 med.  $\epsilon l\delta \delta \mu \eta \nu$ , inf.  $l\delta \epsilon \sigma \theta a i$ : pf. with pres. sense olda, olo  $\theta a$ , I know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see οἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὲν δρα (3 Ep. impf.) be kept looking continually at them. 2. to bave sight, like  $\beta\lambda \ell\pi\omega$ , opp. to  $\mu\eta$  opav to be blind;  $\delta\sigma'$ ἀν λέγοιμι, πάνθ' δρώντα λέξομαι my words sball bave eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; εν σκότω ὀψοίατο may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be 3. to see, look to, take beed, beware, mostly in Imperat, ὅρα ϵί... 4. c. acc. cognato, δράν άλκάν to look prowess, look like a warrior. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; δράν φάοε 'Ηελίοιο (Hom.), and φως δράν (Att.) to see II. Pass. to be seen, the light, i. e. to be alive. also to appear; c. part, ώφθημεν όντες άθλιοι we were

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὁρώμενα things visible. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

όργάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ώργασα: pf. pass. ώργασμαι: (ὀργάω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. subigo.

όργαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  ἄργ $\mathbf{\bar{a}}$ να:  $(\dot{v}$ ργ $\mathbf{\dot{\eta}})$ :—to make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry. όργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὅργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

 $\ddot{o}$ ργάνον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{\epsilon}$ ργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαίνεα 'Αμφίονος οργανα the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. the work, product itself.

ὄργάνος, η, ον, (\* ξργω) working, fashioning.

 $\dot{o}$ ργάς (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{o}$ ργάω) a well-watered,

οργάω, (ὀργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf, ὀργά ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting. II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at beat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

όργεών, ωνος, Ερ. όργειών, όνος, ό, (όργια) a priest. οργή, ή, (ὀρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., όργαλ ἀστυνόμοι social dispositions. II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath, δργη χρασθαι to indulge one's anger; δργήν άκρος prone to anger, passionate: δργη as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὀργηs, κατ' δργήν, μετ' δργῆs, πρὸs δργήν. 2. Πανός όργαί panic passions, terrors.

οργία, ίων, τά, (έργον) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacri-2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

όργιάζω, f. άσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

όργίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I ώργισα: (ὀργή):to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate. Pass., with fut. med. δργιοθμαι, but also pass. δργισθήσομαι: aor. I ἀργίσθην: pf. ὥργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wroth.

όργίλος [τ], η, ον, (ὀργή) prone to anger, passionate. όργιο-φάντης, ου, ύ, (ύργια, φαίνω) one who initiates others into orgies.

όργυια or όργυια, ή, (formed from δρέγω, as αγυια from άγω) the length of the outstretched arms. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχειs or 6 feet 1 incb, about our fathom: 100 δργυιαί make one stadium. Hence

όργυιαίος, a, ov, a fathom long or large. ορεγμα, ατος, τό, (δρέγω) a stretching out: a bolding out, offering.

δρέγνυμι, = δρέγω, whence δρεγνύs (part. pres.) 'OPETΩ, fut. δρέξω: aor. 1 ώρεξα:-to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. porrigo: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. to reach out, hand, offer, II. Med. δρέγομαι, with aor. I med. ώρεξάμην, and pass. ωρέχθην: pf. pass. δρωρεγμαι:--to stretch oneself out, reach out; χεροί δρέξασθαι to reach with the hands; ὀρέξασθαι έγχει to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσσίν δρωρέχαται (pf.) πολεμίζειν of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (1. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ôpé-Eat' lw be stretched bimself as he went, i. e. went at full stride. 2. c. gen. to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph, to reach after, grasp at, desire. 3. c. acc. to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.

όρει-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (ὅρος, ἄρχω) lord of the mountains. ὁρειάς, άδος, ἡ, (ὅρος) pecul. fem. of ὅρειος, of or belonging to mountains. II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

ορειβάτεω, to roam the mountains. From

όρει-βάτης, ου, ό, (όρος, βαίνω) mountain-ranging. ὁρει-βότης, ου, ό, (όρος, βαίνω) mountain-ranging. ὁρει-δρόμος, ου, (όρος, δραμεῖν) running on the bills ὁρει-νόμος, ου, (όρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

**δρεινόs**, ή, όν, (ὅροs) mountainous, billy. II on or of a mountain: as Subst., ὀρεινόs, δ, a mountaineer.

δρειο-νόμος, ον, = ∂ρεινόμος.

όρειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ion. ούρειος, (όρος) mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains.

ορειο-χάρήs, έs, (όροs, χαρηναι) delighting in the

ορεί-πλαγκτος, see ορίπλαγκτος

όρει-τύπος, ον, (ὅρος, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.

ορει-φοίτης, ου, (όρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging. ορεί-χαλκος, ὁ, (όρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass. ορειώτης, ου, ὁ, (όρος) a mountaineer.

ορεκτός, ή, όν, (ὀρέγω) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

ορεξάμενος, ορέξας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ορέγω.

ορέξις, εως, ή, (ὀρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

ορεό-κομος, ον, incorrect form of δρεωκόμος.

όρεοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of δρνυμι.

ορεοπολέω, to baunt the mountains. From

όρεο-πόλος, ον, (όρος, πολέω) mountain-baunting. όρεσί-τροφος, ον, (όρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

ορέ-σκίος, ον, (όρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains. ορέσ-κοος Ερ. όρεσ-κῶος, ον, (όρος, κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain bred, wild.

**δρέσσ-αυλος,** ον, (δρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the mountains.

δρεσσι, Εp. for δρεσι, dat. pl. of δροε. δρεσσι-βάτηε, ου, δ. = δρειβάτηε. [ἄ]

ορεσσί-γενής, έs, and ορεσσί-γονος, ον, (όρος, γένος, γόνος) mountain-born.

όρεσσι-νόμος, ον, (όρος, νέμω) Ep. for ορεινόμος, feeding on the mountains, mountain-baunting.

'Ορεστεία, ή, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choephoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

ορέστερος, a, or, (öροι) poet, for δρεινόι, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains

όρεστιάς, άδος, ή, (όρος) = 'Ορειάς; Νύμφαι ὀρεστιάδες, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

όρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of ὅρος ὁρεύς Ιοπ. οὐρεύς, έως, ὁ, (ὅρος a mountain) a mule.

ορευs, Dor. for ορεοs, gen. of οροs.

δρεχθέω, f. ήσω, = ὀρέγομαι, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βύες δρέχθεον σφαζύμενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slam: ἀλασσαν ἔα ποτὶ χέρσον ὀρεχθῆν (Dor. inf. for ὀρεχθεῦν) let the sea stretch itself (i. c. roll up) to the beach.

δρέω pl. δρέσμεν, lon. for ὑράω, ὑράομεν. δρησι or δρήσι, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὑράω.

δρημι, Aeol. for δράω, inf. δρήν, part. δρείε.

δρητός, ή, όν, Ion for δρατός.

δρθαι, inf. of  $\check{\omega}$ ρμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of  $\check{o}$ ρνυμι.  $\check{o}$ ρθείω, f  $\sigma \omega$ ,  $(\check{o}$ ρθόs) =  $\check{o}$ ρθόω, to set uρτgρt: set straight

'Ορθία, ή, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia. ὅρθία, ncut. pl. of ὅρθίος: used also as Adv. aloud. ὁρθιάδε, Adv. (ἵρθίος) straight up, upwards.

ορθιάζω, f. άσω (ὅρθιος) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud.

11. to set upright.

ορθίασμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρθιάζω) a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.

ορθιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (¿ρθός) straight up, rising upwards, steep; ορθιον πορεύεσθαι οτ πρώς ορθιον léval to march up bill; τὰ ὄρθια the country from the coast upwards. 2. upright: of animals, 3. straight, right. standing upright, rearing. of the voice, bigb-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; vouos ορθιο a stirring, thrilling air; in neut. pl. as Adv., ὔρθια hvσε she cried aloud. ΙΙΙ. ὄρθιοι λύγοι. Livy's recti ordines, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in φάλαγξ the men stood in line; δρθίους τοὺς λόχους ἄγειν to bring the com-IV. generally, like δρθόs, panies up in column. straight, opp. to crooked.

ορθο-βάτεω, (δρθός, βαίνω) to go straight on or upright.

όρθό-βουλος, ον, (ὀρθός, βουλή) right-counselling. δρθο-δάής, ές, (ὁρθός, δαῆναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

δρθο-δίκαιος, ον, (δρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

όρθο-δίκας, Dor. for δρθοδίκης, ου, ό, (δρθύς, δικάζω) a righteous judge. [t]

δρθοδρομέω, to run straight forward. From

δρθο-δρόμος, ον, (ὀρθός, δραμεῖν) running straight to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. forward.

όρθο-έπεια, ή, (ὀρθύs, έπος) correct language.

όρθό-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (όρθός, θρίξ) with bair upstanding, or making the bair stand on end.

όρθό-κραιρος, α, ον, (ὀρθός, κραίρα) with straight or upright horns, epith. of horned cattle: with upright beaks, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. δρθοκραιράων.

όρθό-κρūνος, ον, (ὀρθός, κρᾶνον) baving a bigh bead or crown: with a lofty mound.

όρθομαντεία, ή, true prophecy. From

όρθό-μαντις, εως Ιου τος, ό, ή, (ὐρθύς, μάντις) α

true propbet.

**ὀρθο-πάλη, ἡ,** (ὀρθόs, πάλη) wrestling upright. [ἄ]  $\dot{o}$ ρθό-πλοος,  $o\nu$ , contr. –πλους,  $o\nu\nu$ ,  $(\dot{o}$ ρθ $\dot{o}$ ς, πλέω) sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful.

ορθοποδέω, (ὀρθόπουs) to walk straight or uprightly  $\dot{o}\rho\theta\dot{o}-\pi o\lambda\iota s$ ,  $\epsilon\omega s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{o}\rho\theta\dot{o}s,\pi\dot{o}\lambda\iota s)$  upholding cities  $\dot{o}$ ρθό-πους,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , gen. -ποδος, ( $\dot{o}$ ρθ $\dot{o}$ ς, πούς) with straight feet: standing upright. steeb.

'OPOO'Σ, ή, όν, straight, Lat. rectus: in height, upright, standing erect. II. in line, straight, straight forward, in a straight line; ὁρθὸs ἀντ' ἡελίοιο τετραμμένοs turned straight to front the sun; ορθών πύδα τιθέναι to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατηρεφήs when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion;  $\beta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \pi \epsilon i \nu \partial \rho \theta \hat{\alpha}$  to see straight or well. III. metaph, right, safe, 2. right, true, exact; δρθ' ἀκούειν to prosperous. be rightly called:  $\delta\rho\theta\hat{\varphi}$   $\lambda\delta\gamma\varphi$  in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθωs λέγειν to speak true. true, genuine, real. 4. upright, righteous, just, Lat. rectus; κατά τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν to judge right-5. on tiptoe, in eager expectation, Lat. coustv. IV.  $\dot{\eta}$   $\partial \rho \theta \dot{\eta}$  (sub.  $\pi \tau \hat{\omega} \sigma \iota s$ ) the erectus animo. nominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique

όρθο-στάδην, Adv (ὀρθόs, στηναι) standing upright, in a standing posture.

όρθο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ὀρθός, στηναι) one who stands II. an upright shaft, pillar: as Adj, κλίμακες δρθοστάται upright ladders. III a sort of cake used in funeral oblations. [a]

 $\delta \rho \theta \delta \tau \alpha \tau \alpha$ , Adv. Sup. of  $\delta \rho \theta \hat{\omega} s$ .

όρθότης, ητος, ή, (ὀρθός) straightness, upright posture.

όρθο-τομέω, (δρθύε, τέμνω) to cut straight: bandle aright.

**ὀρθόω**, f. ώσω: aor. I ὤρθωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἀρθώ- $\theta \eta v : -(\delta \rho \theta \delta s) : -to set straight :$ I. in height, to set upright, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, again:—Pass. to stand or sit upright.

II. metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc. to exalt, bonour, extol. 3. δρθώσαι υμνον to raise the lofty song 4. to guide aright. III. Pass. of actions, to succeed; prosper; τὸ ὀρθούμενον success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper. to be right, be true. 3 to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.

όρθρεύοισα, Dor. for -εύουσα, part. fem. of όρθρεύω, f. σω, (ὄρθρος) to rise or wake early.

**ὀρθρίδιος**, α, ον, poet. for ἔρθριος. [τ] ορθρίζω, f. σω, (ύρθρος) to rise, wake early.

όρθρινός [i], ή, όν, (ὄρθρος) later form for ὅρθριος. ορθρίος, a, ov, also os, ov, (ορθρος) at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early: irreg. Comp. and Sup. δρθριαίτερος, -αίτατος ·-- Neut το δρθριον οτ δρθριον, as Adv in the morning, early

όρθρο-βόαs, ου, δ, (ὄρθροs, βοάω) the early caller, Chanticleer, i. e. the cock.

ορθρο-γόη, ή, (ὅρθρος, γοάω) early-wailing, of the swallow

 $\dot{o}$ ρθρο-λάλος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\ddot{o}$ ρθρος, λαλέω) early-twittering "OPOPOS, b, the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn; τὸν ὅρθρον, absol, in the morning; so, ὅρθρου γενομένου at dawn; and άμα ύρθρο, ές ύρθρον, κατ' δρθρον, περὶ δρθρον; but πρὸς δρθρον towards dawn: ύρθρος βαθύς early morn.

όρθρο-φοιτο-συκοφαντο-δίκο-τάλαίπωρος, ον, (όρθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαίπωρος) όρθ. τρόποι early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious tlaguy wavs

όρθωθείς, aor I pass part, of δρθόω.

όρθ-ώνυμος, ον, (ὀρθός, ὅνομα) rightly-named.

όρθωs, Adv. of δρθόs, rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really.

'Ορθωσία, ή, = 'Ορθία.

ορθωτήρ, ηρος, δ, (δρθδω) one who sets upright, a restorer

όρι-βάτης, ου, ό, dub. for δρειβατής.

'OPITA'NON, To, and opiyovos, h, an acrid herb, marjoram: δρίγανον βλέπειν to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed. [i]

όριγνάομαι, Med., with fut. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. ώρ. γνήθην: (ὀρέγομαι): - to stretch oneself out. c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at,

grasp at.

δρίζω, fut. δρίσω Att. δριω: aor. 1 ώρισα Ion. ούρισα: pf ώρικα:-- Med., fut. δριούμαι: aor. I ώρισάμην:--Pass, fut. ὑρισθήσομαι: aor. I ὑρίσθην: pf. II. metaph. rightness, fitness: the right ωρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (δρος): to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary; ποταμός οὐρίζει τήν τε Σκυθικήν καί την Νευρίδα γην a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris :- Pass., of a country, to be bounded. υρίζειν τινά ἀπὸ γης to part, banish one from the II. to mark out by boundaries, lay down, repair: hence, δρθωθείs raised up, set on one's legs mark out: to limit, define: - Med. to mark out for III. generally, to deter-2. in a line, oneself, set up, dedicate.

2. to define a word. mine, appoint: to settle. 3. to assign, δρίζειν ψηφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

ορικός, ή, όν, (ὀρεύς) of or for a mule. όρινθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of δρίνω.

όρίνω, aor. I ώρινα Ep. όρινα:-Pass. 3 sing. impf. ώρίνετο: aor. Ι ώρίνθην Ερ. ὀρίνθην: (ὄρνυμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. agitare: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

δριον,  $\tau \dot{o}_1 = \ddot{o}\rho os$ , a bound, goal:  $\ddot{o}\rho ia$ ,  $\tau \dot{a}_1$ , bound-

aries, borders, frontier.

ŏριοs, ον, (öροs) of or presiding over boundaries. ορισμα Ion. ούρ-, τό, (ὁρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

όριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

**ὁρί-τροφος**, ον, (ὅρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

δρκάνη, η, = ϵρκάνη, ϵρκος, from ϵργω, ϵἴργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [ă]

δρκ-ἄπάτης, ου, δ, (ὅρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker. ſă

δρκίζω, f. ίσω, (ορκος) to make one swear, adjure. δρκιον, τό, (ὅρκος) an oath. also a pledge, surety. II mostly in plur., ὅρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; υρκια πιστά ταμείν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. foedus ferire, icisse foedus: of two parties, in Med., ὅρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, υρκία συγχευαι, δρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to δρκια φυλάσσειν or 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oatbs, like ίερά.

**δρκιοs**, ον, more rarely a, ον, (δρκοs) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὅρκιοι θεοί the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος όρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

"ΟΡΚΟΣ, ov, δ, an oath; δρκον δμόσαι to swear an oath; ὅρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὅρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. Oρκos, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ορκος was orig. equiv. to ερκος, as δρκούροs to έρκούροs.)

δρκ-οῦρος, δ, = ξρκοῦρος.

ορκόω, f. ώσω, (ὅρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath: - Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

δρκωμα, τό, (δρκόω) an oatb.

δρκωμοσία, ή, (δρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath. δρκωμόσιον, τό, the place of an oath. pl. asseverations on oath. From

δρκωμοτέω, f. ήσω, to take an oath, swear; δρκωμοτείν θεούε to swear by the gods. From

όρκ-ωμότης, ου, ό, (ὅρκος, ὅμνυμι) = ὁρκωτής. δρκωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁρκύω) one who administers an oatb.

δρμάθειν, an aor. 2 form of δρμάω, to rusb, whence subj. ὁρμαθω: but ὁρμαθη is Dor. for ὁρμηθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ορμαθός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὅρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string

of things hanging one from the other.

δρμαίνω, impf. ώρμαινον: aor. i ώρμηνα: (δρμάω): —to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. later, 1. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame.

2. intr. to basten, burry, be impatient.

όρμάω, f. ήσω: aor. I ὥρμησα: pt. ὥρμηκα: (δρμή): I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to burry or rush on: c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen. III. Pass. with fut. med. ὁρμήσομαι; aor. I med. ὑρμήσασθαι and pass. ὑρμηθῆναι; pf. pass. Ψρμημαι.—in same sense as intr. act.: to burry, basten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' έλασσύνων ὑρμώμενοs setting out from or beginning with smaller 3. absol. to rusb on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ώρμηται the report flies abroad.

όρμέατο, lon. for ὥρμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὁρμάω.

δρμειά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\delta}$ ρμιά.

όρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δρνυμι.

ορμέω, f. ήσω, (ορμος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, έπὶ δυοίν ἀγκυραίν ὑρμείν to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow: metaph, to anchor one's bopes upon, depend upon.

δρμεώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of δρμάω.

ορμή, ή, (όρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. impelus; mostly of things, as, ἔγχεοs ὁρμή the force of a spear; πυρὸs ὑρμή the rage of fire; κύματος ὁρμή the shock of a wave. beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία ὑρμη with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

δρμηθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of δρμάω. τορμημα, τό, (ὁρμάω) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

δρμήσειε, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of δρμάω.

δρμητήριον, τό, (ὁρμάω) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, bead-quarters.

ορμιά, ή, (ὅρμος) a fishing-line of borse-bair, Lat. linea. |ī |

δρμίζω, fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσσω Att. -ιω: aor. 1 ωρμισα: (ὄρμοε):—to bring to anchorage, bring into barbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to make II. Med., with fut. med. δρμιοῦμαι, fast of sure.

aor. I med. ὑρμισάμην and pass. ὑρμίσθην: pf. pass. ώρμισμαι:- to come to anchor, anchor; δρμίζεσθαι πρόε πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. metaph. to be in baven, to reach the barbour, i e. to be at rest; δρμίζεσθαι έκ τινος to be dependent on a thing. δρμτη-βόλος, ον, (δρμιά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

δρμο-δοτήρ, ηροs, δ, (όρμοs, δίδωμι) a bringer into

barbour, a pilot.

ορμος, δ, (είρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων όρμοs a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring. II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a barbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a baven, place of shelter or refuge.

όρναπέτιον, τό, Boeot. for ὄρνεον.

 $\delta$ ρνεον,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $= \delta$ ρνις. II. τὰ ὅρνεα, the bird-market. όρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (ὕρνεον, φοιτάω) baunted by birds. **ὀρνίθ-αρχος**, δ, (ὄρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds.  $\lceil \overline{\iota} \rceil$ όρνίθειοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (ὅρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα ὀρνίθεια birds' flesh.

όρνιθευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From όρνιθεύω, f. σω, (ὄρνις) to catch, net, snare birds. όρντθίαs, ου, (ὄρνιε) masc. Adj, a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμών δρνιθίαs a storm of birds.

όρνιθικός, ή, όν, (ὄρνις) of or for birds.

όρνίθιον, τό, Dim. of ὅρνις, a little bird: a nestling, chicken. [vī]

ορνιθό-yovos, ον, (ορνις, \*γένω) sprung from a bird.  $\dot{\delta}$ ρν $\ddot{\iota}\theta$ ο- $\dot{\theta}$ ήρας, ου,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (ὅρνις,  $\theta$ ηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

όρνιθο-λόχος Dor. όρνιχ-, ό, (ὅρνις, λοχάω) a bird-

catcher, fowler.

ορντθομανέω, f ήσω, to be mad for birds. From όρνιθο-μάνής, ές, (ὕρνις, μανηναι) mad after birds. **ὀρνῖθο-πέδη, ἡ**, (ὅρνι $\mathbf{s}$ , πέδη) a snare or gin for birds. **ὄρνιθος**, gen. of *ὄρνι***s**: Ep. dat. pl. ὀρνίθεσσι.

όρντθο-σκόπος, ον, (ὕρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θακος δρνιθοσκόποs an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

όρνιθο-τροφία, ή, (ὅρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

ὄρνίος, ον, also os, ον, poet. for ὀρνίθειος. "OPNIΣ, o, but also ή: gen. δρνίθος, etc.: acc. sing.  $\mathring{o}$ ρν $\ddot{\iota}\theta$ α and  $\mathring{o}$ ρν $\iota$ ν: pl.  $\mathring{o}$ ρν $\ddot{\iota}\theta$ ες, etc.: Att. pl.  $\mathring{o}$ ρν $\iota$ ις, gen. ὄρνεων, acc. ὄρνειs: Dor. forms, gen. ὄρνῖχοs, pl. ὄρνῖχεs, etc, as if from a Nom. ὅρνιξ:—a bird: often added to the names of birds, as ύρνις ἀηδών, ορνιε πέρδιξ, the nightingale, the partridge. also like olwvós, a bird of omen, öpvis κακόs a bird of evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of

birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III. in Att., δρνις, δ, a cock; δρνις, ή, a ben. IV. in pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf.  $\delta\rho\nu\epsilon\sigma\nu$ .

poët. Μουσων ὄρνιθες the birds of the Muses, i. e. VI. proverb , ὀρνίθων γάλα ' pigeon's milk,' poets.

i. e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ορνίχος, -χα, Dor. gen and acc. of ορνιε: poët. dat. pl. όρνίχεσσι.

ὄρνῦθι, ύτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνυμι.

ορνύμεν, ορνύμεναι, Ep. for ορνύναι, pres. inf. of

ορνύμενος, η, ον, pres. med. part. of δρνυμι.

ορνύμι or ορνύω [v], lengthd. form of Root \* OPΩ: imperat. ὄρνῦθι, ὑτω, etc.: impf. ὤρνυον: fut. ὄρσω: aor. I ἄρσα, part. ὅρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ὅρσασκε: 3 sing. redupl. aor 2 ὅρωρε:—Med. ὅρνῦμαι, imperat. ὔρνυσο, ύσθω, υσθε, part. ὀρνύμενος: impf. ἀρνύμην, 3 sing. and pl. ώρνυτο, ώρνυντο: fut. ὅρσομαι, also όροθμαι, 3 sing. όρείται: aor. 2 ώρόμην, 3 sing. ώρετο contr. ωρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὅροντο also ὁρέοντο; 3 sing. subj. ὄρηται; imperat. ὄρσο or ὅρσεο Ion contr. ὄρσευ; inf ὄρθαι, contr. for ὀρέσθαι; part. ὄρμενος, η, ον, for δρόμενος -pf. δρωρα, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. ὀρώρη: 3 sing. plapf. ὀρώρει, also ἀρώρει. Act, to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:-Med, with pf ὅρωρα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσόκε μοι φίλα γοῦνατ' δρώρη while my limbs bave power 2. Act. to make to arise, call fortb: of to move. animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase: - Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:-Pass. and Med to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, in-4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, flamed. excite, Lat. ciere: - Med. to come on, to arise, Lat.

**ὅρνῦτο, ὅρνυντο**, Ερ. for ἄρνυτο, ἄρνυντο, 3 sing and pl. impf. of opvupi.

"OPOBOΣ, δ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

όρόγυια, ή, poet. for ὀργυιά.

όροδαμνίς, ίδος, ή, Dim of δρόδαμνος, a sprig. όρόδαμνος, ό, a bough, branch.

όρο-θεσία, ή, (ύρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries,

boundaries. όροθύνω: Ep. impf. ὀρόθῦνον: also aor. I imperat.

δρόθυνον . -like ὅρνυμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on. δροί-τυπος, ον, = δρείτυπος.

ορομαι, Dep (οδρος a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

όρο-μαλίδες, αί, (ύρος, μήλον) Dor. for δρομηλίδες, a kind of wild apples.

'OPO'Σ or oppos, o, whey, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2 the watery parts of the blood.

'OPOΣ Ion. ουρος, εος, τό, a mountain, bill: a range or chain of hills.

"OPOΣ Ion. οὖρος, ου, δ, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark. 2. ovooi, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit, III. the definition of a word. measure.

'Οροσάγγαι, oi, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, = εὐεργέται.

όρούω, fut. σω: aor. Ι έρουσα: (έρνυμι):--intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to basten, dart or start forward.

όροφή, ή, (ἐρέφω) the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a bouse.

οροφη-φάγος, ον, (ἐροφή, φαγεῖν) roof-devouring. οροφη-φόρος, ον, (ἐροφή, φέρω) bearing a roof.

οροφίαs, ου, δ, living under a roof; μῦς δροφίας the domestic mouse, opp. to μῦς ἀρουραῖος (the field mouse); δροφίας ὄφις a tame snake.

όροφος, δ, (ἐρέφω) the reeds used for thatching bouses. II. a roof: in pl. a bouse, temple.

δρόω, Ερ. for δράω: part. δρόων for δρών.

δρόωντι, Dor. for δρωσι, 3 pl. of δράω.

"OPIIHE Att. δρπηξ, ηκος, Dor. δρπαξ, ακος, δ:
—a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a
lance.

II. metaph. a scion, descendant.

όρρανός, δ, Aeol. for οὐρανός

**ὀρρο-πύγιον**, τό, (ὄρρο**s**,  $\pi \nu \gamma \dot{\eta}$ ) the tail or tail-feathers of birds. 2. the tail-fin of fish. 3. the tail or rump of any animal.  $\lceil \bar{\nu} \rceil$ 

'OPPOΣ, ò, the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.

'OPPO' $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\delta \rho \delta s$ , whey, serum.

δρρωδέω Ion. άρρωδ: f. ήσω:—to sbudder at, sbrink from, dread, Lat. borreo, c. acc: c. gen rei, to fear for or because of a thing. Hence

ορρωδία, ή, a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.

όρσαs, aor. I part. of ὄρνυμι.

δρσασκε, Ion. for ώρσε, 3 sing aor. 1 of ὅρνυμ. ὅρσεο, ὅρσευ, Ep. for ὅρσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of ὅρνυμ.

ορσί-κτύπος, ον, (όρνυμι, κτύπος) noise-arousing;

Zevs δρσίκτυποs the rouser of thunder.

όρσι-νεφής, έε, (δρνυμι, νέφοε) cloud-raising.
όρσι-πους, -ποδοε, ό, ή, (δρνυμι, πούε) raising the foot, light-footed.

όρσο, Ep. for όρσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of όρνυμι,

bestir thee! up! arouse thee!

όρσο-θύρη, ή, (ὄρνυμι, θύρα) a raised door approached

by steps. [v]

όρσολοπείνω and -έω, to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμός δρσολοπείται my heart is troubled From όρσόλοπος, ον, provoking strife, turbulent. (Deriv. uncertain.)

όρσός, Lacon. for δρθός.

όρσο-τρίαίνης Dor. -τριαίνας, α, ό; a poet. nom. -τρίαινα: (ὅρνυμ, τρίαινα):—wielder of the trident. ὅρσω, fut. of ὅρνυμ.

δρτάζω, Ion. for ξορτάζω.

όρταλίs, ίδοs, ή, (όρνυμι) the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken. Hence

όρτάλιχεύs and όρτάλιχοs, δ, a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.

δρτή, ή, Ion. for έορτή.

"Όρτυγία, ή, (όρτυξ) properly Quail-island, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Naσοs or the Island.

όρτυγο-κόπος, ον, (ὅρτυξ, κόπτω) playing at knocking down quails.

ορτύγο-μήτρα, ή, (ὅρτυξ, μήτηρ) a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Όρτυγία.

"OPTΥΞ, ĕγos, o, the quail, Lat. coturnix, - icis.

όρυγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δρύσσω.

δρυγμα, τό, (δρύσσω) a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown. II. = ὅρυζις.

όρυγμαδός, ό, late form for δρυμαγδός.

**ὀρυκτόs**, ή, όν, (ὀρύσσω) dug, formed by digging. II. dug out, quarried, mined

ορύμαγδόs, δ, a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice

ὄρυξ, ἔγος, ὁ, (ὀρύσσω) a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Libya, so called from its pointed borns.

ορύξαι, aor. I inf. of δρύσσω.

**όρυξις**, εως, ή, (ὀρύσσω) a digging.

όρυs, vos, δ, an unknown wild animal in Libya.

'ΟΡΥΈΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. δρύξω: aor. 1 ώρυξα Ερ. δρυξα: pf. δρώρυχα: plqpf. ἀρωρύχειν:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀρύχθην: pf. δρώρυγμαι: plqpf. ἀρωρύγμην: —to dig. Lat. fodio. 2. to dig up: Med., λίθους δρύξασθαι to bave stones dug or quarried: Pass., δ δρυσσόμενος χοῦς the soil that was dug up. 3. to dig through, make a passage through, burrow. 4. to bury.

δρφάνευμα, τό, orphan state. From

**ὁρφἄνεύω**, f. σω, (ὀρφανόs) to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut med -εύσομαι, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.

**όρφανία**, ή, (δρφανό**s**) orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.

ορφανίζω, f. σω, (òpφανύs) to make orphan: to bereave, deprive:—Pass to be left an orphan.

ορφανικός, ή, όν, (ὀρφανός) orphan, fatherless; ημαρ ορφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.

**ὀρφάνιος**, ον, = ὀρφανικός.

 $\delta \rho \phi \delta v \sigma \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $(\delta \rho \phi a v'(\zeta \omega))$  one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.

'OPΦA'NO'Σ, ή, όν, Att ós, όν, Lat ORBUS, left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless. 2. c. gen. reft or bereft of a thing; δρφανοί γενεᾶs reft of offspring, childless.

ορφάνο-φύλαξ, άκοε, δ, (ὀρφανόε, φύλαξ) the guardian of an orphan. [v]

όρφανόω, f. ωσω, (ὀρφανόs) to make orphan: - Pass. to be bereft of a thing

"Oppeios, a, ov, of Orpheus. From

'Ορφεύς, έως, δ, Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard. δρφναίος, α, ον, (δρφνη) dark, dusky, murky. II. nightly, by night.

"OPΦNH Dor. ὄρφνα, ή, darkness, night: gloom. Hence

δρφνίνος, η, ον, dark, dusky; δρφνινον χρωμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between πορφύρεσε and φοινίκινος.

**ὀρφνίτης, ο**υ, ὀ, (ὄρφνη) dusky. [Ι]

'OPΦO'Σ Att. δρφώs, δ, a kind of sea-perch. ὄρχαμος, δ, (ὄρχος) the first of a row, a file-leader, fugle-man: the Coryphaeus or leader of the chorus. δρχάτος, δ, = δρχος, a row of trees.

of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchat, an or-(From ὅρχος, like μέσατος from cbard, garden. μέσοι.)

όρχέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. ι ωρχησάμην: Dep.: (δρxos):-to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὀρχείσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat Cyclopa moveri, to dance the Cyclops. 2. to leap.

όρχηδόν, Adv. (όρχος) one after another, all in a row, man by man, Lat. virītim.

όρχηθμός Ion. όρχησμός, δ, (δρχέομαι) a dancing, the dance.

ὄρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) a dance, dancing.

**ὄρχησις, ἡ**, (ὀρχέομαι) dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing.

ορχησμός, δ, Att. for δρχηθμός.

όρχηστήρ, ήρου, ό, and όρχηστής, οῦ, ό, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancer. Hence

ορχηστικός, ή, όν, of, fit for dancing.

ορχηστο δίδάσκαλος, δ, (δρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) α dancing-master

όρχηστο-μανέω, f. ήσω, (ὀρχέομαι, μανήναι) to be dancing-mad.

όρχήστρα, ή, (ὀρχέομαι) an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus II generally, a place for dancing.

ὀρχηστρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ὀρχηστής, a dancing girl. ορχηστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δρχησις, (ὀρχέομαι) the dance, dancing; contr. dat. δρχηστυί.

'OPXI'AOS, o, a bird, prob. the wren. [7]

ορχίπεδάω, f. ήσω, (ορχίπεδον) to seize the testicles.

δρχ ι-πέδη, ή, (δρχιε, πέδη) impotence.δρχί-πεδον, τό, m pl. δρχίπεδα, τά, (δρχιε, πέδον)

the testicles, Lat. testiculi "OPXIX, tos and  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ , pl.  $\delta \rho \chi \epsilon \iota s$  or  $\delta \rho \chi \bar{\iota} s$  Ion.  $\delta \rho$ -

xies, a testicle, the testicles. 'Όρχομενόs, ή, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was 'Ορχομενόs Μινύειος

in Bocotia. 'OPXOΣ, δ, a row of trees; cf. δρχατοs.

**όρωρα**, pf. of δρνυμι.

δρώρει, 3 sing. Ep. plapf. of δρνυμι.

όρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὅρνυμι, equiv. to δρωρε: subj. δρώρηται.

όρωρέχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of δρέγω. όρωρέχατο, Ion. 3 pl plqpf, pass. of δρέγω.

δρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δρύσσω.

δρώρτχα, pf. of δρύσσω.

"ΟΣ, η, δ; gen. οὖ, η\*, οὖ, dat. οὖ, η, οὖ; acc. ὄν, ην, ὅ: pl., nom. oi, ai, a; gen. av; dat. ois, als, ois; acc. ovs, ds, d. There is also an Ion. gen. dov, fem. ins; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. no and no.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, who, which or that, Lat. qui: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced. perform the due rites.

by attraction, as, τη ε γενεη ε, η ε Ζευ ε δωκε, for ην Zeùs δωκε: the neut. 8 is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, δ δὲ πάντων  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \iota \sigma \tau \sigma \nu$ ,  $\delta \delta \epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} \nu \tau \omega \nu \delta \epsilon \iota \nu \dot{\sigma} \tau \alpha \tau \sigma \nu$ , etc., but what is greatest of all, what is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for iva, as in Lat. qui for ut, to express an end or intention, as, αγγελον ήκαν, δε άγγείλειε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing, of Time, Et ov (sub. xpovov) from the time when, since: also ου alone, when; εστιν ου some-2. of Place, of which place, i. e. times, at times. where; ἔστιν οδ in some places II dat sing. fem. n, of Place, Lat. qua, at which place, where . later, of motion to a place, whither:—in full  $\tau \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta}$ ... there, where .., thither, whither . 2. of the Way or Manner, like ὅπωs, as Lat. quomodo; ἢ θέμις ἐστίν as is right: so far as, Lat. qua, quatenus. Sup. Adv., ή μάλιστα, ή άριστον, etc., like ώς μάλιστα, etc., Lat. quam maxime, etc. III. acc. sing neut. ő, for δι' ő, that, because, Lat. quod. 2. wherefore, Lat. quapropter.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. ős γε, Lat qui quidem or quippe qui, gives the Relat a limiting force, who at least, since it was be who . . . II. ős ke ot kév Att. ôs ấv, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. quicunque, wbosoever, who if any ...

B. "Os is also used as a Demonstr. Pron., for outos or  $\delta \delta \epsilon$ , this, that; chiefly in nom. masc.  $\delta s$  or  $\delta \tilde{l}$ , sometimes in fem. # and neut. 5: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, 3 8' II. in opposition, of , of .. these ..., those , the one party, the other: Att.  $\delta s \mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \dots \delta s$ , the other: & μέν , & δέ partly ., the one partly .. III. Es kal Es such and such a person, so and so.

C. There is also a Possessive Pron., os, H, ov, mostly of the third person, for &os, bis, ber: Ep gen. II. of the second person, for σόs, thy, III. of the first person, for εμόs, my, mine

δσάκι Ep δσσάκι, Adv. (οσος) as many times as, as often as, Lat. quoties.

δσάτιος, α, ον, Ion. δσσάτιος, poet. for δσος. [α] δσάχου, Adv. (δσος) in as many places as.

ὄσδος, Aeol. for όζος.

őσδω, Dor. for ὄζω.

δσ-ημέραι, Adv., for δσαι ήμέραι, as many days as are, i. e. daily, day by day, like Lat. quotidie for quot dies.

δσία Ion. -ίη, ή, properly fem. of δσιος, divine law, the law of nature, answering to Lat. fas: hence oux δοίη Att. οὐχ δοία, c. inf., it is against the law of nature to do; πολλην δσίαν του πράγματος νομίσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing. service of God, rites, offering; δσίης ἐπιβηναι to III. proverb., dolas Evera ποιείσθαί τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. dicis caussa. [1]

Socios, a, ov, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τα δσια και δίκαια things of divine and human ordi-2. as opp. to lepos (sacred, reserved to the gods), socios means what is not so reserved, i.e appropriated or permitted to man's use; lepà καὶ ὅσια the property of gods and men, Lat. sacra et profana; οσιον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so =  $\beta \in \beta \eta \lambda os$ , Lat profanus. II. more rarely of persons, prous, devout, scrupulous, religious; c gen., lepων πατρφων όσιος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; boiai χείρεs pure, clean hands.

δσίότης, ητος, ή, (οσιος) observance of divine law,

religiousness, piety, boliness.

δσίοω, f. ώσω, (δσιος) to make boly, to ballow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. explare: - Med., στόμα όσιουσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

δσίως, Adv. of ὅσιος, religiously, piously: Comp.

δσιώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

όσμάομαι, Dep., like όδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

**ὀσμή**, ή, (ὄζω) like ὀδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

όσον-ων, Ion. for ὅσον οὖν, however little, Lat. quan-

tulumcunque.

"ΟΣΟΣ, ὅση, ὅσον, Ερ. ὅσσος, ὅσση, ὅσσον, Lat. quantus: - of Size, as great as, bow great: of Quantity, as much as, bow much: of Space, as far as, bow far: of Time, as long as, bow long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud: —its Antecedent is τόσοs, after which ὅσοs must be simply rendered as;  $\delta \sigma a \pi \lambda \epsilon \hat{i} \sigma \tau a$  or  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \hat{i} \sigma \tau a \delta \sigma a$  as much as possible. In plur. all that, as many as, often 2. of Time, ὅσοι μῆνες, ὅσαι ἡμέραι after πάντεs. every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. quot menses, quot dies; cf. δσημέραι. 3. őσος δή and όσοσδήποτε, bow great soever be be, Lat. quantuscunque; őσοs áv bow great soever. II. neut. ὅσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion, ὅσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὅσον τ' δργυιαν about a fathom; δσον τ' ἐπὶ ήμισυ to about 3. ὅσον μόνον, Lat. tantum non, all but; so also, δσον οὐ; but Att. ὅσον and ὅσον μόνον only so far as, only just; ὅσον ὅσον only just. ἐπί and ὅσσον τ' ἐπί as far as, Att. ἔφ' ὅσον. with Comp. and Sup., ὅσον βασιλεύτερός ἐστι so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6 δσον τάχοι as quick as possible: more usu. ὅσον τάχιστα. όσον αὐτίκα, also, όσον οὐκ ήδη all but now, instantly. 8. οὐχ ὅσον not only not, Lat. ne dicam. δσφ inasmuch as, with Comp. δσφ πλέον, δσφ μαλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ὄσφ with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσούτφ, the more . . , so much the more ..., like Lat. quo or quanto melior. 3. ὅσφπερ by bow much, in so far as. eo , etc.

δσοσ-περ, δση-περ, δσον-περ, bowever great or much, as great or as much as.

δσ-περ, ή-περ, ő-περ, (Ep. also ὅπερ masc., as ὅ τε masc. for ὅστε), who, which, indeed, the very man who or thing which, Lat. qui quidem.

"OΣΠΡΙΌΝ, τό, pulse, beans: vegetables.

"ΟΣΣΑ", ή, a rumour, Lat. fama. a divine voice or II. generally, a voice. sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. όμφή.

όσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of őσοs.

δσσάκι, Adv., Ion. for δσάκι. [α] όσσάτιος, Ion. for ὑσάτιος. [ἄ]

'ΟΣΣΕ, τώ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as,  $\delta\sigma\sigma\epsilon$   $\phi\alpha\epsilon\nu\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\delta\sigma\sigma\epsilon$   $\alpha\dot{\epsilon}\mu\alpha\tau\dot{\epsilon}\epsilon\nu\tau\alpha$ ; the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὅσσων, ὅσσοις, ὄσσοισι.

δσστχος, η, ον, Dim. of σσος, σσσος, as little, how little, Lat. quantulus.

"O**\Sigma\SigmaOMAI**, ( $\sigma\sigma\epsilon$ ) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):-to see. one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

όσσος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for őσος.

όστάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀστέον, a little bone.

οσ-τε, ή-τε, ό-τε, (Ep. also ό τε for masc., as όπες masc. for  $\delta\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$ ) who, which.

όστέϊνος, η, ον, (ὀστέον) made of bone, bony.

ΌΣΤΕΌΝ Att. contr. όστοῦν, τό, pl ὀστέα Att. contr. δστα:—a bone, Lat. OS, OSSIS.

όστεόφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of ὀστέον.

 $\delta \sigma \tau i vos$ ,  $\eta$ , ov,  $(\partial \sigma \tau \acute{\epsilon} ov) = \partial \sigma \tau \acute{\epsilon} i vos$ , bony, of bone: neut. pl. ὄστινα, τά, as Subst., Lat, tibiae, bone

**ὄσ-τις, ή-τις,** ὅ τι οr ὅ, τι; gen. οὖτινος, ἦστινος; dat. ϕτινι, ἢτινι, etc.: pl. οἶτινεs, αἶτινεs, ἄτινα, etc.; (Ep. also ő-τις tor masc., as ὅπερ for ὅσπερ, ὅ τε for ὄστε); neut. ὅ ττι. II. also declined, gen. ὅτου, dat. ὅτφ: Ep. gen. ὅττεο contr. ὅττευ and ὅτευ, dat. őτεφ: acc. ὅτινα:—plur., nom. neut. ὅτινα; gen. ὅτεων Att. ὅτων; dat. ὁτέοισιν, also fem. ὁτέησιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. ἄσσα Att. ἄττα. Wbosoever, which soever, any one who, anything which, differing from os, as Lat. quisquis, quicunque, from qui; ο τις κ' επίορκον ομόσση wboso forswears himself; οὐδεὶs ὄστιε οὕ there is none who does not, i. e. every one; οὐδέν ὅ τι οῦκ everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for os, qui. III. neut. δ τι or o, Ti absol. as Adv. wherefore, for what reason.

δστο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (δστέον, λέγω) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

όστοῦν, τό, Att. contr. for δστέον.

όστο-φύής, ές, (ὀστέον, φυή) of bony nature.

όστρακεύς, έωε, ὁ, (ὅστρακον) a potter.

όστρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (όστρακον) to banish by potsberds, ostracise; see δστρακισμύε.

όστρακίνδα, Adv. (ὅστρακον) played with potsberds, of a game in which potsherds black on one side and or tails.'

όστράκινος, η, ον, (ὄστρακον) like earthenware: earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δστρακισμός, δ, (δστρακίζω) banishment by potsherds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

όστρακό-δερμος, ον, (ὅστρακον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

όστρακόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for όστράκινος.

"OΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsberd, Lat. testa: the earthen tablet used in voting. 2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware. II. the hard shell of testacea, as smalls, tortoises.

όστρακό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ὅστρακον, χρόα) with a hard skin, shell of rind.

όστρειο-γραφής, ές, (ὅστρειον, γράφω) purplepainted.

δστρεον or -ειον, τό, (δστέον) an oyster, Lat. on-II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum. όστ-ώδης, ες, (ὀστέον, είδος) like bone, bony.

όσφραίνομαι, fut. ὀσφρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀσφρόμην, part. δσφρόμενος: Dep.: (ὄζω):—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, ὀσφραίνεσθαι δδμήν. Hence

όσφραντήριος, a, ov, smelling, that can be smelt. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

όσφρέσθαι, aor. 2 mf. of όσφραίνομαι.

οσφρησις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ὀσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of

όσφρόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

**ὄσφροντο**, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ΌΣΦΥ'Σ, ύos, acc δσφύν and δσφύα, ή, the hip, Lat. coxa.

" $O\Sigma XO\Sigma$ , ov,  $\delta$ , =  $\mu \delta \sigma \chi os$  1, a sucker, shoot. a vinebranch.

δτα, Aeol. for  $\tilde{\upsilon}\tau\epsilon$ , like  $\pi\dot{\upsilon}\tau a$  for  $\pi\dot{\upsilon}\tau\epsilon$ .

δτάν, for  $\ddot{o}\tau$   $\ddot{a}\nu$ , equivalent to Ep.  $\ddot{o}\tau\epsilon$   $\kappa\epsilon\nu$ ,  $(\ddot{o}\tau\epsilon$ , av):-Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quandocunque, foll. by subj.

ότε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:—the proper Antec. is  $\tau \delta \tau \epsilon$ , sometimes  $\tilde{\epsilon} \nu \theta \alpha$ , or any Adv. of Time. 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing tbat, Lat. quandoquidem. 3.  $\ddot{o}\tau \in \mu \dot{\eta}$  is used for  $\epsilon l$ μή, unless, except, save when; οὕτέ τεφ σπένδεσκε  $\theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau \epsilon \mu \eta \Delta i t \pi \alpha \tau \rho i$  nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove. ΙΙΙ. πρίν γ ότε ere the time when, before that. 2. €ls őτ€ IV. έσθ' ὅτε or κ∈ν against the time when. ἔστιν ὅτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, V.  $\delta \tau \epsilon$  is also used without any sometimes. conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses,  $\delta \tau \epsilon$ μέν ..., ὅτε δέ ..., now ...; sometimes ..., sometimes; at one time ..., at another time ...; but

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads | in Il. often answered by άλλοτε, as, ὅτε μὲν κακόs, άλλοτε δ' ἐσθλόε.

> ότε, neut. of ὅστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of ὅστε. ότέοισιν, Ep. for οἶστισιν, dat. pl. of ὅστιε.

ότευ, Ion. for οὖτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ότεφ, Ep. for φτινι, dat. of σστιε.

ότεων, Ep. for ὧντινων, gen. pl. of ὅστιs.

ότι Εp. όττι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of ootis, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. οτι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English. III ὅτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οίδ' ὅτι (sub οὕτως ἔχει) I know that ιt is so; so οἶσθ' ὅτι, ἴσθ' ὅτι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for  $\delta \hat{\eta} \lambda o \nu \ \tilde{o} \tau \iota \ o \tilde{\upsilon} \tau \omega s \ \tilde{\epsilon} \chi \epsilon \iota$ . ὅτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like εἰ μή. V. μὴ ὅτι . . . ἀλλά . . , like μὴ οπωs and μη iva, not that so and so is the case ..., but ...; not only so, but ..., Lat. non modo non . , VI. μη ὅτι alone, without an sed ne quidem ... answering alla, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that ..., not to say that

B. oti, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod. 2 in Ep. sometimes for τούν εκα, therefore. II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep ὅττι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime. Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, ὅτι πλεῖστον χρόνον as long a time as possible; ὅτι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible. 3. with a Subst. only in phrase ὅτι τάχος for ὅτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

ο τι, neut, of οστις, anything which; often written

 $\tilde{o}$ ,  $\tau \iota$ , to distinguish it from  $\tilde{o}\tau \iota$ , that.

ότιή, Conjunct., (ὅτι) because. ότινα, Ep. for ὅντινα and ἄτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl of ὅστιs.

ότινας, Ep for ουστινας, άστινας, acc. pl. of όστις.

ő-τις, Ep. and Ion. for ὅστις.

ότλεύω, f. -εύσω, οτ ότλέω, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure. From

ŏ-τλos, δ, suffering, distress. (ὅτλοs is formed from  $\tau \lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \mu$ , with o euphon.)

ότοβέω, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From οτοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

ότοτοι, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab! woe! also lengthd. ὀτοτοτοί, ὀτοτοτοτοί.

ότοτύζω, (from ότοτοι, as aláςω from alai) to cry ότοτοί, to wail, lament:-Pass. to be bewailed. Hence 'Οτοτύξιοι, oi, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

ŏτου, ὅτῳ, gen. and dat. sing., ὅτων, ὅτοις, gen. and dat. pl. of ootis.

ότραλέωs, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. ότραλέος = ότρηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

ότρηρός, ά, ύν, (ὀτρύνω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous. öτρίχες, nom. pl. of öθριξ.

**ὀτρῦναι,** 20r. Ι inf. of ὀτρύνω. ότρύνεια, Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ότρύνω. **ὀτρῦνέμεν**, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω. ότρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ότρύνω. ότρυνέω, Ep. and Ion, fut, of ότρύνω

ότρυντύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for ότρυνσις, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

'ΟΤΡΥ'ΝΩ [v]: impf. ωτρυνον Ιοπ. ότρύνεσκον: fut. ὄνω Ep. and Ion. ὄνέω: aor. I ώτρῦνα:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:-Pass, to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to basten. 2. of animals, to spur, good, 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, cheer on. speed.

**ὅττα, ἡ**, Att. for ὅσσα

όττεο contr. όττευ, Ep. for οὖτινος, gen of ὅστις. δττί, Ep. for ὅτι, that.

δ ττι, Ep. for δ τι, neut. of δστιs.

όττοβέω, όττοβος, wrong forms for ότοβέω, ότοβος. όττομαι, Att. for όσσομαι.

δτφ, Att. for φτινι, dat. of δστιs.

OY', before a vowel with smooth breathing ούκ, before one with rough breathing oux: in Att. also ούχί [t] Ep. ούκί [t]: negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas  $\mu\dot{\eta}$  is used in dependent; οὐκ ἀγαθών ἐστι it is not good; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems not. II. où may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative os, after the Conjunctions ὅτι because, ἐπεί, ἐπειδή since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. où is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by though or since with a verb, but  $\mu \dot{\eta}$  is used when the Participle is expressed by if or unless, as, où \(\lambde{\epsilon}\)  $\gamma \omega \nu = \delta \tau \iota \ o \dot{\iota} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$ ; but  $\mu \dot{\eta} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega \nu = \epsilon \dot{\iota} \ \mu \dot{\eta} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$ . οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνυ not by any means, ούχ ήκιστος not the least, i.e. the greatest. III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by any, even, anywhere, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμοῦ οὐδείs no one ever did it. is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν 'Ολυμπον no, by Olympus.

Où in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οῦ νυ καὶ ἄλλοι ξασι; are there not others too? implying that there are. the fut. with ov is used interrog, instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσειs; wilt thou not do it? i. e. do it.

Of takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ην καλός μέν, μέγας δ' οŭ. II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοίε τέθνηκεν οὖτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὕ he is dead to the gods, not to them, no. III. when où is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody:—if the vowel  $\eta$  precede où, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ħ οὐ, μὴ οὐ: so also eyè où.

où, gen. of relat. Pron. 8s, q. v.

ou, Lat. sui, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αύτοῦ, αύτηs, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτηs.

ová, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. vah! oùal, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. vae, ab! woe! ούαs, ατος, τό, poet. for oύs, the ear. Hence

οὐἄτόεις, εσσα, εν, with ears, long-eared. with ears or bandles.

ού γάρ, for not. II, in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, no-wby should you?

οὐ γὰρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μη σκῶπτέ μ' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶs, which in full would be μή σκῶπτέ με· οὐ γὰρ σκωπτικῶs, ἀλλὰ κακῶs ἔχω do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

où yap ouv, a negat. answer, why no, certainly not. ού γάρ ποτε, for never.

ού γάρ που, for in no manner.

ουγώ, Att crasis for δ έγώ

οὐδαμά and οὐδαμη, Adv. of οὐδαμός, nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way. II. in no way, in no wise.

οὐδαμόθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμός) from no place, from no side.

οὐδαμόθι, Adv. (οὐδαμύς) poet. and Ion for οὐδαμοῦ, nowhere, in no place: c. gen., οὐδαμόθι τῆς Εὐpώπηs in no part of Europe.

οὐδ-ἄμός, ή, όν, for οὐδὲ ἀμός, not even one, i.e.

οὐδαμόσε, Adv. (οὐδαμός) to no place, no way

οὐδαμοῦ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, nowhere: c. gen, οὐδα- $\mu o \hat{v} \gamma \hat{\eta} s$  in no part of the earth;  $o \hat{v} \delta a \mu o \hat{v} \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon i v$ , or οὐδαμοῦ ποιεῖσθαί τινα to esteem as naught, Lat II. of manner, in no way, not nullo loco babere. at all

οὐδἄμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμός) in no wise.

 $\mathbf{OY}^{\hat{\gamma}} \hat{\Delta} \mathbf{A\Sigma}, \tau \hat{o}, \text{ gen. } o\tilde{v}\delta \epsilon os, \text{ dat } o\tilde{v}\delta \epsilon \tilde{\iota}, \text{ } o\tilde{v}\delta \epsilon \iota :-- the$ surface of the earth, ground; οὖδας ὀδάξ ἕλειν to bite the dust;  $o\delta\delta \delta \delta \delta \epsilon$  to the ground, to earth the floor or pavement in houses —Proverb., ἐπ' οὕδεῖ καθίζειν τινά to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has

où-bé, Adv. (où, bé) but not, and not, nor, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ at the beginning of two following clauses, not even . nor yet ...; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτείχισιε οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικόν ἄξιον φοβηθηναι and so not even their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing: -οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ.., as, οὐκέτι μέ-II. strengthening νος ξμπεδον οὐδέ τίς άλκή. the negat., not even; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advs., as οὐδ' ἠβαιόν, οὐδὲ τυτθόν, οὐδὲ μίνυνθα, etc. not even a little, not even for a short space.

ούδ-είς, οὐδε-μία, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμιας, οὐδενόs, etc. declined like είs, μία, εν: (οὐδε είs):and not one, i. e. no one, none, no, as Lat. nullus for ne ullus: the neut. obbév is used as Adv., in nothing,

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. oùðéves, gen. οὐδένων, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. o and ή οὐδέν (sub. ων, οὖσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc où deis, a nobody, one who 4. οὐδὲν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. nibil non, goes for nothing. every, all; so in masc. οὐδεὶs ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέ-κοτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.

οὐδενόσ-ωρος, ον, (οὐδείς, ώρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

ούδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.

οὐδέ-ποτε Ion. οὐδέ-κοτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέ-πω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.

ούδε-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet. οὐδ-έτερος, α, ον, (οὐδέ, ἔτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. ΙΙ. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένοs), Lat. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδ-ετέρως, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways οὐδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowbither.

ούδ' έτι, Adv. and no more, no longer.

ού δή, Adv. certainly not, Lat, non sane.

οὐ δή που or οὐ δήπου, no I surely imagine not. ούδόs, δ, Ion. for δδύs (δ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γήραος οὐδ $\hat{\varphi}$  on the threshold or verge of old age.

οὐδός, ή, Aeol. for ὑδύς (ή), a way.

OΥ ΘΑΡ, ατος, τό, properly of animals, the UD-DER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οδθαρ ἀρούρηs the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

ούθατα, neut. pl. of οδθαρ.

οὐθάτιος, a, ov, (οὖθαρ) of the udder.

ούθ-είs, ούθ-έν, later form for ούδείs, οὐδέν.

ου θην, surely not, certainly not.

our, for ou before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for  $o\dot{v}\chi$ ) before a rough breathing.

ούκ, crasis of ὁ ἐκ.

ούκ άρα, so not, not then: surely not.

ούκ-έτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.

οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὖκ. [τ]

ούκ-ουν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non 2. m interrog., not therefore? not then? ergo. and so not? like I at. nonne ergo? is it not?

ούκ-οῦν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo. When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of our only remains.

ου-κω or ου κω, Ion. for ουπω, not yet.

ούκ-ων, ούκ-ων, Ion. for ούκουν, οὐκοῦν.

ού-κως or ού κως, Ion. for ούπως, by no means.

où hal Att. ohal, al, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from oblos, blos, as if où hai or dhai were the whole, unground barleycorns.

OY'ΛH', ή, a wound bealed or scarred over, a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

ούλιος, a, ov, (οὖλοε, ὀλείν) baneful, deadly.

οὐλό-θριξ, - τρίχος, δ, ή, (οὖλος, θρίξ) with curly bair. ούλο-κάρηνος, ον, (οὖλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling baır.

οὐλόμενος, η, ον, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὅλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

**ΟΥ'ΛΟΝ**, τό, mostly in plur οὖλα, the gums.

οὐλοός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , Ep. for  $\dot{\omega}$ λοός.

 $O\Upsilon^{3}\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ep. and Ion. form of  $\ddot{o}\lambda os$ , whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer, οὐλος άρτος α 2. of full force, able, substantial. whole loaf. of sound, continuous, incessant; οὐλον κεκλήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleecy, οὖλαι κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of  $\delta \lambda \lambda \nu \mu i_{i} = o \dot{\nu} \lambda \dot{\nu}$ μενος, οὐλούς (for ὀλύμενος, ὀλούς), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χῦται, αἰ, (οὖλαι, χέω) bruised or coarselyground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley

Ούλυμπος, ό, Ion. for "Ολυμπος: Ούλυμπόνδε for

'Ολυμπώνδε, to Olympus.

ούλω, (οὐλοs 1) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well. imperat. οὖλε, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, bealtb to thee, bail, Lat. salve.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, in truth not, assuredly not ού μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μήν.

ού μèν δή, in truth not, nay verily.

ού-μεν-οῦν, for οὐ μὲν οὖν, then not.

ού μέν πως, like ούπως, by no means, in nowise.

ού μέν-τοι, not bowever.

ού μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. with aor, subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν έστι or the like, as, οὐ μη ληφθώ I shall not be taken, i. e. où  $\delta \epsilon_i \nu \dot{\nu} \nu \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau_i$ ,  $\mu \dot{\eta} \lambda \eta \phi \theta \hat{\omega}$  there is no danger lest I be taken.

ου μήν, indeed not, surely not.

οὐ μὴν ἀλλά, also οὐ μὴν ἀλλὰ καί, nevertbeless. notwithstanding, yet still.

ού μήν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

ού μην ούδέ, nay not even.

ούμός, by Att. crasis for δ έμός.

OY'N Ion. av, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech. 2. when a speech has been interrupted, 3. in repetitions ou implies οὖν serves to resume. the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, οὐλἄμός, οῦ, ὁ, (εἰλέω) a band or throng of warriors. | εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὖν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, certainly, 4. attached to a relat. Pron. but ..., but still or Adv., οθν makes it less definite, as, δστις wboever, όστισοῦν whosoever; όπως how, όπωσοῦν howsoever. ουνεκα, before a vowel ουνεκεν, Adv., for ου ένεκα, on which account, wherefore. 2. the anteced. Touνεκα being omitted, therefore since, for that, be-3. after certain Verbs, so far as, how or so cause. tbat. 4. tbat, like ὅτι. II. ouvera (in this sense never οὕνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἕνεκα,

on account of, mostly following its case. οῦνεσθε, Ion. for ὅνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὅνομαι. ούνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομαίνω, οὐνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὀνομάζω, etc.

ούξ, contr. for δ έξ.

ούξιών, by crasis for ὁ ἐξιών, part. of ἔξειμι exibo. ouπā, Dor. for ouπω.

ού περ or ού-περ, Adv. by no means.

ού πη, Adv. nowbere, in no wise.

ου ποθι, Adv. nowbere.

ού-ποτε Dor. ού-ποκα, Adv. not ever, never. ούποψ, by crasis for ὁ ἔποψ.

ού-πω, Adv. not yet, Lat. nondum.

ου-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet. ou-πωs, Adv. no bow, in nowise, by no means.

OΥ'PA' Ion. οὐρή, ή, the tail, Lat cauda. II. generally, the binder parts, the after part of anything; 2. of an army, the rear-guard, of a ship, the stern. rear: the rear-rank; κατ' οὐράν in rear, behind; δ κατ' οὐράν the rear-rank-man; ἐπὶ οτ κατ' οὐράν to the rear, backwards.

ούρα, τά, for οὖροι, ὅροι, boundaries: see οὖρον. ούρ-αγός, όν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) leading the rear of an army: as Subst., οὐρᾶγόε, ὁ, leader of the rear-guard. ούραιος, α, ον, (οὐρά) in or of the tail; τρίχες οὐ-2. generally, bindward. paiat the hairs of the tail.

bindmost, οὐραίοι πόδες the bind feet; τὰ οὐραία the binder parts.

Ουρανία, ή, (ουρανός) Urania, i. e. the heavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy. II. epith. of Aphrodite or Venus, the beavenly.

Οὐρανίδης, ου, ὁ, (οὐρανός) son of Uranus: generally, a dweller in beaven, Lat. coelicola, like Oupaviow. οὐράνιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (οὐρανός) beavenly, of or in beaven, dwelling in beaven; θεολ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίωνες, Οὐρανίδαι, Lat. coelites, coelicolae, the dwellers in beaven, beavenly beings. II. coming from beaven, of rain. reaching to heaven, high as heaven. 2. metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ὅσον, like θαυμάσιον δσον, Lat. immane quantum: - neut. pl. οὐράvia, as Adv., vebemently, tremendously.

**Οὐρἄνίων**, ωνος, ὁ, (οὐρανός) like Οὐρανίδης, the beavenly one: in plur. Οὐρανίωνες θεοί or Οὐρανίωνες, the gods. Lat. coelites: fem. Ouogyiwai.

ούρανο-γνώμων, ον, (ούρανός, γνώναι) skilled in the beavens.

οὐρανό-δεικτος, ον, (οὐρανός, δείκνυμι) sbewn from beaven, shewing itself in beaven.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, from beaven, down from beaven: properly an old gen. of oupavos, and therefore used with Preps, ἀπ' οὐρανόθεν, ἐξ οὐρανόθεν.

οὐρανόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, in beaven, in the beavens: but οὐρανόθι πρό is for πρὸ οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανόθι is gen. for οὐρανοῦ, as ὅρεσφι for ὅρεοs.

οὐρἄνο-μήκης, εs, (οὐρανός, μῆκος) as high as heaven, reaching to beaven. 2. enormous, stupendous. οὐρἄνό-νῖκος,ον, (οὐρανός, νικάω) conquering beaven.

OΥ'PA'NO'Σ Dor. ωρανός Acol. ὁρανός, ὁ, heaven, Lat. coelum: in Homer the vault or firmament of beaven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανδε ἀστερόειs the starry firmament. 2. beaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πύλαι οὐρανοῦ Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down. II. as masc. prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.

οὐρᾶν-οῦχος, ον, (οὐρανός, έχω) bolding beaven. ούρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of ούρος, Ion. for ύρος, τό, a mountain.

οὐρεί-θρεπτος, v. l. for οὐρί-θρεπτος, q v.

ούρειος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ion. for  $\delta \rho \epsilon \iota os$ ,  $(\delta \rho os, \tau \delta)$  of the mountain; Νύμφη οὐρείη a mountain-nymph.

ούρεό-φοιτος, ον. (ούρος, τό, φοιτάω) mountainroaming: - fem. ούρεο-φοιτάς, άδος.

οὐρεσι-βώτης, ου, ὁ, (οὖρος, τό, βόσκω) poet. for δρεσιβώτηs, feeding on the mountains.

ούρεσί-οικος, ον, (ούρος, τό, οἰκέω) mountaindwelling.

ούρεύς, η̂ος, ὁ, Ion. for ὀρεύς, a mule.

οὐρ $\epsilon$ ω, impf.  $\epsilon$ ούρουν: f. οὐρ $\eta$ σω or  $-\eta$ σομαι: aor. I ϵούρησα: (οὖρον):-tο make water.

οὐρῆας, Ep. acc. pl. of οὐρεύς: οὐρήων, gen. pl.

οὐρησείω, Desiderat. of οὐρέω, to want to make water.  $o \dot{v} \rho \eta \tau \iota \dot{a} \omega$ ,  $= o \dot{v} \rho \eta \sigma \epsilon i \omega$ .

ουρίαχος, δ, (ουρά) the bindmost part, lowest part; έγχεοs οὐρίαχοs the butt-end of a spear.

ούρι-βάτας, ου, δ, poet, for δρειβάτης, mountainwalking.

οὐρίζω, Ion. for ὀρίζω, to bound, limit.

οὐρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (οὖροs) to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosper-II. intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage. οὐρί-θρεπτος,  $\eta$ , ον, (οὖρος, τό, τρέφω) poet. for δρείθρεπτοs, mountain-bred.

ούριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ούρος) with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship. 2. of a voyage, prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:neut. plur. as Adv., ούρια θεῖν to run before the wind: but έξ οὐρίων δραμεῖν (sub. πνευμάτων), to run with a fair breeze. II. prospering, favouring, propiti- οὐρία (sub. πνοή), ή, = οὖροε, a fair wind. ous.

ούριο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ούριος, ϊστημι) standing prosperous or secure. [a]

ουριόω, (ούριοs) to give to the winds, let flow. ούρισμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὅρισμα, a boundary line. oupvis, by crasis for o upvis.

OTPON, 76, Lat. URINA, urine.

οὖρον, τό, poet. for οὖρος, ὅρος, ὁ, a boundary; found in three places of Homer; (1) όσα δίσκου οὖρα πέλονται as far as the boundaries of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of a quoit's throw; (2) σσσον τ' έν νειφ οδρον πέλει ήμιόνοιϊν τόσσον υπεκπροθέων. ϊκετο; and (3) ὅσσον τ' ἐπὶ οὖρα πέλονται ἡμιόνων; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὖρον ἡμιόνοιὶν and οὖρα ἡμιόνων, and the distance meant is that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time. ούρός, οῦ, ὁ, (εἴρω) a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again.

**ΟΥ POΣ**, ov, δ, a fair wind, right astern; πέμπειν κατ' οὖρον to send down (1. e. with) the wind, to speed on its way: metaph., οὖρόs [ἐστι], like καιρόs [ἐστι],

it is a fair time.

OΥPOS, ov, δ, a watcher, warder, guard. ούρος, ου, δ, Ion. for σρος, a boundary ούρος, εος, τό, Ion. for opos, a mountain. OΥ POΣ, δ, a wild bull, Lat. URUS.

ΟΥ Σ, τό, gen. ἀτός, dat. ἀτί: pl. nom. ἇτα, gen. ώτων, dat. ἀσίν: Ion. and Ep οὖας, οὕατος: Dor. ωs, ωτόs:-Lat. AURIS, the ear; els οὖs, els ὧτα in or into one's ear, 1. e. secretly. II. an ear or bandle, of pitchers, urns, etc.

ούσία, ή, (οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition; τας απαιδας ές το λοιπον ούσίας her childless state for the future, i. e. her bearing no children for the fu-II. the being, substance, essence of a thing. οὖτά, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2, but οὕτά, 3 sing. impf., of οὐτάω.

ούταε, imperat. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάζω, f. οὐτάσω: aor. I οὕτἄσα: pf. pass. οὕτασμαι:-hike οὐτάω, to wound; οὕταζον σάκος they bit, sbattered the shield; c. acc. cognato, ελκος, ο με βροτὸς οῦτασεν ἀνήρ the wound which a man struck me withal.

οὐτάμεν, οὐτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of οὐτάω. ούτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὐτάζω.

ούτάω, imperat. ούταε: Ion. impf. ούτασκον: fut. ούτήσω: 201. Ι ούτησα Ιοη. ούτήσασκον: 201. Ι pass. οὐτήθην:—Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 οὖτἄ (as if from οὖτημι), inf. οὐτάμεναι and οὐτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὐτάμενοs [ă]:—to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile):-Pass., οὐταμένη ἀτειλή the wound inflicted.

ou-Te, Adv., and not. II. repeated ούτε... ούτε..., neither..., nor..., Lat. neque..., neque .: but τε is often used in the second clause answering to ouτε in the first, both not.., and...

ούτερος, Ion for ὁ ἔτερος: neut. τούτερον. ούτηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of οὐτάω. οὐτήσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὐτάω. ούτήτειρα, ή, fem. of οὐτητήρ. οὐτητήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (οὐτάω) one who wounds.

ου-τι, neut. of ουτιε.

οὐτίδανός, ή, όν, Att. also ός, όν, (οὕτις) useless, worthless, good for naught.

ου-τι-πω, Adv., for ου τί πω, like ουπω, not at all yet. ού-τις, gen. ούτινος, no one, nobody, Lat. ne ullus, nullus; neut. ού-τι, nothing, Lat. nihil:-neut. also as Adv. by no means, not at all hence II. with changed accent, Ovris, o, acc. Ovriv, Noman, Nobody, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

ού-τοι, Adv (οὐ, τοί) indeed not, Lat. non sane. ούτος, αύτη, τοῦτο, gen. τούτου, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron, this, as opp. to ἐκείνοs, the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. bic opp. to ille. II. when opp. to  $\delta\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\delta\hat{v}$ τοs generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow. III. οὖτος, αὕτη are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. beus! you there! bollo you! also οὖτοs σύ, beus tu! but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ὢ οὖτος, οὖτος Οἰδίπους! ΙΝ. τοῦτο μέν.., τοῦτο δέ.., οι ταῦτα μέν ., ταῦτα δέ.., stronger than  $\mu \in \mathcal{V}_{+}$ ,  $\delta \in \mathcal{V}_{+}$ , on the one band, on the other..; V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add somepartly.., partly... thing with emphasis, and that too, and more than that, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικοῦτος and that too being such an one; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one? καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δη ταῦτα, like εἶεν, so much for this, Lat baec bactenus. VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv for this reason, like δια ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν for this reason then, accordingly. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ', ὧ δεσπότα yes, master. VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτη was also used as Adv., I. of Place (sub. χώρα), in this spot, bere. 2. of Manner, in this way, 3. in this respect, so far, for the matter of IX. οῦτοs is often strengthd, in Att. by the demonstr. τ, ούτοσί, αύτηί, τουτί, gen. τουτουί, nom. pl. οὐτοιί, neut. ταυτί, etc., this man bere, Lat. bicce:—before a vowel ι becomes τν, as οὐτοσίν: neut. τουτογί, ταυταγί.

ούτωs, before a conson. ούτω, Adv. of ούτοs, in this way or manner, so thus, Lat. sic. qualifying power, so, only so, simply, no more III. in wishes, with optat., εί γὰρ ἐγῶν than. ούτω γε Διὸς παίς είην would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as ... 2. in protestations, as, eyory' ouτως οναίμην των τέκνων, μισώ τον άνδρα I, so help me my children, hate the man. ΙΥ. ούτω μέν.., ούτω δέ.., partly.., partly.., on the one hand.., on the other .. ; cf. outos iv. V. in beginning a story, ούτω ποτ' ήν μῦς καὶ γαλή so there were once oculis, before the eyes; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight; upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

ούτωσί, ούτωσίν, = οὕτωs. [i]oùxi, Adv. for où, not. [ĭ]

ούχινος, by crasis for ὁ ἐχίνος.

όφειλέτης, ου, ό, fem. όφειλέτις, ιδος, ή, (όφείλω) a debtor.

όφειλή, ή, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

όφείλημα, τό, (ὀφείλω) that which is owed, a debt. 'ΟΦΕΙ'ΛΩ, impf. ἄφειλον: fut. ὀφειλήσω: aor. 1 ἀφείλησα: aor. 2 ἄφελον Ion. ὄφελλον Ερ. ἄφελλον, ὄφελλον: pf. ἀφείληκα:—to owe, be indebted for, bave to pay: absol. to be in debt:-Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενοs, bounden, due, fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2 ζημίαν όφεί-New to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.: of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινί to owe one an ill turn. II. to be under an obligation, to be bound 2. aor. 2 ωφελον, I ought..., of to do a thing. what one has not done: ὤφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εὕχε- $\sigma\theta\alpha$  he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, την ὅφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατακτάμεν "Αρτεμιε would that Diana had slain her! Lat. utinam eam interfecisset ! properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction  $\epsilon i\theta \epsilon$ Ep. αίθε, as, αίθ' ὄφελες άγονος έμεναι Ο that thou badst been unborn! είθ' ὤφελ' 'Αργοῦς μη διαπτάσθαι σκάφος would that the Argo had not sped through: also with ώs, ώs ὄφελον or ὤφελλον O that I bad . I also with negat., μη ὄφελες would thou badst not .. 1 III. of anything binding upon us, esp. in Pass.; πασιν ήμιν τουτ' οφείλεται παθείν this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πασιν ήμιν κατθανείν οφείλεται, Horace's debemur morti, we must all pay the debt of nature.

'ΟΦΕ'ΛΛΩ, Ep. for δφείλω, impf. ώφελλον or ὄφελλον, to owe: Pass., χρειόs μοι ὀφέλλεται a debt II. to be obliged, bound. is due to me.

'ΟΦΕ'ΛΛΩ, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. I ἄφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. ὀφέλλειεν:-poet. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply words; δφέλλειν τινά τιμή to raise one in honour, Lat. bonore augere: generally, to belp, make to thrive :- Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

**ὄφελον,** Ep. 20r. 2 of ὀφείλω.

δφελος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) advantage, help, profit, usance; c. gen., τῶν ὄφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i. e. who were of no use; so, ő τι ὄφελος στρατεύματος what was really serviceable of the army.

όφθαλμία, ή, (ὀφθαλμόs) a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia. δφθαλμιάω, (ὀφθαλμία) to bave the ophthalmia, to bave sore eyes.

**ὀφθαλμίδιον, τ**ό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμό**ε**. [۲]

**ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία**, ή, (ὀφθαλμό**ε**, δουλεία) eye-service. **ὀφθαλμός**, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀφθήναι) the eye; ἐs ὀφθαλμούς ναι τὰς ὀφρῦς to smoothe or unknit the brow.

κατ' ὀφθαλμούs to one's face. II. like ouua and ανθοs, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; δφθαλμός στρατιαs the flower of the army, as we say, the apple of the eye. III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοὶ βασιλέωs, the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects

όφθαλμό-τεγκτος, ον, (όφθαλμός, τέγγω) wetting

the eyes.

όφθαλμ-ώρυχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ὀρύσσω) tearing out the eyes.

όφθαλμώς, Dor. for ὀφθαλμούς. όφθείς, aor. I pass part. of δράω. **ὀφθῆναι, a**or. I pass inf. of ὑράω.

όφθήσομαι, fut pass. of δράω.

όφίεσσι, Ep. for őφισι, dat. pl. of őφιs.

όφιο-βόλος, ον, (ὄφις, βαλείν) serpent-slaying. όφιό-πους, ποδος, (όφις, πούς) with snakes for legs. "ΟΦΙΣ, gen εωs Ion. 10s, δ, a serpent, snake.

όφι-ώδης, εs, (ὄφις, είδος) of serpent shape, snaky. όφλειν, aor. 2 act. mf. of υφλισκάνω.

ὄφλημα, ατος, τό, (ὀφλείν) a debt or a fine incurred in a lawsuit, damages.

όφλήσω, fut. of όφλισκάνω.

όφλισκάνω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ἄφληκα: aor 2 ἄφλον, inf. ὀφλείν, part. ὀφλών .--to owe, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλείν or δφλισκάνειν, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause; as, δφλών άρπαγης τε καί κλοπης δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, θανάτου δίκην όφλισκάνειν to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, ὀφλισκάνειν ἀστρατείαs (sub δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving; absol to be cast, be found guilty, convicted: also, ζημίαν ὀφλείν to in-II. generally, of anything one cur a penalty. brings on oneself; γέλωτα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλείν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, δειλίαν ὀφλισκάνειν to incur the charge of cowardice; μωρίαν ὀφλισκάνειν τινί to bring on oneself the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

**ὀΦλών**, οῦσα, όν, aor, 2 part, of ὀΦλισκάνω.

"OPPA", Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat ut. Adv of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while: until.

όφρύη, ή, Ion. for όφρύς, the brow or edge of a bill. [v

όφρυόεις, εσσα, εν, (όφρύς) on the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

'ΟΦΡΥ'Σ, ύος, ή; acc. ὀφρύν later ὀφρύα; acc. pl. όφρύαs, όφρῦs:-the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or pride; as, τds όφρυs ανασπάν to draw up the eyebrows in token of grief; ταs όφρῦς συνάγειν to knit, contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύειν and μεθιέτινος before one's eyes or face; έν δφθαλμοίς Lat. in | δφρύς, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity: scorn,

II. metaph. the brow of a bill, the edge | of a cliff, a beetling or overhanging crag.

όφρθs, contr. for όφρύαs, acc. pl. of όφρύs.

οχα, (έχω) Ep. Adv. by far, enunently, always with Sup. αριστος: later έξοχα.

 $\dot{\delta}$ χάνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and  $\ddot{\delta}$ χάνον,  $\dot{\tau}\dot{\delta}$ , ( $\dot{\delta}$ χέω, έχω) the bandle of a shield, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

όχ έεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἀχ έω.

όχέεσσι, Ep. for ἄχεσι, dat. pl. of ἄχοs.

οχεία, ή, (ὀχεύω) a covering, of the horse.

οχεσφι, -ιν, Ep. for οχεσι, dat. pl. of τὸ οχος.

όχετεύω, f. σω, (ὀχετύs) to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct:-Pass., ύδωρ ὀχετευόμενον water carried off by a canal.

όχετ-ηγός, όν, (όχετός, άγω) drawing off water by

a conduit of canal.

οχετός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀχέω) a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a 2. metaph. a channel or means of escape.

οχεύs, gen έωs Ion. η os, δ, (έχω) any fasten-1. the band or strap for fastening the belmet ing: under the chin. 2 in pl the clasps of the belt. a bolt which fastened the door within.

οχευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀχεύω) a stallion: a lewd person οχεύω, f. σω, (οχέω) to ride: of male animals, to cover.

 $\delta \chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , ( $\ddot{\upsilon} \chi \sigma s$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ ) collat. form of  $\ddot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ , as φορ $\dot{\epsilon} \omega$ of φέρω, to bear, endure, support, bold, φρουράν οχείν to keep watch. 2. to let ride, mount. Pass., with fut. med. ὀχήσομαι, to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσίν, ἵπποισιν ὀχείσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc. hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. vebi, to drive, ride, sail; ¿# άγκύρας όχεισθαι to ride at anchor.

όχῆα, Ep. acc. of ἀχεύs: ἀχῆες, nom. pl.

οχημα, τό, (ὀχέω) that which bears or supports, a support, stay. II. a carriage, a chariot, Lat. vebiculum: also a vessel, ship.

οχθέω, f. ήσω, to be beavy laden: metaph. to be beavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at beart; ώχθησαν they were beavy at beart. (From άχθομαι, as ἀχέω from ἔχω)

"OXOH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , older form of  $\ddot{o}\chi\theta os$ , any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.; also, crags by a river. Hence

όχθηρόs, ά, όν, raised, billy.

 $\delta \chi \theta o s$ , δ, later form of  $\delta \chi \theta \eta$ , rising ground, a bill. όχλέω, = μοχλεύω, to beave or move by a lever:-Pass. to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες απασαι όχλεῦνται (Aeol. for ὀχλοῦνται) all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.

οχλέω, f. ήσω, (ὅχλοs) to disturb by a mob or tumult; generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.; absol. to be troublesome.

οχληρόs, α, ον, (οχλέω) troublesome, importunate. | see οψέ.

 $\partial \chi \lambda i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $i \sigma \omega$ , =  $\partial \chi \lambda \epsilon \omega$ ,  $\partial \chi \lambda \epsilon i \omega$ , to move or beave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.

όχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ὀχλίζω.

όχλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (ὄχλος, ποιέω) to make a riot; όχλοποιείν την πόλιν to set the city in an uproar. 'ΟΧΛΟΣ, ò, a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. turba, opp. to  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$  (the people in a constitutional sense). noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. turba: -generally, disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity

 $\dot{c}$ χλ-ώδης, εε, contr. for  $\dot{c}$ χλο-ειδήε, ( $\ddot{c}$ χλοε, ε $\ddot{l}$ δοε) like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τὸ όχλωδες troublesomeness, turbulence.

οχμα, ατος, τό,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega)$  a bold, fastening. Hence οχμάζω, f. άσω, to grip, bold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.

οχνη, ή, a wild pear, late form of σγχνη.

 $\delta x o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau o$ ,  $(\tilde{\epsilon} x \omega)$  a chariot, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὄχεσφι, ὄχεσφιν, for ὄχεσι.

όχος poet. όκχος, ου, ὁ, (ἔχω) that which holds; νηῶν ὄχοι places to bold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads. II. that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car; but, ὄχοι ἀπήνηs bearers of the chariot, i. e the wheels.

 $\dot{\textbf{ο}}$ χυρόs,  $\dot{\textbf{α}}$ ,  $\dot{\textbf{ο}}\nu$ , ( $\ddot{\textbf{ε}}$ χω) like  $\dot{\textbf{ε}}$ χυρόs, firm, lasting, stout, strong: esp of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable, of a fortress or the like

οχυρόω, f. ώσω, (οχυρός) to make fast, fortify.

οχύρωμα, ατος, τό, a strongbold, fortress.

οχυρώs. Adv. of οχυρόs, firmly, strongly.

όχωκα, by metath. for ὅκωχα, perf of ἔχω. όψ, ή, gen. ὀπόs, dat. ὀπί, acc. ὅπα (εἰπεῖν, ἔποs) II. a discourse, word.

όψ-āμάτης [μᾶ], ου, ό, νος. ὀψāμᾶτα, (ὀψέ, ἀμάω)

one who mows till late at even, cf δψαρότηs. őψάνον, τό, (ὄψομαι) = ὄψιs, a sight, vision.

όψάριον, τό, Dim. of όψον, esp. fisb: a small fisb όψ-αρότης, ου, ό, (όψέ, άροω) one who ploughs late,

cf. δψαμάτης.

'OΨE', Adv. after a long time, at length, late, Lat. sero; οψε μανθάνειν to learn too late. the day, at even, opp to πρωί: late in the season; όψε fiv it was late: c. gen., όψε της ημέρας late in the day, Lat. serum diet: also, όψε των Τρωικών long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. δψιαίτερον later; Sup δψιαίτατα, latest.

οψείω. Desiderat. of ὁράω, formed from fut. όψομαι,

to wish to see.

δψεσθαι, fut. inf. of δράω.

όψι, Aeol. for ὀψέ.

όψία (sub. ωρα), ή, properly fem. of όψιοs, the latter part of the day, evening, often joined with δείλη. Opp. to  $\delta \rho \theta \rho os$ : see  $\delta \epsilon i \lambda \eta$ .

όψιαίτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of όψιος:

όψί-γονος, ον, (όψέ, γενέσθαι) late-born, after-born, born in a later age. 2. of a son, late-born, born in 3. later-born, i. e. younger. [t] one's old age. όψτέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of όψιος.

οψίζω, f. ίσω, (οψέ) to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.

όψί-κοιτος, ον, (όψέ, κοίτη) going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.

όψτμαθέω, f. ήσω, to learn late or too late. From όψι-μαθής, ές, (όψε, μαθεῖν) late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to

learn, c. gen. όψτμος, ον, (ὀψέ) poet. for όψιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρας όψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.

 $\dot{o}$ ψί-voos, ov,  $(\dot{o}$ ψ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $v\dot{o}$ os) late of thought, inobservant. όψιος, a, ov, (όψέ) late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρώιος. -Att. Comp. δψιαίτερος, α, ον, Sup. δψιαίτατος, η, ον: Neut. ὀψιαίτερον, -τατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of δψέ. The forms δψιέστερος and δψιέστατος also occur.

όψις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (ύψομαι) a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition: -- οψις οἰκοδομημάτων a sbow of buildings. 2. outward appearance, look: the face, visage. II. the power of sight or seeing, eyesight. 2. a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; ἀπικέσθαι ès ὄψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.

 $\dot{o}$ ψι-τέλεστος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{o}$ ψέ, τελέω) late of fulfilment, to

be late fulfilled.

ὄψομαι, fut. of δράω, formed from \*ὅπτομαι.

όψον, τό, (εψω) properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesb. II. anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὅψον ποτῷ, a zest or relish to drink. III. generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, of πόνοι ὄψον τοιs άγαθοιs labour is a sauce to good things. any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties. ٧. at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians. 2. the market-place, esp. the fish-market. όψοποιέω, Dep. (όψοποιόs) to dress meat delicately:

Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence όψοποιία, ή, the art of cookery: and

όψοποιϊκός, ή, όν, of or for delicate cookery.

όψο-ποιός, όν, (ὄψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὀψοποιύs, ὁ, α cook.

όψο-πόνος, ον, (όψον, πονέω) dressing food elabo-

όψοφαγέω, f. ήσω, (όψοφάγος) to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence

όψοφαγία, ή, dainty living: eating delicacies.

όψο-φάγος, ον, (όψον, φάγειν) eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., οψοφάγοs, ό, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. δψοφαγίστερος, δψοφαγίστατο**ε.** 

**ὀψ-ωνέω,** f. ήσω, (ὄψον, ἀνέομαι) to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals. Hence

όψώνιον, τό, properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.

## П

II, π, πî, indecl.: sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral  $\pi' = 80$ , but  $\pi = 80,000$ .

Changes of  $\pi$ : it is often interchanged with  $\beta$ , as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀφικ-, ἀπηγέεσθαι for ἀφηγ-; and so before an aspirate,  $\pi$  was retained by the Ion., e. g.,  $\dot{\alpha}\pi'$ ήμῶν, ὑπ' ὑμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ὑφ' ὑμῶν. Ion. Prose,  $\pi$  becomes  $\kappa$  in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κως όκως κοίος όκοίος κόσος όκόσος for πως ύπως ποίος όποίος όσος όπόσος. used for μ, as ὅππα for ὅμμα, πεδά for μετά. in Aeol. and Dor.  $\pi$  is for  $\tau$ , as  $\pi \in \mu \pi \in \text{for } \pi \in \nu \tau \in \mathcal{A}$ . π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρόs VI.  $\pi$  is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e. g. ὅππη, ὅππωs, ὑπποῖοs, όππόσος for ὅπη, etc. VII. Poet.,  $\tau$  is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτύλιε, πτόλεμοε for πύ- $\lambda \iota s$ ,  $\pi \delta \lambda \epsilon \mu o s$  with their derivatives.

 $\pi \hat{a}$ ,  $\pi \bar{a}$ , Dor. for  $\pi \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\pi \eta$ .

παα, Lacon. for πασα.

 $\pi \bar{a} \gamma \dot{a}$ , Dor. for  $\pi \eta \gamma \dot{\eta}$ .

παγγενέτειρα, ή, mother of all. From παγ-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (πα̂s, γενέσθαι) father of all. παγ-γλύκερός, ά, όν, (πας, γλυκερός) sweetest of all...

παγ-γλωσσία, ή, (πâs, γλώσσα) wordiness. πάγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.

πάγεν [ă], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πἄγετός, ὁ, (πάγος) frost, ice.

πάγετ-ώδης, ες, (παγετός, είδος) frosty, icy-cold. πάγη [α], 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγη [ἄ], ἡ, (παγηναι) anything that fixes or bolds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the toils used in fowling: a fowling-net. 2. metaph. a snare, stratagem

πάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.

παγίδεύω, f. σω, (παγίε) to lay a snare for, entrap. πάγιος, a, ον, (πάγηναι) fixed, firm, solid, steadfast. Adv. -ίωs, firmly, steadily.

 $\pi \bar{a} \gamma i s$ ,  $i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi a \gamma \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota)$  like  $\pi \dot{a} \gamma \eta$ , a snare, trap, gin: - ἄγκυρα παγὶς νεῶν the anchor which holds ships

like a trap.

 $\pi$ αγ-καίνιστος, ον,  $(\pi$  $\hat{a}$ s, καιν $\hat{b}$ s) all new or fresb. πάγ-κάκος, ον, (πâs, κακός) quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιστο. Adv. παγκάκωs, all miserably.

πάγ-κάλος, ον, (πᾶς, καλός) all-beautiful, all-good. παγκαρπία, ή, an offering of all kinds of fruit. From

πάγ-καρπος, ον, (πα̂ς, καρπός) of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.

παγ-κατάρατος, ον, (πας, καταράομαι) all-accursed. παγ-κευθής, έε, (παε, κεύθω) all concealed. act. all-concealing.

πάν-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (πᾶε, κλαίω) all-II. act. all-tearful. lamented, most woeful.

παγκληρία, ή, a sole inheritance, full possession. From

πάγ-κληρος, ον, (πα̂s, κληρος) held in full possession. πάγ-κοινος, ον, (πᾶς, κοινός) common to all.

παγ-κοίτης, ου, δ, (πα̂s, κοίτη) giving rest to all; θάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.

παγ-κόνιτος, ον, (πα̂s, κονίω) covered all over with dust; ἄεθλα παγκύνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of

παγ-κράτής, ές, (πας, κράτος) all-powerful, allmighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.

παγκράτιάζω, f. σω, to perform the exercises of the pancratium,

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτήs) a complete contest, i.e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.

παγ-κρότως, Adv. (παs, κρύτος) sounding all at once, of rowers who keep good time.

πάγος, δ, (πάγηναι) a firm-set rock: a peak, crag. rocky bill: δ "Αρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens. [a]

πάγος, δ, (πάγηναι) anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost. [ă]

πάγ-ουρος, δ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) a kind of crab.

παγ-χάλεπος, ον, (πας, χαλεπός) very difficult and dangerous. Adv. -πωs.

παγ-χάλκεος and πάγ-χαλκος, ον, (πας, χαλκός) all-brasen, all of brass.

πάγ-χρηστος, ον, (π $\hat{a}$ s, χρηστ $\hat{o}$ s) good for all work. πάγ-χριστος, ον, (παs, χριστύς) all-anointed; πάγγριστον πειθούs the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγ-χρύσεος, ον, and πάγ-χρύσος, ον, (πα̂s, χρυ- $\sigma \delta s$ ) all gold, of solid gold.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

πάγχο, Adv. (πα̂s, πα̂ν) Ion. for πάνυ, quite, wbolly, entirely, altogether.

πάγω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of πήγνυμι.

παδάω, Dor. for πηδάω.

πάθε [ἄ], Ep. for ἔπαθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω. πάθειν Ep. πάθέειν, aor. 2 inf of πάσχω. Hence πάθη [a], ή, anything that befals one: suffering, misfortune.

πάθημα, ατος, τό, = πάθος, a suffering, misfortune; τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to

learn by.

πάθησθα, Ep. 2 sing. 20r. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω.  $\pi d\theta \eta \tau \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ ,  $(\pi a\theta \epsilon \hat{v})$  baving suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer.

πάθος, εος, τό, (πάθειν) anything that befals one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity. 2. a passive condition: a passion, affection. 3. an incident.

πάθω [α], 20r. 2 subj. of πάσχω.

παθών, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of πάσχω. παι, Ep. πάι, vocat. of παιs.

Παιάν, ανος, δ, Ep. and Ion. Παιήων, ονος, later Παιών, ωνος, Paeon or Paean, the physician of the gods; Παιήονος γενέθλη the race of Paeon, i. e. physicians. 2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ihis Haidu: also to his son Aesculapius. 3. a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer. II. as appellat. παιάν Ion. παιήων, a paean, i.e. a choral song, a bymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Hai-2. a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song. 3. any solemn song or chant. pl., παιήονεs paean-singers. Hence

waiaviju, f. σω, to chant the paean, sing a song of

triumph.

Παιάων, ονος, δ, Dor for Παιήων. [α]

παίγμα, ατος, τό, (παίζω) play, sport; λωτοῦ π. flute-playing.

παιγνιά, ή, (παίζω) play, sport, a game, pastime. a feast, festival.

παιγνια-γράφος, ον, (παιγνιά, γράφω) writing sportive boetry.

παιγνιήμων, ον, gen ovos, (παιγνιά) fond of a joke. παίγνιον, τό, (παίζω) a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. deliciae, a darling. Theocritus, the Egyptians are called kand maiyvia, roguish cheats. III a sportive poem: merry noise.

παίγνιος, ον, (παιγνιά) sportive, droll, done in

παιγνι-ώδης, ες, (παιγνιά, είδος) playful, sportive, merry; τὸ παιγνιῶδες playfulness.

 $\pi a \iota \delta - \check{a} \gamma \omega \gamma \in \hat{lov}, \ \tau \acute{o}, \ (\pi a \iota \delta a \gamma \omega \gamma \acute{o} s) \ a \ school-room.$ παιδάγωγέω, f ήσω, (παιδαγωγός) to attend boys:

to lead like a child, to train, educate. Hence παιδάγωγία, ή, an attending boys, education: -attendance.

παιδ-άγωγός, όν, (παι̂s, άγω) attending or training boys: as Subst., παιδαγαγός, ό, the slave who went with a boy from bome to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.

παιδάριον, τό, Dim. of παι̂s, a young child, a little boy or girl. II. a young slave.

παίδδω, παιδδοάν, Lacon. for παίζω, παίζειν.

παιδεία, ή, (παιδεύω) the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction. II. III. bandiwork. youth, childhood.

malbeios, ov, (mais) childish, concerning or suited to children; υμνοι παίδειοι hymns sung by the boys.

παιδεραστέω, f. ήσω, to love boys. From παιδ-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (παῖς, ἐράω) a lover of boys.

παιδεραστία, ή, (παιδεραστέω) love of boys. malderou, Ep. for maior, dat. pl. of mais.

παίδευμα, ατος, τό, (παιδεύω) that which is reared II. tbat or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil. wbich is taught, lesson.

παίδευσις, ή, (παιδεύω) a rearing, training, educa-II. a place of teaching, school; ή ήμετέρα tion.

πόλις Έλλάδος παίδευσις our city is the school of | παιδοτρίβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to Greece.

παιδευτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an educator, instructor.

a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐπαίδευσα; pf. πεπαίδευκα: ---Pass., aor. Ι ἐπαιδεύθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παίs): -to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; ὁ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαίδευτος:-Med. to bave any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or 4. to correct, chasten. inure to a thing.

παιδήιος, η, ον, Ion. for παίδειος.

παιδιά,  $\hat{a}s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (παίζω) child's play, sport, pastime: a game

παιδία, ή, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ων, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single ΙΙ. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), person, Lat, deliciae. songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικόs, ή, όν, (παι̂s) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. puerilis. 2 playful, sportive. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παι̂s, a young child.

a young slave. παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl. παιδίσκη, ή, Dim. of παι̂s (ή), a young girl, maiden, II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, δ, Dim. of δ παίς, a young son, boy, lad. παιδνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , also  $\delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi a i \zeta \omega)$  childish, silly, II. as Subst.  $\pi \alpha i \delta \nu \delta s$ ,  $\delta_i = \delta \pi \alpha i s$ , a boy, lad:  $\pi \alpha \iota \delta \nu \dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παι̂ς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παι̂s, \*γένω) begetting chil-II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παι̂s, κομέω) to take care of a child. παιδο-κόραξ, ακος, δ, (παίς, κύραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder children. From παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παι̂ς, κτείνω) child-murdering. παιδ-ολετήρ, ήρος, δ, and παιδ-ολέτωρ, opos, δ, (παίε, όλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολέτειρα and παιδόλετις, ιδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ου, ό, ή, (παιε, λύμη) destroying chil-

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παι̂ς, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, of, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ήσω, (παιδοποιόε) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαιδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιία, ή, a begetting or bearing of children. παιδο-ποιός, όν, (παι̂ς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing cbildren: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παιε, πείρω) through which a child

παιδοσπορέω, f. ήσω, to beget children. From παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τρίβης, ου, δ, (παίς, τρϊβηναι) a trainingmaster for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτρίβου in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [i] Hence

παιδοτρίβικός, ή, όν, of or fit for a training-master or bis art. Adv. -κωs, like a gymnastic master.

παιδό-τριψ, ϊβος, ό, (παις, τριβηναι) a slave ibat attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ήσω, (παιδοτρύφος) to rear children.

παιδοτροφία, ή, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παι̂s, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst, παιδοτρόφος, ή, a mother.

παιδό-τρωτος, ον, (παι̂ς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδ-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (παι̂s, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω.

παιδουργία, ή, a begetting children: also of the wife berself

παιδοφίλέω, f. ήσω, to be fond of boys. From παιδο-φίλης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (παι̂ς, φιλέω) fond of boys. παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παι̂s, \*φένω) killing children; συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of baving killed a son; παιδοφόνον αξμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖs, φορέω) to waft away a boy. παίζω, f παίξομαι or παιξούμαι, rarely παίξω. aor. I έπαισα and έπαιξα: pf. πέπαικα:--Pass, aor. I έπαίχθην: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμαι: (παίs).--to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be 2. to dance: also, to sing. merry: to trifle. to play at a game; σφαίρη οτ σφαίραν παίζειν to play at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6. transit to treat jocosely.

Παιηόνιος, a, ov, also fem. Παιηονίς, ίδος, (Παιήων) bealing.

παιήσω, fut. of παίω to strike.

Παιήων, ονος, δ, Ion. for Παιάν, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παιήων as appellat. for παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

 $\Pi$ aιήων, ονος, ό, ή, as  $Adj. = \Pi$ aιηόνιος.

παίκτης, ου, ὁ, (παίζω) a dancer or player. παίξομαι or παιξούμαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπάλη, ή, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. pollen: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [a] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλόειs, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙ Σ, παιδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παίδων Dor. παιδων; dat. pl. παισί, παίδεσσι: the Ep. preferred the dıssyll. nom. πάϊs, vocat. πάϊ: I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παι̂s παιδός a child's 2. periphr., Λυδών παίδεε sons child, grandchild. of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. of Age, a child: παι̂s, δ, a boy, youth, lad; παι̂s, ή, a maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδόε, ἐκ παίδον from a child, from childhood.

III. also like Lat. puer, ὁ or ἡ, a slave, servant.

πάις, δ, Ep. for παιε.

παίσατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of παίζω. παίσδα, Dor. for παίδα, acc. of παίδ.

παίσδω, Dor. for παίζω

παιφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦA-, the Root of φαίνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, palputate.

ΠΑΙ'Ω, fut. παίσω and παιήσω: aor. I ἔπαισα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίσθην: pf πέπαισμαι:— to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαίσατο τὸν μηρόν be smote bis thigh. 2 to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away 4. to bit bard in speaking. II intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. illido.

Παιωνιάς, άδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω, f  $\sigma \omega_{,} = \pi \alpha_{i} \alpha_{i} \nu_{i} (\omega_{,})$  to raise the Paean.

Παιώνιος, a,  $o\nu$ , (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, bealing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ή, Παιωνιάς, άδος, ή, and Παιωνίς, ίδος, ή, with and without  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$ , the bealing art, medicine:  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$  Παιώνια a festival of Paeon.

παιωνισμός,  $\dot{\phi}$ , = παιανισμός, a chanting of the paean πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτή, etc.

πακτόω, f. ώσω, (πακτύs) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house.

2. to stop, to stop up, caulk.

3. to bind fast.

 $\Pi \hat{\mathbf{A}} \hat{\mathbf{A}} \hat{\mathbf{A}} \hat{\mathbf{O}} \hat{\mathbf{H}}, \hat{\eta}, a \text{ sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. } [\lambda \check{\mathbf{A}}]$ 

ΠΑ'ΛΑΙ, Adv long ago, in olden time, of old. If formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp to the present: also τὸ πάλαι

πάλαι-γενής, ές, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλαί-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής. πάλαιμονέω, f ήσω, = παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ές, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιό-γονος, ον, = παλαίγονος.

πάλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ, ορος, δ, (παλαιός, μήτηρ) ancient mother.

πάλαιό-πλουτος, ον, (παλαιύς, πλοῦτος) = ἀρχαιόπλουτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νεύπλουτος.

πάλαιορ-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιός, ρίζα) with aged roots πάλαιός, ά, όν, (πάλαι) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time; of παλαιοί the ancients; παλαιὸς χρόνος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιοῦ from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαίτερος, παλαίτατος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιτέρου from the older time. Hence

πάλαιότης, ητος, ή, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

πάλαιό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

πάλαιόω, f. ώσω, (παλαιόs) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. anaquare:—Pass. to become obsolete.

πάλαισμα, ατοε, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle.

II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge

**πάλαισμοσύνη, ή,** (παλαίω) poet. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

πάλαιστή, ή, =  $\pi \alpha \lambda \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta$ , the palm of the band. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches)

πάλαιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow

πάλαιστιαίος, α, ον, (παλαιστή) a falm long or broad.

παλαιστικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}\nu$ , (παλαιστ $\dot{\eta}$ s) of or for wrestling. παλαίστρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestlingschool generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [ī], ον, ό, presiding over the palaestra.
παλαίτερος and παλαίτατος, irreg Comp. and Sup.
of παλαιός, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαί-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. If spoken of long ago, legendary III. primitive, ancient, olden

παλαί-χθων, ονος, δ, ή, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land as Subst, παλαίχθων, δ, an old inhabitant, Lat. indigena.

πάλαίω, f αίσω: aor. I ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. luctare. II metaph to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass to be wrestled with.

absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat laborare.
πάλαμάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about.

II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα παλαμήσασθαι to plan

a dating deed

ΠΑ-ΛΑ'ΜΗ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμηφι, παλάμηφιν: - the Lat. PALMA, the palm of the band, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder.

11.

metaph a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance.

2. a thing made by art, an instrument.
πάλαμναῖος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled

by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified.

II. the avenger of blood.

παλαξέμεν, Fp for παλάξειν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω. παλάσιον,  $τ\dot{\nu}$ , = παλάθη.

ily, πάλάσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. πεπάλαγμα: (πάλλω):
gs, - to besprinkle:—Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared,
m defiled; but also, εγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 plqpf.) the
II. brain was scattered about.

11. to sbake the lots

in a belmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

πάλαστή, ή, and παλαστιαίος, α, ον, more correct

forms for παλαιστή, παλαιστιαίοs.

 $\Pi A^{\star} \Lambda E \Upsilon' \Omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω. Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled. πάλη, ή, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. lucta; generally,

a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ή, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, Lat. pollen: hence παιπάλη.

πάληναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

**πάλι**, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ă]

πάλιγ-γενεσία, ή, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being bornagain, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλίγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλῶσσα) doubletongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

πάλιγκάπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail.

πάλιγ-κάπηλος, δ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλίγκοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresb, Lat. recrudescens. malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλίγκοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλίγκοτοι adversaries.

**παλίγ-κραιπνος,** ον, (πάλιν, κραιπνός) very swift. παλιλλογέω, f. ήσω, to say again, reiterate. From παλίλ-λογος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

**πάλίμ-βάμος**, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards. πάλιμ-βλαστής, ές, (πάλιν, βλαστείν) shooting up again.

πάλιμβολία, ή, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλίμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

πάλιμ-μήκης, εs, (πάλιν, μῆκοs) as long again: generally, very long.

παλίμ-παις, -παιδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (πάλιν, παίς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

πάλιμ-πετής, έε, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλιμπετέs as Adv. back, back again.

πάλίμπλαγκτος, ov. tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

πάλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. 1 part. παλιμπλαγχθείε: to wander back.

πάλιμ-πλάνής, ές, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

πάλίμ-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vamped up. II. act. vamping up old wares.

πάλίμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποινή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλίμποινον requital, retribution.

πάλίμ-πους, ποδος, δ, ή, (πάλιν, πούς) going back, returning.

πάλιμ-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

παλίμ-φημος Dor. -φαμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) dissonant, discordant.

πάλιμ-φυής, ές, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again. ΠΑ'ΛΙΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγατέρος ηs she went back from her daughter. πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν έρειν to say to the contrary, i. e. gainsay; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, 1. e. transformed him into an old II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

 $\pi \tilde{a} \lambda \tilde{\iota} v - \hat{a} \gamma \rho \epsilon \tau o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{a} \lambda \iota v, \hat{a} \gamma \rho \epsilon \omega)$  taken back, to be taken back or recalled; έπου ου παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word.

πάλιν-αυξής, ές, (πάλιν, αύξω) growing again.

πάλιν-αυτόμολος, ov, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

πάλιν-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [ŭ]

πάλινδρομέω, f. ήσω, (παλινδρύμος) to run back again. Hence

πάλινδρομία, ή, a running back, going backwards. παλιν-δρόμος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμείν) running back again, recurring.

παλι-νηνεμία, ή, (πάλιν, νήνεμος) a returning calm. πάλιν-όρμενος, η, ον, rusbing back: cf sq

**πάλίν-ορσος** Att. -**ορρος**, ον, (πάλιν, ὅρνυμαι)bastening or darting back. II recurring, inveterate.

 $\pi \delta \lambda (v - \sigma \kappa (\sigma s), \sigma v) = \pi a \lambda (\sigma \kappa (\sigma s))$ 

πάλίν-σοος, ov, safe again, recovered.

**πάλιν-στομέω**, f. ήσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again. πάλ(ν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) required, repaid:avenged, punished.

 $\pi \tilde{\mathbf{a}} \hat{\lambda} \hat{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{o} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\mathbf{a}} \lambda_i \mathbf{v}, \tau \hat{\mathbf{e}} \hat{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{o})$  stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλίντονα τύξα, I of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force. of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

 $\pi \check{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \iota \mathbf{v} - \tau \rho \check{\mathbf{a}} \pi \epsilon \lambda o \mathbf{s}, \ o \mathbf{v}, \ (\pi \acute{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \iota \mathbf{v}, \ \tau \rho \acute{\epsilon} \pi \omega) = \pi a \lambda \acute{\iota} \mathbf{v} \tau \rho o \pi o \mathbf{s}.$ πάλιν-τρίβής, ές (πάλιν, τριβήναι) rubbed again and again: bardened, obdurate, villainous.

**πάλίν-τροπος**, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. retortus. II. turning back. III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

πάλιν-τὕχής, έε, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

πάλιν-φδέω, f. ήσω, (πάλιν, φδή) to recant what bas been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence πάλινωδία, ή, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΙΌΥΡΟΣ, ή, a kind of thorny shrub, rhammus

paliurus.  $\pi \ddot{a} \lambda \text{Toupo-} \dot{\phi} \dot{\phi} \rho \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma \dot{\phi} \dot{\phi} \sigma s$ 

bandle of paliurus-wood.

πāλιρ-ρόθιος, α, ον, (πάλιν, βόθος) back-flowing; κθμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, chbing and flowing.

πάλιρ-ροθος, ον, (πάλιν, βόθος) ebbing and flowing.
παλίρροια, ή, (παλίρροος) the reflux of water, backwater, ebb.

παλίρ-ροιος, η, ον, Ερ. for παλίρροος.

παλίρ-ροος, ον, contr παλίρρους, ουν, (πάλιν, βέω) flowing backwards, refluent: ebbing and flowing. II. metaph. returning on one's bead, retributive.

πάλιρ-ροπος,ου, (πάλιν, ρέπω) sliding back, sinking.
πάλι-σκίος, ου, (πάλιν, σκιά) shadowed over, gloomy, dusky.

πάλίσ-σύτος, ον, (πάλιν, σεύω) rushing hurriedly back; δρύμημα παλίσσυτον a backward course.

πάλ-ιωξις, ή, (πάλιν, lωκή) a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally.

πάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) concubinage.

Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλαs) the statue of Pallas. Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλαs) of or sacred to Pallas

παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) to keep as a concubine.

παλλακή, ή, (πάλλαξ) a concubine.

παλλακίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πάλλαξ, a concubine.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ή, a concubine, Lat. pellex, opp. to the lawful wife (ἄκοιτις, ἄλοχος).

Παλλάs, άδος [ἄ], ἡ, (πάλλω) Pallas, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάς ᾿Αθήνη or Παλλάς ᾿Αθηναίη, but later used alone, = ᾿Αθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, δ, Pallas, masc prop. n. πάλ-λευκος, ον, (παν, λευκός) all white.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΩ: aor.  $1 \in \pi\eta\lambda\alpha$  Ep.  $\pi\hat{\eta}\lambda\alpha$ : Ep. aor. 2 part.  $\pi\epsilon\pi\lambda\lambda\omega\nu$  (in compd.  $d\mu\pi\epsilon\pi\lambda\lambda\omega\nu$ ):—Pass., pf.  $\pi\epsilon\pi\lambda\lambda\mu\alpha$ : Ep. 3 sing aor. 2 pass.  $\pi\hat{\alpha}\lambda\tau$ o:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself. 2 κλήρους πάλλειν to shake the lots together till one leapt forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots.

II. πάλλο, intt. like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake.

παλμός, ὁ, (πάλλω) intr. a quivering: the beating

of the heart or pulse.

πάλος, δ, (πάλλω) the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; ἀρχὰς πάλω ἄρχειν to hold public offices by lot.

πάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.

παλτόν, τό, anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerreed: properly neut. from παλτός. παλτός, ή, όν, (πάλλω) brandished, burled.

παλύνας, aor. I part. of παλύνω.

παλύνω, f. ὄνω: 20τ. Ι ἐπάλῦνα: (πάλλω):—to strew or scatter upon. II. to bestrew, besprinkle. πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) property.

παμ-βάσιλεια, ή, (πα̂s, βασίλεια) queen of all, all-powerful queen.

παμ-βδελυρόs, ά, όν, (πᾶs, βδελυρόs) all-loatbsome or abominable.

παμ-βίαs, ου, δ, (πα̂s, βία) all-subduing. πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πα̂s, βόσκω) all-nourisbing. παμ-βῶτις, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (πα̂ς, βώτης) all-feeding, all-nourishing.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πᾶς, μάταιος) all-vain, all-useless. πάμ-μάχος, ον, (πᾶς, μάχη) all-conquering, triumphant. II. = παγκρατιαστής

παμ-μέγας, –μεγάλη, –μεγα, (πᾶς, μέγας) very great. παμ-μεγέθης, ες, (πᾶς, μέγεθος) of enormous size.

παμ-μέλας,  $\alpha \nu \alpha$ ,  $\alpha \nu$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha}s$ ,  $\mu \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \alpha s)$  all black. παμ-μήκης,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha}s$ ,  $\mu \hat{\eta} \kappa \sigma s)$  very long, prolonged. πάμ-μηνος,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha}s$ ,  $\mu \hat{\eta} \nu)$  through every month,

through the live-long year.
παμ-μήτειρα, ή, = παμμήτωρ

παμμήτις, ιδος, δ, ή, (πας, μήτις) all-knowing, allplanning.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ή,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \mu \eta \tau \eta \rho)$  mother of all. II. altogether a mother, a very mother

παμ-μίαρος, ον, (πας, μιαρός) all-abominable.

παμ-μἴγής, έs, (παs, μιγῆναι) all-blended, all-confounded, promiscuous.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (παs, μικρός) very small.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμιγής.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πα̂ς, μόρος) all-bapless.

παμ-μὖσἄρός, ά, όν, (πᾶς, μύσος) = παμμίαρος. πάμπἄν, Adv. (πᾶς) like πάνυ, quite, wbolly, altogether; οὐ πάμπαν not at all, by no means.

παμ-πειθής, ές, (πας, πείθω) all-persuasive.

παμπήδην, Adv. (πâs) like πάμπαν, entirely, totally. παμ-πησία, ή, (πâs, πέπαμαι) entire possession.

παμπληθεί, Adv. with the whole multitude. From παμ-πληθής, ές, (πᾶς, πλήθος) of or with the whole multitude.

If very numerous.

III. neut. παμπληθές as Adv entirely.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πᾶς, πλήσσω) in which all kinds of blows are inflicted.

παμ-ποίκιλος, ον, also η, ον, (π as, ποικίλοs) allvariegated, of rich and varied work.

πάμ-πολις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\pi \acute{o} \lambda \iota s)$  prevailing in all cities, universal.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολυ, (πα̂s, πολύs) very much, very great, and in pl. very many:— neut. πάμπολυ as Adv. very much.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πâs, πονηρός) all-depraved, utterly base or bad.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πας, πορφύρα) all-purple.

παμ-πότνια, ή, (πᾶs, πότνια) all-venerable. πάμ-πρεπτοs, ον, (πᾶs, πρέπω) all-conspicuous, splendid, refulgent.

παμπρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πας, πρώτος) the very first, first of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., first of all. παμ-φάής, ές, (πας, φάος) all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent. Adv. -ως.

παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, to sbine or beam brightly: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημι; πρώτον παμφαίνων, of a star first rising.

παμφάνοων, fem. - όωσα, gen. - όωντος, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφανάω) all-sbining, bright-beaming, glistening.

παμ-φάρμακος, ον, (πας, φάρμακον) skilled in all charms or simples.

παμ-φεγγής, ές, (πα̂ς, φέγγος) all-shining, resplendent.

πάμ-φθαρτος, ον, (πα̂ς, φθείρω) all-destroying.

πάμ-φλεκτος, ον, (πας, φλέγω) all-burnt, all-blazing. πάμ-φορβος, ον, also η, ον, (πας, φορβή) all-feeding.

πομ-φόρος, ον,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \phi \hat{\epsilon} \rho \omega)$  all-bearing, all-productive.

II. bearing all ibings with it.

πάμ-φῦλος, ον, (παε, φυλή) of all tribes or sorts.
πάμ-φωνος, ον, (παε, φωνή) with all tones, full-toned generally, expressive.

παμ-ψηφεί, Adv. (πα̂s, ψηφοs) with all the votes. πάμψῦχος, ον, (πα̂s, ψυχή) in all life, in full possession of life.

παν, neut. of παs.

Πάν, gen. Πᾶνός, δ, Pan, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—plur. Πᾶνες, = Lat Fauni.

πάν-αβρος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀβρός) quite or very soft. παν-ἄγής, ές, (πᾶς, ἄγος) all-ballowed, Lat. sacro-

παν-άγρετος, ον, (π as, ἀγρ εω) all-catching.

πάν-αγρεύς, έως, δ,  $(π \hat{a}s, \dot{a}γρ \hat{\epsilon}\omega)$  one who catches everything.

πάν-αγρος, ον, (πâs, ἄγρα) catching all.

πάν-άγρυπνος, ον, (πâs, ἄγρυπνος) quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.

παν-άγυρις, Dor. for πανήγυρις

Παν-αθήναια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πας, 'Αθήνη) the Panathenaea, two festivals of the Atheniaus, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence Παναθηναϊκός, ή, όν, of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenae

nathenaic.
παν-άθλιος, α, ον, (πα̂s, ἄθλιος) all-wretched.

πάν-αιγλήεις, εσσα, εν, (πâs, αἴγλη) all-sbining. πάν-αιθος, η, ον, (πâs, αἴθω) all-blazing.

παν-αίολος, ον, (πας, αίόλος) all-variegated, glittering, glancing.

II. metaph. manifold.

πάν-αισχρος, ον, (πâs, alσχρός) utterly ugly or sbameful: Sup. παναίσχιστος.

**πἄν-αίτιος**, ον, (πα̂s, αἰτία) the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp to μεταίτιος.

παν-άκεια,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , (π $\hat{a}$ s,  $\tilde{a}$ κοs) a panac $\bar{e}$ a, universal remedy: also πανάκη,  $\hat{\eta}$ .

πάν-ἄλάστωρ, ορος, δ, (πᾶς, ἀλάστωρ) an allavenging genius.

παν-αληθής, έε,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \hat{a}\lambda \eta \theta \hat{\eta}s)$  quite true: all too true. Adv.  $-\theta \hat{\omega}s$ , all truly.

παν-αλκής, έs, (παs, αλκή) all-powerful.

πάν-άλωτος, ον, (πᾶς, άλωτός) all-catching, all-encompassing. [α]

πάν-άμερος, -αμέριος, Dor. for παν-ήμερος, -ημέριος.

παν-άμμορος, ον, (πας, άμμορος) without any share in.

II. all-luckless.

παν-άμωμος, ον, (πα̂ε, αμωμοε) all-blameless.

παν-ἄοίδιμος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀοίδιμος) sung by all.
παν-άπἄλος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) all-tender or delicate

π**αν-ἀ**π**ενθήs**, **έs**, (π**âs**, α privat., π**ένθοs**) wholly without grief, sorrowless.

πάν-ἄπήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πᾶς, ἀπήμων) all-barmless, all free from burt.

παν-άποτμος, ον, (πα̂s, αποτμος) all-bapless.

παν-άργυρος, ον, (παs, άργυρος) all of silver.

παν-άρετος, ον, (πα̂s, ἀρετή) all-virtuous.

πάν-άριστος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄριστος) best of all.
πάν-αρκέτας, gen. fem of πανάρκετος, all-sufficing, all-powerful.

πάν-αρμόνιος, α, ον, (πâs, άρμονία) embracing all modes or tones, of full compass.

2. barmonising with all, all-barmonious.

πάν-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) all-powerful, ruling all. παν-ατρεκής, ές, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) all-exact, infallible πἄν-ἄφῆλυξ, ἴκος. ὁ, ἡ, 'πᾶς, ἀπό, ἡλιξ) all away from the friends of one's youth.

παν-άφθιτος, ον, (πας, άφθιτος) all-imperishable.

παν-άφυκτος, ον, (πας, άφυκτος) all-inevitable.

 $\pi$ αν-άφυλλος, ον, ( $\pi$ as, άφυλλος) all-leafless. Παν-αχαιοί, οί, =  $\pi$ άντες ' $\Lambda$ χαιοί, all the Achaians.

παν-άχραντοs, ον, (παs, άχραντοs) all-unstained. παν-αώριοs, ον, (παs, άωροs) all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.

παν-δαισία, ή,  $(π\hat{a}s, δαίs)$  a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails

παν-δάκρῦτος, ον, (πας, δακρύω) all in tears, alltearful.

II. all-bewept, most lamentable.

παν-δαμάτωρ, opos, ὁ, (πα̂s, δαμάω) all-subduer. [ἄ] παν-δαμεί, Dor for πανδημεί.

πάν-δεινος, ον, (πας, δεινός) all-dreadful, frightful. πανδελέτειος, α, ον, (Πανδέλετος) knavish like Pan-

παν-δερκέτης, ου, masc. Adj. and πανδερκής, ές, (πâs, δέρκομαι) all-seeing observing all.

`παν-δημεί and -δημί, Adv of πάνδημοs, with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse

πανδημία, ή, the whole people: in dat. πανδημία as Adv, altogether. From

 $\pi$ αν-δήμιο**s**, ον, ( $\pi$ âs, δήμοs) of all the people, hence public, general, common.

πάν-δημος, ον, (πας, δημος) of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πάν-δημος πόλις the whole body of the city.

 $\dot{\Pi}$ άν-δτα (sub. ἱερά),  $\tau$ ά, (πâs, Δίs gen. Διόs) a festival of Jupiter in Athens.

πάν-δίκος, ον, (πᾶς, δίκη) all-righteous Adv. παν-

δίκως, all-justly.

**Πανδιονίs**, ίδοs, ή, fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow. II. (sub  $\phi \nu \lambda \dot{\eta}$ ), one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.

παν-δοκείον, τό, a house for the reception of strangers, an inn. From

παν-δοκεύς, έως, ό, = πάνδοκος, a bost: hence fem. παν-δοκεύτρια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a bostess.

παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a bost, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πâs, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: csp receiving guests, bospitable:—as Subst, πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, bost.

πανδοξία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , unblemished fame, perfect glory. From πάν-δοξος, ον,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \delta \delta \xi a)$  all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πα̂ς, δοῦλος) all a slave, an utter

πανδοχείον, πανδοχεύς, etc., ν. πανδοκ-.

πάν-δυρτος, ον, poet. for πανόδυρτος, (πα̂ς, ὅδυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δύσία, ἡ, (παs, δύω) the total setting of a star. παν-δώρα, ἡ, (πas, δωρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth. Il. as fem. prop n, Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous. πἄν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐλεύθερος) entirely free. Πἄν-έλληνες, οἰ, = πάντες "Ελληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks

πάν-επήράτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπήρατος) all-lovely.
παν-επίσκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.
πάν-επ-όρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπί, ὄρφνη) all night long.
πάν-εργέτης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (παs, έρημος) all-desolate.

 $\pi \bar{\alpha} v \cdot \epsilon \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\epsilon \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho a)$  lasting the whole evening.

παν-έστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐστία) with the whole household παν-έτης, ες, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάνετες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εύτονος, ον, (πα̂s, εὕτονος) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθος, ον, (πâs, έφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

παν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυρις) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζειν ές πύλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there.

II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πάν-ηγύρικός, ή, όν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. -κῶς, pompously. From

παν-ήγυρις Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ή; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πας, άγυρις Aeol. for άγορα):— an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγύρις πανηγύρις εν to hold such festivals.

πάν-ημαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.
πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole

day in a thing.

πάν-ημέριος, α, ον, (πâs, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηθε πανημερίη a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long.—
neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

παν-ήμεροs, ον, (πα̂s, ἡμέρα) doing all the day παν-οπλίτηs, ου, ό, a man in full armour. [τ]

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day. παν-θελκτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, fem. -κτειρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλγω) charmer of all.

 $\pi \alpha v \cdot \theta \eta \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \lambda a)$  growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑ'ΝΘΗΡ, ηρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthēra. παν-θυμάδον, Adv. (πῶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πάν-θύτος, ον, (πα̂s, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πανικός, ή, όν, (Π $\hat{\alpha}$ ν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δε $\hat{\mu}$ μα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan

π**ἄν-ίμεροs**, ον, (πâs, ιμεροs) all-lovely, all-desired. [ι]

πανίσδομαι, Dor. for πηνίζομαι.

Πάν-ιώνιον,  $τ\dot{o}$ ,  $=\pi\hat{a}\nu$  Ιώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple.

II.  $\tau\hat{a}$  Πανιώνια (sub.  $i\epsilon\rho\hat{a}$ ), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λώβητος, ον, (παs, λωβάομαι) all-disfigured, bideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίε) to celebrate a festival by night.

II. to watch or do anything the livelong night, παννυχίζειν την νύκτα to spend the livelong night.

παννυχικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (παννυχίε) of or for a vigil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (πâs, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίη νηθε πείρε κέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νὕχίς, ίδος, ἡ, (πας, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium.

11. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πάν-νυχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχα as Adv., the livelong night.

παν-όδυρτος, ον, (πα̂ς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

mav-οιζύς, ύ, gen. ύος, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unbappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and -οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

παν-οικία Ion -ίη (παs, οίκοs) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the bouse, bousehold and all.

παν-οίμοι, Interj. (πα̂s, οίμοι) ob utter woe!

παν-όλβιος, ον, (παs, όλβιος) truly bappy, with unalloyed bappiness.

παν-ομιλεί, Adv. (παs, ὅμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-όμματος, ον, (πα̂ς, όμμα) all eyes.

πdν-όμοιος Ep. -ομοίζος [i], ον, (π $\hat{a}$ s, δμοιοs) exactly like.

πāν-ομφαίος, δ, (π $\hat{a}$ s, δμφ $\hat{η}$ ) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πάνοπλία, ἡ, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a beauy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence πάν-οπλίτης ου δ a man in full armour. [7]

 $\pi \Delta v$ -o $\pi \lambda o s$ , ov,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\delta \pi \lambda o v)$  in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

παν-όπτης, ου, ό, (πας, όψομαι) the all-seeing.
πάν-ορμος, ον, (πας, όρμος) always fit for landing.
πανός, ό, Aeol. for φανός, (φαίνω) a torch, beacon.
πανουργέω, f. ήσω, (πανοῦργος) to play the knave
or villain, act like a rogue; όσια πανουργεῖν to do a
holy deed in an unboly way. Hence

πάνούργημα, ατος, τό, a knavish, roguish act. πάνουργία, ή, (πανουργέω) villany, knavery, trickery: in plut. knavish tricks.

πάνουργ-ιππαρχίδας, ου, ὁ, (πανοῦργος, ἵππαρχος) a captain of rascals: οτ = πανοῦργος 'Ίππαρχιδης, knave Hipparchides.

παν-οῦργος, ον, (πᾶν, ἔργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villanous, treacherous: as Subst., παν-οῦργος, ὁ, ἢ, α knave, villain, rogue; πανοῦργον, τό, =πανουργία — Sup. πανουργότατος, most rascally.— Αdν. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. -ότατα.

πάν-όψιος, ον, (πâs, ὄψις) seen by all, epith. of a spear.

παν-σᾶγία, ή, (πᾶs, σάγη) = πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πανσαγία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σέληνος, ον, (πα̂s, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full; ώρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ή πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ή αὔριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πάν-σεμνος, ον, (πᾶς, σεμνός) very stately. πάν-σκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) all-surveying. πάν-σοφος, ον, (πᾶς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise. πάν-σπερμος, ον, (πᾶς, σπέρμα) composed of all

sorts of seeds.

παν-στράτιφ Ion. -ιη, (παs, στρατόs) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατιαs occurs), with the whole army.

πάνοτόδία Ion. -ίη, (πα̂s, σείω) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυδία in use, with all speed.

πάν-συρτος, ον, (πâs, σύρω) swept together from every side, accumulated.

παντα, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

**πάντακ** $\hat{\eta}$ , Adv., Ion. for  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha \chi \hat{\eta}$ .

παν-τάλαs, αινα, αν, (παs, τάλαs) all-wretched.
παντάπασι, before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (παs) entirely,
wbolly, altogether: in replying it affirms strongly, by
all means, undoubtedly.

παντάρβη, ή, name of a precious stone.

παντ-αρκής, ές, (πᾶς, ἀρκέω) all-prevailing. παντ-άρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀρχή)

ruler of all.

πάντ-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) all-ruling, absolute. παντάχη, Ion. παντακή, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way. II. of Manner, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντάχόθεν, Adv. (πῶε) from all places or sides. παντάχοῦ, Adv. (πῶε) in all directions, every way. παντάχοῦς, Adv. (πῶε) to all places, every way. παντάχοῦ, Adv. (πῶε) everywhere. παντάχως, Adv. (πα̂s) in all ways.

mav-τελής, ές, (πᾶς, τέλος) all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act. all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελώς Ion. -έως, Adv, also παντελές, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πασι, dat. pl. of παs.

παν-τευχία, ή,  $(π \hat{a} s, τ \epsilon \hat{v} \chi o s) = π αν-οπλία, complete armour; ξὺν οι ἐν παντευχία in full armour.$ 

πάν-τεχνος, ον, (πᾶς, τέχνη) assisting all the arts. πάντη Dor. παντά, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere, on every side, every way. II. in every way, by all means; οὐ πάντη not quite.

πάν-τῖμος, ον,  $(π \hat{a}s, τίμη)$  all-bonourable.

παντό-γηρως, ων, gen. ω,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \gamma \hat{\eta} p a s)$  making all old, enfeebling all.

παντο-δάής, ές, (πα̂ς, \*δάω) all-knowing.

παντοδάπος, ή, όν,  $(\pi \hat{a}s)$  of every kind, of all sorts, manifold. Adv.  $(\pi \hat{a}s)$  from all anarters from every  $(\pi \hat{a}s)$  from all quarters from every

πάντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶs) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πâs) everywhere.

παντοῖος, α, ον, (πα̂s) of all sorts or kinds, manifold; παντοῖος γενέσθαι to take all sbapes, 1 c. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίωs, Adv. in every kind of way.

παντο-κράτωρ, ορος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (π $\hat{a}$ s, κρ $\hat{a}$ τ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω) all-mighty.
παντ-ολίγοχρόνιος, ον, (π $\hat{a}$ s,  $\dot{\phi}$ λιγοχρόνιος) utterly short-lived.

πάν-τολμος, ον, (πᾶς, τύλμα) all-daring, sbameless. παντο-μισής, ές, (πᾶς, μῖσος) all-bateful.

παντο-παθής, έs, (πα̂s, παθειν) all-suffering.

παντο-πόρος, ον, (πᾶς, πόρος) all-inventive. παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντύπτης, ου, δ, (πᾶς, ὅψομαι) all-seeing.

πάντοσε, Adv. (πᾶs) in all ways, every way. παντό-σεμνος,ον,(πᾶs, σεμνόs) all-reverend, august. πάντοτε, Adv. at all times, always.

παντό-τολμος, ον, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring. παντ-ουργός, όν, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανοῦργος.

παντο-φάγος, ον, (παs, φργείν) all-devouring. παντό-φυρτος, ον, (παs, φογείν) all-confused, com-

mingled.

πάν-τροπος, ον, (π $\hat{a}$ s, τρέπω) utterly routed. παν-τρόφος, ον, (π $\hat{a}$ s, τρέφω) all-nourisbing.

πάντως, Adv. (πâs) wbolly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in nowive, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino non. II. in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.

πάνδ, Adv. (πâs) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino. 2. very, very much, exceedingly. 3. δ πάνυ with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; ol πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; δ πάνυ Περικλῆs the famous Pericles. II. in answers, yes by all means, certainly. [ἄ]

all.

 $\pi \Delta v - \delta \pi \epsilon \rho \tau \alpha \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s, \delta \pi \epsilon \rho \tau \alpha \tau \sigma s) uppermost;$ bigbest of all.

 $\pi \alpha \nu - \nu \sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \tau \cos$ ,  $o\nu$ , and  $\pi \dot{\alpha} \nu - \dot{\nu} \sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \tau \cos$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s$ , ύστατος) last of all.

πανωλεθρία, ή, utter destruction, utter ruin. From  $\pi \Delta v - \omega \lambda \in \theta \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\delta \lambda \in \theta \rho o s$ ,  $\delta \lambda \lambda v \mu \iota$ ) utterly ruined, destroyed, undone. 2. in moral sense, utterly abandoned. II. act. all-destructive, allruinous.

παν-ώλης, ες, (πας, ὅλλυμι) utterly ruined, de-2. in moral sense, utterly alandoned. stroyed. act. all-destructive.

 $\pi \check{a} v - \omega \pi \check{\eta} \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma a$ ,  $\epsilon v$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s, \check{\omega} \psi) visible to all.$  $\pi \dot{\alpha} v - \omega \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \dot{\alpha} s$ ,  $\ddot{\omega} \rho a)$  in every season.

πάξ, Lat. pax! bush! still!

πάξαι, πάξαιμι, Dor. for πήξαι, πήξαιμι, aor. I mf. and opt. of πήγνυμι.

 $\Pi A'OMAI$ , f πάσομαι [ā]: aor. ι ἐπᾶσάμην: pf. πέπαμαι, inf. πεπασθαι: Dep:—to get, acquire, Lat. potior:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to bave in possession.

πάπαι, Interj of suffering, Lat vae! ob! alas! of surprise, ab!

παπαιάξ, lengthd. for παπαί.

Παπαῖοs, δ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαί, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάζω, (πάππαs) to call papa, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling papa.

παππαίαs, ov, δ, Dim. of πάππαs, dear little papa. ΠΑ'ΠΠΑΣ, ov, δ, papa, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, mamma, of μήτηρ.

παππίδιον, τό, = παππίαs. [ζ]

παππίζω, = παππάζω.

 $\Pi A'\Pi\Pi O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a grandfather.

παππώοs, a, ov, (πάπποs) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him

πάπραξ, ακος, δ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasia. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνοισα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙ'ΝΩ, fut. ἄνῶ: aor. 1 ἐπάπτηνα:—to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly. II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω

πάπυροs, δ and ή, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for πάρα in sense of πάρεστι.

ΠΑΡΑ' Εp. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: Radical sense, beside:

I. WITH GENIT. from beside, from alongside of, whether of Place or Person: metaph. issuing, derived. proceeding from; παρ' ξαυτοῦ διδόναι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, παρά θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators,

παν-υπείροχος, ον,  $(π \hat{a}s, \hat{v}πείροχοs)$  eminent above is used like  $\hat{v}πο'$ , Lat. a or ab, by, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρά τινος τυφθήναι to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons Lat. apud and coram; παρ' έμοί, Lat. me judice, before me; παρά Δαρείφ κριτή before Darius as judge; παρ' έωυτφ at one's bome, Lat. apud se.

I. of Place, running along, III. WITH Accus, 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of beside. 3. going by, leaving on one side; mapa persons. την Βαβυλώνα παριέναι to go part Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark; παρα δύναμιν beyond one's strength: contrary to, against; mapa μοιραν contrary to destiny; παρά δύξαν contrary to 4. beside, beyond, except; οὐκ ἔστι παρά ταῦτ' ἄλλα besides this, there is nothing else; so, παρά έν πάλαισμα έδραμε νικαν 'Ολυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; mapa µiκρόν, παρ' δλίγον within little, i. e. well-nigh, almost; παρά πολύ by much; παρά τοσοῦτον by so much; παρ' ὕσον by how much, Lat. quatenus;—so, παρά μικρον ηλθεν ἀποθανείν he came within a little of dying; παρά τοσοῦτον κινδύνου έλθεῖν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i.e to escape danger by 5. in comparison wib; αὐτὸς παρ' ξαυτόν so little. himself compared with himself; παρ' οὐδέν έστι it is compared with (i.e. as) nothing; παρ' οὐδεν ήγεισθαι to consider as nothing: - also, παρ' ἡμέραν day as compared with day, day by day; παρά τὰ ἄλλα (ζα ώσπερ θεοί οι ανθρωποι βιοτεύουσι men as compared with all other animals live like gods; παρά τοὺs άλλουs πονείν to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. more than the rest. II. of Time, during; παρά τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written πάρα: so also when it stands for πάρειμι οτ πάρεστι.

Παρά absol, As ADV, near, together, at once.

In Compos., παρά retains its chief usages as Prep., I. alongside of, beside, as in παρά-κειμαι, παρ-έζομαι. II. from one to another, as in mapaδίδωμι, παρ-έχω. III. passing by, as in παρ-έρχομαι, παρ-οίχομαι. 2. metaph. swerving aside, i.e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also, contrary to, against, as in παρ-αίσιος. IV. of alteration or change, as in παρά-φημι, παρα-πείθω.

παραβάθηναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of παραβαίνω. παρα-βαίνω, f.  $-\beta$ ήσομαι: pf.  $-\beta$ έβηκα, part.  $-\beta$ εβώς Ερ. παρβεβαώς: 2 οτ. 2 παρέβην:—to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat. pass beside or beyond, i.e. to overstep, transgress; & παραβάs the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I πάρεβάθην [ă], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, to be transgressed or offended against. III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: ου με παρέβα it escaped me not. IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν ές οτ πρός τὸ

παρά-βακτρος, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, ον, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Bacchanal. παρα-βάλλω, f.  $-\beta$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2 παρέβάλον: pf.  $-\beta$ έβληκα : Pass., aor. I - εβλήθην : pf. - βέβλημαι : to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. objicere, projicere: to bold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. objicere. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, bazard, stake: - Med. to expose oneself to danger; ξμην ψυχην παραβαλλύμενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war; so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. side by side, so as to compare one with another:-Med , παραβαλλόμενοι vying with one another: Pass, άπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another. III. to bring to the side of : esp in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι την άκατον to bring the boat alongside; and absol in aor. 2 imperat. παραβαλού, put to land. IV. to throw or turn sideways; όμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye sideways, i. e. to squint. V. to deposit with one, VI. to deceive, betray. entrust to him. VII. intr. in Act. to come near, approach 2 to pass over by sea, like Lat. trajicio

παραβάς, ασα, άν, aor. 2 part. of παραβαίνω.

παράβασις Ερ. παραίβασις, εως, ή, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression. II. the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the cheer on. audience in the Poet's name.

παραβάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (παραβαίνω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside from one to another. II. a transgressor, in poet, form mand. the charioteer. παρβάτης.

II. to be gone beyond, sur-

passed.

παραβέβασμαι, pf. pass. of παραβαίνω.

παραβέβασθαι, pf. inf. pass, of παραβαίνω.

παραβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραβαίνω.

παρα-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.:-to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a nation. side look;  $\pi a \rho a \beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon i \nu \theta a \tau \epsilon \rho \varphi$  to wink with one

2. to see wrong.

παραβλήδην, Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήδην άγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i.e. maliciously, invidiously.

 $\pi$ αράβλημα, ατος, τό, ( $\pi$ αραβάλλω) something bung beside, a curtain or screen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρα-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: aor. 2 παρέμολον: pf. παραμέμβλωκα Ep. παρμέμβλωκα:-to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παραβλητέος, α, ον, and παραβλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παραβλώψ,  $\hat{\omega}$ πος, δ, ή, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρα-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to παρα-βοηθέω, f ήσω, to come to belp another: absol. come to the rescue.

παραβολεύομαι, Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run bazard

παραβολή, ή, (παραβάλλω II) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: bazarding: of persons, venturesome, reckless.

of things, bazardous, perilous. παρα-βουλεύομαι, Dep to shew disregard.

παράβυστος, ον, (παραβύω) stuffed in.

παρα-βύω, f  $\sigma \omega$ , to stuff in, insert  $[\bar{v}]$ παραγαγείν, aor 2 inf of παράγω

παραγγελία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's parti-3. instruction, doctrine. From

 $\pi \alpha \rho \cdot \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\pi \alpha \rho \dot{\eta} \gamma \gamma \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha$ : pf. askance; παραβάλλειν τὰ ὀφθαλμώ to cast both eyes παρήγγελκα: pass. παρήγγελμα: -to pass an announcement from one to another II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. imperium per manus tradere :also to give the word of command, give orders:-2 generally, to recommend, exhort. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. imperare frumentum: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given. III. also to encourage, IV. to summon to one's belp, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παράγγελμα, ατος, τύ, an announcement passed II. an order, word of com-III. instruction.

παράγγελσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \gamma \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \omega)$  an announcing. II. παραβάτός poet. παρβατός, ή, όν, (παραβαίνω) in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command. παρα-γεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:— Med. to taste slightly of a thing.

παρα-γηράω, f. άσομαι, to be the worse for old age. παρα-γίγνομαι later -γίνομαι [τ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 παρεγενόμην:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support. 2. of things, to be at hand, to come, bappen, belong to. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's desti-2. to come to maturity.

παρα-γιγνώσκω later - γινώσκω: fut. - γνώσομαι: 201. 2 παρέγνων:—to decide beside the right, i.e. to decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, άγκάλη) that

which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace. παρ-αγκωνίζομαι, Dep. (παρά, άγκών) to push aside with the elbows, elbow.

παραγνούs, παραγνώναι, aor 2 part. and inf. of παραγιγνώσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατος, τό, (παραγράφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

παραγράφή, ή, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφή).

παρα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf pass. παραγέγραμμαι, to bave a thing written by the side: to bave a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment; absol, παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφή.

παρα-γυμνόω, f. ώσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph.

to lay open, disclose.

map-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 - hγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past.

2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line.

II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persiade, bring over, but in bad sense.

2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert.

III to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness.

IV. to bring in tealthily.

V. intrans. to pass by, fass on one's way: pass away. Hence

παρἄγωγή, ή, a leading by or past, carrying across.

2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line.

3 a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash in coming out of the water. It a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallacy, quibble.

III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρα-δακρύω, f ύσω [v], to weep beside or along with.
παρα-δαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομα: aor. 2 παρέδαρθον
Ερ. παρέδραθον, iiif. παραδραθέειν:—to sleep beside or
by

παράδειγμα, τό, (παραδείκνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a freedent, example; iπλ παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρα-δειγμάτίζω, f. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγμάτώδης, ες, (παράδειγμα, είδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward.

as so and so, to represent, pourtray.

3. to band over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go with out one's dinner.

παράδεισος, δ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take or receive from anoiber, to bave by right of succession, as hereditary.

2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do.

3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλόω, f. ώσω, to disclose by a side bint. παρα-διακονέω, f. ήσω, to attend and serve. παρα-διατριβή, ή, useless disputation. παρα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or band over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign.

2. to give into another's bands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender · to band over to justice: also to betray.

3. to band down, transmit to posterity.

II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῶ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor. I pass. subj. of παραδίδωμι. παραδοξο-λογία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (παράδοξοs, λόγοs) a strange story, marvel.

παρά-δοξος, ον, (παρά, δύξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. - fωs

παράδοσις, ή, (παραδίδωμι) a banding down, bequeathing, transmission. 2 a giving up, surrender. 3, the transmission of banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

παραδοτέος, α, ον, οτ παραδοτός, ή, όν, verb Adj of παραδίδωμι, to be banded down, etc:—neut. παραδοτέον οτ -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up

παραδεύs, act. 2 part. of παραδίδωμι παραδοχή, ή, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another.
2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδράθειν Ερ. - ξειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδαρθάνω. παραδράμειν, aor 2 inf. of παρατρέχω

παρα-δράω Ερ παρα-δρώω: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ή, (παραδραμεῖν) a running beside or by; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter. παράδρομως, ον, (παραδραμεῖν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παραδύμεναι, Ερ. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύω.

παρα-δύναστεύω, f. σω, (παρά, δυνόστης) to govern or reign with one.

παράδυσις, ή, a slinking in beside. From

παρα-δύομαι, Med, with 201. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι Ερις παραδύμεναι:—to creep or slink past. 2 to creep in underband, slink or steal in.

παραδωσείω, Desiderat, of παραδίδωμι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρ-αείδω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρ-αείρω contr. παραίρω (παρά, ἀείρω contr. αίρω), to lift up and set beside: — Pass. to bang on one side; Ep. aor 1 pass. παρηέρθην Att. παραέρθην.

παρα-ξεύγνυμι and -ὑω, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζηλόω, f. ώσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρα-ξώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζωσω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσίδιος Att. -ττίδιος, ον, = παραθαλάσ-

παρα-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ον, also oe, ον, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παρα-θάλπω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.

παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence.

παραθείεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.

παραθείs, παράθεs, 201. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.

παρα-θέλγω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.

παρα-θερμαίνω, to beat or inflame to excess.

παράθεσις, εως, ή, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice. παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.

παρα-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare.

II. to overlook, slight.

παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to whet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.

παραθήκη, ή, (παρατίθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a hostage.

παραθήσομαι, fut med. of παρατίθημι.

πάραί, poet. for παρά. παραιβάσίη, ή, poet. for παραβασία, transgression. παραι-βάτέω, παραι-βάτης, poet. for παραβ-.

παραίβολος, ον, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήδην.

παρ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, to stir up, kindle. II intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.

παραίνεσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (παραινέω) advice, counsel.

παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: αοτ. 1 παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., αοτ 1 παρηνέθην: pf. παρήνημαι:— to advise, recommend, counsel.

παραιπεπίθησιν, παραιπεπιθούσα, Ερ. for παραπίθη, παραπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραπείθω.

mapalpeois, h, a taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailing. From

παρ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. 1 παρηρέθην: pf. παρήρημα:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; παραιρείν άραν είs παίδα to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detacb. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence

παραίρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selvage of cloth: generally, a hand, strip. παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet παρ-αίρω.

 $\pi$ ap-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to bear of by the way.

**παρ-αίσιοs**, ον, (παρά, αίσιο**s**) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.

παρ-αίσσω, f. εω: Ep. 201. 1 παρήμεα:—to dart lodged in one's bands, esp. a deposit, trust.

παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—
to beg of or from another:
 1. c. acc. rei, to obtain
by prayer or entreaty.
 2. c. acc. pers. to move by
entreaty, obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do. II. like Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. Hence παραίτησις, ή, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.

παρ-αίτιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αίτία) being in part the cause: accessory to.

παραι-φάμενος, η, ον, Ερ. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, exhorting, encouraging.

παραί-φάσις, ή, poet. for παράφασις, (παράφημι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.

παραι-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.

παρ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to bang up beside:—Pass. to be bung or bang beside.

παρακάββἄλέ, Ερ. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing 20r. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.

παρακαθέζέσθαι, 201. 2 inf med. of παρακαθίζω. παρα-κάθημαι, 111f -καθησθαι, Dep. to set beside or

παρα-καθίζω, f. - καθιζήσω Att. - καθιῶ, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut. - καθεδοῦμαι: aor.  $2 - \epsilon \kappa \alpha \theta \epsilon \zeta \dot{\omega} \mu \eta \nu$ : also aor  $1 - \epsilon \kappa \alpha \theta \iota \dot{\omega} \dot{\omega} \mu \eta \nu$ :—to sit down beside.

παρα-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down by the side: so also in Mcd. παρα-καθίεμαι.

πορα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.

παρα-καίριος and παρά-καιρος, ον, (παρά, καιρόε) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.

παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.

παρα-κάλέω, f. -καλῶ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι —to call to one, i. e, l. to call to aid, send for, summon, l.at. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite. II. to call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite. to demand, require.

παρακάλυμμα, τό, a covering: metaph. a cloak, veil. From

παρα-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover by banging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.

παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλῶ: Ep. 201. 2 παρα-κάββαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to throw or put down beside; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. 25 law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence

παρακαταβολή, ή, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.

παρακαταθήκη, ή, (παρακατατίθημι) any:bing odged in one's bands, esp. a deposit, trust.

παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. –καταθανοῦμαι: 201.2 –κατέθανον Ερ. –κάτθανον:—to die beside or near.

παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. junta accumbere. παρα-κατακλίνω, f. Ινώ, to lay down beside.

παρα-καταλέγομαι, f. ξομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρκατέλεκτο. παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's

bands.

παρα-καταπήγνυμι, f. - καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's bands: - Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping. παρα-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:-Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-καττύω, Att. for παρα-κασσύω, to sew on or to:-metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρεке́окето: Pass.:-to lie beside, near or before. generally, to be ready, lie close at band: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακέλευμα, ματος, τό, = παρακέλευσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exbort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exbort, encourage, cheer on by shouting: 3 sing. plapf. παρακεκέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders bad been given. Hence

παρακέλευσις, ή, a calling out to, cheering on. παρακέλευσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exbortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ό, = παρακέλευσις.

παρακελευστός, ή, ύν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κελητίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνευσις, ή, a desperate venture. From παρα-κινδύνεύω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or bazard a thing: c. inf. to bave the bardibood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the bazard: in Pass, ἔπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a bardy, venturous phrase. παρα-κινέω, f. ήσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter. 2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad. 3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσοθμαι:--to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω, to bar or sbut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underband.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κληίω, Ion. for παρακλείω.

παράκλησις, ή, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. exbortation, encouragement.

παρακλητέος, a, ον, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλη-Téov, one must call on.

παρακλητικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (παρακαλέω) of or for exborting, bortatory.

παράκλητος, ον, verb Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to | παρακρεμάσας, 2011. I part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, δ, an advocate. 2. generally, a belper; hence in N. T., ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλίδον, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways. turning aside, averting.

παρακλίντωρ, ορος, ό, = πορακλίτης. From

παρα-κλίνω [τ], f -κλίνω, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν την θύραν to set the gate agar. metaph. to make to swerve, distort; άλλη παρακλίνουσι δίκαs they turn righteous judgments aside. Pass. and Med., 201. 2 παρεκλίθην [1]: pf. παρακέκλίμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere. III. intr. in Act. to turn aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ov, o, one who lies beside at meals. [1] παρα-κλύω, to bear beside or amiss: to hear wrong. παρ-ακμάζω, f. άσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρα-κοάω, Ion. for πορα-νοέω.

παράκοή, ή, (παρακούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρα-κοινάομαι, Med. (παρά, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare

παρα-κοίτης, ου, δ, (παρά, ἀκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, busband.

παρ-άκοιτις, τος, ή, acc. τν: Ερ. dat. παρακοίτι: (παρά, ἄκοιτι**s**) a wife, consort.

παρ-ακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow close or bard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to bold good II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, tbrougbout. to understand.

παρακομίδή, ή, (παρακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey: - Med. to bave a thing brought one: -Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-ἄκονάω, f. ήσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw the dart with others. παρακοπή, ή, (παρακύπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph, madness, frenzy.

παράκοπος, ον, (παρακύπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit : metaph. deranged, mad.

παρα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ἀνδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat: -Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad,

derange, distract. παρ-ἄκούω, f. - ακούσομαι, (παρά, ἀκούω) to bear beside or by the way, to bear talk of. or learn underband. III. to bear wrong, mis-

understand. παρα-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμώ:--to let bang on the side.

**παρα-κρίνω** [τ], f. -κρϊν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I παρέκρτνα: pf. παρακέκοϊκα: Pass, aor. Ι παρεκρίθην [τ]: pf. παρακέкруча :- to separate and place beside :- Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρα-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to pat, touch on the side.

παράκρουσις, ή, (παρακρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρα-κρούω, f. σω: pf. παρακέκρουκα: Pass., aor I παρεκρούσθην: pf παρακέκρουσμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρα-κτάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παρακέκτημαι, to bave over and above. παρ-ακτίδιος, ον, and παρ-άκτιος, α, ον, (παρά, åκτή) on the seaside, on the shore.

παρα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέκυψα:--to stoop aside, put one's bead on one side affectedly. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρακωχή, see παροκωχή.

παρα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion -λάμψομαι: aor.  $2 - \epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta o \nu$ , inf.  $-\lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ : pf.  $-\epsilon i \lambda \eta \phi \alpha$ , pass.  $-\epsilon i \lambda \eta \mu \mu \alpha i$ : -to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2 to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by bearsay or tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. accipere IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. to wait for, intercept, Lat. exceptere

παρα-λέγω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to put, lay beside or near:—Med... f. -λέξομαι: aor. Ι παρελεξάμην: 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. παραλέγεσθαι γην to sail by or along paralytic. the land, to coast along.

παραλειπτέον, verb. Adj. one must omit. From maining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, from pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment.

παραλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω. παρα-λεύσσω, = παροράω.

παραληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παραληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παρα-ληρέω, f. ήσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παραληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παράληψις, εως, ή, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

From

παρ-άλιος, ον, also a, ον, (παρά, űλε) by the sea, or the sea shore.

παραλλάγή, ή, (παραλλάσσω) a passing from band to band, transfer. II. alternation : change, va-

παράλλαγμα, ματος, τό, (παραλλάσσω) an exchange. παραλλάξ, Adv. (παραλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f ξω: 20τ. Ι παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. I  $-\eta \lambda \lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : aor. 2  $-\eta \lambda \lambda \dot{\alpha} \gamma \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pi. -ήλλαγμαι:-to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ον, (παρά, άλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallcl.

παρα-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. to cheat by false reasoning Hence

παραλογισμός, δ, false reckoning · a fallacy. παρά-λογος, ον, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρά-λογος, ό, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation. πάρ-ἄλος, ον, (παρά, ἄλε) by or near the sea, naval,

maritime. II. οἱ Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία); opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos. III. ή Πάραλος (sub. ναῦς or τριήρηs), the Paralos, one of the Athenian stategalleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμινία.

παρα-λυπέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυποῦντες, the refractory. παραλυτικός, ή, όν, (παραλύω) affected wib palsy,

 $\pi$ αρα-λύω, f. -λύσω  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ : aor I  $\pi$ αρέλὔσα: pf - λέλύκα: Pass., 20r. 1 παρελύθην [v]: pf. -λέλυμαι:--to παρα-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave re- loose from the side, loose and take off, detach 2. to separate, part from: -Pass. to be parted from. 3 to release or set free from :- Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side: -Pass. to be disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part. παραλελυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsted, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-ἄμείβω, f. ψω: 201. Ι παρήμειψα: (παρά, άμεί- $\beta\omega$ ):—to change or alter a little. 2 to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. 11. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-ἄμελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plapf. παπαράλία (sub. χώρα), ή, the sea-eoast, coastland. ρημελήκεε: (παρά, άμελέω):—to pass by and disregard, pay no beed to.

παραμέμνημαι, pf. of παραμιμνήσκομαι.

παρα-μένω, f. -μενω: aor. i παρέμεινα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast.

2. to stay at a place, stay bebind.

3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, ον, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ā]

παρα μετρέω, f ήσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare.

II. to measure out.

παρ-ἄμεύω,Dor. = παραμείβω:--Med ,παραμεύεσθαί τινος μορφη to surpass one in beauty

παρα-μηρίδιος, ον, (παρά, μηρός) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρα-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίσγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμαι: — to mingle, intermix with, τινί τι. 2 to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, ον, (παρά, ἄμιλλα) vying or racing with παρα-μιμνήσκομαι, fut -μνήσομαι. pf. - μέμνημαι: Dep.: - to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρα-μίμνω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay. παρα-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίγνυμι.

παρα-μνάομαι, Ion. for παραμιμνήσκομαι.

παραμολείν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλώσκω.

παραμόνιμος, ον, also η, ον, (παραμένω) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρμόνιμον, as Adv, steadfastly.

παρά-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ον, (παραμένω) lasting. παρά-μουσος, ον, (παρά, Μοῦσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence barsh, borrid.

παρ-αμπέχω οτ -αμπίσχω: f. παραμφέξω: 20τ. 2 παρήμπισχον: (παρά, ἀμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρ-αμπυκίζω Lacon. -πυκίδδω: (παρά, ἄμπυξ): -to bind the bair with a fillet or head-band.

παρα-μῦθέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aot. I -εμῦθησάμην: Dep. -- to address with sootbing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παραμῦθία, ή, encouragement: also persuasion. παραμύθιον, τό, (παραμυθέομαι) an address, exbortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement. παρα-μῦκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or

παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγινώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομα: (παρά, ἀναγιγνώσκω) .--to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρα-ναιετάω, to dwell beside or near.

παρ αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavisb.

παρ-ανατέλλω, to arise beside or near.

παρα-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νευσοῦμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρανέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to beap) to beap or pile up beside: Ion. παρα-νηέω and -νηνέω.

παρα-νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρα-νίκάω, f. ήσω, to corrupt by conquest.

παρα-νίσσομαι, Dep. = παρανέομαι, to pass beside

or near.

παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

intr. to stand forth beside. παρα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II.

to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

παράνοια, ή, derangement, madness, folly. παρ-ανοίγυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά,

παρ-ανοίγυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά, ἀνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρα-νομέω: impf παρενόμουν. αοτ. Ι παρενόμησα: pf. παρανενόμηκα: Pass, αοτ. παρενομήθην. pf. παρανενόμημα: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2 to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be illused, maltreated. Hence

παρανόμημα, ατος, τό, an illegal act, transgression. παρανομία, ή, (παρανομέω) transgression of law, babitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, ον, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. If as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρανόμων γράφεσθαί τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρά-voos, ον, contr. παρά-vous, ουν, (παρά, νύοs) distraught, frenzied.

πάρ-αντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίοs) sideways, sidewards. παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρανατέλλω.

παρά-νυμφος, ή, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bride groom.

παρα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. fω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

mapá-fevos, ov, with a false claim to friendship or bospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρα-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape beside to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, ον, (παρά, ἄξων) beside or near the axle: παραξόνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρα-ξύω,  $f - ξύσω[\bar{v}]$ , to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

παρα-παίω, f. -παιήσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat excidere; παραπαίειν φρενῶν to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρα-πάλλω, to burl beside: - Med. to vault or bound aside.

παρά-παν, Adv., for παρὰ πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ διηκόσια τὸ παρά-παν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-απάτάω, f. ήσω, to mislead, capole.

παρ-ἄπἄφίσκω, fut. -απαφήσω: 20τ. 2 παρήπἄφον:
-poet. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one
to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρα-πείθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. 2012. 3 sing. παραιπεπίθησι; part. παρπεπιθών, παραιπεπίθοῦσα, παρπεπιθύντες.

παρα-πειράομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to make trial of. παρα-πέμπω, f. ψω: 20τ. 1 παρέπεμψα:—to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back.

2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along.

3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships.

II. to send besides or in addition.

III. metaph. to let pass, take no beed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παραπεσών, 201. 2 part. of παραπίπτω.

παρα-πέταμαι, = παραπέτομαι.

παρα-πετάννυμι and -ύω, f. -πετάσω: pf. -πεπέτασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence

παραπέτασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread out falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely. before, a curtain, veil.

παρ-απόλλυμι, f. – απολέσω Att. – απολώ, t

παρα-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι, syncop. -πτήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παρα-πήγνυμι and -ὑω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παρα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παρα-πικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence

παραπικρασμός, δ, provocation: contumacy. παρα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παρα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: 2 οτ. 2 - έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befal, bappen, offer itself. III. to fall aside: hence to nustake, err. παραπλάγξαs, 20τ. I part. of παραπλάζω.

παρα-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω: aot. 1 παρέπλαγξα: Pass., aot. 1 παρέπλαγξα: Pass., aot. 1 παρέπλαγξα: Pass., to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course: —Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II. metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong. παρα-πλευρίδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-borses.

παρα-πλέω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 παρέπλω (as if from a Verb in -μι):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παραπλήγας, acc. pl. of παραπλήξ.

παράπληκτος, ον, (παραπλήσσω) stricken aside: metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παραπλήξ, ῆγοε, ὁ, ἡ, (παραπλήσσω) struck sideways; ἡιόνεε παραπλῆγεε a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff). II. metaph. = παράπληκτοε, mad.

παρα-πλήσιος, ον, also a, ον, (παρά, πλησίος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώπατος.—Neut. παραπλήσιον, παραπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παραπλησίως, nearly, almost; παραπλησίως άγωνί-ζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike on the side:

-Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παραπλόμενος, η, ον, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an obsol. pres. παραπέλομαι.

παράπλοος contr. –πλους,  $\delta$ , (παραπλέω) a sailing beside, coasting along.

2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajectus.

παρα-πλώω, Ion. for παραπλέω.

παραπνεύσας, 20τ. Ι part. of παραπνέω.

παρα-πνέω, f. – πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παρα-πόδιος, poet. παρπόδιος, ον, (παρά, πούs) at the feet, close by, present.

παρα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παρ-απόλλυμι, f.-απολέσω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. mcd. -απολούμαι, pf., -απόλωλα, plqpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near. παραπομπή, ή, (παραπέμπω) α convoying, procurring. Il. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παρα-πόντιος, ον, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea. παρα-πορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρα-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (παρά, ποταμύς) beside ot near a river, situated or dwelling on a river; ol παραποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παρα-πράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purp sc. II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παραπρεσβεία, ή, a false or dishonest embassage. From

παρα-πρεσβεύω, Act and Med. to execute an embassy faitblessly or disbonestly.

παράπρισμα, ατοs, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust. From

παρα-πρίω, f. -πριοθμαι, to saw beside or gently. [τ] παρ-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:

-Pass., παραπτομένα χέροι πλάτα the oar grasped by the hands:

-Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παράπτωμα, ατος, τό, (παραπίπτω) a fall beside: metaph. a transgression.

παρα-πύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παρα-ραθυμέω, παρα-ραίνω, etc., ν. παραρρ-.

πάρ-āpos lon. πάρηρος, ον, like παρήορος, (παρά, ἀείρω) deranged in nund.

πάρūρος, ον, Dor. and poet. for παρήσρος, distraught. παρ-αρπάζω, fut. άσω, later άξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παραρ-ράπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παραρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. παρερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form παρερρύην: (παρά, ρέω):—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραρρεῖν τινι to slip off it.

II to slip away, to slip from one's memory.

III. to slip in unawares.

παραρ-ρήγγυμι, f. -ρήξω: 201. 1 παρέρρηξα: (παρά, βήγγυμι):—to break at the side, esp to break a line of battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παρέρρωγα, to break or burst out beside

or from; παρέρρωγεν ποδόε φλέψ a vein bas burst | out from his foot.

παραρ-ρητός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ , (παρά,  $\dot{\delta\eta}\tau\dot{\delta\epsilon}$ ) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive. παραρ-ριγόω, (παρά, ριγόω) to freeze beside or near.

παραρ-ρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a II. to throw aside or away, reject. thing.

παραρρυείην, aor. 2 opt of παραρρέω.

παράρ-ρυθμος poet. παράρυθμος, ον, (παρά, δυθμόε) out of time or tune: discordant.

παράρρυμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παραρ-ρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, δύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρ-αρτάω Ion. - έω: f. ήσω: pf. pass. παρήρτημαι: -to bang or attach alongside or upon παραρτέομαι, 1. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρ-άρτημα, τό, anything hanging at the side. παρασάγγης, ov, b, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρα-σάττω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside. παρά-σειρος, ον, (παρά, σειρά) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παράσειρος ίππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφύρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a

yokefellow, comrade. παρα-σείω, f. σω, to swing beside one.

παρα-σημαίνω, f.  $\alpha \nu \hat{\omega}$ , to seal by the side — Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρά-σημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of παράσημος.

παρά-σημος, ον, (παρά, σημα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρασιτέω, f. ήσω, (παράσιτος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to bave a seat at the public table.

παρα-σῖτικός, ή, όν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ή παρασιτική (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παρά-σῖτος, ον, (παρά, σῖτος) eating at the table of another: as Subst, παράσιτος, δ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρα-σκευάζω, f. σω: aor. 1 παρεσκεύασα: Pass., pf. παρεσκεύασμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. παρασκευάδατο: -to get ready, prepare: to bold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. παρεσκεύασμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared, beyond, pass by: pass into.

ώς παρεσκεύαστο when preparations bad been made; παρεσκευάδατο τοις "Ελλησι preparations bad been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρασκεύασμα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρα-σκευή, ή, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: and or ke παρασκευήs of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' όλίγηs παρασκευήs with short practice, i.e. at short no-2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment : generally, means, resources.

παρα-σκηνέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's

tent beside or near.

παρα-σκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρα-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near. παρα-σκιρτάω, f. ήσω, to leap beside or near.

παρα-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρα-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly. παρα-σπάω, f. άσω [ŭ], to wrest aside, distort:-Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρ-ασπίζω, f. ίσω, (παρά, ἀσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παρασπιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρασπονδέω, f. ήσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρά-σπονδος, ον, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a 2. of persons, faitbless, forcompact or treaty. sworn.

παραστάδόν, Adv. (παρίσταμαι) stepping beside II. standing beside or at the side. going up to. παρασταίην, παραστάς,  $\hat{a}\sigma a$ ,  $\hat{a}\nu$ , aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρίστημι.

παραστάς, άδος, ή, (παρίσταμαι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. wapaστάδεs, al, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παστάs.

παράστασις, εως, ή, (παρίστημι) a putting aside, banisbing. (παρίσταμαι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παραστάτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by or near. From παραστάτης, ου, δ, (παρίσταμαι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as προστάτη: is one's front-rank-man, ἐπιστάτη: one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παρα-στάτίε, ίδοε, ή, a belper, assistant, ally. παρα-στείχω, 201. 2 παρέστιχον, to go by, past of

παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέσω Att. -στορώ:--to | ply. stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφέω, f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $-\sigma \bar{v} \rho \hat{\omega}$ , to drag or sweep away, burry along, as a flood. 2. παρασίρειν έπος to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφάλω: 20r. 1 παρέσφηλα:-to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παρασχεθείν, poet, aor. 2 mf. of παρέχω. παρασχείν Ep. παρασχέμεν, aor 2 mf. of παρέχω. παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of παρέχω, used absol, see παρέχω V.

παράταξις, ή, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; έκ παρατάξεωs in battlearray. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: 20r. 1 παρέταξα. Pass., pf. παρατέταγμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf pass. παρατετάχατο: - to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:-Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in

 $\pi a \rho a - \tau \epsilon l \nu \omega$ , fut.  $-\tau \epsilon \nu \hat{\omega}$ : aor I  $\pi a \rho \epsilon \tau \epsilon l \nu a$ : pf.  $\pi a \rho a - \tau \epsilon \nu \omega$ τέτακα: Pass, aor. Ι παρετάθην: pf. πορατέταμαι:to stretch out along, beside or near to stretch out in a line; παρατείνειν τάφρον to draw a long trench. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, he dead; πολιορκία παρατείνεσθαι to II. intr. to stretch bold out to the last in a siege. out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, τειχίζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. Ι παρετεκτηνάμην; Med: -to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. –τεμώ poet. –τἄμῶ:—to cut off at tbe side, cut off

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ή, an observing closely, observation. παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρατιθεί, and 2 and 3 sing. impf.  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \tau i \theta \epsilon i s$ ,  $-\epsilon i$  (as if from  $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \tau i \theta \epsilon \omega$ ): fut. -θήσω: 201. Ι παρέθηκα: Med., 201. 2 παρεθέμην: Pass., pf. παρατέθειμαι:-to place beside or be-

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor 2 and 1 inf of παρίστημι. fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, sup-2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to bis charge. 3. to venture, stake, bazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. –τἴλ $\hat{\omega}$ , to pluck the bair off:—Med. to pluck bairs from one's own person:—Pass, pf. part. παρατετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, ον, (παρατείνω) stretched out beside or along, banging down by the side.

παρατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρώγω.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; ποταμόν παρατρέπειν to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:— Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμοθμαι: aor 2 παρέδραμον:--to run, rush by or past · c. acc. to 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. escape. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. τρέσω, to start, swerve aside from fear. παρα-τρίβω,  $f \psi \omega$ , to rub beside; παρατρίβειν χρυσὸν ἀκήρατον ἄλλφ χρυσφ (sc. εls βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the ade of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave: Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested [7] **παρα-τροπέω**, = παρατρέπω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

παρατροπή, ή, (παρατρέπω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting

παράτροπος, ον, (παρατρέπω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poët. for παρατρέχω.

παρα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 παρέτραγον: - to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, poet, for παρατρέπω, to turn away,

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 παρέτυχον:--to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, Lat. praesto esse. 2. ὁ παρατυχών whoever chanced to be by, any chance person; τὸ παρατυγχάνον or τὸ παρατυχόν, whatever bappens. 3. παρατυχόν, absol like παρόν, παρασχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τὔπος, ον, (παρά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρατύχών, οῦσα, όν, 2οτ. 2 part. of παρατυγχάνω. παρ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak to, address. make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-αυλίζω, or in Med. παραυλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside, generally, neighbouring, near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλός) out of tune.

πάρ-αυτά, Adv. for παρ' αὐτά (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρημα, immediately, on the spot.

II. in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αυτίκο, Adv. (παρά, αὐτίκα) immediately, on the instant: with the Art, αἱ παραυτίκα ἡδοναί present, momentary pleasures

 $\pi$ αρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον, ( $\pi$ αρά, αὐχήν) besidelor on the neck.

παραφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρεσθίω.

παρα-φαίνω poet. παρφ -: f. -φᾶνῶ: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, prevent; παραφαίνειν τοῦ σωματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. 11. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παράφασις poet παραίφασις and πάρφασις, ή, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement.

2. allurement, persuasion.

mapa-φέρω, f. map-oίσω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table.

2. generally, to bring forward, produce to allege, mention; πapaφέρειν νόμον to propose a law.

3. to turn aside or away: to avert.

4 to carry away: Pass. to be carried away.

11. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

11. intrans. in Act, like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time.

2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and οῦμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρά-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade.

11. to speak decentfully.

παραφθαίην, aor. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.

παραφθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω. παρα-φθάνω [α], f. -φθάσω [α] and -φθήσομαι: aor 2 παρέφθην part παραφθάς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforeband with, surpass.

παρα-φθέγγομαι,  $\bar{\mathbf{f}}$ .  $-\phi\theta$ έγξομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρα-φθήησι, Ep. for παραφθή, aor. 2 subj. of παραφθάνω.

παραφορά, ή, (παραφέρομαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παραφορέω, = παραφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

\* παράφορος, ον, (παραφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παράφραγμα, ατος, τό, (παραφράσοω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρα-φρονέω, f ήσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παραφρόνησις, εως, ή, παραφρονία, ή, and παραφροσύνη, ή, (παράφρων) derangement of mind.

παρα-φρόνιμος, ον, = παράφρων.

παρα-φρυκτωρεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, φρυκτωρό) to make signals to the enemy underband.

παρά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, δ, ή, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρα-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρα-φῦσάω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to puff up.

παρα-φύω, f.  $-\phi \dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{\nu}$ ], 10 make grow beside. II. Mcd., with act. pf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon}\phi\bar{\nu}\kappa a$ , aor. 2 παρ $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\bar{\nu}\nu$ , intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παρα-χάλάω, f άσω [α], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak

παρα-χειμάζω, f άσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρα-χειμάσία, ή, a wintering in a place.

παρα-χέω, f. -χεω: αοτ. 1 παρέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα.

—to pour in beside, pour in: to beap up beside.

παρα-χορδίζω, f. σω, (παρά, χορδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρα-χράομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, mususe: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in lon. part. παραχρεώμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperavely.

παρα-χρήμα, Adv. for παρά τὸ χρήμα, on the spot, fortbuth, straightway; ἡ παραχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ ποραχρήμα off-band, on the spur of the moment.

παρά-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (παρά, χρύα) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρα-χώννυμι, f.  $-\chi$ ώσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

παρα-χωρέω, f ήσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παραχωρητέον, verb. Adj one must give way.

παραψυχή, ή, a cooling, refreshment, comfort From παρα-ψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

παρ-βάτης, ου, ό, poet. for παραβάτης. [βἄ] παρβεβᾶώς, poet for παραβεβαώς, pf. part. of παραβαίνω.

 $\Pi A'P \Delta AKO \Sigma [\check{a}], ov, wet, damp.$ 

παρδαλέη Att. contr. παρδαλή (sub. δορά), ή, a leopard-skin. From

πάρδαλις, εως Ιου. ιος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πάρδος, Lat. pardalis, a pard, leopard or panther.

παρδάλωτός, ή, όν, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard παρδείν, παρδήσομαι, 201. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω IIA  $P\Delta O \Sigma$ , ό, like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leofard or fanther.

πάρδω, aor. 2 subj. of πέρδω.

παρέδοι, Ερ. for παρείσι, 3 pl. of πάρειμι (εlμί sum). παρεβάθην [ά], aor. 1 pass. of παραβαίνω.

παρέβαλον, aor. 2 of παραβάλλω.

παρέβην, aor. 2 of παραβαίνω.

παρ-εγγράφω [d], f. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφείε, 201. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυάν το ξύνθημα to pass on the watchword or word of command.

2 to command suddenly, to exbort, encourage.

3. to pledge one's word to another.

II to band over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ή, and παρ-εγγύησις, ή, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, aor. I pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρέδραθεν, 3 sing aor 2 of παραδαρθάνω.

παρέδράμον, 2 or. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σω, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidere. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ή, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside. II.

the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρ-εδροs, ον, (παρά, εδρα) sitting beside generally, beside, next to, near.

iII. as Subst. πάρεδροs, o, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρέδων, aor 1 and 2 of παραδίδωμι. παρ-έζομαι, f. – εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside. but παρ-έζοι, παρεζόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίζω.

παρεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρέθηκα, aor. Ι οί παρατίθημι.

πάρειά, ή, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον.

II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

π**ἄρείαs**, ου, δ, = παρωαs.

παρ-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, είδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice.

II. to overlook, disregard.

παρείθην, aor. I pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-είκω, f. ξω: poet. aor. 2 παρείκάθον, inf. -αθείν:
—to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., παρείκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπη παρείκοι wherever it was practicable; κατά τὸ ἀεὶ παρείκον as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-ειλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρείμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

**πάρ-ειμι** inf. παρείναι: impf. παρην: f. παρέσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum):—to be by, to be present. be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or 3. to be present to belp, to stand by, like Lat. adesse. 4 to bave arrived at a place. pers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρύν Ion. παρεόν, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν. **πάρ-ειμι** inf. παριέναι: impf. παρή $\epsilon$ ιν:  $(παρά, ε<math>\overline{l}$ μι ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alongside. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards, |

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself. παρείναι, inf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-είπον, (παρά, είπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρά-φημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom, part. παρειπών, παρειπών, παρειπώνσα, metri grat.]

παρ-ειρύω, Ion. for παρερύω.

παρ-είρω, (παρά, είρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νύμους παρείρων seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεις, 2 sing. of πάρειμι (είμί sum).

πάρείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit.

II. to introduce secretly.

Hence

mapeloaktos, ov, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εισδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εισδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 - έδυν, pf. -δέδυκα, and plqpf -δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor.  $2 - \hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον, pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\nu\theta\alpha:$ —to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εισφέρω, to bring in beside; παρεισφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρείται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-έκ, before a vowel παρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐκ) as Prep., I. c. gen outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of.

2. c. acc. out along, beyond, along-side of; παρὲκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also παρὲξ 'Αχιλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away.

2 metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly.

3. beside, except, παρὲκ ἡ ὅσον.., except so long as ...

παρ-εκβαίνω, f.-εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absolt of deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρέκβάσις, ή, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away. παρεκέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate. παρ-εκλέγω, ſ. ξω, to collect covertly, to embezzle. παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; παρεκπροφύγησι, Εp. for -φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2

subi.

παρ-εκτάνύω, f ύσω, = παρεκτείνω.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τενῶ, to stretch out along, to deploy. παρ-εκτελέω, f. έσω, to accomplish against a wish. παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρέχω, one must furnish. παρ-εκτός, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f.ψω, to turn aside, divert from the way. παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past. παρέλαβον, 201. 2 of παραλαμβάνω

παρ-ελαύνω: f.  $-\epsilon$ λάσω [ἄ], Ep.  $-\epsilon$ λάσσω Att.  $-\epsilon$ λ $\hat{\omega}$ : 201. Ι παρήλάσα Εp. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν έφ' άρματος, έφ' ίππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. to row or sail by, past (sub. vaûv): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by: - to ride to, advance towards: to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω. παρελεύντα, Dor. for παρελώντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνω.

παρελεύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι: πάρειμι

(εlμι ibo) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλκω, f. παρέλξω or παρελκύσω [ŭ]: aor. I παρείλκυσα: pf. pass. παρείλκυσμαι: (παρά, ελκω): -to draw aside or to the side: - Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν έκ γηs to tow from the 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinu-II. to draw up troops in battle order, to

encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look askance.

παρεμβολή, ή, (παρεμβαλείν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to push or stuff in. παρέμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρειμι (είμί sum).

παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of. παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. ήσω, to traffic underband in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of small value.

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, έμπορος) to traffic in II. metaph. to yield or afford besides. besides. παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon. παρενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενείδον, inf. -ιδείν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρενήνεον, impf. of παρανηνέω (see παρανέω).

παρενθείν, παρένθω, Dor. for παρελθείν, παρέλθω, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρενθήκη, ή, (παρεντίθημι) something put in beside, an appendix; παρενθήκη λόγου a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ήσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνώχλημαι, to be troubled

παρ-ενσάλεύω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

πάρ-έξ οι πάρ-έξ, ν. παρέκ.

παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξαυλέω, f. ήσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηυλημένοs worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρεξέβην, 201. 2 ο παρεκβαίνω.

παρ-έξειμι, inf παρεξιέναι, (παρά, έξειμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, trans-

 $\pi$ αρ-εξ-ειρεσία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi$ αρά,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

 $\pi$ aρ-εξελαύνω, f. – εξελάσω Att. – εξελώ: — seemingly intr (sub.  $i\pi\pi\sigma\nu$ , etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by. παρεξελθών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι. παρεξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι,  $f_*$ -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act aor. 2 παρεξηλθον pf. παρεξελήλυθα:-to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out by comparison. παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside: - of Time, to let tass.

παρεξίμεν [τ], Ep. inf. of παρέξειμι (εlμι ιδο).

παρ-εξίστημι, f -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change: -Pass, with intr. tenses of Act, to undergo a change. παρεοίσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρειμι (είμί sum). παρέπεισα, aor. I of παραπείθω.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παρεφάλλομαι.

 $\pi$ αρ-επιδείκνυμι, f -επιδείξω, to point out beside. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επίδημος, ov, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι, to inspect beside. παρεπιστροφή, ή, (παρεπιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρεπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of παραπλάζω.

παρέπλω, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ·έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close, to follow as an escort.

παρεργάτης, ου, ύ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. | a]

πάρ-εργος, ον, (παρά, έργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., πάρεργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν παρέργφ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; έκ παρέργου ποιείσθαι to do by the way: hence a useless addition, appendage.

παρέργως, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally.

παρέρπω, f. παρερπύσω [ŭ]: 20τ. ι παρείρπυσα:--to creep in at the side: to creep up to. pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρειρύω, f ύσω, (παρά, ερύω) to draw along the side. [v]

παρ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρειμι (είμι ibo): Dep., with aor. 2 -ηλθον Ep. -ήλυθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:-to go by, beside or past,

2. of Time, to pass; δ παρpass by, pass away. ελθών χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθόν and ἐν τῷ II. to pass by,  $\pi \alpha \rho \in \lambda \theta \acute{o} \nu \tau \iota in time past, of old.$ outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, cir-III. to pass by without beeding, pass cumvent. over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over. 2. also to transgress. IV. to pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public.

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum). παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι aor. 2 - έφαγον, inf. -φαγείν: II. to eat a piece of, gnaw or -to eat besides. nibble at, c. gen.

πάρεσις, ή, (παρίημι) a letting pass, a letting go also remission, forgiveness.

παρεσκευάδαται, παρεσκευάδατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plopf. pass. of παρασκευάζω.

παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρ-

ίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώs, contr. παρεστώς:—neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήν, aor. 2 of παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ον, (παρά, ἐστία) by or at the hearth.

παρέσχον, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρετήρουν, impf. of παρατηρέω

πάρετος, ov, verb. Adj of παρίημι, relaxed, palsied. παρέτρεσσαν, Ep. 3 pl aor. 1 of παρατρέω.

παρ-ευδοκιμέω, f. ήσω, to surpass in reputation. παρ-ευθύνω, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [v]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, εὔκηλος) to calm, sootbe.

παρ-ευνάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. to lie or sleep

πάρ-ευνος, ον, (παρά, εὐνή) lying beside or with παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω: aor. 2 -εῦρον:—to findout or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ίσω, to put in order, arrange. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω ν.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρ-II. pres. part. dat. of  $\pi\alpha\rho\dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .

παρ-έχω, f. παρέξω or παρασχήσω: pf. παρέσχηκα: aor. 2 παρέσχον poet. παρέσχεθον:—to bold beside, bold in readiness: to furnish, supply. II. of

things, to afford, grant, cause, render. III. to offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement. IV. to

allow, grant. V. impers., παρέχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 mapéxov and παρασχόν (used absol. like παρόν, έξόν, etc.), it being

liceret. VI. absol. in imperat, πάρεχ' ἐκποδών get yourself out of the way.

B. Med παρέχομαι, f. πυρέξομαι οτ παρασχήσομαι: pf. παρέσχημαι:—to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρέχεσθαί τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a II generally, to have as one's own, prowitness. duce as one's own; παρέχεσθαί τινα άρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πύλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest III. to make or render so and so. citv. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of.

παρ-ηβάω, f ήσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

πάρ-ηβοs, ον, (παρά, ήβη) past one's prime

παρήγγειλα, aor. 1 of παραγγέλλω.

παρήγον, impf of παράγω

παρηγορέω, μπρί παρηγόρουν, rarely έπαρηγόρουν: f. ήσω: aor. Ι παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος).—to address, exhort, encourage: to advive, exhort to console, comfort, soothe - The Med. παρηγορέσμαι is also used like the Act Hence

παρηγορία, ή, an addressing, exhortation, persua-2. a consolation

 $\pi$ αρ-ήγορος, ον, ( $\pi$ αρά, ἀγορεύω) addressing, encouraging, cheering. 2. consoling

παρηέρθην, aor I pass of παραείρω

παρήιον, τό, used in Homer as sing for παρειά (which he only uses in plur ), the cheek the jaw of a II the cheek-ornament of a bridle wild beast.

πάρηίς,  $-\eta$ ίδος, contr Att. παρης,  $-\eta$ δος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = παρήιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. I of παρίημι

παρ-ήκω, f ξω, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or II. to come forth, appear. towards III of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασα, aor I of παρελαύνω.

 $\pi \alpha \rho \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o v$ , aor. 2 of  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \rho \chi o \mu \alpha i$ ,

 $\pi$ αρ- $\hat{\eta}$ λιξ, ἴκος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , like  $\pi$ άρηβος, past one's prime. πάρ-ημαι, inf.  $-\hat{\eta}\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ : properly the pf pass. of πορίζω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one . to dwell with one: to be present at or near. παρ-ήμερος Dor παράμερος, ον, (παρά, ήμέρα)

coming day by day, daily.

παρήνουν, impf of παραινέω.  $\pi a \rho \hat{\eta} \xi a i$ , acr. I of  $\pi a \rho a l \sigma \sigma \omega$ .

πάρηξις, ή, (παρήκω) arrival alongside, coming to

 $\pi$ αρ-ηονίτης,  $\sigma v$ ,  $\delta$ , fem,  $-\hat{v}$ τις,  $\hat{v}$ δος,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi$ αρά,  $\hat{\eta}$ ών) lying on the shore. [1]

παρηορία, ή, (παρήορος) the reins by which the outside borse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ήορος Dor. παρ-άορος, ον, (παρά, ἀείρω) banging beside: παρήοροs (sub. ίπποs) a borse which draws by the side of the regular pair (ξυνωρίς) an outrigger, or baving been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or also called παράσειρος or σειραφόρος, opp. to ζυγίτης

οτ ζύγιος -also beside oneself, distraught, silly.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαφίσκω.

παρ $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $-\hat{\eta}\delta os$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Att. contr. for παρ $\eta$ is,  $-\eta$ iδοs.

παρησθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (είμί sum). παρήσθευ, Dor. 2 sing. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

παρή τημαι, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθέμενος, poet. aor. 2 med. part of παρατίθημι. παρθενεία and -ία, ή, (παρθενεύω) maidenbood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθένεια, τά, = παρθένια, τά

παρθένειος Ion. -ήιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενεύω) virgin estate or condition: in plur, the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενεύω, f. σω, (παρθένος) to bring up a virgin - Pass παρθενεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

 $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu i \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon i \alpha$ .

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing:—properly neut from παρθένιος

παρθενική (sub. κύρη), ή, poet. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid: strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \theta \dot{\epsilon} \nu \sigma s)$  of or for a maiden, maidenly.

 $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \iota o s$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha \iota o \nu$ , also  $\alpha \iota o \nu$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu o s)$  of a maiden 2 παρθένιοs, δ, as Subst., the or virgin, maiden. son of an unmarried woman. gin, pure, chaste, unsullied

παρθεν-οπίπης [i], ov, (παρθένοs, ἐπιπτεύω) one hence also to dispose for one's own views. who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕ'ΝΟΣ, ή, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. virgo: -- sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. at Athens, of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. as Adj maiden, virgin, pure, chaste

 $\pi$ aρθενό-σφάγος, ον, ( $\pi$ aρθένος, σφαγ $\hat{\eta}$ ναι) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ωτος, ό, ή, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

 $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \omega \nu$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \nu \sigma s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \sigma s)$  the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

 $\pi$ αρθεν-ωπός,  $\acute{o}$ ν, ( $\pi$ αρθένος,  $\acute{o}$ ψ) of virgin aspect. πάρθεσαν, poet. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. 201. 2 of in readiness: to present, offer. παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (παρατίθημι) α deposit, pledge. παρ-ζαύω, (παρά, Ιαύω) to sleep beside or with. παρίδειν, inf. of παρείδον.

παρ-ίδρύω, f. σω, to set up beside:—so also in Med. παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans. to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμην, inf. παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ίημι, fut. παρήσω: aor. Ι παρήκα: pf. παρείκα: Med., aur. a παρείμην: Pass., aut. I παρείθην, inf.

II. lying along, sprawling, belpless: παρεθήναι: pf. παρείμαι, part παρειμένοs: — to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by. past, through. 2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, to let III. to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere. c gen, τοῦ ποδὸε παριέναι to let go one's bold of, slack away the sheet: metaph to yield, give way: Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part παριέμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρειμένος, exhausted, Lat. remissus. 3. to remit, Lat. condonare: hence to forgive, pardon IV. to yield, give up, Lat. concedere: to allow, permit: hence to admit, let in. V Med παρίεσθαι, to win a person over to beg off a thing, beg to be excused: to ask pardon.

 $\pi$ αρ-ίκω, old poet. form of  $\pi$ αρήκω. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

παρ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

πάρ-ἴσος, ον, (παρά, ἴσος) almost equal, just like. παρ-ἴσόω, f. ώσω, to make just like :- Pass., aor. I παρισώθην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παρίστασο, pres. med imperat. of παρ-ίστημι, f. παραστήσω: I trans. in pres., impf, fut, and aor. I, to make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one. set before the mind, present, offer, suggest: - to prove, 3. the Med, esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and agr. I  $-\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ , have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, II. metaph. vir- produce :- to bring to one's side, to bring over by

force, overcome, subdue · also to win over, persuade: intrans. in Pass -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plapf. -ειστήκειν, to stand by, beside, or 2. near: hence to stand by, to belp or defend. Παρθένοs, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva events, to be near, be close at band: τὸ παρισταμένον 11. prevent circumstances: so too, τὸ παρεστώς or παρεστόs, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκόs. to the side of another: metaph, to come over to his opinion: absol. to come to terms, surrender, sub-4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to 5 of events, to take place, occur, bappen: so too in fut med. -στήσομαι. 6 to be in one's power, hence absol, pf part.  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \dot{\phi} s_{,} = \pi \alpha \rho \dot{\phi} \nu$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \xi \dot{\phi} \nu$ , it

> παρ-ιστίδιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (παρά, ἰστός) by or at the loom. παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to bave by, bold

being in one's power to do, Lat. quim liceat.

παρ-ἴτητέον and - έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (είμι ibo), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλεκτο Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω, as if from παρακατελέγμην.

παρκείμενος, Ep. part. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Εp. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύπτω, Ep. for παρακύπτω; Dor part. fem. πα*ρκ*ύπτοισα, for παρακύπτουσα.

παρμέμβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing pf. of παραβλώσκω. παρ-μένω, Ερ. for παραμένω. παρ-μόνιμος, poët. for παραμίνιμος.

πάρ-μονος, ον, poët. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [ā], a, oν, Ion. Παρνήσιος, η, ον, also os, oν, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, άδος, and Παρνησίς, ίδος. From

Παρνασός Ion. Παρνησός, δ, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασός (with double  $\sigma$ ).

tain of Phocis: later Παρνασσόs (with double σ)
Παρνήθιος, α, ον, of or from Parnes. From

Πάρνης, ηθες, ή or ό, Parnes, a mountain of Attica. Παρνησός, δ, lon. for Παρνασύς

ΠΑ'PNOΨ, οπος, δ, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, f. σω, to journey by.

παροδίτης [i], ov, δ, voc. -îτa: fem. παροδίτις, ιδος: (πάροδος):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer. πάρ-οδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὑδός) a way past, passage. 2. a going by or past, passing; ἐν παρύδφ in passing. II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach. III. a coming forward to speak before the assembly. 2. the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

παρ-οίγνύμι and παρ-οίγω: f. -οίξω. aor. 1 -έφξα. --to open at the side or a little, set ajar: c. gen., παροίξας της θύρας baving opened a little of the door.

πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep with gen. before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. 2. of Time, before. II. Adv. of Place, before, in front. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, beretofore; πάροιθε πρίν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell by, beside, or near. II to sojourn. Hence

παροικησία and παροίκησις, ή, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πάροικοs) a dwelling in a place as πάροικοs, sojourning.

παροικίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , (πάροικοs) to place or settle near another:—Pass. to settle or live near.

παρ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across.

II to keep off by a wall or bank.

•πάρ-οικος, ον, (παρά, οικέω) dwelling beside or near, neigbbouring. II. as Subst., πάροικος, δ, a neigbbour:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παροιμία, ή, (πάροιμος) a by-word, proverb, adage, saw. 2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, ή, όν, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμιακός (sub. στίχος), ό, a paroemiae, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-οιμος, ον, (παρά, οίμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω: impf. ἐπαρφνουν and aor. I ἐπαρφνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρφνηκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρφνήθην: pf. πεπαρφνημαι: (πάροινοι):—to bebaue ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks.

II. trans. to maltreat one in drunkenness: generally, to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροινία, ή, (πάροινος) drunken violence: a drunken frolic.

παροινικόs, ή, όν, disposed to drunkenness. From παρ-οίνιοs, ον, and πάρ-οινοs, ον, (παρά, οίνοs) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups.

πάροιτατος,  $\eta$ , ον, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάρος, of Place, the foremost.

**πάροίτεροs**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Comp. of πάροιθε, πάροs, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, f. οιχήσομαι: pf. παρφχηκα Ion. παροίχωκα, and in late writers pass. παρφχημαι: Dep.: to lave past by, pass on. 2. of Time, to be gone by, spent; ή παροιχομένη νύξ the bygone night; άνδρες παροιχόμενοι men of bygone times. II. to be gone, be dead, like σίχομαι. III. c. gen to sbrink from. 2. to wander, depart from, σσον μοίρας ποροίχη how art thou fallen from thy high estate. παροκωχή, ή, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή,

παροκωχή, ή, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnisbing.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later - αίνω: fut - ολισθήσω: - to slip in secretly.

παρ-ομοιάζω, f. άσω, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, δμοιος) nearly like, much alike: nearly equal.

παρόν, όντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάρειμι (εἰμἰ sum), used absol., see πάρειμι 5.

παροξυντικός, ή, όν, fit for inciting, provoking. From παρ-οξύνα: —to make keen for a thing: metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, δ, irritation: a provoking, inciting.
παρόρασις, ή, (παροράω) an overlooking: carelessness.

παρ-οράω, f. παρόψομαι: 201. 2 παρείδον (v. sub ὁράω):—to look at by the way, notice, remark. II. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. to look sideways.

παρ-οργίζω, f. ίσω, to provoke to anger:—Pass to be or be made angry at. Hence

παροργισμός, δ, provocation to anger.

παρ-ορίζω, f ίσω, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

παροριστής, οῦ, ὁ, an encroacher.

παρ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to put in motion, urge on:— Pass, with fut. med -ήσομαι, to pass rapidly, rush at. παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ίσω Att -ιω, to bring to anchor side by side.

πάρ-ορνις, τθος, ό, ή, ill-omened, with evil auspices.
παρ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. ι παρώρυξα:to dig beside or along.

II. to dig one against
another, as was done in training for the Olympic
games.

παρ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance.

IIA'POΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., τδ πάρος οι τοπάρος, formerly.

2. with inf., like πρίν, Lat. priusquam, πάρος ἡν γαιαν Ικέσθαι before he should reach his

own land. 3. πάροε, followed by πρίν γε as relat., Lat. prius..., quam, rather..., than. 4. too soon. 5. rather, sooner. II. of Place, before, in front.

B. Prep., poot. for  $\pi\rho\dot{o}$ , before, both of Time and Place. II. before, rather than: also for, instead of.

Πάριος, a, ov, of the island of Paros, Parian: Πάριος λίθος Parian marble. From

Πάρος, ἡ, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble

παρ-οτρύνω, f ὔνῶ, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (παρών, παροῦσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = ἄνδρες ol παρώντες; αρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρεῖναι. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρώντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f ήσω, (παρά, ὀχέω) to carry by or beside: —Med to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ή, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing παρ-οχλίζω, f. ίσω, to move aside with a lever, remove

 $\pi \acute{a} \rho$ -oxos,  $\acute{o}$ ,  $(\pi a \rho \acute{a}, \check{o} \chi o s)$  one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ίδος, ή, (παρά, ὕψον) a dainty side-disb. παρόψομαι, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsol. παρώπτομαι.

παρ-οψωνέω, f ήσω, to buy a dainty disb to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τύ, an additional dainty set before one: metaph, ποροψώνημα της χλιδης a freshrelish to the pleasure.

παρπεπίθών, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπείθω.

παρ-ρησία, ή, (πα̂s, βησιs) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep to speak freely. παρσένος, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παροτταίην, παροτάσα, Ερ for παρασταίην, παραστάσα, aor 2 opt, and part, fem of παρίστημι. παροττήετον, Ερ. for παραστήτον, 2 dual aor. 2 subj.

of παρίστημι.
παρταμείν, poet. for παραταμείν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτίθει, poet for παρατιθεί, = παρατίθησιν.

παρ-τφαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: pf. pass. παρύφασμα: —to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρυφασμένα armed men hemming in a crowd.

πάρφαινε, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. 2 med. part. of παράφημι.

παρ-φάσία, ή, poët. for παραφασία.

πάρ-φάσις, ή, poet, for παράφασιε.

παρ-φέρομαι, poët. for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φυγέων, poët. for παραφυγείν, 20r. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

πάρφυκτος, ον, poet. tor παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

παρώας, ου, ό, (παρωύς) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρφδία, ή, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-φδός, όν, (ψδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω:--to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:--Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οῦσα, όν, part of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum)

ες; παρ-ώνυμος, ον, (πάρα, ὅνυμα Acol for ὅνομα)
II. formed by a slight change from a word.

πάρωόs, όν, reddish brown or bay, of horses

παρ-ωρείτης, ου, ὁ, (παρά, ὅρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

πάρ-ωρος, ον, (παρά, ωρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάρωρα as Adv, unseasonably.

παρ-ωροφίς, ίδος, ή, (παρά, δροφή) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρώχετο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι

παρώχημαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρωχημένος. ΠΑ Σ, πάσα, πάν. gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός. gen. pl mase and neut. πάντων, fem. πασών Ion. πασέων. Ep. also πασάων: dat pl. masc and neut. πασι poet. πάντεσσι, fem. πάσαιs: -all, Lat. omnis: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἡ πᾶσα βλάβη she who is all mischief; ἐs παν κακοῦ to the uttermost of evil: -- ὅσοι, not οι, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὅσοι , Lat. omnes quicunque , all whosoever!  $\pi \hat{a}s$  tis every one taken one by one, every single one: παντός μάλλον more than anything, above every-II. with Numerals it marks an exact number, τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all. III. in dat pl masc. πασι, in the judgment of all; δ πασι κλεινύς the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. πασι as neut, in all things, altogether. IV. the neut. is used in various senses . - πάντα γίγνεσθαι, like παντοίος γίγνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα είναί τινι to be everything to one. 2. τὸ πῶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogetber; οὐ τὸ πῶν not at all; so also εἰs τὸ πῶν, έπὶ πῶν on the whole; ἐs πῶν κακοῦ to every extremity of evil; περί παντός ποιείσθαί τινα to esteem 3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, enone above all. tirely, utterly, wbolly: but, τα πάντα in every way, by all means. 4. διά παντόs continually, always. πασαν, Dor. for πασων, gen. pl. fem. of παs.

πάσασθαι [α], 20r. 1 inf. of πατέομαι.

πάσασθαι [ā], aor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πάσι-μέλουσα, ή, (πᾶs, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ἄ], fut. of πατέομαι. πάσομαι [ἄ], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλη [α], ή, = παιπάλη, the finest meal: a

morsel, scrap; υπνου οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a wink of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of of sleep.

πασσάλευτός, ή, όν, pinned down. From πασσαλεύω Att. πατταλεύω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to

2. to drive in like a bolt.

πάσσαλος Att. πάτταλος, δ, (πήγνυμι) a peg, to hang anything upon : often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αίρειν άπο πασσαλόφι to take down from a peg; κρεμάσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a peg: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat II. a gag.

πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat of πάσσαλος. πασσάμενος, πάσσασθαι, Ep. for πασάμενος, πάσασθαι, aor. I part and inf. med. of πατέομαι. πάσσαξ,  $\bar{a}$ κος,  $\delta$ , rarer collat. form of  $\pi$ άσσαλος.

πάσσε, Ep. for ἔπασσε, 3 sing im f. of πάσσω. πάσ-σοφος, ον, for πάνσοφος.

πασ-σύδεί, πασ-σύδίη, Adv. for πανσυδεί, etc. ΠΑ'ΣΣΩ Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ă]: aor I ἔπἄσα: Pass., aor. 1  $\epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \pi \alpha \sigma \mu \alpha i := to$  sprinkle upon: - metaph. to sprinkle in or upon, interweave, work in embroidery. II to besprinkle with a thing.

πάσσων, ον, gen ovos, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for παχύτεροs and παχίων, like γλύσσων from γλυκύs: thicker, broader, stouter.

παστάs, άδοs, ή, shortened from παραστάs (q v.) a porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. por-II. an inner chamber: a bridal chamber. παστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj of πάσσω, to be besprinkled.

παστός,  $\delta$ , = παστάς, a bridal chamber or bridal bed a sbrine.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the Passover, paschal lamb: also the time or feast of the Passover. (Hebrew word.)

 $\mathbf{IIA'}\mathbf{\Sigma}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , fut. πείσομαι: aor 2 έπάθον: pf πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part pf. πεπάθυια, Ep. for πεπονθυία:—to suffer or be affected by anything whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εί τι πάθοιμι οι ήν τι πάθω if aught were to happen to me, Lat si quid mihi acciderit, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to become of me? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχεις; what is the matter with me or you? so in part. τί παθών; implying something amiss, τί παθύντε λελάσμεθα θούριδος άλκηs; what ails us that we have forgotten our im-II. πάσχειν with other words; petuous prowess? κακως πάσχειν to be ill off, in evil plight; κακως πάσχειν ὑπό τινος to be ill used, evilly entreated by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be well off, in good case; εδ πάσχειν ὑπό τινος to be well used, well treated by ..., receive kindness from a person. πάσχειν is also used of states or conditions; ίνα μή ταὐτὸ πάθητε τῷ ἵππφ that ye be not in the same case with the horse: so, of Things, to be liable to certain affections; πάσχειν ταὐτὸν ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be liable to the same as others; so, πάσχει τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with cress.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν.

πάταγέω, f. ήσω, (πάταγο) to clatter, clash, crash, chief of a family, a patriarch.

the waves, etc., to dash, plash: hence to chatter, scream, as birds.

ΠΑ'ΤΑΥΟΣ, δ, a clattering, clashing, any sharp noise made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος δδόντων a chattering of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the plash of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάταικοι or Παταϊκοί, oi, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads

of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. I inf and part. of

πάτάσσω, f ξω: aor. Ι ἐπάταξα:—intr. to beat, knock, throb; "Εκτορι θυμός ένλ στήθεσσι πάτασσεν his heart was beating, throbbing in his breast. to clap the hands. II trans to strike, wound, beat, smite

ΠΑ ΤΕ ΌΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [α]: aor. I ἐπασάμην, Ep part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to feed on, eat,

πατέοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat

πάτερίζω, f ίσω, (πατήρ) to say, call father.

 $\pi \mathbf{d} \tau \mathbf{i} \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\alpha} \tau o \mathbf{s})$  to tread, walk, step trans. to tread on, tread, πορφύρας πατείν to walk on purple carpets 2. to tread constantly, frequent, traverse a place: metaph, like Lat. terere, to thumb with using, as, πατείν Αίσωπον to be always thumbing

Aesop. 3. to tread under foot, trample on.
ΠΑΤΗΡ, δ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρι contr. πατρί, acc πατέρα. in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl πατρων is used as well as πατέρων, and dat pl. is always πατράσι [α]:- a father; πατρὸς πατήρ a grandfather. II. among the gods Jove is emphat, called πατήρ. III πα- $\tau \dot{\eta} \rho$  is used like  $\tilde{\alpha} \pi \phi \alpha$ ,  $\tilde{\alpha} \tau \tau \alpha$ , as a mode of address to IV. in plur., forefathers, anan older person. cestors.

πατησείς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut of πατέω. πάτησμός,  $\delta$ , (πατέω) a treading on.

πάτνη, η', Dor. for φάτνη.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, δ, a trodden or beaten way, path [a] πάτρα, as Ion. πάτρη, ης,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (πατήρ) one's fatherland, native land, country, like πατρίs. body of tersons claiming the same race or descent, a bouse, clan, Lat. gens.

πατρ-άδελφεός,  $\dot{o}$ , poët. for πατρ-άδελφος.

πατρ-άδελφος,  $\delta_1 = \pi \alpha \tau \rho \delta s$  άδελφός, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

πάτρ $\bar{\alpha}\theta\epsilon$ , Adv., Dor. for πάτρη $\theta\epsilon$ .

πατρ-ἄλοίας, gen α and ου, voc - αλοία, δ, (πατήρ, άλοιάω) one who strikes of slays his father, a parricide. πάτρη, ή, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτρηθε and -θεν Dor. πάτραθε, Adv., =  $\tilde{\epsilon} \kappa$  πάτρας, from one's native land. II. from a race or lineage. πατριά,  $\hat{a}$ s Ion. πατριή,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (πατήρ) lineage, II. a bouse, clan.

πατρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πατριά, άρχή) the father or

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa. πατρίκός, ή, όν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary. II. of or from one's father; ή πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, a, ον, also os, ον, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. pater u.w. II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. institute majorum.

πατρίς, ίδος, poet fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαια, one's father-land, country: πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst, πατρίς, ή, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριώτις, ιδος, fem of πατριώτης; πατριώτις  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριώτις στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δώρητος, ον, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφήναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλη to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κασίγνητος,  $\delta$ , = πατρὸς κασίγνητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὁ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλη̂ος, acc. Πατροκλη̂α, voc Πατρόκλεις occur in Hom; but there is no nom. Πατροκλεύς.

πατροκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parriculal.

πατρο-νομία, ή, (πατήρ, νύμοs) a father's authority πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) banded down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, cρos,  $\delta_1 = \pi \alpha \tau \rho \delta s$  πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ές, (πατήρ, στερέω) reft of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οῦχος, ον, (πατήρ,  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ ) baving ber father's property: as Subst., πατροῦχος (sub παρθένος), ή, a sole-beiress, opp. to a coheress.

πατρο-φονεύς, έως Ep.  $\hat{\eta}$ os,  $\delta$ , (πατήρ, φονεύς) the nurderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ον, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου. δ, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ον, poet. form of πατρώος.

πατρ-ωνύμιος, ον, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρώος, α, ον, also os, ον, poet. πατρώιος, η Dor a, ον: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; έχθρα πατρώα hereditary feud.

πάτρως, δ, gen. ωσε and ω, dat.  $\varphi$ , acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ):=πατροκασίγνητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρω, one by the mother's side.

παττάλεύω, πάττάλος, Att. for πασσ-.

παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω.—παυέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills
II. a bringing to an end:
means of stopping.

παυράκις or -κι [ă], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ές, (παῦρος, έπος) of few words.

παῦρος, α, ον, little, small: of Time, short, brief. 2. mostly in pl παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦροι λαόι few people:— Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut pl. παῦρα as Adv seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ον, (παύω, ἄνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sung Aeol aor 1 opt. of παύω.

παυσζ-κάπη  $[\check{\alpha}]$ ,  $\check{\eta}$ , (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their cating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ή, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσί-νοσος, ον, (παύω, νύσος) checking sickness. παυσί-πονος, ον, (παύω, πύνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb Adj of παύω, one must stop or put an end to.

II. from παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ηρος, ό, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριοs, ον, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσωλή, ή, like παῦλα, rest.

MAT'Ω, f. παύσω: aor I ἔπαυσα: pf πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass, fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut πεπαύσομαι: aor I mcd. ἐπαυσάμην, pass ἔπαύθην οr ἐπούσθιν. pf πέπαυμαι. to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, fut down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay.

II Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from.

III. in Act, like παίσμαι or λήγω, but only in importat, παῦε, stop! bave done!

Παφλάγών, όνος, δ, a Parblagonian

παφλάζω, f. άσω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνύω from πνέω): — to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc.

II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ον, ή, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker. πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

παχθη, Dor. for πηχθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of plain or level country: λόγχη πεδιάs the spear (i.e. πήγνυμι.

πάχιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίων, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of παχίs.

πάχνη, ή, (πήγνυμι) boar-frost, rime, Lat. pru-2. metaph. clotted blood. Hence ina.

παχνόω, f. ώσω, to cover with boar frost or rime:-Pass. to be so covered. II. metaph. to strike chill, to freeze; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ήτορ he made his heart's blood run cold: - Pass to be struck with chill, to be

 $\pi \acute{a} \chi o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau \acute{o}$ ,  $(\pi a \chi \acute{v} s)$  thickness: acc.  $\pi \acute{a} \chi o s$  is used absol., in thickness, as μηκος in length, εθρος in breadth, etc. [ă]

παχύ-κνημος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) with stout calves.

π**ἄχύνω**  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor I  $\hat{\epsilon}$ π $\hat{\alpha}$ χ $\bar{v}$ ν $\alpha$ : pf. pass.  $\pi \epsilon$ πάχυσμαι:—to thicken, to fatten: also to make dull or gross of understanding :- Pass. to become thick : to grow fat, to be swollen: also to look large, of objects seen in a mist: metaph, ὅλβος ἄγαν παχυνθείς wealth 'wben it bas waxed fat.'

 $\pi \hat{a} \chi v s$ , Dor. for  $\pi \hat{\eta} \chi v s$ .

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εία, ύ, thick, large, stout; παχύε λâas a large beavy stone: of linen, etc., thick, coarse. of the consistence of a mass, thick, curdled, clot-3. later, stout, fat, Lat. pinguis. 4. gene-ΙΙ. οἱ παχέες, rally, great, large, considerable. opp. to  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$ , the men of substance, the wealthy. III. thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. pinguis. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also πἄχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup πάχιστοs: later the regul. πἄχύτερος (Ep πάχετος) and παγύτατος.

πάχύτης, ητος, ή, (παχύς) thickness, of the skin, etc.: the sediment or lees of liquor. [v]

 $\pi \in \delta \check{\alpha}$ , Acol. for  $\mu \in \tau \acute{\alpha}$ .

πεδάφ, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάασκον, Ion impf. of πεδάω.

 $\pi$ εδ-αίρω, Aeol. for  $\mu$ εταίρω.

πεδ-αίγμιος, ον, Acol. for μεταίχμιος.

πεδ-αμείβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-άορος, ον, Aeol. for μετήορος.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

πεδ-άρσιος, ον, Acol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάζω, Acol for μεταυγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) wise too late.

πεδάω, f. ήσω: Ep. aor. 1 πέδησα: (πέδη):-to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast: generally, to sbackle, trammel, constrain.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

 $\pi\epsilon\delta$ -έχω, Aeol. for  $\mu\epsilon\tau$ έχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

**πέδη, ή,** (πέζα) a fetter, Lat. pedica, compes; ζεῦγοε πεδών a pair of fetters. II. a mode of breaking in a borse.

πεδητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πεδάω) one who fetters: a hinderer. πεδιάs, άδοs, fem. Adj. (πεδίον) flat, even, level; η πεδιάε (sub. γη), the plain country. II. on a

battle) on a fair field.

πεδιεύς, έως, ό, (πεδίον) a man of the plain.

 $\pi$ εδι-ήρης, ες, ( $\pi$ εδίον, ἀραρεῖν) abounding in plains.  $\pi \in \delta \tilde{\iota} \lambda o v$ ,  $\tau o (\pi \in \delta \eta)$  mostly in plur. sandals, a pair II. any covering for the feet, shoes, of sandals. slippers; also boots, brogues. III. a ne for cows at milking time. IV. metaph., Δωρίφ πεδίλφ φωνάν έναρμόξαι to suit one's voice to the Dorian march, i. e to write in Doric rhythm.

 $\pi\epsilon\delta\iota\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\pi\epsilon\delta\iota\omega\nu)$  flat, level, even. II. of,

from the plain, living in or on the plain.

 $\pi \in \delta(ov, \tau \delta, (\pi \in \delta ov))$  a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field, Lat. campus; πεδία πόντου the fields of the sea, Lat. Neptunia arva. Hence

 $\pi \in \delta(ov\delta \in \Lambda dv. to the plain.$ 

 $\pi \in \delta io - v \circ \mu o s$ , ov,  $(\pi \in \delta io v, v \in \mu o \mu a \iota)$  baunting the fields  $\pi\epsilon\delta o$ -βάμων  $[\bar{a}]$ ,  $o\nu$ , gen.  $o\nu os$ , Dor for  $\pi\epsilon\delta o\beta\dot{\eta}\mu\omega\nu$ , (πέδον, βαίνω) walking upon earth, of the earth.

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \delta \theta \epsilon v$ , Adv. ( $\pi \epsilon \delta \delta v$ ) from the ground: metaph. from the ground or bottom of the heart

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \omega$ , Adv.  $(\pi \epsilon \delta \omega)$  on the ground, on earth.

πέδοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος

 $\pi$ εδο-κοίτης, ου,  $\dot{\phi}$ , ( $\pi$ έδον, κοίτη) making one's bed or lair on the ground

ΠΕ'ΔΟΝ, ov, τό, the ground, earth: generally, land, soil. Hence

πέδονδε, Adv. to the ground, earthwards.

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \delta \sigma \epsilon$ , Adv. =  $\pi \epsilon \delta \sigma \nu \delta \epsilon$ .

 $\pi \epsilon \delta o - \sigma \tau i \beta \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\epsilon} \delta o \nu, \sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} i \beta \omega)$  treading, pacing 2. on foot, opp. to iππηλάτηs

πεδό-τριψ, ζβος,  $\delta$  and  $\hat{\eta}$ , (πέδη, τρίβω) wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \cdot \omega \rho \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \delta o \mathbf{v}, \dot{o} \rho \dot{u} \sigma \sigma \omega)$  digging the soil.

 $\pi \in \mathcal{L}, \eta s, \dot{\eta}, (\pi \in \delta o \nu)$  the foot. metaph. the bottom of anything; ἐπὶ ρυμῷ πέζη ἔπι πρώτη on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment.

 $\pi \epsilon \zeta$ -apxos, ov,  $(\pi \epsilon \zeta \delta s, \alpha p \chi \omega)$  leading infantry of a land-army: as Subst.,  $\pi \epsilon \zeta a \rho \chi o s$ ,  $\delta$ , a leader of foot.

 $\pi \epsilon \xi - \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \rho o \iota$ , o i,  $(\pi \epsilon \xi \circ s, \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \rho o s)$  the foot-guards in the Macedonian army.

 $\pi \in \mathcal{L} \in \mathcal{L} \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \in \mathcal{L} \cup \mathcal{L})$  to go or travel on foot, walk, opp, to riding or driving. 2. to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea: Pass to be traversed by travellers.

πεζη̂, v. sub πεζόs.

 $\pi$ εζικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ν,  $(\pi$ εζώς) on foot or by land;  $\pi$ εζικώς λεώs foot-soldiers, infantry as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a flect.

 $\pi \epsilon \zeta o - \beta \delta \alpha s$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$ , Dor. for  $-\beta \delta \eta s$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \zeta \delta s$ ,  $\beta \delta \delta \eta)$  one wbo shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier.

πεζομάχέω, f. ήσω, to fight by land. From

πεζο-μάχης, ου, δ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) fighting on foot, as opp. to cavalry. 2. fighting on land, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ή, a battle by land, opp to ναυμαχία  $\pi \epsilon \zeta o - v \delta \mu o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \epsilon \zeta \delta s, v \epsilon \mu \omega)$  commanding by land. πεζοπορέω, to go on foot. 2 to go by land. From πεζο-πόροε, ον, (πεζόε, πορεύω) going on foot, walking. 2. going by land. | μεναι; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινάσω  $[\bar{a}]$ : (πεῖνα): aor.

1 ἐπεῖνησα, later  $-\bar{a}$ σα: pf. πεπεῖνηκα:—to be bungry,

πεζός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , (πέζα) on foot, walking; πεζοί foot-soldiers, opp. to lππεῖε; so, πεζὸε στρατόε is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force;  $\dot{\delta}$  πεζόε, and  $\tau\dot{\delta}$  πεζόν are also so used

II. on land, going or travelling by land; Dat. fem. πεζῆ as Adv (sub.  $\dot{\delta}δῶ$ ), on foot or by land; πεζῆ ἕπεσθαι to follow by land.

πει, Dor. for πη, που.

πειθ-άνωρ Ion. πειθήνωρ, ορο $\mathbf{z}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , (πείθομαι,  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νήρ) obeying men, obedient.

πειθαρχέω, f. ήσω, also Med. - έομαι, (πείθαρχος) to obey one in authority, be obedient. Hence

πειθαρχία, ή, obedience.

 $\pi$ είθ-αρχος, ον, ( $\pi$ είθομαι, ἀρχή) obeying one in authority, obedient.

πείθημι, Acol. for πείθω.

 $\pi \epsilon \iota \theta \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega) = \pi \iota \theta \alpha \nu \delta s$ , persuasive.

ΠΕΙ'ΘΩ, fut. πείσω: aor. Ι έπεισα: aor. 2 έπίθον Ep. redupl.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o \nu$ , I pl. subj.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$ , opt.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i$ θοιμέν, inf. πεπίθειν, part. πεπίθών: pf πέπεικα:— Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπἴ- $\theta \delta \mu \eta \nu$  Ep.  $\pi \iota \theta \delta \mu \eta \nu$ , imperat.  $\pi \iota \theta o \nu$ , Ep. re-lupl. opt.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o i \tau o$ , inf.  $\pi i \theta \epsilon \sigma \theta a i$ : pf. med.  $\pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta a$ ; plqpf. **π**εποίθεα, contr. 1 pl. ἐπέπιθμεν: pf. pass. πέπεισμαι. Homer has also a fut.  $\pi i\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$  and aor. I part.  $\pi i\theta \dot{\eta}$ - $\sigma as$ , intr. as if from  $\pi i \theta \in \omega$ : but the redupl. agr. 1 subj πεπίθήσω is transit.: I. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθειν τινά χρήμασι to bribe 3. to impel, stir up. 4. c. dupl. acc, πεί- $\theta \in \mathcal{V}$   $\tau : V \circ  5. c. acc. rei only, to argue a point. II. Med. and Pass. to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. πείθεσθαί τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with;  $\gamma \eta_{i}$  at  $\pi \epsilon i \theta \epsilon \sigma \theta a i$  to yield to old age. 3. πείθεσθαί Tivi to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' ἐγώ σοι οὐ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that ... med. πέποιθα, inf. πεποιθέναι, to trust, rely, bave confidence in. IV. pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Helbú, 60s contr. οῦs, ἡ, Persuasion personified as a goddess, Lat. Suada, Suadēla. II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. methoῦ by fair means, opp. to βία by force. 4. obedience.

MEI'NA or πείνη, ή, bunger, famine, Lat. fames. metaph. bunger or longing for a thing. Hence πεινάλεος, α, ον, bungry, empty. [α]

πεινάμες, Aeol. for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω.

πειναντι, Dor. for πεινωντι, dat. pres. part. of πεινώω: also for πεινωσι 3 pl. pres.

πεινάω contr. πεινώ, η̂ε, η̂; inf. πεινην Ερ. πεινή-

μεναι; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινάσω [ā]: (πείνα): aor. 1 ἐπείνησα, later -āσα: pf. πεπείνηκα:—to be bungry, suffer bunger, be famisbed.

II. c. gen. to bunger after or for, crave after. πεινέω, Ion. for πεινάω.

 $\pi \epsilon i \nu \eta$ , =  $\pi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \alpha$ 

πεινήν, inf. of πεινάω; Εp. πεινήμεναι.

HEI'PA, η, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence experience; πείραν έχειν to have experience, to make proof of; ἐπὶ πείρα by way of test or trial.

II. an attempt, plot or design against one.

III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise

πείρα, Ερ. for έπειρα, aor. 1 of πείρω.

 $\pi$ ειρά, ή,  $(\pi$ είρω) a point, edge.

πειράζω, f. άσω: Pass, aor. I ἐπειράσθην: pf. πεπείρασμα:—like πειράω, to make proof or trial of one:—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. II. to attempt a thing.

Πειραιεύς or Πειραιεύς, δ, Peiræeus, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Πειραιέως or –αιῶς; dat. –αιεῖ; acc. –αιᾶ.

Πειραιοί, Adv. at or in Peiræeus.

πειραίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐπείρηνα: (πείραρ) —to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σειρὴν ἐξ αὐτοῦ πειρήναντε tying a rope from or to it II. lengthd. for περαίνω, to end, complete, finisb; in Pass., πάντα πεπείρανται (3 sing. pf.) all bas been completed.

πείραν, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. 1 of πείρω.

ΠΕΓΡΑΡ, άτος, τό, poet. for πέρας, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαίης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes.

II. the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object.

III. act. that which finishes: a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης the finishers of art.

πείρασις, ή, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt. πειρασμός, δ, (πειράζω) a tempting, temptation. πειραπέον, or in plur. -έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειρατήρ, ήρος, ό, collat. form of πειρατής.

πειρατήριον Ion. πειρητ-, τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, 1. c. torture. II. a pirate's nest.

πειρ**ἄτής**, οῦ, ὁ, (πειράω) one who attempts: a pirate, Lat. pirāta.

πειρᾶτικός, ή, όν, firatical.

πειράω, f. ἀσω Ion. ήσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράσμαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασείσθε: aor. 1 med. επειρασμαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασείσθε: aor. 1 med. επειρασμαι Ion. επειρησαμην; pass. επειερασμαι Ion. επειερημαι: (πείρα):—to altempt, undertake, try. 2. c. gen pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on. 3. absolto try one's skill or luck in a thing. II. the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial

of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him.

2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of.

3 absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πεπείρημαι μύθοιs I have triel myself, i. c. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθείην, πειρηθήναι, aor I opt. and inf. pass. of

πειράω, πειράομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειρατήριον.

πειρητίζω, f.  $t\sigma\omega$ , = πειράω, to attempt, try, prove. II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πείρινε, ινθοε, ή: acc. πείρινθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the αμαξα

or carriage.

**ΠΕΙ'ΡΩ**, fut,  $\pi\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ : aor  $\mathbf{1}$  ἔπειρα Ep.  $\pi\epsilon\hat{\mathbf{i}}\rho\alpha$ : Pass., aor  $\mathbf{2}$  ἔπάρην [ $\tilde{\alpha}$ ] pf.  $\pi$ έπαρμαι: ( $\pi$ έραs):—to pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit; κρέα ἀμφ' δβελοίσιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part, ἤλοισι  $\pi$ επαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., δύνησι  $\pi$ επαρμένον pierced with pain.

Il. metaph., κύματα  $\pi$ είρεν το cleave the waves;  $\pi$ είρε κέλευθον clave her way (through the waves).

 $\pi$ είσα, ηs, ή, ( $\pi$ είθω) poet. for  $\pi$ ειθώ, persuasion or

obedience, subjection.

πείσειε, 3 sing Aeol. aor. I opt. of πείθω.

**πεισί-βροτος**, ον, (πείθω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πεισέμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πείσμα, ατος, τό, (πείθω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope. If that on which one may trust.

πεισμονή, ή, (πείθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation

**πείσομαι**, fut. med. of πείθω.

πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of πάσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. I (from Pass ) one must obey: cf. ἀρκτέον.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πείθω) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

**πειστικός**, ή, όν, (πείθω) persuasive.

πείσω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

**πεκτέω**, f. ήσω, (πέκω) to shear, clip.

**ΠΕ**'ΚΩ Ερ. πείκω: f. πείω: aor. 1 med. ἐπεξάμην, part. πεξάμενοs; aor. 1 pass. ἐπέχθην:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: med., χαίταs πεξαμένη baving combed ber hair.

2. to shear, clip.

πελάγίζω, f. ίσω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded,

swamped. II. to be out at sea.

πελάγιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πελάγίτης [i], ov,  $\delta$ , fem. –îτις, ιδος, (πέλαγος) of or on the sea.

**ΠΕ΄ΛΑ ΤΟΣ**, εοs, τό: Ep. dat. pl.  $\pi$ ελάγεσσι:—
the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus:
any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of
anything huge or excessive, as,  $\pi$ έλαγος κακῶν a
'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω, f. πελάσω Att. πελω: aor. 1 ἐπέλἄσα Εp.  $\pi \acute{\epsilon} \lambda \alpha \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\acute{\epsilon} \pi \acute{\epsilon} \lambda \alpha \sigma \sigma \alpha$  and  $\pi \acute{\epsilon} \lambda \alpha \sigma \sigma \alpha$ : and  $1 \text{ med. } \acute{\epsilon} \pi \acute{\epsilon} \lambda \alpha$ - $\sigma$ άμην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπελάσθην poet. ἐπλάθην [ā]: Ep aor. 2 pass.  $\epsilon \pi \lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \eta \nu$ , 3 sing. and pl.  $\pi \lambda \hat{\eta} \tau o$ ,  $\pi\lambda\hat{\eta}\nu\tau o$  and  $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi\lambda\eta\nu\tau o$ : pt pass.  $\pi\tilde{\epsilon}\pi\lambda\eta\mu\alpha\iota$  part.  $\pi\tilde{\epsilon}\pi\lambda\eta$ μένοs: - πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: I. intrans, to approach, draw near to any point. absol. to come near, draw near or nigh. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh;  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \dot{\alpha} \langle \epsilon_i \nu \nu \epsilon \nu \rho \dot{\eta} \nu \mu \alpha \langle \hat{\varphi} \rangle$  to draw the bowstring to one's breast :- metaph., πελάζειν τινα δδύνησι to bring him near to anguish; so, έπος έρέω, άδάμαντι πελάσσαs I will speak a word, baving made it firm as adamant; φυγά μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελατε (sc ύμιν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεων thou may'st bring light near the ships. in Pass, like the intr Act, to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near · so in Ep. 201. 2, ασπίδες ἔπληντ' ἀλλήλησι the shields were brought close to each other; πλητο χθονί be came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, πελασθήναι έπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh 2. to approach or wed a woman. to the god.

πελάθω [ἄ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr. πέλδνος, δ, any balf-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, boney, foam, clotted blood. If. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain)

πελαργίδεύς,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (πελαργός) a young stork. πελαργικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}v$ , of or for a stork. From

 $\pi$ ελ-αργός,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\pi$ ελ $\dot{o}$ s,  $\dot{a}$ ργ $\dot{o}$ s) the stork.

HE'ΛΑ Z, Adv. near, bard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ad alique loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquen locum.

II. absol. near, nigh at hand: of πέλαs one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing, ό πέλαs one's neighbour.

πελασαίατο, Ερ. for πελάσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. med. of πελάθω.

Πελασγικός, ή, όν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγόs, δ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οί, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, fem. -άτις, ιδος, (πελάξω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. accöla: also an invader, intruder.

II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., I. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.

 $\pi \in \lambda \in \theta$  or  $\sigma \pi \in \lambda \in \theta$  os,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \eta \lambda \delta s)$  ordure, dung.  $\pi$ έλεθρον,  $\tau$ ό, lengthd poet, form for  $\pi$ λέθρον.

πέλεια, ή, (πελόs) the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat, from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αί, name of the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic doves of Dodona.

 $\pi \in \lambda \in i\Delta s$ ,  $\Delta \delta \circ s$ ,  $\Delta s$ 

Πελειάδες, al. = Πλειάδες, the Pleiads: also in sing. Πελειάς, άδος, ή, a Pleiad.

πελειο θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) pigeon-feed-

πελεκάν, ανος, or πελεκας, αντος, Dor πελεκας, α, (πελεκάω) the woodpecker, the joiner-bird. the pelican.

 $\pi$ ελεκάω, f ήσω,  $(\pi$ έλεκυς) to bew or shape with an axe, rough-hew, Lat. dolare.

πελεκίζω, f. ίσω, (πέλεκυς) to strike with an axe, to behead, Lat. securi percutere.

πελεκίνος,  $\delta_{i} = \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu$  II, a water-bird of the pelican kind.

πελέκκησε, for  $\epsilon$ πελέκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of πελεκάω.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυς) an axe-bandle.

πέλεκυς, εως Ion. εος, ό: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Εp. πελέκεσσι:—a double-edged axe, an axe; οὐ δύρασι μάχεσθαι, άλλα και πελέκεσι to fight not with spears only, but also with axes, i. e. not soldiers only, but every man.

πελεμίζω, fut.  $\xi\omega$ : Ep. aor. I πελέμιξα: aor. I pass.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \mu i \chi \theta \eta \nu$ :  $(\pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega)$ .—to swing, shake, to make to shake, quiver or tremble. - Pass. to be shaken, to tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.

πελεμίχθην, Ep. for  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \mu i \chi \theta \eta \nu$ , agr. I pass. of

πελεμίζω.

πελέσκεο, Ion. and Ep 2 sing impf. of πέλομαι. πέλευ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

πεληιάς, άδος, ή, Ion. for πελειάς.

πελιδνός or πελιτνός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \lambda \iota \dot{\nu} s)$  livid.

 $\pi \in \lambda \iota \acute{o}s$ ,  $\acute{a}$ ,  $\acute{o}\nu$ ,  $(\pi \in \lambda \acute{o}s)$  of the body, discoloured by a bruise, livid.

ΠΕ'ΛΛΑ lon. πέλλη, ηs, ή, a wooden bowl, milkpail, Lat. mulctra. II a drinking-cup.

ΠΕΛΛΟ'Σ or πελός, ή, όν, Lat. PULLUS, darkcoloured, blackish, dusky.

 $\pi \in \lambda o \mu \in S$ , Dor. for  $\pi \in \lambda o \mu \in V$ , I pl. of  $\pi \in \lambda o \omega$ .

Πελοποννήσιοι, oi, the Peloponnesians.

Πελοποννησιστί, Adv. in the Peloponnesian (i. e Dorian) dialect. From

**Πελοπόν-νησος**,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \Pi \dot{\epsilon} \lambda o \pi o s$   $\nu \hat{\eta} \sigma o s$ , the Peloponnesus, now the Morea.

 $\pi \in \lambda \delta s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , v.  $\pi \in \lambda \lambda \delta s$ .

Πέλοψ, οπος, δ, (πελός, δψ) Pelops, i. e. dark-face, son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia, and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

 $\pi$ ελτάζω, f.  $\sigma$ ω,  $(\pi$ έλτη) to serve as a targeteer.

πελταστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) one who bears a target or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield

between the ὁπλῖται or heavy-armed infantry, and the ψιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ή, όν, skilled in the use of the target:  $\tau \delta \pi \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha \sigma \tau \iota \kappa \delta \nu$ , = oi  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha i$ , the body of targeteers. ΠΕ'ΛΤΗ, ή, a small light shield without a rim (ĩτυs), orig. used by the Thracians. 2. a body of targeteers (πελτασταί), as ασπίε for ασπισταί, δπλον for ὑπλῖται. II. a shaft, pole. III. a borse's ornament.

 $\pi$ ελτο-φόρος, ον, ( $\pi$ έλτη, φέρω) bearing a target. ΠΕ'ΛΩ, more common as Dep πέλομαι, only used in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop. forms, as 3 sing. impf, act. έπλεν for έπελεν; 2 sing. impf med. επλεο, επλευ, for επέλου; 3 sing επλετο for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and 3 sing.  $\pi \in \lambda \in \sigma \kappa \in \sigma$ ,  $\pi \in \lambda \in \sigma \kappa \in \tau \sigma$ : imperat.  $\pi \in \lambda \in \nu$ : the pres part, is syncop, in the compds, ἐπιπλόμενος,  $\pi$ εριπλόμενος, for έπι $\pi$ ελόμενος,  $\pi$ ερι $\pi$ ελόμενος, but does not occur in the simple form : - orig. to be in motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγή πέλει οὐρανόθι πρό the cry goes up to heaven; γηρας καὶ θάνατος ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται old age and death come upon II. to be, implying continuance, to be used or wont to be: to become.

 $\mathbf{HE}'\mathbf{\Lambda}\Omega\mathbf{P}$ ,  $\mathbf{\tau}\delta$ , undeclined, a monster, of anything huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια the mighty ones of

 $\pi \epsilon \lambda \omega \rho o v, \tau \delta, = \pi \epsilon \lambda \omega \rho, a monster, \pi \epsilon \lambda \omega \rho a \theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} v \rho o r$ tents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) monstrous, prodigious, buge, portentous; and so, terrible. neut. pl. as Adv., πέ- $\lambda \omega \rho a$ , hugely, portentously.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμμαι) any kind of dressed food : esp. in plur cakes, sweetmeat.

πεμμάτ-ουργός, δ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) a pastry-cook. πεμπάδ-αρχος,  $\delta$ , (πεμπάς, ἄρχω) a commander of

a body of five.

πεμπάζω, f. άσω, to count on the five fingers, count by fives: generally, to count. From

πεμπάς άδος, ή, Acol. for πεντάς, the number five: a body of five.

πεμπαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) one who counts by fives: generally, one who counts, μίρια πεμπαστήs reviewing by tens of thousands.

 $\pi \in \mu \pi \in$ , Aeol. for  $\pi \in \nu \tau \in$ , five.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep for πέμπειν.

πεμπταίος, α, ον, (πέμπτος) in five days, on the jiftb day.

πεμπτ-άμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ήμέρα) Dor. for πενθημεροs, of five days.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, one must send.

πέμπτος,  $\eta$ , ον, (πέντε) the fifth;  $\dot{\eta}$  πέμπτη (sub. ημέρα) the fifth day.

πεμπτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , verb. Adj. of  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \mu \pi \omega$ , sent.

ΠΕΜΠΩ, fut. πέμψω: 201. Ι ἔπεμψα Ερ. πέμψα: (δπλον), a targeteer, Lat. cetratus: they held a place | pf. πέπομφα:—Pass., 201. 1 ἐπέμφθην: pf. πέπεμμαι, 3 sing. πέπεμπται:—to send, despatch. send off or away, dismiss, send bome; χρη ξείνον παρεόντα φιλείν, εθέλοντα δε πέμπειν ' welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, dis-III. to convoy, attend, escort, conduct; charge. δ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; πομπην πέμπειν 2. to send with one, esp. to conduct a procession. to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., πέμπεσθαί τινα to 2. to send one's own or in one's own send for one. service.

πεμπ-ώβολον, τό, (πέμπε, όβολός) a five-pronged

fork.

πέμψειας, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω. πεμψέμεναι, Εp. for πέμψειν, fut. inf. of πέμπω. πέμψες, εως, ή, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission. πεμψώ, πεμψεί, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει.

πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp and Sup. of πένης. πενέστης, ου, δ, a servant, labourer; the πενέσται were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Είλωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war.

II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man

πένης, ητος, δ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. egens, πένης χρημάτουν poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστατος.

πενητο-κόμος, ον, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor. πενθαλέος, α, ον, (πένθος) sad, mourning.

πένθεια, ή, collat. form of <math>πένθοs.

πενθείετον, Ερ. for πενθείτον, 3 dual of πενθέω.

πενθερά, ή, fem. of πενθερόs, a mother-in-law, Lat. socrus.

HENΘΕΡΟ Σ, δ, a father-in law, Lat. socer; also knops. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθέω, f. ήσω: Ep. 3 dual πενθείετον for πενθέετον, πενθείτον: pres. inf. πενθήμεναι for πενθείν: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for.

2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθέω) lamentation, mourning.

πενθήμεναι, Ep inf. pres. of πενθέω.

 $\pi$ evθ-ημερος, ον,  $(\pi$ έντε, ημέρα) of, lasting five days:

πενθημερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ημτμερής, ές, (πέντε, ήμιμερής) consisting of five balves, i.e. of two and a balf; hence in Prosody, τομή πενθημιμερής the caesura after two feet and a balf, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to τομή έφθημιμερής the caesura after three feet and a balf.

πενθ-ημιποδιαίος, α, ον, (πέντε, ήμιπόδιον) consisting of five balf feet, i. e. of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

πενθήμων, ον, gen. ονοs, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, εε, (πένθος, ἀραρείν) lamenting, mourning. πενθητήρ, ήροε, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer. πενθητήριος, α, ον, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning. πενθήτρια, ή, fem. of <math>πενθητήρ.

πενθίκός, ή, όν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πενθικώς έχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πένθιμος, ov, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful.

II. mournful, wretched. From

HE'NΘΟΣ, εοs, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead.

II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. -ίη, ή, (πένομαι) poverty, need.

πενιχράλέος, α, ον, collat. form of πενιχρός, poor.

πενιχρόs, ά, όν, like πένηs, poor, needy.

INE'NOMAI, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, bave need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ή, five drachms. From

πεντά-δραχμος, ον, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-αέθλιον, τό, poet. for πεντάθλιον.

πεντ-άεθλον, τό, poet. for πένταθλον. πεντ-άεθλος, ό, poet. for πένταθλος

πεντάετηρίς, ίδος, ή, five years, a space of five years.

II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντά-έτηρος, ον, poet. for πενταετής, five years old.
πεντά-ετής, ές or πεντα-έτης, ες, (πέντε, έτος) five years old.

II. of Time, lasting five years: hence πεντάετες, as Adv. for five years.

πεντ-άθλιον, τό, collat. form of πένταθλον.

πέντ-αθλον Ion. πεντ-άεθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) the contest of the five exercises; πεντάεθλον ἀσκεῖν το practise the five exercises. These were ἄλμα, δίσκος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή: but for the last the ἀκύντισις οτ ἄκων was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—ἄλμα, ποδώκειαν, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην.

πέντ-αθλος Ion. πεντ-άεθλος,  $\delta$ , (πέντε,  $\delta\theta$ λον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them.

II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αιχμος, ον, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed.

πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times. πεντάκισ-μύριοι, αι, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000. πεντάκισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, five times 1000 = 5000.

πεντακόσιοι Ερ. πεντηκόσιοι,  $\alpha_i$ ,  $\alpha_i$ , (πέντε) five bundred: also in sing with a collective noun, πεντακοσία ϊππος five bundred horse II. at Athens, οι πεντακόσιοι, =  $\dot{\eta}$  βουλ $\dot{\eta}$ , the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οι ἀπὸ κυάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (πεντακύσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι formed the first class, the other three being the immess, ζευγίται, θητες.

πεντάκοσιοστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (πεντακόσιοι) the five bundredth.

πεντά-κυμία, ή, (πέντε, κυμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf.  $\tau \rho i$ κυμία, δεκακυμία.

πεντά-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five bandbreadths wide.

πεντά-πηχυς, v, gen. εος, (πέντε, πηχυς) five cubits long or broad.

πενταπλάσιος  $[\mathbf{d}]$ ,  $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{v} \tau \dot{\epsilon})$  fivefold.

πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

πεντά-πολις, ή, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns, as Τρίπολιs was a state of three, Δεκάπολιs of ten.

 $\pi$ εντάρ-ραγος, ον,  $(\pi$ έντε, βάξ) with five berries. **πεντα-σπίθαμος**, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans

long or broad. [i]  $\pi \in v \tau \dot{\alpha} - \sigma \tau \dot{\chi} \cos$ , ov,  $(\pi \dot{\epsilon} v \tau \dot{\epsilon}, \sigma \tau \dot{\chi} \cos)$  of five lines or verses.

**πεντά-στομος**, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths or openings, of the Nile and Danube.

πεντά-τευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεῦχος) consisting of five books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc βίβλος), ή, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.

 $\pi$ εντα-φυής, ές, ( $\pi$ έντε, φυή) five in nature or number.

**πένταχά**, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions.

πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.

**ΠΕΝΤΕ** Acol. πέμπε, οί, αί, τά, indecl five, Lat. quinque. In Compos. it takes the form πεντα- as well as  $\pi \in \nu \tau \in -$ .

πεντε-καί-δεκα, oi, ai,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , indecl. fifteen.

πεντεκαιδεκά-ναΐα, ή, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦs) a squadron of fifteen ships.

πεντεκαιδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαν-TOV) of fifteen talents worth or weight.

πεντε-και-δέκατος, η, ον, fifteentb.

πεντεκαιδεκ-ήρης, εs, with fifteen banks of oars. **πεντε-σύριγγος**, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes or boles; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine furnished with five holes, through which the head, arms, and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.

πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit. πεντ-ετηρίς, ίδος, ή, a term or space of five years; δια πεντετηρίδοs at intervals of five years, every five II. a festival celebrated every five years, such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From

πεντ-έτης, εs, (πέντε, έτος) of five years, lasting five years.

πεντε-τριάζω, to conquer five times.

πεντήκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty.

πεντηκοντά-ετις, ιδος, ή, fem. of

πεντηκοντά-ετής, έs or -έτης, εs, contr. -ούτης, (πεντήκοντα, έτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years. πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) fifty-beaded.

πεντηκοντά-κέφάλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) == πεντηκοντακάρηνος.

πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, consisting of fifty cbildren.

πεντηκόντ-αρχος, δ, (πεντήκοντα, ἄρχω) the commander of fifty men. II. one who commands a πεντηκόντοροs, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, η, = πεντηκόντοροε.

πεντηκοντήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (πεντήκοντα) the commander of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army. πεντηκοντό-γύος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γύα) of fifty

acres of corn-land. πεντηκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, ὄργυια) fifty

fathoms deep, bigb, etc. πεντηκόντορος, ή, with and without ναῦs, (πεντή-

κοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars. πεντηκοντ-ούτης, εs, contr. for πεντηκονταέτης.

πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ep. for πεντακόσιοι.

πεντηκοστεύω, f σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax

πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pass to pay the tax πεντηκοστή, ή, sec πεντηκοστόs.

 $πεντηκοστήρ, <math>\hat{η}ροs, \dot{ο}, = πεντηκοντήρ.$ 

πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collecting the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst, πεντηκοστολόγος, δ, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.

πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πεντήκοντα, παῖε)with fifty children.

πεντηκοστός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \dot{\eta} \kappa o \nu \tau a)$  fiftietb. as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, 1. (sub. μερίs), the fiftieth part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftie'b, or two per cent., imposed on all exports and imports. ήμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost. Hence

πεντηκοστύς, ύος, ή, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.

**πεντ-ήρης, εs,** (πέντε, ἐρέσσω) with five banks of oars: as Subst., πεντήρης (sub. ναθς), ή, a quinquereme.

πέντ-οζος, ον, (πέντε, οζος) baving five branches or points: Hes, calls the hand  $\pi \in \nu \tau \circ \zeta \circ \nu$ , the five-pointed.  $\pi$ εντ-όργυιος, ον, ( $\pi$ έντε, ὅργυια) of five fatboms.

 $\pi$ εντ-ώβολος, ον,  $(\pi$ έντε, ὀβολός) of or worth five obols: as Subst., πεντώβολον, τό, a five-obol piece: πεντώβολον ήλιάσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day.

πεξαμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of πέκω.

 $\pi \epsilon \xi \hat{\omega}$ , Dor. for  $\pi \epsilon \xi \omega$ , fut. of  $\pi \epsilon \kappa \omega$ .

ΠΕ'ΟΣ, εos, τό, membrum virile, Lat. penis.

 $\pi \in \pi d\theta \cup i\alpha$ , Ep. for  $\pi \in \pi \circ \nu \theta \cup i\alpha$ , pf part. fem. of  $\pi \acute{\alpha} \sigma \chi \omega$ . πεπαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐπέπανα: Pass., fut. πεπανθήσομαι: aor. Ι ἐπεπάνθην: pf. mf. πεπάνθαι: (πέπων):-to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc., to soothe, assuage, soften:-Pass. to become ripe, soft, mellow: to be softened. II. intr. to become ripe mellow.

πεπαίτερος, πεπαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of πέπων.

πεπάλαγμένος, πεπάλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλαισμαι, pf. pass. of παλαίω. πέπαλμαι, pf. pass. of πάλλω.

πεπαλών, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι.

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πέπανος, ον, collat. form of πέπων, ripe, mellow.
 πεπαρείν, an old aor. 2 inf. to display, manifest.
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πείρω: mf. πεπάρθαι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part of πείρω.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπασθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, to possess.
 πέπασμαι, πεπάσμην, pf. and plqpf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχίνω
 πεπείθαται, Ion. 3 pl pf. pass. of \pi \epsilon i \theta \omega.
 πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπειρος, ον, also fem. πέπειρ\ddot{\mathbf{x}}, = πέπων, ripe, mel-
low, Lat. maturus: metaph. mild, softened
 πέπεισθζ, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of \pi \epsilon i \theta \omega.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass of πείθω.
 πεπέρασμαι, pf pass, of περαίνω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep pf part pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πεπίεσμαι, pf. pass. of πιέζω
 πεπίθέσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med inf of \pi \epsilon i \theta \omega.
 \piεπἴθήσω, Ep. fut. of \piείθω.
 πέπιθον, Ep redupl aor 2 of πείθω; πεπίθωμεν 1
pl. subj.; \pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o \iota \mu \epsilon \nu, \pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o \iota \epsilon \nu 1 and 3 pl opt.: inf
\mathbf{π} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\pi} \boldsymbol{i} \boldsymbol{\theta} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \hat{\mathbf{i}} \boldsymbol{\nu}, fem. part. \boldsymbol{\pi} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\pi} \boldsymbol{i} \boldsymbol{\theta} \boldsymbol{o} \hat{\boldsymbol{v}} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \boldsymbol{a}.
 πεπλάνημένως, Adv. pf pass. part. of πλανάω,
roaming, wandering.
 πέπλασμαι, pf pass of πλάσσω
 πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω
 πεπληγέμεν, Ep aor 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμην, Ep. redupl aor. 2 act. and
med. of \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \omega.
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάζω.
 ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, δ, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα,
τά, Lat. peplum, any woven cloth used for a covering,
                                         II. a large full robe
a sheet, hanging, curtain
or shawl worn by women: esp the robe of Minerva,
which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic
festival.
                   III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the
long Eastern dress.
 πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλύσθαι.
 πέπλωμα, ατος, τό, (πέπλος) a flowing robe, gar-
 πέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of \pi\nuέω, used as pres., to
bave breath or soul; metaph, to be wise, discreet,
prudent, sage; 2 sing. \pi \in \pi \nu \bar{\nu} \sigma \alpha \iota; inf. \pi \in \pi \nu \hat{\nu} \sigma \theta \alpha \iota; 2
sing. plqpf. πέπνῦσο:—part. πεπνῦμένος used as Adj.
sage, wise, prudent.
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέπνυμαι.
 \pi \in \pi \circ \mathcal{O}a, perf mcd. of \pi \in \partial \omega, to trust, rely on. Hence
  πεποίθεα, Ep. for \xi \pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta \epsilon i \nu, plapf. med. of \pi \epsilon i \theta \omega.
 πεποίθησις, ή, trust, reliance, boldness.
 πεποιθοίην, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποίθομεν, Ερ. for πεποίθωμεν, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποίθω, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing plapf. pass. of πολίζω.
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of πονέω.
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πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρθω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.
 πεποτήαται, Ep. for \piεπότηνται, \beta pl. pf of \piοτά.
ομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf of same
 πέπρūγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπραγμαι, pf. pass of πράσσω
 πέπρακα, πέπραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plopf pass of
an obsol. Verb *πύρω (from which also comes aor. 2
έπορον):—it bas, bad been fated; part πεπρωμένος,
fated: ἡ πεπρωμένη (sub μοιρα), that which is fated,
fate, destiny, like είμαρμένη
 πέπταμαι, pf. pass of πετάννυμι: part πεπταμένος
 πεπτέαται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπτεώτα, for πεπτώτα, pf part. nom and acc neut
οί πίπτω.
 πεπτηώs, Ep for πεπτηκώs, pf part. of πτήσσω,
frightened, timid, shy
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πεπτώs, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω
 πεπύθοιτο [v], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυν-
θίνομαι
 πεπυκασμένος, pf. pass part of πυκάζω
 πέπυσμαι, pf of πυνθάνομαι: inf πεπύσθαι.
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf of πυνθάνομαι.
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω
 ΠΕ'ΠΩΝ, ον, gen ονος; Comp. and Sup. πεπαί-
τέροs, -τατοs:--of fruit, ripe, mellow, Lat mitis,
                II metaph soft, tender, gentle: also
softened, assuaged often used in addressing a per-
son, & πέπον, as Subst., oh my friend: so, κριε πέπον
my pet ram: in bad sense, ω πέπονες ye weaklings,
ye dastards.
 IIE'P, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to
which it is annexed: much, very, often with an Adj.
and the part. of εἰμί, ἐπεί μ' ἔτεκές γε μινυνθάδιον
περ εόντα since you have given birth to me all short-
lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, κρατερός περ
strong as be is; or with an Adv, μίνυνθά περ for a
very little time; ὀλίγον περ little as it is.
call attention to something objected to, albeit, though,
bowever; so, λιγύς περ έων άγορητής bowever loud-
tongued a talker he be
                                3. also to strengthen a
negation, o\dot{v}\delta\dot{\epsilon} \pi\epsilon\rho, no, not even, not at all, where, as
m Lat. ne .. quidem, οὐδέ is divided by one or more
 words from \pi \epsilon \rho.
                        II. to call attention to one or
more things, bowever, at any rate, yet, as, άλλουs
 \pi\epsilon\rho έλέαιρε pity others at any rate.
                                             III. \pi\epsilon\rho is
 often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as őσ-
\pi\epsilon\rho, \bar{\eta}\pi\epsilon\rho, διό\pi\epsilon\rho, ώσ\pi\epsilon\rho, etc.
  πέρα, Adv. beyond, across or over, further, Lat. ultra;
μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οῦ as far as the middle, but
 no further.
                 II. of Time, beyond, longer: c. gen.,
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πέρα μεσούση**ε** ήμέρα**s** beyond midday.

metaph. beyond measure, excessively: c. gen., πέρα

III.

δίκηs beyond all justice. IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἄπιστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περάαν, Ep. for περάν, pres. inf. of περάω. περάασκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

πέρūθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαίνω, aor. 1 ἐπέρᾶνα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπεράνθην: pf. πεπέρασμαι, inf. πεπέρανθαι: (πέραs):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished.

2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαίοs, a, ov, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II.  $\hat{\eta}$  περαίη (sub.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$  or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαιόω, f. ώσω: aot. 1 ἐπεραίωσα: Pass, f. περαιωθήσομα: aot. 1 ἐπεραιώθην: pf. πεπεραίωμα: — to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross.

II. Intt. In Act. to cross, pass over.

περαίτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further, δδοί περαίτεραι τoads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαίτερον, further, beyond.

πέρᾶν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; πέραν εἰs τὴν ᾿Ασίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia.

II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος πέραν.

III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ή, όν, (περαίνω) conclusive.

περ-άπτω, Aeol. for περιάπτω.

πέρδε, ἄτος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or tra-

versed, passable.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

πέρασις, ή, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίου

πέρασιε passage from life (to death).

πέρδτος, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior. II.  $\dot{\eta}$  περάτη (sub.  $\dot{\gamma}\dot{\eta}$  or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the beavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περατός Ion. περητός, ή, όν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περῶν Ερ. περάων: Ion. impf περάασκον: fut. περάσω [ā] Ion. περήσω, Ερ. inf. περησέμεναι: aor. 1 ἐπέρᾶσα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πεπέρᾶκα (πέρα):

I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφρος ἀργαλέη περάαν a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περῶν to pass through a danger; περῶν δρκον to go through or recute the terms of an oa:h.

3. to let go through: to extend, intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend.

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B), fut. περάσω [ἄ] Ep. περάσσω Att. περώ. aor. I ἐπέρᾶσα Ep. ἐπέρασσα: pf. pass. πεπέρημα: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περῶν τινὰ Λῆμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

 $\Pi \in \rho \gamma \check{a} \mu i a$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\Pi \acute{e} \rho \gamma a \mu o s$ .

Πέργαμος, ή, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρύπολις, the citadel of any town.

**ΠΕ'PAIΞ**, īκοs or ĭκοs, δ and ή, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -īcis.

ΠΕ'PAOMAI, Dep., with act. 201. 2 έπαρδον, pf. πέπορδα:—to break wind.

περεμμένον, Aeol. for περιειμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιεννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν.

πέρην, Adv , Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ερ. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω. περητός, ή, όν, Ιου. for περατός.

πέρθαι, Ep. 201. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕ' ΡΘΩ, fut. πέρσω: pf. πέπορθα: aor. I ἔπερσα: aor. 2 ἔπρᾶθον, mf. πρᾶθεῖν Ερ. πρᾶθέειν:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρσομα: Ερ. aor. 2 mf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, rase.

2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay.
3. of things, to destroy.

II. to get by plunder.

MEPI', Prep., with gen., dat., et acc: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE: I. of Place, around, about, 11. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περὶ near. νόστου ακουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περί τινος to speak of a subject, 2. about, for, on account of; βουλεύειν περί φόνου to lay plans for the 3 of contending for an object; περί slaying. θανόντοs for the dead, θείν περὶ ψυχῆs to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περί πτύλιος to fight for the 4. of the motive; περί έριδος μαρνασθαι to fight for very enmity's sake. 5 with a Subst, as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$  as to number. III. like Lat. prae, before, above, beyond: περί πάντων ξμμεναι άλλων to be above or before all the rest; in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen. IV, the following phrases are of common occurrence: περὶ πολλοῦ έστιν ήμιν it is of much consequence to us; περί πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι or ἡγείσθαί τι to reckon a thing worth much; περί πλείονος, περί όλίγου, περί οὐδενός ποιείσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

With Dative of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about:

I. of Place, around, round about; περὶ χροτ close round the skin; χεὶρ περὶ ἔγχεϊ the hand round, grasping the spear; ἀσπαίρειν περὶ δουρί to quiver round or on the spear.

2. bard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one. II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περὶ οἶσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. prae: περὶ φόβφ for feat; περὶ χάρματι for joy.

WITH Accus. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I of Place, about, around, near, by; ή περί Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidos; περί τὰ έλεα οἰκέουσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῦνες περί ένα many round about one, many to one. II. of persons who are about one, as attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἀμφί τινα; τὰ περί τι III. of the object all that belongs to a thing. with which one is occupied, esp. of the place;  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$ δύρπα πονείσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ή φιλοσοφία περὶ ἀλήθειάν ἐστι philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation of reference to, with regard to; τὰ περί τὸν Κῦρον οὕτως έγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned IV. of Time, about, Lat. circa; περί τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers, περί τρισχιλίους about 3000.

In Position, περί may follow its Subst. in all cases,

and then it becomes paroxyt. πέρι.

As ADV.,  $\pi \in \rho i$ , around, about, also near, by. II. also  $\pi \notin \rho i$ , with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases,  $\pi \notin \rho i$   $\kappa \widehat{\rho} \rho i$ ,  $\pi \notin \rho i$   $\ell \nu \widehat{\rho} i$  beyond measure in heart or soul; where  $\pi \notin \rho i$  must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Πέρι sometimes stands for περίεστι.

ΙΝ COMPOS. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in  $\pi$ ερι-βάλλω,  $\pi$ ερι-έχω,  $\pi$ ερι-βαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in  $\pi$ ερι-γίγνομαι,  $\pi$ ερι-γράζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in  $\pi$ ερι-καλλής,  $\pi$ ερι-δείδω, like Lat. per— in per-multus, per-gratus.

QUANTITY. Though i in mepi is short, yet it is not

properly elided before a vowel.

περι-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round. II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something;  $\pi$ . παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready;  $\pi$ . ναῦs to order ships.

περι-āγής, έs, (περί, έāγα) broken in pieces.

Dor. for περιηγήs.

περι-άγνυμι and -ύω, f. -άξω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., δψ περιάγνυται the voice is ecboed all round.

περι άγω, f. -άξω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι την λίμνην κύκλφ they drive round the lake in a circle.

2. to lead about with one: so also in Med.

3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round.

II. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰε πόλειε to go round the cities. [ἄ] Hence

περιάγωγεύς, έως, δ, a machine for twisting round,

a tourniquet.

περιαγωγή, ή, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution. περιαιρετος, ή, όν, able to be taken off. From περιαιρέσω: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελείν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one.

II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρείσθαι κυνέην to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περιαιρείσμενος taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to bave a thing taken away from one.

περι-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to be greatly distressed.

περι-αλείφω, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over. περι-άλλος, ον, (περί, ἄλλος) beyond or before others: — neut. pl. περίαλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly. περι-άλουργός, όν, (περί, ἀλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοῖς περιαλουργός double-dyed in villany.

περίαμμα, ατος, τό, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 περιήμπεσχον:— to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on.

II. to cover all round.

περι-αμπίσχω, impf.  $-\dot{\eta}$ μπισχον, = περιαμπέχω. περίαπτος, ον, bung about or upon:—as Subst., περίαπτον, τό, = περίαμμα. From

περι-άπτω, f.  $\psi\omega$ , to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

περι-αρμόζω Att. -όττω, f. όσω, to fasten or fit on all round: —Pass. to bave fastened round or fitted on. περι-αστράπτω, f ψω, to lighten or flash all round. περι-ασχολέω, f. ήσω, to be busy about a thing. περι-αυχένιος, ον, (περί, αὐχήν) worn round the

neck; as Subst., περιαυχένιον, τό, a necklace. περίαχον, Ερ. for περιίαχον, impf. of περιιάχω.

περι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 περιέβην: pf. περι-βέβηκα: — to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβήναι αδελφειοῦ κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

 $\pi$ ερι-βάλλω,  $f - \beta$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $\pi$ εριέβάλον: pf.  $\pi$ ερι- $\beta \in \beta \lambda \eta \kappa a :$ —to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκεύματι to fix him round a sword, i. c. to stab him. with pf. pass. περιβέβλημαι, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc, τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν to build a wall round a city. II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. attribute or ascribe to a person. 3 to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing; metaph, to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a 6. to frequent, be fond of compass round, double. a place. III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. affectare: pf. pass. to be in possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.

περι-βαρίδες, αί, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βάρυs, v, gen. εos, exceeding beavy.

περιβάς, ασα, άν, 20τ. 2 part. ο περιβαίνω. περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. ο περιβάλλω.

περίβη, Ερ. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω. περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περίβλεπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.

II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περίβλητος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on. περιβόητος, ον, (περιβόαω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against. II. act. with loud cries. περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put

round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ή, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ξίφεος the sheath of a sword walls thrown round a town. If a space enclosed, compass. III. a circumference, circuit. IV. metaph. a compassing, aiming at.

περίβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling II. as Subst., περίβολος,  $\delta$ , = περιβολή, anything thrown round; of περίβολοι walls thrown round a town.

2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ήσω, to bum round.

περί-βουνος, ov, surrounded by bills.

περι-βράχτόνιον, τό, (περί, βραχίων) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

**περι-βρύχιοs**,  $\alpha$ , ον, (περί, βρύχιοs) surging all round.  $|\vec{v}|$ 

περί-βωτος, ον, Ion. for περιβόητος.

περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape from.

2. of things, to remain over and above.

3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίειμι (είμί sum).

περι-γλάγής, ές, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνάομαι, Dep (περί, γλήνη):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

 $\pi$ ερί-γλωσσος, ον,  $(\pi$ ερί, γλ $\hat{\omega}$ σσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, feich a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περίγραπτός, όν, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγράφή, ή, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περιγράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round.

2. to define, determine.
draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.
to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περίδδεισα, Εp. for περιέδεισα, 201. 1 of περιδείδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δεήs, έs, (περί, δέοs) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ωs, in great fear.

περιδείδια, Ep. pf of περιδείδω

περι-δείδω, f. -δείσομαι: aor. I περιέδεισα Fp. περίδδεισα, part. περιδδείσας · pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδείδια: —to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περί-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast. περι-δέξιοs, ον, like άμφιδέξιοs, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter. II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέρκομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about. II trans. to look earnestly at. περι-δέω, f -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med.

to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed. περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing.  $-\delta iδοι \hat{s}$ ,  $-\delta iδ$ 

περι-δίνέω, f. ήσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινηθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I.

περι-δίνής, ές, (περιδινέω) whirled round. περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδείδω: to be much afraid about one.

περίδου, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περίδραμον, Ερ. for περιέδραμον, 201. 2 of περιτρέχω. περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the band. περι-δρομάς, άδος, fem. of περίδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ή, (περίδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit. 2. a revolution, orbit.

περίδρομος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular.

2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached.

II. as Subst., περίδρομος, ὁ, like περίδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as 1. the string that runs round a net for closing it.

a gallery running round a building.

3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 περιδρύφθη, he had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδώμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι. περι-εδέδετο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of περιδέω.

περι-έζωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι

περι-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω being used instead:—to look about for, await.

to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass, allow, suffer.

II. pf. περίοιδα with pres. sense; plqpf. περιήδειν with impf. sense, Att. περιήδη; inf περιειδέναι Ερ. περιίδμεναι it know or understand better; βουλή περιίδμεναι άλλων to be better in counsel than others.

περιειλάς, άδος, ή, (περιείλω) wound round, en-

circling.

περι-ειλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιείλον, 201. 2 οί περιαιρέω.

περι-είλλω or -ειλέω, to fold or wrap round:—
Pass. to be wrapped round.
2. to wrap up.

περί-ειμι, (περί, είμί sum) to be around; τὰ περιόντα circumstances. II. to be better than or superior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number, outnumber. III. to over-live, outlive: absol. to survive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be over and above, to remain in band. IV. to remain as a result or consequence, come about, ensue: cf. περιγίγνομαι.

περί-ειμι, (περί, εἶμι ibo) to go round or about, fetch a compass.
2. c. acc. to go round, compass; περιέναι φυλακάs to go the rounds of the guards. II. to come round to in turn.

περιέντος as time came round.

περι-είρω, to insert or fix round.

περιέκρυβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of περικρύπτω.

replédaces, ews, h, a driving or riding round: a place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, ἴut. --ελάσω: 20τ. I -ήλἄσα: pf. --ελήλάκα: --to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to drive about, barass, distress. II. (sub. βρμα, ἵππον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

mept-eλίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -etλίσσω:-f. ξω:-to roll or wind round:-Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-έλκω, f. -ελκύσω [ὕ], to drag round or about. περι-έννϋμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one. περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, 201. 2 οf περιπίπτω.

περιέπω, impf. περιείπον: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2 περιέσπον, inf. περισπείν: fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι: aor. 1 pass. inf. περιεφθήναι:—to be busy about, tendiligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with attention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but, τρηχέων περιέπειν to bandle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέων περιέπειν to bandle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέων περιέπειν το bandle troughly bandled by one; καλῶν περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also, περιέπειν τινὰ ὧν οι ἄτε πολέμιον to treat one as an enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—
to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious;  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$  θυλάκ $\varphi$  περιειργάσθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word). 2. to meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργοs, ον, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts. 2. meddling, interfering, officious.

II. pass. overwrought, elaborate, expensive.

2 superfluous.

περι-έργω Att. - είργω, f. ξω, to enclose all round, encompass.

περι-ερρύην, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρέω. περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχύμην: f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2  $-\hat{\eta}λθον$ : pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, go about: csp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire: c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of Time, to come round. II. to go round and return to a spot, to come round to;  $\hat{\eta}$  τίσιε περι- $\hat{\eta}λθε$  τον Πανίωνιον vengeance came at last upon him. III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περιέσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπάω.

περί-εσσι, Ερ. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περίειμι (εἰμί sum). περιεστώς, pf. part. of περίστημι.

περι-έσχάτος, η, ον, about the last.

περιέσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έφθος, or, (περί, έφθος) thoroughly boiled. περι-έχω, f. περιέξω and περισχήσω: aor. 2 περιέσχον, inf. περισχεῖν: aor. 2 mcd. περιεσχόμην, inf. περισχέσθαι:—to bold around, encompass, embrace, surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade. II. like περίειμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass, overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III. Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to protect.

2. to bold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.
3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμενής) very powerfully

or violently.

περι-ζέω poët. - ζείω, f. - ζέσω, to boil round about. περί-ζύγος, or, also περίζυξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (περί, ζυγόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so, of horses' harness, περίζυγα are spare straps.

περίζωμα, ατοε, τό, an apron. From

περιζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζωσω: to gird round:— Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron. Hence

περιζωσάμενος, aor. I med. part.

περιζώστρα, ή, (περί, ζωστρον) a girdle, apron. περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about, shew the way round. Hence

περιηγήs, έs, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγησις, εως, ή, like περιγραφή, a sketch, outline: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plapf. of περίοιδα: see περιείδον. περι-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last: c. acc., τὰ σε περιήκοντα that which bas come round to thee, fallen upon thee.

περιήλθον, 201. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλύσις, ή, (περιέρχομαι) a coming round, revolution.

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ήσω, to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with bim. (The deriv. of ημεκτέω is uncertain.)

περιήνεικα, Ion. aor. I of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to echo or ring all round.

περι-θαλπής, ές, (περί, θάλπος) very warm or bot. περιθείς, είσα, έν, 201. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περίθεσις, εως, ή, (περιτίθημι) a placing or putting round, putting on.

περιθετός, ή, όν, and περίθετος, ον, (περιτίθημι) put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.

περι-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run round.

περι-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to go round and observe.

περί-θυμος, ον, (περί, θυμός) very wrathful. Adv., περιθύμως έχειν to be very angry.

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to wound all round.

περι-ιάχω [ἄ], to ring around, re-echo: Ep. 3 sing. impf. περίαχε [τ] for περίαχε.

περιιδείν, inf. of aor. 2 περιείδον.

περιίδμεναι, Ερ. for περιειδέναι, inf. of περίοιδα.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. to sit round about.

περιίστημι, f. περιστήσω: aor. I -έστησα:—to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state. 2. aor. I med. περιεστησάμην is also trans., to place round oneself. Il. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην: pf. -έστηκα: plapf. -εστήκεν:—to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass. 2. to come round to, devolve upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, especially for the worse. 3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun. περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of περίειμι (είμι ibo). περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, an offscouring, defilement: hence a polluted wretch.

περι-καθέζομαι, Dep. to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, inf. - ησθαι: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέζομαι):—to be seated round, to sit round; περικαθήσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.

περι-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to set on fire, burn round about:—Pass. to be scorebed all round: metaph. to be inflamed.

περι-καλλής, ές, (περί, κάλλος) very beautiful.
περι-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over.

II. to cover all round, cover completely.

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. άξω, to break all round.
περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace all to bang up all round.
2. to overtake.
2. to anstrain, compel. to, c. dat. Hence

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to fall down all round, go to ruin.

περι-καταρρήγνθμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear down round about, rend off:—Med. to rend one's own garment περι-κάτημαι. Ion. for περικάθημαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ā]

περί-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι: -to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol., τείχος περίκειται a wall is round about. 2. metaph. to be over and above, profit; οὐ τι μοι περίκειται there is no advantage for me. II. to bave round one, to bave on one; περικείμενος ύβριν clad in arrogance.

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, to shear or clip all round:Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.

περικεκληιμένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω. περι-κεφαλαία, ή, (περί, κεφαλή) a belmet.

περι-κήδομαι, Dep. to be very anxious or concerned about one.

περί-κηλοs, ον, (περί, κῆλον) exceeding dry, welldried.

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. to spread round about.

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, to break around. περι-κλέης, έs, (περί, κλέος) far-famed.

περι-κλείτος, οι, (περι, κικού) jar-jamea.
περι-κλείτος, οι, famous all round, far-famed.

περι-κλείω Ion. -κληίω old Att. -κλήω: f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω: (περί, κλείω):—to sbut in all round, enclose, environ: to surround, of ships.

περι-κλύζω, f. -ύσω, to wash all round:—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island. Hence

περίκλυστος, η, ον, Att. also os, ον, washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.

περι-κλυτός, ή, ον, beard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclytus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.

περι-κνίδιον, τύ, a stalk or sprig.

περι-κνίζω, f. -ίσω, to scratch all round: - Med., poet. 201. Ι περιεκνιξάμην, to gnaw all round.

περι-κοκκύζω, f. σω, to cry cuckoo all round.

περι-κομίζω. f. -ίσω, to carry round:—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικόπτω) that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμματα έκ σοῦ σκευάσω I will make minced meat of you.

περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα. περί-κομψος, ον, very elegant, exquisite.

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φίλα, ή, (περί, κύνδυλος, πώρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj, epith. of the gout, exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.

περικοπή, ή, a cutting all round, mutilation. From περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut all round, clip, mutilate.

2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.

περι-κράτής, έε, (περί, κράτος) baving full command of.

περι-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ], Att. -κρεμώ:to bang up all round:-Pass. to be bung about, cling
to, c. dat. Hence

large, immense.

περι-κρεμής, έs, bung round with a thing. περι-κρούω, f. σω, to strike or knock all round. περι-κρύβω [v], late form of περικρύπτω. περι-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to cover all round, conceal: to bide oneself. περι-κτίονες, όνων, οί, Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (περί, κτί(ω)) like ἀμφι-κτίονες, the dwellers around, neighbours. περι-κτίται [ι], ων, οί, = περικτίονες.περι-κυκλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. to encircle, encombass, enclose. περι-κυκλόω, f. ώσω, to encircle, encompass. περικύκλωσις, ή, an encircling. περι-κύλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]:—to roll round: Pass. to be rolled about. περι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (περί, κῦμα) surrounded by the waves. περι-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to go about with a party of revellers  $(\kappa \hat{\omega} \mu os)$ : to carouse around. περι-κωνέω, f. ήσω, (περί, κῶνοs) to smear all over with pitch; περικωνείν τὰ ἐμβάδια to black shoes. περι-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to chatter on all sides or beyond περι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 περιέλαβον .-to seize around, embrace. 2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:-II. to comprehend, take Pass. to be caught. III. to constrain, compel. περι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or beam round about. περι-λείβομαι, Pass. to be shed all over. περι-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining: - Pass. to be left remaining, survive. περι-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick all round: lick clean.  $\pi \in \rho(\lambda \in E \cup S, \dot{\eta}, (\pi \in \rho(\lambda \in \gamma \omega)) circumlocution.$ περι-λέπω, f. ψω, to strip off all round. περι-λεσχήνευτος, ον, (περί, λεσχηνεύω) talked about on all sides, much discussed.  $\pi$ ερι-λιμνάζω, f. άσω,  $(\pi$ ερί, λίμνη) to surround with water, insulate. περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. =  $\pi$ εριλείχω. περί-λοιπος, ov, left remaining. περι-λούω, f. σω, to wash all round, wash carefully.  $\pi$ ερί- $\lambda \bar{\upsilon} \pi$ οs, ον,  $(\pi ερί, \lambda \dot{\upsilon} \pi \eta)$  exceeding sorrowful. περι-μαιμάω, to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem. περιμαιμώωσα. περι-μαίνομαι, Dep. to rage round about. περι-μακής, έs, Dor, for περιμηκήs. περι-μάρναμαι, Dep. to fight round about: also to fight for a thing. περι-μάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:--to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts. περιμάχητος, ov, fought about, fought for; and so,

to be desired. From

intr. to wait, abide.

περι-μάχομαι [ă], Dep. to fight around.

**περι-μένω,** to wait for one, await, expect.

περί-μεστος, ov, full all round, very full.

**περί-μετρον,** τό, (περί, μέτρον) the circumference.

περι-μήκετος, ον, poet. for περιμήκης. περι-μήκης, εs, (περί, μῆκοs) very tall, bigb or long.  $\pi$ ερι-μηχανάομαι, f. – $\dot{\eta}$ σομαι : Ep. 3 pl. impf. – $\mu\eta$ χανόωντο: Dep.:-to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for. περι-μυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow around. περι-ναιετάω, to dwell round about or near. in pass, sense to be inhabited. περιναιέτης, ου, δ, a neighbour. From περι-valω and Med. -valoual, to dwell round.  $\pi$ ερι-νέφελος, ον,  $(\pi$ ερί, νεφέλη) overclouded περι-νέω, f. ήσω: aor. I inf. περινησαι Ερ. -νηησαι:  $(\pi \epsilon \rho i, \nu \epsilon \omega) :$ —to pile round.  $\pi$ ερί-νεως, δ, gen.  $-\nu$ εω, nom. pl.  $\pi$ ερίνεω: ( $\pi$ ερί, νεώs gen. of ναῦς): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp to a rower (πρόσκωπος). περινήσας Ep. -νηήσας, aor. I part. of περινέω. περι-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go round: of Time, to recur. περι-νοέω f. ήσω, to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly. II. over-wiseness. From περίνοια, ή, intelligence. περί-voos, ον, (περί, νόοε) exceeding wise. περι-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to go round or about. I. Prep. round  $\pi \in \rho \in \mathcal{E}$ , strengthd. for  $\pi \in \rho \in \mathcal{E}$ about, all round; c. gen., but mostly c. acc. Adv. round about. περι-ξεστός, ή, όν, polished all round. περι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to polish all round. περι-ξυράω Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, to shave all round. περί-οδος, ή, a going round, the making a circuit II. a way round: a circuit, compass; την περίοδον absol., in circumference. III. a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart. IV. a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time. course at dinner; περίοδος λόγων table-talk. 3. 4. a fit that recurs the orbit of a beavenly body. V. a well-rounded sentence, period. at intervals. περίοιδα, pf. of περιείδον: see περιείδον II. περι-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave. περι-οικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of περίοικος, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. II. as Subst.,  $\pi$ εριοικίs (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  or  $\chi \omega \rho \alpha$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts. περι-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. - φκοδόμημαι Ion, -οικοδόμημαι:—to build round about. to enclose by building round :- Pass. to be built up, walled in. **περί-οικος**, ον, (περί, οἰκέω) dwelling round about or near, neighbouring. II. οἱ περίοικοι were. in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand

to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.

περί-μετρος, ον, (περί, μέτρον) above measure, very

περίμετροs (sub. γραμμή), ή, a circumference.

II. measuring round: as Subst...

**περιοίσω**, fut, of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περίειμι (εἰμί sum). περι-οπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of περιοράω (see περιόψομαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregard-II. neut.  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$ -o $\pi \tau \acute{\epsilon}$ ov, one must overlook.

περί-οπτος, ον, (περιόψομαι) seen from all sides:

admired, admirable.

περι-οράω, impf. περιεώρων Ion. περιώρων: pf. περιεόρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεύραμαι:-- f περιόψομαι, from an obsol verb περιύπτομαι; whence also aor. I pass.  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \dot{\omega} \phi \theta \eta \nu$ , pf.  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \dot{\omega} \mu \mu \alpha i :$ —(for aor.  $2 \pi \epsilon \rho i$ είδον, pf. περίοιδα, see περι-είδον):—to look around II. to overlook, to disregard, suffor, wait for. fer to be or do. III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to 2 c. gen. to look about for, Lat. sbrink from. respicere.

**περι-οργήs**, έs, (περί, δργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv.  $-\gamma \hat{\omega}s$ , very wrathfully.

περί-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ὅρθρος) daybreak, dawn. περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries.

Hence περιορισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a marking out by boundaries. περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round frozen on the feet. so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring round a ship to anchor: -Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίειμι) that which is over and above: a surviving. 2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty. 3. superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ov, more than enough, abundant. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.

περιόψομαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from \*περιόπτομαι.

περι-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πάτέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

περιπάτητικός, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

περί-πατος, δ, (περί, πατέω) a walking about, II. a place for walkstrolling, Lat. ambulatio. ing, a covered walk. III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πείρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through. περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενοs: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur. περίπεμπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent

round.

 $\pi$ ερι- $\pi$ έμπω, f. ψω: aor. I pass.  $\pi$ εριε $\pi$ έμφθην: to send round, despatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περιπεσείν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part of περιπίπτω.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: 201. I pass. -επέφθην:-to bake all round: metaph, to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθείς sajoled.

περι-πετάννυμι or  $-\dot{\mathbf{u}}\omega$ : f.  $-\pi\epsilon \tau \dot{\mathbf{u}}\sigma\omega$  [ $\ddot{\mathbf{u}}$ ]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι οι -πέπτασμαι -to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outspread.

περιπέτεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (περιπετήs) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns. περιπετής, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2 enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχοι περιπετέι the sword on which he had fallen. II, falling in with. III. clanging suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances

περι-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πτήσομαι Dep.:-to fly around.

περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sbarp or keen.περι-πήγνυμι or  $-\dot{v}\omega$ : f.  $-\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\omega$ :—to fix round, to put as a fence round. II. to make to congeal round :- Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίμπλημι, f.  $-\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\omega$ , to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing, and pl.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota - \epsilon \pi i \mu \pi \rho \alpha$ ,  $-\epsilon \pi i \mu \pi \rho \alpha \sigma \alpha \nu$ .

περι-πίπτω, f.  $-\pi \epsilon \sigma o \hat{v} \mu a i$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma o v$ : pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against, 2. metaph to fall into, be betrayed into; ξαυτώ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare. III. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλανάω, to make to wander about:-Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph, to flutter or bover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence περιπλάνιος, ov, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From

περι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to twine round about. intertwine, interweave: - Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf. -πέπλεγμαι; to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c. dat.; ίστο περιπλεχθείs folded round the mast.

περί-πλευρος, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side. περιπλέχθη, Ep. 3 sing, aor. I pass, of περιπλέκω. περι-πλέω, f. –πλεύσομαι and –πλευσοῦμαι: aor. 1 -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:-to sail or swim round, to

 $\pi$ ερί- $\pi$ λεως, ων, nom. pl.  $-\pi$ λεω,  $-\pi$ λεα: Ion. περί-πλεος, ον :--quite full, over-full.

circumnavigate, c. acc.

περι-πληθής, έε, (περί, πληθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην. Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ή, (περιπλέκω) a twining round.
entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέκω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπέλομαι.

περί-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round. περί-πλοος, ό, contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting

νοyage.
περι-πλύνω [v], to wash all round, wash clean.

περι-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνείω, poet. for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe round.

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) destred on all sides, much beloved.

περι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησιε, εωε, ή, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ου, οτ -αρχος, ου,  $\delta$ , (περίπολος,  $\delta \rho \propto 0$ ) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περι-πολέω, f. ήσω, to go round, wander about,
range about.
2. c. acc. to traverse.
3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περι-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guardbouse. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., I. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes.

3. generally,  $\pi$ ερίπολοε, δ, an attendant, follower,

περι-πάνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περι-πόρφύρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) edged with purple, Lat. praetextatus.

περι-ποτάσμαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, to bover about.

περι-πρό, Adv., =  $\pi$ ερὶ πρό, very, especially.

περι-προχέω, f. -χεω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -κέχδια:— to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., έρος θυμόν περιπροχύθελε έδάμασσε love gushing forth quer his soul overcame it.

περίπτισμα, ατος, τό, a busk, skin. From

περι-πτίσσω, to strip off the bush or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπτισμένοι free from chaff, clean winnowed.

**περίπτυγμα, ατοι, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything** folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξαε, ασα, αν, αοτ. I part. of περιπτύσσω. περιπτύσσω, f. εω: αοτ. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, enwrap, ensbroud: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, eoil round. Hence

περιπτυχή, ή, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τειχέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Άχαιῶν ναύλοχοι περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans.

2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτυχής, ές, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνφ περιπτυχής fallen round (i. e. upon) his

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρράγής, ές, (περιρραγήναι) broken or rent round about.

περιρ-ραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρρήγνυμι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περιρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην:—to flow round, c. acc:—Pass. to be surrounded by water.

II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ ἀσπὶς περιερρύη εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea.

2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περιρ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηζα: Pass., aor. 2 -ερράγην [ἄ]: mtr. pf. -έρρωγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ ὀξὸ τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρήγυνται ὁ Νείλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. c. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηδήs, έs, (περιρρέω) falling round or upon. περιρροή, ή, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περίρροος, ον, contr. –ρρους, ουν, (περιρρέω) like περίρρυτος, surrounded with water.

περίρρύτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίαs the waters that flow round Sicily.

περι-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περι-σείω poet. περισσείω, f. σω, to sbake all round:—Pass. to be sbaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμνος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly bonoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σημα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

περισθενέω, f. ήσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

περι-σθενής, έε, (περί, σθένοε) exceeding strong or powerful.

περι-σκελής, έε, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or bardened all round, rigid.
2. metaph, obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περι-σκελίς, ίδος, ή, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.

περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.

περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.

περι-σκιρτάω, f. ήσω, to leap round or about

περι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι: 20τ. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι, formed from \*περισκέπτομαι:—to look round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look at from all points: to watch and see: to look about one, be circumspect.

περι-σκύλακισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round. περι-σμάραγέω, f. ήσω, to rattle all round.

περι-σμύχω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [v] περι-σοβέω, f ήσω, to chase or push about. II. intr to run round about, c acc.

περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.

περι-σπάω, f. άσω [ā], to draw off from around, strip off:—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II. to wheel round.

III. Pass. to be drawn different ways, distracted.

περισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπω.

περισπερχέω, = περισπερχής είμι, to be very indignant. From

περι-σπερχής, ές, (περί, σπέρχω) very basty of burried; περισπερχές πάθος an over-basty death.

περί-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνον) great-bearted.

περισ-σαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.

περισσεία, ή, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abundance. II superiority, preeminence.

περισ-σείω, poet. for περισείω.

περίσσευμα, τό, superabundance: that which is left or is over, a remnant. From

περισσεύω later Att. -ττεύω: impf. ἐπερίσσευον: (περισσόs): — to be over and above, outnumber, be too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough; τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surflus; τοσοῦτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσευε such an abundance of reason had Pericles.

2. in bad sense, to be overmuch or superfluous.

III. to bave more than enough of a thing, c gen.

Sense, to make to abound.

περισσο-λογία, ή, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking, wordiness, verbiage.

περισσός later Att. περιττός, ή, όν, (περί) above measure, more than the average, above the common: uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; περισσός άλλων πρός τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange, unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraordinary.

II. more than sufficient; τὸ περισσόν a surplus, residue; περισσά σκηναί spare tents.

III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive; περισσά δρών to be over-busy; περισσά φονείν to be over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over much: artificial.

IV. of numbers, odd, uneven, Lat. impar, opp. to άρτιος.

περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, ή, (περισσό) superfluity, excess.

 $\pi$ eρισσό-φρων, ονοε,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi$ eρισσόε, φρ $\dot{\eta}$ ν) over-wise. beleaguer.

περισσώς, Adv. of περισσύς, exceedingly: Comp. περισσύτερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσύτερον, Lat. nibil aliud, nothing else; so, οὐδὲν περισσύτερον ἡ εl. no otherwise than if.

περι-στάδόν, Adv. (περιίστημι) standing round about.

περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about. περιστάθη, Ερ. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass of περιίστημι. [ἄ] περισταίην, aor. 2 opt. of περιίστημι.

περιστάς,  $-\sigma \tau \hat{a}\sigma a$ ,  $-\sigma \tau \hat{a}\nu$ , aor. 2 part. of περιστημι. περί-στάτος, ον, (περιίστημι) surrounded, admired by the crowd.

περι-σταυρόω, f. ωσω, to fence about with a palisade, fortify or fence round:—Med. to fortify oneself with a palisade

περιστείλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω. περιστείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.

περιστείωσι, Ep. for περιστωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περιστημι.

περι-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ: aor. I -έστειλα:—to dress, clothe, to wrap round: to lay out a corpse, Lat. componere, hence to bury. II to wrap up, cover, cloak. III. to take care of, protect, maintain; περιστέλλειν ἀοιδάν to upbold ministrelsy; περιστέλλειν ἔφγα to attend to agriculture

περι-στεναχίζω, f. ίσω, to sigh, groan about or over, bemoan :—Med to echo around.

περι-στένω, to cram full all round: Pass. to be crammed full.

Η to groun around.

περίστεπτος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed. ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ',  $\dot{\eta}$ , a dove, pigeon.

περιστερεών, ωνος, ό, a dove-cote. From

περι-στεφανόω, f ώσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle, surround as with a crown.

περιστεφής, έs, wreathed, crowned; ἀνθέων περιστεφής with a crown of flowers.

II. act. twining, encircling From

περι-στέφω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to surround as with a crown, enwreathe.

περίστησαν, Εp. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of περιίστημι.

περιστήσαντο, Ερ. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl 201 I med of περιίστημι

περιστήωσι, Εp. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj or περιστήμι.

περι-στίζω, f ξω: aor. I -έστιξα:—to dot at equal intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2. c. dat. to stick round with things

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.
περι-στίχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.
περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοίχος) to surround with toils or nets:—Med. to bedge in.

περι-στοιχος, σν, (περι, στοίχος) set round in rows.

περι-στονάχίζω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: 201. 1 -εστράτοπεδευσάμην: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege, beleaguer. περι-στρέφω, f. ψω, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, ή, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, f. ήσω, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστρωφώμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στύλος, ον, (περί, στύλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περίστυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

**περι-σφάλήs, έs**, (περί, σφαληναι) very slippery. **περι-σφύριοs**, ον, (περί, σφϋρόν) round the ankle: —as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an anklet.

περί-σφύρος, ον, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, Ερ. for περισχείν, 201. 2 inf of περιέχω περίσχεο, Ερ. for περίσχου, 201. 2 med imperat. of περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\pi\epsilon\rho i, \sigma\chi\circ\hat{\nu}\circ s)$  to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σώζω, f. σω, to save alive, save from death:— Pass, to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, Ion. for περιτέμνω.

περι-ταφρεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (περί, τάφροs) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

**περι-τείνω**, f.  $-τεν\hat{\omega}$ , (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τειχίζω, f. ίσω, to wall all round, fortify. 2 to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round Hence

περιτείχίσις, ή, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτείχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

**περιτειχισμόs**, δ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, f. έσω, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμείν, inf. fut. of περιτέμνω.

περι-τέμνω Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμω: aor. 2 - έτεμον: — to cut round, clip round about: — Med, περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ alδοια to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίουας to make incisions all round one's arms. II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut sbort of certain land. III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted. περι-τέρμων, ον, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round. περι-τέχνησις, ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: 201. I -έθηκα: 201. 2 έθην, imperat. -θει: :--to place round about, put round or on:--Med. to put round oneself, put on. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τιμήεις, εσσα, εν, (περί, τιμή) much bonoured. περιτομή, ή, (περιτέμιω) circumcision.

περι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to oversboot, outsboot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω: aor. i -έτρεψα: -to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn II. intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 of περιτρέω.

περι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. 1 - έθρεψα: —to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from \*περι-δρέμω,—f. -δράμοῦμαι: aor. 2 - έδράμον: pf. -δέδρομα:—to run round, spin or whirl round 11 c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about.

περιτρίβής, ές, (περιτριβήναι) worn all round. From

περι-τρίβω, f. ψω: 20τ. I – έτριψα:—Pass, 20τ. 2 – ετρίβην [ $\check{t}$ ]: pf. – τέτριμμαι —to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, ατος, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass, σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσιν all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve.

3 c. acc. to drive about, barass.

περιτροπή, ή, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; έν περιτροπή οι έκ περιτροπήs by turns.

περι-τρόχαλος, ον, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv, περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipt round about.

περι-τροχάω, collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round. περι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομα: 201. 2 - έτράγον:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιττεύω, περιττός, etc., later Att. for περισσεύω, περισσός, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: 20τ. 2 - έτὔχον: pf. -τετύχηκα: -- to bappen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to bappen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περι-υβρίζω, f. ίσω, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

έθην, περι-φαίνομαι, Pass. to be visible all round; έν nd or περιφαίνομένφ (sc. χώρφ) on a spot seen far II. to around. περιφάνεια, ή, a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [α] From

περι-φάνής, ές, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έστατος. περιφανομαι) seen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris. περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφανής, manifestly.

περι-φείδομαι, Dep to spare so that be survives, c. gen.

περιφέρεια, ή, a circumference: a round figure. From

περιφερής, έε, (περιφέρω) carried round about · revolving, rolling: surrounding. 2. surrounded by. περιφέρω, f. περιοίσω: 2001. 1 περιήνεγκα:—to carry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to move a thing round in a circle: to band round. If ou με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ή μνήμη] my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things. III. to endure, bold out. IV. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp of time. 2. to wander or range about.

περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι and -φευξοῦμαι —to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc.

2 to escape from illness, get over an attack.

περι-φλεύω, pf. pass περιπέφλευσμαι:—to scorcb or burn all round.

περί-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιός) with bark all round. περι-φλύω  $[\bar{v}]$ , = περιφλεύω.

περι-φοβέσμαι, Pass. to fear greatly.

 $\pi$ ερί-φοβοs, ον, ( $\pi$ ερί, φύβοs) in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.

περί-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about. περιφορά, ή, (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round. II. (from Pass) a going or turning round, circuit, revolution. περιφορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence

περιφορητός, όν, carried about. II. going or ranging about. III. notorious, infamous.

περιφραδής, έs, very thoughtful, very careful, considerate. Adv. -δέως, carefully. From περι-φράζομαι, Mcd. to think over, consider on all

sides.

περίφρακτος, ον, fenced round:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, an enclosure. From

περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to fence round.

περι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to contemn, despise.

περι-φρουρέω, f. ήσω, to guard on all sides, blockade. περί-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, νος. πέριφρον, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ὑπέρ-φρων, haughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.

περιφύγή, ή, (περιφυγείν) a place of refuge. περιφύς, ῦσα, ύν, 201. 2 part. of περιφύω.

**περι-φύσητος**, ον, (περί, φῦσάω) blown upon from all sides.

περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [v]: aor. I -έφυσα: -trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adbere. II. intr. in Med.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \phi \dot{\nu} o \rho a \iota$ : fut.  $-\phi \dot{\nu} - \sigma o \mu a \iota$  [ $\bar{v}$ ]: with pf. act.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \pi \dot{\epsilon} \phi \bar{\nu} \kappa a$ : acr. 2  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \dot{\epsilon} \phi \bar{\nu} \nu a$ ; inf.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \dot{\phi} \dot{\nu} \nu a \iota$ , part.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \dot{\phi} \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}$ ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.

περι-χάρακοω, f. ωσω, (περί, χάραξ) to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.

περι-χαράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. εω, to scratch or cut all round.

περιχάρεια, ή, exceeding great joy From

περι-χάρής, ές, (περί, χαρήναι) exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές =  $\pi$ εριχάρεια.

περι-χειλόω, f. ώσω, (περί, χείλοs) to surround with a rim or border.

περι-χέω, f. -χεω : aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περιχεύω, aor. I περιχεύα: Pass., aor. I -εχύθην [v]: pf. -κέχῦμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon; περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέρασι to put gold round the horns: -Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.

περι-χθών, όνος, δ, ή, round about the earth.
περι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance round or about.
περι-χρυσόω, f. ώσω, to gild all over.

περι-χώομαι, f. - χώσομαι: Ep aor. I περι χωσάμην: —to be exceeding angry or wroth.

περι-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.

 $\pi$ ερί-χωρος, ον,  $(\pi$ ερί, χῶρος) round about a place; as Subst.,  $\pi$ ερίχωρος (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , the country round about.

 $\pi$ ερι-ψάω, inf.  $-\psi$ ην: fut.  $-\psi$ ησω:—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence

περίψημα, τό, anything wiped off, offscouring. περι-ψιλόω, f. ώσω, (περί, ψιλόs) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass, περι-

ψιλωθῆναι τὰs σάρκαs to bave the flesh all stripped off. περι-ῳδέω, f. ήσω, (περί, ψδή) to subdue by spells.

περιωδύνία, ή, excessive pain. From περι-ώδύνος, ον, (περί, όδύνη) exceeding painful. II. suffering great pain.

περι-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωσμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.

περι-ωπή, ή, (περί, ώψ) a place commanding a wide view:  $\frac{1}{2}$  k περιωπής by a bird's-eye view. II. circums pection, caution.

περι-ώσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος, immense, vast, as Adv. περιώσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., περιώσιον άλλων far beyond the rest.

περκάζω, f. σω, (περκύs) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

πέρκη, ή, the perch, Lat. perca.

HEPKNO'Σ, ή, όν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.

πέρκος, η, ον, = περκνόε.

πέρνα, ή, a bam, Lat. perna.

πέρνημι, 3 pl. περνασι, part. περνάs: 3 sing. Ion. impl. πέρνασκε: (περάω):—to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

πέρ-οδος, ή, Acol. for περίοδος.

περόναμα, -ατρίε, Dor. for περόνημα, -ητριε.

περονάω, f. ήσω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med., χλαΐναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.

περόνη, ή, (πείρω, περάω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. fibula.

II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat radius, fibula.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίς.

περονητρίς Dor. -ατρίς, ίδος, ή, (περονάω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = περόνη.

περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕ ΡΠΕΡΟΣ, ov, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρρ-οχος, ον, Aeol. for περίοχος.

πέρσα, Ep. for έπερσα, aor. I of πέρθω.

περσέ-πολις poet. περσέπτολις, εως, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (πέρθω, πόλις) destroyer of cities. II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις) Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

**Περσεύς**, έως Ep. η̂os later Ion. έος, ό, *Perseus*, son of Jove and Danae, one of the most famous Grecian heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ή, poét. Περσεφόνεια also Περσέφασσα:—Persepbone, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ου, ό, acc. Πέρσην οι Πέρσεα, voc. Πέρσα οι Πέρση, a Persian, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίζω, f. σω, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the

Persians. 2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ή, όν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence al Περσικαί a sort of thin shoes or slippers.

Περσικός δρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικόν a Persian dance. 4. ὁ Περσικός οι τὸ Περσικόν (sub. μῆλον), the peach.

**Περσίs,** ίδο**s**, poet. fem. of Περσικό**s**, Persian. II. as Subst. I. (sub.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ), Persia, Persia. 2. (sub.  $\gamma vv\eta$ ), a Persian woman. 3. (sub.  $\chi \lambda \alpha \hat{v} \alpha$ ), a Persian cloak.

**Περσιστί**, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in the Persian tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, ου, δ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-νομέσμαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, ον, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians. πέρύσι οτ -ιν, Αdv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ἡ πέρνσι κωμφδία the comic play of last year. Hence περύσινός, ἡ, όν, of last year, last year's.

**Héphepes**, ol, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

πεσδά, Adv., Dor. for πεζή.

πέσε, Ep. for ἔπεσε, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of πίπτω. πεσεῖν Ep. πεσεῖν, 20r. 2 inf. of πίπτω.

πέσημα, ατοε, τό, (πεσείν) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = πέσημα, πτῶμα, a fall, slaughter. πεσούμαι, fut. med. of πίπτω.

πεσσεία Att. πεττ-, ή, the game of draughts. From πεσσείω Att. πεττ-, (πεσσόε) to play at draughts. πεσσο-νομέω, f. ήσω, (πεσσόε, νέμω) to set the πεσσοί in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

IIEΣΣΟΣ Att. πεττός, δ, pl. πεσσοί and πεσσά, an oval-sbaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in.plur. 2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called lepà γραμμή. 3. πεσσοί, οί, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

IIE ΣΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέψω: aor. I ἔπεψα:—Pass., aor. I ἔπέφθην: pf. πέπεμμαι, inf. πεπέφθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to ripen.

II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress: also to bake; Med., πέσσεσθαι πέμματα to bake oneself cakes.

III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. coquere, concoquere.
2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so γέρα πεσσέμεν (Ep. for πέσσειν) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; βέλος πέσσειν to nurse or bave to beal the wound of a dart.

 $\pi \epsilon \sigma \dot{\omega} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $o \hat{v} \sigma \alpha$ ,  $o \hat{v}$ , aor. 2 part. of  $\pi i \pi \tau \omega$ .

πετάλισμός, δ, petalism, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the δοτρακισμός of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds. From

πέτ**ἄλον** Ion. πέτ**ηλον**, τό, a leaf: hence 2. used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf.  $\psi \hat{\eta} \phi os$ . (Properly neut. from πέταλοs.)

πέτ**άλοs** Ion. πέτηλος, η, ον, (πετάννυμι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat.

II. metaph. full-grown.
πέτ**ά**μαι, = πέτομαι, q. ν.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΥΜΙ οτ -ύω: f. πετάσω [α] Att. πετω: aor. I ἐπέτασα Ερ. πέτασα and πέτασσα: Pass., aor. ἐπετάσθην Ερ. πετάσθην: pf. πεπέτασμαι Ερ. πέπταμαι: Ερ. plqpf. ἐπεπτάμην, πεπτάμην:—to spread, stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph., θυμον πετάσαι to open one's heart:—pf. pass. πέπταμαι, to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended, part. πεπταμένοs, η, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing aor. 1 of πετάννυμι.

πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (πετάννυμι) anything spread out: in plur. bangings, curtains, carpets.

πετάσσας, Ep. aor. I part. of πετάννυμι.

πέτ-αυρον οτ πέτ-ευρον, τό, (πέδαυρος Acol. for μετέωρος) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

πετεινόs, ή, όν, Ep. πετεεινόs, Ion. πετηνόs and πετεηνόs, able to fly, winged, flying: πετηνά, πετερνά winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2. of young birds, fledged.

πέτευρον, τό, = πέταυρον. πέτηλον, τό. Ιοπ. for πέταλον. **πετοΐσαι,** Dor. for *πεσοῦσαι*, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πίπτω.

ΠΕ'ΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ερ. πετόμην: f. πετήσομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ερ. 3 sing subj. πτῆται for πτᾶται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἔπτην, inf. πτῆναι, part. πτάs, as if from ἵπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πωτάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i. e. make baste.

II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὅρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing.

2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

**πετόντεσσι**, Aeol. and poet. for  $\pi$ εσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. fest. dat. pl. of  $\pi$ ίπτω.

HE'TPA Ion. πέτρη, ή, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus; πέτροs being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείος πετράον free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: δίστομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

πετραίοs, a, ov, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ές, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.

πετρήεις, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky. πετρ-ηρεφής, ές, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, εε, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky. πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [ἴ] πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky πετροβολία, ή, a stoning. From

πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλειν) throwing stones πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock. πετρορ-ρτφής, έε, (πέτρα, βιφήναι) burled from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, δ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα. πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμεῖν) cutting or bewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, δ, a stone-cutter.

πετρόω, f ώσω, (πέτροs) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned. πετρ-ώδηs, εs, (πέτρα οι πέτροs, είδοs) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρόω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμφ πετρώματι θανείν to die by stoning.

πεττεία, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ-.

πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

ΠΕΥΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπευθόμην. Hence

πευθώ, οῦς, ἡ, tidings, news. πευκάεις, Dor. for πευκήεις.

πενκάλιμος [ἄ], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πυκινός (cf. λευγαλέος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνός, ή, όν, (πεύκη) keen, piercing.

**ΠΕΥΚΗ**, ή, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of firwood. Hence

πευκήεις Dor. πευκάεις, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir, forth.

πευκήεν σκάφοι a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. sbarp, keen, piercing.

πεύκινος, η, ον, (πεύκη) of or made of fir-wood; πεύκινα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πεύσομαι Dor. πευσοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πευστήριος, a, ov, of or for enquiry: ή πευστηρία (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

 $\pi$ εφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass of \*φένω.

πέφαργμαι, Att for πέφραγμαι, pf. pass. of φράσσω. πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί. part. πεφασμένοs, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πεφευγώs, pf part. of φεύγω.

πέφηνα, pf. of φαίνω. πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of \*φένω.

πεφίδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πεφίδήσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι. πεφίδοίμην, Ep aor 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πεφισοιμήν, Ερ aor 2 ορι. οι φεισομαί. πεφίλαμένος, Dor. for πεφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. οf φιλέω.

πεφίμωσο, pf. pass imperat. of φιμόω.

πέφνε, πεφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., v. sub \*φένω.

πεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl plqpf of φοβέομαι.

πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv. πεφοβημένως, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πέφραγμαι, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφραδον, Εp. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf. πεφραδέειν and πεφραδέμεν.

πέφρικα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες.

πεφύᾶσι, Εp. for πεφύκασι, 3 pl pf. of φύω. πεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part of φεύγω.

πεφυζότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. \* $\phi$ ύζω, =  $\phi$ εύγω.

πέφυκα, pf. of φύω

πεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφῦκα: Ep. impf. πέφῦκον.

πεφυλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:
—Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφυνία, Εp. for πεφυκυία, pf. part. fem. of φύω. πεφυδύτες, Εp. for πεφυκότες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.

πη Ion. κη Dor. πα, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somebow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about.

2. of Space, by some way, to some place.
3. πὴ μὲν..., πὴ δὲ. now one way, now another; partly..., partly... II. πῆ; Ion. κῆ; Dor. πα; interrog.

Particle: 1. of Manner, bow? also wby? in Att. bow? 2. of Space, wbich way? Lat. qua? also

where?
πηγάζω, f. άσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush

II. trans. to make to gusb forth.

spring.

ΠΗ ΓΑ NON, τό, rue, Lat. ruta: proverb., οὐδ' έν σελίνω οὐδ' έν πηγάνω not even at the parsley nor the rue, i. e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγάς, άδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or bardened: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim of Πήγασος. [α]

Πηγάσίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγασίς

κρήνη = Ιππου κρήνη: see Πήγασος.

Πήγασος, δ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs ( $\pi\eta$ yai) of Ocean, near which she was killed. he was supposed to be the winged horse which Bellerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (ἵππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεσί-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced. **ΠΗΓΗ** Dor. παγά, ή, a spring, well, Lat. fons; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαί ποταμών river waters: metaph, of anything liquid, πηγαὶ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i. e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούουσα the fount of hearing, i.e the ear; πηγαί γάλακτος streams of milk, πηγή πυρύς the source of fire; also, πηγή άργύρου a well (1. e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πηγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened toge-

ther: metaph. a bond, obligation.

**ΠΗ ΤΝΥ ΜΙ** or  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ : fut.  $\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\boldsymbol{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\xi\pi\eta\xi\boldsymbol{a}$  Ep πῆξα: Pass, pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. παγήσομαι: aor. I  $\epsilon \pi \eta \chi \theta \eta \nu$ , aor. 2  $\epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \eta \nu$  [ $\alpha$ ]: pf.  $\pi \epsilon \pi \eta \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ , but the pf. med.  $\pi \in \pi \eta \gamma \alpha$  is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνην πήγνυναι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med, σκηνάς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., αμαξαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:-Pass to be IV. metaph. to make or become stiff, be frozen. fast, fix, Lat. pangere; ὅρκος παγείς a sure and steadfast oath.

**πηγόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ ν, ( $\pi\dot{\eta}$ γνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong. πηγυλίς, ίδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεῦγλαι or ζευκτήριαι): the upper part with the tiller being called ola£. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [a]

**ΙΙΗΔΑ'**Ω, Ion inf.  $\pi\eta\delta\epsilon\epsilon\iota\nu$ : fut.  $\eta\sigma\omega$  or  $-\eta\sigma\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ : aot. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδαν to

πηγαΐος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πηγή) from a well or | take a leap; hence πηδάν μείζονα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδάν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδάω) a leaping, bounding: a

beating or throbbing of the heart.

 $\Pi H \Delta O' \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , or  $\Pi H \Delta O' N$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , the flat or blade of an oar:-an oar.

**πηκτίς**, ίδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of barp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγάδις. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηκτός, ή, όν, verb Adj of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηκτή a sort of cage to catch 3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δωμάτων birds. the barriers of the house, the door.

thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηκτή Dor. πακτά, cream-cheese.

πηλαι, πήλας, aor I inf. and part. of πάλλω. πηλε, Ep. for επηλε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of πάλλω.

 $\Pi$ ηλείδης, ου Ep. εω and αο, δ, patronymic of  $\Pi$ ηλεύs, son of Peleus, Achilles.

 $\Pi$ ηλείων, ωνος, δ, the same as  $\Pi$ ηλείδης: Adv.  $\Pi$ ηλείωνάδε to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεύς, έως Ep. η̂os, ὁ, Peleus, son of Acacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληιάδηs, εω, δ, Ep. for Πηλείδηs.

Πηλήιος, η, ον, Ep Adj (Πηλήος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεύs) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ηκος, ή, (πῆλαι) a belmet, casque.

Πηλιακός, ή, όν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, άδος, ή, (Πήλιον) of or from Mount Pelion. πηλίκος [l],  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , interrog. of  $\tau\eta$ λίκος,  $\dot{\eta}$ λίκος, bowgreat? bow much? bow old? Lat. quantus?

πήλινος, η, ον, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. luteus. Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ου, ό, fem - ωτις, ιδος, of or from Pelion.  $\pi\eta\lambda_0$ -βάτης [ἄ], ου, ὑ, ( $\pi\eta\lambda$ ύς, βαίνω) mud-walker, name of a frog

πηλοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build of clay. From  $\pi\eta\lambda\delta$ -δομος, ον,  $(\pi\eta\lambda\delta$ s,  $\delta\epsilon\mu\omega)$  clay-built.

 $\pi\eta\lambda o - \pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta os [\check{\alpha}], ov, (\pi\eta\lambda \dot{\omega}s, \pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega) moulding$ clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, δ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟ'Σ, δ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. lutum: also mud, Lat coenum.

 $\pi\eta\lambda$ -ουργός, όν, ( $\pi\eta\lambda$ ός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst, πηλουργόs, δ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χύτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.  $\pi\eta\lambda$ -ώδης, εs,  $(\pi\eta\lambda\delta s$ , ε $\overline{l}\delta os$ ) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πήμα, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, πημά τινι a bane or sorrow to ... Hence

πημαίνω, f. ἄνῶ Ion. ἄνέω: aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  ἐπήμηνα: Med., fut. πημάνουμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor 1 έπημάνθην Ep. πημάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to barm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέος, a, ov, possible to be injured.

πημήνειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πημαίνω.

πημονή, ή, poet for <math>πημα, suffering.

πημοσύνη, η, = πημονή, πημα, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ερ Πηνελόπεια, ή, Penelope, daughter of Icarius, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web, πήνη).

πην έλοψ, οπο ε, δ, a kind of duck.

 $\Pi H'NH$ ,  $\eta$ , like  $\pi \hat{\eta} vos$ , the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur the web.

mηνίζομαι Dor. πανίσδομαι: Dep.: (πηνίον):—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝΙ'ΚΑ [τ], Adv. at what point of time? at what bour? πηνίκ' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας; what hour of day is it? πηνίον, τό, Dim. of πῆνος or πήνη, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound πήνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίζω) the thread wound on a

spindle, the thread of the woof.

πήξαι, aor I inf. of πήγνυμι.

πῆξε, Ep for ἔπηξε, 3 sing aor. 1 of πήγνυμι. πηόε Dor. πᾶόε, οῦ, ὁ, (πάομαι) a kınsman by marnage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

IIH PA Ion. πήρη, ή, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηρίδιον, τό, Dim of πήρα, a little wallet.

πηρό-δετος, ον, (πήρα, δέω) tying a wallet.
ΠΗΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat.

πηρόω, f. ώσω, (πηρόs) to maim, disable: metaph to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.

πηχυαίοs, a, ov, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

TH XTΣ, εως, δ: gen. pl. πήχεον:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the arm. If the centre-piece, which joined the two borns of the bow. III. in pl., πήχεεε are the borns of the lyre, opp. to ζυγύν the bridge. IV. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πῆχυε βασιλήιοε was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches. V. a cubit-rule.

πίάζω, f. άσω and άξω: aor. I part. πιάξαs: Dor. form of πιέζω, to press: to lay bold of, apprehend. πταίνω, f. άνω: aor. I ἐπίανα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf pass. πεπίασμα: (πίων):—to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge.

2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάξας, Dor. aor. 1 part of πιάζω.

πιαρ, τό, indecl. (πίον) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιαρόs, ά, ίν, (πίαρ) fat, ricb.

πίοσμα, τύ, (πιαίνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδακίτις, ιδος, ή, (πίδαξ) of the spring or fountain. πιδακόεις, εσσα, εν, (πίδαξ) gushing.

πιδάκ-ώδης, es, (πίδαξ, elδos) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

Π΄ ΔΑΞ, ακος, ή, a spring, fountain. Hence πιδήεις, εσσα, εν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

 $\pi$ ie, Ep. 2 sing, 2 imperat. of  $\pi$ i $\nu\omega$ : but also Ep. for  $\ell m \in 3$  sing. indic.

πιέειν, Ep. for  $\pi\iota$ είν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\pi$ ίνω.

πιεζέω, = πιέζω: and hence Ep impf. πιέζευν and Ion. part. pass. πιεζεύμενος.

ΠΓΕ ΖΩ, f. πιέσω: aor. I ἐπίεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπιέσθην οτ ἐπιέχθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι οτ πεπίεγμαι:
—to press, squeeze, crusb, press bard upon.
II. to lay bold of.

 $\pi\iota \in \hat{\iota}\nu$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\pi\iota\nu\omega$ .

πίειρα  $[\bar{\iota}]$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of πίων, fat, rich · of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαὶε πίειρα a plentiful meal:— of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πτέμεν, Ep. for πιείν, aor. 2 mf. of πίνω.

Πιερίδες, al, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly

Πιερίηθεν, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

πιέσαι, for πίει, 2 sing fut. of πίνω. πιεσθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part of πιέζω.

πιήεις. εσσα, εν, poet. for πίων, fat, rich.

πίησθα, 2 sing. 2 med. subj. of πίνω. πιθάκνη Att. φιδάκνη, ή, (πίθος) a wine-cask, wine-

πίθακος, Dor. for πίθηκος, an ape.

πιθανολογέω, f. ήσω, (πιθανολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πίθανολογία, ή, the use of probable arguments.

 $\pi$ ίθανο-λόγος, ον, ( $\pi$ ιθανός, λέγω) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πίθανός, ή, όν, (πείθω) act. calculated to persuade: 1. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural. II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous. 2. obedient.

πίθανως, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πιθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πίθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf of πείθω.

πίθεών, ῶνος, δ, (πίθος) a place for casks, a cellar. πίθηκίζω, f. ίσω, (πίθηκος) to play the ape. Hence πίθηκισμός, δ, a playing the ape, aping.

πίθηκος Dor. πίθακος, ό, (πείθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes. πίθηκο-φάγεω, (πίθηκος, φαγείν) to eat ape's flesh. πίθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πίθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes. πίθήσας, aor. 1 part. of πείθω, as if from πιθέω. πίθι, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω.

πίθ-οιγία, ή, (πίθος, οίγνυμι) an opening of cusks.

πιθοίγια, τό, (πίθοε, οίγνυμι) the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.
πίθόμην, Ερ. for ἐπιθόμην, aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, δ, a wine-jar made of earthenware. [1]

 $\pi(\theta\omega v, \delta, = \pi(\theta\eta\kappa os, an ape [t])$ 

πτθών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (πικρόs) to make sharp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger:—Pass. to grow angry. πίκρία, ή, (πικρόs) bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, syleen.

πικρό-γάμος, ον, (πικρόε, γαμέω) embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded.

πἴκρό-γλωσσος, ον, (πικρός, γλωσσα) of sharp or bitter tongue.

πικρό-καρπος, ον, (πικρός, καρπός) bearing bitter fruit.

II KPO Σ, ά, όν, also όs, όν, sbarp, keen, piercing of taste, sbarp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sbarp, piercing, sbrill.

2. of persons, words, acts, etc, bitter, cruel, barsh, stern, morose, severe: also bateful, bostile.

II. Comp. and Sup. πικρύτερος, -ύτατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

πικρότης, ητος, ή, bitterness: barsbness, cruelty. πικρό-χολος, ον, (πικρός, χολή) with bitter gall: splenetic.

πικρώς, Adv. of πικρός, sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.

 $\pi i \lambda \epsilon \omega$ , =  $\pi i \lambda \delta \omega$  ·—Pass. to be close pressed.

πιλίδιον, τό, Dim. of πίλος, a little felt-bat, Lat. pileolus. [λί]

πι-λιπής, ε, (πι, λιπείν) wanting the letter πι.
πιλνάω, = πελάζω, to bring near to:—Pass πίλναμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.

ΠΙΓΛΟΣ, δ, wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt cloth.

II. a felt-cap, hat; πίλος χαλκοῦς a brasen hat, i. e. helmet: also a felt cuirass.

πίλοφορικόs, ή, όν, used to wear a felt-bat. From πίλο-φόροs, ον, (πίλοs, φέρω) wearing a felt-bat. πίλόω, f. ώσω, (πίλοs) to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.

πιμελή, ή, (πίων, πίαρ) fat, Lat. adeps. Hence πιμελής, έε, fat, Lat. pinguis.

πίμπλαντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι. πιμπλάνω, poet. for πίμπλημι. hence pres. m

πιμπλάνω, poet. for πίμπλημι, hence pres. med. πιμπλάνεται for πίμπλαται.

 $\pi$ ιμπλέω, =  $\pi$ ίμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem.  $\pi$ ιμπλέῦ-

III'MIIAHMI, inf. πιμπλάναι [ά]: 3 pl. impf. ξπίμπλασαν: (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. πλήσω: aor. 1 ξπλησα, med. ξπλησάμην: Pass., aor. 1 ξπλήσθην: pf. πέπλησμα:—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. ταλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο, imperat. πλήσο, opt. πλήμην οτ πλείμην:—to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei; or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei.

2. c. acc. pers. only, to fill full, satisfy, glut.

3. to fulfil, discharge an office.

III.

Med. to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.

III.

Pass. to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, bave enough of a thing.

**ΠΙΜΠΡΗΜΙ**, inf. πιμπράναι [α]: (tenses formed from πρήθω); fut. πρήσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: Pass., aor. ἐπρήσθην: pf. πέπρησμα:—to kindle, burn, set on fire:—Pass. πίμπραμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.

 $\pi \hat{i} \nu$ , poet. inf. of  $\xi \pi i \nu \nu$ , 2 of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ .

πινακηδόν, Adv. (πίναξ) like planks.

πίνάκιον, τό, Dim. of πίναξ, a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.

πϊνακίσκος,  $\delta_1 = \pi ι \nu \dot{\alpha} κιο \nu$ .

πίνακο-πώλης, ου,  $\delta$ , (πίναξ, πωλέω) one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.

HI'NAΞ, ἄκος, δ, a board, plank· a writing-tablet:
a voitive tablet.
or platter.
Lat. tabula.
a chart or map.
register, list

a board for painting on, a picture,
4. a plate engraved or written upon:
5. a board for public notices: a

πἴνἄρός, ά, όν, (πίνος) dirty, squalid.

πἴνάω, (πίνοs) to be dirty.

πτνέμεν, πτνέμεναι, Ep. inf. of πίνω.

πίνεσκον [τ], Ion. impf. of πίνω. πίνηρός, ή, όν, Ion. for πιναρός.

ΠΙ΄ΝΝΑ and πίννη, η, a kind of muscle, the pinna. πιννο-τήρης, ου, δ, (πίννα, τηρέω) a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasite. πίνδεις, εσσα, εν = πιναρός.

ΠΙ'ΝΟΣ, δ, dirt, filth, Lat. squalor. [t]

πινύσκω, aor. ι ἐπίνυσσα; pass. ἐπινύσθην: (πέπνϋμαι, pf pass. of πνέω):—to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform. Hence

πἴνὕτή, ή, understanding, wisdom. πἴνὕτής, ήτος Dor. ατος, ή, = πινυτή

πίντός, ή, όν, (πινύσσω) wise, understanding.

πίνυτό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (πινυτός, φρήν) of wise of understanding mind.

ΠΙ'ΝΩ [I], fut. πίομαι: aor. 2 ἔπιον, imperat. πίε, also πίθι, inf. πιεῖν: from Root ΠΟ - come pf. πέπωκα, aor. I pass. ἐπίθην: pf. pass. inf. πεπύσθαι:—to drink, Lat. blbo; c. gen. to drink of a thing: metaph. to drink up, absorb: pf. πέπωκα, to bave drink, to be drunken.

πίν-ώδης, εs, (πίνος, είδος) dirty, squalid.

**πίοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of πίνω.** 

πίομαι, fut. of πίνω: but also used as pres. med. πίον, Ep. aor. 2 of πίνω.

πίος, a, ov, poet. for πίων.

πίστης, ητος, ή, (πίος, πίων) fatness, richness.

πίπίσκω, f. πίσω [i]: aor. 1 ἐπῖσα: Causal of πίνω, to give to drink, c. dupl acc.; πίσω σφε Δίρκας ὕδωρ I will give them the water of Dirce to drink.

πίπλω, poet. for πίμπλημι, impf. ἔπιπλον, to fill. πιππίζω, f. ίσω, to chirp like young birds. (Formed from the sound.)

πιπράσκω Ion. πιπρήσκω, redupl. form of περάω:

pf. πέπρᾶκα: Pass., fut. I πρᾶθήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπράσομαι  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ : aor. I pass. ἐπράθην  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ : pf. πέπρᾶμαι Ion.  $-\eta$ μαι: (περάω):— to sell beyond seas, like περάω: generally, to sell:—Pass. to be sold: metaph. to be bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for πι-πέτω, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: Ep. impf. πίπτον: fut. πεσούμαι Ion. πεσέομαι: aor. 2 έπεσον, inf. πεσείν: pf. πέπτωκα, Ερ part. πεπτηώs and πεπτεώs, -εωτοs Att. πεπτώs, -ωτοs, syncop. from πεπτωκώs. - to fall, fall down, c. acc. cognato, πίπ- $\tau$ ειν πτώματα, πεσήματα: absol. in pf. πέπτωκα, to II. Special usages: πίπτειν έν be fallen, lie low. Tive to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. πίπτειν εκ τινος to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. decidere de.; ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί to fall out of 3. πίπτειν μετά ποσσί faith or lose one's favour. γυναικόs to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e to 4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, be born. leave off; ανεμος πέσε the wind fell. 6. πίπτειν ὑπό τινος to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome; ὁ στρατὸς αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἐωντοῦ ἔπεσε the army failed of itself, Lat. mole sua corruit. fall sbort, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. cadere. of the dice, to fall in a certain position; τὰ δεσποτῶν εὖ πεσόντα θήσομαι I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, εῦ or καλῶς πίπτειν, to be lucky:so also, to fall, turn out, bappen.

πίρωμις, an Egypt. word = καλὸς κάγαθός, noble. πίστνος, η, ον, (πίσος) made of peas, έτνος πίσινον pea-soup

M'ΣÔΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. pisum. [t] πισος, τό, (πίσω fut of πιπίσκω) only in nom. and acc. pl. πίσεα, moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΈΣΣΑ΄ Att πίττα, ή, puch, Lat pix: proverb., μελάντερον ήὐτε πίσσα blacker than pich

πισσήρης, εs, (πίσσα) of or like pitch, pitchy.

πίσσίνος Att. πίττινος, η, ον, (πίσσα) pitched over, coated with pitch.

πισσόω Ait. πιττ-, f. ώσω, to pitch, cover with pitch. πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω) a pledge of good faith. πιστευτικός, ή, όν, disposed to trust, confiding. From πιστεύω, f. σω, (πίστιε) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., χαλεπὸν πιστεύειν hard to believe; πιστεύειν εἴs τίνα to believe on a person:—Pass. to be believed or trusted. 2. to believe, comply, obey. II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so.

III. to entrust or confide something to another.

πιστικόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}v$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\upsilon}v\omega)$  drinkable, liquid. πιστικόs,  $\dot{\dot{\eta}}$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}v$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\iota}\sigma\tau\iota s)$  trusty, faubful. 2. persuasive. 3. pure, genuine.

πίστις, εως, ἡ, (πείθω, πείθομαι) trust in others, faith, belief; Lat. fides, fiducia; πίστις θεών faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. 2. good faith, faithfulness, honesty, Lat. fides. 3. credit, trust; εἰε πίστιν διδύναι to give in trust. II. that

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; πίστιν και ὅρκια ποιείσθαι to exchange assurances and oaths.

2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ή, όν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid; τὰ πιστά

liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ή, όν, (πείθω) of persons, faithful, trusty, true: in Persia of πιστό or τὰ πιστά were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors; πιστά πιστών, like ἔσχατ' ἔσχάτων, =πιστότατοι, most trusty.

2. believed, trusted.

II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible.

2. τὸ πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant; πιστὸν οι πιστὰ δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν to give and receive pledges: also τὸ πιστόν = πίστις, good faith

III. act. believing, relying on.

2. obedient. Hence

πιστότης, ητος, ή, good faith, honour, faithfulness. πιστόω, f ώσω, (πιστός) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. II. Pass to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant; ὅρκφ πιστωθήναι to pledge one-elf by oath. 2. to feel trust, to be persuaded; πιστωθείς truting, confiding. III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth 2. πιστοῦσθαί τινα ὑφ' ὑρκων to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πίνω) a drinking trough or cup.

πίστρον, τό, (πίνω) = πίστρα.

πίστωμα, ατος, τό, (πιστόω) an assurance, guarantee, pledge. 3. γηραλέα πιστώματα = πιστοί γερορυτες, as πιστά Περσών is used for πιστοί Περσών. πιστώς, Adv. of πιστός, faubfully: persuasively.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl aor. 1 med. of  $\pi$ ιστόω. πίστνος,  $\eta$ , ον, ( $\pi$ είθω) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat.

πίσυρες, οί, αί, πίσυρα, τά, Aeol. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

πίσω [τ], fut. of πιπίσκω.

πίτνα, Εp. for ἐπίτνα, 3 sing. impf. of πίτνημι. πιτνάs, ασα, άν, part. of πίτνημι.

πίτνημι, collat. form of πέταννυμι, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω, =  $\pi \epsilon \tau \dot{\alpha} \nu \nu \nu \mu \iota$ , to spread out: impl. έπιτνον. πίτνω [τ], poet. form of πίπτω, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as  $\mu \dot{\mu} \nu \omega$  is used for  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \omega$ , when the penult. is to be long.

πίττα, ή, Att. for πίσσα.

πίττινος, η, ον, Att. for πίσσινος.

**πιττόω, A**tt. for πισσύω.

πίτυ-κάμπτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , = πιτυο-κάμπτης.

πἴτιλεύω, f. σω. (πίτυλος) to ply the plashing oar. ΠΙΤΥ ΛΟΣ [τ]. δ. the measured plash of oars; ἐνὶ πιτύλφ with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops; πίτυλος σκύφου the plash of wine poured into a cup.

2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the bands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear.

metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, δ, (πίτυς, κάμπτω) the pinebender, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ον, (πίτυς, τρέφω) growing pines.

πίτυρον, τό, (πτίσσω) bran, the busk of corn: generally, refuse, Lat. furfur, furfura; mostly used in pl ΠΙΤΥΣ, vos, ή, poet. dat. pl. πίτυσσιν: the pinetree, Lat. pinus: proverb, πίτυος δίκην ἐκτρίβεσθαι to be destroyed like a pine-tree, i. e. utterly, because

the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

**πἴτύ-στεπτος**, ον, (πίτυς, στέφω) pine-crowned. πιφαύσκω, (redupl form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. to let be seen, shew, reveal by a token: mostly, to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal. πιφαύσκομαι as Dep to make manifest, make known, declare.

πίω, 2 or. 2 subj. of πίνω.

 $\Pi$ I'ΩN [1], δ, ή, neut.  $\pi$ ιον, gen.  $\pi$ ιονος:—Lat. PIN-GUIS, fat, plump, sleek, of animals. oily, rich. of soil, fat, rich, fertile: also wealthy. and Sup. πιότερος, πιότατος (as if from πίος).

πιών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή

πλάγιάζω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside: to tack to and fro.

πλάγί-αυλος, δ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) the cross flute, German flute.

πλάγιος, a, ov, also os, ov, placed sideways, slanting, athwart; είε πλάγιον ειdeways; τὰ πλάγια the sides, in military sense, the flanks of an army; eis 7d πλάγια right and left; κατά πλάγια in flank; ἐκ  $\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma$ iou on the flank;  $\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma$ ious  $\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon$ iv  $\tau$ oùs  $\pi$ o $\lambda\epsilon$ mious to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. sideways, askance, treacherous.

πλάγιόω, (πλάγιος) to turn or move sideways.

πλαγίως, Adv. of πλάγιος, aslant.

πλαγκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs.  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \lambda \acute{a} \zeta \omega)$  act. be that leads astray. a misleader. . 2. pass. a wanderer, rover.

πλαγκτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , also  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\pi\lambda\dot{\alpha}\dot{\zeta}\omega)$  wandering, roaming. II. metaph. wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ή, a wandering, roaming.

πλάγξομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλαγχθήναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδαρός, ά, όν, wet, moist. From

 $\Pi \Lambda A' \Delta O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , moisture.

 $\Pi \Lambda A'Z \Omega$ , Ep. impf.  $\pi \lambda \alpha \zeta o \nu$ : f.  $\pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \xi \omega$ : aor. I έπλαγξα:—to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away: metaph. to lead astray: generally, to mislead, seduce. II. Pass, with fut. med. πλάγξομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλάγχθην Ερ. πλάγχθην, to wander, go astray: to glance or slide off.

πλαθάνη, ή, (πλάσσω) a platter or mould to bake in.  $\pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta \dot{\alpha} vov$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta \dot{\alpha} vos$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $=\pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta \dot{\alpha} v\eta$ .

 $\pi\lambda$ άθω, collat. form of  $\pi\epsilon\lambda$ άζω, intr. to approach, draw near, come nigh. [ā]

ΠΛΑΙ ΣΙΟΝ, τό, an oblong figure or body; lobπλευρον πλαίσιον a square: of an army, έν πλαισίο τετάχθαι to be drawn up in square, Lat. agmine quadrato, as opp. to marching order, agmine longo.

πλακείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass part. of πλέκω.

 $\pi$ λάκερός, ά, όν,  $(\pi\lambda \acute{a}\xi) = \pi\lambda a\tau \acute{v}s$ , broad.

 $\pi\lambda\dot{\alpha}\kappa \tilde{\iota}\nu os$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi\lambda\dot{\alpha}\xi)$  made of a board or plank, wooden. [ă]

πλάκοῦς, οῦντος, ὁ, contr. from πλακύεις, (πλάξ) α flat cake.

πλάκτωρ, opos, δ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

 $\pi \lambda \dot{a} \nu$ , Dor, for  $\pi \lambda \dot{n} \nu$ .

πλανάω Ion. -έω, f. ήσω, (πλάνη) to lead astray, lead wandering about of ships, to drive from their course: generally, to mislead, lead into error. Pass. πλανάομαι, with fut. med. πλανήσομαι, aor 1 pass. ἐπλανήθην, pf. πεπλάνημαι:—to wander, roam about, stray: c. acc., πλανασθαι χθόνα to wander over a land, Lat. oberrare: πλανᾶσθαι έν λόγφ to be at a loss in one's story: to wander in mind, be at a loss.

ΠΛΑ'NH, ή, a wandering of roaming about, straying: erring, error. [a]

πλάνημα, ατος, τό, (πλανάω) a wandering, going astray.

πλάνης, ητος, ό, (πλάνη) a wanderer, roamer, rover, Lat. erro; πλάνητες ἀστέρες wandering stars, planets. πλάνησις, εως, ή, (πλανάω) a leading astray: a dispersing [ă]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of πλαιάομαι, one must wander.

πλάνήτης, ov, ov, fem. -fiτις, iδos, (πλανάω) = πλάνηs, a wanderer. 2 a planet

πλάνιος, α, ον, poet. for πλάνος πλαν-οδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πλάνος,  $\dot{\delta}\delta\dot{\delta}$ s) a wrong way, by-way. πλā- metri grat.]

 $\Pi\Lambda\Lambda'NO\Sigma[\check{\alpha}], \eta, o\nu$ , also os, ov, act. leading astray, deceiving: as Subst., πλάνος, δ, a deceiver.

pass wandering, roaming.  $\Pi \Lambda A'NO\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{o}_{i} = \pi \lambda \dot{a} \nu \eta$ , a wandering about, roaming, straying; φροντίδος πλάνοι wanderings of thought. πλάνο-στίβής, ές, (πλάνος, στείβω) trodden by

wanderers.

πλανύττω, = πλανάομαι, to wander about.

ΠΛΑ'Ξ, ή, gen. πλακόs, anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain; πόντου πλάξ the ocean plain: the flat top of a bill, table-land:—also a flat stone, tombstone.

πλάξεν, Dor. for ξπληξεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πλήσσω. πλάξ-ιππος, ον, Dor. for πλήξιππος.

πλάσμα, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure; πλάσματα πηλοῦ vessels of clay. II. that which is imitated, a forgery.

ΠΛΑ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. πλάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἔπλάσα Ερ. ἔπλασσα, πλάσσα: pf. πέπλάκα: Pass., πλαθήναι, -θείε, 201. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω. | 201 Ι ἐπλάσθην: pf. πέπλασμαι:--to form, mould,

sbape, fashion, Lat. fingere, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. to be moulded, made, fashioned. II. generally, to mould, shape, of the mind and body:—Med., πλασάμενος τῷ δψει baving formed bimself in face, i. e having composed his countenance. III. metaph. to make up, fabricate, forge: absol., δόξω πλάσας λέγειν I shall seem to speak from invention; κόμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. πλάστειρα, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. πλήστιγξ, ιγγος, ή, (πλήσσω) the tongue or scale of a balance.

II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for borses.

III. a whip.

πλαστός, ή, όν, doubtful form of  $\pi\epsilon$ λαστός. πλαστός, ή, όν, (πλάσσω) formed, moulded, mo-

delled. II. metaph. made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal; πλαστὸς πατρί a supposititious son.

πλάταγέω, f. ήσω, to clap the bands loudly: to clash, crack.

11. to beat, so as to make a loud noise. From

πλάτάγη, ή, (πλατάσσω) a rattle.

πλάτάγημα, ατος, τό, (πλαταγέω) a clapping.

πλάταγών, ωνος, ό, (πλαταγέω) anything that rattles or cracks.

πλάταγώνιον, τό, Dim. of πλαταγών, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

Πλάταια, ή, mostly in plur. Πλαταιαί, ων, al, Plataea, a city in Bocotia: adverbial dat., Πλαταιασι at Plataea. Hence

Πλαταιείς Ion. -  $\epsilon$ es Att. - $\hat{\eta}$ s, oi, the Plataeans. πλάταμών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος,  $\hat{o}$ , (πλατύs) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

πλάτάνιστος, ή, = πλάτανος. Hence

πλάτανιστοῦς, οῦντος, ὁ, contr. for πλατανιστόεις, a plane-tree grove.

πλάτδνος, ή, (πλάτύς) the oriental plane, the planetree, Lat. platanus, so called from its broad, flat leaf. πλάτεια, ή, see πλατύς.

πλάτειάζω Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: (πλατύs):-to speak or pronounce broadly, esp with a Doric accent. πλατέως, Adv. of πλατύs, broadly.

πλάτη Dor. πλάτα, ἡ, (πλἄτύs) the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. palmula remi: the whole oar.

2. a sheet of paper.

πλάτίον, Adv., Dor. for πλησίον.

πλάτις, ιδος, ή, (πελάζω) poet. for πελάτις, a wife. πλάτος, εος, τό, (πλάτυς) breadth, width: absol. in acc., τὸ πλάτος or πλάτος in breadth

πλάτός,  $\dot{\gamma}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ν,  $(\pi\epsilon\lambda\dot{\alpha}\zeta\omega) = \pi\lambda\alpha\sigma\tau\dot{\omega}$ ς,  $\pi\epsilon\lambda\alpha\sigma\tau\dot{\omega}$ ς.

πλάτόω, f. ώσω, (πλάτη) to form the flat of oars. πλάτυγίζω, f. σω, (πλατύs) to beat the water with the blade of an oar: to splash about: metaph. to make a splash, splutter, swagger.

πλάτυ-λέσχης, ου, δ, (πλατύς, λέσχη) a babbler. πλατυντέον, verb. Adj. of πλατύνω, one must widen.

πλάτύνω, f. διώ, (πλατύ») to make broad, widen, extend:—Μας,, πλατύνεσθαι την γην to widen one's territory.
2. to open wide: 3 sing pf. pass. πεπλατυνται bas been opened.

πλάτύ-νωτος, ον, (πλατύς, νῶτος) broad-backed.
πλάτύρ-ρους, ον, contr. -ρους, ουν, (πλατύς, ρέω)
broad-flowing.

ΠΛΑΤΥ Σ΄, εῖα, ύ, Ion. fem. πλατέα:—flat, wide, broad:— metaph., πλατὺς κατάγελως flat mockery. 2. as Subst., ή πλατεῖα (sub. δδός), a street: also (sub. χείρ), the flat of the band. II. salt, bracktsh, because πλατὺ ὕδωρ was originally used of the sea III. Comp. and Sup., πλατύτερος, πλατύτατος.

πλάτύτης, ητος, ή, (πλατύς) breadth, width: generally, size, bulk.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

 $\pi\lambda \epsilon \alpha s$ , acc. of  $\pi\lambda \epsilon \epsilon s$ , q. v

πλέγδην, Adv (πλέκω) in plaits or braids

 $\pi\lambda$ έγμα, ατος, τό,  $(\pi\lambda$ έκω) anything twined or plaited, a net: in pl. wreaths, chaplet

πλέες, οί, acc πλέας, Ep. for πλείονες, Comp. of πολύς, more: Dor. contr. πλείς

πλεθρῖαῖος, α, ον, of the size of a <math>πλέθρον

ΠΛΕ'ΘΡΟΝ Ερ. πέλεθρον, τό, as measure of length, a pletbron, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade. 2. a race-course or race of this length II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Πλειάς, άδος, ή, m plur. Πλειάδες Ion Πληιάδες, al, the Pleiads, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were placed among the stars.

πλείμην, είο, είτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of πίμπλημι. πλείν, Att. for πλέον, like δείν for δέον, more. 2 mf of πλέω to sail.

πλέιος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for πλέος. full.

πλειότερος,  $\eta$ , ον, Comp. of  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\hat{\iota}os$ , fuller.

πλειστάκις, Adv. (πλείστος) most times, mostly, very often.

πλειστήρης, ες. (πλείστος) manifold; απας πλειστήρης χρύνος the whole extent of time. Hence

πλειστηρίζομαι, Dep to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

πλειστο-βόλος, ον, (πλείστος, βαλείν) throwing the most, throwing the highest.

πλειστόμ-βροτος, ον, (πλείστος, βροτός) thronged with people, crowded.

πλείστος, η, ον, Sup. of πολύς, most, Lat plurimus: very much; also, very great:— οἱ πλείστοι the greatest number; τὸ πλείστον the greatest part; so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ πλείστος τοῦ βίον the most part ot life:— ἡ πλείστη γνώμη ἢν his opinion was mostly; πλείστος εἰμι τῆ γνώμη ὶ am mostly of opinion; δσοι πλείστοι the most possible; ἐν τοῖς πλείστοι about the most, like ἐν τοῖς πρῶτοι:—neut. πλείστον as Adv. most: τὸ πλείστον for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ πλείστου at the greatest distance; ἐπὶ πλείστον to the greatest extent; περὶ πλείστον of the greatest importance or value.

πλείω, Ep. pres for πλέω, to sail.

πλείων or πλέων, ό, ή, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. ovos; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλέες πλέας, Dor. πλείς:  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\hat{v}\nu$ ,  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\hat{v}\nu$ os,  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\hat{v}\nu$ es etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέον, πλέονος, etc : πλείν Att. for πλέον, like δείν for δέον: Ep dat. pl. πλεόνεσσι: Comp. of πολύs:more: also greater, larger, of size as well as number: -oi πλέονες Ion. and Dor. oi πλεύνες, the greater number, and so, like of πολλοί, the many, the people, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον the greater part; so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ the greater II. the neut. πλέον has various part of night. usages, more of a thing, Lat. plus; τὸ πλέον, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλεῦν, as Adv. mostly; οὐ τὸ πλέον not so much;  $\pi\lambda\acute{\epsilon}ov\ \mathring{\eta}$  . more than .; but the  $\H{\eta}$  may be omitted, πλείω ξβδομήκοντα more than seventy: πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη his opinion rather tended; πλέον ἔχειν to have the best of it, opp. to ἔλαττον έχειν to be beaten: - with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as Adv. more, further; έs πλέον more; περὶ πλείονος of more importance, of bigber value.

πλειών, ῶνος, ὁ, (πλεῖος, πλέος) a full space of time, a year.

 $\pi\lambda \acute{\epsilon}\kappa os$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \acute{o}$ ,  $(\pi\lambda \acute{\epsilon}\kappa \omega)$  anything twined or plaited, wickerwork.

πλεκτἄνάω, f. ήσω, to twist into wreaths, coil From πλεκτάνη, ή, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ a wreath of smoke [ἄ] πλεκτή, ή, fem. of πλεκτόs, a coil, wreath. 2. a twisted rope, cord, string.

πλεκτικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \omega)$  of or for planting.

πλεκτός, ή, όν, (πλέκω) plaited, twisted, twined; πλεκταί στέγαι wicker coverings, i.e cars; τὰ πλεκτά any plaited instruments, ropes.

ΠΛΕΚΩ, f. εω: 20τ. 1 έπλεξα: pf. πέπλεχα: Pass., 20τ. 1 ἐπλέχθην, and 20τ. 2 ἐπλάκην [α]: pf πέπλεγμα:—to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold, Lat. plico, plecto: also to knit; Med., πλέξασθαι πείσμα to twist oneself a rope.

2. metaph. to plan, devise, contrive.

II. Pass. to be plaited or woven.

2. to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace.

πλέον, neut. of πλέων, more: also neut. of πλέοs, full. πλεονάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλέονάκα: (πλέον):—to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much: to presume on, c. dat.

II. to exaggerate, overstate.

πλεονάκις, Adv. (πλέων) more frequently, oftener: too often. [a]

πλεον-εκτέω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, = πλέον έχω to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping: to gain some advantage.

2. c. gen. to have or gain the advantage over another:—Pass. to be overreached, defrauded.

3. c. gen. rel, to have a grea'er share of a thing; πλεονεκτεῦν ψύχουs to bear more cold. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, ατος, τό, an advantage, gain: in pl. gains, successes.

πλεον-έκτης, ου,  $\delta$ , =  $\delta$  πλέων έχων, one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης a grasping, overbearing speech. And

πλεονεκτικόs, ή, όν, disposed to take more than one's share. From

πλεονεξία Ion. -ίη, ή, a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share. 2. advantage, superiority; πλεονεξία τινόs advantage over another; ἐπὶ πλεονεξία for one's advantage or gain. πλεόνως, Adv. of πλέων, too much.

IIΛΕ'ΟΣ, α, ον, Ιοη πλεῖος, η, ον, Αττ. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέφ, πλέφ (for πλέαι), πλέα:—full, filled, c. gen.: hence satisfied, cloyed: of Time, full, complete Comp. πλειύτερος.

πλέτο, poet. for ἔπλετο, 3 sing. impf of πέλομαι. πλεῦν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέον: so πλεῦνος, πλεῦνος, πλεῦνος, τος, for πλέονος, πλέονες, etc.

πλεύνως, Adv. Ion. for πλεόνως, too much.

IIAEYPA', âs, ħ, a rib, Lat. costa: in pl. the ribs, the side or sides.

II. later, the page of a book.

πλευρίτις, ιδος, ή, (πλευρά) pain in the side, pleurisy. πλευρόθεν, Adv (πλευρά) from the side.

πλευρο-κοπέω, f ήσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) to smite the ribs

**INAETPO'N**,  $\tau \delta$ , a rib, an older poet, form of  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \nu \rho \dot{\alpha}$ : in pl. the ribs, the side.

πλευρο-τύπής, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) striking the sides.

πλεύρωμα, ατος, τό, like πλευρόν, the side. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοθμαι, fut. med of πλέω.

πλευστέον, verb. Adj. of πλέω, one must sail. πλευστικός, ή, όν, (πλέω) fit for sailing, fair.

ΠΛΕ'Ω Ερ. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι οτ πλευσοῦμαι: aor. Ι έπλευσα; pf. πέπλευκα; Pass., aor. Ι έπλεύσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: cp. the Ion. form πλώω: to sail, go by sea; c. acc. cognato, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα πλεῦν to sail the watery ways:—to sum, float;—metaph, πλεῦν κατ' ὀρθόν to go on prosperously.

πλέω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέων, more. πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλέων, q. v.

πλέως, πλέα, πλέων, pl. πλέφ, πλέα (for πλέαι), πλέα, full, Att. for πλέος.

πληγείς, είσα, έν, aor 2 pass part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ή, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe:—also a wound, Lat. plāga: also a beating or fighting with clubs: metaph. a blow, stroke, shock.

πλη̂γμα, ατος, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πίμπλημι) a great number, a mass, throng, crowd: the greater part, the mass, main body; hence the people, the commons: also the government of the people, democracy.

II. number or quantity: also magnitude, size, bulk. III. sometimes length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [v], f. ĕνῶ, (πληθίs) to make full: to increase, multiply: Pass. to increase (intr.), to be completed; of persons, to be fully resolved.

=πληθύω.

Π. intr.

tbrong, crowd.

πληθύω, (πληθύε) to be or become full; αγορήε πληθυούσηs when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύων λόγοι the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα: (πλέοs):—to be or become full; πλήθουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

 $\pi\lambda\eta\theta\omega\rho\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}\theta\omega)$  fulness: satisty.

**πλήκτης**, ου, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, δ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

 $\pi\lambda$ ηκτρον, τό, ( $\pi\lambda$ ησσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plec-3. a cock's spur, Lat. trum. 2 a spear-point. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πλήκτωρ, opos, δ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ή, (πλημμελήs) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, f. ήσω, (πλημμελήs) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:-Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατοs, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλημ-μελήs, έs, (πλήν, μέλοs) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, barsb. Adv.  $-\lambda \hat{\omega}s$ .

πλήμμη, η, = πλήσμη.

πλήμμῦρα,  $\dot{\eta}_{n} = \pi \lambda \eta \mu \mu \nu \rho i s$ , flood-tide: a flood.  $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma i o s$ : Adv. Comp.  $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma i a \iota \tau \epsilon \rho \omega$ , nearer.

πλημμῦρϵω, f. ησω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ίδος, ή, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίε ἐκ πόντοιο the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [v Ep., v Att.]

πλήμνη, ή, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), be-I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. yond: as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλην ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλην δταν save when; πλην δτι except that; πλην el or ear, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλην έν (sc. olδa) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πληξα, Ep. for ξπληξα, aor. I of πλησσω.

πλήξ-ιππος, ον, (πλήσσω, ίππος) striking or driving

πληρεθντες, -εύμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρόω.

πληθύς, ύος, ή, Ep. dat. πληθυί, Ion. for πλήθος, a gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to 2. generally, full, complete, suffithe brim. cient, 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

> πληρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (πλήρηs, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil: - Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ή, full conviction, certainty.

πληρόω, f. ώσω. pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):-to fill, make full: πληροῦν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θωρακεία man the walls. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy 3. πληροῦν II. of numbers, την χρείαν to supply the need. to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. intr to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, ber crew: of number, the sum.

a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ή, (πληρόω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πλησαίατο, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. ος πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

 $\pi \lambda \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$ , Ep. for  $\xi \pi \lambda \eta \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$ , 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησζάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλησίακα . (πλησίος):--to bring near: - Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near · to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιαίτερος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp and Sup. of

πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp and Sup. of πλησίos.

πλησίος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, bard by, close to. as Subst, πλησίος, δ, a neigh-III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by; ό πλησίον (sub. ών) one's neighbour: so Dor. ό πλατίον. IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαίτερυς, -αίτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησίο-χωρος, ον, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one wbo lives near, a neighbour.

πλησ-ίστιος, ον, (πίμπλημι, Ιστίον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσμη, ή, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησμονή, ή, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΛΗ ΣΣΩ Att. - ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 έπληξα Ερ. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγην, in compds. ἐπλάγην [d]: pf. πέπληγμαι:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμην:--to πλήρηs, es, gen. eos contr. ovs, (πλέοs) full of, c. strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλH

λειν (to strike with a missile): of Jove, to strike with lightning: to strike back, drive away:—Med.,  $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}$ -faσθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief:—Pass. to be strick, stricken, smitten: also to be beaten: to be stricken by misfortune: but,  $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}\sigma\sigma\varepsilon\sigma\theta\alpha$  δώροισι to be touched by bribes. II. metaph. of violent emotions, to strike, amaze, confound, stun;  $\pi\lambda\eta\gamma\varepsilon\dot{\iota}$  ξρωτι smitten with love.

πλήστιγξ, ή, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλῆτο, 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 of πελάζω, be came near.

**πλινθεύω,** f. σω, (πλίνθοs) to make into bricks.

absol. to make bricks.

II. to build of brick

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) in the shape of a brick. πλίνθινος, η, ον, (πλίνθος) made or built of brick.

πλινθίον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, a small brick. πλινθίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of πλίνθος: a whetstone.

πλινθο-ποιέω, t. ήσω, (πλίνθοις, ποιέω) to make bricks πλίνθος, ή, a brick, Lat. later; πλίνθοι ὀπταί baked bricks; πλίνθους ἐλκύσαι οι εἰρύσαι Lat. ducere lateres, to make bricks · δόμοι πλίνθου layers of brick. 2. anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of metal. 3. the plinth of a column.

πλινθουργέω, f. ήσω, to make bricks. From πλινθ-ουργός, όν, (πλίνθος, \*ἔργω) making bricks as Subst., πλινθουργός, δ, a brick-maker.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry bricks. From πλινθο-φόροs, ον, (πλίνθοs, φέρω) carrying bricks. πλινθόω, t. ώσω, (πλίνθοs) to make of brick: Med

to build for oneself.
πλινθ-ὕφής, ές, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) brick-built.
ΠΑΙ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίξομαι: pf πέπλιγμαι: Dep.:

—to cross one's legs in walking: to walk briskly, trot.
πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλύος, τεκείν) producing navigation.

πλοιάριον, τό, Dim. of πλοίον, a skiff, boat.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a sbip of any kind; πλοῖα λεπτά small craft; πλοῖα ἰππαγωγά transport-vessels; πλοῖα μακρά sbips of war, Lat. longae naves; πλοῖα στρογγύλα sbips of burthen, Lat. naves onerariae:—as distinguished from ναῦs (a sbip of war), πλοῖον was a merchant-sbip or transport.

πλοκάμίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πλόκαμος) a braid, lock, or curl of bair: also curly bair. [ $\ddot{\iota}$ ]

πλόκᾶμος, δ, (πλέκω) a braid, lock or curl of bair: in pl. the locks, the bair. II. a twisted rope.

πλοκή, ή, (πλέκω) anything planted or woven, a web: metaph. a web of decent.

πλόκος, δ, (πλέκω) a lock or curl of bair. II. a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ό, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.: (πλέω):—a sailing voyage: time or tide for sailing:
—proverb., δεύτερος πλοῦς the next best way.

πλουθ-ϋγίεια, ή, (πλοῦτος, ὑγίεια) bealth and wealth. πλοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, a, ον, (πλοῦτος) rich, wealthy: c. gen. inspiration.

rei, rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum. II. ample, abundant. III. Adv -los, like a rich man.

Πλουτεύς, έως, δ, poët for Πλούτων.

πλουτέω, f. ήσω, (πλοῦτος) to be rich, wealthy: c. gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence

πλουτηρός, ά, όν, enriching.

πλουτίζω, f ίσω, (πλούτοs) to enrich, make wealthy, πλουτο-γαθής, ές, Dor. for πλουτογηθής, (πλούτος, γηθέω) delighting by or in riches.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ηρος, δ, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, δ,

(πλοῦτος, δίδωμι) giver of riches.

πλουτο-κράτία,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , (πλοῦτος, κρατέω) an oligarchy of wealth

ΠΛΟΥ ΤΟΣ, δ, wealth, riches. II. as masc. prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind πλουτό-χθων, ονος, δ, ἡ, (πλοῦτος, χθών) rich in the treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ωνος, δ, Pluto, god of the nether world: a name of "Αιδης, derived from πλοῦτος, because corn, the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οῦ, ὁ, (πλέκω) mostly in pl. locks, bair. πλῦναν, Ερ. for ἔπλυναν, 3 pl aor 1 of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον  $[\bar{v}]$ , Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλυνός, ὁ, (πλύνω) a trough or pit to wash clothes in: a washing trough or tub.

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing: τὰ Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερά) a festival at Athens, in which the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΛΥΝΩ [v], fut. πλυνω lon. πλυνέω: aor 1 έπλυνα Ερ. πλυνα: Pass, aor 1 έπλύνα: Poss πλυνα: Pass, por 1 έπλύνθην: pf πέπλυμα:—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp to λούομαι (to bathe), or νίζω (to wash the bands or feet). 2. to wash off dirt.

II. metaph, πλύνειν τινά to give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel. Hence

 $\pi$ λύσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a washing.  $[\ddot{v}]$ 

πλωάs, άδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj floating.

 $\pi \lambda \omega (\zeta \omega, f \sigma \omega, (\pi \lambda \omega \omega))$  to sail on the sea, use ships, practise navigation.

πλώιμος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing: of a ship, fit for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable. 2. of the sea, to be sailed over, navigable: in neut., πλωιμωτέρων γενομένων οι ὅντων as circumstances became or were more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, ον, = πλώιμος, to be sailed over.

 $πλωτήρ, <math>\hat{η}ροs$ ,  $\delta$ , (πλωω) a seaman, sailor. II. a swimmer.

πλωτός, ή, όν, (πλώω) sailing, floating, swimming.

II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

πλώω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἔπλωσα: pf. πέπλωκα: Ep. and Ion. for πλέω, to sail, float: there is also (as if from a Verb in  $\mu$ ι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἔπλων, ωs, ω, part. πλώε, gen. πλώντος.

πνείω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεθμα, ατος, τό, (πνέω) wind, air. II. breath, πνεθμα βίου the breath of life; πνεθμα ἀφιέναι to give up the ghost, spend one's spirit, life. 2. spirit, inspiration. III. a Spirit, spiritual Being:—

Hence

πνευμάτικός, ή, όν, belonging to wind or breath. II. of the spirit, spiritual: Adv. -κωs, spiritually

 $\pi$ νευματόω, f. ώσω,  $(\pi \nu \epsilon \hat{\nu} \mu \alpha)$  to turn into wind or air: to inflate. 2. to agitate with wind.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, δ, (πνέω, πνευμα) used both in sing, and pl. the organs of breathing, the lungs.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕ'Ω Ερ. πνείω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσουμαι, later πνεύσω: aor. Ι έπνευσα: Pass., aor. Ι έπνεύσθην: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):to blow, breathe, of the wind. II. to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale: c. gen rei, to smell of a thing, be redolent of; rarely c. dat. rei, to smell with III. of animals, to breathe bard, pant, IV. to draw breath, breathe: to live. metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνείοντες breathing spirit; "Αρεα πνείν, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα πνείν to be of a high spirit. VI. to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui.

 $\pi \nu \bar{\iota} \gamma \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ ,  $(\pi \nu \dot{\iota} \gamma \omega)$  an oven: or or damper put on coals to smother the flame.

πνιγηρός, ά, όν, (πνίγω) choking, stifling, of throttling or heat.

 $\pi \nu \bar{\iota} \gamma (\zeta \omega) = \pi \nu i \gamma \omega$ .

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) a choking.

πνιγμός, δ, (πνίγω) a choking, stifling beat.

πνιγόειs, εσσα, εν, choking, stifling From πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) a choking, stifling, of heat.

**ΠΝΙ'Γ**Ω [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], fut.  $\pi\nu i \xi \omega$  or med.  $\pi\nu i \xi o \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 1 ἔπνιξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνίγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [τ]:—to stifle, choke: to seize by the throat, throttle:-Pass. to be stifled or choked: also to be II. to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, drowned. stew

πνιγώδης, ες, (πνιγος, είδος) stifling.

**πνικτόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\pi\nu i\gamma\omega)$  stifled, strangled.

πνοή, η̂s, ή, Ep. and Ion. πνοίη Dor. πνοά, πνοιά: (πνέω):—a wind, blast, air; άμα πνοιής ἀνέμοιο along with (i. c. swift as) blasts of wind; πυρώς πνοαί blasts of fire: metaph, \u03c4voai Apeos blasts of II. a bard-drawn breath, breath. Ares. a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhala-IV. the breath of a wind-instrument. tion.

ΠΝΥΈ, gen. πυκνός (not πνυκός), ή, the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησίαι or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

ΠΟ'A, ή, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία:—grass: ποία Μηδική, Lat. berba Medica, sainfoin or lu-II. a grassy place, meadow. grass-time, summer.

 $\pi \circ \delta - \alpha \beta \rho \circ \delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \circ \nu \circ s$ ,  $\delta \beta \rho \circ s$ ) soft of foot.

ποδ-αγός, όν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, guiding the foot: as Subst., ποδαγόε, δ, a guide, an attendant.

Πνεθμα and ἄγιον Πνεθμα the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost. | ποδ-άγρα, ή, (πούs, ἄγρα) a trap ot snare for the feet. II. gout in the feet, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγράω, to have gout in the feet.

ποδαγρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (ποδάγρα) liable to gout, gouty. ποδαγρός, ύν, (ποδάγρα) gouty.

ποδά-νιπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ , (πούς, νίζω) a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan.

ποδά-νιπτρον, τό, (πούs, νίζω) water for washing the feet in.

**ποδάπός**, ή, όν, interrog. Adj. =  $\pi o \hat{v}$  (or  $\pi \acute{v} \theta \epsilon \nu$ )  $\mathring{u} \pi \acute{v}$ ; from what country? Lat. cujas?

πόδ-αργος, ον, (πούς, ἀργός) swift- or white-footed. ποδ-άρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) able of foot, swift-

footed. ποδ-ένδυτος, ον, (πούς, ἐνδύω) drawn upon the foot. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τύ, a robe or garment reaching to the feet.

ποδεών, ωνος, ό, (πούς) in plur. the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals; δέρμα λέοντος ἀφημμένον ἄκρων ἐκ ποδεώνων a hon's skin hung round one's neck by the ends. II. the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up. any similar extremity; ποδεών στεινός a natrow strip of land. 2. the lower end or corner of a sail, the sbeet.

 $\pi \circ \delta$ - $\pi \gamma \circ s$ ,  $\varepsilon \nu$ , see  $\pi \circ \delta$ - $\bar{a} \gamma \varepsilon s$ 

ποδ-ηνεκής, ές, (πούς, \*ένέγκω) reaching down to the feet.

ποδ-ήνεμος, ον, (πούς, ανεμος) swift as the wind. ποδ-ήρης, εs, (πούς, ἀραρείν) reaching down to the feet, πέπλος ποδήρης a robe that falls over the feet: hence, ποδήρης στύλος a tall straight pillar; ποδήρης àσπίs the large shield which quite covered the body:τὰ ποδήρη, the feet.

ποδιαίοs, a, ov, (πούs) of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high.

ποδίζω, f ίσω, (πούs) to bind the feet, tether -Pass, of horses, to have the feet tied, be tethered.

ποδί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) fixed on or to the feet. ποδιστήρ, ηρος, ο, (ποδίζω) reaching over the feet; πέπλος ποδιστήρ a long garment that entangles the feet in it.

ποδίστρα, ή, (ποδίζω) a strap or snare for the fcc. ποδοᾶν, Ep. gen. and dat dual for ποδοᾶν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ή, (πούς, κτϋπέω) a dancing-girl.

ποδορ-ράγής, ές, (πούς, βαγηναι) bursting forth et a stamp of the foot.

ποδο-στράβη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πούς, στράβη) a snare or trap to catch the feet.

ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούs, ψάω) a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat.

ποδώκεια, ή, swiftness of foot, fleetness. From ποδ-ώκης, εs, (πούς, ἀκύς) swift-footed, fleet of foot: generally swift, quick.

πόη, ή, Ion. for πόα, grass. ποθέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω. sired, missed, regretted: hence mourned for. πόθεν Ion. κόθεν, interrog. Adv. whence? from what place? Lat. unde? τίε, πόθεν είε ἀνδρῶν; who, whence art thou of men? πύθεν της Φρυγίης; from what part 'II. in Att. to express surprise, of Phrygia? III. for ποῦ; whence can it be? bow possibly? wbere ? ποθέν, enclit. Adv. from some place or other. ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω. ποθ-έσπερος, ον, Dor. for προσέσπερος. ποθεῦντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω. ποθεῦντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω. ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω or ποθέσομαι: aor 1 act. ἐπύθησα or ἐπύθεσα Ερ. πύθεσα: pf πεπύθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή οτ πόθος):—to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for; and so to miss, regret, Lat. desiderare: τὸ πο- $\theta \circ \hat{v} = \pi \circ \theta \circ s$ , one's desiring, one's desire. 2. c. inf. to long or be anxious to do. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φρήν the longing soul. **ποθή**, ή, Ep. = πόθοs, fond desire of, regret for; σή ποθή a longing after thee. ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf of ποθέω (as if from πό- $\pi$ **οθητόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\pi$ **οθ** $\dot{\epsilon}$  $\omega$ ) desired, longed for, regretted. πόθι, interrog. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, where? for πoî, wbitber? ποθί, enclit. Adv., poet. for που, anywhere, somewhere: also anybow, perhaps. II. of Time, some time: at length. ποθό-βλητος, ον, (πόθος, βάλλω) love-stricken.  $\pi \acute{o}\theta$ -o $\delta os$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , Dor. for  $\pi p\acute{o}\sigma$ -o $\delta os$ . ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω. ποθορεύσα, for προσορώσα, part. fem. of προσουράω.  $\Pi O'\Theta O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for, Lat. desiderium, σòs πόθοs a yearning after thee: love. ποι, interrog. Adv. whither? Lat. quo? c. gen, ποι χθονόs; to what spot of earth? 2. for που; Lat. ubi? wbere? II. to what end? Lat. quorsum? ποι, enclitic Adv. somewhither. ποία, ή, Dor. for πόα, grass. ποιεύμενος, Ep. pres. med. part of ποιέω. ποιεύμην, Ep. impf. med. of ποιέω. ποιεύντα, Dor. for ποιούντα, pres. part. acc. of **HOLE** 'Ω, f. ' $\eta \sigma \omega$ : I. to make, produce, execute, esp. of works of art :- Med. to make for oneself, of bees, ολκία ποιήσασθαι to make themselves houses:

bring about, cause, effect; ποιείν ίρά, Lat. sacra

facere, to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice;

to make, shape, create: to beget: of corn, etc., to

produce, grow, raise: also to make or render so and

so :- Pass. to be made so and so, to become :- Med.

to make so and so for oneself, ποιείσθαί τινα έταιρον

to make him one's friend: ποιείσθαί τινα υίον to make neck.

ποιείν Ίσθμια to celebrate the Isthmian games.

2. to bring to pass,

also to bave a thing made.

ποθεινός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (ποθέω) longed for, de- a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; ξωυτοῦ ποιείσθαί τι to make a thing one's own: generally to bold, reckon, esteem a thing as ..., συμφοράν ποιείσθαί τι to take, reckon a thing for a visitation; δεινόν ποιείσθαί τι to esteem it a grievous thing; περί πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι, Lat. magni facere, to esteem a thing of great moment. 4. to compose, write, esp. in verse, to make: also to invent: -also to make, represent in poetry (whence ποιητήs a poet): periphr. in Med., όργην ποιείσθαι for όργίζεσθαι, θαθμα ποιείσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιείσθαι δι' άγγέλου, for άγγέλ-II. to do; Σπαρτιητικά ποιέειν to act like a Spartan: c. acc. dupl. to do something to another, κακά οι άγαθα ποιείν τινα to do one good or evil. 2. to put. III. intr. to be doing, to do; ποιέειν ή παθέειν to do or have done to one. there is also a pecul. usage, ή εύνοια παρά πολύ ἐποίει έε τους Λακεδαιμονίους good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short,  $\pi o \vec{t} - \vec{l}$ ποίη, ή, Ion. for πόα, grass. ποιήεις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) grassy, rich in grass.

ποίημω, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) grassy, rich in grass.
ποίημω, ατος, τό, (ποίεω) anything made or done: 1.
a work, piece of workmanship. 2. a poetical work,
poem. 3. an act, deed.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim of ποίημα, a little poem.

ποιηρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\pi o i \eta)$  grassy.

ποιήσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ποιέω.

ποίησις, εως, η, (ποιέω) a making: a forming, creating.

II. the art of poetry.

2. a poem.

ποιητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ποιέω, to be made or done.

II. neut. ποιητέον one must make or do. ποιητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ποιέω) one who makes, a maker.

II.

a maker, 1. e. a poet.

**ποιητικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}v$ , (ποιέω) capable of making, productive: poetical:— $\dot{\eta}$  ποιητική (sub. τέχνη) the art of poetry, poetry. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}s$ .

ποιητός, ή, όν, (ποιέω) made, fabricated, worked. II.

made by oneself, invented.

 $\pi$ οιη-φάγέω, (ποίη, φαγείν) to eat grass.

ποικιλ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ήνία) with broidered reins.

ποικίλ-είμων, ον, gen. ovos, (ποικίλοs, είμα) with party-coloured robe, with spangled garh.

ποικίλία, ή, (ποικίλος) an embroidering, embroidery:

a piece of embroidery: metaph. cunning.

ποικίλλω, f. ιλω: ἐποίκιλα: Pass., pf. πεποίκιλμαι: (ποικίλοε):— to broider, work in embroidery. II. to embroider: to diversify, vary: metaph. to trick out with fair words, embellish. Hence
ποίκιλμα, ατοs, τό, anything wrought in various
colours.

2. broidered work, broidery.

ποικίλό-βουλος, ον, (ποικίλος, βουλή) of changeful or subtle counsel.

ποικίλό-γηρυς Dor. -γαρυς, υος, δ, ή, (ποικίλος, γῆρυς) of varied voice, many-toned.
ποικιλό-δειρος, ον. (ποικίλος, δείρα) with variegated

ποικίλο-δέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) | with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργός, όν, (ποικίλος, έργον) of varied work. ποικῖλό-θριξ, -τρῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) withspotted bair, spotted, brindled.

ποικίλο-μήτης, ov,  $\dot{o}$ , and ποικίλό-μητις,  $\iota\delta os$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ποικίλοs, μητις) full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μήχανος, ον, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) full of various devices.

ποικίλό-μορφος, ον, (ποικίλος, μορφή) of variegated form, variegated.

ποικιλό-μύθος, ον, (ποικίλος, μύθος) of various discourse.

ποικίλό-νωτος, ον, (ποικίλος, νωτος) with back of varied bues.

ποικιλό-πτερος, ον, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) with wing of changeful bue.

 $\Pi OIKI' \Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , ov, many-coloured, spotted, pied, II. worked in various colours, of varydappled, ing colour; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκφ arms inwrought III. generally changeful, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. changeful, varying,-intricate, riddling, ambiguous, hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος Acol. -σάμβαλος, ον, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) with broidered sandals.

ποικίλό-στολος, ον, (ποικίλος, στολή) with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.

ποικίλο-τερπής, ές, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) with varied delights: delighted by variety.

ποικίλό-τευκτος, ον, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) curiously

ποικίλό-τραυλος, ον, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) trustering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, δ, ή, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ) accompanied by the various notes of the barp.

ποικιλό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ποικίλος, φρήν) with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. ποικίλτρια, ἡ, (ποικίλλω) one wbo embroiders: a broiderer.

ποικίλ-φδός, όν, (ποικίλος, φδή) of riddling song. ποικίλως, Adv. of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως έχειν to be different.

ποιμαίνω, f. ανω, (ποιμήν) to feed, tend, Lat. pascere: absol. to keep flocks, be a shepherd. taph to tend, cherish, foster: - to guide, lead, govern: -also to soothe, lull, beguile, like Lat. pascere: II. Pass. to grase, Lat. pasci : hence to deceive. to range over in grasing, to stray; πα̂s πεποίμανται τόποs every place bas been ranged over, traversed. ποιμάν, δ, Dor. for ποιμήν.

ποιμανόριον, τό, (ποιμάνωρ) a berd: metaph. an army under its leader.

ποιμανώ, fut. of ποιμαίνω.

ποιμάνωρ  $[\bar{a}]$ , opos,  $\delta$ , (ποιμαίνω) = ποιμήν, a berdsman, shepherd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief. ποιμήν, ένος, δ, (ποία) a berdsman, a sbepberd; ποιμην λαῶν a shepherd of the people, i.e. a prince, chief.

ποίμνη, ή, (ποιμήν) a berd of cattle, a flock of sheet. ποιμνήιος, η, ον, (ποίμνη) of or for a flock or berd. ποίμνιον, τό, Dim. of ποίμνη, a little flock.

**motivations**, a, ov,  $(\pi o \iota v \dot{\eta})$  punishing, avenging.

ποινάτωρ, opos, o, ή, an avenger, punisber. [ā] ποινάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω, to avenge, punish:-

Med. to avenge oneself on one. From

ποινή, ή, a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital; also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, Lat. poena; aveléσθαι ποινήν της ψυχής to take vengeance for his life; ποινήν τίσαι Ξέρξη των κηρύκων ἀπολομένων to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποινάς δούναι, like δίκην δούναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; ποίναε λαμβάνειν to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas. 2. in good sense, recompense, reward. II. personified, Ποίνη, ή, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.

ποινήτης, ου, ό, fem. -ητις, ιδος, one that punishes

or avenges, an avenger.

ποίνίμος, ον, (ποινή) avenging, punishing.

ποιολογέω, f. ήσω, to gather berbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From

ποιο-λόγος, ον, (ποία, λέγω) gathering berbs.

ποιο-νόμος, ον, (ποία, νέμω) feeding on grass or berbs. II. ποιό-νομος, ον, (ποία, νομή) with grassy fastures.

 $\PiOIO\Sigma$  a, or Ion kolos,  $\eta$ , or, interrog. Adj. of wbat nature? of wbat sort? Lat. qualis? in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποιον τον μύθον έει- $\pi \in S$  | what manner of speech hast thou spoken! in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, o III. fem. dat. ποία Ion. κοίη (sub. δδώ), ποιοs; as Adv., = πωs; Lat. quomodo? bow? in what manner?

ποιόs, ά, όν, indef. Adj. of a certain nature, kind or quality.

ποιότης, ητος, ή, (ποίος) quality.

ποιπνύω, f ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , (redupl. from  $\pi \nu \epsilon \omega$ ), to be out of breath; hence generally, to basten, burry, bustle: also to work bard, be busy.

ποίφυγμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From ποιφύσσω, f. ξω, (redupl. from φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort. II. to blow out, puff up.

ποι-ώδης, εs, (ποία, είδος) like grass, grassy. πόκα or ποκά, Dor. for πότε or ποτέ.

ποκάς, άδος, ή, (πόκος) wool, bair.

ποκίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, (πόκος) to sbear wool:-Med. to shear or clip for oneself.

πόκος, δ, (πέκω) wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-shearing. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb είε όνου πόκας to an ass-shearing, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκόω, f. ώσω, to cover with wool: Pass. to be covered or clothed in wool.

πόκωs, Dor. for πόκουs, acc. pl. of πόκοs. πολέες, έων, έεσσι, έας, Ep. plur. of πολύς. πολεμαδόκος, Dor. for πολεμηδόκος.

πολεμαρχείου, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and πολεμαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be Polemarch. From

πολέμ-αρχος, δ, (πόλεμος, ἄρχω) one who begins or leads the war, a leader, chieftain. II. at Athens the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally commanded in battle; he was present at the battle of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried.

2. in Sparta the commander of a division or μόρα.
3, at Thebes it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ήσω: Pass, aor. I ἐπολεμήθην. (πόλεμου):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight, give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with one. II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; ὄσα ἐπολεμήθη whatever bostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος, δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήιοs, ον, Ion. form of πολέμειοs, (πόλεμοs) warlike. II. bostile.

πολεμησείω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war. πολεμητέον, verb. Adj of πολεμέω, one must go to war.

πολεμίζω poèt. πτολ-: fut. ίσω Dor ίξω: (πόλεμος):—poèt. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another: later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute.

II. trans. to make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ή, όν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike; τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the art of war: so, ή πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of war, war.

2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for battle.

II. bostile: also causing bostility. Hence πολεμικώς, Adv. in bostile fashion; πολεμικώς έχειν

to be bostile.
πολέμιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belonging to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war.
2. rarely like πολεμικός, warlike.
Subst., πολέμιοι, οί, the enemy.
γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country.
3. τὰ πολέμιον,

bostility.
πολεμιστά, δ, Ερ. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.
πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also os, ον, of or belonging to a warrior: πολεμιστήρια άρματα war-chariots. II. τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ερ πτολ-, οῦ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a warrior, combatant; ἱπποι πολεμισταί war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the din of war.

πολεμό-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war. πολεμο-λαμ-ἄχαϊκός, ή, όν, compd. of πόλεμος, Λάμαχος and 'Αχαϊκός, like a Greek Lamachus in war. πόλεμόνδε Ερ. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war, into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (πόλεμοι ποιέω) to stir up war.

ΠΟ'ΛΕΜΟΣ Ερ. πτόλεμος, ό, a battle, fight: generally, war; πόλεμον αίρεσθαί τινι to levy war against one.

II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by war.

πολεμόω, f. ώσω, (πόλεμοs) to make bostile, make an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεύω, (πόλοs) intr. to go or range about, Lat. versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, baunt. II. trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to plough.

πόλεων, gen. pl. of πύλιs: but πολέων, Ion. for πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πολύs.

πόληες, ον, αs, Ion. for πόλεες, πόλεις, plur. of πόλεις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόληος, πόληι.

πολιαίνομαι, Pass. (πολιόs) to grow gray or white. πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιήοχος, πολιοῦχος, q. v. πολί-αρχος, ό, (πόλις, ἄρχω) prince of a city or state. Πολιάς, άδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith. of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from ᾿Αθηνᾶ Παρθένος and ᾿Αθηνᾶ Πρόμαχος.

πόλιες, πολίεσσιν, Ep nom. and dat. pl. of πόλιε πολίζω, f. ίσω, aor. I επόλισα Ep. πόλισσα. Pass., pf. πεπόλισμα: (πόλιε):—to build or found a city: generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II. to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιάοχος = πολιοῦχος.

πολίητης,  $\epsilon \omega$ ,  $\delta$ , Ion. for πολίτης, a citizen: also a fellow-citizen, a countryman

πολιήτις, ιδος, fem. of πολιήτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλιs, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρόταφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray

bair on the temples, growing gray

πολι-ορκέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρκησα: Pass, fut. πολιορκηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι: aor. I ἐπολιορκήθην: (πόλιs, εἴργω, or ἔρκοι):—to bem in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to besiege, importune. Hence

πολι-ορκητέοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. that must or can be taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ή, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieging a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, α, δν, also δε, δν:—gray, white; of hair, gray or boary; al πολιαί (sub. τρίχεε), gray or white bair; αμα ταιε πολιαίε κατιούσαιε as the gray bairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and temples to the beard): πολιόε absol. a gray-beaded man.

II. metaph. bright, serene.

III. metaph. boary, venerable.

πολι-ούχος, ον, (πόλις, έχω) protecting a city. πολιό-χρως, οπος, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολιός, χρώς) with white skin: white.

πολι-πόρθης. ου, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities. ΠΟ΄ ΛΙΣ Ερ. πτόλις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Att.

poët. also πόλεος Εp. πόληος, πόλευς: dat. πόλει Εp. | πόληι: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:-Plur., nom. πόλεες Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλιες: gen. πολίων: dat. πύλισι Ep. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. times, often, oft. πόλιαs, πόλειs Ion. πόλ $\bar{i}s$ :—a city: πόλιs ἄκρη,= άκρόπολιs, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called mohis, while the rest of the city was called ἄστυ. II. a whole country, III. when πόλιε and ἄστυ are joined, πό-Ais is the body of citizens, αστυ their dwellings: hence πόλιs the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολίζω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολισσο-νόμος, ον, (πύλιε, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολισ-σόος, ον, (πόλις, σώζω) guarding a city. πολισσ-ούχος, ον, poet. for πολιούχος.

πολίτ-άρχης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (πολίτης,  $\tilde{a}\rho\chi\omega$ ) a ruler of citi-

zens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a in many places. citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizensbip, Lat. civitas. 2. the life of a citizen. II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: v. πολύs. a republic.

πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of go- Lat multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. vernment, political act. II. a state, community. πολίτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or freeman, live in a free state. of government, bave public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπολιτευσάμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολίτευμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a 2. to take part in the government. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτηίη, ή, Ion for πολιτεία.

πολίτης  $[\bar{i}]$ , ου, Ion. πολιήτης, εω,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \delta \lambda \iota s)$  the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst , θεοί πολίται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ή, όν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the com-II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, δ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: το πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ή πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολίτικώς. Adv. of πολίτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ή, (πόλιε) a small town.

 $\pi \circ \lambda(\chi v \circ v, \tau \circ, Dim. \text{ of } \pi \circ \lambda(\chi v \eta, a \text{ very small town.})$ πολλάκις poet. πολλάκι [ἄ], Adv. (πολύε) many II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκιε perbaps. perchance, Lat. si forte; μη πολλάκιε Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, a, ον, also os, ον, (πολύε) many times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by  $\tilde{\eta}$  ,  $\tilde{\eta}\pi\epsilon\rho$ ., or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσίων, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ιόνωs.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιοε.

πολλάχη, Adv. (πολύs, πολλή) many ways, many times, often II. in various manners.

πολλαχόθεν, Adv. (πολύs, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχόθι, Adv (πολύs, πολλή) in many places. πολλάχόσε, Adv. (πολύs, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts of quarters.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \check{a} \chi \circ \hat{u}$ ,  $A dv. = \pi \circ \lambda \lambda a \chi \hat{\eta}$ , many times, often. Π.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλύς = πολύς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [a]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολίς. III. civil polity, the condition of πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases:

πολλοστός, ή, ών, (πολλώς, πολώς) one out of many, of Time, πολλοστώ έτει in the last of many years, 1. e. after many years; πολλοστώ χρύνω after a very 2. to have a certain form long time. Adv. -τωs, in a very small degree.

 $\pi \delta \lambda os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \lambda \omega, \pi o \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of beaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, άγρα) catching much game. πολύ- $\bar{a}\theta$ λός,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (πολύς,  $\hat{a}\theta$ λον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αίξ) abounding in goats. πολύ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αίμα) very bloody. πολύ-αίνετος, ον, and πολύ-αινος, ον, (πολύς, αίνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολυ-άϊξ, ικος [τ], (πολύς, άίσσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολύαις wearmess caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυανδρέω, to be full of men, to be populous.

πολύ-ανδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons,

πολυ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) ricb in flowers.πολύ-ανθής, ές, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming. πολύανθρωπία, ή, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολυ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολυ-άνωρ [ā], opos, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύs, ἀνήρ) = πολύανδροs: much frequented. II. of many husbands. πολυ-άργησος, ον, (πολύs, ἄργυρος) rich in silver. πολυ-άργητος Att. -άρᾶτος, ον, (πολύs, ἀράομαι) much prayed for, much desired.

πολύ-αρκής, έε, (πολύε, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, sup-

plying many, abundant.

πολυ-άρματος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots. πολύ-αρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, άρμονία) many-toned. πολύ-αρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολύαρνι: (πολύς, άρνός) with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολύαρχία, ή, (πολύε, άρχω) the government of many. πολύ-αστράγάλος, ον, (πολύε, ἀστράγαλος) with many joints.

πολύ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολύ-άσχολος, ον, (πολύς, ἄσχολος) much-busied. πολύ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (πολύς, αδλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αύχενος, ον, (πολύς, αύχην) with many necks. πολύ-βάφης, ές, (πολύς, βαφηναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολυ-βενθής, έs, (πολύs, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing πολυ-βότειρα Ερ. πουλυβότειρα, ή, (πολύς, βόσκω) fem. Adj nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτος, ον, (πολύs, βόσκω) much-nourishing. πολύ-βοτρυς, νος, ό, ή, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling, exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ου, δ, (πολύς, βοῦς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) with many nooses. πολύ-γαθής, έε, Dor. for πολυγηθήε.

πολύ-γηθής, Dor. -γαθής, ές, (πολύς, γηθέω) much-cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολυ-γήρως, ων, (πολύς, γήρας) exceeding old. πολύ γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεῦκος) abounding in must or new wine.

πολύ-γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύε, γλώσσα) many-longued: barmonious.

πολύ-γναμπτος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύε, γιγνώσκω) well-known.
πολύ-γομφος, ον, (πολύς, γόμφοε) fastened with
many nails, well-bolted.

πολύγονέομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γονος, ον, (πολύε, γύνος) producing many, prolific.

πολυ-δαίδαλος, ον. (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly wrought, richly dight.

II. act. working with great art, very skilful.

πολύ-δάκρύος, ον, and πολύ-δακρύς, gen. ὕος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence muchwept, tearful.

II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύε, δακρύω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύε, δαπάνη) causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολύ-δειράs, άδοs, ό, ή, (πολύs, δειρή) with many ridges or necks of land.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύε, δένδρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρεσσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρης. πολυ-δερκής, ές, (πολύς, δέρκομαι) much-seeing. πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands,

strong-bound.

πολύ-δευκής, έs, (πολύς, δεῦκος - γλεῦκος) very sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ό, Polydeuces, Lat. Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-watered, afflicted with drought.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \circ -\delta \circ \circ \circ$ ,  $\circ \circ \circ$ ,  $(\pi \circ \lambda \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ)$  much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δύξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμείν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δροσος, ον, (πολύς, δρύσος) very dewy. πολύδωρία, ή, liberality, munificence. From

πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δωρον) with rich gifts, well-dowered.

πολύ-ειδής, έs, (πολύς, είδος) of many kinds, diverse, various.

πολυ-έλαιος, ον, (πολύς, έλαιον) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολυ-έλικτος, ον, (πολύε, έλίσσω) many-folded, mazy, complicated.

πολυ-επαίνετος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) much-praised.
πολυ-επής, έε, (πολύς, ἔποε) of many words, wordy.
πολυ-έραστος, ον, (πολύς, ἔράω) much-loved.

πολύ-εργής, έε, and πολύ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, έργον) much-working, bard-working.

πολυ-ετής, έε, (πολύε, έτος) of many years, full of years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολυ-εύχετος, ον, (πολύς, εύχομαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζῆλος) much envied, much desired. II. full of envy.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλόω) much envied or desired.

πολύ-ζύγος, ον, (πολύε, ζυγύν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύε, άγορεύω) speaking much, wordy.

πολυ-ήρἄτος, ον, (πολύς,  $\hat{\epsilon}$ ράω) much-loved, very lovely.

πολυ-ηχής, ές, (πολύς, ήχος) many-toned: muchresounding.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύε,  $\hat{\eta}$ χέω) loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαρσής, ές, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-courageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ θηρος, ον, (πολύς, θήρ) with much game, full of wild beasts.

πολυ-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters. πολύ-θρεπτος, ον, (πολύς, τρέφω) much-nourishing. πολυ-θρήνητος, ον, (πολύς, θρήνος) much-bewailed. πολύ-θριγος, ον, (πολύς, θρήνος) much-wailing. πολύ-θρεξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (πολύς, θρίξ) with much bair. πολύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ονν, (πολύς, θρόος) with much noise, clamorous.

πολυ-θρύλητος, ον, (πολύε, θρῦλέω) much talked of,

πολύ-θύρος, ον, (πολύς, θύρα) with many doors or apertures. 2. metaph. with many leaves. πολύ-θύτος, ον, (πολύς, θύω) celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices.

πολυ-ίδμων, ον, gen. ονοs, = πολύιδριs

πολυίδρεια, ή, (πολύιδριs) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.

πολύ-ιδρις, Ion. gen. ιος Att.  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύs, ίδριs) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.

πολύ-ϊππος, ον, (πολύς, ἴππος) having many horses, rich in horses.

πολυ-ίστωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (πολύς, ἴσημι) = πολύιδρις. πολύ-ίχθύος, ον, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) abounding in fish. πολύ-καγκής, ές, (πολύς, \*κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.

 $πολ \ddot{\upsilon}$ -κ $\ddot{a}$ ής, ές, ( $πολ \dot{\upsilon}$ ς, κaίω) much-burning.

πολύ-κάμμορος, ον, (πολύς, κάμμορος) very ill-fated or miserable.

πολυ-καμπής, ές, (πολύς, κάμπτω) with many twists and turns.

πολύ-κἄνής, ές, (πολύς, καίνω) much-slaughtering πολύ-καπνος, ον, (πολύς, καπνός) much-smoked: with smoky rafters.

πολυ-κάρηνος, ον, (πολύς, κάρηνον) many-headed. πολύκαρπία, ή, abundance of fruit. From

πολύ-καρπος, ον, (πολύς, καρπός) with much fruit, fields.

rich in fruit, fruitful.

πολ

πολυ-κέλαδος, ον, (πολύς, κέλαδος) much-sounding. πολυκέρδεια, ή, great craft or cunning. From πολυ-κερδής, ές, (πολύς, κέρδος) very cunning or crafty.

πολύ-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (πολύς, κέρας) many-borned, π. φόνος the slaughter of much borned cattle.

πολύ-κεστος, ον, (πολύς, κεστός) much-wrought with the needle, well-statched.

πολύ-κηδής,  $\dot{\epsilon}s$ , (πολύς, κῆδος) full of care, grievous. πολυ-κήριος, ον, (πολύς, κήρ) very deadly.

πολυ-κήτης, εs, (πολύς, κήτος) full of monsters.

πολύ-κλαυστος or -κλαυτος, ov, also η, ov, (πολύς, fought for. [α] κλαίω) much deplored or lamented.

πολυ-κλεής, έs, (πολύς, κλέος) far-famed.

πολύ-κλειτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κλειτός) far-famed, of great renown.

πολυ-κλήεις, εσσα, εν, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολύκλειτος. πολυ-κλήις, ιδος  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , ή, (πολύς, κλείς) with many benches of rowers, with many banks of oars.

πολύ-κληρος, ον, (πολύς κληρος) with a large lot or portion, rich in land.

πολύ-κλητος, ον, (πολύς, καλέω) called from many a land.
πολύ-κλυστος, ον, (πολύς, κλύζω) much dashing or

swelling. II. pass. washed by many a wave. πολύ-κμητος, ον, (πολύε, κάμνω) much-wrought, wrought with much toil. 2. later, laborious.

wrought with much toil. 2. later, laborious, πολύ-κνημος, ον, (πολύς, κνημός) with many

sboulders, of mountains: mountainous.
πολύ-κοινος, ον, (πολύς, κοινός) common to many.
πολύκοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ή, the rule of many. From

πολύ-κοίρἄνος, ον, (πολύς, κούρανος) wide-ruling. πολυ-κόλυμβος, ον, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) oft-diving. πολύ-κρᾶνος, ον, (πολύς, κρᾶνον) many-headed.

πολυ-κρατής, ές, (πολύς, κράτος) very nughty.
πολύ-κροτος, ου, also η, ου, (πολύς, κροτέω) ring

πολύ-κροτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κροτέω) ringing loud or clearly.

πολύ-κρουνος, ον, (πολύς, κρουνός) with many springs.

πολυ-κτέ**ἄνος**, ον, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτήμων. πολυ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κτήμα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύ-κτητος, ον, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτήμων. πολυ-κτόνος, ον, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.

πολύ-κύδιστος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κύδιστος) beld in bigbest bonour, most glorious.

πολυ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κυμα) swelling with many waves.

πολύ-κώκυτος, ον, (πολύς, κωκύω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.

πολύ-κωμος, ον, (πολίς, κῶμος) much-revelling. πολύ-κωπος, ον, (πολύς, κωπή) of many oars. πολύ-κώτίλος, ον, (πολύς, κωτίλος) much-chatter-

ιng, much-warbling.

πολυ-λήιος, ον, (πολύς, λήιον) with many corn-

fields. πολύλ-λ**ϊθος** ον, (πολύς, λίθος) very stony.

πολύλ-λιστος, ον, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; νηὸς πολύλλιστος a temple where many prayers are offered.

πολύλ-λίτος, ον, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολύλλιστος. πολύλογία, ή, much speaking, much talk. From πολύ-λογος, ον, (πολύς, λόγος) much-talking, talkative. 2. much talked of.

πολυ-μάθής, ές, (πολύς, μαθείν) baving learnt much, knowing much. Adv. -θως, in a very learned way. πολυ-μανής, ές, (πολύς, μανήναι) very furious.

πολύ-μάχητος, ον, (πολίς, μάχομαι) much or often fought for. [ă]

πολύ-μεθής, έε, (πολύε, μέθη) very drunk.

πολύ-μελής, ές, (πολύς, μέλος) with many limbs or members.

II. many-toned, musical.

πολυ-μερής, έε, (πολύε, μέροε) consisting of many parts. Adv. -ρωε, in many ways.

πολύ-μετρος, ον, (πολύς, μέτρον) bolding many measures: generally, abundant.

πολυ-μηκάς, άδος, δ, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) muchbleating. πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύε, μήλον) with many sheep: rich in flocks.

πολύ-μηνις, ιος, ό, ή, (πολύς, μῆνις) very wrathful.
πολύ-μητις, ιος, ό, ή, (πολύς, μῆτις) of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.

πολυμηχάνια Ion. - in, ή, fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness. From

πολυμήχανος, ου, (πολύς, μηχανή) fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.

πολυ-μιγής, έε, (πολύς, μιγηναι) mixed of many parts, motley.

πολύ-μισής, ές, (πολύς, μίσος) much-hated.

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) receiving much pay, bired at a bigb rate.

πολύ-μιτος, ον, (πολύς, μίτος) consisting of many threads; πέπλοι πολύμιτοι pictured or brocaded robes

πολυ-μνήστη, ή, (πολύs, μνάομαι) as fem Adj. much courted, wooed by many.

πολύ-μνηστος, ον, (πολύς, μνάομαι) much-remem- πολυ-πενθής, bering, mindful, grateful.

II. pass. much-remem- very mournful. bered, never to be forgotten. πολυ-πένθιμο

**πολυ-μνήστωρ**, opos,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύs, μνάομαι) remembering much, mindful.

Πολ-ύμνια, ή, contr. from Πολυ-ύμνια, (πολύs, υμνοs) Polymnia, 1 e. the Muse of many bymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poe-1y.

πολύ-μουσος, ον, (πολύς, Μοῦσα) with many arts or accomplishments.

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) much-labouring, much-enduring. II. pass won by much toil. πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) of many words,

wordy, talkative.

II. pass. much-talked-of, famous in story, storied.

πολύ-νᾶος, ον, (πολύς, ναός) with many temples.
πολυ-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, ναύτης) with many sailors.

πολύ-νείκης, ου, δ, (πολύς, νείκος) much-wrangling: often as a prop. n. Polynices.

πολυ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) overcast with clouds, very cloudy: there is also a Dor. form πολυ-νεφέλας, gen. a.

πολυ-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νῖκάω) a frequent conqueror.

πολύ-νζφής, ές, (πολύς, νίφω) deep with snow. πολύ-ξεινος, ον, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξεινος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύε, ξείνος, ξείνος):—of persons, entertaining many guests, very bospitable.

II. visited by many guests.

πολύ-ξεστος, ον, (πολύς, ξέω) much-polished. πολύοινέω, to be rich, abound in wine. From

πολύ-οινος, ον, (πολύς, οΐνος) abounding in wine. πολύ-ολβος, ον, (πολύς, ὅλβος) very wealthy: rich in blessings: abundant.

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὅμβρος) very rainy.
πολυ-όμματος, ον, (πολύς, ὅμμα) many-eyed.
πολυ-όρντθος, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) abounding in birds.

πολύοψία, ή, abundance of dainties: abundance of food. From

πολύ-οψος, ον, (πολύε, ὄψον) abounding in dainties: luxurious.

πολυ-πάθής, ές, (πολύς, παθεῖν) much-suffering. πολύπαιδία, ἡ, (πολύπαις) abundance of children. πολύ-παίπάλος, ον, (πολύς, παιπάλη) exceeding rativ

πολύ-παις, -παιδος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύς, παῖς) with many children.

πολυ-πάμ-φάος, ον, (πολύς, παε, φάος) very bright.

πολυ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πέπαμαι) with great possessions, very wealthy

πολύπειρία, ή, long experience. 2. frequent of daring enterprise. From

πολύ-πειρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) much-experienced. πολύ-πείρων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) with many boundaries: of or from many countries.

πολυ-πενθής, ές, (πολύς, πένθος) much-mourning, very mournful.

II. pass much-mourned.

πολῦ-πένθῖμος, ον, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυπημονίδης, ου, ό, son of Polypemon, in allusion to the meaning of the word; ν. πολυπήμων.

πολύ-πήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (πολύs, πημα) causing manifold woe, baneful.

πολύ-πηνος, ον, (πολύς, πήνη) close-woven.

πολύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, πίδαξ) with many springs or fountains.

πολύ-πἴκρος, ον, (πολύς, πικρός) very keen or bitter; neut. pl. πολύπικρα as Adv. very bitterly.

πολυ-πῖνής, έε, (πολύε, πίνοε) very dirty.

πολύ-πλαγκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλάζομαι) much-wandering, roaming far a-field: much-erring. II. act. (πολύς, πλάζω) leading far astray: metaph. beguiling, delusive.

πολυ-πλάνής, ές, (πολύς, πλάνάομαι) roaming far or long; πολυπλανής κισσός the wandering ivy. 2. much-erring.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύς, πλανάομαι) far- or oftwandering: of blows, showered from all sides.

πολύ-πλάνος, ον, = πολυπλανής.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \upsilon - \pi \lambda \acute{a} \sigma \iota \circ s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \pi \circ \lambda \lambda a \pi \lambda \acute{a} \sigma \iota \circ s$ .

πολύ-πλεθρος, ον, (πολύς, πλέθρον) many πλέθρα in size: generally far-extending.

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) closely-twined. πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) with many locks: of the polypus, with many feelers.

πολυπλοκία, ή, intricacy, cunning, craft. From πολύ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύs, πλέκω) much-tangled, thick-wreathed.
2. metaph. tangled, intricate, complex. II. act. entangling vitriguing.

πολύ-πόδης, ου, δ, poet. πουλϋπόδες, = πολύπους. πολύ-ποίκιλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) much-variega'ed.

πολύ-πονος, ον, (πολύς, πόνος) much-labouring, much-suffering; also causing much pain, painful. πολύπος, ου, δ, see πολύπους.

πολύ-πόταμος, ον, (πολύς, ποταμός) with many or

large rivers

πολύ-πότνια, ή, (πολύς, πότνια) very venerable. πολύπους [τ], -ποδος, ό, ή, acc. πολύπουν, (πολύς, II. as Subst. πολύπουs or πούs) many-footed. more commonly (even in Att.) πουλύ-πους, ου, ό, the many-footed one, the sea-polypus; gen. πουλύποδος; acc. πουλύπουν οι πολύποδα: plur. nom. πολύποδες, etc.: poet. nom. πούλυπος, ου: Dor. πώλυπos; Lat. polypus.

πολυπραγμονέω Ion. –πρηγμονέω,  $f ext{ } extit{d} extit{σω}$ ,  $(\pi o \lambda v - \tau v)$ πράγμων) to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in

public affairs, intrigue.

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ή (πολυπράγμων) officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character. From

πολυ-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πράσσω)busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent. πολύ-πρασς, ον, (πολύς, πρασς) very mild.

πολυ-πρηγμονέω, Ion. for πολυπραγμονέω

πολυ-πρόβατος, ον, (πολύς, πρόβατον) rich in sheep or cattle: Sup πολυπροβατώτατος

πολυ-πρώτιστος, η, ον, = πολ $\dot{v}$  πρώτιστος.

πολυ-πτόητος Ιοη -πτοίητος, ον, (πολύς, πτοέω) much-scared, timorous.

πολύ-πτϋχος, ον, (πολύς, πτυχή) of or with manyfolds: with many glens or valleys

πολύ-πυργος, ον, (πολί's, πίργος) with many towers. πολύ-πυρος, ον, (πολίς, πυρός) rich in corn.

πολύρ-ραπτος, ον, = πολύρραφος.

πολύρ-ράφος, ον, (πολίς, ράπτω) much-worked,

bigbly-wrought.

\*πολύρ-ρην, ηνος, δ, ή, (πολύς, \*  $\dot{\rho}$ ήν =  $\dot{a}\mu\nu\dot{o}$ s) richin sheep or flocks only found in nom pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.

πολύρ-ρηνος, ον, = \*πολύρρην.

πολύρ-ριζος, ον, (πολύς, βίζα) with many root.

πολύρ-ροδος, ον, (πολύς, ρόδον) abounding in roses. πολύρ-ροθος, ον, (πολίε, δύθος) much-dashing, ' loud-roaring: very clamorous.

πολυρ-ροίβδητος, ον, (πολίς, βοιβδέω) muchwhizzing.

πολύρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ουν, and πολύρρύτος, ον,  $(πολύς, \dot{ρ} \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  much-flowing; of blood, shed in streams.

 $\PiO\Lambda\Upsilon'\Sigma$ , πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, η̂s, οῦ; dat. πολλφ, η, φ; acc. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ:—Ion. nom.πολλύε, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλύν: the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing, masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολείς; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσσι, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολείς; also gen. plur. fem.  $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \not\in \omega \nu$  and  $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \not\in \omega \nu$  [ $\bar{a}$ ]:— $\pi \circ \nu \lambda \dot{\nu} s$ , neut. πουλύ, are also Ep. forms.

 Of Number, many, opp. to δλίγος few: also of lears of corn, yielding rich crops. anything often repeated; πολλον ήν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος πολυ-στέλεχος, ον, with many stems.

this word was often repeated. 2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολύs νιφετώς a beavy storm of snow: πολὺς ὕπνος deep sleep; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολλόs great and large; πολλή κέκλημαι I have been much extolled; πολλόε λόγος a far-spread report; πολλή ἀνάγκη strong necessity. 3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much; πολλοῦ ποιείσθαί τι, Lat. magni facere, to reckon of much con-4. c. gen, as πολλοί Τρώων for πολλοί scquence. Τρῶες; πολλὸν σαρκός for πολλή σάρξ. is often joined to another Adj, πολέες τε καὶ ἐσθλοί many men and good. 6 in Att. with the article. οί πολλοί the many, a majority; so also, τὸ πολύ; ώs ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ for the most part. 7. πολύs is often joined with a Partic and εἰμί, as, πολλὸs ἦν λισσόμενος he was urgent in his entreaties. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλή όδόs a long

III. of Time, long. As Adv. in neut sing, and pl., πολύ Ion πολλόν, πολλά, much, very: also many times, oft-times, often, often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, a great way: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much. is joined with a Comp Adj. to increase its force; πολύ or πολλόν άμείνων much better: with Comp. Adv., πολύ μαλλον much more: with Sup, as πολύ 3. πολλά many times. πρώτοs much the first. often: τὰ πολλά mostly, usually. 4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολύ for long; ἐπὶ πολλύν far.

Comp. πλείων Att. πλέων; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύ-σαξρος, ον, (πολύς, σαθρός) very rotten.

πολύ-σαρκία, ή, (πολύs, σάρξ) fleshiness, plumpness. πολύ-σέβαστος, ον. (πολύς, σεβαστός) most august. πολύ-σεμνος, ον, (πολύς, σεμνός) very venerable. πολύ-σημάντωρ, ορος, ό, (πολύς, σημαίνω) a ruler over many.

πολύ-σινής, ής, (πολύς, σίνομαι) very buriful, bane-

ful, mischievous. πολυσιτία, ή, abundance of corn or food. From

πολύ-σττος, -σττον, (πολύς, σττος) abounding in II. bigb-fed, full of meat.

πολύ-σκαλμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαλμός) many-oared. πολύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαίρω) far-springing, swift: bounding.

πολύ-σκηπτρος, ον, (πολύς, σκήπτρον) wide-ruling. πολύ-σκιος, ον. (πολύς, σκιά) very shady.

πολυ-σκόπελος, ον, (πολύς, σκόπελος) very rocky. πολυ-σπάθής, ές, (πολύς, σπάθη) thick-woven.

πολυ-σπερής, ές, (πολύς, σπείρω) wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) of great mercy or compassion.

πολύ-σπορος, ον, (πολύς, σπείρω) much-sown, fruitful.

πολυ-στάφυλος, ον, (πολύε, σταφυλή) rich in grapes.

πολύ-στάχυς, υ, gen. υος, (πολύς, στάχυς) rich in

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύε, στενάζω) deep-sigbing, miserable.

πολυ-στέφανος, ov, with many wreaths.

πολυ-στεφής, ές, (πολύς, στέφω) crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel.

πολύ-στικτος, ον, (πολύς,  $\sigma \tau i \zeta \omega$ ) much-spotted, dappled.

πολυστιχία, ή, a number of lines. From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) of or in many lines. πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στοίχος) with many rows. πολυστομέω, to speak much. From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) many-mouthed.
πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) much sighing,
mournful, melancholy.

πολυ-στροφία, ή, a turning oneself to and fro. From πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύς, στρέφω) much-twisted: pliant, versatile.

 $\hat{\mathbf{moλ\dot{v}}}$ - $\mathbf{\sigma\dot{v}}$ λλ $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ βοs, ον, (πολύs, συλλαβή) of many syllables.

πολυ-σφόνδυλος, ον, many-jointed.

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) split into many parts, branching.

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύς, σχοινος) many-corded. πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύς, σωρός) yielding large beaps of corn.

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) weighing or worth many talen's.

πολυ-ταρβής, ές, (πολύς, τάρβος) much-frightened. πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) bearing many children.

πολυτέλεια, ή, (πολυτελήs) great expense, costliness, expensiveness.

πολύ-τελής, ές, (πολύς, τέλος) very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Compand Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.

πολυτελώς, Adv. of πολυτελής, expensively: —Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costliest manner.

πολύ-τερπής, έε, (πολύε, τέρπω) much-delighting. πολύ-τέχνης, ου, ό, οι πολύ-τεχνος, ον, (πολύε, τέχνη) one skilled in many arts.

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, τιμάω) highly bonoured or revered. II. of high value, costly. πολύ-τίμος, ον, (πολύς, τιμή) much revered. II. of high value, costly.

πολύ-τιτος, ον, (πολύε, τίω) beld in high bonour: also worthy of high bonour. [7 metri grat.]

πολύ-τλας, αντος,  $\delta$ , (πολύς, τλήναι) much-enduring. πολυ-τλήμων, ονος,  $\delta$ , ή, (πολύς, τλήμων) much-enduring, very patient.

πολύ-τλητος, ον. (πολύς, τληναι) baving bad much to endure, hence unfortunate.

πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολύs, τέμνω) much-cut, much-lacerated.

πολυ-τρήρων, ωνος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύς, τρήρων) abounding in dowes.

πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύε, τρητόε) much-pierced, perforated, full of boles, porous.

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, δ, η, (πολύς, τρίπους) with many tripods.

πολυτροπία Ion. -ίη, ή, variety of resources, versatility, craft. From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering. II. turning many ways, versattle, ingenious: changeful. 2 manifold. Hence

πολυτρόπωs, Adv. in divers manners.

πολυ-τρόχαλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) running about much, bustling.

πολυ-ύμνητος, ον, (πολύς, υμνέω) much-famed in song, much-renowned.

πολύ-υμνος, ον, (πολύς, υμνος) much sung of, famous: bonoured with many byning

πολυ-φάρμακος, ου, (πολύς, φάρμακου) knowing many drugs or charms.

πολύ-φάτος, ον, (πολίς, φημί) much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.

πολύ-φημος Dor. -φαμος, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) with many tales or legends: also with loud cries. If wordy, full of the din of voices: ή πολύφημος, as Subst., = άγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ès πολύφημον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.

**πολυ-φθόροs**, ον, (πολύ**s**,  $\dot{q}$ ·θείρω) destroying many, baneful, pernicious. II. pass., πολύφθορο**s**, ον, utterly destroyed or ruined.

πολύ-φ**ἴλος, ον,** (πολύς, φιλέω) baving many friends, much-beloved.

πολύ-φιλτρος, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) suffering from many love-charms. deeply enamoured, love-sick. πολύ-φλοισβος, ον, (πολύς, φλοΐσβος) loud-roaring,

epith. of the sea.
πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολύς, \*φένω) killing many, murderous.

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) feeding many, bountiful.

πολύφορία, ή, productiveness. From

πολυ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) bearing much; πολυφόρος olvos wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.

πολυ-φράδής, ές, (πολύς, φράζω) very eloquent, wise, sagacious.

πολύ-φροντις, ιδος, ό, ή, (πολύς, φροντίς) full of care. πολυ-φρόντιστος, ον, (πολύς, φροντίζω) muchtbinking, thoughtful.

πολυφροσύνη, ή, fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding. From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (πολύς, φρήν) much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper vessels or money. II. wrought of solid brass, all-brasen. πολυ-χανδής, ές, (πολύς, χανδάνω) wide-yawning. πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) very warlike.

πολύ-χειρ,  $-\chi$ ειρος, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύς,  $\chi$ είρ) many-banded, with many bands: also with many bands or men. Hence

men.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύε, χορδή) many-stringed:

hence many-toned.

πολυχρηματία, ή, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρ $\hat{\eta}$ μα) very wealthy. πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρυσος, ον, (πολύε, χρυσός) rich in gold,

adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χώννυμι) bigh-beaped. πολυ-ψάμαθος, ον, (πολύε, ψάμαθοε), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύε, ψάμμοε) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ή, number or diversity of votes. πολυ-ψήφις, ιδος, δ, ή, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύε, ψήφοε) with many or

various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύε, ψοφέω) loud-sounding. πολυ-ώδυνος, ον, (πολύε, δδύνη) very painful.

pass. suffering great pain. πολύ-ώνυμος, ον, (πολύε, όνυμα Aeol. for όνομα) of

many names, worshipped under many names. of great name, famous, renowned.

 $\pi$ ολυ-ωπής, ές, and  $\pi$ ολῦ-ωπός, όν, ( $\pi$ ολύς,  $\omega$ πή)

with many boles or cells, close-meshed. πολύ-ωρέω, (πολύς, ώρα) to pay much regard or

attention to, to esteem highly. πολυ-ωφελής, έε, (πολύε, ὄφελοε) very, bighly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος. Adv. -λωs, in a very serviceable manner.

πολυ-ώψ,  $\hat{ω}ποs$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{η}$ , ⇒ πολυωπόs.

πόμα, ατοs, τό, (πίνω, πέπομαι) a drink, draught. πομπαίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (πομπη) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world. πομπάν, πομπας, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπής.

πομπεία, ή, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering, ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus

and Ceres.

πομπείον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύ**s**, έω**s** Ιοιι. η̂ο**s**, δ, (πομπό**s**) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομ- $\pi \eta$ ):—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ή, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending II. a away, a sending bome to one's country. III. an intersolemn procession, Lat. pompa. vention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπήες,- fias, nom, and acc. pl. of πομπεύε.

πολύ-χειρία, ή, a multitude of bands or work- | πομπικός, ή, όν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn procession: showy, stately.

> πόμπζμος, ον, also η, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: bomeward. II. pass. sent,

> $\pi \circ \mu \pi \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \ell \mu \pi \omega)$  one who attends or eccorts, an escort, guide: plut. πομποί attendants, guards. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading; πυρ πομπόν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στύλος) to conduct a fleet

or sbip.

πομφολύγο-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising

πομφολύζω, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ύγος, ή, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονεύμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or med of  $\pi o \nu \epsilon \omega$ .

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep πονέομαι, with fut. med.  $-\dot{\eta}$ σομαι; aor. I med.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ πονησάμην and pass, ἐπονήθην; pf. pass, πεπόνημαι; absol. to toil, work bard; πονέεσθαι κατά ὑσμίνην to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. metaph, to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II c. acc. to work at, work bard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. movéw is more freq, f. -movήσω: aor. Ι ἐπόνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:--Pass, aor. ι ἐπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι: I. c. acc. pers to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or bardship: c. acc cognato, πονείν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατοι, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From

πονηρεύομαι, Dep (πονηρύς) to be evil of wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ή, (πονηρόε) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitas: also cowardice.

**πονηρός**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$   $\dot{\alpha}$  causing pain or bardship: 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry hence, plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition; πονηρά πράγματα a bad state of 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρώς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρώς έχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of πονέω.

**πόνος**, δ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, bard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνος, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug II. pain of body or mind, 2. a task. suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, άδος, poët, fem. of πόντιος.

ποντίζω, f. ίσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the

sea, Lat. mergo: - Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ή, όν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πύντος Εύξεινος or Black Sea: cf. πύντος. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικόν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the bazel.

πόντιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πύντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντο-θήρης, ου, δ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea. ποντο-μέδων, οντος,  $\delta$ , (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ή, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Seapasser. ποντοπορεύω and -πορέω, to pass over the sea.

From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδών, ώνος, δ, (πόντος, Ποσειδών) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, ou, o, the sea, esp. the open sea, the bigb sea. II. Πόντοs the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εύξεινος. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον. (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-sbaken. ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πόπάνον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.  $\pi \circ \pi \circ s$ ,  $\alpha \circ s$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $= \pi \circ \pi \circ s \circ s$ .

ποποί, the cry of the boopoe.

ποποί, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, ob! fie! sbame! akin to παπαί!—also ὧ ποποῖ.

ποποπό, cry of the boopoe.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσδω: fut. ποππύσω: aor. t ἐπόπὔσα: Pass., aor. ἐποππύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry bush! also to make a bissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence ποππυλιάζω Dor. -άσδω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσδω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

πόππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ποππύ(ω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, δ, ή, older form of πάρδαλις.

πορδή, ή, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for έπορε; see \*πόρω.

πορεία, ή, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. incessus. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθείε, πορευθήναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορ€ύομαι.

πόρευμα, ατοε, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βροτών a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύστμος, ον, also η, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. ΙΙ. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f.  $-\epsilon$ ύσω: (πόροs):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to bestege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθησις, εως, ή, (πορθέω) the sack of a town. πορθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, opos, δ, poet. for πορθητήs, a ravager. πορθμείον Ion. - ήιον, τό, (πορθμεύω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. boat, ferry-boat. naulum.

πόρθμευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμεύς, έως Ion.  $\hat{\eta}$ os,  $\hat{\delta}$ , (πορθμεύω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. portitor: a seaman.

πορθμεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc · to carry over, carry, convey: - Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr in Act., like Lat. trancere, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμείον.

II. **πορθμίς**, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

II.

**πορθμός**,  $\delta$ , ( $\pi\epsilon$ ίρω) a ferry: a strait, frith. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor I επόρισα: Med., f. ποριοθμαι: Pass., f. πορισθήσομαι: aor. ι ἐπορίσθην: pf. πεπόρισμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise :- Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:-Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do ...

πόριμος, ον, (πύρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive: c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficul-III. of things, practicable.

πόριs, ιοs, η, poët, form of πόρτιs.

πορισμός,  $\delta$ , (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the mopioral were a financial board to raise ways and means. 2. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

**ποριστικός**, ή, όν, fit for purveying: able to procure. ΠΟ'PKHΣ, ov, δ, a ring or boop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ή, (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution.

πορνείον, τό, (πορνεύω) a brothel.

πορνεύω, f σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute: -- Pass., of a woman, to be or become a barlot.

πόρνη, η, (περνάω) a barlot.

πορνίδζον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [νζ]

**πορνικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\pi\dot{\omega}\rho\nu\eta)$  of or for harlots.

πορνοβοσκέω, f. ήσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ή, brothel-keeping.

πορνο-βοσκός, δ. (πόρνη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper. **πόρνος**,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\mathbf{o}} \rho \nu \eta)$  a fornicator.

**πόρος**,  $\delta$ , (περάω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frith 2 πύροι άλύs the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving; πόρος δδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πύρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, f. ίσω, (πύρπαξ) to grasp by the bandle, to bold a shield by the bandle.

πόρπαμα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

**πόρπαξ**,  $\bar{\alpha}$ κοs,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \acute{o} \rho \pi \eta)$  the bandle of a shield

πορπάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

**πόρπη, ή,**  $(\pi \epsilon i \rho \omega)$  like  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \nu \eta$ , the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

**πόρρω**, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρύσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and

πόρρωθι, Adv far.

πορρώτατος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

**πορσαίνω**, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω οι πρόσω, further, furthest.

**πορσύνω**  $[\bar{v}]$ : Ep. fut. πορσ $\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\epsilon}$ ω contr.  $-\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ : (\*πόρω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide: -Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to

treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.  $\pi$ όρσω,  $Adv. = \pi$ όρρω,  $\pi$ ρόσω: see  $\pi$ όρσιον,  $\pi$ όρ-

**πόρταξ, ἄκοε, ή,** = πόρτιε,  $\alpha$  calf.

πόρτις, τος, ή, a young beifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τράφος, ον, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα Ion. -ύρη [τ], ή, (πορφύρω) the purplefish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, η, ον, Att. contr. πορφύροθς, α, οῦν: (πορφύρα):- Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy,

bright, beauteous, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεύς, έως, ό, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purplefish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφυρευτικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , of or for a purple-dyer. πορφυρίς, ίδος, ή, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or

covering. II. a red-coloured bird. πορφυρίων, ων ος, ό, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-

bird.

πορφύρο-ειδής, ές, (πορφύρα, είδος) purpled, dark. πορφύρο-πώλης, ου, δ, fem. –πώλις, ιδος, (πορφύρα,  $\pi\omega\lambda\epsilon\omega$ ) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφυρό-στρωτος, ον, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

**πορφύροθs**,  $\hat{a}$ ,  $o\hat{v}\nu$ , Att. contr. for πορφύρεοs.

**πορφύρω**  $[\bar{v}]$ , a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμύρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ώs ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κωφῷ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολιή άλε): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδίη πύρφυρε much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

\*ΠΟ'PΩ, obsol pres. of the aor. 2 επορον, and pf. πέπρωμαι: I. aor. 2 έπορον Εp. πόρον, part. πορών: - to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὖχος πορείν to fulfil a wish. pf. pass. πέπρωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπρωται, and 3 sing. plqpf. πέπρωτο, it bas, bad been fated, and part. πεπρωμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ή πεπρωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τὸ πεπρωμένον.

\*ITO'S, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat.  $\delta s$ , whence  $\pi o \hat{v}$ ,  $\pi o \hat{t}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\omega}$ , also,  $\pi \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\pi \acute{o}\theta \iota$ ,  $\pi \acute{o}\sigma \epsilon$ ,  $\pi \acute{o}\tau \epsilon$ , and the Adj.  $\pi \acute{o}\tau \epsilon \rho os$ .

ποσάκις Ερ ποσσάκι [ă], Adv. (πόσος) bow many times? bow often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (\*πόs) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδάν and Ποτειδάν, άνος, δ, Dor. for Ποσειδών. Ποσειδάνιος and -αόνιος, a, ov, Dor. for Ποσειδώνιος.

Ποσείδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσείδειος, α, ον, = Ποσειδώνιος.

Ποσειδεών, ωνος, δ, Poseideon, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδών, ώνος, ό: acc. Ποσειδώ: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδάων [ā], άωνος, acc. άωνα, voc. Ποσείδαον: Dor. Ποτειδάν or Ποτιδάν, ανος: Ion. Ποσειδέων, ωνος: - Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sca.

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Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, sacred to Neptune: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ίερά), the festival of Neptune.

ΠΟ ΣΘΗ, ή, membrum virile.

 $\pi 6 \sigma \theta \omega v$ ,  $\omega v \circ s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \delta \sigma \theta \eta)$  a little boy.

ποσί, dat. pl. of πούs: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσιε.

Ποσίδήιον, τό, Ιοπ. for Ποσείδειον.

Ποσίδήιος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσείδειος, sacred to Poseidon or Neptune.

ΠΟ ΣΓΣ, δ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Εp. πόσει, voc. πόσιε or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσειε, Ep. acc. πόσιαε:busband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνήρ, πόσις was a lawful busband, avhp a paramour.

πόσίε, ιοε Att.  $\epsilon \omega$ ε, ή, (πίνω) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout; παρά την πόσιν, Lat.

inter pocula, over their cups.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. οσοs and demonstr. τόσοs: -bow great? bow much? of what value? Lat. quantus? II. ποσό**ς**, ή, όν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. aliquantus: ἐπὶ ποσόν to a certain degree.

ποσσ-ημαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ημαρ) in bow many days?

within how many days?

ποσσί or -ίν, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of πούε.

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) beaten by the foot in dancing.

πόσσις, εως, δ, poet. for πόσις, a busband.

ποσταίοs, a, ov, (πύστοs) in how many days? on wbich day?

πόστος, η, ον, (πόσος) which of a number? Lat. quotus? πόστον δη έτος έστιν ὅτε ; bow many years II. bow small? Lat. quantulus. is it since ? πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρός, only before the Article, as  $\pi \partial \tau \tau \hat{\omega}$ ,  $\pi \partial \tau \tau \delta \nu$ ,  $\pi \partial \tau \tau \delta$ , etc.

 $\pi \acute{o} \tau a$ , Acol. for  $\pi \acute{o} \tau \epsilon$ .

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of προσάγω. ποτ-αείσομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαείδω.

 $\pi \circ \tau$ -alvios, a, ov, also os, ov,  $(\pi \circ \tau i = \pi \rho \circ s, a I v \circ s)$ like πρόσφατος, newly told of, fresh, new, Lat. recens:

metaph. unwonted, unheard-of.

ποτάμειος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , = ποτάμιος.  $[\check{\alpha}]$ 

ποταμείψατο, Dor. and poet. for προσημείψατο, 3 sing, aor. I med. of προσαμείβω.

ποταμέλξομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of

προσαμέλγω.

ποτάμηδόν, Adv. (ποταμός) like a river.

ποτάμήιος, η, ον, Ion. and poet. for ποτάμειος.

ποτάμηίς, ίδοε, poet. fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποτάμ-ήρῦτος, ον, (ποταμός, ἀρύτω) drawn from a stream or in streams.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ποταμός) of or from a river, on a river.

ποταμόνδε, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποταμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) a river, II. personified, Ποταμός, δ, a river-god. ποτάμο-φόρητος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) carried away by a river.

ποτάνός, ά, όν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, winged,

flying, furnished with wings.

ποτάομαι, poet. for πέτομαι, to fly: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήθην Dor. -άθην: pf πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτή αται: 3 sing plaps. πεπότητο: -to be upon the wing, bover, flit about.

ποτάπός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , = ποδαπός. Adv. -πω̂ς.

ποτ-αυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω.

ποτ-αφος, α, ον, Dor. for προσηφος.

πότε Ion κότε, (\*ποs) interrog. Particle, when? at what time? II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, at some time, at any time, once, erst. In answering clauses. ποτὲ μέν.., ποτὲ δέ.., at one time.., at another ; sometimes . sometimes; Lat. modo . . modo . : - in questions it strengthens the interrogation, ti more; Ep. τίπτε; how ever ? how possibly?

Ποτειδάν, ανος, Dor. for Ποσειδών.

ποτεμάξατο, Dor. for προσεμάξατο, 3 sing aor. I med. of προσμάσσω.

ποτέσμαι, Ερ. for ποτάσμαι, to fly.

ποτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of πίνω, to be drunk, drink-II. ποτέον, neut. one must drink.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω.

πότερος, α, ον Ion. κότερος, η, ον, (\*πος, επερος) whether or which of the two? Lat. uter? neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog, sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον . , ή ..; like Lat. utrum an ? whether , or . ? II. without interrog., like ὁπότερος, either of the two, Lat. alteruter. ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) on whether of the two ? on which of two sides? at which of two sıdes

places?

ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, in which of two ways? Lat, utro modo?

ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) to whether of two sides? to which of two places?

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

ποτή, ή, (ποτάομαι) flight.

πότημα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτ-ημεν, Dor. for προσείναι, inf. of πρόσειμι.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτώμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ή, όν, ν. ποτανός.

ποτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinkingcup, wine-cup.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ΠΟ- Root of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ ) drink.

πότης, ου, δ, fem. πότις, ιδος, (ΠΟ- Root of  $\pi$ ίνω) a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., πότης λύχνος a tippling lamp: Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτη α bard drinker.

ποτητός, ή, όν, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged; ποτητά, rá, fowls, birds.

ποτί, Dor. for πρόs.

ποτ-ζάπτω, ποτζ-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσ« βάλλω.

ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ίδειν, Dor. for προσιδείν.

ποτζ-δέρκομαι, –δεύομαι, –δόρπιος, Dor. for προσδ–. ποτι-ειλέω, Dor. for προσειλέω

 $\pi \circ \tau (\zeta \omega, f. i\sigma \omega)$  Att.  $i\omega, (\pi \circ \tau \circ s)$  to give to drink: to

ποτίθει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι. ποτικέκλιται, Dor. for προσκέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίνω.

ποτιλέξατο, Dor. for προσελέξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of  $\pi \rho o \sigma \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ .

πότιμος, ον, (ΠΟ- Root of  $\pi$ ίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh, opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant. ποτι-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.

ποτίπεπτηυία, Ep pf part, fem. of προσπτήσσω. οf προσπίπτω.

ποτι-πτύσσω, Dor. for προσπτύσσω.

ποτίσδω, Dor. for ποτίζω.

ποτι-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτίστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης. ποτί-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτι-τρόπαιος, ον, Dor. for προστρόπαιος.

ποτι-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις. πότμος, δ, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny, death.

**πότνα, ή,** Ep. for πότνια.

πότνια, ή, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρών queen of wild beasts: - as Adj. revered, august, awful: —only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνιαι is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτνιάδες, al, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith, of the Bacchanals, 2. also as pl. to πότνια,

awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτνιάομαι, Dep. to call out πότνια, πότνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.

ποτ-όδδω, Lacon. for προσόζω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ - Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σῖτα καὶ ποτά meat and drink. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτ-οπτάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπτάζω.

**ποτός**, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (v. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, δ, (ΠΟ - Root of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ ) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.

ποτ-όσδω, Dor. for προσόζω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. for πρός τό, πρός τόν, πρός τοῦ, πρός τούς, πρός τήν, etc. ποτ-φκει, Dor. for προσ-εφκει.

που; Ion. κου; interrog. Adv.: (\*πόs) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., που γης; που χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? in what manner? II. πού as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.

πουλύ-βότειρα, ή, Ion. for πολυβότειρα. πουλυ-παθής, ές, Ion. for πολυπαθής.

πουλυ-πλάνητος, ον, Ιοπ. for πολυπλάνητος. πουλυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πουλύ-πους, πουλύπος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος. πουλύs, neut. πουλύ, Εp. for πολύs, πολύ.

 $\PiO\Upsilon'\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , gen.  $\pi \circ \delta \circ s$ : dat. pl.  $\pi \circ \sigma \circ i$ . Ep.  $\pi \circ \sigma \sigma \circ i$ , πόδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοιιν:-Lat. PES. a foot: in plur, also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλινος πούς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πὺξ . . ήδὲ πόδεσσιν in boxing and in the foot-race; ποσίν ερίζειν to race on foot: but, ès πόδαs èκ κεφαλη̂s from head 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδοs or ποδών, προπάροιθε ποδών just before one's feet, i.e. before one; — so also, έν ποσί, παρά ποδός, πρό ποδός. παρά ποδί, close before or beside one; παρά ποδύ» straightway, at once: hence, The ev moot and The mod ποδών what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure: - κατά πόδαs with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ή κατά πόδας ήμέρα the very next, following day: - ωs ποδων έχει as he is off for feet, 1. e. as quick as he can:—ἔξω τινὸς πόδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it: -- if ένδι ποδός, 1. e. alone, singly; έξ ήσύχου ποδός quietly. II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. ship, πόδεs are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι του ποδόs to slack the sheet; so χαλαν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it III. a foot, as a measure of length. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, ατος, τό: (πράσσω):-tbatwhich has been done, a deed: - generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right of fit to be done, one's business: πρηγμά έστί μοι, c. inf., it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρᾶγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ην μέγιστον πρηγμα Δημοκήδη: παρά βασιλέι Democedes was treated with the great-3. of a battle, an acest consideration by the king. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, tion, affair. II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, the business, job. 2 state-affairs, public business, the circumstances. power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; oi ἐν τοι̂s πράγμασι men in office, ministers. private affairs; αγαθα πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα έχειν to bave trouble about a thing: πράγματα  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon_{\chi} \epsilon_{i\nu} \tau_{i\nu} i$  to cause one trouble.

πραγμάτεία, ή, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a law-suit: in plur. troubles.

πραγμάτεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ-: Dep. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματευσάμην, pass. ἐπρηγματεύθην: pf. pass. πεπραγμάτευμαι: (πράγμα). — to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in band, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat negotiari to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business. II. pf. πεπραγμάτευμαι also in pass. scuse, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγμάτιον, τό, Dim of πράγμα, a petty lawsuit. πραγμάτο-δίφης, ου, ὁ (πράγματα, διφάω) one who bunts up lawsuits, a pettifogger.

πρᾶγοs, εοs, τό, poet. for πρᾶγμα: also = πράγματα, state-affairs.

state-affairs. πραέως, Adv. of πραίς, mildly, gently.

πραθέειν, Εp. for πραθείν, aor. 2 mf. of πέρθω.

πράθείς, aor. I pass. part. of πιπράσκω.

πράθηναι, 201. 1 pass. part. οι πιπράσκω. πράθηναι, 201. 1 pass. inf. οf πιπράσκω

πραντώριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-ball: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ον, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικόs, ή, όν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πράκτωρ, ορος, ό, poèt. for πρακτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker.

11. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer.
2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj, σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερὶ πράκτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνειος or Πράμνιος olvos, δ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramne in the Island of Icaria. πράν, Doric Adv., = πρίν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πράν ποκα a short time ago. [ā]

πρανής, έε, Dor. and Att. for πρηνής.

πράξις, εως Ion. πρήξις, ιος, ή, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατά πρήξιν on business, for purposes of traffic.

2. the progress or result of a business; οῦ τις πρήξις πέλεται γόοιο no good comes of weeping; πρήξις χρησμῶν the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering.

III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition.

IV. the exaction of money or of punishment revenge

πράόνως, Adv. of πράος, formed from obsol. πράων, temperately.

**ΠΡΑΌΣ**, neut. πραον: the fem. in use is πραεία, from πραον (Ion. πρην), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πρῶοι and πραεῖs in nom., πράοιs and πραέσι in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is πραέα, rarely πρᾶα:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. sootbing, taming.—Comp. πραότεροs or πραΰτεροs Ion. πρηύτεροs. Hence

πράδτης, ητος, ή, mildness, meekness, gentleness. ΠΡΑ ΠΓΣ, ίδος, ή, mostly used in pl. πραπίδες, at, = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm: — then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding, 2. like φρένες, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [ $\tilde{t}$ ]

πράσιά, ή, (πράσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot πρασιαί πρασιαί by companies.

πράστμος, ον, (πρᾶσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat venalis.

πρασις, εως Ion. πρησις, ιος, η, (πιπράσκω) α selling, sale.

πράσοκουρον, τό, (πράσον, κείρω) a leek-slice

ΠΡΑ ΣΟΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. forrum. [ă] Πρασσαιος, ό, poet. for πρασαιος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πράσσομες, Dor. for πράσσομεν.

Πρασσοφάγος, δ, Ερ. for Πράσο-φάγος, (πράσον, φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

ΠΡΑ ΣΣΩ Ion. πρήσσω Att. πράττω: fut. πράξω Ion. πρήξω· aor. 1 έπραξα Ion έπρηξα: pf πέπραχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπραγα:— Pass., fut πραχθήσομαι, paullo-post f. πεπράξομαι: aor. 1  $\epsilon \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \pi \rho \alpha \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ :—properly, to pass through, like περάω; άλα πρήσσειν to pass through the sea; δδον πρήσσειν to pass through, finish a journey:-hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work, πράσσειν κλέος to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πράττειν τα ίδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πράττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆε πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol., ίκαν δε πράττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πράττειν Οηβαίοιs τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans. III. to do, practise. Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: csp. εὖ οτ κακῶς πράττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπραγα. 2. εδ and κακώς πράττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards. V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πράττειν τινά τι to do something to one. VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πράττειν τινα άργύριον to exact money from one: metaph, φύνον πράττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πεπραγμένος τον φόρον baving the tribute exacted:-Med., πράξασθαι to exact or extort for oneself. c. acc. pers., πράττειν τινά to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone. utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πράσω, fut. of πιπράσκω.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

πρατήρ Ion. πρητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , (πέ-πραμαι) a seller, dealer.

πρατήριον Ion. πρητήριον,  $τ \delta$ , (πέ-πραμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράτιστος, Dor. for πρώτιστος. [ā]

πρατός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσκω, to be sold.

πράτος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. for  $\pi ρ \hat{\omega} \tau os$ .

πράττω, Att. for πράσσω.

πραύ-γελως Ion. πρηύγ-, ωτος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πραύς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

 $\pi$ ρ $\bar{u}$  $\bar{v}$  $\bar{u}$  $\bar{v}$  
πράθνοις, εως, ή, a softening, appeasing. From πράθνω Ion. πρηθνω [v]: fut. πραθνώ: aor. I ἐπράθνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπράθνθην: pf. πεπράθσμα: (πραθ):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down; of passion, to abate.

πραθ-πάθεια, ή, (πραίs, πάθος) gentleness.

πραθε, πραεία, πραθ, Ion. πρηθε, = πρασε. Hence

πραύτης, ητος, ή, mildness, gentleness.

πράωs, Adv. of πρâos, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕ'MNON, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, beseemingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ή, όν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

 $\Pi PE'\Pi \Omega$ , fut πρέψω: aor. I ἔπρεψα: no pf. is found:—to be clearly seen or beard, be conspicuous to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. to become, beseem, suit; c. dat. pers, Ovard Ovaroloi πρέπει mortal things beseem mortal men. pers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it beseems, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, 2s, τίσασθαι ούτω, ώs ἐκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers , πρέπον ήν δαίμονος του μου τόδε this were well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. το πρέπον, του πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, εs, (πρέπω, είδος) fitting, becoming, suit-

able, proper.

πρέσβά, ηs, η, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυs, the august, bonoured.

πρεσβεία, ή, (πρεσβείω) age, seniority; κατά πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dignity. III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassage, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβείον, Ion. and Ep. - ήιον, τύ, (πρεσβεύω) a gift of bonour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβεῖος, a,  $o\nu$  Ion. -ήιος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , ( $\pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta v s$ ) venerable.

 $\pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \epsilon \iota \rho a, \dot{\eta}, = \pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta a, \text{ fcm. of } \pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \upsilon s, \text{ the august, } venerated.$ 

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

 $\pi \rho \acute{\epsilon} \sigma β \acute{\epsilon} \upsilon \sigma \iota s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \omega)$  a serving on an embassy, embassage.

πρεσβευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβεύω, f. εύσω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυκ):
—intr. to be older or eldest.

2. to take the place of others, properly, by right of sensority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best.

II trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay bonour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse.

III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ πεπρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβη, ή, Ion. for πρέσβα. πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβείου.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβείος.

πρεσβηίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πρέσβα; πρεσβηίς τιμή the bighest or most valued honour.

πρέσβις, ή, poet, for πρεσβεία, age

πρέσβιστος, η, ον, poet. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ή, seniority of birth. From

πρεσβύ-γενής, ές, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born. ΠΡΕ΄ ΣΒΥΣ, vos and έως, ό, an old man, poet. for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj, come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβιστος.

II. an elder: then, since the elders were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οί, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes.

2. an ambas-

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, bonoured.

πρεσβυτέριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, bigher, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιείσθαι ἢ τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst, πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτης  $[\bar{v}]$ , ου, ό, (πρέσβυς) an old man, Lat. senex: fem πρεσβῦτις, ιδος, an old woman. Hence πρεσβῦτικός, ή, όν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρευμένεια, ή, kindliness, graciousness. From πρευ-μενήs, έs, (πρηθε, μένοs) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious. II. propitiating.

πρεών, όνος, δ, = πρών. πρῆγμα, Ion, for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορεών οι πρηγορών, ῶνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθηναι, Ion. for πραθηναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of

πιπράσκω.

ΠΡΗ ΘΩ, f. ήσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: no perf. in use: (see πίμπρημι):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἔπρησεν δ΄ ἀνεμος μέσον Ιστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail.

4. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ηροε, δ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαίνω, (πρήθω) to blow, blow bard.

ΠΡΉΝΗ'Σ Dor. πρανής, έs, gen. έos contr. oûs, Lat. pronus, bent forward, bead-foremost, opp. to υπτιοε.

2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to δρθιος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἐπρηνίχθην:—to throw

beadlong:-Pass. to fall beadlong.

πρήξαι, Ion. for πράξαι, 20r. 1 inf. of πράσσω.

πρηξις, ιος, ή, Ep. and Ion. for πράξις.

πρήσεν, Ep for έπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω. πρήσις, ιος, ή, Ion. for πράσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πράσσω.

πρηστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a burricane.

πρήστις, εως, ή, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of πίμ-πρημ to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρατήριον, a market.

πρηύ-νομος, ον, Ion. for πραίνομος, (πρηύς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [τ]

πρηύνω, Ion. for πραθνω: [v] From

πρηύς, εία, ΰ, Ιοπ. for πράΰς. [ὕ]

πρηϋ-τένων, οντος, δ, (πρηθς, τένων) with tamed neck. [v]

πρηών, ῶνος Ep. ονος,  $\delta$ , = πρών, a jutting rock, foreland, beadland, promontory.

πριαίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ωνέομαι.

πριάμενος, 201. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριαμικός, ή, όν, also fem. Πριαμίς, ίδος, of or for Priam.

Πρίδμος, δ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$  or  $\pi \rho i \nu$ ).

Πρίππίζω Ion. Πριηπίζω, f. ίσω, to be like Priapus. From

**Πρίπτοs** Ion. **Πρίηποs**, δ, *Priāpus*, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ωνέομαι.

πρίασο, imperat. 2 or ωνέομαι.

πρίδτο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμην, 201. 2 of ἀνέομαι. πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, to saw.

Πρίηπος, δ, Ιοπ. for Πρίαπος. [7]

IIPI'N Dor. πράν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. prius: also with the Art., τό πρίν οι τοπρίν, formerly. before that, first, sooner; πρίν δέ κεν οὕτι δεχοίμην beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρίν ποτε once on a time; πολὺ πρίν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρὶν Αἰγεύς (sc. ὁ πρὶν ἀν), ancient Aegeus; ἡ πρὶν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρὶν οὕσα), the day before. II. πρίν is often followed by ἤ, so that πρὶν ἤ is exactly like the Lat. priusquam, before that..., followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Sub), etc.:—instead of ἤ, πρίν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἀνὴρ πρὶν τλαίη, πρὶν λύσασθ' ἐτάρους:—πάρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first πρίν:—but πρίν is also very often used alone for πρίν ἤ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like priusquam.

πρινίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρίνινος, η, ον, (πρίνος) made from the bolm or evergreen oak, Lat. ilignus: mctaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνδρες πρίνινοι bearts of oak.

ΠΡΓΝΟΣ, δ, the bolm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. ilex. II. the scarlet oak.

πρῖν-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(πρῖνοs, \epsilon lδοs)$  like bolm-oak, tough as oak.

πριον-ώδης, εs, (πρίων, είδος) like a saw, jagged. πρισθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίω.

**πρίσις**,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\pi \rho i \omega)$  a sawing.

πριστήρ, ήροs, δ, (πρίω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστήρεs δδύντεs the incisors or front teeth.

πρίστις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πρίω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

 $\pi \rho i \omega$ , =  $\pi \rho i \alpha \sigma \sigma$ , imperat. 2 of  $\omega \nu i \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ .

πρίωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνέομαι.

IPI'Ω, imperat. πρίε: aor. i ἔπρῖσα: pf. πέπρῖκα: Pass., aor. i ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. Il. to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat. stridere or frendere dentibus; esp. with rage: generally, to bite. III. to seize as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. stringere. [i]

 $\pi$ ρίων, ονος,  $\delta$ , ( $\pi$ ρίω) a saw. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]  $\pi$ ρίων, ωνος,  $\delta$ , ( $\pi$ ρίω) a sawyer. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

MPO', before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH GENIT. I. of Place, before, in front of; πρὸ οίκου, πρό δόμων in front of the house, hence out-2. of persons, going before another. in front of, so as to defend; στηναι πρό Τρώων to stand in front of, i.e. in defence of, the Trojans: hence in favour of, for. 4. πρό όδοῦ further on the road, i. e. forwards. II. of Time, before, opp. to μετά c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρό τούτου and πρό τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρό δ τοῦ, for δ πρό τοῦ, the one before the other. III. of Choice, before, sooner or rather than; alpείσθαί τι πρό τινος to choose one thing before another. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; εν προ πολλων one thing in lieu of many. V. of Cause, Lat. prae, for, because of; πρό φόβοιο for fear; πρό τωνδε therefore.

Position: some words may be put between mp6

band.

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θt, as, Ἰλιόθι πρό, οὐρανόθι πρό. πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth.

II. of Time, before, beforeband, sooner.

IN Compos., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in προ-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κινδυνείω.

II. of Time, before, beforeband, earlier, as in προ-αγέλλω.

III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αιρέομαι.

IV. strengthening, as in πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακοε.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελώ, to announce beforeband. προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρό, άγγελος) announcing beforeband: as Subst., προάγγελος, δ, a berald, barbinger.

προάγγελσις, ή, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-άγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ηγόρευσα pf. - ηγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προερώ, προείπον, προείρηκα: - to tell beforeband: c. inf. to tell beforeband that ...: to forewarn. 2. to foretell, pro-II. to tell before others or publicly: to pbesy. publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice. προ-άγω, f. άξω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχα: Pass., aut. 1 προήχθην: pf. πρόηγμαι:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance: - Pass. to advance, increase. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγεία, ή, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγεύω, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ό, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer. προ-ἄγών, ῶνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγών) a freliminary contest. προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f ίσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-δίδικέω, f. ήσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-άδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αιδέσμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor 1 pass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προηδέατο for -ηντο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αιρέομαι, v. sub προαιρέω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ή, (προαιρέομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; έκ προαιρέσεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατά προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αιρετέον, verb. Adj. of προαιρέομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαιρετικός, ή, όν, (προαιρέομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαιρετός, ή, όν, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αιρέω, î. ησω: 201. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first.

1. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly.

1. Πασομα: 201. 2 προειλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρημα: —to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another.

2. absol to choose deliberately, prefer.

3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αισθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. - αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 - ησθόμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι: -- to perceive, learn or observe beforeband. 2 to learn before. προ-αιτιάομαι, f. - άσομαι, Dep. to accuse before-

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin beforeband:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. –ακούσομαι: pf. –ακήκοα:—to bear beforeband.

προ-αλής, ές, (πρό, άλλομαι) springing forward: overbanging, abrupt.

προ-αλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med (in pass. sense) - αλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf act. - εάλων, -εάλωκα:—to be taken or convicted beforeband.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. - ἄμαρτήσομαι pf. - ημάρτηκα: - to fail or sin before.

προ-αμύνομαι, f. -αμυνούμαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforeband: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἄνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to remove before.

προ-αναισιμόω, f. ώσω, to use up, spend before — Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προαναισιμωμένοs for προανησιμωμένοs), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανακινέω, f. ήσω, to stir up before.

mpo-avāλloκω, fut. -avāλωσω: aor. I -aváλωσα: -to use up, spend, consume before: -Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάζω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforeband. προ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ή, a former departure.

προ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to bold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἄνύτω [v] and -ανύω: f. -ανύσω [v]:-to accomplish or complete first.

προ-απάγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforeband. προ-απαλλάσσω Att. - ττω, f. ξω, to remove beforeband:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-απαντάω, f. ήσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforeband, be beforehand with.

προ-άπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απείπον, 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προαγορείω): pf. προαπείρηκα: Med, 2 or. 1 προαπείπάμην: —to renounce first.

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past.
go before, hence to be before, be superior other.

II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, 2 or.

προαπελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f.  $-\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ : Dep.:—to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass.:—to be bated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first. προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανούμαι, to die before or first:

of a coward, to die beforeband.

προ-αποθρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail beforeband. προ-αποκληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign away beforeband. προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill beforeband. προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforeband.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforeband. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμ, to destroy first:—Pass, with fut. med. -ολοῦμαι, pf. 2 act - όλωλα, to perish first. προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or dis-

προ-αποστάληναι, aor 2 inf. pass. of

προ-αποστέλλω, f. –αποστελῶ, to send away or despatch in advance:—Pass. to be sent in advance. προ-αποσφάζω, f. εω, to slay or butcher before

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforehand:— Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing. προ-αποχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάζω, f. άξω and άσομαι, to snatch up first. προ-άστειον Ion. - hιον, τό, (πρό, άστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. pomoerium.

προ-άστιον, τό, = προάστειον.

προ-αυδάω, inf. πρωυδάν, contr. for προαυδάν, f. ήσω, to declare before or first.

**προ-αύλιον**, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch.

II. (πρό, αὐλόs) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ -: f. -ήσομαι: Dep.: —to relate, detail, or explain before.

**προ-αφικνέομαι**, f. -lfoμαι: Dep.:—to arrive or come to first.

**προ-αφίσταμαι**, Pass., fut. med. –αποστήσομαι, 201.
2 and pf. act. –απέστην, –αφέστηκα: — to revolt beforeband.

II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω. προβάδην [ἄ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along:

going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 προέβην contr. προδβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάs: cbaract Ερ. pres. part. προβίβάs, âσα, άν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβίβάν -ῶντοs (as if from προβίβω): to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; ἄστρα προβέβηκε the stars are far gone; προβήναι attle, α πόρρω μοχθηρίαs to be far gone in knavery: of Time, to go on, wear away, η νύξ προβαίνει the night is dealer.

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to go before, hence to be before, be superior to another. II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. 1 - έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote. III. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχήιος, δ, Ion. for προβάκχειος, (πρό, βάκ-

χειοs) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ιοιι. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: aor. 2 προύβάλον: pf -βέβληκα, pass -βέβλημαι:—to throw or cast before, throw to: to put forth beyond. Il to throw forward, throw away. III. to expose or give up to a thing; προβάλλειν ἐαυτόν to give onesclí up for lost. IV. to put forward, put in the foreground to propose: —also bazard, venture, stake, pledge 2 to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse.

B. Med to throw before one, throw away to throw beyond, beat in throwing : hence, to surpass, III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself. IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. designare: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: to use as an excuse or pretext. V. to bold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. 111 Pass. to stand on guard:—hence also, προβάλ- $\lambda \in \sigma\theta$  as  $\sigma v \mu \mu a \chi i a v$  to put forward the plea of an alliance: so in pf. pass. part, προβεβλημένοs τινόs put before another as a cover or shield;  $\pi \rho \circ \beta \in \beta \lambda \eta$ - $\mu \in vos, \eta, ov, defensive.$ VI. to denounce or accuse of a thing:-Pass to be publicly impeached.

προβάλοιμι [ἄ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω. προβάς, ασα, άν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βασανίζω, f. ίσω, to try or torture before

πρόβἄσις, ή, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. a a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβάτεία, ή, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβάτευτικόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}v$ , suited to the breeding of cattle:  $\dot{\eta}$  -κ $\dot{\eta}$  (sub.  $\tau$ έχν $\eta$ ), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. pecuaria. From

 $\pi$ ρο**βἄτ**εύω, f. σω, ( $\pi$ ρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβάτικός, ή, όν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep: ή προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep: προβατίου βίος the life of a poor sheep, i. e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβάτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle: metaph. a good judge of character.

 $\pi\rho\delta\beta\delta\tau$ ov,  $\tau\delta$ , ( $\pi\rho\circ\beta\alpha$ iνω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur.  $\pi\rho\delta\beta\alpha\tau\alpha$ , animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβάτο-πώλη**s**, ου, ό, (πρύβατον, πωλέω) a sheep-

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω. προβέβληκα, pf. of προβάλλω.

προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλομαι.

πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward. προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίνω.

προβιάζομαι, f. - άσομαι: Dep.: — to obtain by force, force through before.

προ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.

προβιβάs, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.

προβιβών, ωντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one. πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts

προρλημα, ατος, το, (προβαλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντον a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen, πρόβλημα πετρῶν a defence against, a shelter from, stones.

III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.

προβλής, ητος, ό, ή, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting: —προβλητες absol. as Subst., forelands, beadlands.

πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.

προ-βλώσκω, 20τ. 2 προύμολον, inf. προμολείν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the bouse.

προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to sbout before, cry out. προβόλαιος, ου, δ, (προβάλλω) a spear beld out before one. 2. as Adj outstretched, couched.

προβολή, ή, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the first II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἰ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.

προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon beld out for attack or defence, a boar-spear.

πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.

**πρό-βοσκος,** δ,  $(\pi\rho\delta, \beta\delta\sigma\kappa\omega)$  one who drives the berd to pasture, a berdsman.

προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.

προβουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.

προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first.

2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree.

3. to act as πρόβουλος.

II. to bave the chief voice in passing decrees.

III. προβουλεύειν τινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ή, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice prepense.

προ-βούλομαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense:

Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.

προβουλόσπαις -παιδος ή (πρόβουλος παίς):—προρ-

προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ή, (πρόβουλος, παῖς) : --προβουλόπαις 'Ατης, = πρόβουλος παῖς 'Ατης the crafty child of Ate.

πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforeband or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, oi, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.

προ-βύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to push forwards; πρ.  $\lambda \dot{v}$ χνον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.

σ ράνο αρ της wick of a famp, το τετή προ-βωθέω, Ιοπ. for προβοηθέω.

προ-βώμιος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at ot in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.

προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.

προ-γάστωρ, opos, δ, (πρό, γαστήρ) baving a paunch in front, pot-bellied.

προ-γένειος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin. προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:— Comp. προγενέστερος, a, ov, earlier in birth, elder, older — Sup προγενέστατος, η, ov, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.

προ-γεννήτωρ, οροs, δ, a forefather, ancestor.

προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [i]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προὐγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγεγένημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, bappen, come to pass before or earlier; ol προγεγονότε**s** men of former times; τὰ προγεγενημένα things that occurred of old.

προ-γιγνώσκω, Ion and later προγίν -: f. --γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι: -- to know, perceive, learn or understand beforeband: to foreknow. II. to judge or decide beforeband.

πρόγνωσις, ή, (προγιγνώσκω) a ferceiving beforeband, foreknowledge.

πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older —as Subst., πρόγονος,  $\delta$ , an ancestor; οι πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors.

II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασσαι.

πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.

προγράφή, ή, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement.

2. also used for the Lat. proscriptio.

προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice.

2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.

προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforeband.

προδαείs, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root \*δάω: see προδαθναι.

προδαήναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of προυδάην with act. signf., from the root \*δάω, to know beforeband.

προδίδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δείδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforeband.

προ-δείελος, ον, (πρό, δείελος) bappening or doing

before evening.

προ-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to shew beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foreshew. II. to point before one; σκήπτρφ προδεικνύναι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one. III. χεροί προδεικνύναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. praeludere: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δειμαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέκτωρ, opos, δ, Ion. for προδείκτωρ, (προδείκνυμ) one who foreshews: a foreshewer.

κνυμι) one who foreshews: a foreshewer. προ-δέρκομαι, f -ξομαι, Dep. to see beforeband.

πρό-δηλος, ον, (πρό, δήλος) clear beforeband; ἐκ προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλόω, f. ώσω, to make clear beforehand.

προ-διαβαίνω, f.  $-\beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \eta \kappa a := to$  go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βἄλῶ, to raise prejudices against

beforeband.

προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand.

II. to resolve or decree beforehand.

προ-διαιτάω, f. ήσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησις, ή, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med with 201. I pass. -διελέχθην: -to speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforeband.  $[\bar{v}]$  προ-διαφθείρω, f.  $-\phi\theta\epsilon\rho\bar{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon\phi\theta\epsilon\rho\alpha$ : pf act.  $-\epsilon\phi\theta\alpha\rho\kappa$ , pass.  $-\epsilon\phi\theta\alpha\rho\kappa\alpha$  :—to ruin or destroy beforeband: to corrupt or seduce beforeband.

προ-δίδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach beforehand: to teach

thoroughly: -Pass. to learn beforehand.

προ-δίδωμι, f.-δώσω: pf. act.-δέδωκα, pass.-δέδομα:
—to give beforehand, pay in advance. II. to give
up to the enemy, betray, Lat. prodo. 2. to forsake,
abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάριε προ
δοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving
traitor. 3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to
fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. deficere. 4. to
give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out first place.

through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ήσω, to discover by searching beforeband. Hence

προδιερευνητής, οῦ, ὁ, one sent out to march beforeband.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι, 201. 2 - ηλθον: Dep.: -to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforeband, premise. Hence

προδιήγησις, ή, a detailing beforeband.

πρό-δίκος, ὁ, (πρό, δίκη) an advocate, defender; an avenger.
2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διοικίω, ſ. ήσω, to regulate, order, manage beforeband.

προ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue further or to a distance. προδοθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι. προ-δοκέω, pf. pass. προδέδογμαι, 3 sing. plqpf, προὐδέδοκτο:—to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προὐδέδοκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκή, ή, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης εν προδοκήσιν in the lurking holes of the rock.

 $\pi \rho \acute{o}$ -δομος,  $\acute{o}$ , the fore-bouse, i. e. the room entered from the court  $(α \mathring{v} λ \acute{\eta})$ , the ball, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, ov, being before the bouse.

προ-δοξάζω, f. άσω, to form an opinion beforehand. προδοσία Ion. -ίη, ή, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

**πρόδοσις**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προδίδωμι) payment beforehand. II.

a giving up, betrayal.

προδότης, ου, ό, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ιδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ή, όν, disposed to betray, traitorous. πρόδοτος, ον, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλοs, ov, serving for a slave.

προδοῦναι, προδούs, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

**προδράμειν, προδράμών**, aor. 2 inf. and part. of **προτρέχω**, formed from obsol. \* $\delta \rho \dot{\epsilon} \mu \omega$ .

προδρομή, ή, (προδραμείν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, ον, (προδραμεῖν) running before, speeding forward.

II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἰ, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστύχέω, f. ήσω, to be unbappy beforeband. προέδραμον, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμεῖν.

προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδροs) to be president; προεδρεύειν της βουλής to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -(η, η, (προεδρείω) the seat or dignity of president <math>(πρόεδροs), the first seat, presidency. 2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, ον, (πρό, ἔδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, δ, a president: in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called; see πρύτανις.

προ-εέργω, Ep. for προείργω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προέηκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-εθίζω, f.  $l\sigma\omega$ , to accustom or inure beforehand. προ-είδον, 20τ. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προϊδών, inf. προϊδεΐν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide against.

προειλόμην, 20τ. 2 med. of προαιρέω. πρό-ειμι, (πρό,  $\epsilon$ Τμι ibo) serving in Att. as fut. of

ύντος τοῦ χρύνου as time went on: to go first, go front:—Pass. to go out first. [a] in advance. 2. to go fortb. 3. προϊέναι είς τι to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορείω being used instead), inf. προειπείν, part. προειπών:-II. to order or to foretell, say before: to premise. bid beforeband, proclaim. III, to proclaim publicly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προείρηκα, see προερέω.

προ-εισάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ξω:-to bring in, introduce before: - Med. to bring in for one's own use before, import before.

προεισενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρω. προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before. προεισοίσω, fut. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.

προ-εισφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence προεισφορά, ή, money advanced to pay the propertytax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rusb

bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforeband.

 $\pi \rho o - \epsilon \kappa \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon \kappa \lambda \epsilon \epsilon \omega$ : pf. pass.  $-\epsilon \epsilon \epsilon \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ :—to collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξειλεγμένα taxes collected in advance.

**προ-εκπέμπω**, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to send out beforehand. προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforeband. προ-εκπλήσσω, f. fw, to terrify beforeband.

προ-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to work out or finish before. προ-εκφοβέω, f. ήσω, to terrify before. Hence

προεκφόβησις, ή, a previous panic.

προέλασις, ή, a going or riding forward. From προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελήλακα, pass. -ελήλαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub. ίππον), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride before one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ών πρόσω τη̂s νυκτὸς προελήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the night was far advanced.

προελθείν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-

€ρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ίσω, to hope before.

προελών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.

προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships, to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι, aor. 2 inf. of προίημι. προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προίημι.

προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -foμαι, Dep. to begin before. προενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προύννέπω, to announce before or publicly.

προ-ενοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in before. Hence προενοίκησις, ή, a dwelling before in a place. προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to announce beforeband. προ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to bring out beforeband or first:

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προΐ- to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in

προ-εξαίσσω Att.-ασσω, f. ξω:-to dart out before. προ-εξαμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. 2 or. 2 - ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, piqpf. -ανεστήκειν:-to rise and go out before; προεξανίστασθαι ές τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise before others and march against the barbarians: in a race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon. προ-εξέδρα Ion. -η, ή, a raised seat, chair of state.  $\pi \rho o$ -έξειμι,  $(\pi \rho \acute{o}, \acute{e} \acute{e}, \acute{e} \acute{l} \mu \iota b o)$  to go out before, to

sally forth before.

 $\pi \rho o - \epsilon \xi \epsilon \pi i \sigma \tau \ddot{a} \mu a \iota contr. \pi \rho o \dot{\iota} \xi - \iota fut. med. - \epsilon \pi \iota$ στήσομαι, nor. 1 pass. προύξεπιστήθην: Dep.:— to know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερεύναω contr. προύξ-, to investigate or search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προύξ-, οῦ, ὁ, an explorer sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι, aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ : pf.  $-\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \hat{\eta}$ λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before. προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προύξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-

προ-εξορμάω, f. ήσω, to set out or start beforeband.  $\pi \rho o - \epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $\epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to announce before :— Med. to promise before.

προ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise beforeband, or in the presence of others.

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against before: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεποίητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforehand. προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass (πρό, ἐπιξενόω) to be received as a guest before, abide in one's bouse first.

προ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. προύπιστήθην: Dep.:-to know or understand beforeband.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ήσω, to undertake or attack before. προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προείργασμαι: Dep.: -to do or work at beforehand: esp. of the ground, to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense, τὰ προειργασμένα former performances; ή προειργασμένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. έσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out before: -- Med, ol προερευνώμενοι inπεis the horse reconnectring in advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερώ, serving as fut. to προείπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from the same root come pf. προ-είρηκα, pass. -είρημαι; aor. I pass. προερρήθην contr. προυρρήθην:--- to fore-II to order beforeband or publicly, give tell. public notice: - pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, foreordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I from

προ-ερύω, f. ύσω [v], to draw on or forward; προερύσαι νηα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομα, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 - ηλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρήγματα ἐε τοῦτο προελθύντα the power of the Persians baving advanced to this height; προεληλυθώς ήλικία, Lat. provectus aetate, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προίημι.

προεστέδτε οι προέστδτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προέστημι.

προεστώς, contr. from προεστηκώς, pf. part. of layer. προέστημι.

προέσχον, 2 of προέχω.

προετέον, verb. Adj. of προτημι, one must throw away, throw up.

**προετικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. άσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforeband, esp. to preach the gospel beforeband.

προ-ευλάβέομαι, fut med. ήσομαι, aor I pass. προευλάβήθην: Dep.:—to take beed, be cautious beforehand.

προέφθασα, 20τ. 1 οf προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέξω:—to bold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προύχομαι, impf. προύχόμην, to bold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or bold out as a pretext. 2. to bold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to 4. to bave before bave before or in preference to. or first: hence to know beforehand. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, bave the start; ἡμέρης ὁδφ προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march abead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; of προύχοντες the chief men. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., ου τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγεμών, όνοι, δ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ηροε, and προηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who goes before to shew the way.

**προηγορέω**, f. ήσω, (προήγοροs) to speak for others. **προ-ήγοροs**, δ, (πρό, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-ήκης, εε, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ξω, to have gone before, to be the first: προθύραια the space before a door.

to bave advanced. II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγω.

 $\pi \rho o - \theta d \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{\delta}, \theta d \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\imath} \nu)$  growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

**προθείς**, είσα, έν, part. aor. 2 of προτίθημι.

προ-θέλυμνος, ον, (πρό, θέλυμνον) by the roots; προθελύμνους ξλκετο χαίτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμνα χαμαὶ βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθελύμνο φράξαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact;— θέλυμνα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμνος means, with layer upon layer.

πρόθεσις, ἡ, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting fortb; ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting fortb, i e. the shew-bread.

II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσμιος, α, ον, (πρό, θεσμός) laud down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσμία (sub ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ίσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέεσκον: pf. -θεύσομαι:—
to run before. 2. to run forward or fortb. II.
c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίθημι, to put forward, permit; τοῦνεκά οἱ προθέουσιν ὁνείδεα μυθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θἄνοῦμαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθορών, aor. 2 part. of προθρώσκω.

προθρυλέω, f. ήσω, to bruit abroad beforeband.

προ-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προύθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ή, a storm the harbinger of another. πρόθυμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory of preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέσμαι, Att. impf. προύθυμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμήθήσομαι: aor. 1 προύθυμήθην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθῦμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly. προθῦμία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (πρόθυμοs) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάση προθυμία with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, ον, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for. II. bearing good will, wisbing well to one, well-disposed. III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύραιος [τ], ον, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύραια the space before a door.

πρό-θυρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προθώμαι, aor 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.

 $\pi \rho o \hat{\mathbf{t}}$ ,  $A d \mathbf{v}$ .  $(\pi \rho \acute{o}) = \pi \rho \omega l$ .

προ-ϊάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. to send before.

προ-ϊάπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 προίωψα:—to send forward, send before the time.

προϊδών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προείδον. προΐειν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προίημι.

προϊείς, είσα, έν, pres. part. of προίημι.

προίζω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before,

take the first seat.

προ-ίημι, 3 sing. προίει and opt. προίοι (as if from  $\pi \rho o - i \omega$ ): Att. impf.  $\pi \rho o i \epsilon_i \nu$ ,  $\epsilon_i s$ ,  $\epsilon_i$ : fut.  $\pi \rho o \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. 1 προηκα Εp. προέηκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. πρόεσαν, imper. πρόες, προέτω, inf. προέμεν, Ep for προείναι: -Med., aor. 2 προηκάμην: aor. 2 opt. προείμην or προοίμην:--Pass., pf. προείμαι: plqpf. προείμην:---to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. fall, let slip; έπος προέηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αίετω προέηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προέηκεν οθρον άηναι he sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, burl, dis-4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote cbarge. oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προέσθαι to throw words away: also 3 to give over to one. to let go, let slip. 5. to allow or suffer to drive forward, force on. III. Pass. to be thrown a person to do a thing. away, be neglected.

προίητι, Dor. for προίησι.

προικα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προίξ. προίκτης, ov, δ, (προίξ) one who asks for a free gift,

a beggar.

προίξ Att. προίξ, ή, gen. προικός, dat. προικί, acc. προίκα: - a gift, present; προικός γεύεσθαι to enjoy a free gift: -hence gen. προικόs is used as Adv. freely, without return, Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προικα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

**ΠΡΟΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ**: f. προίξομαι Att. προίξομαι:

Dep.:-to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ΐστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. I προύστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας; aor. 2 προύστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προύστάθην, part. προσταθείς, είσα, έν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστέατε, part. προεστηκώs Ion. προεστεώς οι προεστώς. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front. so also in Med. προίσταμαι, 201. 1 προεστησάμην, to l oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τε] παρη-

2. the | put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act.: -to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the bead of, be the chief; προστήναι φόνου to be the author of slaughter: οἱ προεστῶτες Ion. -εῶτες, the leading men, chiefs: -hence to manage, regulate, govern. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

> $\pi \rho o - t \sigma \chi \omega$ , =  $\pi \rho o \epsilon \chi \omega$ , to hold before, hold out. Med. προίσχομαι, to bold out before oneself, stretch 2. to put forward, propose, offer.

put forward, allege, plead.

προϊών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πρόειμι (εζμι

 $\pi \rho o$ -tωξις,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{l}\dot{\omega} \kappa \omega = \delta \iota \dot{\omega} \kappa \omega)$  a driving before or onwards, opp to παλίωξις.

πρόκα or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. -καθευδήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάτημαι, properly perf. of προκαθέζομαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσοῦτο πρὸ τῆς ἄλλης Ἑλλάδος προκάτησθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίζω Ιοη. προ-κατίζω, f. ίσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι .— to sit down before or in front. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down beforeband: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f -καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act, aor. 2 -κατέστην; pf. -καθέστηκα; plqpf. -εστήκειν:—to be set or posted before.

προ-καθοράω, f. -κατύψομαι, to view or examine beforeband.

προ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κακοπαθέω, f ήσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κακοs, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, 2. to invite beforeband. II. Lat. provoco. III. to call up or c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. forth, rouse.

προ-καλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-κάλινδέω, to make roll forward or in front:-Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, aros, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph, a screen or blind.

προ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to bang before as a covering: -Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen thos putting no veil over her face. over, veil.

II. to cover

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοθμαι: aor. 2 προϋκαμον: pf. -κέκμηκα:-to work or toil before. II. to work III. to grow weary, faint too for another.

IV. to bave a previous illness: to be dis-

tressed beforeband.

προκαμών, οθσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of προκάμνω. προ-κάρηνος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνον) bead-foremost.

προκάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforeband. προ-κατάγέτις, ιδος, ή, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγιγνώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. -έγνωκα:--to vote against beforeband, condemn by a prejudgement: πρ. φύνον Tivos to give a verdiet of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudge against one that ...

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before.

προ-καταθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforeband. προ-κατακαίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.

προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before. προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:-to seize upon or occupy beforehand: to take possession of before an-

other: metaph. to prevent, anticipate. προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforehand.

προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforeband:-Med. to adjust or compose beforeband: προκαταλύεσθαι την έχθρην to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforeband. προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before; προκαταφεύγειν έε τύπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforehand.

προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforeband. προ-κατέχω, 20 τ. 2 -κατέσχον: -to gain possession of or occupy beforeband, preoccupy: -Med. to bold before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforeband. προκατηγορία, ή, previous accusation.

προ-κάτημαι, Ion. for προκάθημαι. προ-κατίζω. Ion. for προκαθίζω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

πρό-κειμαι, impf. προυκείμην, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:-used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, II. to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρόκειται περί σωτηρίαs the question is concerning safety; αεθλος προκείμενος a task proposed; το προκείμενον πρηγμα the matter in debate. III. to lie before one, lie exposed; to lie dead, & mpokeluevos the corpse. IV. to be held out, set forth.

προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, δ. (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.

προ-κενόω, f. ώσω, to empty beforehand.

προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for. προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.

προ-κηρθκεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Med. to bave proclaimed by berald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by berald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move forward: to urge on:-Pass, with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep beforeband or openly. II. trans, to bewail beforeband.

προκληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησις, gen. τως Ιοη. ιος, ή, (προκαλέω) α calling forth:—a challenging to combat, εκ προκλήσιοs in pursuance of a challenge. tation, proposal. III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλϊνω, to lean forward.

πρόκλυτος, ον, beard formerly: legendary. From προ-κλύω, to bear or learn beforeband.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. ίσω, to bring forward. II. to carry on before :- Pass. to be carried away.

 $\pi$ ρο-κόμιον,  $\tau$ ό,  $(\pi$ ρό, κόμη) the front bair: the forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ή, progress on a journey. progress, advancement, improvement. From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προύκοπτον: f ψω, to cut away before one, or elear the way in front: hence to forward or promote a work :- Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper. II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

πρόκριμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From προ-κρίνω [I], f. -κρίνω: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before :- Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others. II. to judge beforeband, decide.

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροσσος, η, ον or ος, ον, (πρύ, κροσσαί) with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νέεε πρόκροσσαι έε πόντον έπλ δκτώ ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of a cup, πέριξ αθτοθ γρυπών κεφαλαί πρόκροσσοι ησαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.

προ-κυλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [t]:—to roll forth, set rolling forward: - Pass., προκυλινδείσθαί τινι to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.

προ-κυρόω, f. ώσω, to confirm or ratify before.
προ-κύων, -κυνόs, δ, the star that rises before the
Dog-star, Procyon.

II. one who snarls like a
dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κώμιος, ον, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel: τὸ προκώμιον ὕμνου the prelude of a hymn.

**πρό-κωποs**, ον, (πρό, κώπη) grasping the bilt, swordin-band. Il pass, grasped by the bilt.

προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforehand.

προ-λάζυμαι, Dep to receive beforehand.

προ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to prate before.

προ-λαμβάνω, f -λήψομα: αor. 2 προύλαβον: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμα: —to take beforeband: to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2 to take before or sooner than another: to take away before. 3. to obtain first, procure. II to outstrip, get the start of; προλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁδοῦ to get a start on the road. 2 to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time: hence to prejudge. III. to repeat from the beginning.

προ-λέγω, f ξω:—pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι:—to pick out or choose before others, prefer. It to say beforeband: to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim: to warn: to profess, declare: to order.

προ-λείπω, f ψω: pf προλέλοιπα:— to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake; μητίς σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee: also to quit beforeband; χώραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post 2 to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband: absol to faint, fall into a suoon.

προ-λεκτικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.

προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προλελεσχήνευμαι: Dep:—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering. προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.

προλιπείν, aor. 2 mf. of προλείπω.

προλιπών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, δ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech: in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus: after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λοχίζω, f. ίσω: pf pass. προλελόχισμαι:—to lay an ambush before:—Pass., al προλελόχισμαι ένέδραι the ambush that had before been laid.

II. to beset with an ambuscade.

προμάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μάλάσσω Att. - ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband. προ-μανθάνω, f. - μάθήσω: αοτ. 2 προυμάθον: — to ascertain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, the right of consulting the oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy. προ-μαντηίη, ή, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εωε Ion. ιοε, δ, ħ, a prophet or prophetess: ἡ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess.

II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [v] προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ή, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

 $\pi$ ρο-μάχ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, =  $\pi$ ρομαχ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ζω.

προμάχεων, ωνος, δ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμάχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχοι) to fight before or in front of: also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι, f -μαχήσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep. .—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van.

II. to fight before or in defence of.

e away before.
3. πρό-μάχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fightII to outstrip, get the ing in front: as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost  $\hat{v}$  to get a start on the fighters, champions.

II. fighting for, τινός.

προ-μελετάω, f ήσω, to practice beforehand.

Προμένεια, ή, name of a prophetess of Dodona.
προ-μεριμνάω, f. ήσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead.

2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια [ā], ή, (προμηθήε) foresight, forethought: consideration.

Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύε) the festival of Prometheus.

Προμήθειοs, a, ov, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθέομαι, fut med -μηθήσομαι: 201. I pass προύμηθηθην: Dep.: (προμηθήε):—to take care beforehand, to provide for: to shew forethought for, Lat. caver: c. 200. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύs, gen έως Ion η̂os, δ, (προμηθη̂s) Promeibeus, Foretbought, son of the Titan Iapetos, brother of Epimeibeus or Aftertbought: inventor of many arts, esp of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἔντεχνον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat foretbought, eaution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμάθης, ές, (πρό, μῆτιε) fore-thinking, cautious, wary: caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ion. -ίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = προμήθεια.

προμηθικόs, ή, όν, (προμηθήs) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κωs, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ύσω [v], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, οροε, ή, (πρύ, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμίγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμίγνυμι.

προ-μίγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband:—Pass, 2 or. 2 inf. προμίγηναι, to bave intercourse with beforeband.

προ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to bire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another: generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit: to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

προ-μνηστίνοι, at, a, one by one, one after the other. | walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμνηστρία and προμνηστρίς, ίδος, ή, (προμνάοuai) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker. πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοιρα) before the destined term,

untimely.

προμολείν, aor 2 mf of προβλώσκω.

προμολή, ή, an approach, vestibule II. in plur the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river. προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλώσκω.

πρόμος, δ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχοs:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

 $\pi \rho o - \mu o \chi \theta \epsilon \omega$ , f  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , to work beforehand.

πρό-ναος or πρό-ναιος, α, ον Ion προ-νήιος, η, ον. (πρύ, ναόs) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a tem-II. Προναία Ιοη. Προνηίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a name of ple. Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. πρόναοs, δ, the ball or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

defence of, TIVÓS.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμώ, to assign beforehand: to hold forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

προ-νεύω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

προ-νήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναιος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ήσω, to gain a victory beforehand. προ-νοέω, f. ήσω, also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ήσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προύνοησάμην, προύνοήθην: -to perceive or observe beforehand. to plan or devise beforehand: to provide.

3. absol. to gen. to provide for, take thought for.

be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

**προνοητικός**, ή, όν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary. things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κω̂s, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοίη, ή, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or knowing beforehand. II. foresight, forethought. forecast; ἐκ προνοίαs with forethought, advisedly. Lat. ex consulto, and of crimes, with malice pre-2. the providence of the gods.

προνομαία, ή, (προνέμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομεία, ή, a foraging, plundering. From προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage. προνομή, ή, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid. πρόνομος, ον, (προνέμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νους, ουν, (πρό, νόος) thinking beforehand, wary: — Comp. προνούστερος.

προ-νωπής, έε, (πρό, ώψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a ball or court.

ΠΡΟΈ, gen. προκός, ή, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάs.

πρό-ξεινος, ό, Ion. for πρόξενος

προξενέω, impf. προυξένουν: f. ήσω. aor. I πρου- $\xi \in \nu \eta \sigma \alpha : (\pi \rho \circ \xi \in \nu \circ s) :$ —to be any one's  $\pi \rho \circ \xi \in \nu \circ s$ , to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2 c. dat. et inf. to contrive for one that : also to advise, give directions. to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ή, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. bospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador

πρό-ξενος Ion πρό-ξεινος, δ. (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένος, i.e a public guest or bost: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that Eévos did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυράω, f. ήσω, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ήσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare before-

προ-οδοιπορέω, f. ήσω, to travel before

**πρό-οδος**, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst, πρόοδοι, oi, a party of soldiers in advance.  $\pi \rho \dot{o}$ -oδos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi \rho \dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{o} \delta \dot{o} \dot{o} s$ ) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προειδέναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf.  $\pi \rho o \dot{\eta} \delta \epsilon \iota \nu$ : fut.  $\pi \rho o \epsilon i \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota$ : (with no pres. in use): to know beforehand. Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:-to make a preamble or prelude:-the pf. πεφροιμίασμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

προ-οίμιον Att. contr. φροίμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμοs)an opening or introduction to a thing; in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. a bymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: Dep.:-to bave gone on before.

προ-όμνυμι and -ύω, to swear before or beforeband: to testify on oath before.

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοράω, one must took beforeband, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόοπτος Att. contr. προύπτος, ον, verb. Adı. of προ-νώπιος, ον. (πρύ, ενώπια) before οι without the | προοράω (as if from \*προύπτομαι), foreseen: manifest.

προοράτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-οράω, f. προύψομα: aor. 2 προείδον: pf. προεόρακα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident.

2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar.

3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προοράομα, to foresee.

2. to look before one.

3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

 $\pi \rho o - o \rho (\zeta \omega, f. \sigma \omega, to mark out beforeband, to predetermine.$ 

προ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to drive forward or onward:— Pass. to rush or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to moor before or in front. προ-οφείλω Att. contr. προύφείλω: f. -οφειλήσω: —to owe beforehand:—Pass. to be due beforehand or before, to remain as a debt.

πρό-οψις, εως, ή, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing. a seeing before one.

προ-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from \*προύπτο-

 $\pi$ ρο- $\pi$ αγήs, έs, ( $\pi$ ρό,  $\pi$ αγ $\hat{\eta}$ ναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθείν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach beforehand.

πρό-πάλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-πἄρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. I Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforeband.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare beforehand:—Pass. to be prepared beforehand.

προ-παρέχω, to supply beforeband: to offer before. προ-πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπάροιθε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροιθε θυράων before the door. II. Adv., I. of Place, in front, forward, before.

2. of Time, before, formerly.

 $\pi \rho \delta - \pi \bar{a} s$ ,  $-\pi \bar{a} \sigma a$ ,  $-\pi \bar{a} \nu$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{o}, \pi \hat{a} s)$  strengthd for  $\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\pi \rho \dot{o} \pi a \nu$   $\hat{\eta} \mu a \rho a l l$  day long;  $\nu \hat{\eta} a s$   $\pi \rho o \pi \dot{a} \sigma a s$  all the ships together: neut.  $\pi \rho \dot{o} \pi a \nu$  as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. –πείσομαι, to suffer before or beforeband: to be ill-treated before.

**προ-πάτωρ**, opos, δ, (πρό, πάτήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather. in plut. προπάτορες, oi, ancestors, forefathers.

 $\pi \rho o - \pi \epsilon i \theta \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to persuade beforeband.

πρό-πειρα, ή, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιείσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforeband: also as Dep. προ-πειράομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. προεπειρά-θην [α], προπεπείραμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I προϋπεμμα:—to send before or beforeband: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμπειν lovs to sboot forth arrows: also to afford, furnish.

II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. III. to pursue. προπεσών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ἄ], to spread out before, προπέτεια, ή, rashness, reckless baste. From

προπετώς, ή, russness, recurses busic.

προπετώς, έs, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. prociduus, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death

II. metaph being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing.

2. precipitate,

προπετωs, Adv. forwards. II. in beadlong

baste.

προπέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass of προφαίνω.

sudden, rash, basty, reckless. Hence

προπεφραδμένος, η, ον, pf. pass part of προφράζω. προ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (πρό, πηλόs):—to cover with mid: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, δ, contunielious treatment.

προ-πίνω [t], impf. προύπινον: f. προπίομαι: aor. 2 προύπιον: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's bealth, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged.

as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν την έλευθερίαν Φιλίππω to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέποται τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state bave been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 προὔπεσον, inf. προπεσεῖν: pf. προπέπτωκα:—to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforeband προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προ-πλέω, f. –πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence πρό-πλοος, ov contr. –πλους, our, sailing before, in front or at the head.

 $\pi \rho o - \pi \lambda \omega \omega$ , Ion. for  $\pi \rho o \pi \lambda \epsilon \omega$ .

προ-ποδηγόs, όν, going before to shew the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω, (πρό, πούs) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

mpo-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do beforeband, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforeband.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to fight before or in front of. προπόλευμα, ατος, τό, service rendered. From προπολεύω, f. σω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest. πρό-πολος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a rower. 2.

wha:—to send before one: an attendant, minister: a rower. 2. ismiss: to send one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a templeto shoot forth lil. as Adj. ministering to a thing, II. to conduct, devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ή, (προπέμπω) a sending on before. II. an attending, escorting, conducting, προ-πομπία, ή, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a

procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπόs, όν, (προπέμπω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπόs χοάs earrying drink-offerings in procession.

II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

προ-πονέω, f. ήσε, to work or take pains beforeband.

II. to labour for or instead of another.

III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i.e. to obtain it.

IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεπονημένα things formerly pursued with zeal.

V. Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.

πρό-πονος, ον, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome Προ-ποντίς, ίδος, ή, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προ-πορεύω, f. σω, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. -πορεύσομαι, and pass. -πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προ-πορίζω, f. ίσω, to provide beforeband:-Pass.

to be provided beforeband.

**πρόποσις, εωε, ή,** (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging.

II. a drink.

προπότης, δ, (προπίνω) one who drinks healths.
πρό-πους, -ποδος, δ, the projecting foot of a mountain.
προ-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω to do before.

II. to exact beforehand.

προ-πρεών, ωνοι, δ, inclining forward: metaph.

forward, ready, willing.

προ-πρηγής, ές, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηγές as Adv., forward. προ-πρό, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπρο-κτλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλίνδομαι, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly east away.

προ-πταίω, f. σω, to stumble before.

προ-πύλαιος [v], ον, (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τά, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρό-πύλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule. προ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: 20τ. 2 προϋπυθόμην: Dep.:--to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain beforeband.

πρό-πυργος, or, before or for towers; θυσίαι πρύπυργοι offerings made for the city.

προ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profluere.

πρόρ-όησις, ή, (πρό, βήσιε) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions or orders. II. a proclamation, public notice.

πρόρ-ρητος, ον, (πρό, βητός) foretold.
proclaimed, commanded.

πρόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρό, ρίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον οτ πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.

IIPO'Σ, Prep with gen., dat., and acc.. with gen implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [ου], contrd. πότ.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of: πρόs Nότου on the side of the South, i.e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαί πρός Αίθιόπων garrisons on the side of, i.e. against, the Ethiopians; "Αβδηρα ίδρυται πρός του Έλλησπόντου, μάλλον ή τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i.e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρόs πατρός on the father's side: also on the part of, at the band of, έχειν τιμήν πρός Ζηνός to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, προs Διόε είσι ξεινοί τε πτωχοί τε strangers and the poor are sent by love. 3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρόε θεων, πρύς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert  $\sigma \dot{\epsilon}$  between the prep. and acc.,  $\pi \rho \dot{\alpha} s$ σε θεων αίτω I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te II. with a passive Verb =  $\dot{\nu}\pi\dot{\delta}$ , as,  $\delta \epsilon$ δάσκεσθαι πρός τινος to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζε- $\sigma\theta\alpha\iota \pi\rho\delta \tau\iota\nu\sigma$  to be dishonoured by onc. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρός τοῦ ἄπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρός δίκης agreeable to justice; πρώς γυναικώς έστι it is like a woman.

With Dat, generally, bard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτί γαίη to dash αροπ carth; πρὸς άλλήλησιν ἔχεσθαι to cling close to each other.

II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils.

III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.

With Accus., it expresses motion, Place, towards, to, upon. πρὸε ἡω sowards the East; κλαίειν πρός οὐρανόν to cry to heaven. tile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρώε τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., 3. without hostile sense, είπειν πρόε τινα to address oneself towards or to one. III. generally, Time, towards, near, bard upon. of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; προδε ταθτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ προδε τον πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ προς τους θεούς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρόε την φήμην at the news; so, 3. in proportion to, in προε τί; to what end? comparison of; πρόε τον πατέρα Κύρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; προς πάντας τους άλλους in comparison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. prae IV. in Att., πρόs with acc. is aliıs omnibus. often put for Adv., as, προ βίαν, προ ανάγκην by force, forcibly; πρόε καιρόν in season; πρόε χάριν  $\tau i \nu i$  to please one;  $\pi \rho \partial s \tau \partial \beta i \alpha i o \nu = \beta i \alpha i \omega s$ .

ABSOL. AS ADV., besides, over and above.

In compos. it implies I motion towards, as II. addition, besides, as in προσin προσάγω. κτάομαι. III. a being by or besides: a remaining beside, as in πρόσ-ειμι (είμί sum).

προ-σάββάτος, ον, (πρό, σάββατον) before the Sabbath: as Subst., προσάββατον. τό, the eve of the Sab-

bath.

 $\pi \rho \circ \sigma - \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $\epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to announce: to denounce. προσαγόρευσις, εως, ή, an addressing. From προσαγορευτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. to be called or

named From

προσ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω: aor. -ηγόρευσα: pf -ηγορεύκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προσερώ, προσείπον, προσείρηκα:—to address, accost. to name, call by name.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma - \dot{\alpha} \gamma \omega$ , f. ξω: aor. 2  $\pi \rho o \sigma \dot{\eta} \gamma \ddot{\alpha} \gamma o \nu$ , rarely aor I. προσήξα: fut. med. in pass. sense προσάξομαι:-to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish. 2. to put to, 3 to bring to, move towards, employ. to bring in, introduce. 5 to lead on, induce. 11. intr. to draw near, approach; πρόσαγε come on! III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's 3. to induce to do 2. to embrace, salute. a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import: hence in Pass., τὰ προσαχθέντα imports. Hence προσάγωγεύς, έως, δ, one who brings to, an introducer.

προσάγωγή, ή, (προσάγω) a bringing to or towards: II. (from the intr. sense of προσάyw) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance. προσαγωγός, όν, (προσάγω) bringing to, attractive,

προσ-άδω, Dor. f. ποτ-αείσομαι:—to sing to; τίν ποταείσομαι, Dor. for σοὶ προσάσομαι, to thee will I 2. προσφδειν τραγφδίαν to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music. II. to barmonise or chime in with, Lat. concinere.

**προσαίξαs**, aor. I part. of προσαίσσω.

προσ-αιρέομαι, Mcd. to choose to oneself, attach to II. to choose or elect in addition to. oneself.

προσ-αίσσω Att. -dσσω, f. ξω, to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over.

προσ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to ask besides: to demand in II. to continue asking, to beg of one: addition. absol. to beg bard. Hence

προσαίτης, ου, δ, a beggar.

προσ-ακοντίζω, f. σω, to shoot like a javelin. προσ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear besides. προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of προσάγω, one must bring to. προσ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to rub or smear upon.

προσ-αλίσκομαι, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast

in a lawsuit besides.

προσ-άλλομαι, f. - αλοῦμαι: 201. I - ηλάμην: Dep.:to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αμείβομαι, Dor. poet. 201. Ι ποταμειψάμην,

to answer. προσ-αμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) ποταμέλξεται will yield milk besides. προσ-αμπέχομαι, (πρόs, dμπέχω), Pass. to be beld fast in a thing.

προσ-ἄμύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to come to aid one.

προσ-αμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. -αμφιώ, to put on over. προσ-αναβαίνω,  $f = \beta \eta \sigma o \mu a \iota$ , to climb up to: of riders, to mount besides. Hence

προσανάβασις poet. προσάμβ-,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a going up to, approach; κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of προσαναβαίνω.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read besides.

προσ-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force or constrain be-2. to bring under command, discipline. to force one to do a thing.

προσ-avayopeύω, to announce besides.

 $\pi$ ροσ-αναγράφω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to write or note down besides. προσ-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to lift up besides: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake besides. an oracle, to give an answer besides.

προσ-αναισζμόω, f. ώσω, to spend or consume besides. προσανάκλιμα, τό, that on which one leans. From προσ-ανακλίνομαι, Pass. to lean on. [7] Hence προσανάκλισις, ή, a leaning or lying on.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι to take up or receive besides. 2. metaph. to recruit or refresb besides.

προσ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to spend or consume besides:—aor. I part. προσανᾶλώσας.

προσ-αναπληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill up by pouring into, fill up the measure of.

προσ-αναρτάω, f. ήσω, to bang up besides or upon. προσ-αναστέλλω, to bold in check besides.

προσ-ανατέλλω poet, προσαντ-, to rise up towards. προσ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω:-to offer or dedicate besides:—Med. to take something additional on oneself: to contribute besides: also II. to confer or consult with.

προσ-ανδραποδίζω, f. ισω Att ιω, to enslave besides. προσ-άνειμι (ἀνά, είμι ιδο), to go up to.

προσ-ανείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (προσαναγορεύω being used instead) to announce, publish or order besides.

προσ-ανής, ές, Dor. for προσηνής.

προσ-άντης, εε, gen. εος, (πρός, άντην) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-bill, Lat. ardu-II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing, painful. III. of persons, adverse, bostile.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to report besides. προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid besides.

προσ-απαιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand besides. προσ-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten besides.

προσ-απείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (προσ-

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce | -- Pass., with aor. 2 act. - απέστην, pf. - αφέστηκα, to besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλω, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides. προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f.  $-\delta \epsilon i \xi \omega$ , to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides. προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενω, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and -ύω: f. -ολέσω:—to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides: -Med., with pf. 2 act. προσαπόλωλα, to perish besides or with others. προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides. προσ-αποστέλλω, f.  $-\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to defraud besides. προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ήσω, to value or estimate besides. προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides: to

return or report in besides.

c. acc. rei.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with 2 to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. Med. προσάπτομαι, to touch, lay hold on, meddle with προσ-αραρίσκω, f. \_άρσω: aor a -ήραρον:--to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-

άρᾶρα Ion. - άρηρα: 3 sing Ep. pf. pass. προσαρήρε-Tai: to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash against. προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσάρήρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαραρίσκω. προσ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, belp, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present,

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω: f. όσω: pf. pass. - ήρμοσμαι: -- to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to fasten or attach to:-Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to προσ-ασσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω

προσ-ἄτιμόω, f. ώσω, to disbonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αυαίνομαι, Pass. (πρόε, αὐαίνω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ήσω: impf. προσηύδων, 3 sing. -ηύδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην:-to speak to, address, accost. **προσ-αύλειος**, ον, (πρόs, αὐλή) near a farm-yard,

προσ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute. προσ-αυξάνω, f. - αυξήσω, to increase besides: --Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away besides:—Med. to take away for oneself besides:-Pass. to bave a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at. προσ-αφίστημι, f. - στήσω, to cause to revolt besides: \ row in addition.

revolt besides.

**προσ-βαίνω**, f.  $-\beta \eta \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : pf.  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \eta \kappa a$ : aor. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβησάμην:—to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near : to come upon, attack.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma$ -βάλλω, fut.  $-\beta \alpha \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda o \nu$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i :$ —to throw to or upon. to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, ἀρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to beart, attend to it: - Med. to throw oneself upon, at-II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assaul: to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάs, ασα, άν, aor. 2 part of προσβαίνω. πρόσβασις, ή, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach,

προσβάτός, ή, όν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass.  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma$ βιασθήναι, to be forced or bard pressed

 $\pi$ ροσ-βζβάζω, f  $-\beta$ ιβάσω Att.  $-\beta$ ιβ $\hat{\omega}$ :—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.

 $\pi \rho \circ \sigma$ -βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

**προσ-βλώσκω**, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 -ϵμολον:—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.

**προσ-βοάω**, f.  $-\beta ο \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota$ , to call to  $\dot{}$  - Med., Ion. aor. Ι προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, f. ήσω, to come to aid, come up with succour: to bring succour of support to.  $\pi \rho o \sigma \beta o \lambda \dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, (\pi \rho o \sigma \beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega)$  a putting to or upon; II. a falling upon, an attack, assault; applying. προσβολή 'Axaiis an attack of the Achaeans. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: 3. of ships, a place to touch at, an approach. barbour.

**πρόσ-γειος**, ον, (πρόs, γέα = γη̂) near the earth: near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ον, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ă], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [τ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγένημαι: Dep.:-to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to, bappen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil; τὰ προσηεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσγυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to: - Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνεισμαι, to bave lent one, bor-

προσ-δαπανάω, f. ήσω, to spend besides. πρόσδεγμα, ατος, τύ, (προσδέχομαι) reception. προσ-δεί, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.

προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.

προσ-δέομαι Dor. poet. ποτι-δεύομαι: f. -δεήσω: aor. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:-to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want.

beg or ask of another: to beg one to do. προσ-δέρκομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρκομαι: fut. med. -δέρ-

ξομαι: aor. I pass.  $-\epsilon\delta\epsilon\rho\chi\theta\eta\nu$ ; and in same sense aor 2 act. - έδρἄκον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:-to look at, bebold.

πρόσθετος, ον, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.

προσ-δεύομαι. poet. for προσδέομαι, Dor ποτιδ -. προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut  $-\delta \dot{\epsilon} \xi o \mu a \iota$ : pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor part. ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.

**προσ-δέω** (A), f.  $-\delta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : pf. pass προσδέδεμαι: to tie, bind, or fasten to or on

προσ-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to need besides

προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.

προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. insinuate besides.

προσ-διαιρέομαι, Dep. to distinguish further προσ-διαλέγομαι, 20r. 1 pass. -διελέχθην, Dep. to converse besides with.

προσ-διαμαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, to testify in addition. προσ-διανέμω, to distribute: — Med. to divide among

προσ-διαπασσάλεύω, to fasten to with nails.

προσ-διαπράσσω, f ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides: -Med. to achieve for one elf besides.

προσ-διαφθείρω, f.  $-\phi\theta\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ : pf  $-\epsilon\phi\theta$ αρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass -εφθάρην [ă]:—to destroy besides :- Pass. to perish besides

προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition. προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate be-

προσ-δικάζω, f. άσω, to award as a judge to a person :- Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.

προσ-διορθόω, f. ώσω, to ordain besides: - Med. to correct oneself besides.

προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.

προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides. προσ-δοκάω Ιοη. -έω: fut. ήσω: 20r. Ι - εδύκησα:

-to expect, look for: to await. προσ-δοκέω, f.  $-\delta \delta \xi \omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \delta \delta \xi \alpha$ :—to seem or be thought besides.

προσδόκητος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected.

προσδοκία, ή, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρθs προσδοκίαν according to expectation.

προσδόκιμος, ον. (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for, on.

or to be expected; έπλ Μίλητον προσδύκιμος expected to come against Miletus.

προσ-δόρπιος Dor. ποτιδόρπιος, ον, (πρός, δόρπον) belonging to or serving for supper.

προσ-δράκειν, aor. 2 mt. of προσδέρκομαι.

προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.

προσ-εάω, f. άσω [ā], to suffer to go further.

προσέβην, αοτ 2 οf προσβαίνω.

προσεβήσετο, Ep. for -ato, 3 sing, and I med of προσβαίνω.

προσ-εγγίζω, f σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.

προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp to add a limiting clause.

προσ-εγγυάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.

προσ-εγχρίω, f ίσω [ī] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.

προσ-εδαφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.

προσεδρεία or -ία, ή, a setting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat assiobsessio. duitas: -esp. a sitting by a sick-bed From

προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρύσεδρος) to sit beside or near, II. to be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly. προσεδρία, ή, = προσεδρεία.

> $\pi \rho \acute{o}\sigma$ -εδρος, ον,  $(\pi \rho \acute{o}s$ , έδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρύσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke.

προσέειπε, Ep. for προσείπε: see προσείπον.

προσέθηκα, aor. Ι οf προστίθημι.

**προσ-εθίζω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , to accustom or inure one to a thing: -Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.

προσ-ειδέναι, -δώs, inf. and part. of πρόσοιδα. προσ-είδον, inf. προσίδειν, part. προσίδών: 201. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med προσιδέσθαι:-to look at or up-II. Pass. προσείδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.

προσείκα, Att. for προσέοικα, q. v.

προσ-εικάζω, f. σω: aor. I -ήκασα:-to male like to, liken to, make to resemble: - Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.

προσ-είκελος, η, ον, also os, ον, somewhat like προσ-ειλέω Dor. προτι-ειλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.

προσείληφα, -είλημμαι, pf. act. and pass of προσλαμβάνω.

προσειλόμην, aor. 2 med of προσαιρέω.

πρόσ-ειλος, ον, (πρός, είλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light,

πρόσ-ειμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ήειν Ion. -ήια Att. - η a: 2 or. 2 part. προσιών: (πρώς, είμι 160):—10 2. in hostile go to or towards: to approach one. 3. to come sense, to go or come against, attack. II. of Time, to come forward to speak. III. to come in; τὰ προσιέντα χρήματα or τὰ προσιόντα alone, the public income, revenue, Lat. reditus.

**πρόσ-ειμι**, inf. προσεῦναι: impf. προσῆν: (πρόε, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absolt to be there, be offered.

προσ-εῖπον, inf. προσειπεῖν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορείω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute.

2. to call so and so: to name.

προσ-εισπράσσω, f. ξω, to exact payment of besides. προ-σείω, f. σω, to bold out and sbake; προσείειν χείρα to sbake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to bold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπύρόω, f. ώσω, to kindle, set on fire besides. προσ-εκτόον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

**προσεκτικός**, ή, όν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσέκυρσα, αοτ. Ι οί προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f. – ελάσω [α], Att. – ελώ: aor. I – ήλάσα: — to drive towards. II. intr., I. (sub. ἵππον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, Lat. adequater. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προυσελέω. προσελθεῖν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of

προσέρχομαι. προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω οτ -ελκύσω [ŭ]: aor I -είλκόση: -to duque to or tomando duque on . Mod. to

หบังล:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

**προσ-εμβαίνω**, f.  $-\epsilon \mu \beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu \alpha i$ : 20τ. 2  $-\epsilon \nu \dot{\epsilon} \beta \eta \nu :$  to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. insultare.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικραίνομαι, Pass., with fut. med. - ανοῦμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερής, és, resembling.

προσ-έναχε, Dor. for προσ-ένηχε, 3 sing impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:— Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχυράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέσμαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:— to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-εννέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c inf. 3. to call by name.

**προσ-εντέλλομαι**, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

mpoo-efaiplouai, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξάμαρτάνω, f. –αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still nore.

προσ-εξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. –ιοῦμαι: Dep.:
—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξείργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. έργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides. προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-έοικα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσείκα, inf. προσείκέναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήιγμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing.

III. to seem fit.

III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ :—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, = προσεμβαίνω. προσ-επεξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

 $\pi$ ροσ-ε $\pi$ ιβάλλω, f. -βάλ $\hat{\omega}$ , to throw upon besides, to add over and above

προσ-επιγράφω [ă], f ψω, to write upon besides. προσ-επίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear bard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. - ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to belp to take bold of a thing: to belp or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιορκέω, f. ήσω, to swear a false oath besides. προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still. προσ-επιπονέω, f. ήσω, to trouble oneself still more. προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

**προσ-επίσταμαι**, fut. med. - επιστήσομαι, 201. 1 pass. - ηπιστήθην: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f.  $-\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : to notify, enjoin, charge besides; esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφράγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι:—Med.:
-to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτέρπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπεύω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνέω, f. ήσω, to say by way of addition. προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσεπτάμην [ἄ], 20r. 2 of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. - άσομαι: pf. - είργασμαι: Dep.: -to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ον, (πρόε, έργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύγομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaph., κύματα προσερεύγεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσερώ, fut. to προσείπον:
—to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

**προσ-έρομαι**, f.  $-\epsilon \rho \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : aor.  $-\eta \rho \dot{\rho} \mu \eta \nu$ , inf.  $-\epsilon \rho \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \theta a \iota$ : Dep.:—to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθέρπω:  $f \psi \omega$ : aor. I προσείρπυσα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; ό προσέρπων χρόνοs the coming time; το πρόσερπον the coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. Ι οί προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, = προσερεύγομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. -ηρχόμην, f. -ελεύσομαι (but the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήειν, πρώσειμι): Dep. with act. aor. 2 - ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: —to come or go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, associate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march against. II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redure. προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides.

προσ-έσπερος Dor. ποθ-έσπερος, ον, verging towards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv.,

towards evening.

προσ-εταιρίζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence

προσεταιριστός, όν, joined with as a comrade, attached to a party.

προσ-έτι, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσευξαι, aor. 1 imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides: be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, η, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From προσ-εύχομαι, f. -foμαι, Dep. to offer prayers or vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφημι.

προσεχής, έs, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bor-

dering upon, close to, next.

ing.

 $\pi$ ροσ-έχω, f. ξω: aor. 2  $\pi$ ροσέσχον: pf.  $\pi$ ροσέσχηκα:—to have besides or in addition. bold to, bring to or near; προσέχειν ναθν to bring a ship to port or to land; and without vaûv, to put in or touch at a place;  $\pi \rho o \sigma \in \chi \in \mathcal{V} + \eta = \gamma \eta$ ,  $\tau \eta = \nu \eta \sigma \varphi = 0$ touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυσί προσ-III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's έγειν. mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum advertere: also without τον νοῦν, to attend, προσέχειν ξαυτώ to give beed to oneself. 2 to devote oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it: **V**. : also to devote oneself to the service of any one. Pass. to be beld fast by a thing: to be implicated in. προσ-εφος, ον, (πρόε, έώε) towards dawn or morn-

προσ-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke or fasten to:— Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, ον, (πρός, ήβη) near manbood. προσήγάγον, 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγοροε) to address kindly: to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, ατοs, τό, the object of an address. προσηγορία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προσηγορίω) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, ον, (πρός, ἀγορεύω) addressing, accosting: αὶ προσήγοροι δρύες the speaking oaks: c. gen., εὐγμάτων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers to Pallas generally, affable. II. pass. addressed, accosted:—as Subst. προσήγορος, ὁ, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδαφίζω.

προσήιξαι, 2 sing pf. pass. of προσέοικα. προσηκάμην, aot. 1 med of προσίημι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres part. of προσήκω, suitably, fitly, becomingly.

προσήκον, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or conveniet.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a place: to be near, be at band. 2. metaph. to belong to. II impers., προσήκει πρόε τινα it concerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is my business. 2. it belongs to, beseems, befits: see προσηκον. III. the Partic. προσήκων, ουσα, ον, is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseeming; and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντες (in full οί προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ προσήκον or τά προσήκοντα that which belongs to one, all that is proper to oneself; την προσήκουσαν σωτηρίαν ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own safety; τα προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's

προσ-ήλιος, ον, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, exposed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, to nail, pin, or effix to. II. to nail up, shut close up.

προσήλύθον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ήλυτος, ον. (προσήλυθον) come to, arrived at:
—as Subst, προσήλυτος, ό, a new comer, stranger,
Lat. advena: hence, one who has come over to Judaism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass. .—to sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προ-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ · αοτ. Ι προεσήμηνα:—to give previous or public intimation: to foretell, announce.

II. to proclaim, publish.

προσήνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, ον, (πρός, ἄνεμος) towards the wind, windward.

προσηνέχθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, έε, (πρόε, είε) soft, gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suitable to. Adv. προσηνώε.

προσήρτημαι, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσανδάω.

προσ-ηφος, ον, (πρός, ἡώε) Ion, for προσεφος, towards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αφον, towards morning. προσ-θακέω, f. ήσω, to sit beside, near or upon. πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.

προσθείναι, προσθείς, 201. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε:  $(\pi \rho \dot{\phi})$ .

As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of in defence of.

II. of Time, before.

of, in defence of.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., είς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front.

II. of Time, before, formerly,

ther, to the front.

11. Of Thirt, defore, formerly, of old: also c. Art., η πρόσθεν ημέρα the day before: also τό πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly.

111. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. potius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ή... to die sooner than

προσθέοιτο, Ion. for προσθείτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of

προστίθημι.

πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεσις, ή, (προστίθημι) a putting to, application.

II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ον, or η, ον, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run towards or to. προσθήκη, ή, (προστίθημι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere accident. II. aid, belp, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθημι) an addition.
προσ-θιγγάνω, f.  $-\theta$ ίξω: 2 προσέθιγον, inf.
προσθιγε $\hat{\nu}$ :—to touch.

 $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \theta \cos$ , a, oν,  $(\pi \rho \delta \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu)$  the foremost; of  $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \theta \cos$   $\pi \delta \delta \epsilon$  the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, ό, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a bouse. προσθού, aor, 2 med. imperat. of προστίθημι.

προσθοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθημι. προσθροέω, f. ήσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ον, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσίδειν, προσίδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσείδον.

προσ-Ψάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near. προσ-ίημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: 201. I προσῆκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let

προσήκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply.

II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admut.

2. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve.

3. to accept, submit to, put up with.

4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c acc. pers. to please one; ξν οὐ προσίεταί με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνέομαι, f. - if ομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσίκτωρ, opos, ό, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. he to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near. II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 - έστην, pf. - έστηκα: — to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2. metaph., προσίσταταί τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to narrate besides.

**προσ-ίσχω**, = προσέχω, to bold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσιτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πρόσειμι (είμι ibo),

III. also approachable.

προσιών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσειμι (εἶμι ibo). προσ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδοῦμαι; aor. 2 -καθεζόμην: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, properly pf. of προσκαθέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with.

II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλκω, aor. I -καθείλκῦσα, to baul down

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cognato, θάκον προσκαθίζειν to sit on a scat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides. προσ-καθοπλίζω, f σω, to arm or equip besides. πρόσ-καιρος, ον, lasting but for a time, transitory. προσ-καίω, f. –καύσομαι, to set on fire besides: — Pass., pf. προσκέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκεύη προσκέκαυμένα potsburnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon: Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an inductment against; in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against..., but commonly without δίκην; προσκαλεῖν τινα ἀνανδρίας (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass, ὁ προσκληθείς the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor ποτι-κ-, ον, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to persevere in a thing. 2. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτέρησις, ή, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. - βήσομαι, to go down to besides. προσ-καταβάλλω, f. - βαλω, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn besides. II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-καταισχύνω, f. ὅνῶ, to disgrace still further. προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides,

προσ-καταριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count besides.

προσ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish ot prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.

προσ-κατασύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to pull down besides. προσ-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to pay down be-

sides, pay as a further deposit.

προσ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.

προσ-κάτημαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.

πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. προσ-κέομαι, f. - κείσομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῆ θύρα προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door.

2. to lie with.

III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένω to put faith in, subscribe to a story: to devote one self to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to.

IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or bard.

V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.

προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.

προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δήσω, to gain besides.

προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.

προσ-κηδής, ές, (πρός, κηδος) attached to, affec-

tionate. II. akin to, allied with.

προσ-κηρύκεύομαι, Dep. to send a berald to one. προσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to summon by berald

προσ-κιγκλίζω, (πρόε, κίγκλοε) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εὖ ποτεκιγκλίσδευ (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσεκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.

προσ-κλάω, f. άσω [α], to shatter or shiver against. προσ-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot :—Pass. to be associated with.

πρόσκλησις, ή, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons. προσ-κλίνω, f. -κλίνω: pf. pass. προσκέκλίμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται: —to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence

πρόσκλίσις, εως, ή, inclination, bias, partiality. προσ-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves · to dash

against, of the waves.

προσ-κνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.

προσ-κοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.

προσ-κοινόω, f. ώσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.

προσ-κολλάω, f. ήσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.

προσ-κομίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.

πρόσκομμα, ατος, τύ, (προσκύπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.

προ-σκοπέω, fut. προσκέψομαι and 201. Ι προύσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σκέπτομαι, which does not occur):
pf. προύσκεμμαι:—to see beforeband, look out for: to
provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II.
to spy or reconnoitre beforeband. Hence

προ-σκοπή, ή, a spying or reconnoitring beforeband.

προσ-κοπή, ή, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.

πρό-σκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.

προσ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ. τον πουν to strike one's foot, i. c. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be anary at.

προσ-κορής, ές, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety,

palling, disgusting.

πρόσ-κρᾶνος, ον, (πρός, κρᾶνον) on or for the head:
—as Subst., πρόσκρᾶνον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.

προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.

προσ-κτάομαι, f. - κτήσομαι: pf - κέκτημαι: Dep.: —to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.

προσ-κυλίω, f. -κυλίσω  $[\bar{\iota}]$ : aor. I -εκύλῖσα:—to roll to or against.

προσ-κυνίω, f. ήσω. aor. I προσεκύνησα poet. προσέκυσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to.

2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence

προσκύνητής, οῦ, ὁ, ἀ worshipper.

προσ-κύπτω, f.  $\psi\omega$ : pf.  $-\kappa \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \bar{\nu} \phi a$ :—to stoop to or

over one, to stoop and whisper to him.

προσ-κυρέω, f ήσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκύρσω, acr. 1 προσέκυρσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat : to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.

προσκύσαι, πρόσκύσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκυνέω

**πρόσ-κωπος,** ον, (πρός, κώπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκωπος, δ, a rower.

προσλάβειν, aor. 2 mf. of προσλαμβανω.

προσλαβών, προσλαβόμενος, 2 or. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 - έλάχον: pf. - είληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.

 $\pi$ ροσ-λάζυμαι, Dep. =  $\pi$ ροσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαλίω, f. ήσω, to talk to or with.

προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομα: 2 οτ. 2 - έλάβον:
pf. - είληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition
to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so
also in Med.

2. to take another to belp one, take

with one. II. to take bold of: to take part in:—
to take bold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c.
gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and
c. dat. pers. to belp, assist.

προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:-Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέλεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to meditate.

προσ-λεύσσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ή, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπαρέω, f. ήσω, to persist or persevere in. If to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ή, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, Dep. to reckon or count in addition to.

II. to impute to. Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. - έα, verb. Adj. one must count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides. From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι, to learn besides.
προσ-μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness besides, bear additional witness: to confirm by additional evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ξω: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I προσεμάχθην: pf. -μέμαγμαι:—to knead or plaster against, to attack closely to; προσμάσσειν τον Πειραια τῆ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræeus to the city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραιοι προσμαγθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass. sense, ποτιμαξάμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [α], f. -μαχέσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town. προσμείναι, προσμείναι, αυτ. I inf. and part. of προσ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to abide or wait still longer; προσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. II. trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides. προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Med. to contrive besides for oneself.

II. Pass. to be cunningly fastened to.

προσ-μίγνυμ and -ύω: fut, -μίξω:—to mingle or join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land, arrive at. 2. of persons, to bold intercourse with, meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in battle, engage with.

**πρόσμιξις, ή**, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling with.

11. a coming to, approaching.

2. an attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι. προσ-μισέω, f. ήσω, to bate besides.

προσ-μωθόω, f. ωσω, to let out for bire or interest besides:—Med. to take into one's bire, bire.

προσ-μολείν, 201. 2 inf. of προσβλώσκω. πρόσ-μορος, ον, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to address, accost.

προσ-μύθολογέω, f. ήσω, to chatter in. προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [v]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships in addition. προσ-νάχω  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμω: 201. I -ένειμα: -to allot, assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to devote, dedicate.

2. προσνέμειν ποίμναs to drive flocks to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim towards.

II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go to. II. to come against.

προσ-νοίω, f. ήσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ήσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-

προσ-όδιος, ον, (πρός, ὕδιος) belonging to a solemn procession, processional: τὸ προσύδιον (sub. μέλος) a solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ή, a going or coming to, an approach, advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming forward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent, esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, returns, profits, Lat. reditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οίδα, pf without any pres. in use, (πρός, οίδα) to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe thanks beside.

προσ-οικειόω, f. ώσω, to assign to a person as his own. προσ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell by or near; of towns, to lie near or next.

II. trans. to dwell in or near a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build in addition or near. πρόσ-οικος, ον, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bordering on, neigbbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ό, a neigbbour.

προσοιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be added to. 2 neut. προσοιστέον one must add. προσοίσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to run asbore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to bold intercourse or converse with, associate with.

II. c. dat. loc., to remain at or cling to a place.

III. to busy oneself with, be engaged with a thing.

προσ-όμνυμι, to swear besides or in addition. προσ-όμοιος, ον, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοιόω, f. ωσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to concede or grant besides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to promise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to

terms. Hence

προσ-όμουρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν θεούs to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτάζω Dor. ποτ-, poet. for προσοράω.

προσ-οράω, f. - όψομαι:  $aor 2 - \epsilon iδον : -to look at:$ -so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after: c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσ-ορθρος, ον, (πρός, ὄρθρος) towards morning: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form το ποτόρθρον, at dawn.

προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides:—Med. to mark out for oneself besides; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to bave a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place:—Pass and Med., f. -ορμιοθμαι, aur. I -ωρμισάμην and -ωρμίσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσόρμισις, ή, a coming to anchor or to land. **προσ-ουδίζω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (πρόs, οὖδαs) to dash to earth. προσ-ουρέω, f ήσω, to make water upon.

πρόσ-ουρος, ον, Ion. for πρόσορος, (πρός, όρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent; τὰ πρόσορα the adjacent parts; "iv' αὐτὸς ην πρόσουρος where he was bis own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

besides :- Pass to be still owing, be still due

**προσ-οφλισκάνω**, f. -οφλήσω: aor.  $2 - \hat{\omega}φλον$ , inf. -οφλείν:-to owe besides, to incur as a further debt: generally, to incur or deserve besides: as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with: to be offended at πρόσ-οψις, ή, appearance, aspect, look; ση πρόσours thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι: aor. I - έπαισα:—to play.sport or lest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-παιος, ον, (πρός, παίω) striking upon: sudden, new, fresh, recent: ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσ-πάλαίω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one. προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition. προσ-παρακαλέω, f. έσω, to call in besides, invite. προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f σω, to prepare besides.

προσπαρδείν, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρδω.

προσ-παρέχω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to furnish or provide besides. προσ-πασσάλεύω Att. -παττάλεύω, f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg. προσ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be affected besides. II. to be passionately in love with.

 $\pi \rho \delta \sigma$ -πεινος,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\pi \rho \delta s$ ,  $\pi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \alpha)$  hungry, a-bungered. προσ-πελάζω, f. άσω, to bring near to, drive against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come nigh to.

προσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send to: conduct or convoy to. προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. - έπαρδον, oppedere. προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides. -Med. to put round oneself:-Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above. προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides. προσ-περονάω, f. ήσω, to fasten with a pin to or on. προσπεσών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω. προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: 20τ. 2 -επτάμην [ἄ], for which an aor 2 act προσέπτην is often used: Dep.: -to fly to or towards: to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσ-πεύθομαι, poet. for προσπυνθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγνυμι and  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ , f.  $-\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\omega$ , to fix to or on: affix to the cross.

προσ-πιέζω, f. έσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πίλναμαι, Dep to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f.  $-\pi \epsilon \sigma o \hat{v} \mu a i$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma o v :- to$ fall upon or against: strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to: to embrace: to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II of events, to fall upon, befall one: to bappen, occur. 2 to come suddenly to one's III to fall down to or before, to knowledge. προσ-οφείλω, f. ήσω, to owe yet more, be in debt prostrate oneself: c. acc. to fall down to, suppli-

προσ-πίτνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon: to II to fall down to or before, supplicate. embrace προσ-πλάζω, shortd for προσπελάζω, intr. to come

near, draw nigh, approach. προσ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ă]: pf. pass.

-πέπλασμαι .---to form or mould upon. πρόσπλάτος, ον, (προσπλάζω) approachable

προσ-πλέω, f -πλεύσομαι: Ion. pres. προσπλώω: —to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρόω, f ώσω, to fill up or complete a number: to man ships besides, man more ships; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ή, όν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Εp. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι:-to blow or breathe upon, inspire: impers with gen., προσπνεί μοι κρεών there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to make over to, attack or add II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself: of persons, to bring over to one's own side, 2. of things, to take to oneself, win or gain over. pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. rally, to pretend, feign, affect; c. inf. to pretend to do: also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce: δεί μή προσποιείσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησιε, ή, a gaining for oneself, an acqui-2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to sition. a thing.

προσποιητός, όν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to carry on war against, be at war with: also to attack or barass in war.

προσ-πολεμόω, f. ώσω, to make bostile besides:-Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ήσω, to attend or wait upon :- Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From

**πρόσ-πολος**, ον, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολοs, δ and ή, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess: πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach. προσ-πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to procure besides.

προσ-πορπατός, ή, όν, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, f. -πράξομαι: aor. I - επραξάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπταισμα, ατος, τό, a stumble. From

προσ-πταίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp to strike one's foot against, and absol to stumble, to limp, balt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat. προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; άκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηυίαι (Ep. and Dor for προσπεπτηχυίαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in

πρόσπτυγμα, ατος, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πτύσσω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , aor. I  $-\epsilon \pi \tau v \xi a :$  to embrace. II. as Dep, προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτιοι προτι-πτύσσομαι: f.-πτύξομαι: pf.-έπτυγμαι of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate

**προσ-πτύω**, f.  $-\pi \tau \dot{v} \sigma \omega \ [\ddot{v}] : -to spit upon · aor. I$ part. προσπτύσαs, spitting in sign of contempt.

**προσ-πυνθάνομαι**, f.  $-\pi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota$ :  $2 - \epsilon \pi \ddot{\nu} \theta \dot{o} \mu \eta \nu$ : -to enquire or learn besides.

προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From  $\pi \rho o \sigma - \rho \dot{\alpha} \pi \tau \omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ , to sew on.

**προσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι**: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην: -to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγνῦμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, ή, an addressing, accosting: a name. προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or bonour besides.

 $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \sigma \sigma \theta \epsilon v$ , poet. for  $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \omega \theta \epsilon v$ , forwards, onwards. προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάζω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένοs, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med. to keep close to.

προσ-συκοφαντέω, f. ήσω, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to recommend further.

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ήσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σωρεύω, to beap up besides.

προστάκείς, προστάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. οί προστήκω.

προστάθείς, aor. I pass. part of προίστημι.

προσ-σφάζω or –σφάττω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to slay at or near. πρόσταγμα, ατος, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command; ἐκ προστάγματος by command.

προσ-τάθείς, aor. I pass. part of προίστημι. προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must

order. προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to persist or persevere

still further. πρόσταξις, ή, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance;

πρύσταξιν ποιείσθαι to make an assessment. προ-στάσία, ή, (προίστημι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship II. a place before a partisanship, party, faction. building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. - ττω: fut. ξω: aor. Ι - έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην. pf. -τέταγμαι:-to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προσετετάχατο the Indians had been assigned to ... 3 to appoint as commander. II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

προστάτεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προστάτηs) = προστασία, presidency, authority · patronage, protection.

προ-στάτεύω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὅπως..., to provide or take care that

προ-στάτέω, f. ήσω, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατῶν be that acts as chief:-Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or ΙΙΙ. ὁ προστατών χρόνοs time that is guardian. close at band. Hence

προστάτήριος, a, ov, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or flitting before one.

προστάτης [ă], ου, δ, (προΐσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler. III. one who leader: the leader of a party. stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose προσ-στείχω, 201. 2-έστίχον:—to go to or towards. | as his patron, standing to him in much the same relation as the Roman cliens to his patronus; γράψασθαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράψομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ιδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress. προ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along. προσ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθημι.

προσ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-στείχω, to advance, go before.

προσ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προσ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay or spend besides.

προ-στέλλω, f. - στελω, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαί τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προύστάλην [α], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προ-στενάζω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigb or grieve be foreband.

προ-στερνίδιος, ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before the breast: as Subst., προστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before or on the breast. προσ-τέρπω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside.

προστεταγμένος, pf. pass part. of προστάσσω. προσ-τεχνάομαι, Dep to devise besides.

προσ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides.

intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετάκην [a], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προίστημι. **προσ-τ'** θημι, fut  $-\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \theta \eta \kappa \alpha$ : aor. 2

 $\theta \in \sigma \theta \alpha \iota \delta \alpha \mu \alpha \rho \tau \alpha to take to wife.$ 

 $-\epsilon\theta\eta\nu:$ —to put to, apply, fit. 2. to add. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. to band over, to deliver over, consign to. Ĥ. Med.  $\pi\rho o\sigma \tau i\theta \epsilon \mu\alpha i$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon\theta \dot{\epsilon} \mu\eta \nu$ , imperat.  $-\theta o\tilde{\nu}$ , subj. -θωμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to one elf besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμιον to make one's enemy besides, προστί-

oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare. προσ-τιλάω, f. ήσω, to befoul with dung. προσ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to award a further penalty:— Med. to propose an additional penalty:-Pass. to be

3. to apply to

imposed as an additional penalty. Hence προστίμημα, ατος, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προσ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προσ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in.

**προσ-τρέχω**, f. -δράμοῦμαι: aor. 2 -ϵδράμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

**προσ-τρίβω**  $[\bar{i}]$ , f.  $\psi\omega$ : Pass., and  $2 - \epsilon \tau \rho i \beta \eta \nu$   $[\bar{i}]$ : pf. -τέτριμμαι: - to rub on or against: - Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the reputation of a thing to him: -Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to bave intercourse with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, digrace, affliction.

προσ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ον: act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταί suppliant prayers. also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. bomo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον alua polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. be to whom one turns; θεδs προστρόπαιοs the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger :- as Ad1. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

**προστροπή**, ή, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπήν έχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικών α suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ον, (προστρέπω) turning towards:

hence, like προστρόπαιος, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτὔχον:--to hit or light upon, meet with, obtain, c. gen of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ προστυγχάνων, ὁ προστυχών the first person one meets, anybody; τά προστυχύντα ξένια the gifts that come to one's share. προσ-υβρίζω, f ίσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίγνομαι Att προ-ξυγγ-, Dep to he with beforeband, converse with beforeband,

προ-συμμίσγω, to intermix first. προ-συνοικέω, f. ήσω, to live together before.

προσ-υπάρχω, f. εω, to exist or bappen besides. προσ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand

surety for. προσ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise besides

προσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρόs, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρό-σφαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From before, a victim. προ-σφάζω later -ττω, to sacrifice beforeband. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med of πρύσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ον. (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of \*φένω) lately slain, fresb-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat recens: - neut. πρόσφατον as Adv , lately : also regul. Adv. προσφάτως, lately.

προσφερής, ές, (προσφέρω) brought to or near, ap-2 like, resembling. proaching.

φοροs, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίσω: aor. ι pass. προσ-ενέγχθην Ion. -ενείχθην:-to bring to, near or upon · to apply to, lay to or upon.

offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσοίσομαι, to be borne towards: of ships, to put in. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:-3. to approach, converse, have dealings with 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερήs, fitness, suitably, ably, 6. to be put or imposed upon one.

προσ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee for refuge to. accost Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φεύγω IV.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: impt or aor. 2 προσέφην, η ε, η ; inf med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι · f. -φθέγfouch: Dep.:-to call to, address, accost, sal-II. to call by name, call.

mpoo-60elpouar, Pass, to be ruined besides; to go to ruin, meet in an evil bour, csp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθάρείς.

προσφθεγκτός, όν, addressed, saluted. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγος, ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing. saluting.

προσ-60ονέω, f. ήσω, to oppose through envy.

προσφίλεια, ή, (προσφίλήs) kindness, good will. προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλῶς.

προσ-φιλής, ές, (πρός, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus.

of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful. προσ-φιλοσοφέω, f. ήσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφίλως, Adv. of προσφιλής, kindly; προσφιλώς έχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

**προσφορά, ή**, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: II. that which is brought a presenting, offering. to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, c. dat. benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω το put up, apply.present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τα πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύέως, Ion. Adv. of προσφυής: see προσφυώς. προσφύής, έε, (προσφύω) growing upon, hanging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable. προσφύς, aor 2 part, of προσφύω.

πρόσφυσις, ή, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon. a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. Ι προσέφυσα:--to make to grow to or upon, to being upon, fasten to. Pass, with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προπέφου. part. προσφύς, υσα, ύν; pf προσπέφυκα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφυώς Ion. - έως, Adv. of προσφυής, with natural

προσ-φωνέω, f ήσω, to call or speak to, address. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of. 3. to address or dedicate a thing to another.

προσφωνήτις Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, τν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφώνημα, ατος, τό, (προσφων έω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho o \sigma \phi \omega \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  an addressa dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χανοθμαι: aor. 2 προσέχανον: pf. (in pres. sense) προυκέχηνα:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inhiare.

 $\pi\rho o - \sigma \chi \in \theta \in \mathcal{V}$ , poet, for  $\pi\rho o \sigma \chi \in \mathcal{V}$ , aor. 2 inf. of II. προέχω:—Med., προεσχεθόμην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, f. -χεω. to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, ατος, τύ, (προέχω) that which is held I. a screen, cloak, pretence, prebefore, hence, text; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament; so Miletus is called πρόσχημα της Ιωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχώννυμι, to dam up. προσ-χρήζω, t. ήσω: Ion. προσχρηίζω, f. ηίσω:-to require or desire besides; προσχρηίζω υμέων πεί- $\theta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha i I desire$  you also to obey.

**πρόσχύσις**, ή, (προσχέω) c: pouring upon.

**προσ-χώννϋμι** and  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ : f.  $-\chi\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$  (from  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma\chi\dot{\omega}$ ): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides · of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχωννύναι χωρία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, II. to throw earth against: Pass. to silt up. bave earth thrown against.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma$ -χωρέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$  or  $\eta \sigma o \mu a \iota$ , to go to, approach, II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (πρόε, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, δ, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ή, (προσχώννυμι) a beaping up be-II. a bank or sides: deposition of mud, etc.

mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω, to touch upon, touch. προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes. προσ-ψίθυρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to

πρόσω poët. πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πόρσω later **πόρρω**, like Lat. porro, Adv.: (πρό, πρό**s**): as Adv., 1. of Space, forwards, onward, further on; opp. to έγγύε, far off, afar: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω forward. 2. of Time, before. c. gen. far towards or to: πρόσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ far into the river; προβαίνειν πόρρω της μοχθηρίας to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσω Έλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont. Time, πρόσω της νυκτός far into the night.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, -άτω.

προσ-φδία, ή, (πρόε, φδή) a song sung to or accompanied by music. II. the tone or accent of a svllable.

προσ-φδόs, όν, (πρόs, φδή) singing or sounding to, in harmony with.

πρόσωθεν Att. πόρρωθεν Ερ. πόρροθεν, Adv. (πρύ- $\sigma\omega$ ) from afar. II. from long ago.

προσ-ωνέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to buy besides. προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.

προσωπείον, τό, (πρόσωπον) a mask.

προσωποληπτέω, to be a respecter of persons. From προσωπο-λήπτης, ου, δ, (πρόσωπον, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) a respecter of persons.

προσωποληψία, ή, (προσωποληπτέω) respect of per-

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Εp. προσώπατα, Εp. dat. προσώπασι: (πρός, ώψ):-a face, visage, countenance; κατά πρύσωπον in front, face to face. also one's look, countenance, Lat. vultus; τὸ σὸν πρόσωπον, periphr. for σύ. III. =  $\pi \rho o \sigma \omega \pi \epsilon i o \nu$ , a mask, Lat. persona:—hence like πρόσχημα, sbow, outward appearance. IV. later, a person.

προ-σωρεύω, f. σω, to pile or beap up before.

προσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, furthest:—hence Adv. προσωτάτω, or neut. plur. προσώτατα as Adv , furthest.

προσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, further off: hence Adv., προσωτέρω οι τὸ προσωτέρω, furtber.

προσ-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to belp or assist besides, contribute one's belp to: absol. to be of use or assistance. Hence

προσωφέλημα, ατοs, τό, assistance in a thing: and προσωφέλησις, ή, a belping, aiding, advantage. προσωφελητέον, verb. Adj. of προσωφελέω, one must assist.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, one must place or post in front. 2. one must prefer.

προ-τάμιεύω, (πρό, ταμίας) to lay in beforeband. προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

- προτάμοίμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω. προταμών, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ήσω, to fear beforeband. to fear or be auxious for one.

προ-τάριχεύω, f. σω, to salt or pickle beforeband: generally, to preserve or prepare for keeping.

τείνω) a stretching forward. II. that which is put forward: in Logic, a proposition assumed, a 2. in Gramm., the antecedent clause premiss. of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσιε.

προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I - έταξα: pf. -τέταχα; Pass., 20r. Ι -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:-to place or post in front: Med., προετάξατο της φάλαγγοε τοὺs ἱππέαs be posted bis horse in front of the phalanx:-Pass. to be stationed first, take the lead; τὸ προταχθέν or of προτεταγμένοι, the front ranks. II. generally, to determine or arrange beforeband.

προ-τείνω, f. -τενω: aor. I -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass, aor. I -ετάθην [ă]: pf -τέτăμαι:-to stretch out, put forward: to expose to danger. 2. metaph. to bold out, fut forward as a pretext or ex-II. to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, cuse. as a suppliant. 2. to offer, tender, proffer: also to bold out, show at a distance, Lat. ostentare. Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι to claim or demand as a reward. IV. intr. to stretch or project forward. προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to protect by a wall. Hence προτείχισμα, τό, an advanced work, outwork.

προ-τέλειος, ον, (πρό, τέλος) before a solemnity or ΙΙ. προτέλεια (sc. ίερά), τά, sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity; προτέλεια γάμων the sacrifice before the marriage-rite; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of. 2. προτέλεια, generally, a beginning, outset.

προ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband.

 $\pi \rho o - \tau \epsilon \lambda i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $i \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{o}, \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda o s)$  to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage.

προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) the precincts or entrance of a Tépevos or sacred place.

προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμω: 2 οι. 2 προύταμον:-- to cut up II. to cut off in front, cut short, beforeband. Lat. praecidere. III. to cut forward or in front of one: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εί δλκα διηνεκέα προταμοίμην if I were to cut a long furrow in front

προτενθεύω, f. σω, to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to belp oneself first to anything. From.

προ-τένθηs, ou, δ, one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure. (Deriv. uncertain.) προτεραίοs, a, ov, (πρότεροs) on the day before, like δευτεραίος, τριταίος, etc.: ή προτεραία (sub ήμέρα), the day before; τη προτεραία, Lat. pridie, on the day before; c. gen., τη προτεραία της καταστάσιος on the day before the audience.

προτεραίτερος, a,  $o\nu$ , Comp. of προτεραίος, for πρότεροs, very long before, much earlier.

προτερέω, f. ήσω, (πρότερος) to be before, in front, at the head; προτερείν της όδου to be forward on the 2. of Time, to be beforeband, get the start. πρότερος, η, ον, Comp. without any Posit. in use πρότασις, ή, (προτέτασαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προ- | (the Sup. being πρώτος), answering to Lat. prior: of Place, before, in front, forward; πόδες πρότεροι the fore-feet. II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεἢ elder in age; πρότεροι παίδες children by a former marriage; τῆ προτέροι (sc. ἡμέρα), on the day before, like προτεροία. 2. as Comp. c. gen, ἐμέο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I. 3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ή οι ἡπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον: πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst.. e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεύς the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

προτέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, fur-

ther, forward.

προτέρωσε, Adv. (προτέρω) towards the front, forward.

**προ-τεύχω**, f. ξω, to make or do beforeband: pf. pass. inf. προτετύχθαι, to have been done beforeband, to be past.

προτί, old Ep form for πρόs. [1]

προτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

προτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

προσιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

προτιειλείν, Dor. of προσειλέω.

προτιείποι, Dor. for προσείποι, opt. of προσείπον πρότιθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of προτίθημι.

**προ-τίθημι,** f. -θήσω: αοτ. Ι προέθηκα Att. προύθηκα: aor. 2 προέθην contr. προύθην, mf προθείναι: to place or set before, set out: to band to, present to:-Med. to bave meat set before one. 2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger. 3 to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set II. Med as a penalty: generally, to set, fix. to put forth on one's own part, to display also to propose to one's mind, entertain. III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθείναι νεκρόν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view. IV. to put forward: to bold forth, offer, tender. 2. to bold out as a pre-V. to put before or over. VI. to but text. before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour before or above another, to prefer to another.

2. to prefer in bonour: to bold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in bonour; προτιμάσθαι έε τὰ κοινά to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take beed of, care for.

4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much.

προτίμησις, ή, a preferring in bonour, preference. προτιμήτες, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

**προ-τίμιον,** τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) bonoured before, worth more than.

προτι-μυθέομαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθέομαι.

προ-τιμωρέω, f. ήσω, to belp beforeband or first:—
Med. to revenge oneself before.

προτί-οπτος, ον. Dor. for πρόσ-οπτος.

προτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep, only used in pres. and impf.; (προτί Dor. for πρόs, ὅσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [i], to bonour before another, prefer; προτίειν τινὰ τάφου to deem one more worthy of the bonour of burial than the other.

**πρότμησις,**  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

**προ-τολμάω**, f. ήσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ή, (προτέμνω) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to baul up with ropes. From πρότονος, δ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-head to the how of a ship, the forestay of the mast.

2. a balyard.

 $\pi$ ρο-τοῦ, for  $\pi$ ρὸ τοῦ, =  $\pi$ ρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now. erst.

προ-τράπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

προτρεπτικόs, ή, όν, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. -κωs, persuasively From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exbort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exbort to: also c. dupl act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προετρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προυτράπόμην in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in beadlong flight: metaph, ἄχεὶ προτραπέσθαι to give one-

**προ-τρέχω**, f.  $-\delta ρ αμοῦναι : αοτ. 2 προὕδραμον (formed from obsol. <math>\delta ρ ε μω$ ):—to run forward or fortb.

II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

self over to grief.

πρό-τρίτα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards, bead-foremost, beadlong, with beadlong speed. [ă]

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 - έτὔχον:—to bappen before or beforeband: also to meet with first; τὸ προτὕχόν the first thing that came to band.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρωεs προύτυψαν the Trojans burst forward.

It trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προτϋπείε, driven, urged on.

προτύχών, οῦσα, όν, 20τ. 2 part. of προτυγχάνω. προύβάλον, προύβην, for προεβ -, 20τ. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

προύγραφον, for προέγραφον, impf. of προγράφω. προύδιδάξατο, προύδωκα, προύθετο, for προέθ-. προύθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of προτίθημι. προύθυμήθην, for προεθ -, aor. 1 of προθυμέομαι. προύθυμούμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προύκαμον, for προέκαμον, 20τ. 2 of προκάμνω. προύλαβον, for προέλ-, 20τ. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προύκειτο, προύκινδύνευε, for προεκ-. **προύμάθον**, for προεμ, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω. **προύμηθήθην**, for προεμ, aor. I of προμηθέομαι. προύμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλώσκω. προύννέπω, v. sub προενν-.

προύνοησάμην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι. **προύξένησε**, for προεξ-, aor. I of προξενέω.

προύξ-επίσταμαι, προύξ-ερευνάω, for προεξ -. προύξερευνάω, for προεξερευνάω.

προύξεφίεμαι, for προεξεφίεμαι.

προ-ϋπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.

προ-ϋπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προϋπηργμαι: (πρό, ὑπάρχω):—to be beforehand in a thing, begin with. c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II, intr. to exist before; προυπάρξαντα things that happened before, past events; τὰ προύπηργμένα a man's antece-

προύπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. I of προπέμπω. προ-ϋπεξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before. **προύπεσον**, for προέπ–, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.

προ-ϋπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προυπάρχω.

**προύπινον**, **προύπιον**, for προέπ, impf. and aor. 2 of προπίνω.

προύπιστήθην, for προεπ-, aor. I of προεπίσταμαι. προ-ϋπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.

προ-ϋποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.

προ-ϋπόκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before. προ-υπολαμβάνω, f. - λήψομαι, to assume beforeband. προύπτος, ον, contr. for πρόοπτος.

προύπυθόμην, for προεπ-, 20r. 2 of προπυνθάνομαι.

προύργιαίτερος, α, ον, see προύργου.

**προύργου**, contr. for  $\pi \rho \partial$   $\tilde{\epsilon} \rho \gamma \rho v$ , for a work or  $\rho b$ ject: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προύργου τι δράν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προύργιαίτεροs, a, ov, more serviceable, useful, important; προύργιαίτερον ποιείσθαι to deem of more consequence: - Sup. προυργιαίτατος, η, ον, most serviceable, etc.

προὐρρήθην, aor. I pass. of προερέω.

προυσελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.) προύστάλην, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω. προύστησα, προύστην, for προέστ-, aor. I and 2 of προίστημι.

προύτίθει, προύτυψα, for προετ-.

προύφαινε, for προέφαινε.

προ-υφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from one before. προύφείλω, for προσφείλω.

προύχω, προύχουσι, προύχοντο, for προέχ-.

προ-φαίνω, f. -φανω: αοτ.  $\mathbf{I}$  -έφηνα: -to bring fortb to light, shew forth, manifest, display. forth by word, to declare:—Pass., aor. 2 προὐφάνην [ă], part. προφανείs, είσα, έν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προύφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly beard. to shew beforehand, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. intr. to shine forth; bold a light before.

προφάνηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.

προφανής, ές, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from afar · quite plain or clear; ἀπό οτ ἐκ τοῦ προφανοῦς openly.

πρόφαντος, ον. (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar, far-famed. II. foresbewn, disclosed beforeband. προφασίζομαι, impf. προύφασιζόμην; f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι: aor. Ι προύφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις): -to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c. acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. I pass. προφασισθηναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made

a pretence.

πρόφᾶσιs, gen. εωs Ion. ιοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προφαίνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. πρόφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. προφάσει, absol. for appearance, for a show or pretence; έπὶ προφάσεως and έπὶ προφάσει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν οτ παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόφασιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος έχεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.

πρόφατος, ον, (προφαίνομαι) shewn forth, renowned. προ-φάτεύω, προ-φάτης  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dor. for προφητ-.

προφερής, és, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, α, ον, προφερέστατος, η, ον, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος.

προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω. προ-φέρω, f. προοίσω: αοτ. Ι προήνεγκα: αοτ. 2 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, pre-2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one. Lat. objecere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away, to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put forward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προφέρειν τινά όδου to further one on the road. intr. to surpass, excel.

προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 προύφυγον:—to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, sbun, avoid.

πρό-φημι, to say beforeband, foretell.

προφητεία, ή, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting 2. the gift of expounding of the will of the gods. scripture, public instruction, preaching.

προφητεύω Dor. προφάτ -: f. σω: aor. I έπροφή- $\tau$ ευσα:  $(\pi \rho \phi \eta \tau \eta s)$ :—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. pound publicly, preach.

προφήτης, ου, δ, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημι): one who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will prospect beforeband, promise:—Pass. and Med. to of a god, Διδε προφήτηε έστι Λοξίαε πατρύε Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are | µaı, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make use called Mουσων προφήται interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικός, ή, όν, (προφήτης) oracular.

προ-φητις, ιδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess. προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 πρού-

φθην:-- to outrun, anticipate, be beforeband with.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.

**προ-φθίμενος,**  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , dead or killed before. [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ] προ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten beforehand:-Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforeband.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the west to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro. προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to foretell. πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, baving forethought, thoughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. - έως, graciously, willingly, readily,

gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

**πρό-φρων**, ονος, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πρό, φρ $\dot{\eta}$ ν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, bearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,

προφύγοισθα, Ep. for προφύγοις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφυλάκή, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαί outposts, picquets: δια προφυλακήs on guard.

προφυλάκίς, ίδοε, ή, fem Adj. of sq.; ναθε προφυ-

λακίε a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκοε, ὁ, an advanced guard. [v]

προ-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:-to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπί τινι to keep guard over a person or place; absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch :- Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω. προ-φυράω, f. άσω [ā]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:to knead beforeband. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φυτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυκα, to be born before another.

προ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to utter or declare before-II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforehand: 3 sing. imperat. προχαιρέτω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαιρέτω, sub γαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforeband.

προ-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to put into the band, deliver up :- Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείε, and pf. προκεχειρισμένος, to be taken in band, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforeband. II. 25 Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦ- |

2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειρος, ον, (πρό, χείρ) at band, close to, convenient: bandy, ready. 2. easy, common. persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to elect before.

προχείρως, Adv. of πρύχειρος, offband, readily: Comp -οτέρωs.

 $\pi \rho o - \chi \epsilon \omega$ ,  $f = \chi \epsilon \hat{\omega}$ : aor.  $f = \pi \rho o \epsilon \chi \epsilon \alpha$ : pf.  $-\kappa \epsilon \chi \tilde{\nu} \kappa \alpha$ : Pass, and I προεχύθην [v]: pf. -κέχυμαι:--to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ès πεδίον προχέοντο they poured or streamed on to the plam.

πρόχνυ, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; πρόχνυ ολέσθαι to perish in a kneeling state, i.e. in wretched plight.

**προχοή**, ή, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur.  $\pi \rho \circ \chi \circ \alpha i$ , the mouth of a river.

 $\pi$ ροχόη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho o \chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega) = \pi \rho \dot{o} \chi o o s$ .

 $\pi \rho o$ -χοΐs,  $t \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dim. of  $\pi \rho \dot{\phi} \chi o o s$ ,  $\alpha \rho o t$ .

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χους, ή: irreg dat. pl. πρόχουσι:  $(\pi \rho \circ \chi \acute{\epsilon} \omega)$ :—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, pitcher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl. προ χρίω, f. ίσω [ī], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ον, previous, prior.

πρόχυσις, ή (προχέω), α pouring or spreading out;πρόχυσιν ποιείσθαι οὐλὰ**s κριθῶν = προχέειν οὐλὰs** κριθών, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αί, properly fem pl. of προχυτόs, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

**προχύτηs**, ου, δ, (προχ ϵω) = πρόχοοs, a jug or pitcher: an urn, vase. [v]

**προχύτός,** ή, όν, (προχέω) poured forth.

 $\pi \rho \delta$ - $\chi \omega \lambda o s$ , ov, very lame or balt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or come forward, advance. go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρείν επί μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εὖ προχωρείν to go on well: impers., προχωρεί it goes on well, ώs οἱ δύλφ οὐ προεχώρεε when it did not go on well for him by craft, i.e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. 1 προέωσα:-to push forward, push or urge on; προωθείν αύτόν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, εε, (πρό, ὅλλυμι) ruined beforeband.

προώρισα, aor. Ι οί προορίζω.

**πρό-ωρος**, ον, (πρό, ωρα) before the time, untimely. προωφειλόμην, impf. pass of προοφείλω.

πρυλέες, ων, oi, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ή, properly fem. of | sident, bold sway. πρυμνός (sub. vaûs), the hindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop, Lat. puppis: ἐπὶ πρύμνην ανακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἄνεμος ἐπείγει κατά πρύμνην the wind impels us right astern: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λῦσαι mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεοs the Acropolis; πρύμνα "Oσσαs the foot of

Mount Ossa. πρυμναῖος, α, ον, (πρύμνα) of a ship's stern.

πρύμνη, ή, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα. πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the ship's stern:

generally, from behind.

**πρυμνήσιος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi\rho\dot{\nu}\mu\nu\eta)$  of or from  $\alpha$  ship's stern: -as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, sterncables, Lat. retinacula.

πρυμνήτης, ου, δ, (πρύμνη) the steersman, belmsman: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

**πρυμνόθεν**, Adv. ( $\pi \rho \dot{\nu} \mu \nu \eta$ ) from the stern. from the lowest part, Lat. funditus: utterly, root and

πρυμνόν, τό, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρυμνός.

πρυμνός, ή, όν, the bindmost, undermost, endmost: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, πρυμνό: βραχίων the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ύλην ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the root.— Sup. πρυμνότατος, at the lowest end.

πρυμν-οθχος, ον, (πρύμνα, έχω) bolding the ship's stern. Il. detaining the fleet.

πρυμν-ώρεια, ή, (πρυμνός, őpos) the bottom or root of a mountain.

πρυτάνεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, (πρυτανεύω) the prytaneia or presidency, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the frytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλή or Council of 500, and in the έκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατά πρυτανείαν by presidencies, 1. e. every 35 or 36 days. public office held by rotation for given periods: πρυτανεία της ημέρης the chief command for the day.

πρύτανείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πρύτανιε) the presidents' ball, town-ball, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a law-court at III. pl. πρυτανεία, a sum of money de-Athens. posited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. sacramentum; τιθέναι πρυτανείά τινι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him. πρύτανεύω, f. σω, (πρύτανιε) to be πούτανιε or pre- back, tail.

II. at Athens, to bold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταί were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλή πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανιε, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύσα**s** be who put a question to the vote. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνηίη, -ήιον, Ion. for πρυτανεία, -είον.

πρύτανις, εως, δ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότεροs): a prince, ruler, lord. II. a Prytanis or President: at Athens the πρυτάνειε were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming 10 part of the βουλή or Council of 500; out of these fifty πρυτάνει one was chosen by lot as chief-president (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεύs) not of their own body, formed the Presidency (πρυτανεία), The φυλή which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; 'Ακαμαντίε [φυλή] έπρυτάνευε, Φαίνιππος έγραμμάτευε, Νικιάδης έπεστάτει, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phaemppus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανείον.

πρώ or πρώ, Adv., Att. for πρωί.

πρώην Dor. πρώαν, (πρωί) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. nuper. II. the day before yesterday; proverb., μέχρι ου πρώην τε και χθές till yesterday or the day before, i.e till very lately.

 $\pi \rho \omega \theta - \dot{\eta} \beta \eta s$ , ov,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau o s, \dot{\eta} \beta \eta)$  a youth in his first bloom.

 $\pi \rho \omega \theta$ -ηβος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον,  $(\pi \rho \tilde{\omega} \tau os, \tilde{\eta} \beta \eta)$  in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρωί [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ], Att. shortd. πρώ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. mane: c. gen, wpwl ἔτι τῆs ἡμέρηs still early in the day; ἡμέραs τὸ πρού the early part of the day; άμα πρωί at early morn; 2. generally, betimes, early,  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\alpha}$   $\pi\rho\omega\dot{\alpha}$  from morn. in good time, Lat. mature, tempestive. II. Comp. πρωιαίτερον, earlier, Sup. πρωιαίτατα, earliest, formed from πρώιο**s**.

πρωία (sub. ώρα), ή, fem. of πρώιος, morning. [1] πρωιαίτερον, πρωιαίτατα, Comp. and Sup. of πρωί. πρώιζος, ον, = πρώιος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρώιζα, like πρώην, the day before ye terday: but also too early, before the time.

 $\pi$ ρώιμος, ον,  $(\pi ρωl)$  early.  $\pi$ ρωινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\pi$ ρώιος. [ $\ddot{t}$ ]

πρώιος Att. πρώος, α, ον, (πρωί): early, early in

day, at morn; δείλη πρωία the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δείλη ὀψία, the latter part; προίας, II. early in the season; absol. as Adv., early. πρφα τῶν καρπίμων early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ίδοε, ή, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίε) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, δ, (προάγω) the anus, the binder parts,

πρών, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρηών, πρηύνος; nom. pl. πρώονες, as if from πρώον:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, beadland, Lat. promontorium; äλιος πρὼν ἀμφοτέρας κοινὸς αἴας the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρώος, α, ον, Att. for πρώιος.

πρῷρα, as Ion. ης, ἡ, (πρό) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῷρος) νηθε πρώρη the prow of a ship, like νηθε πρυμνή; πνεθμα τοὐκ πρώρας a head-wind, opp. to πνεθμα κατὰ πρύμνην, a stern-wind.

II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρώραθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρώρα) first.

from the ship's head, from the front.

πρωρατεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out abead. From

πρφράτης  $[\bar{a}]$ , ου, ὁ, (πρφρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρφρεύς, έως, ὁ,  $(πρ\hat{\varphi}ρα) = πρφράτης$ .

πρώρηθεν, Adv., Ìon. for πρώραθεν.

**πρώσαι, πρώσας, πρώσον**, contr. for προ-ωσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προωθέω.

 $\pi$ ρῶτα, neut. pl. of  $\pi$ ρῶτοs, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ- $\bar{\alpha}$ γόs, οῦ, ὁ, (πρῶτοs, άγω) leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγοί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-άγρια, τά, (πρῶτος, ἄγρα) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-άγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarum partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρώτ-αρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἄρχω) first-beginning,

primal, originating.

πρωτείον, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεία the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent.

2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-ηρότης, ου, δ, (πρωτος, αρότης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρώτιστος, η, ον, also os, ον, poet. Sup. of πρώτοs, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρώτιστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτό-βολος, ον, (πρώτοε, βαλείν) first thrown at or struck.

II. parox. πρωτο-βόλος, ον, act. striking first.

**πρωτο-γλυφής, έs,** (πρῶτο**s**, γλύπτω) newly-carved. **πρωτό-γονοs**, ον, (πρῶτο**s**, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2. of rank, bigb-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτό-ζυξ, ϋγος, (πρώτος, ζυγήναι) newly married.
πρωτό-θρονος, ον, filling the first seat; irreg. pl.
πρωτόθρονες (as if from πρωτόθρον).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ή, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλίσία, ή, (πρῶτος, κλίνω) the first place of seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, δ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λεια, τά, (πρωτοs, λεία) the first spoils in war, the first fruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ή, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, ον, (πρώτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτό-μαντις, εως, ό, (πρώτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτό-μορος, ον, (πρωτος, μύρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-παγής, έε, (πρῶτοε, παγῆναι) first put together, i. c. newly made.

πρωτο-πήμων, ovos, δ, ή, (πρῶτοs, πῆμα) burting first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτό-πλοοs, ον, Att. contr. -πλουs, ουν, (πρώτοs, πλόοs) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time.

II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρῶτος, ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

**πρώτος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Sup. of  $\pi\rho\dot{o}$ , as if contr. from  $\pi\rho\dot{o}$ τατος, πρόατος, Dor. πράτος (the Comp. being πρότεροs):-first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐνὶ πρώτοισι, μετά πρώτοισι among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἀθλα) the first prize; τὰ πρῶτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; έs τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὼν τὰ πρῶτα τῶν 'Ερετριέων being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηpías the chief of the rascality there. 3. την πρώτην, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with είναι, την πρώτην είναι, like έκων είναι, at first. sing. and plur. πρώτον, πρώτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. after a Relative, πρώτον means once, once for all, as, ὄντινα πρώτον λάβωσιν ἄελλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all. πρώτοιs, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; έν τοι πρώτοι, as if shortd, for έν τοι πρώτοιε πρώτοι first among the first. ΙΙ. πρώτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρώτον ή ., = πρὶν ή .., Lat. priusquam. πρωτό-σπορος, ον, (πρώτος, σπείρω) first sown or

begotten.
πρωτο-στάτης, ου, δ, (πρώτος, ίσταμαι) one wbo stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, ο πρωτόσταται the front-rank men.

II. a chief, leader. [α]

πρωτοτοκία, ή, a bearing her firstborn: and πρωτοτόκια, ων, τά, the privilege of the first-born,

birtbright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρώτος, τεκείν) bearing ber firstborn. II. proparox. πρωτότοκος, ον, pass. firstborn. πρωτό-τομος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεμεῖν) first cut or cut off. like κόμη. πρωτό-φυτος, ον, (πρῶτος, φύω) firstborn. along the πρωτό-χνοος, ον contr. –χνους, ουν, with the first ἄπτερος, δ

down.
πρωτό-χύτος, ον, (πρώτος, χέω) first-flowing.

πρωὐδαν, contr. for προ-αυδάν, inf. of προαυδάω. πρώων, ονος, δ, Ep. lengthd. form for πρών.

πταίοισα, Dor. pres part fem. of πταίω.

**ΠΤΑΙ'ΡΩ**, f. πτάρω: aor. 1 ἔπτάρα: aor. 2 ἔπτάρον.
—to sneeze; μέγ' ἔπτάρε be sneezed aloud, which was taken for a good omen:—metaph. of a lamp, to sputter.

πταισμα, τό, (πταίω) a stumble, false step: metaph a mistake, blunder. II. a failure, misfortune.

ΠΤΑΙ'Ω, f. πταίσω: aor 1 έπταισα: Pass., aor. 1 έπταίσθην: pf. έπταισμαι:—to make to stumble. Lat. offendere. II. intrans. (sub. πόδα), to strike the foot, stumble; πταίειν πρ' ε τινι to stumble against; also, περί τινι, as, μη περί Μαρδονίφ πταίση ή Ἑλλάs lest Hellas sbould get a fall over him. 2. metaph. to make a false step or mistake, to fail.

πτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [ἄ]

animal, i. e. the bare.

πταρμός, δ, (πταίρω) a sneezing, sneeze.

πτάρνϋμαι, Dep. = πταίρω, to sneeze. πτάς, part. of έπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέταμαι.

πτάτο, Ep. for ἔπτἄτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι. ΠΤΕΛΕ' A Ion. -έη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the elm, Lat. ulmus.

πτέρινος, η, ον, also os, ον, (πτερόν) made of feathers; πτέρινος κύκλος a fan of feathers.

II. feathered, winged.

πτερίς, ίδος, and πτέρις, εως, ή, (πτερύν) a kind of fern, so called from its leaves being like feathers.

HTE PNA longer of the heal II - πέρνη

HTE'PNA Ion. -νη, ή, the beel. II. =  $\pi \epsilon \rho \nu \alpha$ , a bam.

Πτερνο-γλύφος,  $\delta$ , (πτέρνα, γλύφω) Ham-scraper, name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) Ham-nibbler, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia. Πτερνο-φάγος, ὁ, (πτέρνα, φᾶγεῖν) Ham-eater, name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόνητος, ον, (πτερόν, δονέω) moved with flapping wings: metaph. bigb soaring, bigb-flown.

πτερόεις, εσσα, εν, contr. fem. πτερούσσα, gen. πτερούντος: (πτερόν):—feathered, winged: also light as a feather: used by Homer mostly in phrase έπεα πτερόεντα winged words.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) a feather, mostly in plur. feathers.

2. wings; ὑπὸ πτεροῖε εἶναι to be under their mother's wings.

II. a winged creature.

2. for οἰανός, an augury, omen.

III. of anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἐρετμά, τά τε πτερὰ νηυοῖ πέλονται which are the wings of ships.

2. ἀέθλων πτερά the prize which wafts the Poet as it were to heaven.

3. the leafage of trees,

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, the rows of columns along the sides of Greek temples, whence the terms απτεροs, δίπτεροs, περίπτεροs.

πτερο-ποίκιλος, ον, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) motley-fea-

thered, of pied plumage.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, πούς) wing-footed πτερορ-ροέω and -ρυέω, f. ήσω: (πτερόν, pέω): — to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult: metaph to be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned.

πτερο-φόρος, ον, (πτερόν, φέρω) feathered, winged;

πτεροφόρα φυλα the feathered tribes.

πτερο-φυέω, (πτερόν, φύω) to grow feathers or wings. πτερόω, f. ώσω, (πτερόν) to furnish with feathers or wings, to feather; πτεροῦν βιβλίον to tie a letter to a feathered arrow and shoot it off:—Pass to be feathered.

2. of ships, to furnish with oars.

πτερύγεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγίζω, ί. ίσω, (πτέρυξ) to flutter or flap the wings. πτερύγιον [v], τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, a little wing. II. anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or, a pointed roof, a tinnacle.

πτερύγ-ωκής, ές, (πτέρυξ, ἀκύς) swift of wing. πτερύγωτός, ή, όν, (πτερυγόω) fledged, winged,

wing-shaped

πτέρυξ, ἔγος, ἡ, (πτερύν) a wing.

like a wing, as

1. a rudder.

2 in plur. the skirts of a coat of mail.

3 the wing of a building.

III. anything that covers or protects like wings, a fold, flap or cape.

IV. metaph, πτέρυγες γώων the wings, i. e the flight or flow, of grief.

πτερύσσομαι, ξομαι, Dep = πτερυγίζω.

πτέρωμα, ατος, τό, (πτερόω) that which is feathered,

a featbered arrow.

πτέρωσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πτερίω) a feathering, plumage. πτερωτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , also  $\dot{\nu}$ s,  $\dot{\nu}$ ν, (πτερίω) feathered: winged.

πτέσθαι, 20r. 2 inf. of πέτομαι.

πτηναι, inf. of έπτην, aor. 2 act of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτις, ιδος, ή, (πτηνός, ὅλλυμι) bird-killing πτηνός, ή, όν Dor. πτανός, ά, όν, (πτῆναι) feathered, winged: πτηνά, τά, fowls, birds. II. of young birds, fledged.

III. metaph., πτηνοὶ μῦθοι, like ἔπεα πτερόεντα, winged, passing words; πτηναὶ ἐλπίδες fleeting hopes.

πτηξαι, aor. I inf. of πτήσσω.

πτησις, ή, (πτηναι) a flying, flight.

πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

o light acr. 1 fπτηξα Ερ πτῆξα: αστ. 1 ξπτηξα Ερ πτῆξα: αστ. 2 ξπτάκον, only found in compd. καταπτάκών: pf. ξπτηχα, Ερ. part. πεπτηώς, ῶτος:—to frighten, scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. terrere.

It to be defected from or cower for fear; πτήσσειν βωμόν to freedface cowering to the altar.

2. c. acc. to crouch for III. of fear of a thing.

πτήται, Ion. for πτάται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of

πέτομαι.

e prize which wasts the TTI'AON [1], \(\tau\), a feather: plumage: esp of the 3. the leafage of trees, under feathers, down.

II. a wing.

πτιλό-νωτος, ον. (πτίλον, νῶτον) with feathered back. πτισάνη [ἄ], ἡ, (πτίσσω) peeled barley. II. a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel.

**ΠΤΙ'ΣΣΩ**, fut. πτίσω: 201. 1 ἔπτίσα: Pass., 201. 1 ἐπτίσην: pf. ἔπτισμαι:—to busk, peel or winnow grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.

πτόα Ion. πτοίη, ή, (πτοέω) fear, terror.

ΠΤΟΕ Ω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπτόησα poèt. ἐπτοίησα:

—Pass., aor. I ἐπτοήθην poet. ἐπτοίηθην: pf. ἐπτόημαι poèt. ἐπτοίημαι:—to frighten, scare away:—Pass. to be scared or dismayed.

II. metaph. to flutter, excite, agitate:—Pass. to be in a flutter, be agitated: to be wild, distracted; τὸ πτοηθέν distraction. Hence πτόησις οι πτοίησις, εως, ή, terror: any vebement passion, excitement.

πτοιέω, πτοίησις, πτοιητός, v. sub πτοέω πτολεμίζω, πτολεμιστής, etc., Ερ. for πολεμ-.

πτόλεμος, δ, Εp. for πύλεμος, war. πτολί-αρχος, ον, Εp. for πολίαρχος.

πτολίεθρον, τό, Dim. of πτόλις, but used like πόλις, a city.

πτολί-πορθος and πτολι-πόρθιος, ον, (πτόλις, πέρθω) sacking or wasting cities: also πτολι-πόρθης, ου, δ.

πτόλις, Ep. for πόλις.

πτόλισμα, Ep. for πύλισμα.

πτόρθοs, δ, a young branch, shoot, sucker, sapling.

II. a sprouting, shooting, budding.

πτύγμα, ατος, τό, (πτύσσω) anything folded, a fold.
πτυκτός, ή, όν, (πτύσσω) folded; πτυκτὸς πίνας,
folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood,
one folding upon the other.

πτύξ, πτϋχός, ή, later πτϋχή, ης, ή, (πτύσσω):—
anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχες
σάκος plates forming a shield. II. of the clefts
or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look
like folds; a cleft, dell, coomb: so also of the sky,
folds or clouds. III. in form πτυχή, a folding
tablet. IV. in Comedy, wrinkles.

πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. πτὔόφιν, (πτύω) a winnowingsbovel or fan, Lat. vannus.

ΠΤΥΡΩ  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. πτ $\bar{v}$ ρ $\hat{\omega}$ :—to frighten, scare, terrify:
—Pass. πτ $\hat{v}$ ρομαι, 201. 2  $\hat{\epsilon}$ πτ $\hat{v}$ ρην  $[\bar{v}]$ : to be frightened.
πτ $\hat{v}$ σμα, ατος, τ $\hat{o}$ , (πτ $\hat{v}$ ω) spittle.

III Έπτυξα: Pass, aor. 1 ἔπτυξα: Pass, aor. 1 ἔπτυξθην: pf. πέπτυγμαι:—to fold or double up, fold and lay by. II. Pass. to be folded or doubled up: of spear-points, to be folded or bent back.

2. to fold or cling round or to.

Med. to fold round oneself. Hence

πτύχή, ή, see πτύξ.

IIT Ω, f. πτύσω [v]: 201. 1 ἔπτύσα: pf. pass. ἔπτυσμαι:—to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo. II. to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth. III. metaph., πτύσαι having spat, with an expression of disgust; πτύσαι προσώπφ with loathing in his face. πτωκάς, άδοι, ή, (πτωξ, πτώσσω) sby, timorous, fearful.

πτώμα, ατοε, τό, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a fall: a misfortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus. II. that which has fallen, a corpse, carcase.

πτώξ, ὁ, ἡ, gen. πτωκός, (πτώσσω) the cowering animal, i. e. the bare.

πτώσιμος, ον, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) fallen, slain.

πτώσις, εως, ή, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a falling, fall. πτωσκάζω, poet. for πτώσσω, to crouch for fear.

ΠΤΩ ΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. to croueb of cower from fear: also to go cowering about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar. 2. to flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.

πτωχεία Ion.  $-\eta$ ίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πτωχεύω) begging, beggary. πτωχεύω, Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πτωχόs):—to be a beggar, beg. II. trans, I. c. acc rei, to get by begging. 2. c. acc. pers. to beg or ask an alms of.

πτωχηίη, Ion. for πτωχεία.

πτωχικός, ή, όν, (πτωχός) of or for a beggar, begarly.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχύς.

πτωχο-ποιός, όν, (πτωχός, ποιέω) drawing beggarly characters, of a poet.

πτωχός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (πτώσσω) one wbo crouches or cringes; as Subst., πτωχός, ό, a beggar: also πτωχός ἀτήρ a beggarman. II. as Λdj. beggarly, mean, sorry:—later also poor.—Comp. and Sup. πτωχότερος, -ότατος; irreg. Comp. πτωχίστερος

Πυανέψια (sub. leρά),  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , (πύανος, έψω) the Pyanepsia, an Athenian festival in the month Πυανεψιών, in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish of beans then eaten. Hence

Πυανεψτών, ῶνος, ὁ, the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Πυανέψια: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.

ΠΥ'A'NOΣ, δ, a bean.

πυγαίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (πυγή) of or on the rump: τὸ πυγαίον ἄκρου the tip of the rump.

πύγ-αργος, ον, (πυγή, ἀργός) white-rump, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-cagle.

ΠΥ ΓΗ', η̂s, η̈, the rump, buttocks. Hence πυγίδιον, τό, Dim. a thin, narrow rump. [τ]

πυγμαίοs, a, ον, (πυγμή 11) about a foot long or tall.

II. Πυγμαίοι, ol, the Pigmies, a fabulous race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes.

πυγμαχέω, f. ήσω, to practise boxing, be a boxer. And

πυγμάχία, ή, boxing, Lat. pugilatus. From πυγ-μάχος, ον, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) fighting with the fist: as Subst., πυγμάχος, δ, a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυγμή, ή, (πύξ) a fist, Lat. pugnus: also a battle with fists, boxing-match; πυγμήν νικαν to be conqueror in the contest of boxing.

II. a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles, = 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 1½ inches.

III.

 $\pi \nu \gamma \mu \hat{\eta}$ , dat. used as Adv., either =  $\pi \delta \kappa a$ , often, fre- | Πύθο-χρήστης, ου, Dor. –τας,  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$ , (Πύθω, χράω) quently; or up to the elbow.

πυγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγή, στολή) with sweeping

train, with trailing robe.

πυγούσιος, a, ov, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥ ΓΩ'N, όνοs, ή, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασταί, about 15 inches.

πυδαρίζω, f. ίσω, to hop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΈΛΟΣ, ή, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a bathing-tub: a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ou Dor. a, b, the philosopher Pythagoras.

Πῦθαγορίζω, f. ίσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras. Πυθαγοριστής, οῦ, Dor. –ικτάς, ά, δ, (Πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθέσθαι, 201. 2 inf. of πυνθάνομαι.

 $\pi \dot{\theta} \epsilon v$ , Dor. for  $\pi \ddot{v} \theta o \hat{v}$ , aor. 2 med. imperat. of  $\pi v v$ θάνομαι.

Πυθία (sub. léρεια), ή, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. lερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιοs, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see  $\Pi \nu \theta \dot{\omega}$ ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, άδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδοs), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like 'Ολυμπιάs. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ή, όν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian,

Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi. Πύθιο-νίκης, ου, δ, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

 $\Pi \bar{\nu} \theta \iota \delta - \nu \bar{\iota} \kappa \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\Pi \dot{\nu} \theta \iota \alpha, \nu \iota \kappa \dot{\alpha} \omega)$  of or belonging to

a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, a, ov, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to II. Πύθιοι, oi, at Sparta, four Pytho, Delphian. persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμήν, ένος, δ, (βυθός) the bollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμήν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοί, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or

Delphi.

πυθοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. 2or. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι. Πυθοίδε. Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πύθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εωε, δ, η, (Πυθώ, μάντις) α PythianII. used as Adj, of the Pythian prophet; prophet. Πυθόμαντιε έστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

a consulter of the Pythian god.

 $Π \bar{v} \theta \delta$ -χρηστος, ον,  $(Π \bar{v} \theta \omega$ , χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

 $\Pi \Upsilon'\Theta \Omega$  [v]: fut. πύσω: aor. i ἔπνσα Ep. πνσα: to make rot, to rot, corrode: - Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πῦθώ, gen. οῦs, dat. οῖ, ἡ, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πῦθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθώθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

 $\Pi \bar{\upsilon} \theta \dot{\omega} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \nu o \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , older form for  $\Pi \upsilon \theta \dot{\omega}$ .

 $\Pi \bar{\nu} \theta \omega v \acute{\sigma} \theta \epsilon v$ ,  $A dv. = \Pi \nu \theta \hat{\omega} \theta \epsilon v$ , from Pytho. ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκινός, πυκνόs, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πυκάζω old Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: aor. I ἐπύκασα Ερ. πύκασα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα).-to make thick or close, cover up closely, enwrap; πυκάζειν στεφάνοιs to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol, to crown:—aor. I and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείε and πεπυκασμένοs, thickly covered, well clothed. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσδω, Dor. for πυκά(ω.

πύκι-μηδής, ές, (πυκινός, μηθος) of close or cautious mind, discreet

πυκινός, ή, όν, poet, lengthd form for πυκνός: neut. πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbrewdly. πυκινό-φρων, ονος, (πυκινός, φρήν) wise-minded.

πυκινώς, Adv. of πυκινός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v. πυκνίτης, ου,  $\delta$ , = πνυκίτης, (Πνύξ) assembling in the Pnyx. [i]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v. πυκνό-πτερος, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered. πυκνορ-ράξ, -pάγοs, (πυκνόs, βάξ) or πυκνο-ρώξ, -ωγος, δ, ή, (πυκνός, ρωξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πυκίνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\nu} \xi) := close$ , compact: of substance, close, solid: tbick, closepacked, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκινά βέλεα a thick shower of darts. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. IV. metaph. of the mind, close, excessive. guarded, cautious; hence sbrewd, discreet, wise. besides the regular Adverbs πυκνῶε and πυκινῶs, Homer also uses neuters πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκινόν I. closely, firmly, fast. and πυκινά as Adv., much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbrewdly.

πυκνόs, gen. of πνύξ. πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίζω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ητος, ή, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness,

denseness. II. frequency.

III. metaph. wisdom, sbrewdness, discretion. πυκνόω, f. ώσω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid:

to pack close, roll into small compass, condense:-Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνώς. Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v. πυκτάλίζω, f.  $\sigma \omega_i = \pi \nu \kappa \tau \epsilon \nu \omega_i$ , to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar: to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil. πυκτικός, ή, όν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ίδος, ή, (πτύσσω) a writing tablet. πυκτίς, ίδος, ή, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἄγόρας or Πυλ-αγόρος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλαγορέω, f. ήσω, to be a Πυλαγίραs, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἄγόρος, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, al, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαία (sub. σύνοδος), ή, fem. of πυλαίος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council: also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχος, ον, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylos

πυλαίοs, a,  $o\nu$ , (πύλη) at or before the gate. (Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [v]

πύλ-άρτης, ου, δ, (πύλη, ἀραρίσκω) be that keeps the gate of bell: Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλα-ωρός, δ, (πίλη, ώρα) Ep. for πυλωρός, keeping the gate: as Subst., πυλαωρός, δ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, ή, a gate: in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to  $\theta \dot{\nu} \rho a$  (a bouse-door): but also =  $\theta \dot{\nu} \rho a$ , the door II. generally, an entrance, inlet. of a bouse. entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, al, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [v]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, δ, Ion. for Πυλαγύρας.

πύλη-δόκος,  $\delta$ , (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate. πυλίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern. Πύλόθεν, Adv. (Πύλοε) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, έε, (Πύλοε, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πτλόνδε, Adv. (Πύλοε) to or towards Pylos.

πύλος, δ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, δ or η, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled: there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [v]

πύλ-ουρός, δ, (πύλη, οὖρος) a gate-keeper.

πύλοω, f. ώσω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :- Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πυλών, ωνος, ό, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-bouse: also a porch or vestibule.

πυλωρέω, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ωρός, δ, (πύλη, ώρα) a gate-keeper, warder. πύματος, η, ον, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last: πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακος, δ,  $(\pi \upsilon \theta \mu \dot{\eta} \nu)$  the bottom of a vessel. πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πεύθομαι: f. πεύσομαι Dor. πευσούμαι: aor. 2 ἐπὔθόμην, imperat. πυθού Dor. πύθευ, inf. πῦθέσθαι, Ep. 3 sing opt πεπύθοιτο: pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυσαι Ερ. πέπυσσαι: plqpf. ἐπεπύσμην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθην : - to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry: to bear, learn, understand: c. gen. to bear of, bear news of: also c. acc. to inquire about: c. inf. to bear or learn that ...

ΠΥΈ, Adv. with clenched fist; πὺξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, 1. e. at boxing.

πυξίνεος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , and πύξίνος,  $\eta$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\nu} \xi \alpha s)$  made of box-wood.

 $\Pi\Upsilon'\Xi O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree: also its

**ΠΥΟ'Σ** or πῦος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππαξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo!

ΠΥΡ, πυρόs, τό, fire; πυρ Διόs the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverisb bote. III. to express things terrible; κρείσσον άμαιμακέτου πυρός stronger than invincible fire; δια πυρος léval to go through fire and water. Hence

πυρά, ων, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πυρά, âs, Ion. πυρή, ηs, ή, the place where fire is kindled: a funeral-pyre: also a burial-place. an altar for burnt-sacrifice: also the fire burning upon the altar.

πυρ-άγρα, ή, (πυρ, άγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs. πύρ-αγρέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , = πυράγρα.

πύρ-αίθω, (πυρά, αΐθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτέω, f. ήσω, (πυρ, άγω) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

 $\pi \bar{\nu} \rho \dot{\alpha} \mu \dot{\nu} v \sigma_s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\pi \nu \rho \dot{\nu} s) = \pi \dot{\nu} \rho \nu \sigma s$ , of wheat, wbeaten.

πυράμίς, ίδος, ή, a pyramid:—an Egyptian word. πυράμους, ούντος, δ, contr. for πυραμόεις, (πυρός) α cake of roasted wheat and honey; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch: generally, the meed or prize of victory.

πυρ-αυγής, έε, (π $\hat{\nu}$ ρ, α $\hat{\nu}$ γή) fiery bright.

II. of πυργηδόν, Adv (πίργος) like a tower. soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ήσω, to shut up in a tower: - Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυργ-ήρης, εs, (πύργοs, ἀρἄρεῖν) sbut up in a tower, πυρί-γενέτης, ου,  $\dot{0}$ , = πυριγενής. beleaguered : besieged. πυρί-γενής, ές, (πυρ, γενέσθαι) born of fire: wrought πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret. πύργινοs, η, ον, (πύργοs) strong as a tower. πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret. πυργο-δάϊκτος, ον, (πύργοs, δαίζω) destroying towers. [a] πυργο-μάχέω, (πύργοε, μάχομαι) to assault ο batter towers.  $\Pi\Upsilon P\Gamma O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2 metaph a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark; πύργος θανάτων 3. the highest part of a bulwark against death. any building. II. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργηδόν. **πυργο-φόρος**, ον, (πύργος, φέρω) tower-bearing. πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a towerguard, warder. [v] πυργόω, f. ώσω, (πύργος) to gird or fence with towers: - Med. to build towers: - Pass. to be furnished with a tower. II. to raise up to a towering beight: metaph., πυργώσαι δήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme: ' hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate: - Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, baughty. πυργ-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(πύργοs, \epsilon lδos)$  like a tower. πύργωμα, ατος, τό, (πυργόω) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls. πυργώτις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργόω) towering. πυρ-δάής, ές, (πῦρ, δαίω) burning with fire, incendiary πυρείον Ion. πυρήιον, τό, (πυρ) plur. πυρήια, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire. πυρέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. Ι ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετόs):—to be feverish, be sick of a fever. πύρετός, οῦ, δ, (πῦρ) burning beat, fiery beat. esp. feverish heat, a fever; πυρετός τριταίος, τεταρraios a tertian, quartan fever. πύρεύς, έως, δ,  $(π \hat{v} \rho)$  a fire-proof vessel. πυρή, η̂s, ή, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά. πυρήιον, τό, Ion for πυρείον.  $\Pi\Upsilon$ PH'N,  $\hat{\eta}vos$ ,  $\delta$ , the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc. πυρ-ήνεμος, ον, (πυρ, ανεμος) fanning fire.πυρη-τόκος, ον, (πυρός, τεκείν) wheat-producing.

of  $*\phi \in \omega$ ) wheat-slaying, epith of a millstone.

thrown on hot embers to produce steam.

πυριατήριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πυριάω, (πυρία) to put into a vapour-bath.

πυρί-βλητος, ον, (πυρ, βάλλω) striking with fire.

ings, i. e. the first milk after calving.

wheat-bearing.

or forged by fire. πυρι-γόνος, ον, (πυρ, γενέσθαι) fire-producing. πυρί-δαπτος, ον, (πυρ, δάπτω) devoured by fire. πυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρός. πυρι-ήκης, εs, (πυρ, ἀκή) pointed in the fire, Lat. praeustus. πυρι-καής, ϵs, = πυρίκαυστοs. πυρί-καυστος, ον, (πυρ, καίω) burnt in the fire. πυρί-κοίτης, εs, (πυρ, κοίτη) wherein fire lies asleep. πυρι-λαμπής, ές, (πυρ, λάμπω) bright with fire. πύρῖνος  $[\check{v}]$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi\hat{v}\rho)$  of fire, fiery: sparkling. πύρινος  $[\bar{v}]$ , η, ον,  $(\pi\bar{v}\rho\dot{v}s)$  of wheat, wheaten. πυρι-πνέων, ουσα, ον, (πυρ, πνέων) fire-breathing. πυρί-πνοος, ον contr. –πνους, ουν, (πυρ, πν ϵω) firebreathing: glowing, fiery. πυρί-σπαρτος, ον, (πῦρ, σπείρω) sowing fire, inflaming. πύρι-σπείρητος, ον, (πῦρ, σπειράω) swathed in fire. πυρί-στακτος, ον, (πυρ, στάζω) streaming with fire. πυρίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου, δ, fem. πυρίτις,  $\iota \delta os$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\nu} \rho)$  of or conversant with fire. πύρι-τρόφος, ον, (πυρ, τρέφω) cherishing fire. πυρί-φάτος, ον, (πυρ, πέφαται) slain by fire. Πὔρι-φλεγέθων, οντος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{v} \rho, \phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$  one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing. πυρι-φλεγής, έs, and πυρι-φλέγων, οντος, δ, (πυρ, φλέγω) blazing with fire, flaming. πυρί-φλεκτος, ον,  $(\pi \hat{v} \rho, \phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$  burnt or blazing with fire: fiery. πυρίχη, ή, poet. for πυρρίχη. πυρ-καεύς, έως, ό,  $(π \hat{v} \rho, καίω)$  a fire-kindler. πυρκαϊά Ion. –ιή, ή, (πῦρ, καίω) any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre. 2. a fire, confla-3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive. πυρναίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (πύρνον) fit to eat, ripe. πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρινον (sub. σιτίον), neut. of πύρινοs (πυρόs), wheaten bread. 2. anything fit to eat, food generally. πυρο-γενής, ές, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) made from wheat. πυρόεις, εσσα, εν, (πυρ) fiery. ΙΙ. ὁ πυρύει**s** the planet Mars, from his fiery colour. πυροκλοπία, ή, the fire-theft. From πύρο-κλόπος, ον, (πῦρ, κλέπτω) fire-stealing. πυρη-φάτος, ον, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. πυρο-λόγος, ον, (πυρός, λέγω) reaping wheat. πυρη-φόρος, ον, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) πυροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to deal in wheat. From πυρο-πώλης, ου, ό, (πυρός, πωλέω) a wbeat-merπύρία, ή, (πῦρ) a vapour-bath, consisting of an airchant, corn-merchant. tight covering, within which fragrant substances were πύρορ-ράγής, ές, (πῦρ, ραγηναι) bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. #upoppayés, cracked. πυριάτη [ā], ή, (πυόs) a pudding made with beestπυρός, δ, wheat: in plur. grains of wheat. πυρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?) πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing. πυρο-φόρος, ον, (πυρός, φέρω) wheat-bearing.

πυρόω, f. ώσω, (πυρ) to set on fire, to burn: to burn

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. to fumigate.

πυρ-πάλαμάω, f. ήσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play misobievous pranks. πυρ-πάλαμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire. πύρ-πνοος, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ήσω, (πυρπόλοs) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολείν τοὺς ἄνθρακας to stir up or fan the fire. II to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον,  $(π \hat{v} \rho, πολέω)$  busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίαs, ου, ό, (πυρρόs) name of a slave, used of the red-barred slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὅρχησιs), ή, the Pyrrbic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [τ]

πυρριχιζικός, ή, όν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre. πυρριχίζω, f. ίσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὅρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. ποὺς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετά, which was much

used in the Pyrrhic song: also called  $\pi a \rho i \alpha \mu \beta os$ .  $\pi u \rho \rho i \chi i \sigma \tau \eta s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ , o,  $(\pi u \rho \rho i \chi i \zeta \omega)$  a dancer of the

Pyrrbic dance.
πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρύε, γένειον) red-bearded. πυρρό-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (πυρρύς, θρίξ) red-baired. πυρρ-οπίπης  $[\overline{l}]$ , ου, ό, (πυρρύς, όπιπτεύω) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to  $\pi \overline{\nu}$ p-οπίπης ogling wheat, i. e, dinner in the Prytaneum.

πυρρός, ά, όν, Ion. ή, όν, old Att. πυρσός, ή, όν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθόs: generally, reddish, red, tawny,

**πυρρό-τρίχος,** ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσόs) to make red, tinge with red πυρσεύω, (πυρσόs) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting. πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-baired. πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed.

πυρσός, οῦ, ὁ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ): a firebrand, torcb. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκείν) fire-producing.
πυρσ-ώδης, ες, (πυρσός, είδος) like a firebrand,
bright-burning.

**πυρσ-ώρος**, δ, (πυρσό**ν**, ώρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ήσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

**πυρ-φόρος**, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

II. with fire: δ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἰστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεδε iks. πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i.e. who produces plague or fever. III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemoman army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, έδει μηδέ είν πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a siste fire-guarding priest should survive.

π $\dot{\nu}$ ρ-ωπ $\dot{o}$ s,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $(π\hat{v}$ ρ,  $\dot{o}$  $\psi$ ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ή, (πυρώω) a setting on fire, burning. πύστις, εως, ή, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question.

II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πῦτίζω, f. ίσω, (πτύω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πυτιναίοs, α, ov, plaited with willows. From ΠΥΤΙ'NH, η, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [τ]

πύτισμα, ατος, τό, (πυτίζω) that which one spits out. πω Ion. κω, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, hitherto, mostly with negat. II.  $\pi\hat{\omega}$ ; Signan for  $\pi o\hat{v}$ ; as interrog. where?

 $\Pi\Omega'\Gamma\Omega N$ , woos,  $\delta$ , the heard;  $\pi\omega\gamma\omega\nu$   $\pi\nu\rho\delta$  a heard or tail of fire Hence

πωγωνίας, ου, ὁ, bearded; ἀστηρ πωγωνίας a bearded star, 1. e. a comet.

πωγώνιον, τό, Dim. of πώγων, a little beard πωγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πώγων, φέρω) wearing a beard. πώεα, τά, pl. nom. ot πῶυ.

πωλεία, ή, (πωλεύω) a breeding of foals.

πωλέομαι Ion. πωλεύμαι, whence part. πωλεύμενος, impf. πωλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πωλέσκετο: fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πολέω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., άγγελίης πωλείσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλεύμην, Ερ. for ἐπωλούμην, impf. of πωλέσμαι.

πώλευσις, ή, (πωλεύω) borse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλοs) to break in a young borse. πωλέω, Ion. impf. πωλέσκον: f. ἡσω; (\*πολάω, which occurs in  $\xi\mu$ -πολάομαι):—to sell, opp. to ὑνεῖσθαι: πωλεῖν πρόε τινα to deal with one:—πωλεῦν τέλη to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πιπράσκω.

πώλης, ου, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

πώλησις, ή, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop.

II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητής.

πωλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer. II. at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπώλουν, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ή, όν, (πωλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for borses; ἀπήνη πωλική a chariot drawn by borses. II. poet. virgin, maidenly.

πωλίον, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony. πωλοδαμνέω, f. ήσω, to break young borses.

metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ου, ό, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a borse-breaker. πωλο-μάχος, ον, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) figbting on borseback or in a chariot. [ἄ]

 $\Pi\Omega \Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$  and  $\eta$ , a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a young girl, maiden, like  $\mu \delta \sigma \chi o s$ ,  $\pi \delta \rho \tau i s$ , Lat. juvenca: more rarely as mass. a young man, a son.

πώλυ-πος, δ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.) πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ– Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πώ-μάλα, Adv. for πωs μάλα; how in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμω̂s, not the least, by no means.

πώ-ποτε, (πω, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat. πώρίνος,  $\eta$ , ον, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone. πῶρος, ο, tuff-stone, Lat. tophus, Ital. tufa, friable

and porous.

πωρόω, f. ώσω, (πῶροs) to petrify, turn into stone. II. generally, to barden, make callous. III. metaph. in Pass. to become bardened or callous, of the heart.

πώρωσις, εως, ή, (πωρόω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. πωρόομαι, bardness of beart, callousness.

πωs Ion. κωs, interrog. Adv. bow? in what way or manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit, πω̂ε ἀγῶνος ήκομεν; bow are we come off in the con-II. at the beginning of a speech, How now? πω̂s γάρ...; as if something had gone before, How should that be, for it cannot be that ..? so also πωs III. πω̂s ἄν with the opt. exδή; πῶς γὰρ δή; presses a wish, O bow might I..? would that I could! πω̂s αν δλοίμην; would that I could pe-IV. καὶ πῶs; introducing an objection, yet rish ! bow can that be? but bow? V. πω̂s oυ; Lat. quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πω̂s δοκείs; bow tbink you? i. e. you cannot think bow.

πωs Ion. κωs, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. aliquo modo.

(Strictly speaking,  $\pi \hat{\omega} s$  is Adv. of \* $\pi \delta s$ ; quis? whence  $\pi o \hat{v}$ ,  $\pi o \hat{i}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\eta}$ , etc.)

πωτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ép. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι, to Ay. Hence

πώτημα, ατος, τό, flight.

 $\Pi\Omega^{\gamma}\Upsilon$ , εοs, τό, pl. πώεα, τά, a flock of sheep, with or without οlŵν, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλαι.

## Р

**P**,  $\rho$ ,  $\hat{\rho}\hat{\omega}$ ,  $\tau \hat{o}$ , indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral  $\rho' = 100$ , but  $\rho = 100,000$ .

Dialectic changes of p: I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, οὐτορ μάρτυρ for οὐτοε μάρτυ: so in Lat. arbor arbos, bonor bonos. in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρσ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρην θάρροs, for ἄρσην θάρσοs. III. Att., p was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκραρος σιγηρός, for κλίβανος ναύκληρος σιγηλός. IV. in Poets, ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat. θράσο**ε**. and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἄρρωστος, ἔρριψε. VI. p at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρη ὑπο ριπη ε, σπεύδειν **ἀπὂ ρυτ**ηρος. VII.  $\rho$  was called by the ancients littera canina,—irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat. Lucil.

pá, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ápa, q. v. [ă] PA or pâ, Adv. easily: see péa, peia.

ραββί, δ, indeel, Hebrew word, Rabb-i, l. e. my master:—so also ραββονί or ραββοννί, δ, Rabb-oni, my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

ραβδίζω, f. σω, (ράβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

βαβδίον, τό, Dim. of βάβδοs, a small wand.

ραβδονομέω, f. ήσω, to sit as impire. From

**φαβδο-νόμος**, ον, (ράβδος, νέμω) bolding a rod or wand: as Subst., ραβδονόμος,  $\delta$ , = ραβδοῦχος, the Roman Lictor.

PA'BΔΟΣ, ή, a rod, wand, stick, switch. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes. 3. a fishing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. βάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

φαβδουχέω, f. ήσω, (βαβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor: —Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

βαβδουχία, ή, the office of lictor.

ραβδ-οῦχος, ον, (ράβδος, έχω) carrying a rod: as Subst., ραβδοῦχος, δ, one who bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire. 2 a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle:—at Rome, a lictor.

 $\phi$ αβδο-φόρος, ον, =  $\phi$ αβδο $\hat{v}$ χος.

ραβδωτός, ή, όν, (ράβδος) striped, streaked, Lat

virgatus.
 δάγάs, άδοs, ή, (ραγηναι) a rent, chink.

ράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βήγνυμι.

ραγδαίος, a, ov, (ράσσω) tearing, furious.

ραγίζω, f. ίσω, (ράξ) to gather grapes.

ραγο-λόγος, ον, (βάξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

paδινάκη, ή, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

'PA ΔΙΝΟ'Σ, ή, όν, Acol. βραδινός, ά, όν, slender:

taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ράδιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, Ion. ρηίδιος, η, ον [τ], or ρίδιος, η, ον (ρά, ρέα, ρέα), easy, easy to make or do; οἶμος ρηιδίη an easy road: c. inf., τάφρος ρηιδίη περῆσαι a trench easy to cross:—also light,

II. of persons, easy, ready, simple, little-beeded. willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. facilis, 2. in bad sense, beedless, reckless. commodus. The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root pa: Comp. paw, neut paw Ion. δηίων, δήιον Ep. δηίτερος contr. δάτερος:-Sup. δάστος, η, ον Ιοη. δήιστος Dor. δάϊστος Ερ. δηίτατος. φαδιουργέω, f. ήσω, (ραδιουργός) to do with II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, reck-

lessly: to misbebave. 3. to lead an easy, lazy life. Hence

φαδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and ραδιουργία, ή, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility. II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

**ραδι-ουργόs**, όν, (ράδιοs, ἔργον) doing things easily, ready. II. in bad sense, acting lightly or care-

lessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ραδίως Ep. and Ion. ρηιδίως, Adv. of ραδιος, easily, lightly, readily; ραδίως φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

 $\dot{\rho}$ αθάμιγ $\dot{\xi}$ , ιγγο $\dot{s}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\rho}$ αίνω) a dro $\dot{\rho}$ . II. of solids,

a grain, bit.

ράθα-πυγίζω, (ράσσω, πυγή) to slap one on the

ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, (ράθυμος) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. to slacken work, be idle. Hence

ραθυμία, ή, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, care-II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggisbness, laziness. III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

βά-θυμος, ον, (βάδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thought-II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence

ραθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; ραθύμως φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ραιβό-κρανος, ον, (ραιβός, κράνιον) crook-beaded. PAIBO'Σ, ή, όν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ραιβο-σκελής, ές, (ραιβός, σκέλος) crook-legged. ρατίω Ion. ρηίζω, f. τσω, (ράδιος) to grow easy: to

find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

'PAI'NΩ, fut. ἡἄνῶ: 201. 1 ἔρρᾶνα, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. βάσσατε (as if from \* βάζω)): pf. pass ἔρρασμαι (also from \*ράζω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf έρράδαται, -ato:-to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

**φαισέμεναι, Ep. for βαίσειν, fut. inf. of βαίω.** 

ραίση, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ραίω

**βαιστήρ**, ῆρο**s**, δ, (ῥαίω) a breaker, crusber: a

'PAI'Ω, f. σω: aor. 1 έρραισα:—to break, smash, sbiver, sbatter: - Pass. to be sbivered, sbattered, crusbed. II. to crush, destroy: - Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

βακά, δ, a wortbless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.) βάκιον, τό, Dim. of βάκοι, a rag, shred, patch: in plur., rags. [a]

**ῥάκιο-συρραπτάδης**, ου, δ, (ῥάκιον, συρράπτω) α rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ράκό-δύτος, ον, (ράκος, δύω) clad in rags: ragged. ράκόεις, εσσα, εν, ragged, tattered. II. wrinkled. From

'PA'KOΣ [a], εos, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. βάκεα, βάκη, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or sbred of clotb. 2. in plur. wrinkles.

metaph., σώματος βάκος a sbred of life, of an old

δακόω, f. ώσω, (δάκος) to tear in strips. Hence βάκωμα, ατος, τό, = βάκος, a rag: m pl. rags. [ἄ] PA'MNOΣ, ή, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence

**Paμνοῦs**, οῦντοs, ὁ, Rhamnûs, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from βαμνύεις, εσσα, εν, thorny. Hence

'Pauvoύσιος, a, ov, of Rhamnûs: ή 'Pauvouσία the Rhamnusian goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at Rhamnûs.

 $\mathbf{PA'M\Phi O\Sigma}$ , eos,  $\tau \delta$ , the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ράνίς, ίδος, ή, (ραίνω) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

βαντήριος, α, ον, (βαίνω) sprinkled: reeking. βαντίζω, f. σω, (βαίνω) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

**ραντισμόs**,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (ραντίζω) a sprinkling, purification. ράξ, gen. ράγος, ή, a grape; cp. Lat. racemus. βαον, neu, of βάων, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

δαόνως, Adv. of δάων, more easily.

ραπίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ρεράπισμαι: (ραπίε):--to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. II, to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ράπίς, ίδος, ή, (ράβδος) a rod, stick.

βάπισμα, ατος, τό, (βαπίζω) a blow with the palm of the band, a slap on the face, cuff.

φαπτός, ή, όν, (φάπτω) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered; δαπτή σφαίρα a ball patched of divers colours.

'PA'ΠΤΩ, f. ράψω: aor. 1 ἔρραψα Ερ. ράψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐρράφην [ἄ]: pf. ἔρραμμαι:—to sew or stitch together: - Med to stitch, sew, patch for one-II. later, to work with the needle, emself. broider. III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρραψα**ε** μὲν σύ, ὑπεδήσατο δὲ Αρισταγόρης this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i.e. you planned the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string together.

Páριοs, a, ov, from Raros, Rarian: 'Ράριον (sub. πεδίον), τό, the Rarian plain near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called Pαριά**s**. From

Pâρos, ov, δ, Raros, father of Triptolemus.

βάσσατε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of βαίνω (as if from \* ράζω).

'PA' ΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. I έρραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ρήσσω, ρήγνυμι.

ράστα, neut. pl. of ράστος, as Adv., most early. ράστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ράδιος, contr. of ράιστος,

most easy.

ραστωνεύω, = ραθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From ραστώνη Ion. ρηστώνη, η, (ραστος) easiness of doing anything, facility.

II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. facilitas; εκ ρηστώνης της Δημοκήδεος from kindness to Democedes.

III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing. absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ράτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ράδιος, more easy. ράφανίδοω, (ραφανίς) to punish as an adulterer. ράφανίς, ιδος, ή, the radish, Lat. raphanus. From

'PA'ΦA'NOΣ, ή, cabbage. [ja]

paφεύς, έως, δ, (βάπτω) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner.

ραφή, ή, (ράπτω) a seam; ραφή κρανίου the suture of the skull.

ράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ράπτω.

 $\delta \mathbf{d} \phi \hat{\mathbf{t}} \delta \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{s}, \ \epsilon \omega \mathbf{s}, \ \delta, = \delta \alpha \phi \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{s}.$ 

ραφίς Dor ραπίς, ίδος, ή, (ράπτω) a needle, pin ραχία Ion. ρηχίη, ή, (ράσσω) like ρηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to άμπωτις the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood.

II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break.

2. a mountain-ridge.

ραχίζω, f. ίσω, (ράχιε) to cut through the spine: to

cleave in twain, bew in pieces.

φάχις [α], gen. 10s Att. εωs, η, the back of men or animals, the chine: also the backbone, Lat. spina dorsi; υπό ράχιν παγήναι to be impaled.

II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ραχός Ion. ρηχός, οῦ, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar.

a thorn-bedge. 3 a thorn-stick, a twig.

 $\dot{p}\dot{a}\psi a u$ , and I inf. of  $\dot{p}\dot{a}\pi\tau \omega$ .

ραψφδίω, f. ήσω: (ραψφδύs):—to recite poems:— Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by beart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that ... II c. acc. pers. to sing of one. Hence ραψφδία, ή, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

paψ-φδόs, δ, (βάπτω, φδή) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodust; sometimes of the hard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called rhapsodies, i. c. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called βαψφδόs κύων, from proposing her riddle.

ράων, ον, irreg. Comp. of ράδιος, more easy. βέα, Ep. Adv. for ρά (whence ράδιος), easily, lightly.

[o o, but also contr. as one long syll.]

"Pέα, ή, Ep. and Ion. 'Pέιη or 'Pέη, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from έρα, Earth?)

**PETK** $\Omega$ , f.  $\beta \ell \gamma \xi \omega$ , to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

**'PE'ΓΟΣ**,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, =  $\dot{\rho}\hat{\eta}\gamma$ os, a rug, coverlet.  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega$ , =  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\kappa\omega$ , q. v.

ρέδη, ή, a wagon, from the Lat. rbeda.

ρέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for ρείθρον, a stream.

<sup>1</sup>PE'ZΩ, Ion. impf βέξεσκον: fut. βέξω: 20τ. 1 ἔρεξα and ἔρρεξα: of Pass. only 20τ. 1 βεχθηναι is used:— like ἔρδω, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit, to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. 20t. to do something to one: also c. Adv., κακῶι βέζειν τινά to maltreat one.

Il. ἰερὰ βέζειν θεῷ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. sacra facere: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. operari, facere.

 $\mathbf{PE}'\Theta\mathbf{O}\Sigma$ , εos, τό, a limb. II. the face, coun-

tenance.

þεια, another Ep. form of βέα, Adv. of βάδιοs, easily, lightly, carelessly.

Pein, ή, Ep. and Ion. for 'Péa.

| φείθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion βέεθρον, (βέω) a river, stream.

2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ρέκτειρα, ή, fem. of δεκτήρ.

ρεκτήρ, ηρος, ο, (δέζω) a doer, agent

βέμβομαι, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

peξαι, peξαs, aor. I inf. and part. of ρεζω.

ρέος, τύ, (ρέω) a stream.

PE'ΠΩ, f. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. verge, inclinare: hence simply to fall or turn downwards.

2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh.

3. of dutics, to fall or devolve upon one.

5. of events, to incline, fall, bappen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards...

II.

trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: thence in Pass., ίσως βέπεσθαι to be equally balanced or poised.

ρερύπωμένος, pf. pass. part. of ρυπόω.

βεθμα, ατος, τό, (βέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ρεύσομαι, fut. of ρέω, to flow.

ρεχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ρέζω.

\* $\mathbf{PE}'\Omega$ , to say, root of some tenses given under  $\hat{\epsilon}\rho\hat{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $\hat{\epsilon}l\pi\sigma\nu$ .

PE'Ω, f. ἡεὐσομαι: Att. fut. ρυήσομαι and aor. 2 ἐρρύην, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἐρρύηκα:—to flow, run, stream, gusb; βέεν αϊματι γαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, βείτω χώρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; βέειν ἀπὸ χιόνος to flow from melted snow.

2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly.

3. to fall, drop off.

4. to flow or melt away.

stream, pour.

φηγμα, ατοι, τό, (ρήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

pηγμίν or -μίs, gen. îνos, δ, (ρήγνυμ) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf. 2. me-

taph. the verge or edge of a thing.

'PHTNY MI or -ύω: 3 sing. impf. ψήγνυσκε, Ion. for έρρηγνυ: fut. ρήξω: 20r. Ι έρρηξα: pf. 2 έρρωγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. δήξομαι: Ep. aor. Ι δηξάμην:--Pass.: fut. 2 δάγήσομαι: aor. I **ἔρρήχθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἔρράγην** [αັ] : pf. ἔρρηγμαι:- to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign 2. as a term of war, to break a line of of grief. battle; τὸ μέσον ἡῆξαι to break through the centre: -also in Med., βήξασθαι στίχαι to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., βήξαι, βήξασθαι, to break or force one's way 3. to let break loose, to unchain, let tbrough. loose; βηξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's rumpere vocem: so, βηξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; δηξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form δήσσω, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like light-3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. intr. chiefly in pf. ερρωγα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks :- metaph. to burst or gush fortb.

ρήγνυσκε, Ion. tor ερρήγνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ρήγνυμι. PH ΓΟΣ, εος, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ρήδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from ρηίδιος, easy.

δηθείς, 20τ. 1 part. pass. of έρέω, έρω: ρηθηναι inf. ρηίδιος, η, ον, Ion. for ράδιος, easy.

φήιστος, η, ον, Ion. for βάστος, Sup. of βάδιος.

**ρηίτατος**, η, ον, Ερ. Sup. of ράδιος.

ρηίτερος, η, ον, Ερ. Comp. of ράδιος.

φηκτός, ή, όν, (ρηγνυμ) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

 $\hat{p}\hat{\eta}\mu\alpha$ , atos,  $\tau \delta$ , (\* $\hat{\rho}\epsilon\omega = \hat{\epsilon}p\hat{\omega}$ ) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. 2. also the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to  $\delta vo\mu\alpha$  (a noun).

ρημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ρημα, a little word, a pet pbrase.

PHN, η, gen. ρηνός, acc. ρηνα, a sheep, lamb. ρηνο-φορεύς, ο, (ρην, φέρω) wearing sheepskin. ρήξας, ρήξας, act. I inf. and part. of ρήγγυμι. ρηξηνορία, η, might to break through ranks of war-

riors. From **ἡηξ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ῥήγνυμι, ἀνήρ)** breaking through

ranks of warriors.

• pηξι-κέλευθος, ον, (ρηγυμμ, κέλευθος) forcing a paib, clearing the way.

φηξί-voos, ον, (φήγνυμι, νόοs) breaking the spirit. φήξις, εως, ή, (φήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

ρησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, η, (\*βέω = ερω) a saying, speaking, a word, speech; καταπλέξαι την βησιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, legend. III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a blay.

φήσσω, rarer collat. form of βήγνυμι; βήσσειν τύμπανα to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. tripudiare.

δηστώνη, ή, Ion. for δαστώνη.

ρητέον, verb. Adj. of \* ρέω, one must say.

ρητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (\* $\hat{\rho}$ έω = έρῶ) like  $\hat{\rho}$ ήταρ, a speaker. ρητορεύω, f. σω, ( $\hat{\nu}$ ήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

φητορικός, ή, όν, (φήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical: — ή φητορική (sub τέχνη), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ρητός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ , verb. Adj. of \* $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\omega}$ , said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. ratus;  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\epsilon}$  ρητοῖε γέρασι with specified prerogatives;  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\epsilon}$  ρητοῖσι on set terms.

2. spoken of, known, famous.

δήτρα Ion. δήτρη, ή, (\* ρέω = ἐρῶ) a word, saying, maxim.
 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ρῆτραι.
 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

 $\dot{\phi}$ ήτωρ, opos,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (\* $\dot{\rho}$ έω =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρῶ) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator.

II. a rbetorician, Lat. rbetor.

ρητώs, Adv. of ρητόs, in express terms.

ρηχίη, ή, Ion. for ραχία. ρηχός, ή, Ion. for ραχός.

ρτηεδανός, ή, όν, or ός, όν, making one shudder, chilling, ριγεδανή Έλένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ρῖγέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐρρίγησα Ερ. ῥίγησα: pf. ἔρ-ρῖγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἐρρίγαντι (for -āσι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. ἐρρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. ἔρρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (μῖγοι):—to sbiver or sbudder with cold: metaph. to sbudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to sbudder or fear to do a thing.

2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal.

II. trans. c. acc. to sbudder at anything. Hence

olynλόs, or, making one shiver, chilling.

ρίγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ρίγον, more chilly. II. metaph. more borribly.

βίγιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. βίγιον) from βίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most borrible.

ρίγο-μάχης, ου, ό, (βίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [ἄ]

'PITOZ, 608, 76, Lat. FRIGUS, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold. shuddering, Lat. borror.

ρίγοω, f. ωσω, (ρίγοε) like ριγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

contracts into ω instead of ou (as if it were ριγάω), as, part. ριγων, ριγωσα, dat. ριγωντι; also opt. βιγώην.

PIZA, no, n, a root: in pl. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, II. that from which anyof a mountain, etc. thing springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. stirps: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

δίζιον, τό, Dim. of ρίζα, a little root.

ριζόθεν, Adv. (ρίζα) from the root or roots.

ριζο-τόμος, ον, (ρίζα, τεμείν) cutting roots, esp. for

purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

διζόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἐρρίζωμαι: (ρίζα):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; Tuραννίς έρρι (ωμένη a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass, of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast. II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

ρίζωμα, ατος, τό, (ριζόω) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

ριζ-ωρύχος, ον, (ρίζα, ὀρύσσω) digging for roots. ρικνός, ή, όν, (ρίγος) stiff or stark with cold: withered, shrivelled.

ρικν-ώδης, εs, (ρικνός, είδος) sbrivelled-looking. ρίμφα, Adv. (ρίπτω) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.

διμφ-άρματος, ον, (δίμφα, αρμα) of a swift chariot; διμφάρματοι άμιλλαι swift racing of chariots.

plv, n, later form for pis

δινάω, f. ήσω, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From PI'NH, ή, a file, rasp. [1]

ρινηλατέω, f. ήσω, to track by the nose, follow by scent, bunt down. From

ρίν-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ρίε, ἐλαύνω) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

ρτνό-βολος, ον, (ρίε, βάλλω) forced through the nostril, snorting.

ρτνόν, τό, a bide, skin. 2. an ox-bide, a shield. PINO'S, où, & and h, the skin of a man bide of a beast, esp. an ox-bide: a wolf's skin. an oxbide shield.

φινο-τόρος, ον, (ρινός, τορέω) piercing shields. PI'ON, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end

of a promontory, a beadland, foreland.

**βίπεσσι,** Ep. pl. dat. of βiψ.

ριπή, ή, (ρίπτω) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. impetus; ριπή πυρόε the rush or blast of fire. a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:also the quick glancing of feet.

ρίπίζω, f. ίσω, (ριπίε) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. conflare.

ριπίς, ίδος, ή, (ριπή) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

δίπισμα, ατος, τύ, ( $\delta$ iπίζω) the air or wind of a fan. ριπος, εος, τό, (ρίψ) a mat or wicker burdle. ριπτάζω, f. άσω, Frequentative of ρίπτω, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. jactare: - Pass. to toss oneself about.

ρίπτασκον, Ion. impf. of ρίπτω.

ριπτέω, a form of ρίπτω, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

ριπτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ρίπτω, thrown, cast, burled; ριπτός μόρος death by being thrown down a precipice.

ΨΙΠΤΩ, f ρίψω: 20τ. 1 έρριψα Ερ. ρίψα: pf. έρριφα: Pass., fut. Ι διφθήσομαι, fut. 2 διφήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. ἐρρίψομαι: aor. 1 ἐρρίφθην, and aor. 2 έρρίφην [t]: pf έρριμμαι: Ep. 3 sing plapf. έρέριπτο: -to throw, cast, burl; δίπτειν χθονί to throw on the ground: to cast a net, ξρριπται ὁ βόλοs the cast bas been made. 2 to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste 4. to throw about. throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; ρίπτειν τί Tivos to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; δ. **έ**αυτόν. 7. ρίπτειν κίνδυνον to make a venture or bazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

PI'Σ, ή, gen. ρτνόε, acc. ρίνα: plur. ρίνες Ion. gen. ρινέων:—the nose:—in pl the nostrils, Lat. nares. ριφθείς, ρίφείς, aor. 1 and 2 pass. part. of ρίπτω.

PI'Ψ, ή, gen. ριπόs, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work. a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. crates. δίψα, Ep for έρριψα, aor. I of δίπτω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{p}}$ ίψ-ασπις,  $i\delta o\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{p}}$ ίπτω,  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\sigma\pi$ is) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

διψις, εως, ή, (ρίπτω) a throwing: a casting. П. a being thrown, falling.

ριψο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ρίπτω, κίνδυνος) running needless risk, foolbardy; see δίπτω 7.

ρίψ-οπλος, ον, (ρίπτω, ὅπλον) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

**ρόα**, **ἡ**, see *δοία*.

ροδάνη, ή, the thread spun, woof, weft. From **βοδάνός**, ή, όν, (κραδάω) waving, quivering. ροδέα contr ροδή, ή, (ρόδον) a rose-bush, rose-tree. ρόδεος, a, ov, (ρόδον) of roses, Lat. roseus. ροδή, ή, contr. for ροδέα.

βόδινος, η, ον, (βόδον) made or twined of roves Pόδιος, a, ov, ('Pόδος) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes. δοδο-δάκτυλος, ον, (δόδον, δάκτυλος) rosy-fingered. ροδο-ειδής, ές, (ρόδον, είδος) rosy-like, rosy.

δοδόεις, εσσα, εν, (ρόδον) of roses.

ροδό-κισσος, δ, (ρύδον, κισσός) rose-ivy.

ροδό-μηλον Dor. -μαλον, τό, (ρόδον, μηλον) a roseapple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

PO'ΔON, τό, the rose, Lat. rosa.

ροδό-πηχυς Dor. -παχυς, ν, gen. νος, (ρύδον, πηχυε) rosy-armed.

δοδό-πνοος, ον contr. -πνους, ουν, (δύδον, πν€ω) breathing of roses.

Posos, ov. n. the island of Rhodes, Lat. Rhodus.

φοδό-χρως, ωτος, ό, ή, (ρόδον, χρώς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ροδωνία, ή, (ρόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, ro-

sary, Lat. rosarium.

φοή Dor. φοά, ή,(ρέω) a river, stream, current, flow; άμπέλου φοή the juice of the grape;—metaph., φοαί streams of events, the tide of affairs.

φοθέω, f. ήσω, (ρόθος) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke of oars
2. to murmur, sound boarse or loud.

ροθιάζω, f. άσω, (ρύθιος) to dash with the oar.

of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

δοθιάs, άδοs, ή, poet, fem. of βόθιos, roaring, dashing. βόθιον, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ρόθιος, ον, also a, ον, (ρόθος) rusbing, roaring,

dasbing.

PO ΘΟΣ, δ, a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; εξ ενδε ρόθου with one stroke, all in time. 2. a boarse or tumultuous noise, din. II. a rushing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ροιά or ρόα Ion. ροιή, ή, a pomegranate-tree.

the fruit, a pomegranate.

φοιβδέω, f. ήσω, (βοίβδος) to swallow greedily down also to make rustle.

φοιβδήσειεν, 3 pl. Aeol. 201. 1 opt of ροιβδέω.

φοίβδησις, ή, (ροιβδέω) a whistling, piping. φοῦβδος, ό, any rushing noise or motion, the whirring or flapping of wings, the rushing of the wind.

ροίζασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of βοιζέω.

poctone, ήσω, (ροίζος) to make a whistling or rushing sound, whistle, burtle, whiz, Lat. stridere. Hence ootnow. Adv. with a rushing noise or motion.

pollημα, ατος, τό, (βοιζέω) a rushing noise or motion,

the flapping of wings.

**POTZOΣ**, δ, Ion η, any whistling or rushing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

**POIKO'** $\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , crooked.

δομβητός, ή, όν, (ρομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

φόμβος, δ, (φέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. turbo 2. a magic wheel, Lat. rhombi rota. II. a spinning, whirling motion; ρόμβος aleroû the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ρομβόω, f. ώσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus. ρομβωτός, ή, όν, (ρομβόω) panelled in lozenge.

poμφαία, ή, a large sword or scimitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

phos Att. contr. ρουs, ου, δ, (ρέω) a stream, current; κατα ρόον, Ερ. καρ ρόον, down stream, with stream; ανα ρόον up stream, against stream.

φόπαλον, τό, (φέπω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass.

II. a knocker on a door.

φοπή, ή, (ρεπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale.

2. inctaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ροπῆς μιᾶς ἐστι it is just on the turning-point; ροπὴ βίου the turning-point, verge of life.

II. the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρά παλαιά σώματ' εὐνάζει ροπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

poπτρόν, τό, (ρέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel.

2.
the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse.
3.
the knocker on a bouse-door.
4. a kettle-drum or
tambourine.

poûs, &, Att. contr. for poos.

ροφέω, f ήσομαι, (ρόφος), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

PO'ΦΟΣ, δ, a swallowing or gulping down that which is gulped down.

ροχθέω, f ησω, to roar, of the waves From PO'XΘΟΣ, δ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

φο-ώδης, εs, (βόος, είδος) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

φύαξ, ἄκος, δ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swoln by rains: a stream of lava.

ρύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ρύομαι.

ρυγχ-ελέφας, αντος, δ, (ρύγχος, ελέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ρυγχίον, τό, Dim. of ρύγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ρύγχος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ό, (ρύζω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ρύδην and ρύδόν, Adv. ( $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

ρυείs, aor. 2 pass. part. of ρέω.

ρυήσομαι, Att. fut. of  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

PΥZΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.) φύη, Ep. for ἐρρύη, 3 sing. aor 2 pass. of ῥέω.

φυθμίζω, f ίσω: pf. pass. ερρύθμισμαι: (ρυθμύς).

—to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time.

II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; δδ' ερρύθμισμαι thus bave I been controlled.

ρυθμός Ion. ρυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ρέω) measured motion, time, Lat. numerus, rhythm, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ρυθμῷ in time, Lat. in numerum; ρυθμῶν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάπτονα ρυθμῶν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). Il proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

**PΥKA'NH**, ή, a plane, Lat. runcina. [a]

φθμα, ατος, τό, (\*νω = ερύω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξου ρθμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχης loχύς the might of the spear (the Greeks); εκ τόξου ρύματος within bow-shot.

ΙΙ. (ρύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ρύμβος, ου, δ, Att. for ρόμβος. ρύμη  $[\bar{v}]$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (\* ρύω = έρίω) the force, swing, rush of a body in motion, Lat. impetus; πτερύγων ρύμη the rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. ρύμη with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. vicus; also a lane, alley.

δύμμα, ατος, τό, (δύπτω) anything used for wash-

ing, soap.

ρτμός, οῦ, ὁ, (\*ρύω = ἐρύω) the pole of a car.  $\mathbf{P}\Upsilon'\mathbf{OMAI}$ , f. ρύσομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ : aot. I ἐρρ $\bar{v}$ σάμην Ep. βυσάμην: 201. 2, 3 sing. ἔρρυτο Ερ. ἔρυτο, 3 pl. έρυντο Ep. ρύατο; inf. ρυσθαι: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of barm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., δύεσθαί τινα θανείν to rescue one from death :- absol. to cure, beal. II. to free, redeem, III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: deliver. of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. to draw back, bold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ρύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of ρύπος.

ρύπαίνω, f. ανω: aor. I έρρύπανα: (ρύπος):-to cover with dirt :- Pass. to be or become dirty.

ρύπαρία, ή, dirt, filth. From

ρύπαρός, ά, όν, (ρύπος) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. -ρωs.

ρύπάω Ερ. ρύπόω: impf. ἐρρύπων: (ρύπος):—to be foul or dirty.

ρύπόεις, εσσα, εν, (ρύπος) foul, dirty.

**ΡΥΠΟΣ**, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: 111eg. pl. βύπα, τά, but also regul. δύποι, οί. II. Att. sealingwax. [v] Hence

ρύποω, f. ώσω, pf. pass. ρερύπωμαι:—to make dirty: —Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

**ρύπόω**, Ep. for ρυπάω.

ρυππάπαι, a cry of the Athenian rowers, yobo! το δυππαπαί is put for the rowers, the crew.

ρύπτω, f. ψω, (ρύπος) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:-Pass to wash oneself.

δυσαίνομαι, Pass (δυσύs) to be wrinkled.

βυσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βύομαι.

ρυστάζω, f. άσω, (ρύσιον) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

δυσί-βωμος, ον, (δύομαι, βωμός) defending altars. ροσί-διφρος, ον, (ρύομαι, δίφρος) preserving the chariot.

ρύσιον  $[\bar{v}]$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , (\*ρίω = ἐρύω) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; ρύσια, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. c. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. βύσια, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. res repe-3. in plur., ρύσια, τά, deliverance.

ρύσιος, ον, (ρύομαι) delivering, rescuing. [v̄]

ρυσί-πολιε, εωε, δ, ή, (ρύομαι, πύλιε) saving the city.

ουσί-πονος, ον, (δύομαι, πόνος) setting free from toil and trouble.

ρύσις, ή, (ρέω) a flowing: a river, stream. [τ]

δύσκομαι, collat. form of δύομαι, Dep. to save, rescue: hence δύσκευ, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

δυσμός, δ, rarer form for δυθμός.  $\delta \bar{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \delta \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o} \nu$ ,  $(*\dot{\rho} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \omega = \dot{\epsilon} \rho \dot{\nu} \omega)$  drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, sbrivelled.

ρυστάζω, f.  $\dot{\alpha}\sigma\omega$ , Frequentat. of \* $\dot{\rho}\dot{\nu}\omega=\dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\nu}\omega$ , to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλά ρυστάζεσκε (3 sing. Ion. impf.) περί σημα be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence

δυστακτύς, ύος, ή, a dragging violently: generally,

violent treatment or behaviour.

ρυσ-ώδης, εs, (ρυσύς, είδος) wrinkled-looking.

ρυτ-άγωγεύς, έως, ὑ, (\*ὑύω, ἀγωγεύς) the rope of a borse's balter.

ρυτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\upsilon}$ , (\*ρ $\hat{\upsilon}$ ω =  $\hat{\epsilon}$ ρ $\hat{\upsilon}$ ω) one who draws or stretches. 2 a rope to draw with, a trace:—the thong by which one holds a horse, a rein, από ρυτήρος with loose rein, at full speed. II. (ῥύομαι) a saver, defender, rescuer.

ρυτιδό-φλοιος, ον, (ρυτίς, φλοιύς) with shrivelled rind.

ρύτίς, ίδος, ή, (\*ρύω = ἐρύω) a wrinkle, Lat. ruga. ρῦτός, ή, όν, (\*ρύω = ἐρύω) dragged along. as neut. Subst, ρυτά, τά, poet. for ρυτήρ, a rein.

δύτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (ρέω) flowing, running, fluid, liguid.

φύτωρ [v], ορος, ό, (\*ρύω= ερύω) one who draws; ρύτωρ τόξου a bowman, archer. II. (ῥύομαι) a saver, deliverer, defender.

δύψις, ή, (δύπτω) a cleansing, purifying.

\* $\mathbf{P}\mathbf{Y}'\mathbf{\Omega}_{1} = \tilde{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\nu}\omega$ , to draw, not used in Act.; see βύομαι.

δωγάλέος, a, ov, (ξώξ) broken, rent, torn, ragged. ρωγάς, άδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ρωξ) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; ρωγάς πέτρα a cloven rock.

Ψωμαϊκός, ή, όν and Ψωμαΐος, α, ον, (Ψώμη) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. -κωs, in Roman fashion. Hence

Ψωμαϊστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language. ρωμαλέος, a, ov, (ρώμη) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

δώμη, ή, (δώομαι) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. 'Ρώμη, ή, Roma, Rome.

δώννυμι οτ -ύω, f. δώσω: 20τ. Ι έρρωσα: (δώομαι):to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. Pass. ρώννυμαι, but the pf έρρωμαι is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. έρρώμην as impf.: aor. 1 έρρώσθην:—to he strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. ερρωσο fare-well, Lat. vale, the usual way of ending a letter; also, φράζω τινὶ ἐρρῶσθαι, like Lat. jubeo valere :--see ἐρρωμένοs.

ρώξ, ή, gen. ρωγός, (ρήγνυμι) a cleft, narrow passage; ρωγες μεγάροιο the narrow entrance of a room.

Ϋ́Ω'OMAI, 3 pl. impf. ἐρρώοντο Ερ. ρώοντο: 3 pl. aor. I έρρωσαντο: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; ρώεσθαι περί πυρήν to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, yopor epporarro they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ερρώοντο μετὰ πνοιης ἀνέμοιο it streamed on the wind.

φωπήιον τό, (ρώψ) Ep. and Ion. for ρωπείον (which is not used), a thicket, coppice: in plur. busbes, brushwood, underwood.

ρωπικός, ή, όν, (ρῶπος) of or like small wares: hence cheap, worthless.

PΩ ΠΟΣ, δ, any small wares, frippery, trumpery. ρωσθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of ρώννυμι.

ρωχμή, ή, = ρωχμός.
ρωχμός, οῦ, ό, (ρώξ) like ρῆγμα, a cleft; ρωχμός yains a gutter or channel worked out in the earth.
"ΡΩΨ, ή, gen. ρωπός, a low shruh, bush; in plur.

underwood, brushwood.

## Σ

 $\sum$ , σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral  $\sigma' = 200$ , but  $\sigma = 200,000$ .

The final  $\sigma$  was written s. This s must not be confounded with  $\sigma$ , stau, which was in fact the digamma, F, vau, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence  $\sigma' = 0$ . There was another form, san or sanpi,  $\sigma$ , which was retained as a numeral,  $\sigma$  = 900.

Changes of  $\sigma$  in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as όδμή ίδμεν for όσμή ίσμεν. Dor. into  $\theta$ , as  $\sigma i \delta s$  dya $\sigma \delta s$   $\sigma$   $\sigma \delta s$  for  $\theta \epsilon \delta s$  dya-III. Aeol. and Dor. into  $\tau$ , as in θόε παρθένοε. τύ τέ φατί for σύ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., as μέτ-αυλο**s** τήμερον τῦκον for μέσ-αυλοs σήμερον σῦκον:--so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττύ**s** for θάλασσα δισσόε. IV. Aeol. and Ep.,  $\sigma$  was often doubled, as őσσοε μέσσοε for őσοε μέσος, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω έσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω όλέσω κομίσω; so δπίσσω for V.  $\sigma\sigma$  and  $\pi\tau$  were sometimes interδπίσω. changed, as, πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω. Dor.  $\sigma$  becomes  $\xi$  in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσπιξώ for θεσπίσω: so, διξόε τριξόε for δισσόε τρισσόε. 2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξύν. VII.  $\sigma$  took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, vs, σῦs sus, ἄλs sal, έf sex, έπτά septem, έρπω serpo. added to words beginning with a conson., esp.  $\mu$  and τ, as μάραγδος σμάραγδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρόε, τέγοε στέγω Lat. tego. 3. σ was inserted by Poets in the 1 pers. pl. pass. and med., as, τυπτόμεσθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in -θεν, as, δπισθεν for δπιθεν. VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, 2s, ἄρρην χερρόs θάρροε for άρσην χερσόε θάρσοε. IX.  $\sigma$  is added to ούτω ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

**σά μάν**; Dor. for τί μήν;

Σἄβάζιος, ὁ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of *Bacchus* himself.

σ**ἄβάκτης, ου, ὁ,** (σαβάζω) a sbatterer, destroyer, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σαβαχθα-νί, Chaldaean form, thou-bast-forsaken me, or bast-thou-forsaken me?

σαβαώθ, Hebrew plur. noun, hosts, armies.

Σάββασι, irreg dat pl. of Σάββατον

Σαββατίζω, f. low, (Σάββατον) to keep the Sabbath. Σαββατικός, ή, όν, (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbath. 2. for a Jew.

Σαββάτισμός, ό, (Σαββατίζω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.c. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest:—also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββαs.

2. a week.

σάγαρις, 108, ή: pl σαγάρεις, Ion. -īs:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

σάγη οι σαγή, ή, (σάττω) the housings, harness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: esp. armour, harness.

σἄγηναΐος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net. σἄγηνεύς,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega s$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ , = σαγηνευτήρ.

σἄγηνευτήρ, ῆρος, δ, one who fishes with a dragnet: hence a comb is called τριχῶν σαγηνευτήρ.
σἄγηνεύω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a drag-

net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net. **XATH'NH**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a large drag-net for taking fish, a seine

σάγηνο-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.

σἄγηνό-δετος, ον, (σαγήνη, δέω) attached to a net. σάγμα, ατοι, τό, (σάττω) the housings of a horse, a saddle, packsaddle.

II. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak.

III. the covering or case of a shield.

IV. a heap or pile.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ου, δ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, ά, όν, = σαπρός, rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked.

II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perisbable.

XAI'NΩ, f. σἄνῶ: aor. I ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσᾶνα:—to wag the tail, fawn.

II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; σαίνειν μόρον to deprecate, sbrink from death.

2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer, please.

**ΣΑΙ'ΡΩ**, f. σάρω: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσηρώ» Dor. σεσᾶρώ», νια, ό», Ep. fem. σεσᾶρω: —to shew the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to smile.

II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σἄκέσ-πἄλος, ον, (σάκος, πάλλω) wielding or brandishing a shield.

σάκεσ-φόρος, ον, (σάκος, φέρω) shield-bearing. σάκιον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ου. σακκέω, (σάκκος) to strain, filter.

σακκίον Att. σακίον, τό, Dim. of σάκκοε or σάκοε, a small bag.

σακκο-γενειο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) cherishing a large heard.

**ΣΑ'ΚΚΌΣ** or σάκος, δ, a coarse cloth of bair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. cilicium: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth:

1. a sack, bag.

2. a sieve, strainer. III. a shaggy beard.

σάκος, δ. v. sub σάκκος.

σάκός, ὁ, Dor. for σηκόε.

σάκος [Δ], gen. σάκεος Ion. σάκευς, το, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ου, δ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, οροs, δ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; "Αιδου σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-ὕφάντης, ου,  $\delta$ , (σάκκος, ὑφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ἄ], ωνος, ὁ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain)

Σάλαμιν-άφέτης, ου, δ, (Σαλαμίς, ἀφίημι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σάλαμίνιος [μΙ], α, ον, also os, ον, Salaminian, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμινία (sub. ναθε or τριήρηε), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athemans, used for special missions; cf. πάραλου. From

Σδλδμίς, gen. îvos, ή, Salamis, an island opposite Athens.

II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σάλάσσω Att. –ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαι: (σάλοs):—to cram full, stuff.

σαλεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσαλεύθην: pf. σεσάλευμα: (σάλοs):—to sbake much: to make to totter:—Pass to be shaken, to totter, reel II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph. to toss, be in sore distress. σάλοs, δ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph.

restlessness, disquiet.
σαλπιγγο-λογχ-ϋπηνάδαι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπιγκτής, οῦ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ίγγος, ή, a war-trumpet, trump: the σαλπίγς was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΙΙΙΖΩ, fut. -ίγξω, 201. Ι ἐσάλπιγξα: later | imperat. σάου or σάω: fut. σαώσω: 201 fut. σαλπίσω, 201. Ι ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet, | σα, pass. ἐσαώθην: fut. med. σαώσομαι.

give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπιγκτήs) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , = σαλπιγκτής.

σάλπιξ, ίγος, ή, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , = σαλπιγκτήε.

σᾶμα, τό, Dor. for σημα. σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Σαμαρείτης, ου, δ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem. Σαμαρειτίς, ίδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβάλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day. Σάμη, ή, Same, the older name of Κεφαλληνία. σαμῆον, τό, Dor. for σημεῖον.

Σάμιος, a, ov, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηίκη, ή, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ιοπ. -θρηίκιος η, ον, Samo-thracian.

Σἄμό-θροξ Ion. -θρήιξ, ικος, ὁ, α Samo-thracian. Σάμος [ἄ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek Islands: 1. an old name for  $K\epsilon \phi a \lambda \lambda \eta \nu i \alpha$ : also called  $\Sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta$ . 2.  $\Sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu o s$  Θρηικίη, =  $\Sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu o \theta \rho \dot{\alpha} \kappa \eta$ . 3. the large Island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόραs, ου, δ, (σάν, φέρω) a borse branded with the letter σάν (v σῖγμα): cf κοππατίαs.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλίσκος, δ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον. σάνδάλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδάράκη, ή, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. sandaraca. [ρά] Hence

σανδαράκινος, η, ον, of or like σανδαράκη, bright-red. σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σανίς, a panel: a trencher. σανίς, ίδος, ή, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοί, 3 sing. of σαόω.

 $\Sigma A'O\Sigma$ , as posit., found only in contr. form  $\sigma \hat{\omega} s$ , safe: Comp.  $\sigma d\hat{\omega} r \epsilon p o s$ .

σαο-φρονέω, σαο-φροσύνη, σαό-φρων, poët. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σώφρων.

σάδω Ερ. σώω, = σώζω, to save: — 3 sing. pres. σαοῖ, 3 pl. σαοῦσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσάω Ερ. σάω: 2 sing. imperat. σάου or σάω: fut. σαώσω: 2 or. I act. ἐσάωση ρεεκ ἐσσάθημε fut. med σαώσου: 2 or. I act. ἐσάωση ρεεκ ἐσσάθημε fut. med σαώσου: 2 or. I act. ἐσάωση ρεεκ ἐσσάθημε fut. med σαώσου: 2 or. I act. ἐσάωση ρεεκ ἐσσάθημε fut. med σαώσου: 2 or. I act. ἐσάωση σαώσου:  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}$ 

σάπείην, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.

σάπείs, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.

σάπήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.

σάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σάπρός, ά, όν, (σαπῆναι) rotten, putrid: diseased, Lat. tabidus: decayed, unsound. II. generally, worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty. σάπφειρος, ή, the sapphire or the lapis lazuli, a

precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οῦs, vocat. Σαπφοῖ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence

Σαπφῷος, α, ον, of Sappho, Sapphic. σἄπών, 201. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ή, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a plau, band. [ἄ]

σαρδάνιος, a,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\sigma a i \rho \omega)$  in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc.  $\gamma \epsilon \lambda \omega \tau a$ ]  $\gamma \epsilon \lambda a \nu$ , to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph;  $\mu \epsilon i \delta \eta \sigma \epsilon \delta \epsilon \theta \nu \mu \hat{\omega}$  σαρδάνιον  $\mu \dot{\alpha} \lambda a \tau o i o \nu$  but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, a o, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδώ), which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, εων, Ion. Σάρδιες, ίων, al, Sardis, the capital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιανός Ion.—ιηνός, and Σαρδιανικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to Sardis; βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, dye, hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη  $[\bar{\imath}]$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , or σαρδίνος,  $\dot{o}$ , the sardine.

σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonyx, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδώ, gen. δος contr. οθς, ή, Sardinia: hence Adj. Σαρδώος, α, ον, Σαρδωνικός, ή, δν, Σαρδώνιος and Σαρδώνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sardinia, Sardinian.

**ΣΑΡΔΩ'N**, όνοs, ή, the upper edge of a bunting-net. σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, ή, the sarissa, a long pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesb like dogs. σαρκασμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, δ, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκίζειν το δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικόs, ή, όν, (σάρξ) of flesh.

II. fleshy, of the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικόs

σάρκινος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesb. II flesby, fat. σαρκο-λίπής, έε, (σάρξ, λιπεῖν) forsaken by flesb, lean. σαρκο-πάγής, έε, (σάρξ, παγῆναι) with compact flesb. σαρκοφάγέω, f. ήσω, to eat flesb: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρτ, φάγεῖν) eating flesb. II. λίθου σαρκοφάγου a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:—hence as Subst. σαρκοφά-

were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγος, ό, a sarcopbagus, coffin. σαρκόω, f. ώσω, (σάρξ) to make flesby, make into

σαρκ-ώδης, (σόρξ, είδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοί έναιμοι και σαρκώδεες gods of flesh and blood.

**ΣΑ'PΞ**, ή, gen. σαρκόε, flesh: in plur. all the flesh or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body.

2. flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρον, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάροω, f ώσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse. Σαρπηδών, όνος, also ήδοντος, ήδοντι, ό; νος. Σαρπήδον:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σαρώ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σάτάναs, α and Σάταν, δ, indecl. Satan; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατίνη, ή, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car. σάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half. σατράπεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, a satrapy, the office or province of a satrap. From

σατράπεύω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II. trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From σατράπης, ου, δ, a satrap, Lat. satrāpa, title of a Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian

word.)

ΣΑ'ΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. I ξσαξα: Pass., aor. I ἐσάχθην: pf. σέσαγμα: Ion 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἐσσάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, barness: Pass. to be armed or barnessed.

2. to load, furnish, equip, fit out.

II. to load beautly: in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένοs laden with woes; σεσαγμένοs πλούτου overloaded with riches.

III. to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σάτυρικός, ή, όν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr. Σάτυρισκος, ό, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΤ ΡΟΣ [v], δ, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus, represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a lewd, goatisb fellow. II. a kind of play, in which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόομαι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effeminate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτιώω, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥ ΛΟΣ, η, ον, conceited, affected, effeminate. ΣΑΥ PA Ion, σαύρη, ή, a lizard, Lat. lacerta.

**ΣΑΥ ΡΟΣ**,  $\delta$ , = σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. lacertus. σαυρωτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , a spike at the butt-end of a spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, ibe

σαυτοῦ, σαυτῆς contr. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.
σάφα, poët. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly;
σάφα είδως knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα είπεῦν to tell plainly, speak trutb. [σἄ]

σἄφανής, έε, Dor. for σαφηνήε.

σἄφέστερος, -ατος, Comp and Sup. of σαφήε.

σἄφέως, Ion. for σαφῶε.

butt-end.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, άγορεύω) speaking truth.

σαφήνεια, ή, (σαφηνήε) clearness, plainness: the truth.

σἄφηνέως, Ion. for σαφηνώς.

σάφηνής Dor. σάφανής, έε, (σαφήε) clear, plain, or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid. open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth. σάφηνίζω, f. ιω, (σαφηνήs) to make clear or plain,

to explain, clear up.

σαφηνώς, Adv. of σαφηνής, clearly, plainly.

ΣΑ ΦΗ'Σ, és, gen. éos contr. oûs, clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain; tò σαφέs the truth: of seers, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, - έστα-

σαφως Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of σάττω.

**ΣΑ**'Ω, Root of  $\sigma \dot{\eta} \theta \omega$ , to sift, bolt : 3 pl.  $\sigma \hat{\omega} \sigma \iota$ . σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σαύω. σαωθείς, -θηναι, aor. I pass. part and inf. of σαύω. σαωσέμεν, Ep. for σαώσειν, fut. inf. of σαύω. σαώσω, fut, of σαύω.

σἄώτερος, Comp of σάος.

σἄωτήρ, ηρος, δ, poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour, deliverer. σάώτης, ου, δ, (σαόω) poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour.

σβείην and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι. σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. 1 έσβεσα Ep. σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσσαι:—to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere. 2. generally, to quench, quell, put out, put down. ΙΙ. Pass. σβέννυμαι: aor. I έσβέσθην: pf. έσβεσμαι: with intrains tenses of Act, aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβαν, opt. σβείην, inf. σβηναι. pf. εσβηκα:—to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extingui: to die. 2. of liquids, to become dry, be 3. generally, to become still, lull, cease. exbausted.

**σβέσσαι**, Ep. for σβέσαι, 201. 1 inf. of σβέννυμι. σβεστήριος, a, ov, (σβέννυμι) serving to quench or put out.

 $\sigma$ βηθι, aor. 2 imperat, of  $\sigma$ βέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting motion towards, as, αλλο-σε to some other place, etc.

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεωυτοῦ, -τῆs, -τοῦ, reflexive Pron of 2nd pers., of thyself, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem . in plur separated, ὑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτφ̂, σ' αὐτόν.

σεβάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἐσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσσατο: also aor. 1 pass. ἐσεβάσθην: Dep.:  $(\sigma \in \beta as)$ :—to feel awe of, to dread.

σέβας, τό, (σέβομαι) reverential awe, a feeling of awe; generally reverence, worship, bonour, respect, II. the object of reverential awe, maawe. jesty. 2. an object of wonder, a won ler. an bonour conferred on one.

σέβασμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάζομαι) an object of awe or worship.

Σεβαστιάς, άδος, ή, special fem. of Σεβαστός, Augusta, title of the Roman Empresses.

σεβαστός, ή, όν, (σεβάζομαι) reverenced, awful, II. the Lat. Augustus, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστόs. σεβίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I ἐσέβισα:—to worship, bonour. **ΣΕ'BOMAI**: aor. 1 ἐσέφθην: Dep.:—to feel awe

to worship, pay high regard or respect to.

 $\Sigma E'B\Omega$ , f.  $\sigma \epsilon \psi \omega$ , = the earlier form  $\sigma \epsilon \beta \omega \omega$ , to worship, bonour: absol. to worship, be religious:-hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be reverenced.

 $\sigma \in \theta \in V$ , old poet, form of  $\sigma \circ \hat{v}$ , gen. of  $\sigma \hat{v}$ .

Σειληνός, ό, Silenus, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σειο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σείος, σεία, σείον, Lacon for θείος, α, ον.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ή, (εἴρω) a cord, rope, string, II. a cord with a noose, a thong: also a chain. lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their encinies.

σειραίος, α, ον, (σειρά) joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger; sec σειραφύρο**s.** 

σειρα-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) baving a rope attached, led by a rope: δ σειραφόρος (sub. ίπποs), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or collar: -metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga (τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ηνος, ή, a Siren: in pl. Σειρηνές, ai, the Strens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. metaph. a Siren, decenful woman.

σειριό-καυτος, ον, (σείριος, καίω) scorched by the beat of the dog-star.

σείριος, α, ον, (σειρός) bot, scorching epith of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σείριος ἀστήρ the sun: but, ὁ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύων σείριος or Κύων.

**ΣΕΙΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, bot, scorebing, of summer-heat. σειρο-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφύρυς

σείσατο, Ep. 3 sing aor I med. of σείω.

σεισ-άχθεια, ή, (σείω, άχθος) a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισί-χθων, ονος, δ, (σείω, χθών) earth-shaker. σεισμός δ, (σείω) a shaking, shock: the shock of an earthquake, an earthquake.

σειστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\sigma \epsilon i\omega)$  sbaken.

-σείω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, Desideratives, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρασείω: γελάω, γελάσω, γελασείω.

ΣΕΙ'Ω, f. σείσω: aor. 1 ζσεισα: Pass., aor. 1 έσείσθην: pf. σέσεισμαι:—to sbake, move to and fro, brandisb. 2. absol., σείει there is an earthquake (see 3. Pass. and Med. σεισμός), like θει it rains, etc. to be shaken, shake, beave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earth-II. in Att. to barass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλαϊ, dat. of σέλαε.

σελάγέω, f. ήσω, (σέλαs) to enlighten:—Pass. to heam brightly, blaze, flash.

II. in Act. to shine, to heam.

σελάη-γενέτης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \epsilon \lambda as, * \gamma \epsilon \nu \omega)$  father of light. σελάνα, σελάναία, Dor. for  $\sigma \epsilon \lambda \eta \nu \eta$ ,  $\sigma \epsilon \lambda \eta \nu \alpha i \alpha$ .

ΣΕ'ΛΑΣ, aos, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ον, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing. σέλαχος, τό, a shark.

Σεληναίη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληvala:—the Moon.

σεληναίοs, a, ov, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ή, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in the tenth moon.

σεληνιάζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

σελίδη-φάγος, ον, (σελίε, φἄγείν) devouring leaves of books.

**ΣΕ'ΛΙ'NON**, τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙΈ, ίδος, ή, the space between two rowingbenches (σέλματα). Il. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, oi, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλμα, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. transtra. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμίδαλις, ios and εως, ή, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. simila, similago.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ον, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:— Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speecb. From σεμνολόγος, ον, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly. σεμνό-μαντις, εως, ό, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer. σεμνομῦθέω, f. ήσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνο-μύθος, ον, (σεμνόε, μυθέομαι) talking solemnly. σεμνοπροσωπέω, f. ήσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

σεμνός, ή, όν, (σέβομαι) august, boly, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called σεμναὶ θεαί οτ Σεμναί. II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, baughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ον, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

mlighten:—Pass. to σεμνότης, ητος, ή, (σεμνόε) solemnity, dignity, ma-II. in Act. to shine, jesty: in had sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τίμος, ον, (σεμνός, τιμή) reverenced with awe.

σεμνόω, f ώσω, (σεμνόε) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνύνω [v], f. δνω, (σεμνόs) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνύνομαι, act. I ἐσεμνυνάμην, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνώς, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σέο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen of σύ.

σεπτές, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, boly.  $\Sigma E'PI\Sigma$ , εως or tδος, ή, endive or succory.

σέρφος, δ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

σέσαγμαι, pf pass. of σάττω.

σεσάρωμένος, pf pass. part. of σαρύω.

σεσαρώς, υία, όε, Dor. for σεσηρώς, pf part. of σαίρω: — σεσαρυία, Ep. fem.

σέσεισμαι, pf. pass. of σείω. σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσηρώs, pf. part. of σαίρω.

σεσοφισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσύλημαι, pf. pass. of συλάω.

σέσυρκα, σέσυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σύρω.

σέσωσμαι, pf. pass. of σώζω.

σεσωφρονισμένωs, Adv. pf. pass. part of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for  $\theta$ έτω, 3 sing, aor 2 imp. of  $\tau$ ίθημι.

σεθ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σύ σεθα, Ep. for ἔσσευα, aor. I of σεύω: part. σεύαε. σεθμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3

sing σεῦται. σεῦτλον, τό, Ion. for τεῦτλον.

**ΣΕΥ'Ω**, with  $\sigma\sigma$  in augm. tenses, impf.  $\xi\sigma\sigma\epsilon\nu\sigma\nu$ , pass. and med. ἐσσευόμην: aor. I ἔσσευα, med. ἐσσενάμην ; also Ep. without augm. σεῦα, σεῦε, σεύατο: pf. pass. ἔσσυμαι, part. ἐσσύμενος: plqpf. (in aor. ἔσσϋτο Ep. σύτο; part. σύμενο: aor. I pass. ἐσσύ-There is also 3 sing. σεῦται from a contr. θην [ΰ]. pres. σεθμαι: also σοθμαι, 3 pl. σοθνται: imperat. σοῦ, 3 sing. σούσθω, 2 pl. σοῦσθε: inf. σοῦσθαι. Το put in quick motion, drive, bunt, chase. 2. to set 3. to drive or chase away. on, let loose at. of things, to throw, burl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; alua eooeva I made blood spout forth:-Med., alμα σύτο blood spouted forth. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; συθείε baving started, gone. inf. to basten, speed; ότε σεύαιτο διώκειν when be basted to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθείς, aor, τ pass, part, of σέβω.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωυτού, fem. σεωυτήε, Ion. for σεαυτού, σεαυτήε.

σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκόε) to drive into a pen, coop up, sbut up.

σήκασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάζω.

σηκίς, ίδος, ή, (σηκός) a bousekeeper, porteress.

σηκίτης, ου, ο Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σακίταν άρνα a bouse-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ον, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόροs, δ, a berdsman.

ΣΗΚΟ'Σ Dor. σακός, δ, a pen or fold, for sheep 2. any dwelling. and goats. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, shrine: also a sepulcbre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκόω, f. ώσω, to weigh, balance. Hence

σήκωμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκόs, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.

**ΣΗ MA** Dor. σάμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead. 2. a sign from beaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battlesign, signal. 4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by; generally, a grave, tomb. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices. 6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a 7. a constellation: in plur, the beavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from

σημαίνω, fut. -ανω lon. -ανϵω: 20r. I ϵσήμηνα or ἐσήμᾶνα, inf. σημῆναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθην: pf σεσήμασμαι, but 3 sing. σεσήμανται, inf. σεσημάν- $\theta ai: (\sigma \hat{\eta} \mu a):$ —to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token. II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνων a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. δ σαλπιγκτήs), like σαλπίζει, signal is given; τοις Ελλησι ώς έσήμηνε when the signal was given III. to signify, anfor the Greeks to attack. nounce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα things sealed, opp. to ἀσήμαντα. V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντρίε, ίδοε, ή, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίε γη clay used for sealing.

σήμαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημάντωρ, ορος, δ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a berdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim of σημα. [ἄ]

σηματόεις, εσσα, εν, (σημα) full of tombs.

σημάτ-ουργός, όν, (σημα, \*έργω) making devices for sbields.

σημειο-γράφος, ον, (σημείον, γράφω) writing in cipber. [a]

σημείον Ion. – ήιον, τό,  $(\sigma \hat{\eta} \mu a)$  a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace. a sign from the gods, an omen. signal to do anything: the signal for battle. flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign. a device upon a shield; also on a seal: a seal it-II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειόω, f. ώσω, (σημείον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ήμέρα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ημέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημείον.

σήμηνα, Ep for ἐσήμηνα, aor, I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνθιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron. σημό-θετος, ον, (σημα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines. σηπεδών, όνος, ή, (σήπω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠΙ'A, ή, the septa or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

 $\Sigma H'\Pi\Omega$ , f.  $\sigma h \psi \omega$ : aor. I  $\xi \sigma n \psi \alpha := to make rotten$ or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass. σήπομαι: 20r. 2 ἐσάπην [α], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπήη, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σήρ, Σηρόs, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σηρεs, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, δ, Lacon. for  $\theta$ ήρ.

σηραγξ, αγγος, ή, (σαίρω, σέσηρα) a bollow rock,a cleft, cave bollowed out by the sea.

σηρϊκός, ή, όν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken. σηρο-κτόνος, ον, Lacon. for θηροκτ -.

 $\Sigma H'\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , gen.  $\sigma\epsilon\delta s$ , nom. pl.  $\sigma\epsilon\epsilon s$ , gen.  $\sigma\epsilon\omega\nu$ : later also gen. σητόs:—a moth, Lat. tinea: a book-worm.

σηs, Ion. for σαιs, dat. pl. fem of σόs, σή, σόν. σησάμαίος, a, ov, made of sesamé. From

σησάμη, ή, sesamé, an castern leguminous plant. [α] σησαμή, ή, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with boney, a sesamé-cake.

σησάμινος, η, ον, (σησάμη) made of sesame; σησάμινον έλαιον sesamé-oil [ă]

σησαμόεις, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesame; δ σησαμοῦs (sub. ἄρτοs) a sesamé-cake.

σήσαμον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησάμη).

σησάμό-τυρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρός) sesamé-cheese. σησάμοθε, οθντοε, contr. from σησαμόειε.

Σηστός, ή, also δ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σήτες Att. τήτες, (έτος) this year: see σήμερον. σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σής, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ον, (σής, κοπήναι) fretted by moths.

σθεναρός, ά, όν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

**ΣΘΕΝΟΣ**, εos, τό, strength, migh, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἀελίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντί σθένει with all one's might. 2 might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periphr, like βίη, ts, μένος with a gen, as, σθένος Έκτορος Hector himself.

σθενόω, f. ώσω, (σθένοs) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and inipf.: (σθένοs) —to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρί, ποσί to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙ'Α' ΓΩ'N Ion. στηγών, όνος, ή, the jaw-bone, jaw. ΣΙ'Α' ΛΟΝ Ion. σίελον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙ'Α' ΛΟΣ, δ, a fat bog: also with another Subst., σθε σίαλος, like σθε κάπριος, etc. II. fat, grease. Σίβυλλα, ή, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σιβύλλειος, a, ov, Sibylline

Σίβυλλιάω, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner. ΣΓΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνης, ου, ὁ, a bunting-spear. [ĕ] σῖγἄ, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam, σῖγα bush! be still!

σίγā, imperat. of σιγάω, busb! be still! σίγā, Ep for ἐσίγα, 3 sing impf. of σιγάω. σῖγậ. 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat of σιγή

σιγάζω, f. άσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

στηάλέος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγάλόεις, εσσα, εν, (σίαλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' rems. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

στγαλός, Dor. for σιγηλός. στγάς, άδος, ή, (σιγή) silent.

στγάω, f. -ήσομαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass, aor. I ἐσιγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, bush! be still!—Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σίγειν, Lacon, for θιγείν.

σιγή Dor. σιγά, ή, (σίζω) silence, a being silent; σιγήν έχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγήν ποιείσθαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγή as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγή νυν silence now! σιγή ποιείσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2. secretly: also as a Prep, σιγή τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός unknown to him.

στηηθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass part. of σιγάω. στηηλός, ή, όν Dor. στγαλός, όν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, bushed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence. στηρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ , = σιγηλός.

στγητέον, verb. Adj. of  $\sigma_i \gamma \delta \omega$ , one must be silent.  $\sigma(\gamma \lambda o s)$  or  $\sigma(\kappa \lambda o s)$ ,  $\delta$ , the Hebrew sbekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian  $\sigma(\gamma \lambda o s)$  is mentioned by Xenophon as worth  $\gamma \frac{1}{2}$  or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα,  $(\sigma i \zeta \omega)$  the letter sigma, see  $\Sigma$ ,  $\sigma$ .

στγύνης, ου, ό, Cyprian word for δύρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος III. the Σιγύναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγώντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres.

<sup>\*</sup> σίδαρος, ὁ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειο**ς** and other Dor forms, **v**. sub σιδήρ–.

ΣΙ'ΔΗ, ή, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [ $\bar{l}$ ] σίδηρεία, ή, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

στδήρεος, α Ιοπ. η, ον, Att. contr. στδηροθς,  $\hat{a}$ , οῦν, Ερ. στδήρειος, η, ον, Dor. στδάρειος  $[\bar{a}]$ , α, ον:  $(\sigma t\delta n \rho os):-made$  of iron or steel, iron; στδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph, στδήρεος θυμός a mind of iron; στδήρειον ήτορ an iron heart. II. στδάρεοι, οί, α Βγχαπίπε iron εοιπ.

σίδηρεύς, έως, ὁ, (σίδηρος) a worker in iron, a smith. σίδήριον, τό, (σίδηρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σίδηρίτης  $[\bar{t}]$ , ov,  $\delta$ , fem. –îτις,  $\iota \delta os$ , Dor. σιδαρίτας, a,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma' \delta \eta \rho os)$  of iron.

στίδηρο-βρτθής. ές. (σίδηρος, βρίθω) iron-loaded στίδηρο-βρώς, ώτος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (σίδηρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith, of a whetstone.

σίδηρο δάκτυλος, ον, (σίδηρος, δάκτυλος) ironfingered.

σίδηρό-δετος, ον, (σίδηρος, δέω) iron-bound, shod with iron

σίδηρο-κμής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (σίδηρος, κάμνω) slain by tron, slain by the sword.

σίδηρο-μήτωρ, opos,  $\dot{0}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma i\delta \eta pos, \mu \dot{\eta} \tau \eta \rho)$  mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

στδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σίδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σίδηρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σίδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σίδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙ'ΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σίδαρος, δ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine. II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, are: also a knife, sickle. III. a place for selling iron, a culler's shop.

σίδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σίδηρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σίδηρο-τέκτων, ονοι, δ, (σίδηροι, τέκτων) a worker in iron.

σίδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεκεῖν) iron producing. σίδηροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cleave with iron From

σίδηρο-τόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεμείν) cutting with iron.

σίδηροφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as Dep. - έομαι. From

σίδηρο-φόρος, ον, (σίδηρος, φέρω) wearing iron, bearing arms.

σίδηρό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (σίδηρος, φρήν) of iron

σιδηρό-χαλκος, ον, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) of iron and copper.

σϊδηρο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) fighting in

iron, epith. of mailed war-horses. στδηρόω, f. ώσω, (σίδηρος) to make of iron, overlay with iron:—impers. in plaps. pass. ἐσεσιδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ άλλου ξύλου iron bad been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood.

σίδιον, τό, (σίδη) pomegranate-peel. [σί] Στδονίηθεν, Adv. from Sidon. From

Σίδων, ωνος, ή, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of belonging to Sidon; fem. also Σιδωνιάς, άδος.

Σίδών, όνος, ό, a man of Sidon.

 $\Sigma I'Z\Omega$ , impf.  $\xi \sigma \iota \zeta o \nu \to D$ .  $\sigma \iota \zeta o \nu : no fut. in use :—to$ biss, of hot from plunged into water; σίζ ὀφθαλμώς έλαινέφ περί μοχλφ the eye of the Cyclops bissed when the burnt stake was thrust into it. set a dog on.

Σίθωνία, ή, Sithonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: Adj. Στθώνιος and Στθόνιος, α, ov, Thracian: Στθών, όνος, δ, a Sithonian; and Στθονίς, ίδος, ή, a Sitbonian woman.

Σικανία, ή, Sicama, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, οῦ, ὁ, a Sicanian (see Σικανία): Adj. Σικūνικός, ή, όν, Sicanian.

σικάριος, δ, the Lat. sicarius, assassin. [a]

Στκελία, ή, (Σικελός) Sicily: Adj Σικελικός, ή, όν, Sicilian. Hence

Σίκελίζω, f. ίσω, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σίκελικός, ή, όν, (Σικελός) of or like a Sicilian.

Σίκελιώτης, ου, ό, a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily, as distinguished from the Σικελοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. Ἰταλιώτηs.

Σίκελός, ή, όν, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, Lat. Siculus: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιωται were the later Greek settlers. σίκερα [ī], τό, gen. σίκεροs, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebr. sbûkar, to be intoxicated.)

σίκιννις or σίκινις, ιδος, ή, the Sicinnis, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

 $\sigma(\kappa\lambda os, \delta, = \sigma(\gamma\lambda os.$ 

σἴκύα Ion. σικύη, ή, a fruit like the cucumber or II. a cupping glass, from gourd, but eaten ripe. its shape, Lat. cucurbita. [v]

σίκυος, δ, the common gourd or cucumber.

north of the Peloponnesus. Adj. Σίκυώνιος, α, ον. Sicyonian: Adv. Σίκυώνοθε, of or from Sicyon.

σικχαίνω, to loathe. From ΣΙΚΧΟ'Σ, δ, a squeamish, fastidious person.

Σιληνός,  $\delta$ , see Σειληνός.

σίλι, τό, the palma Christi, called also σιλλικύπριον. σιλλαίνω, (σίλλοs) to insult, mock, jeer.

σιλλικύπριον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\sigma i \lambda \iota$ . (Deriv uncertain.)

 $\Sigma I'\Lambda\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , one who looks askance: a satir-II. a satire, satirical poem.

ΣΙ'ΛΟΥΡΟΣ, δ, a river-fish, prob the shad, Lat. sılürus.

ΣΙ'ΛΦΗ, ή, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. blatta. II. a book-worm.

ΣΙ'ΛΦΙΟΝ, τό, Lat. laserpitium, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the assa-foetida. Hence

σιλφιωτός, ή, όν, prepared with sulphium.

σιμβλεύω, f. σω, (σίμβλος) to form or grow in the bive, of honey.

ΣΙΜΒΛΟΣ, δ, a bee-bive: metaph, any store or

σιμι-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημι-κίνθιον.

Σίμόεις, -ύεντος contr Σίμους, -ουντος, b, the Simois, a river near Troy: - Adj. Σιμοέντιος contr. Σιμούντιος, a, ov, of, near the Simois: fem. also Σιμοεντίς, ίδος.

 $\Sigma \Gamma MO'\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ , snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, II. of other things, steep, up-bill, Lat. acclivis; πρώς τὸ σιμὸν διώκειν to pursue up-bill. bent in, bollow, concave.

σιμότης, ητος, ή, (σιμός) the shape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σίμους, -ουντος, ό, contr. form of Σιμόεις.

στμόω, f. ώσω, (σιμός) to turn up the nose, bend upwards. Hence

σίμωμα, ατος, τό, anything bent upwards. From σἴνἄμωρέω, f. ήσω, to damage wantonly: generally, to bandle roughly. From

σζνά-μωρος [ă], ον, (σίνος, μώρος) mischievous, burtful: c. gen. rei, των ξωυτου σινάμωρος ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd.

σίναπι, εωs, and σίναπυ, τός,  $(ν \hat{a} \pi v)$  mustard, Lat. sinapi: the better Att. form was ναπυ.

σινδώ, οῦs, ἡ, Att. for σινδών.

σινδών, όνος, ή, sindon, a fine Indian cloth, mus-II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth. στνέομαι, Ion. for σίνομαι.

σίνηπι, ιος, and σίνηπυ, υος, τό, Ion. for σίναπι, σίναπυ. [σζ]

σινιάζω, f. σω, (σινίον) to sift, fan, winnow.

ΣΙΝΙΌΝ, τό, a sieve.

σίνις, ιδος, δ, acc. σίνιν, (σίνομαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as Adj. destroying, ravening. as prop. n., Zivis, o, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [00]

Σίκυών, ῶνος, ἡ, Sicyon, a town and district on the ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [1] Ion. σῖνέομαι: Ion. impl. σῖνεσκό-

μην: 201. 1 ἐσῖνάμην: Dep.:—to plunder, spoil, pil- | food, provisions; σίτησιε ἐν Πρυτανείφ public mainlage: to barry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear II. in more general sense, to dain pieces, devour.

2. also to burt, wound. Hence mage, distress. σίνος [ĭ], εος, τό, burt, barm, mischief, damage.

anything burtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, δ, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring σίντις, ιοε,  $\delta_1 = \sigma i \nu \tau \eta s$ , only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιεs, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, οροε, ό, = σίντηε.

Σίνώπη, ή, Sinope, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea: - Σίνωπίτης, ου, δ, an inhabitant of Sinope: Adj. Σίνωπικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to Sinope.

**ΣΙΌΝ**, τό, a marsb or meadow plant.

σιός, Lacon. for θεός.

σιπύη, ή, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΡΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. de-

otpos, o, a pit or bole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σζούμβριον,  $\tau \delta$ , = σίσυμβρον.

**ΣΙ'ΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ**, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or tbyme.

σἴσύρα [v] or σίσυρνα, ή, a sbaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σἴσυρνο-φόρος, ον, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Στούφειος, α, ον, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σιστφίs, ίδοε. From

Σί-συφος [t], ov, o, an ancient king of Corinth, pumished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from σοφόs, the Wise or Cunning)

σιτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σιτοs.

σιτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (σιταγωγόε) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σῖτἄγωγία, ή, conveyance of corn to a place.

στ-άγωγός, όν, (σίτος, άγω) transporting corn to a place; σιταγωγά πλοΐα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάθην, Dor. for ἐσιτήθην, aor. I pass. of σιτέω. σττεύσιμος, η, ον, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fatted.

σττευτός, ή, όν, fatted, stalled, Lat. altilis. From σττεύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σίτος):---

to feed, fatten: -Pass. to be fed, to eat. σττέω, f. ήσω, (σίτος) to feed :- Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I

pass. ἐσῖτήθην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σίτηγέω, f. ήσω, (σιτηγός) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

συτηγία, ή, the conveyance or importation of corn. σίτ-ηγός, όν, (σίτος, ἄγω) conveying corn.

σίτηρέσιον, τό, (σίτηρόε) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σίτηρόs, a, bv, (σίτοs) of or belonging to corn. σίτησιε, εωε, ή, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also ing; of the eyes, blind. Hence

tenance in the Prytanëum.

σῖτίζω, f. ίσω, (σῖτος) to feed, fatten :- Pass. to feed upon, eat.

σιτίον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread; generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet; σιτία τριών ήμερων three days' provision; τὰ έν Πρυτανείω σιτία public maintenance in the Prytaneum, like σίτησις.

στιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fatted: as Subst. a fatling.

σττο-δεία Ion. -δηίη, ή, (σίτος, δέομαι) want στ scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σττο-δόκος, ον, (σίτος, δέχομαι) bolding food.

σιτοδοτίω, f. ήσω, to furnish with corn, victual :-Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σῖτο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (σῖτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn. σττο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σττο-νόμος, ον, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn of food; σιτονόμος έλπίς the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ήσω, (σιτοποιόε) to prepare corn for food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals: - Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ή, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σιτοποιικός, ή, όν, of or for bread-making.

στο-ποιός, όν, (σίτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιόε (sub. γυνή), ή, a woman that ground the corn in the band-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός άνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σῖτο-πομπία, ή, (σῖτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convoy, an escort, a convoy.

σῖτο-πώλης, ου, ὑ, (σῖτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΙ ΤΟΣ, δ, irreg. pl. σιτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink; σιτος ήδε ποτής meat and drink.

σττο-φάγος, ον, (σίτος, φάγείν) eating corn or bread. σιτο-φόρος, ον, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σιτο-φύλακες, oi, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peirzeus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

oitte and oitte, a cry of drovers to their flocks, st! when ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρόs follows, to call them on.

σττ-ώνης, ου, δ, (σίτος, ών έομαι) a buyer of corn. σῖτωνία, ή, (σιτώνηε) a buying of corn, purchase of corn

ΣΙΦΛΟ'Σ, ή, ω, crippled, maimed: also lame, limp-

σιφλόω, f. ώσω, to maim, cripple: to burt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσειε, 3 sing. Acol. 201. 1 opt.

**Σίφνιοs**, α, ον, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. From **Σίφνοs**, η, Siphnus, one of the Cyclades.

σίφων, ωνος, δ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask.

2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

στφωνίζω, f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

στωπάω, fut. - ήσομαι: aot. 1 ἐσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα: —to be silent or still, to keep silence; σιωπάντινι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα busb! be still! Il transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere: —Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

**ΣΙΩΠΗ'**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , silence, a being silent: dat.  $\sigma \iota \omega \pi \hat{\eta}$ , in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

στωπηλός, ή, όν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σίωπηρός, ά, όν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπήσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. 201. 1 opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence.

II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

**ΣΚΑ'ΖΩ**, f. άσω, to limp, balt. II. σκάζων, also χωλίαμβος (sub. πούs),  $\delta$ , the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟ Σ, ά, όν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left band or side, like ἀριστερόs:—ἡ σκαιά (sub. χείρ), the left band.

II. western, westward, for the Greek auspex turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαιαί πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek auspex, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιόs).

III. metaph. like French gauche, left-banded, awkward, clumsy, uncouth.

σκαιοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = σκαιότηs.

σκαιότης, ητος, ή, (σκαιός) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (σκαιός, έργον) to be leftbanded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously. ΣΚΑΙΥΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαιως, Adv. of σκαιός, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθυρμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθυρμα, a trifling subilety, petty quibble.

σκάλαθύρω, = σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [v]

σκάλεύς, έωε, δ, (σκάλλω) one who hoes: a hoer or a hoe.

σκάλεύω, = σκάλλω, to stir, boe; σκαλεύειν ἄνθρακαι to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκάληνός, ή, όν, οτ ός, όν, (σκάζω) limping, balt- a bowl.

ing. II. uneven; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

 $\Sigma KA'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , to stir up, boe, barrow.

σκαλμός, δ, (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπωτήρ, Lat. sealmus, paxillus.

σκάλοψ, οπος, ό, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole. Σκάμανδρος, ό, the Scamander, a river of Troy, δν Εάνθον καλέουσι θεοί ἄνδρες δε Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκανά, Dor. for σκηνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' Ισταδ ἐπῶν setting word-traps, i. e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλίζω, f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκάνδάλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδίκο-πώλης, ου, ό,  $(\sigma κάνδιξ, πωλέω)$  a dealer in chervil.

ΣΚΑ'ΝΔΙΞ, ικοs, ή, chervil, Lat scandix.

σκάπάνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (σκάπτω) a spade or boe. [πά] σκάπετος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ή, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs. σκαπτήρ, ήρος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma κάπτω)$  a digger, delver.

**σκάπτον**, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, ή, όν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτή ΰλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑ ΠΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [ἄ]: pf. ἔσκαμμαι.—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδά-μύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω): -to blink, wink.

σκάρτφισμός, δ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαριφισμοί λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκάριφος, ὁ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing outlines: an outline, sketch.

σκατός, genit. of σκώρ.

σκάτο-φάγοs, ον, (σκατόs, φαγεῖν) dung-eating. σκάφεύς, έως, δ. (σκαφῆναι) a digger, delver, ditcher, σκάφη, ή, (σκάφῆναι) anything dug or scooped out, a bollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. scăpha.

σκάφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowel: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of bair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythiaus), in which the hair was cut off all round the bead, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like a bowl.

2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ίδος, ή, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφοs, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock.

σκάφος, εος, τό, (σκαφηναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any bollow vessel, a tub: esp. the bull of a ship, Lat. alveus, and generally a ship, boat.

a digging-tool, spade. [ă]

σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, lengthd. from obsol. \*σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ἄ] Att. σκεδω, ậs, ậ: aor. 1 ἐσκέδασα Ερ. σκέδασα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσκεδάσθην: pf. ἐσκέδασμαι:-- to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to sbiver, break a thing. Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκέδασα, Ep. aor. 1 of σκεδάννυμι.

σκέδασις, ή, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. σκεδώ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεθρός, ά, όν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρώς, thoroughly, exactly. (From  $\sigma \chi \epsilon \theta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ , poet. 2 of

ἔχω.) Σκείρων, ωνος, δ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκείρωνος ἀκταί,

i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκειρωνίδες πέτραι: Σκειρωνικών οίδμα the sea off this coast.

σκελίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Att. σχελίς.

σκελίσκος, ου, δ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg. **ΣΚΕ'ΛΛΩ**, fut. σκελώ Ιοπ. σκελέω: aor. 1 έσκηλa:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελουμαι: with intr. tenses of Act, aor. 2  $\ell \sigma \kappa \lambda \eta \nu$ , inf.  $\sigma \kappa \lambda \hat{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota$  (as if from  $\star \sigma \kappa \lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \iota$ ): pf. ἔσκληκα with pres. signf.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕ'ΛΟΣ, εοε, τό, the leg; έπὶ σκέλοε ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, 1. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræeus.

σκέμμα, ματοι, τό, (ἔσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος.

σκέπα, poet. nom. and acc pl. of σκέπαs.

σκεπάζω, f. άσω, (σκέπας) like σκεπάω, to cover. sbelter, screen. Hence

σκέπανον, τό, (σκέπας) a covering.

σκεπανός, ή, όν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕ'ΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκέπαρνος, δ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕ'ΠΑΣ, αοε, τό, a covering, shelter; ἐπὶ σκέπαε in or under shelter; σκέπας ανέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάζω) = σκέπας.

σκεπάω Ep. σκεπόω, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΤΙΗ, ή, like σκέπαε, a covering, shelter: metaph., έν σκέπη τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war; έν σκέπη του φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπόωσι, Ep. for σκεπώσι, 3 pl. pres from σκεπάω. σκεπτέον, one must look or consider : verb. Adj. of |

σκέπτομαι, fut σκέψομαι: aor. I ἐσκεψάμην: pf. ἔσκεμμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἐσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοπουμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look II. of about, look carefully at, look after, watch. the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider. **ΣΚΕ'ΠΩ**, rare radic, form of σκεπάζω.

σκερβολέω and σκερβόλλω, (σκέρβολοε) to scold, abuse, revile. From

σκέρβολος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευ-άγωγός, όν, (σκεῦος, άγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, ò, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggagemaster.

σκευάζω, f. άσω: aor. Ι ἐσκεύασα: Pass ,pf. ἐσκεύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκευάδαται; Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσκευάδατο: (σκεῦος, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide: -Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, de-II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσκευασμένοs, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκεύος or σκευή, a trifling

part of one's dress or equipment. [a]

σκευαστέον, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare. σκευαστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\sigma\kappa\epsilon v\dot{\alpha}\zeta\omega)$  prepared, artificial. σκευή, ή, (σκεῦος) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. a fasbion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκευοs: the tackling of a ship.

σκευο-θήκη, ή, (σκεῦοs, θήκη) a storebouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal. σκευοποιέω, f. ήσω, (σκευοποιόε) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor. σκευο-ποιός, όν, (σκεῦος, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΥΌΣ, εοε, τό, a vessel or implement of any 2. in plur. σκεύη, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. impedimenta: the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the II. the body, as the vessel or dresses of actors. instrument of the soul.

σκευοφορέω, f. ήσω, (σκευοφόροε) to carry baggage: -Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ή, όν, of or for the carrying of baggage; βάροε σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burthen. From

σκευο-φόρος, ον, (σκεῦος, φέρω) carrying baggage: ol σκευοφόροι the sutlers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκευοφυλακέω, f. ήσω, to watch the baggage. From σκευο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (σκεῦος, φύλαξ) a storekeeper. σκευωρέσμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, pf. pass. έσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. Il. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence

σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick.

σκευωρία, ή, (σκευωρέομαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence.

II. cunning, knavery.

σκευ-ωρός, όν, (σκεῦος, ὥρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, aor. I part. of σκέπτομαι οι σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ή, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion. σκήλαι, aor. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλειε, 3 sing opt. σκηνόμαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell,

live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.
σκηνέω, f. ήσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to
be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally,

to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

**ΣΚΗΝΗ'**, ή, a tent, boo'b: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, bouse: a temple. II a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό,  $(\sigma \kappa \eta \nu \epsilon \omega) = \sigma \kappa \eta \nu \dot{\eta}$ , a dwelling-

place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [ντ] σκηνίς, ίδος, ή, = σκηνή.

σκηνίτης, ου, ό, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [7]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνοπήγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ή, a pitching of tents. II the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγια, τά.

σκηνο-πήγος, ον, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent. σκηνο-ποιός, όν, (σκηνή, ποιέω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ό, a tent-maker.

σκηνορ-ράφος, ον, (σκηνή, δάφηναι) statching tents: as Subst, σκηνορράφος, ο, a tent-maker.

σκῆνος Dor. σκᾶνος, εος, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (σκην $\hat{\eta}$ , φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (σκῆνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνύω) a tent, tabernacle: a babitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό, = σκηπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτο-βάμων [ā], ον, gen. ονος, (σκήπτον = σκήπτρον, βαίνω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτον,  $\tau \delta$ , = σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκαπτον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, δ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ή, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-οῦχος, ον, (σκῆπτον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτοῦχος, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ον, = σκηπτρο-φύρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick II a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a πήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear rule over. From σκηπτρο-φόρος, ον, (σκῆπτρον, φέρω) bearing a

sceptre, kingly, princely.

EKHΠΤΩ, f ψω: aot 1 ἔσκηψα: I. trans to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, burl, light. II. Pass. and Med. to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend ot rely upon.

2. σκήπτεσθαι c acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be.

3. absol. to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ωνος, δ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκί-

 $\pi\omega\nu$ , a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ή, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ', αs Ion. σκιή, ηs, η, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre.

2. the shade of trees; πετραίη σκιή the shade of a rock; èν σκιφ indoors.

3. a shady place.

σκιᾶγρᾶφέω, f. ήσω, (σκιαγράφοs) to faint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare. σκιᾶγρᾶφία, ή, (σκιαγραφέω) fainting in light and shade, rough fainting.

σκια-γράφος, ον, (σκιά, γράφω) fainting in light and shade (without colours) [γρά]

σκιάδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιάδίσκη, ή, = σκιάδειον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιάζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιῶ: 20τ. Ι ἐσκίασα: (σκιά):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on II. to cover, veil.

σκια-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar.

II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ā], οἱ, (σκιά, πούς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιαρό-κομος, ον, (σκιαρός, κόμη) shady with leaves.

σκι**ἄρός**, ά, όν, Dor. for σκιερός.

σκιάs, άδοs, ή, (σκιά) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκίασμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάζω) a shadow.

σκια-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f ήσω: (σκιά, τρέφω):

—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, shun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ερ. σκιόω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκίδναμαι, like κίδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ή συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; αμα ήλίφ σκιδναμένφ as the sun begins to scatter bis beams, spread bis light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ά, όν, (σκιά) shady, shaded.

σκιή, ή, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙ΄ ΛΛΑ, ηs, ή, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla. σκιμάλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown)

σκίμπους, -ποδος, δ, (σκίμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabātus.

σκίμπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , = σκήπτω.

σκινδάλαμος, δ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σχινδάλαμος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω): a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λύγων άκριβῶν σχινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλαμο-φράστης, ου, δ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω)

a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, δ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-ειδής, έs, (σκιά, είδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκιόεις, εσσα, εν, (σκιά) sbady, sbadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκίπων, ωνος, δ, (σκίμπτω) α staff, Lat scipio. [τ] Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκτράς, άδος, ή, epith of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια. σκτράφειον, τό, a gambling-bouse. From

σκίραφος [τ], ό, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκτριται, oi, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτι».

**ΣΚΙ'PON** [t], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena **Σκίράs**, thence called τὰ Σκίρα οr τὰ Σκίροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκίροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese parings. ΣΚΙ ΡΟΣ, δ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκιράα, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριών. Σκίρο-φοριών, ῶνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

**ΣΚΙΡΤΑ'**Ω, f. ήσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκίρτημα, ατος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, οῦ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.
σκιρτο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, πούς) spring-foot

σκιρτο-πόδης, ου, ό, (σκιρτάω, πούς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτώεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίταλοι, oi, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκιφίζω, Dor. for ξιφίζω.

σκίφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [ $\chi$ ] σκι-ώδης, ες, = σκιοειδής, sbady: gloomy. σκλήναι, inf. aor, 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ἄγωγέω, (σκληρός, άγωγή) to bring up bardy.
σκληρο-καρδία, ή, (σκληρός, καρδία) bardness of beart.

σκληρός, ά, όν, (σκλῆναι) dry, bard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, boarse, barsb, rougb. 3. of taste and smell, barsb, rougb. 4 stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tougb. II. metaph., 1. of things, bard, austere. 2. of persons, bard, barsb, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ητος, ή, (σκληρός) bardness, barshness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρύς, τράχηλος) stiff-necked.  $[\check{\alpha}]$ 

σκληρύνω [v], f. ὄνω: aor. I ἐσκλήρυνα: pf. pass. ἐσκλήρυμμαι: (σκληρός):—to barden, esp. to barden the beart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρωs, Adv. of σκληροs, in hard or rough fashion. σκνίπαιοs, α, ον, (κνέφαs) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ,  $-\tau \rho \hat{\chi} \cos \delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \kappa ο \lambda i \acute{o}s, \theta \rho i \acute{\xi})$  with curled, twining bair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιόs (sub. μέλοs), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one be chose.

**ΣΚΟΛΙΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding.

II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιωs, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟ'ΛΟΨ, οπος, δ, a pale, stake: in plut. σκόλοπες, ol, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, ἀνασκολοπίζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟ'ΛΥ MOΣ, δ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟ ΜΒΡΟΣ, δ, a kind of fish, of which the θύννος and πηλαμύς were varieties.

σκοπ-άρχης, ου, δ, (σκοπόε, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, δ, (σκύπελος, δραμείν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, δ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or beadland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a bigb rock, peak. σκοπεύω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. I έσκεψάμην, pf. έσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπό»):—to look at or after a thing: to bebold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out. II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to; σκοπεῖν τὰ ἐαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs. III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ή, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπιά Ion. -ιή, ή, (σκοπόε) a look-out place, mountain-peak. 2. a watch-tower, Lat. specular. II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιήν έχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore.

II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπιάω) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ωρέομαι, f ήσομαι: Dep : (σκοπιά, ώρα):--

to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, δ and ή, (σκέπ-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in had sense, one who lies in wait for another.

2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place.

3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: spy, scout: a messenger.

II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδίνάομαι Ion. - έομαι: f. ήσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμη, ή, (σκόροδον, άλμη) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ἐσκορόδισμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlie: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἐσκοροδισμένοs primed with garlie.

σκορόδιον, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or

stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟ ΡΌΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlie, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the omon (κρύμυον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ιδος, ή, (σκόροδον, πανδοκεύτρια, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-breadsellingbostess.

**ΣΚΟΡΠΙΊΖΩ**, f. ίσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavisb: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΌΣ, δ, a scorpion.

σκοταίος, α, ον, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ή, όν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νως.

σκοτία, ή, (σκότοε) darkness, gloom, dusk.
σκοτίζω, f. ίσω, (σκότοε) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, a, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δάσυ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχοε, δ, ή, (σκότοε, δάσυε, πυκνόε, θρίξ) with dark rough thick bair.
σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότοε, δίνοε) to grow blind and dizzy,

to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ή, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-ειδής, ές, (σκότος, είδος) dark-looking.
σκοτόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μαινα, ή, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ή, (σκύτοε, μήνη) a moonless night. σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟ ΤΟΣ, ου, δ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὅσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότω κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος, εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Antic Greek. Hence σκοτόω, f. ώσω, to make dark, darken, to blind. σκοτώςης, ες, = σκοτοείδης.

σκύβάλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from εs κύνας βαλείν.)

σκυδμαίνω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΊΖΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one. Σκύθαινα, ή, fem. of Σκύθης. [v]

Σκύθης, ου, δ: voc. Σκύθα:—a Scytbian: proverb., Σκυθῶν ἐρημία a Scytbian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scytbian. II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [v] Hence Σκεβάξιο δ (πρ. 16) he or behave the a Scythian in to

Σκτθίζω, f. ίσω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians.

2. to drink like a Scythians.

2. to drink like a Scythian.

3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the bead.

Σκύθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκύθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scytbian bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. άσω, (σκυθρόε) to be angry or sullen ΣΚΥΘΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, (σκυθρωπός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, όν, also ή, όν, (σκυθρός, ώψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρω-πως έχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ή, fem. of σκύλαξ, a sbe-wbelp.

σκυλάκευμα, ατος, τό, a whelp, cub. From σκυλάκευω, f. σω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breed-

ing: generally, to breed dogs.

σκύλακ-ώδης, εs, (σκύλαξ, είδος) like a young dog:
neut. τὸ σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of pupples.
σκύλαξ άκος ὁ and ἡ like σκύμιος στη γουμα

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a whelp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From σκύλεύω, f. σω, (σκύλου) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoilare: c. acc. pers. et rei, κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' ἄμων σκυλεύσαντες baving stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλα or Σκύλλη, ή, Scylla, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who rended her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥΛΛΩ, aor. I ἔσκῦλα:—properly to flay: generally, to rend, mangle, tear: metaph. to trouble, annoy, Lat. vexare. Hence

σκύλμα, ατος, τό, a piece plucked out.

σκυλμός, δ, (σκύλλω) a rending, mangling: metaph.

σκύλοδεψέω, f. ήσω, to tan bides. From

σκύλο-δέψης or -δέψος, ου,  $\delta$ , (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφω) a tanner of bides.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils, Lat. spolia; σκύλα γράφειν to write one's name on arms gained as spoils: rarely in sing. booty, spoil, prey.

σκύλος [v], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) the skin of an animal,

a lion's bide.

σκύλο-φόρος, ον, (σκύλον, φέρω) receiving the spoil. σκύλο-χάρής, ές, (σκύλον, χαρήναι) delighting in spoils or booty.

ΣΚΥΜΝΟΣ, δ, like σκύλας, any young animal; but properly a lion's whelp, as σκύλας was a dog's

whelp, puppy. Hence

σκύμνως, Dor. for σκύμνους, acc. pl. of σκύμνος. Σκύρος, ή, the isle of Scyros, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκύρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros.

σκυτάλη [α],  $\eta$ , (akin to ξύλον) a stick, staff, cudgel: at Sparta, a staff, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a Spartan despatch, and metaph. a message.

σκύτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκύταλον, a cane. [ἄ] σκύτάλις, ίδος, ή, Dim. of σκυτάλη. σκύτάλον, τό, = σκυτάλη, a cudgel, club. [ὕ] σκύτέλο, έως, δ, (σκῦτος) a sboemaker, cobbler.

σκυτεύω, f. σω, (σκυτεύs) to be a sboemaker.

ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ή, the neck.

σκύτίνος, η, ον, (σκῦτος) leathern, made of leather; τὸ σκύτινον a leathern ornament or appendage.

σκῦτος, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. cutts) a skin, bide, esp. a dressed or tanned bide, leather.

II. anything made of leather, a whip, thong.

σκυτοτομεῖον, τό, a sboemaker's sbop. From σκυτοτομέω, f. ήσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to cut leather for shoes, to be a sboemaker.

σκῦτοτομικόs, ἡ, όν, of or for a sboemaker. From σκῦτο-τόμοs, ον, (σκῦτοι, τεμεῖν) cutting leather: as Subst., σκυτοτόμοs, ὁ, a worker in leather, sboemaker.

σκύτο-τράγέω, (σκύτος, τραγείν) to consume leather. σκύφος, ου, δ, and σκύφος, έος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a cup, beaker, can, flagon.

σκωληκό-βρωτος, ον, (σκώληξ, βιβρώσκω) eaten of worms, worm-eaten.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΗΕ, ηκος, δ, a worm, Lat. lumbricus. ΣΚΩ'ΛΟΣ, δ, a pointed stake: a thorn, prickle. σκῶμμα, ατος, τδ, (σκώπτω) a jest, joke, gibe, scoff.

σκωμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκώμμα, a peity joke. σκωπτόλης, ου, ό, (σκώπτω) a mocker, jester.

ΣΚΩ ΠΤΩ, fut. σκώψομαι: aor. 1 έσκωψα: aor. 1 pass. ἐσκώφθην:—to mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at:—absol. to jest, joke, be in fun.

ΣΚΩ P, τό, gen. σκάτός, dung.

σκώψ, δ, gen. σκωπός, nom. pl. σκῶπες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλώψ from κλέπτω) a kind of owl.

σμάνος, Dor. for σμήνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσσι. σμάράγδινος, η, ον, of emerald. From

**ΣΜΑ ΡΑΓΔΟΣ** or μάραγδος, δ and η, Lat. smaragdus, a precious stone of green colour: prob. not the emerald.

**EMAPATE**' $\Omega$ , f.  $\eta\sigma\omega$ , to crash: of the sea, to roar: of birds, to scream, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμάρδησος, δ, (σμαραγέω) a brawling goblin.

σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. I ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μάω):—to smear, rub: to anoint: Med., σμᾶσθαι τὴν κεφαλήν to anoint one's head.

2. to rub, wipe, wasb off, cleanse. Cp σμήχω.

σμερδάλ έος, έα Ion. έη, έον, terrible, fearful, awful:

-neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. terribly.

σμερδνός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , = σμερδαλέος. σμέω, Ion, for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ον, (σμηνος, δέχομαι) bolding a swarm of bees.

σμήνος, εος, τό, (from  $\xi \sigma \mu \delta s$ ) a bee-bive. II. a swarm of bees: generally, a swarm, crowd, throng. σμήχω, f.  $\xi \omega$ : aor. I pass.  $\xi \sigma \mu \eta \chi \theta \eta v$ :—collat. form of  $\sigma \mu \delta \omega$ , to rub, wife off or away. 2. to wife clean. See  $\sigma \mu \delta \omega$ .

σμικρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμικρός, ά, όν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρόs.  $[\bar{ι}]$  σμικρότης, σμικρύνω, v. sub μικρ.

σμικρώς, Adv. of σμικρός, but little.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος,  $\delta$ , = Att. μίλαξ, the yew, Lat. taxus. σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλεύω) carved work: metaph., σμιλεύματα έργων finely carved works.

σμιλευτός, ή, όν, vcrb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, carved. σμιλεύω, f. σω, to cut out, carve finely. From

**EMI**'AH [1], \$\eta\$, a knife for cutting or carving, Lat. scalprum: a graving tool, chisel: generally, a knife.

Σμινθεύε, έωε, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, the Sminthian.

σμίνύη, ή, a two-pronged boe or mattock, Lat. bi-

σμύγερός, Adv. -ρως, poët. for μογερός, -ρως. σμύξαι, aor. 1 inf. of σμύχω.

σμύρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) myrrb, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence

σμυρναίος, a, ov, of myrrb. ΙΙ. Σμυρναίος, α, ov, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.

σμυρνίζω, f. ίσω, (σμύρνα) to flavour with myrrh. ΣΜΥΧΩ  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\xi \omega$ : aor. I  $\xi \sigma \mu v \xi \alpha$ : Pass., aor. I ξσμύχθην: pf. ξσμυγμαι:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away. ΣΜΩ ΔΙΞ, σμώδιγγος, ή, a weal or swollen bruise

caused by a blow, Lat. vibex.

**σμώχω**, f.  $\xi \omega$ , =  $\sigma \mu \eta \chi \omega$ , to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σοβάρεύομαι, Dep. (σοβαρός) to stalk about in a baughty way, to strut pompously.

σοβάρο-βλέφαρος, ον, (σοβαρός, βλέφαρον) with baughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

**σοβάρόs**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $(\sigma \circ \beta \dot{\alpha} \omega)$  scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, baughty, insolent.

of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σοβέω, f. ήσω, to make the noise σοῦ, σοῦ (shoo! sboo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, II. to excite, agitate. knock off. in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σοί, dat. of σύ.

σοίο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σόs.

σολοικία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (σύλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνή Σκυθική σολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, ò, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σολοικιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

σόλοικος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

ΣΟ'ΛΟΣ, δ, a mass of tron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round

**croos**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ep. form of  $\sigma\hat{\omega}os$ , safe and sound in body, whole, unburt, Lat. integer.

σορο-πηγός, δ, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.

**ΣΟΡΟ'Σ**, η, a vessel or urn to bold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σόs, ή, όν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σύ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. tuus, tua, tuum: also objective, σds πόθοs regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεά), τεόν.

σοῦ, gen. of σύ; also of σόs.

σοῦ, σοῦ, sboo! sboo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.

σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. sūdārium, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σοθμαι, contr. for σόσμαι, = σεύω, σεύσμαι.

σούνεκα, by crasis for σοῦ ἔνεκα, on thy account. **Σουνι-άρατος**, ον. (Σούνιον, άράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνιάs, άδοs, ή, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουν-ιέρακος, δ, (Σούνιον, lépaf) bawk of Sunium. Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of

σοῦσθαι, inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σούσθω, imperat. Σουσί-γενής, ές, (Σοῦσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa. σοῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σοῦσα,  $\tau \dot{a}$ , Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, δ, a man of Susa: fem. Σουσις, ιδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.

σούστί, by crasis for σοι έστί.

σοφία Ion. -ίη, ή, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, sbrewdness, craft. fect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σοφίζω, f. ίσω, (σοφόs) to make σοφόs, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I inf. σοφισθήναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. ΙΙΙ. σοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, pf. σεσόφισμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, sbrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stagetrick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so 2 person is called σόφισμ' όλον a trick all over.

σοφιστεύω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one wbo is clever or sbrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί. hence a wise II. at Athens, one who proman, philosopher. fessed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: 2. a sopbist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ή, όν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τὸ σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.

Σοφοκλέης contr. -κλής; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος): Sopbocles, the tragic Poet. σοφό-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (σοφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.

 $\Sigma O\Phi O'\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}v$ , clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφόs λέγειν clever in speaking, 2. clever in common matters, prudent, sbrewd, etc. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: cunning. hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφωs, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. –ώτατα. Hence

σοφ-ουργός, όν, (σοφός, \*ἔργω) working skilfully. **σόω,** Ep. for σώζω.

σπαδίζω, f. ίξω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ā], ικος, ή, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. spadix.

σπάδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπαδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [α], ωνος and οντος, δ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. spado.

σπαθάω, f. ήσω, (σπάθη) to strike down the woof with the σπάθη (q. v); λίαν σπαθάν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money. II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. texere: see ράπτω, ὑφαίνω.

ΣΠΑ'ΘΗ [ă], ἡ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the

stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword. σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθη, a little spatula. [ă]  $\Sigma\Pi AI'P\Omega_{,} = d\sigma \pi ai\rho \omega_{,}$ 

σπάκα, Persian for κύνα.

σπάλείς, Aeol. for σταλείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπανίζω, f. ίσω, (απάνιε) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

σπάνιος, a, ov, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty. —dat. fem. σπανία, as Adv. = σπανίωε. persons, lacking, needy, in want. Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

σπάνιότης, ητος, ή, want, lack, need.

σπάνις, εως, ή, (σπάνός) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνιε [ἐστί], c. inf., 'tis not bard to do a thing. Il. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen. σπάνιστός, ή, όν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. - ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα,

ΣΠΑΝΟ'Σ, ή, όν, of things, scarce, rare. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ă]

σπάνο-σιτία, ή, (σπανός, σίτος) lack of corn or food. σπάραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a sbred. II. a rending, tearing. σπάραγμός, δ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing,

mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπάράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. ι έσπάραξα; (σπάω):-to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. lacerare; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνίζω, f. ίσω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up. σπαργάνιώτης, ov, o, a child in swaddling-clothes. From

σπάργανον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. monumenta, crepundia. Hence

ΣΠΑΡΓΑ'Ω, f. ήσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. turgëre.

ΣΠΑ'PΓΩ, f. ξω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes. σπάρείs, σπάρηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of

σπαρνός, ή, όν, poët. for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπάρτη, ή, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος. Σπάρτη, ή, Sparta in Laconia: -- Advs., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ā], ου, ό, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιατις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ή, όν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or

rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\sigma \pi \epsilon i \rho \omega)$  sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, oi, the Sownmen, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαίοι.

ΣΠΑ'PTOΣ, & and h, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω. σπασσάμενος, Ep for σπασ-, aor. 1 med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, δ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπαταλάω, f. ήσω, to live riotously. From σπάτάλη, ή, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot. σπάτάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπαταλάω) = σπατάλη. σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet. σπάταλός, όν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπάτίλη [ī], ή, excrement, dung. (From σκατύε,

gen. of σκώρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑ'Ω, f. σπάσω [ἄ]: aor. Ι ἔσπἄσα Ερ. σπάσα: pf. ἔσπακα: Med., aor. Ι ἐσπασάμην Ερ. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. I έσπάσθην: pf. ἔσπασμαι:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proreins. verb., οὐκ ἔσπασε ταύτη γε 'be took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

**σπεῖν**, aor. 2 inf. of ξπω.

σπειο, Ep. for σπέο, aor. 2 imperat, of ξπομαι.

σπείοs, τό, Ep. for σπέοε.

ΣΠΕΙ PA, η, Lat. spira, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls spires). 3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπείραι βόειαι thongs or straps of ox-bide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the σπαργάνοω, f. ώσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes. Roman manipulus, = two centuries: but also a cobort. σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα.

σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.

σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.

σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. - αμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρα)
a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.

σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of

σπεῖρον, τό, (σπεῖρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas. σπειρ-ούχος, ό, (σπεῖρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral

figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΎΩ, Γ. σπερῶ: aor. 1 ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσπάρην [ἄ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. serere arenam.

II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born.

III. to scatter like seed, fing, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed. σπείσαι, σπείσαι, απείσαι, αιτ. inf. and part. of σπένδω. σπείσως, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, οροε, ό, the Lat. speculator, a guard. ΣΠΕ'ΝΔΩ, f. σπείσω: αοτ. 1 έσπεισα Ερ. σπείσα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐσπείσθην: pf. ἔσπεισμαι:-there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδεσκε, σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδησθα:--to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. libare, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοίs, Διί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to ΙΙ. Med., f. σπείσομαι: pf. έσπεισμαι sprinkle. (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι εἰρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι αναίρεσιν τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.

ΣΠΕ'ΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπεῖος, gen. σπείους, dat σπῆϊ, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπέσσι and σπή-εσσι:—Lat. SPECUS, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. semen. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπερμ-άγοραιο-λεκίθο-λάχάνο-πώλις, ιδος, ή, (σπέρμα, άγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λάχανον, πωλέομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget. σπερμολογέω, f. ήσω, (σπερμολόγοε) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ή, babbling, gossip.

σπερμο-λόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, δ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up seraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed. Σπερχειός, ὁ, the Spercheios or Sperchēus, a river of Thessaly, the Rapid (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ή, όν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally,

basty, bot, violent.

XIIE PXΩ, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχθην:—to drive, basten, burry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or bastily, to baste; σπέρχεσθαι ἐρετμοῖs to ply rapidly with oats:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vebement:—of temper, to be basty, bot; σπέρχεσθαί τινι to be angry with one.

II. intr. in Act.—Pass, to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ξπομαι, as σχέσθαι of ξχομαι.

σπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέοs.

ΣΠΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. σπεύσω: aor. I ἔσπευσα, Ep. subj I pl. σπεύσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. ἔσπευσμα: I. trans. to urge on, press on, basten, quicken: also to seek engerly, strive after to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II into to press on, basten: to exert oneself, strive engerly: to be enger or anxious to do a thing: also in Med to baste, burry.

σπεύδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres subj. of σπεύδω. σπευστέον, verb Adj. of σπεύδω, one must basten. σπήεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέοε.

σπηι, Ep. dat. sing. of σπέος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπέος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. spelaeum.

 $\sigma$ πῆλυγξ, υγγος, ή,  $(\sigma$ πέος) =  $\sigma$ πήλαιον, Lat. spelunca.

ΣΠΙ ΔΗ Σ, és gen. éos, only in 11. 11. 754, δια σπιδέος πεδίοιο through the far-stretched, broad plain.

**ΣΙΙΙ'ΖΩ**, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat pipio.

**ZHITOA'MH'**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. dodrans:—as a measure, about  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches.

ΣΠΓΛΑ'Σ, άδος, ή, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a bollow rock,

ΣΠΙΛΟΣ, δ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemisb. Hence

σπίλόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἐσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάριγξ, ιγγοε, ή, and σπινθάρις, ίδοε, ή, = σπινθήρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘΗ'P, ηροε, δ, a spark, Lat. scintilla.

σπίνος [ $\tilde{l}$ ],  $\delta$ , (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from its sbrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of fincb.

σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: act. I έσπλαγχνίσθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, bave pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, δ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. visceratio. II. compassion.

Lat. viscera, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. visceratio. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΗ'N, δ, gen. σπληνόs, the milt, spleen.

σπογγιά,  $\dot{\eta}_{1} = \sigma \pi \dot{\sigma} \gamma \gamma \sigma s$ , a sponge, Lat. spongia. σπογγίζω, f. ίσω, (σπύγγος) to wipe with a sponge. σπογγίον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγοs, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΤΓΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, δ, a sponge.

σποδά, ή, Lacon. for σπουδή.

σποδ-εύνης, ες, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on asbes. σποδέω, f. ήσω, (σποδόε) to beat off asbes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδούμενος νιφάδι pelted by the storm; σποδούμενος πρός πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol, στρατώς κακώς σποδούμενοs an army bandled roughly. greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -ιη, η, (σποδόs) a heap of ashes: ashes. σποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (σποδόs) to roast or bake in

the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

 $\Sigma\PiO\DeltaO'\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸs κυλίκων a soaker of cups, i.e. a drunkard. Hence σποδόω, f. ώσω, to burn to ashes: -- Med. to strew with asbes.

σπολάs, άδοs, ή, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For στολάs, from στέλλω.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of επομαι.

the drink-offering or libation, the right of begin-

σπονδείος, a, ov, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drinkoffering or libation. II.  $\sigma\pi\sigma\nu\delta\epsilon\hat{\iota}\sigma s$  (sub.  $\pi\sigma\hat{\iota}s$ ), ô, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τιμή, so called because at σπονδαί slow solemn melodies were used.

**σπονδή**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. libatio: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονdaí, ai, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαλ ἄκρητοι a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδάε τέμνειν (like δρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

**σπονδο-φόροs**, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drinkofferings: as Subst., σπονδοφόροs, δ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. berald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ή, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [τ]

σπορά, ή, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. seedtime. the seed sown.

σπλάγχνον, τό: -mostly in plur. σπλάγχνα, τά, spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὺε σπορά the female race.

> σποράδην, Adv. (σποράs, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. passim. [a]

> σποράς, άδος, ή, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: al Σποράδεs (sub. νησοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεύς, έως,  $\delta$ , (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, δ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a 2. a sowing.—See ἀμητόs.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τα σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπόρος, δ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. seed, produce, a crop.

σποῦ, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάζω, f. -άσομαι: αοτ. Ι έσπούδασα: pf. έσπούδακα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐσπουδάσθην: pf. ἐσπούδασμαι:  $(\sigma\pi\sigma\nu\delta\eta)$ : I. intr. to make baste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be II. trans. to do bastily or serious or earnest. earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:-Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:-Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαίος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαίος, a,  $o\nu$ , (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαίοs είς όψιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος:—also σπονδ-αρχία,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \sigma \pi o v \delta \hat{\eta} s$  αρχ $\dot{\eta}_1$ , the beginning of irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστεροs, -έστατοs. Hence

> σπουδαίωs, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:-Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

> σπουδ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (σπουδή, ἀρχή) one wbo canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

> σπουδ-αρχίδης, ου, δ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδάρχηs, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

> σπούδασμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάζω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

> σπουδαστέος, a, ov. verb. Adj. of σπουδά(ω, to be sought for zealously. ΙΙ. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

> σπουδαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σπουδάζω) a zealous supporter. σπουδή, ή, (σπεύδω) baste, speed, eagerness; σπουδή in baste, bastily; so also, διά σπουδήε, κατά σπου-II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδήε άξιος worth pains: dat. σπουδη as Adv. with great trouble, 2. σπουδαί in plur. bearti. e. scarcely, bardly. III. earnestness, seriousness; burnings, rivalries. άπὸ σπουδήs, μετά σπουδήs, οι σπουδή, in earnest, IV. zeal, regard for a person; kard σπουδάs through regard of persons, through party influence.

2. that which is born, seed, off- σπυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίε, a band-basket. [t]

fisb-basket.

σταγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα  $\tau \hat{\eta} s \, d\nu \theta \epsilon \mu o \nu \rho \gamma o \hat{\nu}$ , periphr. for honey.

στάγών, όνος, ή, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδαιος, α, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; ἔγχη σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ΐστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [a]

σταδιοδραμοθμαι, irreg. fut. of

σταδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμείν) running in

the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [α], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, ol, or στάδια, τά: a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 δργυιαί, 1.e. 600 Greek or 6063 English feet, about & of a Roman mile; ξκατόν σταδίοισιν άριστος 'a hundred miles best;' so, πλείν ή σταδίφ λαλίστερος more talkative II. a race-course, because by a mile and more. that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, άγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικάν to win a race: ξύλινον στάδιον a kind of chess-board. στάδιος [α], α, ον, (ἴστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίη ὑσμίνη a close fight, a battle fought band to band, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑ ΖΩ, fut. στάξω: aor. ι έσταξα Ερ. στάξα: trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χείραs aiμaτι to bave one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κάρα ίδρῶτι to bave one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e. g. of ripe fruit. στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἴστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [ă]

σταθερός, ά Ion. ή, όν, (ιστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερά μεσημβρία bigb noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the solid earth.

σταθευτός, ή, όν, scorched, burnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερύς) to scorcb, burn, roast, fry. σταθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ίστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ίστημι. σταθμάω, f. ήσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. II σταθμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσταθμησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ή, (ἴστημι) a carpenter's line or rule: proverb., παρά στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:-κατά στάθμην νοείν to guess aright. like ypauuh, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma. σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall:

bomewards. From

σπύρις, ίδος, ή, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a | σταθμός, δ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, ol: (ισταμαι):—a standing-place, of farmyard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. ters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. nerally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles. II. an upright standingpost, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also III. a balance, pair of scales: the door-posts. also, weight by the balance; σταθμον έχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμόν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμόω, f. ώσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. 1 ἐσταθμωσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταίην, ηs, η, aor. 2 opt. of ιστημι.

σταίμεν, σταίτε, σταίεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταί- $\eta \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \tau \alpha i \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ , aor. 2 opt. plur. of  $i \sigma \tau \eta \mu \iota$ .

ΣΤΑΙ Σ or σταίς, τό, gen. σταιτός, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ον, of wheaten flour or dough

στακτός, ή, ύν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dropping.

στάλα, ή, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [στα]

στάλαγμός, δ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping: also =  $\sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha \gamma \mu \alpha$ , a drop.

σταλάσσω, f ξω, and σταλάω, to fall in drops, drop, Il trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall. στάληναι, aor 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλίς, ίδος, ή, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἴστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened. σταλ-ουργός, όν, Dor. for στηλ-, (στήλη, έργον)

marked, furnished with a gravestone.

\*σταμίν or σταμίς, ίνος, δ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσσι: (ιστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἵκρια άραρὼν θαμέσι σταμίνεσσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup. στάμνος, δ, also ή, (ἴστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Aeol. for ἔσταν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἴστημι.

σταξεθμες, Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ή, (στάζω) a dropping.

στάς, στᾶσα, στάν, aor. 2 part. of ἴστημι.

στασιάζω, f. άσω, (στάσιε) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινί against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετάτινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσι-αρχος, δ, (στάσις, ἄρχω) the chief of a band or company; the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στάσιασμός, δ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition. στάσιαστικός, ή, όν, (στασιάζω) seditious.

στάσιμος, ον, (στάσιε) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. στάσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.

στάσις [α], εως, ή, (ισταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing.

2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσις του νότου, της μεσημβρίης.

3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status.

II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party.

2.

sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, ες, (στάσις, είδος) seditions.

στάσι-ωρον, τό, = στάσιε èν ὅρει, a mountain-fold; but better στασί-ωρος, δ, (στάσιε, ώρα) watcher of

the station or fold.

στάσιώτης, ου, ό, (στάσιε 11) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plut. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence

στάσιωτικός, ή, όν, inclined to faction, seditious. στάσκε, Ion. for έστη, 3 sing. 201. 2 of ἴστημι.

στασώ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἴστημι.

στατήρ, ηρος, δ, (ἴστημ) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετράδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d. 2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 2b Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him Daries, στατηρες Δαρεικοί, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατίζω, poèt. for ίστημι, to place: Pass. ίσταμαι, to stand.

II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στάτικός, ή, όν, (ἴστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ή στατική (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στατός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ιστημι, placed, standing; στατὸς ιππος a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατὸν

ὕδωρ standing water.

σταῦ, see Σ, σ.

σταυρός, δ, (ίστημ) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade.

II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φάνής, έε, (σταυρύε, φανήναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -νω̂ε.

σταυρο-φόρος, ον, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross. σταυρόω, f. ώσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place.

II. to crucify. Hence

σταύρωμα, ατοε, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταύρωσιε, ή, (σταυρόω) a palisading. Π crucifixion.

στάφίς, ίδος, ή, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίε. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

**ΣΤΑ ΦΥ ΛΗ'**, ή, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταφύλη, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; 『πποι σταφυλή ἐπὶ νῶτον ἐίσαι horses matched in height by the level.

στάφὕλ(ς, ίδος, ή, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes. στάφὕλο-κλοπίδης, ου, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχνη-τόμος, ον, (στάχυε, τεμείν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυη-τρόφος, ον, (στάχυς, τρέφω) nourisbing ears of corn.

στάχυη-φόρος, ον, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχυ-μήτωρ, οροε, ή, (στάχυε, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυό-θριξ, -τρίχοε, δ, ή, (στάχυε, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυο-στέφάνος, ον, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, vos, δ: pl. nom. and acc. στάχνες, -as, contr. στάχυς:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica.

generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [0-]

στέδρ, τό, gen. στέᾶτοι [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στητόι: (ἴστημι): — bard fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sevum, sebum; opp to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάζω, f άσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ή, (στεγανός) a covering. [α]

στεγάνός, ή, όν, (στέγω) covered, shealbed: roofed over.
2. close-covered or close-covering, water-proof.
II. covering: confining, enclosing.
Hence

στεγανῶs, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely. στέγ-αρχοs, ὁ, (στέγη, ἄρχω) master of the bouse.

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στεγάζω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof. Lat. tectum.

στεγαστέον, verb. Adj. of στεγάζω, one must cover. στεγαστρίs, ίδοs, ή, (στεγάζω) fem. Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στεγάζω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ή, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in pl., like Lat. tecta, a bouse, dwelling, abode; κατὰ στέγαs at bome.

στεγνός, ή, όν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυήε, έε, (στεγνόε, φυή) of a thick nature. στέγος, εοε, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a house. 2. an

urn for the dead.

XTETΩ, f. ξω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νήες οὐδὶν στέγουσαι ships not watertight.
2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med., στέγεσθαι ὅμβρους το keep off rain from oneself.
It to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold.
bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret.
to hold water; τὸ μὴ στέγον a leaky vessel.

IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΙΒΩ, fut. στείψω: aor. 2 ξστίβον:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; στείβον εν βόθροισιν είματα they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk; χορὸν στέβειν to tread a measure, dance: to tread, walk on a road, etc.:—Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or bunt out.

στείλα, Ερ. for έστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

στειλειά Ion. -ειή, ή, (στέλλω) the bole for the bandle of an axe. Hence

στειλειόν, τύ, the bandle or belve of an axe fitted into the στειλειά.

στειν-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (στεινός Ion. for στενός, αὐχήν) narrow-necked.

στεινό-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενό-πορος.

στεινός, ή, όν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στείνος, εος, τό, (στείνω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στείν  $\alpha$  δδοῦ a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.

στεινόω, (στεινύε) Ion, for στενύω, = στείνω.

στείνω, (στεινύs) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten:—Pass. to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.

στειν-ωπός, Ion, for στενωπός,

στείομεν, Ep. for στώμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ίστημι. στείρα Ion. -ρη, ή, (στείρυs) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στείρα, ή, pecul. fem. of στείρος, barren.

στείρος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) barren, Lat. sterilis.

ΣΤΕΙΧΩ, f. στείξω: aor. 1 ἔστειξα: aor. 2 ἔστίχον:
—to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march.

2. sometimes c. acc. cognato, στείχειν ὁδύν to go a journey; also, ἀνὴρ ὁπλίτης κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στείω, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ίστημι.

στελεά Ion -εή, ή, = στειλειή.

στελεόν, τό, = στειλειόν, a bandle. Hence

στελεόω, f. ώσω, to fit with a bandle or baft.

στελεχη-τόμος, ον, (στέλεχος, τεμείν) cutting stems or trunks.

**ΣΤΕΊΛΕΧΟΣ,** τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στελεχδω, f. ώσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with. στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεόν.

στέλλω, fut. στελώ Ερ. στελέω: 201. Ι ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλκα: Pass., 201. 2 ἔστάλην [ἄ]: pf. ἔσταλμα: plqpf. ἔστάλμην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of 2 ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στείλαι to fit out an armament:—Med., στείλασθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes:—Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked.

II. to despatch on an empedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an empedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, travel.

2. intr. in Act. to start, set fortb.

III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαί τινα to send for one. IV. as a nautical term, ἰστία στέλλειν to take in sail, shorten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

στελμωνίαι, al, (τελαμών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατοε, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. στέμματα, τά, a shrine decked with chaplets.

στεμματόω, f ώσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with

a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφὔλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στέναγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάζω) a groan, moaning. στεναγμός, δ, (στενάζω) a groaning, moaning. στενάζω, f. άξω, Frequentat. of στένω, to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ή, όν, (στενάζω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (στενός, αὐχήν) narrownecked.

στεναχίζω, f. ίσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, moan.

II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενάχω [α], lengthd. form for στένω, to sigh, groan, moan: metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοὰ στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fulness.

II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From στενο-λέσχης, ου, δ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler. στενό-πορθμος, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait. στενό-πορος Ion. στειν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or oullet:—τὰ στενόπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

**ΣΤΕΝΟ Σ** Ion. στεινός, ή, όν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: ἐν στενῷ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενώ the strait (1. c. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ἡ, a narrow strip of land. II. metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ion. στεινότερος, -ότατος but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur. Hence

στένος Ion. στείνος, εσε, τό, a strait, difficulty, trouble.

στενότερος, Comp. of στενόε, ή, όν.

στενότης Ion. στειν-, ητος, ή, (στενός) narrowness, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ήσω, (στενόε, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room.

II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room.

Hence

art, want of room.

II. metaph. straits, difficulty, III. distress.

II.

στενόω, f. ώσω, (στενόε) to make narrow.

Στέντωρ, opos, δ, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor.

στενυγρός, ή, όν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στένω, only used in pres. and impf., (στενός) to sigh, 2. transit. to bemoan, bewail, lament, groan, moan. deplore.

στεν-ωπός Ion. στειν-ωπός, όν, (στενός, όψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arctus. as Subst., στενωπόs, ή, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. angiportus.

στεπτός, ή, όν, (στέφω) crowned.

στέργηθρον, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.

love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, ατος, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.

στέργοισα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of **ΣΤΕ'ΡΓΩ**, f. ξω: aor 1 ἔστερξα: pf. 2 ἔστοργα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέρχθην: pf. ἔστεργμαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people.

to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III. to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c acc., στέργειν τά παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν την τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοίε παρουσι, IV. to pray, beg, entreat that .. , c. acc. et inf.

**ΣΤΕΡΕΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, rigidus. II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic; στερεδε άριθμός a cubic number. Hence

στερεότης, ητος, ή, stiffness, firmness.

στερεό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (στερεός, φρήν) bard οτ firm of soul, stubborn-bearted.

στερεόω, f. ώσω, (στερεύε) to make firm or strong: to confirm.

στερέσαι, 20r. 1 inf. of στερέω.

ΣΤΕΡΕ'Ω, fut. στερήσω Att. στερω: 201. 1 έστέρησα, Ερ. inf. στερέσαι:-Pass. στερέομαι, στερούμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστερήθην, ἐστέρημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:-Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything. II: to take away a thing: Pass. to bave a thing taken away.

στερέωμα, ατος, τό, (στερεόω) a solid body. a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness. 3. the

firmament of heaven.

στερεώs, Adv. of στερεόs, firmly, strongly, fast. στέρημα, ατος, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.

στέρησις, ή, (στερέω) privation, loss.

στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω. στερίσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.

στέριφος, η, ον, = στερεός, στερρός, firm, bard, solid. II. unfruitful: of women, barren.

στερκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, to be loved, lovely.

**ΣΤΕ PNON, τό, the breast, chest.** 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the beart.

στερνο-τυπής, ές, (στέρνον, τυπηναι) of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast. Hence

στερνοτύπία, ή, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. planctus.

στερν-οῦχος, ον, (στέρνον, έχω) with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.

ΣΤΕ POMAI, Pass., aor. 2 ἐστέρην: — collat. form of στερέσμαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.

στεροπή, ή, =  $d\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho o \pi \eta$ ,  $d\sigma \tau \rho o \pi \eta$ , a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare. στεροπ-ηγερέτα, δ, (στεροπή, ἀγείρω) Aeol. for στε-

ροπηγερέτηs, collector of lightning.

Στερόπης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho o \pi \dot{\eta})$  Lightner, name of one of the three Cyclopes.

στέροψ, οπος, δ, ή, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.

στερρό-γυιος, ον, (στερρός, γυῖον) strong-limbed. στερρός, ά, όν, also ός, όν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen. III. of countries, bard, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstistiff with age. nate, cruel. Hence

ΣΤΕΎΦΟΣ, τό, a bide, skin.

 $\Sigma TE'P\Omega$ , see  $\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \rho \mu a \iota$ .

στερρώς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.

στεθμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres and impf. στεῦται, στεῦτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στεῦνται: (ἴστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.

στεφανεθνται, Ion. for στεφανοθνται.

στεφάνη  $[\check{\alpha}]$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \phi \omega)$  anything that encircles the head: the brim of the belmet, a belmet. of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a bead-dress. III. the brim or border of anything, brow of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφάνηπλοκέω, f. ήσω, (στεφανηπλόκοs) to plait

wreaths or chaplets.

στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, the wreath-market. From στεφάνη-πλόκος, ον, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) planting wreaths or chaplets.

στεφανηφορέω, f. ήσω, (στεφανηφόροs) to wear a wreath or chaplet. Hence

στεφάνηφορία, ή, the wearing a wreath of vic-. II. the right of wearing a crown.

στεφάνη-φόρος, ον, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; άγὼν στεφανηφόρο a contest in which the prize was a crown. στεφανηφόροι, ol, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στεφανίζω, f. σω: Dor. 20r. 1 ἐστεφάνιξα: (στέφαvos):--to crown.

στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανοε.

στεφανίσκος, δ. Dim. of στέφανος. στεφανίτης [I], ου, δ, fem. - tris, ιδος, (στέφανος) of or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta: άγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, δ, (στέφω) that which encircles; στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war. crown, wreath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (kóτινοε) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσοε) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public bonours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη

στεφανόω, f. ώσω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανος):—to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νησον πύντος έστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island. II. to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανοῦν εὐαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings :- Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown: -Med. to crown oneself, win a crown. 2. to crown, bonour. Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ώδης, εs, (στέφανος, είδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στεφανόω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, bonour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕ  $\Phi \Omega$ ,  $\psi \omega$ : aor. Ι έστεψα: Pass., aor. Ι έστέ- $\phi\theta\eta\nu$ : pf.  $\xi\sigma\tau\xi\mu\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to put round as a crown. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath: -Med. to crown oneself -Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2 generally, to crown, to

στέωμεν, Ion. for στωμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of

στη, Ion. for έστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ιστημι.

στήης, στήη, Ep. for στης, στή, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ίστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of  $\sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \theta os$ .

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ίστημι.

στηθο-μελής, έε, (στήθος, μέλος) singing with or from the breast.

ΣΤΗ ΘΟΣ, εos, τό, the breast, chest, Lat. pec-II. metaph. the breast, the beart, i. c. the feelings, affections: cf. στέρνον.

στήκω, formed from ἔστηκα, pf. of ἴστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗ'ΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ή, an upright stone, a post: a block or post. Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατά την στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post; the

-Στηλαι 'Ηρακλήιαι the pillars of Hercules.

στηλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument [[]] στηλιτεύω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στηλίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου, δ, fem.  $-\hat{\iota}$ τις,  $\iota\delta os$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \dot{\eta} \lambda \eta)$  of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar,

placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ίστημι.

στημορ-ράγέω, f. ήσω, (στήμων, δαγήναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to shreds.

στήμων, ονος, δ, (ἴστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun. στηναι, aor. 2 mf. of ιστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στητός, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός,  $\delta$ , (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: supporting. steadfastness.

στηριγξ, ιγγοs, ή, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. ΣΤΗΡΙΊΖΩ, f. ίσω: 20τ. ι έστήριξα Ερ στήριξα: Pass., aor. I έστηρίχθην: pf. έστήριγμαι: 3 sing. plapf. ἐστήρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, bave a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. III. the Act. also is intrans. to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ίστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med of ίστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ή, Dor. for γυνή.

στήωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι. στίβαρός, ά, όν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: tbick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτεροs. Adv. -ρωs, closely.

στίβάs, άδοs, ή, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rusbes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στίβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στίβέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στείβω):to tread, walk upon; παν έστίβηται πέδον all the plain bas been traversed, searched.

στίβη [τ], ή, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, boar-frost. στίβος [τ], δ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep; κατά στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στίγεύς, έως, ό, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγμάτηφορέω, to bear brand-marks. From στιγματη-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brandmarks.

στιγματίας, ου, δ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave. στιγμή, ή, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a mathematical point, Lat. punctum.

jot, tittle : of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙΊΖΩ, f. στίξω: aor. I έστιξα: pf. pass. έστιγμαι, inf. ἐστίχθαι: - to prick, puncture, Lat. pungere: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark; στίγματα στίζειν τινά to brand one with a mark. 2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίζειν to beat black and blue:-Pass. to be spotted. mark with a full stop, Lat. interpungere.

στικτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of στίζω, pricked, branded:

hence marked, spotted, dappled. στικτό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (στικτύς,

χρόοs) with spotted skin. **ΣΤΙ'ΛΒ**Ω, f. ψω, to sbine, glitter, glisten; στίλβειν ἀστραπάς to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to sbine,

to be bright or brilliant. ΣΤΙ'ΛΗ [τ], ή, a drop, Lat. stilla: metaph, a moment.

στιλπνός, ή, όν, (στίλβω) glittering, glistening. \* orig, h, only used in gen. sing. orixos, and in nom.

and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος. στιπτός οι στειπτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , (στείβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. stipatus:

hence sturdy, tough, stout. στίφος, εος, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεων στίφοs the close array of the ships; στιφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ά, όν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, ό, (στίχος, ἀείδω) a verse-maker, poet. στίχας, acc. pl. of \*στίξ.

στιχάω, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:-Med. στιχάομαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστιχύωντο, to marcb in rows or ranks.

**στίχες**, ai, pl. nom. of \*στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ον, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses. στίχος [1], δ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχόε, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στίχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees. II. a line of writing, a

στιχός,  $\tau \hat{\eta}$ ς, gen. from \* $\sigma \tau i \xi$ .

**ΣΤΛΕΓΓΙ΄Σ**, ίδο**s**, ή, a sort of scraper, Lat. strigil, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath. στοά or στοιά, âs, ή, (ἴστημι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. porti-II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storebouse, magazine, warebouse, for corn. 2. ή βασίλειος στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεύs sat. 3. the Poecile, or painted Stoa: -- since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called ol έκ της στοάς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ή, see στοά.

στοιβάζω, f. άσω, (στοιβή) to pile or beap up. στοιβάς, άδος, ή, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

II. metaph. a | down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewed on the ground.

> στοιβή, ή, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up. II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοϊκός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , = Στωικός.

στοιχείον, τό, Dim. of στοίχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language. 2. Tà στοιχεία the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, ele-3. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight στοιχ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (στοίχος, άγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f ίσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ό, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατά στοίχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file. a line of poles with bunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ου, & (στόλος, άρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, άδος, ή, (στέλλω) going in a body. as Subst., στολάs, ή, a borseman's cloak.

στολή, ή, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. stola. στολίδόω, f. ώσω, (στολίε) to draw on, put on:-Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολίδωμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδύω) a fold of a robe. στολίδωτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , verb. Adj. of στολιδόω, folded, banging in folds.

στολίζω, f. ίσω, (στολίε) to make ready, trim, equip, deck .- Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (στολ $\dot{\eta}$ ) a garment, robe; νεβρ $\hat{\omega}$ ν στολίδεs garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, δ. (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, δ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ιδίφ στόλφ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινῷ στόλφ in a journey on behalf of the state. 2. the purpose or cause of a journey. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρύπας στόλος all the a sbip's beak. people.

στόμα Aeol. στύμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. os, oris; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. ora, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face ; κατὰ στόμα face to face : metaph., στόμα  $\pi \tau \circ \lambda \ell \mu \circ \iota \circ \iota the very jaws of battle.$ 2. the mouth. tongue: speech, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος elπείν to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memory;

dvd στόμα or έν στόματι έχειν to have always in one's mouth; δια στόμα είναι to be in people's mouths; έξ ενδι στόματος with one voice, all at once. II. the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces: also a chasm or eleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weather, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acces: also the front ranks of the battle, the front; of από στύματος the front ranks; ακρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμ-αργος Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στομάτ-ουργός, όν, (στόμα, \*έργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, δ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth.

11.

the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault:

the socket of a bolt.

III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομόω, f. ωσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, barden.

στομφάζω, f. άσω, (στόμφου) to rant, mouth: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ,  $\bar{\alpha}$ κος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (στόμφος) one who uses hombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, δ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, hombast, rant. στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομόω) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ή, (στομόω) a giving an edge to a thing, a bardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν έχον a mouth that has much mouthing or sbarpness of tongue.

στονάχέω, f. ήσω, (στοναχή) to groan, sigh, moan.

II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στονάχή, ή, (στενάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur, groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνος, ὁ, (στένω) a groaning, sighing, wailing. στόνυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, like ὄνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ή,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega)$  love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΊΝΝΥ ΜΙ shortd. στόρνυμι, by metath. στρώννυμι and στρωννύω: fut. στορέσω Att. στορώ, also στρώσω: aor. ι ἐστόρεσα, also ἔστρωσα: pf. ps. ss. ἔστρωμαι:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχοι στορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, δδον μυροίνησι στορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level; δδον στορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

στορέσαι, 20r. I inf. of στορέννυμι.

στορεσεύντι, Dor. for στορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of στορέννυμι.

στορεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (στορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

στόρνυμι, a later form of στορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f -άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχοι):—to aim or sboot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ή, όν, (στοχάζομαι) able to bit: able to guess, sbrewd, sagacious. Adj. -κω̂.

**ΣΤΟ'ΧΟΣ**, δ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture. στραγγεύω, f. σω, (στράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγεύομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ή, (στράγξ, οὐρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουριάω, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΓΩ, fut. στράγεω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress

στράγξ, ή, gen. στραγγός, (στράγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στρατ-άρχης, ου, δ, (στρατός, ἄρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος,  $\dot{v}$ , = στρατάρχης

στρατάω, (στρατόε) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατόωντο.

στρατεία Ion. –ηίη, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατείας είναι to be on foreign service; οίκοι καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεία, ή, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva. στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατείω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στράτεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στράτευσις, ή, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj one must march. From στράτεύω, f. σω, (στρατόs) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep. στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσμαι: and pf. pass ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, baving been a soldier.

στράτηγείον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον. στράτηγέω, f. ήσω, (στρατηγόs) to be a general: c gen. to be general of an army, command.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στρατήγημα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στράτηγία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (στρατηγόs) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στράτηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στράτηγικός, ή, όν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ή στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), οι τὰ στρατηγικά, generalsbip, Lat. scientia rei militaris.

II. fitted for command, versed in generalsbip, skilled in military matters. Adv. -κως, like a general.

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγόs) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings.

II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp. στρατηγίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general: πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent:

ral; πύλαι στρατηγίδεs the door of the general's tent; ναῦς στρατηγίε the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ή στρατηγίε alone.

II. as Subst. a female

commander or general.

στράτ-ηγός, δ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

II. at Athens, ol στρατηγοί were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department.

III. στρατηγὸς υπατος the Roman Consul; στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.

στρατηίη, ή, Ion. for στρατεία.

στράτηλάσια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

στράτηλατέω, f. ήσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [α], ου, ό, (στρατός, έλαύνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στράτιά Ion.  $-ι\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma\tau\rho\alpha\tau\dot{\phi}s)$  an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II.  $=\sigma\tau\rho\alpha\tau\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\alpha}$ , an expedition. Hence

στράτί-αρχος,  $\delta$ , = στρατάρχης, a general.

στράπιος, ον, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στράπιον as Adv., valiantly.

στράτιώτης, ου, δ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military

service: a soldier. Hence

στράτιωτικός, ή, όν, of or for soldiers: το στρατιωτικόν (sub. άργύριον), the pay of the forces; το στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλήθοs) the soldiery; το στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or mulitary service. Hence

στρατιωτικώς, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted

out more like transport-ships.

στράτωτίς, ίδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίς (sub. ναῦς), ή, a troop-ship, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στράτό-μαντις, εως, δ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, ου, δ, (στρατόπεδου, άρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πεδεία, ή, and

στράτο-πέδευσις, ή, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτό-πεδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt beld on a military tenure.

2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army.

3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

**ΣΤΡΑ ΤΟ Σ, δ, a camp, encamped army:** generally, an army, bost, armament. II. the soldiers as opp.

to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στράτ-ωνίδης, ου, ό, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατ-ώνης (στρατός, ἀνέομαι) a dealer in armies. στράφείς, στράφηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφοι.

στραφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ή, (στρέβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press.

II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ή, όν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted. στρεβλόω, f. ώσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass, to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.

στρέπτ-αιγλος,  $\eta$ , ον, (στρέφω, αἴγλη) whirling-bright.

στρεπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

στρεπτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτών a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ό, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. tropues: στρεπτά, τά, necklaces.

II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλωσσα a glib, pliant tongue.

III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ον, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a

collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρεύγομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ήσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθείς, aor. I pass. part. ot στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕ' ΦΩ, f. ψω: αοτ. 1 ἔστρεψα Ερ. στρέψα: pf. ἔστροφα:—Pass., αοτ. 1 ἐστρέφθην Dor. ἐστράφθην: αοτ. 2 ἐστράφην [ἄ]: pf. ἔστραμμαι.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; lππουs στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II. to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III. to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph. to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept. VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, to revolve, 2. metaph., στροφάς στρέφεσθαι to twist about, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, to shuffle, evade; πάσαε στροφάε στρέφεσθαι to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion. 3. c. gen., στρέφεσθαί τινος to turn oneself to, attend to. II. to attach oneself, stick close, adbere. III. of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated. IV. to roam about: of things, to be rife. στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of στρέφω.

στρέψις, εως, ή, (στρέφω) a turning, twisting.

στρεψο-δικέω, f. ήσω, (στρέφω, δίκη) to twist or pervert justice.

στρεψοδίκο-πανουργία, ή, (στρεψοδικέω, πανουργία) cunning villany in the perversion of justice.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗ'Σ, έs, rough, barsh, grating.

στρηνιάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ , (στρηνοs) to riot, to wax wanton.

στρήνος, εοε, τό, (στρηνήε) excess of strength: insolence, wantonness.

στριβίλικίγξ, Comic word, the very least fraction or particle.

**ΣΤΡΙ'ΖΩ**, collat. form of τρίζω, to cry in a sbrill tone, to scream.

στροβέω, f. ήσω, (στρύβος):—to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy:-Pass., with fut. med. στροβήσομαι, to spin round and round. Hence στροβητόs, ή, όν, whirled round or about.

στροβιλίζω, f. ίσω, (στρόβιλος) to twist about. στρόβιλος,  $\delta$ , (στροβέω) anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pine-cone. 2. a wbirlwind. whirling dance, pirouette.

στροβιλός, ή, όν, (στροβέω) spinning, whirling. στροβιλώδης, ες, (στρύβιλος, είδος) like a pine-

στρόβος, δ, (στρέφω) a whirling round.

στρογγύλλω, (στρογγύλος) to round off: to twirl. στρογγύλος [τ], η, ον, (στράγγω) round, rounded; στρογγύλη ναθε a merchant ship, from its round shape, opp. to the long ship of war (µakpà vaûs), Lat. navis longa. II. metaph. well-rounded, neat, terse.

στρομβέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \rho \delta \mu \beta o s) = \sigma \tau \rho o \beta έ \omega$ , to whirl. στρομβηδόν, Adv. (στρομβέω) spinning like a ball. στρόμβος,  $\delta$ , (στρέφω) anything whirled round, a 2. a spiral shell.

στρούθειοs, a, ov, (στρουθόs) of or for small birds: στρούθειον μήλον a quince.

στρουθίον, τό, Dim. of στρουθύε, a young sparrow. ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟ'Σ, δ, also ή, any small bird, esp. a II. any bird, as an eagle: -δ μέγας στρουθόε the large bird, the ostrich, called στρουθός κατάγαιοs from its running along the ground: also simply  $\sigma \tau \rho o \upsilon \theta \delta s (\eta)$ .

στροφαίοs, a, ov, (στροφή) cunning, versatile; also (from στροφεύε) standing at the door-post:—name of Mercury, in both senses.

στροφάλιγξ, ιγγοι, ή, (στροφάλίζω) a wbirl, eddy. [a]

στροφαλίζω, a lengthd. form of στρέφω, to turn quickly; ήλάκατα στροφαλίζειν to whirl the spindle. στροφάς, άδος, δ, ή, (στρέφω) whirling, circling; άρκτου στροφάδες κέλευθοι the Bear's circling paths. στροφείον, τύ, (στρέφω) a twisted noose, cord.

a wooden windlass. στροφεύς, έως,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (στρέφω) one of the verte-

II. the socket in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. στρόφιγξ.

στροφέω, = στρέφω: esp. to bave the colic.

στροφή, ή, (στρέφω) a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling. 2. a twist, a slippery trick. II. the dancing of in Music, a twist or turn. the Chorus towards one side of the δρχήστρα: hence also the song sung during this evolution, the strophe, to which the ἀντιστροφή answers.

στρόφιγξ, ιγγος, δ, (στρέφω) the pivot or axle on 2. στρόφιγγε were pivots sunk wbich a body turns. in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. στροφεύε. στρόφιγε γλώττης, of a well-bung tongue.

στρόφιον, τό, Dim of στρόφοs, a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast. στρόφις, ιος, ή, (στρέφω) a twisting, slippery fellow, a sbuffler.

στροφίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \sigma \tau \rho \dot{\phi} \rho i \rho v$ , a band, girdle.

στροφο-δινέομαι, Pass. (στρύφος, δινέομαι) to wheel eddying round, of birds.

στρόφος, δ, (στρέφω) a twisted band, a belt: a cord, 2. a swaddling-band. II. a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat, tormina.

Στρυμονίαs Ion. -ίης, δ, a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, 1. e. a NNE. wind. Στρυμόνιος, a, ov, of the Strymon. From

Στρυμών, όνος, δ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace. στρυφνός, ή, όν, (στύφω) sour, barsb, rough to the II. metaph. sour, barsb, austere, morose. στρώμα, ατος, τό, (στρώννυμι) anything spread out for lying or sitting upon: in pl. the bed and bed-

clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula. στρωματό-δεσμον, τό, (στρώμα, δεσμόs) a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes.

στρωματο-φύλαξ, ακος, ό, (στρῶμα, φύλαξ) one wbo bas the care of the bedding.

στρωμνή, ή, a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding. From

στρώννυμι and στρωννύω, f. στρώσω, formed by metath. from στόρνυμι, στορέννυμι: ν. στορέννυμι. στρώσον, aor. I imperat. of στρώννυμι.

στρωτός, ή, όν, (στρώννυμι) spread, laid, covered, Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture.

στρωφάω, Ion. Frequent. of στρέφω, as τρωπάω for τρέπω:- to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding: -Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay. or dwell in a place.

στύγ-άνωρ  $[\bar{a}]$ , οροε, δ, ή,  $(\sigma \tau \nu \gamma \epsilon \omega, d\nu \eta \rho)$  bating the

man or men in general.

στύνερος, ά, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abominated, bateful, | rudely, sbake, smite: of the wind, to scatter the loatbsome: c. dat. bearing malice or batred towards

στύγερ-ώπης, εε, and στύγερ-ωπός, όν, (στυγερός,

ஸ்ப்) with bateful look: bateful. στυγερώς, Adv. of στυγερός, to one's sorrow,

miserably.

στυγέω, f. ήσω: aor, I ἐστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), aor. I έστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 έστυγον: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—to bate, abominate, abbor, loathe: stronger than μισέω, to express abborrence. II. to make bateful or borrid. Hence

στύγημα, ατος, τό, a bated object, abomination. [v] στύγητός, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abominated, loatbed:

Στύγιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (Στύξ) of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian. II. = στυγητόε.  $[\ddot{v}]$ στυγνάζω, f. άσω, (στυγνός) to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance.

στυγνός, ή, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abborred, bateful, bostile. II. sad, gloomy, Lat. tristis :- neut., στυγνόν as Adv., gloomily.

στυγνόω, f. ώσω, (στυγνός) to make sad or gloomy: -Pass. to be or become gloomy.

στυγό-δεμνος, ον, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) bating the marriage-bed.

στύγος, εου, το, (στυγέω) batred, abborrence: gloom, borror. II. an object of batred, an abomination. [v]

 $\Sigma T \Upsilon \Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a pillar: also, 2. a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship.

στῦλόω, f. ώσω, (στῦλος) to support with pillars. στύμα [τ], ατος, τό, Aeol. for στόμα.

ΣΤΥΞ, ή, gen. Στυγός, the Styx, 1. e. the Hateful, Horrible, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths.

that which is bated, an abomination. στύξαιμι, 201. Ι opt. of στυγέω.

στύπειον οι στυππειον, τό, like στύπη, tow. coarse flax or bemp: a rope or balter made of it.

στθπειο-πώλης οι στυππ-, ου, δ, (στυπείον, πω- $\lambda \in \omega$ ) a hemp or rope-seller.

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ή, tow, the coarse part of flax or bemp. [v]

στύπος, εοε, τό, (στύφω) a stem, stump, Lat. stipes: also a stick. [ชั]

στυπτηρία Ion. – (η (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , an astringent salt, alum: strictly fem. of

στυπτήριοs, a, ον, (στύφω) binding, astringent. στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of στύροξ. [ā]

**ΣΤΥΡΑΞ**, ακος, δ, the spike at the butt end of a spear-sbaft. [v]

XTYPAΞ, ακος, ή, the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax. [v]

στύφελιγμός, δ, a striking, beating, pushing about; generally, ill-usage. From

clouds: generally, to treat roughly, maltreat.

στύφελός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (στύφω) close, solid, tough: of flavour, sour, acid. 2. metaph. barsb. crabbed, cruel.

στυφλός, όν, also ή, όν, shortd. from στυφελός, bard, rugged. 2. rough, stern.

στύφο-κόπος, ον, (στύπος, κύπτω) striking with a

στύφω, f. ψω, to contract, draw together: of an astringent taste, in Pass., χείλεα στυφθείε baving one's hips drawn in. [v]

στωά, ή, Dor. for στοά.

στωικός, ή, όν, (στοά) of or like a colonnade or portico. II. Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system: Στωικόs, ὁ, a Stoic.

στωμύλέω, =  $\sigma \tau \omega \mu \dot{\nu} \lambda \lambda \omega$ . Hence στωμυλία, ή, wordiness, chattering, gossip

στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ου, ό, (στωμυλία, συλλέγω) a gossip-monger.

στωμύλλω or as Dep. στωμύλλομαι, (στωμύλος) to be talkative, to chatter, prate: in good sense, to talk, converse.

στώμυλμα, ατος, τό, = στωμυλία, chattering · of persons, a gossip, chatterer.

στωμύλος, ον, (στόμα) mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping: also fluent. [v]

**\( \T'\)** Dor. **TY'**, Lat. TU, THOU; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. τύνη:—gen. σοῦ, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σεῦ, σέο, σεῖο, σέθεν, encht. σεν, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd. τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Aeol. and Dor. τεῦς, τεοῦς.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τείν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφωι, σφώ: gen. and dat. σφωιν, σφών: pl. ὑμεις, ὑμων, ὑμίν or υμίν, υμα ε, Ερ υμεα ε.

συ-αγρεσία, ή, (σῦε, ἄγρα) a boar-bunt.

σύ-αγρος, δ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) one who bunts wild boars. Συβαρίζω, f. ίσω, to live like a Sybarite, i.e. luxuriously, effeminately. From

Σύβἄρις [v], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, η, Sybaris, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.

Σύβαρίτης [t], ου, ὁ, (Σύβαρις) a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary.

Σύβαριτικός, ή, όν, (Σύβαρις) of or like to Sybaris. Σύβαρίτις, ιδος, fem. of Συβαρίτης, a woman of Sybaris.

συβήνη, ή, a flute-case. (Deriv. uncertain.)

συ-βόσιον, or rather συ-βοσείον, τό, (σῦε, βόσκω) a berd of swine. II. a pigsty.

Σύ-βοτα [v], τά,  $(\sigma \hat{v}s$ , βύσκω) the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite: originally, swine-pastures.

συ-βότης and συ-βώτης, ου, δ, (σῦς, βόσκω) a swineberd.

σύγ-γάμος, ον, (σύν, γαμέω) united in marriage, στύφελίζω, f. ξω, (στυφελόε) to thrust or push married, wedded: as Subst., σύγγαμοε, δ, ή, a busband or wife. plur. of rival wives.

συγ-γείτων, ονο, δ, ή, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on. συγ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.

συγγένεια, ή, (συγγενήs) connexion by descent or 2. kinsfolk, kin, family. family, relationship, kin. συγγενέσθαι, aor. 2 mf. of συγγίγνομαι.

συγγενέτειρα, ή, a common mother: fem. of

συγ-γενέτης, ου, δ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father. συγ-γενής, ές, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. II. of the same stock, descent or family, akin: of συγγενείε kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ  $\sigma v \gamma \gamma \epsilon v \epsilon s$ , =  $\sigma v \gamma \gamma \epsilon v \epsilon \iota a$ ,  $k \iota n$ ,  $relations b \iota p$ taph. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural

συγγενικός, ή, όν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kins-

men. Adv. -κωs, like kinsfolk.

συγ-γέρων, οντος, δ, (σύν, γέρων) a fellow in old age. συγγεωργέω, f. ήσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From συγ-γεωργός, δ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.

συγ-γηθέω, f. ήσω, to rejoice with.

συγ-γηράσκω, f. -άσομαι [d], to grow old together

σύγ-γηρος, ον, (σύν, γηρας) growing old together. συγ-γίγνομαι later -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γ $\epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \sigma \phi$ μαι:-to be with, bold communication or associate with, live with, bold intercourse with, converse 2. to come to assist. 3. absol. to come together, meet.

συγ-γιγνώσκω later -- γίνώσκω: f συγγνώσομαι: aor. 2 συνέγνων: pf. συνέγνωκα:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree. II. to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in Med. to grant, al-III. συγγνωναι ξαυτώ to be conscious. to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon .- Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.

σύγγνοια,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \sigma v \gamma \gamma \nu \dot{\omega} \mu \eta$ .

συγγνώμη, ή, (συγγνωναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.

συγγνωμονικός, ή, όν, (συγγνώμων) inclined to II. of things, parmake allowance, indulgent.

συγγνωμοσύνη, ή, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (συγγνώναι) disposed II. pass. parto pardon or forgive: indulgent. doned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.

συγγνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγιγνώσκω.

συγγνωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συγγιγνώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.

σύγ-γονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Subst., σύγγονος, δ, ή, a brother, sister.

2. sharing the marriage-bed; in σύγγραμμα, ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.

συγγράφεύς, έως, δ, (συγγράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. ΙΙ συγγραφείs, oi, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.

συγγραφή, ή, (συγγράφω) a writing or noting II, that which is written, a book, a bisdown.tory. 2. a written contract, a covenant, engage-

ment. III. work done by contract.

συγγραφικόs, ή, όν, given to writing history. From συγ-γράφω, f ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere :—to describe. II. to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc, πύλεμον ξυγγράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to III. to draw a compose or write in prose. written contract: Med. to settle by written con-2 to draw up a resolution. paint by contract.

συγ-γυμνάζω, f άσω, to exercise with.

συγ-καθαιρέω Ion. -καταιρέω, f. ήσω: 20r. 2 συγκαθείλον:-to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

συγ-καθαρμόζω, f. σω, to join in arranging or burying.

συγ-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: Med.:- to sit with or together.

συγ-καθείργω Ion. συγ-κατείργω, to sbut up or enclose with others.

συγ-καθέλκω, f. -ελκύσω [v]: aor I -είλκυσα: fut. pass. - ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ελκω):-to drag down, destroy with.

συγ-καθεύδω, f. ήσω, to sleep with.

συγ-κάθημαι, properly pf. of συγκαθέζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.

συγ-καθίζω, f. ήσω, to make to sit or place together: -Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation. intr also in Act. to sit with.

συγ-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down with or together: -Pass to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.

συγ-καθίστημι, f. - καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.

συγ-καίω Att. -κάω [ā]: fut. -καύσω:--to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo. συγ-κακοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer with or toge-II. to feel with or for any one in suffering, συγ-κάκουχέομαι, Pass. (σύν, κακουχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.

συγ-καλέω, f. έσω: pf. - κέκληκα pass. - κέκλημαι: --to call or summon together, call to council:-Med. to call to oneself. 2. to call together, invite to a feast. συγκάλυπτέος, a, ov, to be covered or veiled: and συγκάλυπτός, ή, όν, covered, enwrapt, From

συγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, sbroud: -Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face. συγ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοθμαι: aor. 2 - έκάμον: -- to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ή, (συγκάμπτω) a joint.

συγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee: -Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κάσιγνήτη, ή, one's own sister.

σύγ-κάσις, ιος, δ and ή, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. condescend.

συγ-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλω: 2 οι. 2 -κατέβάλον: -to pay down together.

συγκατάβασις, ή, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down 2. condescension, submission, accommodation. συγ-καταγηράσκω, f.  $-\gamma$ ηράσομαι  $[\bar{a}]:$ —to growold with or together.

συγ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in bringing back.

συγ-καταδαρθάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to sleep with. συγ-καταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company συγ-καταδουλόω, f. ώσω, to join in enslaving.

συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω: aor. 2 -κατ έδυν:--to sink or set together with.

συγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph, συγκαταζεῦξαί τινα άτη to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with. συγκατάθεσις, ή, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, ap-

proval, assent. II. submission.

συγ-καταθέω, to make an inroad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with. συγ-καταίθω, to burn all together.

συγ-καταινέω, f. έσω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγ-κάταινος, ον, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγ-καταιρέω, Ion. for συγκαθαιρέω. συγ-κατακαίω Att. -κάω [ā]: f. -καύσω:--to burn

down along with: -Pass. to be burnt with. συγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγ-κατακλείω Ion. -κληίω, to sbut in or enclose with or together.

συγ-κατακλίνω, to make lie down with:-Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together. συγ-κατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτά**s**, âσα, άν, aor. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -κτενω, to slay with or together. συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to belp to depose.

συγ-καταμίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with. mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be sbut close. συγ-καταναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering. συγ-κατανέμω, to allot jointly: - Med. to share among themselves.

συγ-καταπίμπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγ-καταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together. συγ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ă], to pour over at the same time: - Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting 2. to furnish completely.

συγ-κατασκηνόω, f. ώσω, to bring into one tent with. συγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγ-κατασπάω, f. -σπάσω [ă], to pull down togetber. II. to gulp down together.

συγ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:-to make subject together or at the same time. συγ-κατατάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or

draw up with or together. συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at tbe same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγκατατέθειμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγ-κατατρώγω, 201. 2 - έτρἄγον, to eat up together. συγ-καταφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθίω.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγ-κάτειμι, (σύν, κατά, είμι ibo) to go down with. συγ-κατείργω, Ion. for συγκαθείργω.

συγ-κατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.: -to belp or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, belp in slaying.

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. - ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγ-κατεσθίω, f. -έδομαι: 201. 2 -έφἄγον:--to eat up with or together.

συγ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to pray for with or togetber.

συγ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάτημαι, Ion. for συγκάθημαι.

συγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with an-II. to settle in other, join or assist in colonising. a place along with. III. to establish at the same

συγ-κατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together:--Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to bury with. συγ-καττύω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.

συγκέας, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.

σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to bave been put together, to be composed or compounded of. III. to be agreed on; δ συγκείμενος χρόνος, οι τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms of the agreement. 2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφι since it bad been agreed to by them.

συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω. συγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω: Ion. συγκεκλήμιαι.

συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.

συγκέκραμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.

συγκεκραμένωs, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράννυμι, in a tempered manner.

συγ-κεκροτημένως, Adv. pf pass. part. of συγκροτέω, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.

συγκεκύρηκα, pf. of συγκυρέω.

συγκέκυφα, pf. of συγκύπτω.

συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding. συγ-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce or stab together.

συγ-κεράννῦμι οτ -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ā]: pf. -κέκρᾶκα pass. -κέκρᾶμαι: aor. I pass. -εκράθην [ā] Ion. -εκρήθην:—to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing:—Med., συγκεράσασθαι φιλίαν to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.

συγ-κεραυνόω, f. ώσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, astounded.

συγ-κεφάλαιόω, f. ώσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.

συγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχώννυμι.

συγ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.

συγ-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move or put in commotion with.

συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ā]: f.-κλαύσομα: -- to weep or lament with.

συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ă]: pf. pass. -κέκλασμα:-to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.

σύγκλεισις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ή, a shutting up, closing up. From

συγ-κλείω, f. -κλείσω, Ion. συγκληίω, f. ηίσω, old Att. ξυγκληίω, f. ήσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ημαι Ion. -κεκλήισμαι or -ήμαι:—to sbut up, to bem in, enclose. 2. to sbut, close. 3. to close up; συγ-κλείεν τὰs ἀσπίδαs to lock their shields. II. Pass. to be sbut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.

συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.

συγ-κληίω, Ion. for συγκλείω.

συγ-κληρονόμος, ον, a joint-beir.

σύγ-κληρος, ον, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring.

II. assigned by the same lot. Hence

συγ-κληρόω, f. ωσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.

σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισιε.

σύγκλητος, ον, (συγκαλέω) called together, convened. II. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.

συγκλήω, Att. for συγκλείω.

συγκλίνια, η, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From συγ-κλίνω [τ], f τνῶ, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.

συγ-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to shake up together, confound. σύγ-κλύς, δδος, δ, ή, (σύν, κλύζω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.

συγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence

συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and

συγκοίμησις, ή, a sleeping together.

συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.

συγ-κοινόομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.

συγκοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to bave a joint sbare of a thing, c. gen ren.

II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From

συγ-κοινωνός, ή, όν, partaking jointly of a thing. σύγ-κοιτος, ον, (σύν, κοίτη) sbaring one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.

συγ-κολλάω, f. ήσω, to glue or stick together. Hence

συγκολλητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.

σύγ-κολλος, ον, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. συγκόλλως, in accordance with.

συγκομίδή, ή, a bringing together: esp. of harvest, a gathering in, bousing. From

συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ιῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, house it; in Pass., ὀργὰ συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:— Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρὸδε ἐαυτόν to claim as one's own.

2. In Pass. also to be gained together.

II. to belp in burying.

συγκοπή, ή, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncope, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word.

III. a fainting fit, swoon. From

συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat. συγ-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to set in order together, arrange. II. to confer bonour on.

συγ-κουφίζω, f. ίσω, to belp to lighten.

σύγκρασις, εως, ή, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing together, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, ον, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγ-κρίνω [ī], f. -κρίνω, to compound, put together. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence

σύγκρίσις, ή, a putting together, compounding. II

a comparing, comparison.

συγ-κροτέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together: συγκροτεῖν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands: absol. to clap, applaud.

II. to beat, bammer, or weld together.

2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—Pass. to be well trained, in good discipline.

3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσι**s, εωε, ἡ,** a collision. II. a quarrel

συγ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands.

II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision.

2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to bide.

συγ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι, Dep. to gain along with, belt to acquire.

συγ-κτίζω, f. ίσω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, ου, δ, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκύβευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamester. From

συγ-κυβεύω, to play at dice with.

συγ-κύκάω, f. ήσω, to throw into an utter ferment. συγ-κύλινδίομαι, Pass. to roll about or wallow together.

συγ-κύνηγός Dor. and Att. συγκύναγός, δ, ή, α

fellow-bunter, fellow-buntress.

συγ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκῦφα: —to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay beads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ές έν έστι συγκεκυφός this comes all to one point.

II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγ-κύρέω, f. -κυρήσω or -κύρσω: aor. I -εκύρησα or -έκυρσα: pf. -κεκύρηκα: — to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II. of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: impers., συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκύρία, ή, a coincidence.

συγκύρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύγ-κωλος, ον, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συγ-κωμάζω, f. άσω Dor. άξω, to march together in a κῶμοε or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύγ-κωμος, ον, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

συγ-κωμφδέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, κομφδέω) to play with in a comedy.

συγ-χαίρω, f. med. -χάρησομαι: 201. 2 pass. -εχάρην [d]: --to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II. to wish one joy, congratulate.

συγχάρητε, 2 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of συγχαίρω. συγχέως, aor. 1 part. of συγχέω.

συγ-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to winter with or at the same time: —Pass. to weather the same storm.

συγ-χειρουργέω, f. ήσω, to bear a band at the same time, to perform together.

συγχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of

συγ-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I συνέχεα Ερ. συνέχευα, inf. συγχεύαι: pf. -κέχὔκα: Pass., aor. I -εχύθην [v], and 3 sing. Ep aor. 2 pass. σύγχεὔτο: pf. -κέχὔμαι: to pour together, mux by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

συγχορευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a partner in a dance. From

συγ-χορεύω, f σω, to dance with

συγχορηγέω, f. ήσω, to assist in supplying. From συγ-χορηγόs, όν, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύγ-χορτος, ον, (σύν, χύρτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συγ-χόω, Ion. for συγχώννυμι.

συγ-χράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, Dep. to join with in using: hence to have dealings with

σύγ-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (σύν, χρόα) of like colour, of one colour.

συγ-χύνω [ $\bar{v}$ ], late form of συγχέω.

σύγχύσις, εως, ή, (συγχέω) a mixing together, blending: confounding: a breaking through, woldating σύγχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt together, to melt down.
συγ-χώννῦμι and -ὑω: Ion. pres. συγχόω, inf.
συγχοῦν: f. συγχώσω: aor. I συνέχωσα: pf. pass.
συγκέχωσμα: —to beap all together, to beap up with
earth, bank up.
II. to make into ruinous beaps,
dismantle, demolish.
another, confound.

συγ-χωρέω, f. ήσω and ήσομα:—to come together, unite.

II. to give place, give way: metaph to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at.

2. c. acc. rei, to concede, give up, yield.

3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: absol. to agree, acquiesce.

4. impers. συγχωρεί, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συγχωρητίον or plur. -ία, verb. Adj. one must agree to, concede.

σύδην [τ], Adv. (σεύω) with rushing motion, hurriedly.

σύειος, α, ον, (σῦς) of swine, Lat. suillus; χρίσμα σύειον bog's-lard.

συ-ζάω, inf. συζην: f. -ζησω:—to live with, live together.

συ-ξεύγνυμι and -ύω: f. - ζεύξω Pass., aor. 2 συνεζύγην [ΰ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in marriage:—Pass. to be yoked or coupled with:—Med. to yoke for oneself.

συ-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

συζήτησις, ή, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συζητητής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-inquirer: a disputer. συ-ζοφόομαι, Pass. (σύν, ζόφοι) to grow dark together. συζυγία, ή, (συζεύγνυμι) union: a joint. yoke or pair of animals.

συζυγήναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι.

συζύγιος [v], a, ov, poet. for σύζυγος, yoked together,

joined, united.

σύζυγος, ον, (συζυγηναι) yoked together, paired, united, esp. wedded:—as Subst., σύζυγος, ή, a wife: but also, σύζυγοs, δ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.  $\sigma \dot{\nu} \dot{\zeta} \dot{\nu} \dot{\xi}, \ \ddot{\nu} \gamma o s, \ \dot{o}, \ \dot{\eta}, = \sigma \dot{\nu} \dot{\zeta} \dot{\nu} \gamma o s.$ 

σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together.

girdle. From συ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up:-Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.

συ-ζωοποιέω, f. ήσω, to quicken at the same time. σύθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of σεύω.

σύθεν, Aeol. for ἐσύθησαν, 3 pl aor. I pass. of σεύω

σϋκάζω, f. άσω (συκή) to gather ripe figs. συκάμινον, τό, the fruit of the συκάμινος, a mulberry, Lat. morum.

συκάμινος, ή, the mulberry-tree, Lat morus.

συκέα, έαs, Ion. and Ep. συκέη, έηs contr. συκή, η̂s, η̂; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων: (σῦκον):—the fig-tree, Lat. ficus.

συκίδιον, τό, Dim. of σῦκον, a small fig. συκίζω, f. ίσω, (σῦκον) to fatten with figs.

σύκζνος, η, ον, (σῦκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree or figs; σύκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σύκινοι ανδρεε weak, good-for-nothing fellows: also with allusion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.

συκίς, ίδος, ή, (συκέη) a slip or cutting from a fig-

tree, a young fig-tree.

συκολογέω, f. ήσω, to gather figs. From σϋκο-λόγος, ον, (σῦκον, λέγω) gathering figs.

σῦκο-μορέα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συκόμορος.

σῦκό-μορος, ή, (σῦκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an Egyptian kind, called also συκάμινος ή Αίγυπτία.

ΣΥ'KON, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.

σϋκο-πέδιλος, ό, (σῦκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.

σῦκο-τράγέω, f. ήσω, (σῦκον, τραγείν) to eat figs. Hence

συκοτράγίδης, ου, δ, a fig-nibbler.

σϋκοφαντέω, f. ήσω, (συκοφάντηε) to be an informer: c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slander. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a thing: but, συκοφαντείν τριάκοντα μναs to extort 30 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντείν τί τινος to extort money from another by false informations.

συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander,

misrepresentation.

σῦκο-φάντης, ου, δ, (σῦκον, φαίνω) properly a figshewer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking the tree; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed against persons exporting figs from Attica: but used thing: absol. to assist: so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser, slanderer.

σῦκοφαντία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a sycopbant, false accusation, slander. Hence

συκοφαντίαs, ou, o, the Sycophant-wind.

συκοφαντικός, ή, όν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycopbant, slanderous. Adv. -κω̂s.

συκοφάντρια, ή, fem. of συκοφάντηs, a female informer.

συκόφασις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poet. for συκοφαντία.

συκοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry figs. From συκο-φόρος, ον, (σῦκον, φέρω) carrying figs.

συκόω, f. ώσω, to feed with figs.

σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of συλάω.

σῦλ-ἄγωγέω, f. ήσω, (σῦλον, ἄγω) to carry off as

booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.

σύλασκε, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω. ΣΥ ΛΑ'Ω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐσύλησα: Pass., aor. 1 έσυλήθην: pf. σεσύλημαι:—to strip off the arms of a slain enemy: c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms from a person, or to strep him of his arms: so also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei :- Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only, to strip off. hence to take away, carry off:-Pass. to be taken away or carried off as spoil: generally, to be taken away.

συλεύμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part. of συλέω.

συλεύω and συλέω, collat. forms of συλάω, to despoil. 2. to rob secretly, defraud: to trick, cheat. σύλη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , or σῦλον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , only used in plur σῦλαι, αἰ, or σῦλα, τά, (συλάω) the right of seizing the ship or cargo of a foreign merchant: the right of seizure, right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to modern letters of marque.

σϋληθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of συλάω.

συλητήρ, ήροε, and συλήτωρ, οροε, ό, (συλάω) a robber:--fem. συλήτειρα.

συλλάβειν, aor. 2 inf of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλάβέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλάβή, ή, (συλλαβείν) that which holds toge-II. (from pass.) that which is held together, esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; ev γραμμάτων ξυλλαβαίs in written words.

συλλαβίζω, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables. συλ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to talk or converse with.

συλ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 συνέλαβον, inf. συλλαβείν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι: cf. λαμβάνω:—to bring together or collect into a body, to rally troops. II. to put together, close the III. to take togemouth and eyes (of a corpse). ther, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. to comprehend, comprise: of the mind, to comprehend, V. to receive all together, to enunderstand. VI. of a woman, to conceive. dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in a

νομαι, to belp to take bold of a thing, and so to belp, assist.

συλ-λέγω, f. ξω: 20τ. Ι συνέλεξα: pf. συνέλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομα: 20τ. Ι συνελέχθην, 20τ. 2 συνελέγην: pf. συνείλεγμαι and συλλέλεγμαι:— to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere:—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass, of things, to become customary.

σύλ-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sbaring one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, δ, ή, the partner of one's bed, busband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συλ-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease or come to an end together.
συλληπτέον, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay bold of together.

συλλήπτρια, ή, fem. of συλλήπτωρ.

συλλήπτωρ, ορος, δ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes bold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor. συλληφθήναι, 201. I pass. 111f. of συλλαμβάνω.

σύλληψις, εως, ή, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together.

II. a seizing, laying hold of, apprehension.

IV. conception in the womb.

συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ή, (συλλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2. a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. II. an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογιμαίος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (συλλέγω) collected from different places.

συλλογισμός, δ, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up.

The collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference of conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, δ, (συλλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly.

II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

of collecting oneself, presence of mina. συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συλ-λοχίτης  $[\bar{i}]$ , ου, ό,  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu, \lambda \dot{\nu} \chi o s)$  a soldier of the same  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \chi o s$  or company.

συλ-λυπέω, f. ήσω, to burt together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or condole with.

συλ-λυσσάομαι, Pass. to be mad in company with. συλ-λύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to belp in loosing or setting free. σύλον,  $\tau$ δ, see σύλη.

στιλ-όντιξ, τίχοε, ό, ή, (συλάω, όντιξ) paring the nails. συμβαίην, 201. 2 opt. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβῆναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβᾶσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβώε: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβάθῆ: pf. inf. ξυμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίνω):---to

stand with the feet together. II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist. III. to come together, meet: hence, like συμμίσγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοίs to fall in with 2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of 3. to suit, fit, be like: the terms, to be agreed on. to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting. to fall to one's lot. V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, bappen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it happens or happened that ..; so, συμβαίνει είναι οτ γίγνεσθαι: —τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατά συμβεβηκός by chance. turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ήν ξυμβή ή πείρα if the attempt succeed. 3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, δ, ή, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: aor. 2 συνέβάλον, inf. συμβἄλεῖν: pf. -βέβληκα: Med., fut. -βλήσομαι: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην: - Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συν  $\epsilon \beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \eta \nu$  in forms  $\xi \dot{\nu} \mu \beta \lambda \eta \tau o$ ,  $-\beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \tau \eta \nu$ ,  $-\beta \lambda \eta \nu \tau o$ , subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος:to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect: -συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας to lock, join closely their shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond: - Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in; ξυμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δείματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, 1. e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίαν to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to bold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful. bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle; έχθραν, έριν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc. 2. Med. to fall in with one, III. to put together, to commeet him by chance. pare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; to Baβυλώνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλεόμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοεικόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboïc. 2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand. IV. Med. to agree upon. V. intr. to come together: to meet, 10in. 2. to engage, encounter.

συμβάs, ᾶσα, άν, 20τ. 2 part. of συμβαίνω. συμ-βάσείω, Desiderat. of συμβαίνω, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συμ-βάσιλεύω, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.
σύμβάσις, εως, ή, (συμβαίνω) an agreement, arrangement, convention. treaty.

συμβάτήριος, ον, and συμβάτικός, ή, όν, (συμβαίνω) tending to agreement, conciliatory.

συμβεβάναι [α], Ion. for συμβεβηκέναι, perf. inf. of συμβαίνω

συμβεβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίνω. συμβέβηκα, pf. of συμβαίνω.

συμβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βίαζω, f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time. συμ-βίβαζω, f. -βιβάσω, Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of συμβαίνω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another.

II. to compare, contrast.

III. to prove.

IV. to teach, instruct.

prove. IV. to teach, instruct.
συμ-βίδω, f. -βιώσομαι: 2 ουν εβίων, inf. συμ-

βιῶναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.
συμβιώτης, ου, δ, one who lives with, a companion.

συμβλήμενος, Εp. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω. συμβλήσεαι, Εp. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.

συμβλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, comparable.

συμ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, τινί: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.

συμβοηθεία, ή, joint aid or assistance. From συμ-βοηθείω, f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom. II. plut. συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent. 2. intercourse.

συμβόλαιος, α, ον, (σύμβολον) of or referring to

bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.

συμβολέω, f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with. συμβολή, ή, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together. II. (from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. 3. a contribution, subscription:—plut. συμβολαί, al, contributions to provide a common meal; δειπνεῖν ἀπὸ συμβολῶν, Lat. de symbolis esse; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence

συμβολικός, ή, όν, of or for a contribution or common meal.

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. tesserae bospitalitatis. 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. tessera, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence. σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιεῖσθαι πρὸε πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, ον, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental. II. σύμβολος (sub. οἰονός), δ, an augury,

συμβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (συμβουλεύω) advice given. συμβουλευτέος, α, ον, (συμβουλεύω) to be deliberated upon. 2. to be advised.

συμβουλευτικόs, ή, όν, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative. συμ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. consulere alicus; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing. II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. consulere aliquem: absol. to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, ή, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given. II a taking counsel, consultation.

συμβουλία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συμβουλή I.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. II. a council.

συμ-βούλομαι, fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with.

σύμ-βουλος, ὁ, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor. συμ-βύω, f. ύσω [v̄], to cram together.

συμμαθείν, aor. 2 inf. of συμμανθάνω.

συμμάθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (συμμανθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. condiscipulus.

συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμμέμηνα: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [α]:—to rave or be mad along with or together. συμ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον: to learn along with one:—δ συμμαθών one who bas learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, f ψω, to grasp together.

συμμαρτῦρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And συμμαρτύρομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ , Dep. = συμμαρτύρέω. From συμμάρτῦς, ὕρος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a fellow-witness.

συμμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύμμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to belp, aid. Hence συμμάχία Ion. -ίη, ή, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas ἐπιμαχία is a defensive alliance):—generally, aid, succour, belp. II. = οἱ σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence

συμμάχικός,  $\eta$ , όν, of or for alliance;  $\theta$ εοὶ ξυμμαχικοί the gods invoked at the making of an alliance. II.  $\tau$ ∂ συμμαχικόν, = οἱ σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2. a treaty of alliance. συμ-μάχίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος, allied:  $\eta$  ξυμμαχίς (sub. πόλις), an allied state. II. the body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.

σύμ-μάχος, ον, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, δ, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, belper, supporter.

συμμέμιγμαι, pf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμ-μεθέπω, to sway jointly with.

συμ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to practise with or together.
συμ-μένω, fut. -μενώ, to stay together, keep together.
2. to hold together, abide, continue.

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέροs) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to join in changing :-Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω: — to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μεθέξω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ον, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly. συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass, to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνφ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

surement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμ-μετρος, ον. (σύν, μέτρον) measured ot commensurate with: of like measure or size with.

due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet.

2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

III. Adv., συμμέτρων έχειν to be in proportion: Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγά, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμιγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμτγής, έε, (συμμιγήναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίγνῦμι or -ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμίσγω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person. II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίζομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also

2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτόs, όν, commingled, promiscuous.

mingled, confounded.

συμ-μτμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμτμητής, οῦ, ὁ, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μιμνήσκομαι, pf. -μέμνημαι, Dep. (σύν, μιμνήσκω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμίξαι, 201. 1 inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύμμιξιε, εωε, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμ-μίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

σύμ-μολπος, ον, (σύν, μολπή) in barmony or unison with barmonious.

συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαι or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μοροs, ον, (σύν, μόροs) contributing or rated along with: of ξύμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίζω, = συμμορφύω. From

σύμ-μορφος, ον, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφόω, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:— Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips.

II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθήε) fellow feeling, sympathy. συμπάθεω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From

συμ-παθής, έε, (σύν, παθείν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθία, ή, poet for συμπάθεια.

συμπαθώs, Adv. of συμπαθήs, sympathetically.

συμ-παιανίζω, f. low, to raise the paean with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together: - Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίζειν έορτην μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ου, δ, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτρια. συμ-παίκτωρ, ορος, δ, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίζειν.

συμ-παιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, playfellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ἡ

συμ-παίστωρ, οροε, δ, = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παίω, f. -παιήσω: aor. 1 - έπαισα: --to beat, strike, dash one thing against another.

II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμ-παραβύω, f. ύσω [v], to cram in along with.
συμ-παραγίγνομαι, Dep to come in or come to band
at the same time.

II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with.
συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in
recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting. συμ-παρακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συμ-παρακομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convoy along shore.

συμ-παρακύπτω, f.  $\psi\omega$ , to bend oneself along with. συμ-παραλαμβάνω, f.  $-\lambda \dot{\eta} \psi o \mu u$ , to take along with συμ-παραμένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat. συμ-παραμίγυῦμι or  $-\dot{\psi}\omega$ , f.  $-\mu i \xi \omega$ , to mix in together.

συμ-παρανεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συμ-παρανήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συμ-παραπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others. συμ-παραπόλλυμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with :—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συμ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συμ-παραστάτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to belp or support. From

συμπαραστάτης, ου, ό, (συμπαρίσταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint belper or assistant.

συμ-παρατάσσομαι Att. - ττομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with

συμ-παρατηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συμ-παρατρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.

συμ-παραφέρω, f. -παροίσω, to carry forth along with:—Pass, to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παρεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with. συμ-πάρειμι, inf.-παρείναι, (ε|μί sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time. συμ-πάρειμι, inf.-παριέναι, (ε|μι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παρελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.

συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany. συμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to offer or present along with. συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of:
—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf.
-παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. υνω, to provoke together with.

σύμ-πας. Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας,  $-π\bar{\alpha}\sigma$ α,  $-π\bar{\alpha}\nu$ : all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing, the whole together. II.  $\tau \delta$  σύμπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:— $\tau \delta$  σύμπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συμ-πἄτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike along with or together. συμ-πἄτέω, f. ήσω, to trend together, tread clothes in washing.

2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-countryman.

συμ-πεδάω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind hand and foot; metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συμ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass, to be persuaded at the same time.

σύμ-πειρος, ον, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing. συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.

συμ-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr to mourn together with. σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συμ-περαίνω, f ἀνῶ, to finish along unth or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so.

II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.
συμ-περιάγω, f. ξω, to lead about along with or to-

gether:—Med. to lead about with oneself.
συμ-περίειμι, inf. -ιέναι, (είμι ibo) to go about along

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.

συμ-περινοστέω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with

συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with II Pass. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to belp in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμαι, pf. of συμφράζομαι. συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω

συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct.

2. to make solid, congeal.

II.

Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded.

to congeal or become frozen together.

Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, ον, joined together, framed, constructed. συμ-πίξω, f. έσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze bard:—Pass. to be squeezed up συμ-πίνω [τ], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμ-πιεύ:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: αοτ. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3 of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to bappen or fall out at the same time, concur. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it bappened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere; σώμα συμπεσύν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συμ-πίτνω, poët. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλακήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέκω. σύμ-πλάνος, ον. (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roaming about together.

συμπλάσας [ă], aor. I part. of συμπλάσσω.

συμ-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ἄ]: aor. Ι συνέπλάσα: -to mould or fashion together, γαίηs out of clay. metaph. to fabricate together.

συμ-πλάταγέω, f. ήσω, to clap together.

σύμπλεκτος, ov, twined together, interlaced. From συμ-πλέκω, f. ξω: aor. Ι συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνεπλάκην [a]: pf. συμπέπλεγμα:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; ίχνη συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along

with or together.

συμ-πληγάs, άδοs, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or dashing together. ΙΙ. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέτραι), al, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυάνεαι vησοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνδρομάδεs.

συμπλήγδην, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or dasbing together.

συμ-πληθύνω [v], to multiply together.

συμ-πληθύω, to belp to fill, swell, increase.

συμ-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to belp to fill, fill completely: of ships, to man with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, η̂s, ή, (συμπλέκω) an intertwining a close struggle.

σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέκω) entwined, interwoven. σύμπλοος, ον contr. –πλους, ουν:  $(\sigma υ μπλ ϵω)$ : sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλους, o, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for  $\sigma \nu \mu \pi \lambda \epsilon \omega$ .

συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe toge-II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare: συμπνείν έμπαίοις τύχαις to blow with, i.e. be carried

along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πνίγω [t], f. -πνιξοῦμαι, to throttle: to choke up. συμ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to tie the feet together, bind band and foot: metaph, to entangle, involve. συμ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to belp in doing.

συμ-ποιμαίνομαι, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed to-

gether: to berd together.

συμ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to take part in a war with. συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to join in besieging, besiege jointly.

συμπολίτεύω, f. σω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολιτεύομαι; οι συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens.

συμ-πολίτης [t], ov, o, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis. συμ-πομπεύω, f. σω, to accompany in a procession. συμ-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villany, play the knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass. συνεπορεύθην: Dep.:-to go or journey together.

συμ-πορθέω, f. ήσω, like συμπέρθω, to belp to demolish or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ίσω, to belp in procuring or providing. συμποσία, ή, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμποσί-αρχος, δ, (συμπόσιον, ἄρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bi-

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ου, δ, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, booncompanion. Hence

συμποτικός, ή, όν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial: - as Subst., συμποτικός, δ, a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, opos, δ, a belper, assistant; συμπράκτωρ όδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From συμ-πράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω: aor. I συνέπραξα:-to do with another, to belp in doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσσομαι, to belp in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρεπής, ές, (σύν, πρέπω) beseeming, befitting. συμπρεσβευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be assocrated with on an embassy :- Med. to join in sending an embassy.

σύμ-πρεσβυs, εωs, ό, a joint-ambassador συμ-πρεσβύτερος, ό, a fellow-presbyter or elder. συμ-πρήκτωρ, opos, δ, Ion. for συμπράκτωρ.

συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμ-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνων έσμαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμ-προθυμέομαι, f. med. -ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -προύθυμήθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promoting, to bave equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share one's eagerness.

συμ-προξενέω, f. ήσω, to belp in furnishing with

συμ-προπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in escorting.

σύμπτυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together.

συμ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to fold together, fold up and lay by.

συμπτωθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω. σύμπτωμα, ατος, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that bas befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

σύμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with. συμ-πύροω, f. ώσω, to burn up or consume along with or together.

συμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω. σύμφερον, τό, see συμφέρω 11. 3. Hence συμφερόντως. Adv. profitably, with expediency. συμφερτός, ή, όν, (συμφέρω) brought together, panying. united, banded. able, pro

συμ-φέρω, f. συνοίσω: aor. 1 συνήνεγκα Ion. -ήνεικα: aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνενήνοχα: (cf.  $\phi \in \rho \omega$ ):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contri-3. to bear along 2. to match together. hute with or jointly, belp to bear; συμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's ad-2. impers συμφέρει, it is of use, profit-3. part. συμφέρων, ουσα, ον, useable, expedient. ful, expedient: neut. συμφέρων, οντοs, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to. III. of events, to bappen, take place, turn out. Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηνέχθην Ion. συνηνείχθην: pf. συνήνεγμαι:—to come together, meet: in hostile sense, to meet in battle, 2. to agree together, agree engage, Lat. congredi. with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, 4. of events, to bappen, to be acquainted, versed in. turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστον συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

σύμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that . .

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with. συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [τ], to perish along with: so in 201. 2 pass. συνέφθιτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, ov, sounding together.

συμ-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love mutually, join in loving. συμ-φιλονεικέω, f. ήσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φιλοσοφέω, f. ήσω, to join in philosophic study. συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.
συμ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten along with:—Pass.
to be afraid at the same time

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -έω: fut. ήσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοίτησιs, ή, a going to school together. And

συμφοιτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together.
συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ή, (συμφέρω) a bringing together.

II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορεύs, δ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer,

a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ήσω, to bring together, gather, heap up. συμφόρησις, εως, ή, (συμφορέω) a bringing together. συμφορητός, ή, όν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ον, (συμφέρω) bappening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρως, Adv. profitably: συμφόρως έχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδμων, ovos, δ, ή, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: 201. I συνεφρασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσατο: pf. pass. συμπέφρασμαι: Dep.:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together.

II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. ίσω, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ον, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ξωό the chamber that keeps watch with me, i.e. in which I lie without sleeping. σύμ-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φυγάς, άδος, ό, ή, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile. συμφυείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφίω

συμ-φυής, ές, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [v]

συμ-φυλάσσω, f. ξω, to keep guard along with or together. 2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φυλέτης, ου, ὁ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribulis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φῦλος, ον, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe of race: οἱ σύμφυλοι bis congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ον, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω [v]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead of mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φύσάω, f. ήσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, barmonise. συμ-φύτεψω, f. σω, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφὕτος, ον, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inhorn; σύμφυτος αίων one's natural age; ἐs τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ύσω: aor. I συνέφῦσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφῦκα, aor. 2 συνέφῦν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφυείs:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to agree in sound, be in barmony or unison. II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφώνησις, ή, an agreeing in sound, agreement. συμφωνία, ή, (σύμφωνοι) an agreeing in sound, barmony.

II. symphony or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ον, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, barmonious: as Subst. a musician.

II. metaph. in unison of concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch one another.

συμ-ψάω, inf.  $-\psi \hat{\eta} \nu$ : f.  $-\psi \hat{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $\sigma \nu \nu \hat{\epsilon} \psi \eta \sigma \alpha$ :—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. συμ-ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

σύμ-ψηφος, ov, voting with another.

σύμ-ψύχος, ον, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous. ΣΥ'N old Att. ξύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:along with, in company with, together with. with collat. notion of help, σὺν θεφ with God's belp, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι είναι to be with another, on his 3. furnished with, endued with; σὺν ὅπλοιs side. with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σῷ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σὺν τοῖε νόpois in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυψεν γαίαν και πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as ADV., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

our in Compos., with, along with, together, at the With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σύν in συγ-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο two and two together, by II.  $\sigma \nu \nu$ , before  $\beta$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\psi$ , changes into  $\sigma\nu\mu$ -; before  $\gamma$ ,  $\kappa$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\chi$ , into  $\sigma\nu\gamma$ -; before  $\lambda$ , into συλ-; before σ into συσ-

σῦν, acc. of σῦs.

συνάγάγειν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συνάγω.

συνάγαγον, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω. συν-άγγελος, δ, a fellow-messenger.

συν-άγείρω, f. -αγερω: αοτ. Ι συνήγειρα Ερ ξυνάγειρα: Pass., aor. Ι συνηγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl συνάγερθεν: -to gather persons together, assemble or collect them: Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; ovvaγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass part., those assembled. to collect things: and in Med. to collect for one-ΙΙΙ. συναγείρειν ξαυτόν to collect oneself: Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.

συν-αγίνέω, f. ήσω, to bring together, to collect. συν-αγκεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu, \dot{\alpha} \gamma \kappa o \epsilon) = \mu \iota \sigma \gamma \alpha \gamma \kappa \epsilon \dot{\iota} \alpha$ .

συν-άγνυμι, f. -άξω: aor. I συνέαξα:--to break together, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-άγορεύω, f. σω, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending: to agree to, concur in. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, άγρα) to join in the chase. συναγρόμενος, Ep. 201. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω. συν-άγω, f. -άξω: 20r. Ι σύνηξα: 20r. 2 συνήγἄγον: Att. pf. συνήχα, later συναγήσχα: pf. pass. σύνηγμαι: -to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συνάγειν Aρηα, πόλεμον to join battle: also accomplice, τινόε in a thing.

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine; συνάγειν γάμουs to contract a marriage. taph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγεύς, έως, ό, one who brings together, a uniter. συνάγωγή, ή, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levy-2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. drawing together, contracting

συν-άγωνίζομαι, f. - ίσομαι Att. - ιοθμαι: Dep :-to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to belp in a contest. Hence

συνάγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant

συν-άδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sixter συν-άδικέω, f ήσω, to join in doing wrong or injury. συν-άδω Ion. συν-αείδω: f. -άσομαι:-to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. Il. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αείρω, aor I - ήειρα, poet, form of συναίρω to yoke together. Med to yoke together for oneself.

συν-αίξω, poet for συναύξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ήσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a context.

συν-αθροίζω, f σω, to gather together, assemble. συν-āίγδην, Adv. (σύν, άίσσω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ον, (σύν, αίμα) of common blood, kindred : νεικος ξύναιμον strife between kinsmen; Ζεύς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, δ, ή, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister. συναίμων, ονο $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , = σύναιμο $\mathbf{s}$ .

συν-αινέω, f. έσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to

agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αίνυμαι, defect. Dep to take hold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf συναίνυτο.

συν-αιρέω, fut. ήσω: fut. 2 συνελώ: aor. 2 συνείλον Ep. σύνελον, part συνελών: (cf aipέω):-to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, ξυνελών λέγω I say briefly. II. to belp to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poët. συναείρω (q. v), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up ac-II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to belp bear or support, undertake jointly. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel

together.

συν-αίτιος, ον, also α, ον, (σύν, alτία) being the joint cause of a thing, belping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to :- as Subst., συναίτιοs, δ, ή, an συν-αιχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
συν-αιχμάλωτος, or, a fellow-prisoner.
συν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
συν-ακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.
συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
συν-ακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely: to follow an argument, understand.
συν-λεοντίζω f. (σω to throw a sawdim together or

συν-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.

συν-ἄκούω, f. –ακούσομαι, to bear along with or at the same time.
2. to bear one another.

συνακτίον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.

συνακτικός, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together: το συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
συν-ἄλαλάζω, f άσω, to cry aloud with.

συν-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in: absol. to share in sorrow.

συν-αλγηδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief:—ni plur. = al συναλγοῦσαι, partners in grief.

συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over : to belp to anoint.

συν-αλιάζω, f.  $\xi \omega$ ,  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\iota} \alpha) = \sigma \nu \nu \alpha \lambda \dot{\iota} \zeta \omega$ .

συν-αλίζω, f. ίσω: aor. 1 Ion συνάλισα: to gather together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.

συναλλάγή, ή, (συναλλάσσω) aninterchange; λόγων ξυναλλαγαί interchange of words: absol. a making up of strife, reconcilitation; pl. ξυναλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition; νόσου ξυναλλαγῆ by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.

συνάλλαγμα, ατος, τύ, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.

συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f fω: aor. I συνήλλαξα: —Pass., aor. I συνηλλάχθην: pf. συνήλλαγμαι: -to interchange with: to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have interconse with. II to bring into association or union with: to reconcile:—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.

συν-αλοάω poet. - αλοιάω: f. ήσω: aor. I συνηλοίησα:—to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces, smash.

συν-άμα, Adv. for σὺν ἄμα, together.

συν-αμιλλάομαι, f. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to race or contend together.

συν-αμπέχω, fut. -αμφέξω: αοτ. 2 -ήμπεσχον, inf. -αμπισχείν:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaph. to sbroud.

συν-αμπίσχω, = συναμπέχω.

συν-αμφότερος, α, ον, both together: used both in sing, and plur.

συν-αναβαίνω, f. -αναβήσομαι: 2 οπ. 2 -ανέβην:—
to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into
central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together. συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time.

II. to extort by force.

συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with :- Pass. to go to sea together.

συν-αναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together. συν-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer. συν-ανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.

συν-ανακλίνομαι, Pass. to he down along with, to recline along with at table [τ]

συν-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to spend or waste along

with. If to bely by furnishing money,
συν-αναμίγνῦμι, f. -αναμίζω, to mix up with at the
same time.—Med. and Pass, to associate with.
συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass, to take rest together, to re-

fresh oneself of receive comfort together with.

συν-αναπέθω, f. σω, to join in persuading. συν-αναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together. συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entuine together.

συν-αναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to join in exacting payment.

συν-αναρριπτέω, f ήσω, to throw up together.
συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another.
συν-αναστρέφω, f ψω, to turn back together:—Pass.
to live along with or among.

συν-ανατήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together. συν-ανατρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with. συν-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.

συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
συν-αναφύρω [φυ], to knead or mix up together:—
Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.

συν-αναχρέμπτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 - ανέστην, pf.
-ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together.
in setting up again or restoring.

συν-αντάω Ion. -ίω: f. ήσω: aor. I -ήντησα:—to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence

συν-άντησις, ή, a meeting.

συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.

συν-αντιάζω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter. συναντιλάβηται [α], 3 sing. 2 subj. of

συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay bold of along with: to take part with, belp.

συν-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together; συναντλείν πόνους τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exhaurire labores.

συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf, = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.

συν-ἄνύτω [τ], to come to an end together with. συν-αξιόω, f. ωσω, to join in thinking fit: generally, to approve, allow.

συν-ἄοιδός,  $\delta v_1 = συνφδός$ .

συν-άορος, ον, Dor. for συνήορος.

συν-απάγω, f. ξω, to lead away with: -Pass. to be led away together with or besides.

συν-άπας, ασα, αν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.

συν-άπειμι, inf. -απιέναι, (εξμι ibo) to go away together.

συν-απεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to belp in finishing. συν-απίσταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.

συν-απισταμαί, ion. ior συναφίσταμαί. συν-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαί, to go away along with

or together: to disembark along with.
συν-αποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ā]: 2 - απέδραν:--to run away or escape along with.

συν-αποδοκτμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.

συναποθάνειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.

συν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνοῦμαι: 2 - απέθάνον:—to die together with.

συν-αποικίζω, f. ίσω, to go as colonists together.
συν-αποικάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
συν-αποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.

συν-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to receive from another with or together: to take or receive in common.
συν-απολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.

συν-απόλλυμ, fut. -απολώ:—to destroy with or together; συναπολλύναι τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own run:—Pass., with pf. 2 -απόλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-απολογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to join or belp in defending.

συν-απομάραίνω, to make to wither away together:

—Pass. to fade away or wither together.

συν-απονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.

συν-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together. συν-απορρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together. συν-αποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with. συν-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to belp to strip or cheat, join in robbing.

συν-αποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together. συν-αποφέρω, to carry off along with or together. συναπτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied: continuous. From

συν-άπτω, f. -άψω: aor. I συνηψα: Pass., pf. συνημμαι:--to tie or join together, unite; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan; ξυνάπτειν τινί κακά to fasten evil upon him. II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action; συνάπτειν μάχην to join 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person; συνάπτειν ξαυτόν ξε λόγους τινί to enter into conversation with a person; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc.; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι or είε λόγουε τινί (sub. ξαυτόν); συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage. III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to: to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at band. IV. Med. to reach, attain to: to take part with, contribute towards.

συνάραι, aor. 1 inf. of συναίρω.

συν-ἄρᾶρίσκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρᾶρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.

συν-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash together: to dash in pieces, crush, destroy: -Pass. to be dashed in pieces; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλάs to get their heads broken.

συν-ἄρέσκω, f. -ἄρέσω:—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.

συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναραρίσκω.

σύν-αρθρος, ον, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together: in accordance with.

συναριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count along with.

συν-ἀριθμος [ἄ], ον, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.

συν-αριστάω, f. ήσω, (σύν, αριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.

συν-ἄριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together. συν-άριστος, ον, (σύν, ἄριστον) breakfasting with.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω: f. όσω Dor. όξω: Pass., aor. I συν-ηρμόσθην: pf. -ήρμοσμα: --- to fit together, close, join exactly; συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids; εὐχερεία συναρμόσαι βροτούs to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct.

II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.

συν-αρμολογέω, f. ήσω, to frame accurately together. συναρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συναρμόζω) one who joins together; συναρμοστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state. συν-αρμόττω, Att. for συναρμόζω.

συν-αρπάζω, fut. άσω or άσομαι: aor. I συνήρπασα:
—to carry off or away with one:—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to bold fast together:—Med. aor. I ξυναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and bold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at. συν-αρτάω, f. ήσω: aor. I συνήρτησα:—to bang up with: to fasten on along with, knit together:—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.

συν-άρχω, f. ξω, to rule jointly with: to be a colleague in office; δ συνάρχων a colleague.

συν-αρωγός, όν, a joint-belper.

συν-ἄσεβέω, f. ήσω, to join in impiety.

συν-ασκέω, f. ήσω, to practise together, join in practising.

συν-ασοφέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, άσοφος) to be unwise or foolish along with.

συν-ασπίδόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, ἀσπίε) to keep the shields locked close together.

συν-ασπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (σύν, ἀσπίε):—to bold the shields together: generally, to fight together, be comrades; συνασπίζειν τινί to be his messmate.

συν-ασπιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-soldier, comrade. συν-ασχαλάω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄποχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away. συν-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence συναυλία, ή, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ξυναυλίαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert.

2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι: 201. I pass. συνηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with; σ. μανία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. - αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away together: —Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt.

II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 - έστην pf. - έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθήναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-άχθομαι, fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίζω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.
συν-δαίνυμι, f. –δαίσω, to feast along with or together; συνδαίσαι γάμους τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, opos, δ, a companion at table, messmate. συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite or champ together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to weep with or together. συν-δειπνέω, f. ήσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δείπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, δ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάζω, f. άσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: aor. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, δ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:—tbat wbicb binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-prisoner.

σύν-δετος, ον, (συνδέω) bound together, bound hand and foot, Lat. constrictus.

II. as Subst., σύνδετον, τό, a hand, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together; συνδήσαί τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.
συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans.
to cross over together, Lat. trajicio.

II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along

with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. –διαιτήσομαι: Dep.:  $(\sigma \acute{\nu} \nu, \delta \iota \alpha \iota - \tau \acute{\alpha} \omega)$ :—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ήσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ό, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to belp to reconcile:— Med. to belp to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout, συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμέω, f ήσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω. to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to belp in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to endure bardship with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, τ. –διαθήσω, to help in arranging. συν-διατρίβω [i], f,  $\psi$ ω, to pass one's time with or together; esp. with a master, of  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$  Σωκράτει συνδιατρίβοντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things, to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διοίσω, to carry through or over with. II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφυλάσσω, f. fω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ίσω, to take in band together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξειμι, inf. -διεξιέναι (είμι ibo) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεικα, Ion for -ήνεγκα, 201 1 of συνδιαφέρω. συν-δίκάζω, f. άσω, to belp to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or juryman.
συνδίκέω, f. ἡσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused,
to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for
or in support of anything.

σύν-δικοs, ον, (σύν, δίκη) belping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικοs, δ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγοροs the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer.

2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοι were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. συνδίκως, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ήσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διοράω, f. -διόψομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω oτ -ώξομαι, to chase away along with. II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution. συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεῖ, impers. like Lat. placet, συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν we are all agreed:—the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἄπαστυ ὑμῖν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; σύνδοξαν πατρί since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to test or examine along with.
συν-δοξάζω, f. άσω, to agree in opinion.

II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συνδόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, ό, ή, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, δ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. άσω [ā], to do along with or together, belp or concur in doing; αίμα συνδράν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, άδος, fem. of σύνδρομος; αί συνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπληγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ή, (σύν, δρύμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, mseting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες.

Tunning along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δυάζω, f. άσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δύάς, άδος, ή, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δύο, oi, ai, τά, (σύν, δύω) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστύχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, ol, al, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβάλον, 201. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, 201. 2 of συμβαίνω. συνέβην, 201. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to, bard upon.

συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερώ, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another: - Pass. to rise together. συνέδρἄμον, 201. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: of συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ή, (σύνεδροι) a sitting together, of gregatious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as- war.

sembled in council, a council-board, council:—in N.T.
the Sanhedrim.

2. a council-chamber, senate-bouse,
Lat. curia.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, ξδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, δ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εείκοσι, Ερ. for συνείκοσι.

συν-εέργαθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνείργω.

συν-εέργω, Ep. for συνείργω.

συνέζευξα, aor. I of συζεύγνυμι.

συνέηκα, Ιοπ. for συνήκα, 201. τ οf συνίημι.

συν-εθέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ίσω, to accustom, inure, make babitual:

—Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδέναι, inf. of σύνοιδα; v. \*συνείδω. Hence συνείδησιε, ή, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2 conscience.

\*συν-είδω, in aor. 2 συν-είδον, inf. - τδείν:--to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-όψομαι, pf. συν-εύρāκα. II. pf. σύνοιδα in pres. sense, inf. συνειδέναι: plapf. with impf. sense συνήδειν Att. συνήδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνηδέἄτε: also fut συνείσομαι: -to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. συνειδώς an accomplice: τὸ συν- $\epsilon \iota \delta \dot{\omega} = \sigma \upsilon \nu \epsilon \dot{\iota} \delta \eta \sigma \iota s$ . 2. c. dat. pers to know the same as another; συνειδέναι ξαυτώ οὐδ' ὑτιοῦν σοφὸς ων I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύνοιδα έμαυτῷ οὐδὲν ἐπισταμένω I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to bis plans or opinions.

συν-είκοσι Ep. συνεείκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. viceni.

συνειλεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-ειλέω, f. ήσω, to crowd or throng together:—of persons, to bind firmly together:—Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνείληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνείληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνείλκυσα, aor. 1 of συνέλκω.

συνείλοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-ειμι, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, είμί sum) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνείναι νόσω = νοσείν; συνείναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares; συνείναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business. 2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; of συνύντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-ειμι, (σύν, είμι ιδο) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war.

3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet

to deliberate. 4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-είπον, inf. -ειπείν, 20τ. 2 of συναγορεύω οτ σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to belp, further. 2. to tell along with one, belp one to tell.

συν-είργνυμι, = συνείργω.

συν-είργω Ep. -εέργω old form -έργω: Ep. impf. συνέεργον; Ερ. 201. 2 συνεέργαθον: f. συνείρξω:to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-είρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνείς, είσα, έν, part. aor, 2 of συνίημι.

συν-εισάγω, f. fw, to bring in with or together. συν-εισβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with.

συν-εισβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εισέρχομαι, aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon ισηλθον$ , pf.  $-\epsilon ισελη$ λυθα: Dep:-to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut, without any pres, in use; v. \*συν-

συν-εισπίπτω,  $f. - \pi \epsilon \sigma o \hat{v} \mu a v$ : aor. 2  $- \epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma o v : - to$ fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to hurst or break in together.

συν-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together. συν-εισπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to belp in exacting money from others.

συν-εισφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (είσφορά).

συν-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to cast out along with: to assist in easting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εκβιβάσω Att. -εκβιβώ, Causal of συνεκβαίνω, to belp in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, ov, travelling with: as Subst. a fellowtraveller.

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to belp a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [v], to strip off together:-Mod. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθανούμαι, to die along with or together: metaph, to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens. συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to belp to steal away; συνεκκλέπτειν γάμους to belp in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to belp in carrying out. to belp in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to belp to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. Ι οf συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, όν, chosen along with or together. συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, έκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever. συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [ā], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [i], f, -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to rusb out along II. of the votes taken out of the voting with. urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead beat with. III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail togetber.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with,

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to belp in working out or achieving: to cooperate with,

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to belt in supplying or pro-

συν-εκποτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. - ττω Ion. - πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together :- Med. to belp a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to belp in preserving or delivering. συν-εκτάσσω Att. -ττω, f. έω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together

συν-εκτίνω [t], f. -τίσω [ī], to pay along with, to belp in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. - θρέψω, to rear up along with:-Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: acr. 2 -εξέδραμον: -to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω. συνέκυψα, aor. Ι οf συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εξοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνέλαβον, 201. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλάλέω.

συν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ἄ]: 201. Ι -ήλασα Ερ. -έλασσα: pf. -ελήλακα:-to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνειν όδόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight. 2. intr., έριδι ξυνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελείν, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναιρέω.

συν-ελευθερόω, f. ώσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω συνελθείν, aor. 3 inf. of συνέργομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj, of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ζω: aor. Ι συμείλκύσα (as if from συνeλκύω):—to draw together or to a point. II. to belp to draw out. draw up, contract.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναιρέω.

συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βἄλῶ, to put in along with, help in II. intr. to fall in or upon together, putting in. join in attacking: to make a joint inroad συνεμβολή, ή, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή

κώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.

συνέμεν, poet. for συνείναι, 20r. 2 inf. of συνίημι. συνέμιξα, 20τ. Ι οί συμμίγνυμι.

συνέμιχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συν-εμπίπρημι, fut. -εμπρήσω: aor. I -ενέπρησα:

-to burn along with or together.

συν-έμπορος, ον, travelling with: as Subst, συνέμπορος, δ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.

συνεμπρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμπίπρημι.

συνενέγκαντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμφέρω.

συν-ενείκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.

συν-ενθουσιάω, to be inspired together with. συν-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out together: Pass. to be

carried away with. συν-εξαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take out together, to help in

removing: to belp in taking or capturing: - Med. to take away forcibly from one.

συν-εξακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear of a thing all togetber.

συν-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.

συν-εξανίστημι, f.  $-\sigma \tau h \sigma \omega$ , to make to stand up to-II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.

συν-εξάπατάω, f. ήσω, to cheat along with or to-

getber.

συν-έξειμι, (είμι ibo) to go out along with or together. συν-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στράτον, ἵππον) to march or ride out together.

συν-εξερύω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.

συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ , pf. -εξελήλυθα: (cf. έρχομαι):-to go or come out with. συν-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together: -Pass. to be reckoned with or among.

συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together. συν-εξορμάω, f. ήσω, to belp to urge on. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.

συν-εοχμός, δ, poet. for συνοχμός.

συν-επάγω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.

συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.

συν-επαινέω, f. έσω Ep. ήσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.

συν-έπαινος, ον, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.

συν-επαίρω, f. -επαρω, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also: - Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, αοτ. Ι οί συμπαίω.

συν-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.

συν-επακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow together, follow close

συν-επαμύνω, f -αμυνω, to join in repelling.

συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass, with aor. 2 act.

 $-\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \nu$ , pf.  $-\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa a$ :—to join in a revolt or rebellion. συν-επανορθόω, f. ώσω, to join in re-establishing.

συνέπαξα, Dor. aor. 1 of συμπήγνυμι.

συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφάπτομαι.

συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.

συν-έπειμι, (σύν, ἐπί, εἶμι ιδο) to go with against, join in attacking.

συν-επεισφέρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in. συν-επεκπίνω [t], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly.

συν-επελαφρύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to belp to make light, to belp to bear or sustain.

συν-επερίζω, f ίσω, to contend with.

συνέπεσον, aor 2 of συμπίπτω.

συνεπεσπόμην, 201. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.

συνεπέστην, 201. 2 of συνεφίστημι.

συν-επεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.

συν-επηχέω, f. ήσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.

συν-επιβαίνω, f.  $-\beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a \iota$ , to mount together II. to enter upon along with. upon.

συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against. συν-επιγραφεύς, δ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk. συν-επιθυμέω, f. ήσω, to desire along with.

συν-επίκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.

συν-επικοσμέω, f. ήσω, to help to array or adorn. συν-επικουρέω, f. ήσω, to join as an ally, belp to support or relieve.

συν-επικουφίζω, f. ίσω, to lighten at the same time. συν-επικράδαίνω, to move backwards and forwards together with.

συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.

συν-επιμαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to join in attesting or II. intr. ratifying: to confirm.

> συν-επιμελέσμαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επεμελήθην:-to join in taking care of: to bave joint charge of: to join in providing.

> συν-επιμελητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.

συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.

συν-επιπλέκω, f. ξω, to help to twine or plait.

συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert. συν-επιρρώννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to belp to strengthen. συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι: pf. -επέσκεμμαι: -to examine along with or together.

συν-επισπάω, f. άσω [ă], to draw on together:-

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to one-self, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπέσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and

part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπεύδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward. συν-επίσταμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to. συν-επιστέλλω, f. –στελῶ, to send with or together. συν-επιστράπεύω, f. σω, to make war together with συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επυτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together -- Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , f.  $\psi\omega$ , to wear away or destroy

utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλάσα, 201. Ι οf συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. I of συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 - εσπύμην, Dep to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποίμναις συνέπεσθαι to follow the flocks. II. to follow with the mind, understand. συν-επόμνῦμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. 1 οf συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover From συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συνεράσθαί τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building

συν-εργάτης [a], ov, o, a fellow-worker, partner,

colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτίνης [τ], ου, ό, poet. for συνεργάτης. συν-εργάτις [ἄ], ιδος, ἡ, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργόs) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, ό, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ή, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργόs, όν, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or belping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργόs, ό or ή, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a cooperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνείργω.

συν-έρδω, f. ξω, to join in a work, cooperate with.
συν-ερείδω, f. σω: aor. I συνήρεισα:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:
—Pass., aor. I συνηρείσθην: pf. συνήρεισμαι or - ερήρισμαι:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead):
—I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-έριθος, δ, also ή, a fellow-worker, belpmate.
συνερκτικός, ή, όν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving
his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together. συνέρραξα, 201. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμαι, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγνυμι

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ῆλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together. II. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in hattle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in. 3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείαν συνελθεῦν to join in an expedition; συνελθεῦν λέχος σύν to share thy bed. III. of things, to be joined in one, be united. IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the same time.

II. to establish a point by questioning:

-Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind! mark! συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφἄγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ή, (συνίημι) a joining, meeting together. It the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence. 2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπαράσσω.

συνέσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνέπομαι συνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστάλην [ἄ], 20r. 2 pass. of συστέλλω. συνεστείλα, 20r. 1 of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. ασω [a], to entertain in one's bouse:

-Pass. to feast along with or together.
συν-εστίη, ἡ, (σύν, ἐστία) a common feast.

συν-έστιος, ον, (σύν, ἐστία) sharing one's bearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν-έστιος, ὁ, ἡ, an inmate, guest.

2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστώs, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχον, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-έταιρος, δ, (σύν, έταιρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνετάράχθην, 20τ. 1 pass. of συνταράσσω. συνετάφην [ἄ], 20τ. 2 pass. of συνθάπτω. συνετάχθην, 20τ. 1 pass. of συνταράσσω. συνετέθειντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνέτλαν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ερ. ξύνετο, 3 sing. 201. 2 med. of ξυνίημ. συνετόs, ή, όν, (συνίημ.) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. easy

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. ouverá as | to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained. dis-Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of συντρίβω.

συνετώς, Adv. of συνετός, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, to share in bappiness with. συν-ευδοκέω, f. ήσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep or lie with; δ ξυνεύδων χρόνοs the time which sleeps with one, 1. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other: - Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, δ, a bedfellow, busband, consort: fem. συνευνέτις, ιδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ον, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst, σύνευνος ό, ή, a bedfellow, consort, busband or wife.

συν-ευπάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to belp to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen, rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards: -c. dat. pers. to assist, belp.

συν-ευτύχέω, to be fortunate along with or together. συν-εύχομαι, f. - ξομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευωχέσμαι, to feast with or together.

συνέφαγον, used as aor. 2 of συνεσθίω.

συν-εφάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -εφάψομαι: Dep.:-to lay bold of, put band to along with or to-2. c. gen. pers. to join in atgetber, c. gen. rei. tacking.

συν-εφέλκω, f. ξω: 201. Ι -εφείλκύσα:-to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, 201. 2 - εφεσπόμην Ιοπ. - επεσπόμην: Dep.:-to follow along with or together.

συν-έφηβοs, or, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. Tov vouv) to attend II. Pass., with aot. 2 act. -επέστην, pf. -εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly. συνέφραξα, aor. I of συμφράσσω.

συνεχάρην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of συγχαίρω.

συνέχεα, αοτ. Ι ο συγχέω.

συνέχεια, ή, (συνέχήε) a continuous series of things, continuity. II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχευα, Ep. aor. I of συγχέω.

συνεχέως, Ion. for συνέχωε.

συνεχής, έε, (συνέχω) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous II. of Time, continuous, with, next to, adjacent. continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. ovv- $\epsilon \chi \epsilon s$  is used as Adv.,  $= \sigma \nu \nu \epsilon \chi \hat{\omega} s$ .

συν-εχθαίρω, to bate along with, join in bating.

συν-έχθω, poët. for συνεχθαίρω.

συνεχύθην [υ], aor. I pass. of συγχέω.

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: f. - έξω: aor. a συνέσχον:--to bold or keep together: - συνέχειν την είρεσίαν to keep the rowers together. 2. to contain, comprise.

tressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., συνέχεσθαι αίχμησι to engage with spears.

συνεχώς Ion. - έως, Adv. of συνεχής, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψιάω, (σύν, έψιάσμαι) to play together. συνεώνημαι, pf. of συνωνέσμαι.

συν-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ον,  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu, \ddot{\eta} \beta \eta)$  young at the same time: as Subst., σύνηβοs, δ, ή, a young friend or comrade. συνήγαγον, 201. 2 of συνάγω.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of συνάγω

συνηγορέω, f. ήσω, (συνήγυρος) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος; συνηγορείν τῷ κατηγύρφ to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ή, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικός, ή, ύν, of or for a συνήγορος or advocate; το συνηγορικόν, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public συνήγοροι while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ον, (σύν, άγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., συνήγορος, δ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικο.

συνήδειν Att. ξυνήδη, plapf. of σύνοιδα. συνηδέατε, Ion. 2 pl. plqpf. of \*συνείδω.

συν-ήδομαι, fut. -ησθήσομαι: aor. I -ήσθην: Dep: -to rejoice together; συνήδεσθαί τινι to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with

one's good fortune. συνήθεια, ή, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. consuetudo. II. use, custom, babit, usage. From

συν-ήθης, εε, gen. εοε contr. ous: gen. pl. συνη- $\theta \in \omega \nu$  contr.  $\sigma \nu \eta \theta \hat{\omega} \nu$ :  $(\sigma \hat{\nu} \nu, \eta \theta \circ \epsilon)$ :— dwelling or living together, of like babits of customs, akin, well suited to; συνήθης τινί well-acquainted or intimate with him;  $\chi \epsilon i \rho i \sigma v v \eta \theta \eta s = \chi \epsilon i \rho o \eta \theta \eta s$ , tame. babitual, customary: familiar.

συνηθροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of συναθροίζω

συνήθωε, Adv. of συνήθηε, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. Ι οί συνίημι.

συν-ήκω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλασα, aor. I of συνελαύνω. συνηλθον, aor. 2 of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ηλικιώτης, ου, δ, = συν $\hat{η}$ λιξ.

συν-ηλιξ, ϊκοι, δ, ή, (σύν, ηλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. aequalis: as Subst., συνήλιξ, δ, ή, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνηλυσίη and συνήλυσιε, ή, (συνέρχομαι, συνελεύσομαι) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ήμερα) to pass the day 3. with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ή, union, connexion: in plur. cove- put together, felgned, forged. nants, solemn promises. From agreed upon, covenanted; έκ

συνήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (συνίημι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ήορος Dor. and Att. συν-άορος, ον, (σύν, alωρέω) banging together, linked with, wedded to: as Subst., συνήρρος, δ, ή, a consort, a husband or a wife. συν-ηπεροπεύω, f σω, to join in cheating or tricking.

συν-ηρετέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, έρετής) = συνηρετμέω. συν-ηρετμέω, f. ήσω, to row with: generally, to

work or ply with, be friends with.

συνηρέφέω, f ήσω, to throw a shade over. From συν-ηρέφής, έε, (σύν, ἐρέφω) thickly shaded, covered over.

συν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for συνάριθμος.

συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάζω. συνήρπασα, 201. 1 of συναρπάζω.

συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συνήρων, impf. of συνεράω.

συν-ησσάομαι Att. - ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered or overcome together

συνηυλίσθην, aor. 1 of συναυλίζομαι.

συν-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound or ring together.

συνήχθην, aor. 1 pass of συνάγω.

συνήψα, aor. I of συνάπτω

συνθακέω, f. ήσω, to sit with or together, to sit in council with, take counsel with. From

σύν-θάκος, ον, sitting with of together. 2. sharing in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβέω, to be astounded along with.

συν-θάλπω, f ψω, to warm with or together: metaph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f ψω, to bury with or together:--Pass. to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to view together, to see a spectacle together.

2 to examine together, examine carefully. Hence

συνθεατής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.

συν-θεάτρια, ή, fem. of συνθεατής. συνθείς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, poet, for συνεθέλω.

σύνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

**σύνθεο**, Ερ. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of συντίθημι.

συνθέσια, ή, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plus. injunctions, instructions.

σύνθεσις, ή, (συντίθημι) a putting together, compounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a combination of letters.

11. metaph. an agreement, treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ή, όν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting together.

σύνθετο, Ep. for συνέθετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ον, also η, ον, (συντίθημι) put together, compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged. III. metaph. agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement, Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with, to run together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet. συν-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to contemplate together: to go to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ή, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II. an agreement, arrangement: in plus. articles of agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put together. II. anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watchword, Lat. tessera. 3. an agreement, covenant, engagement. Hence

συνθηματιαίος, α, ον, agreed upon: bargained for. συνθηρατής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-bunter. From

ouv-θηράω, f. dow [ā], to hunt with ot together:— Med. to catch together:—Pass to be caught and bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οῦ,  $\delta$ , = συνθηρατής. From

συν θηρεύω, = συνθηράω, to bunt together:--Pass. to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ον, (σύν, θήρα) bunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιασώτης, ου, δ, a partner in the θίασοι or sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. άσω [a], to crush along with or together. συν-θλίβω [ī], f. ψω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. - θανούμαι: aot. 3 - έθανον, inf. - θανείν:--to die with or together.

συν-θοινάτωρ [ā], opos, δ, (σύν, θοινάω) a partaker of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θρανόω, f. ώσω, to break in pieces, shiver. συν-θρανώ, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver. σύν-θρηνος, ον, mourning with or together.

σύν-θρονος, ov, sitting on the same seat or throne with ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ον, sounding with, in barmony with.
συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph.
to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [0], to offer sacrifice along with. συνίδειν, aor. 2 inf. of \*συνείδω.

συνίει [I], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνίημι. συντέμεν, Ep. for συντέιαι, inf. pres. of συνίημι. σύντεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνίημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ήσω, to join in sacrifice with.
συν-ιζάνω, to settle down, collapse, sbrink.

3. t sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to bold a sitting.

ng συν-ίημε Att. ξυνίημε [for the quantity, see lημ]:
impl. συνίην οι συνίειν: l. συνήσω οι συνήσομα: aot. ι

of συνήκα: pl. συνείκα:—also (as if from συνιέω) 3 pl. pres.
συνιούσι, inf. συνιείν, imperat. ξυνίει, inf. συνιέμεν; 3

er, sing. impl. συνίει, 3 pl. ξυνίσαν Ερ. ξυνίεν; also (as if

II. from συνίω) impl. 3 pl. ξύνιον; aot. I ξυνέηκα: aot. a

fellow-knight. σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of σύνειμι (είμι ibo), they went together. II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of σύνοιδα, they shared in the knowledge. συνίσασι, 3 pl. of σύνοιδα. σύνισθι, imperat. of σύνοιδα. σύνισμεν, I pl. of σύνοιδα. συν-ίστημι, impf. συνίστην: f. συστήσω: aor. I συνέστησα:-to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, at-2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert to-3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do. 4. to produce. 5. to make firm or solid, exhibit, represent to one. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. συνέστην; pf. συνέστηκα, part. συνεστηκώς contr. συνεστώς, ώσα, ως, Ion. συνεστεώς, εώσα, εώς:—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's 2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., συνεστηκότων τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; το ξυνιστάμενον οι το συνεστηκός, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied. 4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing. 5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to bold together, endure, continue. be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen. συν-ίστωρ, opos, o, h, knowing also or along with,

imperat. ξύνες; 201. 2 med. 3 sing. ξύνετο, 3 pl.

subj. συνώμεθα:—to send, bring or set together, Lat.

συνίμεν. Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. of σύνειμι (είμι ibo). [1]

συνιοθσι, 3 pl. pres. of συνίημι, as if from συνιέω.

Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συν-ίππαρχος, δ, a joint commander of borse. συν-ιππεύς, έως, δ, a fellow-rider or borseman, a

take notice of, observe, understand, know.

II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to

συν-νάσσω, f. ξω, to pack tight together.
συν-ναυβάτης, ου, δ, a shipmate. [a]
συν-ναυμάχέω, το engage in a sea-fight along with
συν-ναυφαχέω, to engage in a sea-fight along with
συν-ναυστολέω, f. ήσω, to be shipmate with another.
συν-ναύτης, ου, δ, a shipmate.
συν-νεάζω, f. σω, to spend one's youth or be young with
συν-νεάζαι, a pl. pf. pass. of συννέω.

conscious of a thing; θεοί συνίστορεs the gods are

συν-ισχναίνω, to belp dry up: metaph. to join with

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to belp to strengthen.

συνιών, Ion. for συνιείs, pres. part. of συνίημι. συν-ναίω, to dwell along with or together.

witnesses.

in diminishing or reducing.

συν-νείω, f. σω, to bend together: also, to incline to the same point, converge.

II. to assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφελος, ον, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast. συννεφέω, f. ήσω, to collect clouds. II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. συννεφεῖ it is cloudy. III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From συν-νεφής, έε, (σύν, νέφοε) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. συννένημαι, Ion. 3 pl. συννενέαται:—to pile or beap together, heap up. συν-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.
συν-νικάω, f. ήσω, to have part in a victory with. II.
transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence σύννοια Ion. -οίη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious thought, trouble. 2. consciousness.

συν-νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, to be a joint-lawgiver.
σύν-νομος, ον, (σύν, νέμω) feeding or berding togetber, consorting:—metaph. consorting with. 2.
partaking or sbaring in a thing: hence, 3. as
Subst., σύννομος, δ, ή, one wbo lives with, a consort;
of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, companion, congener.

σύν-νοος, ον Att. contr. -νους, ουν, thinking deeply, thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέω, f. ήσω, to be ill together or along with. σύν-νους, ουν, contr. for σύννους.

συν-νυμφοκόμος, ον, belping to deck a bride. συν-οδεύω, f. σω, to journey along with. Hence συνοδία, η, a journey in company. II. a party of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, ου,  $\delta$ , a fellow-traveller. συνοδοιπορέω, f,  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, to travel together. And συνοδοιπορίω,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a travelling together. From συν-οδοιπόρος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , a fellow-traveller. σύν-οδος,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συνοδοιπόρος.

σύν-οδος, ή, a coming together, assembly, meeting; also an association. 2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. concursus. 3. of things, a coming together; χρημάτων σύνοδοι a coming in of money, income, like πρόσοδοι. 4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of \*συνείδω, q. v. συν-οικειδω, f. ώσω, to bind one to another by ties of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. ήσω: pf. -φκηκα:—to dwell or live together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country, to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed: metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery. II. to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country, to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοίκημα, ατος, τό, that with which one lives; σ. άχαριτώτατον a most unpleasant house-mate.

συνοίκησις, ή, (συνοικέω) a dwelling or living together: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (συνοικέω) one that lives with.
συνοικία Att. Ευνοικία, ή, (συνοικέω) a living to-

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community. II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to olkía, as Lat. insula to domus (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house. an out-house.

συνοίκια (sub. lepá), τά, (συνοικέω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, cele-

brated on the 17th of Boedromion.

συν-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to make to live with: to give in marriage.
2. to make to live together, to join in one city; ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτι-λήνην to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilene.
II. to join in peopling or colonising a country.

συνοίκίσις, ή, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ήρος, δ, (συνοικίζω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build with or together:-

Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξύνοικος ἀλλαγῆ βίου associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, όν, keeping bouse together: metaph., συνοικουρός κακῶν a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσω, fut. of συμφέρω, med. συνοίσομαι.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμ, f. -ολέσω Att. -ολώ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-oλos, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλωs, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὅμαιμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαίμων, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλιξ, Dor. for συν-ομήλιξ.

συν-ομαρτίω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, attend upon.
συν-ομήλιξ Dor -ομάλιξ, ϊκος, δ, ή, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to converse or associate with.
συν-όμνθμι οτ -ύω: f. -ομόσω: aor. I -ώμοσα: --to
swear along with or together, to join in a league or
confederacy, to form a league or conspiracy. II.
to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομόσαι θάνατόν
τινι to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually.

II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, δμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπάδός, όν, following along with, attending on, σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὅπλον) armed together, allied. συν-ορώω, f συνόψομαι (as if from συν-είδω):— aor. 2 συνείδον, inf. συνίδεῖν (as if from συν-είδω):— II. to see together or at the same time.

II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι: 201. I pass. συνωργίσθην: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together. σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [1], to stir up together or violently:— Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, δρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, άδος, ή, (σύν, όρμή) clashing together. συνόρμενος, Ερ. 201. 2 pass. part. of συνύρνυμι.

συν-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring to anchor together.
συν-όρνυμι, = συνορίνω: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. συν-

όρμενοs, baving started or set forth together.
σύν-opos Ion. σύνουρος, ον, bordering on; κόνις

πηλοῦ κάσις ξύνουρος dust twin-brother of mud.
συν-οροφόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, δροφή) to roof all over,
cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ιοπ. for σύνορος.

συν-ουσία Ion. -ίη, ή, (from συνών, συνοῦσα, part. of σύνειμι) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society.

II. a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ή, όν, suited for society, sociable. συν-οφρυόομαι, f. med. ώσομαι: pf. pass. -ωκρρύωμαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὀφρύs):--to knit the brow, frown συν-οχή Att. ξυνοχή, ή, (συνέχω) a bolding or being beld together, a meeting, joining.

2. metaph. strainness, distress, anguisb. Hence

συνογηδόν, Adv. bolding together.

συν-οχμός, δ, Ερ. συνεόχμός, = συνοχή, junction. σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) beld together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for συνόκωχα, Ep. intr. pf. of συνέχω, to be beld together, come together; ώμω ἐπὶ στῆθος συνοχωκότε shoulders contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. of συνοράω.

σύνταγμα, aros, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent.

2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκω.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must ar-

συν-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to endure bardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμνω.

συν-τάνώω, = συντείνω, to bring together into one.
σύνταξις, εως, ή, (συντάσσω) a futting together in
order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete
array: hence
2. order, arrangement: organisation, system.
3. a body of troops.
4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-ταράσσω Att. -ττω: f. fω: aor. I -ετάραξα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην: pf. -τετάραγμαι: -to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet: - Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed,

troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. - ττω: f. ξω: aor. I - έταξα: Pass, 201. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:-to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere . to regulate, ordain: to command. II Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. συν-τάχύνω [v], to help to urge on, hurry. intr. to basten, basten to an end. συντεθραμμένος, pf pass. part of συντρέφω.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι:-to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. 2 to

intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to belp to build a fortification. συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to dissolve, disappear.

conjecture, guess, calculate. συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to breed children with safe: keep in mind.

another. συν-τεκνόω, f. ώσω, to belp in breeding: also to to add together. breed.

συν-τελέθω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ή, (συντελήs) a joint payment, a contri-II. at bution to the public burdens, subscription. Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called III. an union or partnership formed συντελεία. for bearing public burdens, a club or company. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. έσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:--to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally; συντελείν είε τον πόλεμον to pay all alike fuse, confound. towards the war. 2,  $\sigma \nu \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon i \nu \epsilon ls \tau o \delta s l \pi \pi \epsilon ls to$ be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, έε, (σύν, τέλοε) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share: συντελής πόλις the city which | Hence

II. bad to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same ourtexeia or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion --τάμνω: fut. --τεμώ: aor. 2 --έτεμον: -to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. δδόν), to make a short cut: (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνοντοε as the time became short.

συν-τερετίζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένωs, Adv. pf pass. part. of συντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαι, pf. pass. of συνταράσσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf pass of συντελέω

συντέτηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκω.

συν-τετραίνω, f.  $-\tau \rho \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $-\dot{\epsilon} \tau \rho \eta \sigma \alpha$ : pf. pass. - - terpy mai: -- to bore through so as to meet, to 4. to take leave of, bid farewell. perforate: - Pass. to be connected by openings or chan-II. metaph, συντετραίνειν μῦθον δι' ώτων to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

> συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω. συντετρίφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, δ, ή, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, δ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. I - έτηξα:-to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. συντήκομαι, 201. Ι συνετήχθην: 201. 2 συνετάκην [d]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα:—to melt away,

συν-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely; to preserve, keep 2. to watch one's opportunity. συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:-- to place or put together,

2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med. συντίθεμαι: 201. Ι συνεθηκάμην: 201. 2 συνεθέμην:

-to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take beed to; σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take beed. 2. to set 3. to agree on, conclude: to in order, organise. covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to value together: -- Med. to fix an estimate: - Pass. to increase in value, rise in price. συν-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to con-

συν-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places. \*συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνέτλην, to venture together. σύντομος, ον, (συντεμείν) cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος δδός a short cut; συντομώτατον οι τα συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, abort.

συντόμως, Adv. concisely, shortly: Comp. - ώτερον and -ωτέρως: Sup. - ώτατα and - ωτάτως.

σύντονος, ον, (συντείνω) on the stretch, strained tight. 2. metaph. intense, excessive: of persons, earnest, serious, vehement: neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. earnestly, vehemently.

II. (σύν, τύνος) in harmony or unison with.

συν-τράγωδέω, f. how, to act tragedy together.

συν-τράπεζος, ον, (σύν, τράπεζα) eating at the same table: as Subst., συντράπεζος, δ, ή, a messmate.

σύν-τρεις, oi, ai, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρείς) three together, three and three. συν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed besides, help to feed: --Pass. to grow up together, live together.

II.

of liquids, to congreal:—Pass, to be congreated, freeze.

συν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι, or more commonly -δράμοῦμαι: 2 οτ. 2 - έδράμον:—to run together, gather together: to commingle.

2. of enemies, to rush together, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere.

3. as friends, to come together, agree: generally, to concurr, coincide.

4. to meet with.

5. to run of shrivel up.

συντρήσαι, aor. 1 inf. of συντετραίνω.

συν-τριαινόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, τρίαινα) to overthrow with a trident: generally, to overwhelm in ruin.

συντρίβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [i]: f. ψω: aor. 1 - έτριψα: Pass., aor 2 oath: confederate - ετρίβην [i]: pf - τέτριμμα: --to rub together. II. συν-ωνέομαι, f. ι το crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat conterere: --to buy together: συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς to stave the ships in: Pass., συντριβήναι τῆς κεψαλῆς to bave one's head broken. III. in pass sense, δ σ συν-ώντμος, ον, συν-ώντμος, ον,

συντριηραρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a συντριήραρχοs. From like name or meaning συν-τριήραρχοs, δ, a partner in fitting out a συνωριαστήs, οῦ, δ trireme.

σύντριμμα, ατος, τό, (συντρίβω) a fracture, destruction II. a stumbling-block, offence

σύντριψ, ιβos, δ, ή, (συντρίβω) sbattering, smashing; of a lubber-hend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, ή, a being reared together: a broad. From

σύντροφος, ον, (συντρέφω) brought up together with: of the same origin as.

2. generally, living with: familiar, ordinary. common: of animals, brought up together.

3. natural, usual, common.

II. act., σύντροφος ζωῆς belfing to preserve life.

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτϋχον: -- to meet with, fall in with: to converse, speak with: δ συντυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first that meets one, any one: τὸ συντυχών the first thing that comes to band, anything common or mean. II. of accidents, the appen to, befal: absol to bappen, fall out, chance; εδ ξυντυχώντων if things should go well: impers., συνετύγχανε, συνέτυχε it bappened that ...

συν-τυμβωρύχεω, f. ήσω, to belo in robbing graves. σύρ-γαστρος,δ, (σ συν-τυραννοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to join in slaying tyrants. of a worm or make.

συν-τῦρόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, τυρόε) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquere.
συντύχεῖν, 201. 2 inf of συγτυγχάνω.

συντύχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (συντυχείν) an occurrence, incident · a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event: also a mischance, accident.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. to play a part along with .
to belp in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to belp in putting under: Med. to belp in composing

συν-υπουργέω, f. ήσω, to join in serving or assisting. συν-υφαίνω, aor. I -ύφηνα [v]: aor I pass. -υφάν-θην:—to weave together: metaph. to combine as in one web, frame cumungly.

συν-ωδίνω [t], to be in travail together: to share in any agony

συν-φδόs, όν, (σύν, φδή) singing or sounding in unison: echoing or responsive to: metaph. according with, in unison with.

συνώκησα, aor. 1 of συνοικέω.

συνώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνίημι.

συνωμοσία, ή, (συνύμνυμι) a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy: confederacy.

συνωμότης, ου, ό, (συνόμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate.

συνώμοτος, ον, (συνόμνυμι) leagued or banded by oatb: confederate

συν-ωνέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. pass. -τώνημαι: Dep: -to buy together: to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay.

II. to buy up, Lat. coemere: pf. also in pass sense, δ συνεωνημένος σίτος com bought up. συν-ώντμος, ον, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὅνομα) of the name or wearing.

συνωριαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνωρίε) one who drives a pair-horsed chariot

συνωρίζω, f. σω, (συνωρίε) to yoke together :- Med. to link with oneself.

συνωρίκεύομαι, Dep. to drive a συνωρίε. From συνωρίε, ίδος, ἡ, (συνάορος) a pair of borses or mules, a two-borse chariot.

II. generally, a pair or couple of anything, Lat biga.

III. that which binds together, a pair of fetters.

συν-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to join in belging: absol. to be of use, assist together: — Pass. to derive profit

together.

συνωφρυωμένος, pf. part. of συνοφρυύομαι.

συν-ωχάδον, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, perpetually, continually: continuously.

σύο-κτάσία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (σῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of swine. σὕο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (σῦς, \*φένω) a slayer of swine. συο-φόντις, ιδος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , fem. of συοφόντης.

Σύρα, ή, fem. of Σύρος, a Syrian woman.

Συράκουσαι [ā], al, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκοσαι, Syracuse. Hence

Σύρθκούσιος, α, ον, Ion. Σύρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Σύρθκόσιος, Syracusan.

συρ-γαστρος, δ, (συρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the belly,

σύρδην, Adv. (σύρω) rusbing furiously. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ή, (Σύρος) the land of the Syrians, Syria. συρίγμα, ατος, τό, (σύριττω) the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound.

συριγμός, ὁ, (συρίττω) the sounding of a pipe, a

piping, whistling.
σθριγξ, 1γγος, η, a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe.

II.
anything in shape like a pipe, as,
1. a spearcase.
2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel.
3.

metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From  $\Sigma \Upsilon$ PI'Z $\Omega$  Att.  $\sigma$ vpi $\tau \omega$  Dor.  $\sigma$ vpi $\sigma \delta \omega$ : fut.  $-i \xi \omega$  Att.  $-i \xi \rho \omega$ : acr. 1  $\xi \sigma \ell \rho \iota \xi \sigma$  at  $\xi \sigma \ell \rho \iota \sigma$ , inf.  $\sigma$ vpi $\sigma \alpha \iota$ :—to play on the Pan's pipe  $(\sigma \ell \rho \iota \gamma \xi)$ . II. to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to biss an

actor, Lat. explodere.

Συριη-γενής, ές, (Συρία, γένος) Syrian-born.

συρικτάς, ά, δ, Dor. for συριστής, ου.

**Σύριοs**, a, ον, (Σύροs) Syrian.

συρίσδω, σύρισδες, Dor. for συρίζω, συρίζεις.

σύρισμα, ατος, τό, = σύριγμα. συριστήρ, ηρος, δ, = συριστής.

συριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συρίζω) a player on the Pan's pipe (σῦριγξ), a piper.

Σύριστί, Adv. (Σύρος) in the Syrian language.

συρίττω, f.  $i \xi \omega$ , = συρίζω, q. v.

σύρμα, ατος, τό, (σύρω) anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train.

συρμαία Ion. –αίη, ἡ, (συρμόs) an emetic or purgative draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called συρμαίη. Hence

συρμαίζω, f. σω, to take an emetic or purge.

συρμάς, άδος, ή, (σύρω) anything swept together, refuse, rubbish.

συρμός, δ, (σύρω) any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc. II. that which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

σύροισα, Dor. for σύρουσα, part. fem. of σύρω. Σῦρος, ὁ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρίη.

Σύρος, ο, a Syrian. [v]

Σύρο-φοίνιξ, ῖκος, δ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) a Syrophoenician: fem. Σύροφοίνισσα, a Syrophoenician woman. συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew or stitch together, sew up. συρ-ράσσω Att.  $-\tau\tau\omega$ , f.  $\xi\omega$ , = συρρηγυνμ in intr. sense, to dash together, clash together, fight with, Lat. confligere.

συρ-ρέζω, f. ξω, to sacrifice together.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -ερρύην:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

συρ-ρήγνυμι οτ -ύω: f. -ρήξω: 201. Ι συνέρρηξα: Pass. 201. 2 συνέρραγην [α]: pf. συνέρρημαι, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέρραγα:—to break to pieces: συρρήται είε εν to break up and make into one: metaph in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings.

II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέρρωγα): to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: of tivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out. συρ-ριζόριαι, (σύν, βιζόω) Pass. to have the roots united: to take root together with.

Σύρτις, ιδος, ή, (σύρω) a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there

were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.
σύρφαξ, ακος, ό, (σύρω) = συρφετός.

II. as Adj.

swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous. συρφετός, ὁ, (σύρω) anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquiliae. II. metaph. a

mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡΩ [v], f. σύρω: aor. 1 ἐσυρά: pf. σέσυρκα:
Pass., aor. 2 ἐσύρην [v]: pf. σέσυρμα:—to draw,
drag. trail along: to drag by force, force away,

bale: generally, to sweep away.

ΣΥΈ, δ and ἡ, gen. σῦόs, acc. σῦν: nom. pl. σύες, acc. σύας contr. σῦς, dat. συσί Ερ. σύεσσι:—Lat. SUS, = ῦς, a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or sow; σῦς κάποιος a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω, to toss all about.

συ-σκευάζω, i. άσω, to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare; to contrive, concert.

II. Med. to pack up: part. pf. pass. συνεσκευασμένος or συσκευασμένος all packed up, in marching order.

2. to prepare, make ready, provide.

3. to contrive, concert.

4. generally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence

συσκευασία, ή, a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march.

συ-σκευοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry baggage together. συ-σκευωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive, devise, concert.

συ-σκηνέω, f. ήσω, to live in the same tent or bouse with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ηροε, δ, one who lives in the same tent, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis.

συσκηνήτρια, ή, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ή, (σύσκηνος) a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together.

συσκήνιον, τό, a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σύ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) living in one tent: as Subst., σύσκηνος, δ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis. Hence

συ-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, = συσκηνέω.

συ-σκιάζω, f. άσω, to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely.

σύ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) shaded over, shaded.

συ-σκοπέω, to contemplate along with or together. συ-σκοπάζω, f. άσω, to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοπάζει it grows dark.

συ-σκυθρωπάζω, f. σω, to look sad or gloomy together.

συ-σπαράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces. συ-σπάω, f. άσω [α], to draw or squeeze together: of skins, to sew together.

συ-σπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα) to be coiled up together: of soldiers, to be formed in close order: to march in close order.

συ-σπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.

συ-σπένδω, f. -σπέίσω, to join in making a libation:—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.

συ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to join in bastening or promoting, to lend a belping band.

συ-σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to belp to

the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.
σύ-σπονδος, ον, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation

with: joining in the same treaty.

συ-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to make baste along with or together, to be in earnest about a thing.

II. trans. to pursue or manage zealously together.

συσ-σείω, f. σω, to shake together: to make to quiver or tremble.

συσ-σημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in sealing and signing.

σύσ-σημος, ον, (σύν, σημα) marked in common: as Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

συσσιτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with: to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσίτησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συσσιτία: and

συσσττία, ή, a messing together or in common. If a club or mess.

συσίτιον, τό, (συσσιτέω): I. in pl. a common meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together according to the institution of Lycurgus.

II. a diningroom, ball.

σύσ-σιτος, ον, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or in common: as Subst., σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.

συσ-σώζω, f. σω, to belp to save or deliver.

σύσ-σωμος, ον, (σύν, σῶμα) united in one body. συσ-σωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in temperance.

συστάδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close together: of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.

συστάθείς, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι.

συστάλεις, 201. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω. συ-στάσιάζω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious

συστάσιαστής, οῦ, δ, one who takes part in a sedition, a fellow-rioter.

σύστασις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together, meeting: in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, battle: σύστασιε γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness, barshness, rigour.

συ-στασιώτης, ου, δ, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of

the same party, a partisan.

συστάτικός, ή, όν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing together, introductory, commendatory; ή συστατική επιστολή a letter of introduction.

συ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

συ-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover together or entirely. συ-στέλλω, f. -στελω: aor. I - έστειλα: pf. act. - έσταλκα, pass. - έσταλμαι:—to draw together, draw in: 2. to draw in, contract, comhence to shorten sail. press, condense: - Pass. to be contracted, get smaller; συστέλλεσθαι είς εὐτέλειαν to be drawn in towards economy, i.e. to retrench: so also in pf. pass. part. συνεσταλμένοs, drawn in, brought into narrow compass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, bumble, abase:-Pass. to be lowered or cast down. wrap closely up, shroud, veil ·-- Med, συστέλλεσθαι θοιμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one; συστέλλεσθαι ξαυτόν to gird up one's loins; so aor. 2 pass. part. συσταλείs ready for action. Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συ-στενάζω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.

συ-στεφανόω, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together. σύστημα, ατος, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put together, a composite whole: a composition: a college, assembly.

συ-στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοίχος) to stand in the same row or line with: to be coordinate or in conformity with, to correspond to.

συ-στολίζω, f. ίσω, = συστέλλω, to put together, fabricate. II. to unite.

συστράτεία, ή, a common campaign or expedition.

συ-στράτεύω, f. -εύσω; also as Dep. συστρατεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι:—to make a campaign, serve along with or together, to join or share in an expedition. συστράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of. From

συ-στράτηγοs, a fellow-general, joint commander. συ-στράτιώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-soldier.

συ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep to encamp along with. συ-στρέφω, f. ψω: Pass, aor. 2 συνεστράφην [ā]: pf. συνέστραμμα: —to twist or coil up together, roll into a mass, Lat. conglobare; generally, to collect in one, combine: of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid body; συστρέφειν έαυτόν to rally or collect oneself: —Pass. to be united in one body, combine: to club together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress, condense, make terse or concise; συνεστραμμένη λέξιs a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into a ball.

II. any dense or compact mass: a body of men, a crowd, Lat. globus: a coming together, gathering.

συ-σφάζω, f. ξω: aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ἄ], inf. συσφαγήναι:—to slay along with or together.

συ-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to lace or bind close together.
συ-σχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to
another: — Pass. to be conformed to another's example,

συ-σχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or together. σύτο [v], Ep. for ἔσσῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass, (with aor, sense) of σεύω.

σύφειός, δ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σύφεός, δ, (σῦε) a bog-sty; συφεώνδε = εἰε or πρὸε συφεών, to the sty.

συ-φόρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a berd of swine.

συ-φορβός, δ, (συς, φέρβω) = υφορβός, α swineherd.

σύφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σοφόε.

**ΣΥΧΝΟ Σ, ή, όν, of Time, long;** with plur nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent, 3. the dat. συχνῷ is often βελτίων far better.

3. dv. often, much.

4. neut, συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

αφάγειον, τό, (σφαγηναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices.

II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφάγείς, aor. 2 pass part. of σφάζω.

σφαγεύε, έωε, δ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: δ σφαγεύε έστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a saerificial knife.

σφάγή, ή, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαί πυρόs the sacrificial fire 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice.

II. more rarely an Act.

σφαγιάζω occurs in the same sense, whence ant. I part. σφαγιασθείε as Pass., baving been sacrificed. Hence

σφάγιασμός, δ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δούλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [α]

σφάγιος, ου, also a, ου, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing:

killing, deadly,

σφάγις, ίδος, ή, (σφάζω) a sacrificial hnife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑ ΔΑ ΖΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφαδοσμός, δ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑ'ΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάξω: aor. I ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφαχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφάχην [ἄ]: fut. σφάτησομαι: pf. ἔσφαγμαι:—to slay by outting the throat. Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, saorifice, immolate.

**ΣΦΑΓΡΑ**, αs, ή, a ball, esp a ball to play with; σφαίρη παίζειν to play at ball; σφαίραν ρίπτειν to toss the ball about.

2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαίρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ίσω, (σφαίρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ή, όν, (σφαίρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαίρα, a small ball. σφαιριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, έε, (σφαίρα, είδοε) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρόω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαίρωμαι, plapf ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαίρα):—to make globular or spherical:
—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαίρωτο his chest was round and arched.

II. to the with a ball or button; ἀκύντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ή, όν, (σφαιρόω) rounded, made globu-

ar. II. tipped with a ball or button,

σφακελίζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; εσφακελισέ τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφάκελος, δ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm,

convulsion: convulsive fury. [a]

ΣΦΑ ΚΟΣ, δ, the plant sage, Lat salvia. [ἄ] σφακτός, ή, όν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφάλειs, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφαλερός, ά, όν, (σφάλλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus.

II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, stag-

gering Adv. -ρων.
σφαλήναι, aor inf pass, of σφάλλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλλω.

 $\Sigma\Phi A'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , f. σφάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I ἔσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι: l'ass., with fut. med. σφαλήσομαι, σφαλούμαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ἄ] : pf. ἔσφαλμαι : 3 sing plqpf, ἔσφαλτο: - to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overthrow; to make to 2. metaph to baffle, foil, balk, distotter or reel. concert, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters, to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; ου τι μή σφαλώ γ' έν σοί ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee :-- c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault,

failing, trespass.

σφάξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάξας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφάραγέομαι, Dep. (σφάραγοs) to burst with a noise, to crack, orackle, hiss.
2. to groan with fulness, he full to bursting.

σφάραγίζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑ'ΡΑΓΟΣ, δ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφάρα]

σφάs, enclit. acc. of σφείε.

 $\sigma \phi \dot{\alpha} s [\bar{\alpha}]$ , acc. pl. fem. of  $\sigma \phi \dot{\alpha} s$ .

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφεis, them.

II. m Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. bim, ber.

σφέα, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφείε.

σφέδε, Ep. and Ion. acc, pl. for σφα̂ε.

σφεδάνός, ή, όν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vebement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vebemently. **ΣΦΕΓΣ**, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, they, neut. σφέα: gen. σφῶν: dat. σφίσι: acc. σφῶs, neut. σφέα. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. σφεῖs: genit. σφέων Ep, also σφείων dat. σφἴ and σφἴν, very rarely used also for dat. sing, accus. σφέαs Ep. also σφεῖαs, also σφε (both sing, and pl.). There are also some Aeol, and Dor, forms,—non. σφέs, dat. φῖν and ψῖν, acc. ψε. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέαs αὐτούς.

II. there is a rare usage of σφεῖε for and pers. pl., μετὰ σφίσιν for μεθ' ὑμῶν.

ΣΦΕ'ΛΑΣ, aτos, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur.

σφέλα, for σφέλατα, σφέλαα,

σφενδάμνίνος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. acernus: metaph., ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινοι 'bearts of maple' From ΣΦΕ'ΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ, ή, the maple, Lat. acer.

σφενδονάω, f. ήσω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, burl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish.

3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, ή, a sling, Lat. funda, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end. II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. funda or pala annuli. III the act of slinging, a throw, cast.

IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet

of the sling, σφενδονήτης, ου, δ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

σφές, Aeol. and Dor. for σφείς,

σφετερίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, (σφέτεροs) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. σφετερίζομαι, whence Dor. 201. 1 part. σφετεριξάμενος.

σφέτεροs, a, ov, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. σφείs, their own, their, belonging to them:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., bis, hers. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers. as: I. of the 2nd pers. pl., =  $\dot{v}\mu\dot{\epsilon}\tau\epsilon\rho\sigma$ s, your own: and of the 2nd pers. sing., =  $\sigma\dot{\sigma}s$ , thy, thine own. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., =  $\dot{\eta}\mu\dot{\epsilon}\tau\epsilon\rho\sigma$ s, our own; and of the 1st pers. sing., =  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu\dot{\sigma}s$ , my own, nune.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for σφῶν, gen. of σφείs.

σφη, dat. fem. of σφύε.

σφηκιά, ή, (σφήξ) a wasps' nest.

σφηκίσκος, ὁ, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-ειδής, έε, (σφήξ, είδοε) = σφηκώδης.

σφηκόω, f. ωσω, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:

—Pass., πλοχμοί χρυσῷ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφήκωντο (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, es, contr. for σφηκοειδής, (σφήξ, είδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκωμα, ατος, τό, (σφηκόω) the point of a belmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of σφάλλω.

σφήλα, Ερ. for ἔσφηλα, aor. 1 of σφάλλω.

**ΣΦΗ'N**, σφηνό**s**, δ, a wedge, Lat. cuneus.

σφηνο-πώγων, ωνος, δ, (σφήν, πώγων) with a wedgeshaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage. σφηνόω, f. ώσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗ Ξ, ηκόε, δ, à wasp, Lat. vespa.

Σφηττός, δ, an Attic deme: Adv. Σφηττοί at Sphettus: Adj. Σφήττιος, α, ον, a Sphettian.

σφί, σφίν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl of σφείε: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

**ΣΦΙΊΤΓΩ**, f. σφίγξω: aor. 1 ξσφιγξα: Pass., aor. 1 ξσφιγχθην: pf. ξσφιγμα:—ta bind tight, hind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ήροε, δ, a tight binder, a lace, band. σφιγκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σφίγγω, tight-bound: θάνατος σφιγκτός death by strangling.

σφίγκτωρ, οροε, δ, poet. for σφιγκτήρ.

Σφίγξ, ή, gen. Σφιγγός, the Sphinz, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From σφίγγω, so the Sphinz properly means the Throttler.)

σφίν, ν. σφι.

σφἴσῖ, σφἴσῖν, dat. of σφεῖν.

σφογγιά, σφόγγιον, σφόγγος, Att. for σπογγ-. σφόδρα, Adv., properly neut. pl. of σφοδρός, very,

very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟ'Σ, d, δν, also δε, όν, vebenunt, violent, excessive.

II. of men, violent, impetuous: also active, zealous.

σφοδρύνω, (σφοδρύ») to make vehement ·-- Pass. σφοδρύνομαι, to be violent or overbearing: σφοδρύνεσθαί τινι to put overweening trust in a thing. [v]

σφοδρώς, Adv. of σφοδρός, violently: Sup. σφοδρό-

σφονδύλη, ή, Att. for σπονδύλη, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, δ, like σφύνδυλος, a vertebra.

σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ον, (σφύνδυλος, δίνέω) twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδύλος, ό, Att. for σπόνδυλος, a vertebra. II. any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, σφή, σφόν, (σφέ) sing. masc, bis, bis own; fem., ber, ber own.

II. (σφεῖς) plur. masc. and fem, their, their own, like σφέτερος.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of σφραγίε.

σφραγίδ-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, δ, (σφραγίε, δυυξ, dργόε, κομέω) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy longbaired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring. σφραγίζω Ion. σφρηγ-: f. low: pf. pass. ἐσφράγισμα: (σφραγίs):— to seal: to seal up, sbut up.

II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.

III. metaph. to seal or stamp with ap-

proval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ιδος, η, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal. III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of

a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.

σφριγάω, f. ήσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full bealth and strength, Lat. vigere.

II. metaph. to swell with pride; σφριγῶν μῦθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμόs,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \phi i \zeta \omega)$  the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the heating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ξω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα the veins or arteries.

**ΣΦΥ PA**, ή, a bammer. II. an implement of busbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth. σφύράs, άδοs, ή, Att. for σπυράs, σπύραθοs, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφυρ-ήλατος, ον, (σφύρα, ἐλαύνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer. II. metaph. wrought as out

of iron, rigid.

**ΣΦΥ ΤΟ΄ Ν**, τό, the ankle: metaph., δρθφ στῆσαι επὶ σφυρφ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright.

II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσδω, Dor. for σφύζω.

**σφώ**, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι: gen. and dat. σφῷν for σφῶιν.

**ΣΦΩΕ'**, dual mase, and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφωίν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat.  $\sigma\phi\hat{\omega}\nu:$ —

you two, both of you.

σφωίτεροs, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφωί, of or belonging to you two. 2. as possess. Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφωέ, of or belonging to them two or both of them. II. also used as possess. Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., tby, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., bis, ber.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι. ΣΧΑ ΔΩ'N, όνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp.

II. the cell of a honeycomh, the honeycomh,

Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑ'ΖΩ, f. άσω: aor. I ἔσχασα:—to slit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν limikήν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf. 2. to check, stop, master. 3. to let go; σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑ ΛΙΣ, ίδοs, ή, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets. σχάω, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

 $\sigma \chi \dot{\epsilon}$ , aor. 2 imperat. of  $\ddot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ , for  $\sigma \chi \dot{\epsilon} s$ .

σχεδία Ion -(η, η, a light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεδία διφθερίνη a raft of hides: poet. a boat, ship.

2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. άσω, (σχέδιοs) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδίην, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχέδιοs, near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

σχέδιος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, band to band.

σχεδόθεν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at

band: also nigh at band, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen. 2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but; σχεδόν πάντες nearly all; σχεδόν ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

 $\sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o v$ , Ep. for  $\epsilon \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o v$ , poet aor. 2 of  $\epsilon \chi \omega$ .

σχεθεῖν Ερ. σχεθέειν, poet. aor. 2 mf. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ : see  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\chi\epsilon\theta$ ον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχελίς, ίδος, ή, Att. for σκελίς, mostly in plur. σχελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχέμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχε $\hat{\imath}\nu$ , aor. 2 inf. of έχω.

 $\sigma \chi$  ένδῦλα or  $\sigma \chi$  ενδύλη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \chi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu)$  a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχέο, Ep for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat of έχω.

Σχερία, ή, Scheria, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερόs, ό, used only in the phrase εν σχερφ, in a row or line, one after another, successively Compare επισχερώ.

σχέs, aor. 2 imperat. of έχω.

σχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ξχω.

σχέσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (σχεῖν) state, condition, babit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον,  $τ \delta$ , (σχείν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλίάζω, f. άσω, (σχέτλιος) to complain of bardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, b, angry complaining, invective.

σχέτλιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear:

I. of Persons, bardbearted, mer ciless, cruel, savage.

2. much-suffering, unflinching, bardy.

3. miserable, unbappy.

II. of Things, cruel, shocking, borrid, abominable.

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably : Sup. σχετλιώ-

σχέτο, Ep. for ἔσχέτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω. σχήμα, ατοι, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person. 2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence. 3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur.

gestures. 4. the fashion, manner, way of a thing;  $\sigma \chi \hat{\eta} \mu a \sigma \tau \alpha \hat{\eta} \hat{s} fashion$  of dress. 5. the state, nature, constitution of a thing. 6. a figure in dancing; in plur. steps. Hence

σχημάτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to form, fashion, shape, arrange: so in Mcd., σχηματίζεσθαι κύμην to dress ber hair, Lat. fingere. 2. intr. to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance. II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way. 2. to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend; σχηματίζονται άμαθεῖε εἶναι they pretend to be unlearned. 3. to gesticulate.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχημα: in plur. the figures of a dance; σχημάτια Λακωνικά Laconian figures.

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing:—Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχήσω, fut. of ϵχω.

σχίδαξ, ἄκος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \chi i \zeta \omega) = \sigma \chi i \zeta a$ .

σχίζα Ion σχίζη, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, lath, splint, Lat. scindula: in plur wood cleft small, firewood.

II. an arrow, spear.

ŽXI'ZΩ, f. ίσω: aor. 1 ἔσχισα: Pass, aor 1 ἔσχίσθην: pf. ἔσχισμαι:— to split, cleave, Lat. scindo: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide:—so in Pass., Νείλος σχίζεται τριφασίας ὁδούς the Nile branches into three channels; ἔσχίζοντό σφεων αὶ γνῶμαι their opinions were divided. Hence

σχινδάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

 $\Sigma XI NO \Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the mastich tree, Lat. lentiscus. If a squill.

σχῖνο-τρώκτης, ου, δ, (σχῖνος, τρώγω) one who chews mastich-wood

σχισθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of  $\sigma \chi i \zeta \omega$ .

σχίσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \chi^i(\dot{\omega})$  a cleaving, parting, division. σχίσμα, ατος,  $\tau \dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\sigma \chi^i(\dot{\omega})$  that which is cloven or parted: a rent, cleft, division. II. generally, division, sebism.

σχισμός, ὁ,  $(\sigma \chi l \zeta \omega)$  a cleaving, splitting, rending. σχίσσα, poet. for έσχισα, aor. 1 of σχίζω

σχιστός, ή, όν, (σχίζω) split, cloven, parted, divided; σχιστή δδός a road that branches off.

σχοίατο, poet. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of έχω.

σχοίην, aor. 2 opt. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .

σχοίντος,  $\eta$ , ον,  $(\sigma \chi ο \hat{\nu} o s)$  of rushes, made of rushes. σχοινίον, τό,  $(\sigma \chi o \hat{\nu} o s)$  a rope twisted of rushes: generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοινίς,  $\hat{i}$ δος,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \chi o \hat{i} \nu o s) = \sigma \chi o i \nu i o \nu$ .

σχοινίτης  $[\bar{i}]$ , ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \chi o \hat{i} v o s)$  made of rusbes: fem. σχοινίτις,  $i \delta o s$ .

σχοινο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) a ropedancer, Lat. schoenobǎtes.

a sbarp, tough rush on reed, used as an arrow; also as a spit.

3. a place where rushes grow, a rushbed.

II. anything twisted or plaited of rushes, a

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοΐνος a wicker basket. III. in Greece, the σχοΐνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ές, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight. II.

twisted or planted of rushes.

σχολάζω, f. άσω, (σχολή) to bave leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to bave rest or respite from a thing: c. inf. to bave leisure or time to do a thing 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. II. σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. vacare rei, to bave leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything: also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one.

σχολαΐος, α, ον, (σχολή) at one's lessure or ease, lessurely, slow:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ή, slowness, laziness.

σχολαίως, Adv. of σχολαίος, leisurely:—Comp. σχολαίτερον or -αίτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαίτερος.

σχολαστικός, ή, όν, (σχολάζω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. ottosus.

II. devoting all one's leisure to learning, learned: hence pedantic.

ΣΧΟΛΗ', η, leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium; σχολην άγειν to be at leisure; σχολης έργον a work for leisure; ἐπὶ σχολης at leisure, so, ἐπὶ οτ μετὰ σχολης, κατὰ σχολην.

II. dat. σχολης absol. as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly: (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, bardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. gen. leisure, rest from a thing.

IV. idleness.

V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. schola.

VI. the place where such lectures were given, a school.

σχολή, dat. of σχολή, used as Adv.: in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2. scarcely, bardly, not at all. σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχόμενος, 2 or. 2 med. part. of έχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .

σχῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. σχῶμεν. σχών, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω

 $\sigma \hat{\varphi}$ , Att. nom. pl. contr. for  $\sigma \hat{\omega}$ oi.

σώεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.  $\sigma \dot{\omega} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ , lengthd from ΣΑ'Ω, ΣΑΟ'Ω, ΣΩ'Ω: f.  $\sigma \dot{\omega} \sigma \omega$ : aor. 1 έσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσώθην: pf. σέσωσμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σαόω are formed fut. σἄώσω, aor. 1 act. ἐσάωσα [ἄ]: fut. med. σἄώσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσἄώθην. 2. from contr. pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώε-3. from σόω, subj. σόη, σόηs, σόωσι. σκον. save, keep: esp. to keep alive, preserve:-Pass. to be saved, preserved; σώζεο, Lat. salvus sis! vale! God be with you! 2. of things, to keep safe, pre-3. of the laws, to keep, observe. serve. keep in mind, remember, opp. to διολλύναι to forget; II. σώζω is often used with the mostly in Med. additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to:-Pass. to get safe or escape to a place; is οίκον σωθήναι to be brought or get safe home. σώζειν έκ πολέμου to carry off safe, rescue from war; ἐχθρῶν σῶσαι χθόνα to rescue a country from the loffering for deliverance from a danger; σῶστρα τοθ enemy.

**σωθήναι.** aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σωκέω, f. ήσω, like lσχύω, to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf. From

 $\Sigma \Omega KO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , stout, strong.

Σωκράτέω, f. ήσω, to do like Socrates, to imitate bis dress, gait, speech, etc. From

Σωκράτης, gen. εος contr. ους: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—Socrates, the philosobber. Hence

Σωκράτίδιον, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [τί] Σωκράτικός, ή, όν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic; of Σωκρατικοί the philosophers of bis school, Socratics.

ΣΩΛΗ'N, η̂νος, δ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σωμα, ατος, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcuse, whereas the living body is depas: but later either of the living or dead **2.** body, as opp. to soul  $(\psi v \chi \eta)$ ;  $\tau d \tau o \hat{v}$ σώματος έργα bodily labours; αι τοῦ σώματος ήδοναί pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures. bodily existence, life. II. any material body. a person, buman being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ήσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling. Hence

σωμασκία, ή, bodily exercise, training.

σωμάτικός, ή, ών, (σῶμα) of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus. Hence

σωμάτικως, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [ἄ] σωμάτο-ειδής, ές, (σωμα, είδος) of the nature of a body, corporeal.

σωμάτο-φθορέω, f. ήσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) to corrupt

or enervate the body.

σωμάτο-φύλάκιον, τό, (σώμα, φυλακή) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre. [ă]

 $\sigma \hat{\omega} o s$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o \nu$ , contr.  $\sigma \hat{\omega} s$ , acc.  $\sigma \hat{\omega} \nu$ ;  $\nu$ .  $\sigma \hat{\omega} s$ . σωπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, to be silent.

σώρευμα, ατος, τό, (σωρεύω) that which is beaped up: a beap, pile.

σωρεύω, f. σω, (σωρός) to pile or heap one thing on another. II. to beap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΡΟ'Σ, δ, a beap, Lat. cumulus: a beap of corn: generally, a beap, quantity, store: a beap of

mound of earth.

 $\Sigma\Omega^{\Sigma}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\sigma\omega\nu$ ,  $\tau\delta$ , acc. sing.  $\sigma\omega\nu$ , acc. pl. masc. and fem.  $\sigma \hat{\omega}$ : defect. Adj.  $\sigma \hat{\omega} o s = \sigma \delta o s$ , qq. v.: (the radic. form ZAOZ was found only in the Homeric comp. vawtepos):-safe and sound, in good case, bealthy, Lat. salvus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer. 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσί-πολιέ, εωέ, δ, ή, (σώζω, πόλιε) saving the city

or state. [T]

σωστέον, verb. Ad) of σώζω, one must save.

σωστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σωστρα, τά, (σώζω)

παιδός θύειν θεοίς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance. II. the reward for

bringing back a runaway slave.

σώτειρα, ή, fem. of σωτήρ, she that saves.

epith of protecting goddesses, as of Tύχα.

σωτήρ, ήρος, ό, vocat. σῶτερ, (σώζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Έλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease. 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Zeùs Σωτήρ, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτειρα, as epith. of Τύχη as Adj. saving, preserving; even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμαί the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -ίη, ή, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus. 2. a safe return; h οἰκάδε σωτηρία a safe return home. 3 a keeping

safe; ἐπὶ σωτηρία for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering: neut. pl, σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ή, deliverance, safety. σωτήρια (sc. lepá), τά, an offering in return for safe-II pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σωτρον, τό, (σώζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπίσωτρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρύνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ήσω: poet. σαοφρονέω: (σώφρων): to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moder-2. to learn moderation, to recover one's ate. Hence senses.

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation : and

σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate. σωφρονητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ ,  $(\sigma \omega \phi \rho o \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega) disposed to temper-$ 

ance, moderate, under self-control.  $\sigma \omega \phi \rho o v (\zeta \omega)$ , f.  $i \sigma \omega$  Att.  $i \hat{\omega}$ ,  $(\sigma \omega \phi \rho \omega v)$  to moderate,

2. to chastise, correct. control, chasten. σωφρονικός, ή, όν, (σωφρων) disposed to temperance,

moderate, sober. Adv. -κωs. σωφρονισμός, δ, (σωφρονίζω) a making temperate: chastening.

σωφρονίστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) one that makes

temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor. σωφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων, temperately, moder-

ately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.

σωφροσύνη Ep. σαοφροσύνη, ή, the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: selfcontrol, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia. From

σω-φρων Ep. σαόφρων, ονοs, δ, η: neut. σωφρον: (σωs, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, like (and γρισ, a reward for saving one's life, a thank- sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

σώχω, Ion. form for ψώχω, to rub to pieces. σώω, Ep. for σωζω.

T, τ, ταῦ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral,  $\tau' = 300$ , but  $\tau = 300,000$ 

Changes of τ: in Aeol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τύ (Lat. tu),  $\tau o i$ ,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $\tau \hat{v} \kappa o v$ ,  $\phi a \tau i$ , etc. for  $\sigma \dot{v}$ ,  $\sigma o i$ ,  $\sigma \dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $\sigma \hat{v} \kappa o v$ , φησί, etc. 2 in new Att., ττ for σσ, as πράττω, τάττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω. 3. in Ion,  $\tau$  for  $\theta$ , as  $a\vec{v}\tau is$  for  $a\vec{v}\theta is$ : in the substantive termin.  $-\tau\rho\rho\nu$  for -θρον, as in κόσμητρον, φόβητρον, for κόσμηθρον, φό-4. T is inserted in some words metri grat.,  $\beta\eta\theta\rho o\nu$ . as πτόλιs, πτύλεμοs, for πύλιs, πόλεμοs. and Ion.,  $\tau$  is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut, nouns of 3rd decl., as népaos, répaos, for népaτος, τέρἄτος

 $\tau$ , apostroph. for  $\tau \epsilon$ , and. 2. the particle **701** is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as τάν, τάρα, μεντάν, for τοι άν, τοι άρα, 3. the Artic.  $\tau \acute{o}$ ,  $\tau \acute{a}$ , is never elided, μέντοι ἄν. though joined with another word by crasis, as  $\tau d\gamma a$ θόν for τὸ ἀγαθόν.

τά, neut. pl. of δ, δ, and δs.

ταβέρνη, ηs, η, the Lat. taberna, a tavern, inn. τρείε ταβέρναι the Three Taverns, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθά.

ταγεία, ή, (ταγεύω) the office or rank of Tagus: generally, command, rule.

τάγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

ταγεύω, f. σω, (ταγόs) to be Tagus: generally, to command, rule:-Pass. to be united under one ταγόs. τάγέω, f. ήσω, (ταγώs) to be commander or ruler. τάγή, ή, - τάξις, an ordering, arraying.

ταγή, ή, (ταγόs) authority: as Collective Noun, the weighing a talent. commanders.

τάγηνον, τό, like τήγανον, a frying-pan.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔγκλημα.

τάγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) an ordinance, command. 2. a regular body of soldiers, a corps, division. τανός, δ. (τάσσω) an orderer, commander, ruler: esp. as title of the Chief of Thessaly

 $\tau \bar{\alpha} \gamma - o \hat{\nu} \chi o s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \alpha \gamma \dot{\eta}, \tilde{\epsilon} \chi \omega)$  be that has the command

ot rule, a commander, ruler.

τάδελφοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ άδελφοῦ.

τάδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ άδικον. τάθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of τείνω.

τάθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τείνω. [d]

ral, Ep. and Ion. for al, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. d. Talvaρos, δ, ή, also Talvaρov, τό, Taenarus, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of Laconia.

raivla, ή, (τείνω) a band, riband, fillet, Lat. taenia: esp. a riband or beadband worn in token of victory. ταινιό-πωλις, ή, (ταινία, πωλέω) a dealer in ribands. | vagabond.

ταινιόω, f. ώσω, (ταινία) to bind with a ταινία or head-band, esp. as conqueror:—Med. ταινιόομαι, to wear a bead-band or fillet.

ταίτιον, crasis for τὸ αἴτιον.

τάκει, τάκείνων, crasis for τὰ ἐκεί, τὰ ἐκείνων.

τάκερός, ά, όν, (τακήναι) fluid, melting, soft, tender: metaph. melting, languishing.

τάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf of τήκω.

τακτικός, ή, όν, (τάσσω) fit for ordering or arranging, of or fit for military tactics; The Taktika military tactics.

τακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj of τάσσω, ordered, arranged, fixed, stated; τακτὸν ἀργύριον a stated sum. τάκω, Dor for τήκω.

τάλά-εργός, όν, (τλάω, έργον) enduring labour, pain-5. in Dor. ful, drudging: generally, much-enduring.

τάλαινα, fem. of τάλαε.

τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω: pf. τεταλαιπώρηκα: also as Dep ταλαιπωρέσμαι, with f. med -ήσομαι, aor. pass ἐταλαιπωρήθην: (ταλαίπωρος):-to endure bardship, do hard work; suffer bardship or distress. trans. to weary, wear out, annoy grievously. Hence

τάλαιπωρία Ion. –ίη, ή, bard work, severe labour: in pl. bodily hardships or exertions. 2. bodily pain, suffering: affliction, misery.

τάλαίπωρος, ον, (τάλας) enduring toil, laborious. II. suffering bardship, miserable. Adv. - pos.

ταλαί-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, wretched: also stout-hearted, during

τάλα-κάρδιος, ον, (\*τλάω, καρδία) patient of beart, stout-bearted. 2. much-enduring, miserable.

ταλάντερος, α, ον, ταλάντατος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup of τάλαs.

τάλαντεύω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) to balance: Pass. to sway to and fro, oscillate. 2. to weigh out, measure out by weight.

τάλαντιαίος, α, ον, (τάλαντον) worth a talent.

ταλαντίζω, = ταλαντεύω, q v.

TA'ΛΑΝΤΟΝ [τα-], τό, a balance: in plut. a pair of II. anything weighed: but mostly used of a fixed weight, a talent: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. the talent of weight: the Euboic or old Attic talent weighed about 57lb. avoird., and the Aeginetan 95. 2. the talent of money, i.e. a talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this, which would make the Euboic or old Attic talent worth in our money 2431. 15s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drach-3. that which is weighed out of apportioned mae.

τάλαντ-οθχος, ον, (τάλαντον, έχω) bolding the scale or balance: metaph, turning the scale of battle.

τάλαός, ή, όν, (\*τλάω) = τάλαε, patient, enduring : hence bard-fated, wretched.

ταλά-πείριος, ον, (\*τλάω, πείρα) one who has suffered much, epith. of Ulysses: hence later rambling, woe, patient in woe. 2. of things, toilsome.

TA'ΛΑ POΣ [τă-], δ, a basket, Lat. qualus: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρωs, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάροs.

τάλας, τάλαινα (sometimes τάλας), τάλαν: gen. ανος, αίνης, ανος: νος. τάλαν οι τάλας: (\*τλάω):suffering, wretched, Lat. miser: enduring, patient: also fool-bardy, beadstrong; τάλαν O wretch! Comp. τἄλάντερος, α, ον: Sup. τἄλάντατος, η, ον. [τἄλᾶς: Dor. also τάλάs.]

ταλάσειος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ταλασήιος, η, ον,

(ταλασία) of wool-spinning.

ταλασία, ή, (τλάω) wool-spinning.

τάλασιουργέω, f. ήσω, (ταλασιουργός) to spin wool: generally, to spin.

τάλασιουργικός, ή, όν, of or for wool-spinning. From τάλασι-ουργός, όν, (ταλασία, \*έργω) spinning wool: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, δ, ή, a wool-spinner.

ταλάσί-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, stout-bearted, of enduring spirit.

ταλάσσης, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of \*τλάω.

τάλαύ-ρίνος, ον, (\*τλάω, ρινός) with shield of tough bull's-bide: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον πολεμίζειν to fight on toughly, stoutly.

ταλά-φρων, ονος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a damsel, maiden.

TA^ΛΙΣ, ιδος, ή, a marriageable maiden, bride.

τάλλα or τάλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [α], Ion. 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of τέμνω.

τάμειν Ep. τάμέειν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεῖον, τό, = ταμιεῖον, a chamber, closet.

τάμέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of  $τ \in μνω$ .

τάμεσί-χρως, oos, δ, ή, (τάμνω, χρώς) cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding.

τάμία, Ep. -ίη, ή, fem. of ταμίαs, a bousekeeper, bousewife; also γυνή ταμίη.

τάμίας Εp. ταμίης, ου, δ, (τάμνω) one who cuts up and distributes, a distributer, dispenser: a II. a steward, receiver, manager, overseer. treasurer; ταμίης του Ιρου the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. quaestor.

τάμιεία, ή, (ταμιεύω) the office of steward, bousekeeping, management. II. = Lat. quaestura, the quaestorsbip.

τάμιείον, τό, (ταμιεύω) a magazine, storebouse, treasury.

τάμίευμα, ατος, τό, (ταμιεύω) management, bouse-

ταμιευτικός, ή, όν, of or for bousekeeping. II. =Lat. quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestorsbib. From

τάμιεύω, f. σω, and Dep. τάμιεύομαι, f. σομαι: (ταμίαs):—to be a bousekeeper, manager of steward;

τάλα-πενθής, έs, (\*τλάω, πένθοs) enduring great | οὐκέτι ταμιεύσειs μοι thou shalt no longer be my steward. 2. to be quaestor. II. trans. to serve out stores, dispense. III. to regulate, manage. 2. to busband, save, store up: metaph. to turn to good account.

ταμίη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

ταμίης, ου, δ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor. for τ ημος.

τάμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαλιν.

τάμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or τᾶν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase & τάν or & ταν, as a form of address, sir, my good friend. τάν, Att. crasis for τοι άν.

ταν, Att. crasis for τα εν.

Τάναγρα, ή, Tanagra, a town of Bocotia Tavaypaîos, a, ov, of or from Tanagra.

τανα-ηκής, ές, (ταναύς, ἀκή) with long point or edge, cutting far or deep.

τάναι-μυκος, ον, (ταναός, μυκάομαι) bellowing so as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing.

τάναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τάναό-δειρος, ον, (ταναός, δειρή) long-necked.

 $\tau \tilde{\alpha} v \tilde{\alpha} \acute{o} s$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{o} v$ , also  $\acute{o} s$ ,  $\acute{o} v$ ,  $(\tau \alpha v \acute{v} \omega$ ,  $\tau \epsilon \acute{i} v \omega$ ) stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.

τάναύ-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, Ep. for τανύπους.

τάνδον or τάνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.

τἀνδρί, τἀνδρός, Att crasis for τῷ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρός. τάνη-λεγήs, έs, (ταναύs, λέγω) stretching one at length, epith, of death.

τάνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τανίκα, Dor. for τηνίκα.

Ταντάλειος or Ταντάλεος, a, ov, of or for Tantalus: and

Tavτāλίs, ίδοs, ή, daughter of Tantalus. From Tάνταλος, ου, δ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντάλόω, f. ώσω, (τάλαντον) quasi ταλαντόω, to swing:—aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθείς, swung, burled, dashed down.

τἄνύ-γλωσσος, ον, (τανύω, γλώσσα) long-tongued, chattering, noisy.

τάνυ-γλώχις, ινος, ό, ή, (τανύω, γλωχίς) with long point or head.

τανύ-δρομος, ον, (τανύω, δρόμος) running at full stretcb.

τάνυ-έθειρος, ον, (τανύω, έθειρα) long-baired, with flowing bair: fem. also τανυέθειρα.

τανύ-ήκης, εs, like ταναήκης, (τανύω, άκή) with a II. far-stretching. long point or long edge.

τανύ-ηλιξ, ἴκοε, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, ἡλιξ) of extended age. τἄνύ-θριξ, -τρίχος, δ, ή, (τανύω, θρίξ) long-baired, shaggy.

τἄνύ-κραιρος, ον, (τανύω, κραίρα) long-borned.

τάντμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend. τανυ-μήκης, εε, (τανύω, μηκοε) long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering.

τανῦν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, now at present.

τἄνύ-πεπλος, ον, (τανύω, πέπλος) with flowing robe. τἄνύ-πλεκτος, ον, (τανύω, πλέκω) in long plats. τἄνύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) long-sided, enor-

τανυ-πλευρος, ον, (τανυω, πλευρα) tong-staea, enormous.

τάνύ-πους Εp. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, δ, ή, (τανύω, πούς) stretching the feet, long-striding, long-shanked. τάνύ-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) shorter form for τανυσίπτερος.

τάνυ-πτέρυγος, ον and τάνυ-πτέρυξ,  $\ddot{v}$ γος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τανύω, πτέρυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπτερος

τἄνύρ-ριζος, ον, (τανύω, βίζα) with spreading roots. τἄνύσειεν [v], 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of τανύω. τἄνυσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τανύω.

τανύσθην, Ερ. aor. I pass. of τανύω: Ερ. 3 pl. τάνυσθεν.

τάνυσι-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερύν) with extended wings, long-winged.

τάνυσσα, Ep. aor. I of τανύω.

τάνυστύς, ὖος, ή, (τανύω) a stretching, straining: τανυστὺς τύξου a stringing of the bow.

τανύ-σφύρος, ον, (τανύω, σφυρόν) with taper ankles. τανύ-φλοιος, ον, (τανύω, φλοιός) with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth.

τανύ-φυλλος, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) with long-pointed leaves, of the olive.

II. with thick foliage, leafy.

τανύω [τ]: fut. ύσω, Ep. also -ύω: aor. I ἐτάντσα Ερ. ἐτάνυσσα οι τάνυσσα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐτανύσθην: pf. τετάνυσμαι:--Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, stretch out; τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string it; lμασι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins. to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length. 3. metaph. to strain, make more intense. II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out. 2. to lie stretched out, to extend; aor. 1 pass. part. τανυσθείε, stretched on the 3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, ground. to run at full stretch.

ταξιαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a taxiarch or commander of a division. From

ταξι-άρχης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \tau \alpha \xi i \alpha \rho \chi \sigma s$ .

ταξί-αρχος, δ, (τάξις, άρχω) a taxiarch, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigader. II. at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, ον, (τάξις, λόχος) commanding a division of an army.

ταξιόω, f. ώσω, (τάξιε) to arrange, set in order.

τάξις, εως Ion. ιος, ή, (τάσσω) an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an arm.

2. battle-array, order of battle, Lat. acies.

3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo.

4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post. like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each ψνλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cobort: generally, a band, company.

II. an arranging, ar-

rangement. 2. an assessment of tribute. III. order; ὕστερον τῆ τάξει later in order. IV. the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἐχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy. 2. one's duty towards another; ἡ ἐψνοίαs τάξιs the duty of good-will. V. an order, class of men.

TA'ΞΟΣ, δ, the yew tree, Lat. taxus.

TA'ΠΕΙΝΟ'Σ, ή, όν, low, Lat. bumilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low.

2. of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, bumbled, lowly.

3. bumbled, bumiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, bumble. Hence

τάπεινότης, ητος, ή, lowness of stature. 2. of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement. 3. lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in

good sense, lowliness, bumility.

τάπεινοφροσύνη, ή, lowliness of mind. From τάπεινό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ταπεινός, φρήν) lowmunded, base. 2. lowly in mind, bumble.

τάπεινόω, f. ώσω, (ταπεινύs) to make low, lower, bumble, abase: also to make light of a thing. 2. to cast down, discourage. 3. to make lowly or bumble. ταπεινώς, Adv. of ταπεινός, bumbly, poorly.

τάπείνως, ή, (ταπεινόω) alowering, humbling. 2. lowliness, humility.

TA ΠΗΣ, ητος, δ, Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool. [ă]

τάπί, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπιεική, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπιεική.

ταπίς, ίδος, ή, later form of τάπης.

τάπό, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρώτα, Adv. for τὰ πρώτα, at first.

τάρα, Att. crasis for τοι άρα.

τάραγμα, ατος, τό, (ταράσσω) disquietude, trouble. τάραγμός, δ, (ταράσσω) = τάραξις.

τάρακτρον, τὸ, (ταράσσω) à thing to stir with: a ladle.

τἄράκτωρ, ορος, δ, (ταράσσω) a disturber, disquieter, agutator.

Τάραντινίδιον, τό, (Τάραs) a fine Tarentine garment. Ταράντινος, η, ον, (Τάραs) Tarentine.

τάραξι-κάρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) beart-troubling, vexing the beart.

τάραξ-ιππό-στράτος, ον, (ταράσσω, εππος, στρατώς) troubling troops of borse.

τάραξις, ή, (ταράσσω) disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult.

Tάραs, αντος, ό, also ή, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.

r, the disposition of order of battle, Lat. fut. ταράξω contr. θράσσω: θράσσω: θine of soldiers, Lat. ταράχω contr. θράφω: a or. 1 ἐτάροζα: Pass., fut. ταράχω for also fut. med. ταράζωμαι in pass. be line of battle, Lat. sent one's post.

a trny, a brigade: to stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; ταράσσειν τὸν θίνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke.

a company, cobort: frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—Pass. to be in disorder.

3. of political matters, to

agita'e, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder II. to this Verb belongs the intrans. or anarchy. pf. τέτρηχα, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plapf. Ep. 3 sing. τετρήχει: part, τετρηχώς, via, troublous, disturbed, confused, Hence

τάραχή, ή, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion,

 $\tau$ άρδιχος, δ,  $(\tau$ αράσσω)  $= \tau$ ἄρα $\chi$ ή.

τάραχ-ώδης, ες, (ταραχή, είδος) troublous, fond of troubling or perplexing. II. troubled, disordered; confused: -Adv. - Sws, in confusion.

ταρβάλέος, a, ov, (τάρβος) frighted, fearful.

ταρβέω, f. ήσω, (τάρβος) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: τό ταρβείν the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. a. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

TA'PBOΣ, εοθ, τό, fright, alarm, terror: also awe, II. an object of alarm, a cause of reverence.

dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ή, poet. for τάρβος.

ταρβόσυνος, η, ον, (τάρβος) affrighted.

τάργα or τάργα, Att. crasis for τὰ έργα.

τάργύριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον, τάριχεία Ion, -ηίη, ή, (ταριχεύω) a preserving,

pickling, salting: ταριχηίαι were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

ταρίχευσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau a \rho i \chi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega) = \tau a \rho \iota \chi \epsilon \dot{\iota} a$ , an embalming. τάριχευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ταριχεύω) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

τάριχευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled, From τάριχεύω, f. -εύσω, (τάριχος) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. II, to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; τεμάχη τεταριχευμένα preserved, pickled meat. III. metaph, in Pass, to waste away, wither, pine.

ταρίχιον, τό, Dim. of τάριχος. [ρί]

ταριχοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From τάριχο-πωλέω, f. ήσω, (τάριχος, πωλέω) to sell dried or salt fisb. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάριχος, ου, ό, οτ τάριχος, εος, τό, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρπηναι Ep. -ήμεναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τέρπω. ταρρός, δ, Att. for ταρσάς.

Taρσεύs, έωs, ὁ, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρφός Att. ταρρός, δ, (τέρσομαι) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. crates, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like τάλαροs. II. any broad, flat surface; ταρσός ποδός the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the beel. 3. ταρσύε κωπέωε the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. palmula: generally, an oar. 3. rapode artepuyor the flat of the wing, paunch or body of a bull: enormous,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:-from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, a, ov, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean,

Τάρτάρος, δ, also ή: irreg. pl. Τάρταρα (as in Lat., Tartarus, Tartara) :- Tartarus, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Later, Tartarus was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and puni bment, as opp. to the Elyslan fields,

Ταρταρόφ, f. ώσω, to burl into Tartarus.

ταρφέες, οί, ταρφέα, τά, pl of ταρφύς,

ταρφειός, ά, ών, = ταρφίς, thick, close, frequent.

**τάρφθεν,** Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass of τέρπω.

τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing, aor. I pass, of τέρπω.

τάρφος, εος, τό, a thicket From

TAPΦΥ'Σ, εîa or ús, ú, thick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. ταρφέα as Adv., ofttimes, often. The Ep. fem ταρφειαί belongs to ταρφειός: if referred to ταρφύε, it must be written ταρφείαι.

ταρχύω, f ύσω, shortened form of ταριχεύω, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσιε, εωε, ή, (τείνω) a stretching, straining. [ă] ΤΑ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. τάξω: aor. I έταξα: pf. τέτἄχα: Pass., fut. ταχθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. τετάξομαι; αοτ. Ι έτάχθην: aor. 2 έτάγην [ἄ]: pf. τέταγμαι:-to arrange or put in order, esp, in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., έπλ τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς γαθε baving drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., τάξασθαι to draw up, form in order of battle:-Pass, to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to post, station. 3 to appoint; to appoint one to do a thing:-Pass, to be appointed to do, τουτο τετάγμεθα this we bave been 4. to order, command, give incharged to do. 5. to assign to a class. structions, 6. to fix or assess payments to be made: - Med. to agree to pay a sum, χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι baving covenanted to return the money: absol. in part, rafáμενοs, paying at intervals of by instalments, assign or impose punishments. 8. generally, to fix. settle, ὁ τεταγμένος χρονός the appointed time.

τατάω, Dor. for τητάω,

τάτιον, Att. crasis for τὸ αἴτιον.

τάττω, Att. for τάσσω.

ταύρειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ταῦρος) of bulls, owen or cows, Lat, taurinus: in Homer, of bull's-bide. τουρ-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, ἐλαύνω) a bull-driver;

a bull-figbter.

ταύρεος, α, ον, (ταῦρος) = ταύρειος.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (ταῦροε) like a bull, savagely, Lat. torvo vultu.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (ταῦρος, βαλεῖν) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, ον, (ταυρος, βορά) devouring bulls. ταυρο-γάστωρ, οροε, ό, (ταῦροε, γαστήρ) with the ταυρο-δέτις, ιδος.

ταυρό-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (ταῦρος, κέρας) with bull's borns.

ταυρό-κράνος, ον, (ταθρος, κράνον) bull-beaded. ταυροκτονέω, f. ήσω, to slaughter or sacrifice bulls;

with cognate acc., ταυροκτονείν βού». From. ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταθρος, κτείνω) bull-slaving.

proparox. ταυρόκτονος, slain by a bull. ταυρό-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) bull-formed.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ά, ή, (ταθρας, πάτήρ) sprung from a bull.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ή, (ταθρος, πολέω) bunting bulls, epith. of Diana.

ταυρό-πους, -ποδος, δ, η, -πουν, τδ, (ταῦρος, πούς)bull-footed.

TAΥ POΣ, δ, a bull: joined with another Subst., ταθρος βοθς, like σθε κάπριος,

ταυροσφάγέω, f. ήσω, to out a bull's throat; ταυροσφαγείν ès σάκοs to out its throat (so that the blood runs) into a hollow shield. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον. (ταῦρος, σφάττω) bull-slaughtering: sacrificial. [a]

ταυρο-φάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, φἄγεῖν) bull-eating; a beef-eater.

ταυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, 'φένω) bull-slaughtering; sacrificial.

ταυρόω, f. ώσω, (ταῦρος) to change into a bull:-Pass., ravpóopai, to be or become savage as a bull, to look savagely at, eye savagely.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὖτος.

ταὐτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, the same.

ταύτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem, of οὖτος, freq. as Adv. in this way or manner.

ταυτί [i], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταὐτό Ion. ταὐτό, Att. also ταὐτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, the same.

ταὐτόγε, Att. crasis for τδ αὐτό γε,

ταύτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) repenting the same that has been said, tautologous.

ταὐτόματον, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτόματον, what falls out by accident, a bap, chance; ἀπὸ ταὐτομάτου, for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance: cf. αὐτόματος τάφε, in Pindar for ἔτἄφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no

pres. in use: see τίθηπα,

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφήιος.

τάφεύς, έως, δ,  $(\theta \acute{a} \pi \tau \omega)$  one who buries the dead, a

ΤΑ-ΦΗ', ή, (θάπτω) burial, Lat. sepultura: a mode of burial: in plur. a burial-place.

τάφήιος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) of a burial or a grave; φάρος ταφήιου a burial-cloth, winding-sheet, shroud,

τζφήναι, 201. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [ἄ], α, ον, (τάφος) of a grave; τάφιος λίθος a gravestone.

τάφόδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφόδια.

TA'ΦΟΣ [a], δ, (θάπτω) a burial, Lat funus: also a | swift-footed.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, δ, (ταθροε, δέω) binding bulls: fem. | funeral-feast, wake; τάφου τυχεῖν to obtain the rites of II. the grave, tomb; in plur. a burial-place. burial.

> $TA'\Phi O\Sigma [\breve{\alpha}], \tau \delta, (\tau \in \theta \eta \pi a)$  astonishment, amazement. Tάφοs, ή, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεύω, f. σω, (τάφροε) to make a ditch.

τάφρη, ή, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑ ΦΡΟΣ, ή, a ditch, trench; τάφρον έλαύνειν to draw a trench.

τάφών, part. of aor. 2 έταφον: see  $τ \in θη$  wa.

τάχα, Adv. (τἄχύ) quickly, soon, Lat. statım in prose and Att., taya is often joined with av, when it means, probably, perbaps, like ἴσωε:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

τάγέως, Adv. of ταγύς, quickly.

ταχινός, ή, όν, poet. for ταχύς, swift, speedy.

τάχιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίων, Comp. of τάχύς, often as comp. Adv. of  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \chi \alpha$ .

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see τἄχύs.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup of ταχύε, quickest, swiftest. τάχίων, ονος, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχύς. [1]

TA'XOΣ, εos, τό, (ταχύε) swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness; τάχος ψυχής quickness of mind. τάχοs is often used as Adv. for ταχέωs, quickly, with speed; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, ματὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς οτ ὅ τι τάχος, like ώς οι ὅ τι τάχιστα, with all speed; ὡς είχον τάχουs as they were for speed, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, άλίσκομαι) conquered or captured quickly.

ταχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) quick or basty of counsel.

ταχύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. νος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) soon moved to tears.

ταχυ-δράμος, αν, (ταχύς, δραμείν) fast-running. τάχυ-εργία, ή, (ταχύς, έργον) quickness in working. τάχυ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, έρέσσω) fast-rowing.

τάχύ-μηνις, εως,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ταχύς, μηνις) quick to anger. τάχυ-μήτωρ, opos, ή, (ταχύε, μήτηρ) being quickly a mother.

τἄχύ-μορος, ον, (ταχύε, μόρος) quick-dying, shortlived.

τάχυ-ναυτέω, (ταχύε, ναύτηε) to sail fast.

τἄχύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. ἄνῶ, (ταχύs):—to make quick, to bas-II. intr. to make baste, speed. ten, to urge on.

τάχυ-πειθής, ές, (ταχύς, πείθω) soon persuaded. credulous.

ταχύ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) quickly-sending, quick-sailing.

τάχύ-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πόρος) quick-passing, quick of motion.

ταχύ-ποτμος, ον, (ταχύς, πότμος) quick-fated, shortlived. [v]

τάχύ-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, (ταχύς, πούς) swift-footed. τάχύ-πτερνος, ον, (ταχύε, πτέρνα) with swift beels, τάχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτερόν) swift-winged.
τάχύ-πωλος, ον, (ταχύς, πώλος) with swift, fleet borses. [δ]

ταχύρ-ροθος, ον, (ταχύς, ροθέω) rushing rapidly. ταχύρ-ρωστος, ον, (ταχύς, ρώομαι) borne quickly

glong, quick-rusbing.

TAXY Σ, εῖα, ν, quick, swift, fast, fleet. 2. of events, quick, speedy. II. Comparison: 1. regul. Comp. τάχύτερος, α, ον only in Ion. 2. irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -ττων, neut. θάσσον, gen. ονος; neut. θάτον, also used as Adv. more quickly. 3. another Comp. is ταχίων [τ], neut. ιον: Sup., τάχιστος, η, ον; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., most quickly, most speedily; ὅττι τάχιστα as soon as may be, as soon as possible; also in Prose, τὴν ταχίστην (sub. δδόν), as Adv. by the quickest way, i. e. most quickly.

ταχὖ-σκαρθμος, ον, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) quick-springing. τάχῦτἡς, ῆτος, ἡ, (ταχύς) quickness, swiftness, speed τάχῦ-χειλής, ές, (ταχύς, χείλος) over which the lips

run quickly, of a flute.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article. ΤΑΩ Σ, δ, gen. ταῶ, acc ταῶν: nom. pl. ταῷ: another form of the nom. is ταών, gen. ταῶνος; pl ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. PAVO, a peacock: metaph. of coxcombs.

TE, enclitic Particle, and, answering to Lat. que, as καί answers to et. When it stands before another  $\tau\epsilon$  or before καί, it takes the sense of both;  $\epsilon lbot$   $\tau \tau$   $\mu \ell \gamma \epsilon \theta \delta s$   $\tau \epsilon$  both in form and in size;  $\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau o \ell$   $\tau \epsilon$  καί  $\ell \tau v \epsilon$  and Inn.,  $\tau \epsilon$  is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as,  $\delta \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \sigma o s$   $\tau \epsilon$ , etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in  $\delta \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \ell o \ell \delta \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \ell o \ell \delta \tau \epsilon$ . It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as  $\epsilon \nu \theta a \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \sigma \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ .

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.

 $\tau \epsilon$ , apostroph, for  $\tau \epsilon \dot{a}$ , nent. pl. of  $\tau \epsilon \dot{o} s$ .

TETΓΩ, fut. τέγξω: aor. I ἔτεγξα: aor. I pass. ἐτέγχθην:—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew with tears.

2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα to shed tears: Pass., ὅμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was poured, fell.

Il. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent.

III. to dye, stain, Lat. tingere: metaph. to stain or mix with anything else.

Τεγέα Ion. -έη, ἡ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence Τεγεάτης [ā] Ion. -ἡτης, ὁ, a man of Tegea, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγεάτιε, ιδου, (sub. γῆ) the land of Tegea. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. -ητικός, ή, όν, of or for a Tegeate.
τέγεος, ον, (τέγος) with a roof, roofed, or near the
roof.

**ΤΕ'ΓΟΣ**, εοs, τό, like στέγοs, a roof, covering of a

bouse of room, Lat. tectum. II. a room, chamber, garret: a brothel.

τέθαλα, τεθαλώς, ότος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc. τεθαλυΐα, Ερ. for τεθηλυΐα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω. τεθάλφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλπω.

τέθαμμαι, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω. τεθάψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθέαται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.
τεθεμελίωτο, a sing, pass, plant of θεμελίως

τεθεμελίωτο, 3 sing. pass. plqpf. of  $\theta \in \mu \in \lambda \iota \acute{o}\omega$ . τέθηγμαι, pf. pass. of  $\theta \acute{\eta} \gamma \omega$ .

τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plapf. Ep. τεθήλει.

**τεθήναι**, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τέθηπα, pf. with pres sense, without a pres. in use:
—intr. to be astonisbed, astounded or amazed, chiefly
used in part. τεθηπώs: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf.
ἐτεθήπεα. II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἔτἄφον, with part. ταφών, astonisbed or amazed.

τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι. τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω. τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τέθμιος, α, ον, Dor. for θέσμιος, fixed, settled, stated, regular, Lat. solennis: generally, due, fitting.

 $\tau \epsilon \theta \mu \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau i\theta \eta \mu)$  Dor. for  $\theta \epsilon \sigma \mu \delta s$ , that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τέθναθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκω.

τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκω. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ἄ], Ep. pf. mf. of θνήσκω.

τέθναμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf of θνήσκω. τεθνάναι [ἄ], rarely τεθναναι, pf. inf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνασι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνειώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.

τεθνεώς,  $-\hat{\omega}\tau$ ος, δ, Att. part. pf. of  $\theta\nu\dot{\eta}\sigma\kappa\omega$ ; fem.  $\tau$ εθνεώσα; neut.  $\tau$ εθνεώς and  $\tau$ εθνεύς.

τέθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνήξομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκω.

τεθνηώς, -ῶτος, Ερ. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut. part. pf. of θνήσκω: Ερ gen. τεθνηύτος, acc. -ότα: but the fem. is τεθνηκνία formed from the orig. τεθνηκώς.

τεθνώς, poet. for τεθνεώς.

τεθορείν, redupl. for θορείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.

τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.

 $\tau$ εθρ-ήμερον,  $\tau$ δ, ( $\tau$ έτταρα, ήμέρα) a time of four days.

τεθριππο-βάμων [ā], ovos, δ, (τέθριπποs, βαίνω) driving a four-borsed obariot: a driver of four borses. τεθριππο-βάτης, ου, δ, (τέθριπποs, βαίνω) driver of a four-borsed obariot. [βά]

τέθρ-υππος, ον, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) with four borses yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό, a four-borsed chariot; τέθριππον ἵππων a team of four abreast.

τεθριπποτροφέω, f. ήσω, to keep a four-borsed chariot. From

τεθριππο-τρόφος, ον, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) keeping

a four-borsed chariot; τεθριπποτρόφος οἰκία a family that could furnish such a chartot in the games.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of θύω. τεθύωμένος, pf. pass. part. of θυόω.

 $\tau \in \hat{i}$ , poet. for  $\tau \in \hat{i}$ , which is Dor. for  $\sigma \in \hat{i}$ , acc. sing. of  $\sigma \hat{i}$ .

τεΐν, Dor. for σοι, dat. of σύ. [ī]

τείδε, Dor. for τηδε, this way, here.

τείνα, Ep. for έτεινα, aor. 1 of τείνω.

**ΤΕΙ'ΝΩ,** f. τενω: aor. I έτεινα: pf. τέτακα. Pass., aor. I ἐτάθην [ἄ]: pf. τέτἄμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. τέτατο, 3 dual τετάσθην, 3 pl. τέταντο:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; τόξον τείνειν to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to the full; ἰστία τέτατο the sails were stretched taut; ναδε πόδα τείνειν to keep the sheet taut; νύξ τέταται βροτοίσιν night is spread over mankind. to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; ταθείε έπὶ γαίη stretched upon the ground. III. metaph, to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense: -Pass, to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also, to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards . . : absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, belong to, Lat. spectare, pertinere ad .. ; τείναι ές σέ it bas reference to you.

τείος, Adv., Ep. for τείως, τέως.

τείρεα, Ep. pl. of τέραs, the heavenly bodies, signs. **TEIPΩ**, impf. ἔτειρον; only found in pres. and impf.:-to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:-Pass, to be worn away, worn out, dis-II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τειχεσι-πλήτης, ου, ὁ, (τεῖχος, πελάζω) approacher,

assailer, stormer of walls.

τειχέω, f. ήσω, (τείχος) to build walls: to build. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τειχ-ήρης, εs, (τείχοs, dραρείν) enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged.

τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att ιω: aor. I ἐτείχισα: pf. τετείχικα: Pass., pf. τετείχισμαι: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. τε- $\tau \epsilon i \chi \iota \sigma \tau o : (\tau \epsilon i \chi o s) := to build a wall, generally, to$ build; τείχος τειχίσασθαι to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass τετείχιστο, impers., there were buildings. II. to wall or fortify.—Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τειχίδεις, εσσα, εν, (τείχος) walled.

τειχίον, τό, Dim. of τείχος, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town  $(\tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \chi o s, \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \chi \eta).$ 

τείχισις, ή, (τειχίζω) the work of walling, building

τείχισμα, ατος, τό, (τειχίζω) a wall or fort, a raised fortification.

τειχισμός, δ, (τειχίζω) = τείχισις.

τειχοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build a wall or fort. From **τειχο-δόμος**, ον, (τείχος, δέμω) building a wall.

τειχομάχέω, f. ήσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; τειχομαχείν δυνατοί skilled in conducting sieges. From

τειχο-μάχης, ου, ό, (τείχος, μάχομαι) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [a]

τειχομάχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (τειχομαχέω) an assault of walls, a stege: this was the name of Il. 12.

τειχο-μελής, ές, (τείχος, μέλος) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

τειχο-ποιός,  $\dot{\nu}$ , (τείχος, ποιέω) building walls or forts: οἱ τειχοποιοί, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls

TEIXOΣ, εos, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; τειχέων κιθώνες coats of wall, i e. walls one within the other; τείχεα βήξασθαι to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from τοίχος, τείχιον, as Lat. murus, moenia from paries, or city-walls from a bouve-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τειχο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (τείχος, φύλαξ) one that

guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τειχύδριον, τό, Dim. of τείχος, a small wall or fortified place.

τείωs, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for τέωs.

**τέκε,** Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τίκτω

τεκείν, τεκέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med inf. of τίκτω. τεκμαίρομαι, fut. τεκμάροθμαι: aor. I έτεκμηρά- $\mu\eta\nu$ : Dep.:  $(\tau\epsilon\kappa\mu\alpha\rho)$ .—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint to mark out, II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; τεκμαίρεσθαι τά καινά τοις πάλαι to judge of new by old events: to conjecture. III. the Act. τεκμαίρω is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕ'ΚΜΑΡ Ερ. τέκμωρ, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end, 'Ιλίου τέκμωρ the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge

τέκμαρσις, ή, (τεκμαίρομαι) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of τεκμαίρομαι.

τεκμήριον, τό, (τεκμαίρομαι) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; τεκμήριον δέ is sometimes put in an independent clause, bere is the proof. Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible σημείον. Hence

τεκμηριόω, f. ώσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence :- Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = τεκνίον.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of τέκνον, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (τεκνογόνος) to bear children. τεκνογονία, ή, child-bearing.

τεκνο-γόνος, ον, (τέκνον, \*γένω) begetting or bearing children.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ον, (τέκνον, κτείνω) child-murdering.

τεκνολετήρ, fipos, δ, (τέκνον, δλλυμι) losing or baving lost one's children: fem. τεκνολέτειρα, of the

nightingale, baving lost ber young.

τέκνον, ου, τό, (τεκεῖν) that which is borne or born, a bairn, child, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, τέκνον έμον my son: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον.

2. of animals, the young.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ήσω, (τεκνοποιόs) to bear children, of the mother:—Med. to beget children, of the father; but Med. also of both parents, to breed children.

Hence

τεκνοποιία, ή, a bearing or begetting of children. τεκνό-ποινος, ον, (τέκνον, ποινή) child-avenging. τεκνο-ποιός, όν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) bearing or begetting children

τεκνο-σπορία, ή, (τέκνον, σπείρω) a begetting of

children.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ήσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) to bring up or rear children.

τεκνούς, οῦσσα, οῦν, (τέκνον) contr. from τεκνότις, δεσσα, δεν, having children.

τεκνο-φάγος, ον, (τέκνον, φάγειν) eating children.

τεκνοφονέω, to murder children. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ον, (τέκνον, \*φένω) child-murdering. τεκνόω, f. ώσω (τέκνον) to furnish with children. II to beget children, of the father:—Mcd. of the mother, to bear children; metaph., χθών ἐτεκνώσατο τέκνα the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc.:—Pass, to be born.

τέκνωσις, εως, ή, (τεκνύω) a begetting or bearing

of children.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt of τίκτω.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

τέκος, εος, τό, Ep. dat. pl. τέκεσσι, τεκέεσσι: (τεκεῖν):—poet. for τέκνον, a child.

**τεκτωίνομαι**, Dep. (τέκτου) to make, build, frame:
—metaph. to devise, plan, contrive. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. to be built, contrived.

τεκτήναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of τεκταίνομαι. τεκτήνατο, Ερ. 3 sing. aor. I of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτήνατο, Εp. 3 sing. aor. 1 of τεκταίνομαι. τεκτονείον, τό, (τέκτων) a carpenter's shop.

**τεκτονικόs**, ή, όν, (τέκτων) of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building: as Subst., τεκτονικόs, δ, a good carpenter; ή τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) carpentry.

тектоσύνη, ή, the art of a carpenter or builder:

carpentry, building. From

τέκτω, ovos, o, a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder; νηῶν τέκτων a ship-carpenter, ship-builder. 2 any craftsman or workman, a master of any art; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτονες υμνων makers of songs.

II. a planner, contriver, plotter: generally, an author.

τεκών, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

TEAAMON, wros, &, a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leathern strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword.

2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τελέεις, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελήεις.

TEΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσκε:—to come forth, come into being, arise: hence to be, become.

τέλειον, τό, a complete feast, a royal feast. From τέλειος or τέλεος, α, ον, in Att. also os, ον: (τέ-Aos):-complete, perfect, entire; of victims, without spot or blemish: but, lepd τέλεια are perfect sacrifices. performed with full rites. 2. of animals, fullgrown; τέλειος ανήρ a full-grown man, Lat. adultus: hence perfect in his or its kind. 3. of numbers, etc., full, complete. 4. of actions, ended, finished: of vows, etc., fulfilled, accomplished: also fixed, resolved upon. II. act. bringing to pass, accomplishing; άρὰ τελεία a curse working its own fulfilment. 2. able to do or bring about; TEXELOS duhp a man who has full rule or authority.

τελειότης, ητος, ή, (τέλειος) completeness, per-

fection

reheιδω or reheδω, f. ώσω, (réhειοs):—to make perfect: to inaugurate, consecrate. II. to complete, bring to accomplishment: to make successful. 2. generally, to fulfil, accomplish, effect.

reλείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελέω.

τελείω, Ep for τελέω.

τελείωs, doubtful form for τελέωs.

τελείωσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τελειόω) a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation.

τελειωτής, οῦ, ὀ, (τελειόω) a perfecter, finisber. τελεό-μηνος, ον, (τέλεος, μήν) revolving with full completion of months; ἄροτος τελεόμηνος, ἰ.e. a full

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

twelvemonth.

Τελέοντες, oi, one of the four original Attle tribes, (τελέω II) Payers, Farmers; ot (τελέω III), Priests.

 $\tau \in \lambda \in OS$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\tau \in \lambda os) = \tau \in \lambda \in los$ .

τελέσεια, Acol. aor. I opt. of τελέω. τελεσθείς, aor. I pass part. of τελέω.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελέω) a payment, outlay.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

τελεσσι-δότειρα, ή, poët. for τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δίδωμι) she that gives completeness or accomplishment. τελεσσί-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, Ep for τελεσίφρων, (τελέω, φρήν) working its complete will.

τελεστήριον, το, (τελέω) a place of initiation. II. plur. τελεστήρια, τα, a thank-offering for success.

τελέστωρ, ορος, δ, poet. for τελεστής, (τελέω) a magistrate.

τέλεσφορέω, f. how, to bring fruit to perfection: generally, to bring to perfection.

II. to pay toll or custom. From

iver, τελεσ-φόρος, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) brought to an end, coming to an end; τελεσφόρον els evituros for the space of a complete year.

b for fulfilment, accomplished.

or an end, accomplishing; πεσείν εν το μη τελεσφόρον at to fall with fruitless result, i.e. powerless, idle.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ή, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries.

II. in plut. mystia rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελεύμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (In pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελεῦντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταίος, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. το τελευταίον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευτάω, f. ήσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. I ἐτελευτήθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplisb, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, bappen. If τελευταν τὸν βίον, τὸν alῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευταν, to die, be deceased; τελευταν βίον to make an end of life. 2 intrans. to come to an end, finisb; al εὐτυχίαι ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3 the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ῶσα, ῶν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κῶν ἐγίγνετο πληγή τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last

τελευτέω, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες. τελευτή, ή, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. Il. a finish, end: βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτοιο τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ες τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, csp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσεια, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτάω. τελέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελώ; aor. Ι ἐτέλεσα Ερ. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:-- Pass. τελέομαι Εp. -είομαι: fut. med. in pass, sense τελέσομαι Ερ, τελέομαι contr. τελούμαι: 201. Ι έτελέσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέ-Aos):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere; to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:-Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, bappen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like Teλευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελείν els τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to arrive at it. pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend: -Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελείν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελείν εἰν ἐππέαν to be rated among the kinghts; so of states, τελείν ἐν εκλείν και βοιωνούν το belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotams; εἰν ἀστούν τελείν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to bave oneself initiated, Lat. initiate; Διονύσφ τελεσθήναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Dionysos; c. acc., τελεσθήναι Banxεία to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus.

2 τελείν ἰερά to perform sacred

τελέως, Adv of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup.-ώτατα.
τελήεις, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; βέζειν τεληέσσας εκατύμβας to offer

tale or number; ρέζειν τεληέσσαs έκατόμβαs to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τελήεντε olavol birds of sure augury; ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέειs). Τελήειs ποταμόs, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

 $TE'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , f.  $\tau\epsilon\lambda\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plupf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἔτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise.

2. intr. to arise; ἡλίου τέλλοντος at sun-rise

τέλμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

TE'ΛΟΣ, εos, τώ, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: Téxos Exert to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplisbment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ήβης manbood:-generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελεύτη, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself; so, νύστοια τέ-Nos the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe 3. τέλος is often used adverbially; τέλος for κατά τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, έε τὸ τέλος, els τέλος:-in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omning: -διά τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατά τέλεα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεών squadrons of ships; δρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds. IV. the bigbest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; of ev texts men in authority; so, of ta text έχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη V. that which is paid to the the magistrates. state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, tall, due; τέλος πρίασθαι to farm a tax; λύειν τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be advantageous, like λυσιτελέω. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was assessed: hence a class or order of citizens. consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, the mysteries themselves. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. towards the end or term.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλσον ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Teλχίν, îvos, δ, (θέλγω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:-as Adi., τελχίνες σητες mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ήσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-

gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, δ, (τέλος, ἀνέομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ή, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the

customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, άδος, ή, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ή, ύν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-bouse, custom-bouse. τέμαχος, εος, τό, (τ + μνω) a slice cut off, a slice of

salt-fisb. τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ον, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts; φυλλάs τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [i], ou, δ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem, ή άκρα ή Τεμενίτις the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of II. a piece of land sacred to a god: corn-land. the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called

τέμενος Νείλοιο.

**TEMN**Ω Ion.  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \mu \nu \omega$ : fut.  $\tau \epsilon \mu \hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $\tilde{\epsilon} \tau \epsilon \mu o \nu$  Ep. and Ion. ἔτἄμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμοθμαι: aor. 2 έταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., 201. I ἐτμήθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery. II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, δρκια τάμνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, bew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δοῦρα τάμνεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάμνεσθαι to bave stone wrought or 2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν 3. τέμνειν γην, πεδίον to lay to contrive a means. waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide. V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν άρουραν to plough corn land; τέμνειν δχέτου to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν όδούs to cut or make roads: τέμνειν όδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to bold a middle course. 2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go. cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempe, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the

river Peneius flows into the sea.

 $\tau \in \mu \hat{\omega}$ , fut. of  $\tau \in \mu \nu \omega$ .

τεναγίτης [1], ου, ό, fem. -îτις, ιδος, used as Adj., shallow. From

TE'NATOΣ, εos, τό, a shoal, shallow, Lat. vadum. **TE'NΔΩ** Att.  $\tau$  ένθω, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence **τενθεία, ή,** a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, δ, (τείνω) a sinew, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog. II. Teo, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for Tivos, gen. of enclit. Tis.

τέο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοίο, Εp. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ. τέοισι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίs.

τεόs, ή, όν, Ep. and Ion. for σόs, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦs, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράζω, f. άσω, (τέραs) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμνον or τέρεμνον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber; only used in plur.

TEPAΣ, gen. aros Ep. aos Ion. εος, τό: plur., nom. τέρἄτἄ Ep. τέρἄā contr. τέρā; Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τέρασι Ep. τεράεσσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent. II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the beavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τείρεα.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκύπος (τέρας,

σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, α, ον, (τέρας) of portents, portentous. τεράτεία, ή, (τερατεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery.

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέραε) to talk marvels, Lat. portenta loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor. τερατολογέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , (τερατολύγοs) to tell of marvels.

τεράτολογία, ή, (τερατολογέω) a telling of marvels.

τεράτο-λόγος, ον, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents. II, pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, δ, a soothsayer.

τεράτουργία, ή, a working of wonders. From τεράτ-ουργός, όν, (τέρας, έργω) wonder-working.

τεράτ-ώδης, εs. (τέρας, είδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τεράτ-ωπός, όν, (τέρας, ώψ) with a marvellous face; full enjoyment of, be content with. τερατωπός ίδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

 $\tau$ ερεβίνθίνος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

TEPE BINOOΣ, η, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

 $\tau$ ερεβινθ-ώδης, ες, ( $\tau$ ερέβινθος, ε $\bar{l}$ δος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

TE PEINA, fem. of τέρην.

 $\tau \in \rho \in \mu vov, \tau \circ, = \tau \in \rho \in \mu vov.$ 

τέρενος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , collat. form of  $\tau$ έρ $\eta\nu$ .

τερετίζω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

τερέτισμα, ατος, τό, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. terebra. τερέω, f. ήσω and έσω, (τείρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερηδών, όνος, ή, the wood-worm, Lat. terēdo.

**τέρην**, εινά, εν, gen. τέρενος, είνης, ενος, etc.: (τείρω): -worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. tener:--Comp τερενώτερος.

τερθρεύομαι, Dep. = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρθριος,  $\delta$ , (τέρθρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρθρον), the brace.

**TE'POPON**, τό, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, ατος, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. terminus: the goal round which borses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. meta. 2. a mark for throwing or shooting at. II. an end, limit: in plur, the boun-2. metaph. the finishing point: the acme, fourteen years old: fem. - étis. daries. beight, summit.

**τερμίνθίνος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\tau$ ερεβίνθινος.

τέρμινθος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = τερέβινθος.

**τερμιόεις,** εσσα, εν, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; άσπὶς τερμιύεσσα a shield that covers one from top to toe; χιτών τερμιύειs a tunic reaching to the ground. τέρμιος, a, ov, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, τερμία ήμέρα the day of death.

**τερμόνιος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\tau \epsilon \rho \mu \omega \nu)$  at the far-end.

τέρμων, ονος,  $\delta$ , = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an

τερπί-κέραυνος, ον, (τέρπω, κεραυνός) delighting in

τερπνός, ή, όν, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.— Comp. and Sup. τερπνότερος, -ότατος. Hence

τερπνωs, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

**ΤΕ'ΡΠΩ**, f.  $\psi\omega$ : aor. I ἔτερ $\psi\alpha$ :—Pass., aor. I ἐτέρφθην or ἐτάρφθην: 201. 2 ἐτάρπην, inf. ταρπῆναι Ep. ταρπήμεναι, Ep. 1 sing. and pl. subj. τράπείω, τράπείομεν :---Med. 201. Ι έτερψάμην : 201. 2 έταρπόμην, Ep. redupl. τεταρπόμην, τετάρπετο, 1 pl subj. τεταρπώμεσθα, part. τεταρπόμενο: -to delight, please. in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry: - absol., πίνε καὶ τέρπου drink and be 2. c. gen. rei, to bave enough of, bave one's 3. rarely c. acc., Hence τέρπεσθαι ὄνησιν to enjoy profit.

τερπωλή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poet. for  $\tau$  έρψιs, delight.

τερσαίνω, 201. Ι έτέρσηνα Ερ. τέρσηνα: (τέρσομαι):-to dry, dry up, wipe up; αίμα μέλαν τέρσηνε be dried up the black blood. Cp. τέρσομαι.

τερσιά, ή, like ταρσιά, τρασιά, a frame for drying

anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕ'ΡΣΟΜΑΙ, aor. 2 inf. τερσήναι Ερ. τερσήμεναι (but no indic. ἐτέρσην occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be staunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., ὅσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. τέρσω occurs in Alexandr. poets, = τερσαίνω.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of τέρπομαι.

τερψίμ-βροτος, ον, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the beart of man.

τερψί-voos, ον, (τέρπω, νόοs) gladdening the heart. τέρψις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\tau \epsilon \rho \pi \omega)$  enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρα, ή, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichore, one of the mine

τερψί-χορος, ον, (τέρπω, χόρος) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. of τέσσαρες.

τεσσαρά-βοιος, ον, (τέσσαρα, βοῦς) worth four steers. τεσσάρα-καί-δεκα, τά, see τεσσαρεσ-καί-δεκα.

τεσσαρακαιδεκά-δωρος, ον, (τεσσερακαίδεκα, δωρον) fourteen bandbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαρακαιδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (τεσσερακαίδεκα, έτος)

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τετταράκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (τέσσαρες) forty, Lat. quadraginta. [ρά]

τεσσάρακοντά-έτης, ου, ό, and -ετής, ές, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (τεσσαράκοντα, όργυια) forty fathom, bigh, deep, etc.

τεσσάρακοντ-ούτης, ου, ό, contr. for τεσσαρακονταέτης.

τεσσαρακοστός, ή, όν, (τεσσεράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. quadragesimus. ΙΙ. ή τεσσαρακοστή (sub. μοίρa): 1. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 2½ per cent. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕ ΣΣΑ ΡΕΣ, οί, αί, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. τεσσάρων; dat. τέσσαρσι poet. τέτρασι:---Att. τέτταρες, τέτταρα: in Ion. prose τέσσερες, τέσσερα, dat. pl. τέσσερσι: Dor. τέττορες or τέτορες: Aeol. πίσυρες:—four, Lat. quatuor.

τεσσάρεσ-καί-δεκα Ion. τεσσερεσ-, οί, αί, τά, indecl. = τέσσαρες καὶ δέκα, fourteen: the neut. form  $\tau \in \sigma \sigma \alpha \rho \alpha - \kappa \alpha i - \delta \in \kappa \alpha$  is very rare. Hence

τεσσάρεσκαιδέκάτος, η, ον, Ion. τεσσερεσκ-, the fourteenth.

τεσσεράκοντα, Ion. for τεσσαράκοντα. τέσσερες, τέσσερα, Ion. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνα.

τεσσερήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσεράκοντα. τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv. τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly. τετάγών, όντος, δ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no pres. in use; δίψε ποδός τεταγών he threw him taking him by the foot. **τέτακα,** pf. of τείνω. τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω. τέταλτο, Ερ. 3 sing. plapf. of τέλλω. τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τείνω. τετανός, όν, (τείνω) stretched, strained, smooth τέτανος, δ, (τείνω) a stretching, straining: tension. τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plopf. pass. of τανύω. τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω. τεταραγμένος, pf. pass part. of ταράσσω:—hence Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly. τετάρπετο, - πώμεσθα, - πόμενος, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 3 sing, I pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρπω. τεταρταίοs, α, ον, (τέταρτος) of or for four days: on the fourth day. τεταρτη-μόριον, τύ, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans. τέταρτος Εp. τέτρατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth, Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv, the fourth II. ἡ τετάρτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the fourth time. day. 2. (sub. µoîpa), a liquid measure, a quart. τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf pass. of τείνω. τέτατο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf, pass. of τείνω. τετάχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω. τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω. τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of τελέω. **τετεύξομαι,** paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω. τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω. τετεύχαται, τετεύχατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plapf. pass. of Teuxo. τετεύχετον, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω. τετεύχημαι, inf. τετευχησθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without any pres. τευχέω in use:—to be armed. τέτηκα, intr. pf. of τήκω. τετίημαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τιέω in use, to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn :- used in 2 dual τετίησθον; but more commonly in part. τετιημένοε, τετιημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in phrase τετιημένος ήτορ grieved at heart. τετιηώs, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pres. τιέω in use, = Tetinuévos, grieved, sorrowing. τέττμαι, pf. pass. of τίω. τετιμήσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάω. **τέτισμαι**, pf. pass. of τίνω. τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι. τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of \*τλάω. **τετλαίην,** Ep. pf. opt. of \*τλάω, τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [ă], Ep. pf. inf. of \*τλάω; but τέτλαμεν, I pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν. τετλάτω [ἄ], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω. τέτληκα, pf. of  $\tau \lambda \hat{\eta} \mu$ . τετληώε, υία, gen. ότοε, Ep. pf. part. of \*τλάω.

τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω. τετμηώs, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω. τέτμοιμεν, I pl. opt. of τέτμον. τέτμον, Ep. for ἔτετμον, an aor. 2 without pres. in use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of. τετοκώς, τετοκυία, pf. part. of τίκτω. τέτορες, οί, αί, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρεε. τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω. τετρά-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in compd. words. τετρά-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαίνω) fourfooted, quadruped. [Ba] τετρα-γλώχις, ivos, ό, ή, (τετρα-, γλωχίς) with four points or angles, square. τετρά-γὔος, ον, (τέτρα-, γύα) as large as four acres (γύαι) of land. ΙΙ τετράγυον, τό, as Subst., a measure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day. τετράγωνέω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to stand in square with, c. acc. τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρύσωπον) square-faced, like otters and beavers. τετρά-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal angles, square:—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square, a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quadratum. II. perfect as a square, complete, perfect. III. τετράγωνος άριθμός a square number, 1. e. a number multiplied into itself. τετράδιον, τό, (τετράs) the number of four, four persons or things, a quaternion. [ă] τετρά-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα, έλίσσω) four times wound or coiled. TETPA-EVAS, ES, (TETPA-, EVOS) =  $\tau \in \tau \rho \alpha \in \tau h$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ] τετρά-ετής, έε, (τετρα-, έτος) four years old. of four years. τετρά-ζύγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with four horses: as Subst, τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) a four-borsed chariot. **τετρά-θέλυμνος**, ον, (τετρά-, θέλυμνον) of four layers; τετραθέλυμνος σάπος a shield of four ox-bides. ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. τετράνω: aor. 1 ἐτέτρηνα Εp. τέτρηνα: aor. I pass. ἐτετράνθην: also (from the root TPA'Ω), fut. τρήσω: aor. έτρησα: pf. pass. τέτρημαι:-to bore through, pierce, perforate. τετρά-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. -ετις, ιδος, (τετρα-, καί, δέκα, έτοε) fourteen years old. τετρά-κερως, ων, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-borned. [ἄ] τετρά-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-beaded. τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [α] τετράκισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκιε, μύριοι) four times ten thousand, forty thousand. [0] τετράκισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, (τετράκιε, χίλιοι) four thousand.  $[\chi l]$ τετρά-κλίνος, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or couches to recline on at table. τετρά-κνάμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-, κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked wbeel.

τετρά-κόρυμβοs, ον, (τετρα-, κόρυμβοs) with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.

τετρά-κόρωνος, ον, (τετρα-, κορώνη) four times a crow's age.

τετράκόσιοι, αι, α, (τετρα -) four-bundred. Hence τετράκοσιοστός, ή, όν, the four-bundredtb.

τετρακτύς, ύος, ή, (τετράς) the number four.

τετρά-κυκλος, ον, (τετρα-, κύκλος) four-wheeled. τετρά-λογία, ή, (τετρα-, λόγος) a tetralogy, 1. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus: —without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choephoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.

τετρά-μετροs, ον, (τετρα-, μέτρον) consisting of four metres, 1. e. in immbic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus cottonarius; in dactylic, chornambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετροs (sub. στίχοι), ό, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.

τετρά-μηνιαίος, α, ον, and τετράμηνος, ον, (τετρα-, μήν) of four months, lasting four months.

τέτραμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετράμοιρία, ή, a fourfold portion. From

τετρά-μοιρος, ον, (τετρά-, μοιρα) consisting of four parts, fourfold.

τετρανθείs, aor. I pass. patt. of τετραίνω ΤΕ ΤΡΑΞ, άγοε, and άκοε, ό, prob. the pheasant,

Lat. avis Phasianus.

Tetpaopla, ή, a four-borsed chariot. From

τετρά-opos contr. τέτρωροs, ον, (τετρα-, ἀείρω) yoked four together; τετράορον ἄρμα a four-borsed chariot.

11. four-legged. |ā|

τετρά-πάλαι, Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.
τετρά-πάλαιστος, ον, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) of four spans, four spans long or broad.

τετρά-πηχυs, v, gen. eos, (τετρά-, πηχυs) four cubits (1.e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet bigb. τετράπλάσιοs, a, ov, (τετρα-) fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus. | πλά|

τετρά-πλευρος, ον, (τετρά-, πλευρά) four-sideil.
τετράπλη, Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.

τετράπλόος, η, ον contr. -πλοθε, η, οῦν, (τετρα-) fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τὸ τετραπλοῦν = τετραμοιρία, a fourfold portion.

τετρά-ποδηδόν, Adv. (τειρα-, πούε) on four feet. τετρά-ποδιστί, Adv. (τειρα-, πούε) on all fours. τετρά-πολις poet. τετράπτολις, εωε, ή, (τειρά-, πόλις) of, with four cities.

τετρά-πολος, ον, (τετρά-, πολέω) turned up or ploughed four times.

τετρά-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, (τετρά-, πούς) fourfooted:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds. II. of four feet in length.

τετρά-πτερος, ον, (τετρά-, πτερόν) four-winged. Hence

τετρα-πτερυλλίς, ίδος, ή, (τετρα-, πτερόν) a fourwinged creature, grassbopper, locust.

τετρά-πτίλος, ον, (τετρα-, πτίλον) four-winged. τέτραπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plaps. pass. of τρέπω.

τετρά-πτολις, ή, poet. for τετράπολιε.

τετράρ-ρυμος or τετρά-ρυμος, ον, (τετρα-, ρυμύε) with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.

τετραρχίω, to be a tetrarch. From

τετρ-άρχης, ου, ό, (τετρα-, άρχω) a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence τετραρχία, η, a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of

a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarches, and so Palestine under the Romans.

τετράς, άδος, ή, (τέτταρες) the number four. 2
the fourth day

τετρα-σκελής, ές, (τετρα-, σκέλος) four-legged, four-footed.

τετρα-σπάτηρος, ον, (τέτρα-, στάτηρ) worth four staters, 1 e. about 13 shillings.

τετρα-σύλλαβος, ον, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) of four syllables.

τετρά-σώματος, ον, (τετρα-, σώμα) with four bodies. τέτρατος, η, ον, poet. for τέταρτος, fourth:—neut. τὸ τέτρατον as Adv, for the fourth time.

τετρά-τρύφος, ον, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) broken of that may be broken into four pieces.

τέτραφα, pf. of τρέπω

τετρά-φάληρος, ον, of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά] τετρά-φάλος, ον, (τετρα-, φάλος) of a helmet, with four φάλοι; see φάλος.

τετράφ**ἄται**, -φ**ἄτο**, Ion. 3 pl. pf and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετράφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass, imperat. of τρέπω. τετρά-φῦλος, ον, (τετρα-, φυλή) divided into four tribes

τέτραχα, Adv. (τέτταρεε) fourfold, in four parts. τετραχ $\hat{\eta}$ , Adv. = τέτραχα.

τετραχθά, Adv. poet. for τέτραχα.

τετρά-χοος, ον contr. -χους, ουν, (τετρα-, χοεύς) bolding four χόες.

τετρά-χορδος, ον, (τετρα-, χορδή) four-stringed: as Subst., το τετράχορδον, the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.

τετρά-χυτρος, ον, (τετρα-, χύτρος) made of four pots. τετρεμαίνω, redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble.

τέτρημαι, pf pass. of τετραίνω.

τέτρηνα, Ep. for ετέτρηνα, aor. 1 of τετραίνω. τέτρηχα, mtr. pf. with pres. signf of ταράσσω; part.

fem. τετρηχυία; 3 sing. plapf. τετρήχει. τετρίγει, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. of τρίζω. [1]

τετριγώς, τετριγυία, pf. part. of τρίζω.

τετριγώτος, Ep. for τετριγύτας, acc. pl pf. part. of τρίζω.

τέτριμμαι, pf. pass. of τρίβω.

τετρ-όργυιος, ον, (τετρα-, όργυια) four fathoms long or broad.

τέτροφα, pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω. τετρθούθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τρύω.

times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες τεττῖγ-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\tau \epsilon \tau \tau \iota \xi, \epsilon \delta \delta s)$  like a  $\tau \epsilon \tau \tau \iota \xi$  or cicada. TE'TTIΞ, īγos, δ, a kind of grasshopper, the cicala, the funeral pile. Lat. cicāda, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise:—see τεττιγοφόρος. τέτυγμαι, pf. pass. of  $\tau \epsilon \dot{\nu} \chi \omega$ . τετύγμην, Ep. plopf. pass. of τεύχω. τετὔκεῖν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω. τετύκέσθαι, Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 med. of τεύχω. **τετυμμένος**, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω. τετῦφωμένωs, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφόω, stupidly. τετύχηκα, pf. of τυγχάνω. [ŭ] τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of  $\tau \epsilon \dot{\nu} \chi \omega$ . τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω. **τεῦ**, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of τύ, σύ. τεῦ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.). II. τευ, enclit. gen. for τινός, from τis (enclit.). τεθγμα, ατος, τό, (τεύχω) that which is made, a work. τευθίς, ίδος, ή, a cuttle-fish, Lat. sepia, loligo. τευκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, made, prepared, genious. Adv. τεχνηέντωs, artfully, with art. wrought. τεύξα, Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω: opt. τεύξεια. τεύξομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. 2. fut. med. of  $\tau \in \psi \chi \omega$ .  $\tau \in \hat{\mathbf{v}} \tau \lambda \cup \mathbf{v}$ ,  $= \tau \in \hat{\mathbf{v}} \tau \lambda \cup \mathbf{v}$ , beet. **ΤΕΥ ΤΛΟΝ**,  $\tau \delta$ , Att. for  $\sigma \epsilon \hat{v} \tau \lambda o \nu$ , a kitchen-herb, beet, Lat. beta.  $\tau \in \dot{v} \times ca$ ,  $\tau \dot{a}$ , see  $\tau \in \hat{v} \times cs$ . artistically. **τευχεσ-φόροs**, ον, (τεύχεα, φέρω) bearing arms, wearing armour. **τευχηστήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\delta$ , or τευχηστής,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau\epsilon \dot{v}\chi\epsilon a)$ 

τετρ-ώβολος, ον, (τετρα-, όβολός) weighing or worth

four obols:—as Subst., τετρώβολον, τό, a four-obol

τετρώκοστος, η, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, fortieth.

**τετρ-ώροφος**, ον, (τετρα-, δροφή) of four stories.

τετταράκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-.

τετρ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of τετρόργυιος.

тетта, an address of youths to their elders, Father,

τεττίγο-φόρος, ον, (τέττιξ, φέρω) wearing a τέττιξ

or cicada: epith. of the Athenians, because in early

τέτρωμαι, pf. pass. of τιτρώσκω.

like ἄττα, πάππα.

an armed man, warrior.

war, armour, arms, barness.

tackle or rigging of a ship.

τεύχοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

τεῦχος,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \acute{o}$ ,  $(\tau \epsilon \acute{v} \chi \omega)$  like ὅπλον, a tool, imple-

2. in plur. also the

3. a vessel of any

ment, utensil: mostly in plur. τεύχεα implements of

kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funereal urn.

a book, whence the term Pentateuch or Five-books.

ΤΕΥΧΩ, f. fa: 20r. 1 έτευξα: Ep. 20r. 2 τέτυ-

τετρ-ώρος, ον, contr. for τετράορος.

κον: pf. τέτευχα: Med., fut. τεύξομαι: Ep. aor. 2 τετυκόμην: Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι: aor. 1 έτύχθην: pf. τέτυγμαι: Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. τετεύχαται, τετεύχἄτο:—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge: to weave: also metaph. to work, bring about, cause: to form, create:-Pass., c. gen. rei,  $\tau \in \dot{\chi} \times \sigma \theta a \iota \chi \rho \nu \sigma o i o b e wrought of$ gold. II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so: and pf. pass.  $\tau \epsilon \tau \nu \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$  is often used =  $\epsilon l \mu \iota$  or γίγνομαι, to bave been made, i. e. to be, so and so; γυναικὸs ἀντὶ τέτυξο thou hadst heen made, i. e. thou wert, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. τετυγμένος commonly means well or fitly made, wellwrought, compact, lasting; metaph. of a field, welltilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous. τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, ή, (τύφω) asbes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of

τεφρόω, f.  $\dot{ω}σω$ , (τέφρα) to reduce to ashes, consume.

τεχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω.

τεχνάζω, f. άσω, (τέχνη) to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly.

τεχνάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for τεχνήεις.

τέχνασμα, ατος, τό, (τεχνάζω) anything made by art, a piece of bandiwork. II. an artifice, trick. τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: 20τ. Ι έτεχνησάμην: Dep.:  $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta)$ :—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully: also followed by a relat., to contrive II. τεχνάομαι also occurs as a Pass., with pf. τετέχνημαι, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ή, (τεκείν) art, skill, regular method of making a thing;  $\tau \in \chi \nu \eta$  by rules of art. craft, cunning, sleight: in plur. cunning devices, arts, 3. generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained; μηδεμιή τέχνη in no wise; πάση  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$  by all means;  $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \circ i \eta$   $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$  by all manner of means. II. an art, craft, trade. III. a work of art. **τεχνήεις**, εσσα, εν, (τέχνη) cunningly wrought, in-

τέχνημα, ατος, τό, (τεχνάω) that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a handiwork. II. an artful device, trick, artifice: of a man, all trick and cunning.

τεχνήμων, ον, gen, ονοs, = τεχνήειs.

τεχνήσσα, contr. for τεχνήεσσα, fem. of τεχνήειs. τεχνικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta)$  artistic, skilful. Adv. – κως,

**τεχνίτης**  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ov,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta)$  an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman: one wbo works by rules of art.

τεχνίτις, ιδος, fem. of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοσύνη, ή, poet. for τέχνη, art, skilfulness.

τέφ, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίs (interrog.). 2. τεφ Ion. for  $\tau \iota \nu i$ , dat. from  $\tau is$  (enclit.).

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίε (interrog.). for τινων, gen. pl. of τίε (enclit.).

τέως Ep. τείως, Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while; also before, ere this: -- antecedent to the relat. ¿ws. II. absol. a while, for a time. [τέωε: but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

like  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \beta \epsilon$ ,  $\ddot{\epsilon} \chi \epsilon$ ,  $\phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho \epsilon$ , there I take I always followed by far-journeying. a second imperat., as τη, σπείσον Διί .. take and pour a libation to Jove ...:  $\tau \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\pi i \in olvov... take$  and drink

τη, dat. fem. of the Art. δ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ös. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, bere, this way.

τηδε, dat. fem. of δδε, used as Adv., in this direction, in this way.

τηδί, dat. fem. of δδί, used as Adv. =  $\tau \hat{\eta} \delta \epsilon$ .

TH'ΘΗ or τηθή, ή, a grandmother.

τηθίς, ίδος, ή, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister,

TH $\ThetaO\Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , an oyster.

**Τηθύς**, ύος, ή, (τήθη) Tetbys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a sea deity. put for the sea itself.

τηκεδών, όνος, ή, (τήκω) a melting away, wasting away: hence consumption, decline, phthisis.

τηκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τήκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in: soluble.

ΤΗ'ΚΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τήξω: aor. 1 έτηξα: transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήξομαι, pass. τἄκήσομαι: 201. 2 pass. ἐτάκην [ŭ]:-to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres pass., and plopf. ἐτετήκειν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηκότα sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, έε, (τῆλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλαυγεστέρος, -έστατος. Adv. τηλαυγώs, clearly, distinctly.

TH ΛE, Adv, like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far: far country: also c. gen. far from

abroad: c. gen. far from.

τηλε-βόας, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \beta o \hat{\alpha} \omega)$  shouting afar or loud. τηλε-βόλος, ον, (τηλε, βαλείν) striking from afar. τηλέ-γονος, ον, (τηλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεδάπός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon)$  from a far country, fo-

reign: also afar off, distant.

τηλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \eta \lambda a$ ), used only in Ep. part. pres. τηλεθάων, Ep. - όων, όωσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, ύλη, έλαΐαι, δένδρεα, etc.: metaph., παίδε**s** τηλεθάοντε**s** blooming children; χαίτη τηλεθόωσα luxuriant

τηλε-κλειτός, όν,  $(τ \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \kappa \lambda \dot{\epsilon} os)$  far-famed.

τηλέ-κλητος, ον, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τηλε-κλύτός,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon$ , κλυτός from κλύω) = τηλεκλειτύ8.

τηλε-μάχος, ον, (τηλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, δ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλέ-πλάνος, ον, (τηλε, πλανάομαι) far-wandering, devious.

τῆ, Ερ. 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, τηλέ-πομπος, ον, (τῆλε, πέμπω) sent from afar,

τηλέ-πορος, ον, (τηλε, πύροs) far-reaching.

τηλέ-πύλος, ον, (τηλε, πύλη) with gates far apart. τηλε-σκόπος, ον, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. proparox. τηλέσκοπος, ον, pass., far-seen, conspicuous. τηλε-φανής, ές, (τηλε, φανηναι) appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, beard from afar.

τηλέ-φίλον, τό,  $(τ \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \phi i \lambda o s)$  far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

THΛI'A, ή, any flat board with a raised rim, as, I. a sieve, the boop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

**ΤΗΛΙΚΟΣ**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. ταλίκος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$  [ $\zeta$ ]:—of such an age, so old or so young: generally, so great, Lat. tantus: anteced. to the Relative ηλίκος, Interrog. πηλίκοs. Hence

τηλϊκόσδε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τηλϊκοῦτος, -αύτη or -οῦτος, -οῦτο, Att. for πηλίκος, so very, so much.

τηλόθεν or  $-\theta \epsilon$ , Adv.  $(\tau \eta \lambda o \hat{v})$  from afar, from a foreign land: c. gen, far from.

τηλόθι, Adv.  $(\tau \eta \lambda o \hat{v}) = \tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon$ , τηλο $\hat{v}$ , far, afar, at a distance: also c. gen, τηλόθι πάτρηs far from father-

τηλο-πέτης, εs,  $(τ \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \pi \epsilon \tau o \mu a \iota)$  far-flying. τηλ-ορός, όν, collat. form of τηλουρός. τηλόσε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) to a distance, far away. τηλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τηλοῦ, furtbest away. τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλοῦ, further away τηλοῦ, Adv., like τῆλε, afar, far off or away, in a

τηλ-ουρός, όν, (τηλε, δρος) with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, η, ον, also os, ον, an epith. of sons, wbo bave no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling; hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ως like a spoilt child or pet. II. born afar off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τηλε, \*γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-ωπός, όν,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \omega \psi)$  looking afar, seeing to a distance. II. pass. perceived or beard from afar.

τημελέω, f. ήσω, to take care of, c. gen. beed, look after, see to, c. acc. From

τη-μελήs, έs, careful, beedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix  $\tau\eta$ - added.)

τήμερα, τήμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τήμη, Att. crasis for τη έμη.

τημος, Adv. then, thereupon; is τημος till then.

τημόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. =  $\tau \hat{\eta} \mu os$ .

τημοῦτος, Adv. = τημος.

τηνεί, Adv., Dor. for έκεί, there: also for ώδε bere. τήνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, τήνελλα & καλλίνικε, χαῖρε; hence τήνελλα καλλίνικε became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τήνελλος, δ, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of τήνελλα, a victor in the games.

τηνίκα, Adv. (τῆνοε) at this or that time of day,

then. [T

τηνἴκάδε, Adv. (τηνίκα) at this time of day, so early; αθριον τηνικάδε to-morrow at this time of day. [ἄ] τηνἴκαῦτα, commoner form for τηνίκα, at this particular time: c. gen., τηνικαῦτα τοῦ θέρους at this

time of the summer. II. in this case, then.

τηνόθι, Adv. (τῆνος) Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there. τῆνος, τήνα, τῆνο, Dor. for κῆνος, = κεῖνος, ἐκεῖνος, ἐκεῖνος, that. Hence

τηνῶ, Adv., Dor, for ἐκεῖ, there.

τηνώθε and -θεν, Adv., Dor. for εκείθεν, thence.

τηξί-μελής, έε, (τήκω, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

τηπερ, Ep. and Ion for ηπερ, dat fem. of δσπερ, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ήσω, (τηρόs) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; τηρείν εἰρήνην to keep, observe peace.

watch for a person or thing; τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέληνου baving watched for a moonless night.

II.

Med., f. ήσομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or beed: fut. med. τηρήσομαι is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, εωε, ή, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison. THPO'Σ, δ, a watch, guard.

τῆs, τῆσι, Ép. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὁ and ős. τητάω, f. ήσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

τήτες, Ädv., Att for Ion σητες, this year, of or in this year. (From έτος, as τήμερον from ημέρα)

τήτἴνος, η, ον, (τῆτες) of this year, Lat. hornus. τηΰσιος, α, ον, empty, idle, vain. Adv. -lως, in vain. τl and τl, neut. of τίς (interrog.) and τὶς (enclit).

πάρ $\bar{a}$  [ $\bar{a}$ ],  $\eta$ , or πάρ $\alpha$ s Ion. πήρηs, ov,  $\delta$ , a ti $\bar{a}$ ra, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιαρο-ειδήs, έε, (τιάρα, είδοε) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, τιέμεναι, Ep. inf. for τίειν,

τίσκεν, τίδσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of τίω.

τίη, strengthd. for τί; wby? wherefore?

τιήρης, ου, δ, Ion. for τιάρας.

τίθαιβώσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make boneycombs. (Akm to τιθήνη, τιθασόs.)

τίθαs, άδοs, ή, (τιθασόs) a barn-door fowl.

τίθασευτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates. From

τίθασεύω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From τίθασες, όν, (τίτθη, τιθήνη) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., τιθασδε Apps domestic strife.

τιθέζημεν, for τίθεμεν, like διδόχημεν for δίδομεν, I pl. pres. of τίθημι: so τιθέζισι, 3 pl. for τιθείσι.

τιθείς, είσα, έν, pres. part. of τίθημι.

τίθεις, τίθει, Ep 2 and 3 sing. impf of τιθέω = τίθημ. τιθεῖς, τιθεῖ, 2 and 3 sing. of τιθέω = τίθημι.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι: but **τίθε**μεν, I pl.

τίθεν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἐτίθεσαν Ερ. τίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf of τίθημι.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσο Ερ τίθεσσο, pres. med. imperat. of τίθημ. τίθέω, poet. form of τίθημι, whence 2 and 3 sing. τιθεῖs, τιθεῖ, and impf. ἐτίθειs, ἐτίθει Ερ. τίθει.

τιθήμεναι, Ερ for τιθέμεναι, τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι τιθήμενος, Ερ. for τιθέμενος, pres med. part. of

τίθημι.

τίθημι, τίθης, τίθησι, also Ep. 2 sing. τίθησθα; 3 pl. τιθείσι Ιοη. τιθέασι; inf. τιθέναι Ερ τιθήμεναι, τιθέμεν; Impf. ετίθην, Ep. 3 pl. τίθεσαν; Ion  $\tau i\theta \epsilon \sigma \kappa o \nu$ : (there are also some forms from the pres.  $\tau \iota \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , q. v.): Fut.  $\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , Ep. inf.  $\theta \eta \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \alpha \iota$  or θησέμεν: Aor. I έθηκα Ερ. θηκα: Pf. τέθεικα, plapf. έτεθείκειν: Aor 2 έθην only used in pl. έθεμεν, έθετε,  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\sigma\alpha\nu$  Ep.  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\alpha\nu$ ; imperat.  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}s$ ; subj.  $\theta\hat{\omega}$  Ion.  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ . I pl. θέωμεν; lengthd. Ep. θείω, 2 sing. θήηs, pl. θείομεν for θείωμεν, θωμεν; opt. θείην, pl. θείημεν οτ θείμεν, θείτε, θείσαν; inf. θείναι Ep. θέμεναι, θέμεν; part. θείs.--ΜΕΒ. τίθεμαι, τίθεσαι, τίθεται; imperat. τίθεσο, τιθοῦ, Ερ. part. τιθήμενος: impf. ἐτιθέμην: Fut. θήσομαι: Λοτ. 1 ἐθηκάμην, Ep. 3 sing. θήκατο: part. θηκάμενος: Aor. 2 med. εθέμην; imperat  $\theta \in 0$  contr.  $\theta \circ \hat{v}$ ; opt.  $\theta \in (\mu \eta \nu, 3 \text{ sing. } \theta \in (\tau \circ 1))$ Pass. τίθεμαι: fut. τεθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐτέθην; pf.  $\tau \in \theta \in \mu a : plqpf \in \tau \in \theta \in \mu \eta \nu.$ To place, put, set, Lat. ponere; θείναί τινί τι έν χερσί to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph, θείναι τινι έπος έν φρεσί or βουλην έν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, τιθέμεν νόφ to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—Med., θέσθαι θυμόν έν στήθεσσι to lay up or treasure anger in one's II. to fix, settle, determine; τιθέναι ἀγῶνα to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, θείναι Es µέσσον to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, ὑμῖν ἐς μέσον άρχην τιθείs throwing it open to you publicly. to assign, award; θείναι νόμον to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator: θέσθαι νόμον to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, estab-4. in Med. to fix in common lish, order, institute. with others, agree upon, settle, III. to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to represent, portray, depict. IV. to assign to a place or class, to bold, reckon, esteem: to believe, V. in Med., τίθεσθαι ψηφον to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence τίθεσθαι την γνώμην to determine, decide: τίθεσθαί τινι (sc.

την ψηφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι | τη γνώμη to agree or subscribe to an opinion. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII. in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position. 2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender. VIII.  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu \iota$  is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναθν λάαν έθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, ap-2. with an Adj., θείναί τινα άθάνατον καὶ άγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. παίδα τίθεσθαί τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετόν παίδα ποιείσθαι. IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:-Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δώμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. εὖ or καλῶς θέσθαί τι to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. θημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θείναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσα; θείναι κρύφον, θείναι αΐνον, for κρύπτειν, αίνείν, etc. τίθηνέω, f. ήσω, to take care of, tend, nurse, and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τίθήνη, ή, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τίθηνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \iota \theta \eta \nu \epsilon \omega) = \tau \iota \theta \eta \nu \delta s$ . Hence

τίθηνητήριος, a, ov, nursing, tending.

τίθηνός, όν, (τίτθη) nursing. 2s Subst., τιθηνός, ό, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [τ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing of τίθημι.

τίθητι [τ], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

πθύμαλος, ό, 1rreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—spurge, Lat. eupborbia. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Ttθωνόs, δ, Tubonus, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Mennon: metaph, of a decrept old man, because he had immortal life without the

continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root \*ΤΕ'ΚΩ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκούμαι, inf. τεκείσθαι: 201. 2 έτεκον Ερ. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, νια, ός:-Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world, I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. parere. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. gignere: hence, οί τεκώντες the parents; ὁ τεκών the father; ή τεκοῦσα the mother; and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκών his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to batcb; ωα τίκτειν to lay eggs. of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

τίλλοισα, Dor. for τίκλουσα, fem. part. of τίκλω.  $TI'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , f. τίκῶ: aor. I ἔτίκα: pf. pass. τέτικμαι: —to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίκλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the bair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one.

3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τιλμός, δ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

 $\tau i \lambda \phi \eta, \dot{\eta}, = \sigma i \lambda \phi \eta.$ 

τίλων, ό, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιμαλφέω, f. ήσω, to do bonour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ές, (τιμή, άλφειν) felching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμάντα, Dor. for τιμήντα, acc. of τιμήs.

τιμ-άορος, ων, Dor. for τιμωρώς.

τιμά-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμοῦχος, beld in bonour, bonoured, esteemed.

ττμασεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐτίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass sense): aor. i έτιμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut τετιμήσομαι: aor. Ι έτιμήθην: pf. τετίμημαι: (τιμή); -to deem or hold worthy, to bonour, respect, revere, bold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. τει, τετιμήσθαι τιμηs to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοία τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum; Med., πολλοῦ τιμᾶσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιείσθαί τι, to bold II. c. dat. rei, to bonour with in much account. a thing, τιμάν τινα τάφφ, στεφάνοις, etc, to bonour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. as Att. law-term: I Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. litem aestimare, τ. την δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακράν τινι to award the long line, i.e. sentence of death; hence, τιμάν τινι θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. Med., of the accuser, τιμασθαί τινι [δίκην] δεσμών, φυγη̂s, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι οι ὑποτιμᾶσθαι. τιμή, ή, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. metaph, the bonour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of bonour, rank, 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence 4. an offering to the a dignity, office, magistracy. gods, Lat. bonor: a reward, present. III. a prizing, 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence τιμήσις, σσα, εν: contr. τιμής, acc. τιμήντα; Dor.

τιμήσις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμής, αςς. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμάσις:—valued, bonoured, esteemed, of men. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. - έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

τύμβου the bonour of a tomb. II. an estimate, valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine.

2. the value at which an Athenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; η ἀπὸ τιμημάτον πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [τ]

τιμήντα, poët. for τιμή εντα, contr. acc. of τιμή ειε. τιμή-ορος, ον. Ιοπ. for τιμάορος, τιμωρός.

τιμής, poët. contr. for τιμήεις.

τίμησις, εως, ή, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [ε] τίμησσα, contr. poet for τιμήεσσα, fcm. of τιμήεις τίμητεία οι τιμητία, ή, (τιμητής) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητέοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be bonoured. II. τιμητέον, one must bonour.

τιμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor. II. at Rome, a censor.

τιμητικόs, ή, όν, (τιμητήs) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment.

II. at Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτίμητοs, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τίμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, beld in bonour: of things, prized, precious, bonourable.

2. of bigb price, dear, Lat. carus

τιμότης, ητος, ή, worth, value, preciousness.

τιμος, δ, poet. form for τιμή.

τίμωρέω, f. ήσω, (τιμωρόs) to belp, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμωρείν τινι τοῦ παιδός τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murdere for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τετιμωρῆσθαί τινι to bave vengeance taken for any one. II. Med., f. -ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τετιμώρημαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμωρείσθαί τινά τινος to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance. Hence

τιμώρημα, ατος, τό, belp, aid, succour. II. an act of vengeance.

τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punish.

τιμωρητήρ, ήροε, δ, (τιμωρέω) a belper, aider.
an avenger.

τιμωρία Ion. -ίη, ή, (τιμωρέω) belp, aid, succour. II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

**τιμ-ωρόs, όν**, (τιμή, αίρω) contr. from τιμάοροs: belping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμωρόs, ό, a belper, aider.

II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τίν, like τείν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σύ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τἴνάσσω) a sbake, quaking.
τἴνακτήρ, ῆρος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος, δ, (τινάσσω)
one who sbakes, a sbaker: fem. τἴνάκτειρα.

τιναξάσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 1 of τινάσσω.

τίνάσσω, f. ξω, (τείνω) to swing, sbake, brandish: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:

—Pass. to be sbaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τίναχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τἴνάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of τινάσσω.

τίνὕμαι, Med., poèt. for τίνομαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol to avenge oneself.

2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τίνω [ī Ep., ĭ Att]: f. τίσω [ī]: aor. I ἔτῖσα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act, to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνειν χάριν τινί to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίνειν ἀμοιβην βοών to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay. II. Med. to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:-mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι 'Αλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσασθαί τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίνεσθαί τινι φυγή to requite, punish with exile; absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.

τιό, τιό, imitation of a bird's note.

**τῖον**, Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}\tau\iota o\nu$ , impf. of  $\tau\iota \omega$ .  $\tau$ ί-ποτε; contr.  $\tau$ ίπτε; Adv.  $(\tau i, \pi \delta \tau \epsilon)$  what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem? TIΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat. τινί Ερ. τφ or τεφ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινέε, τινά; gen. τινων; dat. τισί; acc. τινάs, τινά:—indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, a, an: of places and things, νησός τις an island, etc.; neut. anything, something: εί τις, εί τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. ris is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ωδε δέ τιε είπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus 2. like ξκαστος or πας, each, each one, every one; εδ μέν τιε δόρυ θηξάσθω let each man look to sharpening his spear; άλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself. 3. so in Att., φοβείταί τιε some one fears, fear is among them; πείσεταί τιε some one will suffer. III. 718, 71, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ηθχειε τιε είναι

you boasted that you were somebody: opp. to οὐδείε, μηδείε; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. το ούδεν λέγειν. 2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τις ή κύων a man or a dog: but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Θερσίτης τις ήν there was one Thersites: hence 718 is used for a IV. joined with Adjs., Tis makes them less precise; μαινόμενος a madman, μαινόμενός τις a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, olos τις such a kind of person as ..; πας τις every one; εls τιs some one; ὁλίγοι τινέs some few; τρείε τινεε some three or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, somewbat, in a certain way; ήττόν τι some-V. in long sentences Tis is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ootis follows in the relative clause, tis must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

 $\mathbf{TI'}\mathbf{\Sigma}$ , neut.  $\mathbf{\tau}i$ ; gen.  $\mathbf{\tau}i\mathbf{vos}$ , Hom.  $\mathbf{\tau}\epsilon o$  contr.  $\mathbf{\tau}\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ , Att.  $\tau o \hat{v}$ ; dat.  $\tau i \hat{v}$  (Att.  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ ; acc.  $\tau i \nu \alpha$ , neut.  $\tau i$ ; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τέων; dat. τίσι; acc. τίναs, τίνα; -- interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. wbo? wbich? neut. wbat? wbich? Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? es ri; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίε δ' ούτος έρχεαι; who art thou that comest? II. the question is modified by av or kev and a change of mood; ris av or kev with the opt, expresses strong doubt, who could, who would do so? when there is no doubt the αν or κεν is omitted, τίς εργάσαιτο wbo could do it? 1, e. no one. III. tís is also used in indirect questions; ήρώτα δή ἔπειτα, τίς είη καὶ πύθεν έλθοι he asked thereupon wbo he was, and whence he IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; who is he, and from wbom descended? V. Tis is also used for ποιοs; of what sort? as Lat. quis for qualis? so also VI.  $\tau i$ ; alone, for πότεροs; as Lat. quis for uter? what?-it takes the Article, To Ti; when the question refers to something going before. VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., bow? for wby? where-2. τί δέ; but bow? 3. τί δή; τί δή ποτε; why ever? τί δητα; how pray? expressing surprise. 4. τί μήν; wby not? bow else? i. e. yes surely! Lat. quidni?

[71 was never elided, and sometimes stands before 2 vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπαs;]

τίσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

τίσις [ $\mathcal{I}$ ], εως, ή, (τίνω) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιν δουναι to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. a requital m good sense, reward. III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

τίσον, aor. I imperat. of τίνω: inf. τίσαι.

 $\tau (\sigma \omega \ [l])$ , fut, of  $\tau (\nu \omega)$ ; also aor. I subj.

τίταίνω, 201. Ι έτίτηνα, Ερ. for τείνω, τανύω, to stretch: Med., τόξα τιταίνεσθαι to stretch one's bow.

tend:-Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread. 3. to draw along: -in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιταινόμενος πεδίοιο stretching on over the plain; αψ ωσασκε τιταινόμενος he thrust it back exerting bimself, with all bis strength.

τιταίνων, part. from Τιτάν, only in passage, φάσκε δέ τιταίνοντας άτασθαλίη μέγα ρέξαι έργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Τιτάν [t], ανος, δ, mostly in plur. Τιταν ες, Ep. and Ion. Τἶτῆνεs, oi, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τιτανίς Ion. Τιτηνίς, ίδος, fem. of Τιτάν, a Titaness. TI'TA'NOΣ, ή, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

Τιταν-ώδης, ες, (Τιτάν, είδος) like Titans; Τιτανῶδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

τίτας, ου, δ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμωρός, απavenger, [i]

Tithves, ol, Ep. and Ion. for Titaves.

τιτθεία, ή, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From τιτθεύω, f σω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

TI'TOH, ή, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse. τιτθίον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

TITOO'S, o, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast. τίτλος, ov, o, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω: aor. I έτρωσα: Pass., fut. τρωθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. Ι ἐτρώθην: pf. τέτρωμαι: (formed from Root \*TPΩ'Ω):—to wound, burt; τετρωσθαι τον μηρόν to bave been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

τιττυβίζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup. (Formed from the sound.)

Τιτυο-κτόνος, δ, (Τιτυός, κτείνω) slayer of Tityos.

Τίτυόs, ό, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τἴτύσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare. II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; άντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object. 2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i. e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

TI'AH, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [i]

 $\tau(\phi\theta)$ , for  $\tau(\pi\tau\epsilon)$ , before an aspirate.

τιφος, εοε, τό, a pool.

TI'Ω [7], Ep. inf. τιέμεν: impf. έτιον: Pass., pres. τίομαι: pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:--Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τιεσκόμην, 3 sing. τιέσκετο :--to pay bonour to a person, to esteem, bonour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοί δίκην τίουσιν the gods bonour right. 2. to value or rate at a certain II. fut, and aor. I act. riow, erioa, and worth. 2. to spread out or along, spread, ex- fut, and aor. I med. τίσομαι, έτισάμεν, are only used

in the sense of thow, thouas:—in Act. to pay a price, make return: in Med. to have a price paid, or return made one: see τίνω.

τλά-θυμος, ον, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαίην, aor. 2 opt. of \*τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλᾶσα, τλάν, aor. 2 part. of \*τλάω.

\*TΛA'Ω, a radic form never found in pres.: fut. τλήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔτλην (formed as if from  $\tau λημί$ ), imperat.  $\tau \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta_i$ , opt.  $\tau \lambda \alpha i \eta \nu$ , Ep. 3 pl.  $\tau \lambda \alpha i \epsilon \nu$  (for τλαίησαν), inf. τληναι, part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν: pf. τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat.  $\tau \in \tau \land \delta \theta \iota$ ,  $\tau \in \tau \land \delta \tau \omega [\check{a}]$ ; opt  $\tau \in \tau \land \delta \iota \eta \nu$ ; inf. τετλάναι [ă] Ερ. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ερ part τετληώs, τετληυία, gen. τετληύτοs:--there is also a poet. aor. 1 ἐτάλἄσα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep ἐτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ηs, η:-to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship: sometimes absol., esp. in imperat. τληθι, bear up, endure: so in pf. part., τετληύτι θυμώ with enduring, patient II. to bear steadfastly, bold out: c inf. to dare to do something, whether good or bad: also c acc. to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it.

τλη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of \*τλάω.

τλή-θυμος Dor. τλά-, ον, (\*τλάω, θυμός) of enduring soul, stout-bearted.

τλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of \*τλάω.

τλημόνως, Adv. of τλήμων, patiently.

τλημοσύνη, ή, that which is to be endured, misery, II endurance, patience. From

τλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, vocat τλημον, (\*τλάω) suffering, 1. patient, steadfast, stoutenduring: hence, bearted: also bold, daring: in bad sense, reckless, rash, Lat. audax. II. full of suffering, wretched, miserable.

τλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of \*τλάω.

τλησι-κάρδιος, ον, (\*τλάω, καρδία) of patient beart, much-enduring, miserable. II. bard-bearted.

**τλήσομαι**, fut. of \*τλάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω.

**τλητός**, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of \*τλάω: I. act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour. pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω [a]

τμάγον, Ep. for έτμαγον, aor. 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: 201. Ι έτμηξα: 201. 2 έτμαγον: aor. I med. ἐτμηξάμην: aor. 2 pass. ἐτμάγην [α] and έτμήγην: -Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave: -Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήδην, Adv by cutting, scratching, grazing.

τμηθήνοι, aor. I pass. inf. of  $τ \in μνω$ .

τμήξας, aor. I part. of τμήγω.

τμητός, ή, όν, (τέμνω) cut, bewn, cut into shape. cut lengthwise, furrowed.

**τμητο-σίδηρος**, ον, (τμητόε, σίδηροε) cut down with iron.

**τοδί**, neut. of δδί.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε.

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ) bence, thence. II. bence, therefore, thereupon. τόθι, demonstr. Adv. there, in that place.

also for relat. őθι, where.

Toi, enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accordingly; also strengthening an assertion, in truth, in sooth, verily: it is often joined with other Particles: with ἄρα it coalesces by crasis into τἆρα, with ἄν into τάν, with μέντοι άν into μεντάν.

τοι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat sing. of σύ: always enclitic.

τοί, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom, plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. & and the Relat. 8s.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι, so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly

τοι-γαρ-οῦν Ion. τοι-γαρ-ῶν, strengthd form of τοιγάρ, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῖιν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of ὁ.

τοί-νῦν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle τοι, so then, therefore. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, further, moreover.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

τοίος, τοία Ιοπ. τοίη, τοίον: (from τοίο, old gen. of  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ):—of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like, Lat. talis, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. olos, interrog. ποίοs, and indefin. ποιώs correspond: rolos in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, the following. 2. Tolos c. inf., such as to do, i. e fit or able to do; τοιοι άμυνέμεν able to assist: cf. olos. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Adj. more prominent, so very, just, enεικής τοίος just of moderate size; κερδαλέος τοίος so III. Homer uses neut. Tolov as very crafty. Adv., so, thus, so very, so much.

τοιόσδε, τοιάδε Ιοη. τοιήδε, τοιόνδε: Att. also τοιοσδί, etc., like τοίοs, with stronger demonstr. sense, of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιούτοs properly refers; έτερος τοιόσδε just such another.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιούτο, Att. also τοιούτον: and in strengthd, form Att, τοιουτοσί, like τοίοs and τοιόσδε, of such kind, nature or quality: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, such as the foregoing: absol., έν τῷ τοιούτφ, έν τοίε τοιούτοιs in such a state of things: strengthd., τοιοῦτος ετερος: also in neut. ετερον τοιουτον, ετερα τοιαθτα.

τοιουτό-τροπος, ον, (τοιοῦτος, τρόπος) of such 2. fashion or kind, such like. Adv. -τρόπωs, after such a fashion.

τοιουτ-ώδης, εε, (τοιοῦτοε, είδοε) of such kind or

τοισθέσι and τοισθέσσι, τοισθέσσιν, Ep. forms

**τοίχ-aρχοs**,  $\delta$ , (τοίχοs,  $\delta \rho \chi \omega$ ) captain of the rowers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος,  $\delta$ , (τείχοε) the wall of a bouse or court, opp. to τείχοε, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb.,  $\delta$  εῦ πράττων τοίχοε, = 'the right side of the hedge.'

II. un plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρύχέω, f. ήσω, (τοιχωρύχου) to be a bouse-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence

τοιχωρύχία, ή, bousebreaking, burglary.

τοιχ-ωρύχος [v], δ, (τοιχος, δρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a bousehreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοίως, τοιώσδε, Advs. of τοίος, τοιόσδε.

τόκα, Dor. for τύτε

τοκάς, άδος, ή, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. foeta: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a honess with cubs; εκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

TOKETÓS,  $\delta_1 = T \acute{o} \kappa o s$ .

τοκεύς, έως, ό, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκῆες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, δ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, δ, (τεκείν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery.

2. offspring, young child, son. Il metaph, the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, 1. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τύκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

TO'ΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμα, ή, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. audacia: a bold or daring deed.

τολμάσεις, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε Dor. for τολμάτε: f. ήσω: (τόλμα) — to undertake, take beart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, bave the beart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμάν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμάν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. - άεις, Ep. contr. τολμῆς, ησσα, ην (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-bearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, ατος, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

**τολμηρόs**, ά, όν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp τολμηρότεροs. Adv. -ρωs, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρότατα.

τολμής, ήσσα, ήν, Ερ. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v. τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must ven-

τολμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturous man. τολμητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or bazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

το-λοιπόν or divisim το λοιπόν, (λοιπόν) as Adv., benceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολύπεύω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

TOΛΥΠΗ, ή, a clew ot ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [v] τομαίος, α, ον, also os, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ακου τομαίον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πημα τομών a

disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ή, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομή ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καθσιε καλ τομή cautery and the kufe.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl, τὰ τόμια (sc. lepá), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf.

τέμνω.

τομός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sbarp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sbarper: Sup. τομώτατος. τόμος, ό, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. It a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύζω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter; also of marticulate cries of animals. (Formed from

the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οί τόνοι τῶν κλινέων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals. the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretcbing, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος εξάμετρος hexameter mea-3. in Music, Tovol were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phry-III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νῦν, = τὸ νῦν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τύξον) to sboot with a bow: c. gen. to sboot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer. τόξ-αρχος,  $\delta$ , (τόξον, ἀρχω) master of the bow, a bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξόται at Athens.

τόξευμα, ατος, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; δσον τόξευμα ξεικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, 1. e. a bowshot.

II. collective in plur. for of τοξόται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τύξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινός to shoot at a mark.

metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow.

11. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξ-ήρης, εε, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the how.
2. of or for the how.

τοξικός, ή, όν, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ή τοξική (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-δάμας, αντος, δ, and τοξό-δαμνος, ον, (τόξον, δάμαω) subduing with the bow; τοξόδαμνος "Apps the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

**TO'EON**,  $\tau \delta$ , a bow, its arrows being δίστοι or loi, the string νευρά or νεῦρον: often in pl.  $\tau \delta \epsilon_a$ , because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the  $\pi \hat{\eta} \chi v s$  in the middle;  $\tau \delta \epsilon_a \tau \iota \tau a \iota \nu \epsilon v t$  od raw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon.  $\tau \delta \epsilon_b v$   $\delta \hat{\nu} \mu a$ , i. e. the Persians, is opp. to  $\lambda \delta \gamma \chi \gamma s \ lo \chi \delta s$ , i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see  $\tau \delta \delta \delta a \mu v o s$ . II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξο-ποιός, όν, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, ή, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-τοχής, ές, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow. τοξότης, ου,  $\delta$ , (τόξον) a bowman, archer. It at Athens, of τοξόται were the police, also called Σκύθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, ιδος, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξοτις χείρ an archer hand.

τοξ-ουλκός, όν, (τύξον, ἕλκω) drawing the bow; τοξουλκὸν λημα the spirit of archers, i.e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξο-φόρος, ον, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος,  $\delta$ , = τοξότης, an archer, bowman. τοπάζιον, τό, = τόπαζος.

**TO'ΠΑΖΟΣ**, δ, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, f. άσω, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

το-πάν, Adv., = τὸ πῶν, altogether, quite, wholly: εs τοπάν in general, for the mass.

το-πάραυτίκα, Adv., = αὐτίκα, immediately, on the instant.

το-πάροιθε,  $-\theta$ εν, Adv., = πάροιθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος.  $[\check{a}]$ 

τόπ-αρχος, δ, also  $\hat{\eta}$ , (τόπος, ἄρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a master or mistress

TOΠΟΣ, δ, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position.
3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus.
II. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

το-πρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

**το-πρόσθεν**, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

**το-πρώτον**, Adv., = τὸ πρώτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρευμα, τό, embossed work, work in relief. II. = τόρνευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

**τορεύs**, έω**s**, δ, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

**τορευτόs, ή, όν, verb.** Adj. of τορεύω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τορέω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone.

II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

\*TOPE'Ω, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ετορον, also aor. I ετόρησα, part. τορήσαs, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω:—to bore, pierce.

II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone.

Hence

τόρμος, ό, a bole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, δ, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ασπίς, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, f. σω, to turn, work with a lathe and chiel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

τόρνος, δ, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus.

11 a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόομαι, f. -ώσομαι, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνώσαντο σήμα they rounded off the barrow; έδαφος νηδε τορνώσεται ἀνήρ he will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορόs, ά, όν, (τείρω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II. of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

τοροτίγξ or τοροτίξ, imitation of a bird's note τορύνη,  $\eta$ , (τείρω) a surrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

τορύνω, (τορύνη) to stir, stir up or about. [v] τοσάκις Ερ. τοσσάκι [α]. Adv. (τύσος) so man

τοσάκις Ερ. τοσσάκι [α], Adv. (τύσος) so many times, so often.

τόσος Ερ. τόσσος, η, ον, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τρὶς τόσοι thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσσον are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much.

2. ἐκ τόσου so long since.

τοσόσ-δε Εp. τοσσόσ-δε,  $-\eta \delta \epsilon$ ,  $-\dot{v} \delta \epsilon$ ,  $= \tau \dot{v} \sigma o s$ , with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. Il.  $\tau \sigma \sigma \dot{v} \delta \epsilon$  Εp.  $\tau \sigma \sigma \dot{v} \dot{v} \delta \epsilon$ , as Adv, so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσουτ-άριθμος, ον, (τοσοῦτος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ἄ]

τοσοῦτος Εp. τοσσοῦτος, -αύτη, -οῦτο Att. -οῦτον, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσοῦτον, only so much, so much and no more; ἐs τοσοῦτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ἔτερον τοσοῦτο as great, as much or many again.

II. τοσοῦτο or -ον, Εp. τοσσοῦτο or -ον, as Adv, so much, so far.

τοσουτοσί, τοσαυτηί, τοσουτονί, Att. for τοσοῦτος. τοσσάκι and τοσσάκις, Adv. Ερ. for τοσάκις. [ἄ] τόσσας, in Dor. form τόσσαις, = τυχών, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυχάνω, to bit, bit upon.

τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσοῦτος. τόσσος, η, ον, Ερ. for τόσος.

τοσσόσ-δε  $-\eta$ -δε,  $-\delta\nu$ -δε, Ep. for τοσόσδε. **τοσσούτος,**  $-\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \eta$ ,  $- \dot{\nu} \tau \sigma$  and  $- \dot{\nu} \tau \dot{\nu} \tau \dot{\nu}$ , Ep. for τοσούτος. τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much. τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., aforetime, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time. 2. joined with other Particles, τότε δή, τότ' έπειτα, δή τότε γε. 3. with the Article, οί τότε people then living; έν τω τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat.  $\tilde{o}\tau\epsilon$  and interrog.  $\pi \delta \tau\epsilon$ . τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses,  $\tau \circ \tau \doteq \mu \acute{\epsilon} \nu \ldots$ ,  $\tau \circ \tau \grave{\epsilon} \delta \acute{\epsilon}$ , at one time ..., at another;  $\tau \circ \tau \acute{\tau} \dagger \tau \circ \tau \acute{\tau}$  at one time or other. **το-τέταρτον**, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπρωτον, etc. **το-τηνίκα**, or divisim τὸ τηνίκα, Adv., = τηνίκα. [ $\chi$ ] τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note. **το-τρίτον**, Adv.,  $= τ \dot{o}$  τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτέταρτον. [۲] τοῦ, gen. of Art. δ, and interrog. Pron. τίs. του, enclit, gen. of enclit. Pron τις. τούβολοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ. τούκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ. τούλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔλασσον. τούλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον. τούλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον. τούμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν. τούμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔμπαλιν. τουμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων. τούμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔμπροσθεν. τούμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές. τοῦμφῦλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔμφυλον. τούναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον. τούνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, tberefore. τοὐνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε. τοῦνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὅνομα. τούντεῦθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, benceforth. τοὐπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα. τούπος or τούπος. Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος. τουργον or τουργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον. τούρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ. τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II. so many times, so often. [ă]

τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον. τουτόθε Adv. (οὖτοs) bence, thence. τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὖτοs) thence. τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. ὄφρα. II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol, meantime, meanwhile. τρἄγὰλίζω, = τρώγω.

τουτεί, Adv., Dor. for ταύτη, in that direction, there,

Τράγακιςω, = τρωγω.
Τράγασαίος, α, ον, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ων τραγασαία φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγείν, to eat: and again τραγασαίου πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.

τράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

yonder.

τράγειος, α, ον, poët. for τράγεος: τραγείη (sub δορά), ή, a goai's skin. [ἄ] τρἄγ-έλἄφος, δ, (τράγος, ἔλαφος) the goat-stag, a

fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγεοs, α, ον, (τράγοs) of or from a be-goat; τραγή (sub. δορά), ή, a goat's skin. [ἄ]

τράγημα, ατος, τό, (τραγείν) mostly in plur. sweet-meats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τράγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in

Med. τραγηματίζομαι.

τράγικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\rho} \dot{\alpha} \gamma o s)$  of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγφδία): τραγικὸς  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \rho o s$  the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately. majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv.  $-\kappa \dot{\omega} s$ , in tragic style.

τράγίνος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a be-goat. τράγισκος, δ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ ,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\alpha} \gamma o s$ , κουρ $\dot{\alpha}$ ) of or for shearing be-goats.

τρ**ἄγό-κτονος**, ον, (τράγο**ς**, κτείνω) of slaughtered

τράγο-μάσχάλος, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with armputs smelling like a he-goat.

τράγό-πους, ποδος, ό, ή, (τράγος, πούς) goal-footed. τράγος, ό, (τράγεῖν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.

τράγο σκελής, ές, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-shanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πρᾶτος for πρῶτος. [ā] τρἄγωδέω, f. ήσω, (τραγωδός) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy.

II. metaph to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically Hence

τράγφδία, ή, a tragedy or beroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγφδόs.

τράγφδικός, ή, όν, (τραγφδός) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.

τράγφδο-διδάσκάλος, δ, (τραγφδός, διδάσκω) a tragic poet, who bimself trained the chorus and actors. τράγφδο-ποιός, όν, (τραγφδός, ποιέω) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγφδοποιός, δ, a tragic poet.

τράγ-φδόs, δ, (τράγοs, doιδόs contr. φίδόs) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγφδόs was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

TPA-NH'Z, és, piercing: metaph, clear, plain, distinct.

τράνός, ή, όν, collat, form of τρανής.
τράνόω, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.
τράνως, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.
τράπε, for έτραπε, Ep. 3 sing, aor. 2 of τρέπω. [d]
τρά-πεξα [τρά], ης, ή, a table, esp. a dining-table;
ξενίη τράπεζα the bospitable board; τραπέζη και κοίτη

δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. table, dinner, meal. II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from  $\tau \in \tau \rho \alpha$ ,  $\pi \in \langle \alpha \rangle$  acc. to others from  $\tau \rho \iota$ , πέζα: Horace speaks of mensa tripes.) Hence

τράπεζεύς, έως, δ, at or of a table; κύνες τραπεζήες

dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τράπεζιτεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τράπεζίτης [ι], ου, ό, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τράπεζιτικός, ή, όν, concerning a banker or banking. τράπείομεν, Ερ for τραπέωμεν, τραπώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τέρπω and τρέπω.

τράπεσδα, ή, Dor. for τράπεζα.

τράπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. mf. of τρέπω.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω.  $[\breve{a}]$ TPA ΠΕ'Ω, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τράπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπητέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [ă]

τράσιά, ή, (from ταρσός, as if ταρσιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίζω, f. ίσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

**TPAΥΛΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραθμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τύ, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, burt; ἀπὸ τοῦ τρώματος ἀποθνήσκειν to die of the wound. II. a burt, damage, as of ships. metaph, a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυμάτίας, ου, ό, Ion. τρωμ-, a wounded man. τραυματίζω Ion. τρωμ-, f. ίσω, (τραθμα) to wound. τράφέμεν, Ion. for τραφείν, 201. 2 mf of τρέφω: see τρέφω 111.

τράφεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτράφησαν 3 pl. aor. 2

pass, of τρέφω. [ἄ]

τράφερός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\tau\rho\dot{\epsilon}\phi\omega)$  like  $\tau\rho\dot{\omega}$ , well-fed, fat, solid, substantial:  $\tau \rho \alpha \phi \epsilon \rho \dot{\eta}$  (sub.  $\gamma \dot{\eta}$ ), as opp. to  $\dot{\nu} \gamma \rho \dot{\eta}$ , dry land, έπὶ τραφερήν τε καὶ ὑγρήν over dry land and sea: as Subst. οἱ τραφεροί οτ τὰ τραφερά, the fishes. τράφη [a], Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 pass. of τρέφω.

τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [α]

τράχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, barshly; τρηχέως περιεφθήναι to be roughly handled.

τράχήλια, τά, (τράχηλος) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

τράχηλιάω, (τράχηλοε) to arch the neck, as a pam-

pered horse: metaph, to be baughty, headstrong. τράχηλίζω, f. ίσω, (τράχηλοε) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τράχηλο-δεσμότης, ου, δ, (τράχηλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

TPA'XHΛΟΣ, o, the throat, neck. [ă]

Τράχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, îvos, ή, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύs). Hence

Toaxivios, a, or Ion. Tonxivios,  $\eta$ , or, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; al Tpaxiviai the Trachinian

women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τραχύνω Ιοη, τρηχύνω [υ]: f. υνω: pf. τετράχυκα: Pass., aor. Ι έτραχύνθην: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυμαι: (τραχύs):—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τραχὺς ὁ δημος just before, call them, make them rough.

TPA-XΥ'Σ Ion. τρηχύς, εία, ύ, rough, rugged:

metaph. rough, barsh, savage.

τραχύτης, ητος, ή, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit :- metaph. roughness, barshness. τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [ă]

τραχών, ωνος, δ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ιδος, Trachonitis, 1. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, οί, αί, τρία, τά; gen. τριών; dat. τρισί; acc. τρείs, τρία: -THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεισ-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τρια-καί-δεκα, τά, tbirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρείω, poet, for τρέω.

τρέμω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver. Il. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπτέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn. ΤΡΕ'ΠΩ Ιου. τράπω: Γ. τρέψω: 201. 1 έτρεψα: αοτ. 2 έτραπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor 2 ἐτρἄπόμην: Pass., aor. Ι ἐτρέφθην Ιοη. ἐτράφθην: aor. 2 έτράπην, whence Ep. 1 plur. τραπείομεν (for τραπέωμεν, τραπωμεν) : pf. τέτραμμαι, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqpf. έτετράμμην, Ep. 3 sing, τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο: -to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινά είε τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:-Pass. and Med. to turn, betake oneself, Lat. converts; ἐπὶ ἔργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀντ' ἡελίοιο τετραμμένοs turned towards the sun; τρέπισθαι ὁδόν to turn oneself to (i.e. take) a course; ποι τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; τρέπειν την όργην είς Tiva to divert anger on any one: Pass, and Med. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οίνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν είε φυγήν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight: -Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee: -Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee. IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent. V. to overturn, VI. to turn, apply to a purpose. τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, 201. I inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέπω.

aor. ι έθρεψα: Ep. aor. 2 έτραφον: pf. τέτροφα: Pass., aor. Ι έθρέφθην: aor. 2 έτράφην [ἄ]: pf. τέθραμμαι and  $\tau \in \theta \rho \in \mu \mu \alpha i$ , inf.  $\tau \in \theta \rho \in \theta \alpha i : -to make firm or$ solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέψαι to curdle milk; τυρον τρέφειν to make cheese:-Pass., with intr. pf. act. τέτροφα, to become firm, curdle, congeal. II. commonly, to nourtsb, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med to rear for oneself:-Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, 2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: τρέφειν κόμην to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. comam alere: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. nutrire, alere: hence poet, to contain, bave. III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. ἔτραφον in intrans. or pass. sense, as, ἔτραφε for ἐτράφη, ἐτραφέτην for ἐτραφήτην, ιιιf. τραφέμεν (Att.  $\tau \rho a \phi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ ) =  $\tau \rho a \phi \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota$ .

ΤΡΕ'ΧΩ Dor. τράχω [ἄ]: fut. θρέξομαι: acr. 1 ἔθρεξα: but more commonly (from Root \*ΔΡΕ'ΜΩ), fut. δράμοῦμαι Ion. δραμέομαι poèt. δράμοῦμαι: acr. 2 ἔδράμου: pf δεδράμηκα [ἄ] poet. δέδρομα:—to run, Lat. currere: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over. 3. c. acc. cognato, τρέχειν δρόμον to run a course; metaph., ἀγῶνας δραμεῖν περί ελυτοῦ to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or ἀγῶνα, to run a risk or chance, as τρέχειν περί τῆς ψυχῆς to run a race for one's life; also, παρ' ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικῶν he was within one

bout of carrying off the victory

τρέψειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt of τρέπω.

TPE'Ω poet. τρείω, inf. τρεῖν: f. τρέσω: aor. I ἔτρεσα Ερ. τρέσσα:—to tremble, quake, csp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: δ τρέσσα the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc. τρῆμω, ατος, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or

bored through: a bole, aperture.

τρημάτόεις, εσσα, εν, (τρημα) with many boles,

porous.
τρήρων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρέω) fearful, timorous, sby.

τρηρων, ωνος, ο, η, (τρεω) jearjui, itimorous, soy. epith. of doves (πέλειαι οτ πελειάδες): hence later as Subst., τρήρων,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πέλεια, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of τιτράω.

τρητόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , verb. Adj. of τιτράω, bored or pierced through; τρ $\hat{\eta}$ τα λέχεα bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχαλίος, η, ον, poët. for τρηχύς, τραχύς.

τρηχύς, εία, ύ, Ion. for τραχύς: Adv. τρηχέως, Sup. τρηχύτατα.

τρί-, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. ter.

τρία, neut. from τρείε.

τριάζω, f. άσω, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until be bad thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, δια τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι to be utterly undone.

τρίωνα, ή, (τρία) Lat. tridens, a trident, the attri- pleasant life in the spending.

TPE/ΦΩ Acol. and Dor. τράφω [α]: fut θρέψω: bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear. or. 1 ἔθοεψα: Ερ. 201. 2 ἔτοαφου: pf. τέτοοφα: Pass... Hence

τριαινόω, f. ώσω, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overthrow; τριαινοῦν τὴν γῆν δικέλλη to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριᾶκάs Ep. and Ion. τριηκάs, άδοs, ή, (τρεῖs, τρία), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. τριακάδεs. III. also any drussion of thirty.

τριακονθ-άμματος, ον, (τριάκοντα, άμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριακονθ-ήμερος Ιοπ. τριηκοντήμερος Dor. τριακοντάμερος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ήμέρα) of ibiriy days.

τριάκοντα Ep and Ion τριήκοντα, οἱ, αἰ, τά, indecl (τρεῖs, τρία), Lat TRIGINTA, thurty. II. as Subst. οἱ τριάκοντα: I at Sparta, the council of thurty, assigned to the kings. 2 at Atheus, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C 404).

τριακοντά-ετής Ion. τριηκ-, ές, (τριάκοντα, έτος):
—thirty years old. II of or lasting thirty years:
also fem έτις, ιδος:—Att. contr. τριακοντούτης, ές:
fem. τριακοντούτις, ιδος, whence τριακοντούτιδες
σπονδαί a thirty years' truce.

τριακοντά-ζύγος, ου, (τριάκουτα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριακοντ-αρχία, ή, (τριάκοντα, ἄρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. τριάκοντα 11. 2.

τριακοντ-όργυιος, ον, (τριάκοντα, όργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριακόντορος Ion. τριηκόντερος, ov, with thirty oars:—as Subst. τριακόντορος (sub. ναύς), ή, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριακοντ-ούτης, εs, see τριακονταετήs.

τριακοντ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of τριακοντόργυιος.

τριακόσιοι Ion. τριηκόσιοι, αι, α, (τρείs, τρία) three bundred, Lat. triceni.

τριακοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (τριακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οι τριακοσιομέδιμνοι those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian  ${\rm Im}\pi\epsilon i {\rm S}$ .

τριακοστός Ion. τριηκ-, ή, όν, (τριάκοντα) the thirtieth: ή τριακοστή (sub. μοιρα), a duty of one thirtieth. τριακτήρ, ήρος, ό, (τριάζω) a conqueror: see τριάζω.

τρι-άρμενος, ον, (τρία, άρμενα) with three sails, τριάς, άδος, η, (τρεῖς) the number three, a triad. τριάσοω, άfω, = τριάζω.

τρίβακός, ή, όν, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. tritus: ή τριβακή a threadbare coat: cf. τρίβων.

Τρτβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελήs, έs, (τρι-, βέλοs) three-pointed.

τριβή, ή, (τριβήναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; βίος οὐκ ἄχαρις ἐς τὴν τριβήν a pleasant life in the spending.

2. a busying oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.
3. that about which one is busied, the object of one's care.
4. delay, putting off, evasion; ès τριβάs èλᾶν to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβάs ἔτι no more delays.

τρίβηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of  $\tau \rho i \beta \omega$ .

τρίβολ-εκτράπελος, ον, (τρίβολος, ἐκτραπελός) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτράπελα unmannerly, coarse jests. [ $\check{a}$ ]

τρί-βολος, ον, (τρί-, βαλεῖν) three-pointed, threepronged. II. as Subst., τρίβολος, δ. 1. a prickly plant, burr. 2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes. 3. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τρίβοs,  $\hat{\eta}$ , also  $\hat{o}$ ,  $(τριβ\hat{\eta}νaι)$  a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, highway. 2. metaph a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like τρ $\hat{\mu}$ lim. metaph. practice. 2. delay.

τρίψι». III. metaph. practice.
ΤΡΙ'ΒΩ [τ], f. τρίψω: 20τ. 1 ἔτριψα, inf. τρίψα: 2 τρίβήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. τετρίψομαι, also fut. med. τρίψομαι in pass. sense: 20τ. Ι ἐτρίφθην: 20τ. 2 ἐτρίβην [τ]: pf. τέτριμμαι:-to rub: esp, to rub corn, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, brusse: to rub a thing in or on another; μύχλον τρίψαι ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσον βασάνον τρίβειν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: 2. of Time, of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. to wear away, spend; τρίβειν βίον to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. to wear or use :- Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τρίβωμες [i], Dor. for τρίβωμεν, I pl subj. of τρίβω. τρίβων [i], ωνος, ὁ, (τριβῆναι) α worn garment, threadbare cloak.

II. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc.

absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τρίβωνικως, Adv. (τρίβων) in the fashion of a τρίβων, cloak-wise.

τρίβώνιον, τό, Dim of τρίβων, a small cloak, a cape. τρί-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

TPI ΓΛΑ, ή, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

**τρί-γληνοs**, ον, (τρι-, γλῆνοs) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, ον, (τρίγλα, φέρω) catching mullets. τρί-γλύφος, ον, (τρί-, γλύφω) thrice-cloven: as Subst., τρίγλυφος, ή, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρί-γλώχις, ινος, δ, ή, (τρι-, γλωχίς) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, δ, = τρισμόε.

τρίγονία, ή, the third generation. From

τρί-γονος, ον, (τρί-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τρίγονοι κόραι three daughters. τρί-γωνος, ον, (τρί-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τρίγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [Γ]

τρί-δουλος, ον, (τρί-, δούλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave.

τρί-δραχμος, ον, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δύστηνος, ov, thrice wretched.

τρι-έλικτος, ον, (τρι-, έλίσσω) thrice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

**τρι-έμβολος**, ον, (τρι-, ἔμβολον) with or like three ships' beaks.

τρι-έσπερος, ον, (τρι-, έσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, ίδος, (τρι-, έτος) fem. Adj triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἐορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, ου, ὁ, (τρι-, έτος) of three years, three years old. Adv. τρίετες, three years long.

τριετία, ή, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. triennium.

τρι-ζύγής, ές, and τρί-ζύγος, ον, and τρί-ζύζ, "νγος, 'ο, 'η, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

**TPI'ZΩ**, f. τρίξω; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense, part. τετριγώς, Ep. pl. τετριγώτες for τετριγύτες; plqpf. ἐτετρίγειν Ep. τετρίγειν, with sense of impf:—of animals and birds, to make a sbrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετρίγει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. stridere. (Formed from the sound)

τριηκάς, άδος, ή, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion for τριακ. τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ήμι-, πούs) three balf feet, i.e. a foot and balf.

τριηραρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a τριήραρχοs, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχέν νηόs to be captain of a ship.

II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ή, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme. II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence τριηραρχικός, ή, όν, fitted for a trierarch or his office.

τριήρ-apxos, δ, (τριήρηs, ἄρχω) the captain of a trireme. II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αύλης, ου, ό, (τριήρης, αὐλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. εος Ion. ευς; acc. εα, η: plur., nom. εες, εις: gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρών: (τρίς, άρδρεῖν or ἐρέσσω): properly an Adj. thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναῦς), ή, Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called θαλάμιοι, the middle ζυγίται, and the topmost θρανίται; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times quadriremes (τετρήρειε), quinqueremes (πεντήρειε), etc., came into use.

τρι-ηρίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\tau \rho i \dot{\eta} \rho \eta s)$  one who serves on board a trireme.

τριηρο-ποιόs, όν, (τρἴήρηs, ποιέω) building triremes. τρἴ-κάρηνοs, ον, (τρἴ-, κάρηνον) three-beaded. [κἄ] τρἴ-κέφάλοs, ον, (τρἴ-, κεφαλή) three-beaded.

τρί-κλίνος, ον, (τρι-, κλίνη) with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst., τρίκλινος (sc. οἶκος), δ, like the Roman triclinium, a duning-room with three couches; also τρίκλινον, τό. τρί-κλωστος, ον, (τρι-, κλώθω) thrice spun.

τρἴ-κόρῦθος, ον, and τρί-κορυς,  $\ddot{v}\theta$ ος,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $(\tau \rho\iota -, \kappa \dot{v}\rho vs)$  with triple plume.

τρί-κόρωνος, ον, (τρί-, κορώνη) thrice a crow's age. τρί-κράνος, ον, (τρι-, κράνον) three-beaded, with triple crest.

τρι-κύάθος, ον, (τρι-, κύαθος) bolding three κύαθοι. τρι-κυμία,  $\eta$ , (τρι-, κυμα) the third wave, a huge, overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακυμία) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph., τρικυμία κακῶν a flood of evils.

τρίλ-λιστος, ον, poet, for τρίλιστος, (τρι-, λίσσομαι) thrice prayed for, i e. often or earnestly prayed for.

τρίλογία, ή, (τρί-, λόγοs) a trilogy; see τετραλογία. τρίλοφία, ή, a triple crest. From

τρί-λοφος, ον, (τρί-, λόφος) with three crests.

τρί-μάκαρ, -μακαίρα, (τρί-, μάκαρ) thrice-blessed. τρί-μετροs, ον, (τρί-, μέτρον) of verses, consisting of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; τόνος τρίμετροs trimeter iambic verse.

τρί-μηνος, ον, (τρί-, μήν) of three months, three months old: η τρίμηνος a period of three months.

**τρίμμα**, ατος, τό, (τρίβω) that which is rubbed: metaph., like τρίβων, a practised, backneyed knave.

τριμμός,  $\delta$ , (τρίβω) a beaten road, like τρίβος. τρίμοιρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , triple pay. From

τρί-μοιρος, ον, (τρί-, μοῖρα) threefold, triple. τρί-μορφος, ον, (τρί-, μορφή) three-formed, triple:

Μοίραι τρίμορφοι the three fates.

Τρτν-ακρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho \iota$ -,  $\dot{\alpha} \kappa \rho a)$  epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories ( $\dot{\alpha} \kappa \rho a \iota$ ): also written Τρινακία Ion.  $-i\eta$  (from  $\tau \rho i \nu a \xi$ ).

Τρτνάκριος, α, ον, of Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian. τριν-αξ, ακος, ή, (τρις, ἀκή) a trident.

τριξός, ή,  $\ell \nu$ , Ion. for τρισσός, threefold, triple; so διξύς for δισσύς.

τρί-οδος, ή, (τρι -, όδός) a meeting of three roads, three cross-roads. Lat. trivium.

τρι-όδους, -όδοντος, ό, ή, (τρι-, όδούς) with three teeth: as Subst., τριόδους, ό, a trident.

τρι-όργυιος, ον, (τρι-, ὄργυια) three fathoms long. τρι-όροφος, ον, = τριώροφος.

τρι-όρχης, ov, δ, and τρί-ορχος, ov, δ,  $(τρι-, \~ρχις)$  a kind of falcon or kite.

τριοτό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρί-πάλαι, Adv. (τρἴ-, πάλαι) thrice long since, i. e. very long ago.

τρι-πάλαιστος, ον, (τρι-, παλαιστή) ibree bands broad, long, etc.

τρί-παλτος, ον, (τρί-παλλω) thrice-brandished; metaph. furious, fierce.

τρι-πάνουργος, ον, (τρι-, πάνοῦργος) trebly a rogue. τριπάχυιος, ον, Dor. for τριπήχυς, q. v.

τρι-πέτηλος, ον, (τρι-, πέτηλον) three-leafed.

τρί-πηχυς, v, gen.  $\epsilon$ os,  $(\tau \rho_i -, \pi \hat{\eta} \chi vs)$  three cubits long. τρί-πίθήκινος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\tau \rho_i -, \pi i\theta \eta \kappa os)$  thrice apish. τρίπλαξ, άκος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho is)$  triple, threefold, Lat.

triplex. [t]
τρεπλάσιος, α, ον, (τρι-) tbrice as many, tbrice as
much, tbrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as
Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ tbrice as much as you.

τρί-πλεθρος, ον, (τρι-, πλέθρον) three plethra long. τρίπλη, ν. τριπλοος.

τριπλοιστός, όν, (τριπλός) made threefold, tripled, trebled

τρίπλόος, η, ον contr. τριπλοῦς,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν, (τρεῖs) triple, threefold. Adv.  $-\pi\lambda\hat{\omega}s$ , but dat. fem. τριπλ $\hat{\eta}$  is also used as Adv, triply, trebly.

τριπόδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of τρίπουs.

τρί-πόδης, ου, δ, (τρί-, πούς) three feet long.

τρι-πόθητος, ον, (τρι-, ποθέω) thrice longed for, much or earnestly desired

τρί-πολις, εωε Ion. ιος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τρῖ-, πόλις) with three cities; cf. δεκάπολις.

**τρ** $\mathbf{i}$ - $\mathbf{n}$ **όλ** $\mathbf{i}$ σ**τοs**,  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\mathbf{\tau}$  $\mathbf{\rho}$  $\mathbf{i}$ - $\mathbf{n}$   $\mathbf{o}$ λ $(\mathbf{i}$  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{o}$ ) thrice-built, triply or firmly founded.

τρί-πολος, ον, (τρί-, πολέω) thrice turned up or ploughed, hearing three crops in a year, of corn land.

τρι-πόνητος, ον, (τρι-, πονέω) thrice-worked: έρις τριπόνητος a dispute between three labourers.

τρί-πορθος, ον, (τρζ., πορθέω) thrice wasted.

τρί-πος, ου, δ, poet. for τρίπους. [τ]

τρί-πους, -ποδος, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, (τρί-, πούς) three footed, three-legged or with three-feet: measuring three feet.

II. going on three feet; proverb. of an

old man who leans on a staff, τρίποδαs όδοὺς στείχει. 2. as Subst., τρίπους, δ, a tripod, a threefooted brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples. 3. the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.

τρί-πράτος, ον, (τρί-, πιπράσκω) thrice sold.
τριπτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (τρίβω) a rubber or tool for rubbing

with, a pestle.
τρίπτης, ου, ό, (τρίβω) a rubber, shampooer.

Τρι-πτόλεμος, δ, Triptolemus, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πτύχος, ον, (τρι-, πτύσσω) consisting of three layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply three. τρί-πωλος, ον, (τρί-, πώλος) of or with three horses.

τρίρ-ρυμος, ον, (τρι-, ρυμός) with three poles, i. e. with four horses abreast.

τρίε, Adv. of τρεῖε, tbrice, tbree times, Lat. ter; τρὶε τόσοε tbrice as much; ἐε τρίε up to tbree times: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like Lat. ter, and our tbrice. Proverb., τρὶε ἐξ βάλλειν to throw tbrice six, i. e. the highest throw (there being three dice), hence to bave tbe best luck. [τ]

τρίσ-άθλιος, a, ov, thrice-unhappy.

τρίσ-άλαστος, ov, thrice-tormented.

τρίσ-άριθμος, ον, thrice-numbered.

τρίσ-άσμενος, η, ον, tbrice-pleased, i.e. well-contented.

τρίσ-άωροs, ov, very untimely.

τρισ-δείλαιος, ον, = τρισάθλιος.

τρισ-δύστηνος, ον, trebly, i. e. very, miserable.

τρίσ-εινάς, άδος, ή, (τρίς, ἐννεάς) sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 20th.

τρϊ-σέληνος, ον, (τρι-, σελήνη) of three moons or nights.

τρισ-έπαρχος, δ, (τρίς, ἔπαρχος) thrice an overseer. τρισ-θάνής, ές, (τρίς, θανεῖν) thrice worthy of death. τρισ-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, = τρεισκαίδεκα.

τρισκαιδεκά-πηχυς, v, gen. εσε, thirteen cubits high, long, etc.

τρισκαιδεκα-στάσιος, ον, (τρισκαίδεκα, ιστημ) of thirteen times the weight or value. [στά]

τρισκαιδέκάτος, η, ον, (τρισκαίδεκα) the thirteenth. τρισκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, ό, fem. τρισκαιδεκέτις, ιδος, (τρισκαίδεκα, έτος) of thirteen years, thirteen years ald. τρισ-κάκοδαίμων, ον, gen. ovos, thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.

τρί-σκαλμος, ον, (τρί-, σκαλμός) with three benches of rowers;  $v\hat{\eta}$ ες τρίσκαλμοι = τριήρεις.

τρισ-κατάρατος, ον, (τρίς, καταράομαι) thrice accursed.

τρισ-κοπάνιστος, ον, (τρίς, κοπανίζω) thrice struck; άρτος τρισκοπάνιστος thrice-kneaded bread

τρίσ-μάκαρ, fem. -μάκαιρα, gen. -μάκαροε, δ, ή, (τρίε, μάκαρ) thrice blest; τρισμάκαρεε καὶ τετράκιε, Virgil's terque quaterque beati.

τρισ-μάκάριος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , = τρίσμακαρ.

**τρισμός,** δ, (τρίζω) a squeaking: a squeak.

τρισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τρίε, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000: also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, τρισμυρία επποε thirty thousand horse. [v]

τρισμῦριό-πάλαι, (τρισμύριοι, πάλαι) Adv. thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, ου, δ, (τρίς, 'Ολυμπιονίκης) thrice victorious at Olympia. [νί]

τρι-σπίθαμος, ον, (τρι-, οπιθαμή) three spans long.
τρι-σπονδος, ον, (τρι-, σπονδή) thrice-poured, forming a triple libation of drink-offering.

τρισσάκις, Adv. (τρίε) thrice, three times. [ἄ] τρισσάτιος, η, ον, poet. for τρισσόε. [ἄ] τρισσόθεν, Adv. (τρισσόε) from three sides.

τρισσός Att. τριττός Ion. τριξός, ή, όν, like δισσός, διξός, (τρίς) threefold, Lat. triplex: in plur. = τρεῖς. Adv. -σως, three times.

τρισσο-φαής, έε, and τρισσό-φωτος, ον, (τρίε, φάοε, φῶs) in a threefold light.

τρί-στεγος, ον, (τρι-, στέγη) of or with three stories: τὸ τρίστεγον (sub. οἴκημα), the third story.

τρι-στοιχεί or -χί [τ], Adv. of τρίστοιχος, in three

τρί-στοιχος, ον, (τρι-, στοίχος) in three rows. τρί-στομος, ον, (τρι-, στόμα) three-mouthed.

three-edged or three-pointed.  $\tau$ por-xillon, at, a,  $(\tau \rho is, \chi i \lambda_{10})$  three thousand: also in sing, with a collective Subst.,  $\tau \rho_1 \sigma \chi_1 \lambda_1 ia$  innot 3000 horse.  $[\chi_1^2]$ 

τρί-σώματος, ον, (τρι-, σωμα) with three bodies, Lat. tricorpor.

τριτάγωνιστέω, f. ήσω, to be a τριταγωνιστήs, to play third-rate characters. From

τρίτ-ἄγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (τρίτος, ἀγωνιστής) the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer.

τρίταιος, α, ον, (τρίτος) of time, in three days, on the third day; τριταιοι εγένοντο they arrived on the third day.

2. three days old; τριταιος γενόμενος after being three days dead.
3. three days ago.
4. generally for τρίτος, third.

τρι-τάλαντος, ον, (τρι-, τάλαντον) of three talents weight or worth. [τά]

τρἴ-τάλῶς, τάλαινα, τάλἄν, (τρι-, τάλας) thrice-wretched. [τἄ]

τρἴ-τάνυστος, ον, (τρι-, τανύω) triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long.

**τρίτἄτος**, η, ον, poét. lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσσατος for μέσος. [τ]

τρίτη-μόριοs, α, ον, (τρίτοs, μόροs) equal to a third part, forming a third part: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (sub. μόριον), τό, a third part.

τρίτη-μορίς, ίδος, ή, like τριτημόριον, a third part. τρίτο-βάμων  $[\bar{a}]$ , ον, gen. ονος, (τρίτος, βαίνω) going as third, forming a third foot.

Τρῖτο-γένεια, ή, the Trito-born, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τρῖτωνίε in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, έος, ή, = Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκέω, to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth. From

**τρι-τόκος**, ον, (τρι-, τεκεῖν) bearing thrice or three at a birth

τρίτος, η, ον, (τρίς, τρείς) the third, Lat. tertius; τρίτος έλθεῖν to come as third, i.e. with two others; τρίτος γενέσθαι to be third in a race; ἐε τρίτην ήμέραν on the third day, i.e. the day after to τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτον as Adv. thirdly, also το τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτου or ἐκ τρίτον, in the third place.

III. τὰ τρίτο λέγειν τινί to play the third part to any one, like τριταγωνιστεῖν τινι. [τ]

τρίτό-σπονδος, ον, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρίσπονδος, crowned with triple libation; τριτόσπονδος alών a life

in which one pours the third libation (to Zeùs Σωτήρ), i.e. a life without drawback.

τρίτό-σπορος, ον, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτύσπορος γονή the third generation. τριττός, ή, όν, Att. for τρισσός.

τριττύς, ύος, ή, also τριτύς, (τρείς) the number three, Lat. ternio. II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman su-ove-taurilia). III. at Athens, a third of the ψυλή or tribe.

Tρίτων, ανοs, δ, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrite.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis.

II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [ $\bar{\imath}$ ] Hence

Τριτωνιάς, άδος, ή, like Τριτωνίς, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτωνιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τρῖτωνίς, ίδος, ἡ, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena.

2. epith. of Minerva.

τρἴφάσιος, α, ον, (τρεῖς) threefold, Lat. triplex: also simply three. [α]

τρι-φίλητος Dor. -āτος, ον, (τρι-, φίλεω) thrice-beloved.

τρί-φυλλον, τό, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover. τρί-φῦλος, ον, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα οι τριχ $\hat{\mathbf{q}}$ , Adv. (τρί $\mathbf{s}$ ) threefold, in three parts, Lat. trifariam: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτό $\mathbf{s}$  in the thril watch of the mght; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [ $\mathbf{r}$ ]

τρι-χάϊκες [i], oi, the threefold people, i.e the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τρί-χάλεπτος, ον, (τρι-, χαλέπτω) very angry. τρί-χάλος, ον, Dor. for τρί-χηλος, (τρί-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, αί, nom pl. of θρίξ. [τ]

τριχή, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ] Hence

τριχθάδιος, a, ov, threefold. [ă]

τρίχινος,  $\eta$ , ον, (θρίξ) of or from bair. [τρί] τρίχις, ίδοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like bair, whence its name.

τριχό-βρως, ωτος, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω)) eating bair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, bair-eaters, i. c. moths.

τρι-χοινίκος, ον, (τρί , χοινιέ) bolding three χοίνικεε: τριχοίνικον έπος a most capacious word.

τρι-χόλωτος, ον, (τρι-, χολόω) thrice-detested.
τριχό-μαλλος, ον, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like bair.

τρίχορρυέω, f. ήσω, to shed or lose the hair. From τρίχορ-ρύήs, έs, (θρίξ, ρέω) shedding or losing the hair.

**τριχόs**, gen. of  $\theta \rho l \xi$ .

τρίχου, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρί-χρωμος, ον. (τρί-, χρωμα) three-coloured.
τρίχωμα, ατος, τό, (τρίχόω) a growth of hair, shock
of hair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημερέω, f. ήσω, (τρίβω, ήμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. terere tempus.

τρῦψις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho i \beta \omega)$  a rubbing, friction. II. firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.  $\tau \rho i \psi \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $\alpha i$ , potted meat.

goat τρι-ώβολον, τό, (τρι-, ὀβολόs) a three-obol piece, III. i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's don sitting in court.

τρί-ώροφος, ον, (τρι-, ὀροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst, τριώροφον, τό, the third story.

τριώρυγος, ον, more correct Att. form of τριόργυιος. Τροίαθεν Ιοπ. –ηθεν οτ –θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy. Τροίανδε Ιοπ. –ηνδε, (Τροία) Adv to Troy.

Tροία Ion. Τροίη, ή, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

**τρομέοιατο**, Ion. for τρομέοιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. ot τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor and Ep for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω. 2. dat, pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερόs, ά, ών, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, f. ήσω, (τρόμοs) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid.

II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος,  $\delta$ , (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub. πνοή), ή, (τροπαίοs) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit.

2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον lon τροπαΐον, τό, properly neut. of τροπαΐος; a tropby, Lat. tropaeum, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc, taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στησαι οι στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up tropbies.

τροπαίος, α, ον, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοί τροπαίοι the gods who caused the defeat; Εκτορος όμμασι τροπαίοι terrible to the eyes of Hector. III. turning away, averting, Lat. averruncus.

τροπαιο-φόρος, ον, (τρόπαιον, φέρω) bearing tropbies. τροπάλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλίς, ίδος, ή, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet, form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, ή, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαί ἡελίοιο the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαί θεριναί and χειμεριναί. Lat. solstitium and bruma.

If the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινος ποιείν οι ποιείσθαι to put one to flight; èν τροπή δορόs in the rout of the spear.

2. (from Pass. τρε-

of a rowlock.

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. conversio in fugam.
 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, δ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικός, ή, όν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: δ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή.

II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

**τρόπις**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ep. gen. τρόπιος or –ιδος; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω):—a sbip's keel: metaph.,  $\dot{\eta}$  τρόπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, δ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρόπφ τοιφδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρόπφ in no wise; παντί τρόπφ by all means; έκουσίφ τρόπφ willingly; τρόπφ φρενός according to one's way or bumour; έν τρόποις 'Ifiovos after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρόπον in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρόπον in barbarous fasb-3. EK Tartos Tpónou by all means. of persons, a way of life, babit, custom: a man's babits, character, temper; οὐ τοὐμοῦ τρόπου not after my taste; πρόε τοῦ Κύρου τρόπον suitably to his tem-IV. in Music, a particular mode. τροπός, ό, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead

**τροπο-φορέω**, f. ήσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπόω, f. ώσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπόε): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

**τροπωτήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = τροπόs, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφαλίς, ίδος, ή, (τρέφω) fresb cheese.

τροφεία, τά, (τροφείω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother.

II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, έως, δ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ὧ τροφής έμοί ye who have fed me.

τροφέω, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, η, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίου τροφή a livelibood, living: one's means of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals.

III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τρόφιμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (τροφή) nourisbing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen.,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  τρόφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourisbed, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

τρόφις, ό, ή, τρόφι, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρόφι κύμα a buge, swollen wave. τροφόεις, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, buge.

τροφός, ὁ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse. τροφο-φορέω, f. ἡσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourisbment to, maintain, support.

**Τροφώνιοs**,  $\delta$ , the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along.  $\lceil \breve{\alpha} \rceil$ 

τροχάζω, f. άσω, (τρόχοs) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχαίοs, α, ον, (τρόχοs) running, tripping: in prosody, δ τροχαίοs (sc. πούs) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχάλός, ή, όν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round. τροχηλάτέω, f. ήσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ήλ&τος, ον, τροχός, ἐλαύνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τροχύs) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ίσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture

τροχίλία,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho o \chi \dot{o} s)$  a pulley, Lat. trochlea. τροχίλος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\tau \rho \dot{e} \chi \omega)$  a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick  $\beta \delta \dot{e} \lambda$ λαι out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small landbird, the wren. [7]

προχιός, ά, όν, (τροχός) running round or quickly.
πρόχις, ιος and εως, ό, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.
προχο-δινέω, f. ήσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-ειδής, ές, (τροχός, είδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular. τροχοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιόs, όs, (τροχόs, ποιέω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιόs, δ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οῦ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. Graecus trochus. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution.
2. a place for running.
ΤΡΥΒΛΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρῦγὰω, f. ἡσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or barvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγῶν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμας τρυγῶν (sc. ἀμπέλους) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [τ], ή, (τρύγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc. II. a gathering of such fruits, άμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρύγητήρ, ηροε, ὁ, (τρυγάω) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

**τρύγητος**,  $\delta$ , (τρῦγάω) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage.

2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρῦγήτρια,  $\hat{\eta}$ , fem. of τρυγητήρ, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\nu} \gamma \eta, \phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega)$  wine-bearing. τρύγικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ , όν,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon})$  made of lees. II. =  $\tau \rho \nu$ -

γφδικύs, of or for comedy. τρύγο-δαίμων, ovos, ὁ, (τρύξ, δαίμων) for τρυγφδύs,

with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.
τρύγ-οιπος, ό, (τρύξ, ἶπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [v]

τρύγόφεν, Ερ. for τρυγφεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγάω. ΤΡΥΤΩ, to dry.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

τρῦγ-φδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τρυγφόόs) = κωμφδία, comedy. Hence τρῦγ-φδικόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , = κωμφδικόs, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρύγ-φδόs,  $\delta$ , (τρύξ, φδή) a must-singer or leessinger; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise. afterwards called κωμφδύs when their performance assumed a more regular character.

 $\tau \rho \bar{\nu} \gamma \dot{\omega} v$ ,  $\dot{\nu} v o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\nu} \dot{\zeta} \omega)$  the turtle-dove, named from its cooling.

its cooing.

**TPY'ZΩ**, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρῦμαλιά,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\nu} \omega) = \tau \rho \dot{\nu} \mu \eta$ : the eye of a needle. τρύμη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\nu} \omega)$  a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave.  $[\bar{\nu}]$ 

τρύξ, ή, gen. τρῦγος, (τρύγω) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρύπἄνον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

τρύπάω, f. ήσω: pf pass. τετρύπημαι: (τρύπη):—
to bore, pierce through, perforate; ῶτα τετρυπημένα
ears pierced for earrings; ψῆψος τετρυπημένη the
pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through tt).
τρύπη, ή, (τρύω) a hole.

τρύπημα, aros, τό, (τρῦπάω) that which is bored, a hole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρῦπφ, contr. for τρυπάοι, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω. τρῦσφωνο, oρos,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (τρύω, ἀν $\eta$ ρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, barassing.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

τρουτίκος οιι, men, but ussing. [α] τρουτίκος, ον, (τρόω, βίοs) wearing out life. [στ] ΤΡΥΤΑ'ΝΗ, η, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutina. [α]

τρυ-φάλεια, ή, a belmet. (Prob. from τρύω and φάλοs, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλοs.)

τρῦφάω, f. ήσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ῶσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself bigb, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρυφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερόs) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφερανθείε, with a fastidious air.

τρύφερόs, ά, όν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. το τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρωs, voluptuously.

τρυφερότης, ητος, ή, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury. τρυφή, ή, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρυφηλός, ή, όν, poet. for τρυφερός

τρύφημα, ατοι, τό, (τρϋφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.
τρυφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρύφος, εος, τό, (τρυφηναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [v]

τρῦχηρός, ά, όν, (τρῦχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρύχνος,  $\delta_1 = \sigma \tau \rho \dot{\nu} \chi \nu \sigma s$ , rough, rugged.

τρῦχος,  $\epsilon$ ος, τό, (τρύχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, sbred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence τρῦχόω, rare form of τρύχω.

τρύχω, f. fω, (τρύω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of bouse and bome. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, barass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρύχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen, τρύχεσθαί τινοs to waste or pine away for some one.  $[\vec{v}]$ 

TPΥ'Ω, chiefly in pf. pass. τέτρῦμαι, patt. τετρῦ-μένος, inf. τετρῦσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, barass, afflict, vex; τετρῦσθαι ές τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to bave been ground down to the extreme of misery. [v̄] Τρωάς, άδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρώς, a Trojan woman.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc.  $[\gamma \tilde{a}]$ 

τρώγλη, ή, (τρώγω) a bole.

the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ό, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into holes; of Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwelt in holes or caves. [v] τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into holes.

τρωγοίσας, Dor. for τρωγούσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω. ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώξομαι: aor. 1 έτρωξα: aor. 2 έτράγον: Pass., aor. 2 έτράγην [ἄ]: pf. τέτρωγμαι:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλια.

Τρωικός, ή, όν, (Τρώs) of Troy, Trojan. Τρώιος, η, ον, Ερ. for Τρφός, Trojan: fem. Τρωάς, άδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτό».

τρώκτης, ου, δ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called τρῶκται, greedy knaves; so as Adj., τρῶκ- to thee. ται χείρες greedy, grasping hands. λέγουσι

τρωκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, gnawed, nibbled at: of vegetables, fruit, etc., eaten raw, eatable: neut. τρωκτά, τά, as Subst., = τρωγάλια.

τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματίης, Ion. for τραυμτρώμη Dor. τρώμα, ή, = τρώμα, Ion. for τραῦμα, τρώξις, κως, ή, (τρώγω) a gnawing.

**Τρφόs**, ά, όν, contr. for **Τρώιοs**, (**Τρώs**) *Trojan*. **Τρωο-φθόροs**, ον, (**Τρώs**,  $\phi\theta\epsilon$ ίρω) destructive to the *Trojans* or to *Troy*.

τρωπάω, Ep. for τρέπω, to turn, to change, alter;—
Med. to turn oneself, turn about or back; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. τρωπάσκετο φεύγειν be turned himself to flight.

Tρώs, δ, gen. Τρωόs, Tros, the founder of Troy: plur. Τρῶεs, οί, gen. Τρώων, dat. Τρωσί, Troyans.

τρώσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώσκω.

τρώσω, fut. of τιτρώσκω.

τρωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκω, wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable.

τρωθμα, false reading for τρῶμα, Ion. for τραθμα. τρωχάω, Ερ. for τρέχω, to run.

 $\mathbf{TP}\Omega'\Omega$ , radic, form of  $\tau\iota\tau\rho\omega\sigma\kappa\omega$ , to wound: to burt, barm, damage, do one a mischief.

τύ, Dor. for  $\sigma \dot{v}$ : also acc. for  $\sigma \dot{\epsilon}$ .  $[\ddot{v}]$  τύβ, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. τεύξομαι: 20r. 2 έτυχον, Ep subj. τύχωμι: Ep. aor. Ι ἐτύχησα [ŭ]: pf. τετύχηκα [ŭ], Ion. also τέτευχα: plqpf. ἐτετεύχειν:—to bit, esp. to bit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen, when it is life-II. generally, to bit, bit upon, light upon: less. so of persons, to meet by chance, fall in with, c. gen. 2. of things, to meet with, bit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part, δ τυχών one who meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever, Lat. quivis; οἱ τυχόντες every-day men, the ordinary run of men; τὸ τυχόν any chance thing. 4. in bad sense, Bias Tuxeiv to meet with, suffer violence. III. absol. to bit the mark, gain one's end or purpose; καλώς τυχείν to fare well, succeed, in speaking, to bit the mark, i. e. to be right. 2. generally, to bave the lot or fate.

Intr. to bappen, to be at a place. 2. of things, to come to pass, fall out, occur by chance; often impers., όπωε ετύγχανεν, ωσπερ έτυχεν, etc, as it chanced, by mere accident. 3. of events or undertakings, to bappen to, befal one, come to one's lot or share, c. dat. pers.: esp. to fall out well, come to a good end, suc-II. in Att. τυγχάνω was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, τυγχάνω έχων Ι bappen to have, i. e. I have in possession; παρών ἐτύγχανον Ι chanced to be by; έτυχε κατά τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθών he bappened to come at that nick of time; but, Tuy- $\chi \hat{a} \nu \omega \hat{\omega} \nu = \epsilon i \mu i$ , I am; so also without any part.,  $\epsilon i$ σοι χαρτά τυγχάνει τάδε if these things are pleasant

to thee. 2. in such phrases as ὅτι ἀν τύχωσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι, we must supply a part. from the other Verb, ὅτι ἀν τύχωσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν, etc.

Tūδεύs, έωs, Ep. έos, δ, Tydeus.

τυίδε, Adv. Dor. for  $\tau \hat{\eta} \delta \epsilon$ , here.

τυκίζω, f ίσω, (τύκος) to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones. Hence

ΤΥ'ΚΗ, ή, (τέτυγμαι) mason's work. [τὔ]

τύκισμα, ατος, τό, a working or dressing of stones:

π plur., κανόνων τυκίσματα walls of stone worked square by rule. [ĕ]

τύκος, ό, (τέτυγμαι) a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or pick. II. a battle-axe, pole-axe [τῦ] τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by τέλειον δείπνου βασιλήιου.

τυκτός, ά, όν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέτυγμαι), made, made ready: esp made by art, artificial, as opp. to natural: τυκτή κρήνη a fountain made by man's band: esp. well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully.

TΥΛΗ, ἡ, like τύλος, any swelling of lump: esp., I. a place worn hard by rubbing, Lat. callus: the shoulder. II. a pad for carrying burdens on, a porter's knot. III. a cushion. [v in Att., v later.]

τύλος,  $\delta$ , = τύλη, a knot or callus; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot; esp. a wooden nail or bolt

used in ship-building [v]

τύλοω, freq. used in pf part. τετυλωμένοs: (τύλοs):—to make bard or callous—Pass to grow bard or callous from rubbing, as the hand from rowing or digging; ρόπαλα σιδήρω τετυλωμένα clubs knobbed or knotted with iron: cf. τυλωτόs.

τὔλωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τυλόω; βόπαλα τυλωτά clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) aburial, grave. I the corpse to be burnt or buried.

τυμβεύω, f. σω, (τύμβοε) to bury, burn or entomb a corpse. 2. χοὰs τυμβεῦσαί τωι to pour libations as an offering on one's grave.

II. intr. to be entombed.

τυμβ-ήρης, εε, (τύμβος, ἀρἄρεῖν) buried, entombed, interred, sepulcbred. II. like a grave or tomb. τυμβίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, fem. τυμβίτις, ιδος, (τύμβος) in

or at the grave. τυμβο-γέρων, οντος, δ, (τύμβος, γέρων) an old man

on the verge of the grave.
τυμβ-ολέτης, ου, δ, (τύμβος, ὅλλυμι) a destroyer of

τυμβ-ολέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (τύμβος, ὅλλυμι) a destroyer of tombs: fem. τυμβόλετις, ιδος.

TTMBO  $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , the place where a dead body is burnt. Lat, bustum: commonly, a mound of earth beaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow, Lat, tumulus: generally, a tomb, grave. II. metaph.,  $\gamma \epsilon \rho \omega \nu \tau \dot{\nu} \mu$ - $\beta o s$ ,  $= \tau \nu \mu \beta o \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega \nu$ , a decrepit old man: so also  $\tau \dot{\nu} \mu$ - $\beta o s$ , absol.

τυμβ-οῦχος, ον, (τύμβος,  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ ) dwelling in a tomb. sepulchral.

τυμβο-φόνος. ον, (τύμβος, \*φένω) tomb-destroying.

τυμβοχοίω, f. ήσω, (τυμβοχόος) to throw up a cairn or harrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence

τυμβοχοή, a throwing up a cairn or barrow. τυμβο-χόος, ον, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a cairn or barrow. II. pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb. τυμβό-χωστος, ον, (τύμβος, χώννυμι) heaped up into a cairn or barrow.

τυμβωρυχέω, f. ήσω, to break open graves. From τυμβ-ωρύχοs, ον, (τύμβοs, δρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβωρύχοs, δ, a grave-robber. [ρῦ]

τύμμα, ατος, τό, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound.
τυμπανίζω, f. ίσω, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum. Il
generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado.

τυμπάνισμός, δ, (τυμπανίζω) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybele.

τυμπάνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τύμπανον, a drummer: fcm. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybele.

τύμπανον, τύ, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπεῖν) a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybele.

II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel.

III. in Lat., tympana were wagon-wibeels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers.

Tυνδάρειος, α, ον, οτ os, ον, of Tyndarus. From Tυνδάρεος Att Τυνδάρεως, εω, δ, Tyndareus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda.

Tuvδaρίδης [1], ου, ὁ, (formed as if from Τύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Τυνδαρίδαι, οἱ, Castor and Pollux: fem. Tuvδaρίs, ίδος, daughter of Tyndarus.

τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for τύ, σύ, as  $\epsilon\gamma$ ώνη for  $\epsilon\gamma$ ώ. τυννό**s**, ή, όν, akin to τυτθύs, so small, so little Hence

**τυννοῦτος**, ον, Att. **τυννουτοσί**, –ονί, so small, so little, Lat. tantillus.

τυντλάζω, to dabble in the mud or mure: csp. to grub round the roots of a vine. From

**ΤΥ'ΝΤΛΟΣ**,  $\delta$ , mud, mire, dirt.

τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of τύμπανον, preserved also in Latin typanum.

τύπείην, ηs, η, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω.

τύπειν, aor. 2 mf. of τύπτω.

τύπείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. pass. of τύπτω.

τὔπή, ή, (τύπτω) a blow, wound.

τύπηναι, aor. 2 mf pass. of τύπτω.

 $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{\Upsilon}'\mathbf{\Pi}\mathbf{O}\mathbf{\Sigma}$ ,  $\delta$ , a blow. 11. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; τύποι στίβου the prints or tracks 2. figures or impressions wrought in of footsteps. metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a 3. an outline, sketch, draught; τύπφ λέγειν to describe in outline. 4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure. 5. a system, form of doctrine. III. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet. Hence

τύποω, f. ωσω, to impress, stamp. II. to form, mould, model.

τυπτήσω, Att. fut. of τύπτω. τύπτοντι, Dor. tor τύπτουσι.

 $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{\Upsilon}'\mathbf{\Pi}\mathbf{T}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , fut. τύψω or τυπτήσω: aor. I ἔτυψα: ιοτ. 2 ἔτϋπον: Pass., fut. τϋπήσομαι: aor. I ἐτύφθην: aor. 2 ἐτύπην [ŭ]: pf. τέτυμμαι:—to beat, strike, smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at beart; ἄχος δξὺ κατὰ φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart; ή άληθηίη έτυψε Καμβύσεα the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck band to band, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. άλα τύπτειν έρετμοῖs to beat the sea with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπτων the west wind beating, lashing with fury. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. plangor, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc. pers., τύπτεσθαί τινα to mourn for a person. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc cognato, τύπτομαι πολλάs (sc. πληγάs) I get many blows.

τύπωμα, ατος, τό, (τύπόω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύπωμα χαλκύπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline.

τύραννεύω, f. εύσω and τυραννέω, f. ήσω: fut. med. τυραννήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννοs):—to be a τύραννοs or absolute sovereign to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυραννεύειν Αθηνών to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I τυραννεύσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to have made one-elf tyrant.

II. Pass. τυραννεύσμαι οι έσμαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed unth absolute power.

τύραννικός, ή, όν, (τύραννος) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup τυραννικώτατος.

τύραννίς, ίδος, ή, vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty.

τύραννος [τ], δalso ή, properly Dor. for κοίρανος (from κῦρος, κύριος) a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who bad made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king.

2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννος:—hence also, ή τύραννος was the queen, princess; as δ τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II. τύραννος, ον, as Adj., hke τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic; τύραννον δώμα the king's spalace.

τύραννο-φόνος, ον, (τύραννος, \*φένω) slaying tyrants. τυρβάζω f. άσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together. From

TYPBH, ή, disorder, throng, hustle, Lat. turba.
τύρευμα, ατος, τό, (τυρεύω) that which is curdled, cheese. [v]

τυρευτήρ, ηρος, δ, and τυρευτής ου, δ, (τυρεύω) one who makes cheese; said of Hermes as god of goat-

herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εύσω, and τυρέω, f. ήσω: (τυρόs):--to II, metaph. to stir up, jumble, make cheese. confound. 2. to concoct, brew a thing cunningly. **Τύριοs**, a, ov, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [v]

τυρίσδω, Dor. for συρίζω.

τυρόεις, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, ούσσα, ούν, (τυρός) like cheese: as Subst., τυροῦς Dor. τυρῶς, δ, cheesebread, a cheese-cake or cheese.

τυρό-κνηστις, ή, (τυρός, κνάω) a cheese-grater. τυρό-νωτος, ον, (τυρός, νωτος) with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese.

τυροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell cheese, sell like cheese. From

τῦρο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (τυρός, πωλέω) a cheesemonger.  $\mathbf{T} \mathbf{\Upsilon}^{\mathbf{r}} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{O}' \mathbf{\Sigma}, o \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \delta, cheese.$ II. the cheese-market. **Túpos**,  $\delta$ , Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

τυρούs, contr. for τυρόειs. τυρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) bearing cheese, spread with cheese.

Τυρρην-ολέτης, ου, δ, (Τυρρηνός, ὅλλυμι) destroyer of Tyrrbenians.

**Τυρρηνόs** Ion. and old Att. **Τυρσηνόs**, ή, όν, Tyrrbenian, Etruscan: Τυρσηνοί or Τυρρηνοί the Etruscans:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ή, όν, Etruscan.

ΤΥ ΡΣΙΣ, ή, gen. ιος: acc. τύρσιν: nom. pl. τύρσειs, gen. έων, dat. εσι, Lat. TURRIS:-a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion.

τυρώs, ωντοs, Dor. for τυρούs.

**TΥΤΘΟ** Σ, όν, also η, όν, little, small, young, of II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., a little, a wee bit: hence scarcely, bardly: of the voice, low, softly, gently. 2. also in pl., τυτθά διατμήξαι to cut into small pieces.

Τυφάων, ονος, δ, poët. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφων: hence, Τυφαόνιος, a, ov. poet. for Τυφώνιος.

τυφεδανός, δ, (τύφω) one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard.

τυφ-ήρης, εs, (τῦφος, ἀρἄρεῖν) set on fire, burning. τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, (τυφλός, πούς) with blind foot, stepping in blindness.

τυφλός, ή, όν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός Tivos blind to a thing. 2. metaph., τυφλόε τά τ' ὦτα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὅμματα blind in ears and mind and eyes. 3. of things, dark, unseen, dim, obscure; τυφλαὶ σπιλάδεs blind, i. e. sunken, rocks.

τυφλόω, (τυφλόs) to blind, make blind:—Pass. to be blinded or blind. II. metaph. to blind, dull, baffle, dim. Hence

τυφλώs, Adv. of τυφλόs, blindly.

τύφλωσις, ή, a making blind, blinding.

τυφλώττω, (τυφλόε) to be blind.

 $\tau \bar{\upsilon} \phi o - \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega v$ , ον το s,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\upsilon} \phi \omega$ ,  $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega v$ ) a silly old man, a dotard; cf. τυμβογέρων.

τθφος, δ, (τύφω) smoke, mist, cloud. II. metaph. conceit, vanity, Lat. fucus.

τυφόω, f. ώσω, (τυφος) to wrap in smoke or mist: metaph. to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, to be sbrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd.

ΤΥ ΦΩ [v], f. θύψω: aor. 1 ἔθυψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [v]: pf. τ εθυμμαι:—to raise a smoke; c. acc.cognato, καπνον τύφειν to make a cloud of smoke. II. to smoke; καπνώ τύφειν μελίσσαs to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνώ τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with III. to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke: Pass. to smoke, smoulder.

Tυφωεύς, έως, Ep. έος, δ: contr. Tυφώς,  $\hat{\omega}$ :—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf.

Τυφων, ωνος, Ερ. Τυφάων, αονος, ό, Τυρλοπ, Τυphaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφώs, II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean a furious storm, burricane, typhoon. Hence

**T** $\bar{\mathbf{v}}$ φωνικός,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ ,  $\delta \boldsymbol{\nu}$ , of or from Typhon. II. stormy,

tempestuous.

Τυφώς, ό, contr. for Τυφωεύς. II. as appellat., τυφώs, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῷ, acc. τυφῶ:—like τυφών 11, a furious storm, burricane.

τύχε, Ep. for ἔτ $\check{v}$ χε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τὕχεῖν, aor. 2 mf. of τυγχάνω. TΥ'XH [v], η, what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna; κοινόν τύχη luck is a thing common to all; τύχα θεων, σύν θεοῦ τύχα by luck from the gods; esp. in phrase, θεία τύχη by divine providence; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σω-2. generally, chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck; often with an Adj. to shew which; e.g.  $\tau \dot{\nu} \chi \eta \ \dot{a} \gamma a \theta \hat{\eta}$  was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχαγαθη, also ἐπ' ἀγαθη τύχη and μετ' άγαθης τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque 3. Adverbial usages, τύχη by chance, Lat. forte, forte fortuna: --so also ἀπό οι ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ II. a chance, bap, lot, accident: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι your fortunes. Hence

τυχηρός, ά, όν, fortunate, lucky. 2. by chance,

accidental. Hence

τὕχηρῶs, Adv. luckily.

τυχήσας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχοιμι [τ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τυχόν, Adv., by chance, perhaps; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τφ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., therefore, so, II. for the, dat. sing. of tis; quis? in this wise. τφ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τls, aliquis.

τώγαλμα, ατοε, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἄγαλμα.

τώδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτωε, in this manner, thus.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσδω: fut. -ασομαι: 201. 1

ἐτώθασα, subj. τωθάσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τωθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τωθάζω. τώληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τώποβαίνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαίνον.

τώρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τώs, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πωs; and to the Relat. ώs, = ωs, ουτωs, so, in this II. Dor. =  $o\tilde{v}$ , where.

τώτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τωὐτό, gen. τωὐτοῦ, dat. τωὐτῶ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, **τ**οῦ αὐτοῦ, τ� αὐτ�

 $\mathbf{Y}$ , υ,  $\mathbf{\mathring{v}}$  ψιλόν,  $\mathbf{\tau}$ ό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral v' = 400, but v =400,000. The written character Y is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of  $\Upsilon \psi \iota \lambda \acute{o} \nu$ .

The use of v was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for o, as in ὅνυμα ὕμοιος μύγις for ονομα ομοιος μόγις. They often inserted v after α and ε, as, θεύω χεύω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ov into oi, as Moîσα for Moῦσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

Υάδες, ων, ai, (νω) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. Pluviae, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [v in Hom., v in Eur.]

υαινά, ή, (vs) a Libyan wild beast, the byena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly bog's mane (whence the name).

Υακίνθια (sub. ίερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacintbus.

υακινθίνο-βαφής, ές, (υακίνθινος, βαφήναι) dyed byacinth colour. [v]

ὑἀκίνθίνος, η, ον, (ὑάκινθος) byacinthine, byacinthcoloured.

Υάκινθος, δ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

υάκινθος, δ or ή, the byacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, TA or AI, or the interjection at ai; hence it is called γραπτὰ ὑάκινθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. ΙΙ. ὑάκινθος, ή, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

ύαλέος, α, ον, contr. ύαλοθς, α, οθν, (ὕαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

υάλινος later υέλινος, η, ον, (υαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

ὑ**ἄλόεις,** εσσα, εν, (ὕαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy, υάλος or υέλος, ή, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, 2 a convex lens of crystal, used as a burningglass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθο**ε διαφανή**ε ἀφ' ήs το πῦρ ἄπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire. II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called valos till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ύἄλοῦς, â, οῦν, contr. for ὑαλέος

ύαλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ὕαλος, χρόα) glass-coloured.

**ὑἄλο-χρώδης, ες, = ὑ**αλύχροο**ς.** 

ύβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

'Ϋ́BO'Σ, ή, όν, bent outwards, hump-backed.

 $\dot{\mathbf{b}}$ βρίζω, f.  $\dot{\mathbf{b}}$ βρίσω Att.  $-i\hat{\omega}$ ; aor. I  $\ddot{\mathbf{b}}$ βρισα: pf. ύβρικα: plqpf. ὑβρίκειν. Med., fut. ὑβριοῦμαι. Pass., fut. ὑβρισθήσομαι: aor. Ι ὑβρίσθην: pf. ὕβρισμαι: to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφρονείν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank. II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ὑβρίζειν είς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ὑβρίζειν ἐπί τινα to exult over one. c. acc. cognato, ύβρίζειν ΰβρεις to commit outrages; so, ύβρίζειν άδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [v naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

"YBPIΣ [v], εως Ep. ιος, ή, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness. 2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ὕβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being airia [1]; hence in the fermer case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by 3. barm, detriment, damage, δίκη or private suit. II. as mascul. Adj.,  $\ddot{\nu}\beta\rho\iota s \ d\nu\dot{\eta}\rho$ , =  $\dot{\nu}\beta\rho\iota\sigma\tau\dot{\eta}s$ .

ύβρίσδω, Dor. for ὑβρίζω, 3 sing. ὑβρίσδει for ὑβρίζει. ὕβρισμα, ατος, τό, (ὑβρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia. II. the object of insult. ύβριστήρ, ήρος, ό, poet for ὑβριστής.

ύβριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (iβρίζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man. II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence

ύβριστικός, ή, όν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. - κω̂s, insolently.

ύβριστος, η, ον, (ύβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ὑβριστότερος, -τατος.

υνιάζω, f. σω: aor. I υγίασα (υγιήε) to make sound or bealtby, to beal.

ύγιαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὑγίανα: (ὑγιήε):—to be sound, bealthy, Lat. bene valere: to be in a certain state of bealth, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy; τὸ ὑγιαίνον τῆε Ἑλλάδοs the sound part of Greece. υγίαινε, like χαίρε, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [v, but v in augmented tenses.]

υγίεια Ion. -είη, ή, and sometimes in Att. υγιεία: (ὑγιήε):—bealth, soundness of body, Lat. salus; ύγίεια φρενών soundness of mind. [v]

ύγιεινός, ή, όν, (ὑγιής) wholesome, sound, healthy, bealthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, bealthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [v] Hence

ύγιεινως, Adv. bealthily:—Comp. ύγιεινοτέρως and sloppy. -ρον ; Sup. -ότατα.

ύγίεις, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ύγιής: acc. masc. ύγί-€РТа. [8]

ύγιηρός, ά, όν, (ὑγιήε) good for the health, wholesome, bearty, strong, Lat. sanus: - Sup. υγιηρότατος. **ὑγιής**, ἐε, gen. ἐοε: acc. ὑγια or -ιη Ion. -ἐα: plur. nom. neut. ὑγια or -ιη:—sound, bealthy, bearty, stout, Lat. sanus; σων καὶ ὑγιής safe and sound. sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν ὑγιὲς προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιέστερος, -έστατος. [ἔ]

υγραίνω, f. ανω, (υγρός) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ύγρο-βόλος, ον, (ύγρός, βαλείν) wetting, moistening.

ύγρο-μελής, έε, (ύγρόε, μέλος) with pliant limbs. ύγροπορέω, f. ήσω, to traverse water. From

ύγρο-πόρος, ον, (ύγρός, πόρος) traversing water. ύγρός, ά, όν, (ὕω, ὕδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ξηρός (siccus); ύγρον έλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat; ανεμοι ύγρον αέντες winds blowing moist or rainy: ἡ ὑγρά Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσοs the dry land; so, ύγρα κέλευθα, or ύγρά alone, the watery ways: τὸ ὑγρόν and τὰ iγρά, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: θῆρες iγροί water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple, lithe, waving, Lat. mollis; κέρας ύγρόν a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. languid, faint. III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing; ύγρὸς πόθος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., υγρα δεδορκώς with languishing glances. Hence

υγρότης, ητος, ή, (ὑγρός) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph, pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper.

ύγρό-φθογγος, ον, (ύγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ύγρωs, Adv. of ύγρόs, in liquid fashion: softly. pliably.

ύγρώσσω, poët. for ύγραίνω, to be wet or moist.

ύδαρής, és, gen. éos, (ὕδωρ) watery, wasby: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ύδάτινος, η, ον also os, ον, (ὕδωρ) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments. II. like ὑγρόs, pliant, supple, flexible.

ύδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὕδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ύδατόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery, like water. ύδατοποσία, ή, water-drinking. And

ύδατοποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink water. From

ύδατο-πότης, ου, ό, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker.

Lat. aquae potor.

ύδατος, gen of ύδωρ

ύδατο-τρεφής, ές, (ύδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ύδατ-ώδης, ες, (ὕδωρ, είδος) like water: watery, wet,

 $\mathbf{\tilde{v}\delta}$  ερος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $(\mathbf{\tilde{v}\delta}\omega\rho)$  the dropsy.

ύδνης, ου, ό, ή, (ὕω) watered, nourished.

ύδρα, ή, (ὕδωρ) like ὕδροs, a water-serpent, Lat. bydra.

ύδραίνω, (ὕδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water ·- Med to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρά ύδράνασθαι χροί to pour water over one's body.

ύδρεία, ή, (ύδρεύω) a drawing water, fetching II. a watering place.

ύδρείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (ὑδρεύω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ύδρεύω, f. σω, (ὕδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water:— Med. to draw water for oneself, get water. ύδρήιον, τό, Ion. for ύδρειον.

ύδρηλός, ή, όν, (ὕδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp. ύδρηναμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of ύδραίνω.

ύδρία, ή, (ὕδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, pitcher. a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funereal urn. ύδριάς, άδος, ή, (ὕδωρ) of or from the water.

ύδρια-φόρος, ον, (ύδρία, φέρω) carrying a watervessel.

ύδρο-ειδής, έε, (ὕδωρ, είδοε) like water, watery. ύδρόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery.

ύδροποσία, ή, water-drinking; and

ύδροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink water. From

ύδρο-πότης, ου, ό, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ύδρορ-ρόα or - ρόη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\ddot{\nu}\delta\omega\rho$ ,  $\dot{\rho}o\dot{\eta}$ ) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ύδρος, δ, (ύδωρ) like ύδρα, a water-serpent.

ύδροφορίω, to carry water. From

ύδρο-φόρος, ον, (ὕδωρ, φέρω) carrying water:—as Subst., ὑδροφόροs, ὁ or ἡ, a water-carrier.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ δρο-χόος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , ( $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ δωρ, χέω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆι, as if from ὑδροχοεύs. ύδρό-χύτος, ον, (ὕδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ύδρωπικός, ή, όν, (ὕδρωψ) dropsical.

ύδρωψ, ωπος, also οπος, δ, (ύδωρ) dropsy. II.

a dropsical person.

ύδωρ, τό, gen. ύδατο: Ep. dat. ύδει:-water of any kind; of rivers, υδατα Καφίσια the waters of Cephisus; ὕδωρ πότιμον fresb water; ὕδωρ πλατύ salt water:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰε ὕδωρ to write in water. 2. rain-water, and then rain, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the water of the water-clock (κλεψύδρα), and also the time it took in running out; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the water (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ὕ]

ὑεικόs, ή, όν, and ΰειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, ( $\overline{\upsilon}s$ ) of or belonging to a swine.  $[\overline{\upsilon}]$ 

ὑέλινος, ὑελίτης, Ion. forms of ὑαλ-.

űελος, v. sub ὕαλος.

ὕεσσι, dat. pl. of vs.

υέτιος, α, ον, and υετόεις, εσσα, εν, (υετός) rainy,

bringing or causing rain.

verós, δ, (νω) rain, Lat. pluvia: a beavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. numbus; whereas ὅμβρος, Lat. number, is a lasting rain, and ψεκάς οι ψακάς, a drizzling rain.

II. as Adj. in Sup., ἄνεμοι ὑετώτατοι the rainiest winds.

υηνία, ή, swinishness, boggishness. From

ὑηνός, ή, όν, (ὖs) swinish, boggish.

ὑθλέω, f. ἡσω, (ὕθλοι) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifle, Lat. nugari.

"ΥΘΛΌΣ, δ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. nugae.

via, vias, Ep. acc. sing and pl. of viós, as if from vis. viáσι, poet. dat. pl. of viós. [α]

υίδεύς, έως, ό, (υίός) a son's son, grandson: fem. υίδη, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

υίδιον, τό, Dim. of viós, a little son. of vs. a little pig.

υίδοθε, οῦ, ὁ, (νἰόε) a son's son, grandson.

vii, Ep. dat. of vios.

ύικός, ή, όν, (ὖs) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, hoggish.

υίο-θεσία, ή, (υίόε, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

vios, Ep. gen. of viós, as if from vis.

TIO'Ž, ο, declined regul. νίοῦ, νίῷ, νίῶν, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. \*νίεὐε, —gen. νίδος dat. νίἐι, νίει, acc. νίἐα; Dual νίἐε, νίεον; Plur. νίἐεε or νίειε gen. νίδων, νίῶν, dat. νίἐον, acc. νίἐας viειε :—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. νίε, —gen. νίος, dat. νίτ, acc. νία; Dual νίε; Plur. νίεε, dat. νίάσι, acc. νίαε:—Lat. FILIUS, α son; νίὸν ποιείσθαί οτ τίθεσθαί τινι to adopt as son.

2. later, the plur. was often periphr., ἰατρῶν νίειε, ρητόρων νίειε sons of physicians, sons of orators, i.e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, νίεε 'Αχαιῶν for 'Αχαιοί.

υίωνός, οῦ, ὁ, (viós) a child's child, a grandson. ὕλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑλάω) the bark of a dog, a bark, howl, yelp; metaphorically in plut. snarling words.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

ύλαγμός, δ, (ὑλάω) a barking, baying. [v̄] ὑλαγωγέω [v̄], f. ήσω, to carry wood. From ὑλ-ἄγωγός, όν, (ὕλη, ἄγω) carrying wood. [v̄] ύλάεις, Dor. for ύλήειε.

ὑλαῖος, a, oν, (ὕλη) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

ύλακή, ή, (ὑλάω) a barking, bowling. [τ]

υλάκό μωρος, ον, (ὑλακή) ever barking, bowling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like ἐγχεσίμωρος, ἰόμωρος, ὑλακτέω, f. ήσω, (ὑλάω) to bark, bay, bowl, Latlatrare; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yelp, bark: also, ἄμουσα ὑλακτεῖ he bowls his uncouth songs.

II. transit to bark or yelp at, Lat. allatrare. Hence

ύλακτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ĕ]

ύλακτικός, ή, όν, (ὑλακτέω) yelping.

ύλαs, gen. αντος, contr. for υλάεις, -ήεις.

ύλάσκω, = ύλακτέω.

"ΥΛΑ'Ω [v], radic. form of δλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf, to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. δλάοντο in same sense.

II. transit. to bark or bay at.

"ΥΛΗ [v], ή, Lat. SYLVA, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of copse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timber-trees.

II. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel, logs of wood.

III. generally, like Lat. materia, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. sylva.

2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. sylva.

ύλήεις, εσσα or  $-\epsilon is$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\nu}\lambda \eta)$  woody, wooded.

ύλη-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

ύλη-τόμος Dor. ύλατ-, ον, = ύλοτόμος.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ λη-φόρος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ λοφόρος.

II. Dim.

υλη-ωρόs, όν, (υλη, ουροs) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [v]

ύλο-δρόμος, ον, (ύλη, δραμείν) wood-ranging.

ύλό-κομος, ον, (ύλη, κόμη) overgrown with wood. ύλο-νόμος, ον, (ύλη, νέμομαι) baunting the woods.

ύλοτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut or fell wood. From

ύλο-τόμος, ον, (ὕλη, τεμεῖν) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ὑλοτόμος, δ, a woodcutter, woodman. II. proparox. ὑλότομος, ον, pass. cut in the wood:—as Subst., ὑλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [v̄]

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ λ-ουργόs,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ν,  $(\ddot{\mathbf{v}}\lambda\eta, *\ddot{\mathbf{e}}\rho\gamma\omega)$  working wood:—as Subst.,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ λουργόs,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ , a carpenter or woodman.  $[\bar{\mathbf{v}}]$ 

ὑλο-φάγος, ον, (ὕλη, φάγεῖν) feeding in the woods. ὑλο-φορβός, όν, (ὕλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φόρος, ον, (ὕλη, φέρω) carrying wood. ύλ-ώδης, ές, (ὕλη, είδος) woody, wooded, busby.

ὑμεῖς [v], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ὅμμες Ion. ὑμέςς Dor. ὑμές: gen. ὑμῶν Ion. ὑμέων, Ep. also ὑμείων: dat. ὑμῶν, old Aeol. ὅμμῖ, ὅμμᾶν: but ὑμῶν [- $\cup$ ] or ὑμᾶν, only in Trag.: also ὑμᾶς Ion. ὑμέας: Aeol. ὑμμε Dor. ὑμὲ, in Trag. also ὑμᾶς [- $\cup$ ] or ὅμᾶς. -Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σῦ, γε, γου.

ύμέναιος [υ], δ, (Ύμήν) bymenaeus, a wedding-song, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house.

II. later, = Ύμήν, Hymen,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Υμήν & Υμέναιε Dor. Υμάν & Υμέναιε, Lat. Hymen o Hymenaee. Hence

ὑμεναιόω, f. ώσω, to sing the wedding-song.

to take to wife. [v] ύμενήιος, δ, (Υμήν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy.

ύμενό-πτερος, ον, (ύμην, πτερόν) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [v]

ύμεν-όστρακος, ον, (ύμήν, ὄστρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [v]

ύμές, Dor. for ὑμει̂ς.

υμέτερος, α, ον, (υμεις) your, yours, Lat vester; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερόνδε to your bouse; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [v]

TMH'N [v], évos, o, a skin, membrane.

**TMHN**  $[\bar{v}]$ ,  $\ell vos$ ,  $\delta$ , Hymen, the god of marriages, cf. Υμέναιοs. II. like ὑμέναιοs, a wedding-song.

ύμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμείs.

υμμες, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for υμείς. ύμμι, ύμμιν, Aeol., Dor and Ep. dat. of ὑμεῖε.

**ὔμμος**, α, ον, Aeol. for ὑμός, ὑμέτερος.

ύμν-ἄγόρας, ου, ό, (υμνος, άγορεύω) a singer of bymns υμνέαται [a], Ion for υμνηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of υμνέω **ὑμνείω,** Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ύμνέομες, Dor. for υμνέομεν, I pl. of υμνέω.

ύμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ύμνεῦσι, part. fem. ύμνεῦσα: fut. ήσω: aor. I υμνησα: pf. υμνηκα: (υμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descant upon, Lat. canere, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνούμενοs, renowned, famous. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. incre-3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep barping upon, Lat. decantare: to recite, as, τον νόμον υμνείν to recite the form of the II. intr. to sing, chant.

ὑμνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε, δ, and ὑμνητής, οῦ, ὑ, (ὑμν ϵω) a

singer of bymns, a minstrel, bard.

ύμνητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

**ὑμνίω**, Dor. for ὑμνέω.

ύμνο-θέτης, ου, δ, (υμνος, τίθημι) a composer of bymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj, ὑμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ύμνο-ποιός, όν, (υμνος, ποιέω) making bymns: as Subst. ὑμνοποιόε, δ, a minstrel.

ύμνο-πόλος, ον, (υμνος, πολέω) busied with bymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλοs, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

"YMNOZ, &, a song: a bymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ύμνφδέω, f. ήσω, (ὑμνφδόε) to sing a bymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. give a prophetic response. Hence

ύμνφδία, ή, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ύμν-φδόs, όν, (ύμνοs, φόη) singing bymns or odes; ὑμυφδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ύμ**ός**, ά and ή, όν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your. ὑπ-αινίσσομαι Att. -ττομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:-

uv. acc. of us. ύο-μουσία, ή, (ὖs, Μοῦσα) swine's music, swinish

taste in music. ບໍ່ວ່ຣ, gen. of ບໍ່s.

ύοσ-κύαμος, δ, (δε, κύαμος) bog-bean, answering to our ben-bane, which causes giddiness and madness.  $\dot{\upsilon}\pi$ - $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda os$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\upsilon}\pi\dot{o}$ ,  $\ddot{\alpha}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda os$ ) summoned by a

messenger.

ύπ-αγκαλίζω, f. ιω, (ύπό, άγκαλίζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass, γένος ὑπηγκαλισμένη baving clasped the children in ber arms. Hence

ύπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ύπ-άγορεύω, f σω, to dictate, Lat. praeire verbis.

ὑπ-άγω [ἄ]: impf. ὑπῆγον: f. ὑπάξω: aor. 2 ὑπήγἄγον: -to lead or bring under; ὑπάγειν ἵππους ζύγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply  $b\pi\dot{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu$   $l\pi\pi\sigma\upsilon s$ . 2. to bring under one's power:-Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. subducere :-Pass., ὑπαγομένου τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ὑπάγειν τινὰ ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήploy to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ὑπάγειν τινὰ θανάτου ὑπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ὑπάγειν III. to lead slowly on, Lat. inducere; τινά alone. to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. after, go slowly on: ὕπαγε, like ἄγε, come! cheer up! ὑπάγωγεύς, έως, ὁ, (ὑπάγω) a trowel or tool for sbapıng bricks.

ὑπἄγωγή, ἡ, (ὑπάγω) a leading on gradually or II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat. secretly.

ὑπ-ἀδω, f. -ἀσομαι, (ὑπό, ἄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude. ύπαί, poet. for ύπό.

ύπαιδείδοικα, Ep. for ὑποδέδοικα, pf. of ὑποδείδω. ύπ-αιδέομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect

to another, c. acc.

υπαιθά, Adv. (ὑπαί poët. for ὑπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. as Prep with gen., under, near, at one's side.

 $\dot{v}\pi$ -alloos, ov, also a, ov,  $(\dot{v}\pi\dot{o}, al\theta\eta\rho)$  under the sky, in the open air.

 $\tilde{v}\pi$ -αιθρος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\hat{v}\pi$ αιθρίος, mostly in phrase,  $\hat{\epsilon}\nu$ ύπαίθρω, Lat. sub Dio, in the open air.

υπ-alθω, = υποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

to intimate darkly, give a slight bint of, make a covert | allusion to.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\boldsymbol{\pi}$ - $\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\boldsymbol{\rho}$ \'\'\epsilon\'\text{Ion. for } \'\psi\pai\rho\'\epsilon\'

ύπ-αἰσσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ύπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύνω) to be somewhat ashamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ύπ-alτιοs, ον, (ὑπό, alτίa) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τινι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπἄκοή, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience. ὑπάκοισον, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. 1 imperat. of ύπακούω.

ύπ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:--to listen. bearken, give ear to: to listen to and answer. to bearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-ἄλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like II. to anoint: - Med. to anoint oneself; ὑπαλείφεσθαι τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-ἄλεύομαι, imperat. –αλεύεο: Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλεύω). -to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.; mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλευάμενος

ὑπαλλἄγή, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, ex-II. bypallage, a figure of speech, by which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. 1 part. of ὑπαλύσκω.

υπάλυξις, εως, ή, an avoiding, shunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-ἄλύσκω, f. ξω: aor. 1 part. ὑπαλύξας:—like ὑπαλεύομαι, to avoid, sbun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.; χρείοs ὑπαλύξαs baving got quit of a debt.

ύπ-αναγιγνώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: —to read by way of preface.

υπ-ανακινέω, f. ήσω, intr to rise up and go away. ύπ-αναλίσκω, f. - αναλώσω: aor. I - ανάλωσα:---to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπαναστατέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up to make room for another.

ύπ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire slowly.

υπ-ανδρος, ον, (υπό, ανήρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ύπανηλώθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσκω.

υπ-aviaw, f. άσω Ion. ήσω:-to trouble or vex a little:-Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ύπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω: aor. I -ανέστησα: -- to make to rise up, raise up gradually. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:-to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused; ὑπαναστήναι της έδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. assurgere alicui; ύπαναστήναι τοίε πρεσβυτέροιε to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ύπ-avolyω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively; ύπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters. ὑπ-αντάω Ιοη. -έω: f. ήσω:--to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to. Hence

ὑπάντησις, εως, ή, a coming to meet.

ύπ-αντιάζω, f. άσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἄπειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-άπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἶμι ιbo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκῖνέω, f. ήσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.:—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκῖνητέον, one must make off, slink away.

ύπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμουμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ύπ-άπτω, Ion. for υφάπτω.

"YHAP, vó, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ovap a mere dream: οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ὕπαρ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [ชี]

ύπαργμαι, Ion. for ύπηργμαι, pf. pass of ὑπάρχω. ὑπ-ἀργϋρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄργυρος) baving silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of sil-II. turned into silver, sold for silver. IV. bired for silver, venal. of silver-gilt.

υπ-αρνος, ον, (υπό, άρνός gen of άμνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb : metaph suckling an infant. ὕπαρξις, εως, ή, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ύπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάζω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\mathbf{m}}$ -αρχή,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\mathbf{m}}\dot{\mathbf{o}}, \dot{\mathbf{d}}\rho\chi\dot{\mathbf{\eta}})$  the beginning;  $\dot{\mathbf{\epsilon}}\dot{\mathbf{\epsilon}}$   $\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\mathbf{m}}$ αρχήs from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ῦπ-apxos, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἄρχω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ύπ-άρχω, f. ξω: aor. Ι ύπηρξα: Pass, pf. υπηργμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. υπηρκτο: (ὑπό, ἄρχω):—to begin: c. 1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιῶν τινα be begins doing good to one. 3 c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίαs είs τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one: Pass, τὰ ἔκ τινος ὑπαργμένα (Ion. for ὑπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμένα what bas been given by the gods. 4. absol. to be-II. to come into being, arise, spring gın 2. to be at band, be ready. 3. to be : иp. ὑπάρχει impers., the case is ..; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑπόκειμαι, to be taken for granted; τούτου ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. bis positis, this being granted, this IV. to belong to, fall to: of perbeing the case. sons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τα ὑπάρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχύντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, i have. V. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., it is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὕπαρχον, since it is possible.

ύπ-ασπίδιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [t]

ύπ-ασπίζω, f. ίσω, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ύπασπιστήρ, ηρος, δ, and ύπασπιστής, οῦ, δ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

υπ-αστρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ύπατικός, ή, όν, (υπατος 11) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

υπάτος [v], η, ον, σοητι. for ὑπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἰ ὕπατοι, Lat. superi, the gods above, opto to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. infert).

2. of Place, highest, topmost; ἐν πυρῦ ὑπάτη on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοι λεχέων high above their nest.

3. of Quality, highest, best.
4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus.

II. ὑπατος, ὁ, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ύπ-αυγάζω, f. άσω, to begin to shine, dawn, of daybreak.

ύπ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to play the flute in accompaniment. ὕπ-αυλος, ον, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνη̂з ὕπαυλος under cover of the tent.

υπ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, αὐχήν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, α cushion or pillow for the neck. ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. – απέστην, pf. – αφέστηκα: —to step back slowly, retire.

υπ-αφρος, ον, (υπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist. υπ-άφρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ύπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ὑπαφρονέστερος.

ὑπέασι, Ion. for ὕπεισι, 3 pl. of ὕπειμι (εἰμί sum). ὑπέβκλου 201 2 of ὑποβάλλου

ὑπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω. ὑπερουίος ου (ὑπό ἐρουία) μα

υπ-έγγυος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surely: of persons, baving given surely, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλην θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπεδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

υπέδδεισαν, Ερ. for ὑπέδεισαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ὑποδείδω.

ύπ-εδείδίσαν, 3 pl. plapf. of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπέδειξα, aor. Ι οf ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι. ὑπέδρἄμον, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

**ὑπίδυν,** 20r. 2 of ὑποδύω.

**ὑπεδύσετο** [v̄], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ὑποδύω. ὑπεθερμάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ύπ-ειδόμην, (ὑπό, \*είδω), 201. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ύπ-είκαθον, inf. ὑπεικαθεῖν, poët. 201. 2 of ὑπείκω. ὑπ-εικτόον, verb. Adj. one must give way. From ὑπ-είκω Ερ. ὑποείκω: fut. -είξω or -είξομαι: 201. ὑπείκαθον: - to retire, wibdraw; ὑπείκειν τινὶ ἔδρης to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπείκειν τινὶ λόγων to give him the first word. 2. c. acc. to escape, shun, elude; χεῖραs ἐμὰs ὑπύειξε be scaped my hands. II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

υπ-ειμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέασι μελάθρφ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything clse. III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at command. IV. to be subjected or subject

νπ-ειμι, (ὑπό, εἶμι ιδο) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire, ὑπιέναι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour.

II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπείξομαι, fut. med. of ὑπείκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπείξεαι. ὑπείπον, (ὑπό, είπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praerie verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest 2. to explain, interpret.

ὕπείρ, poet. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e g ὑπείρ ἄλα. [τ]

υπειρέβαλον, Ep aor. 2 of υπερβάλλω.

ὑπείρ-εχον, Ερ. for ὑπέρειχον, impf. of ὑπερέχω.

ύπείρηκα, ύπείρημαι, see ὑπερέω

ὑπείρ-οχος, ον, poet. and lon. for ὑπέροχος.

υπείσας, Ion. for υφείσας, 201. I part. of υφείσα baving set on, suborned.

ύπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εισέδυν, pf. -εισδέδυκα:-- to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-είσειμι, (εἶμι ιbo) to go in covertly.

υπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ύπεκδραμείν, aor. 2 mf of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξέδυν, pf. - εκδέδυκα: - to get secretly out of, slip out of, sbun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ύπ-εκέχυτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ύπ-εκκαίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ύπ-εκκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below of a little.

ύπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπεκκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

υπ-έκκειμαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place. υπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

υπ-εκκομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑπεκκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. –λήψομαι, to carry off underband. ὑπεκλίνθην, 201. 1 pass. of ὑποκλίνω. ὑπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underband; ὑπεκπέμπειν γθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ύπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

ύπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ύπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρύήσομαι, to flow forth from under. ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ύπεκπροφυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.

ύπεκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of υποκρύπτω.

υπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.

ὑπ-εκτἄνύω, to stretch out under.

υπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly: --Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away: --Pass. to be carried safe away.

ύπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f.  $-\theta \rho \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \rho \mu \alpha i$  and  $-\delta \rho \ddot{\alpha} \mu \alpha \ddot{\nu} \mu \alpha i$ : aot. 2  $-\epsilon \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\rho} \ddot{\alpha} \mu \alpha \nu$  (cf.  $\tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ ):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c acc.

ύπέκυψα, aor. Ι ος υποκύπτω.

ύπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὑδῷ to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ύπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ύπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω

ὑπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ŭ], to slacken from below or slightly.

ύπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ύπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπ-ελάνω, f.  $-\epsilon$ λάσω [ $\check{a}$ ] Att.  $-\epsilon$ λ $\hat{\omega}$ :—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.

ὑπελείφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπέλοντο, Ερ. for ὑφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαιρέω.

ύπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπελύσαο [v], Ep. 2 sing, aor. 1 med. of ὑπολύω. ὑπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ὑπομένω.

ὑπεμνάασθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.

υπεμνήμῦκε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπημύω, to bang down the bead. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with bead utterly bung down: see ἡμύω.

ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ύπ-εναντίος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite. II. set against, bostile: as Subst., οὶ ὑπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ὑπεναντίον τούτου in opposition thereto.

ὑπεναντίωσις, εως, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to : contrariety.

ύπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ένδυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment. ὑπ-ένερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἔνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

υπ-εξ, form assumed by υπ-εκ before a vowel.

υπεξάγάγοι [γά], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of υπεξάγω.

ύπ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ύπ-ξαιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. - εξήρημαι Ion. - εξαραίρημαι: aor. 2 - εξείλον: — to take away privily,
destroy, remove secretly or gradually: τοὐπίκλημ'
ὑπεξελών baving done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf.
pass. part., τουτέων ὑπεξαραιρημένων these things
baving been put out of the question: — Med. to take
out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

υπ-εξαίρω, to raise, lift up from below.

ύπ-εξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὑπεξαλέασθαι, aor. 1 mf. of ὑπεξαλέομαι (a Dep. pres not m use, see ἀλεύομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξἄλύσκω, f. ύξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

υπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. - βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually

ὑπ-εξανάγομαι, Pass with aor. 2 med  $-\epsilon\xi\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\acute{\nu}\mu\eta\nu$ , to sail out and away secretly. [ $\check{\alpha}\gamma$ ]

υπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act -εξανέδυν, pf. -εξανάδυκα:—to come up from under gradually, csp to rise from out the sea.

ὑπεξαναδύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg

ύπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to. ὑπ-εξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exbaust. ὑπεξαραίρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ύπ-έξειμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἷμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; ὑπεξιέναι τινί to make way for one. Il. to go out to meet or against one. ὑπ-εξειρύω, Ion. for ὑπεξερύω.

υπ-εξελαύνω, fut. -εξελάσω [α] Att. -εξελω: -to drive out from under, drive off secretly.

II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

ὑπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαιρέω. ὑπ-εξερύω Ion. -εξειρύω, to draw out from under, draw away underband.

υπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with 20τ. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out from under: to go out socretly, withdraw, retire. also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate.

II. to go out to meet.

ὑπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσαόω, = ὑπεκσώζω.

ὑπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

υπ-εξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place υπ-εξίσταμα, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly.

II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid: c. dat. to give place to, rise up and make way for. III. | over a thing :- of ships, c. gen. loci, to lie off a c. gen. rei, to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.

ὑπέπλευσα, 201. Ι οf ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτατο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of ὑποπέταμαι.

ΥΠΕ'P Ep. ὑπείρ, in phrases ὑπεὶρ ἀλός and ὑπεὶρ αλα: Prep. governing gen. and acc, Lat. SUPER. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτερος,

-татов. [v]

WITH GENIT., expressing that over which some-1. of Place, over: of rest, over, above; thing is: ὑπὲρ κεφαλη̂s στηναι to stand over a person's 2. of motion, over, across; or over, behead. yond. II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) for, in defence of, in behalf of; ὑπὲρ τῆs πατρίδος ἀμύνειν to fight in defence of one's country. 2. for, because of, by reason of: for the purpose of, for the sake of; ὑπέρ τοῦ μη ἀποθανεῖν for the sake of not dying. 3 for, instead of, in the name of, acting for; ὑπὲρ ἐαυτοῦ in his stead III. like περί, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. de.

WITH Accus., expressing that over and beyond which a thing goes: I. of Place, over, beyond, II. of Measure, over, above, exceeding, bepast. yond; ὑπέρ τὴν ἡλικίαν above his years. 2. beyond what is right, against, contrary to; ὑπέρ αίσαν contrary to right; ὑπὲρ θεόν contrary to the will of the god. III. of Number, above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over; ὑπέρ τὸ ἥμισυ above half.

Position: ὑπέρ may follow its Subst. in all cases,

when it is written  $\tilde{v}\pi\epsilon\rho$ .

In Compos,  $\dot{v}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho$  signifies over, above, of Place, as in ὑπερ-βαίνω. 2. in defence of, in behalf of, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ήφανος.

υπέρα, ή, (υπέρ) the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίκρια), by means of which the sails are shifted. [v]

ύπερ-ἄβέλτερος, ον, also a, ον, above measure simple or silly.

ύπερ-άγαμαι, Dep. to admire above measure. [αγ] ὑπερ-ἄγανακτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.

ὑπερ ἄγἄπάω, f. ήσω, to love exceedingly.

ὑπερ-ἄγωνιάω, to be in great distress of mind.

ὑπερ-āἡs, έs, gen. έοs, (ὑπέρ, ἄημι) blowing down from above or blowing very bard.

ὑπερ-αιμόω, (ὑπέρ, αἶμα) to bave overmuch blood. υπερ-αίρω, to lift up over: Med. and Pass. to rise above, be lifted up. II. to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc. 2. to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer. to oversboot, go beyond, exceed, c. acc. 4. absol. of a river, to overflow.

υπέρ-αισχος, ov, exceeding base or ugly. ύπερ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. to feel much ashamed. υπερ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to bang up over or above. II. Pass. to be suspended over, project

place.

ὑπέρ-ακμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) beyond the bloom of youtb.

ὑπερ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to oversboot, hence to outdo. surpass: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινά κλέπτων to outdo one in stealing.

ὑπερ-ἄκριβής, έs, exceedingly accurate or careful. ὑπερ-ἄκρίζω, f. σω, to mount and climb over.

to project or beetle over, c. gen.

ύπερ-άκριος, ον, (ύπέρ, ἄκρα) over or upon the beights: τὰ ὑπεράκρια the beights above the plain; of ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.

ὑπέρ-ακρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρος) over the top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. ὑπεράκρωs, to excess.

ὑπερ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing: to grieve exceedingly at a thing: absol to feel great pain of mind.

ὑπερ-αλγής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, ἄλγος) exceeding

grievous or painful.

ύπερ-άλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Ερ aor. 2 ὑπερᾶλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενοs: Dep.:—to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.

υπέρ-αλλος, ov, over or above others.

ύπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ύπεραλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ύπεράλλομαι.

ύπερ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. to be surpassed in impu-

υπερ-avaloguvtos, ov, exceeding impudent.

ὑπερ-avaτείνω, f -avaτενω, to stretch excessively. ύπερ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. - ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to stand up or project above.

ύπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.

υπέρ-αντλος, ov, quite full of water, waterlogged: metaph. overwhelmed, borne down. II. act. overflowing, overwhelming.

ύπερ-άνω, Adv. over, above: ὑπεράνω γίγνεσθαι to get the upper band of. [a]

ύπερ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπερ-ἄπατάω, f. ήσω, to deceive or cheat excessively. ύπερ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνοῦμαι, to die for.

ύπερ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer for any one, vindicate. [7]

ύπερ-απολογέσμαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: Dep. to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.

ύπερ-αρρωδέω, f. ήσω, Ion for ύπερορρωδέω, to be exceedingly afraid, τη Έλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἄσθμα) gasping or panting exceedingly.

ύπερ-ασπάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.

ύπερ-άτοπος, ov, beyond measure absurd.

ύπερ-αττικός, ή, όν, excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess. Adv. - kws.

ὑπερ-αυγής, ές, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) exceedingly bright. υπερ-αυξάνω, f. - αυξήσω, to increase or enlarge above measure. sure.

II. intr. to abound beyond mea-

ὑπερ-αύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ύπερανχέω, f. ήσω, to be over-proud. From

ὑπέρ-αυχος, ον, (ὑπέρ, αὐχή) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ύπερ-άφανος, ον, Dor. for υπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, ἄχθος) overburdened.

ύπερ-άχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ύπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ύπερέβην Ep. ὑπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα:— to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend. 3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed. II. Causal, in aor. I ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπέρβἄλον, Ep. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω,

above measure, exceedingly.

ύπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: Ep. aor. 2 υπειρ-έβάλον: pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i := to throw over or$ beyond a mark, to oversboot: to beat at throwing, to tbrow furtber. 2. to outstrip in racing. II. to oversboot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρόν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far. 2. to go on further and further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοιε χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more. to be at its beight, at the zenith, of the sun. 4. to be over and above. part. ὑπερβάλλων, ουσα, ον, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding bigb estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trancere; of ships, to double a headland. 2. of rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβεβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to. delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βἄρής, έs, gen. έos, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly beavy.

ὑπέρβἄσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβάσία, ή, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled. II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω. υπερβήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of υπερβαίνω. υπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βἴβάζω, f.  $-\beta \iota \beta$ άσω Att.  $-\beta \iota \beta \hat{\omega}$ , Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. υπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [ă]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything; ouk έχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further; είs or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise, byperbole. II. a passing over or crossing mountams, rivers, etc. 2. a place of passage, a moun-III. (from Med ) delay, putting off. tain-pass.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: of Υπερβόρεοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεοs more than

mortal fortune.

ύπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, έs, gen. έos, (ὑπέρ, βρίθος) overloaded, exceedingly beavy.

ὑπερ-βρύω, to be overfull, overflow

ύπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep :- to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere. II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one : pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπείργασμαι ψυχήν έρωτι I bave been subdued in my soul by love. III. =  $\dot{v}\pi\eta\rho\epsilon\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services bave been done.

 $\dot{v}\pi\epsilon\rho$ - $\gamma\epsilon\lambda o \cos$ , ov,  $(\dot{v}\pi\epsilon\rho$ ,  $\gamma\epsilon\lambda o \cos)$  above measure

ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ίσω, to overfill, overload.

ὑπερ-γήρειος, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ον, = ὑπέργηρως. ὑπέρ-γηρως, ων, (ὑπέρ, γῆρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρων extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δἄσυς, v, gen έως, very bairy. ύπερ-δεής, έs, gen. έos, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερ- $\delta \epsilon \epsilon a$ ,  $-\hat{a}$ :  $(\hat{v}\pi \epsilon \rho, \delta \epsilon os)$ : above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ύπερ-δείδω, f. -δείσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

υπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δεινος, ov, exceeding dangerous or formidable. ὑπερ-δέξιος, ov, placed bigb above one on the right 2. flaced above or over; ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον bigber ground; έξ ὑπερδεξίου from vantageground. II. superior.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ περ-δέω, f. –δήσω, to bind upon.

ύπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ύπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδικέω, f. ήσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δίκος, ον, (ὑπέρ, δίκη) exceeding righteous of just. II. pleading for. ύπ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

II.

ύπερ-είδον, inf. ὑπεριδείν, aor. 2 without any presinuse, ὑπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.; cf. \*είδω.

υπ-ερείδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ύπ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. intr. in 201. 2 ὑπήρἴπον, to tumble, fall down.

υπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκείνος) on yon side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-εκθεράπεύω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννῦμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ], to bang out over.

ύπερ-εκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπὲρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ύπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπεσοῦμαι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ύπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπέπληγμαι;
—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to
be astonished excessively: c.acc. to be frightened beyond
measure at.

ύπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τενω, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἐαυτόν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

υπερ-εκτίνω  $[\tilde{t}]$ , f.  $i\sigma\omega$   $[\tilde{t}]$ , to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-εκχέω, f. -χεω, also ὑπερ-εκχύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to pour out over :—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-έλαφροs, ον, exceedingly light or active. ὑπερ-εμπίπλημι, f. --εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a

υπερ-εμπιπλημι, t. --εμπλησω, to fill overfull of thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.
ὑπερ-εμφορέομαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύξομαι, to intercede for another.

ύπερ-εξηκοντα-έτης, εs, gen. εοs, (ὑπέρ, ἑξήκοντα, ετοs) above sixty years old.

υπερ-επαινέω, f. έσω and ήσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-επιθυμέω, f. ήσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. 20r. 2 act. of ὑπερπέτομαι. ὑπ-ερέπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρέπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta ov$ , pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\upsilon\theta a$ :—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-εσθίω, f. –έδομαι: aor. 2 –έφαγον:—to eat immoderately.

**ὑπερέσσϋμαι,** pf. pass. of ὑπερσεύω.

ὑπερέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ύπερ-έσχον, aor. 2 of ύπερέχω.

ὑπέρ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπέρ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὐγε, bravo, capital.

υπερ-ευτυχία, ή, exceeding good luck.

ύπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ύπερ-εχθαίρω, to bate exceedingly, c. acc. ὑπερ-έχω Ερ. ὑπειρέχω: Ερ. impf. ὑπείρεχον: f. ὑπερέξω: act. 2 ὑπερέσχον poet. -έσχεθον:—to bold over, esp. to bold over so as to protect: ὑπερέγειν

χεῖράs τινος to bold one's arms over one to shield bim. II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e. g.  $\gamma$ αίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon. 2. inetaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; ol ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful:  $\frac{1}{2}$  ku  $\frac{1}{2}$  θάλαττα ὑπεροχ $\frac{1}{2}$  if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone. 3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear. 4-to outflank, overlap. 5. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερῶ, fut. of ὑπείπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-

είρημαι - ὑπερ-ζέω, f. –ζέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερηδέως, Adv. of ὑπέρηδυς, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερήδιστα.

ύπερήδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ύπερήδετο ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

υπέρ-ηδυς, υ, exceeding sweet or pleasant. Sup.

ύπερηκόντισα, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίζω.

ὑπερ-ηλιξ, ϊκος, ό, ή, above a certain age.

υπέρ-ημαι, properly pf. of υπερέζομαι, to sit above. υπερ-ημερία, ή, (υπέρ, ήμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognizances, a distraining of goods, execution.

ύπερ-ήμεροs, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, baving an execution levied: metaph., c gen., ὑπερήμεροs γάμων over-due for marriage.

ύπερ-ήμισυς, υ, (ὑπέρ, ἤμισυς) above half, more than half.

υπ-έρημος, ov, somewhat desolate.

υπερ-ηνορέων, οντος, ὁ, (ὑπέρ, ἡνορέη) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνήρ) overbearing.

ύπερήσω, fut. of ὑπερίημι.

υπερηφανέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπερήφανοs) to be con picuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηνορέων, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

. ὑπερηφανία, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανίω) arrogance, baughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερή-φἄνος, ον, = ὑπερ-φανής with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant.

ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θάλασσίδιος, ον, (ὑπερ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea.  $\lceil σ \rceil$ 

ύπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθωμ-, f. άσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.
ὑπερ-θαύμαστος, ον, exceedingly admirable.

υπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; υπερθεν είναι ή.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ύπερ-θέω, t. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θἄνοῦμαι, to die for or instead of. ύπερθορεῖν Ion. – ξειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω. ύπερθορούμαι Ion. - έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.

ύπερ-θρώσκω, fut. - θοροῦμαι Ερ. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ύπερέθορον Εp. ὑπέρθορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -είν: -to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc. ὑπέρ-θῦμος, ov, high-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening. of a horse, too bigb-

couraged, restive. Hence

ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.

ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door.  $[\breve{v}]$  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{e}}\rho$ - $\theta\ddot{\mathbf{v}}\rho\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $o\mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{e}}\rho$ ,  $\theta\dot{\mathbf{v}}\rho\mathbf{a})$  above the door: as Subst.,  $\dot{v}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\theta\nu\rho\sigma\nu$ ,  $\tau\dot{\sigma}$ , =  $\dot{v}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\theta\dot{\nu}\rho\iota\sigma\nu$ .

ὑπερ-ιάχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c. gen. [ă]

ύπερίδειν, inf. of aor. 2 ύπερειδον.

ύπερ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl

beyond the mark.

ύπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.

Υπεριονίδης, ου, δ, patronym. from Υπερίων [ι], son of Hyperion, 1. e. the Sun.

ύπερ-ίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἴστημι).—to stand over, c. gen.. to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.

ύπερ-ίστωρ, opos, ό, ή, knowing but too well, c. gen. ὑπερ-ίσχυρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἰσχυρός) exceeding strong ὑπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to hold above. II. mtr. to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect, gen.

Υπερ-ίων [i], ovos, o, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with "Ηλιος in Homer, as Υπερίων 'Ηέλιοs, or 'Hέλιοs 'Υπερίων. (Said to be derived from ὑπέρ, lών, he that walks on high.)

ύπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.

ύπερ-καλλής, έs, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.

ὑπερ-κάμνω, f. –καμοῦμαι, to suffer or labour for any one, c. gen

ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. - καταβήσομαι, to get down over. ύπερ-καταγέλαστος, ov, exceedingly absurd. ύπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ύπερκαταβαίνω.

ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, to laugh outright. υπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above. ὑπερ-κηλέω, f. ήσω, to charm beyond measure. ὑπερ-κολἄκεύω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.

ὑπέρ-κομπος, ον, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νηες υπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in

swiftness. ὑπέρ-κοπος, ον, (ὑπέρ, κόπτω) like ὑπέρκομπος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence

ὑπερκόπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ήσω, to overfill or glut.

ὑπέρ-κοτος, ον, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. - Tws, overmuch, exceedingly. ύπερ-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ă] Att. -κρεμώ:--to bang up over or out of the way.

ύπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: αοτ. Ι - εκτησάμην:--to acquire over and above.

ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of

ὑπερ-κύδας, αντος, ὑ, (ὑπέρ, κῦδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.

ὑπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, peep 2. c. acc. to overstep.

ὑπέρ-λαμπροs, ον, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.

ύπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to shew great eagerness. [v]

ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably. [ī]

ὑπερ-λῦπέω, f. ήσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress:—Pass. to be distressed beyond measure. ύπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass, with f. med. –μανοθμαι: aor. 2 pass. ὑπερεμάνην [ă]:—to be struck mad.

ύπερ-μάκης, ες, Dor. for ύπερμήκης.

ύπερ-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (ύπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.

ὑπερμάχητικός, ή, όν, inclined to fight for another. ύπερ-μάχομαι [μα], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.

ὑπέρ-μαχος, ον, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as

Subst., ὑπέρμαχοs, ὑ, a champion.

ὑπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης.  $[\breve{a}]$ ὑπέρ-μεγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great.

ύπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ύπερμεγάθης [α], εs, gen. εos, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. exceedingly difficult.

ύπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass.:--to be excessively drunk.

ύπερ-μενέτης, ου, ό, poet. for ὑπερμενής.

ὑπερμενέων, οντος, ὁ, excessively nugbty. From ύπερ-μενής, έs, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.

ὑπέρ-μετρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. - Tpws.

ύπερ-μήκης, εs, gen. εοs, (ὑπέρ, μῆκος) exceeding long, bigb, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.

ὑπερ-μισέω, f. ήσω, to bate exceedingly.

ὑπέρ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.

ὑπερ-νέφελος, ον, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds. ύπερ-νϊκάω, f. ήσω, to be more tban conqueror. ύπερ-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc. ὑπερ-νότιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.

ὑπέρ-ογκος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size of

bulk, overgrown, immensely great.

ύπερ-οιδαίνω or -aνω, to swell, be much swollen. ύπερ-οιδάω Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, to swell excessively. υπερ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell above or beyond.

ὑπέρ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οἰκέω) dwelling above, beyond. ὑπεροπλία, ἡ, (ὑπέροπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [ī Ep.]

ύπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. (ύπέρ, ὑπλίζω) to

vanquish by force of arms.

ύπέρ-οπλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὅπλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπέρ-οπλον εἶπεῦν to speak baughtily, arrogantly.

II. generally, excessive, immense.

ὑπερόπτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπερόψομαι) a contemner, disdainer: absol. disdainful, baughty.

υπεροπτικός, ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. -κως, disdainfully. From

ὑπέρ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, baughty: neut. pl. as Adv. baughtuly.

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. -όψομαι: aor. 2 -είδον inf. -ἴδείν: aor. 1 pass. -άφθην: (cf. ὁράω):—to look over, survey.

II. to overlook, pay no beed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.

ύπερ-όριος poet. -ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ υπερορία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.

ύπερ-όρνϋμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὄρνυμι) to rise up over

a thing.

ύπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ήσω:—to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.

"THEPOS,  $\delta$ , or  $\forall \pi \in \text{pov}$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , a pestle to bray and pound with.

υπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐρανός) above the heavens. υπεροχή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preeminence, superiority, supermacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.

ύπέροχος Εp. ὑπείροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπείροχον ἔμμεναι άλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ώτατος.

ὑπεροψία, ή, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.

ύπερ-πάγής, ές, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγές extremely hard frost.

ύπερ-παθέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.

υπερ-παίω, f. -παιήσω: pf. -πέπαικα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.

 $\dot{v}$ περ-παλύνω, to strew or scatter over.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

ύπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εύομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.

ὑπερ-πέρισσος, η, ον, excessive:—Adv. -σωε, beyond measure.

**ὑπερ-πέτἄμαι**, Dep., = ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ă], to stretch over.

υπερ-πέτομαι οτ -πέταμαι: fut. -πτήσομαι: αοτ. 2 -επτάμην [α], whence Ep. 3 sing. υπέρπτατο: we also find Dor 3 sing. αοτ. 2 αct. υπερέπτα, from υπερέπτην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέττω, Att. for ὑπερπέσσω.

ύπερ-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.

υπέρ-πίκρος, ov, exceeding sharp or bitter.

ὑπερ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.

ύπερ-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink overmuch. [ῖ] ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall over or beyond. II.

of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. άσω, to abound exceedingly. ὑπερ-πλήθης, εs, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant. ὑπερ-πληρόω, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull. ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceeding rich. From ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich. ὑπέρ-πολυς, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολύς) overmuch, very much or many.

ύπερ-πονέω, f. ήσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονεῖσθαί τινο to take trouble on oneself for another.

ὑπερ-πόντιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea. ὑπέρπτἄτο, Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 of ὑπερπέτομαι.

ύπερ-πυππάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύππαξ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly

ὑπερ-πυρριάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$  (ὑπέρ, πυρρόs) to redden or blush for another

ύπερ-πωτάομαι, Ερ. for ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερράγην, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορρήγνυμι. [ἄ] ὑπερ-σεμνύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύνω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.

υπέρ-σοφος, ov, extremely wise or clever.

ύπερ-σπουδάζω, f. σω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ περ-στατέω, =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ περίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.

ὑπέρσχη, ὑπέρσχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.

υπέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, bigbest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑπατος: there is also a form ὑπερώτατος. [v]

ὑπερτείλας, aor. I part. of ὑπερτέλλω.

ύπερ-τείνω, f. -τενω: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch over or above: to bold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιὰν σειρίου κυνύs to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πόδα ἀκτῆs to stretch one's foot over the beach, i.e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέραs to outflank the enemy's wing.

2. metaph. to surpass, excel.

υπερτελέω, to pass quite over, overleap. From υπερ-τελής, έε, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen, ἄθλων ὑπερτελής one who has reached the end of his labours.

II. = ὑπερτέλλων, rising over or above.

ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. -τελω: aor. I -έτειλα:—to rise or

appear over or above; ὑπερτείλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun baving risen above the borizon; ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to bang or project over.

υπερτερία Ion. -ίη, ή, the upper part, esp. the upper

frame of a carriage. From

υπέρτερος, a, ov, Comp. Adj. of  $\dot{v}πέρ$ , over or above, upper, bigber: hence better, more excellent;  $\gamma ενε \hat{\eta}$   $\dot{v}πέρτερος$  bigber by birth, nobler;  $\dot{v}πέρτερος$  θε $\dot{v}να$  to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., μαντέων  $\dot{v}πέρτερον$  better than soothsayers. III. further, more.  $\dot{v}περ-τίθημ$ , f. -θησω: aor. I -ℓθηκα: aor. 2 -ℓθην: -to put or set over: -Med,  $\dot{v}περτίθεσθαί τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.$ 

ὑπερ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to prize or bonour above

measure.

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.

ὑπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπέρτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ύπερτοξεύσιμος, ον, to be oversbot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to oversboot.

ύπερ-τρέχω, f. -δράμοῦμαι: 201. 2 ὑπερέδράμον:—
to run over ot beyond, outrun, escape from.
2. to
excel, surpass.
3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρῦφάω, f. ἡσω, to revel extravagantly. ὑπ-ερυθριάω, f. άσω [ā], to grow rather red, to blush

or colour a little.

ύπ-έρυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red. ὑπερ-ὑψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high. ὑπερ-υψόω, Γ. ώσω, το exalt or extol exceedingly. ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, αοτ. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [Ճ]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ύπερ-φαλαγγέω, f. ήσω, (ύπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend

one's phalanx so as to outflank.

ὑπερφάνῆναι, aot. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence ὑπερφάνήs, έs, gen. έos, appearing over or above. ὑπέρ-φάτοs, ov, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. -οlσω: act. -ήνεγκα, pass. -ηνέχθην:—to carry over or across. II. intr. to bave the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπέρ-φευ, Adv. like ὑπερφυῶs, excessively, overmuch:

too bigbly.

ύπερ-φθίνομαι, poët. 3 sing. aor. 2 - έφθιτο: Pass. to

perish for or in behalf of one.

υπερφίαλος, ov, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμὸς ὑπερφίαλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also baughtily, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φίλέω, f. ήσω, to love beyond measure.

υπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

υπέρ-φοβος, ov, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπερ-φορέω, to carry over.

υπερ-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

υπερφρονέω, f. ησω, to bave bigb thoughts, to be overproud.
2. to look down upon, disdain. From υπέρ-φρων, ονος, δ, η, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) bigbminded, bigbspirited: baughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ υπέρφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ύπερ-φυής, ές, (ὑπέρ, φυή) beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extraordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφυὴς ὅσος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.

ύπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act -έφῦν pf. -πέφῦκα:—to spring or sboot up over or above: hence to

outsboot, surpass, excel.

ὑπερφυῶs, Adv. of ὑπερφυήs, excessively, marvellously; ὑπερφυῶs ὡs wonderfully bow, i. e. most wonderfully.

ύπερφύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ύπερ-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat.

II. c. part, to delight in doing.

ὑπερ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ă], to let down over.

ὑπερ-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth. ὑπερ-χλίδάω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for χλιδάω, like ὑπερτρυφάω, to be over wanton or arrogant.

ύπ-έρχομαι, f. - ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. - ήλύθον or - ηλθον: pf. - ελήλύθα: (cf. έρχομαι): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive. IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπέρ-χρεως, ων, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt. ὑπ-ερωέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπό, ἐρωέω) to sbrink back, recoil. ὑπερώη Att. ὑπερώη, ή, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερῷος.

υπερωιόθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερῷον, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερώιον, τό, the upper part of the bouse, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερῷοs (sub. οἴκημα).

ύπερώος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ύπερώιος (from ύπέρ, as πατρώος from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead. ύπερώτατος, η, ον, poet Sup. for ύπέρτατος.

υπεσσείται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of υπειμι (είμι sum).

ὑπέσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑφίστημι, also Dor. for ὑπέστην, 1 sing. of same.

ὑπέστειλα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. Ι οf ὑποστρέφω. ὑπέσχεθον, poët. aor. a of ὑπέχω.

ύπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπισχνέομαι.

**ὑπέσχημαι**, pf. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέτρεσας, 2 sing. 2 or. 1 of ὑποτρέω.

ὑπέτυψα, aor. I of ὑποτύπτω.

ὑπ-εύθῦνος, ον, (ὑπό, εὐθύνη) liable to give account,

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an 2. c. genit. liable to, ameaccount of bis conduct. nable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to. ὑπ-ευνάομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, εὐνάω) to lie under.

ύπέφηνα, 201. Ι οί ύποφαίνω.

ὑπέφρἄδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ύπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρῖσα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ύπ-έχω, f. υφέξω: aor. 2 υπέσχον poet. υπέσχεθον: (cf. έχω):—to bold under or underneath. 2. to put under or place under. 3. to bold out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὖas, Lat. praebere aurem, to lend an ear: hence to bold out, suggest: also to al-4. to supply, afford, place lege, make a pretence of. II. to bold from underneath, from below. at one's disposal. upbold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrase, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to bave to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

υπηγμαι, pf. pass, of ὑπάγω.

ὑπῆγον, ὑπήγἄγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, hearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen : as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, οί, subjects.

ύπηλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to bang down: see ὑπεμνήμῦκε.

υπήνεικαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of υποφέρω.

ύπ-ηνέμιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηνέμον ωόν a wind-egg which produces no chicken. ὑπ-ἡνεμος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) under the wind, under

shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηνέμου on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ύπηνήτης, ου, ό, a bearded man; πρώτον ύπηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπ-ηοῖος, η, ον, (ὑπό, ἠώε) about dawn, towards morning, early.

**ὖπηργμαι**, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

υπηρεσία, ή, (υπηρετέω) the service of duty of row-2. Collective for οἱ ὑπηρέται, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. rally, bard service, bard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρέσιον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's

bench, a rowing mat.

υπηρετέω, f. ήσω: pf. act. υπηρέτηκα, pass. υπηρέτημαι: (ὑπηρέτης):—to row, serve on board ship. generally, to do bard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμέων είε ὑμέαε ὑπηρετέεται the services which are rendered; to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, bu-3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ύπηρέτημα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, belp,

Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally. a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant. servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparttor; ὑπηρετὴε ἔρyou a belper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each beavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ή,  $\dot{ο}ν$ ,  $(\dot{υ}πηρέτης)$  of or fit for row-II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an υπηρέτης or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρετικύς a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ύπ-ηρέτις, ιδος, fem. of ύπηρέτης, a belpmate, assistant.

ύπήρζπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφίημι.

ύπ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound under, answer with a sound

ύπ-ίημι, Ion. for υφίημι.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ - $(\lambda\lambda\omega$ : aor. I  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\hat{\mathbf{v}}\lambda\alpha$ :  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\acute{\mathbf{v}}, \tilde{\mathbf{v}}\lambda\lambda\omega = \epsilon\tilde{\mathbf{v}}\lambda\omega)$ :—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπίλλειν στόμα to check one's tongue. ὑπιοῦσα, part. fem. of ὕπειμι (εἶμι ιbo).

ύπ-ίστημι, Ion. for υφίστημι

ύπ-ισχνέομαι, contr. -ούμαι Ion. ύπίσχομαι: fut. ύποσχήσομαι: aor. 2 ύπεσχόμην, imperat. ὑπόσχου: pf ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω = ἔχω):—to bold oneself under, i. e. to take upon onevelf, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight ber troth: also to promise or vow to the gods generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ύπ-ίσχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπναλέος, α, ον, (ὕπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy. ύπν-απάτης, ου, ό, (υπνος, ἀπατάω) cheating of sleep.

υπνίδιος, a, ov, (υπνος) (leepy, drowsy. [ντ]

ύπνο-δοτήρ, ηρος, ό, and ύπνο-δότης, ου, ό, (υπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νύμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling stram: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ύπνο-μάχέω, f. ήσω, (ύπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

"ΥΠΝΟΣ, δ, sleep, slumber: metaph, the sleep of II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death. deatb. ύπνο-φόβης, ου, ό, (ὕπνος, φοβέω) frightening in

ὑπνόω, f ώσω: pf. act. ὕπνωκα, pass ὕπνωμαι: (ὕπvos):—to lull to sleep:—Pass, to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὕπνω, Dor. gen. of ὕπνοs. ύπν-ώδης, εε, (ὕπνος, είδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ύπνων, Lacon. for ύπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνόω.

ύπνώσσω Att. -ττω, = ὑπνόω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ύπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνόω, to sleep, fall asleep.

"YTO", Prep, governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poët. ὑπαί, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under: beer κρήνη ὑπὸ σπείουs a fountain flows from under a cavern; ίππους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ὑπ' ἀρνειοῦ λυόμην I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχήσαs having hit him under the chest. the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι  $\hat{v}\pi \hat{o}$   $\tau i vos$  to be slain by a man;  $\theta \alpha v \in \hat{v} v$   $\hat{v}\pi'$   $\alpha \hat{v}\tau \circ \hat{v}$ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' ἐαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπό τινος to hear, i. e. be told by, 2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ύπό τινος to flee by reason of one; ύπὸ κήρυκος προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of 3. ὑπό is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέουs, χαρᾶs, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.: hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑπ' ἀρετῆs to do somewhat by reason of courage; ύπο δέους by reason of fear, etc; δρύσσειν ύπο μαστίγων to dig by constraint of the lash. 4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶσιν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway 5. ὑπό is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰωῆs at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κωμάζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοῆs θυσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

With Dat. of the object, under which a thing is: I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσσί under one's feet; ὑπὸ τἢ ἀμροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑφ' ἔρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χερσὶ δαμῆναι to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεῖσθαι ὑπό τινι to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῆ τινοs βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance. II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπό τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπό τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' ἐαυτῷ to have under one, at one's command.

With Accus., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὁπὸ σπέος ἤλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην Ιέναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἄγειν to bring under the judgment-seat.
2. under an object, without signf. of motion, ὑπ' ἡῶ τ' ἡέλιὸν τε under morning and the sun. II. of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near upon, ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τὴν ἔω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake, also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νηὸν κατακαέντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

Position: ὑπό sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὕπο.

'Υπό stands absol. As ADV., under, below, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

In Compos.: I. under, either of rest, as in υπ-ειμι to be under: or of motion, as in υπο-βαίνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in υπ-άργυρος, υπό-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δμώs. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewhat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θωπεύω.

υπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ύπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base. II. metaph. to be below, be less in beight: τεσσαράκοντα πόδας ύποβας τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] τωὐτὸ μέγαθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i.e. building it forty feet lower.

ύπο-βάλλω Ερ ὑββάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημα: --to throw, put or lay under, Lat substernere. II. Med to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one. ὑπόβἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαίνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένθιος, ον, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below. ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάζω, f.  $-\beta\iota\beta$ άσω Att.  $-\beta\iota\beta$ ῶ, Causal of ὑπο-βαίνω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

 $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$ πο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrely.

υποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ύποβλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ον, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfait, false.

υποβολή, ή, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting of laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding. II. pass, that which is fut under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph, the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, α, ον, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑπο-βολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ύπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ύπο-βρέχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμαι:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. ὑποβέβρεγμένος, somewbat drunk.

ύπο-βρύχιος, ον, also a, ον, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [v]

ὑπόβρῦχος, ον, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ύπό-γαιος οτ ὑπόγειος, ον, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous. ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch. II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

 $\dot{v}\pi\dot{o}$ -yelos,  $ov = \dot{v}\pi\dot{o}\gamma$ alos.

ύπο-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ἄ]:--to laugh at. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

ύπο-γίγνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι aor. 2 - εγενόμην: Dep.:—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. subnasci.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, ov, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ύπο-γλύκοίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκύs) to sweeten a little: metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ύπο-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend under or gradually. ὑπογνώσης, 2 sing. 201. I subj of ὑπογιγνώσκω. ὑπόγραμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is

written under: a signature. 2. an inscription. ὑπο-γραμμᾶτεύς, έως, ὁ, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμμάτεύω, f. σω, to be a ὑπογραμματεύs, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, δ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, patern,

model. ὑπογρὰφεύς, έως, δ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at

Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία). ὑπογραφή, ἡ, a subscription, signature: an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print. II. a sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio. III a

painting under of the eyelids. From

ύπο-γράφω [α], f. ψω: pf.-γέγραφα, pass.-γέγραμμα:
—to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to
write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to
set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem. 2. in drawing, to sketch,
draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat.
adumbrare: metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III.
to paint under the eyelids.

ύπό-γυιος or -γυος, ον, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the band, close at band: fresh, new; hence late, recent.

II. sudden, unexpected; ἐξ ὑπογύου off band, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυίως οτ -γύως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. ὑπογυιότερον more recently; Sup. ὑπογυιότατα very lately.

 $b\pi 6-\gamma uos$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $b\pi \delta \gamma u cos$ .

ύπο-δακρύω, f. ύσω [v], to weep a little or in secret. ὑπο-δαμάω, f. άσω [d]: pf. -δέδμηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑπελμήθην: pf. -δέδμημα: :—to subdue under one, to ονετροwer, overcome: aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδμηθείσα, baving yielded to.

ύπο-δάμνημι, = ύποδαμάω; so also in Med.:—Pass. ὑποδάμναμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome. ὑποδδείσας, Ερ. aor. 1 part. of ὑποδείδω.

ὑποδέγμενος, Ερ. 201. 2 part. οf ὑποδέχομαι. ὑποδεδεμένος, pf. pass. οf ὑποδέω. ὑποδέδηγμαι, pf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

**ὑποδεδιώs,** pf. part. of ὑποδείδω.

υποδεδιώς, δ, (ὑπό, δεδιώς) Interally, crouching for II. fear, name of a bird in Austophanes.

ύποδέδρομα, poet. pf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ύπο-δεής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in Comp, ὑποδεέστερος inferior; ἐκ πολλῷ ὑποδεεστέρων w.th means much inferior.— Comp. Adv ὑποδεεστέρως, in inferior numbers.

υπόδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark. II a pattern, copy, example.

ύπο-δείδω, f. σω: aor I ὑπέδεισα Ερ. ὑπέδδεισα: Ep. pf. ὑποδείδια: 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδείδισαν: poet. pf. ὑπαιδείδοικα, for ὑποδέδοικα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to sbrink in fear from, cower before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ύπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω: aor.

I ὑπέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew underhand or secretly: to give a mere glimpse of.
give to understand.

II. to mark out: to shew,
teach by example.
play of, pretend to: also simply, to shew.

ύπο-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā], to be somewhat cowardly.

ύπο δειμαίνω, to stand in secret awe of.

ύπο-δειπνέω, f. ήσω, to dine instead of another.

ὑποδείσας, aor I part. of ὑποδείδω.

ύπο δέκομαι, Ion. for υποδέχομαι.

ύπο-δέμω, to build under, lay as a foundation. ύποδεξίη, ή, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest,

means of entertainment [7 in Ep, metri grat]

• ὑποδέξιος, α, ον, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capa-

ὑποδέξιος, α, ον, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

ύπο-δερίς, ίδος, ή, (ὑπό, δέρη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑπόδεσις, εως, ή, (ὑποδέω) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes. ὑποδέχθαι, Ep aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι

ύπο-δέχομαι Ιου. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. 1  $-\epsilon\delta\epsilon\xi\acute{\alpha}\mu\eta\nu$ : pf  $-\delta\acute{\epsilon}\delta\epsilon\gamma\mu\alpha\iota$ : also aor. I pass.  $-\epsilon\delta\acute{\epsilon}\chi\theta\eta\nu$ (in pass sense): Dep :- to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, wel come, entertain; ὁ ὑποδεξάμενος one's entertainer or 3. to give ear to, bearken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also to 2. to admit or allow undertake a work or task. the justice of a thing; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχε-III. to endure,  $\sigma\theta$ aı to refuse to admıt, deny. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. bear. 2. to follow in rank or order: to come excipere. next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δέω, f. -δήσω: pf. pass. ὑποδέδεμαι:—to bind or tie under:—Med. to bind under one's feet, put on shoes, etc., κοθόρνους ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's buskins: absol., ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's shoes: pf. pass. part., ὑποδεδεμένος, with one's shoes on; ὑποδεδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

ύπο-δηλόω, f. ώσω, to shew secretly, indicate. ὑπόδημα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδέω) that which is bound

under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.

ύποδησαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.

ὑπο-δίδάσκάλος, ό, the under-teacher of a chorus ὑπό-δίκος, ον, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-δίφθερος, ον, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.

ὑποδμηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω. ὑπο-δμώς, - ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.

υποδοχή, ή, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a bospitable reception, entertainment: also a barbouring, as of slaves. II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour. III a supposition, assumption. IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρὰ, (ὑποδρακεῖν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπύδρα ἰδών looking askance, i e fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδράκειν, aor. 2 mf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.

ύποδράμειν, aor. 2 mf. of ύποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δράω poet ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ηρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ή, (ὑποδραμεῖν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑπόδρομος, ον, (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἴχνους a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό δροσος, ον, somewhat dewy or damp

**ὑποδρώωσι**, poet for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω ὑπο-δύνω, = ὑποδύω. [ʊ]

ὑποδύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύω.

υπόδυσις, εως, ή, a diving of plunging under. II.

refuge, escape from a thing. From

or over, come on gradually.

ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω [v]: f. -δύσω [v]: aor. I ὑπέδῦσα: —to put on under.
2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, aor. 1 ὑπεδῦσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑποδέδῦκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes.
2. c. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from.
30 ounder, take on one's sboulders: then, to undergo, take on oneself, c. acc.
4. of feelings, to steal into

δυκότεs sunken eyes.
 ὑπο-είκω, f. ὑπο-είξομαι, Ερ. for ὑπείκω, ὑπείξομαι.

5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδε-

ύπο-εργός, όν, contr. ὑπουργός, q. v. ὑπο-ζάκορος, ό, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess. ὑπο-ζεύγνυς μα αι d - ὑω, f. - ζεύρω: aor. 1. ὑπέζευξα: Pass., aor. 2 ὑπεζύγην [ʊ]: pf. ὑπέζευγμαι:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass to be yoked under, be subjected to.

υπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζῦγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ύπο-ζυγόω, f. ώσω, = ὑποζεύγνυμι.

ὑπόζωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννῦμι and -ὑω: f. -ζώσω: pf. act. ὑπέζωκα, pass. ὑπέζωσμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ύπο-θάλπω, f. ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:

-Pass. to glow beneath.

ύποθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.

υπο-θερμαίνω, to beat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat bot, to glow.

υπό-θερμος, ον, somewhat bot or passionate:— Comp. -ότερος, too hasty or passionate.

ύποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ύπόθεσις, εως, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumitio.

2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle.

2 generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

υπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race III to run in too bastily.

ύποθήκη, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, bint, piece of advice.

If a pledging, mortgage.

υποθημοσύνη, ή, (υποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλίβω  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , f ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορῦβέω, f. ήσω, to make a li'tle noise: to begin to make a noise.

ύπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut -θράξω, Att. contr. from ύποταράσσω.

ύπο-θρύπτομαι, fut -θρύψομαι: 201. 1 ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep: - to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θῦμιάω, f άσω [ā]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck.

II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θωπεύ», to flatter a little, win by flattery. ὑπο-θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underband:—Med. to

υπο-ψωρησσω, f. ξω, to arm underbana:—Nica. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ύπο-ιάχω [a], to sound forth a little or below. ὑπ-τίγνῦμι and ὑπ-οίγω, f ὑποίξω, to open a little

or secre/ly. ὑπ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπ-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίζω) = ὑποικέω.

ύπ-οικοδομέω, f ήσω, to build under or beneath.

ύπ-οικουρέω, f. ήσω, to keep bouse, stay at bome. II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at bome, to contrive underband. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with. ὑπ-οιμώζω, fut. - ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

Bb2

ύπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδούμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ύπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambusb. 2. c. acc. pers. to lie in wait for. ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ιῶ, to set down under: to place in ambusb: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ύπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below. ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend sbort back. 2. intr to turn sbort back, double, as a hare. II. metaph, to fall sbort of, c. acc.

ύπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the beart ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην · pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ύπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινω, to lay down under:— Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάτημαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ύπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [a]

ύπό-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον ίερφ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυοίν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὕλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τα υποκείμενα the articles pledged.

υπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστήs: to give the time in rowing.

ύπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by voice of berald:—Med. to bave a thing proclaimed or cried. ὑπο-κῖνέω, f. ἡσω: 201. I -εκίνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις διν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently. ὑπ-οκλόζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ύπο-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], to break underneath or by degrees.

ύπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underband:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

υπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. I ὑπεκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

ύπο-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one. ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ήσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be bidden under.

ύπο-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash or cleanse from below:
—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ύπο-κνίζω, f. ίσω, to irritate or excite secretly:— Pass. to be provoked.

ύπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom. as Subst. a darling.

2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ύπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate.
3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ύποκόρισμα, ατος, τό, a coaxing or endearing

word: a fair name for something base.

ύποκορισμός, ό, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ύπο-κουρίζομαι, lon. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ύπο-κρέκω, f. ξω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's band: to sound in barmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ύπο-κρητηρίδιον, τύ, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [τ]

ύποκρίναιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ῖ] ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. 1 inf of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ῖ]

ύπο-κρίνομαι [τ], f. - κρῖνοῦμαι: aor. 1 med. ὑπεκρινάμην pass. ὑπεκρίθην [τ]: Med.:—toreply, make answer,
answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound,
interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue,
play a part on the stage, the part played being put in
acc:, ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθά to play Prometheus. 2.
of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph.
to play a part, dissemble, play the bypocrite.

ύποκρῖσία, ή, = ὑπόκρισιs.
ὑπόκρῖσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ύποκρίτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκρἴτικός, ή, όν, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ύπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack

ύπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. ὑπεκρύψθην:—to bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρώζω, f. ξω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ον, running upon wheels.

ύπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ὑπέκυψα:—to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; ol Μήδοι ὑπέκυψαν Πέρσησι the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to pesp into a place. II, c. acc., ὑποκύπτειν τὰν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κύομαι, Med, (ὑπό, κυέω) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. I part. ὑποκῦσἄμένη. ὑπο-κώλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμφδέω, f. ήσω, to ridicule a little or underband. ὑπό-κωφος, ον, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ύπολαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

**ὑπο-λαμβάνω**, f. -λήψομαι: aor 2 ὑπέλἄβον: pf. ὑπείληφα, pass. ὑπείλημμαι. (cf. λαμβάνω):-to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in aor. 2 part., έφη ὑπολαβών he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II. = ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protec-2. to accept or entertain a proposal. to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed; ἡ ὑπειλημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underband: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάν ειν ιππον to hold up or check a horse.

light, gleaming. From

ύπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to. ύπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave bebind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείψομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at bome; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay bebind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race. of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; υπολείπεσθαι αιτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.

υπό-λεπτος, ov, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

υπο-λευκαίνω, to make white underneath: - Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white,

υπο-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must

suppose or understand.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; έξ ὑπολήψεως in turn, alternately. a rejoinder, reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ύπ-ολίζων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ὀλίζων) somewbat

less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-λίθος, ov, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λιμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λισπος Att. -λισφος, ov, somewhat smooth. worn smooth.

ὑπό-λιχνος, ον, somewbat dainty.

ύπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep.:--to take into account or consideration.

ύπό-λογος, δ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιεῖσθαί τινος to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem babere rei.

ύπο-λόγος, ov Adj. taken into account, beld accountable, responsible.

υπό-λοιπος, ov, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ύπο-λόχαγος, δ, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-λύριος, ον, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑπολύριοs a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [v] ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. i -έλ $\bar{v}$ σα: pf. -λέλ $\bar{v}$ κα: Pass., pf.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \ddot{\nu} \mu \alpha \iota$ : plqpf.  $-\epsilon \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\nu} \mu \eta \nu$ : Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλὕτο, 3 pl. ὑπέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ύπέλυσε γυια he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ὑπέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. ὑπολαμπήs, és, gen. éos, shining with inferior from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by 2. to untie a person's sandals from under stealth. his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him .- Med. to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp to ὑποδείσθαι. ὑπό-μακρος, ον, rather long, longish.

ύπο-μαλακίζομαι. Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίζω) to grow

soft or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees: -- Pass, to be softened gradually.

υπό-μαργος, ον, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότ€ρο**s**.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneatb.

ύπο-μειδιάω, f. άσω [ā], to smile a little or gently.

ύπομείναι, aor. I inf. ot ύπομένω.

ύπο-μείων, ov, gen. ovos, somewbat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομείονες, οί, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to oµoioi (peers).

ὑπο-μενετέον or -ητέον, verb. Adj. one must abide,

endure. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut, -μενω; aor, I - έμεινα :—to staybehind: to stay at bome. 2. to survive, remain II. trans. to abide or await another, to 2. c. acc, rei, to be patient under, bide his attack. to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. mf. to undertake to do 3. to wait for an event : to abide the a thing. issue of a thing. 4. to uphold, support, maintain.

ύπο-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass, -μέμιγμαι:--to II, intr. to come near mix among or up with. secretly, c. dat, ; ὑπομίξαι τῆ γῆ to run close under

ύπο-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω: αοτ. Ι ὑπέμνησα: c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, thing. mention, suggest. Il. Pass. and Med., f. - urfσομαι: 201. 1 - εμνησάμην: pf. -μέμνημαι:—to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

υπό-μισθος, or, serving for pay, bired, retained.

ύπο-μνάομαι contr. -μνώμαι: Dep.:--to court a woman underband or behind her bushand's back.

ύπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass of ὑπομιμνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάασθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, ατος, τό, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

ὑπομνησαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομιμνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, εως, ή, (ὑπομιμνήσκω) a reminding, II. remembrance. calling to mind.

ὑπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.

II. Med. ὑπόὑπ-όμνυμι, to interpose by oath. μνύμαι, f. ὑπομοῦμαι: 201. Ι ὑπωμοσάμην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. a bolding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, ον, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly. υπο-valω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νείφω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ύπο-νέμομαι, 201. Ι – ενειμάμην: Med.:—to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine. ὑπο-νέφελος, ον, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds. ύπο-νήιος, ον, (ὑπό, Νήιον) under the promontory

Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. -ήξομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive ὑπο-νίφω [ι], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow: - Pass., νὺξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ύπο-νοξω, f. ήσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοείν τι είε τινα to enter-

tain a suspicion of one. Hence

υπόνοια, ή, a bidden meaning or sense: suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing. ύπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From

ὑπόνομος, ον, (ὑπονέμω) going underground, under-II. as Subst. ὑπόνομοs, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe. υπο-νοσέω, f. ήσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting.

ὑπο-ξενίζω, f. ίσω, to tell in a foreign accent. ὑπό-ξύλος, ον, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath,

made of wood plated over.

**ὑπο-ξυράω** or -έω, f. ήσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρημένος, half-shaven. ὑπο-ξύριος, a, ον, (ὑπό, ξὔρόν) under the rasor.

υπο-ξύω, f. ύσω, [v], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

ύπο-παρωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underband.

ύπο-πάσσω, f. -πάσω [ă], to strew under. ύπο-πεινάω, f. ήσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be bungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, όν, despatched underband, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

ύπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c acc. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. submittere.

ὑποπεπτηῶτες, Ep. pf. part nom. pl. of ὑποπτήσσω. ύποπέπτωκα, pf. of ύποπίπτω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ύπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ύπέπαρδον: Dep.:—to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

ύπο-περκάζω, f. άσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ύποπεσείν, 20r. 2 inf. of ύποπίπτω.

ύπο-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ἄ]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι -to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, ον, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewbat rocky ύπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ύπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω. aor. I ὑπέπλησα, pass -επλήσθην:—to fill a little, fill by degrees:—Pass, τέκνων ὑποπλησθηναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ύπο-πίνω [τ], f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα:--to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tippling: ὑποπεπωκώs rather tipsy.

ύπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: 201. 2 ὑπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to. fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, bappen to, befall.

ύπο-πισσόω Att. -ττόω, f. ώσω, to smear with

pitch or tar.

ύπο-πλάκιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount Placos near Troy: cf. ὑπονήιοs. [ŭ]

II. υπό-πλάτυς, v, somewhat flat or extended. somewbat salt: cf. πλατύs.

ὑπό-πλεος, ον Att. –πλεως, ων, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. –πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ύπό-πλεως, ων, gen. ω. Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ύπο-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike beneatb. ύπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. –πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

 $\dot{v}\pi o - \pi \delta \delta cov$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{v}\pi \dot{o}, \pi o \dot{v}s)$  a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to bring under:-Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by II. in Med. also to assume, put on. secret arts.

ὑπο-πόλιος, ον, (ὑπό, πολιόε) somewhat gray. ύπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

υπό-πορτις, ιος, ή, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ύπο-πραύνω Ep. and Ion. -πρηύνω, to appease a little or by degrees. [0]

ύπο-πρίαμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.

ύπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [7]

ὑπό-πτερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged: swift-winged, fleet: also soaring, flighty.

ύποπτεύω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of, suspect that, c. inf.: also to suspect, surmise: - Pass. to be suspected, mistrusted. From

ὑπ-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc. Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, shy.

ύπο-πτήσσω, f.  $\xi \omega$ : pf.  $-\pi \epsilon \pi \tau \eta \chi \alpha$ , Ep. part.  $-\pi \epsilon \pi$ τηώς, pl. -πεπτηῶτες:—to crouch or cower down from fear; πετάλοις ὑποπεπτηῶτες crouching under the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower before another: absol. to be modest, abashed.

**ὑποπτος**, ον, (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at from under: looked askance at, viewed with suspicion II. act. suspecting, fearor jealousy, suspected. ing, Lat. suspicam: as Subst., τὸ ὕποπτον, suspicion, jealousy.

υπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.

ὑπ-όρθριος, ον, also, α, ον, (ὑπό, ὄρθρος) towards morning, about dawn, at break of day.

ὑπο-ρὶπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ριπίς) to fan from below

or gently.

 $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ π-όρν $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ μι, f. -όρσω: aor. I - $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ ρσα:—to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually:-Pass. υπόρνύμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπῶρτο: pf. 2 -ώρορα:—to arise from under or gradually.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ - $\dot{\mathbf{o}}\rho\mathbf{o}\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $=\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\omega}\rho\mathbf{o}\phi\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ . II. sounding softly from a reed; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe. ύπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up:

metaph. to devise, make up.

ύπορ-ρέω, f. pass. -ρυήσομαι and aor. 2 ύπερρύην (in act. sense): pf. -ερρύηκα:—to flow away under: to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere; to flow or fall in gradually. 2. to slip away: of the hair, to fall off: of Time, to run on.

ύπορ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break underneath:-Pass. to be rent from beneath, break

gradually open.

ὑπόρ-ρηνος, ον, (ὑπό, ρήν) poët. for ὑπαρνος, with ὑπόο-onvos. ον. (ὑπό. δήν) poët, for ὑπαονος, with ύπορ-ριπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, = ὑποριπίζω.

ύπ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, under-

ύπ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to

ύπό-σαθρος, ον, somewhat rotten, tainted.

ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ίγξω, to sound the trumpet slightly ὑπο-σείω Ερ. ὑποσσείω: f. -σείσω: -to shake from below or gently, set in motion a little.

υπο-σημαίνω, f. ăvω, to give a bint of, intimate, indicate quietly: c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to make signal by sound of trumpet.

ύπο στγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during. ύπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to tass over in silence. υπο-σκάζω, f. άσω, to balt a little.

ύπο-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire. | ύπο-στορέννθμι also -στόρνυμι and -στρώννυμι:

ὑπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.

ύπο-σκελίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλοε) to trip up one's beels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.

ύπό-σκιος, ον, (ὑπό σκιά) under the shade, overshadowed: of suppliants, shaded by their olivebranches.

ὑπο-σμύχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:— Pass. to smoulder away. [v]

ύπο-σπανίζομαι, pf. ύπεσπάνισμαι: Pass.:-to suffer want a little, c. gen. rei, βορας ὑπεσπανισμένος stinted or in want of food.

ύπο-σπάω, f. άσω [ă], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly: - Med., ὑποσπάσασθαι τὸν ἵπmov to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.

ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty, secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce or treaty: τούς νεκρούς ύποσπόνδους αποδιδόναι or άναιρεῖσθαι, to giant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.

ὑποστάθμη, ή, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.

ύποσταίην, aor. 2 opt, of ὑφίστημι.

ύποστάς, ασα, άν, 20r. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.

ὑπόστασις, εως, ή, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under, a support: metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph the foundation or ground of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. subsistence, reality: substance, nature, essence.

ύποστατός, όν, verb. Adj. of υφίσταμαι, set un-II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured. ύπο-σταχύομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχυς) to grow up gradually like ears of corn.

ὑπό-στεγος, ον, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under cover of a bouse. 2. covered over.

ὑπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, bide under.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ mo- $\sigma \mathbf{r} \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\sigma \mathbf{r} \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \hat{\omega}$ ; aor. I  $\dot{\mathbf{v}} \pi \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \mathbf{r} \dot{\epsilon} i \lambda \alpha$ ; pf. ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι:-to let down, lower, take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. draw or sbrink back from, sbrink from the presence 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear: of 2. to cloak conceal suppress through fear : dissimulation.

ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ξω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or mean in an under tone. ΙΙ. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νώτοι: ὑποστενάζει be groans under the weight of heaven on his back.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{o} - \mathbf{\sigma} \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{\chi} (\mathbf{k} \mathbf{\omega}), \quad \mathbf{f} \quad \mathbf{f} \quad \mathbf{o} \mathbf{\omega} = \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\pi} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{\sigma} \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{\zeta} \mathbf{\omega}.$ 

ὑπο-στένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to sigb or groan.

ύποστηναι, aor. 2 inf. of υφίστημι.

ύπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.

ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι. ύπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to sbine a little, sbine softly.

ὑποστολή, ή, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lower-II. submission. ing of sails: a sbrinking back.

ύπο-στονάχίζω, = ύποστεναχίζω.

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω: aor. I ὑπεστόρεσα and -έστρωσα: pf. υπέστρωκα, pass. υπέστρωμαι:--to spread, lay or strew under: -- Med., to strew or lay under for oneself: 3 sing. pf. pass., & χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which bas copper laid under it.

ύποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστορέννυμι. ὑποστράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to serve under as lieutenant.

ὑπο-στράτηγος, δ, a lieutenant-general. ὑποστρεφθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass, part from ύπο-στρέφω, f.  $\psi \omega$ : Pass., aor. I  $-\epsilon \sigma \tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \phi \theta \eta \nu$ : pf -έστραμμα:—to turn round about, guide back. intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee: to return: so in fut. med ὑποστρέψομαι and aor. I 3. to turn awdy, elude a person. Hence υποστρεψεία, Ep. aor. 1 opt. of υποστρέφω.

ὑποστροφή, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) α turning round :  $\alpha$ turning about, either to flee or to rally; έξ ὑποστροφη̂s, Lat. denuo, again, anew: also on the contrary. ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστρώννυμι) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ύπο-στρώννυμι, == ύποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-συρίζω or -ίττω, f. εω, to whistle gently, rustle. ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down: to trip up. [v]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπισχνέομαι. υποσχές, έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of vπέχω.

υποσχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of υπισχνέομαι. ὑποσχεσίη, ή, Ep for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

**ὑποσχέσιον**, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ή, (ὑπισχνέομαι) a promising, promise, engagement; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρωσαι to fulfil a promise: ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ύποσχόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

υπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of υπισχνέομαι.

ύποσχών, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποταγή, ή, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection ύπο-ταμνόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ύπο-ταράσσω Att. -ττω, contr. -θράσσω: f. έω: pf. pass -τετάραγμαι:—to stir up, trouble from below or a little:-Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

δπο-ταρβέω, f. ήσω, to be somewhat afraid: c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ύπο-ταρτάριος, ον, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarits, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπότασις, εως, ή, (ὑποτείνω) a stretching of spreading out from under; πεδίων ὑποτάσειs the plains that stretch below.

ύπο-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass.-τέταγμαι:to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τείνω, f. –τενω: 201. I – έτεινα: —to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to bold out before of towards, to bold out, suggest bopes, to promise, offer: Med. to propose by way of question, submit. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ύπο-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to build a wall under or across: to build a cross-wall. Hence

υποτείχισις, εως, ή, the building of a cross-wall: and ύπο-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ύπο-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate: absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ύπο-τελής, έs, gen. έος, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. vectigalis, tributarius.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ύπο-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ and -τάμοθμαι: aor. 2 ὑπέτἄμον: Pass., aor. I –ετμήθην: pf. –τέτμημαι:-to cut away or under: to cut unfairly. to cut off, Lat. intercipere; ὑποτέμνειν την ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope; so also in Med., inoτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage:-Pass. ύποτάμνεσθαι το άπο των νεών to be out off from the ships.

ύπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: 201. Ι ύπέθηκα: 201. 2 ύπέθην:-to place under: to put under, make sub-2. to place under as a foundation, to lay down: esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for 3. to propose to oneoneself, presuppose, premise. self for discussion of argument to propose to do. II. to suggest, mostly in Med.: c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish: c. inf. to advise one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage: hence, 2. to stake, 3. to lay in store, store up, keep. bazard, venture.

ύπο-τιμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med.: as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τἴτράω, to bore through below.

\*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ύποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ύπέτλην, pf. ύποτέτληκα:—to bear, endure, submit to

ύπο-τονθορίζω or -ύζω, to murmur or hum softly. ὑποτοπεύω, = ὑποτοπέω.

**ὑποτοπέω**, f. ήσω: aor. I ὑπετόπησα: also as Dep ύποτοπέομαι: aot. Ι ύπετοπήθην: (ύποπτος):--to suspect or surmise that: also c. acc. to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f σω, to list a little.

ύπο-τρείω, Εp. for υποτρέω.

ύπο-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession: Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ύπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι and -δράμοθμαι: aor. 2 ὑπέδρἄμον: pf. ὑποδέδρομα:—to run ın under; δ κύων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοὺς πόδας τοῦ ἴππου the dog ran under the horse's legs. II. to run under or be-III. to run in between, intercept. to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

ύπο-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble a little: to shrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ύπο-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away II. to grate or pound ingredients for gradually. a dish; cf. ὑπότριμμα. [τ]

υπο-τρίζω, to chirp or whistle softly.

ύπότριμμα, ατοε, τό, (ύποτρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; υπότριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.

ύπο-τρομέω, f. ήσω, to tremble under or a little.

c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.

ὑποτροπή, ή, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, re-II. a return, recurrence.

ὑπότροπος, ον, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned bome.

ὑπο-τροχάω, poet. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.

ὑπο-τρύζω, to bum in an undertone.

ύπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 20r. 2 - έτραγον: --to eat underband or secretly.

ύπο-τυπόω, f ώσω, (ύπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

ύπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to str.ke or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψας κηλωνηίφ αντλέει he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπτουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ έδωρέτο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

ύποτύπωσις, εως, ή, (ύποτϋπόω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy pattern.  $\mathring{\mathbf{v}}$ π-ουθάτιος, α, ον,  $(\mathring{\mathbf{v}}$ πό, ο $\mathring{\mathbf{v}}$ θαρ) under the udder,

hence sucking. [ă]

 $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ -ουλος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{o}}, o\dot{\mathbf{v}}\lambda\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}})$  of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, bollow, unreal; κάλλος κακών υπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ὑπ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπό, οὐρἄνός) under beaven or the

beavens: reaching up to beaven.

ὑπουργέω, f. ήσω: pf act. ὑπούργηκα, pass. ὑπούργημαι: (ὑπουργόs): —to render service, to serve, succour to be of service: c. neut. acc, χρηστά Αθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athemans good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence

ὑπούργημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered. ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must

serve or be kind to.

ύπουργία, ή, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, com-

ύπ-ουργός, όν, contr. for ύποεργός, (ὑπό, \*ἔργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

ὑπο-φαίνω, f.  $-\phi$ ανω: aor. I  $-\epsilon \phi \eta \nu a : -to$  shew or bring to light from under; θρηνυν υπέφηνε τραπέ-(ns be drew the stool from under the table. shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf.  $\upsilon \pi o \lambda \acute{a} \mu \pi \omega$ .

ύπο-φάτις, ιος, ή, Dor for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτηε, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφαυσις, ή, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From ύπο-φαύσκω, (ὑπό, φάοε) to begin to shine.

ὑπό-φαυτις, ιοε, ή, Aeol. for ὑπόφασιε, (ὑπό, φάσιε)

a secret whispering.

ύπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear. ύπο-φέρω, f ύποίσω. aor. ι ύπήνεγκα Ιομ. υπήνεικα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. to hold out under or before: to hold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

ύπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee from under, evade:

to retire a little, shrink back.

ὑποφητεύω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτης. From ύπο-φήτης, ου, ό, (ύπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ύπο-φθάνω [ă], f. ὑποφθήσομαι later also -φθάσω [ $\check{a}$ ]: aor. I  $\check{v}\pi\check{\epsilon}\phi\theta\check{a}\sigma\alpha$ : aor.  $\check{a}\check{v}\pi\check{\epsilon}\phi\theta\eta\nu$ , inf  $\check{v}\pi\circ\phi\theta\check{\eta}\nu\alpha$ i, part. ὑποφθάs: pf. ὑπέφθακα:—to baste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθάς δουρὶ μέσον περώνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part, ὑποφθάμενος κτείνεν he killed him beforeband.

ύπο-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to feel secret envy at.

υπό-φθονος, ov, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -νωs, somewbat jealously.

ύπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below. ύπο-φόνιος, ον, (ὑπό, ψόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ὑπο-φραδμοσύνη, ή, suggestion: in plur. counsels.

ύπο-φράζομαι, Med to conjecture.

ύπο-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f ξω: pf. -πέφρικα:---to shudder a little.

ύποφυγών, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of ύποφεύγω.

ύπο-φωλεύω, to lie bidden under.

ύπο-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to call gently to.

ύπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκαδόμην: Dep.:--to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.

ύπο-χαλινίδιος [ντ], α, ον, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ἡ, a kind of snafflebridle.

ύπο-χαροπός, όν, (ύπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ύπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.

ύπο-χείριος, ον, also a, ον, (ὑπό, χείρ) under one's bands, in the band: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίους ποιείσθαι to make subject. ύπο-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. Ι ύπέχεα Ερ. ύπέχεια: pf. pass. -κέχυμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχυτο:-to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to stress or spread under; φύλλα ύποκεχυμένα ύπο τοῦς ποσί the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass. to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστίη ὑπεκέχυτο αὐτώ distrust stole over him.

ύπο-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπό, χθών) under the earth, subterraneous.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{o}}-\mathbf{\chi}\theta\omega\mathbf{v}$ , ovos,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $=\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\mathbf{o}\mathbf{\chi}\theta\dot{\mathbf{v}}\iota\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ .

υποχος, ον, (ὑπέχω) subject, under control, τινί to one: also c. gen., ϋποχοί τινος a king's subjects.

υπό-χρεωs, ων, gen. ω, (υπό, χρέοs) subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. obseratus.

ύπο-χρίω, f. -χρίσω [ī]: 201. I act. ὑπέχρισα, pass. ὑπεχρίσθην:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.

υπό-χρυσος, ov, containing a mixture of gold.

ὑπο-χωρέω, f. ήσομαι, to go back, recoil; ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain; ὑποχωρεῖν τινι τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour one, give it up to him.

2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting.

II. to go on in succession.

υπό-ψαμμος, ov, baving sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: Comp. - ότερος, somewhat sandy.

ὖποψία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) suspicion, jealousy; ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατά τινος to entertain suspicion of a person; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion. II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness

υπόψιος, ον, (υπόψομαι) viewed from below, Lat. suspectus; hence viewed with suspicion.

ὑπόψομαι, serving as fut. of ὑφοράω.

ύπ-οψωνέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπό, ὀψωνέω) to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.

ύπτιάζω, f. άσω, (ὕπτιος) to bend oneself back: to carry one's bead bigb. Il. transit. to bend or throw back: Pass., ὑπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched

back.

ὑπτίασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) that which is stretched
out with the under side uppermost; ὑπτιάσματα χερῶν
hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supins

manibus. II. a backward fall. ὑπτιαστέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπτιάζω, one must throw back.

υπτιοs, a, ov, (ὑπό) with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat supinus, resupinus; of one falling, πέσεν ὕπτιοs he fell on his back; ὑπτίοιε σέλμασιν ναυτίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards; γαστηρ ὑπτία belly uppermost.

2. generally, anything turned up, inverted; κράνοε ὕπτιον a helmet with the bollow uppermost; so, ἀσπὶε ὑπτία ; but, κύλιξ ὑπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost; ἀψὶε ὑπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost.

3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence

υπτιόω, f. ώσω, to turn over, upset.

ὑπ-ωθέω, (ὑπό, ἀθέω) to push or thrust away. ὑπ-ωλένιο**s**, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, ἀλένη) under the

arm or elbow.

ύπωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of ύπόμνυμι.

υπωμοσία, ή, (υπόμνυμι) an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ανθυπωμοσία.

υπωπιάζω, f. άσω, (ὑπώπιου) to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, ven or annoy greatly. Hence

ὑπωπιασμός, ὁ, a striking under the eye: affliction.
ὑπ-ώπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ἄψ) the part under the eyes, the face.

II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, a blow

under the eye, a black eye

ὑπ-ωρεία οι ὑπ-ωρεία, ἡ, (ὑπό, ὅρος) the foot of a
mountainous track: plur. ὑπωρεία, the roots of a
mountain, Lat. radices montis.

ὑπώρορε, 3 sing pf. intrans. of ὑπόρνυμι.

ύπ-ωρόφιος, ον, also a, ον, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) under the roof, under cover of a bouse, in a bouse: generally, under shelter.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ - $\dot{\mathbf{w}}$ po $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ os,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $\Rightarrow \dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\omega\rho\dot{\mathbf{v}}$  $\phi\iota os$ .

\*TPXA, ή, an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a picklejar, Lat. orca. (Aeol. word)

\*ΥΣ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ὑόs [v]: acc. ὑν:—like σῦs, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a ame pig; but ὑs ἄγριοs a wild boar.

"ΥΣΓΗ, ή, a sbrub from which comes the dye υσγινον.

ύσγινο-βάφής, ές, (ὕσγινον, βαφηναι) dipped or dyed in ὕσγινον, scarlet.

ὕσγῖνον, τό, (ὕσγη) a vegetable dye of scarlet colour. ὕσδος, for ὄσδος, Acol. for ὄζος.

ΰσθην, aor 1 pass. of ὕω.

"ΥΣΜΙ'ΝΗ [i], η, irreg. dat. ὑσμῦνι, a fight, battle, combat; πρώτη ὑσμίνη the front of the fight: ὑσμίνηνηδε to the fight. Ep. word.

 $\dot{v}\sigma\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma$ is, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dor. for  $\dot{v}\sigma\pi\lambda\eta\gamma$ is, =  $\ddot{v}\sigma\pi\lambda\eta\gamma\xi$ .

ύσπλαγξ, αγγοε, ή, Dor for ύσπληγξ.

υσπληγξ, ηγγος, or -πληξ, ηγος, ή, a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start.

II. the snare of the fowler (Deny, uncertain.)

υσσωπος, ή, the aromatic plant byssop. (Oriental word.)

ύστάτιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = ὕστατος, (cp. μεσσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος <math>= τόσσος, ) last, bindmost: neut. ὑστάτιον as Adv., last, at last.  $[\breve{\alpha}]$ 

υστάτος, η, ον, (Comp. ὕστέρος, q. v.) last, utmost, bindmost, of space: also of time, η ὑστάτη (sc. ἡμέρα) the last day:—neut. ὕστατον and ὕστατα, as Adv., last, at last.

ύστέρα Ion. -έρη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ὕστέροs) the womb, mostly in plur. ὑστέραι,  $\alpha \dot{i}$ , Ion. gen. -έ $\alpha \nu$ .

ύστεραίος, α, ον, (ὕστερος) properly on the day after; ἡ ὑστεραία (sub. ἡμέρα) the day after, following day; τὴ ὑστεραία Ion. - αίη, on the following day, next day, Lat. postridie: generally, = ὕστερος, later, next.

υστερέω, f. ήσω: aor. I υστέρησα: pf. υστέρηκα: Pass., aor. I υστερήθην: (υστερος):—to be behind, come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards.

II. of Time, c. gen. rci, to come later than, come too late for; υστερεῦν τῆς μάχης πέντε ήμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: c. dat. pers. to be too late for him: absol. to come late

or too late. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of :- in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency.

ὑστέρησις, εως, ή, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want,

ύστερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I ύστέρισα: (ὕστεpos):-to come after, come later or too late. c. gen. rei, to come later than; ημέρη μιη της συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν to be one day behind the day appointed. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack.

ύστερό-ποινος, ον, (ὕστερος, ποινή) late-avenging. ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, with late foot, late-coming. υστερος, α, ον, (Sup. υστατος, q. v.):—the latter,

coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὕστερός τινος later than a person: c gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., έs ὕστερον afterwards; so, εν ὑστέρφ, έξ ὑστέρου and ἐξ ὑστέρης. III. standing after.

inferior, weaker; γυναικός ύστερος under a woman's IV. the neut. ὕστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, bereafter, in future, for the future; also ὕστερα; c. gen., ὕστερον τουτέων later than these events.

ύστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὕστερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying.

ύστερό-φωνος, ον, (ὕστερος, φωνή) sounding after,

TETPIE, tyos, & and h, a bedgebog, porcupine. Hence

ὑστριχίς, ίδος, ή, a whip for punishing slaves.

ύφαγεῦ, Dor. for ὑφηγοῦ, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑφηγέομαι.

υφ-αιμος, ον, (ὑπό, αίμα) suffused with blood, blood-II. bot-blooded. sbot.

ὑφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

ΥΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφανω: 201. Ι υφηνα later υφανα: Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθην: pf. ὕφασμαι:—to weave; iστον υφαίνειν to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom. III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μητιν οτ δύλον υφαί-2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ύφαίρεσις, εως, ή, (ὑφαιρέω) a taking away under

or underband, a purloining, pilfering.

ύφ-αιρέω Ion. ὑπ-αιρέω: f. -αιρήσω: 20r. 2 ὑφεῖλον: pf. ὑφήρηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑφηρέθην: pf. ὑφήρημαι, part. ὑφηρημένος Ion. ὑπαραιρημένος:--to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. draw from under. 2. to take away something of, 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin: ὑφαιρεῖσθαί τινά τι or τινος to deprive one secretly of a thing. 2. to make away with underband, keep out of the way.

ὖφ-āλos, ον, (ὑπό, ἄλs) under the sea; ὕφαλον "Ερε-

See the darkness of the deep.

ύφάντης, ου, δ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence

ύφαντικός, ή, όν, of or for weaving: skilled in weaving.

ύφαντο-δόνητος, ον, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, woven.

ύφαντός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ύφαίνω, woven: τὰ ὑφαντά cloth inwoven with figures.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω: f. ψω: aor. 1 ὑφῆψα Ion. ὑπῆψα: pf pass. ὕφημμαι:—to set on fire from underneath: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place. ύφ-αρπάζω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάζω: f. -άσομαι later -άσω: aor. I ὑφήρπασα:—to snatch away from under, take away underband, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ύφαρπάμενος, poet. for ύφαρπασάμενος, 20r. 1 med.

part. of υφαρπά(ω.

ύφασμα, ατος, τό, (ύφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [v]

ύφάω, poet. for ὑφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὑφίωσι.

ὑφειμένος, pf. pass part. of ὑφίημι: Adv. ὑφειμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. sub-

ύφ-είσα, (ὑπό, είσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίζω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., ὑπείσας ανδρας baving set men in ambusb.

ύφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support. ύφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj of ύφέλκω, one must draw away under or underband.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ φ-έλκω, f. –έλξω or –ελκύσω  $[\ddot{\mathbf{v}}]$ : aor. I  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ φείλκύσα: (cf. ἕλκω):—to draw away under, underband or gently, ὑφέλκειν τινὰ ποδοῖιν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining. diminish by drawing from under:-Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers

ύφελοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. 20r. 2 med. opt. of ύφαιρέω. ύφέντας, acc. pl. of ίφείς, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίημι.

ὑφ-έρπω, f. –έρψω or –ερπύσω [τັ] : 20r. Ι ὑφείρπύσα: (cf. έρπω):-to creep under or secretly; υφείρπε πολύ it crept far on secretly, spread abroad. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὑφ-έσπερος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐσπέρα) towards evening: neut. pl. ὑφέσπερα as Adv., about evening.

ύφή, ή, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὑφαί woven garments.

ὑφ-ηγεμών, όνος, ὁ, = ἡγεμών.

ύφ-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. υφήγημαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to sbew the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ύφήγησις, εως, ή, a leading, guiding; and

ύφηγητήρ, ήρος, δ, and ύφ-ηγητής, οῦ, δ, one wbo leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser.

υφηνα, aor. I of υφαίνω.

υφηνιοχέω, f. ήσω, to be a charioteer:-Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ὑφ-ηνίοχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἡνιόχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

less or younger.

 $\dot{\mathbf{0}} \dot{\mathbf{\phi}} - i \dot{\mathbf{\zeta}} \dot{\mathbf{\alpha}} v \omega, \quad \dot{\mathbf{f}} \quad \zeta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega, \quad = \dot{\mathbf{v}} \phi i \dot{\mathbf{\zeta}} \omega.$ 

ὑφ-ίζω, f ζήσω, (ὑπό, ίζω) to sit or crouch down:

to sink or fall in.

ύφ-ίημι Ion. ὑπίημι: f. ὑφήσω: aor. I ὕφηκα: pf. υφεικα, pass. υφειμαι: (see ίημι):-to send down, let down, to lower; ὑφιέναι ἰστόν to lower the mast; υφιέναι Ιστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, υφίεσθαι μαστοίε to put a child 3. to engage seto ber own breasts, to suckle it. eretly, Lat. submittere: hence pf. pass. part. υφειμένοs, secretly lurking. II. intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, υφιέναι της δργης to cease from anger; so in Med., υφίεσθαι δργηε; τὸ ύδωρ ὑπίεται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its cold-2. absol. to submit, give in, slacken, ness. III. in Pass. absol. to submit, surabate. render: c. inf. to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλείν ὑφειμένη to sail with lowered sails.

**ὑφίητι**, Dor. for ὑφίησι, 3 sing. of ὑφίημι. ύφ-ίστημι: (cf ίστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in f. ὑποστήσω and aor. I ὑπέστησα :--to place 3. to submit, or set under. 2. to post secretly. propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. I med. to lay down, suggest; εί μή τι πιστον ύποστήσει unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑφέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑφιστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐφιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: c. acc. cognato, ὑποστηναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol, to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to 4. c. acc rei, to submit to. 5. ὑποστῆναι **άρχήν to undertake** an office. 6. to put oneself under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. subsistere. ύφ-οράω, or as Dep. ύφοράσμαι: fut. ὑπόψομαι:

(ὑπό, ὁράω):—to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. suspicere, suspi-

cari. II. to keep in view.

ύ-φορβόs, δ, (ὖs, φέρβω) a swineberd.

ὑφ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to bring into barbour secretly:-Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

ὑφόρμίσις, ή, a place for sbips to run into, barbour.

**ὖφος**, εοε, τό, = ὑφή.

ύφόωσι, Ep. for ύφωσι, 3 pl. of ὑφάω.

υφ-υδρος, ον, (ὑπό, ὕδωρ) under water.

ύψ-άγόρας, ου, ό, Ιοη. -αγόρης, (ύψι, άγορεύω) α big talker, a boaster, braggart.

ύψαυχενέω, f. ήσω, and ύψαυχενίζω, f. ίσω, to carry the neok bigb, strut proudly. From

ὑφ-ήσσων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ήσσων) somewhat | ὑψ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψι, αὐχήν) carrying the neck bigb: hence stately, towering: baughty.

ὑψ-ερεφής, ές, (ὕψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ψ-ηγόρας, Ion. for  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ψαγ-.

ύψ-ήγορος, ον, (ὕψι, ἀγορείω) talking loftily, vaunting

ύψήεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for ύψηλός.

ύψηλαs, Dor. for ύψηληs, fem. gen. of ύψηλόs.

ὑψηλ·αυχενία, ἡ, (ὑψηλόε, αὐχήν) a carrying the neck bigb.

ύψηλό-κρημνος, ον, (ύψηλόε, κρημνόε) with bigb crags

ύψηλός, ή, όν, (ὕψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering: χώρα ύψηλή a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.

ύψηλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be bighminded, bearing

oneself haughttly. From

ὑψηλό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψηλόε, φρήν) bigbminded, bigb-spirited, baughty.

ύψ-ηρεφής, έs, gen. έos, = ύψερεφήs.

ύψ-ηχήs, έs, gen. έos, (ΰψι, ήχοs) sounding on bigb. "TYI", Adv. bigh, aloft, on bigh: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. iψίων, Sup. iψιστος.

ύψι-βάτος, ον, (ὕψι, βαίνω) set on high, standing

bigh, high-placed.

ύψι-βρεμέτης, ου, δ, (ΰψι, βρέμω) bigh-thundering. ὑψι-γέννητος, ον, (ὕψι, γεννάω) bigb-grown, topmost. ὑψί-γυιος, ον, (ὕψτ,γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, bigh-stemmed. [1]

 $\dot{v}$ ψί-ζ $\dot{v}$ γος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\ddot{v}$ ψζ, ζvγ $\dot{o}$ ν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.

ὑψί-θρονος, ον, (ὕψὶ, θρόνος) high-throned.

ύψι-κάρηνος, ον, (ύψι, κάρηνον) with high bead, high-topped [a]

ύψι-κέλευθος, ον, (ύψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ύψικέρατα, irreg. acc. of υψίκερως.

ύψί-κερως, ων, gen. ω, (ύψι, κέρας) with bigh or lofty borns; there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, butκέρατα πέτραν a bigh-peaked rock.

ύψί-κομος, ον, (ύψι, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the

ὑψι-κόμπως, Adv. (ὕψι, κόμπος) with bigh boasts. arrogantly.

ὑψί-κρημνος, ον, (ὕψῖ, κρημνός) with high steeps or

cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ύψί-λοφος, ον, (ὕψῖ, λόφος) high-crested. [τ] ύψι-μέδων, οντος, ό, (ύψι, μέδω) bigb-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ύψι-μέλαθρος, ον, (ὕψι, μέλαθρον) bigh-built.

ὑψι-νεφής, ές, (ὕψι, νέφος) dwelling bighinthe clouds.

ὑψἴ-πἄγής, ές, (ὕψι, παγῆναι) built on bigb. ύψι-πεδος, ον, (ύψι, πέδον) with high ground, high-

ύψι-πετήεις, εσσα, εν, poët. for ύψιπέτηε.

ύψι-πέτηλος, ον, (ύψι, πέτηλον) with high leaves or foliage.

υψι-πέτης, ου, δ, (ύψι, πέτομαι) flying on high, soaring.

ύψί-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψζ, πόλις) bigbest in one's city

•ψί-πους, δ, ή, neut. -πουν, gen. -ποδος, (ὕψῖ, πούς) bigb-footed: on bigb, sublime.

υψί-πυλος, ον, (ύψι, πύλη) with high gates.

ὑψί-πυργος, ον, (ὕψῖ, πύργος) high-towering.

υψιστος, η, ον, Sup. from Adv. υψι, bighest, loftiest; τὰ υψιστα the bighest heavens. 2. of persons, most bigh, dwelling on high.

ὑψίτεροs, α, ον, Comp. from Adv. τψι, bigber, loftier. ὑψί-φαήs, έs, (τψι, φάοs) beaming on bigb.

ύψτ-φάνής, ές, (ύψι, φανήναι) seen on high.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ Ψ**τ-φόρητοs,**  $o\nu$ ,  $(\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ Ψι,  $\phi o\rho \mathbf{t}\omega)$  bigh-borne, soaring on bigh.

•ὑψί-φρων [t], ονοs, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψτ, φρήν) bigh-minded, baughty.

ὑψι-χαίτης, ου, δ, (ὕψι, χαίτη) long-baired.

ύψιων, ον, gen. ονος, poet Comp. from ύψι, bigher, loftier.

οψόθεν, Adv. (ψωs) from on high, from aloft from above, Lat desuper.

II. high, aloft, on high, above, over

ύψόθι, Adv. (ΰψοs) high, aloft, on high.

ύψ-όροφος, ον, (ύψι, ὁροφή) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

υψος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, ( $\tilde{v}\psi$ ) height: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc.  $\tilde{v}\psi$ os, in height.

ὑψόσε, Adv. (ὕψοs) on high, upwards, aloft, up. ὑψοῦ, Adv. (ὕψοs) high, aloft, on high, up.

ύψόω, f. ώσω: aor. I τύψωσα: Pass., fut. τύψωθήσομα: aor I τύψωθην: (τύψος):—to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt. Hence

ύψωμα, aros, τό, beight, elevation.

"ΥΩ, f. νσω [v̄]: aor. I νσα: Pass., fut. med. νσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I νσθην: pf. νσμαι:—to wet, water: to rain, Zeνs ν̄ε Jove sent rain; so, ὁ θεδε ν̄ει the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon onnitted, and ν̄ει used impers., like Lat. pluit, it rains; εὶ ν̄ε if it rained; part. neut. used absol, νοντος πολλῷ as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπτὰ ἐτέων οὐν ν̄ε τὴν Θήρην for seven years it did not rain on Thera: c. acc. cognato, ν̄σε χρυσόν it rained gold.

II. Pass., of places, to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων νόμενος a lond drenched with rain; ν̄σθησαν al Θήβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ν̄σεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.

## Ф

 $\Phi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\tau$ 6, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\phi' = 500$ , but  $\phi = 500,000$ .

The Consonant  $\Phi$  arose from the labial  $\Pi$  followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written  $\Pi H$ , and was expressed in Lat. by pb, though  $\phi$  was used to express the Lat. f.

Changes of Φ. I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and  $\phi$  became  $\pi$ , as  $\lambda$ i $\sigma$ nos  $\sigma$ πύγγοs  $\sigma$ πονδύλη for  $\lambda$ i $\sigma$ φοs  $\sigma$ φόγγοs  $\sigma$ φονδύλη: the  $\Lambda$ tt. sometimes used it for  $\pi$ , as  $\phi$ ανόs  $\phi$ άτρα for  $\pi$ ανόs  $\pi$ άτρα. II. in  $\Lambda$ eol., Dor. and  $\Lambda$ Ion.,  $\phi$  is put for  $\theta$ , as  $\phi$ ήρ  $\phi$ λάω for  $\theta$ ήρ  $\theta$ λάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by

position, as in εφιs, quasi őπφιs.

 $\phi \hat{a}$ , Dor. and poet, for  $\xi \phi a$ ,  $\xi \phi \eta$ , 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\phi \eta \mu \hat{i}$ .

φάανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φαάντατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, most brilliant, brightest.

φαάντερος, a, ov, Ep. Comp. of φαεινός, more brilliant. brighter.

ΦΑΓΕΓΝ Ion. φαγέειν Ερ φαγέμεν, inf. of έφάγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, to
eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.

φάγες, Ep. for έφάγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγείν. φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj : see φαγείν.

φάγος, δ, (φαγείν) a glutton. [ă]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν. [ἄ]

φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φαεθοντίς, ίδος, poet. for φαίθουσα, fem. of φαίθων, shining.

φαίθω, (φάοs) to sbine; only found in part. φαίθων, beaning, radiant: hence φαίθων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχα καὶ φαίθοντα whole nights and days.

Φαίθων, δ, (properly part. of φαίθω) Shining, one of the steeds of Morning.
 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαεινόs, ή, ών poet. φαεινόs, (φάοs) sbining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαεινότεροs.
λαμπρόs, of the voice, clear, distinct.
splendid, brilliant.
2. also like
3. generally,

φαείνω, poet. form of φαίνω, to shine, give light.

φαεννός, ή, όν, poet. form of φαεινός.

φαεσίμ-βροτος, ον, (φάος, βροτός) bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.

φαεσ-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ον, (φάος, φέρω) light-bringing.

φάη, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάοs.

φαθί, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίαξ, ακοs, Ep. and Ion. Φαίηξ, ηκοs, δ, a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.

φαιδίμόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. torm of φαίδιμος.

φαίδιμος, ον, also η, ον, (φαίνω) sbining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. clarus.

φαιδρό-vous, ουν, (φαιδρόs, voûs) of cheerful, joyous mind.

φαιδρόs, ά, όν, (φάω, φαίνω) beaming, radiant:

II. me-

metaph, beaming or radiant with joy, jocund, gay. Adv. -δρωs, joyously, cheerily: also neut. pl. φαιδρά as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, ή, brightness, lustre. taph. joyousness.

φαιδρόω, f. ώσω, (φαιδρόs) to make bright. metaph, in Pass, to be cheerful or joyous.

φαιδρύντρια, ή, a washer, cleanser. From φαιδρύνω [v], f. ŭνω: aor. I έφαίδρυνα: (φαιδρός): -to make bright, clean, cleanse. II. metaph. to cheer, please: - Pass. to brighten up with joy. φαιδρ-ωπός, όν, (φαιδρός, ώψ) with a bright, joy-

ous look.

φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαικάs, άδοs, ή, (φάοs) a kind of white shoe

φαίμεν, for φαίημεν, 1 pl pies. or aor 2 opt. of φημί. φαινέμεν, Ep. for φαίνειν, inf. of φαίνω.

φαινέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.

φαινόλης, ou, o, formed from the Lat. paenula, a thick upper garment or cloak.

φαινολίς, ίδος, ή, (φαίνω) light-bringing.

φαινομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι. φαίνω, f. φανω: Att. also φανω: aor. 1 έφηνα, inf. φηναι Dor. ἔφανα: 3 sing. Ion. 2 οτ. 2 φάνεσκε: pf. πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med φαίνομαι: fut. φăνοῦμαι Ιοη. φανέομαι; also φανήσομαι: also poet, paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor. 1 έφάνθην, Ep. 3 sing. φαάνθη, 3 pl. φάανθεν: 2 aor. 2 εφάνην, Ep. inf. φανήμεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται, inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φάω). I. to bring to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence almost to grant, as, γόνον Έλένη φαίνειν to grant Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουράν φαίνειν to proclaim a levy, call out the array. 2. of sound, to 3. to bring to make distinct, make ring clear. light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound. in Att. to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles informed against as contraband. 5. aor. 1 med. φήvaσθaι to shew or display as one's own II intr. 2. to appear, like the to give light, shine forth. Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνα. Pass. to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or 2. of the rising of heavenly bodies, to appear; αμα ήοι φαινομένηφιν at break of day. generally, to appear to be, c. part. or c. mf., which foam. are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting what appears or is likely; pairetal c. part, what is apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται είναι be appears or seems to be (like δοκεί), φαίνεται έων he manifestly 4. often in dialogue, φαίνεταί σοι ταῦτα; does this appear so? is not this so? Answ., pairerai it does appear so, yes. 5. the phrase φανηναι όδόν to appear on the road, is shortd, for léval δδον ώστε φανήναι: so also, κέλευθον φανείε. 6. in Att., esp. in 201. 1 ἐφάνθην, to be denounced, informed against; see φαίνω 1. 4.

ΦΑΙΟ'Σ, ά, όν, dusky, dun, gray, Lat. fuscus. also like Lat. fuscus, of the voice, deep, bollow.

φαιο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (φαιός, χιτών) dark-robed. ΦΑ'ΚΕΛΟΣ, δ, a bundle, Lat. fasciculus.

φακη, ηs, η, (φακόs) a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-II. porridge.

ΦΑ ΚΟ Σ, δ, the plant lentil; also its fruit, which was eaten at funerals.

φάλαγγηδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) in phalanxes.

φαλάγγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) a venomous kind of spider. φάλαγγομάχέω, f. ήσω, to fight with or in a thalanx: to fight in the ranks. From

φάλαγγο-μάχης, ου, δ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) one that

fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.

ΦΑ'ΛΑΓΞ, αγγος, ή, in Homer, a line or order of battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. the ranks of an army in battle. 2. later, the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν to lead in phalanx, Lat. quadrato agmine. 3. generally, the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα). also a camp. II. a round piece of wood, a trunk or log; φάλαγγες εβένου logs of ebony. spider: see φαλάγγιον

φάλαγξι, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

ΦΑ'ΛΑΙΝΑ, ή, a whale, Lat. balaena: hence of a devouring monster. [φā]

φαλάκρα, ή, (ψαλακρός) baldness, a bald head.

φαλάκρός, ά, όν, (φάλος) bald-beaded, bald-pated. φαλακρόω, f ώσω, (φαλακρύε) to make bald: Pass. to become bald.

φαλανθίαs, ov, δ, a bald man. From

φάλανθος, ον, (φάλος) - ψαλακρός. [ψă]

φάλαρα, τά, (φάλοs) the cheek-pieces of the bel-II the cheek-pieces of borses: generally, trappings. [φă]

φαλαρίς Ion. φαληρίς, ίδος, ή, (φαλαρός) a coot, Lat. fulica, so called from its bald white head.

φαλαρός, ά, ύν, Dor. for Ion. ψαληρύς, (φάλος) baving a patch of white, white-crested.

Φαληρεύς, έως, δ, a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian. φάληριάω, (φαληρόs) to be or become white: Ep. part., κύματα φαληριώωντα waves crested with white

Φάληρον, τό, Phalērum, the western harbour of Athens:  $\Phi \alpha \lambda \eta \rho \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$  from Phalerum;  $\Phi \alpha \lambda \eta \rho \delta \nu \delta \epsilon$  to Phalerum. [ă]

φ**ἄληρόs**, ά, ίν, Ion. for φ**αλαρ**ίs.

 $\phi \delta \lambda \hat{\eta} s$  or  $\phi \delta \lambda \eta s$ ,  $\eta \tau o s$ ,  $\delta = \phi \delta \lambda \delta s$ .

 $\phi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \alpha i \nu \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\gamma}$ , =  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha i \nu \alpha$ .

ΦΑΛΛΟ'Σ, δ, membrum virile, a figure thereof, which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in nature.

ΦA'ΛΟΣ, ô, a part of the helmet worn by the

Homeric heroes: either the peak or fore-piece, or perh. a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume (λόφος) was fixed [a]

φάμα, η, Dor. for φημη.

φάμεν, Ep. for έφαμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of φημί. poet, for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [ă]

φάμέν (enclit), I pl pres. of φημί.

φαμένα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενοs, pres. and acr. 2 med. part. of φημί. [α] φαμί, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poet. for εφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [α]

φάναι, pres. or a or 2 inf. of φημί. [α]

φαναι, aor. I inf. of φαίνω.

φανείης, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φανείμεν, Att. for φανείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. ος φαίνω.

φανείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Acol. and poet. for εφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass of φαίνω: but φανέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [α]

φανερός, ά, ύν, also ύς, ύν, (φαίνω) open to sight, visible: manifest, evident: freq. joined with part., ἐπισπεύδων φανερὸς ἦν he was conspicuous urging the matter forward:  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa \tau o\hat{v} \phi a \nu \epsilon \rho o\hat{v} = A dv., \phi a \nu \epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}s$ , plainly, clearly: so, έν φανερώ, έν τώ φανερώ, κατά τὸ φανερόν. 2. of persons, known, famous, conspicuous. 3. of property, tangible, real, opp. to money.

φανερόω, f. ώσω, (φανερός) to make visible or ma-II. to make known or famous :- Pass. with nıfest and  $I - \omega \theta \eta \nu$ :—to become known or famous. Hence φανερώs, Adv. of φανερόs, openly, manifestly: Comp.

φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φανέρωσις, ή, a making visible: a manifestation. φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [ă] φανή, ή, (φαίνω) a torch: in plur. φαναί, torchprocessions.

φάνήη, Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 pass subj. of φαίνω.

φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω.  $[\breve{a}]$ φανήμεναι, for φανήναι, aor. 2 pass, inf. of φαίνω.

φάνήσομαι, fut, pass. of φαίνω.

φανίον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), a small torch, taper.

φανοίην, for φανοίμι, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φανός, ή, όν, (φαίνω) light, bright; το φανόν bright-2. bright, joyness: - of garments, washed clean. ous, like φαιδρόs. Comp. and Sup. φανότεροs, - ότα-

 $\phi \bar{a} v \delta s$ , also  $\pi \bar{a} v \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\phi a i v \omega)$  a lamp, lantern, torch. φάνοθμαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. άσω, (φαίνω) to make visible, clear or II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐφαντάσθην:—to become visible, appear, shew oneself. 2. to make a show or parade, Lat. se osten-3. φαντάζεσθαί τινι to be like, assume a liketare. ness to some one. 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συκοφαντείσθαι, to be informed against. Hence

φαντάσία, ή, a making visible, displaying. display, parade, Lat. ostentatio.

of philosophy, the power of the mind, by which it places objects before itself, presentative power.

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) an appearance, image, phantom, like φάσμα: also a vision, dream. 2. an image presented to the mind by an object, Lat. visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.

φάντες, aor 2 part nom. pl. of φημί.

φαντί, Dor. for ψασί, 3 pl. of φημί. φάο, Ep pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φως, φωτός: Ep. also φόως: (φάω):—light, daylight; έν φάει by daylight; έτι φάους οντος while there was still daylight; often in phrases δραν φάος ή ελίοιο, or  $\phi \dot{a}os \beta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \pi \epsilon i \nu$ , to see the light of the sun, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ἢελίοιο, i.e to be dead; cis φωs léval to come into the light, i.e. into publıc. 2. the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light. II. metaph light, i. e. 10y, deliverance, happiness, and the like;  $\hat{\omega}$  μέγιστον Έλλησιν ψάοs O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. plur. φάεα, the eyes, Lat. lumina: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑ'PAΓΞ [φα], αγγος, ή, a mountain cleft, a deep

chasm, ravine, gully. (Akın to φάρυγξ.)

φαράω, to plough.

φάρέτρα Ion. –τρη, ή, (φέρω) a quiver for carrying arrows, Lat pharetra. Hence

 $\phi \alpha \rho \epsilon \tau \rho \epsilon \omega v$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \nu o s$ ,  $\delta = \phi \alpha \rho \epsilon \tau \rho \alpha$ .

φαρέτριον, τό, Dim. of φαρέτρα, a small quiver.

φάρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φαρέτρα, φέρω) quiver-bearing. Φαρισαίος, ου, δ, a Pharisee: pl. of Φαρισαίοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the lews, who affected superior holmess of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison. II. to require medicine, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμάκεία, ή, (φαρμακεύω) the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery. φαρμακία, ή, poet. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, έως, δ, (φάρμακον) one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner: fem. capudκεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τι έs τὸν ποταμόν to use a thing as a charm to calm 2. c. acc. pers. to drug, purge.

φαρμακίς, ίδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, a sorceress, witch. φαρμακόεις, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) drugged, poisonous.

ΦΑ'PMA'KON, τό, a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσου a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύπηs, a remedy against griet. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα or καταπλαστά plas-II. as a term ters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as pills, and πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts or po- Lat. phasianus: but Φασιανδε ανήρ with a play on II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. III. an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also a means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίαs an expedient to procure safety. means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμάκο-ποσία, ή, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ- Root of πίνω)

a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμακο-πώλης, ου, δ, (φάρμακον, πωλέω) one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

**Φαρμάκός**, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύε, one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reverved for this fate, an arrant rascal, polluted wretch, Lat. bomo piacularis.

φαρμάκο-τρίβης [τ], δ, (φάρμακον, τριβήναι) οπε who grinds and prepares drugs or colours,

φαρμακόω, f. ώσω, (φάρμακον) to endue with beal-

ing power. φαρμάσσω Att. -ττω: f. εω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμαι: (φάρμακον):-to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water.

chant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

 $\Phi A PO\Sigma [\bar{a}]$  or  $\Phi a \rho o s [\bar{a}]$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau o$ , a cloth, sheet, web: sail-clotb. II. a wide, loose cloak or mantle, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; πύματον φάροε my last rag.

Φάρος, ή, Pharos, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. appellat. φάροε, δ, a lighthouse.

φαρόωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φαράω.

φάρσος, εος, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσεα πύλιυς the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ή or δ, gen.  $\check{v}\gamma o s$ ,  $(\phi \acute{a}\rho \omega)$  the throat. a gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth; cf. φάραγξ. [ă] ΦΑ'ΡΩ, f. φάρσω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part. φάs, φᾶσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

φασγάνίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φάσγανον, a knife.

φάσγανον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to cut with, a sword.

φασγάν-ουργός, όν, (φάσγανον, \*ξργω) forging swords.

φασε, Dor. and poet. for ἔφησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of φημί. φάσηλος [a], o, a sort of bean, Lat. phaselus. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med, inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

**φāσί,** 3 pl. of φημί.

Φασιανικός, ή, όν, from the river Phasis, but with s play on συκο-φαντικόs, informing-like.

Pariavés, év. (Pâris) from the river Phasis: hence o pagiavos (sub. opvis) the Phasian bird, pheasant,

συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιανικός.

φάσις, εως, ή, for φάνσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [ă]

φάσις, εως, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence affirmation, assertion. [ă]

Φâσιs, ιοs, ό, the river Phasis in Colchis or Pontos. φάσκω, impf. ἔφασκον Εp. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of  $\phi \eta \mu i$ ):= $\phi \eta \mu i$ , to say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. prae se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do

φάσμα, ατος, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα ἀνδρύs the phantom of a man. from beaven, a portent, omen. 3 a monster, prodigy, portent; φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull

ΦΑ'ΣΣΑ Att φάττα, ή, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. palumbes.

 $\phi \alpha \sigma \sigma \circ -\phi \delta v \circ s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\phi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \sigma \alpha, *\phi \dot{\epsilon} \nu \omega)$  dove-killing, of the hawk, as Subst., φασσοφύνος, δ, name of a kind of hawk.

φασω, φασεις, Dor. for φήσω, φήσεις, fut. of φημί. φατέ, 2 plur. of φημί.

 $\phi a \tau \epsilon i \delta s$ , a,  $i \nu$ ,  $(\phi \eta \mu i)$  poet for  $\phi a \tau i s$ , to be spoken of, pronounced.

φατέον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φατί, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing. pres of φημί

φατίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίζω: aor. 1 ἐφάτισα: Pass., aor. 1 έφατίσθην: pf. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτις):- to say, speak, report; τὸ φατιζύμενον used absol., as the saying is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. III. to call, name.

φάτις, εωε Ion. ιος, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, report; κατὰ φάτιν as the report goes; ή φάτιε έχει μιν the report goes of him. Il one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. the aying, answer of an oracle. [a]

φάτνη, ή, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib

φάτο, Ep. for εψάτο, 3 sing. 201. 2 of φημί.

φάτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., οὐ φατός unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous.

φάττα, ή, Att. for φάσσα.

φαυλ-επί-φαυλος, (φαῦλος, ἐπί, φαῦλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (φαῦλος) to bold cheap, to

depreciate, disparage.

 $\Phi A \Upsilon \Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , like  $\phi \lambda a \hat{\nu} \rho os$ , light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, II. of persons, low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account; ol φαῦλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated, as opp. to ol σοφοί. a. of outward appear-3. careless, thoughtless. ance, ugly, mean-looking,

φαυλότης, ητος, ή, meanness, paltriness. 2. want of accomplishments; ή έμη φαυλότης my lack of judgment.

φαύλως. Adv. of φαῦλος, easily, lightly; φαύλως

φέρειν τι to bear a thing lightly, take it easily. at a rough guess; φαύλως λογίσασθαι to estimate | πεφήσεαι. roughly; φαύλως είπειν to speak loosely.

φαυσίμ-βροτος, ον, = φαεσίμβροτος.

 $\Phi A'\Omega$ , Root of  $\varphi aiv\omega$ , to give light, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦE'BOMAI, poet. Dep, used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted. c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΤΓΟΣ, cos, τό, light, splendour, lustre: sunlight, daylight; δεκάτφ φέγγει έτους, periphr. for in II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence the tenth year.

φέγγω, to make bright :- Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φείδεο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, spare thrifty meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables ( $\sigma \nu \sigma \sigma i \tau i \alpha$ ), at which all citizens ate together the same frugal meal. 2. also the common ball, in which these meals were taken.

 $\Phi$ EI' $\Delta$ OMAI, fut  $\Phi$ είσομαι Ep. paullo-p fut.  $\pi$ εφίδήσομαι: αοτ. ι έφεισάμην Ερ. φεισάμην: Ερ τιdupl. aor. 2 πεφίδομην, opt, πεφιδοίμην, πεφίδοιτο, inf πεφιδέσθαι Dep. .—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. parcere, c. gen : of provisions, to use sparingly or thriftily: also to draw back or from, turn away from: c. mf to spare or forbear to do. Hence φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly,

tbriftily, charily. φειδώ, bos contr. οθs, ή, (φείδυμαι) a sparing, re-

fraining. II. thrift, stinginess. φειδωλή and φειδωλία,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \phi \epsilon \iota \delta \dot{\omega}$ . From

φειδωλός, ή, όν, (φειδώ) sparing, thrifty, chary of a thing: c. gen, φειδωλός χρημάτων sparing of money. Adv. -λω̂s, sparingly, thriftily.

φείσασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of φείδυμαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing, aor. 1 of φείδομαι.

φειστέον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare. φελλεύς, έως, δ, stony ground or soil: hence as the

name of a rocky district of Attica.

 $\phi \in \lambda \lambda i vos$ ,  $\eta$ , ov,  $(\phi \in \lambda \lambda i)$  made of cork,

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. φελλεύ.

φελλό-πους, -ποδος, δ, η, neut. -πουν, (φελλός, πούs) cork-footed.

ΦΕΛΛΟ'Σ, δ, the cork-tree, Lat. quercus suber. the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. cortex.

φενακίζω, f. ίσω, (φέναξ) to play the impostor, 2. trans. to cheat, trick:-Pass. to be cheat, lie. cheated. Hence

φενακισμός, δ, quackery, imposture, trickery.

ΦE'NAΞ, āκos, δ, a cheat, quack, impostor. \* $\Phi$ E'N $\Omega$ , to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. aor. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. ἔπεφνον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part. πέφνων (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:-Pass., pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται, mightier, more powerful. See φέρτατος.

2. inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing.

φερ-ανθής, ές, (φέρω, άνθος) bringing flowers. φέρ-ασπις, ιδος, δ, η, (φέρω, ἀσπίς) shield-bearing.

φερ-αυγής, ές, (φέρω, αὐγή) bringing light, shining.  $\Phi E'PBΩ$ , plqpf. ἐπεφόρβειν:—to feed, nourisb: to II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: breserve. hence to eat, consume, Lat. depasci: metaph. to feed III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing;

 $\psi \epsilon \rho \beta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota \nu \phi o \nu to feed one's mind.$ 

φερ-έγγῦος, ον, (φέρω, ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible; generally, capable, competent: c. mf, λιμήν φερέγγυος διασώσαι  $\tau \hat{a}$ s  $v \hat{\epsilon} a$ s a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty: ---cf ἐχέγγυο**s**.

φερέμεν, Ep inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελίης, poet, for φερεμελίης, ου,  $\delta$ , (φέρω, μελία) a warrior bearing an asben spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

φερέ-νῖκος, ον, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory, victorious.

φερέ-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οίκος) carrying one's house with one, of the nomad Scythians .—as Subst, φερέοικ s, δ, the house-carrier, 1 e. snail; cf. πουλύπους, ἀνόστεος. φερέ-πονος, ον, (φέρω, πόνος) bringing trouble of sorrow.

φερέσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρεσκε, 3 sing Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φερεσ-σακής, ές, gen. έος, (φέρω, σάκος) shieldbearing, beavy-armed.

φερε-στάφυλος, ον, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρετρον contr φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat *feretrum.* 

φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for ψέρη, 3 sing subj. of φέρω

φέριστος, η, ον, like ψέρτατος, stoutest, bravest, best, mostly in addresses, ω φέριστε.

φέρμα,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $(\phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega)$  that which is borne, a load, burden. the burden of fruit of the womb.

φερνή, ή, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife, a dowry, portion, Lat. dos; φερναί πολέμου the dowry of war, i e. a wife won in battle.

φέροισα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάττιον Att. Φερρεφάττιον, τύ, a temple or sanctuary of Persephone. From

Φερσέφασσα Att. -ττα, and Φερρέφαττα, ή,= Περσέφασσα, -ττα. Περσεφόνη, Proserpine.

Φερσεφόνη, ή, = Περσεφύνη.

φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From pipa, as Lat. fortis from fero.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, a, ov, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better,

φερτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne, endurable.

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

 $\Phi E'P\Omega$ , a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρτε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη; Ion. impf φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root \*OI'Ω comes the fut. οίσω, med. οίσομαι; Εp. imperat. οίσε, inf. οίσέμεν, οίσέμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root \*'EN-Ε'ΓΚΩ come aor. Ι ήνεγκα, Ion. ήνεικα Ερ ένεικα, subj. ενείκω, inf. ενείκαι: 20r. 2 ήνεγκον Ion. ήνεικον, Ep. inf.  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \kappa \epsilon \mu \epsilon \nu$ : Ion. aor. I pass  $\dot{\eta} \nu \epsilon \dot{\iota} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : 3 pl. aor. I med. ηνείκαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, 201. Ι pass. ἡνέχθην. I. like Lat. FERO, to bear or carry a load II. to bear along, with an idea of motion added, as of horses, αρμα φέρειν, III. to bear, endure, suffer, esp. with an Adv., βαρέωs, χαλεπωs φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it; opp. to κούφως φέρειν TI, Lat. leviter ferre, to bear a thing cheerfully, take IV. to fetch: to bring, present, give; it easily. δώρα φέρειν to bring presents; and Med. to bring with one or for one's own use :- χάριν τινὶ φέρειν to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness; but later, to shew gratitude to one. 2. to occasion, cause, work; as, κακύν οι πημα φέρειν. bring in, pay, discharge; φύρον οτ δασμὸν φέρειν to pay tribute; τιμήν φέρειν to pay a fine. ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote, Lat. ferre suffra-V. to bear, bring forth, produce: absol. of the earth or of trees, to bear fruit, be fruitful: metaph. to bring in, yield, produce; ἀγὼν ὁ τὸ πᾶν φέρων the contest that bestows everything. to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ άγειν, Lat agere et ferre, where  $\phi \in \rho \in \nu$  refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ayeur to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν to 2. to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain: also to receive one's due, e. g. to receive pay :-- Med., esp. in phrases ἄεθλον φέρεσθαι to carry off a prize; τὰ πρώτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι to win and bold the first, the second rank: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and beboof, so as to take and carry away to one's bome. VII. absol. of roads, to lead to a place; ή όδοs φέρει, like Lat. via fert or 2. of a tract of country, to stretch, extend, verge to or towards: metaph. to lead or tend to an end or object; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, to contribute or conduce to or towards. 3. to aim at, bint or point at, refer to a thing; έs άρηίουs άγωνας φέρον το μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opi-

πλέον ἔφερέ οἱ ἡ γνώμη, c. inr., his opin on inclined rather to do so and so: - φέρει is also used like συμφέρει, it tends [to one's interest], is expedient. VIII. to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of;  $\epsilon \vec{v}$  or  $\pi o \nu \eta \rho \hat{\omega} s$   $\phi \epsilon \rho \epsilon \sigma \theta a to be well or$ ill spoken of. 2. to be carried about, to be in circu-IX.  $\phi \in \rho \in \text{ is used in Homer as imperat.}$ lation. bear, carry, bring: but, like αγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., come, now, well, before the I sing or plur subj., φέρε ἀκούσω come let me hear; φέρε στήσωμεν come let us set.

Pass. to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily; to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be burried, swept away, rush, fly along, Lat. ferri, lθùs φέρεσθαι to rush right upon; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐs τοὺs Αἰγινήταs bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans; so also part. act. used intrans, φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλίη bearing down she ran into a friendly ship. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, to basten, run, fly, speed. metaph, εὖ or κακῶs φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., to turn out, prosper well or ill; τὰ πράγματα κακώς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad s'a'e.

ΦΕΥ, Exclamation of grief or anger, ab! alas! woe! like Lat. vab, vae, our fye!: c gen., φεῦ τῆs Έλλάδος woe for Hellas! II. of astonishment or

admiration, ab! ob!

φευγέμεν, -έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat, let

them flee: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

 $\Phi$ **ΕΥ΄ΓΩ**, Ion. impf.  $\phi$ εύγεσκον: f.  $\phi$ εύξομαι Dor.  $\phi \in v \in \partial u \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2  $\notin \phi v \gamma \sigma v$ : pf. act.  $\pi \notin \phi \in v \gamma \alpha$ , pass. (in act. sense) πέφυγμαι: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζότες, as if from φύζω:—to flee, take flight: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγήν to flee in flight: also, φείγειν την παρά θάλασσαν [sc. την δδόν] to fice [the way] 2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour to flee, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ώς φεύγων προφύγη κακὸν ήὲ άλώη it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων έκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν. 3. φεύγειν ὑπό Tivos to flee before any one. 4. c. inf. to sbun or sbrink from doing: absol. to fear, flinch. c. acc. to flee, shun, avoid: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πόλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ηνίοχον φύγον ήνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένος μοιραν, όλεθρον baving escaped, being quit of fate, destruction. but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλων escaped from toils. III. to flee one's country for a crime; φεύγειν ὑπό τινοε to be banished by one: hence to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished, Lat. exulare. Att. law-term, to be accused or prosecuted at law, nion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers , opp. to διώκω: hence, δ ψείγον ibe accused, defendant, Lat. reus, δ διώκων the accuser, prosecutor; c. | me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its acc., φεύγειν γραφήν or δίκην to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνου (sc. δίκην) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e to be charged with murder.

φεύζω, f ξω: aor. I ἔφευξα:— to cry φεῦ, cry woe, wail.(From φεῦ, as οἰμώζω from οἴμοι, αἰάζω from aὶ aἴ.) φευκτέον, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, one must flee.

φευκτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.

φευξείω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, to wish or desire to flee.

φεῦξις, εως, ή, (φεύγω) = φύξις.

φεύξομαι Dor. φευξουμαι, fut. of φεύγω.

φεύξω, fut. of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

 $\Phi \mathbf{E}^T \Psi \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Sigma}$ , ov, δ, and  $\Phi \epsilon \Psi \dot{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \mathbf{v} \xi$ ,  $\ddot{\mathbf{v}} \gamma o \mathbf{s}$ , δ, a spark, brand, piece of the embers or bot ashes. Hence

φεψαλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to ashes, to burn up.

 $\dot{\phi} \in \dot{\psi} \dot{\alpha} \lambda \upsilon \xi$ ,  $\upsilon \gamma o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \phi \in \dot{\psi} \alpha \lambda o s$ .  $[\breve{\alpha}]$ 

φη, Ion. for έφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

**Φη**, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 subj. of φημί.

**φηγϊνέοs**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and **φήγϊνοs**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\phi\eta\gamma \dot{o}s)$ oaken, of oak, Lat. faginus.

φηγίνους, ή, ουν, contr. for φηγινέος

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ή, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. fagus (beech). II. the esculent fruit of the same tree.

 $\phi$ ήη, Ep. for  $\phi$  $\hat{\eta}$ , 3 sing. pres. subj. of  $\phi$ ημί φήληξ, ηκοs, δ, (φηλόs) deceiver, name of a wild-

fig, which seems ripe when it is not really so. φηλητεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, trick. From φηλήτης, ου, or φηλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (φηλός) a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief.

 $\Phi$ HΛΟ Σ, ή, όν, deceitful, knavisb. Hence φηλόω, f. ώσω, to deceive, cheat, trick. Hence φήλωμα, aτοs, τό, a deceit, deception, cheat.

φήμη Dor. φάμα, ή, Lat. fama, (φημί) a voice from beaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an au-II. any voice or words, a speech, saying: gury. 2. a common saying, an old tradialso a song. 3. like Lat. fama, a rumour, tion, legend, adage. report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character. 4. a message.

**ΦΗΜΙ'**,  $\phi \eta s$ ,  $\phi \eta \sigma i$ : aor. 2 έφην (the impf. being έφασκον, see φάσκω), έφησθα Ep. φησθα, έφη; imperat.  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \theta \iota$ ; inf.  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \nu \alpha \iota$ ; part.  $\phi \dot{\alpha} s$ ,  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \nu$ : fut. φήσω: aor. I έφησα. Med., aor. 2 ἐφάμην [ă], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 εφάμην: also pf. pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep. forms I pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φαίημεν; 3 sing. subj.  $\phi \eta \eta$  for  $\phi \hat{\eta}$ ; 201. 2  $\phi \hat{\eta} \nu$ ,  $\phi \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\phi \hat{\eta}$ , for  $\xi \psi \eta \nu$ ,  $\xi\phi\eta s$ ,  $\xi\phi\eta$ , and 3 pl.  $\xi\phi\alpha\nu$ ,  $\phi\alpha\nu$  for  $\xi\phi\alpha\sigma\alpha\nu$ ; med. imperat. φάο for φάσο:- 'Ημί is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσκω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φήs. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; lσον εμοί φάσθαι to fancy himself equal to tempted.

pronoun, as, έφην έγω said I; έφη δ Σωκράτης said Socrates: φημί is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, ἔφη λέγων, ἔλεγε φάs, etc. often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to ov φημι οτ φημὶ οὐχί, to say no, deny, refuse.

φημίζω f. ίσω Att. ιω Dor. ίξω: aor. I έφήμισα: (φήμη):-to speak, utter, name:-Med. to express in words.

φημις, ιος, ή, poet. for φήμη, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δήμοιο φημι the voice or judgment of the people.

 $\phi \hat{\eta} v$ , Ep. for  $\xi \phi \eta v$ , aor. 2 of  $\phi \eta \mu i$ .

φηναι, aor. ι inf. of φαίνω.

φήνειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of φαίνω.

ΦH'NH, ή, a kind of vulture.

 $\phi$ ήρ, δ, gen.  $\phi$ ηρόs, Λeol. for  $\theta$ ήρ, esp. in plur. Φηρεs, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μανής, ές, gen. έος, (ψήρ, μανηναι) madly fond of wild animals or bunting.  $\phi_{\eta s}$ , 2 sing of  $\phi_{\eta \mu}i$ : but 2. φη̂s, Ep for έψηε,

2 sing. aor 2 of φημί.

φησθα, Ep. 2 sing aor. 2 of φημί.

φήτρη, ή, Ion. for φάτρα.

 $\phi\theta$ αίη, 3 sing aor. 2 opt of  $\phi\theta$ άνω

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med part. of φθάνω. [ă] φθάν, Ep. for έφθασαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

 $\Phi\Theta$ **A'**NΩ, fut.  $\phi\theta\dot{\eta}\sigma\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ , later also  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\sigma\omega$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}\phi\theta$ ă $\sigma$ a: aor. 2  $\tilde{\epsilon}\phi\theta\eta\nu$ , 3 pl.  $\phi\theta$ á $\nu$  for  $\tilde{\epsilon}\phi\theta$ aσαν, subj.  $\phi\theta\hat{\omega}$ , Ep. 3 sing.  $\phi\theta\hat{\eta}\eta$  and  $\phi\theta\hat{\eta}\sigma\iota\nu$ , Ep. 1 pl.  $\phi\theta\epsilon\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ , 3 pl.  $\phi\theta\epsilon\omega\sigma\iota\nu$ , opt.  $\phi\theta\alphai\eta\nu$ , inf  $\phi\theta\hat{\eta}\nu\alpha\iota$ , part. ψθάς: pf. εφθακα: Ep aor. 2 med. part φθάμενος [a]: Dor. fut. φθαξώ, aor 1 έφθαξα. Το come before, do, reach before, ὁ φθάσας the first comer; φθάνειν είς την πόλιν to come first into the city:-c. acc. pers. to be beforeband with, overtake, outstrip, anticitate, Lat. praevenire; and sometimes simply to arrive; έφθησαν τὸν χειμῶνα they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part act agreeing with the agent, έφθη βαλών αὐτύν be was beforeband in striking him;  $\hat{\eta}$   $\kappa \epsilon \pi o \lambda \hat{v} \phi \theta a i \eta \pi o \lambda i s \hat{a} \lambda o \hat{v} \sigma a$  the city would be beforehand in being taken, i.e. it would be taken first. II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; έφθην ἀφικόμενος I came sooner or first: we also find the part, of  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\nu\omega$  joined with another Verb, οὐκ ἄλλος φθας ἐμεῦ κατήγορος ἔσται no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσας προσπεσούμαι I will first fall upon you; so part. φθάσας with imperat., λέγε φθάσας speak quickly. III φθάνειν with ού and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. simul ac, denotes two actions following close on each other, ou φθάνει έξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς ὅμοιός ἐστι no sooner is he brought out than he is like; οὐκ ἔφθη μοι συμβασα ή άτυγία καὶ εὐθὺς ἐπεγείρησαν scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they at-IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω denotes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἀν φθάνοιε; will you not be quick and run off? i.e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἀν, οὐκ ἀν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i.e. I will begin directly.

φθαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθείρω.

φθαρτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φθείρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθάς, φθασα, φθάν, aor 2 part. or φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγξομαι: aor. I ἐφθεγξάμην: pf. ἔφθεγμαι: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice.

2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cryof a door, to creak.

II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσαι ἔπος to utter or say a word.

III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγγομω, a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plut. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγξομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.

 $\phi$ θείσμεν, Ep. for  $\phi$ θέωμεν,  $\phi$ θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor 2 subj of  $\phi$ θάνω.

ΦΘΕΙ'P, δ, gen. φθειρόs, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit of cone of a kind of pine. φθειριάω, f. άσω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis

φθειρο-τράγεω, f. ήσω, (φθείρ, τραγείν) to eat lice,

or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθείρ.

φθείρω, fut. φθερῶ Ep. φθέρσω: aor. I ἔφθειρα: pf. ἔφθαρμαι, g pl. ἔφθαρμαι, a pl. ἔφθαρμαι aor. 2 ἔφθαρμα [α]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perisb; in Att., φθείρου was a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι είs or πρώs τι to run beadlong into a thing.

2. in Pass., of shipmercked persons, to be cast away.

II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perisb, pine away.

φθερσί-γενής, ές, (φθείρω, γένος) destroying the

race or family.

Φθέωμεν, Φθέωσιν, Ep. for Φθῶμεν, Φθῶσιν, I and 3 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of Φθάνω.

 $\phi\theta\eta$ , Ep. for έφθη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\phi\theta$ άνω.

φθηη, Ep. for φθη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω. φθηναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

 $\phi\theta$ ησιν, Ep. for  $\phi\theta$ η, 3 sing aor. 2 subj of  $\phi\theta$ άνω.

φθήσομαι, fut. of φθάνω. Φθία, αs, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ηs, ή, Phthia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [1]

Φθτάs, άδοs, ή, fem of Φθιοs, a Phihian woman. φθισαι, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Phthia. [τ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of  $\Phi\theta$ lη, at Phthia. [1]  $\Phi$ θίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of  $\Phi\theta$ lνω. [1]

φθίνάς, άδος, ή, (φθίνω) intr. perisbing, wasting,

waning. II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδες wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθίνω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [ $\Gamma$ ]

φθινάω and φθινέω, (φθίνω) to waste or pine.

φθινό-καρ πος, ον, (φθίνω, καρπός) with blighted fruit. φθινοπωρινός, ή, όν, (φθινόπωρον) autumnal.

φθινοπωρίς, ίδος, fem. of φθινοπωρινός.

Φθίν όπωρον, τό, (Φθίνω, ὁπώρα) the last part of ὁπώρα or the time after ὁπώρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθινύθεσκε, 3 sing Ion. impf. of <math>φθινύθω. [v]

φθίνώθω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II. trans. to consume, waste. [v]

 $\Phi\ThetaI'N\Omega$ , common form of  $\phi\theta l\omega$  [1]

φθίσμαι, Ep for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.

Φθίος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (Φθία) Phthian, of Φθίοι the Phthians. φθίσεσθαι  $[\bar{i}]$ , fut. med inf. of φθίνω

φθισ-ήνωρ, opos, δ, η, (φθίνω, ἀνήρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor 2 pass of φθίω, φθίνω.

φθισίμ-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότος) man-destroying. φθίσις, εως, ή, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [[]]

φθίτο, 3 sing Ep aor. 2 pass opt. of φθίω: but, 2. φθίτο [7], Ep 3 sing. Ep. aor 2 pass. indic.

φθίτός, ή, όν, verb Adj of φθίω, wasted, decayed, dead; of φθιτοί the dead.

 $\Phi\Theta I'\Omega$ , impf.  $\xi\phi\theta$ tov, more common in form ΦΘΙ'ΝΩ [ī Hom., ř Att ]: fut. φθίσομαι [ī]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act ) ἔφθἴμαι: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [τ]: —but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθίατο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίομαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), I pl. φθιόμεσθαι (for φθιώμεθα); opt. φθίμην, φθίο, φθίτο; mf. φθίσθαι; part. φθίμενος [[]:-to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; ol φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρίν κεν νὺξ φθίτο first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνων φθινόντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μην ίστάμενος and μην φθίνων, as in phrase, τοῦ μέν φθίνοντος μηνός τοῦ δ' Ισταμένοιο both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μην ίστάμενος, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [τ], aor. I act. ἔφθίσα (like βήσω, ἔβησα): to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθτώτης, ου, δ, (Φθία) a man of Phibia:—fem. Φθιῶτις, ιδος (sub. γη), the land of Phibia.

φθογγή, ή, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγοs, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθόγγος, δ, (φθέγγομαι) the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.

ΦΘΟΊ Σ, τos, δ, nom. pl. φθοίs, a kind of cake.

φθονερός, ά, όν, (φθόνος) envious, jealous; τὸ θεῖον πῶν ἐστι φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous. Αdv. φθονερῶς ἔχειν to be enviously disposed.

φθονέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 έφθύνησα, in late Poets  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\theta\dot{\delta}\nu\epsilon\sigma a$ : Pass., aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\theta\sigma\nu\eta\theta\eta\nu$ :  $(\phi\theta\dot{\nu}\sigma s):-t\sigma$ be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or illwill; c. dat. pers., φθονείν τινι εὖ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μη φθονήσης bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris : also c. gen. rei, où τοι ημιόνων φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the 2. c. acc. rei, to grudge, refuse or withmules. bold through envy or jealousy. 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἇν φθονέοιμι άγορεῦσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθόνησαν άνδρα ένα της τε 'Ασίης και της Ευρώπης βασιλεῦσαι they were jealous that one man should be king 4. Pass. φθονοθμαι, to be both of Asia and Europe. envied or begrudged, Lat. invideor (in Horace). Hence φθόνησις, εως, ή, an envying, a being jealous or grudging: envy.

ΦΟΟΝΟΣ, δ, ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia; oùbels φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθόνος jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυσον intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy.

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ή, (ἔφθορα) corruption, decay destruction, run. also amortality, perdition, death. 2 seduction of a woman. II. moral corruption,

depravity, wickedness.

φθόρος,  $\delta$ , = φθορά, destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἀπει]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin  $\tilde{\tau}$  i.e. go bang.

11. like δλεθρος, a pestilent fellow.

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing and plur.: hence as an adver-

bial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑ'ΛΗ [α], η, a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:—from its broad flat shape, "Apeos φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaph. for domis a shield.

φιάλλω, f. φιάλω, to take in band, undertake, set acts of bumanity or kindness

about a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φιαρόs, ά, δν Ion. φιερόs, ή, δν (πίαρ) sleek, plump. φιβάλεοι Att. φιβάλεο, al, with or without loχάδεε, a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλιs, a district of Attica or Megaris.

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φίλ-άβουλος, ον, (φίλος, άβουλος) wilfully thoughtless, wayward.

φίλ-άγαθος, ον, (φίλος, άγαθύς) loving goodness.
φίλ-άγλασς, ον, (φίλος, άγλασς) loving splendour.
φίλ-άγραυλος, ον, (φίλος, άγραυλος) fond of a country life. [άγρ]

φίλ-ἄγρέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (φίλος, ἄγρα) a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ιδος, a buntress.

φίλ-ἄγρος, ον, (φίλος, ἀγρός) fond of the country

or of a country life.

φίλ-άγρυπνος, ον, (φίλος, ἄγρυπνος) fond of waking or watching, wakeful. [ἄγρ]

φιλ-άγων, ωνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, άγων) fond of contests:

used in contests. [a]

φίλαδελφία, ή, brotherly or sisterly love. From φίλ-άδελφος, ον, (φίλος, άδελφός) fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly.  $[\check{\alpha}]$ 

φίλ-άεθλος, ον, (φίλος, ἄεθλον) fond of the games. φίλ-αθήναιος, ον (φίλος, 'Αθηναίος) fond of the

Athenians

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω. φίλ-αίακτος, ον, (φίλος, αἰάζω) fond of wailing: lamentable.

φίλ-αιδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, alδώς) loving modesty.

moaesty.

φίλ-αίματος, ον, (φίλος, αίμα) fond of blood, bloodthirsty

φίλαίτερος, α, ον and φίλαίτατος, η, ον, 11reg. Comp. and Sup of φίλος, dearer, dearest.

φίλ-aίτιοs, ον, (φίλοs, aiτία) fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious.

II. liable to blame

φίλ-ἄκόλουθος, ον, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) readily following

φιλ-άκρūτος Ion. -άκρητος, ον, (φίλος, άκρατος) fond of sheer wine: given to wine. [ἄκρ]

φίλαμα, Dor for φίλημα.

φίλάμενο**s**, poet. aor. 1 med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense

φίλ-άμπελος, ον, (φίλος, ἄμπελος) friend of the vine. φίλανδρία, ή, love for a busband: love for men. From φίλ-ανδρος, ον, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) loving one's busband,

conjugal. II. loving men. [t]

φιλ-ανθής, ές, (φίλος, άνθος) fond of flowers. φιλ-ανθρακεύς, έως, δ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) friend of

colliers.

φίλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιλανθρωπεύομαι, to act bumanely or kindly.

φίλανθρωπία, ή, (φιλάνθρωποs) love for mankind, bumanuty, benevolence, kindliness, clemency: in plur.

φίλ-άνθρωπος, ον, (φίλος, ἄνθρωπος) loving mankind, bumane, benevolent, kind. Hence

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. bumanely, kindly: Sup. -ότατα, most bumanely.

 $\phi$ tλ-άνωρ [ā], opos, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dor. for  $\phi$ ιλήνωρ, ( $\phi$ ίλοs, ἀνήρ) loving one's busband, affectionate.

φίλ-αοιδόs, όν, (φίλοs, ἀοιδόs) fond of singing or singers.

φιλαοιδώ, Dor. gen. of φιλαοιδόs.

φίλ-απεχθημοσύνη, ή, fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels; in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From

**Φϊλ-ἄπεχθήμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, ἀπεχθάνο- | μαι) fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling. Adv. –μόνωs.

φιλ-απλοϊκός, ή, όν, (φίλος, άπλόος) fond of sim-

plicity or frankness.

φτλ-απόδημος, ον, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) fond of going abroad or travelling. φίλαργύρια, ή, love of money, covetousness. From

φίλ-άργυρος, ον, (φίλος, ἄργυρος) fond of money, covitous, avaricious.

φιλ-αριστείδης, ου, δ, (φίλος, 'Αριστείδης) a friend of Aristides.

φιλ-άρματος, ον, (φίλος, άρμα) fond of chariots or the chariot-race.

φίλαρχία, ή, love of rule, lust of power. From  $\phi$ ίλ-αρχος, ον, (φίλος,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ρχή) fond of rule, ambitious.  $[\phi t]$ 

φίλασε, -άσας, Dor. for εφίλησε, φιλήσας. φιλάσει, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω.

**φίλ-αστράγαλος**, ον, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) fond of playing at dice. [Tpa]

φιλ-άσωτος, ον, (φίλος, ἄσωτος) fond of profligacy φίλάτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. [7]

**φίλ-αυλος**, ον, (φίλος, αὐλός) fond of the flute. [τ] φίλ-auτos, ov, (φίλοs, aὑτοῦ) fond of oneself, selfloving, selfish. Adv. -τωs. [ĭ]

φιλέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω.

φίλ-έθειρος, ον, (φίλος, έθειρα) loving the bair, i.e. worn in the bair.

φτλ-έλλην, ηνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, Ελλην) fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.

 $\phi i\lambda - \epsilon v v v \chi os$ , ov,  $(\phi i\lambda os, \epsilon v v v \chi os)$  loving night. φιλέοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl of φιλέω.

φιλέοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω: but also pres. part. dat. sing.

φιλ-έορτος, ον, (φίλος, έορτή) fond of feasts or bolidays.

**φϊλ-επϊτιμητής**, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.

φίλ-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἐραστής) dear to lovers. φίλεργία, ή, love of labour, industry. From

φίλ-εργός, όν, (φίλος, έργον) loving work, working willingly, industrious.

φίλ-έριθος, ον. (φίλος, έριθος) fond of wool-spinning. **φίλ-ερως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ,** (φίλος, ἔρως) prone to love, full of love. [Y]

φίλ-έσπερος, ον, (φίλος, έσπέρα) fond of evening. φίλεταιρία, ή, love of comrades, friendship. From φίλ-έταιρος, ον, (φίλος, έταιρος) fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them. Adv. - pws.

φτλ-εύιοs, ον, (φίλοs, εὐοί) loving the cry of εὐοί, epith. of Bacchus.

φιλ-εύ-λειχος, ον, (φιλός, ευ, λείχω) fond of dainties. **φίλ-ευνος**, ον, (φίλος, εὐνή) fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed. [1]

φιλεύντα, φιλεύντι, φιλεύσα, Dor. for φιλούντα, φιλούντι, φιλούσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φιλ-έφηβοs, ον, (φίλοs, έφηβοs) fond of youths.  $\phi i \lambda - \epsilon \chi \theta \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ , gen.  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $(\phi i \lambda o s$ ,  $\epsilon \chi \theta o s)$  fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.

Med , Ep. 201. ι ἐφῖλάμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλωνται; part. φιλάμενοs in pass. sense, beloved; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paullo -p. fut. πεφιλήσομαι: aor. I  $\epsilon \phi i \lambda \eta \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\pi \epsilon \phi i \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i$ :  $(\phi i \lambda o s)$ :—to love: Pass. to be beloved by one From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend; παρ' αμμι φιλήσεαι thou shalt be welcome with us. to shew signs of love, esp. to kiss; φιλείν τφ στόματι to kiss on the mouth: - Med. to kiss one another. to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do: impers., φιλεί γίγνεσθαι it is wont to happen, usually, happens: absol., οἶα δη φιλεί as is wont, Lat. ut solet. [ἴ, except in Ep. aor ἐφιλάμην.]

φίλη, ή, fem. of φίλοs, a mistress. [7]

φιληδέω, to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat. From

φίλ-ηδής, έs, (φίλος, ήδος) loving pleasure. Hence φίληδία, ή, (φιληδέω) fondness for pleasure, delight. φιλ-ήδονος, ον, (φίλος, ήδονή) fond of pleasure. 2. causing pleasure.

φίληκοία, ή, fondness for listening, attentiveness. From

φίλ-ήκοος, ον, (φίλος, ἀκοή) fond of listening: fond of bearing discussions.

φίλ-ηλάκατος, ον, (φίλος, ήλακάτη) fond of the spindle. [ŭ]

φίλ-ηλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἡλιαστής) one who delights in trials, esp. as a juryman in the court Heliaea. φίλημα, ατος, τό, (φιλέω) a kiss. [I]

φιλημάτιον, τό, Dim of φίλημα, a little kiss.

φιλήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf of φιλέω. φίλημι, Aeol. for φιλέω. [τ]

φιλημοσύνη, ή, (φιλέω) friendliness.

φί**λ-ήνιοs**, ον, (φίλο**s**, ήνία) obeying the rein, tractable. φίλ-ήρετμος, ον, (φίλος, έρετμός) loving the oar, fond of the sea.

φίλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, 20r. I of φιλέω. [Υ]

φίλησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω. φίλησί-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.

φιλητέον, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, one must love.

φιλητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a kisser, lover.

φτλήτωρ, οροε, δ, = φιλητήε, a lover.

φιλία Ion. φιλίη, ή, (φιλέω) love, friendship, Lat. amicitia; φιλία ή έμή, ή σή friendsbip for me, for thee. φίλικός, η, όν, (φίλος) of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate; φιλικά proofs or marks of friendship. Adv. -κωs, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. φιλικώτερον; Sup. -ωτατα.

φίλιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (φίλοs) of or from a friend, friendly, kindly: opp. to πολέμιοs, friendly, φιλ-εύτακτος, ον, (φίλος, εύτακτος) fond of order. | in alliance with one: ἡ φιλία (sc. χώρα) a friendly country, opp. to ή πολεμία. 2. Ζεὺε φίλιοε, Jove as god of friendsbip. II. beloved, dear. Adv. φιλίωε, in a friendly way. [φτ]

Φιλίππειος, a, ov, of Philip

**Φίλιππήσιος**, ον, (Φίλιπποι) of or from Philippi: as Subst. a Philippian.

Φίλιππίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (Φίλιππος) to be on Philip's side or party, to Philippize.

Φίλιπποι, al, a town in Thrace.

φίλ-ιππος, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of borses: Sup. φιλιππότατος. ΙΙ. as masc. pr. n., Philip. [φt]

φιλίτιον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον. φίλίων, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer. φίλιως, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.

φίλό-βακχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.

φίλο-γαθής, έs, Dor. for φιλογηθήs.

φίλό-γαιος, ον, (φίλος, γαία) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage φιλο-γαστορίδας, ου, δ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιοs, ον, (φίλοs, γέλοιοs) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φιλό-γελως, ωτος, δ, ή, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.

φίλογεωργία, ή, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, όν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθής Dor. -γαθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, γη̂-θος) lowing mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φιλό-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φίλό-δενδρος, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees. φίλο-δέσποτος, ον, (φίλος, δεσπύτης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.

φίλό-δημος, ον, (φίλος, δημος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.

φιλοδικέω, f ήσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From φιλό-δίκος, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: liti-

φίλ-οδίτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, δδίτης) a friend of travellers. [τ]

φίλό-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving bonour or glory. φίλό-δουπος, (φίλος, δοῦπος) loving noise.

φίλ-όδυρτος, ον, (φίλος, ιδύρομαι) fond of lament-

ing, indulging sorrow, melancholy. Φίλό-δωρος, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, boun-

tiful. Adv. -ρωs.
- φίλο-εργόs, όν, (φίλοs, έργον) fond of work, indus-

trious.

φίλο-ζέφυρος, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-

φίλο-ζέφυροs, ον, (φίλοs, Ζέφυροs) loving the west wind.

φτλό-ζωος, ον, (φίλος, ζωή) fond of one's life, cowardly.

II. (φίλος, ζώον) fond of animals. φιλο-θεάμων [ἄ], ον, (φίλος, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φίλό-θεος, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.
φίλοθηρία, ή, love of bunting, love of the chase. From gambling.

φϊλό-θηροs, ον, (φίλοs, θήρα) fond of bunting. φϊλο-θουκυδίδηs, ου, ό, (φίλοs, Θουκυδίδηs) fond of Toucydides.

φίλο-θρηνής, έε, (φίλοε, θρηνοε) fond of wailing or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper.  $\lceil \tilde{v} \rceil$ 

φιλό-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλύθυτα ὄργια sacrifices offered with zeal.

φίλ-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλ-οικτίρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οίκτείρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μόνως.

rrone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μονωs. φίλ-οίκτιστος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίζω) = φίλοικτος.

φίλ-οικτος, ον, (φίλος, οἶκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [ $\tilde{I}$ ]

φίλοινία, ή, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλ-οινος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine. φίλ-οίφης, ου, δ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φίλοκαλίω, f. ήσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From

φιλό-κάλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) lowing the beautiful, lowing beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. If also fond of bonour, seeking bonour. φίλο-καμπής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφύρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φίλοκέρδεια, ή, (φιλοκερδήs) love of gain.

φίλοκερδέω, f. ήσω, to be greedy of gain. From φίλο-κερδής, έs, gen. έos, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτομος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, όνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδῦνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturous, enterprising, bold. Adv. -νως, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφύρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλό-κνίσος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching. φίλό-κοινος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλό-κρημνος, ον, (φίλος, κρημνώς) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρινέω, f. ήσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρύταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κροτος, ον, (φίλος, κρύτος) loving noise or din. φίλο-κτέδνος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτεανώτατος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτήμων, ον, gen ονος, (φίλος, κτ $\hat{\eta}$ μα) = φιλοτέανος.

φίλό-κύβοs, ον, (φίλοs, κύβοs) fond of dice of gambling.

φίλο-κύδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, κύδος) loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.

φίλο-κυνηγέτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) a lover of bunting or the chase.

φίλό-κωμος, ον, (ψίλος, κῶμος) fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.

φίλο-λάκων, ωνος, δ, (φίλος, Λάκων) fond of the Lacedaemonians. [α]

φίλο-λήμος, ον, poet. for φιλύλειος, (φίλος, ληίη, λεία) loving booty.

φιλό-λιχνος, ον, (φίλος, λίχνος) loving dainties.

φίλολογία, ή, love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history. From

φίλό-λογος, ον, (φίλος, λέγω) fond of words, wordy. II. fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλύλογος, δ, a student of language and history, a learned man.

φίλο-λοίδορος, ον, (φίλος, λοίδορυς) fond of reviling, abusive.

φίλομάθεια, ή, love of knowledge. [μἄ] From

φίλο-μαθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος,  $\mu$ αθείν) fond of father. learning, lowing knowledge. Adv.  $-\theta$ ως.  $\phi$ ίλό-

φίλό-μαντις, εως, ό, (φίλος, μάντις) loving soothsayers or soothsaying.

φίλό-μαστος, ον, (φίλος, μαστός) loving the breast.
φίλομαχέω, f. ήσω, to be fond of fighting, eager to fight. From

φίλό-μ**ἄχος**, ον, (φίλος, μάχη) loving fighting, warlike.

**φίλ-όμβριοs** and **φίλ-ομβροs**, ον, (φίλοs, ὅμβροs) rain-lowne.

φίλομήλα Ion. -λη, ή, the nightingale, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φίλομήλειος, α, ον, of, belonging to the nighting ale. φίλο-μήτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, μήτηρ) loving one's mother.

φίλομ-μειδήs, έs, poet. for φιλομειδήs, (φίλοs, μειδάω) laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.

φίλό-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) loving the dance and song.

φίλομουσίω, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσοs) to love the Muses. φίλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσέω) love of the Muses.

φίλό-μουσος, ον, (φίλος, Μοῦσα) loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.

φιλό-μῦθος, ον, (φίλος, μῦθος) fond of fables. φιλό-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) given to find fault

φίλό-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) given to find fault, censorious.

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμουσος.

φίλο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ναύτης) loving sailors. φίλονεικώ, f. ήσω, (φιλόνεικος) to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρω φιλονεικείν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy.

φίλονεικία, ή, love of strive, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.

φίλό-νεικος, ον, (φίλος, νείκος) fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.

φίλονϊκέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόνικοε) to strive for victory. Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. one must strive for victory. φίλό-νικος, ον, (φίλος, νίκη) striving for victory.

φίλο-νύμφιος, ον, (φίλος, νύμφιος) loving the bridegroom or bride.

φιλό-ξεινος, ον, poet. for φιλύξενος.

φιλό-ξενος poet. - ξεινος, ον, (φίλος, ξένος) loving strangers, hospitable. Adv. -νως, hospitably.

φίλό-οινος, ον, poet. for φίλοινος.
φίλο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παίγμα) fond
of play or sport, playful, sportive.

φίλό-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, (φίλος, παίς) loving one's children, loving boys.

φίλο-πάτρία, (ψίλοs, πάτριs) love of one's country. 2. (φίλοs, πατήρ) love of one's father.

φιλό-πάτρις, ιδος, ή, acc. -πάτριν, (φίλος, πατρίς) louing one's country.

φίλο-πάτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (φίλος, πἄτήρ) loving one's

φίλό-πλεκτος, ον, (φίλος, πλέκω) constantly braided. φίλό-πλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ουν, (φίλος, πλόος) fond of sailing.

φίλ-όπλος, ον, (φίλος, ὅπλον) loving arms or war. φίλοπλουτία, ή, love of riches. From

φίλό-πλουτος, ον, (φίλος, πλοῦτος) loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος αμιλλα the race for wealth.

φίλο-ποίμνιος, ον, (φίλος, ποίμνη) loving the flock. φίλο-πόλεμος poet. φίλοπτόλεμος, ον, (φίλος, πύλεμος) fond of war, warlike. Adv. - μως.

φίλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ: acc. -ιν: poet. also φιλόπτολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—loving one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, ὁ, a patriot: φιλόπολις ἀρετή or τὸ φιλόπολι patriotim:—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.

φίλοπονέω, f. ήσω, (φιλύπονος) to love labour, work bard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονεῖν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.

φιλοπονηρία, ή, love of bad men. From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ον, (φίλος, πονηρός) fond of bad men.

φίλοπονία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φιλοπονέω) love of labour, patient industry.

φίλο-πονος, ον, (φίλος, πύνος) loving labour, diligent, industrious. II. of things, toilsome, laborious. Adv. -νως, laboriously: Comp. -νώτερον; Sup. -νώτατα.

φίλοποσία, ή, love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia. From

φίλο-πότης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ΠΟ - Root of some tenses of πίνω) a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus. φίλοπραγμοσύνη ἡ, a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness. From

φίλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πράγμα) fond

of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπράγμων, δ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv. – μύνων. φίλοπροσηγορία, η, easiness of address, affability, courtesy. From

φίλο-προσήγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσήγορος) easy of address, affable.

φίλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to be first or in the front rank.

φίλο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet, for φιλοπόλεμος.

φιλό-πτολις, ό, ή, poët. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πυρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φίλ-οπωριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὁπωρα) a lover of autumn fruits.

φίλ-όργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φίλ-όρθιος, ον. (φίλος, ὄρθιος) loving what is right. φίλ-ορμίστειρα, ή, (φίλος, ὁρμίζω) she who loves the barbour.

φιλ-ορνιθία, ή, fondness of birds. From

φίλορνις, τθος, ό, ή, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of birds: sheltering, harbouring birds.

φίλορ-ρώξ,  $\hat{\omega}$ γος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (φίλος,  $\hat{\rho}$ ωξ) loving or bearing grapes.

φιλ-όρτυξ, υγος, ό, ή, (φίλος, ύρτυξ) fond of quails.  $\Phi I'\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ; vocat.  $\phi i\lambda \epsilon$ , sometimes even with neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear, Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ, Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; δ Διδs φίλοs the friend of Jove: in addressing others, ω φίλος, ω φίλε, ω φίλοι, O friend, O friends: oi φίλοι friends, kinsmen, one's kith and kin; κοινά τά των φίλων friends have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing; φίλον ἐστί μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλυs for the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart, limbs, etc., as, φίλον ήτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλο! θυμός, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is implied in it, as, μητρί φίλη 'Αλθαίη χωύμενος κήρ enraged in heart with bis mother Althaea: also to denote possession or custom, φίλα είματα their own garments; φίλο**s** πόνο**s** their wonted labour. in Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιοs, loving, friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel kındly; φίλα ποιείσθαί τινα to do one a kindness.

φίλοs has several forms of Comparison: 1 Comp. φιλίων, ον: Sup. φίλιστος, η, ον, 2. Comp. φίλτερος: Sup. φίλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος, Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φίλό-στος, ον, (φίλος, στος) fond of corn, agricultural.

II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φίλό-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκήπτρον) sceptered.
φίλο-σκήπων, ωνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, σκήπων) loving of carrying a staff.

φίλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or baunting the rocks.

φίλο-σκώμμων, ον, gen. ονο ε, (φίλο ε, σκῶμμα) loving a iest.

φίλοσοφέω, f. ήσω: pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα: (φιλόσο tion; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's φου):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

wise, to seek after knowledge, study bard, Lat philosophari.

II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically, Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφέν to seek out a philosophic system.

2. generally, to study, work at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφητέον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom. φίλοσοφία, ή, (φιλοσοφέω) love of knowledge and wisdom, fondness for studious pursults. 2. the systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy. Lat. philosophia or sapientia.

φίλο-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom of knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called himself φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage: hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgat (οί πολλοί).

2 as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ό, one who professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one who discusses subjects scientifically.

II. philosophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφωs, Adv. philosophically

φίλο-σπηλυγξ, υγγος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (φίλος, σπηλυγξ) fond of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drinkofferings or libations, employed in libations.
φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal,

zealous. φίλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns,

wreathed, garlanded.

φίλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or

groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv. -vws.

φίλοστοργία, ή, tender love, warm affection. From φίλο-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly, affectionate, esp of natural affection. Adv -γως φίλο-στρατιώτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the soldier's friend.

φίλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σωμα) leving, indulging the body; sensual

φίλοτάσιος [ā], a, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φίλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) louing one's children or offspring

φίλοτεχνέω. f. ήσω, to love art, practise an art. From φιλό-τεχνός, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, ingenious: of things, curious.

φίλότης, ητος, ή, (φίλος) friendship, love. affection: also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φιλότης) of friendship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια έργα works of love.

11. ή φιλοτησία κύλιξ, or absol. ή φιλοτησία (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτησίαν λαβεῖν to have one's bealth drunk; φιλοτησίαν προπίνειν to drink a health.

φίλοτιμέσμαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: aot. I med. έφιλοτιμησάμην, and pass. έφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτίμημα: Dep.: (φιλότιμοs):—to love bonour or distinction; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμείσθαί τι οι πρός τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμείσθαι πρός τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him.

3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; of πάνν ἄν φιλοτιμηθείεν φίλφ σοι χρήσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φίλοτιμία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of bonour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry: hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy.

2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality.

II. a coveted object, bonour, distinction.

φίλό-τίμος, ον, (φίλος, τιμή) loving bonour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-bonoured.

φίλοττάριον, τύ, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φι-

λότηs, a little pet, darling.

φίλό-φθογγος, ον, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

φιλό φιλος, ov, loving one's friends.

φίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

φίλο-φρονέομαι, f. med ήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρον):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονηθήναι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι άλλήλουs.

II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, α, ον, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

φίλοφροσύνη, ή, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindliness: friendly greeting, welcome.

II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

veicome. 11. cheerguiness, gaieig **φιλοφρόσυνος, η, ον, = φ**ιλόφρων.

φίλό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρύνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φίλο-χορευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the

cboral dance.

φἴλό-χοροs, ον, (φίλοs, χορόs) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φίλοχρηματέω, f. ήσω, (φιλοχρήματοs) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρημάτία, ή, love of money, covetousness.

φίλο-χρήματος, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φίλό-χρηστος, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or bonesty.

φίλό-χριστος, ον, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ. φίλό-χρύσος, ον, (φίλος, χρυσός) greedy of gold. φίλοχωρέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόχωρος) to be fond of a place

or country, to baunt a particular spot. Hence

φίλοχωρία, ή, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or baunt.

φιλό-χωρος, ον, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.
φίλο-ψευδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, ψεῦδος) fond of lies or lying.

φίλό-ψογοs, ον, (φίλοs, ψόγοs) fond of blaming, censorious.

φίλοψυχέω, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fam'hearted Hence

φίλοψυχία Ion. -ίη, ή, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φιλό-ψυχος, ον, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -γως.

φίλτατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φίλτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φίλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespere's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον.

Il in plur. charms, loveliness.

φίλ-υβριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φίλ-ύδρηλος, ον, (φίλος, ύδρηλός) abounding in moisture.

φίλ-υμνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [ $\uparrow$ ] φίλ-υπνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [ $\uparrow$ ]

ΦΓΛΥΡΑ Ion. φιλύρη, ή, the lime or linden tree, Lat. tilia. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat. philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [v]

φίλύρινος,  $\eta$ , ον, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood.  $\lceil \tilde{v} \rceil$ 

φίλ-φδός, όν, (φίλος, φόή) fond of singing or song. φίλ-ωρείτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

φίλωs, Adv. of φίλοs, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [τ]

ΦΓΜΟ Σ, δ, with irreg. neut. pl. φ̄ιμά, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrum, fiscella. II. the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached. III a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus. Hence

φιμόω, f. ώσω: aor. 1 pass. ἐφιμώθην: pf. πεφίμωμαι:—to muzzle, gag, sbut up as with a muzzle;
φιμοῦν τῷ ξύλφ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in
the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silenee;
Pass., φιμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμωσο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟ'Σ, b, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φίτυ, τό, poet. contr. for φίτυμα, as δω for δωμα.

φίτυμα, ατος, τό, (φιτύω) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φἶτὕ-ποιμήν, ένος, δ, (φῖτυ, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φιτύσεαι, Ep. 2 sing fut. med. of φιτύω.

φῖτύω, f. ὑσω [i]: aor. I ἐφίτυσα: (φῖτυ):= φυτέω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

\*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἔφλαδον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασώ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαττόθρατ and φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ίσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From

φλαθροs, a, ov, collat. form of φαθλοs, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, η', = φαυλότης.

φλαυρ-οῦργος, ον, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly:

φλαυρουργοs, b, a sorry workman.

φλαύρως, Adv. of φλαθρος, badly, meanly; φλαύρως έχειν την τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρως ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of. **ΦΛΑ'Ω, 3** sing. impf. ἔφλα: f. φλάσω [ἄ] Dor. φλασω: aor. 1 ἔφλασα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφλάσθην: pf. πέφλασμαι:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to burt, wound. II. in Att Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγέθω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres: -transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:-Pass. to be II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, beat. as Medic. term, inflammation, beat. 2. phlegm, Lat. pituīta.

φλιγμαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐφλέγμανα and ἐφλέγμηva: (φλέγμα):—to be beated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, as, ή, Phlegra; Φλέγρας πεδίον a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραῖοs, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Phlegra, Phlegraean.φλεγύας, ou, δ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

φλεγυρόs, ά, όν, (φλέγω) like φλογερόs, burning,

scorching: metaph. bot, ardent.

 $\Phi \Lambda \mathbf{E}' \tilde{\Gamma} \Omega$ , fut.  $\phi \lambda \epsilon \xi \omega$ : aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon} \phi \lambda \epsilon \xi \alpha$ :—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become bot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash; φλέγειν βέλος to burl a flaming bolt :- metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare: - Pass. to be or become renowned or II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. famous. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλέδων, ovos, and φλεδών, ωνos, δ, (φλέω) an idle talker, babbler.

 $\Phi \Lambda E' \Xi I \Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , name of an unknown bird.

 $\phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \psi$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , gen.  $\phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \beta \dot{o} s$ ,  $(\phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water.  $\Phi \Lambda \mathbf{E}' \Omega$ , to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέωs, ω, δ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦs, a kind of rush

or reed.

φληναφάω, f. ήσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From **φλήνἄφος**, δ, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter. ΦΛΓΑ', ή, in plur. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs.

**Φλίβω**, f.  $\psi \omega$ , Aeol. and Ion. for  $\theta \lambda i \beta \omega$ . [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

 $\phi \lambda \delta \gamma \epsilon o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\phi \lambda \delta \xi)$  flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογερόs, ά, όν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ίσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame: - Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγινος, η, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning.φλογιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, δ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation. φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing. φλογ-ώδης, εs, (φλύξ, είδοs) like flame, fiery bot.

 $\phi$ λογ-ωπός,  $\dot{\omega}$ ν,  $(\phi\lambda\dot{\omega}\xi, \dot{\omega}\psi)$  fiery-looking, flaming. φλόγωσις, εως, ή, (φλογόω) burning beat.

φλογ-ώψ,  $\hat{ω}π$ οs,  $\dot{ο}$ ,  $\dot{η}$ , = φλογωπ $\dot{ο}$ s.

φλόϊνος, η, ον, (φλοῦς, φλέως) of or from the waterplant φλούs or φλέως; ἐσθητες φλόιναι garments made of φλοῦ**s**, mat-garments.

bark, bass.

φλοισβοs, δ, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ή, gen φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα έγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οίνου the fiery beat of wme: pl. φλόγεs, flames, fire.

φλοῦς, ὁ, Ion. for φλέως.

φλυαρέω Ion. φλυηρ-: f. ήσω: (φλύαρος):-to talk folly or nonsense, speak tdly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυαρία, ή, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλύαρος,  $\dot{v}$ , (φλύω) silly talk, foolery. II. a silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ή, (φλύω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

 $\phi \lambda \dot{\nu} os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\phi \lambda \nu a \rho la$ , idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [v]: aor. I έφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβαθηs, Dor. for φοβηθηs, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj. οf φοβέω.

φοβέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, ά, όν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable; πλήθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ ὅρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [έστι] μή there is reason to II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, dread that ... affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic: anxious.

φοβερώs, Adv. of φοβερόs, fearfully, both in act. and pass, sense.

φοβεσι-στράτη, ή, (φοβέω, στρατός) scarer of bosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος, ή, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβεύμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι ἐφόβησα: (φόβοs):-to strikewith fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσο- $\mu$ aι, and pass.  $\phi$ οβηθήσο $\mu$ αι: aor. I med. ἐφοβησά $\mu$ ην, and pass. έφοβήθην; pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπό τινος φοβέεσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβείσθαί τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβείσθαι είς or πρός τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβείσθαι  $\dot{a}$ μφί τινι,  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$  τινο $\epsilon$  or τινι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβείσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

 $\Phi O'BH$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a lock, curl or tuft of bair, bair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβαι, the Gorgon's II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἴων φόβαι tufts of violets.

φοβηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.

φόβηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for έφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, ατος, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror. φοβητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid.

φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror. φόβοs, δ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέοs the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objects, fear or dread of another :- φύβονδε ίππους έχειν, τρωπασθαι, αίσσειν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε άγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ην φύβους λέγη. 2. an object of terror, a terror. II. Φόβοs, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother  $\Delta \epsilon \hat{\iota} \mu o s$ .

φοιβάζω, f. άσω, (φοίβοs) to cleanse, purify. (Φοίβοs) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάs, άδοs, ή, (Φοίβοs) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ήσω, (φοίβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wasb.

Φοίβειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ion. Φοιβήιος, η, ον: (Φοίβοs): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοίβη, ή, Phoibe, Lat. Phoebe, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίς, ίδος, poet. fem. of Φοίβειος.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ον, Ion. for Φοιβόληπτος, (Φοίβος,

λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

φοίβος, η, ον, (φάος) pure, bright, radiant, beam-II. as prop. n., Φοίβος, δ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith, of Apollo: often joined Φοίβοε 'Απόλλων. φοινήεις, εσσα, εν, (φοινός) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων φοινήειs a blood-red dragon.

φοινϊκ-άνθεμος, ον, (φοίνιξ, άνθεμον) with purple flowers; φοινικάνθεμον έαρ, Lat. purpureum ver. φοινίκεος, a, oν, contr. -αρς, η, οῦν, (φοῖνιξ) of a

purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus, [i] Φοινίκη [νί], ή, (Φοίνιξ) Phoenicia.

φοινίκήιος, η, ον. Ion. for φοινίκειος, φριγίκινος, the palm, date.

of the date or palm-tree; ἐσθης φοινικηίη a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικήιος οίνος palm-wine. = Φοινικικόs, Phoenician.

Φοινικικός, ή, όν, (Φοινιξ) Phoenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv.-κωs, in Phoenician fashion. II. =  $\phi o i \nu i \kappa \epsilon o s$ , red.

φοινίκζνος,  $\eta$ , ον, (φοινιξ) = φοινικήιος, of, from thepalm-tree; φοινίκινον μύρον palm-unguent. [νί]

φοινίκιοῦς, οῦσσα, οῦν, = φοινίκεος, purple, crimson. φοινικίς, ίδος, ή, (φοινιξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the curtain. admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner,

φοινίκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φοίνιξ) among the Persians, α wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φοινικό-βαπτος, ον, (φοινιξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φοινϊκο-βάτέω, f. ήσω, (φοινιξ, βαίνω) to climb palms. φοινικο-γενής, έε, (Φοινιξ, \*γένω) Phoenician-born. φοινικο-δάκτυλος, ον, (φοίνιξ, δάκτυλον) crimsonfingered.

φοινϊκόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for φοινίκεος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φοινικό-κροκος, ον, (φοινιξ, κροκός) of purple woof. φοινικο-λόφος, ον, (φοινιξ, λόφος) purple-crested. φοινϊκο-πάρειος Ion. -πάρηος, ον, (φοινιξ, παρειά) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows. φοινῖκό-πεδος, ον, (φοῖνιξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φοινικό-πεζα, ή, (φοινιξ, πέζα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ον, (φοινιξ, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φοινικόπτερος, δ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινϊκό-ροδος, ον, (φοινιξ, ρόδον) red with roses. φοινικο-σκελής, έε, (φοινιξ, σκέλος) red-legged, redsbanked.

φοινϊκο-στερόπης, ρυ, Dor. -ας, α, δ, (φοινιξ, στεροπή) burling red lightnings.

Φοινικό-στολος, ον, (Φοινιέ, στέλλω) sent by Phoenicians.

φοινϊκούς, η, οῦν, contr. for φοινίκεος.

φοινικο-φαής, έε, (φοινιξ, φάσε) red-shining.

Φοινιξ, ικος, δ, a Phoenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοίνιξ άνηρ άπατήλια είδώς a Phoenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοίνισσα, ή, a Phoemician 2, a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus. woman.

φοινιξ, ικος, δ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Phoenicians. II. the palm, datepalm: the male palm is called by Herodotus & poivis ἔρσην, to distinguish it from ή φοίνιξ βαλανηφόρου 2. the fruit of the female or fruit-bearing palm. 3. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians. III. the fabulous Egyptian bird phoenia, described by Herodonia 2 72

dotus 2. 73.

φοῖνιξ, ῖκοs, ὁ, ἡ, also fem. φοίνισσα, Adj. purplered, purple or crimson, red; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. fuluus, of the colour of fire. The words φοῖνιξ, φοινίκεοs, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεοs, etc., scarlet being κύκκινος, κοκκοβαφής

φοίνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φοινός) blood-red: hence blood-stained, bloody, Lat. cruentus. also warlike.

**Φοίνισσα**, fem. of Φοίνιξ (Subst), a Phoenician woman.

II. φοίνισσα, fem. of φοίνιξ (Adj.)

φοινίσσω, f. ξω: aor. 1 pass. ἐφοινίχθην: (φοινός).
—to redden, to make red. to tange, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, blusb.

φοινός, ή, όν, (φόνος) blood-red: blood-stained,

bloody.

φοιτάλέος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φοιτάω) straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, frenzied. II. act. driving madly about, maddening. φοιτάλιώτης, ου, ὁ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, άδος, ή, (φοιτάω) poet, fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτάς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροίς on roaming, wandering wings. φοιτάω lon.-έω: f. ήσω: (φοίτος):—to go to and

fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; δια νηθε φοιταν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοίτων ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. wildly about: hence to go mad, rave: cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς. 3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρεα τὰ ἐς Ελληνας φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σίτύς σφισι πολλό**s** ἐφοίτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. redire; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου 'Αλεξάνδρω ἡμέρης έκάστης ἐφοίτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander 2. φοιτάν παρά τινα to go to visit a every day. person; φοιταν έπὶ τὰς θύρας τινός to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιταν είs διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go

to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence φοίτησις, εως, ή, a constant going or coming, a

visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω. φοιτητήρ, η̂pos, δ, and φοιτητής, οῦ, δ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτίζω, poët. for φοιτάω ΦΟΓΤΟΣ, δ, a going to and fro. II. mad-

ness, frenzy.
φολκός, δ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα ἔλκειν) squint-eyed; or more probably (akin to ἕλκω, ὁλκόs) bandy-legged, Lat. valgus.

φόλλις, εως, ή, also  $\delta$ , a single piece of money, formed from Lat. follis.

φονάω, f. ήσω, (φόνος) to be atherst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, έως Ιοπ η̂ος, ὁ; αςς. φονέα οτ φονέα: nom. pl. φονέες, φονείς, αςς φονέας: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φύνοε) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ή, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναι̂s in the midst of slaughter; σπῶν φοναι̂s to tend in murder, i.e. murderously.

φονικός, ή, όν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for bomicide.

φόνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φύνος) of blood, bloody. II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous. φονο-λίβής, ές, (φύνος, λέβω) blood-dripping. φονόρ-ρύτος, ον, (φύνος, δέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, δ, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. caedes; φόνος Έλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: n plur murders. blood. Lat. cruor. 2 blood bed in murder, gore, 3 a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χειλος, δ, (φοξός χείλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ή, όν, (ὑξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξὸς ἔην κεφαλήν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote.

2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment.

3. a bearing, producting.

II. (from Pass φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ ψορὰ ἀκοντίου the javelin's range.

2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat, impetus.

III. (also) from Pass that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden.

2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat, vectigal.

3 that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat, proventus:

metaph. a large crop, barvest. φοράδην [ἄ], Adv. (φέρομαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάs, άδοs, δ, ή, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding. II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβειά,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (φέρβω) the balter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. eapistrum. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fifers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ή, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion impf. of φορέω.

δορέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.

φορεῖον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a bandbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. sella, lectica.

φορέοισα, Dor. past. fem. of φορέω.

φορεῦντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω. φορεύς, έως Ion. η̂ος, δ, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.

φορέω, f. ήσω: 20τ. 1 έφύρησα Ερ φύρησα:--Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελίην φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, άγγελίαs φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:-Pass. to be borne violently along, be burried along: to be tossed about at sea :- Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.

φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.

φόρημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.

φορήμεναι, Ep. for φορείν, inf. of φορέω.

φορήναι, Ep. for φορείν, inf. of φορέω.

φορητός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , also  $\delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , verb. Adj. of  $\phi \circ \rho \epsilon \omega$ , borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.

**φόρτμος**, ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.

Φορκίδες [τ], ίδων, al, the daughters of Phorcys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Sthemo, Euryale, Medusa. Φόρκος, δ, = Φύρκυς.

Φόρκῦς, ῦνος and ἔος, ὁ, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.

φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or watling: crosswise, athwart.

φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ή, the phorminx, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From  $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ , because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.)

φορμίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to play the φύρμιγξ or lyre. Hence

φορμικτής, οῦ, ὁ, Dor. -τάς, a lyre-player, barper. φορμίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.

φορμο-ράφέω οτ φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμύε, βάπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, straitened, bampered.

φορμός, δ, (φέρω) anything made of wicker-1. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, work: 2. a mat, Lat. storea: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.

φόρον, ου, τό, the Lat. forum; Φόρον 'Αππίου Αρρίι Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.

φόρος, δ, (φέρω) that which is brought in tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φύρον ὑποτελεῖν to pay tribute; φόρον τάξασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φύρον τάξαι to impose tribute; φύρου ὑποτελής subject to pay tribute.

φορτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of

φορτ-άγωγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) carrying freights: ναθε φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.

φορτηγέω, f. ήσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγέω. φορτηγικόs, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; πλοίον φορτηγικόν a ship of burden, merchantman. From

φορτ-ηγός, όν, (φύρτος, ἄγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός, ό, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, merchant.

φορτίζω, f. ίσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίζειν τινάς to load men with loads: - Med., τὰ μείονα φορτίζεσθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:-Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένοs beavy laden

φορτϊκός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , ( $\phi \delta \rho \tau \sigma s$ ) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar: -so of things, φορτική κωμφδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence Φιρτικώς, Adv., vulgarly.

φορτίον, τό, (φύρτος) a burden, load: a sbip's freight or lading; in plur, wares, merchandise. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.

φορτίς, ίδος, ή, (φόρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.

φόρτος, ὑ, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff

φορύνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

φορύσσω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , = φορύνω, to stain, defile.

φορῦτός,  $\delta$ , (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. quisquiliae: also chaff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware

 $\phi \dot{\phi} \omega s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , Ep. lengthd. from  $\phi \hat{\omega} s$ , light. Hence φόωσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.

φραγέλλιον, τό, the Lat. flagellum, a scourge. Hence φραγελλόω, f. ώσω, the Lat flagello, to scourge. φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.

φράγήσομαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.

φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.

φραγμός, δ, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II like φράγμα, a bedge, fence, paling.

φράγνῦμι, = φράσσω.

φραδάζω, f. άσω: aor. 1 ἐφράδασα poët. φράδασ- $\sigma a: (\phi \rho a \delta \eta):$ —to tell of, make known.

II.

φράδή, ή, (φράζω) understanding, knowledge. advice, a bint, warning, intimation. Hence

φράδήs, és, gen éos, understanding, sbrewd, cunning. φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning. From

φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φράζω) = φραδής. From ΦΡΑ'ΖΩ, f. φράσω: aor. I έφρασα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep aor. 2 πέφραδον or έπέφράδον, inf. πεφραδέειν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers. et inf. to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σήματα πέφραδε be gave indications by signs: - φράζειν χειρί to make signs, \* merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομα: 3 sing. Ion. impf. φραζέσκετο: fut. φράσομαι: 201. I med. ἐφρἄσάμην, pass. ἐφράσθην: pf. pass. πέφραδμαι and πέφρασμαι: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by el with indicat. fut., to consider whether; αμφίε φράζεσθαι to think differently. 2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him. 3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that. 4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also 5. to mind, beed, take care or beed of, c. acc.

φράν, ή, gen. φρανύς, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράσσω.

φράξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of φράσσω.

φράσδω, Dor for φράζω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor 1 med. of φράζω. φρασθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑ'ΣΣΩ Λιτ. -ττω: f. εω: aoi. i έφραξα: Pass., fut. φράγήσομαι: 20τ. Ι έφράχθην: 20τ. 2 έφράγην [d]: pf. πέφραγμαι:—in Λ.t. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρξασθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφαργμαι for πέφραγμαι, φαρκτύς for φρακτύς:—to fence in, bedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; φράξαι δέμας ὅπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο το τείχοs they strengthened the wall: in Mcd. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications .-- Pass to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. πεφραγμένοs, fenced, secured. to put up as a fence: Φράξαντες δόρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέρρα baving put up the shields as a fence. block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $(\phi \rho \hat{a}(\omega))$  a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ όδων a man who tells one the way, a guide: - φραστήρες δδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, δ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράτηρ, ερος, οτ φράτωρ, ορος, δ, (φράτρα) a member of a φράτρα: pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of the same φράτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγειν τον υίον είς τους φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφυσε φράτεραs he has not yet got his φράτερεs, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὀδόντες (see  $\phi \rho \alpha \sigma \tau \eta \rho$ ),  $[\bar{a}]$ 

φρūτορικός, ή, όν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράτρη Ion. φρήτρη Dor. πάτρα, ή:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρίν' ανδρας κατά φρήτρας, ώς φρήτρη φρήτρηφιν άρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood; but, at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρίαι, whose the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, είσ-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλέται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherbood.)

 $φρ \bar{α} τρ (α, \dot{η}, = φρ άτρα.$ 

φρώτριάζω, f. άσω, to be in the same φρατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ου, δ and φράτρί-αρχος, δ, (φρατρία, άρχω) president of αφρατρία, Lat. magister curiae. φράτριος, a, ov, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φράτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary detties of the phratriae. [a]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, ορος, δ, see φράτηρ.

ΦΡΕ'Α Ρ, τό, gen. φρέατος: Ion. φρείαρ, gen. φρείατος:—a well, or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat puteus: an oil-jar. Hence φρεάτία, ή, a tank or reservoir.

 $φρε \bar{u} \tau i u s$ , ov,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(φρ \dot{\epsilon} u \rho)$  of a tank or reservoir.

φρείαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρεν-απατάω, f. ήσω, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρεναπάτηs, ov, o, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρεν-ήρης, εs, gen. εos, (φρήν, ἀρἄρεῖν) master of bis mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis

φρενοβλάβεια, ή, damage of the understanding. From

φρενο-βλάβής, ές, (φρήν, βλαβηναι) damaged in understanding, crazy

φρενο-γηθής, έs, (φρήν,  $\gamma \hat{\eta} \theta o s$ ) of glad beart, delighting the heart

φρενο-δαλής, ές, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενόs, from the beart,beartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ον, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής,  $o\tilde{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (φρήν, ληστής) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μανής, έs, (φρήν, μανηναι) frenzied in mind. φρενο-μόρωs, Adv. (φρήν, μύροs) only found in phrase φρενομόρως νοσείν to be diseased in mind. φρενο-πληγής, ές, (φρήν, πληγηναι) giving a strole

to the mind, maddening. φρενό-πληκτος, ον, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind,

smitten with madness, frenzied. φρενο-πλήξ, <math>ηγοs, δ, η, = φρενόπληκτοs.

φρενο-τέκτων, ον, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενόω, f. ώσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενούν οὐκέτ' έξ αίνιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαίων φρενώσειs thou shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ώλης, εs, (φρήν, ὅλλυμι) destroyed in mind,

frenzied.

 $\Phi PE'\Omega$ , f.  $\phi \rho \eta \sigma \omega$ , a root, which is found only in

metaph. of a gnat, to make a bole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗ'N, ή, gen. φρενός, plut. φρένες, gen. φρενών, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φραoiv :- in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατά φρένα καὶ κατά θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque, φρενών έκστηναι to be out of one's wits; φρενών επήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενόs from one's very heart; εξ άκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 3 of beasts, 4. φρένε is also used in Homer in sense, instinct. the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτρη, ή, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan. φρήτρηφιν, Ep. dat of φρήτρη. φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion, for φράτριος.

φρίκη [l],  $\dot{\eta}$ , = φρίξ, the ruffling or ripple on a II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. smooth sea. sbivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. borror: then any fear.

φρικ-ώδης, εs, (φρίξ, είδοs) that causes shuddering or borror, awful, borrible: neut φρικώδεs as Adv. borribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. - ττομαι: f - ξομαι: Dep.: -to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίξ, ή, gen. φρικός, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat borror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίξαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.

φριξο-κόμης, ου, ό, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling

φρίξοs, δ, a sbivering, shuddering From ΦΡΙΈΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίξω: aor. 1 έφριξα: pf. πέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκοντεs formed as if from a redupl. pres πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. borrere, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφιήν to bristle with the mane; πτεροίσι νωτα πεφρίκοντες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. also to thrill or quiver with delight; έφριξ' έρωτι Ι tbrilled with love.

φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (φροίμιον) contr. for προοιμιάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

φρε-φρύγξω, f. ήσω, (φρέαρ, δρύσσω) to dig tanks· begin: c. acc., φροιμιάζεσθαι θεούs to begin with invoking the gods

φροίμιον, τό, contr. for προσίμιον (cp. φροῦδος) α

prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω. φρονέω, Ερ impf φρόνεον. f. ήσω: (φρήν):-to 2. in Homer both in sing and think, to have understanding; ἄριστοι μάχεσθαί τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; of φρονοῦντες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding. 2. to be in one's sound senses; Efw έλαύνειν τινά τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; εξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits. 3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, pur-II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονών ἔπρασσον Ι did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; lous operain to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεί ή άγωγη ημών this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., άγαθά or φίλα φρονείν τινι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακά φρονείν τινι to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονέειν to be of the better mind, bold the better opinion and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πυκνά φρονείν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονείν to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be bigh-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be highspirited; σμικρον φρονείν to be low-minded, poorspirited; οὐ κατ' ἄνθρωπον φρονείν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τά τινος φρονείν to bold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party: τδ αὐτὸ φρονείν to be like-minded; ἄλλη φρονείν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take beed of, guard against a thing. bave one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονημάτίαs, ov, o, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εως, ή, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. bigh-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητέον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόντμος, ον, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right II. discreet, sensible, steady. mind or senses. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully. φρόνις, εως, ή, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom. φρονούντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. Ι έφρύντισα: (φρον-

τίs):--to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give beed; φροντίζειν όπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reck of, regard it; μηδέν φροντίζειν των θεων to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περί τινος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μη φρον-IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxτίσηs beed not. ious; πεφροντικός βλέπειν to have a careworn look. φροντίς, ίδος, ή, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a II. absol. thought, reflection, medithing, c. gen. tation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj of φροντίζω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for bard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οῦ, ό, (φροντίζω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστής τῶν μετεώρων οι φροντιστής τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικόs, ή, όν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. -κω̂s, thoughtfully, carefully.

speculative. Adv.  $-\kappa\omega s$ , thoughly lity, carefully. φρούδος,  $\eta$ , ov, also os, ov: (contr. from  $\pi\rho\delta$  όδοῦ, as φροίμιον from  $\pi\rho$ ροίμιον):—gone away:

I of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοί [εἰσι] διώκοντές σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εἶ θανών thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined.

2. of things, gone, vanisbed.

φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ή, (φρουρός) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ἀδεῖν (sub ενεκα) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, inprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν φαίνειν, see φαίνω.

φρουραρχία, ή, the post of commandant. From φρουρ-αρχος, δ, (φρουρά, άρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a gar-

rison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐφρούρησα: Pass, f. med.
-ήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρουρήθην: (φρουρόs):
- to keep watch or guard; oi φροροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard.

II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place.
2. to watch for, observe.

3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρούρημα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείας βουκόλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρούρημα έχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded

φρουρήτωρ, οροε, δ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικόε, ή, όν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρόs) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ίδος, ή, (φρουρύς) a guard-ship.

φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρουρός, δόμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός. δ, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φρούδος from πρό όδοῦ): a watcher, guard, of φρουροί the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμες, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω.

φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρυάσσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγμο-σέμνακος, ον, (φρύαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and haughty.

φρυάσσομαι Att. - ττομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. Il metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρῦγανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ἴοῦμαι, Dep. (φρύγα-νον) to gather sticks for fuel

φρυγάνισμός, δ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύγἄνον $[\bar{v}]$ , τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick. mostly in plurdry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta.

φρύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf of φρύγω. ΦΡΥΤΙΛΟΣ, δ, a finch, Lat fringilla. [τ]

Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νύμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, ι e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [v] Hence

Φρυγιστί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in

the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΤΩ  $[\bar{v}]$ , also ΦΡΥ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρύξω Dor. -ξω: aor. 1 ἔφρυξα: Pass, aor. 1 ἔφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἔφρύχην  $[\bar{v}]$ : pf πέφρυγμα: —to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ή, όν, verb Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst, φρυκτός, ό, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοι πολέμιοι αΐρονται ἐς τόπου fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ήσω, (φηυκτωρόs) to give signals by fire:—Pass, εφρυκτωρήθησαν νηες προσπλέουσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by

alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ή, a giving signals by beacon or alarmfires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals. φρυκτ-ωρός, δ, (φρυκτός, ούρος) one who watches to

φρυκτ-ωρός, δ, (φρυκτος, ούρος) one who watches give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥ'NH, ή, a toad. [v]

ΦΡΥΞ, δ, gen. Φρυγός, a Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. -ξω, fut. of φρίγω.

φρύσσω Att. -ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυχθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω. φθ, faugh / an exclamation of disgust **Φ0**, Ep. for έφυ, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of φύω.

φυά, Dor. for φυή.

φύγαδε, Adv. (φυγή) like φόβονδε, to flight; φύγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππουs he turned his horse to flight.

φυγάδεύω, f. σω, (φυγάε) to make one an exile, drive II. intr. to be an exile, from a country, banisb. live in banisbment.

φυγαδικός, ή, όν, (φυγάς) fit for an exile or refugee; φυγαδική προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-alxμηs, ov, δ, (φυγείν, alxμή) fleeing from the

spear, unwarlike, cowardly.

φυγάς, άδος, ό, ή, (φυγείν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδαs to recall the exiles; κατιέναι οτ κατελθείν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a de-

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδα, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for έφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φυγέειν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φυγή, ή, (φυγείν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: dat. φυγη, in basty flight, bastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων άμηχάνων φυγάς ξυμπέφρασται he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγήν φεύγειν to live in banishment. 2. as a collective Noun  $\phi v \gamma \dot{\eta}$ , =  $\phi v \gamma \dot{\alpha} \delta \epsilon s$ , a body of exiles or refugees.

**φύγησι.** Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω. φύγο-δέμνιος, ον, (φυγείν, δέμνιον) shunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δίκέω, f. ήσω, (φυγείν, δίκη) to shun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation.

φυγό-ξενος, ον, (φυγείν, ξένος) shunning strangers or guests, hence inbospitable.

φύγο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγείν, πόλεμος, πτόλεμος) sbunning war, cowardly.

φυγών, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of φυγείν.

φυείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) poët. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence

φυζάκτνός, ή, όν, flying, sby, scared.

φυζαλέος, a, ov, = φυζακινόε.

**φυή** Dor. **φυά**, ή, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

**φύη**, for φυίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φυήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φυίην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φυκιόεις, εσσα, εν, (φυκος) full of sea-weed, weedy. φυκίον οτ φύκιον, τό, (φῦκοε) sea-weed.

φῦκο-γείτων, ονοε, ὁ, ἡ, (φῦκοε, γείτων) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea.

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εοε, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φῦκοε, Lat. fucus.

φυκτός, ή,  $\delta \nu_{\tau} = \phi \epsilon \nu \kappa \tau \delta s$ , verb. Adj. of  $\phi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \gamma \omega_{\tau}$  to be sbunned or escaped, that can be escaped. sbunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φυλακή, ή, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubiae; φυλακάς έχειν to mount the night-guard; φυλακάς φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; ταs φυλακάs καταστήσασθαι to set the 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. 5. a ward, prison, place of a watch of the night. security. II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχειν τινά ἐν φυλακή to keep in custody:also φυλακήν έχειν, = φυλάττεσθαι to take beed or care, be cautious; δεινως έχειν έν φυλακήσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φυλακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (φυλακή) to throw into prison.

φύλακος, δ, poët. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept ΙΙ. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φύλακτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε,  $\delta$ , =  $\phi$ ύλαξ, a guard. Hence

φύλακτήριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φυλακτικός, ή, όν, (φυλάσσω) fit for preserving, II. cautious:—Adv. -κω̂s. preservative, c. gen. φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat excubitor; οι φύλακε the garrison; also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδύs a protector of the lad. φυλαξείς, Dor. for φυλάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ή, (φυλάσσω) a watching, guarding. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution.

φυλαρχέω, f. ήσω, to command the contingent of a  $tribe (\phi v \lambda \eta).$ II. to command the cavalry. From φύλ-αρχος, δ,  $(φ\bar{v}λή, αρχω)$  the chief of a tribe  $(\phi \nu \lambda \dot{\eta})$ . II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσέμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΑΊΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φυλάξω: aor. I έφύλαξα Εp. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: 201. Ι έφυλάχθην: I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: pf. πεφύλαγμαι: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; νύκτα φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τινα από Tivos to guard one from a person or thing. watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν δρκια to keep, respect oaths: Φυλάσσειν έποι to observe a command. III. Med. to beed, take beed or care, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένος είναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μη ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take beed, beware of, be on one's guard against, sbun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribulis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste.

2. later, a union according to local babitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood.

II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥ ΛΙ'A, ή, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάs, άδοs, ή, (φύλλον) a beap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ήδη κατακαρφομένη when bis leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλείον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; βαφανίδων φυλλεία radish-tops.

φύλλινος, ή, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves. φυλλοβολέω, f. ήσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves. φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves,

φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φυλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οξηπερ φύλλον γενεή, τοιήδε καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτα φύλλα wreathed leaves.

2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-ροος, ον, (φύλλον, ρέω) leaf-sbedding. Hence

φυλλορροέω, f. ήσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροείν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen.  $\hat{\omega}$ τος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewed or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ον, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος αγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χοέω, f. ήσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

**φῦλο-κρίνέω**, f. ἡσω, (φῦλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεών, γυναικών. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, bost, crowd, as, φύλα θεών, φύλα γυναικών, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον δρνίθων the race of birds. 3. sex, τό γυναικεῦον φύλον the female sex. II. a race, people, nation. III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλ-οπις, ιδος, ή: acc. φύλοπιν οτ φυλόπιδα:— (φῦλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

`φθμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φθναι, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φυξ-άνωρ, opos,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ εύγω,  $\dot{\alpha}$ νήρ) fleeing men. [ $\bar{a}$ ] φύξηλις, ιον and ιδον,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ εύγω) fugitive, sby, cowardly.

φύξτμος, ον, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge.

II. c. acc., φύξιμός τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\phi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \gamma \omega) = \phi \nu \gamma \dot{\eta}$ , flight.

φύραμα, ατος, τό, (φυράω) that which is mixed or

kneaded, paste, dougb.

φυράω, f. άσω [ā]: aor. τ ἐφύρᾶσα Ion. -ησα: Pass., aor. τ ἐφυράθην [ā] Ion. -ήθην: pf. πεφύρημα: --lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἐραστὰς φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

**Φυρήναι**, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, f. φύρσω: aor. 1 ἔφυρσα: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρσομα: aor. 1 ἔφύρθην: aor. 2 ἔφύρην [v]; πέφυρμα:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [v]

φύς  $[\bar{v}]$ , aor. 2 part. of φύω: δ φύε a son.

φθσα, ηs, ή, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φυσαθείε, είσα, έν, Dor. for φυσηθείε, 201. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάλις and φυσάλλις, ίδος, ή, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustŭla.

II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φύσαλος, δ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself

up. [v]

φύσαs, aor. I part. of φύω; δ φύσαs one's father.  $[\bar{v}]$  φῦσατήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσητήριον.

φυσάω Ion. -έω: f. ήσω: (φύσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δεινά φυσᾶν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσᾶν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένοs, blown out, swoln.

2. metaph. to cheat; φυσᾶν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. to be puffed up, elated.

3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge.

4. to blow out a lamp.

5. to blow a wind-instrument. φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεώμενος, Ion. for φυσώμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ή, Ion. for φῦσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

snorting: a roaring, raging: of a horse, a snorting, snuffing: αίματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φθοητέον, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up. φθοητήρ, ηροε, δ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube.

2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φυσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows.

II. a wind-instrument.

φυσίαμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From

φυστάω, Ep. part. φυσιόων, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant.

II. transit. to blow or puff up:—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φυσιγγόομαι, Pass. (φυσιγξ) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks: of the Megarians, δδύναις πεφυσιγγωμένοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara: cf. φυσιγξ.

φύσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.

φθσιγξ, ίγγος, ή, (φυσάω) the bollow stalk or clove of garlic: garlic itself.

φυσί-ζοος, ον, (φύω, ζωή) producing or sustaining

life, life-giving.

φύσικός, ή, όν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύσιογνωμονέω, f. ήσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by bis features, know or detect him by his looks. φύσιογνωμονία, ή, the art of judging a man by his

features, physiognomy.

Φύσιο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judg-

ing of a man's character by his outward look.

Φύσιοω, f. ωσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φυσιόων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσιάω.

φύσις [τ], εως, ή, (φύω) the nature, inhorn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing; φύσιε άριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis; φύσεωε ἀποστηναι χαλεπόν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like 4. natural order, nature; φύσει οι κατά φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμφ οτ κατά νόμον (by custom, conventionally); απας δ ανθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμοις διοικείται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp, to παρά φύσιν, contrary to nature; so, προδότης έκ φύσεωε a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birtb; φύσει by birtb. III. a creature; θνητή φύσιε mankind; πόντου είναλία φύσιε the creatures of the sea; θήλεια φύσιε woman-kind.

φύσίωσις, εως, ή, (φυσιόω) a being puffed up, vanity. φύσκη, ή, (φυσάω) the large intestine: a sausage or black pudding.

φυστή or φύστη, ή, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εωε, ή, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φύταλιά, ή, (φυτόν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (άρουρα). II. a

plant, esp. of the vine.

φὖτάλμιος, ον, (φυτός) producing, nourisbing, fostering; fatherly. It by nature, from one's birth; δρα καὶ ἦσθα φυτάλμιος δυσαίων; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth?

φύτεία, ή, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a planta-

tion; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφὕτεύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω: but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φύτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φύτεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐφύτευσα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφύτευθην: pf. πεφύτευμαι: (φυτόν):—to plant trees or plants: mostly as opp. to ἀρόω (to sow).

2. metaph. to beget; δ φυτεύσαν πατήρ οτ δ φυτεύσαν alone, the father; οι φυτεύσαντεε the parents:—Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents.

3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees; φυτεύειν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees:—Pass., γῆ πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ή, (φύω) poet. for φύσιs, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, όν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φυτόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree.

II. a creature: of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut of φυτός.

φυτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native. φυτο-σκάφος, ον, (φυτόν, σκάπτω) digging or deluing round plants; φυτοσκάφος ἀνήρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτόν, σπείρω) planting trees:
—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπόρος, δ, a father.

φὖτ-ουργός poet. φυτο-εργός, όν, (φυτόν, \*ἔργω) cultivating plants or trees: as Subst., φυτουργός, ό, a gardener, vine-dresser.

II. metaph. begetting: as Subst., φυτουργός, ό, a father.

 $\Phi \Upsilon' \Omega$ , fut. φύσω  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ : aor. I έφ $\bar{v}$ σα: in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow; τρίχαs φύειν to make hair grow; φύειν πτερά to put forth, grow wings; of a country, φύειν καρπόν τε θωυμαστον και ανδρας άγαθούς to produce excellent fruits and brave men:—also to beget, generate: δ φύσαs the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρέναι φύειν to get understanding; δόξας φύειν to get or gain repu-II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι: f. φύσομαι: tation. the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔφῦν, inf. φῦναι, part. φύε, φῦσα, φύν; later in pass. form ἐφύην, φυῆναι, φυείε: perf. πέφυκα, plapf. ἐπεφύκειν :--Ερ. 3 pl. pf. πεφύασι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφυώε, πεφυυία, πεφυώτοε, for πεφυκώε, -κυῖα, -κότοε: there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφῦκον, as if from a pres. πεφύκω; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἔφυν for ἔφῦσαν: 20r. 2 opt. φύην for φυίην:—to | of consonants. grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. of men, to be begotten or born, μη φυναι νικά not to bave been born were best:—φῦναι οι πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φύs the son, opp. to δ φύσαs the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφῦκα being often used as a pres., I bave been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I bad been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἔφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i.e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ανθρωπος πεφυκώς man according to bis nature, as be is.

φωίς, ίδος, ή, contr. φώς, φωδός: pl. φωίδες, φῷδες: (φω̂s):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn,

blister.

Φώκαια Ion. -αίη, ή, a city in Ionia. Hence

Φωκαιεύς Att. - αεύς, εως, and Φωκαίτης, δ, α Phocaean: fem. Φωκαιίς, ίδος, a Phocaean woman.

Φωκεύς, έως, δ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian.

 $\Phi\Omega'KH$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a seal, sea-calf, Lat. phoca.

Φωκικός, ή, όν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian.

Φωκί**s** (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), ίδο**s**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάς, άδος, ή, fem. Adj. (φωλεός) lurking in a bole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φωλειός, δ. Ep. for φωλεός.

ΦΩΛΕΟ Σ, δ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, bole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εύσω, or φωλέω, f. ήσω, (φωλεόs) to lie in a bole or den: to lie torpid in a bole.

φωνάεις, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήειε.

φωνάσαι, Dor. for φωνήσαι, 20r. I inf. of φωνέω. φωνασκέω, f. ήσω, (φωνασκόε) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence

φωνασκία, ή, practice of the voice.

φων-ασκός, όν, (φωνή, ἀσκέω) practising the voice. φωνεύντες, φωνεύντα, Dor. for φωνούντες, φωνούντα, pres. part. from

**φωνέω, f. ήσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate** sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνέειν to bave the loudest voice. 2. of animals, 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to to cry. sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, φωνήεντα. address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

 $\Phi\Omega NH'$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνήν βηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments.

II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. kind of language, dialect. Hence

φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνάντα:— sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνάντα συνετοίσι that bave speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech: —τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἄφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, ατος, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for έφώνησα, 20r. 1 of φωνέω.

ΦΩP, δ, gen. φωρόε, dat. pl. φωρσί, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρών λιμήν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, âs, Ion. φωρή, η̂s, ή, (φώρ) a theft. detection.

φωράω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ : Pass., aor.  $\bar{a}$   $\bar{e}$  φωράθην  $[\bar{a}]$ : pf. πεφώραμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a theft: generally, to trace, detect, discover :- Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωρασθαι κλέπτης ών to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη ἐξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation. φωρή, Ion. for φωρά.

φωριαμός, δ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes

and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for φώριος, stolen.

φώριος, ον, (φώρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit. φώs, δ, gen. φωτόε; dual φῶτε, φωτῶν; pl. φῶτεε, φωτῶν: (\*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνήρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god. φωs, τό, contr. for φάοε.

φωστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ ,  $(\phi \hat{\omega} s)$  a light-giver, luminary. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, ον, (φως, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόροs, δ, with or without ἀστήρ, the lightbringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. φωσφόροι κύραι, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἄγωγός, όν, (φω̂ς, ἄγω) guiding with a light: -φωταγωγόs (sub. θύρα), ή, an opening for light, a

window.

φωτεινός, ή, όν, (φως) shining bright, giving light. φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (φωε) intr. to shine, give Il. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph, to enlighten, instruct, teach: -Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, δ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

## X

4. any articulate sound, as opp. to X, χ, χι, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the inarticulate ( $\psi \phi \phi o s$ ); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that Greek alphabet: as numeral  $\chi' = 600$ , but  $\chi =$ 

600,000: also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of | delighted or pleased; γαίρειν νόω to rejoice in one's χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of  $\chi$ , esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as δρνιχοs for δρνιθοs. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κιθών κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτών χύτρα. III. put before λ, as χλαίνα for λαίνα, χλιαρόε for λιαρόε.

Like  $\phi$ ,  $\chi$  was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in  $\phi \alpha i \tilde{\sigma} \chi i \tau \omega \nu$ .

χάδε, Ep. for ἔχἄδε, 3 sing. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδειν Ερ. χάδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω. ΧΑ΄ΖΩ, Ερ. fut. κεκάδήσω: Ερ. aor. 2 κέκάδον, for κέχαδον:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, ΙΙ. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Εp. χάσc. gen. σομαι: 20r. Ι έχασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσσατο, Ep. part. χασσάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκάδοντο for κεχάδοντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκαδόμην:—to give way, give ground, draw or sbrink back, recoil, retire: absol., δπίσω χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat 2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from; πυλάων χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι έτάρων είε έθνος to retire into the troop of his com-3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, besipanions. tate, fear to do.

**XAI'N** $\Omega$ , seldom used in pres. and impf., XA' $\Sigma$ K $\Omega$ , ἔχασκον being used instead: fut. χἄνοῦμαι: aor. 2 έχανον: pf. κέχηνα, with pres. sense:-to yawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι χάνοι εὐρεῖα χθών then may earth yawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, yawn. II. in Comic Poets, to gape or yawn from weariness or in eager expectation; άνω κεχηνέναι to look gaping up; οι κεχηνότες gapers, starers: χάσκειν πρός τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρόε τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about. III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. biscere, c. acc.; δεινά δήματα κατά τινοι χανείν to speak foul words against any one.

XATO∑, a, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαίρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαίρω.

χαιρετίζω, f. σω, (χαίρε) to greet. Hence χαιρετισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a greeting.

χαιρηδών, όνος, ή, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like άλγηδών.

χαίρην, Dor. for χαίρειν, inf. of χαίρω.

χαίροισα, Dor. for χαίρουσα, pres. part. fem. of χαίρω.

χαιρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω. ΧΑΙ'ΡΩ, f. χαιρήσω Ερ. κεχάρησω: pf. κεχάρηκα, Ep. part. κεχάρηώε:---Med., fut. χάροῦμαι: Ep. aor. 1 έχηράμην, 3 sing. χήρατο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κεχαρόμην the 3 pl. ind. κεχάροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt. κεχάροιτο, κεχαροίατο: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. χάρησομαι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχάρησομαι: 20r. 2 έχάρην [α], Ep. 3 sing, χάρη, opt. χαρείην, inf. χαρήναι, part. χαρείε: pf. κεχάρημαι, later κέχαρμαι: Ep. 3 pl. plapf. κεχάρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be let down, let fall or droop; μέτωπον χαλαν to smooth

mind. 2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, χαίρειν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαίρω δέ σ' εὐτυχοῦντα I rejoice at your pro-3. c. part., χαίρω ἀκούσα I rejoice at sperity. having heard, am glad to hear; χαίρειε δρών φωε thou rejoicest at seeing the light. 4. with the pres. part., χαίρω is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do. II. often with a negat., οὐ χαιρήσειs thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαίρων with impunity; οὐ χαίροντες ἀπαλλάξετε γε shall not get off with impunity. III. the imperat. χαίρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, bail, welcome, Lat. salve; or at parting, farewell, Lat. vale; so in part., χαίρων ίθι fare-thee-well. inf. χαίρειν, in phrase χαίρειν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαίρε; προσειπών τινα χαίρειν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Kûpos Kvafápy χαίρειν [sc. λέγει], Lat. salvere jubet, salutem 2. in bad sense, χαίρειν έαν οι κελεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλά χαίρειν είπειν τινι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαιρέτω, like έρρέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

XAI'TH, \(\delta\), long flowing bair, both in sing, and plur.: also a borse's mane: later also a lion's mane. Lat. juba. II. of trees, like Lat. coma, leaves, foliage. Hence

χαιτήεις Dor. - άεις, εσσα, εν, with long flowing

bair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαίτη, bair, the plume of a helmet. χαλά, ή, Dor. for χηλή.

XA'ΛAZA, ηs, ἡ, bail: a bail-shower, bail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

**χαλαζάω**, to bail. II. to bave pimples or tubercles. χαλαζ-επής, ές, (χάλαζα, έπος) burling abuse as tbick as bail.

χάλαζήεις Dor. -άεις, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like bail, tbick as baıl, pelting, pitiless.

χαλαζο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (χάλαζα, βαλείν), to strike with bail.

χαλαίνω, poët. for χαλάω.

χαλαρός, ά, όν, (χαλάω) slackened, loosened, slack; χαλαρά κοτυληδών a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χαλαρότης, ητος, ή, slackness, looseness.

 $XA^{\prime}\Lambda A^{\prime}\Omega$ , f. άσω [α]: 201. Ι ἐχάλασα Ερ. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάξαις; pf. κεχάλακα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐχαλάσθην : pf. κεχάλασμαι : to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλαν τόξα to unstring the bow; hvías xalav to slack the reins;  $\gamma \alpha \lambda \hat{\alpha} \nu \pi \delta \delta \alpha$  to slack the sheet of the sail.

3. to let loose, loose, release; κλήθρα or κλήδαs χαλαν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any cease from. one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. absol., like eluciv, to give in, yield :- Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

**Χαλδαῖος**, δ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαϊστί, Adv. in the Chaldee tongue.

χαλ-ειμάς, άδος, ή, (χαλάω, είμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χαλεπαίνω, f. ανω: 201. Ι έχαλέπηνα, pass. έχαλεπάνθην: (χαλεπόs):—to be bard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or barsbly, to be barsb, illtempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or shew barsbness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπί τινι to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρόs άλλήhous to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπήναι, 20τ. Ι ίπ. οf χαλεπαίνω.

χάλεπηρής, έs, poët. for χαλεπός. ΧΑΛΕΠΟ Σ [α], ή, όν, bard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματοs the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπά bardsbips, sufferings. 2. bard 3. dıffito do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, cult, dangerous. II. of persons, bard to deal with, rugged, steep. bitter, bostile, angry; ol χαλεπώτεροι bitterer enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. barsb, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότηs, ητοs, ή, difficulty, roughness, rugged-II. of persons, barsbness, severity, rigour, χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. ι ἐχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal barshly with, oppress, distress, barass: also to bring low, bumble. 2. to provoke. II. intr. to be angry, irritated. enrage, irritate. χαλεπώ, Dor. for χαλεπού, gen. of χαλεπόs.

χαλεπωs, Adv. of χαλεπόs, bardly, with difficulty; χαλεπῶs ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. II. of persons, severely, scarcely, Lat. aegre. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπωs φέcruelly, barsbly. οειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill. χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπώs. χαλί-κράτος Ιοπ. χαλί-κρητος, ον, (χάλις, κεράν-

νυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

χαλιν-άγωγέω, f. ήσω, (χαλινόs, άγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χαλινός, δ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλάω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινον ενδακείν to champ the bit: yakıvoùs διδόναι to give a horse the rein. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Aids χαλινόε the curb imposed by Jove.

χάλινόω, f. ώσω, to bridle or bit a horse:-Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χάλίνωσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a bridling. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

χάλινωτήρια, τά, (χαλινόω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

XA'AIE, ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ă]

χάλις, ιος, δ, (χαλάω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρονέω, f. ήσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χάλιφροσύνη, ή, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.

χαλί-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (χαλάω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-άρματος, ον, (χαλκός, άρμα) with brasen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπις, ιδος, ό, ή, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brasen sbield.

 $\chi \alpha \lambda \kappa - \epsilon \gamma \chi \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ , gen.  $\epsilon o s$ , ( $\chi \alpha \lambda \kappa \delta s$ ,  $\epsilon \gamma \chi o s$ ) with brasen lance.

χαλκείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεύω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκειος, α, ον Ιοπ. χαλκήιος, η, ον, poët. for χάλκεοs, (χαλκόs) of brass, brasen.

χαλκ-έλάτος, ον, (χαλκός, έλαύνω) poët. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-εμβολάς, poët, fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-έμβολος, ον, (χαλκός, έμβολον) with brasen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, έs, (χαλκός, έντεα) armed with brass. χαλκεό-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brasen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ,  $\bar{a}$ κοε, Ep. -θώρηξ,  $\eta$ κοε,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (χάλκεοs, θώραξ) with brasen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with beart of brass.

 $\chi \alpha \lambda \kappa \epsilon \delta - \pi \epsilon \zeta o s$ , ov,  $(\chi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \kappa \epsilon o s$ ,  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \zeta \dot{\alpha})$  brass-footed. χαλκέ-οπλος, ον, (χάλκεος, δπλον) with arms or

armour of brass.

χάλκεος, έα Ion. έη, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκοθs, η, οθν: poet. χάλκειος Ion. -ήιος, η, ον: (χαλκόs):-of copper or bronze, brasen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεύς a brasen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ίσταναι τινά to raise a brasen statue to one. 2. metaph. like brass, bard, stout; χάλκεον ήτορ a heart of brass; χάλκεοε ύπνοε a brasen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ές, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ον, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατοε, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brasen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brasen bonds.

γαλκεύς, έως, δ. (γαλκεύω) a worker in copper, a

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith. χαλκευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύε: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικόs, ή, όν, of or for the brasier or his art: shilled in metal-working: ή χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκόε) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer

or forge; τὸ χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεών, ῶνοs,  $\delta$ , = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy. χαλκηδών, όνοs,  $\delta$ , (χαλκόs) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκείον.

χαλκήιος, η, ον Ion. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ήλατος also χαλκ-έλατος, ον, (χαλκός, έλαύνω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, es, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἀράρεῖν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.
χαλκί-οικος, ον, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a

brasen bouse or sbrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκόs) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ίδος, ή, a bird of prey.

Χαλκίς, ίδος, ή, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοάρης, εε, gen. εοε, poët. lengthd. form for χαλκήρηε. [ἄ]

χαλκο-βάρήs, έs, gen. έος, (χαλκός, βάρος) beavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρήs.

χαλκο-βάτήs, έs, gen. έos, (χαλκόs, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brasen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ου,δ, (χαλκόε, βοή) with voice of brass. χαλκο-γένειος, ον, (χαλκόε, γένειον), and χαλκό-γενυς, υ, gen. vos, (χαλκόε, γένυς) with teeth of brass. χαλκο-γλώχιν, ινοε, δ, ή, (χαλκόε, γλωχίε) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαίδαλος, ον, (χαλκός, δαιδάλλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμες, αντος, δ, ή, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. c. sbarpening brass.

χαλκό-δετος, ον, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ακοι, ό, ή, (χαλκόι, θώραξ) = χαλκεο-θώραξ, with brasen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμΙς, ίδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χαλκός, κνημίς) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οῦ, δ, (χαλκόε, κορύσσω) 2s masc. Adj., with or in brasen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ον, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brasen-hoofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ου, δ, (χαλκός, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ον, (χαλκός, νῶτος) brass-backed. χαλκο-πἄγής, ές, (χαλκός, παγήναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. -πάρδος, ον, (χαλκός, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πεδος, ον, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass. χαλκό-πλευρος, ον, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, έε, gen. έοε, (χαλκόε, πλήθοε) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (χαλκός, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό; gen. -ποδος (χαλκός, πούς):—brasen-footed, with brasen tramp.

II. with steps of brass, brasen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ον, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

XAΛΚΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. aes, called from its colour ἐρυθρόs and αΐθοψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκόs was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκόs was used for σίδηροs. Later, χαλκόs was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts.

II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brasen arms: also a brasen vessel, urn. χαλκο-σκελήs, έs, (χαλκόs, σκέλοs) with legs of

brass.
χαλκο-στέφάνος, ον, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ον, (χαλκός, στόμα) with brasen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ον, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of brass. χαλκο-τευχής, ές, (χαλκός, τεῦχος) in brasen armour. χαλκό-τοξος, ον, (χαλκός, τόξον) with brasen bow. χαλκοτορέω, f. ήσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκό-τορος, ον, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass. χαλκο-τύπος, ον, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst, χαλκοτύπος, δ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith.

2. striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybele.

II. χαλκότϋπος, ον, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brasen arms.

χαλκ-οῦργος, δ, (χαλκός, \*ἔργω) a coppersmith. χαλκοῦς, ἢ, οῦν, Att. contr. from χάλκεος. II. as Subst., χαλκοῦς, δ, a copper çoin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλάρος, ον, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φά]

χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκόε.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ου, δ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brasen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ονος, δ, ή, (χαλκός, χιτών) brasencoated, brass-clad. brass.

χαλκόω, f. ώσω, (χαλκόs) to cover with brass:--aor. I pass. part. χαλκωθείs, clad in brass. to make in brass or bronze.

χάλκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκόω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brasen vessel or instrument.

**χαλυβδικός**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (χάλυψ) of steel;  $\tau \delta$  χαλυβδικόν steel.

χάλυβος, δ, poet. for χάλυψ, steel. Χάλυψ, υβος, δ, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. appellat., χάλυψ, ŭβos, δ, bardened iron, steel.

χαμάδις [μα], Adv. (χαμαί) poet, for χαμαζε, on the

ground, to the ground.

χαμαζε, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χάμαθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground. ΧΑ MAI', Adv. on the earth, on the ground.

like χαμάζε, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χάμαι-γενήs, έs, gen. έος, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) eartbborn, sprung from the soil.

χάμαι-ευνάς, άδος, poet. fem. of sq. [al metri grat.] χάμαι-εύνης, ου, ό, (χαμαί, εὐνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [at metri grat.]

χάμαίζηλος, ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: δ χαμαίζηλος (sub. δίφρος), II. metaph. fond of mean things, a low stool. bumble; τὸ χαμαίζηλον bumility.

χάμαικοιτέω, f. ήσω, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From

χάμαι-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χάμαιλεχής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χαμαι

κοίτης. **χάμαι-λέων**, οντο**s**, δ, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon,

a kind of lizard known for changing its colour. χαμαιπετέω, f. ήσω, to fall to the ground; γνώμα χαμαιπετοίσα a thought that falls to the ground. From

χάμαι-πετής, ές, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleep-3. on the ground. ing on the ground. taph, falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless. χαμαιπετοίσα, Dor. for χαμαιπετούσα, part. fem.

of χαμαιπετέω.

χάμαι-τύπειον, τό, (χαμαί, τυπειν) a brotbel. χάμ-ερπήs, έs, (χαμαί, ερπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.

χαμ-εύνη, ή, for χαμαιεύνη, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead. χάμ-ευνίς, ίδος, ή, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

**χαμηλός**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (χαμαί) on the ground. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμόθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from the ground.

χάμψαι, oi, the Egyptian name for crocodiles. χάν, ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.

χαλκό-χύτος, ον, (χαλκόε, χέω) cast in copper or | Χαναναίος, a, ον, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—25 Subst., Xavavaîos, o, a Canaanite; Xavavaía, n, a Canaanitish woman. See Κανανίτηs.

χανδάνω, fut. χείσομαι: aor. 2 έχαδον Εp. χάδον: pf. with pres. sense κέχανδα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κεχάνδει:-to bold, take in, comprise, contain, εξ μέτρα χάνδανε κρητήρ the bowl beld six measures: οὐκ ἐδυνήσατο πάσας αἰγιαλὸς νῆας χαδέew the beach could not bold all the ships.

χανδόν, Adv., (χαίνω) gaping, with mouth wide

open: metaph. greedily, eagerly. χανείν, aor. 2 inf. of χαίνω.

 $\chi \acute{a}voi [\breve{a}]$ , 3 sing. 2 opt. of  $\chi \acute{a}iv\omega$ .

XA'OΣ [a], εος, τό, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χαόs, όν, like χάιοs, genuine, true, good.

χαρά, ή, (χαρηναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρά with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χαράσσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνηs the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χαράδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρpos, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. tor-II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rens. rift, ravine. Hence

χαραδραίος, a, ov, of or from a mountain-torrent. χαραδριός, ό, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χαραδρόω, f. ώσω: Pass, aor. 1 έχαραδρώθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:— Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρη κεχαραδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.

χαρακόω, f. ώσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, II. to prop with a pole or stake, fortify.

χαρακτήρ, ήροε, δ, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ανδρών οὐδείε χαρακτήρ έμπέφυκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χάρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in, notched, like a saw.

χαράκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαρακόω) a place paled round II. a paling, or palisaded, a fortified camp. palisade, Lat. vallum.

χαράκωσις, εως, ή, (χαρακόω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, also ἡ, (χἄράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence

collectively, a place paled in, a fortified camp, Lat. | a store of gratitude with a person, i.e. earn his vallum.

**ΧΑ ΡΑ ΣΣ**Ω Att. -**ττω**: f. ξω: 20τ. 1 ἐχάραξα: Pass., 201. Ι έχαράχθην: pf. κεχάραγμαι:--to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke :- Pass. to be irritated, exas-II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. to engrave, inscribe.

χαρήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of χαίρω.

χαρήσομαι, later fut. of χαίρω.

χάρι-δώτης, ου, ό, (χάρις, δίδωμι) be that gives joy or grace.

χάρίεις, χαρίεσσα, χαρίεν, gen. εντος: (χάρις):--graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, ele-II. in Att., χαρίειs was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; ol xaplevres men of taste and refinement, men of Adv., when it was written χάριεν. Hence

χάριεντίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:--to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest : σπουδή χαριεντίζεσθαι to jest in earnest.

χάριέντως, Adv. of χαρίεις, gracefully, elegantly: from partiality to one. neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χάρι-εργός, όν, (χαίρω, έργον) delighting in the favour with one.

arts, epith. of Minerva.

χαρίζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι Att. -ιουμαι, also f. pass. -ισθήσομαι: aor. Ι έχαρισάμην and έχαρίσθην: pf. κεχάρισμαι both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (χάριε):—to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. indulgere; χαρίζεσθαι τῶ σώματι to indulge one's body. II. c. acc. Tei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χαρίζεσθαι άλλο-Tpion to give freely of what does not belong to one; ταμίη χαριζομένη παρεόντων the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass, sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour ; τοῖσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχάριστο it was done to please the Eu-2. pf. part. κεχαρισμένος, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most welcome to my heart; κεχαρισμένος ήλθεν he came wished for, was welcome.

χαριξη, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι. χάριε [ἄ], ή, gen. χάριτοε: acc. χάριν or χάριτα: plur. χάριτες, dat. pl. χάρισι Ep. χαρίτεσσι poët. also χάρισσι: (χαίρω):—favour, grace, Lat. gratia: outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάριν καταχεθαί Tive to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a cbarm. II. grace or favour felt, either, by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases χάριν είδεναι to feel gratitude; χάριν δφείλειν to owe a debt of gratitude, be be- fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, holden; χάριν οι χάριτα κατατίθεσθαί τινι to lay up much like γλαυκόε.

thanks; χάριν λαμβάνειν to receive thanks. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. gratia; χάριτι πλείον † φόβφ more by favour than fear. III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; χάριν φέρειν τινί to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, χάριν θέσθαι, νέμειν, δράσαι to confer a grace, favour, kindness. IV. a gratification, delight; φόρμιγγο from the harp. 2. δαιμόνων χάριs bomage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; eukταία χάριε a gift in consequence of a vow. special usages: acc. sing. absol. χάριν, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, χάριν Extopos for the sake of Hector; also with the Artic. την 'Αθηναίων χάριν for the sake of the Athenians:it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = ενεκα, Lat. gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of: so too, εμήν χάριν, σήν χάριν for my, thy plea-III. the neut, was used in Att. as sure or sake, Lat. mea, tua gratia. 2. είε γάριν τινός to do one a pleasure; πρός χάριν λέγειν τινί to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, πρόs χάριν έμαs σαρκόs for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of 3. ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν τινά to decide devouring it. 4. διά χαρίτων είναι or γίγνεσθαί τινι to be on terms of friendship or mutual VI. in Mythology, al Χάριτες the Charites or Graces were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, Aglaia, Euphrosyne, Thalia. χάρισμα, ατος, τό, (χαρίζομαι) a grace, favour: a

free gift, grace.

χάρίσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of χαρίζομαι. χάριστήριοs, ον, (χαρίζομαι) in token of thanks-II. as Subst., χαριστήριον, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ χαριστήρια (sub. lepá), thank-offerings. χάριτία, ή, (χάριε) a jest, joke.

χάριτο-βλέφαρος, ον, (Χάρις, βλέφαρον) with eye-

lids like the Graces.

χάριτο-γλωσσέω Att. -ττέω, f ήσω, (χάριε, γλῶσoa) to speak to please, gloze with the tongue.

χάριτόω, f. ώσω, (χάριε) to shew favour or grace to anyone:-Pass. to be bigbly favoured.

χἄρἴτ-ώπηs, εs, (χάριs, ώψ) graceful of aspect: fem. χαριτώπιε, ίδοε.

χάρμα, ατος, τό, (χαίρω) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, η, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, joy: the joy of battle,battle.

χαρμονή, ή, (χάρμα) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights. χαρμόστινος, η, ον, (χάρμη) joyful, glad; χαρμόσυνα ποιείν to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, ονοι, δ, ή, (χάρμα, φρήν) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιόs, όν, (χαρά, ποιέω) causing joy, gladdening. χαρ-οπόs, ή, όν, also όε, όν, (χαρά, ωψ) glad-eyed, bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτηs.

χάρτης, ου, δ, (χαράσσω) Lat. charta, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus. χαρτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, delightful, gladdening, cheerful.

Xάρυβδις, εωε Ion. 108, η, Charybdis, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a wbirlpool, gulf: metaph. of a greedy rapacious person, like Lat. barathrum.

Χάρων [ά], ωνος, δ, Charon, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. χαροπός, χασκάζω, f. άσω, Frequentat. of χάσκω, c. acc. to

keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκω, έχασκον, to gape, yawn, used as pres. and

impf. of χαίνω: see χαίνω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning bollow, a chasm, gulf.

II. the open mouth, like Lat. rictus.

III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμεύμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, aτοs, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. rictus.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

χάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι. XA ΤΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol to wish, desire. II. c. gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χατίζω, f. ίσω, like χατέω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, bave need of; χατίζειν έργοιο to want or be without work: absol. in part. one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χάτίς,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and χάτος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, want, need, =  $\chi\eta\tau$ ίε,  $\chi\dot{\eta}\tau$ os.

χαυλι-όδους, -όδοντος, ό, ή, (χαύλιος, όδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth. II. χαυλιόδοντες όδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding, tusky: absol., χαυλιόδοντες sbarp, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ου, δ, (χαῦνος, πολίτης) an openmouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [1]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ον, (χαῦνος, πρώκτός) wide-breeched. χαῦνος, η, ον, and ος, ον, (χαίτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous.

II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ητος, ή, looseness, porousness. I metaph. folly, vanity.

χαύνωστε, εωε, ή, (χαυνόω) a making loose or slack. II. metaph. making a thing light, weakening its force.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. 1 of χέω.

χεζητιάω, like χεσείω, Desiderat. of χέζω, to wish to ease oneself.

XE'ZΩ, f. χεσοῦμαι: pf. κέχοδα: aor. 1 ἔχεσα: aor. 2 ἔχεσον: pf. pass. κέχεσμαι:—to ease oneself:
—Pass., σπέλεθος ἀρτίως κεχεσμένος dung just dropt.
XEIA' Ion. χειή, ή, a bole, esp. of serpents.
χείλευς, Dor. for χείλεος, gen. of χείλος.

χειλο-ποτέω, f. ήσω, (χείλοε, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

XEI ΛΟΣ, εοs, τό: plur., gen. χειλέων contr. ων; dat. χείλεσι Ερ. -εσσι:—a lip: proverb., χείλεσι γελών to laugh with the lips (only); χείλεα μέν τ' ἐδίην', ὑπερφην δ' οὐκ ἐδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not.

2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak.

II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χεῖμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. biems: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χεῖμα absol. in acc., in winter.

II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [ἄ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χειμαδίφ χρησθαι Λήμνφ to fix upon Lemnos

as winter quarters. From I. transit. to expose **χειμάζω, f.** άσω: (χείμα): to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the win-II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. biemare. III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. absol. χειμάζει (sc. δ θεόs), there is a storm, like vει, νίφει, etc.; ἐχείμαζε ἡμέρας τρείς the storm lasted 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph, to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering. χειμαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (χειμα) to distress by a storm or tempest: - Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-II. intr. to be stormy.

χείμᾶρος,  $\delta$ , (χεῖμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρ-ροος, ον, Att. contr. -ρους, ουν: (χείμα, δέω): -- winter-flowing, swoln in winter; χειμάρροος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swoln by rain and melted snow.
2. as Subst., χειμάρρους, δ, a water-drain, conduit.

II. wintry, stormy.

χείμαρρος or χειμάρρος, ov, poet. for χειμάρροος. χειμάσια Ion. -ίη, ή, (χειμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χειμερίζω, f. ίσω Âtt. ιῶ, (χείμα) to pass the winter,

χειμερίνός, ή, όν, (χείμα) of or in winter, in wintertime, wintry, stormy; χειμερινόν χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χειμέριος.

χειμέριος, α, ον, Att. also oe, ον: (χειμα):—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; ωρη χειμερίη the winterseason; μήνες χειμερίωτατοι the most wintry, i.e. most stormy, months; άκτα χειμερία κυματοπλής a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χειμερία λύπη raging pain.—Generally, χειμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χειμερινός wintry, in winter-time. χειμο-θνής, ήτος, ό, ή, (χειμα, θνήσκω) frozen to

χειμών, ῶνος, ὁ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter; τον χειμῶνα during winter; χειμῶνοε in winter-

time. II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χειμών νοτερόε a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμωνο-τύπος, ον, (χειμών, τύπτω) beating tempes-

tuously.

ΧΕΙ'P, ή, gen. χειρός: plur. χείρες, χειρών, χερσί: Ion. decl., χείρ, χερύs, χερί, χέρα, χέρεs, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χεροίν (rarely χειροίν) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. χείρεσι and χείρεσσι:-the band, or rather the hand and arm, the arm; ακρα χείρ the band; χείρ σιδηρά an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, 2. xeip is often joined with degios and άριστερός, to mark the side on which a thing is; see 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. άριστερός, δεξιός. to mere words; ἔπεσιν καὶ χερσίν ἀρήξειν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χείραs to apply force; of deeds of violence, χειρών ἄρχειν to begin 4. like Lat. manus, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork. II. special usages:

χειρδε έχειν τινά to have, hold one by the hand; χείραε ἀνασχείν θεοῖε to raise one's hands to the gods in prayer; χείραε ὁρέξαι to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty. 2. ἄγεσθαί τι ἐε χείραε ἐτ take a thing in hand: ἐν χερσί, μετὰ or διὰ χείραε ἔχειν τι to have a thing in hand, be engaged in it. 3. ἐν χερί, ἐν χερσί in one's hand or hands,

and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, έν χερσί in the fray, in close fight, Lat. cominus. 4. εἰs χεῖραs ἐλθεῖν to fall into anyone's bands or power,

but also to come to blows. 5. ἐκ χειρόs out of band, off band; ἀπὸ χειρὸs λογίσασθαι to reckon off band, roughly. 6. πρὸ χειρῶν at band, in readiness. 7. ὑπὸ χειρῶν οι χειρῶν under the bands,

under the power; cp. ὑποχείριο.

χειρ-άγρα,  $\eta$ , (χείρ, ἄγρα) gout in the band; as ποδάγρα in the feet.

χειράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to lead by the hand. From χειρ-άγωγός, όν, (χείρ, άγω) leading by the hand: as Subst., χειραγωγός, δ, one that leads by the hand. χειρ-απτάζω, f. άσω, (χείρ, ἄπτω) to touch with the

band, take in band, bandle.

χείρεσι, χείρεσσι, Εp. dat. pl. of χείρ.

**χειρίδωτόs,** όν, (χείρ) baving sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτών or tunic: the χιτών without sleeves was called ξεωμίs.

**xelpios**, a, ov, (xelp) in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

**Xetple**, ides,  $\eta$ , (Xeip) a covering for the hand, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

χείριστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of χείρων, worst, Lat. pessimus: ol χείριστοι men of lowest degree.

χειρο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (χείρ, βαλείν) to throw with the hand.

**χειρό-γράφοs**, ον, (χείρ, γράφω) written with the band, in bandwriting:—as Subst., χειρόγραφον, τό, a bandwriting, written decree.

χειρο-δάϊκτος, ον, (χείρ, δαίζω) slain by the band.

**χειρό-δεικτος**, ον. (δείκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

χειρο-δίκης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\chi \epsilon i \rho$ , δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of bands, who uses the right of might. [ $\Gamma$ ] χειρο-δράκων, οντος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\chi \epsilon i \rho$ , δράκων) with serpenthands or arms. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]

χειρο-ήθης, ες, (χείρ, ήθος) accustomed to the hand, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or habituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

χειρό-μακτρον, τό, (χείρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. mantile: the Scythians used scalps as χειρόμακτρα.

χειρομάχέω, f. ήσω, to fight with the hands. From χειρο-μάχος, ον, (χείρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the hand.

χειρο-μύλη, ή,  $(\chi \epsilon i \rho, \mu \dot{\nu} \lambda \eta)$  a band-mill.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

χειρονομέω, f. ήσω, (χειρονόμος) to move the bands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι χειρονομείν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

Xειρονομία, ή, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

**χειρο-νόμος**, ον, (νέμω) moving the bands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, δ, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνως, Adv. of χείρων, worse.

**χειρο-πληθήs, έs**, (χείρ, πίμπλημι) filling the hand, as large as can be held in the hand.

χειρο-ποιέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

χειροποίητος, ov, made by band, artificial: made on purpose.

**χειρό-σοφος**, ον, (χείρ, σοφός) skilled with the bands: hence =  $\chi$ ειρονόμος.

**χειρο-τένων**, οντο**s**, δ, ή, (χείρ, τείνω) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

**χειρότερος**, α, ον, poet. for χείρων, worse.

χειρο-τέχνης, ου,  $\delta$ , (χείρ, τέχνη) a bandıcraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης laτορίas a chirurgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, ή, bandicraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, ή, όν, (χειροτέχνης) of or for bandicraft or a bandicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. -κῶς.

χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, (χειροτόνοs) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian εκκλησία. II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαγχάνειν κλήρου to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονητέον, verb. Adj. one must vote.

**χειροτονητόs,**  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of bands;  $\dot{d}\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$  χειροτονητή an elective magistracy.

χειροτονία, ή, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of hands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of hands; χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου election by the people. II. a vote, Lat. suffragium: also collectively, the votes.

χειρο-τόνος, ον, (χείρ, τείνω) stretching out the bands; of prayers, offered with outstretched bands.

χειρο-τυπής, ές, (χείρ, τυπείν) striking with the bands.

**χειρουργέω**, f. hσω, (χειρουργός) to do with the bands, execute; to commit acts of violence. Hence

χειρουργία, ή, a working by band, practice of a bandicraft or art. II. a trade, business.

χειρ-ουργός, όν, (χείρ, \*έργω) working or doing by band, practising a bandieraft or art. 2. as Subst.,

χειρουργόε, δ, a chirurgeon, surgeon.

χειρόω, f. ώσω: Med., f. χειρώσομαι: 201. I έχειρωσάμην: Pass., fut. χειρωθήσομαι: aor. 1 έχειρώθην: pf. κεχείρωμαι: (χείρ):—to take in band, bandle: to get into one's bands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner:—Pass. χειρούμαι, to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner. Hence χείρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done by hand; τυμ-

βοχόα χειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by one's own band. II. that which is brought into one's bands or under one's power, a conquest.

deed of violence.

χείρων, δ, ή, neut. ον; gen. ονος: plur., nom. and acc., χείρονες, χείρονας contr. χείρους, neut. χείρονα contr. χείρω; dat. χείροσι poet. χειρόνεσσι: Εp. χερείων, ον: Dor. χερήων: poet. also χειρότερος, χερειότερος: irreg. Comp. of κακόs (formed from \*χέρηs):-worse, meaner, inferior: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, οῦ τι χέρειον ἐν ὥρη δείπνον ἐλέσθαι 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, οὐ χειρόν [ἐστι] it is well: of persons, ο χείρων one of lower degree; οι χείρονες men of lower degree: - επί τὸ χείρον τρέπεσθαι to fall off. II. χείρον, as Adv., worse.—See χείριστος.

Χείρων, ωνος, δ, Cheiron, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. χειρουρ-

γós).

**χειρ-ωναξ,** ακτο**s**, δ, (χείρ, ἄναξ) one who is master of bis band, a bandicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like κώπης αναξ: also as Adj., παι δ χειρωναξ λεώς all the mechanic sort. Hence

χειρ-ωναξία Ion. -ίη, ή, skill in workmanship, bandicraft, trade.

Xειρωνίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. of Cheiron: as Subst. (sub.  $\beta(\beta\lambda os)$  a book on surgery.

χειρωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χειρόω, subdued: to be subdued.

χείσομαι, fut. of χανδάνω.

xelω, Ep. for χέω, to pour.

χελίδοι, irreg. voc. of χελιδών, as if from χελιδώ. χελιδονίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (χελιδών) to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.

χελιδόνιον, τό, (χελιδών) swallow-wort, celandine, of which there were two kinds, χελιδόνιον κυάνεον (or γλαυκόν) and χλωρόν. Properly neut. of

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown

χελιδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (χελιδονίζω) the swallowsong, an old popular song at the return of the swallows. χελίδών, όνος, ή: irreg. vocat. χελιδοί (as if from χελιδώ):-the swallow, Lat. birundo. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for χελιδόνων μουσεία, see μουσείον : proverb., μία χελιδών ξαρ οὐ ποιεί one swallow does not make a summer. frog in the bollow of a borse's foot.

χελύνη  $[\bar{v}]$ , ή, (χείλοε) the lip; χελύνην έσθίειν  $\bar{v}\pi$ δργη̂s to bite the lip from passion. II. Aeol. for

χελώνη.

XE'ΛΥΣ, υσε, ή, a tortoise, Lat. testūdo: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. the shell or lyre itself, Lat. testudo. the arched breast, the chest.

χελώνη, ή, (χέλυε) a tortoise: proverb., ιω χελώναι μακάριαι του δέρματοs oh tortoises, happy in your thick hides! 2. the shell of the tortoise. the lyre: see χέλυ. III. as a military term, a pent-bouse formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman testudo, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.

χένας, poet. for χηνας, acc. pl. of χήν.

**γέννιον**, τό, a kind of quail.

χερ-άγρα, ή, = χειράγρα.

XE'PA ΔΟΣ, τό, the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, sbingle.

XEPA'Σ, άδος, ή, doubtful form of χέραδος.

χέρεια, see χέρηs.

χερειότερος, α, ον, Ep. Comp. for χερείων.

χερείων, δ, ή, neut. χέρειον, poet. for χείρων, worse.

χέρεσσι, poet. for χερσί, dat, pl. of χείρ. **XEPHΣ**, an obsol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives xeipow and xepeiow are formed, used in dat. χέρηι; acc. χέρηα; nom. pl. χέρηεs; acc. neut. χέρηαor χέρεια: - χέρηs itself has a comparative sense, weaker, worse, inferior.

χερήων, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for χερείων.

χερί-άρης, ου, δ, (χείρ, ἀράρεῖν) fitting with the band. χερί-φυρής, έε, gen. έος, (χείρ, φύρω) mixed or kneaded by band.

χερμάδιον, τό, = χερμάs, properly neut. of χερμάδιοs. χερμάδιοs, ov, of the size of a large stone, fit for tbrowing. [d] From

χερμάς, άδος, ή, a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a sling-stone. (Deriv. doubtful: either from xépados; or from xeip, a stone that can be grasped in the band.)

χερμαστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (χερμάs) a slinger: as masc. Adj., χερμαστήρ ρινός the leather of a sling.

χέρνηs, ητοs, δ. (χείρ) one who lives by the work of bis bands, a day-labourer: a poor, needy man. as Adj., poor, needy.

χερνήτις, ιδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χερ-ντβείον and χέρ-ντβον, τό, (χείρ, νίζω) a vessel for water to wash the bands, a band-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's bands with boly water: to sprinkle or purify with boly water, Lat. lustrare. From

**χέρ-νιψ, ἴβοε, ἡ,** (χείρ, νίζω) boly water to wasb or sprinkle the bands before a sacrifice. χέρνιβεs, purifications with boly water; εἴργεσθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed: χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of χερνίπτομαι.

χερο-μύσής, ές, (χείρ, μύσος) band-defiling. **χερό-πληκτος**, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the band.

**χερόs,** Ion. and poët, gen. of χείρ.

χερρό-νησος, ή, Att. for χερσόνησος. For all words formed from it, see under  $\chi \epsilon \rho \sigma$ -.

χέρροs, Att. for χέρσοs.

χερσαίοs, α, ον, also os, ον, (χέρσοε) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὅρνιθεε χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναίοι sea-fowl: also of landsmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαίον κύμα στρατού the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren. χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χέρσονδε, Adv. (χέρσου) to or on dry land.

χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, ου, δ, (Χερσόνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονησο-ειδής Att. χερρον-, έε, (χερσόνησοε, eldos) like a peninsula, peninsular.

**χερσό-νησος** Att. **χερρόν**-,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χέρσος, ν $\hat{\eta}$ σος) aland-island, i.e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησ-ώδης Att. χερρον-, εε, contr. for χερσονησοειδήε.

XE'PΣΟΣ Att. χέρρος, ή, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἰκέσθαι to II. as Adj., χέρσοε, ον, dry, reach the land. firm, of land; χέρσοι Ευρώπα the mainland of Europe. 2. dry, barren, waste, bardened: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of. **Χερύδριον**, τό, Dim. of χείρ, a little band or arm. xereiw, Desiderat. of yerow, to want to ease oneself. Xeva, xeva, xeve, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεθμα, ατοε, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Εp. for χέωμεν, I pl. 201, I subj. of χέω. χεύω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕ'Ω, fut. χεω Ερ. χεύω. 201. Ι έχεα Ερ. έχευα or χεῦα; imperat. χέον Ερ. χεῦον; subj. χέω Ερ. χεύω, Ερ. Ι pl. χεύομεν; inf. χέαι Ερ. χεύαι, part. χέαι Ep. χεύαs: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχευάμην: Pass., f. χῦθήσομαι: aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}$ χύθην [ $\ddot{v}$ ]: pf. κ $\dot{\epsilon}$ χύμαι [ $\ddot{v}$ ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κέχῦτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [τ], used in 3 sing. έχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. έχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:-to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:-Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed: -Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χοήν χεισθαι νεκύεσσι to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or sboot out, shed, scatter: also, like χόω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χέειν to raise a mound. χέειν δοῦρα to pour or shower 3. to let fall or drop :- Pass. to be thrown spears. or beaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, 2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χέαι let stream or flow. to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χέειν ή έρα to shed a mist abroad:-Pass. to be spread or flung around; άμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη throwing berself around him; in pf. pass part., κεχυμένος είς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χαλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet boofs; χηλαργοί αμιλλαι the racing of fleet borses.

χηλευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

χηλευω, t. σω, (χηλη) το nei, prince XHΛH',  $\dot{\eta}$ , a borse's boof: also a cloven boof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's II. a sea-bank, sea-wall claws, of a crab's claws. or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

**χηλϊνόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , =  $\chi \eta \lambda \epsilon \nu \tau \dot{\delta s}$ .

XHΛO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box. XH'N, δ and η, gen. χηνόε: irreg. acc. plur. χέναε: Dor. χάν: (χαίνω, κέχηνα):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἄλώπηξ, εκοε, δ, (χήν, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake.

χήνειος, a, ον, (χήν) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

 $\chi \eta v \epsilon o s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o \nu$ , Ion. for  $\chi \eta \nu \epsilon \iota o s$ .

χηνίσκος,  $\delta$ , (χήν) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χήρα Ion. χήρη, ή, see χῆροε.

XHPA'MBH, n, a kind of muscle.

χηράμο-δύτης, ου, δ, (χηραμός, δύω) one who creeps into boles. [v metri grat.]

XHPAMO'∑, ò, a bole, cleft, gap, bollow. χήρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of χαίρω. χηρεία, ή, (χηρεύω) widowbood, widowed estate. χήρειος, a,  $o\nu$ , (χήροε) widowed.

χηρεύω, t. σω, (χήρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νήσος ἀνδρῶν χηρεύει the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a busband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude.

II. transit. to keep in widowbood, keep aloof or apart.

χηρήιος, η, ον, Ion. for χήρειος.

χήροs, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a busband or wife, widowed.

II. as Subst., χήρα Ion. χήρη, ή, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence

χηρόω, f. ωσω: aor. I εχήρωσα Ερ. χήρωσα, pass. εχηρώθην:—to bereave, make desolate or deserted.

2. c. gen. to bereave of ; "Αργος ἀνδρών εχηρώθη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed.

II. intr., like χηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence

χηρωστής, οῦ, ὁ, a collateral relation, beir-at-law. χήσεῖτε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ησετε, fut. of ιημ.

χήτις, ιοε Att. εωε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\chi \dot{\eta} \tau$ οε.

χήτος, εος, τό, (χατέω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χήτεῖ τοιοῦ δ' ἀνδρός from want or loss of such a man; χήτι (Ion. dat. of χήτις) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ή, want, need, destitution.

χήφθα, Dor. for καὶ ήφθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of ἄπτω. χθαμάλδε, ή, όν, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

**ΧΘΕ΄Σ**, Adv., lengthd. **ἐχθές**, yesterday; πρώην τε καὶ χθέε or χθὲε καὶ πρώην yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

**χθεσινός, ή**,  $\delta v$ , =  $\chi \theta \iota \zeta \delta s$ , of yesterday : τὸ σκόροδον τὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see  $\chi\theta\iota$ ζόε.

 $\chi\theta\iota\zeta\iota\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , =  $\chi\theta\epsilon\sigma\iota\nu\delta s$ .

χθιζός, ή, όν,  $(\chi\theta\acute{\epsilon}s) = \chi\theta\epsilon\sigma\imath\nu\acute{o}s$ , of yesterday; ό  $\chi\theta\imath$ ίζὸς πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as,  $\chi\theta\imath$ ίζὸς έβη he went yesterday: the neut,  $\chi\theta\imath$ ίζο απά  $\chi\theta\imath$ ίζά are used as  $\mathrm{Adv}_{\cdot,\cdot} = \chi\theta\acute{\epsilon}s$ , of yesterday;  $\chi\theta\imath$ ίζά  $\tau\epsilon$  καὶ πρώηζα yesterday and the day before, lately, like  $\chi\theta$ ε καὶ πρώην.

**χθόνιοs**, a, ov, also os, ov, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεολ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. Inferi; χθόνιοs Έρμῆs Hermes conducting below the earth.

II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στίβής, ές, (χθών, στιβείν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρεφής, έε, gen. έοε, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished

by or growing on earth.

XΘΩ'N, ή, gen. χθονός, the earth, ground: χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i.e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονὸς κεκευθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i.e. to be buried.

2. οἱ ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i.e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi.

Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular

land or country.

XΓΔΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χίδρα, τά, a dish of unripe wheaten groats toasted:—as άλφιτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [α] χιλί-ανδρος, ον, (χίλιοι, ἀνήρ) containing a thousand men

χιλι-άρχης οτ χιλί-αρχος, ου, δ, (χίλιοι, ἄρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιαρχία, ή, the office or post of χιλίαρχο, command of 1000 men.

 $\chi$ īλιάs, άδοs, ή, ( $\chi$ ίλιοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χίλι-έτης, ου, ὁ, οι χιλι-ετής, έοι, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, έτοι) lasting a thousand years.

XI'AIOI, aι, a, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing is used with collective nouns, as, χιλία ἵππος a thousand

horse, like μυρία ΐππος, etc. χιλιό-ναυς, εως, δ, ή, (χίλιοι, ναῦς) of or consisting

of a thousand ships.

χίλιο-ναύτης, ου, δ, Dor. -τας, (χίλιοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης άρωγή the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χίλιοστός, ή, όν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.

χίλιοστύς, ύος, ή, (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand. XΓΛΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχεσθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ξηρός bay. Hence χιλόω, f. ώσω, to turn out to graze.

χίμαιρα [t], ή, a sbe-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαpos. II. as prop. n., Χίμαιρα, ή, Chimaera, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χίμαιρο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (χίμαιρα, βαίνω) epith. of

Pan, be who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χίμαιρο-θύτης, ου, δ, (χίμαιρα, θύω) one who sacri-

fices goats.

χίμωιρο-φόνος, ον, (χίμαιρα, \*φένω) slaying goats.

χιμάρ-αρχος, δ, (χίμαρος, άρχω) leading goals; τράγος χιμάραρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙ'ΜΑ ΡΟΣ [Υ],  $\delta$ , a be-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος. χίμαρο-σφάκτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (χίμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρωs, Dor. for χιμάρουs, acc. pl. of χίμαροs.

χίμετλον [t], τό, (χείμα) a chilblain, kibe. Χιο-γενής, ές, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χιον, τό, (χι̂οs) a wine-vessel, bolding about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  χοῦs, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, a, ov, (χιών) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ίσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εὶ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώρην if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιόνιζε it was snowing. χιονο-βλέφάρος, ον, (χιών, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered

with snow.

snow-clad.

χιονο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (χιών, θρέμμα) feeding snow, snow-clad.

χιονό-κτύπος, ον; (χιών, κτυπέω) snow-beaten.

χιονο-τρόφος, ον, (χιών, τρέφω) nursing snow, snow-clad.

χιονό-χρως, ωτος and oos, δ, ή, (χιών, χρώς) with snow-wbite skin: generally, snow-wbite.

χιον-ώδης, εε, (χιών, είδοε) like snow, snow-white. Xίος, ή, Chios, an island in the Aegean sea, now

Scio. Hence Xîos, a, ov, Chian, of or from Chios: ol Xîoi the II. δ χίος (sub. βόλος), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was

χίος ἀστράγαλος, the opp. side with the size-dot was called Kwos, Lat. unio; cp. Kwos. The proverb ou Xios άλλά Κεios referred to the contrast between the

dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians.

XITΩN, ωνος, δ, in Ion. Prose κιθών, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. tunica, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάροε, χλαίνα, or Ιμάτιον: the χιτών sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτών ποδήρη: with sleeves it was called χιτών χεριδω-**TÓ8.** II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτώνεε λεπίδοε σιδηρέηε coats of iron scales. in plur. the pieces of a shoe. IV. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λάινος χιτών a coat or covering of stones, 1. e. a tomb; τειχέων κιθώνει coats, lines of walls: also in plur. the coats of an onion.

χἴτώνιον, τό, Dim. of χιτών, a little tunic, short coat.

 $\chi$ ltwviokos,  $\delta$ , =  $\chi$ ltwviov.

XI'Ω'N, ovos, ή, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάς οτ νιφετός, falling snow; χιων τηκομένη melting snow. II. snow-water.

ΧΛΑ ΖΩ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλαδώε, and plur. κεχλαδόντεε (for κεχλαδότεε):—to

sound, ring, shout: hence redupl. καγλάζω.

XΛΑΙ NA Ion. χλαίνη, ηs, ή, Lat. laena, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χιτών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάροs and ἰμάτιον.

χλαινίον, τό, Dim. of χλαίνα, a small cloak.

χλαινόω, f. ώσω, (χλαίνα) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

χλαίνωμα, ατος, τό, a clothing, covering.

χλαμύδη-φόρος, ον, (χλαμύς, φέρω) wearing a χλαμύε or borseman's cloak: 23 Subst., χλαμυδηφόροε, δ, a borseman, cavalier.

χλαμύδ-ουργία, ή, (χλαμύε, \*έργω) the making of

cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.

χλαμύε, ύδοε [v], ή, a sbort cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. paludamentum. It was fastened by

χιονο-βόσκος, ον, (χιών, βόσκω) fostering snow, a broach on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαινα.)

χλανίδιον, τό, Dim. of χλανίε, a small cloak or coverlet. [vi]

χλανίδο-ποιία, ή, (χλανίε, ποιέω) the art or trade of cloak-making.

χλάνίς, ίδος, ή, (χλαίνα) an upper garment of wool, like the χλαῖνα, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλανίδα φορείν, to wear the χλανίε, was a mark of effeminacy.

 $\chi\lambda$ dvioki $\delta$ iov  $\lceil \kappa \tilde{t} \rceil$ , or  $\chi\lambda$ dviokiov,  $\tau\delta$ , and  $\chi\lambda$ dvi-

σκος, δ, Dim. of χλανίε, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, f. άσω, (χλεύη) to joke, jest, scoff. trans. to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully. Hence χλεύασία, ή, and χλευασμός, δ, mockery, scoffing. ΧΛΕΥΉ, ή, a joke, jest; χλεύην ποιείν οτ ποιεί-

σθαί τίνα to make one a jest

XΛΗ ΔΟΣ, δ, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a bouse, Lat. quisquiliae.

χλιαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  ἐχλίηνα: (χλίω):—to make warm:-Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warm. to soften by warmth, melt.

χλιαρός, ά, όν Ion. χλιερός, ή, όν, (χλίω) warm,lukewarm, Lat. tepidus.

χλίδαίνω, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:-Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

χλίδανός, ή, όν, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

χλιδάω, f. ήσω, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; χλιδαν ἐπί τινι to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

χλιδή, ή, (χλίω) delicacy, luxury, voluptuous-2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. ness. any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. fine raiment, costly ornaments, Lat. deliciae: also charms, beauty.

**χλίδημα**,  $\alpha \tau o s$ ,  $\tau o$ , (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [τ]

χλιερός, ή, όν, Ιοπ. for χλιαρόε.

χλιόω, Ep. for χλιάω.

**XAI'** $\Omega$ , only used in pres. and impf., to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate. [1]

 $\chi \lambda \delta a$ , see  $\chi \lambda \delta \eta$ .

χλο-αυγής, έε, (χλόη, αὐγή) with a greenish lustre. **χλοερόs**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ , poet, lengthd. for χλωρόs.

χλοερο-τρόφος, ον, (χλοερός, τρέφω) producing green berbs, grass-growing.

χλοερ-ωπις, ιδος, ή, (χλοερός, ωψ) greenish looking. XΛΟΉ, ηε, and χλόα, αε, also Ion. χλοίη, ή, the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poët. the young verdure of trees, fo-

liage, leaves. χλοη-κομέω, f. ήσω, (χλόη, κόμη) to be green as a young leaf.

χλο-ήρης,  $\epsilon s$ , (χλόη, ἀρἄρ $\epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ) = χλο $\epsilon \rho \delta s$ , χλωρόs. χλοη-τόκος, ον, (χλόη, τεκείν) producing young

χλοη-φόροs, ον, (χλόη, φέρω) putting out young sboots, bearing grass or leaves.

χλοιάω, (χλοίη) Ion. for χλοάω.

**χλοίη, ή**, Ion. for χλόη.

χλούνης, ου, ή, Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean feeding or living alone: later as Subst. = κάπροs, the wild boar itself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

xλοῦνις, ή, a doubtful word in Aesch. Eum. 189, commonly derived from xhon, and taken to mean

green age, i. c. youth, freshness.

χλωρ-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (χλωρός, αὐχήν) with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale: see χλωρηίs. χλωρηίs, ίδοs, poët. fem. of χλωρόs, for χλωρά, pale

green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.

χλωρό-κομος, ον, (χλωρός, κόμη) green-leafed. χλωρόs poët. χλοερόs, ά, όν, (χλόη) pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass: also of the colour of honey and sand, II. generally, pale, pallid. without regard to colour, green, fresh, as opp. to dry; τυρόε γλωρόε fresb cheese: metaph. fresb, blooming, youthful: tender, delicate.

χναύω, = κνάω, to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble. χνοάζω, f. άσω, (χνόοs) properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων ἄρτι λευκανθές κάρα baving his head just sprinkled with white.

χνοάω, = χνοάζω.

XNO'H Ion. χνοίη, ή, the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself. 2. metaph., χνόαι ποδών the joints on which the feet are set.

 $\chi v \delta i o s$ , a, o v,  $(\chi v \delta o s)$  downy.

XNO'OΣ Att. contr. χνοῦς, gen. χνοῦ, δ, any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like dxvh.

**χόα**, acc. of χόοs, χοῦs.

χοἄνεύω contr. χωνεύω, to cast metal.

χοάνη contr. χώνη, ή, a funnel. II. =  $\chi \delta \alpha$ vos. [a]

**\chi \delta dvos**,  $\delta$ ,  $(\chi \epsilon \omega)$  the bollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.

χόες, oi, nom. pl. of χόος, χοῦς.

χοή, ή, (χέω) a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.

χο-ήρης, εs, gen. εos, (χοή, ἀράρεῖν) furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; άγγος χοῆρες 2 vessel filled with them.

χοη-φόρος, ον, (χοή, φέρω) bearing drink-offerings. χοϊκός, ή, όν, (χοῦε) of rubbish, of earth or clay.

**χοινϊκίs**, ίδοs, ή, (χοινιξ) an iron ring.

**χοινιξ**, *ἴκοs*, ή, a choenix, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 11 pint Engl.) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the choenix of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; δε κεν έμηε γε χοίνικοε απτηται whoever tastes of my rations. II. from the shape, the box or nave of a wheel. 2. a kind of sbackle or stocks for fastening the legs in.

χοιράs, άδοs, ή, (χοιροs) a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοιράς άμυδρά a sunken rock; χοιράς Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.

χοιράδεε, αί, glandular swellings.

χοίρειοs, a, ον, (χοιροs) of a swine or bog.

χοίρεος, α, ον, poet. for χοίρειος: χοίρεα (sub. κρέaτa), τά, bog's-flesh.

χοιρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χοιροs, a little pig. [ρί] XOIPI'NH, \$\delta\$, a small sea-muscle, used by the

Athenian dicasts in voting. [7] χοιρίον, τό, Dim. of χοίροs, a little pig, porker.

χοιρίσκος, δ, Dim. of χοίρος, = χοιρίον.

χοιρο-κομείον, τό, (χοίροs, κομέω) a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.

χοιρο-κτόνος, ον, (χοιρος, κτείνω) slaying swine. II. χοιρόκτονοs, pass. of or belonging to a slain swine; αίμα χοιρόκτονον blood of a slain swine.

χοιρο-πώλης, ου, δ, Dor. -πώλας: (χοίρος, πωλέω):—a dealer in swine.

XOI^POΣ, δ, a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus: generally, a pig.

χολάs, άδοs, ή, (χολή) in plur. χολάδεs, the bowels, intestines.

χολάω, (χολή) like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad. II. =  $\chi \circ \lambda \circ \rho \alpha \iota$ , to be angry, rage.

XOΛH', ή, = χόλοs, gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis; χολή μέλαινα black, i. e. diseased bile: pl. χολαί, the gallbladder. II. metaph. like Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust of aversion.

XO'ΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ή, mostly in plur. χόλἴκες, like χο- $\lambda \dot{a} \delta \epsilon s$ , the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.

χόλιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (χόλοs) enraged, angry. **XO'AOZ**,  $\delta$ , like  $\chi \circ \lambda \eta$ , in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή. bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παῦσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath: c. gen., χόλος τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself. Hence

χολόω, f. ώσω, to stir one's gall or bile: hence to make angry, embitter. II. Med. and Pass., f. χολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. κεχολώσομαι: aor. I nied. ἐχολωσάμην, pass. ἐχολώθην: pf. pass. κεχόλωμαι:—to bave one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered; κεχολωμένος τινί angry at or with a person.

χολωθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of χολόω.

χολώθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of χολόω. χολωσέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χολόω.

χολωτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of χολόω, angry, wrathful, passionate.

χόνδρος, δ, a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica; άλλε χόνδροι lumps of salt. 2. wbeat-groats.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, χόνδρον λείχειν to sip gruel.

χονδρός, ά, όν, (χόνδρος) like groats; χονδροί άλες coarse-grained salt, opp. to λεπτοί άλες, fine salt. xóos, see xoûs.

χορ-άγιον, χορ-άγός, Dor. and Att. for χορηγ -. χόρδευμα, aros, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

χορδεύω, f. σω, (χορδή) to make into sausages: metaph., χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα to make mincemeat of state affairs.

χορδή, ή, a string of gut: the string or chord of a II. a sausage. lyre.

χορεία, ή, (χορεύω) a dancing: the choral dance. χόρευμα, ατος, τό, (χορεύω) ā choral dance.

χορευτέον, verb. Adj. of χορεύω, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (χορεύω) a choral dancer; θεοῦ

χορευτήs the votary of a god.

χορεύω, fut. -εύσω: 201. Ι έχόρευσα: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I έχορευσάμην: Pass., aor. I έχορεύθην: pf. κεχόρευμαι: (χορόε):-to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, he versed in it: c. acc. cognato, χορείας χορεύειν to ply the dance; φροίμιον χορεύσομαι I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., κεχόρευται ήμων our dance bas been II. trans. to celebrate with choral danced. dances. III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

χορηγέω Dor. χοράγέω: f. ήσω: (χορηγόs):--to lead II. in Att. of the χορηγόs, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; χορηγείν ταί**s** αὑτοῦ ἡδοναῖε to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:-Pass. to bave choregi found or supplied one; χορηγουσιν μέν οι πλούσιοι, χορηγείται δε δ δημος the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them. III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ή, the office of χορηγόs: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian λειτουργίαι. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

**χορηγικόs**, ή, όν, (χορηγό $\mathbf{s}$ ) of or for a χορηγό $\mathbf{s}$ ; χορηγικοί άγωνες rivalry in bringing out choruses. χορήγιον Dor. and Att. χοράγιον, τό, a place of rebearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. χοράγός, δ, (χορός, ήγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = κορυφαίοι: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus. II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ίαμβος, δ, (χόριος, ΐαμβος) in metre, a chariambus, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a chorius (or trochee) and iambus, as ἐππομεδούν.

**χορικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (χορόs) of or for a choral dance: το χορικόν the choral song.

XOPION, τό, skin, leather, Lat. corium: Doric proverb., χαλεπὸν χορίω κύνα γεῦσαι 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto.

χόριος, δ, (χορός) a metrical foot, =  $\tau$ ροχαίος οτ trochee, e. g. ὶπποs.

χορο-δίδασκαλος, δ, (χορός, διδάσκαλος) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = χοραγόε οτ κορυφαίοs, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης,  $\epsilon$ s, gen.  $\epsilon$ os, (χορός,  $\hbar\theta$ os) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θάλήs, έs, gen. έοs, (χορόs, θαλείν) rejoicing in the dance

χοροι-μανία, ή, (χορός, μανία) a rage for dancing. χοροιτύπία, ή, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χοροι-τύπος, ον, (χορός, τὔπεῖν) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. ΙΙ. χοροίτυπος, ον, pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μανής, ές, gen. έος, (χορός, μανηναι) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (χορόs) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, and χορο-παίκτης, ου, δ, (χορόs, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, όν, (χορός, ποιέω) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

XOPO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a hand of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. generally, a troop, band, company of persons: also of things, as, xopde dorpow the company of the stars; χορδε καλάμων a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the χορός κυκλικός performed at the Athenian This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Dionysia. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the χόροε τραγικόε consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the κωμικόε of twenty-four, and the σατυρικόε. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (χορον ἔδωκε) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called xoonyos: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called χοροδιδάσκαλου.

χορτάζω, f. άσω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσία, ή, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle:

rarely, food or provisions for men.

**ΧΟ'ΡΤΟΣ**, δ, a feeding-place; αὐλῆς ἐν χόρτφ in the feeding-place of the court-yard; plur. feeding-grounds; χόρτοι λέοντοι the baunt of the lion. It, fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, bay, opp. to στος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφελήτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (χορός, ώφελέω) belping or

cheering the chorus.

**χοῦν,** inf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χούσι, 3 pl. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, δ and η, gen. χοός; dat. χοί; acc. χόᾶ: plur. χόες, χοῶν, χουσί, χόας: but also, gen. χοώς, acc. χόα  $[\bar{a}]$  (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congrus, = 12 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. ol Xόες the feast of Pitchers, these cond day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion. χοῦς, δ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, beap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound.

χόω, see χώννυμι. χραίνω, f. χράνω: aor. I ἔχρανα: = χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2.

metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραίσμησα: aor. 2 χραίσμος, 3 sing. subj. χραίσμη and -ησι, inf. χραισμεῦ:—like ἀμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; δλεθρύν τινι χραισμεῦν or χραισμῆσαι to ward off destruction from one.

2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, belp, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῦν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήιον, τό, a means of belp, remedy. χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω. χραίσμηση, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω. χράομαι, see χράω c. ΧΡΑ'Ω (A), Aeol. χραύω, f. σω, to touch lightly,

**XPA** $\Omega$  (A), Aeol. **Xpavo**, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

XPA'Ω (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερός οι έχρας δαίμων a hateful god vexed him.

II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρης,

 $\chi \rho \eta \sigma \theta a = \chi \rho \eta \zeta \epsilon \iota s$ .

ΧΡΑ΄Ω (Č), Ion. χρέω Ερ. χρείω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I έχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομα: aor. I έχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομα:, aor. I έχρησόην: pf. κέχρησμα: and κέχρημαι. — χράω contracts ae into η, as χρῆε, χρῆ, inf. χρῆν, etc., but Ion. into ā, as χρῆε, χρῆ, χρῶν, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέσθαι, χρεόμενοε, έχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful:

1. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλήν Διος ἀνθρώποισεν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; to χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part.. κεχρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρησθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχή χρησόμενος Θηβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias; hence, χρησθαι μαντηίφ, χρηστηρίω, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of xpáoµai to use; see below. aor. I έχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, 201. έχρησάμην, to bave furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, ὅμματα χρησάμενοs having lent feet and borrowed eves. III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσί γάρ κέχρητ' άγαθησιν for be was endowed with a kind disposition; δργή or θυμφ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρῆσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; δμολογία χρησθαι to come to an agreement: ἀνη καὶ πράσει χρησθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρφ χρησθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρησθαι τέχνη to follow a trade; χρησθαι άνομία to practise lawlessness. χρησθαί τινι είε τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτφ; what use shall I make of him? χρησθαί τινι δτι βούλεταί τις to make what use one likes of him; άπορέων ο τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of 4. of persons, to bave intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρησθαί τινι ώς φίλφ, ώς πολεμίφ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρησθαί τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν έαυτόν τινι χρησθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol, οι χρώμενοι 5. absol., or with an Adv., οὕτω χρῶνται friends. ol Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' άγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεχρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but kexpnuevos occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορή κεχρημένο**s** baving experienced a misfortune. 20r. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἰ νῆεε οὐκ έχρήσθησαν the ships were not used.

χρέα, Εp. shortened for χρέεα, acc. pl. of χρέος χρέεσθαι, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράομαι.

χρεία, ή, (χράομαι) use, Lat. usus: advantage, service: 7d oùoèv els xpeiav things of no use or service: in plur. services. 2. using, usance, use; κτησιε και χρησιε having and using. of persons, II. like Lat. opus, need, acquaintance, intimacy. necessity; εν χρεία είναι οι γίγνεσθαί τινος to be in 2. want, poverty, lack: c. need, want of a thing. 3. need of a person's gen. want, lack of a thing. belp, hence a request on the score of necessity: gene-4. a needful matter, business; èv rally, a request. πάσαιε ταιε του σώματοε χρείαις in all functions of the body.

**χρείη**, 3 sing. pres. opt. of χρη.

χρείος, τό, Ep. for χρέος.

χρείοs, ov, (χρή) useful: needful, fitting. II act. needing, being in want of, c. gen.: absol. needy. χρείω, Ερ. for χρέω, χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρειώ, όσε contr. οῦε, ἡ, Ερ. for χρεώ.

χρεμετίζω, f. low, to neigh, snort, Lat. binnire, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ό, α neighing. χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for έχρεμέτισαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of χρεμετίζω.

XPE'MITOMAI, f. - \( \psi \) opa, Dep. to bawk and spit, expectorate.

χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι: part. χρεόμενος.

χρεόν, Ion. for χρεών.

χρέος, τό, gen. χρέεος contr. χρέους: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. χρέα Att. χρέα: Ep. nom. sing. χρείοs Att. χρέω: (χράομαι, χρή): I. like χρεία, want, II. a needful matter, business, affair; κατά χρέος τινδε έλθειν to come for need of a person or thing; έφ' δ τι χρέος εμόλετε; for what need came ye?—also, like χρημα, a thing. III. a debt; χρείοε όφείλεται μοι a debt is due to me; χρέοε άποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν to pay and recover debts; την οὐσίαν ἄπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε he left all property 2. metaph. a debt, trespass, in outstanding debts. 3. a debt, due, duty; κατά χρέοε according sin. to what is due: hence a promise due, άρα ετίνειν xpéos to pay the debt, i. e. do the work, of a curse. χρέω, Ion. for χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρεώ Ερ. χρειώ, gen. όσε contr. οῦε, ἡ: (χρέσε, χρείω):—want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish, c. gen., χρειω ἐμεῖο want, need of me; ἵν' οὐ χρεὼ πείσματόε ἐστιν where there is no need of a cable. 2. in phrase, χρειὼ ἰκάνεται want or necessity arises, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρειὼ τόσον ἵκει; to whom doth necessity come so much? so also with γίτγομαι and εἰμί, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεὼ γίτγνεται νηόε need of a ship comes upon me; οὐδέ τι μν χρεὼ ἔσται τυμβοχοῆε nor will need of a grave come upon him. 3. hence χρεώ is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίπτε δὲ σε χρεώ [sc. ἰκάνει] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οῦτι με ταύτηε χρεὼ τιμῆε no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδὲ τί μιν χρεὼ νεῶν ἐκῶν ἐπιβανέμεν por does need at all

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [ $\chi \rho \epsilon \omega$  in Homer is used as a monosyllable,  $\chi \rho \bar{\epsilon} \omega$ .]

χρεώμενος, Ion. for χρώμενος, part. of χράομαι. χρεών, τό, Ion. χρεόν, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from χρέω (Ion. for χράω), = τὸ χρεόν γίγνεσθαι, that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity; χρεών or χρεόν ἐστι it is fated or necessary, it must be:—absol. χρεών, it being necessary, since it was necessary. 2. that which is expedient or right: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεών ἄρχετε ye rule not rightfully. [o—, but sometimes poèt. χρεων as

χρέωνται, Ion. for χρώνται, 3 pl. of χράομαι.

χρέως, τό, Att. for χρέος, a debt.

one long syllable.]

χρεώστης, ου, δ, (χρέως) a debtor.

χρε-ωφειλέτης, ου, δ, (χρέως, όφείλω) a debtor.

χρή or χρή, ή, = χρεία II, need, necessity.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. χρη: optat. χρείη: inf. χρηναι, poét. also χρην: impf. έχρην and χρην: fut. χρήσει: (for part., see χρεών):—it is fated, necessary: c. inf. it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, 2. like δεί, Lat. oportet, decet, c. acc. pers. et inf.; one must needs do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do.— Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχηs ἀποπαύεαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή why restest thou from the battle? it behoves thee not (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μά-3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε χρή άφροσύνηs thou bast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; ου σε χρη έτ' alδούs thou bast no longer need of shame. II. in a less strong sense, one may, one can; πωε χρή τοῦτο περάσαι; how is one to get through this? ΙΙΙ. τὸ χρῆν fate, destiny.

χρη, shortened for χρήζει.

χρήξω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion. χρηίδω: Dor. χρήσδω and χρηδδω: (χρεία):—to need, want, lack, bave need of: absol. in part. χρησίων, needy, poor.

2. to desire, long for: to ask, crave, desire, Lat. solicitare:—c. gen. rei, to ask or demand a thing.

3. μη έχρηζε θανεῦν, like μη ώφελες, thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not.!

4. the part. χρήζων is used absol. for el χρήζει, if one will, if one chooses: hence wishing well, well-inclined.

χρήζω, like χράω 1, to deliver an oracle, foretell.

χρηία, ή, Ion. for χρεία, use, need.

χρηίζω, Ep. and Ion. for χρήζω.

χρηίσκομα, Ion. collat. form of χράομαι, to use, make use of.

hence χρεώ is often used without a verb expressed c.

acc. pers., τίπτε δέ σε χρεώ [sc. Ικάνει] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οὖτι με ταύτηε χρεὼ τιμῆε no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὖδέ event; κινεῖν πῶν χρῆμα to set everyibing in motion, τί μιν χρεὼ νεῶν ἐπιβαινέμεν nor does need at all 'to leave no stone unturned:' a dealing, business,

transaction, like Lat. res. 2. χρῆμα is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί χρῆμα; for τί; wbat? 3. χρῆμα is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα συὸς χρῆμα a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος χρῆμα ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, χρῆμα πολλὸν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., α vast απουπι of javelins, ships, etc.; δσον τὸ χρῆμα παρνόπων what a lot of locusts; μέγα χρῆμα Λακαινῶν a great bost of Laconian women.

χρημάτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: pf. κεχρημάτικα: (χρημa):—to do or carry on business, bave dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. Med. χρηματίζομαι, f. –ιοῦμαι, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, bave dealings with another. III. in late Greek, the Act. χρηματίζω means to bear a title or name; χρηματίζει βασιλεύε be takes the title of king; of μαθηταί Χριστιανοί έχρημάτισαν πρώτον έν τη 'Αντιοχεία the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

**χρημάτικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ , (χρ $\hat{\eta}$ μ $\alpha$ ) of or for money.

χρημάτισις, εως, ή, and χρημάτισμός, ό, (χρηματίζω) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρημάτιστέον, verb. Adj. of χρηματίζω, one must

make money.

χρημάτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (χρηματίζω) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικόs, ή, όν, fitted for money-making; χρηματιστικόs olavós an omen portending gain.

χρημάτο-δαίτης, ου, δ, (χρημά, δατέομαι) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρημάτο-ποιός, όν, (χρήματα, ποιέω) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη, ή, (χράομαι) = χρεία, need, want, lack. χρήναι, inf. of χρή.

χρής, χρήσθα, shortd. for χρήζεις, see χράω (Β) 11. χρήσδω, Dor. for χρήζω.

χρήστιος, η, ον, also os, ον: (χράομαι):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: το χρήσιμον use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρησίμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for χρησίμους, acc. pl. of χρήσιμος. χρήσις, εως, η, (χράωμαι) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in polur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. usus. II. (χράω c) an oracle.

χρησμολογέω, f. ήσω, to utter oracles, divine. From χρησμο-λόγος, ον, (χρησμόε, λέγω) uttering oracles, divining; χρησμολόγος άνηρα sootbsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ , (χρησμός, ποιέω) making oracles in verse.

χρησμός, δ, (χράω c) the answer of an oracle, an oracle response, oracle.

χρησμοσύνη, ή, (χράομαι) like χρημοσύνη, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (χρησμός, φύλαξ) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμφδέω, f. ήσω, (χρησμφδόε) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμφδία, ή, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμφδικός, ή,  $\delta v$ , of or fit for a sootbsayer or dwiner, oracular. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}_s$ . From

χρησμ-φδόs, όν, (χρησμόs, φδή) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., χρησμφδόs, δ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing. aor. 1 imperat. of κίχρημι, to lend. χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, one must use. χρηστεύομαι, Dep. (χρηστόs) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάζω, f. άσω, like χράω, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like χράομαι, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; χρηστηριάζεσθαι θεθίο consult a god; Ιροίσι χρηστηριάζεσθαι to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi.

2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response.

II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of χρηστήριοε.

χρηστήριοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (χράω) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστης, ου, δ: gen. pl. χρήστων (to distinguish it from χρηστών, gen. pl. of χρηστός): (χράω):— one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, sooth-sayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (χράομαι) a debtor.

χρηστολογέω, f. ήσω, (χρηστολόγοι) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ή, fair-speaking: a kind address. χρηστο-λόγος, ον, (χρηστός, λέγω) speaking fairly. χρηστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, like χρήσιμος, useful, serviceable: χρηστά, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; τελευτή χρηστή a bappy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, uprigbt, deserving: ironically, χρηστός et you are a nice fellow. 2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, ητος, ή, of persons, goodness, bonesty, uprightness.

2. kindness, good-nature, like εὐήθεια. χρίμα, ατος, τό, = χρίσμα.

χρίμπτω, f. ψω: also as Dep. χρίμπτομαι, f. χρίμψομαι; aor. I med. ἐχριμψάμην, pass. ἐχρίμφθην, part. χριμφθείε:—poët. for χρίω, to touch the surface of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. radere, stringere; χριμφθείε πέλαε grazing close:—more generally, to come nigh, draw near, approach, c. dat.; δόμοιε χρίμπτεσθαι to draw near the house. also intr. in Act. to come or keep near: also with πόδα added, πόδας χρίμπτουσα βαχίαισι keeping her feet close to the shore; so, ὑπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἔχριμπτ' del σύριγγα he kept the axle close upon the post.

χρίσαν, Ep. for ἔχρῖσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of χρίω. χρίσμα, ατος, τό, (χρίω) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than µύρον.

Χριστιανός, δ, (Χριστός) a Christian.

χριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χρίω, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; φάρμακα χριστά salves. II. anointed; τὸ χριστόν anointing oil. 2. Χριστό**ε**, δ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew Messiab.

**ΧΡΙ'**Ω, f. χρίσω [τ]: 20τ. τ έχρτσα Ερ. χρίσα: Pass., aor. Ι έχρίσθην: pf. κέχριμαι:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:-Med. χρίσμαι, 201. 1 έχρισάμην, to anoint oneself; χρίεσθαι loύs to anoint, i.e. poison, 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; χρίεσθαι τὰ σώματα μίλτφ to dye their bodies with vermilion. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

χρόα, χροί, irreg. acc. and dat. of χρώε.

χροιά, ή, Ep. and Ion. χροιή, Att. also χρόα: (χρώs):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; χροιάν άλλάσσειν to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

χροίζω, f. tow: contr. χρώζω, f. σω: (χρόα):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch :- Med. xpotζoμαι, to touch another person, to lie with.

χρόμαδοs, δ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (χρόνοε) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, bold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off: -Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

χρόνιος, a, ov, and Att. os, ov: (χρόνος):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time; χρόνιόs είμι ἀπό βοραs I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; χρόνιοι πόλεμοι lasting wars: lingering, delaying:-neut. pl. χρόνια as Adv., after a long time.

XPONOΣ, δ, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. χρόνον for a while; πολύν χρόνον for a long time; τον αεί χρόνον for ever; δλίγου χρόνου in a short time; πόσου χρόνου; for how long? χρόνο in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions:—and xponor in course of time: did ypovov after an interval: &k πολλοῦ χρόνου long ago; ἐν χρόνο in time, at length; έντδε γρόγου within a certain time; έπὶ σεοε, στέλλω) decked or dight with gold.

χρόνον for a time: ε γρόνον till aftertime. time of life; χρόνφ βραδύs slow from his time of life. χρονο-τριβέω, (χρόνος, τρίβω) to waste time, loiter. χροόs, gen. of χρώs.

χρυσ-αλάκατος, ον, Dor. for χρυσηλ -.

χρύσ-ἄμοιβός, δ, (χρυσός, άμείβω) changing gold or gold money: metaph., "Αρης σωμάτων χρυσαμοιβόs Mars who buys men's bodies with gold.

χρῦσ-άμπυξ, ὕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσός, ἄμπυξ) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses. χρῦσ-ανθής, έs, gen. έos, (χρυσόs, ἄνθοs) with flower

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for χρυσήνιος.

χρυσ-ανταυγής, έε, (χρυσόε, ανταυγήε) reflecting a golden light.

χρύσ-άοροs, ον, (χρυσόs, ἄορ) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρύσ-άρματος, ον, (χρυσός, αρμα) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρύσ-ασπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (χρυσός, ἀσπίς) with shield of gold. [v]

χρύσ-αυγής, έε, gen. έοε, (χρυσόε, αὐγή) goldgleaming.

χρῦσ-άωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (χρυσός, ἄορ) = χρυσάορος.χρῦσεῖον, τό, (χρυσός) mostly in plur., χρυσεῖα, τά, gold mines, in full χρύσεια μέταλλα.

**χρύσειος**, η, ον, poet. for χρύσεοε.

χρύσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, ον, (χρυσός, ελέφας, ήλεκτρον) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum. χρύσεο-βόστρύχος, ον, (χρύσεος, βόστρυχος) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρῦσεό-δμητος, ον, (χρύσεος, δέμω) built or formed of gold.

χρῦσεό-κμητος, ον, (χρύσεος, κάμνω) wrought of gold. χρῦσεό-κυκλος, ον, (χρύσεος, κύκλος) with disk of gold.

χρῦσεό-μαλλος, ον, = χρυσόμαλλος.

**χρῦσεο-μίτρης**, ου,  $\delta$ , = χρυσομίτρη**ε**. χρυσεό-νωτος, ον, = χρυσόνωτος.

χρύσεο-πήληξ, ηκοι, δ, ή, (χρύσεοι, πήληξ) with belm or casque of gold.

χρύσεο-πήνητος, ον, (χρύσεος, πήνη) with woof of gold, inwrought with gold.

χρύσεος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , and os,  $o\nu$ ; Att. contr. χρυσοθς,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν; Εp. χρύσειος, η, ον, (χρυσός):-golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; χρυσοῦν τινα Ιστάναι to raise a statue of gold to one. χρύσεια μέταλλα gold mines; see χρυσείον. II. gold-coloured, of golden bue. III. metaph. golden, bappy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, χρῦσέη, χρῦσέην, χρῦσέου, χρῦσέφ, etc. must be pronounced as spondees.] χρύσεο-σάνδαλος, ον, (χρύσεος, σάνδαλον) with sandals of gold; ίχνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον the step of golden sandals.

 $\chi \rho \bar{\nu} \sigma \epsilon o - \sigma \tau \epsilon \phi \bar{\alpha} v o s$ , o v,  $= \chi \rho \nu \sigma o \sigma \tau \epsilon \phi \alpha v o s$ .

χρυσεό-στολμος, ον, οτ χρυσεό-στολος, ον, (χρύ-

χρισεό-τευκτος, ον, = χρυσότευκτος.

χρύσεο-φάλαρος, ον, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) with trappings of gold.

Χρῦσηίς, ίδος, ή, patronym. of Χρύσης, ov, δ, daughter of Chryses.

χρῦσ-ηλάκἄτος, ον, (χρυσός, ήλακάτη) with spindle or arrow of gold.

χρύσ-ήλατος, ον, (χρυσός, έλαύνω) beaten out of gold, of beaten gold.

χρῦσ-ἡνιος, ον, (χρυσός, ἡνία) with reins of gold. χρῦσ-ήρης, εs, gen. εος, (χρυσός, ἀρἄρεῖν) furnished

or decked with gold, golden.

χρυσίδιον, τό, Dim. of χρυσίον, a small piece of gold. χρῦσίον, τό, Dim. of χρυσόs, a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; άργύριον καὶ χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum. II. as a term of endearment, my little treasure!

χρυσίς, ίδος, ή, (χρυσός) a vessel of gold. golden dress.

χρῦσίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ov,  $\delta$ , fem. χρυσῦτις,  $\iota\delta os$ , (χρυσόs) like gold, containing a proportion of gold.

χρυσο-βάφής, ές, (χρυσός, βαφηναι) gilded, goldembroidered.

χρυσό-βωλος, ον, (χρυσός, βωλος) with soil containing gold.

χρυσό-γονος, ον, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danae.

χρύσο-δαίδαλτος, ον, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) richly

wrought with gold. χρύσο-δακτύλιος, ον, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) with a

gold ring. [κτῦ] χρυσό-δετος, ον, also η, ον, (χρυσός, δέω) bound

with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold.

χρῦσο-έθειρ, ειρος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χρυσός, έθειρα) with golden bair.

χρῦσο-ειδής, ές, (χρυσός, είδος) like gold.

χρῦσό-ζῦγος, ον, (χρυσός, ζυγόν) with yoke of gold. χρῦσό-θριξ, -τρίχοε, δ, ή, (χρυσόε, θρίξ) goldenbaired.

χρυσό-θρονος, ον, (χρυσός, θρόνος) on throne of gold, gold-entbroned.

χρύσο-κάρηνος Dor. -āvos, ον, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) with head of gold. [Ka]

χρυσό-κερως, ωτος, ό, ή, and χρυσό-κερως, ων, gen. ω: (χρυσόs, κέραs):—with borns of gold. II. with

gilded borns, like a victim for the sacrifice. χρύσο-κόλλητος, ον, (χρυσόε, κολλάω) welded or

wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden. χρῦσό-κολλος, ον, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or in-

laid with gold.

χρῦσο-κόμης, δ, Dor. -μας, α, δ, (χρυσόε, κόμη) be of the golden bair · δ Χρυσοκόμη the golden-baired,

χρῦσό-κομος, ον, (χρυσός, κόμη) golden-baired: with golden plumage.

χρύσο-κρόταλος, ον, (χρυσόε, κρόταλον) rattling or ringing with gold.

χρῦσό-λίθοs, ή, (χρυσόs, λίθοs) the chrysolith of gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz. χρῦσολογέω, f. ήσω, to talk of gold.

lect gold, i. e. money. From

χρυσο-λόγος, ον, (χρυσός, λέγω) speaking of gold. χρῦσό-λογχος, ον, (χρυσός, λόγχη) with golden

χρυσό-λοφος, α, ον, (χρυσός, λόφος) with golden crest.

χρῦσο-λύρης, ου, δ, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσόε, λύρα) with golden lyre. [λŭ]

χρῦσό-μαλλος, ον, (χρυσός, μαλλός) with golden

χρῦσο-μανής,  $\epsilon$ s, (χρυσόs, μανηναι) mad after gold. χρύσο-μηλολόνθη, ή, (χρυσόε, μηλολόνθη) the goldbeetle or cockchafer. Hence

χρῦσο-μηλολόνθιον οτ -όντιον, τό, Dim. of χρυσομηλολόνθη, a little cockchafer: used as a term of

χρυσο-μίτρης, ου, δ, (χρυσός, μίτρα) with girdle or bead-band of gold. [µĭ]

χρυσό-μορφος, ον, (χρυσός, μορφή) in the shape or likeness of gold.

χρῦσό-νωτος, ον, (χρυσός, νῶτος) with golden back: covered with gold; χρυσύνωτος ήνία a rein studded with gold.

χρῦσό-παστος, ον, (χρυσός, πάσσω) sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσύπαστος τιήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα gilded splendours.

χρύσο-πέδιλος, ον, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) with sandals of gold.

χρῦσό-πεπλος, ον, (χρυσός, πέπλον) withrobe of gold. χρυσο-πήληξ, ηκος, δ, ή, (χρυσός, πήληξ) with belm or casque of gold.

χρυσο-πλόκαμος, ον, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) with tresses of gold.

χρύσο-ποιός, όν, (χρυσός, ποιέω) working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιόε, δ, a goldsmith.

χρῦσό-πρᾶσος, ὁ, (χρυσός, πράσον) the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.

χρυσό-πτερος, ον, (χρυσόε, πτερόν) with wings of gold.

χρυσό-ράπις, δ, poët. for χρυσόρραπιε.

χρῦσό-poos, ον, (χρυσόs, ρέω) streaming with gold. χρύσ-όροφος, ον, (χρυσός, δροφή) with golden roof or ceiling.

χρυσόρ-ράπις, ιδος, ό, ή, (χρυσός, ραπίς) with wand of gold.

χρῦσόρ-ρὕτος, ον, (χρυσός, ρέω) flowing with gold, in a stream of gold.

XPΥ ΣΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσός κοιλοε gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσόε ἄπεφθοε refined gold; λευκὸε χρυσόε white gold, i.e. alloyed with silver.

χρύσο-στέφανος, ον, (χρυσός, στέφανος) goldcrowned.

χρῦσό-στομος, ον, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, ον, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with

gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρῦσο-τέκτων, ονος, δ, a worker in gold, goldsmith. χρυσότεροs, a, ov, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσόs, more golden.

χρῦσό-τευκτος, ον, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold. χρυσο-τευχής, ές, (χρυσός, τευχος) with golden

χρυσό-τοξος, ον, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold. χρυσο-τρίαινος, ον, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [Y]

χρῦσ-ούἄτος, ον, (χρυσόε, οὖas) with ears or bandles

of gold.

χρῦσοῦς, η, οῦν, Att. contr. for χρύσεος.

**χρῦσο-φάεννος**, ον, (χρυσό**ς**, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφαή**ς**. χρυσο-φαής, ές, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light. χρυσο-φεγγής, ές, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden

χρῦσό-φιλος, ον, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρῦσοφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear gold or golden apparel.

χρύσο-φόρος, ον, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρῦσο-φύλαξ, ἄκοε, δ, ἡ, (χρυσόε, φύλαξ) a guarder

or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φυ] χρύσο-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden

bair: fem. xpuσóxaitis, iδos. χρύσο-χάλινος, ον, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-

studded bridle. [a]

χρῦσό-χειρ, -χειροε, δ, ή, (χρυσόε, χείρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat of gold.  $[\chi \chi]$ 

χρῦσοχοείον, τό, the shop of a goldsmith. From χρυσοχοέω, f. ήσω, (χρυσοχόοε) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσοχοϊκός, ή, όν, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner; χρυσοχοϊκήν τέχνην έργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρύσο-χόος, ον, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting rold:—as Subst., χρυσοχόοs, δ, one who gilds the borns of a victim; a goldsmith.

**χρῦσό-χροος**, ον contr. -**χρους**, ουν, (χρυσόε, χρόα) gold-coloured.

χρυσόω, f. ώσω, (χρυσόε) to make golden, gild.

χρυσώ, Dor. for χρυσοῦ, gen. of χρυσόs.

χρύσωμα, ατος, τό, (χρυσόω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [v]

χρύσ-ωνέω, (χρυσόε, ἀνέομαι) to buy or change gold. **χρῦσ-ώπης**, ου, ὁ, fem.  $-\hat{\omega}\pi\iota s$ ,  $\iota \delta \circ s$ ,  $= \chi \rho \upsilon \sigma \omega \pi \circ s$ .

χρύσ-ωπός, όν, (χρυσός, ώψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

**χρύσωσις**,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ , (χρυσόω) a gilding.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

χρύσ-ώψ, ῶποε, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσόε, ἄψ) gold-coloured, sbining like gold.

χρώ, contr. from χράου, pres. imperat. of χράομαι.

χρώ, irreg. dat. of χρώε.

χρώζω, f. χρώσω: aor. I έχρωσα: Pass., aor. I έχρωσθην: pf. κέχρωσμαι: (χρώs):—like χροίζω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile. χρώμα, ατος, τό, (χρώννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; μεθιστάναι του χρώματος to change colour. III. metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments. IV. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, ή, όν, suited for colour. ματική (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, τό, (χρῶμα) a colour, paint, dye. [α]

χρώννυμι, = χρώζω.

χρώς, δ, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρωτα: Ιοπ. χρούς, χροί,  $\chi \rho \delta a$ : Att. dat.  $\chi \rho \hat{\varphi}$ .—like  $\chi \rho o i \hat{a}$  and  $\chi \rho \hat{\omega} \mu a$ , the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame. 2. ἐν χροί, Att. ἐν χρφ, close to the skin; έν χροΐ κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεί έν χρφ it shaves close, i. e. it touches one nearly, comes bome; έν χρώ παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's radere litus. II. ibe colour of the skin, complexion; χρώς τρέπεται bis colour changes.

**χρωστήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\delta$ , (χρώζω) one who colours or dyes:

χρωστήρ μύλυβοs a lead-pencil.

**χρωτίζω**, f.  $l\sigma\omega$ , (χρώε) like χρώζω, to colour, dye, tint: - Med., χρωτίζεσθαι την φύσιν τινί to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [v], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i. e. in prose, opp. to poetry. III abundantly, utterly. χύθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω.

χῦλός, οῦ, ὁ, (χ ϵω) juice, moisture: a decoction. juice drawn out by digestion, cbyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χύμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [v]

χυμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

II. taste, flavour. χυμός, οῦ, ὁ, (χ ϵω) juice.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep aor. 2 pass of χέω.

χύσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή, ( $\chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) a pouring, shedding. a flood, stream, gusb. 2. of dry things, a beap: a quantity [v]

χυτλάζω, f. άσω, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χύτλον, τό,  $(\chi \acute{e}\omega)$  anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., 1. in plur. χύτλα, τά, water for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [v] Hence

χύτλόω, f. ώσω, to wash, bathe, anoint: - Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χύτλώσαυτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χυτλόω. χύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [δ]

χυτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed.

2. of dry things, heaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth.

3. as Subst., χυτοί, ol, mounds, dykes, dams.

II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass.

III. liquid, fluid, flowing.

χύτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αί, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτραιs ίδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [v]

χύτρειος, α, ον, = χυτρεοῦς, of earthenware: τὰ χύ-

τρεια earthenware, pottery. [v]

χύτρεοῦς,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτρεύς, έως, δ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χυτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χυτρίε, a small pot. [τ]

χυτρίζω, f. ίσω Att ιω, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρινος, η, ον, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [v]

χύτρίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χὕτρό-πους, -ποδος, δ, (χύτρος, πούς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτροι,  $\delta$ , (χέω) an earlien pot, esp. for boiling: of χύτροι was the name given to the bot-baths at Thermopylae. II. of χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [b]

χώ, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

χώεο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χώομαι.

χωλαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (χωλόs) to be or go lame.

χωλεύω, (χωλόs) to be or become lame, to balt, limp. χωλ-ίαμβοs,  $\delta$ , (χωλόs, ἴαμβοs) a lame or balting iambic, i. e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called  $\sigma \kappa \acute{\alpha}$ ζων.

χωλο-ποιόs, όν, (χωλόs, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men

upon the stage.

XΩΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, lame, balting, limping: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, im-

perfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χώμα, ατος, τό, (χώννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χων, part. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χώνη, ή, contr. from χοάνη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χώννυμι, f. χώσω: aor. I ἔχωσα: Pass., fut. χωσθησομαι: aor. I ἔχώσθην: pf. κέχωσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χόω, inf. χοῦν, part. χῶν: (χέω):—to throw or beap up; χώματα χοῦν to beap up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound.

2. to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers.

3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; χῶσαί τινα λίθοιs to cover any one over with stones:

—Pass. to be heaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

XΩ'OMAI, f. χώσομαι: aoτ. I ἐχωσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χωόμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χώεσθαι φρέσιν βσιν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μή μοι τόδε χώεο be not angry with me for this.

χώρα Ion. χώρη,  $\dot{\eta}_{1} = \chi \hat{\omega} \rho o s$ , the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατά χώραν είναι to be in one's place; κατά χώραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; έαν κατά χώραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χώραν λαβείν to take a position, find one's place; έως αν χώραν λάβη τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; εν ανδραπύδων χώρα είναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; εν οὐδεμιᾶ χώρα είναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero baberi. II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ή χώρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm; Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ήσω Att. ήσομαι: aor. I έχώρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χῶροs):—to make room for another,give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν προτὶ Ίλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him. II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρείν πρὸι ἔργον to come to action; χωρείν πρὸι ήπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way proceed; οὐ χωρεί τουργον the work advances not. come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρά σμικρά χωρείν to come 4. to spread abroad, become current, of to little. III. transit. to bave space or room for reports. a thing, to bold, contain, like χανδάνω; δ κρητήρ χωρεί αμφορέας έξακοσίους the bowl bolds 600 amphorae, ή πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεί the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ρἴ] χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: pf. pass. κεχώρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κεχωρίδὰται: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—ol χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶρος and χώρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot.

2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus.

II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. landed property, an estate.

xwpis, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίε ὁ νεκρόε the corpse lies apart. 2. 50- χωρὶε μέν .. , χωρὶε δέ .. , parately, one by one. on one side ..., on the other, by themselves ..., by them-4. χωρίε ή ὁκόσοι except so many as ..; χωρίε ή except; χωρίε ή ότι except that. II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίε τό τ' είπειν πολλά

και τα καιρία it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose. χωρίs, Prep. with gen., without: without the belp or will of; χωρίε θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the

2. separate from, apart from; favour of the gods. 3. indeχωρίε δμμάτων έμων far from my eyes. pendent of, without reckoning, besides. **χωρισμόs**, δ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation.

χωρίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου, δ, fem. χωρίτις,  $\iota$ δος, (χώρα, χῶpos) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. xwpîris, idos, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικός, ή, όν, beseeming a countryman, rustic, rural. Adv. -κωs, in rustic fashion.

xûpos, ô, space to bold a thing, room, a place, II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: spot. c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρος της 'Αραβίης the tract of Arabia. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανδάνω, χάζομαι.)

Xûpos, ov, ô, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind:

the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φτλέω, f. ήσω, (χῶροε, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, baunt, frequent it.

χώς, contr. for καὶ ὡε.

χώσαι, 20r. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χώομαι.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσις, εως, ή, (χωσαι) a beaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ή χῶσιε τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

xãorous, crasis for καὶ ὅσουε.

χωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, beaped up made of earth thrown up.

Ψ. ψ, ψî, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\psi' = 700$ , but  $\psi =$ 700,000.—The letter  $\psi$  is a double Consonant, compounded of  $\sigma$  and a labial,  $=\pi\sigma$ ,  $\beta\sigma$ , or  $\phi\sigma$ . The character \( \psi \) was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$  and  $\xi$ : see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of  $\psi$ , esp. in the dialects: the older wo was retained, esp. in prop. names, as II.  $\psi$  was resolved into  $\sigma\pi$ , **Πέλοπε** for Πέλοψ. as, ασπίνθιον for αψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for III.  $\psi$  was sometimes put for  $\sigma$  or  $\sigma\sigma$ , as, σφέ.

ΙΙΙ. Ψιττακός for σιττακός, κόψι γος for κόσσυφος. ψ was omitted or added as in άμμος άμαθος, ψάμμος ψάμαθος.

ψάθυρόs, όν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to

pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροίε οίμον αίθέροε to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. trans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστίον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground: τά ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, opos, o, masc. Adj. that which wipes off. Ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound. ψακάζω later ψεκάζω, f. άσω, (ψακάs) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like ὕει, etc., ψα-

κάζει it drizzles.

ψάκάs later ψεκάs, άδοs, ή, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; apγυρίου μηδέ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμου ψακάs grains of sand. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to δμβρος; υσθησαν αί Θήβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάs a sbower of blood.

ψάλιδό-στομος, ον, (ψαλίς, στόμα) baving a mouth or bead like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

Ψάλίζω, fut. ίσω and ίξω Att. ιῶ: (ψαλίε):--to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨA'AION, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τά, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλίς, ίδος, ή, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors,

Lat. forfex.  $\Psi A'\Lambda \Lambda \Omega$ , strengthd, from  $\psi \dot{a}\omega$ : f.  $\psi \ddot{a}\lambda \dot{\omega}$ : aor. 1 ĕψηλa: pf. ĕψαλκa:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τύξου νευράν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a barp. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, δ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρής, έε, (ψαλμόε, χαρήναι) delighting in barp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ῆροε, also τηε, του, δ, (ψάλλω) a barper.

ψάλτρια,  $\dot{η}$ , fem. of  $\psi$ αλτ $\dot{η}$ ρ.

ψάμαθος, ή, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, soa vápaθόε τε κύνιε τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψά]

ψάμάθ-ώδης, es, (ψάμαθος, elδos) sandy.

ψἄμαθών, ῶνος, δ, (ψάμαθος) a sandy place, sandpits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακόσιο-γάργαροι, αι, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάργαρα) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as

beaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ακόσιοι, αι, α, sand-bundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἐκατόν, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δὶς ἐκατόν, τρὶς ἐκατόν, to denote a countless multitude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ψάμμο $\dot{\eta}$ , sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy. ψάμμιος, α, ον, =ψάμμινος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [l], ου, δ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ιδος, (ψάμμος)

of sand, sandy.

Ψάμμος, ή, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet form ψάμμος sometimes drop the ψ, and become άμμος άμαθος.

ψαμμ-ώδης, εε, (ψάμμος, είδοε) sandy.

ψανός, Dor. for ψηνόε.

ψάρ, ψαρόs, Ion. ψήρ, ψηρόs, δ, a starling, Lat.

ψ**āρόs**, ά, όν, (ψάρ) like a starling, asben-gray or

speckled; ψαρός ίππος a dapple-gray horse.

Ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: aor. I ἔψαυσα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass. ἔψαυσμα: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαῦον κόρυθες φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) ἔψαυσας άλγεινοτάτας ἔμοὶ μερίμνας, πατρὸς τριπόλιστον οἶτον thou bast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thricetold fate of my father; (2) κεῖνος ἐπέγνω ψαύων τὸν θεὸν ἐν κερτομίοις γλώσσαις he knew too late that he bad attacked the god with abusive speech. II. to touch as an enemy, lay bands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

 $\psi \bar{a} \phi \bar{a} \rho i \tau \eta s$ , ov,  $\delta$ , fem.  $-i \tau \iota s$ ,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $= \psi a \phi a \rho \delta s$ .

ψἄφἄρός, ά, όν Ion. ψαφερός, ή, όν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency. II. dry, dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ή ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to άλε.

Ψάφάρό-τρίχος, ον, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy bair or coat.

ψάφαρό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (ψαφαρός, χρόα) rough on the surface.

ψαφιγέ, ψαφος, Dor. for ψηφιγέ, ψηφοε.

ΨΑ΄Ω [ā], ψηs, ψη, inf. ψην (for the regular forms ψηs, ψη, ψαν are incorrect): f. ψησω: Pass., aor. i εψηθην: pf. εψημα: —to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψίν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΤΩ, f. ψέτω: 201. I έψετα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. 200.; ψέγειν τινά περί ψευδο-κήρυ τινοs to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut. lying berald.

Adj., α με ψέγειε the things wherein thou blamest

ψεδνός, ή, όν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-beaded.

ψεδυρός οτ ψεθυρός, ά, όν, = ψιθυρός.

ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάζω, ψεκάς, see ψακάζω, ψακάς.

ψέκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager. ψέκτος, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv.  $-\tau \hat{\omega} s$ .

ΨΕ'ΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite orna-

ment of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets. ψελιόω, f. ώσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟΈ, η, or, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words, indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, έs, gen. έος, =ψευδάγγελος. Hence ψευδαγγελία, ή, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, άγγελλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ό, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-άδελφος, δ, (ψευδής, άδελφός) a false brother:

a pretended Christian. [a]

Ψευδ-ἄμάμαξὕς, νος, δ̄, (Ψευδής, ἀμάμαξυς) a false, barren vine. [μἄμ]

ψευδ-απόστολος, δ, (ψευδής, απόστολος) a false

apostle. Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-mea-

sure: see ἀρτάβη. Ψευδ-ατράφαξυς, υος, ή, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξυς) false

orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes. ψευδ-αττικόs, ή, όν, (ψευδήs, 'Αττικόs) false Attic, sbam Attic.

Ψευδ-αυτόμολος, δ, ή, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sbam deserter.

ψευδ-ενέδρα, ή, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sbam ambuscade. Ψεύδεο, Ερ. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, άγορεύω) false-speaking. ψευδη-λογέω, f. ήσω, = ψευδολογέω.

Ψευδής, έε, gen. έος, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendax, falsus, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsebood:—as Subst. ψευδής, ό, a liar: ψευδή, τά, falsebood:—ψευδείς λόγοι fallacies.

II. pass. belied, deceived.

III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ον, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, δ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδις, ιοε, ό, ή, poët. for ψευδήε.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ή, (ψευδήε, βοήθεια) pretended belp. ψευδο-δίδάσκαλος, δ, (ψευδήε, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ϋκοε, δ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false ot lyine berald. a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. landed property, an estate.

xwois. Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίε ὁ νεκρόε the corpse lies apart. 2. 56- χωρὶε μέν ..., χωρὶε δέ ..., parately, one by one. on one side ..., on the other, by themselves ..., by them-4. χωρίε ή δκόσοι except so many as .. ; χωρίε ή except; χωρίε ή ότι except that. II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίε τό τ' είπειν πολλά και τα καιρία it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

xwpls, Prep. with gen., without: without the belp or will of; χωρίε θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the 2. separate from, apart from; favour of the gods. 3. indeχωρίε δμμάτων έμων far from my eyes.

pendent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, δ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης [i], ου, δ, fem. χωρίτις, ιδος, (χώρα, χῶ-

pos) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. xwpîris, idos, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικός, ή, όν, beseeming a countryman, rustic,

rural. Adv. -κω̂s, in rustic fashion.

xûpos, ô, space to bold a thing, room, a place, spot. II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρος της 'Αραβίης the tract of Arabia. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανδάνω, χάζομαι.)

Xûpos, ov, o, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind:

the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φίλέω, f. ήσω, (χωροε, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, baunt, frequent it.

χώς, contr. for και ώε.

χῶσαι, 20r. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, 20τ. I part. of χώομαι.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσις, εως, ή, (χωσαι) a beaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ή χῶσιε τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

xarous, crasis for καὶ δσουε.

χωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, beaped up made of earth thrown up.

Ψ. ψ. ψî, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\psi' = 700$ , but  $\psi =$ 700,000.—The letter \(\psi\) is a double Consonant, compounded of  $\sigma$  and a labial,  $=\pi\sigma$ ,  $\beta\sigma$ , or  $\phi\sigma$ . The character \( \psi \) was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$  and  $\xi$ : see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of  $\psi$ , esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older mo was retained, esp. in prop. names, as II.  $\psi$  was resolved into  $\sigma\pi$ , **Πέλοπε** for Πέλοψ. as, ασπίνθιον for αψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ. III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as, ψάμαθ-ώδης, εε, (ψάμαθοε, είδοε) sandy.

ΙΙΙ. | ψιττακόε for σιττακόε, κόψι γοε for κόσσυφοε. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄμαθος, ψάμμος ψάμαθος.

ψαθυρόs, όν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to

pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροίε οίμον αίθέροε to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. trans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστίον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τά ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley. ψαίστωρ, opos, δ, masc. Adj. that which wipes off.

Valω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound. ψακάζω later ψεκάζω, f. άσω, (ψακάs) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip : impers., like ΰει, etc., ψα-

κάζει it drizzles.

ψάκάs later ψεκάs, άδοs, ή, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; apγυρίου μηδέ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμου ψακάs grains of sand. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to δμβρος; υσθησαν αί Θήβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάs a shower of blood.

ψάλιδό-στομος, ον, (ψαλίς, στόμα) baving a mouth or bead like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψάλίζω, fut. ίσω and ίξω Att. ιω: (ψαλίε):--to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨA'AION, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τά, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλίς, ίδος, ή, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors,

Lat. forfex.  $\Psi A'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , strengthd, from  $\psi \dot{a}\omega$ : f.  $\psi \ddot{a}\lambda \dot{\omega}$ : 20r. 1 ἔψηλα: pf. ἔψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τύξου νευράν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a barp. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, δ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρής, έε, (ψαλμόε, χαρήναι) delighting in barp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ήροε, also τηε, του, δ, (ψάλλω) a barper.

**ψάλτρια, ή,** fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμαθος, ή, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, δσα ψάμαθόε τε κύνιε τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμου. [ψά]

ψαμαθών, ωνος, δ, (ψάμαθος) a sandy place, sandpits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακοσιο-γάργαροι, αι, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάρyapa) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as beaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ακόσιοι, ai, a, sand-bundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος εκατόν, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δὶε ἐκατόν, τρὶε ἐκατόν, to denote a countless multi-

Ψάμμη Dor. Ψάμμα, η, = ψάμμο ε, sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ον, (ψάμμοε) of sand, in the sand, sandy. Ψάμμιος, α, ον, = ψάμμινος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [l], ov, δ, fem. ψαμμῖτις, ιδοs, (ψάμμοs)

of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ή, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain. II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμοs and its poet, form ψάμαθοs sometimes drop the  $\psi$ , and become  $\tilde{a}\mu\mu\sigma$   $\tilde{a}\mu\alpha\theta\sigma$ .

ψαμμ-ώδης, ες, (ψάμμος, είδος) sandy.

ψāνόs, Dor. for ψηνόs.

ψάρ, ψᾶρόε, Ion. ψήρ, ψηρόε, δ, a starling, Lat.

ψāρόs, ά, όν, (ψάρ) like a starling, asben-gray or

speckled; ψapos ίππος a dapple-gray horse. ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: 20r. I έψαυσα: pf. 2ct. έψαυκα, pass.

ἔψαυσμαι : (ψάω) :--to touch, c. gen. : c. dat. instrumenti, ψαῦον κόρυθες φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) έψαυσας άλγεινοτάτας έμολ μερίμνας, πατρός τριπόλιστον οίτον thou bast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thricetold fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπέγνω ψαύων τὸν θεδν έν κερτομίοιε γλώσσαιε he knew too late that be bad attacked the god with abusive speech. II. to touch as an enemy, lay bands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψ**ἄφἄρίτης**, ου, δ, fem. -îτις, ιδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψ**ἄφἄρόs**,  $\acute{a}$ ,  $\acute{o}ν$  Ion. ψ**αφερόs**,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{o}ν$ ,  $(ψ\acute{a}ω)$  friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency. dusty, sandy:—as Subst., h wapapá the shore, opp. to ãλs.

ψάφαρό-τρίχος, ον, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy bair or coat.

ψάφαρό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (ψαφαρός, χρόα) rough on the surface.

ψαφιγέ, ψαφος, Dor. for ψηφιγέ, ψηφος.

 $\Psi \mathbf{A}'\Omega$  [ $\bar{a}$ ],  $\psi \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , inf.  $\psi \hat{\eta} \nu$  (for the regular forms ψαs, ψα, ψαν are incorrect): f. ψήσω: Pass., aor. 1 έψήθην: pf. έψημαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψίν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΤΩ, f. ψέξω: 201. I έψεξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινά περί Tivos to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut, lying berald.

Adj., & με ψέγειε the things wherein thou blamest

ψεδνός, ή, όν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-beaded.

Ψεδυρός or Ψεθυρός, α, όν, = Ψιθυρός.

ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάζω, ψεκάς, see ψακάζω, ψακάς.

Ψέκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager. ψεκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. -τω̂s.

ΨΕ'ΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite orna-

ment of the Persians. ψελιο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.

ψελιόω, f. ώσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

**ψέλλιον**, incorrect form of ψέλ*ιον*. ΨΕΛΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, έε, gen. έος, =ψευδάγγελος. ψευδαγγελία, ή, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, άγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, δ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-άδελφος, δ, (ψευδής, άδελφός) a false brother: a pretended Christian. [a]

ψευδ-αμάμαξύς, υος, δ, (ψευδής, αμάμαξυς) a false, barren vine. [μἄμ]

ψευδ-απόστολος, δ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false

apostle. Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, άρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-mea-

sure: see ἀρτάβη. ψευδ-ατράφαξυς, υος, ή, (ψευδής, ατράφαξυς) false orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ή, όν, (ψευδής, 'Αττικός) false Attic, sbam Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ό, ή, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sbam deserter.

ψευδ-ενέδρα, ή, (ψευδή», ένέδρα) a sbam ambuscade. ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, άγορεύω) false-speaking. ψευδη-λογέω, f. ήσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, έε, gen. έος, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendax, falsus, opp. to αληθής; ψευδής φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsebood:—as Subst. ψευδήs, δ, a liar : ψευδη, τά, falseboods :--ψευδείε λόγοι fal-II. pass. belied, deceived. lacies. III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ον, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, δ. an arcb-liar.

ψεθδις, ιοε, δ, ή, poët. for ψευδήε.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ή, (ψευδήs, βοήθεια) pretended belp. ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ϋκοε, δ, (ψευδήε, κήρυξ) a false of

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητία, ή, (ψευδηs, κλητεύω) | false, play false. a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a less, to be perjured or forsworn. of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείαs a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδό-λιτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδό-VITPOS, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογέω, f. ήσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ή, a false speech, falsebood, false report. ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely. ψευδό-μαντις, εως, δ, ή, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying propbet.

ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ήσω, to be a false witness, bear

false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτύρία, ή, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριών άλwas to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδήs, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, υρος, δ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false untness.

ψευδό-νιτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόλιτρος. ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-πάρθενος, ή, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, όν, (ψεῦδος, ποιέω) framing lies. ψευδο-προφήτης, ου, δ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ήσω, (ψεύδορκοι) to swear falsely, be forsworn.

ψευδ-όρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, δρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

Ψεύδ-ορκος, ον, (Ψευδής, ὅρκος) = Ψευδόρκιος.

ψεύδος, εοε, τό, Ερ. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsebood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely, lie. From Ψευδό-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely. ψευδό-φημος, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδό-χριστος, δ, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ. ΨΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: 201. 1 έψευσα: Pass., 201. 1 έψεύσθην: pf. έψευσμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἔψευσάε με ἐλπίδοε thou bast defrauded me of my hope:-Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθήναι δείπνου to be cheated of a supper; έψευσμένοι της των 'Αθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ή τρίτη των δδων μάλιστα έψευσται the third mode of explanation is most II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ή ψευσθείσα υπόσχεσιε the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: 201. I έψευσάμην:

2. generally, to be false or faith-II. to belie, summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service falsify; δρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰs ἀπειλάs they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα έψευσμένοι ήσαν they had broken their word III. to belie or deceive by about the money. lies, cheat, impose upon.

> ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. - \u03c4\u00fcs

ψευδώs, Adv. of ψευδήs, falsely, untruly.

ψευσί-στυξ, ύγος, δ, ή, (ψεῦσις, στυγέω) bating falsebood and fraud.

ψεθσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ήσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ου, δ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδήs, lying, false.

ψεφηνός, ή, όν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨE'ΦΟΣ, εos, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

 $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , 3 sing pres. of  $\psi \hat{\alpha} \omega$ ; but  $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , Ep. for  $\hat{\epsilon} \psi \eta$ , 3 sing. impf.

ψηγμα, ατος, τό, (ψηχω) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψηγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol ψηγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, and ψήκτρα,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ψήχω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ήσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφόων (Ep. for -αων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, for, grope after. mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατο**ε**, τό, a touch: a caress. [λα]

ψηλαφόων, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗ'N, ψηνόs, &, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθοε) and male palm. Hence ψηνίζω, f. ίσω, to bang wild figs (ὅλυνθοι) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (\$\psi\pi^v\epsilon\s) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of II. to write a play called the Ψηνες, the latter. as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor ψανός, δ, like ψεδνός or ψιλός, = φαλακρόs, a bald-bead.

ψηξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\psi \dot{\eta} \chi \omega)$  a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a borse.

ψήρ, gen. ψηρόs, δ, Ion. for ψάρ (q v.), a starling. ψησσα Att. ψηττα, ή, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

Ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίε, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to count or reckon. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. –ίσομαι Att. –ιοῦμαι: 201. Ι έψηφισάμην: pf. pass. έψηφισμαι: (ψηφοs):—to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι έε ὑδρίαν to throw one's balpf. pass. έψευσμαι in act. sense: -absol. to lie, speak lot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari, ψηφίζεσθαί τινι to vote for any one. 2. c. acc. to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαί τινι τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: κλῆρὸν τινι ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one. 3. c. inf. to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψήφισμαι, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; τοῖε στρατηγοῖε ἐἶ τον προσδέοιντο ψηφισθῆναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.

ψηφίs, ίδοs, ή, (ψήφοs) a small stone a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.

ψήφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree; ψήφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote; ψήφισμα καθαιρεῖν to rescind a vote. ψηφισμάτο-πώλης, ου,  $\delta$ , (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.

ψηφο-ποιός,  $\delta$ , (ψηφος, ποιέω) a making or tampering with votes.

ψηφος Dor. ψάφος, ή, (ψάω, ψέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus: -in plur. accounts, καθαραί ψήφοι an exact balance. 2. in Att. a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ὑδρία), the vote itself; ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre; ψήφω κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly: ψηφος καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψηφοs 'Aθηναs, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by  $\psi \hat{\eta} \phi os$ , ballot, was different from that by κύαμος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψηφοι of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (reτρυπημέναι), the latter whole  $(\pi \lambda \hat{\eta} \rho \epsilon \iota s)$ . place of voting (as meggol is used for the place of play).

Ψήχω, f. ξω, from ψάω, (2s νήχω from νέω), to rub down, curry 2 horse.

II. to rub down, wear

ΨÍA ZΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, to play, sport, dance, be merry.

ψίαθος Ion. ψίεθος, ή, a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.

ψιάθωs, Dor. acc. pl. of ψίαθοε.

Ψίας, άδος, ή, (ψίω) like ψακάς or ψεκάς, a drop: in plur, a shower of drops, small rain.

ΨΙΖΩ, f. ψίσω: pf. pass. έψισμαι:—to feed on pap.

ψιθυρίζω Dor. ψιθυρίσδω: fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (ψιθυρό):—to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to

2. c. acc. to mutter, mumble. 2. of any whispering noise, as or εξεσθαί τινι trees, to rustle.

Ψίθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

ψ**ιθυρισμόs,** δ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering. 2. a whispering of slander, slander.

ψίθυριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whisperer. 2. a tale-hearer, slanderer.

ψίθυρόs, όν, whispering. 2. whispering, slanderous. (Formed from the sound.)

ψίλο-μετρία, ἡ, (ψιλόε, μέτρον) beroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ'Σ, ή, ον, bare, naked: c. gen. stript bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλη άροσιε a bare corn-field (without trees); πεδίον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν a champaign country of large extent and without trees; in full, γη ψιλη δενδρέων land bare of II. of animals, stript of bair, feathers, etc, bald, Lat. calvus; ໃβιε ψιλή κεφαλήν the ibis without feathers on the head. 2. generally, unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλή σώματος οὖσα ή ψυχή the soul being divested of the body; ψιλή τρόπis the bare keel with the planks torn from it; ψιλή θρίδαξ a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off. in Att. Prose, as a military term, οἱ ψιλοί (sc. τῶν οπλων) soldiers without beauy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to δπλίται; ψιλόε "iππos a horse without bousings: generally, unarmed, defenceless. IV. ψιλόs λόγοs language without accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evi-2. ψιλή ποίησιs mere poetry without dence. singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομετρία.

Ψιλόω, f. ωσω: pf. pass ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλόε):—to strip bare, to make bald:—Pass. to become bald. II. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing; ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείστα τῆε δυνάμιοε to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defenceless.

2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stript from the bones.

ψίλωs, Adv of ψιλόs, simply, merely, only

ψιμίθιον, ψίμιθος, etc., later forms for ψιμύθιον, etc. ψιμύθιον or ψιμμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψίμυθος):—wbite lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence

ψιμυθιόω, f. ώσω, to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμυθιοῦσθαι το πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.

ΨΙ'ΜΥ ΘΟΣ, δ, radic. form of  $\psi_i \mu \dot{\nu} \theta_i \sigma_i$ , white lead.  $\psi_i$ , Dor. for  $\sigma \phi_i \nu$ , as  $\psi_i$  for  $\sigma \phi_i$ .

ΨΙ'Ξ, δ and η, gen. ψιχό: nom. pl. ψιχε: a crumb, morsel, bit.

ψίττα, = σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.' ψίττακος, δ, οι ψιττάκη, ή, a parrot. (Foreign word.)

ψίχίον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, a crumb of bread.

ψίω, aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  ἔψῖσα, =ψίζω.

ψογερός, ά, όν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious. ψόγιοs, a, ov, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψόγος, δ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψόλος) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ή, (ψόλος, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨO'ΛΟΣ, δ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ : pf. εψόφηκα: (ψόφοε):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; εί αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοῖεν if the doors were beard to open at night, Lat. si crepuissent fores.

ψοφο-δεής, έε, gen. έοε, (ψόφος, δέοε) frightened at

every noise. Adv. - ews, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, εε, gen. εος, (ψόφος, μήδος) caring for

noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟΦΟΣ, δ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to part: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ αν στραφείην Ι would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense

ψοφ-ώδης, εε, (ψόφος, είδοε) noisy, ranting.

ψύγῆναι, 20r. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$  $\dot{\mathbf{v}$ 

Ψυδνόs, η, όν, = Ψυδρόs.

ψυδρός, ά, όν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form ψυδνόs, lying, untrue.

ψύθής, έε, (ψύθοε) = ψευδήε, lying, false.

ψύθος, εοε, τό, collat. form for ψεῦδος, a lie. [v] ψυκτήρ, ηροε, δ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler.

plur. of ψυκτήρεε cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ον, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥ'ΛΛΑ, η, ή, a flea, Lat. pulex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-wort.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ου, δ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a fleaarcher, flea-knight, formed like ἐπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

**ψύξασα, 2**0r. 1 part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψυξις, εως, ή, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

**ψύττα, =** ψίττα, σίττα.

ψυχ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, (ψυχαγωγόε) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψυχάγωγία, ή, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, per-

suasion.

ψυχ-άγωγός, όν, (ψυχή, άγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχοπομπόε. II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγόε, δ, a necromancer.

ψυχ-απάτης, ου, δ, (ψυχή, ἀπατάω) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, glad-

ψūχεινόs, ή, όν, (ψûχοs) cooling, cool, fresb.

ψυχή, ή, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αίων spirit and life, etc.; ποινήν της Αἰσώπου ψυχης ἀνελέσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχήν παρθέμενος staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περί ψυχη to fight, run for one's life. II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, gbost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. anima; ανθρώπου ψυχή αθάνατός έστι the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχή τινοs is used for the man himself, e.g.  $\psi v \chi \dot{\eta}$  'Opé $\sigma \tau o v =$  'Opé $\sigma \tau \eta s$ : ψυχαί absol. = ἄνθρωποι, ψυχαί πολλαί έθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ω μελέα ψυχή Ο wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆs ψυχη̂s from the inmost soul, with all the beart: desire, appetue. III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψῦχήιος, η, ον, baving breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χι] ψυχικόs, ή, όν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαίκτης, ου, δ, (ψυχή, δαίζω) destroying or killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ηροε, δ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.  $\psi \bar{\nu} \chi o - \lambda \bar{\iota} \pi \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\psi \nu \chi \dot{\eta}, \lambda_i \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu)$  left by the soul,

lifeless. ψυχό-μαντις, εως, δ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one wbo conjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a

ψυχο-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to

the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνής, έε, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, όν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγόε.

ψῦχορράγέω, f. ήσω, to let the soul break loose, to lie at the last gasp, he at the point of death, Lat. ani-mam agere. From

 $\psi \bar{\nu} \chi o \rho - \rho \bar{\alpha} \gamma \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ , gen.  $\dot{\epsilon} o s$ ,  $(\psi \nu \chi \dot{\eta}, \dot{\rho} a \gamma \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota)$  letting the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψûχοs, εοε, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold, frost, in pl. ψύχεα, extreme colds: also winter-time, έν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχοσ-σόος, ον, (ψυχή, σώζω) saving the soul. Ψύχο-τἄκής, έε, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul. ψυχόω, f. ωσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate. ψυχρο-βάφής, έε, (ψυχρόε, βαφηναι) dipt in cold water, like red-hot iron.

is cold: olkos ψυχροδόχοs the cold-bath room.

ψύχρο-λογία, ή, (ψυχρόε, λέγω) the use of frigid pbrases, exaggeration.

ψυχρο-πότης, ου, δ, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ- Root of some

tenses of wive) a cold-water drinker.

ψυχρός, ά, όν, (ψύχω) cold, cbill, Lat. frigidus: τὸ ψυχρόν (sc. ὕδωρ) cold water, Lat. gelida (sc. aqua); ψυχρφ λοῦνται they bathe in cold water: — τὸ ψυχρόν also =  $\psi \hat{v} \chi os$ , cold. II. metaph. cold, vain, fruitless, unreal; ψυχρά νίκη a delusive victory: also chilling, borrible. 2. of persons, cold-bearted, beartless, spiritless, indifferent. 3. of exaggerated phrases, cold, frigid. Hence

ψυχρότης, ητος, ή, coldness, chill. II. metaph. of persons, coldness of beart, indifference. 2. of

phrases, frigidity.

ψυχρόω, f. ώσω, (ψυχρόε) to make cold:-Pass. to grow cold or cool.

ψυχρώς, Adv. of ψυχρόε, coldly, frigidly.

ΨΥΧΩ [v], f. ψύξω: 20τ. 1 έψυξα: Pass., 20τ. 1 έψύχθην: aor. a έψύχην and έψύγην [v]:-to breathe, blow; ήκα μάλα ψύξασα breathing very faintly. to make cool or cold: hence to refresh, recruit. Pass. to grow cool or cold.

ψωλός, (ψάω) δ, one circumcised. a. a lewd

fellow.

ψωμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (ψωμόε):—to feed by putting little bits into the mouth, as nurses do children: hence to pamper, feed, fatten.

ψωμίον, τό, Dim. of ψωμόs, a morsel, crumb.

ψωμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ψώω) a bit, morsel, scrap, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοί ἀνδρόμεοι gobbets of man's flesh.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρη, ή, (ψώω) a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange, Lat. scabies.

ψωραλέος, a, ον, (ψώρα) scabby, mangy. ψώχω Ion. σώχω, (ψώω) to rub in pieces, rub. \*ψώω, collat. form of ψάω, to rub, rub in pieces.

12, ω, ω μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral  $\omega' = 800$ , but  $\omega = 800,000$ . The name of ω μέγα, great or long o, was given to distinguish it from the δ μικρόν little or sbort o. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of w in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for a, as ωνθρωπος ωριστος for ανθρωπος II. Ion. also for av, as θῶμα τρῶμα for άριστος. III. Aeol. and Dor., ω is often θαθμα τραθμα. put for οῦ, as ἀρανόε Μῶσα κῶροε λιπῶσα for οὐρανόε Μοῦσα κοῦροε λιποῦσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of and decl., as, βροτῶ βροτώς for βροτοῦ βροτούε. IV. Dor. ω into α, as πρώτος πρώτιστος θεωρόs into πράτοs πράτιστοs θεαρόs; and so the οίζω from οί, οἰμώζω from οίμοι.)

ψυχρο-δόχος, ον, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) receiving what | gen. plur. of first decl. ων becomes αν. as Μουσαν for Μουσῶν.

> and an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our O! ob! 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. O! As an exclamation it is written 🕉, as an address 🕹.

> φα or ωά ή, (δίε) a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it. 2. the edge or skirt of 2 garment.

'Ωαρίων [τ], ωνος, δ, poët. for 'Ωρίων. Hence

'Ωἄρἴώνειος, a, ov, of Orion.

was, aros, τό, Dor. for ovas, ovs, the ear. ἄγαθέ, with apostr. ἄγάθ', contr. for ἄ ἀγαθέ.

ωνμός, οῦ, δ, (ωζω) a crying ob!

'Ωγύγία, ή, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

'Ωγύγιος, a, ov, Att. also os, ov, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence primeval, primal. [v]

φδαs, Dor. for φδηs, gen. of φδη.

ώδε Att. ώδί, from ὅδε, demonstr. Adv., Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to outou it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ὧδ' ἡμείψατο he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen , ὧδε γέ-II. of Place, bitber, bere. vous thus off for family. φδεε, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδέω.

φδείον, τό, (φδή) the Odëum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ώδή, ή, contr. for doιδή, (deίδω, άδω) a song, lay, ode, strain: in plur. lyric poetry.

ώδήκαντι, Dor. for οδήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οίδέω.

ωδί, Att. strengthd. form of ωδε. [i] ψδικόs, ή, όν, (ψδή) fond of singing, musical. Adv. -κωs, musically, in good time or barmony.

ώδινας, acc. pl. of ώδίε.

ώδίνω [i], f. ĭνω̂: 20r. I ωδινα: (ωδίε):—to bave the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour: c. acc. to be in travail of a child: metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ωδίνειν to be in labour with honey. 2. of any great pain, to be in travail, be in pangs or pains. 3. to work painfully or bard, 4. metaph. of the to travail, labour with, c. acc. mind, to be in the throes or agonies of thought.

'ΩΔΙ'Σ, îvos, ή, the pain of childbirth, travail-pain; mostly in plur. the pangs or throes of labour. in sing. also the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, cbild. II. generally, travail, pain, distress. (Akin

to δδύνη.) φδο-ποιός, όν, (φόή, ποιέω) making songs or odes.

ώδόs, δ, contr. for doιδόs, a singer, minstrel. ώδώδει, poet. for δδώδει, 3 sing. plapf. of δζω.

 $\mathbf{\tilde{\omega}eov}$ ,  $\mathbf{\tau \acute{o}}$ ,  $= \mathbf{\tilde{\omega}\acute{o}v}$ , an egg.

ώζησα, aor. I of δίω.

ωζω, to cry ob! hence ωγμόε. (From ω or ω, as

in a call to another, bo! bolla! Lat. obe! beus! ψήθην, aor. I pass. of οἴομαι.

ώθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ωθέω.

ώθεθντο, Dor. for ωθούντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of 'ΩΘΕ'Ω, impf. ἐώθουν: fut. ἀθήσω and ὥσω: aor. I έωσα Ion. and Ep. δσα: pf. έωκα: Pass., aor. I έωσθην: pf. ξωσμαι Ion. δισμαι:--Ion. 3 sing. impf. ώθεσκε, 3 sing. 20r. I ώσασκε:--to thrust, push, shove, force away of from a place; εκ μηρού δόρυ ώσε be forced the spear from the thigh; είφοι αψ ει κουλεόν woe be thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push or force back in battle; ωσαι ξαυτον ές το πυρ to rush into the fire; ωσαι την θύραν to force the door: also to break open, force a passage: metaph. to burry, push on; ώθειν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:absol. to push off from land :- Pass. to be thrust or pushed away: also to force one's way: -Med. to thrust or push from oneself, push or force back.

ώθίζω, f. ίσω, = ώθέω, to thrust or push on:-Pass. and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph. to be in bot dispute, Lat. altercari. Hence

ώθισμός, δ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling, wrestling: metaph., ώθισμός λόγων a struggle of words, a hot debate.

ώίγνυντο, Ep. for φγνυντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οίγνυμι. ώλετο, Ep. for φετο, 3 sing. impf. of οίομαι. [7] ωξαι, Ep. for olfaι, inf. of οίγνυμι.

αιξε, αιξαν, Ep. for  $\phi \xi \epsilon$ ,  $\phi \xi \alpha \nu$ , 3 sing. and 3 pl. aor. I act. of οίγνυμι.

ώίσθην, Ep. aor. I of οίομαι.

δκα, poët. Adv. of δκύε, quickly, swiftly, fast. ώκαλέος, η, ον, later Ep. form for ἀκύε.

ώκέα. Ep. and Ion. for ώκεια, fem. from ώκύε. 'Ωκεἄνίνη, ή, ('Ωκεανόε) daughter of Ocean, an

Ocean-nympb. [7] 'Ωκεανίς, ίδος, ή, ('Ωκεανός) daughter of Ocean. 'Ωκεάνόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From

'Ωκεανός, οῦ, ὁ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters: according to Homer, Ocean was a river which encompassed the whole earth, hence often called ώκεανδε ποταμόε. In later times, Ocean remained as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα. (From &kús and váw)

ώκειάων, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ἀκύε. ώκέωs, Adv. of ἀκύs, quickly, swiftly.

ώκήτις, τσσα, τν, poët. for ώκύς, swift.

ώκιστα, neut. plur. of ἀκύε used as Adv., most swiftly, very swiftly.

ώκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ωκύε.

ώκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ωκύς. ῶκνεον, impf. of ὀκνέω.

φκτειρα, 201. Ι of οἰκτείρω.

ώκύ-ἄλος, ον, (ώκύε, ἄλε) sea-swift, speeding over the sea, epith. of a ship. [v]

ώκυ-βόλος, ον, (ἀκύε, βαλείν) quick-bitting or quicksbot: quick-darting.

ώκυ-δήκτωρ, opos, δ, (ἀκύε, δάκνω) biting sharply. ώκυ-δίδακτος, ον, (ἀκύε, διδάσκω) quickly taught. ώκυ-δίνητος Dor. -δίνατος, ον, (ἀκύε, δινέω) quickwbirling. [l]

ώκυ-δρόμας, ου, έ, = ώκυδρόμος.

ώκυ-δρόμος, ον, (ἀκύε, δραμείν) swift-running. ώκυ-επής, έs, gen. έος, (ἀκύς, ἔπος) quick-speaking. ώκύ-θοος, ον, also η, ον, (ώκύε, θέω) swift-running. ώκυ-μάχος [α], ον, (ωκύε, μάχομαι) quick to fight. ἀκύ-μορος, ον, (ἀκύε, μόροε) sbort-lived, dying early: Sup., ωκυμορώτατος. II. act. bringing a quick or early death.

ώκυ-πέτης, ου, ό, (ωκύς, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω)

quick-flying.

ωκύ-πλάνος, ον, (ωκύς, πλάνη) quick-wandering. ωκύ-πλοος, ον, (ωκύε, πλέω) fast-sailing.

ώκυ-πόδης, ov, δ, poet, for ωκύπους, swift-footed. ώκύ-ποινος, ον, (ἀκύε, ποινή) quickly-avenged. ωκύ-πομπος, ον, (ωκύε, πέμπω) swift-conveying.

ἀκύ-πορος, ον, (ἀκύε, πόροε) swift-passing. ωκύ-πος, ον, collat. form of ωκύπους. [v]

ωκύ-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος (ωκύς, πούς), swift-footed, fleet of foot.

ωκύ-πτερος, ον, (ωκύε, πτερόν) swift-winged, swiftflying: τὰ ἀκύπτερα the long quill-feathers in a wing.

 $\dot{\omega}$ κυ-ρόης, ου, ὁ Dor. -ρόας, =  $\dot{\omega}$ κύροος.

 $\dot{\omega}$ κύ-ροος, ον, ( $\dot{\omega}$ κύε,  $\dot{\rho}$ έω) swift-flowing. ώκύς [v], ώκεια, ώκύ, gen. ώκέος, είας, έος, Ep. fem. ωκέα:-quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ωκέως, but more commonly δικα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup. ωκύτερος, ωκύτατος: irreg. ωκίων, ον, gen. ovos (like Lat. ocior, ocius), ωκιστος. (Akin to δεύς.)

ώκύ-σκοπος, ον, (ώκύς, σκοπέω) quick-aiming. ώκύτης, ητος, ή, (ἀκύε) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,

speed. [ชั]

ώκυτόκειος or -τόκιος, ov, belonging to or promoting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ἀκυτόκιον (sc. φάρμακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From ώκυ-τόκος, ον, (ώκύς, τεκείν) causing quick and easy birth; of a river, fertilising: τὸ ἀκυτόκον a quick

and easy birth. ώλαξ, ακοε, ή, Dor. for αὖλαξ.

ώλάφιον, contr. for ω ἐλάφιον.

ώλέ-κράνον, τό, properly ώλενό-κρανον, = ώλένη: κράνον, the point of the elbow: also δλέκρανον...

'ΩΛΕ'NH, ή, the elbow, or rather the arm from the elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. ulna: generally, an arm; περί ωλένας δέρα βάλλειν to throw one's arms round a person's neck.

ώλεσα, 20τ. I of δλλυμι.

ώλεσί-βωλος, ον, (ὅλλυμι, βῶλοε) crushing clods of

ώλεσί-καρπος, ον, (δλλυμι, μαρπός) of a tree, losing its fruit, i. c. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.

ώλεσί-οικος, ον, (ὅλλυμι, οἶκος) destroying or ruining the bouse.

ώλετο, 3 sing, 20r. 2 med, of δλλυμι.

**ώλισθον, 2**0τ. 2 of όλισθάνω.

**ώλίσθηκα,** pf. of ὀλισθάνω.

**δλλος, δλλοι,** Ion. for ὁ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.

άλξ, ή, poet. contr. for ἀλαξ, αὖλαξ, a furrow: mostly used in acc. ὧλκα.

**ώλόμην, 2** or. 2 med. of ὅλλυμι.

ώμ-αχθής, ές, (ωμος, άχθος) beavy to the shoulders. wes, Dor. for wμεν, I pl. pres. subj. of είμί sum. ώμ-ηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ώμός, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. eating

raw flesb; also with a fem. Subst., "Εχιδνα ώμη-

στήε. II. generally, savage, brutal.

ἄμμαι, pf. pass. of δράω, formed from \*ὅπτομαι. ώμο-βοέος or -βόειος, a, ov, (ώμός, βοῦς) of raw, untanned ox-bide:—as Subst., ωμοβοέη (sc. δορά), ή, a raw ox-bide, like λεοντέη, etc.: but, ωμοβόειον (sc. κρέαs), τό, raw ox-flesb.

ώμο-βοεύς, έως, ό, (ώμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of raw

ox-bide: acc. pl. ωμοβοείε.

ώμο-βόϊνος, η, ον, like ώμοβοέος, of raw ox-bide. ώμο-βρώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμός, βιβρώσκω) eating raw

ώμό-βρωτος, ον, (ώμός, βιβρώσκω) eaten raw.

ώμο-γέρων, οντος, δ, ή, (ωμός, γέρων) a fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age; cp. Virgil's cruda viridisque senectus.

ώμο-δακής, έs, (ώμός, δακείν) fiercely stung or fiercely

stinging.

ώμό-δροπος, ον, (ώμός, δρέπω) plucked unripe; νόμιμα ἀμόδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.

 $\dot{\omega}$ μο-θετέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω,  $(\dot{\omega}$ μόs, τίθημι):—in sacrificing, to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (δημόs): also in Med.

ώμό-θυμος, ον. (ώμός, θυμός) savage-bearted.

ώμοι, not ώμοι, = ω μοι, ab me, woe's me, Lat. bei

ώμο-κράτής, έε, gen. έοε, (ώμοε, κράτοε) strongshouldered or (ωμός, κράτος) of savage strength.

ώμολογημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of δμολογέω, confessedly, without contradiction.

ώμο-πλάτη, ή, (ὧμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade, mostly in plur. ωμοπλάται, αί, Lat. scapulae. [α]

"ΩMOΣ, b, the shoulder with the upper part of the arm, the shoulder, Lat. humerus; φέρειν ώμοιs to bear on one's shoulders; ωμοισι τοι εμοισι by the strength of mine arms: also of animals, as of a lion: of a horse, like Lat. armus.

'ΩMO'Σ, ή, όν, raw, undressed, Lat. crudus, esp. of flesh; ωμόν καταφαγείν τινα to eat one raw: of food, undigested. 2. unripe, unseasonable, properly of fruits: also of a man, ωμον γηραs an untimely old II. metaph. savage, rude, cruel.

rough, bardy. **Φμοσα**, 20r. I of δμνυμι.

ώμό-σττος, ον, (ώμός, σιτέομαι) eating men raw: hence savage, ferocious.

ώμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ώμός, σπαράσσω) torn in pieces raw.

ώμότης, ητος, ή, (ώμός) rawness, unripeness. metaph. savageness, cruelty.

ώμο-φάγος, ον, (ἀμός, φάγειν) eating raw flesh. ώμόφαγοε, ον, pass., eaten raw, raw.

ώμό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ώμός, φρήν) savage-minded.

Adv. -φρύνωs.

φμωξα, aor. I of οἰμώζω.

ώμως, Adv. of ωμός, savagely.

av, Ion. for ouv, now, therefore.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ὧν έδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὧν.

wa, wvak, poet. contr. for w ava, w avak.

ώνάθην, Dor. for ωνήθην, aor. I pass. of ονίνημι. ώνάμην, ώνάτο, I and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of δνίνημι. ώνασα, Dor. 201. 1 of δνίνημι.

ωνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἄνεμος.

ώνέομαι contr. ώνοθμαι: fut. ώνήσομαι: impf. έωνούμην Ion. ων εόμην: aor. 1 έωνησάμην, pf. έωνημαι; (but pf. part. ἐωνημένοs, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense):—ἐπριάμην [α] is used as aor. 2, Ep. 3 sing πρίατο; imperat. πρίασο, πρίω; subj. πρίωμαι; opt. πριαίμην; inf. πρίασθαι; part. πριάμενος: (ωνοs): Dep.:—to buy, purchase, opp. to πωλέω, πιπράσκω, as Lat. emere to vendere; ωνείσθαί τι παρά Tivos to buy a thing from a person: c. gen. pretii, for so much, ἀνεῖσθαι δραχμή to buy for a drachma. 3. in pres. and impf. to farm public taxes or tolls. to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a thing, Lat. liceri: hence to buy off, effect a compromise by money: hence to bribe. II. as Pass. to be bought. Hence

ώνή, ή, (ὦνοε) a buying, Lat. emptio, ἀνή καὶ πρᾶσιε buying and selling. 2. purchase, a bargain: esp. a contract for the farming of taxes.

ώνήμην, Ep. aor 2 med. of δνίνημι. ώνησα, 201. Ι of δνίνημι.

ώνητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνέομαι) a buyer.

ώνητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj of ώνέομαι, bought. II. to be bought, that may be bought. ώνθρωπε, crasis for ω άνθρωπε.

ώνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.

avios, α, ον, (avos) to be bought, for sale, Lat. venalis; πω̂ε ὁ σῖτοε ὤνιοε; how is corn selling? what is the market price? The wvia goods for sale, market-wares. ώνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ὅνομα.

ώνομάδαται, Ion. for ώνομασμένοι είσίν, 3 pl. pf.

pass, of δνομάζω.

'ANOZ, &, a price, value, payment for a thing. a buying, like ἀνή. (Hence Lat. venum, as vinum from olvos, vicus from olkos.)

ώνοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὅνομαι.

φνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχοέω.

φνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνόω.

టీక్ల, Dor. contr. for ర శీక్ష.

ώξε, 3 sing. aor. I of οίγνυμι. 'ΩO'Ň, τό, an egg, Lat. OVUM.

ώόπ, a cry of the κελευστήs to make the rowers stop pulling, avast!

దూడరాడు, 20r. I of రిశాడ్యలు. ώπερ, Dor. for οὖπερ, Adv. where. ἄπολλον, poët. crasis for ễ Απολλον. ὥπόλλων, by crasis for ὁ ᾿Απόλλων. &πόλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰπόλοι. **ἄπται, 3** sing. pf. pass. of ὁράω. ῶπτησα, ῶπτων, aor. I and impf. of ὀπτάω.

ώπωπα, pf. 2 of δράω. "ΩPA Ion. ώρη, ή, Lat. CURA, care, concern, beed,

regard for a person or thing; ώραν τινός έχειν or ποιείσθαι to pay beed or regard to a thing.

"ΩPA Ion. "ωρη, ή, Lat. HORA, any limited time or period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country 2. the blooming season as dependent on its seasons. of the year, the spring-time, in full είαρος ώρη οτ ώρη elaplyn; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὀπώρα or autumn, was not distin-3. later, the whole year, guished in Homer's time. ἐν τῆ πέρυσιν ώρα last year, (as we say) last sea-II. the time of day: also, ωρα νυκτός night-III. generally, the right, fitting time or time. bour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; èv ωρη in good time, early: c. gen. rei, ωρη υπνου the time for sleep, bed-time. plur, also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the beavens. V. in Att. the spring or prime of life, youth: also manbood. VI. ın Att. also sometimes for rd wpaia, the fruits or produce of the year. VII. as pr. n., Ωραι, al, the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Xapires or Graces.

spalos, a, ov, (ωρα) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; wpaioi καρποί or τα ώραια the fruits of the season. Subst., wpaia, n, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military ope-II. bappening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable. III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμου ώραία a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death. IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence

Sparotins, nros, h, the bloom of youth, beauty. ώρακιάω, f. άσω [ā], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ώρανός, δ. Dor. for οὐρανόε.

**ἄρᾶσι, ἄρᾶσιν**, Adv. (ὕρα) in season, in good time. ώρεί-τροφος, ον, poët. for δρείτροφος, (δρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ώρέξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δρέγω.

ώρεσί-δουπος, ον, (όρος, δουπέω) making a din on the mountains.

ώρεσζ-δώτης, ου, ὁ, (ώρα, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

**ώρεσσιν,** Ep. for δάρεσσιν, dat. of δαρ. брето, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. from бриим. ώρεύω, (ώρα) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

**ωρη**, **ή**, Ion. for *ωρα*.

ωρη, ή, Ion. for ώρα.

ώρη-φόρος, ον, (ώρα, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

ώρθαι, pf. pass. inf. of ὅρνυμι.

ώρίζεσκον, Ion. impf. of δαρίζω.

ωρικός, ή, όν, (ωρα) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. in season, seasonable: Adv. –κως, ωρικως πυνθάνει you ask seasonably.

ὥρζμος, ον, (ὥρα) ripe, timely, in season.

ώρίνθην, aor. 1 pass. of δρίνω.

ώριος, ον, (ώρα) bappening or returning in due season; ωρια πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. timely, seasonable, ripe. III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ώρισμένος, pf pass. part. of ὑρίζω. ώριστος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἄριστος.

'Ωρίων, ωνοs, δ, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis. II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [7 Ep.,

ώρμάθη [ā], Dor. for ώρμήθη, 3 sing aor. I pass. of

δρμάω. ώρματο, ώρμήθη, 3 sing, impf. and aor, 1 pass. of δρμάω,

ώρμέαται, -ατο, Ion. for ωρμηνται, ωρμηντο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of δρμάω.

ώρμηναν, 3 pl. aor. I of δρμαίνω. ώρνῦτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὄρνυμι.

ώρο-θετέω, f. ήσω, (ώρα, τίθημι) to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal II. to be in the ascendant at that bour, of one's ruling planet.

ώρορε, 3 sing, redupl, 201, 2 of δρνυμι.

ωρος, εοε, τό, Dor. for όροε lon. οθρος, a mountain.

ώρσα, aor I of δρνυμι.

ώρτο, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 med. of δρνυμι. ώρυθμός, δ, a bowling, bellowing, roaring.

**ὥρυξα**, aor. I of ὀρύσσω.

ώρύομαι, fut. ύσομαι [v]: aor. 1 ώρνσάμην: Dep.: -to bowl, bellow, roar, Lat. rugire: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar. transit. to bowl over, bewail.

ώρχαιος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἀρχαιος.

ώρχείσθην, 3 dual impf. of δρχέομαι.

ώρχεθντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of δρχέομαι.

ώρώρει, 3 sing. plapf. of δρνυμι.

ώρωρέχαται, Ion. for δρωρεγμένοι είσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass, of δρέγω.

ώρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of δρύσσω.

I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, 2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, డుక. ယ်။. II. as Conj. that, when it is also without accent, 🏜.

1. We, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, so, thus, Lat. | 2. καὶ ωs even so, nevertbeless: with a negat. sic. οὐδ' ὥs, μηδ' ὥs not even so, in no way soever. in Comparisons, ws is answered by ws, so as, Lat. sic ut: also,  $\tilde{\omega}\sigma\tau\epsilon$ ... $\tilde{\omega}s$ , as .. thus. II. ώs, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. ut, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—'Os in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as,  $\theta \in \partial s$  \( \tilde{\theta} s \) for \( \theta s \) \( \theta \) \( \text{\$\emptyset} s \). 2. with Elliptical Phrases, ώs έμοί or ως γ' έμοί (sc. δοκεί); ώs ἀπ' ὀμμάτων (sc. εἰκάσαι) to judge by eyesight; ώs Λακεδαιμόνιοs (sc. είναι) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπέμψας αὐτὸν ώς φύλακα (sc. εἶναι) having sent 3 so with Participles. him with them as a guard. to give the reason of the principal Verb; άγανακτοῦσιν ώς άδικούμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, ώs τί δη θέλων; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; εἴργουσιν αὐτὸν ὡς ἀδικοῦντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., ώs οΰτως έχόντων, Lat. res cum ita sint, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so. so also with Prepositions; ώs ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; ώs ἐπὶ φρυγανισμόν as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps ἐπί, εἰs, πρόs, but also with others; ὡs ἐκ κακῶν έχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i.e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep 1s omitted, and  $\dot{\omega}$ s itself is used like a Prep. =  $\epsilon i$ s, c. acc. as Lat. usque for usque ad, only with the names of persons, as, ωs τον Φίλιππον to Philip: first in Homer, ώς αίει τον όμοιον άγει θεος ώς τον όμοιον how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs:with the Positive, ωs ἀληθως, ως ἐτέρως bow truly! bow differently! Lat. quam vere, quam aliter: so too is follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θαυμαστώς ώς, ὑπερφυώς ώς, etc. 7. ws strengthens the Superlative, like ὅτι and ὅπως, Lat. quam, ὡς μάλιστα, Lat. quam maxime, as much as possible; ws βάστα, Lat. quam facillime, as easily as possible; ώs τάχιστα, Lat. quam celerrime, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases ώς τὸ πολύ, ώς ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ, ώς ἐπὶ τὸ πλείστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. plerumque, ut plurimum. 8, so also with Superlative Adjectives, ώs άριστος, ώς βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. &s as Conjunction 1. expressing a fact, 2. = ωστε, so that, Lat. that, like ou, Lat. quod. 3. ws, that, Lat. quod, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; εἶπον ὡς τοῦτο είη, οτ είπον τοῦτο είναι. 4. ώs, marking an end, like Iva or onws, that, in order that, Lat. ut. in Inferences, like ὥστε, c. inf., so that, Lat. adeo ut, ita ut; εὖρος ὡς δύο τριήρεας πλέειν όμοῦ in breadth such that two triremes could sail abreast. also used like or and enel, as, since, Lat. guippe,

quandoquiden: also for ore, when, Lat, ut: sometimes also = οπωs, Lat. quomodo, quemadmodum,

IV. ωs is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase ώς αξεί τον δμοιον άγει θεος ώς τον δμοιον bow God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Advs., ώs ηλίθιος εί bow silly thou art: ώς σεμνός ό καταρατόs bow pompous the rascal is; ώs δξέα κλάζει bow shrilly it screams. 2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, ώς ίδεν, ώς μιν Έρως πυκινάς φρένας άμφεκάλυψεν bow he saw, bow did Love encompass his soul; so, ώς ίδον, ώς έμάνην, ώς μευ περί θυμός ιάφθη, as in Virgil, ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit er-3 ώs to express a wish, ob that! like είθε, Lat. utinam, with the optat., ώs ἀπόλοιτο καὶ άλλοs ob that another also might perish: also negatively, ώs μη θάνοι ob that he might not die!

V. &s with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, about, nearly; ἀπέθανον ώς

πεντακόσιοι about 500 fell.

VI. &s in some Elliptical Phrases: 1. ώς τί (sc. γένηται); in order that what may happen? for what end? wherefore? 2. ως εκαστοι ήσαν οι έτυχον οντεs, each separately. Lat. pro se quisque.

('Ωs is an old pl. acc. of os, as τώs pl. acc. of o: ουτωs from ουτοs, etc : so ατε is used Adv.)

ώs or ώs, Dor. for oυ, where.

ώs, τό, gen. ἀτόs, Dor. for ous, the ear

ώσα, Ion and Ep for έωσα, aor 1 of ώθέω. ωσαιμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of ωθέω.

 $\dot{\omega}$ s  $\dot{\alpha}$ v, Ep  $\ddot{\omega}$ s  $\kappa\epsilon$  or  $\ddot{\omega}$ s  $\kappa\epsilon\nu$ , =  $\dot{\omega}$ s with a conditional force added.

ώσ-av-el or ώs av el, like as if, as if.

ώσαννά, Hebr. word meaning save now! save we pray !

ώσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of ἀθέω.

ώσ-αύτως, Adv. of ὁ αὐτός (the same), strengthd. for ώs, in like manner, just so; ώσαύτως καί.. in like manner as .

 $\vec{\omega} \sigma \delta \epsilon$ , Dor for  $\vec{\omega} \zeta \epsilon$ , 3 sing. impf. of  $\delta \zeta \omega$ .

ώσ-εί or ώς εί, Adv. as if, as though: in Comparisons, as if, like, just as: so also ώσ-εί-τε. II. with Numerals, about.

 $\dot{\omega}$ σθήσομαι, fut. pass. of  $\dot{\omega}$ θέω.

ώσίν, dat. plur. of ovs.

ωσμαι, pf. pass. of ωθέω: part ωσμένοs.

ωσ-περ, Adv. (ώs, περ) even as, just as; in Homer there is often a word interposed between  $\dot{\omega}s$  and  $\pi\epsilon\rho$ , 2. of Time, as, **ὧs τ**οπάρο**s π**ερ, ὧs ἔσεταί περ, **c**tc 3. to limit or modify as soon as, Lat. simul ac. an assertion, as if, as it were: and so with Participles used absolutely, ὥσπερ ἐξύν as if it were in our power.

ωσ-περ-εί or ωσπερεί, just as if, even as, Lat. tanquam. ώσ-περ-οθν, Adv. even as, just as: as really, εί δ' έστιν ώσπερουν έστι θεός but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ώσ-τε, as Adv. (ώs, τε) being to ώs, as ὅστε to δs,

used to introduce a comparison, as, like ds, just succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: as. 2, to mark the power by which one does a absol to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ἀφελεῖ it does no thing, as, as bèing, like ἄτε, Lat. utρῦτε; τὸν δὶ ἐξήρταξ΄ Αφροδίτη ρεῖω μάλ', ὥστε θεόs but Aphroduse to do one no service: sometimes c dat pers. like bore him very easily away, as being a goddess.

Lat. prodesse:—in phrase οὐδεὶs ἔροντος τοῦδ ἐψαίνετ΄

II. as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; εί δέ σοι θυμός επέσσυται, ώστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, so as to return.—This Construct. is 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like very freq. in Att. ώς with a Part.; ώστε φυλασσομένων των όδων as or 3. Zor€ is used since the ways were guarded. after Comparatives with ή; μέζω κακά ή ώστε άνακλαίειν greater woes than that one could weep for: but ώστε is sometimes left out, as, μείζον ή φέρειν too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, \psi vχρον ώστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in. III. ὤστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e g. ωστε θάρρει so that, or therefore, be of good cheer.

**ἀστίζω**, f. ίσω, Frequentat. of ἀθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. trudo. II. in Med., Att. fut. ἀστιοῦμαι, c. dat. jostle with another: so absol., ἀστίζεσθαι εἰε τὴν προεδρίαν to jostle for the first seat.

ωστοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος.

ώσφρόμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

**ώσω**, fut. of ωθέω.

ώτ-ἄκουστέω, f. ήσω, (οὖs, ἀκούω) to bearken or listen covertly or anxiously.

ω ταν or ω τάν, see ταν.

ώτάριον, τό, Dim. of ovs, a little ear. [α]

ώτε, Dor. for ωστε.

ώτειλή, ή, (οὐτάω) a wound: later also a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

ώτίον, τό, Dim. of ous, a little ear.

ἀτίς, ίδος, ή, (οὖς) a bustard with long ear-feathers. μτος, δ, Otos, son of Aloeus, brother of Ephialtes. ἄτρῦνα, 201. I of ὀτρύνω.

ώτώεις, εσσα, εν, (οὖs) with ears or handles.

ωὐτόs, Ion. and Dor. for δ αὐτόs: also ἀυτόs or ωὐτόs.

**ώφειλα**, 20r. Ι of ὀφέλλω.

ἀφέλεια Ion. ἀφελίη also in Att. ἀφελία, ή, (ἀφελέω) help, aid, assistance, succour, especially in war. 2. profit, advantage, gain: in plur. gains, profits.

ώφελέω, f. ήσω: (ὄφελοε):—to help, aid, assist, like the goddesses.

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; oὐδὲν ἀφελεῖ it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδέν τινα ἀφελεῖν to do one no service: sometimes c dat pers., like Lat. prodesse:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἔρωτος τοῦδὶ ἐφαίνετὶ ἀφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a belper. If Pass ἀφελοῦμαι, with fut. med. ἀφελήσομαι, pass ἀφεληθήσομαι:—to be belped, to receive belp, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; πρός τινος from a person or thing: so, ἔκ or ἀπό τινος; and c. dat., ἀφελεῖσθαί τινι to be profited by a thing: c part., ἀφελεῖσθαί ἰδών to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

 $\dot{\omega}$ φέλημα, ατος, τό, that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing.

II. generally =  $\dot{\omega}$ φελία, use, advantage, herefit.

ώφελήσιμος, ον, (ώφελέω) useful, serviceable.

 $\dot{\omega}$ φέλησις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\omega}$ φελέω) a belping, aiding: generally, service, advantage.

ώφελητέοs, a, ον, verb Adj. of ώφελέω, necessary or proper to be assisted.

II. ἀφελητέον, one must

ώφελία, Att. for ώφέλεια.

ώφέλζμος, ον, sometimes also η, ον, (ώφελέω) belping, aiding: useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous. Adv -μως: Sup ἀφελιμώτατα.

**ἄφελλον**, Ep. for **ἄφελον**.

ώφελον, aor. 2 of ὀφείλω. ώφθην, aor. 1 of ὀράω, in pass. sense.

ώφληκα, pf. of δφλισκάνω: ώφλον, aor. 2.

ώφρόντιστος, crasis for δ άφρύντιστος.

ώχα, pf. of οίγνυμι.

φχάτο, Ion. for ψημένοι ήσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οίγνυμι.

φχετο, φχοντο, 3 sing and pl impf. of οιχομαι.

ώχηκα, Ep. for ώχωκα, pl. of οίχομαι.

ωχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of δχθέω

ώχράω, f. ήσω, (ώχρόs) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc. ώχριάω, f. άσω [ā], (ώχρόs) to be or turn pale.

'ÛXPO'E, á, óv, pale, wan, sallow. Hence

δχροs, ov, δ, or εos, τδ, like δχρότηs, paleness, wanness, esp the paleness of fear.

**ώχωκα**, Ion. pf. of οίχομαι.

 $\mathring{\omega}\psi$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ , gen.  $\mathring{\omega}\pi \acute{\omega}s$  acc.  $\mathring{\omega}\pi a$ ,  $(\mathring{\omega}\psi \omega \mu a)$ , fut. of  $\mathring{\delta}p\acute{a}\omega$ ) the eye, face, countenance; els  $\mathring{\omega}\pi a$  idé $\sigma\theta a$ ι τινί to look one full in the face: so absol., els  $\mathring{\omega}\pi a$  idé $\sigma\theta a$ ι: but,  $\theta \epsilon \mathring{\eta}s$  els  $\mathring{\omega}\pi a$  έσικεν as to the face, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.